

SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT

INSTREAM ICE SIMULATION STUDY

**Report by
Harza-Ebasco Susitna Joint Venture**

**Prepared for
Alaska Power Authority**

**Draft Report
September 1984**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section/Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1-1
1.1 Objective and Scope	1-1
1.2 Project Background Information	1-2
2.0 METHODOLOGY	2-1
2.1 Model	2-1
2.2 Range of Simulated Conditions	2-3
2.3 Simulations of Natural Ice Conditions	2-4
2.4 Simulations of With-Project Ice Conditions	2-6
2.5 Slough and Side Channel Areas	2-9
2.6 Interpretations of Computer Simulations	2-10
3.0 RESULTS	3-1
3.1 General	3-1
3.2 Simulations of Natural Conditions	3-2
3.3 Watana Operating with 1996 Energy Demand	3-3
3.4 Watana Operating with 2001 Energy Demand	3-4
3.5 Watana and Devil Canyon Operating with 2002 Energy Demand	3-5
3.6 Watana and Devil Canyon Operating with 2020 Energy Demand	3-6
3.7 Watana Filling	3-6
4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	4-1
5.0 REFERENCES	5-1

TABLES

FIGURES

EXHIBITS

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>
I	Scope of River Ice Simulations
II	Observed Ice Front Progression on the Susitna River
III	Slough and Side Channel Areas in Middle Susitna River
IV	Maximum Simulated Winter River Stages
V	Occurrences where With-Project Maximum River Stages are Higher than Natural Conditions
VI	Expected Project Effects on Winter Slough Overtopping
VII	Simulated Ice Front Progression
VIII	Total Ice Thickness - Maximum Simulated Values
IX	Solid Ice Thickness - Maximum Simulated Values

LIST OF FIGURES

Number	Title
1	Susitna River
2	Average Monthly Air Temperatures at Talkeetna
3	Susitna River Natural Streamflows at Gold Creek - Average Monthly Values
4	Discharge from Project Reservoirs
5	Typical Slough
6	Ice Distribution - Actual vs. Simulated

LIST OF EXHIBITS

ICECAL SIMULATION RESULTS:

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Weather Period</u>	<u>Project Status</u>	<u>Energy Demand</u>	<u>Reservoir Release Temperature</u>
A	1971-72	Natural Conditions	--	--
B	1976-77	Natural Conditions	--	--
C	1981-82	Natural Conditions	--	--
D	1982-83	Natural Conditions	--	--
E	1971-72	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
F	1976-77	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
G	1981-82	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
H	1982-83	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
I	1971-72	Watana Operating	1996	Warm, 4°C
J	1971-72	Watana Operating	2001	Inflow-Matching
K	1982-83	Watana Operating	2001	Inflow-Matching
L	1971-72	Watana and D.C. Operating	2002	Inflow-Matching
M	1976-77	Watana and D.C. Operating	2002	Inflow-Matching
N	1981-82	Watana and D.C. Operating	2002	Inflow-Matching
O	1982-83	Watana and D.C. Operating	2002	Inflow-Matching
P	1971-72	Watana and D.C. Operating	2020	Inflow-Matching
Q	1982-83	Watana and D.C. Operating	2020	Inflow-Matching
R	1982-83	Watana Filling (1st Winter)	--	--
S	1981-82	Watana Filling (2nd Winter)	--	--

LIST OF EXHIBITS (Cont'd)

INTERPRETIVE SKETCHES OF ICECAL RESULTS:

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Weather Period</u>	<u>Project Status</u>	<u>Energy Demand</u>	<u>Reservoir Release Temperature</u>
T	1971-72	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
U	1976-77	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
V	1982-83	Watana Operating	1996	Inflow-Matching
W	1971-72	Watana Operating	1996	Warm, 4°C
X	1971-72	Watana and D.C. Operating	2002	Inflow-Matching
Y	1982-83	Watana and D.C. Operating	2002	Inflow-Matching
Z	1981-82	Watana Filling (2nd Winter)	--	--

} 2(W,L,1-4)
- 6(W,L,4°) .

} 4(W,D,C,L,1-4)

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Objective and Scope

Presented in this report are the results to date of the instream ice simulation studies for the Susitna Hydroelectric Project. The objective of these studies is to determine the effect of the proposed Watana and Devil Canyon Dams on river ice processes and the corresponding water surface elevations during the winter season in the Susitna River downstream of the dams. These studies are limited to the Middle Reach of the Susitna River (i.e., upstream of the confluence with the Chulitna River - See Figure 1), wherein the greatest impact of the project is expected.

The information presented in this report will be used in future environmental studies, particularly an assessment of possible project impacts on salmon migration and spawning. Of special interest in this regard are a number of slough and side channel areas, adjacent to the mainstem of the Susitna River, which are known to be the preferred habitat for salmon spawning. Results of the river ice studies are therefore focused on several of the more important slough and side channel locations along the Middle Susitna River. Results include continuous descriptions of ice thickness, water surface elevation and water temperature at these locations.

This report provides a comparison of pre-project (i.e., "natural") river ice conditions with that expected during operation of the proposed project (i.e., "with-project"). In order to provide a broad range of comparisons, various combinations of winter weather patterns, project energy demands, instream flow requirements and reservoir release temperature policies were considered. The river ice simulations cover the six month period from November 1 through April 30, during which the freeze-up and melt-out of the Middle Susitna River is generally expected to occur with-project.

The river ice simulation studies represent one component of a coordinated environmental study effort. Corresponding simulations of the reservoir

operation, reservoir temperature distribution and stream temperature provided boundary conditions on which the river ice studies were based. The results of these related studies will be summarized in separate reports.

1.2 Project Background Information

The proposed Susitna Hydroelectric Project is to be located in south-central Alaska approximately 140 miles north-northeast of Anchorage and 110 miles south-southeast of Fairbanks. The proposed project, consisting of Watana and Devil Canyon dams, would generate electrical power for the Railbelt region of Alaska, i.e., the corridor surrounding the Alaska Railroad from Seward and Anchorage to Fairbanks. The Watana and Devil Canyon sites are 184 and 152 river miles, respectively, upstream from the mouth of the Susitna River at Cook Inlet.

Observation of natural ice processes on the Middle Susitna River have been documented by R&M Consultants, Inc. [1, 2, 3, 4] for the past four winters; 1980-81, 1981-82, 1982-83 and 1983-84. An additional study of natural hydraulic and ice conditions was also presented by R&M [5].

Preliminary river ice simulations with the ICESIM model were undertaken by Acres American, Inc. [6] in preparation of the FERC License Application. Harza-Ebasco [7] documented the river ice model ICECAL and its calibration to the Middle Susitna River for use in the present study. Stream temperature modeling with the SNTEMP model has been documented by the Arctic Environmental Information and Data Center [8]. The DYRESM model for reservoir temperature simulation has been documented by Harza-Ebasco [9].

2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Model

The computer model ICECAL was used to generate the river ice simulations presented in this report. The model provides a daily summary of hydraulic, temperature and ice conditions throughout the study reach.

The particular hydraulic and ice operations performed by the ICECAL model include the following:

1. Hydraulic profiles are computed daily for the study reach. Computations are based upon the Bernoulli and Manning equations, and are equivalent to the "HEC-2" backwater program authored by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The computations include the effect of existing ice covers and border ice in the river.
2. Water temperature profiles required for with-project simulations are provided by the SNTEMP stream temperature studies. For ice covered reaches of the river, the SNTEMP results are superseded by ICECAL temperature computations.
3. Frazil ice generation is computed for reaches of turbulent, open water in which the water temperature has dropped to 0°C. Frazil ice flow rates are tabulated as the ice is carried downstream with the flow.
4. Lateral or border ice growth proceeding from the river banks is computed. This lateral ice growth tends to restrict the open water surface area available for frazil ice generation.
5. Frazil ice particles tend to coalesce into pans or rafts of slush ice which can be accumulated downstream at a developing ice cover extending across the river width. Hydraulic conditions at the ice

cover are analyzed to determine if the incoming ice pans will accumulate at the upstream edge of the cover, thereby advancing the "ice front". Alternately, the incoming ice may be swept beneath the ice front and deposited downstream on the underside of the ice cover, thereby thickening the ice cover.

6. Slush and solid ice component thicknesses of the river ice cover are computed. Daily growth of solid ice is computed within the initial accumulations of slush ice.
7. Melting of the ice cover and retreat of its ice front are computed when warm water (i.e., above 0°C) reaches the ice cover. In this manner, a spring "melt-out" is simulated. Mechanical "break-up" of the ice cover is not considered, being beyond the state-of-the-art in river ice modeling. Although severe springtime break-up activity and resulting ice jams have been observed for certain years under natural conditions, it is expected that a more gradual spring melt-out, as considered in the model, will characterize the with-project condition. Severe springtime break-up activity is largely associated with rapid natural flow increases which lift and fracture the ice cover. The proposed project reservoirs will regulate such seasonal flow events, yielding a more steady flow regime in the Middle Susitna River and allowing an existing ice cover to melt in place.

Required input data for the ICECAL model includes the following:

1. River cross-sectional geometry and bed roughness for study reach
2. Weather conditions (daily air temperature and wind velocity) within the study reach
3. Water inflow hydrograph at upstream boundary of study reach
4. Daily frazil ice discharges at upstream boundary of study reach

5. Water temperature profiles between the upstream boundary and the location of the 0°C isotherm.

Further discussion of the input data used for natural and with-project simulations is presented in Sections 2.3 and 2.4, respectively.

A detailed documentation of the ICECAL model and its calibration to the Middle Susitna River for the winters of 1982-83 and 1983-84 is presented by Harza-Ebasco [7].

2.2 Range of Simulated Conditions

The particular river ice simulations included in this report are tabulated in Table I. As shown, the simulations include four winters of historical weather and flow data; 1971-72, 1976-77, 1981-82 and 1982-83. Air temperature data for these four winters is plotted in Figure 2. Figure 3 shows the corresponding natural river flow data. The winters of 1971-72 and 1981-82 are relatively cold whereas the winter of 1982-83 is average in temperature.

² The winter of 1976-77 is considered warmer than average.

is it or not?

The range of simulated conditions also includes various stages during development of the project; natural conditions, filling of Watana Reservoir (first and second winters), Watana operating alone (1996 and 2001 energy demands), and Watana and Devil Canyon operating together (2002 and 2020 energy demands). The year 1996 represents the expected first year of Watana power generation. Start-up of the Devil Canyon power generation is planned for the year 2002.

Reservoir releases for the with-project simulations satisfy the Case C minimum instream flow requirements. Case C is discussed in the FERC License Application [6] and is a compromise between power generation and environmental flow constraints (See Figure 4). Flow rates for the with-project simulations are adjusted on a weekly basis. Fluctuations of flow within a particular day or week are not considered.

is this true?
res. will be filled
by fall '93 ...

Temperature of the reservoir releases is controlled by operation of a multi-level intake structure. The policy of operation used in the simulations is based on an attempted match of the release temperature with that of the natural flow entering the reservoir. In effect, this "inflow matching" policy results in release of the coldest available water during the winter months. As a sensitivity investigation, one river ice simulation considers the effect of an assumed release of warm, 4°C water throughout the study period.

The range of simulated conditions in this study is intended to provide a broad base for comparisons between the natural and with-project river ice environments. Of necessity, all combinations of meteorology, hydrology, energy demands and reservoir operations could not be considered herein. However, the range of simulations included is believed adequate to allow significant conclusions regarding river ice behavior. Additional simulations and sensitivity analyses will be performed as needed.

2.3 Simulations of Natural Ice Conditions

As shown in Table I, this report includes natural ice simulations for the winters of 1971-72, 1976-77, 1981-82 and 1982-83. These simulations were based on the following conditions and assumptions:

1. Study Reach

The study reach extends from River Mile 98.6 (Chulitna confluence) to River Mile 139.4 (slightly upstream of Gold Creek). Progression of a defineable ice front has been observed in this reach under natural conditions. Upstream of Gold Creek, however, localized unsteady ice bridging processes have been observed to close the river prior to arrival of the ice front. Since the ICECAL model does not attempt to simulate such processes, and since observations of frazil ice quantities are available only at Gold Creek, the model does not extend upstream of this vicinity.

*Distance
between
beginning
of study
reach*

2. Period of Simulation

Simulations cover the 6 month period from November 1 through April 30. Ice front progression up the Middle Susitna River has not occurred prior to November 1 during the four years of ice observations. Simulation of spring break-up or melt-out is not attempted for natural conditions.

3. Starting Date for Ice Front Progression into the Middle Susitna River

When available, actual observations are used for the starting date of the ice front progression at the Susitna-Chulitna confluence. Observed starting dates have ranged from November 5 through December 8 and are shown in Table II. For years when observations are not available, an assumed date is selected within the observed range based on the severity of the particular winter.

4. Water Flow Rates

Historical flow data at Gold Creek (River Mile 137) was used as recorded by the USGS and/or R&M Consultants, Inc. (See Figure 3). Daily flow rates are interpolated for periods when data is not available. Flow rate adjustment factors were applied along the study reach to account for tributary inflows [5].

5. Weather Data

Daily air temperature and wind speed recorded at Talkeetna and Watana weather stations were interpolated linearly along the river length. Talkeetna data is available for all years simulated. Watana data, when not available, was estimated from a correlation with Talkeetna.

6. Frazil Ice Discharge at Upstream Boundary

This quantity was computed from actual ice observations at Gold Creek (River Mile 137), when available. These ice discharges were found to be well correlated with Talkeetna air temperature data. This correlation provided an estimate of frazil ice discharge at Gold Creek for years in which observations were not available.

7. Stream Temperatures

Stream temperatures were assumed at 0°C at the upstream boundary throughout the natural simulations. Possible stream temperature variations downstream of Gold Creek were computed within the ICECAL model.

2.4 Simulations of With-Project Ice Conditions

The various with-project ice simulations were based on the following conditions and assumptions:

1. Study Reach

The study reach extends from the Susitna-Chulitna confluence (River Mile 98.6) to the Watana (River Mile 184.4) or Devil Canyon (River Mile 152) damssite.

2. Period of Simulation

Simulations cover the 6 month period from November 1 through April 30. The freeze-up and melt-out of the Middle Susitna River are generally expected to occur during this period.

3. Starting Date for Ice Front Progression into the Middle Susitna River

Progression of the ice front upstream of the Susitna-Chulitna confluence begins when the Lower Susitna River (downstream of the Chulitna confluence) has frozen over. The Lower Susitna freeze-up is characterized by an initial ice bridge formation near River Mile 9 and the subsequent advance of an ice cover up to the Chulitna confluence.

The Lower Susitna ice cover is fed by frazil ice generated in the Yentna, Talkeetna, Chulitna, Lower Susitna and Middle Susitna Rivers. The ICECAL model considers the total volume of ice required to fill the Lower Susitna River from the Yentna confluence (River Mile 30) to the Chulitna confluence (River Mile 98.6) and computes the time needed to generate the necessary frazil ice. Frazil ice generation in the Middle Susitna River is computed directly by the model. The frazil ice contributions of the Talkeetna, Chulitna and Lower Susitna Rivers are computed by correlation with cumulative freezing degree days at the Talkeetna weather station.

Lower Susitna River ice observations suggest that the ice front typically reaches the Yentna confluence (River Mile 30) in late October or early November under natural conditions (See Table II). It is expected that this event will not be significantly delayed under with-project conditions. Although the frazil ice contribution from the Middle Susitna River is greatly reduced under with-project conditions, the Yentna River, which produces more than 50% of the total ice downstream of River Mile 30, remains unchanged. Also unchanged are the frazil ice contributions of the Chulitna and Talkeetna Rivers.

Based on the above, November 1 was selected as a representative date on which the Lower Susitna ice front reaches the Yentna confluence during with-project conditions. The ICECAL model and

related computations of tributary frazil ice production therefore begin on November 1 for the with-project river ice simulations. Daily tabulations of cumulative ice production are performed until the ice storage capacity of the Lower Susitna is reached. At this point, the model begins progression of the ice cover at the Chulitna confluence (River Mile 98.6).

4. Water Flow Rates

Water flow rates at the upstream boundary of the ICECAL simulation are determined by releases from the Watana or Devil Canyon reservoirs. This information is read directly from the output of the corresponding Harza-Ebasco DYRESM simulation and is summarized in Figure 4. The flow rates are provided on a weekly basis and are adjusted along the study reach to account for tributary inflows. Fluctuations of flow within a particular day or week are not considered.

5. Weather Data

Daily air temperature and wind speed data is interpolated along the river length between Talkeetna, Devil Canyon and Watana weather stations. Watana and Devil Canyon data, when unavailable, is estimated from a correlation with Talkeetna data.

6. Frazil Ice Discharge at Upstream Boundary

Water released from the Watana and Devil Canyon reservoirs remains above 0°C throughout the year. Therefore, no frazil ice exists at the upstream boundary of the with-project simulations.

7. Stream Temperatures

Reservoir release temperatures are computed in daily time steps by the Harza-Ebasco DYRESM simulations. Corresponding SNTEMP simulations provide stream temperature profiles on a weekly basis throughout the study reach. This information is read directly into the ICECAL model. The SNTEMP stream temperature profiles are based upon open water conditions and are therefore not valid for that portion of the river which is ice covered. The SNTEMP results are therefore superseded by ICECAL temperature computations where an ice cover exists.

2.5 Slough and Side Channel Areas

Various slough and side channel areas adjacent to the mainstem Susitna River are of special importance as salmon spawning habitat. A typical slough, illustrated in Figure 5, is an overflow channel separated from the mainstem by a well-vegetated bar. Sloughs are often fed by an incoming creek and/or upwelling of groundwater. An alluvial berm generally extends across the upstream end of the slough, shielding it from the river. High natural river flows or ice activity will periodically overtop this upstream berm and flood the slough with water or ice. The water level at a given mainstem river mile which results in overtopping of a nearby slough berm is referred to in this study as the "threshold elevation." This is not necessarily the berm crest elevation, since the critical water level for overtopping that berm may be at a different river mile location.

The important sloughs and side channels have been identified and are tabulated in Table III. The most productive of these areas are indicated in Table III with a "*". For the purpose of the river ice simulations, it is assumed that these particular sloughs will be protected against possible overtopping by construction of artificial berms. That is, the model assumes that the cross-sectional area of these particular sloughs is not available to pass flow or store ice. This assumption has no influence on the model results for those simulations in which the river stages remain below the

natural threshold elevations. For those simulations which show slough overtoppings, the slough protection assumption yields river stages which may be slightly higher than those expected without the artificial berms. The slough protection assumption therefore yields conservative results, reflecting the river stages for which the artificial berms would have to be designed.

2.6 Interpretations of Computer Simulations

River ice mechanics and modeling is a relatively primitive field of study. Ice processes are very complicated, unsteady and non-uniform, and many aspects are not yet fully understood. Although the ICECAL model is considered state-of-the-art, certain simplifications and limitations are necessarily involved. Three dimensional concepts are presented in a one-dimensional format, and the model therefore computes an average or characteristic velocity and ice thickness to represent a particular cross-section. The actual spatial distribution of velocity and ice thickness may be highly non-uniform and is beyond the scope of the model. Figure 6 contrasts actual and computed ice distribution at a hypothetical cross-section.

For these reasons, selected ICECAL computer simulations have been interpreted by R&M Consultants, Inc., based on their experience with Susitna River ice over the past four years. The particular interpretations included in this report are identified in Table I. The resulting interpretive sketches combine the quantitative ICECAL results with observed river ice distribution trends to yield the best estimate of the actual river appearance at selected cross-sections.

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 General

Results of the river ice simulations are presented in Exhibits A through S. Each exhibit includes the following information:

1. Profile of the maximum river stages which occurred during the simulation period and the corresponding ice cover thickness which existed on the date of maximum stage. (Since river stage is influenced by both flow rate and ice thickness, the ice thicknesses shown do not necessarily represent the maximum thickness.)
2. Location of the ice front and zero degree C water isotherm throughout the simulation.
3. Time history plots of water surface elevation, ice thickness and water temperature at the selected slough and side channel areas.

Table IV is a summary of the maximum water surface elevations which occurred at selected slough and side channel areas for all the river ice simulations. Table V summarizes the number of occurrences where with-project simulations resulted in higher maximum stages than the corresponding natural conditions for the same weather period. Table VI shows those slough and side channel areas whose known threshold elevation was overtapped with-project but not under natural conditions, and vice versa. Table VII summarizes the starting date, maximum extent and melt-out date of the ice front for each simulation. Tables VIII and IX present the maximum total and solid ice thicknesses, respectively, which occurred during the simulations.

Interpretive sketches for selected ICECAL simulations are presented in Exhibits T-Z. Each sketch shows natural river conditions observed in 1983-84, a selected ICECAL simulation result and an interpreted version of the

ICECAL result for a particular river cross section. This interpreted version represents the best estimate of the actual appearance of the particular river cross section at the time of its maximum winter stage.

3.2 Simulations of Natural Conditions

Of the four years simulated, the relatively cold winter of 1971-72 (Exhibit A) typically results in the greatest ice thicknesses and highest river stages within the study reach. For this winter, maximum total ice thicknesses (solid + slush component) within the study reach range from 5' to 11', including up to 5' of solid ice. The winter of 1981-82 (Exhibit C), also considered cold, shows maximum total ice thicknesses of 4' to 10', of which 3' to 4' is typically solid ice. Maximum river stages for 1981-82 are often 1' to 3' lower than those for 1971-72.

The winter of 1982-83, average in temperature, was used for model calibration purposes [7]. Actual ice observations are shown along with simulated results in Exhibit D. Maximum total ice thicknesses for 1982-83 range from 3' to 8', of which 3' is typically solid ice. Maximum river stages are generally 0' to 4' lower than those of 1971-72.

The winter of 1976-77, warmer than average in temperature, results in the smallest ice thicknesses and lowest river stages of the four winters simulated. Maximum total ice thicknesses range from 1' to 7', of which 1' to 2' is solid ice. Maximum river stages for 1976-77 are generally 2' to 6' lower than those of 1971-72.

For the winters of 1971-72, 1981-82 and 1982-83, ice front progression at the Chulitna confluence (River Mile 98.6) begins in early or mid-November and reaches Gold Creek in late December or early January. The winter of 1976-77 however, shows the ice front beginning in early December and reaching Gold Creek in early March. All four simulations are characterized by a rapid initial ice front progression rate in the lower portion of the study reach with a gradual slowing as it approaches Gold Creek.

3.3 Watana Operating with 1996 Energy Demand

2(W,L,IM); 6(W,L,49)

Simulation results are presented in Exhibits E-I. As shown, the start of the ice front progression at the Chulitna confluence ranges from late November (1971-72 winter) to late December (1981-82 winter). This represents a delay of 2 to 5 weeks relative to natural conditions for the corresponding winters. The maximum upstream extent of the ice front is at River Mile 137-140 for the winters of 1971-72, 1976-77 and 1981-82, and at River Mile 127 for the winter of 1982-83. Completion of the spring melt-out in the Middle Susitna ranges from mid March (1982-83 winter) to mid May (1971-72 winter). This melt-out occurs 4 to 6 weeks earlier than natural river break-up based on observation of 1981-82 and 1982-83.

The most severe ice conditions for Watana operation and 1996 energy demand occur for the winter of 1971-72 (Exhibit E). For this simulation, maximum total ice thicknesses range from 2' to 11', including up to 5' of solid ice. These ice thicknesses are generally similar to those of natural conditions in the reach downstream of Gold Creek (River Mile 137). Maximum river stages, however, are 3' to 7' higher than natural conditions due to the significantly higher winter flow rates with the project.

The mildest simulated river ice conditions for the 1996 energy demand occur for the winter of 1982-83 (Exhibit H). Maximum total ice thicknesses for this simulation range from 2' to 8', including up to 2' of solid ice. These thicknesses are generally similar to natural 1982-83 conditions, but maximum with-project river stages are 2' to 5' higher than natural conditions due to the higher with-project winter flows. Maximum river stages for the 1982-83 with-project simulation are 0' to 7' lower than those of the 1971-72 severe conditions.

The effect of an assumed warm (4°C) water release from the Watana reservoir throughout the 1971-72 winter was considered as shown in Exhibit I. With these "warm" reservoir releases, the ice cover progression at the Chulitna confluence begins 3 weeks later and melt-out occurs approximately 7 weeks earlier than with the "inflow matching" temperature release policy of

Exhibit E (See Section 2.2). Maximum ice thicknesses with the warm releases range from 2' to 7', and maximum river stages are typically 1' to 7' lower than those with the "inflow-matching" releases. Maximum extent of the ice cover with the warm releases is River Mile 127, versus River Mile 140 under inflow matching release temperatures. It therefore appears that control of the reservoir release temperatures can potentially have a major impact on river ice development.

3.4 Watana Operating with 2001 Energy Demand

Simulations of Watana operating with the 2001 energy demand were performed for the winters of 1971-72 and 1982-83 (See Exhibits J and K). Results show that the ice front starting date, melt-out date and maximum upstream extent are similar to those of the 1996 energy demand for the corresponding winters. However, some redistribution of the frazil ice depositions along the river length is apparent. Such differences in ice distribution can be caused by different patterns of reservoir release temperatures occurring at different times within a given winter season. In particular, for the 1971-72 winter, the 2001 energy demand shows colder December reservoir releases than the 1996 demand, thereby causing a faster ice front progression. The subsequent heavy frazil production in January is therefore accumulated at a further upstream location for the 2001 demand. As a result, maximum river stages in the vicinity of river miles 137-142 for the 1971-72 winter with 2001 energy demand are 2' to 10' higher than those with the 1996 demand.

Maximum total ice thicknesses for the 1971-72 winter with 2001 energy demand range from 4' to 14' of which 4' to 5' is solid ice. Maximum river stages are 2' to 6' higher than for natural 1971-72 conditions.

Maximum total ice thicknesses for the 1982-83 winter with 2001 energy demand range from 2' to 7' including up to 2' of solid ice. Maximum river stages are 1' to 6' higher than natural conditions in the reach downstream of River Mile 124 where the with-project ice cover exists. Upstream of the with-project ice cover, however, maximum river stages are 1' to 4' lower than natural conditions. Although the with-project flow rates are higher, the

displacement and frictional resistance of the natural ice cover in this reach result in higher river stages for natural conditions than with-project.

3.5 Watana and Devil Canyon Operating with 2002 Energy Demand

Simulation results for Watana and Devil Canyon operating with 2002 energy demand are presented in Exhibits L-O. Results show that the beginning of the ice front progression at the Chulitna confluence ranges from early December to mid-January, approximately 0-2 weeks later than the corresponding Watana-only simulations, and 4-6 weeks later than natural conditions for the same winters. Maximum upstream extent of the ice front ranges from River Mile 123 to 137, and is 3-13 miles below that with Watana only and 1996 energy demand. Simulated melt-out with both dams operating and 2002 energy demand ranges from mid-March to mid-May, being 0-3 weeks earlier than Watana-only simulations for the corresponding winters, and 7-8 weeks earlier than the natural break-up observed for the 1981-82 and 1982-83 winters.

For both dams operating with 2002 energy demand, the most severe ice conditions occur with the 1971-72 winter (Exhibit L). Maximum ice thicknesses for this case range from 3' to 7', of which 3' to 5' is solid ice. Maximum river stages are 1' to 5' lower than the corresponding Watana-only simulation with 1996 energy demand. Maximum river stages downstream of River Mile 130 are 0' to 4' higher than natural conditions. Upstream of this location, however, the ice cover is much thinner with-project and maximum river stages are 0' to 3' lower than natural conditions.

The winters of 1976-77, 1981-82 and 1982-83 (Exhibits M, N and O) all show relatively mild ice conditions for both dams operating with the 2002 energy demand. Maximum ice thicknesses for these cases range from 1' to 6', including 1' to 2' of solid ice. Maximum river stages are 0' to 7' lower than the corresponding Watana-only simulations with 1996 energy demand. Maximum river stages, where an ice cover exists, are 1' to 4' higher than corresponding natural conditions. Upstream of the with-project ice cover, maximum river stages are 0' to 5' lower than natural conditions. Again, the

higher natural stages in this reach are due to the displacement and frictional resistance of the natural ice cover.

3.6 Watana and Devil Canyon Operating with 2020 Energy Demand

Simulations of Watana and Devil Canyon operating with the 2020 energy demand were performed for the winters of 1971-72 and 1982-83 (Exhibits P and Q). Results show that the ice front starting date and maximum upstream extent are generally similar to those of the 2002 energy demand for the corresponding winters. The spring melt-out with the 2020 energy demand, however, occurs 1 to 3 weeks earlier than with the 2002 energy demand. This is apparently caused by somewhat warmer reservoir release temperatures resulting from the 2020 reservoir simulation.

Simulation of the 1971-72 winter with 2020 energy demand shows maximum ice thicknesses which range from 2' to 7' including 1' to 4' of solid ice. Maximum river stages in the ice-covered reach (downstream of River Mile 130) are 1' to 7' higher than corresponding natural conditions. Upstream of the with-project ice cover, maximum river stages are 1' to 5' lower than those of natural conditions, due to the displacement and frictional resistance of the natural ice cover.

Simulation of the 1982-83 winter with 2020 energy demand shows maximum ice thicknesses ranging from 1' to 3', including up to 1' of solid ice. Maximum river stages in the ice-covered reach are 0' to 4' higher than natural conditions. Upstream of the with-project ice cover, maximum stages are 0' to 4' lower than corresponding ice-covered natural conditions.

3.7 Watana Filling

River ice simulations for the first and second years of filling the Watana reservoir are shown in Exhibits R and S. The first winter of filling, which involves relatively warm reservoir releases from the low level outlet works, was simulated with the average 1982-83 weather conditions. The second

winter of filling includes release of colder water from the reservoir surface and was simulated with the cold 1981-82 weather conditions. The two simulations were selected to provide a likely range of ice conditions during the filling of the Watana reservoir.

Results for Watana filling show that the ice front progression at the Chulitna confluence begins in mid-December, 5-7 weeks later than corresponding natural conditions. The simulated melt-out for the first winter of filling occurs in early May, similar to the timing of break-up under natural conditions. The second winter of filling shows a melt-out in late May, 2 to 3 weeks later than the natural break-up. This earlier natural ice break-up is probably due to the spring flow increases which exist under natural conditions but not during filling conditions.

The Watana filling simulations show the ice front progressing up to River Mile 156-162. This ice progression is significantly further upstream than any of the other with-project simulations and is due to the lower river flows and velocities which exist under filling conditions. However, simulation of an ice front progression upstream of River Mile 140 is considered an approximation only, since intermittent bridging of lateral ice has been observed to be the dominant process in this reach for natural conditions.

Simulation of the first year of filling with the 1982-83 winter shows maximum ice thicknesses of 1' to 6', including up to 2' of solid ice. Maximum river stages are 0' to 5' lower than natural conditions for 1982-83.

Simulation of the second year of filling with the 1981-82 winter shows maximum ice thicknesses of 1' to 8', including up to 3' of solid ice. Maximum river stages are generally 0' to 3' lower than natural conditions for 1981-82.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following preliminary conclusions are based upon the river ice simulation results to date and are subject to the various assumptions and conditions described in this report. In particular, the with-project ice results are based on a reservoir release temperature policy which attempts to match the natural stream temperatures incoming to the reservoir (i.e., coldest available water is released from the reservoir during winter season). Conclusions apply only to the Middle Susitna River (i.e., upstream of the confluence with the Chulitna River) wherein the most significant project impacts are expected.

1. Ice Front Progression and Melt-Out

Relative to natural conditions, initial progression of the Middle Susitna ice front at the Chulitna confluence (River Mile 98.6) is expected to be delayed by 2 to 5 weeks with Watana operating alone, and 4 to 6 weeks with Watana and Devil Canyon operating together. A gradual spring melt-out with Watana operating alone is expected 4 to 6 weeks earlier than the natural, mechanical break-up. With both dams operating, the spring melt-out is expected 7 to 8 weeks earlier than the natural break-up.

Maximum upstream extent of the river ice cover during the selected warm, average and cold winters is expected to range from River Mile 124 to 142 with Watana operating alone. With the addition of the Devil Canyon dam, this maximum upstream extent will be somewhat reduced, with an expected range of River Mile 123 to 137.

2. Ice Thicknesses

In those reaches where an ice cover exists, the maximum total and solid ice thicknesses with Watana operating alone are expected to be generally similar to those of natural conditions. With both

dams operating, the maximum total and solid ice thicknesses are expected to be typically 1' to 2' less than those of natural conditions.

3. River Stages and Slough Overtopping

In those reaches where an ice cover exists, the maximum river stages with Watana operating alone are expected to be generally higher than those of the natural conditions, typically by 2' to 7'. Corresponding maximum river stages in ice covered reaches with both dams operating are expected to be typically 1' to 6' higher than those of natural conditions.

Upstream of the with-project ice front, however, the maximum river stages with Watana operating alone are expected to be typically 1' to 3' lower than the corresponding natural conditions. With both dams operating, these maximum river stages are expected to be typically 1' to 5' lower than natural conditions. *2 why*

As a result of the above, overtopping of the natural threshold elevations in various slough and side channel areas in the lower reaches of the Middle Susitna is expected to be more frequent with the project than under natural conditions (See Table VI). Depending on the aquatic assessments, it may therefore be desirable to protect these particular areas with artificial berms. However, various slough and side channel areas in the upper reaches of the Middle Susitna are expected to be overtopped less frequently with the project than under natural conditions. Artificial berms, therefore, are not expected to be necessary for these locations.

4. Further Considerations

It is expected that the policy which governs reservoir release temperatures may have a major impact on the river ice development

5.0 REFERENCES

1. R&M Consultants, Inc., "Ice Observations, 1980-81", August 1981.
2. R&M Consultants, Inc., "Winter 1981-82, Ice Observations Report", December 1982.
3. R&M Consultants, Inc., "Susitna River Ice Study, 1982-83", August 1983.
4. R&M Consultants, Inc., "Susitna River Ice Study, 1983-1984", Draft Report, June 1984.
5. R&M Consultants, Inc., "Hydraulic and Ice Studies", March 1982.
6. Acres American, Inc. "Susitna Hydroelectric Project", Application for FERC License, February 1983, Volume 5A, Exhibit E, Chapter 2.
7. Harza-Ebasco, "Instream Ice, Calibration of Computer Model", Document No. 1122, April 1984.
8. Arctic Environmental Information and Data Center, "Stream Flow and Temperature Modeling in the Susitna Basin, Alaska", June 1983.
9. Harza-Ebasco, "Eklutna Lake Temperature and Ice Study", January 1984.

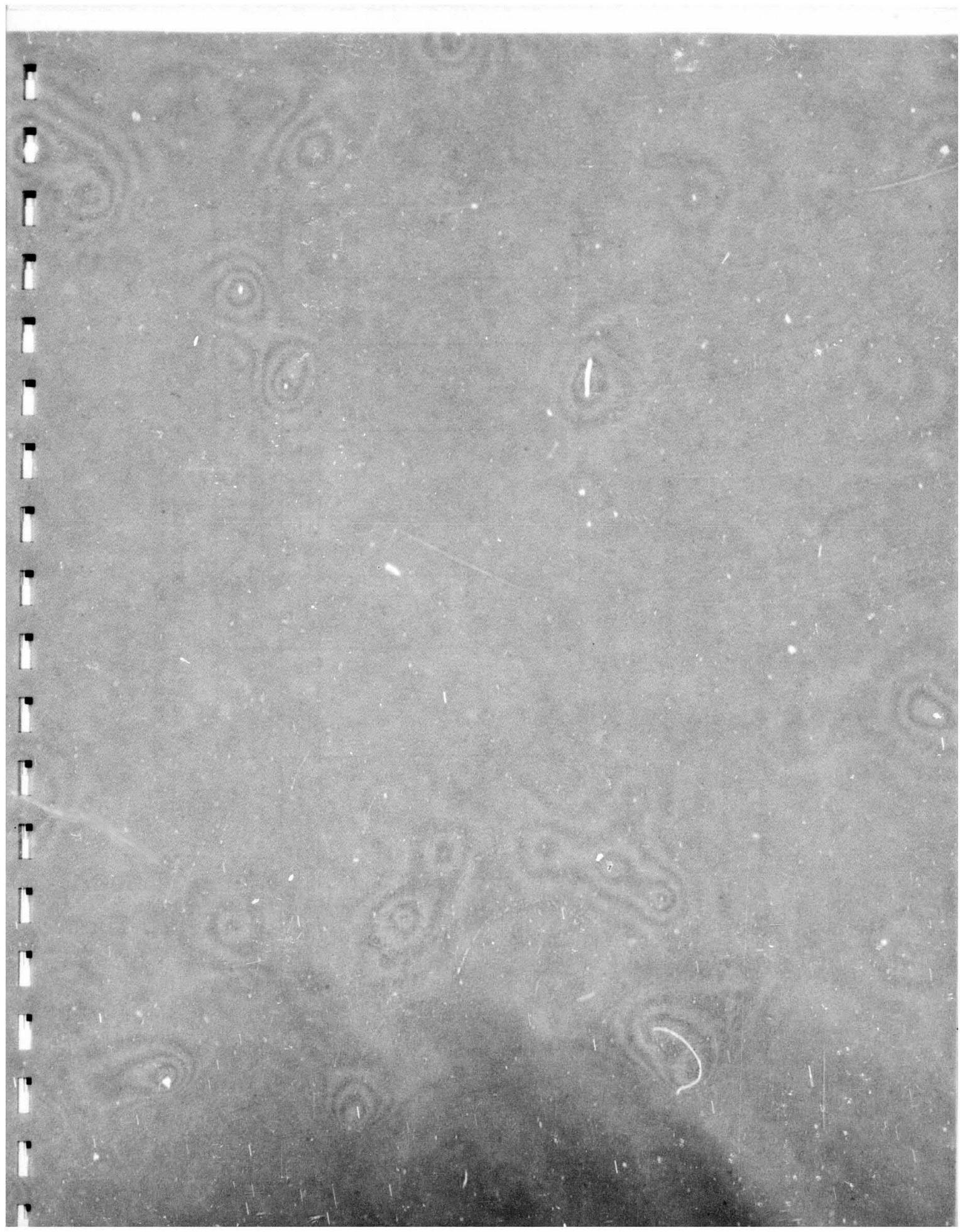


TABLE I
SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
SCOPE OF RIVER ICE SIMULATIONS

<u>Project Status</u>	<u>Natural Conditions</u>	<u>Watana Only Operating</u>		<u>Watana and Devil Canyon Operating</u>		<u>Watana Filling</u>	
<u>Flow Requirements</u>	----	Case C		Case C		----	
<u>Energy Demand</u>	----	1996	2001	2002	2020	----	
<u>Release Temperature</u>	----	N	W	N	N	N	----
						1st Winter	2nd Winter
<u>Historical Period:</u>							
1971-72 (Cold winter)	X	2(X) 6	/ X	4(X)	3 X		
1976-77 (Warm winter)	X	2(X)		4 X			
1981-82 (Cold winter)	X	2 X		4 X			(X)
1982-83 (Average winter)	X	2(X)	/ X	4(X)	3 X	X	

Notes: 1. N represents natural "inflow matching" policy for reservoir release temperatures.

2. W represents assumed warm, 4°C temperature release.

Legend: X ICECAL simulation

(X) ICECAL simulation and interpretive sketch

TABLE II
SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
OBSERVED ICE FRONT PROGRESSION
ON THE SUSITNA RIVER

<u>Observed Location of Ice Front</u>	River Mile	<u>1980</u>	<u>1981</u>	<u>1982</u>	<u>1983</u>
River Mile 9	9	Unknown	Early Nov.	Oct. 22	Oct. 26
Chulitna Confluence	98.6	Nov. 29	Nov. 18	Nov. 5	Dec. 8
Near Gold Creek	136	Dec. 12	Dec. 31	Dec. 27	Jan. 5

TABLE III

**SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
SLOUGH AND SIDE CHANNEL AREAS
IN MIDDLE SUSITNA RIVER**

<u>Area</u>	<u>River Mile Location</u>	<u>Threshold Elevation (feet)</u>
*Whiskers Slough	101.5 ^H	367
Side Channel at Head of Gash Creek	112.0 ^M	Unknown
*Slough 6A	112.3 ^H	U
*Slough 8	114.1 ^H	476
Side Channel MSII	115.5 ^H	482
Side Channel MSII	115.9 ^H	487
Curry Slough	120.0 ^H	Unknown
*Moose Slough	123.5 ^H	Unknown
*Slough 8A - West Channel	126.1 ^H	573
*Slough 8A - East Channel	127.1 ^H	582
*Slough 9	129.3 ^H	604
Side Channel Upstream of Slough 9	130.6	Unknown
Side Channel Upstream of 4th July Creek	131.8 ^H	Unknown
Slough 9A	133.7 ^H	651
Side Channel Upstream of Slough 10	134.3	657
Side Channel Downstream of Slough 11	135.3 ^H	Unknown
*Slough 11	136.5 ^H	687
*Slough 17	139.3 ^H	Unknown
Slough 20	140.5 ^H	730
*Slough 21 - Entrance A6	141.8 ^H	747
*Slough 21	142.2 ^H	755
Slough 22	144.8 ^H	788

Legend:

* - For purposes of simulation, these sloughs are assumed to be protected against overtopping.

H - Indicated location represents the head of the slough or channel

M - Indicated location represents the mouth of the slough or channel

U - "Upland" slough with no upstream head or berm.

TABLE IV

**SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
MAXIMUM SIMULATED WINTER RIVER STAGES⁴**

Slough or Side Channel	River Mile	Threshold Elevation	NATURAL CONDITIONS				WATANA ONLY					WATANA AND DEVIL CANYON					WATANA FILLING				
							1996 DEMAND			2001 DEMAND		2002 DEMAND			2020 DEMAND						
			1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1982-83	1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1982-83	YR.1	YR.2	
Whiskers	101.5	367	369	366	368	367	372	370	371	370	371	372	370	371	368	369	369	372	370	367	367
Gash Creek	112.0	Unknown	456	455	455	456	459	457	460	459	460	459	461	458	455	456	457	459	457	455	455
6A	112.3	(Upland)	459	457	457	459	462	460	462	462	463	461	463	460	458	458	460	461	459	457	457
8	114.1	476	474	472	472	474	478	475	477	476	477	476	478	475	474	475	475	476	475	473	473
MS II	115.5	482	484	480	484	484	490	487	488	488	488	489	489	487	485	485	487	490	488	481	483
MS II	115.9	487	485	482	486	486	492	489	491	491	490	491	492	489	488	488	490	492	490	485	486
Curry	120.0	Unknown	522	520	523	520	526	525	527	525	523	525	521	522	521	520	520	525	523	520	521
Moose	123.5	Unknown	552	546	549	548	556	554	555	550	552	555	550	553	550	548	545	555	550	546	548
8A West	126.1	573	572	569	571	570	576	575	574	572	572	575	568	574	571	568	568	575	572	568	570
8A East	127.1	582	584	581	583	582	587	585	585	582	582	586	581	584	582	580	581	585	582	580	582
9	129.3	604	605	603	606	605	609	607	607	603	603	610	603	606	602	601	602	608	603	602	603
9 u/s	130.6	Unknown	622	616	620	621	624	622	620	617	617	625	617	620	616	616	616	621	617	616	618
4th July	131.8	Unknown	632	626	629	630	635	633	631	628	628	636	628	633	627	627	627	631	628	625	628
9A	133.7	651	655	649	651	651	657	655	653	650	650	659	650	652	650	650	650	651	650	650	650
10 u/s	134.3	657	662	654	657	658	663	661	659	656	656	665	656	659	655	655	655	657	656	658	655
11 d/s	135.3	Unknown	673	667	670	672	675	672	670	668	668	676	668	670	667	667	667	668	668	670	668
11	136.5	687	684	681	683	684	688	686	687	683	683	690	683	685	682	682	682	684	684	682	682
17	139.3	Unknown	—	—	—	—	717	715	715	715	715	727	715	714	714	714	714	715	715	712	713
20	140.5	730	—	—	—	—	732	730	729	729	729	741	729	728	728	728	728	729	729	727	729
21 (A6)	141.8	747	—	—	—	—	746	746	746	746	745	751	746	746	746	745	746	747	747	745	745
21	142.2	755	—	—	—	—	753	753	753	753	753	755	753	752	752	752	752	753	754	751	750
22	144.8	788	—	—	—	—	787	787	787	786	787	787	786	785	785	785	785	787	787	782	782

NOTES:

1. Indicates locations where maximum river stage equals or exceeds a known slough threshold elevation.
2. "Case C" instream flow requirements are assumed for with-project simulations.
3. 1971-72^W simulation assumes warm, 4°C reservoir releases. All other with-project simulations assume an "inflow-matching" temperature policy.
4. All river stages in feet.

Upstream Boundary of Natural Simulations

Upstream Extent of Ice Cover Progression

TABLE V
SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
OCCURRENCES WHERE WITH-PROJECT MAXIMUM RIVER STAGES
ARE HIGHER THAN NATURAL CONDITIONS

<u>Slough or Side Channel</u>	<u>River Mile</u>	<u>Watana Only Operating</u>	<u>Watana and Devil Canyon Operating</u>	<u>Watana Filling</u>
Whiskers	101.5	6/6	6/6	0/2
Gash Creek	112.0	6/6	5/6	0/2
6A	112.3	6/6	5/6	0/2
8	114.1	6/6	6/6	1/2
MSII	115.5	6/6	6/6	0/2
MSII	115.9	6/6	6/6	0/2
Curry	120.0	6/6	3/6	0/2
Moose	123.5	6/6	4/6	0/2
8A West	126.1	5/6	4/6	0/2
8A East	127.1	4/6	2/6	0/2
9	129.3	4/6	2/6	0/2
9 u/s	130.6	3/6	0/6	0/2
4th July	131.8	3/6	2/6	0/2
9A	133.7	3/6	1/6	0/2
10 u/s	134.3	4/6	1/6	0/2
11 d/s	135.3	3/6	0/6	0/2
11	136.5	4/6	2/6	0/2

Notes:

1. For example, 4/6 means that 4 of the 6 with-project simulations resulted in a higher maximum river stage than the natural conditions for corresponding winters.
2. "Case C" instream flow requirements and "inflow-matching" reservoir release temperatures are assumed for with-project simulations.

TABLE VI

SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
EXPECTED PROJECT EFFECTS ON WINTER SLOUGH OVERTOPPING

Slough or Side Channel	River Mile	WATANA ONLY					WATANA AND DEVIL CANYON					WATANA FILLING		
		1996 DEMAND			2001 DEMAND		2002 DEMAND			2020 DEMAND				
		1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72 ^W	1982-83	1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1982-83	1981-82
Whiskers	101.5		X						X				O	O
8	114.1	X		X	X	X	X				X			
MS II	115.5		X						X				O	
MS II	115.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
8A West	126.1	X	X	X			X	X			X			
8A East	127.1		X				0		X	0	0		O	
9	129.3	X		0	0		0		0	0		0	0	0
9A	133.7	X		0	0		0		0	0		0	0	0
10 u/s	134.3	X		0	0		0		0	0		0	0	0
11	136.5	X	X			X								

LEGEND:

- X Slough is overtapped with project, but not under natural conditions for the corresponding winter.
- O Slough is overtapped with natural conditions, but not overtapped with project.

NOTES:

1. "Case C" instream flow requirements are assumed for with-project simulations.
2. 1971-72^W simulation assumes warm, 4° C reservoir releases. All other with-project simulations assume an "inflow-matching" temperature policy.

TABLE VII
SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
SIMULATED ICE FRONT PROGRESSION

	<u>Starting Date at Chulitna Confluence</u>	<u>Melt-Out Date</u>	<u>Maximum Upstream Extent (River Mile)</u>
Natural Conditions			
1971-72	Nov. 5	--	137 ^N
1976-77	Dec. 8	--	137 ^N
1981-82	Nov. 18	May 10-15 ^B	137 ^N
1982-83	Nov. 5	May 10 ^B	137 ^N
Watana Only - 1996 Demand			
1971-72	Nov. 28	May 15 ^E	140
1976-77	Dec. 25	May 3 ^E	137
1981-82	Dec. 28	April 3	137
1982-83 ^W	Dec. 12	Mar. 20	127
1971-72 ^W	Dec. 17	Mar. 27	127
Watana Only - 2001 Demand			
1971-72	Nov. 28	May 15 ^E	142
1982-83	Dec. 19	March 16	124
Both Dams - 2002 Demand			
1971-72	Dec. 2	May 3 ^E	137
1976-77	Jan. 10	April 20	126
1981-82	Dec. 30	Mar. 12	124
1982-83	Dec. 22	Mar. 20	123
Both Dams - 2020 Demand			
1971-72	Dec. 3	April 15	133
1982-83	Dec. 14	Mar. 12	127
Watana Filling			
1982-83 (YR.1)	Dec. 23	May 2 ^E	156 ^I
1981-82 (YR.2)	Dec. 23	May 30 ^E	162 ^I

Legend: B - Observed natural break-up.

E - Melt-out date is extrapolated from results when occurring beyond April 30.

N - Ice cover for natural conditions extends upstream of Gold Creek (River Mile 137) by means of lateral ice bridging.

I - Computed ice front progression upstream of Gold Creek (River Mile 137) is approximation only. Observations indicate closure of river by lateral ice in this reach for natural conditions.

Notes: 1. "Case C" instream flow requirements are assumed for with-project simulations.

2. 1971-72^W simulation assumes warm, 4°C reservoir releases. All other with-project simulations assume an "inflow-matching" temperature policy.

TABLE VIII

SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
TOTAL ICE THICKNESS
MAXIMUM SIMULATED VALUES³

Slough or Side Channel	River Mile	NATURAL CONDITIONS				WATANA ONLY			WATANA AND DEVIL CANYON			WATANA FILLING								
		1996 DEMAND		2001 DEMAND		2002 DEMAND		2020 DEMAND		YR. 1	YR. 2									
		1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1982-83	1982-83	1981-82							
Whiskers	101.5	5	2	4	3	5	2	3	2	3	5	2	4	1	2	3				
Gash Creek	112.0	5	4	4	4	5	3	5	5	6	5	7	5	2	2	3	4			
6A	112.3	6	5	4	5	5	3	5	4	6	5	7	5	2	3	4	5	5		
8	114.1	5	2	4	4	5	2	4	3	4	5	5	4	2	3	3	3			
MSII	115.5	5	2	5	5	6	2	5	5	4	5	6	4	3	3	4	5	5		
MSII	115.9	5	3	7	6	7	3	7	6	6	5	8	4	6	4	6	5	8		
Curry	120.0	6	5	7	4	7	5	8	5	3	5	1	4	3	1	1	4	6		
Moose	123.5	10	4	7	5	9	6	8	2	4	6	2	7	4	1	1	7	2	5	6
8A West	126.1	5	2	3	3	5	3	3	1	1	5	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	
8A East	127.1	5	2	3	3	4	3	2	0	0	4	3	3	1	1	3	0	1	2	
9	129.3	6	4	7	6	5	3	3	3	3	6	3	3	3	3	3	2	4		
9 u/s	130.6	8	3	6	7	5	4	2	2	2	6	3	3	2	2	3	3	6		
4th July	131.8	7	1	3	5	5	3	2	2	2	7	3	3	2	2	1	3			
9A	133.7	7	1	3	3	6	4	2	2	2	8	3	3	2	2	3	2			
10 u/s	134.3	11	1	3	4	7	5	2	2	2	9	4	4	3	3	6	2			
11 d/s	135.3	6	1	3	5	6	4	2	2	2	8	3	3	2	2	3	3			
11	136.5	5	1	3	4	3	2	2	2	2	5	1	1	1	1	3	4			
17	139.3	Upstream Boundary of Natural Simulations				2	2	2	2	2	13	13	13	13	13	1	4			
20	140.5	Upstream Extent of Ice Cover Progression				2	2	2	2	2	12	12	12	12	12	1	4			
21 (A6)	141.8	Upstream Extent of Ice Cover Progression				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2			
21	142.2	Upstream Extent of Ice Cover Progression				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
22	144.8	Upstream Extent of Ice Cover Progression				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

NOTES:

1. "Case C" instream flow requirements are assumed for with-project simulations.
2. 1971-72^W simulation assumes warm, 4°C reservoir releases.
All other with-project simulations assume an "inflow-matching" temperature policy.
3. All ice thickness in feet.

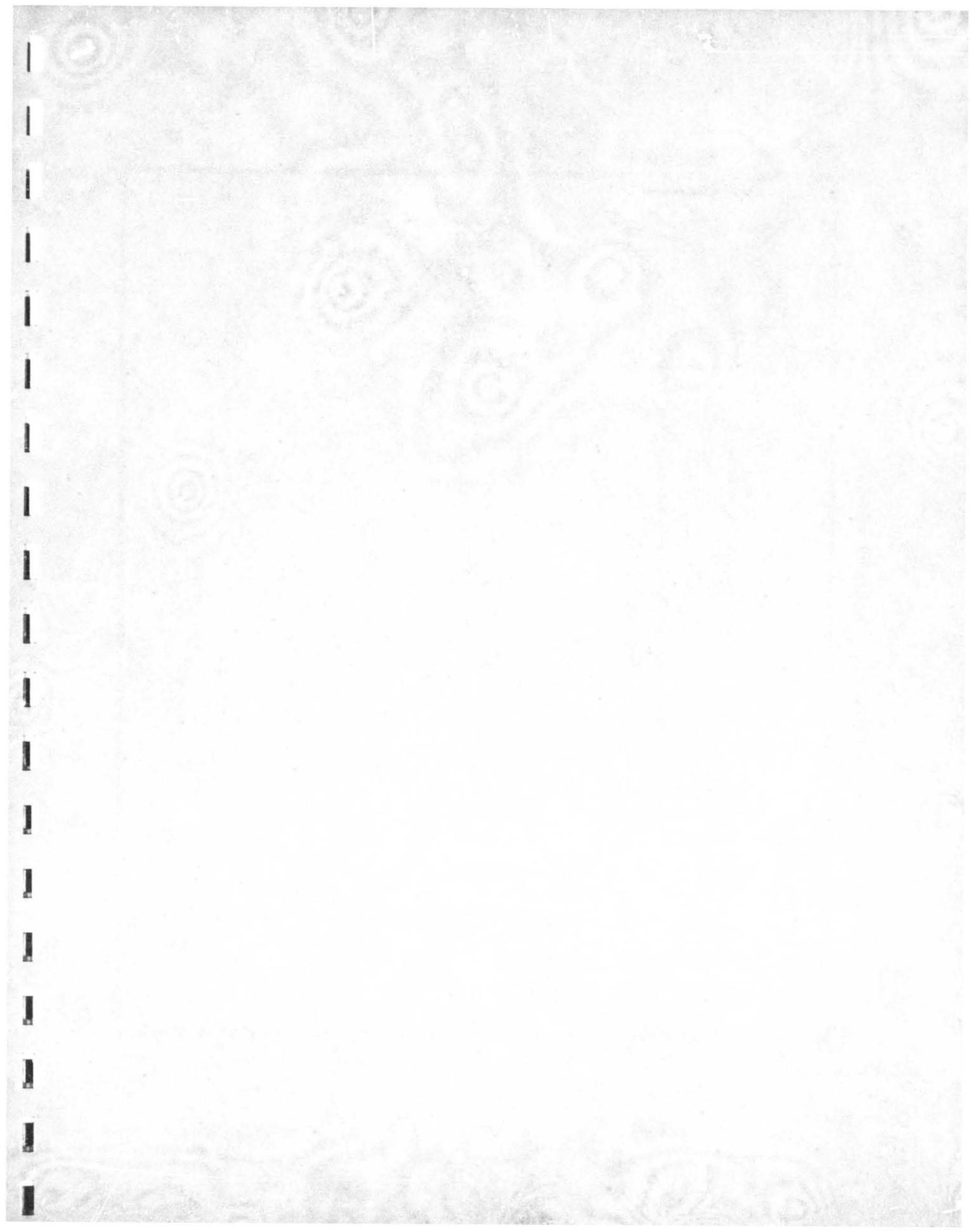
TABLE IX

**SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT
SOLID ICE THICKNESS
MAXIMUM SIMULATED VALUES³**

Slough or Side Channel	River Mile	NATURAL CONDITIONS	WATANA ONLY				WATANA AND DEVIL CANYON		WATANA FILLING			
			1996 DEMAND		2001 DEMAND		2002 DEMAND		2020 DEMAND			
			1971-72	1976-77	1981-82	1982-83	1971-72	1982-83	1971-72	1982-83	1971-72	1981-82
Whiskers	101.5	5 2 4 3	5	2	3	2	3	5	2	5 1 2 2	4 1	2 3
Gash Creek	112.0	5 2 4 3	5	2	3	2	2	5	1	5 1 2 1	4 1	2 3
6A	112.3	5 2 4 3	5	2	3	2	2	5	1	5 1 2 1	4 1	2 3
8	114.1	5 2 4 3	5	2	3	2	2	5	1	5 1 2 1	4 1	2 3
MSII	115.5	5 2 4 3	5	2	3	2	1	5	1	4 1 1 1	4 1	2 3
MSII	115.9	5 2 4 3	5	2	3	1	1	5	0	4 1 1 1	4 1	2 3
Curry	120.0	5 2 4 3	5	2	2	0	1	5	0	4 1 1 0	3 0	2 3
Moose	123.5	5 2 4 3	4	1	2	0	0	4	0	4 0 0	2 0	2 2
8A West	126.1	5 2 3 3	4	1	1	0	0	4	3 0	1 0	1 2	
8A East	127.1	5 2 3 3	3	1	1	0	0	4	3	1 0	1 2	
9	129.3	5 2 3 3	3	1	1			4	3	1	1	2
9 u/s	130.6	5 2 3 3	3	1	1			4	2	0	1	2
4th July	131.8	5 1 3 3	2	1	1			4	2	0	1	2
9A	133.7	5 1 3 2	2	1	0			4	1		1	2
10 u/s	134.3	5 1 3 2	2	0	0			3	1		1	2
11 d/s	135.3	4 1 3 2	2	0	0			3	0		1	2
11	136.5	4 1 3 2	1	0	0			3	0		1	2
17	139.3	Upstream Boundary of Natural Simulations	0					2			0	2
20	140.5		0					2			0	2
21 (A6)	141.8		1					1			0	2
21	142.2							0			0	1
22	144.8										0	1

NOTES:

1. "Case C" instream flow requirements are assumed for with-project simulations.
2. 1971-72^W simulation assumes warm, 4°C reservoir releases.
All other with-project simulations assume an "inflow-matching" temperature policy.
3. All ice thickness in feet.



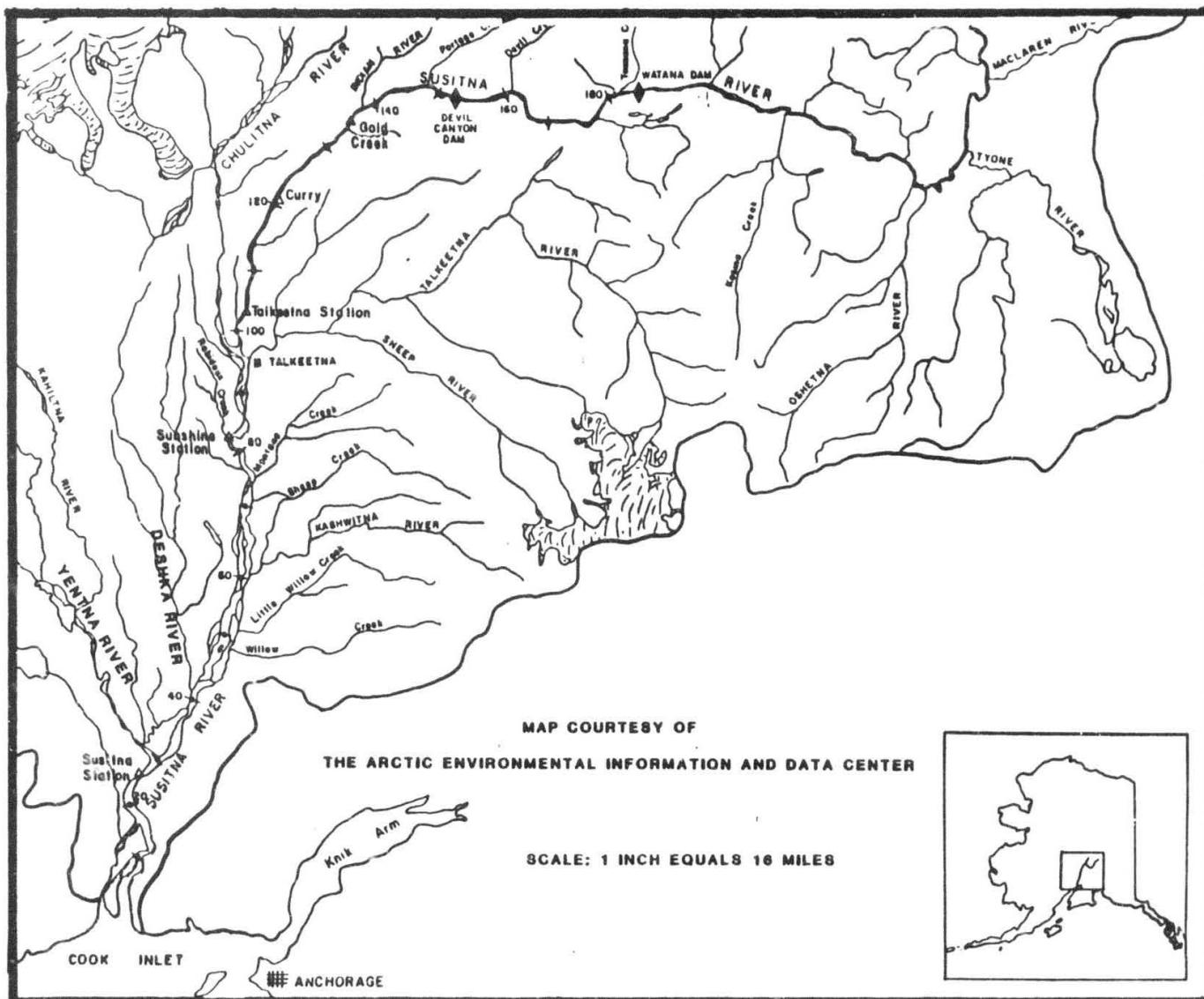


FIGURE 1 - SUSITNA RIVER

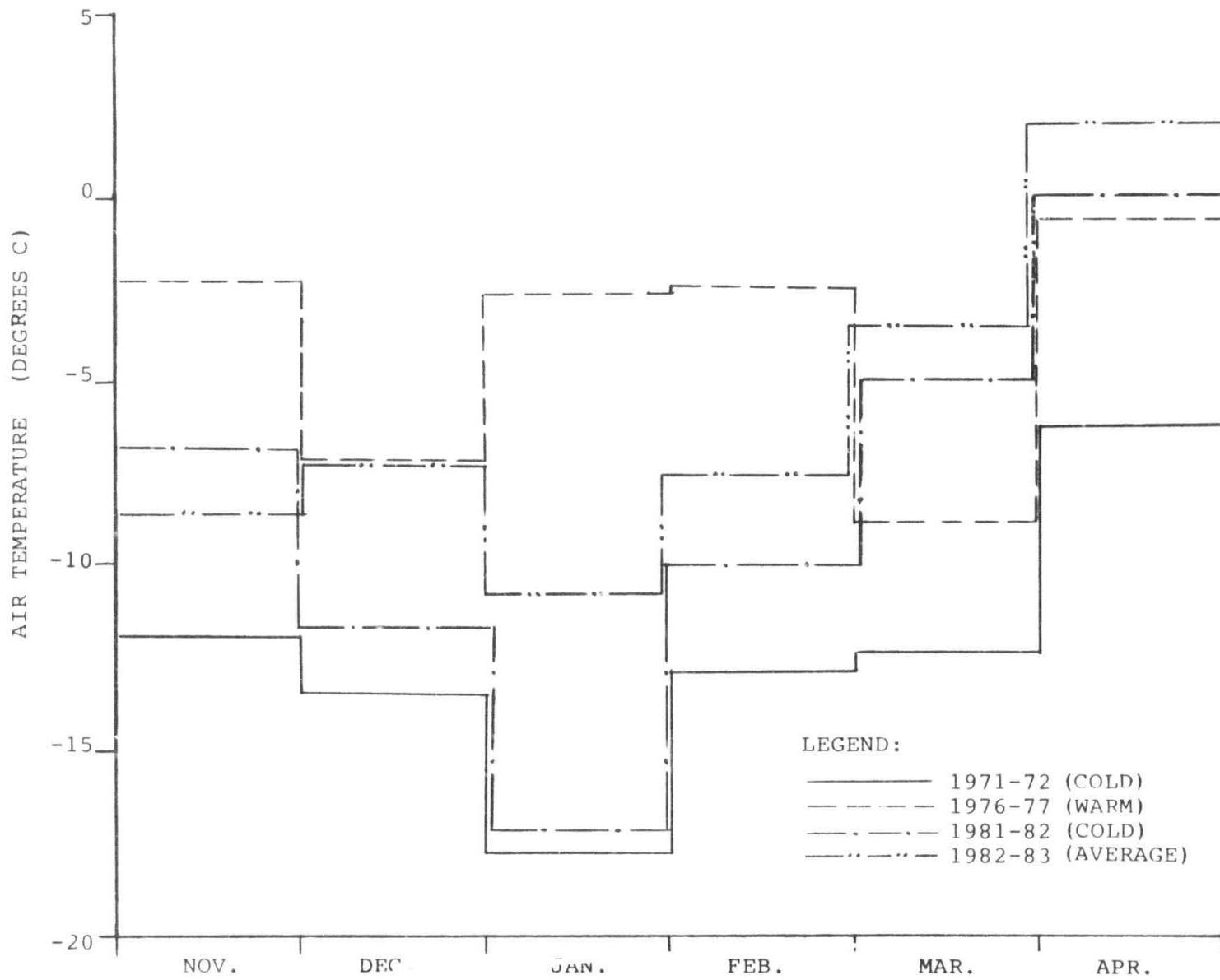


FIGURE 2 - AVERAGE MONTHLY AIR TEMPERATURES AT TALKEETNA

HARZA-EBASCO

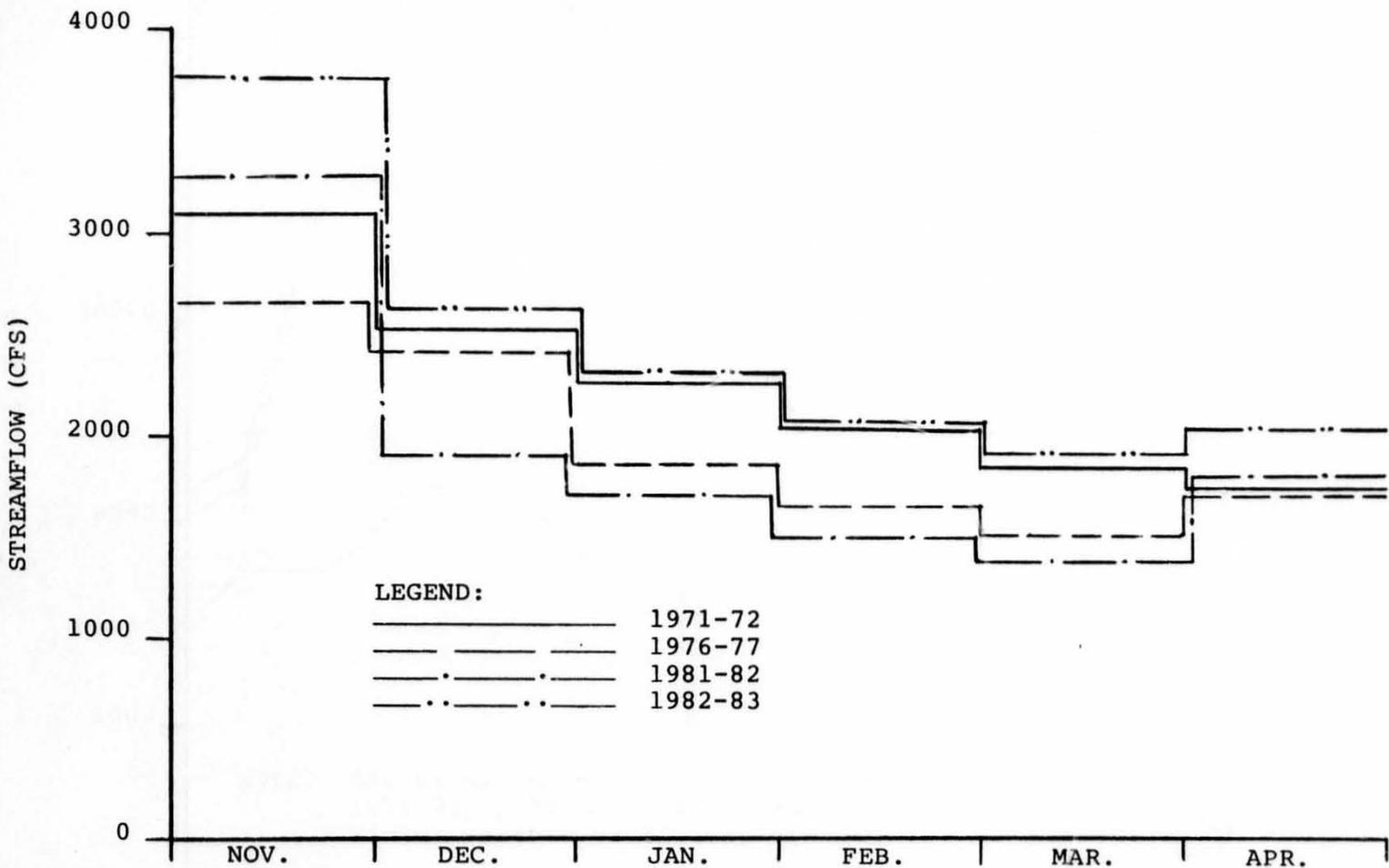


FIGURE 3 - SUSITNA RIVER NATURAL STREAMFLOWS AT GOLD CREEK - AVERAGE MONTHLY VALUES

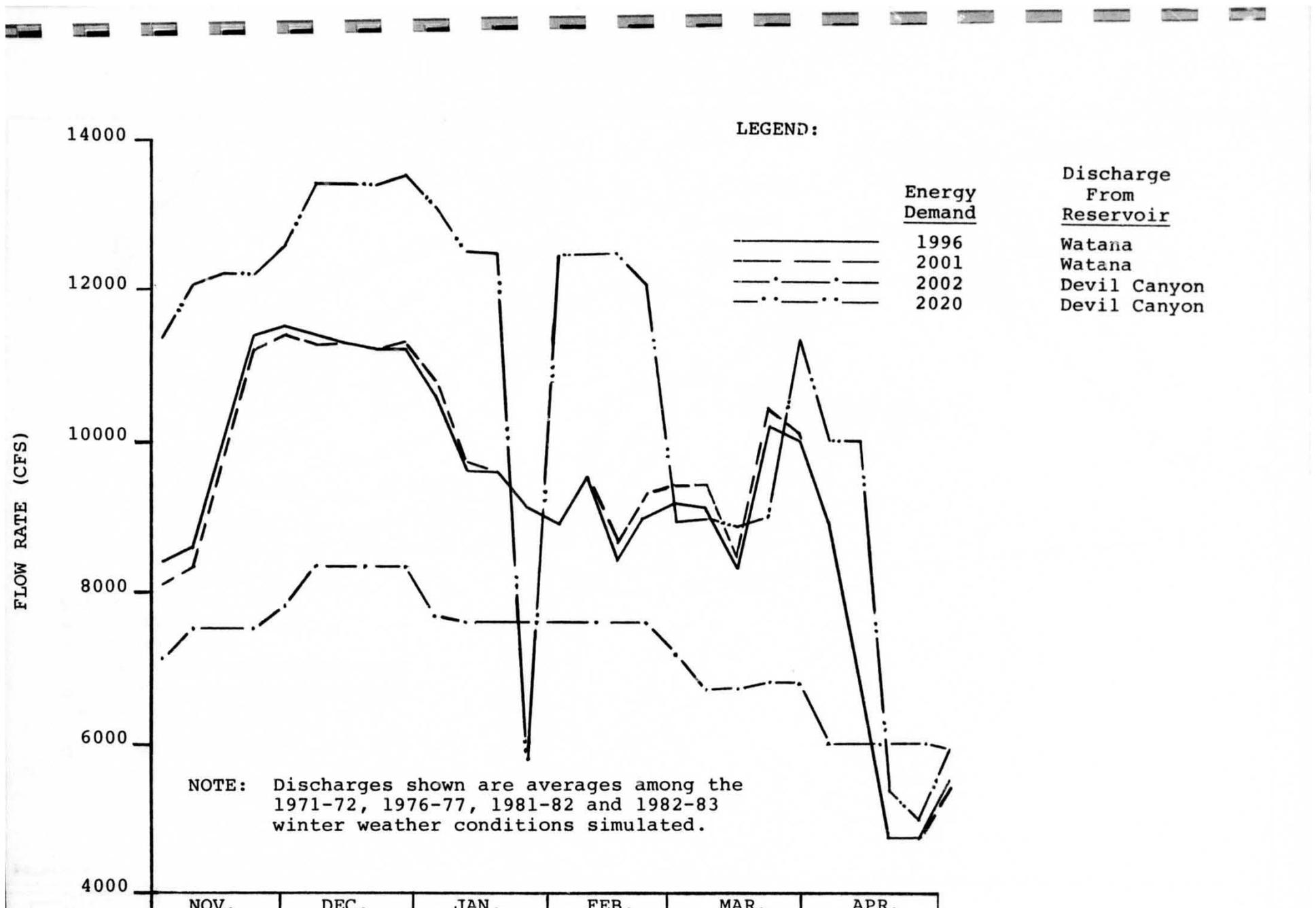


FIGURE 4 - DISCHARGE FROM PROJECT RESERVOIRS

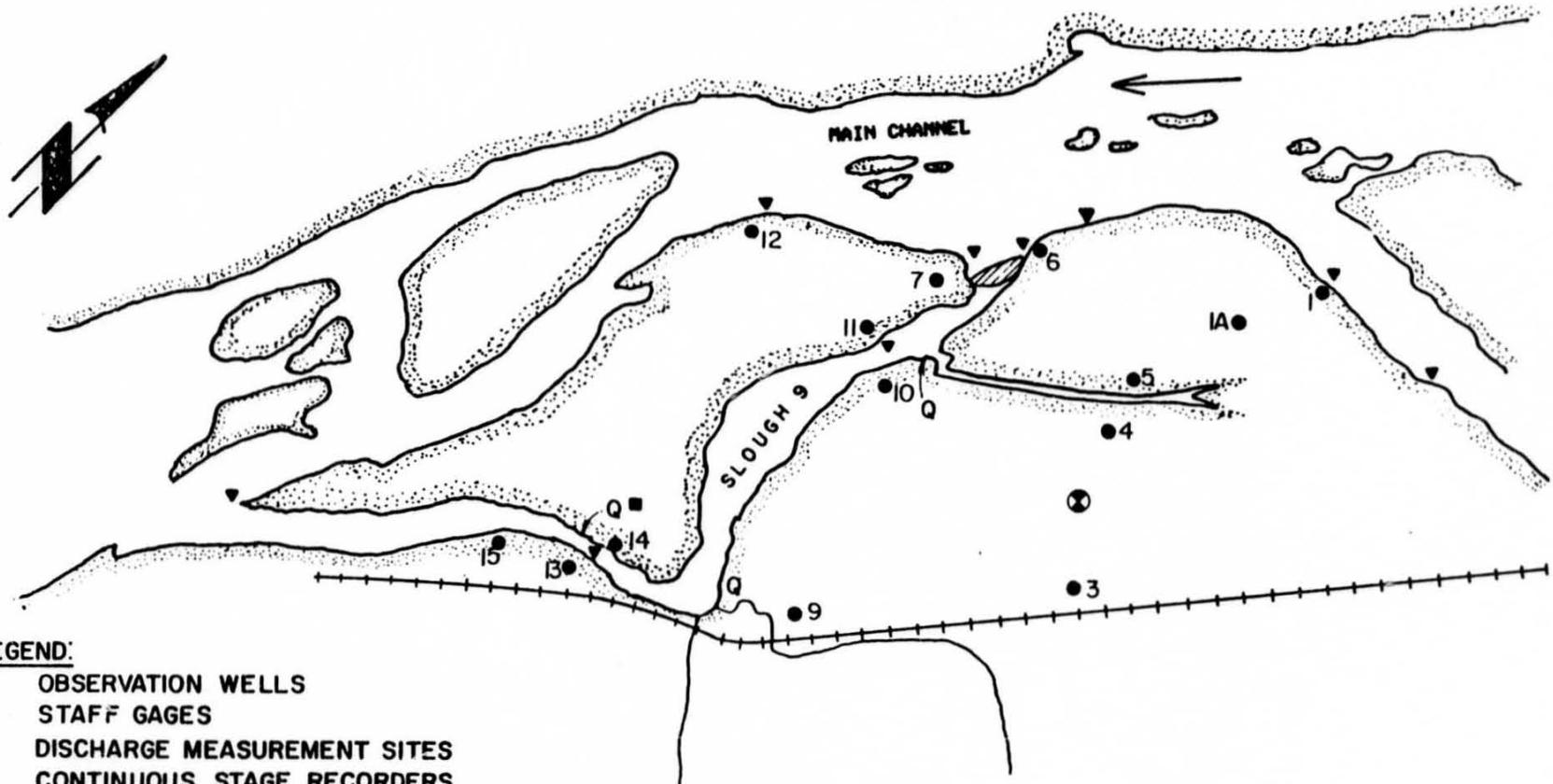
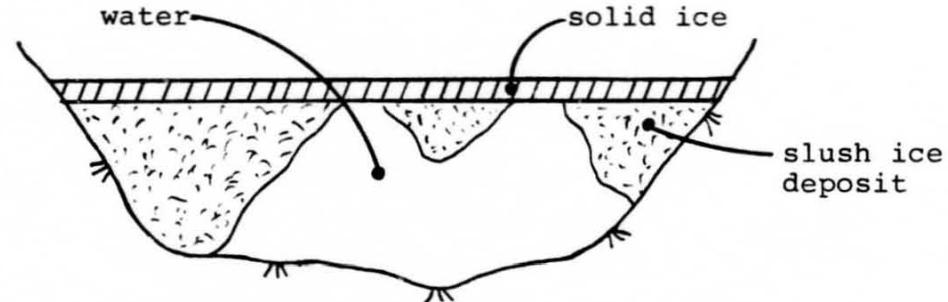


FIGURE 5 - TYPICAL SLOUGH

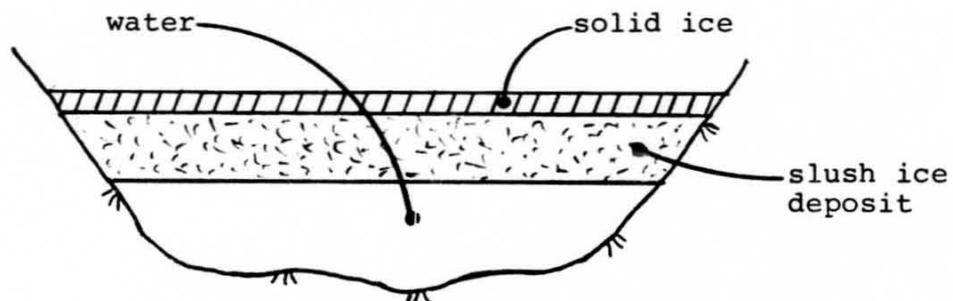
HARZA-EBASCO

PREPARED BY:

RSM
R&M CONSULTANTS, INC.



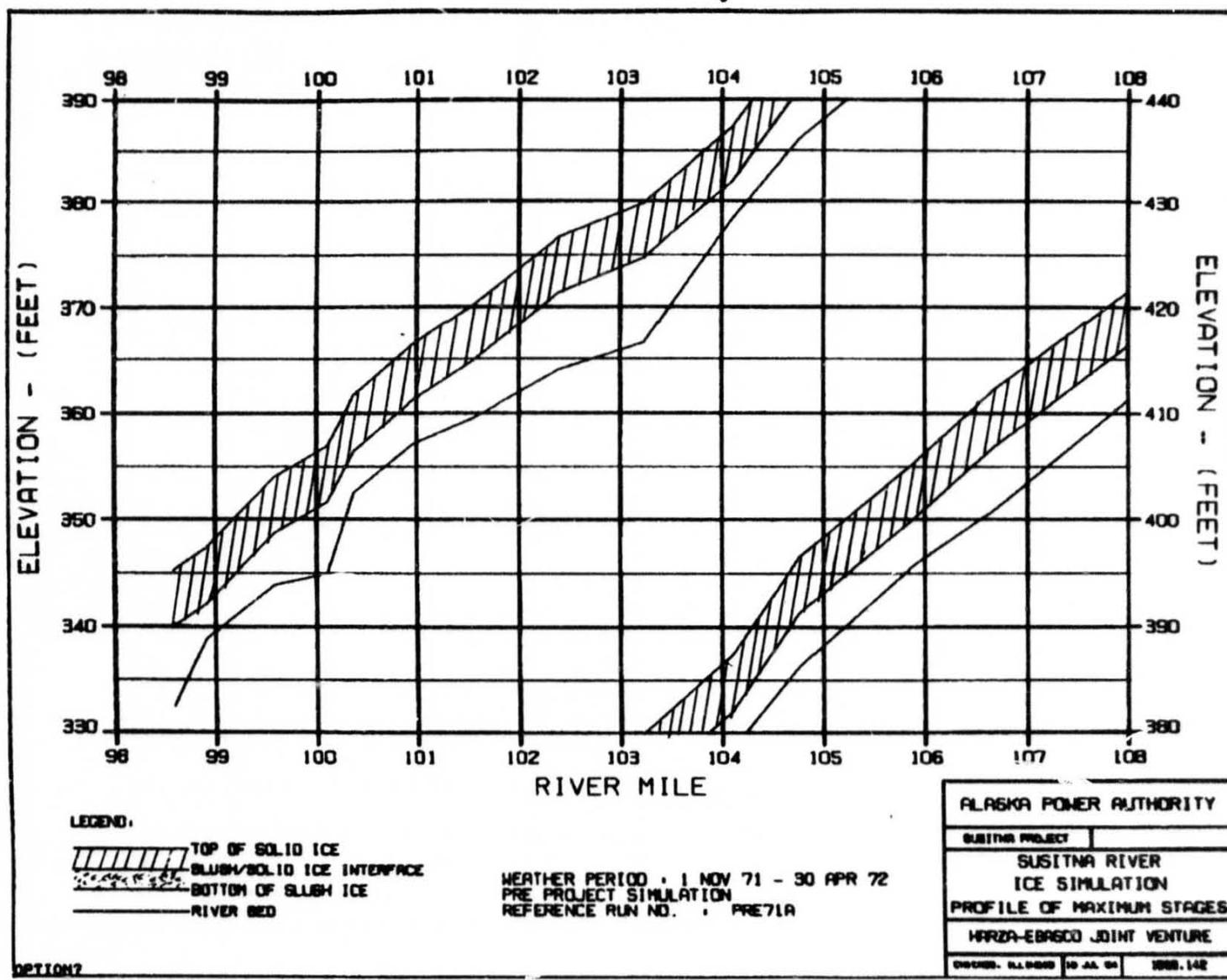
a. Actual River Cross-Section



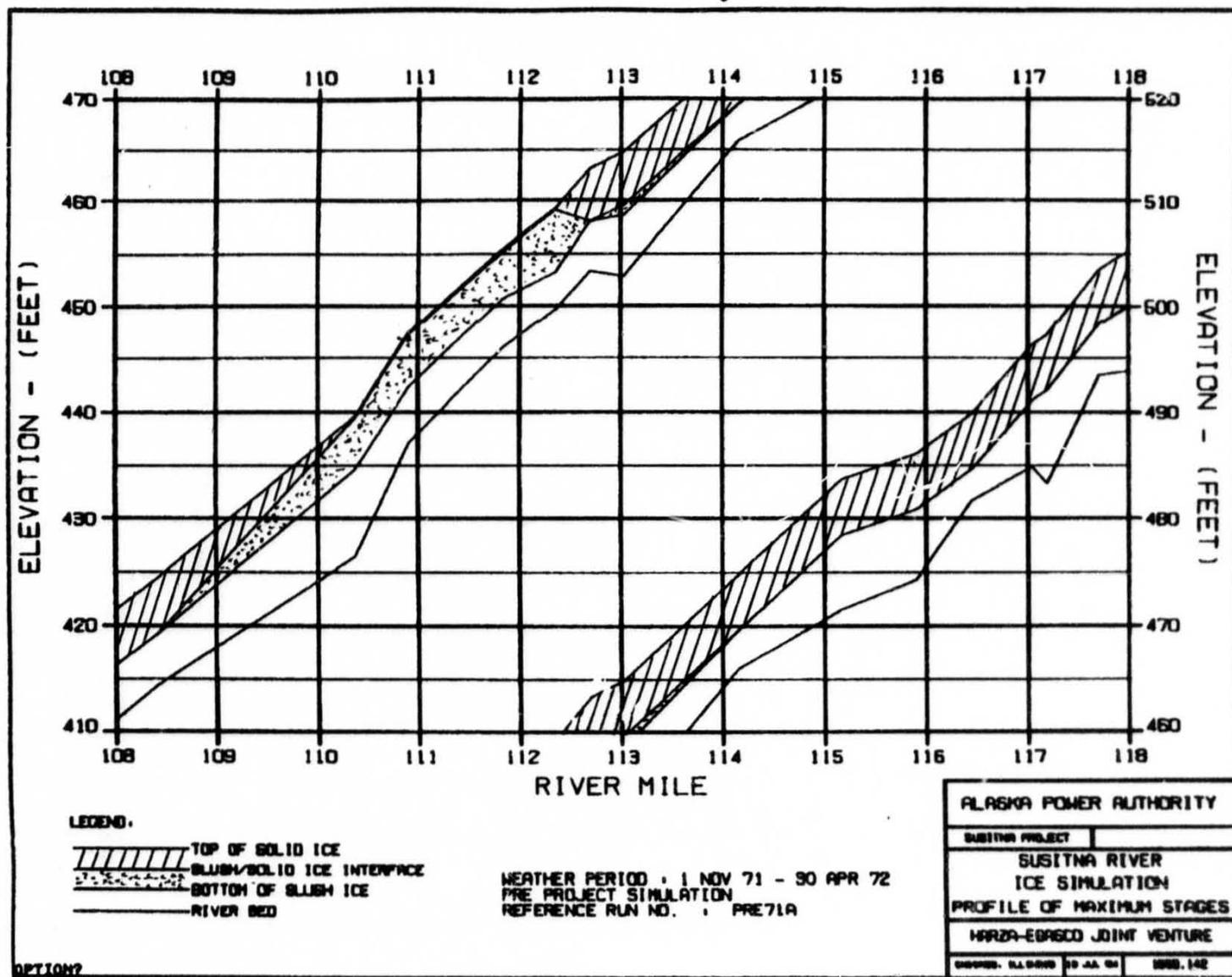
b. Simulated River Cross-Section

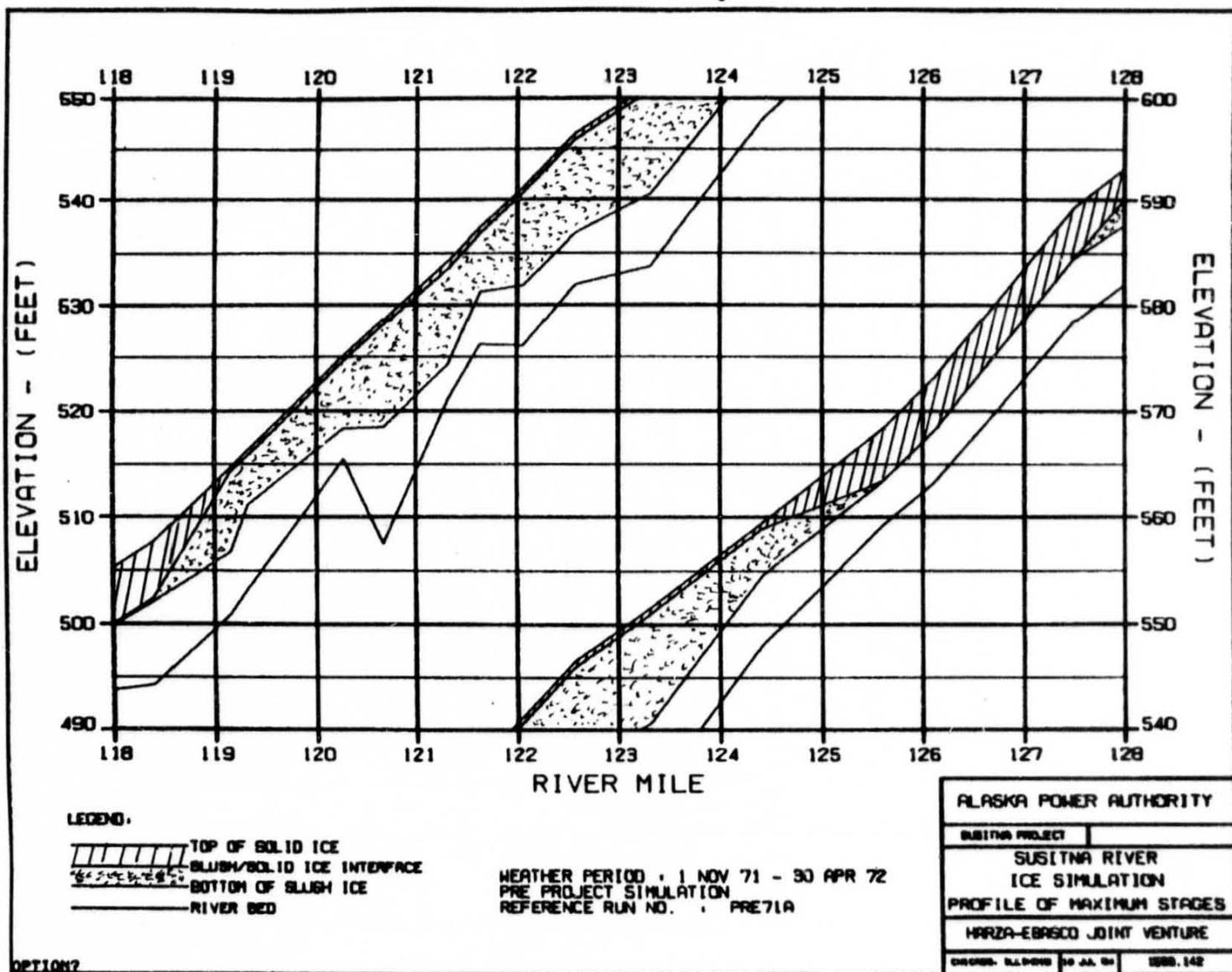
FIGURE 6 - ICE DISTRIBUTION - ACTUAL VS. SIMULATED

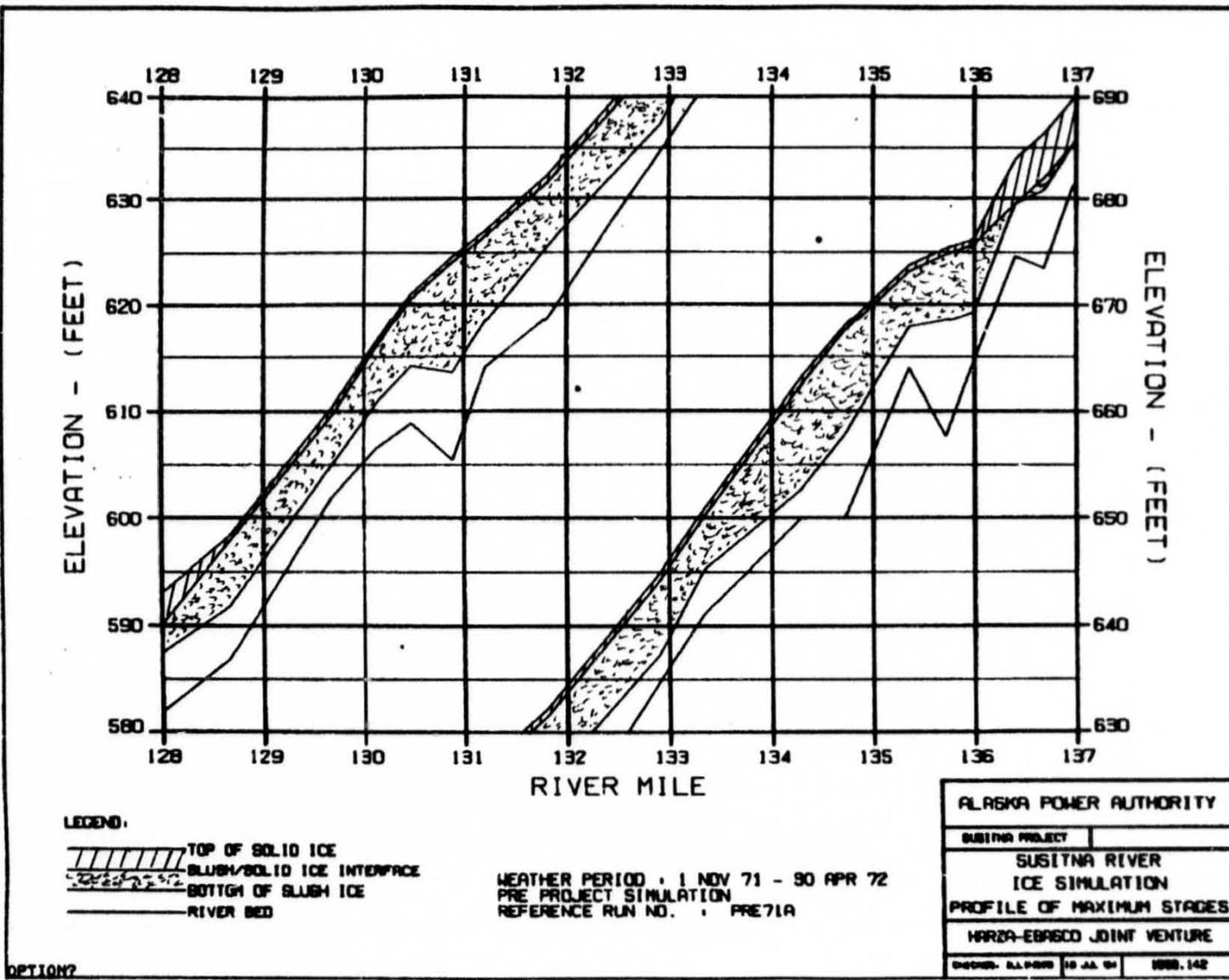
EXHIBIT A

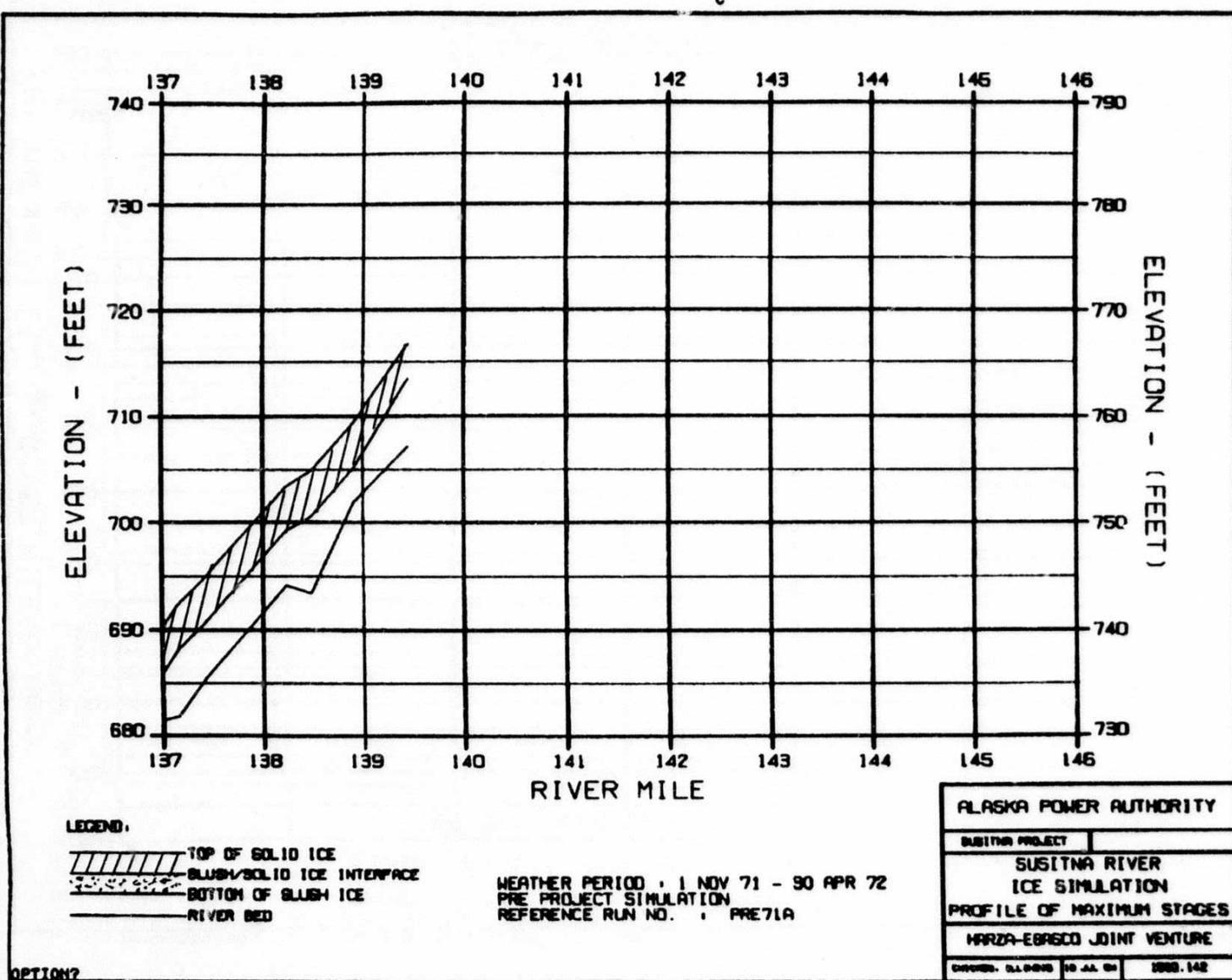


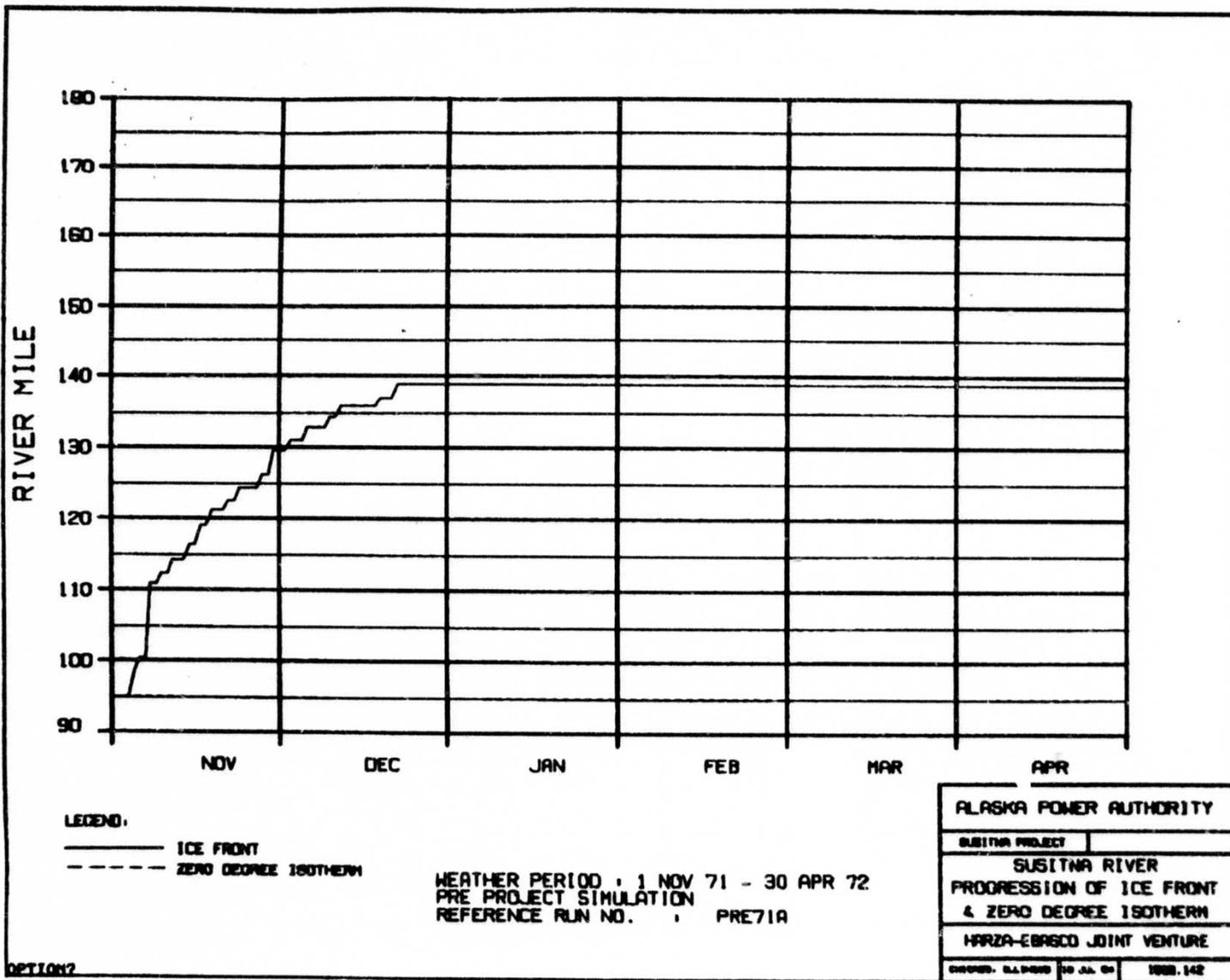
C



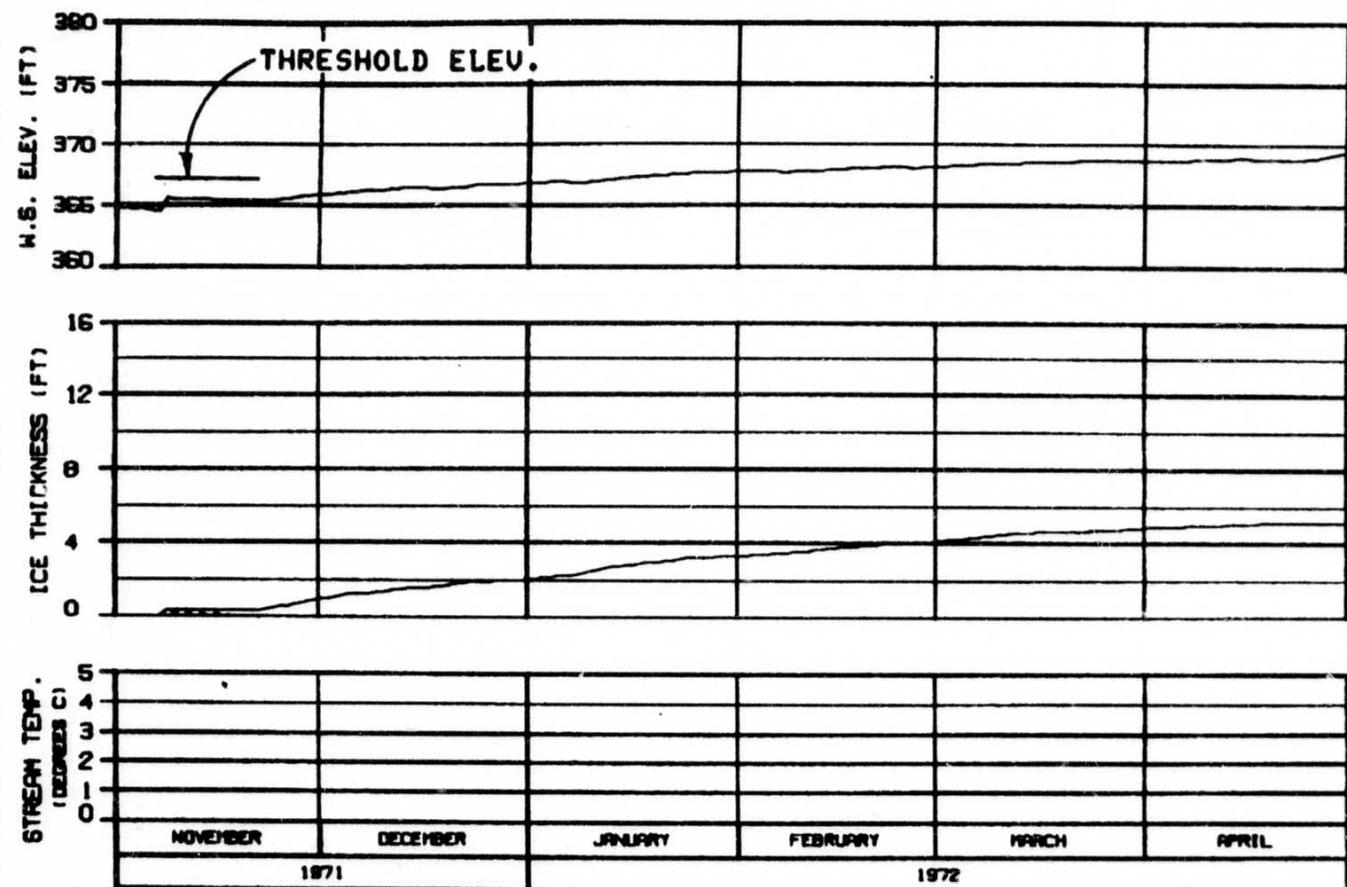








ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUSITNA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
PROGRESSION OF ICE FRONT		
& ZERO DEGREE ISOTHERM		
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE		
CHARTED: G.L. DAVIS	10 JUL 81	1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH
 RIVER MILE : 101.50

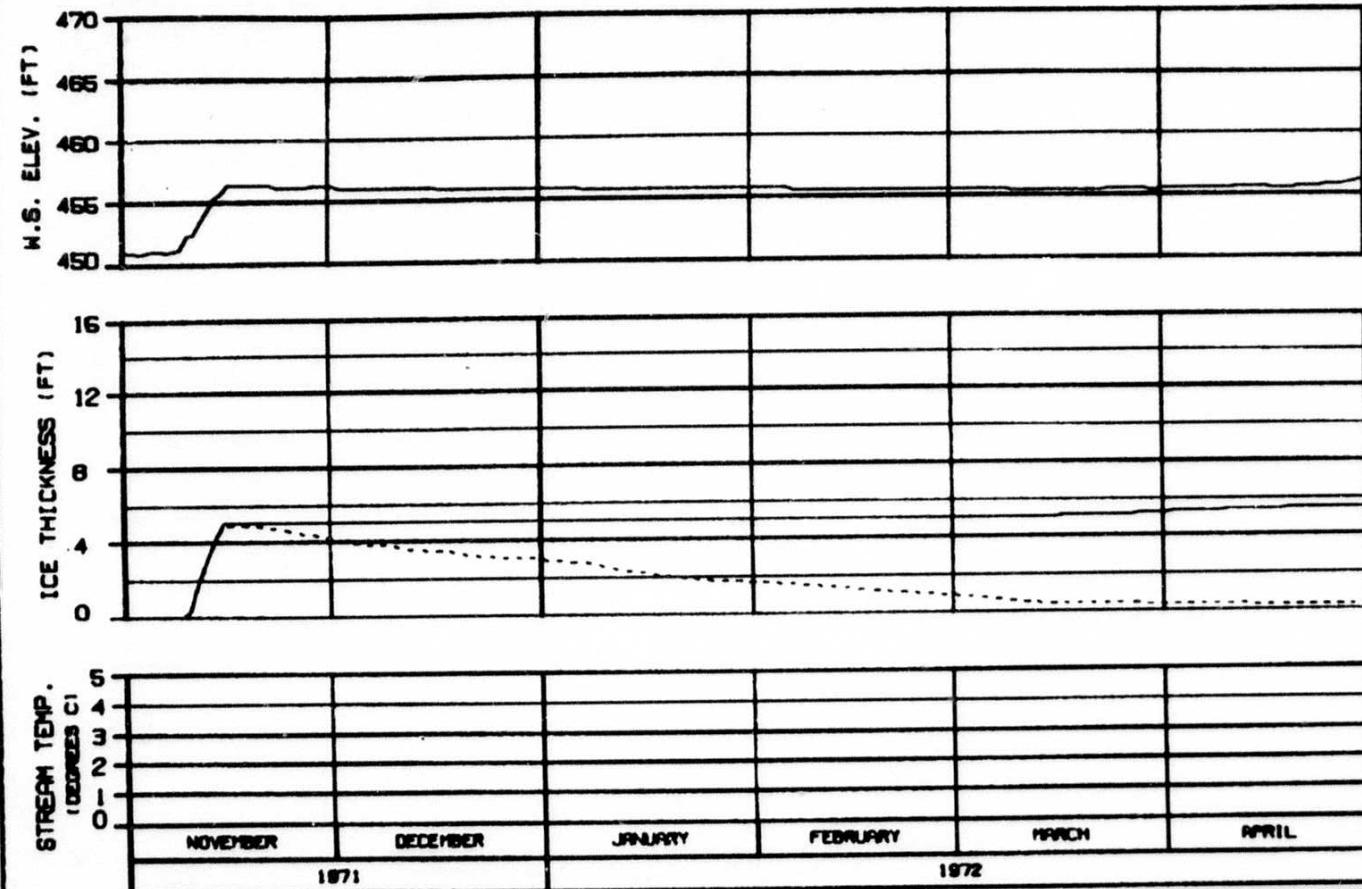
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EBARCO JOINT VENTURE

DISASTER ALARMED 10 JUL 80 3888.142

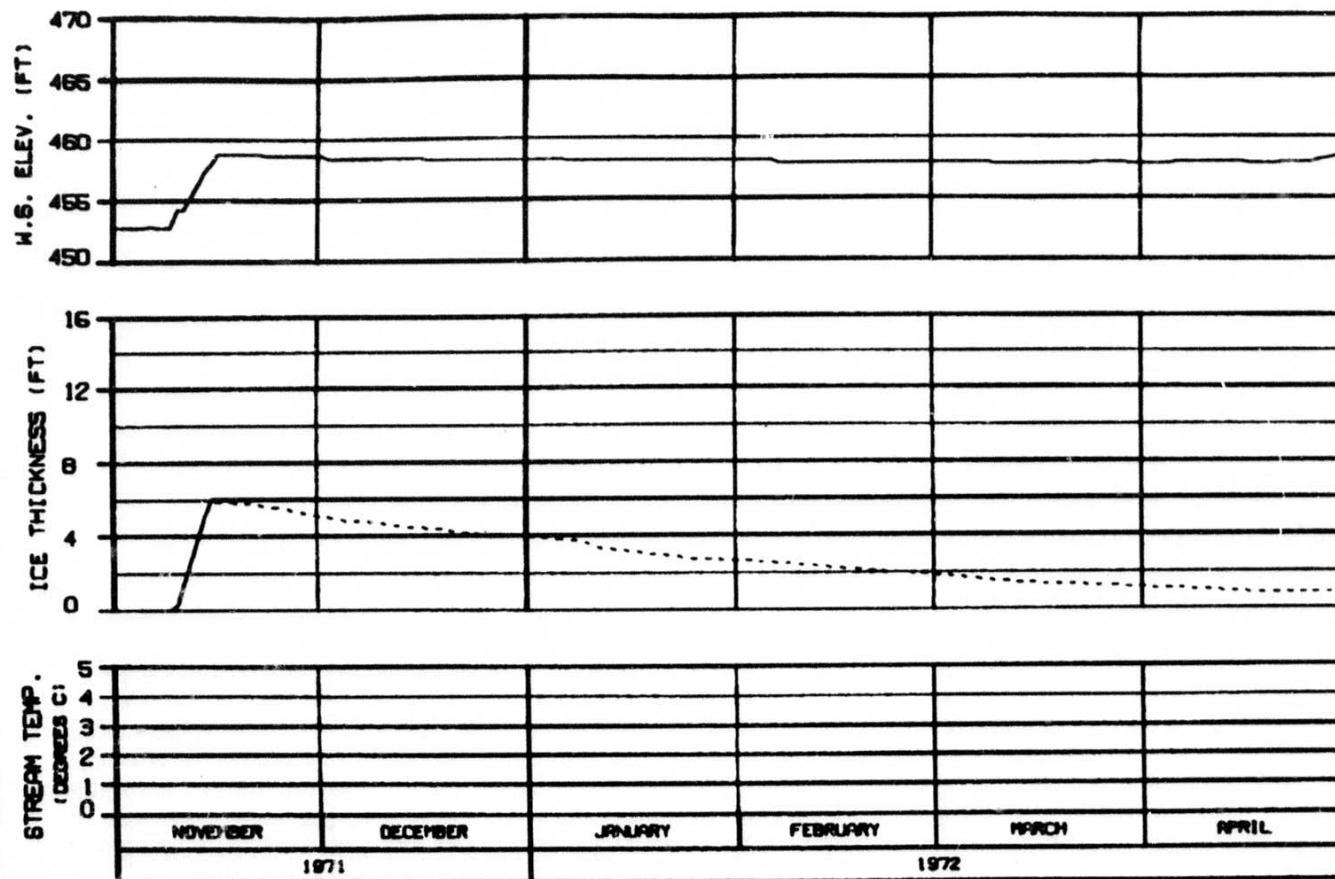


SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY
SUSITNA PROJECT
SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY
HARZA-EISCO JOINT VENTURE
PREPARED BY: [REDACTED]
REVIEWED BY: [REDACTED]



MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A

RIVER MILE : 112.34

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

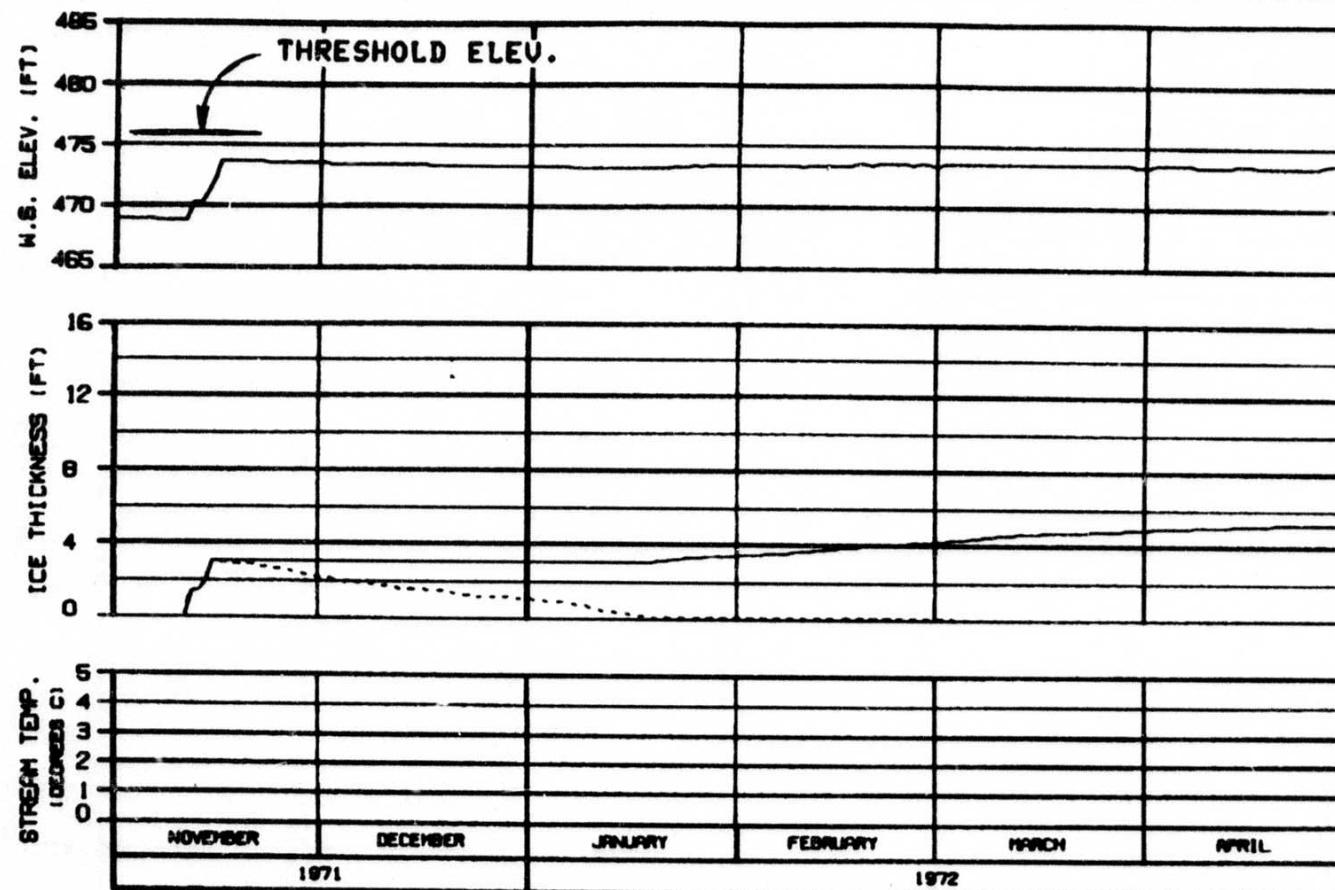
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTERED: 11/1/71 10 AM CT 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
 RIVER MILE : 114.10

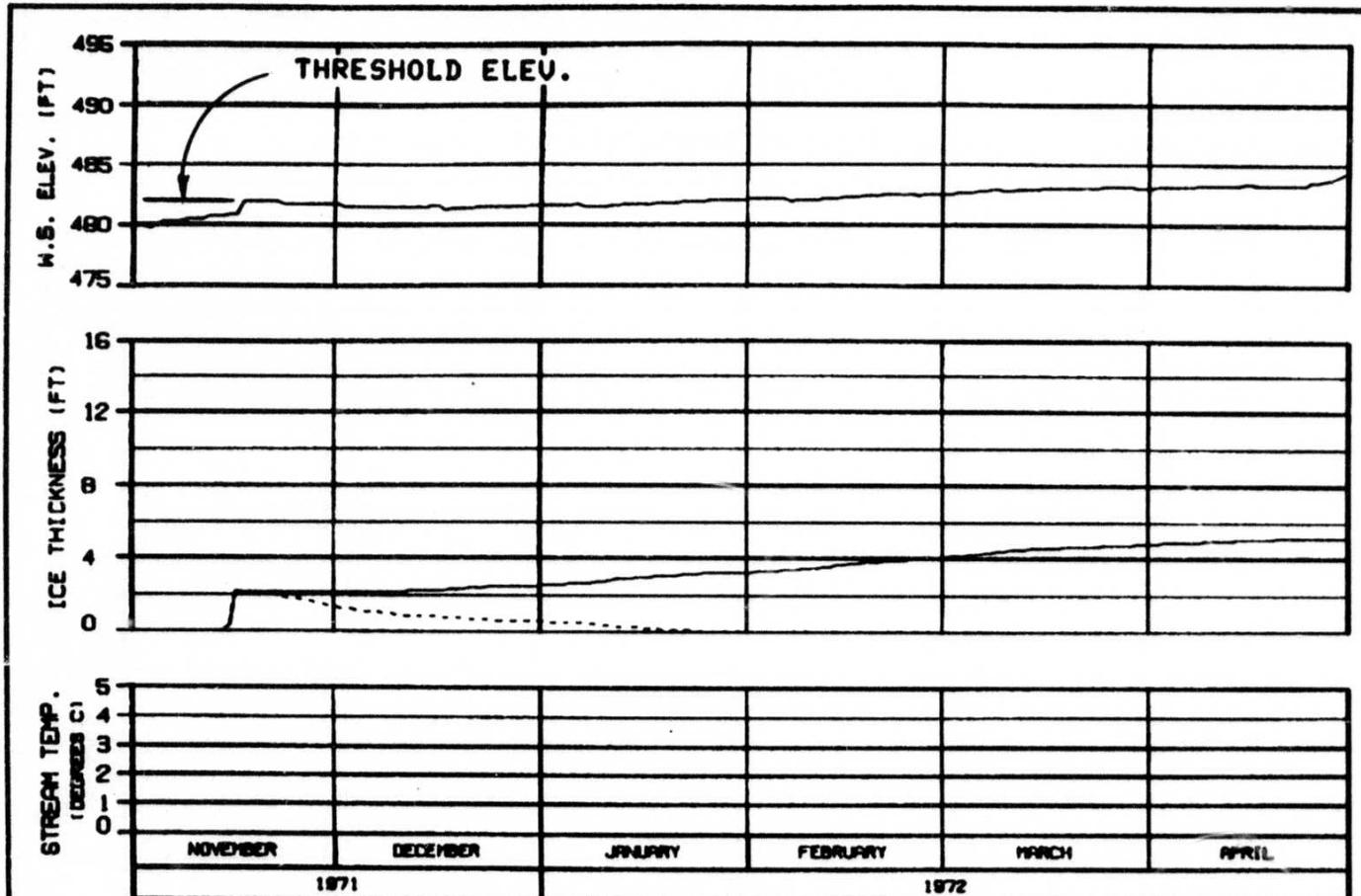
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EPRI-DOE JOINT VENTURE

OWNER: ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY
 OWNER: HARZA CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 OWNER: EPRI
 OWNER: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 OWNER: DOE



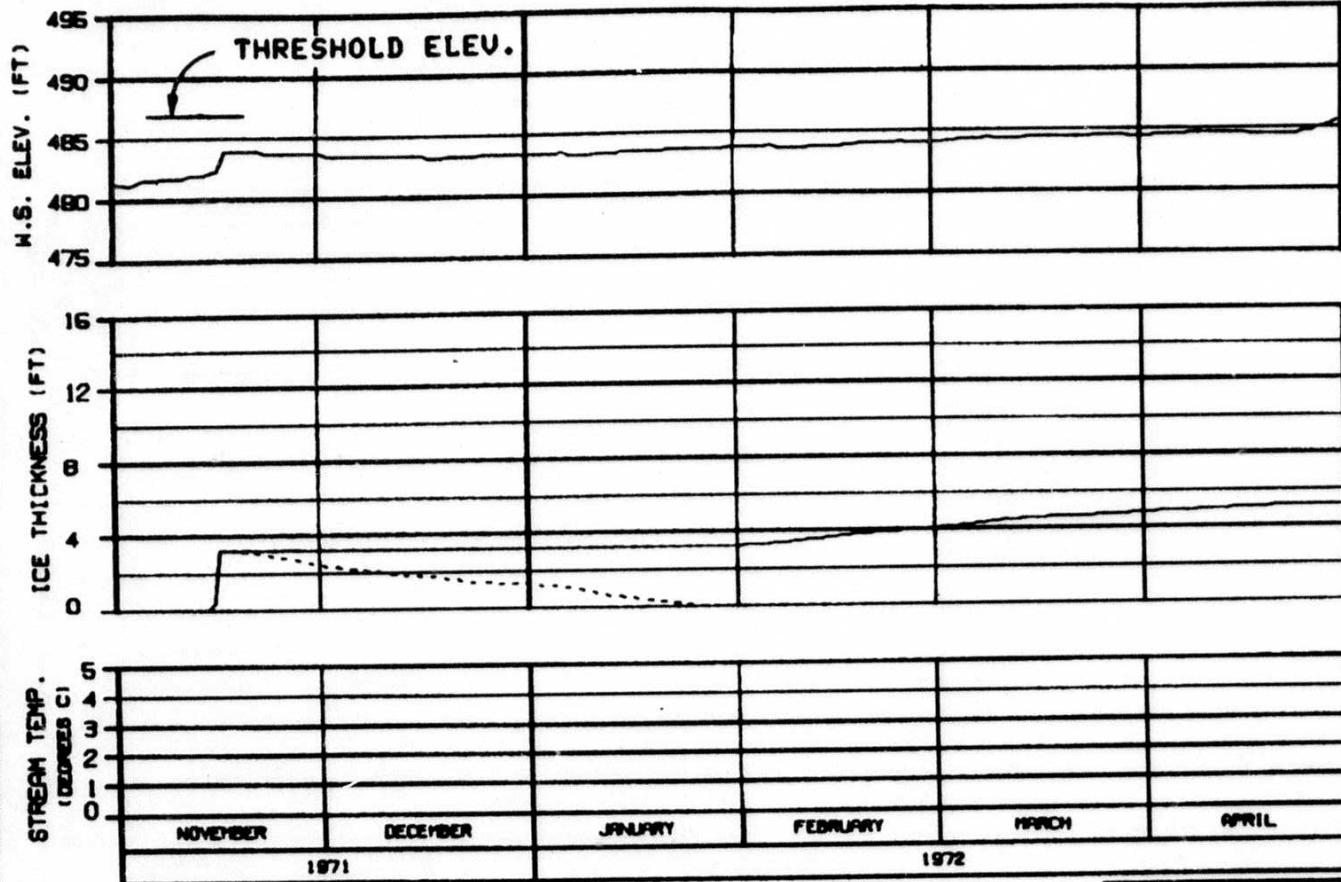
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL MSII
 RIVER MILE : 115.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HPPA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE	
CHARTED: 10 JUN 80	8000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII

RIVER MILE : 115.90

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

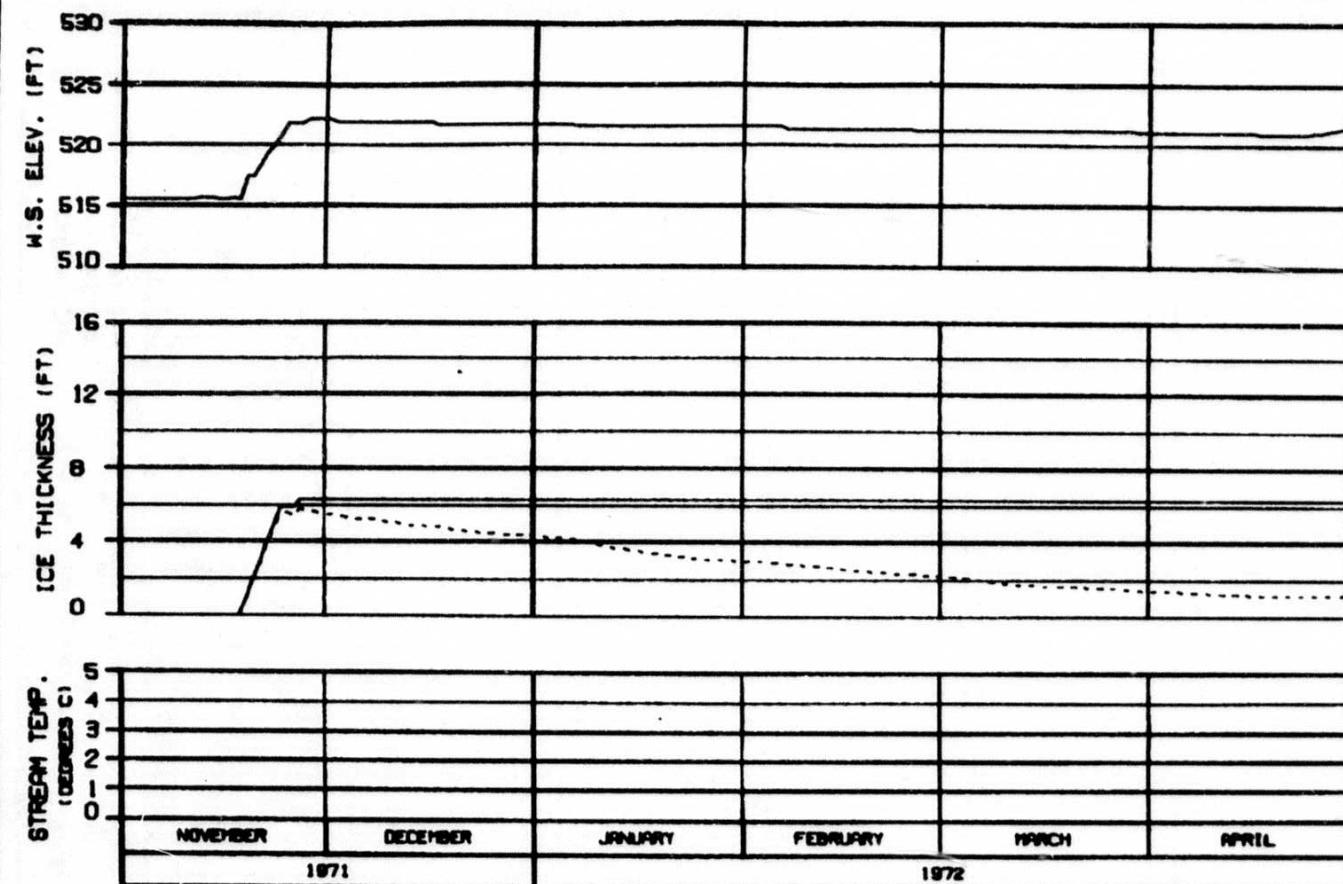
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

REPORT NUMBER 10-11-01 1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 ————— TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

RIVER MILE : 120.00
 WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

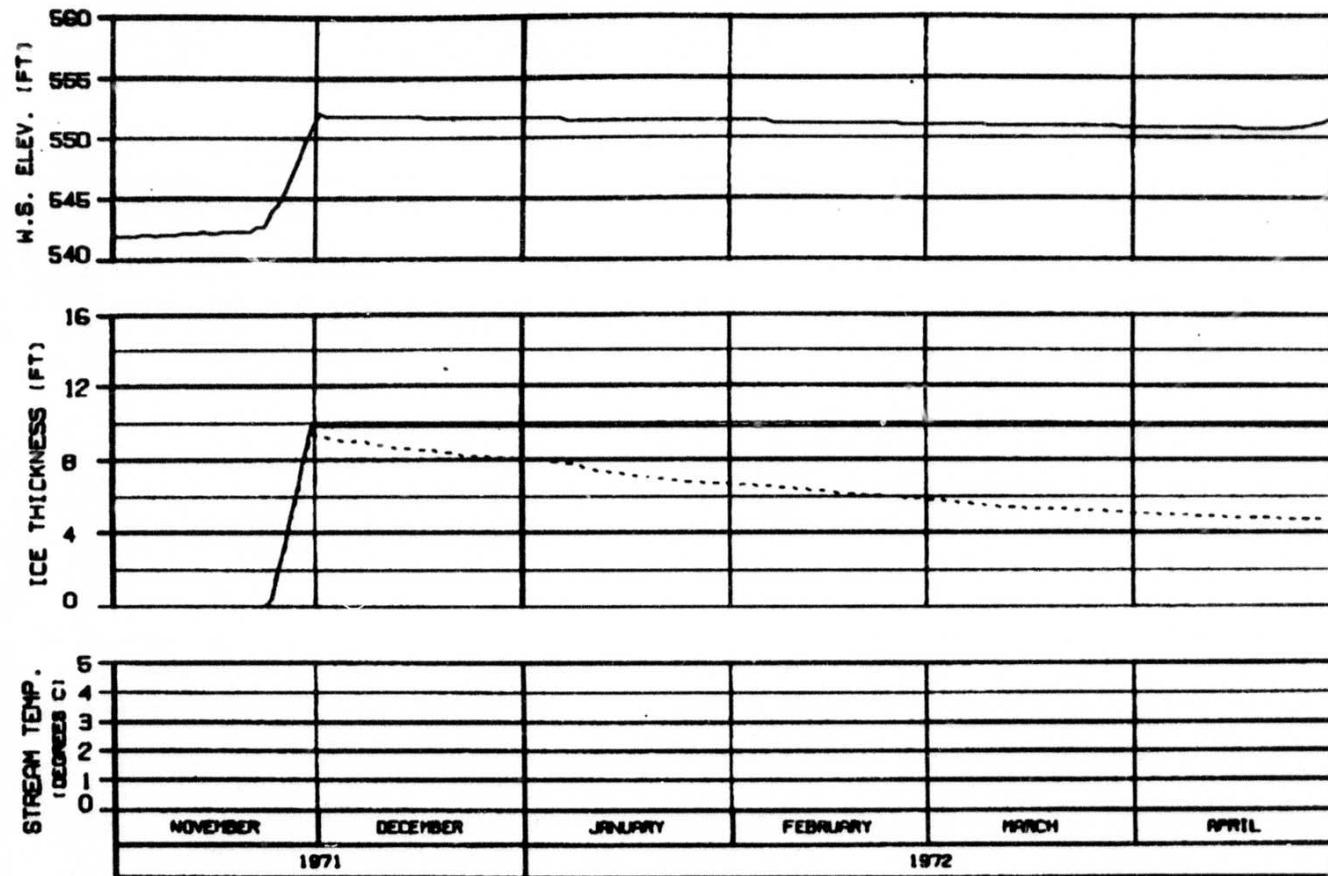
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE

DOVER, DELAWARE 19904 10 JUN 72 500-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

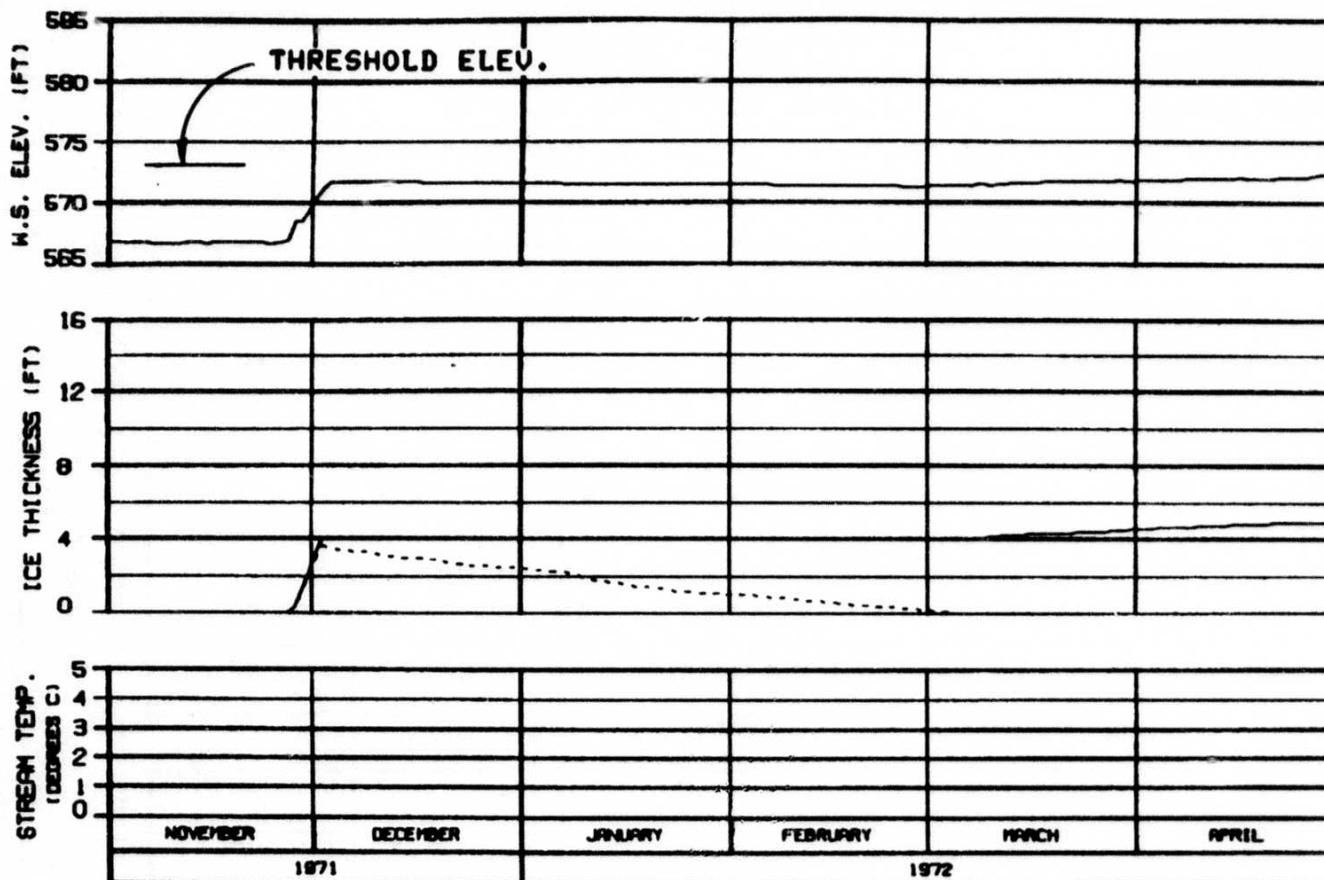
HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 123.50
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

WATER LEVELS IN FT. AS OF 10 JU. 71 1000.142



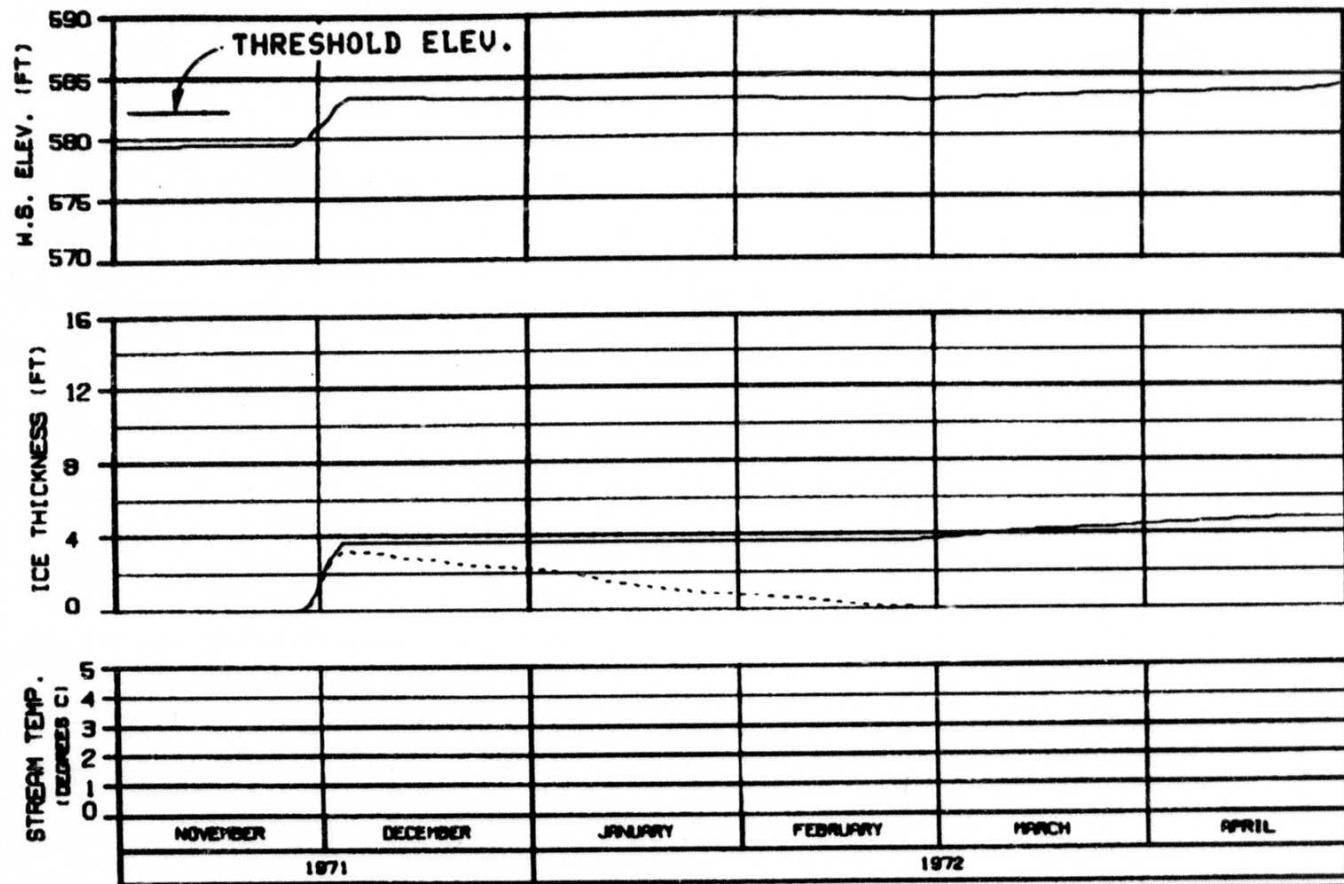
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HPPA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DISPEN. 0.4000	NO. 01
1000.142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)

RIVER MILE : 127.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

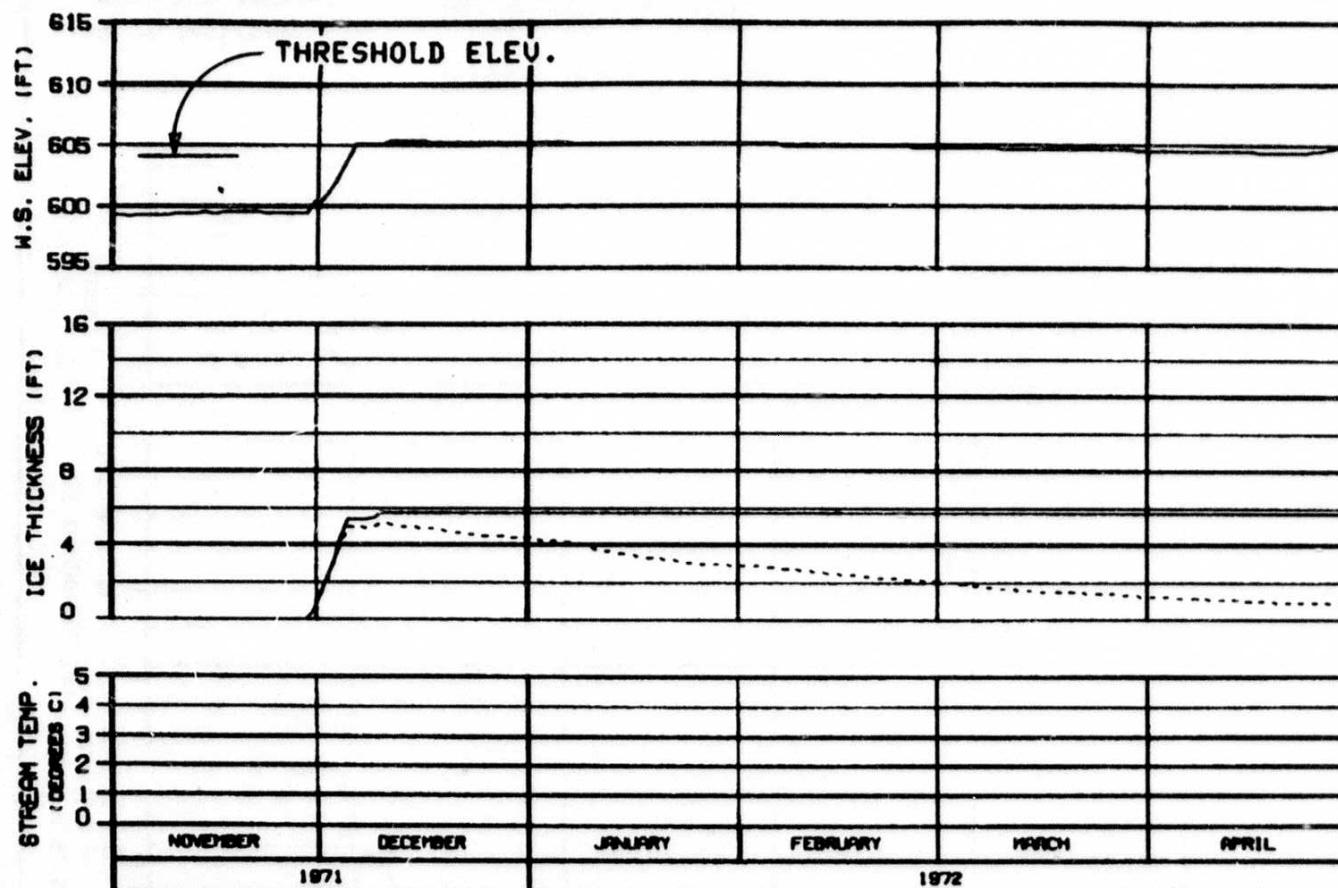
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DOVER, MAINE 04426 10 JUL 81 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 129.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

OPTION?

HEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

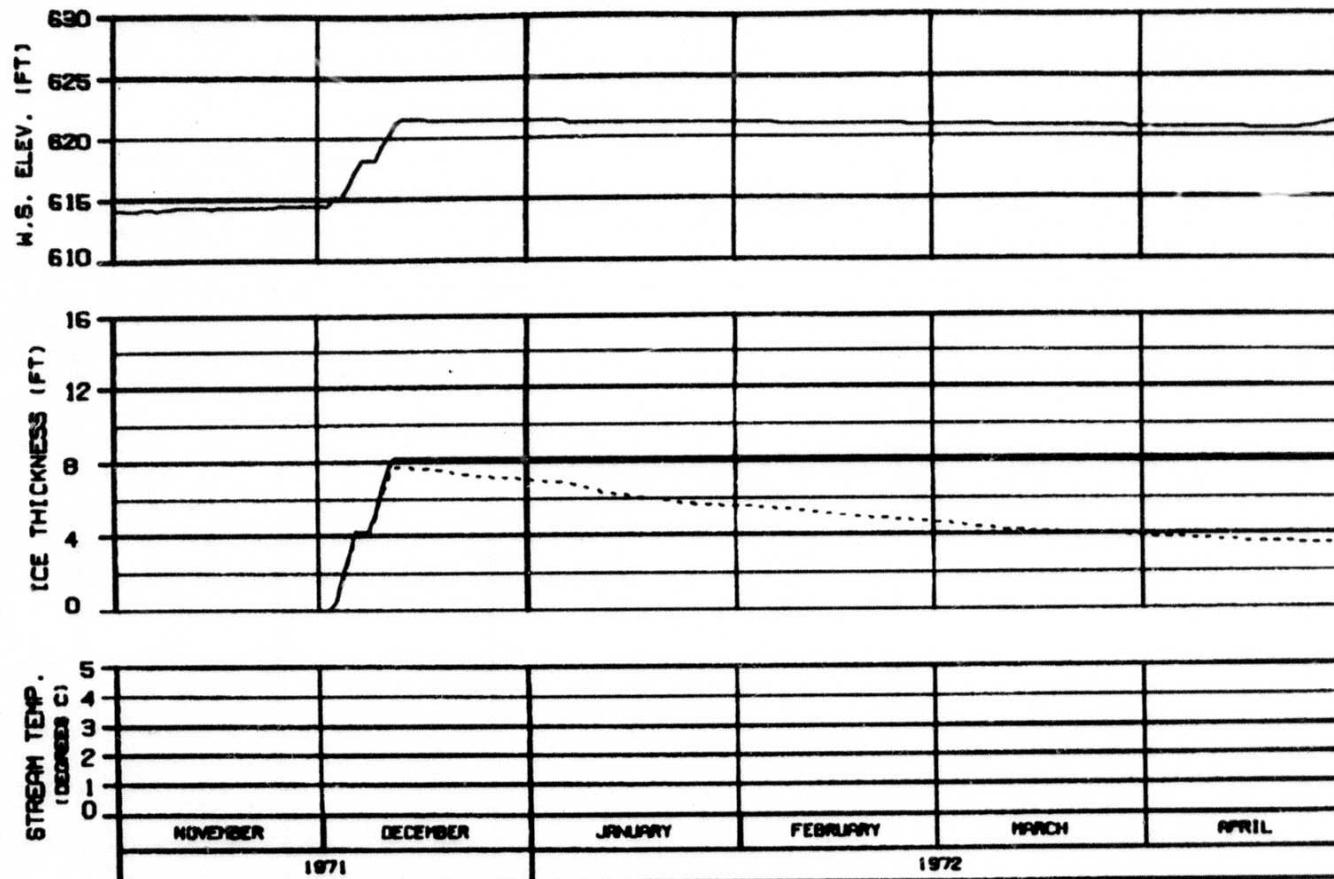
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CREATED: 8/19/93 BY: J.L. SPUR 1000.142

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 130.60

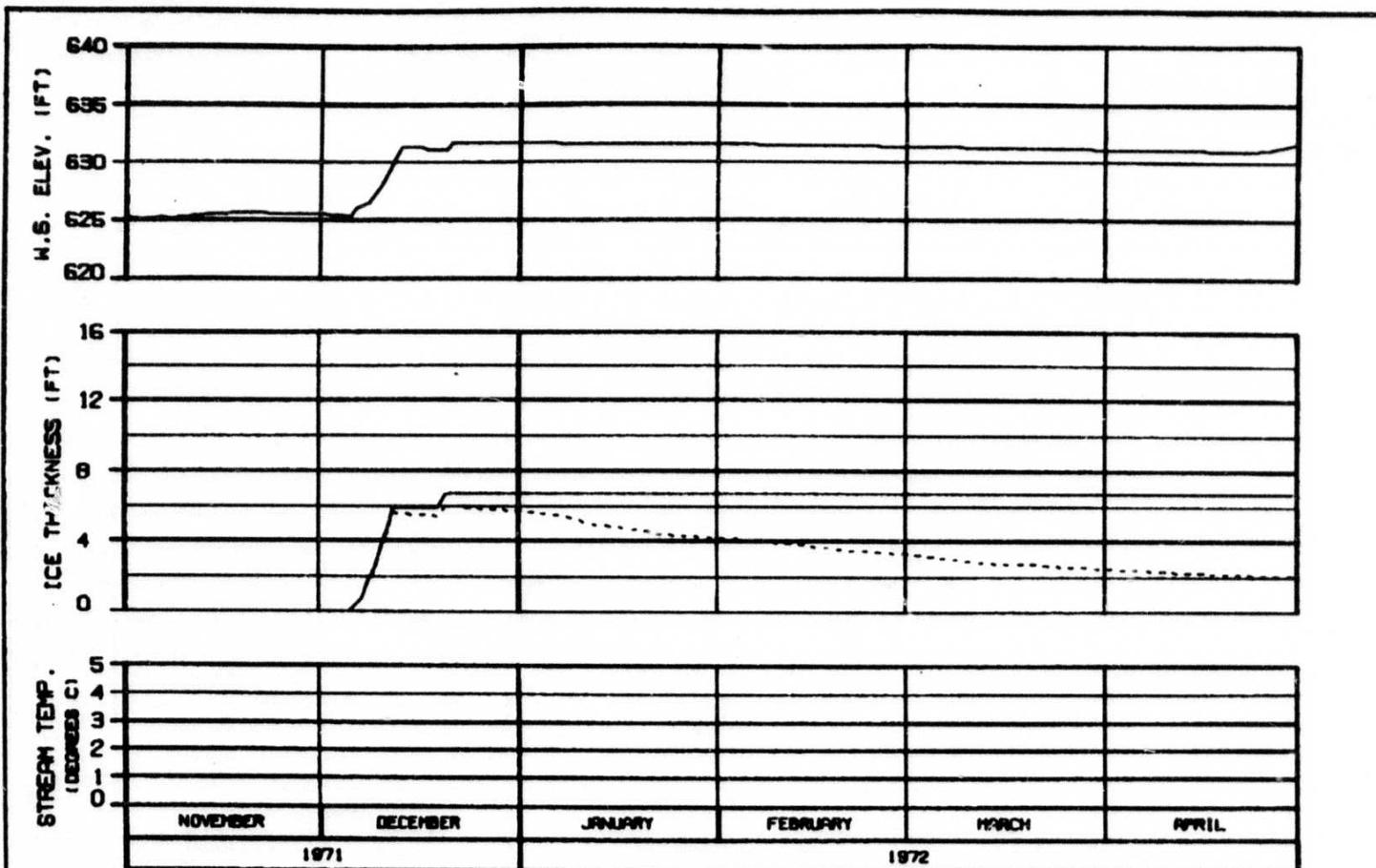
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
SHIPPED: 11/19/72	10 JU '73
REF ID: 142	

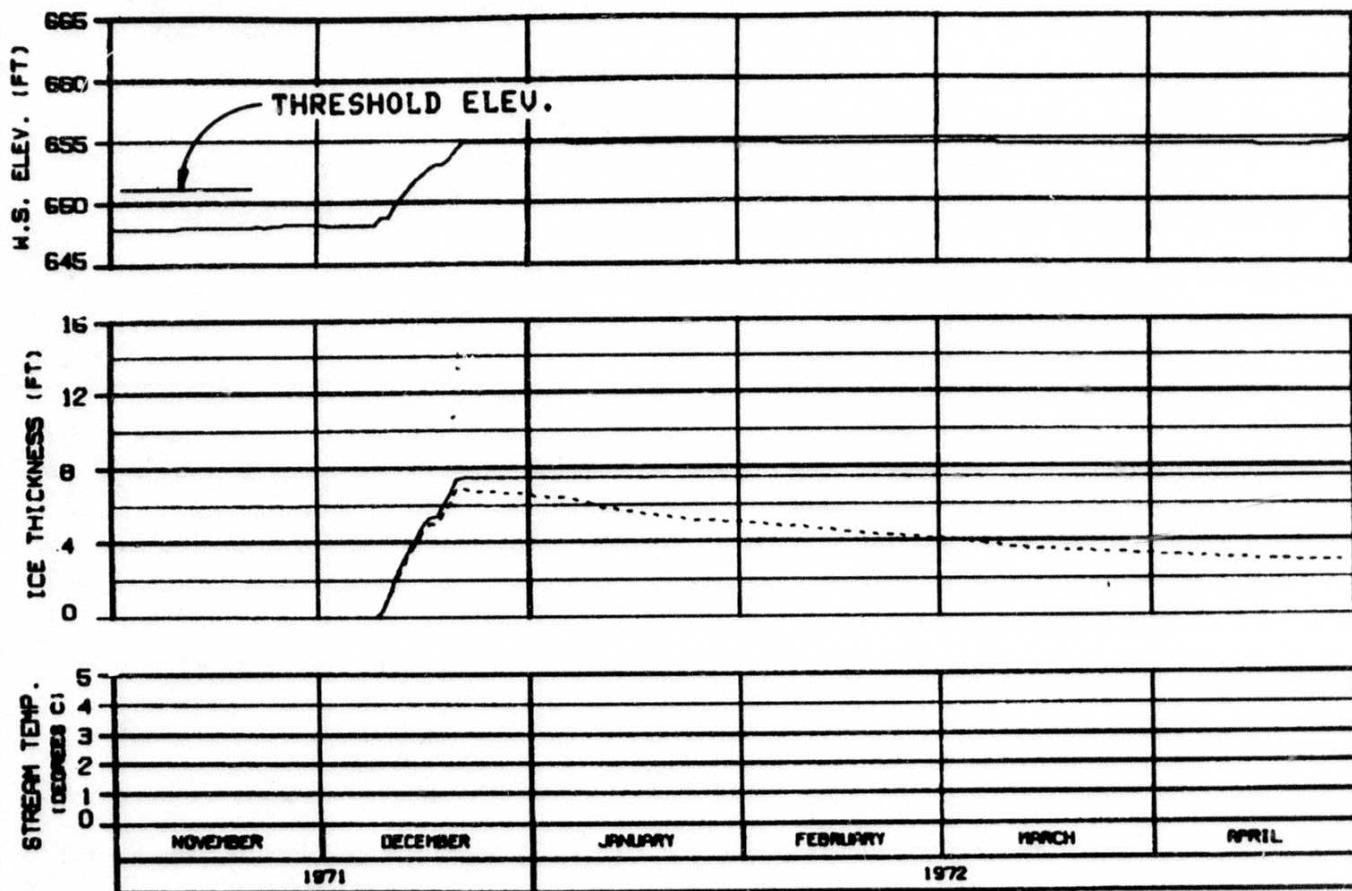


ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK
 RIVER MILE : 131.80

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUSITNA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
ICE SIMULATION		
TIME HISTORY		
HNRZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE		
UNPUBLISHED	11 JUNE 80	1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A

RIVER MILE : 133.70

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

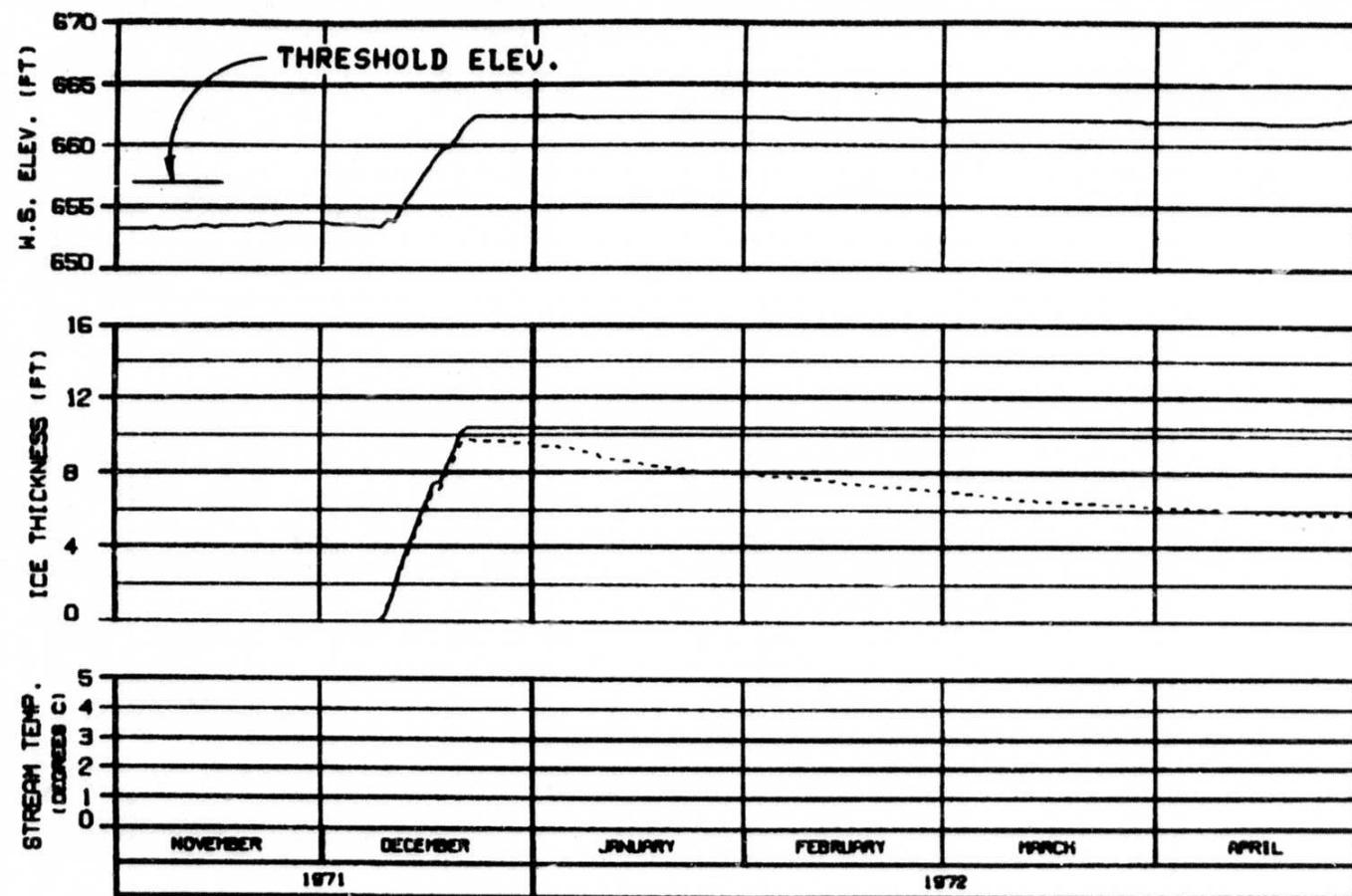
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

ENGINES, ILLINOIS 26 JUL 80 1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10
RIVER MILE : 134.30

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
PRE-SIMULATION RUN NO. : PRE71A

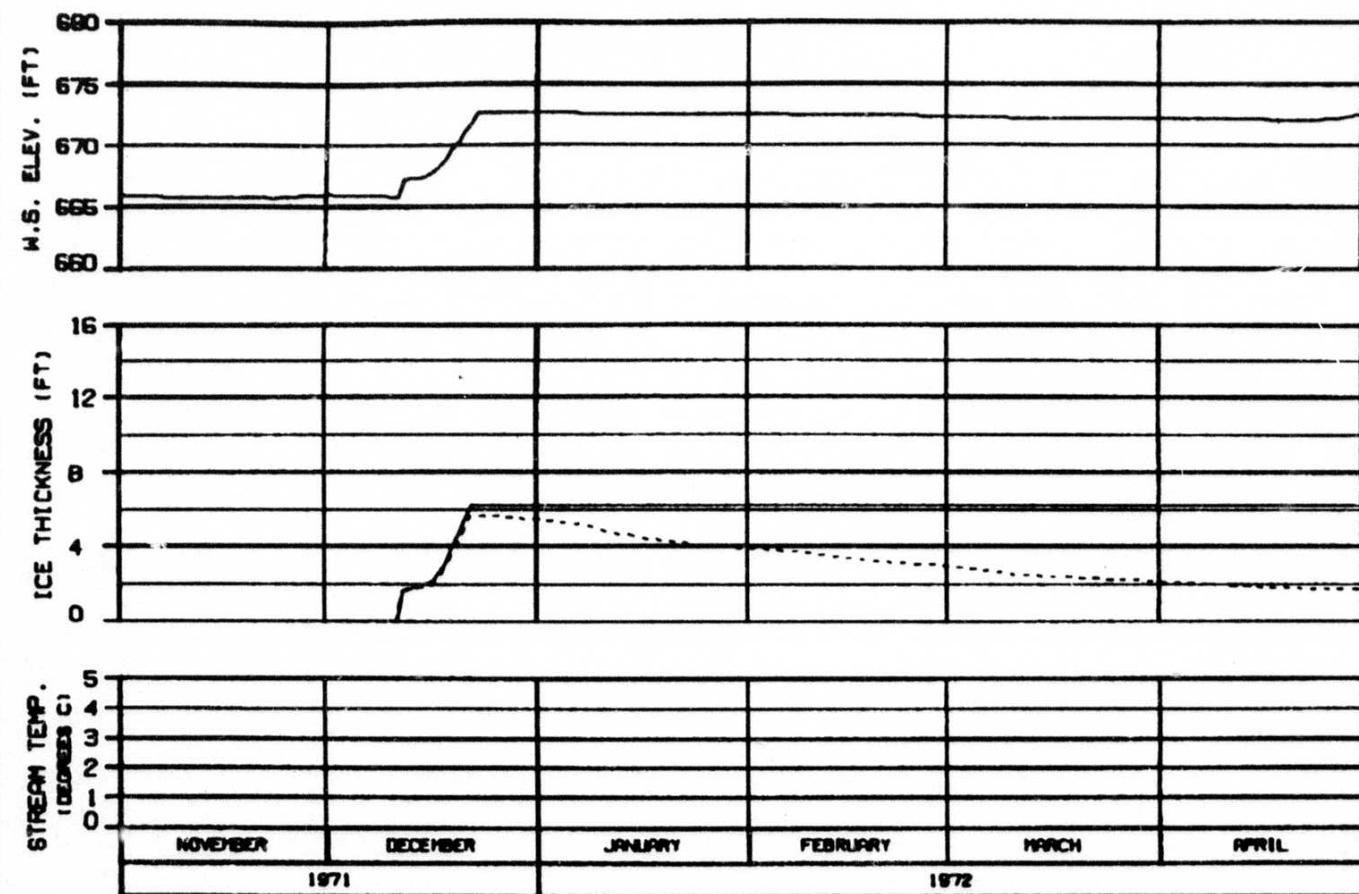
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 11/10/93 BY: J.A. SH 3000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 135.30

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

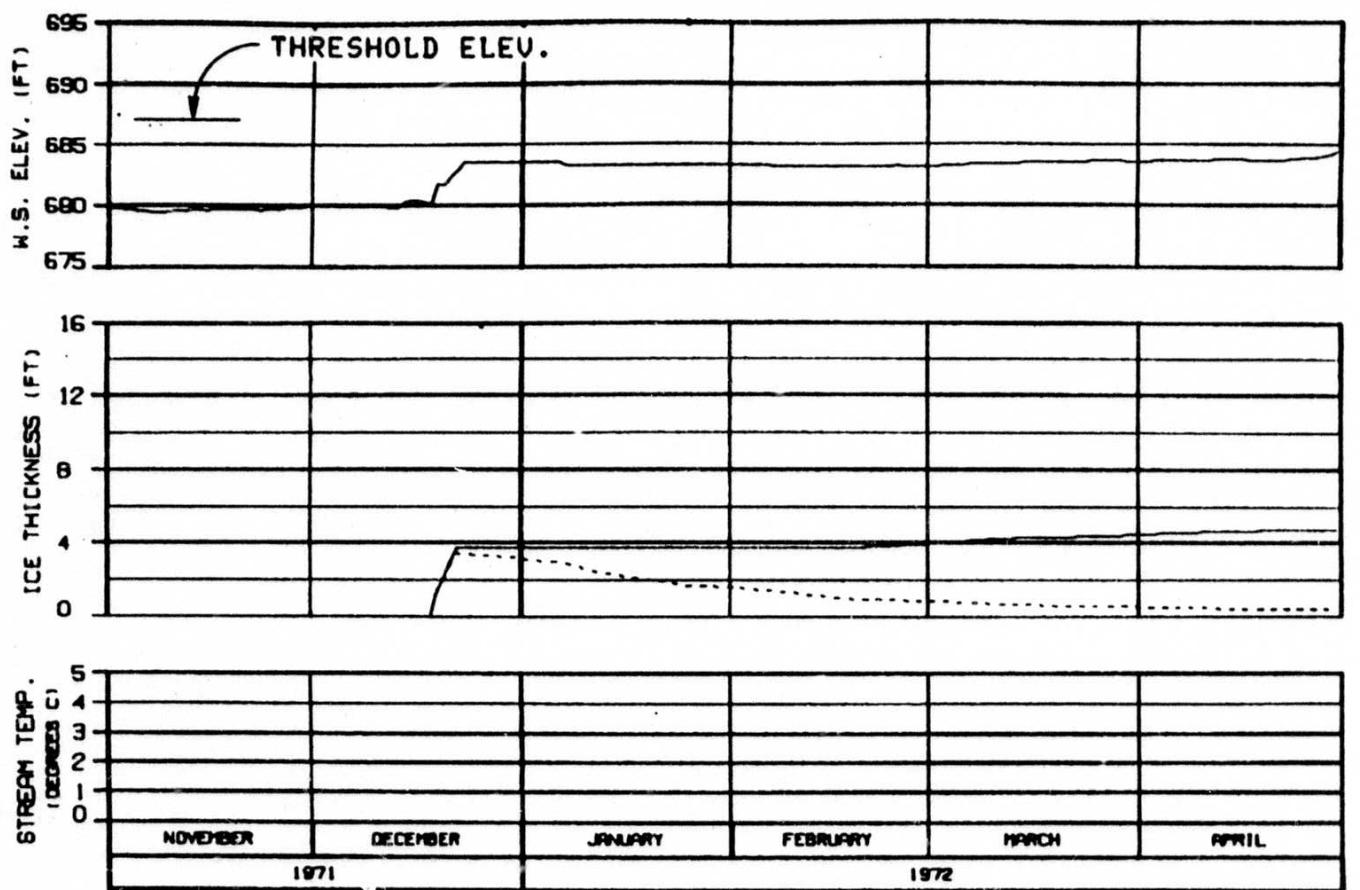
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSICO JOINT VENTURE

DATA SHEET NUMBER : 00 JAL 00
SERIAL NUMBER : 0000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
 RIVER MILE : 136.50

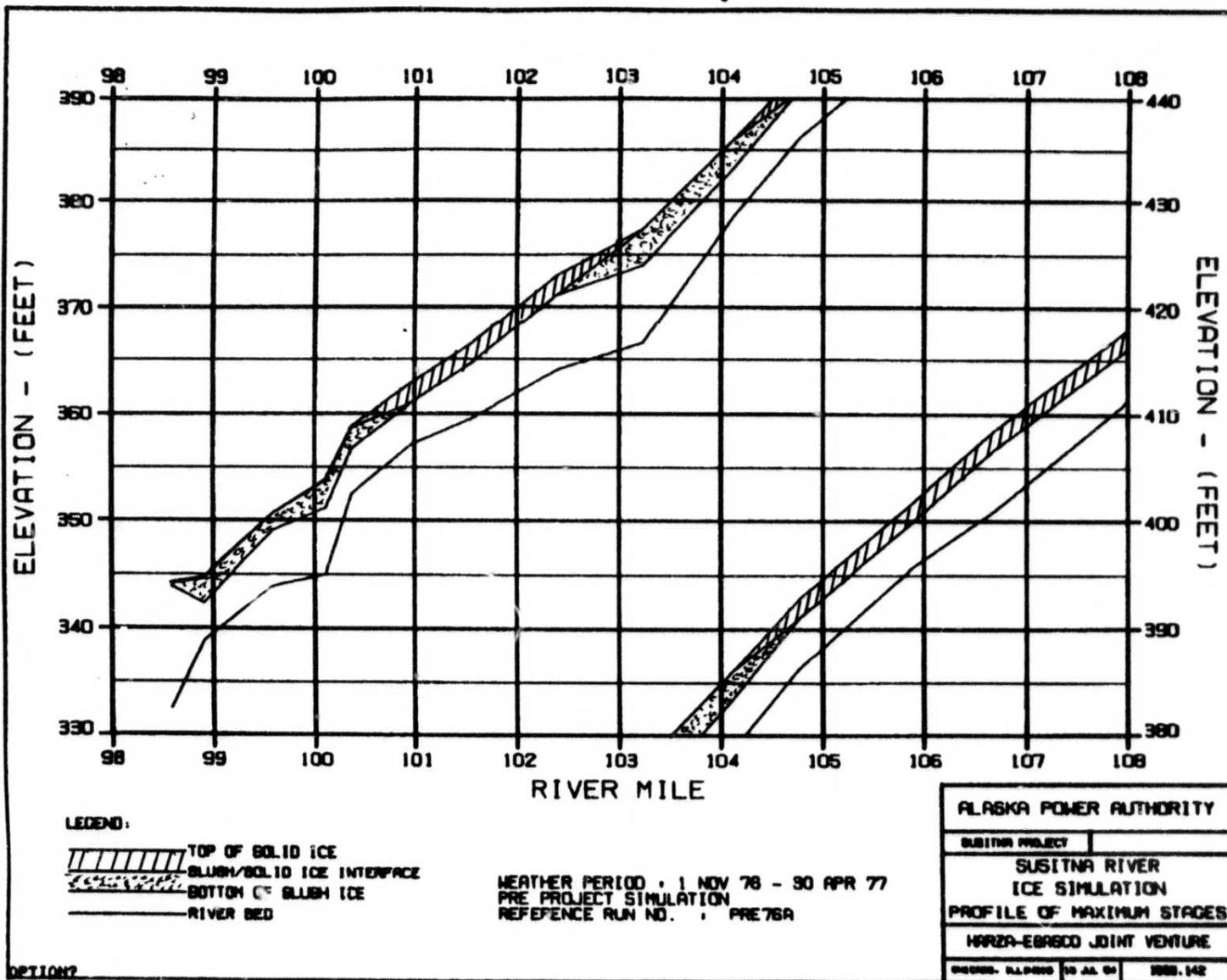
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE71A

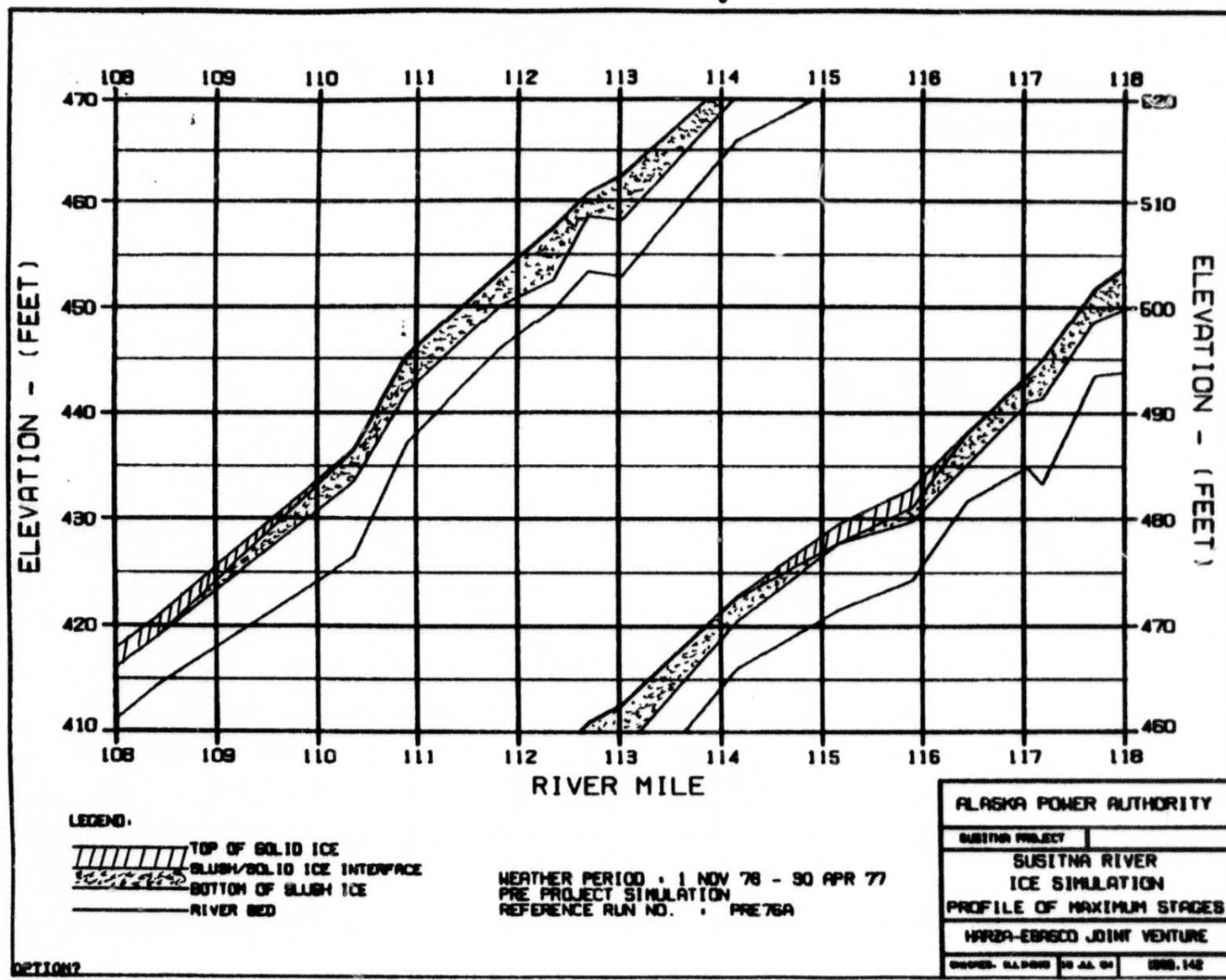
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

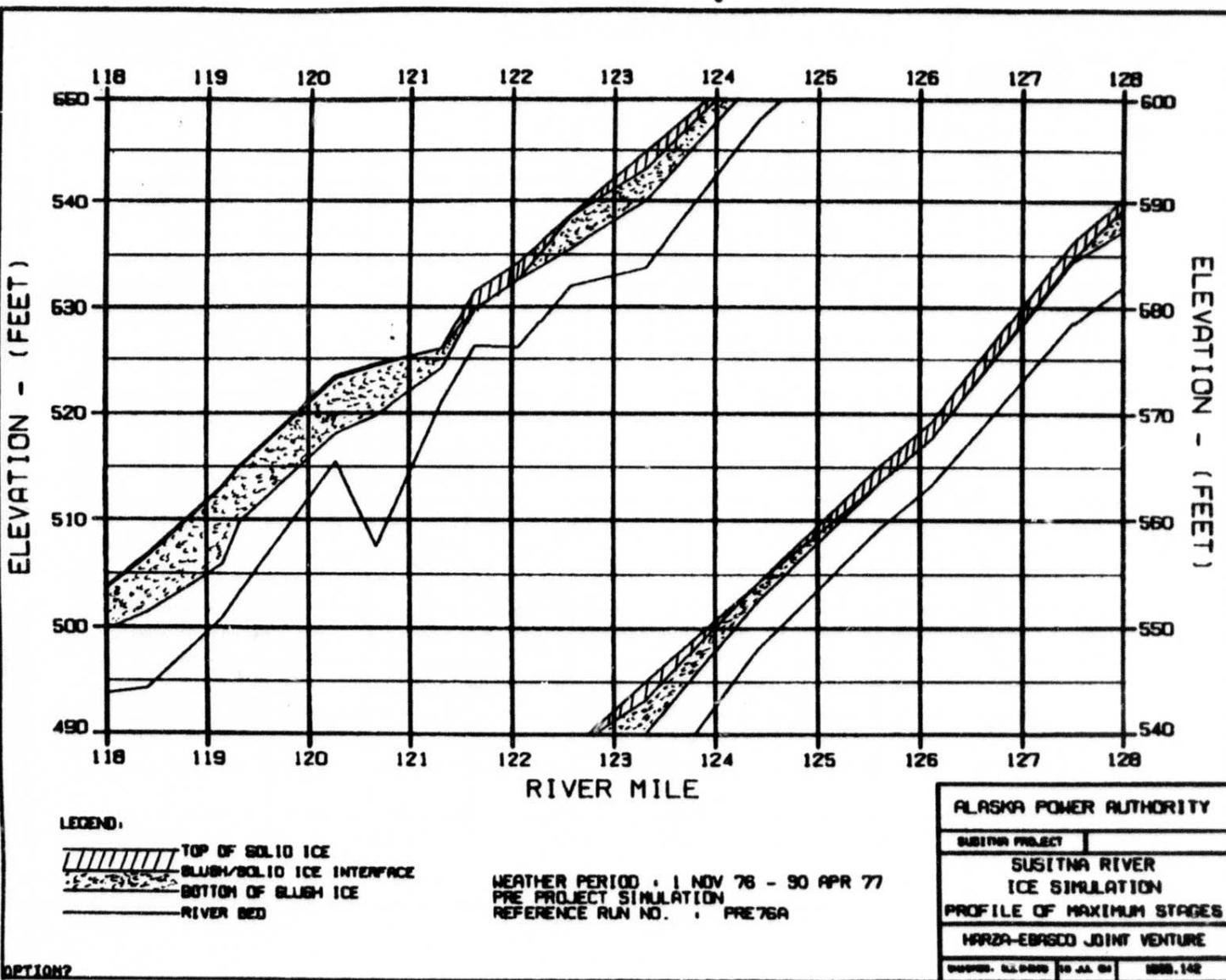
SUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY
MARZA-EBRSCO JOINT VENTURE	

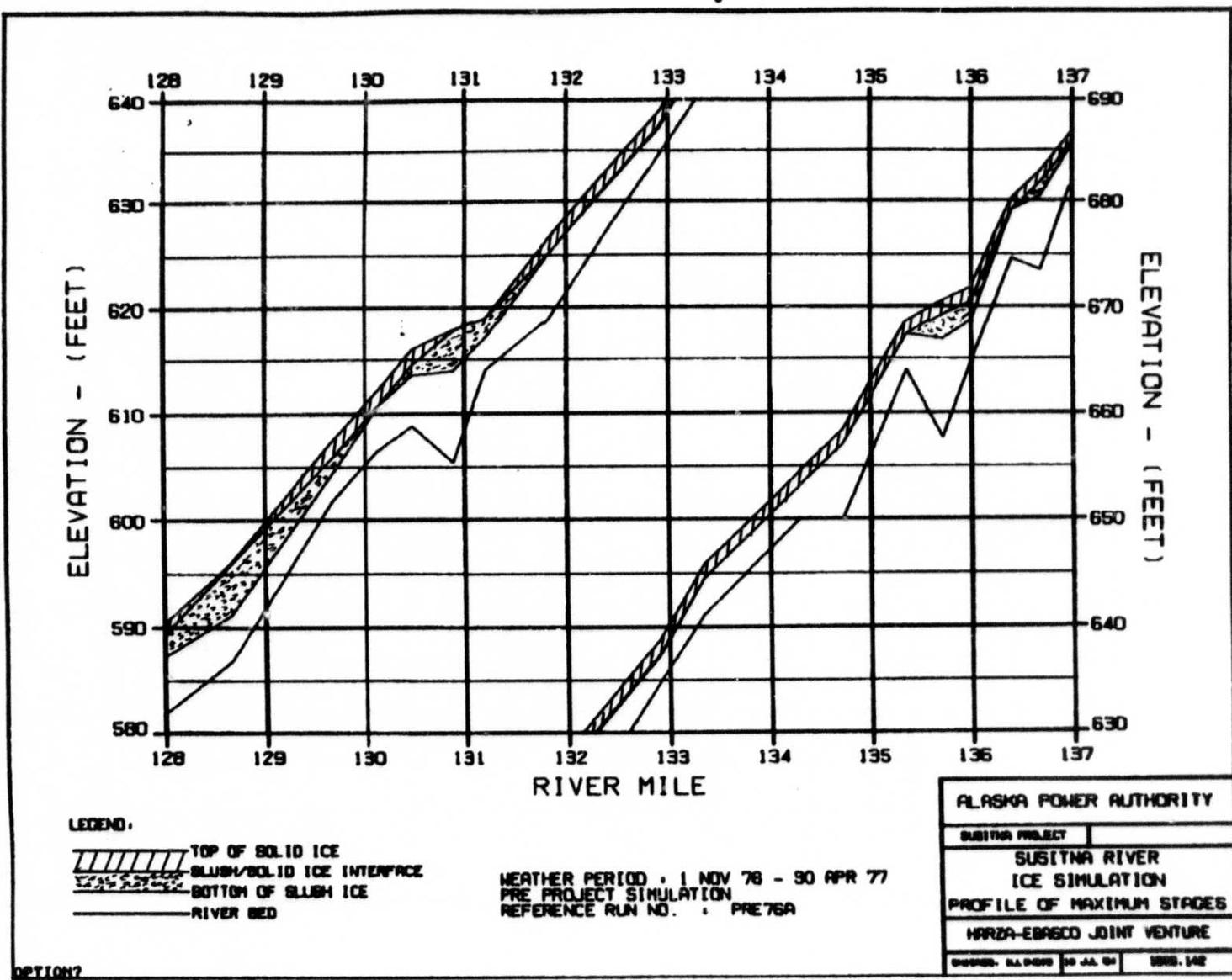
000-000-0000 10 JUN 84 1000-142

EXHIBIT B

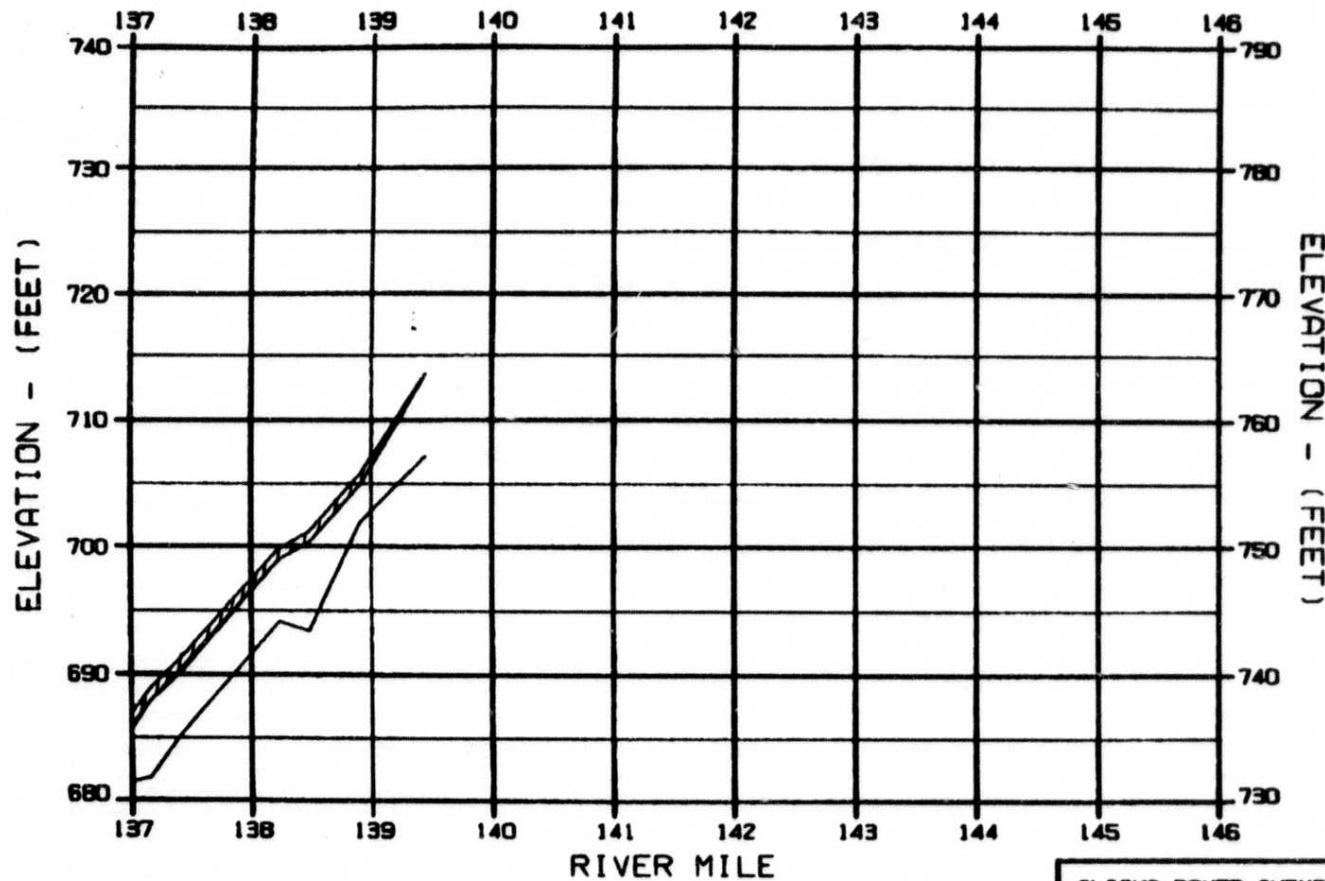








c



LEADER.


 TOP OF SOLID ICE
 SLUSH/SOLID ICE INTERFACE
 BOTTOM OF SLUSH ICE
 RIVER BED

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

© 1998 BOMA POWER AUTHORITY

CHILO MATE

SUSITNA RIVER

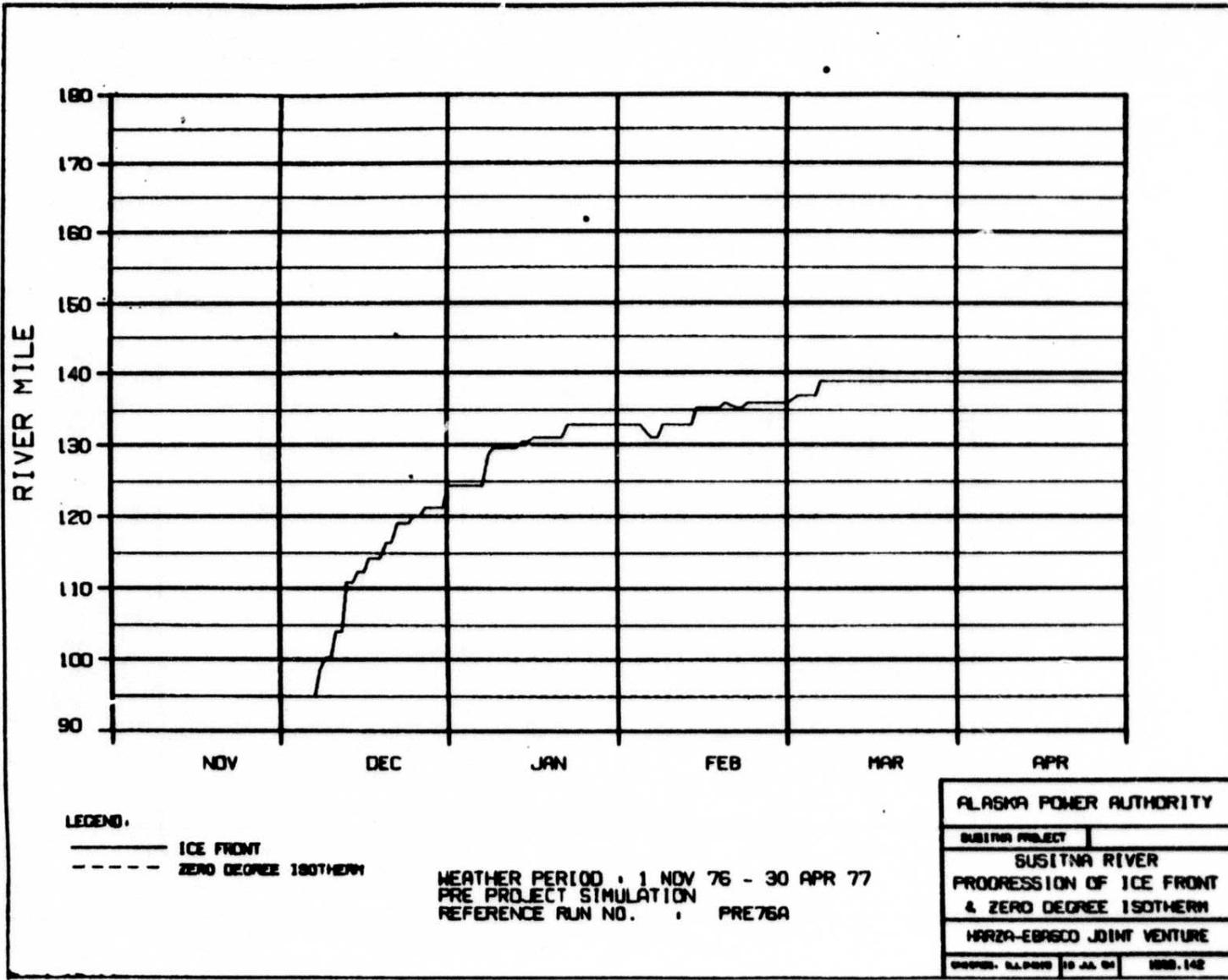
ICE SIMULATION

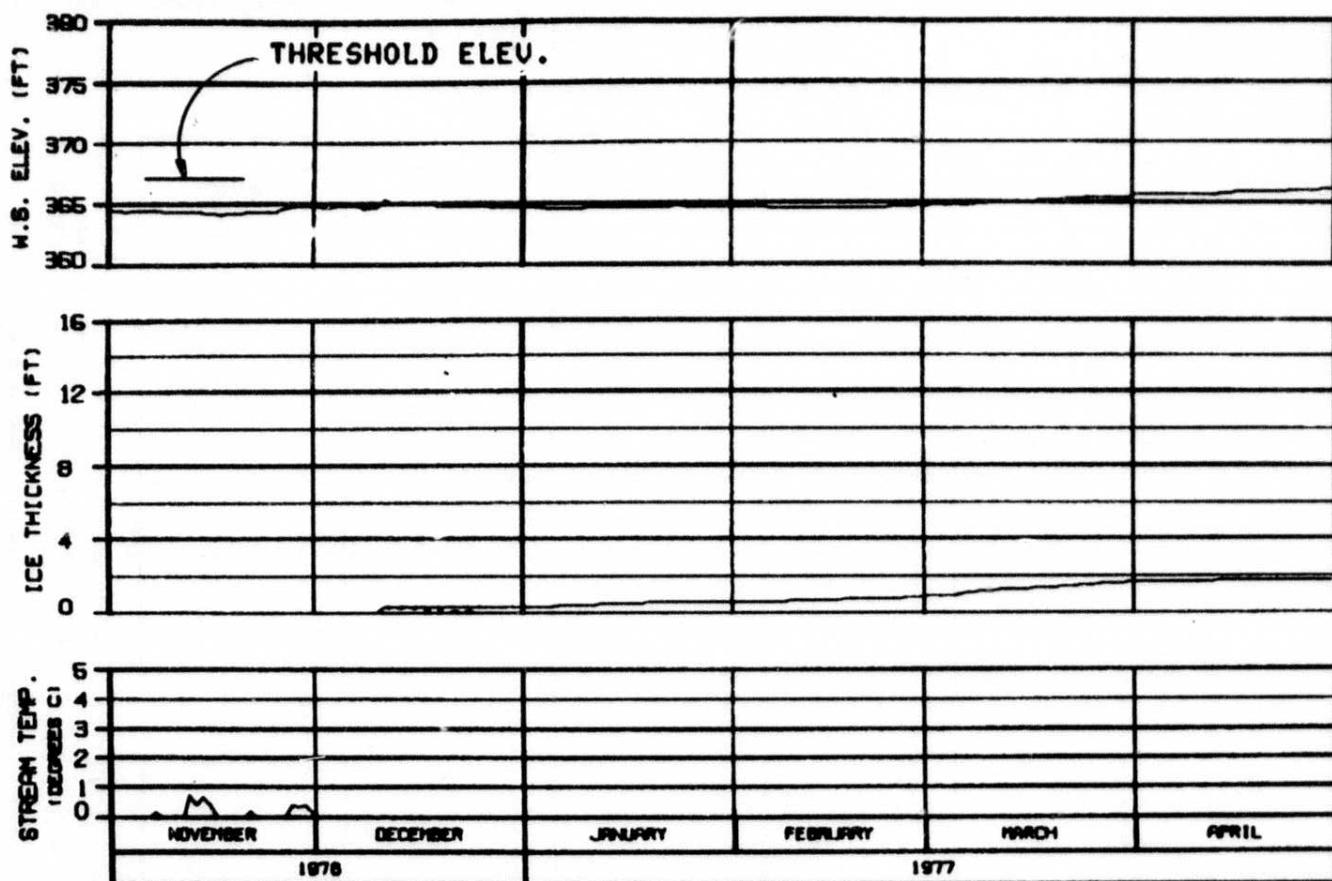
PROFILE OF MAXIMUM STAGES

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCOVERED: 02-04-2003 BY JAH: 100

OPTION?





ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 ----- TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH

RIVER MILE : 101.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

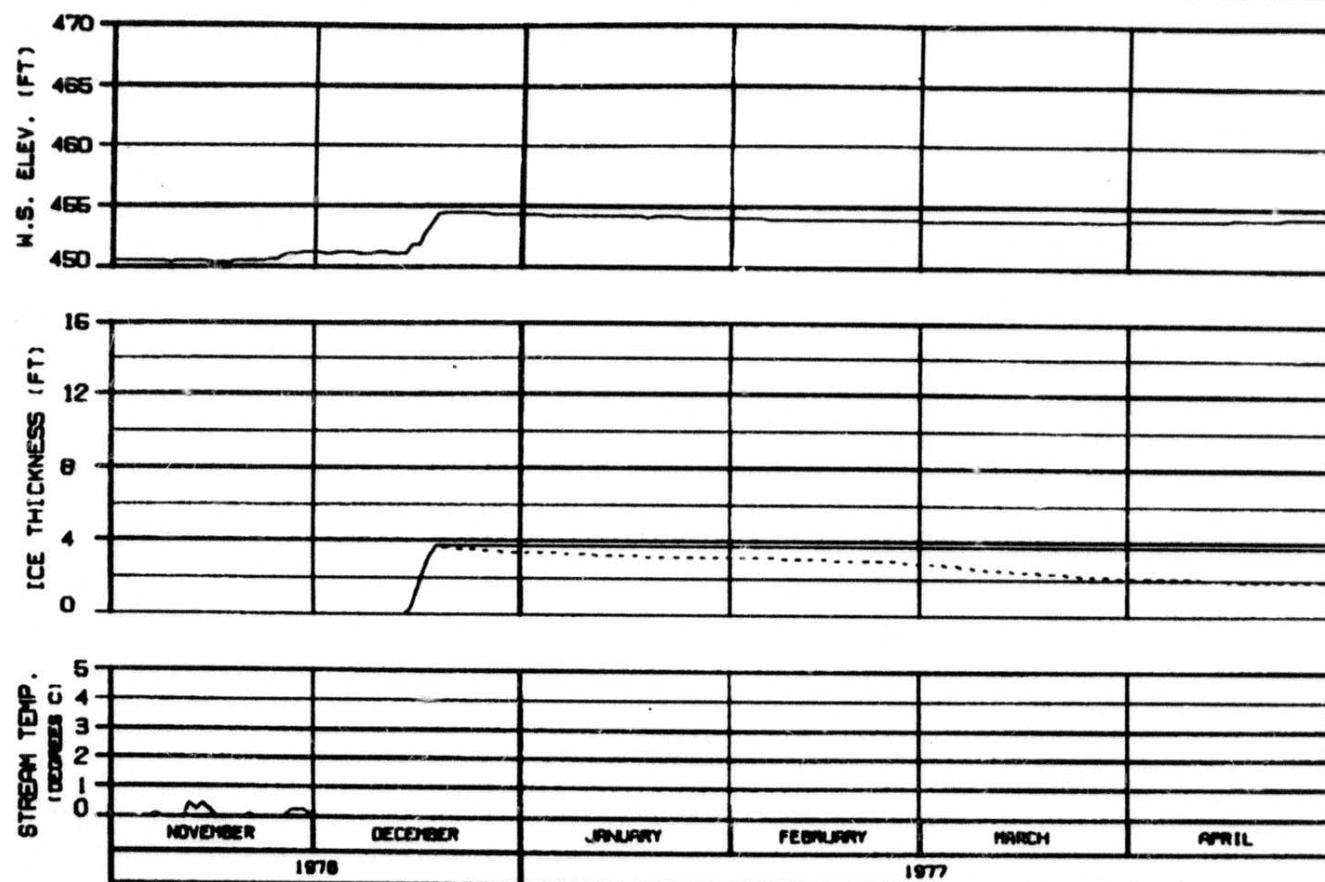
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

PAGE 1 OF 1000 10 JUL 81 0000.142



SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - BLUSH COMPONENT

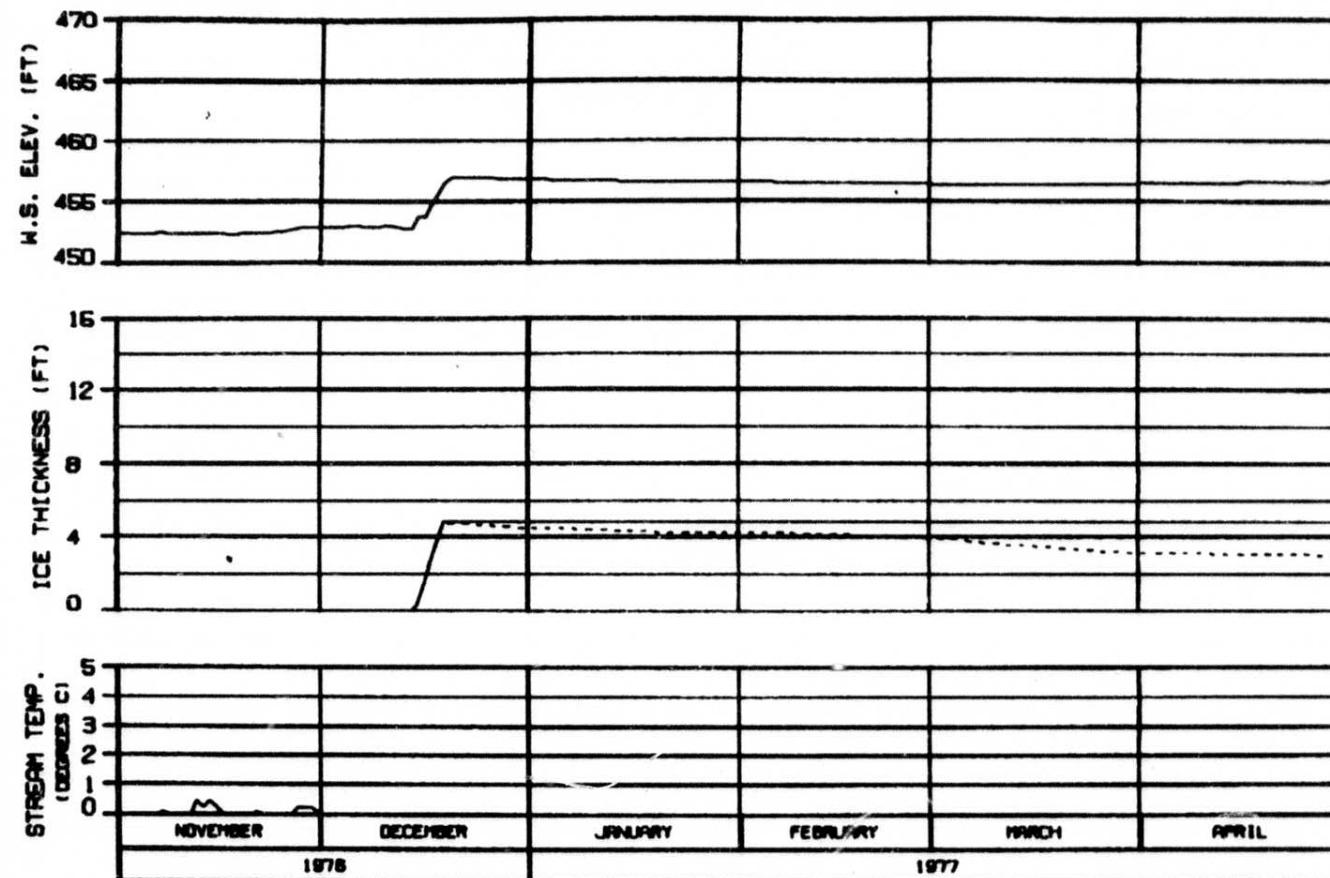
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DATA SHEET NUMBER 10 JUL 81 1000-142



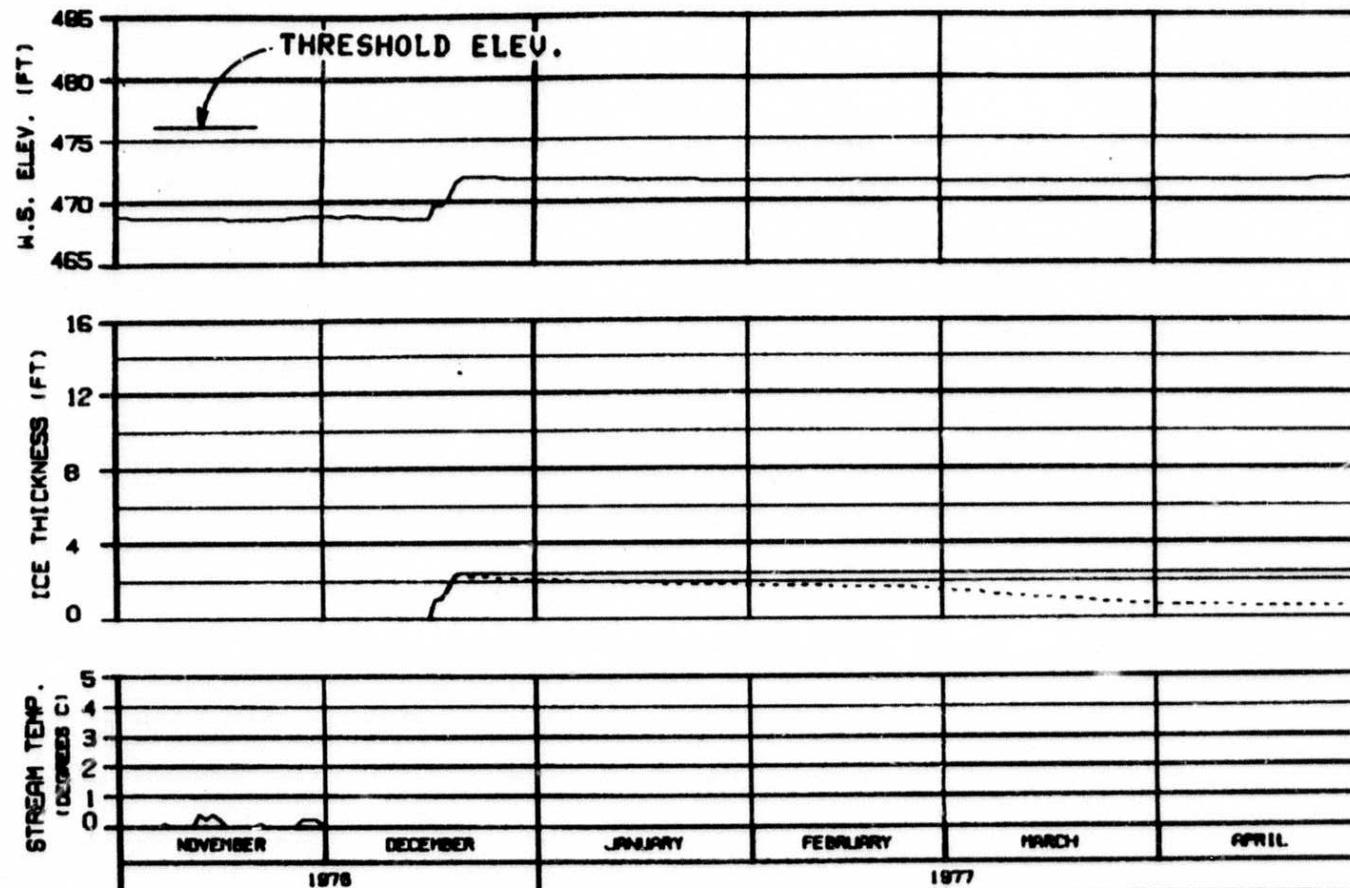
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A
 RIVER MILE : 112.34

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY
HARZA-EBRSCO JOINT VENTURE	
SPRING 1978	10 JUL 81
888.142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
RIVER MILE : 114.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - - SLUSH COMPARTMENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

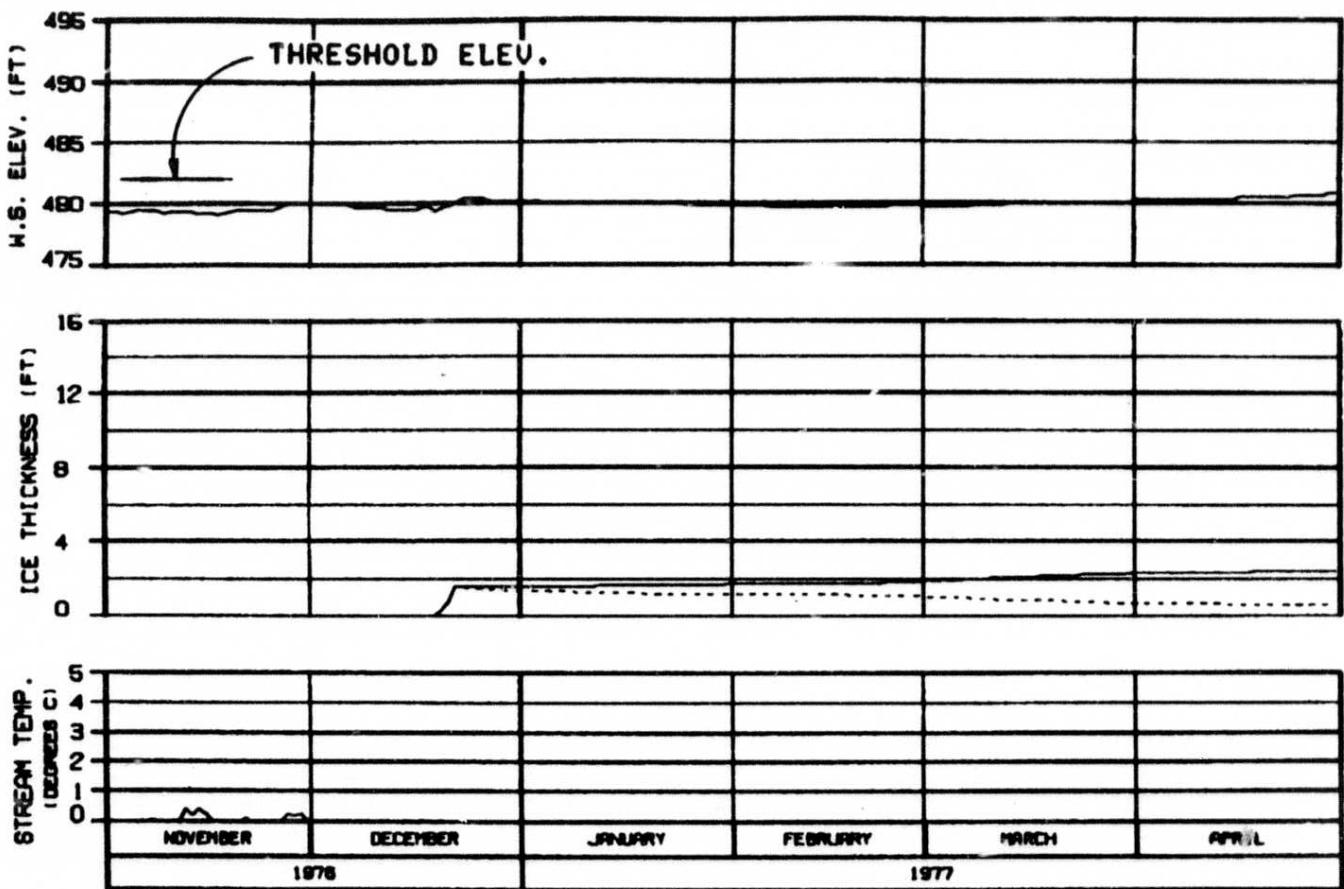
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARRA-EBRECO JOINT VENTURE

SPRING 1977 10 JUL 81 0000.142



SIDE CHANNEL MSII

RIVER MILE : 115.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

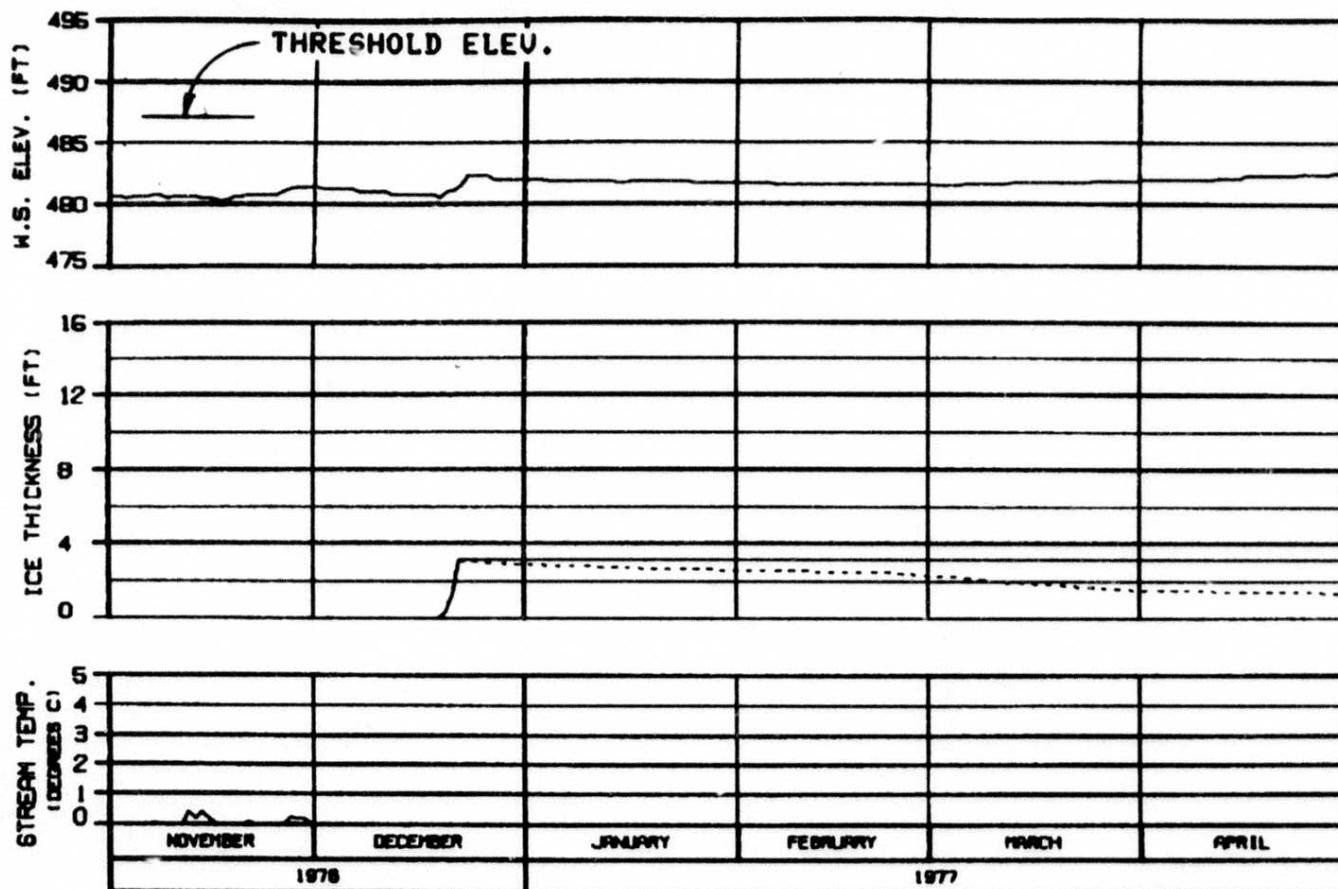
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

DATA SHEET NUMBER : 00 AA 00

VER. 1.42



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII

RIVER MILE : 115.90

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

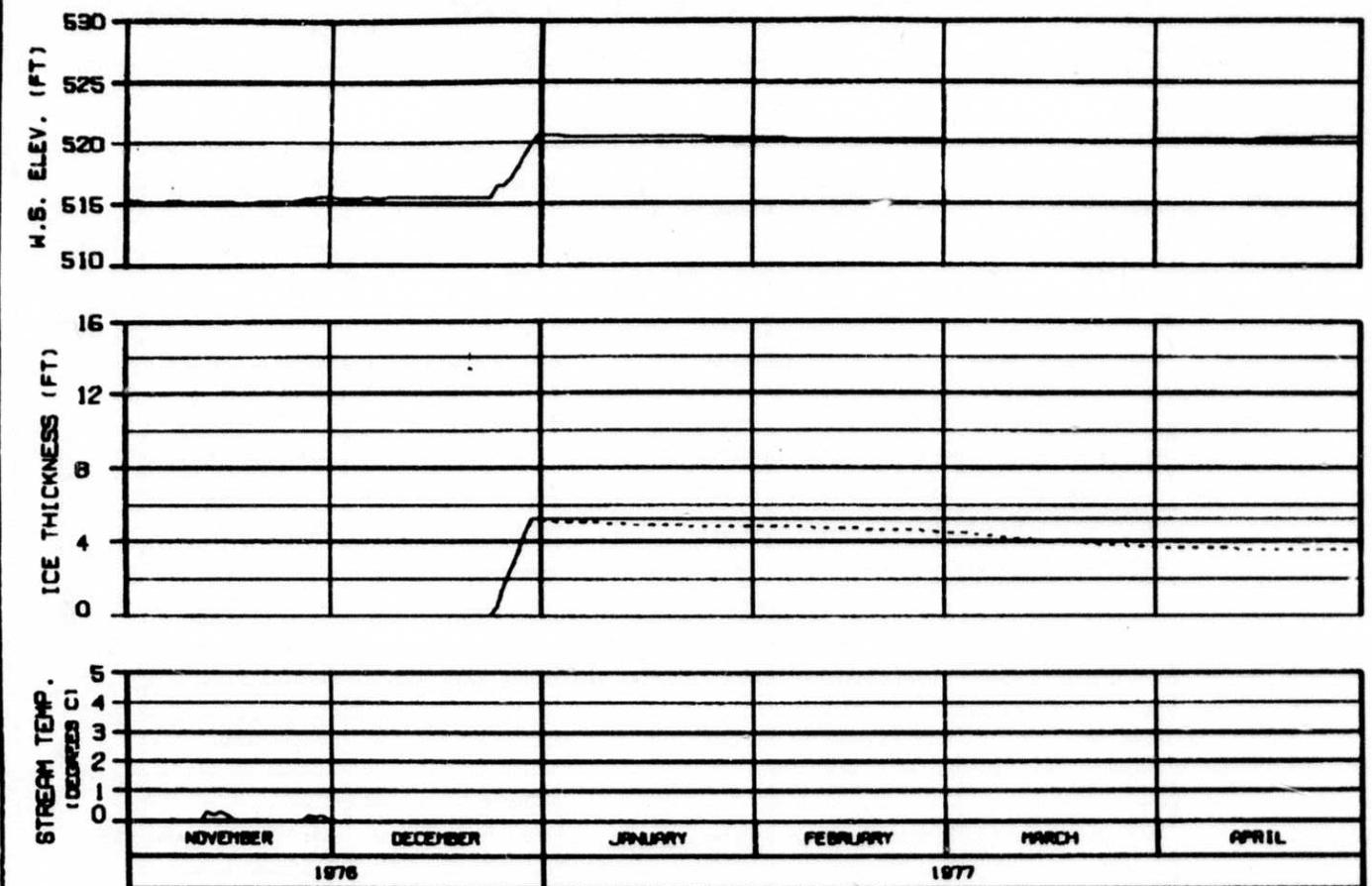
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTS: 110000 30 JUN 80 1000,142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

RIVER MILE : 120.00

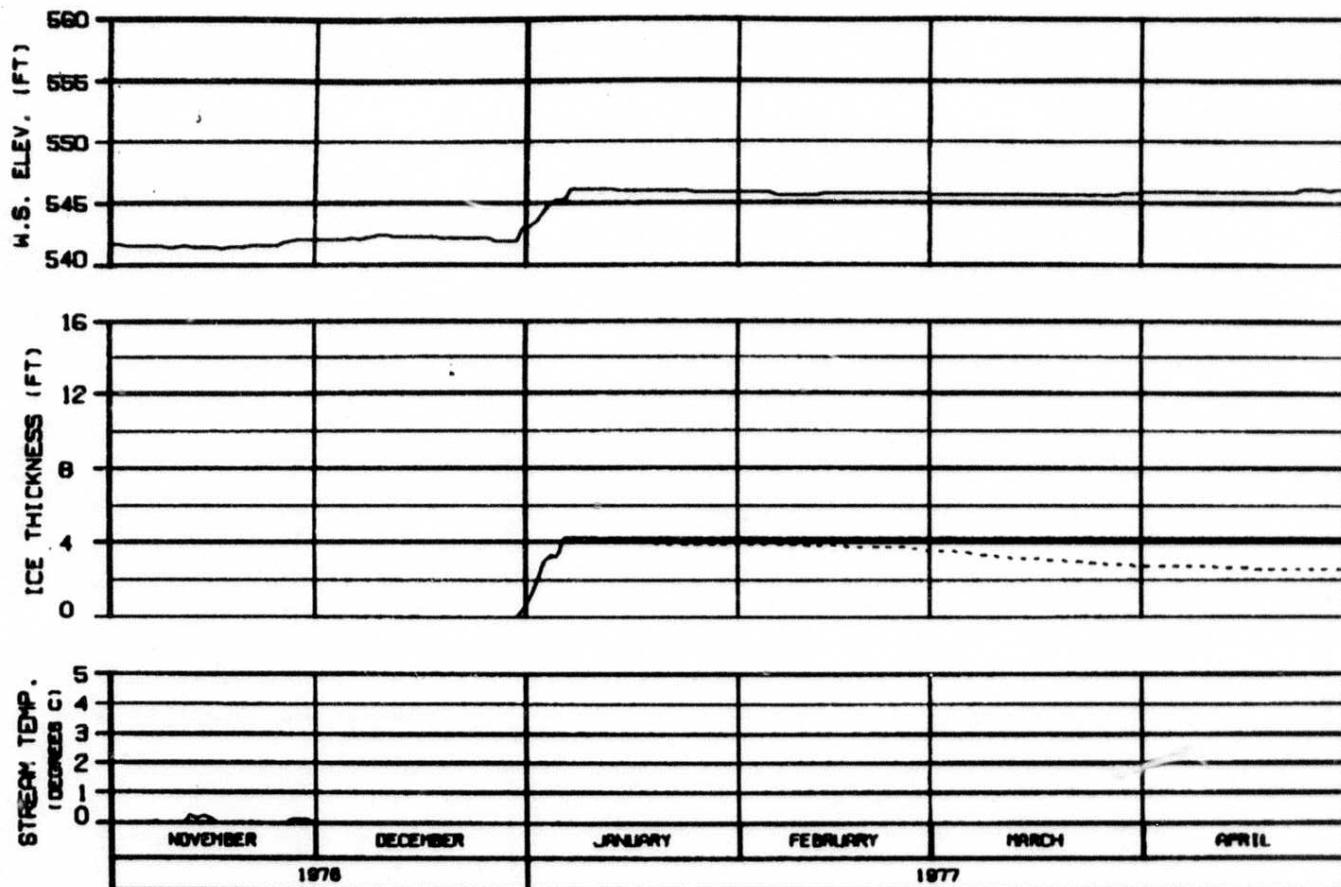
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

NRIZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

STANLEY, ALASKA 99671 30 JUL 81 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
---- SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH

RIVER MILE : 123.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

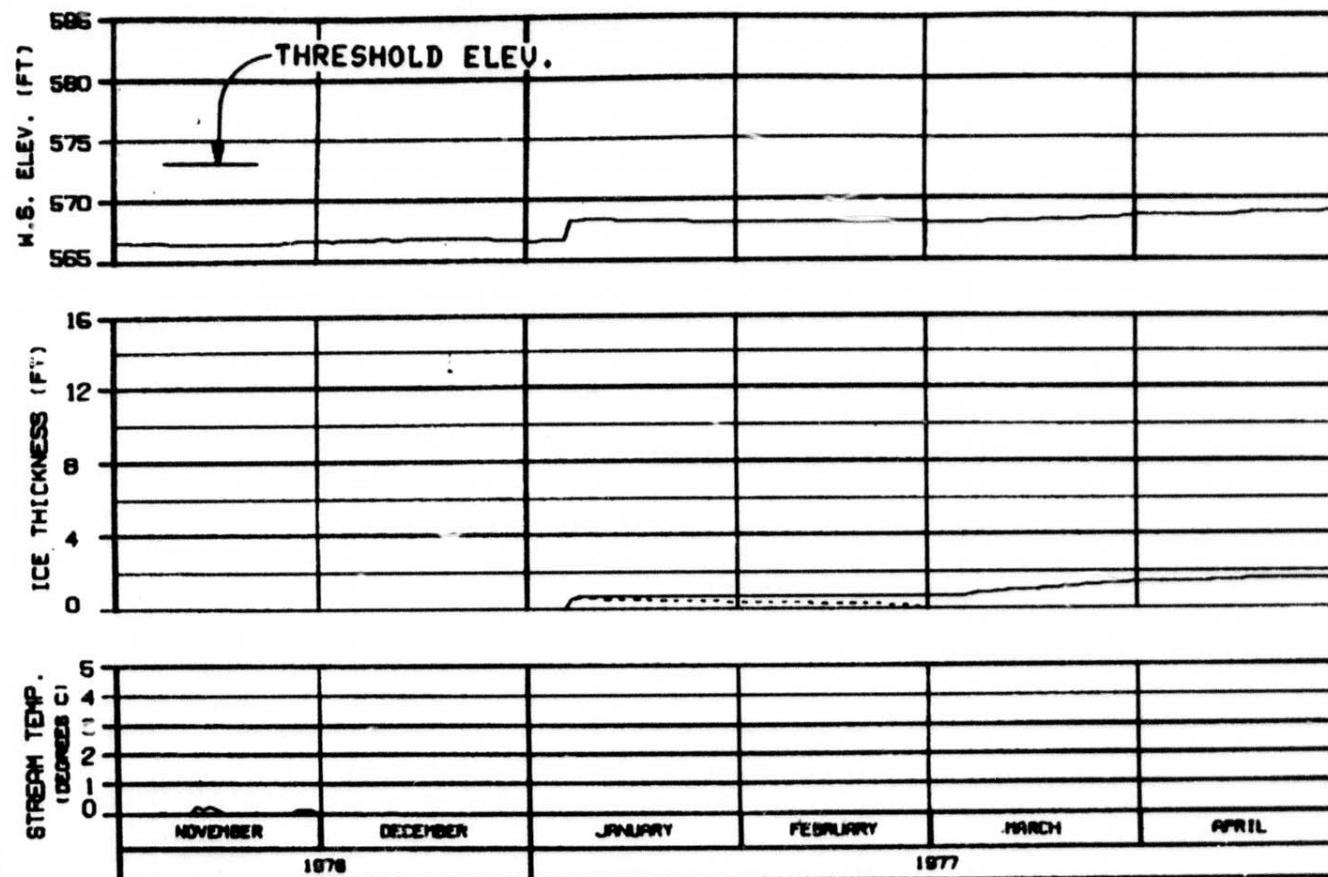
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: JULY 1977 BY: J. A. G.



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
---- SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

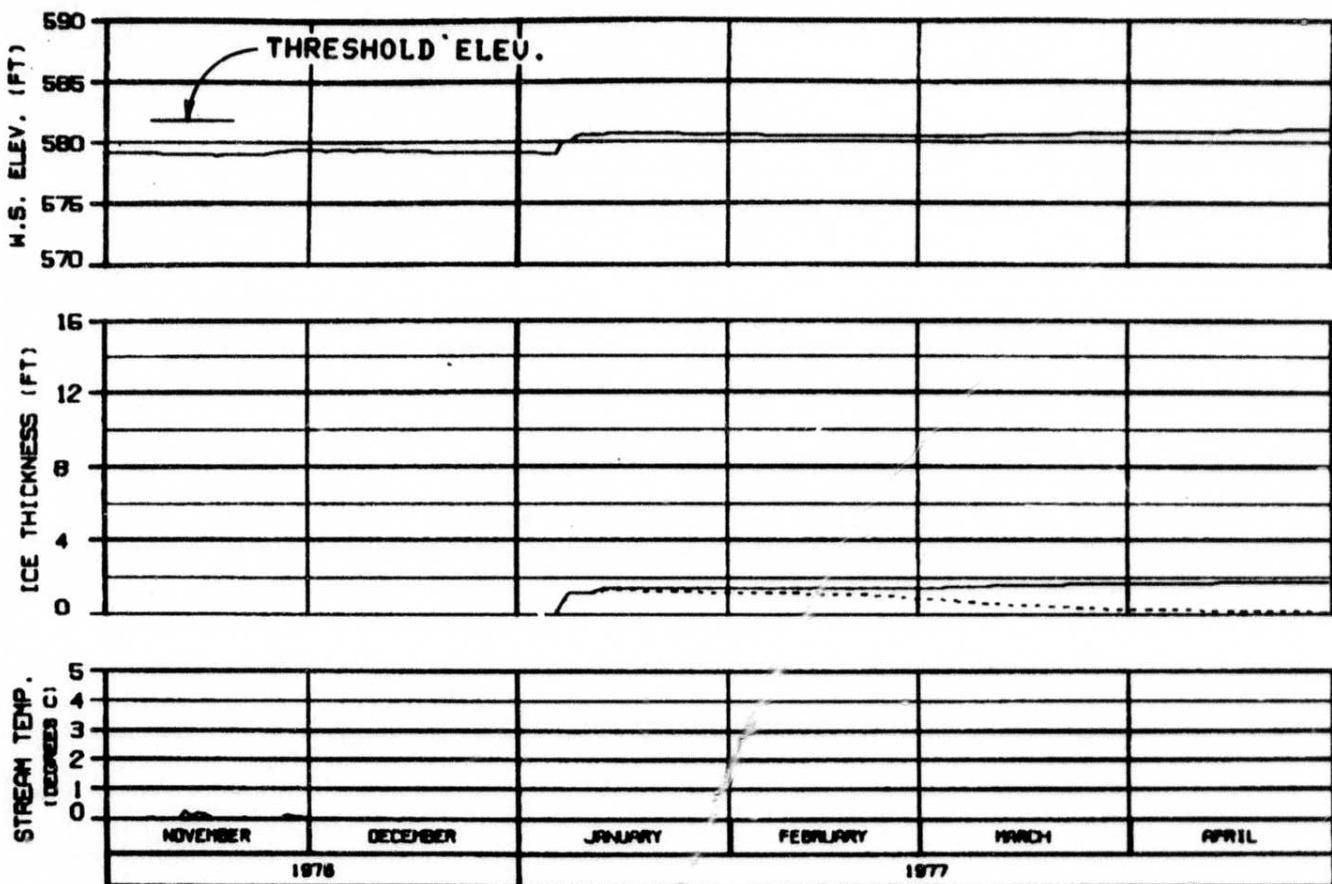
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER - ALL PERIODS 00 JUL 01 0000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)

RIVER MILE : 127.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN N. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

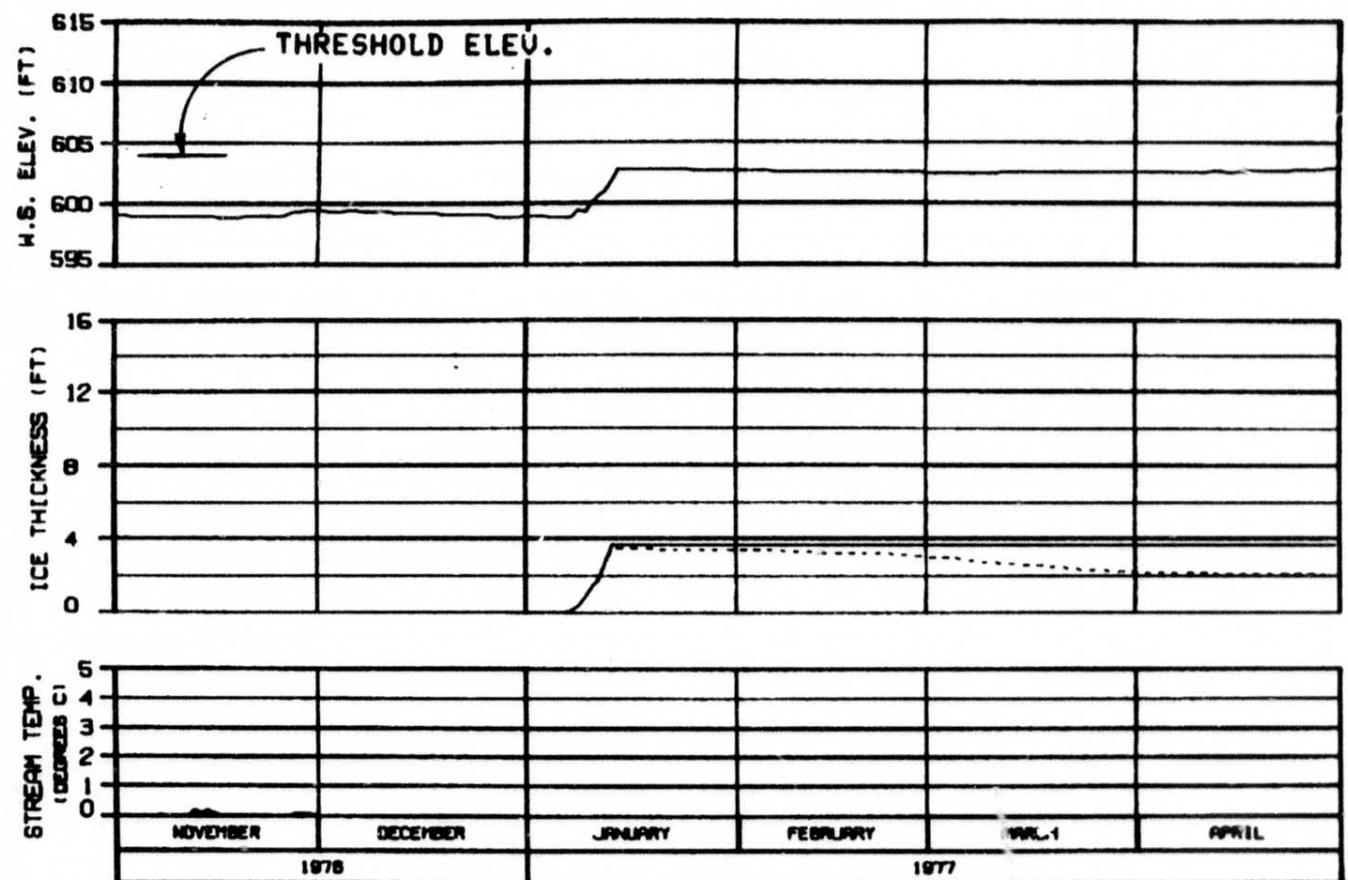
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTERED: 12 AUGUST 1976 BY: 142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 129.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

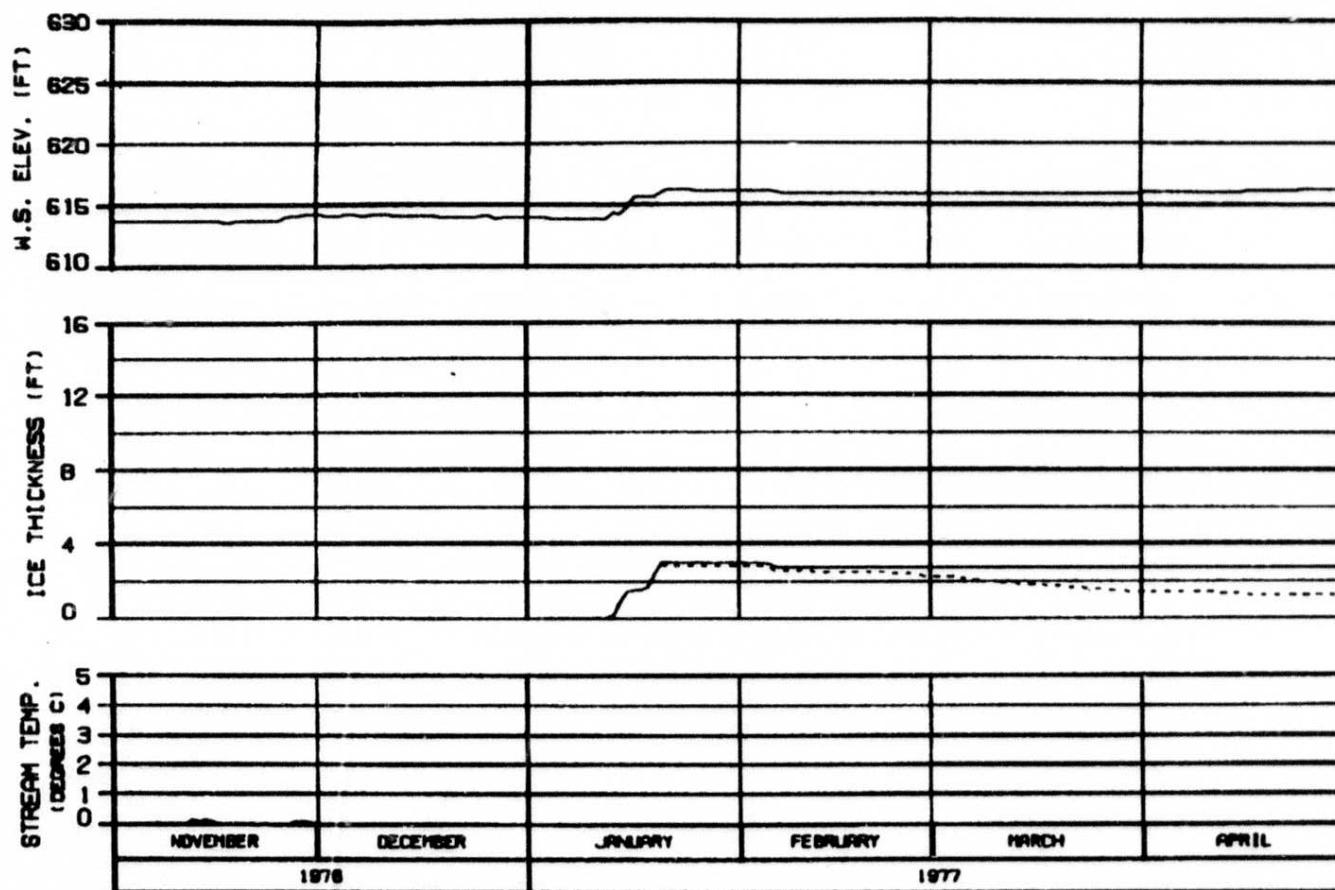
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, ILLINOIS 60190 30 JUL 84 1980.142

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

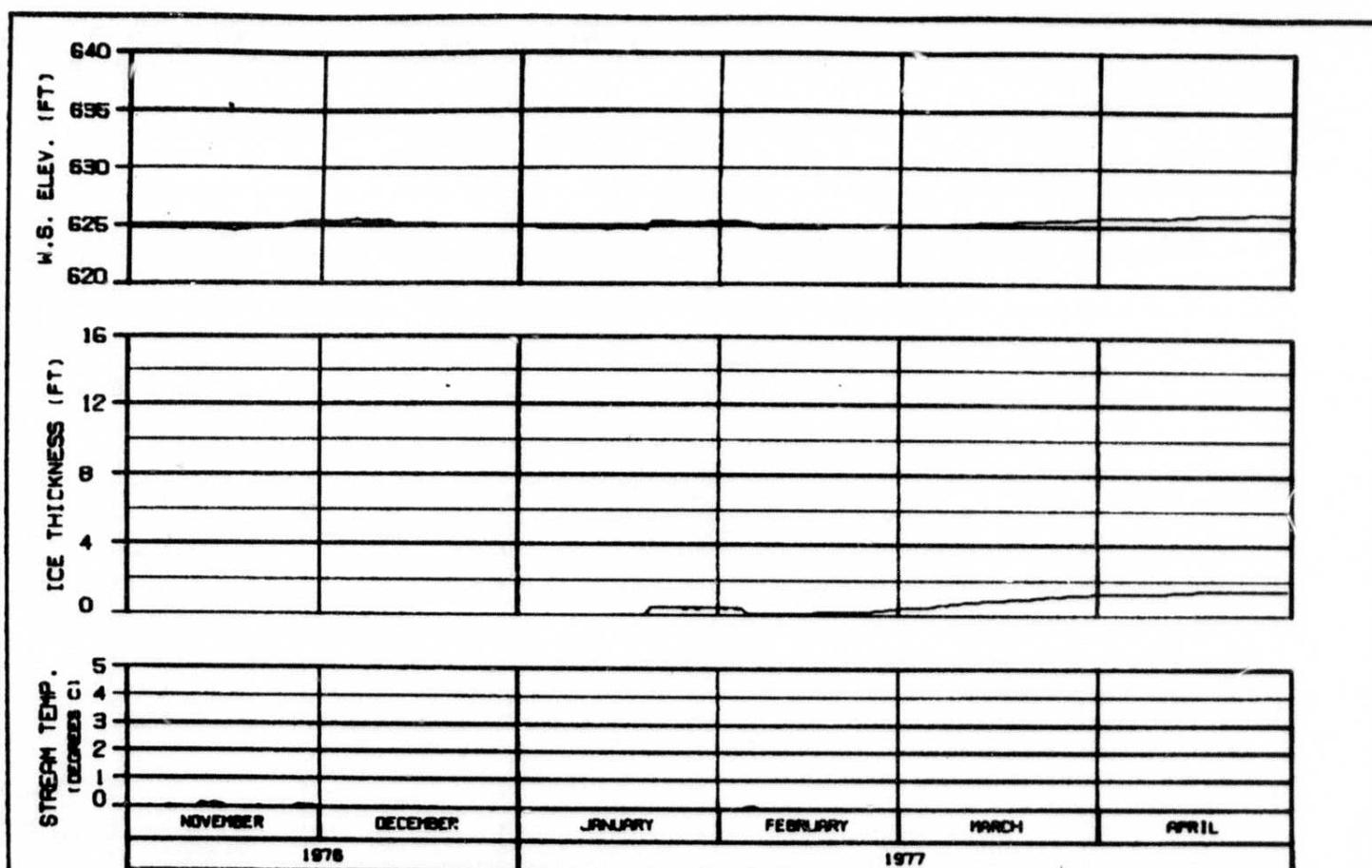
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER: B.L.DOBIN ID: AL 01 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK

RIVER MILE : 131.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
---- SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

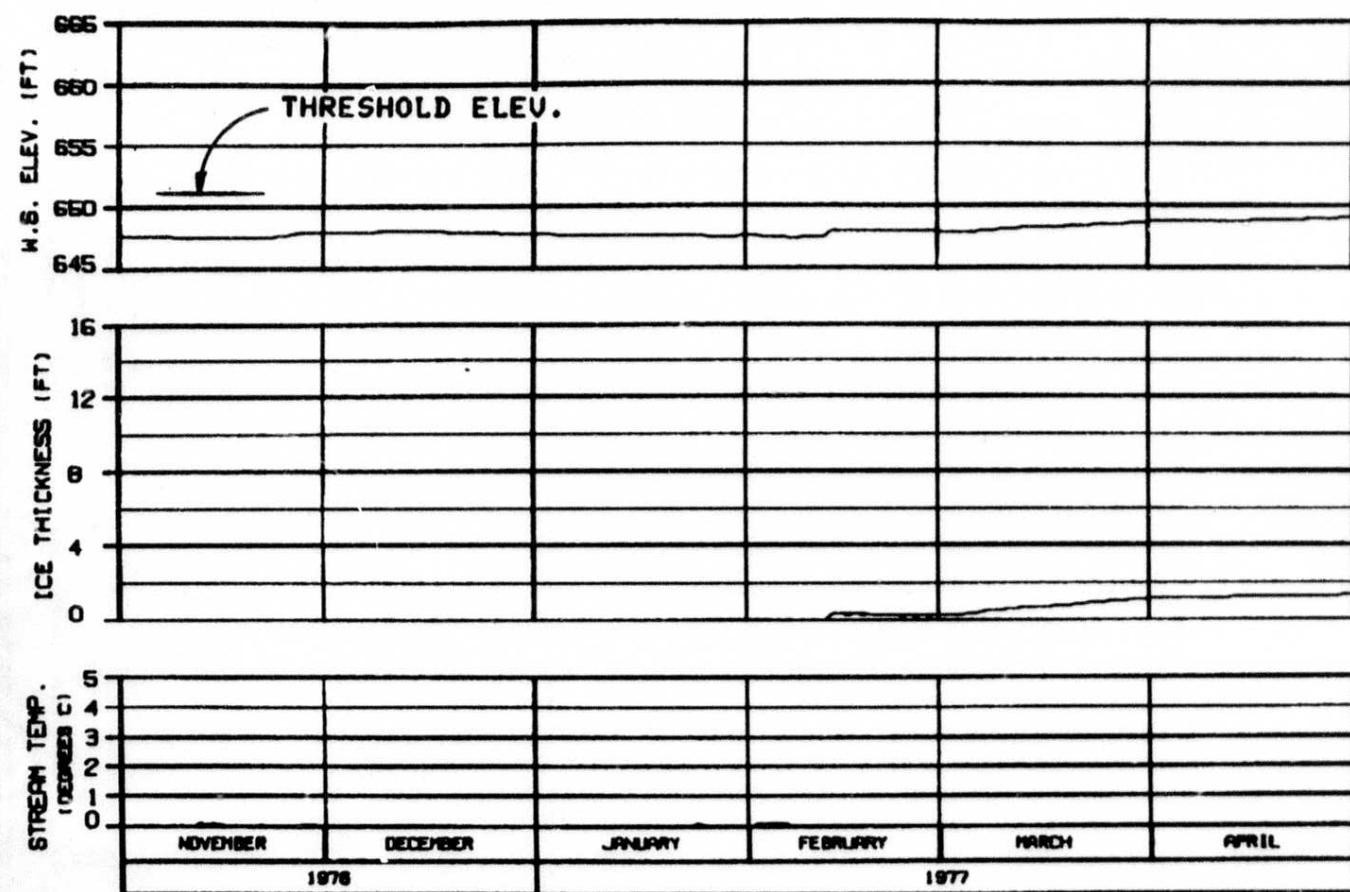
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE

SPONSOR: ALASKA POWER 10 J.A. 80 1000-142

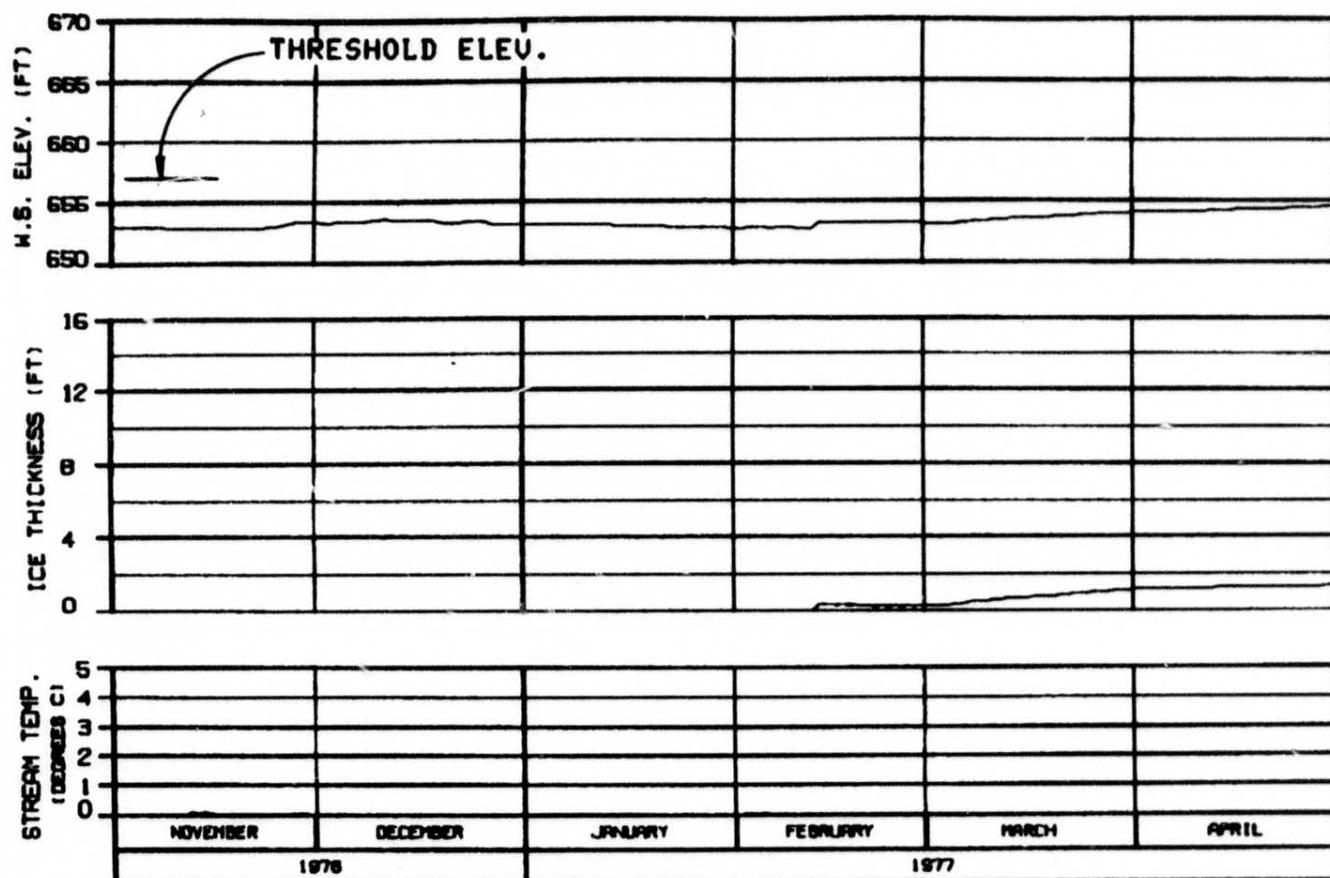


ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
 RIVER MILE : 133.70

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUBITA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
ICE SIMULATION		
TIME HISTORY		
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE		
ISSUED: 11/19/93	10 JU 94	1000-142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10
RIVER MILE : 134.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

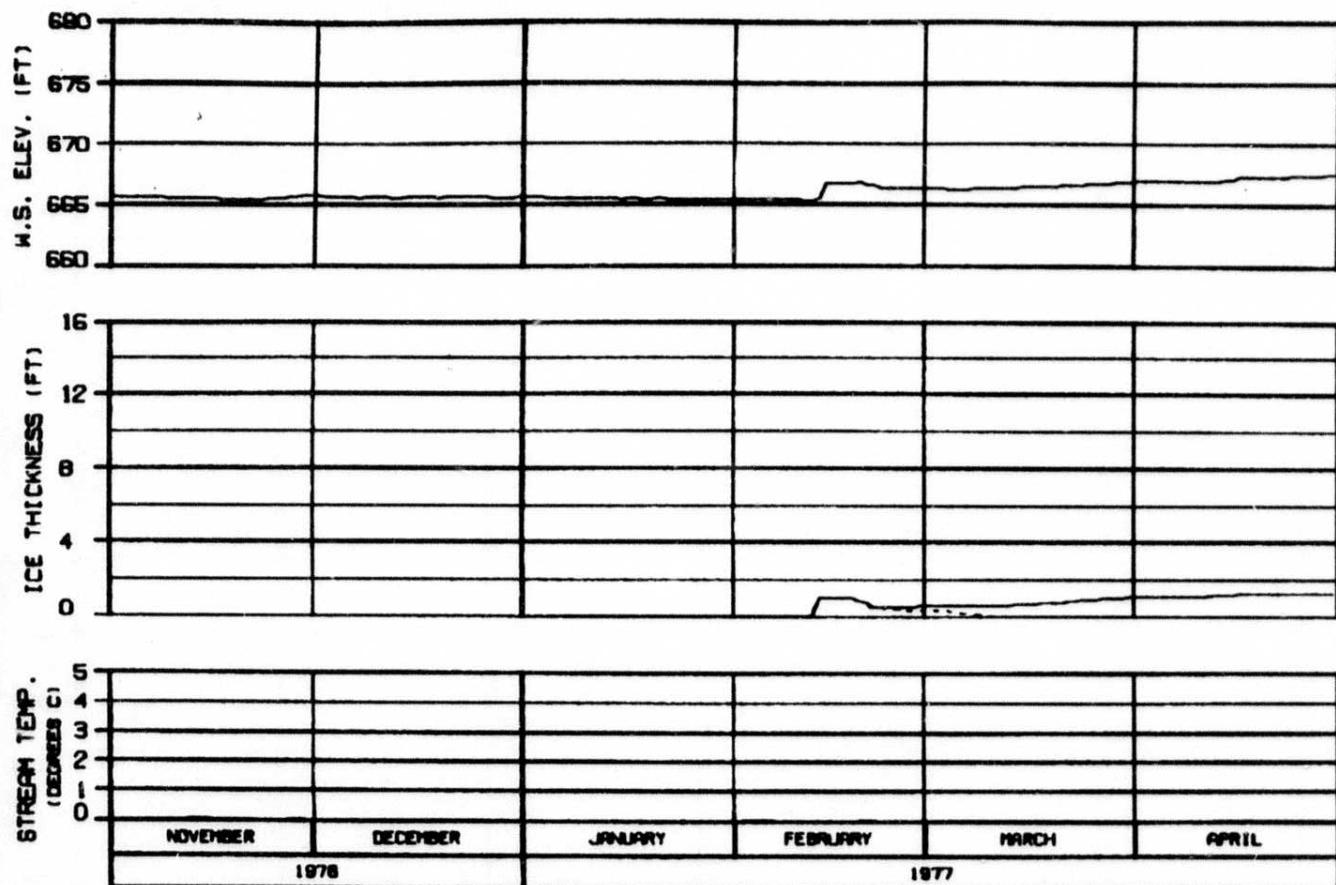
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

SHEDD, R. D. 1976 20 JUL 81 5000.142



SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11

RIVER MILE : 135.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
---- SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

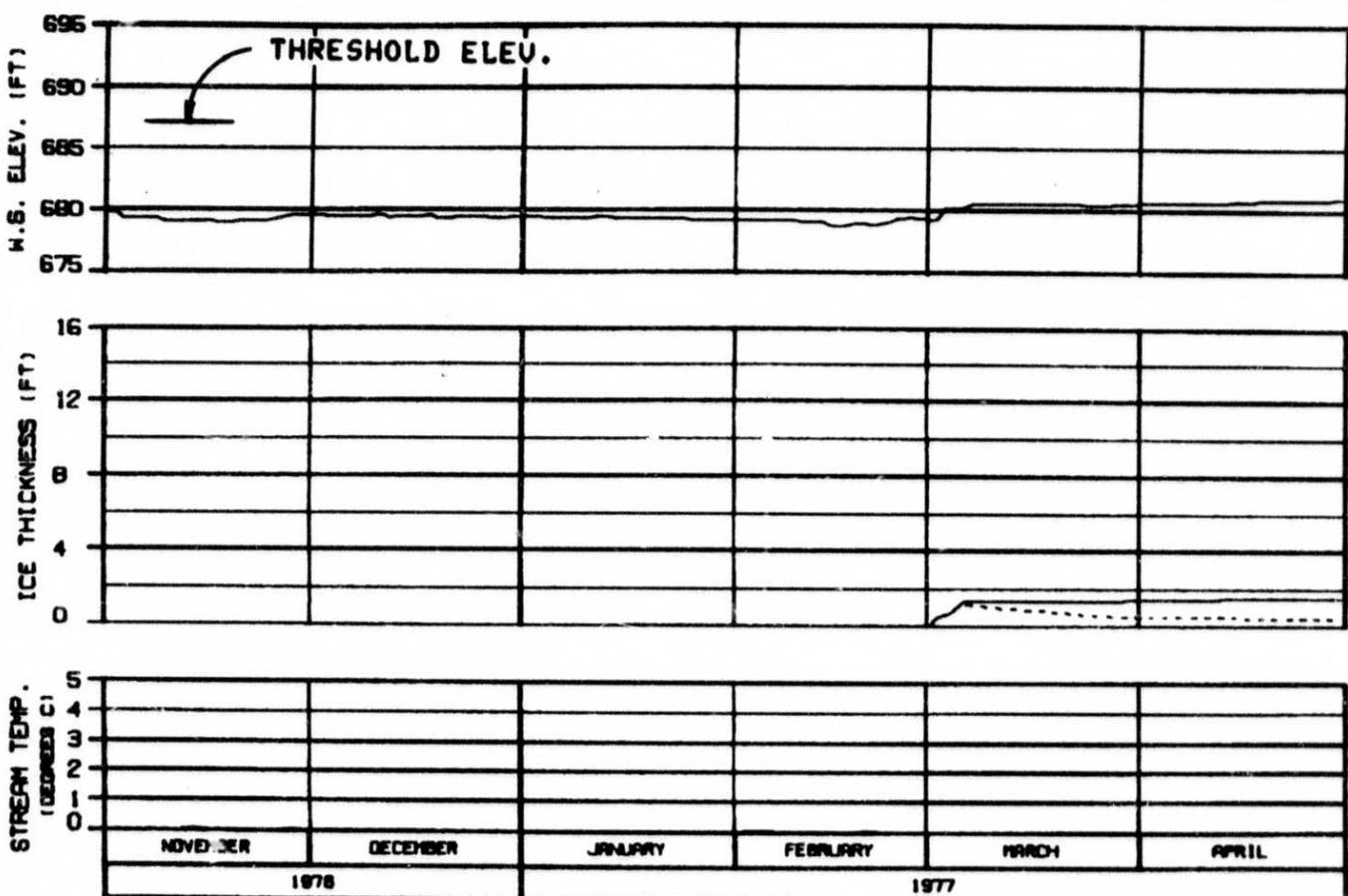
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 1988.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 136.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

----- TOTAL THICKNESS
----- SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
PNE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE76A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

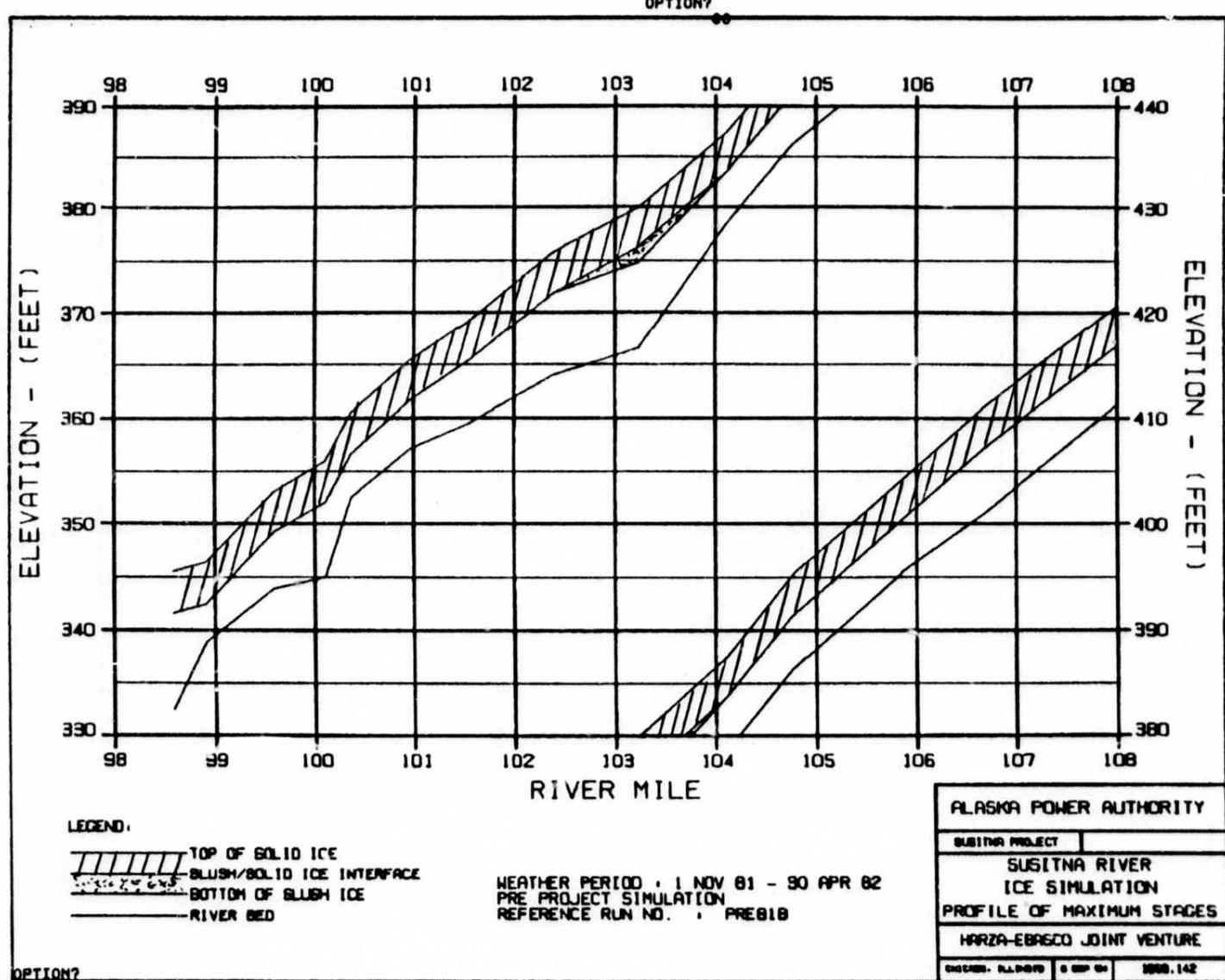
ICE SIMULATION

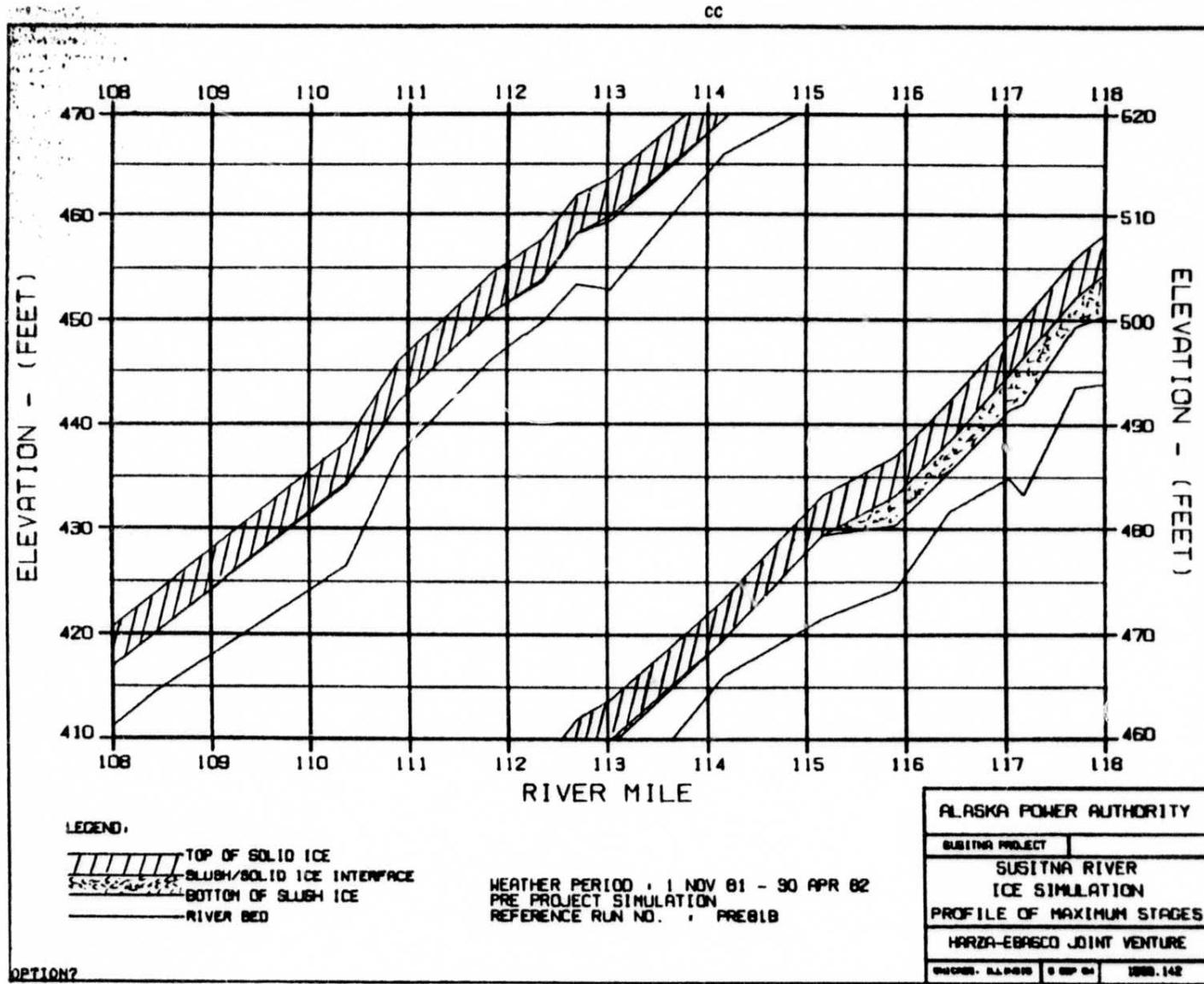
TIME HISTORY

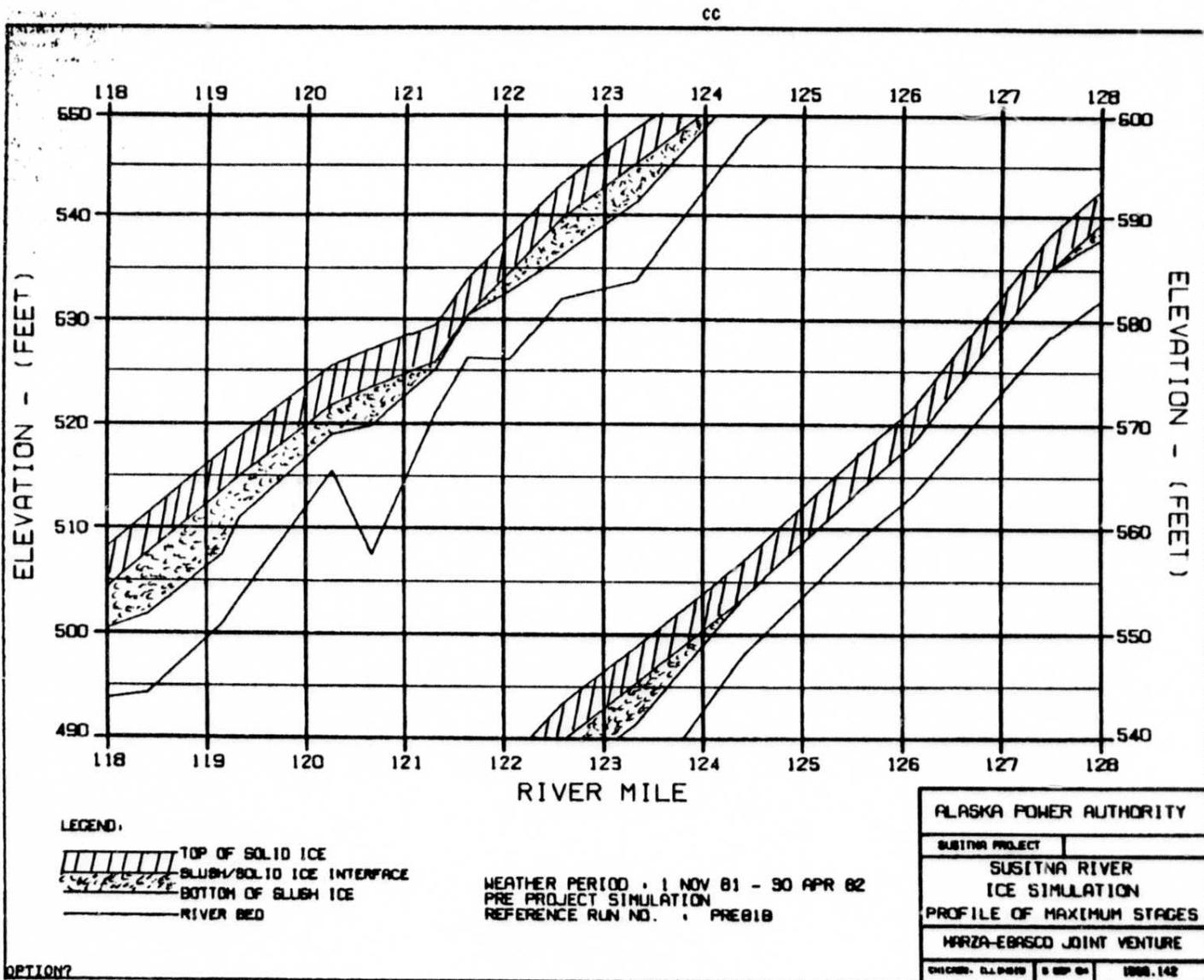
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, ALASKA 09 JUL 86 1000.142

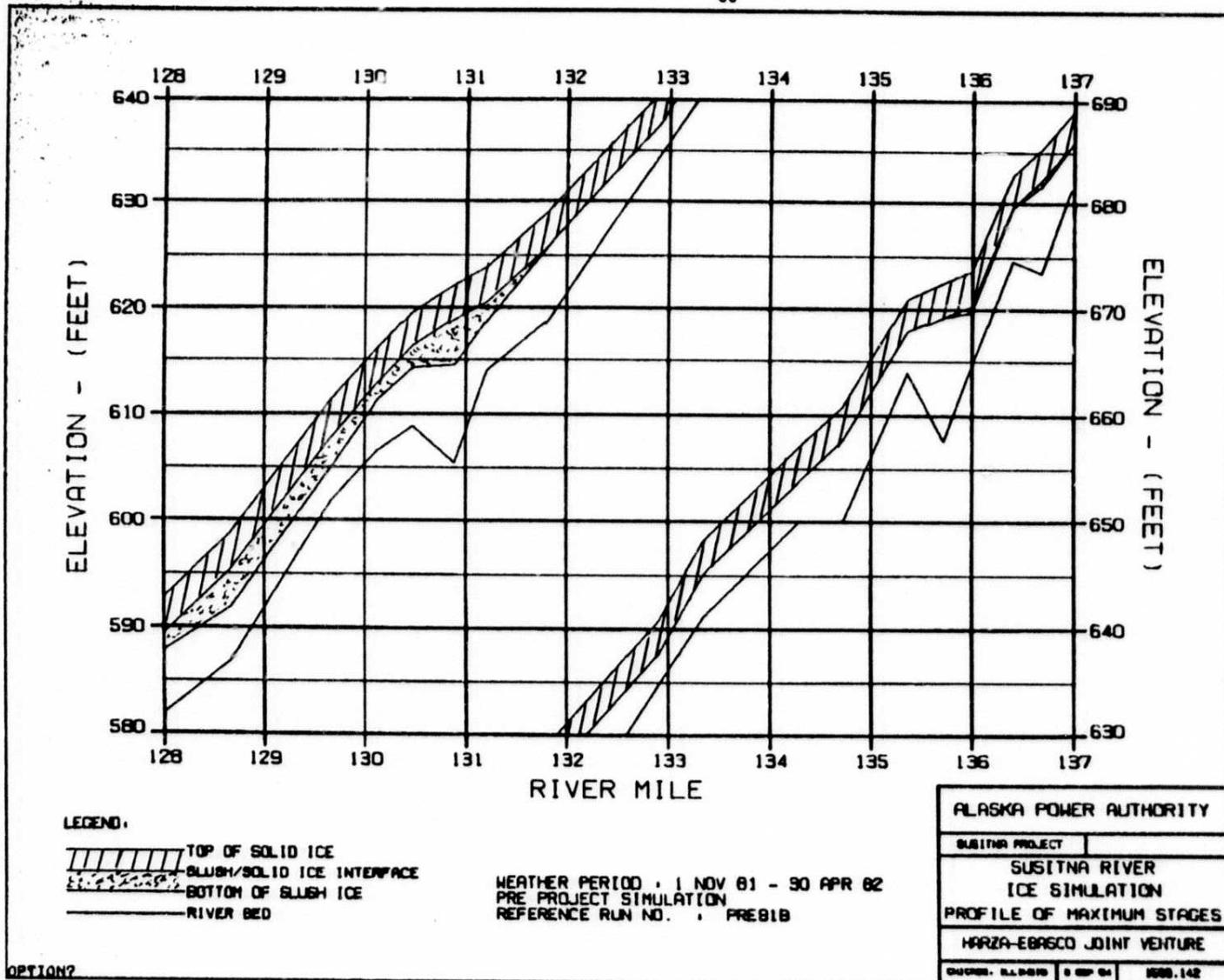
EXHIBIT C



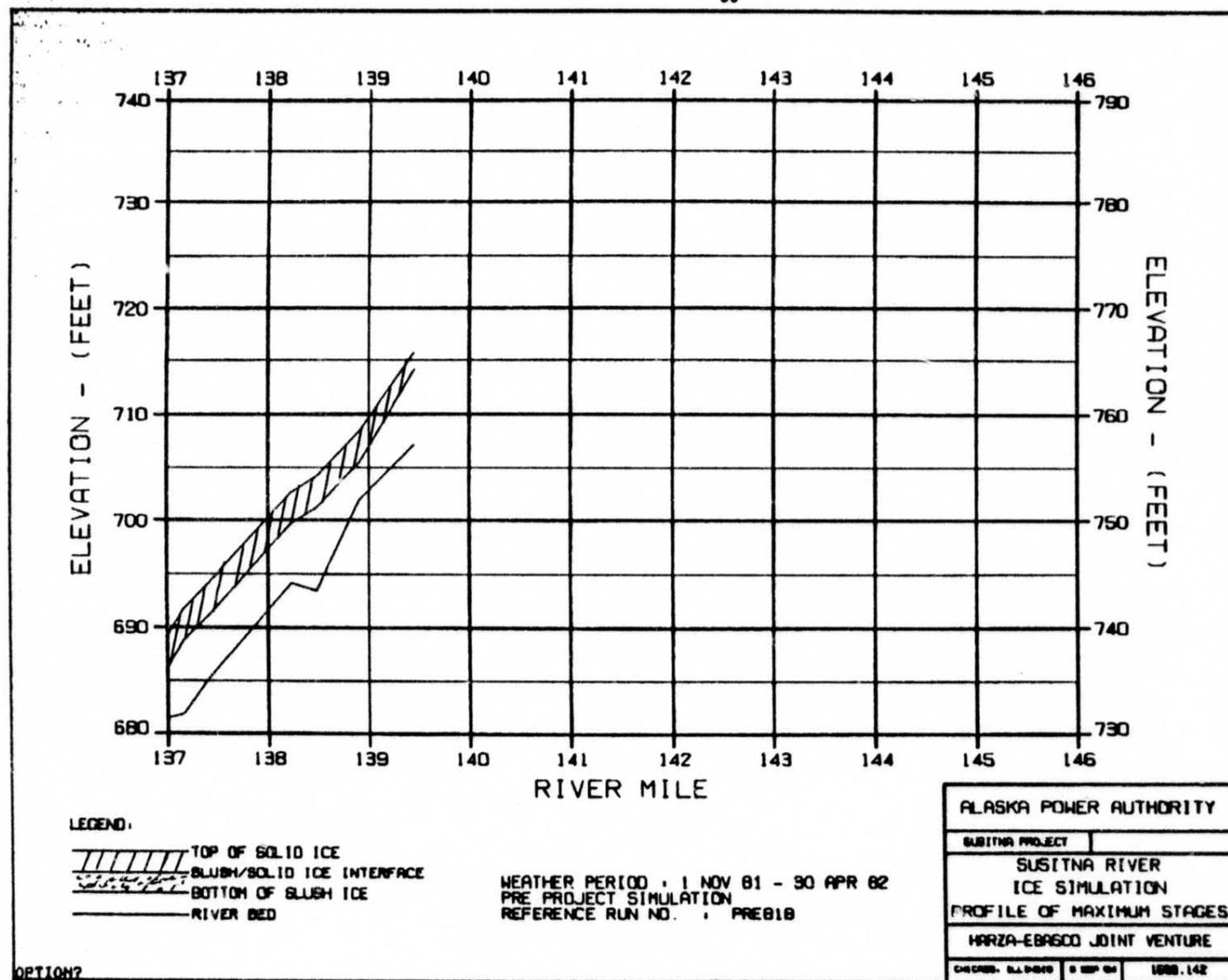


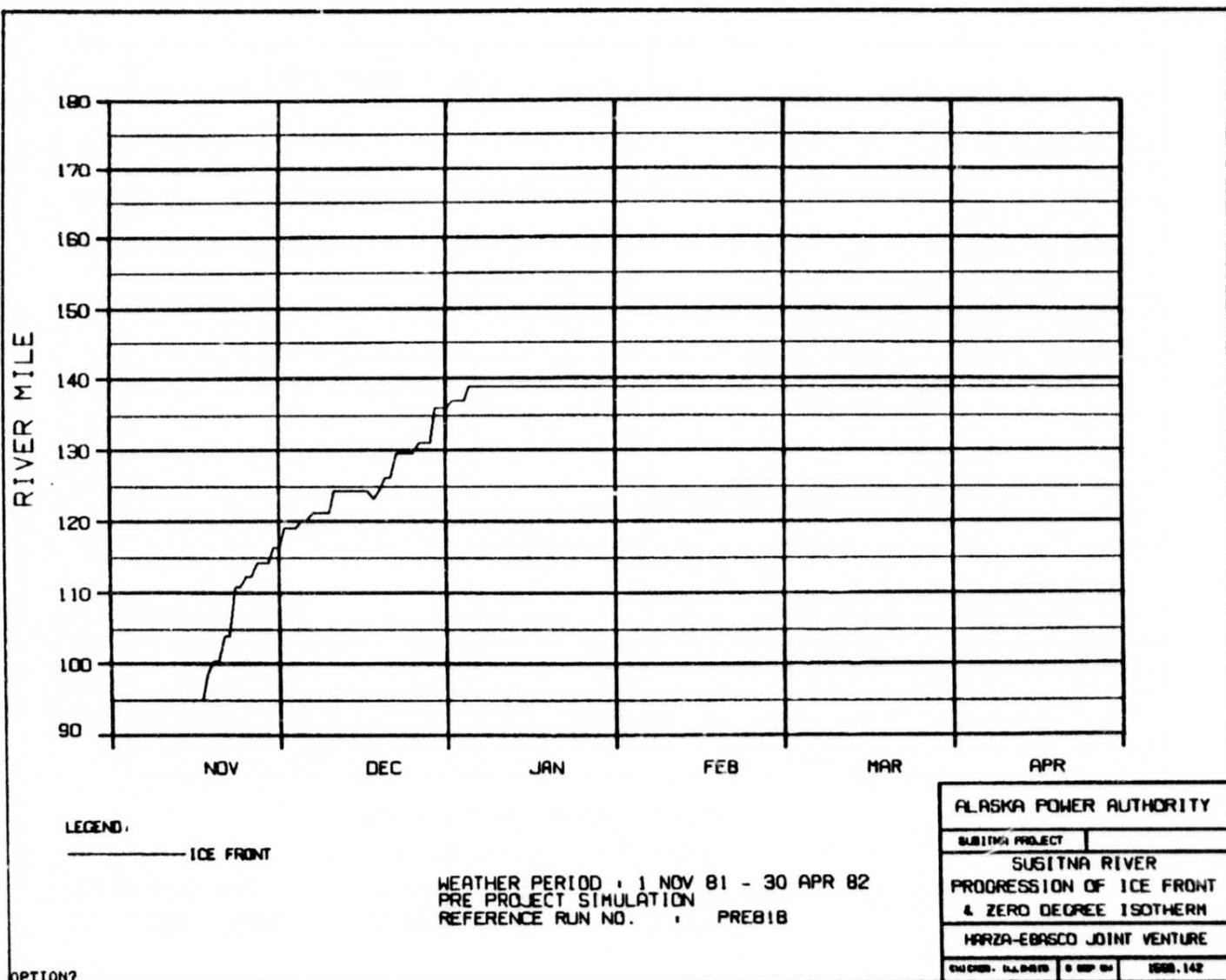


CC



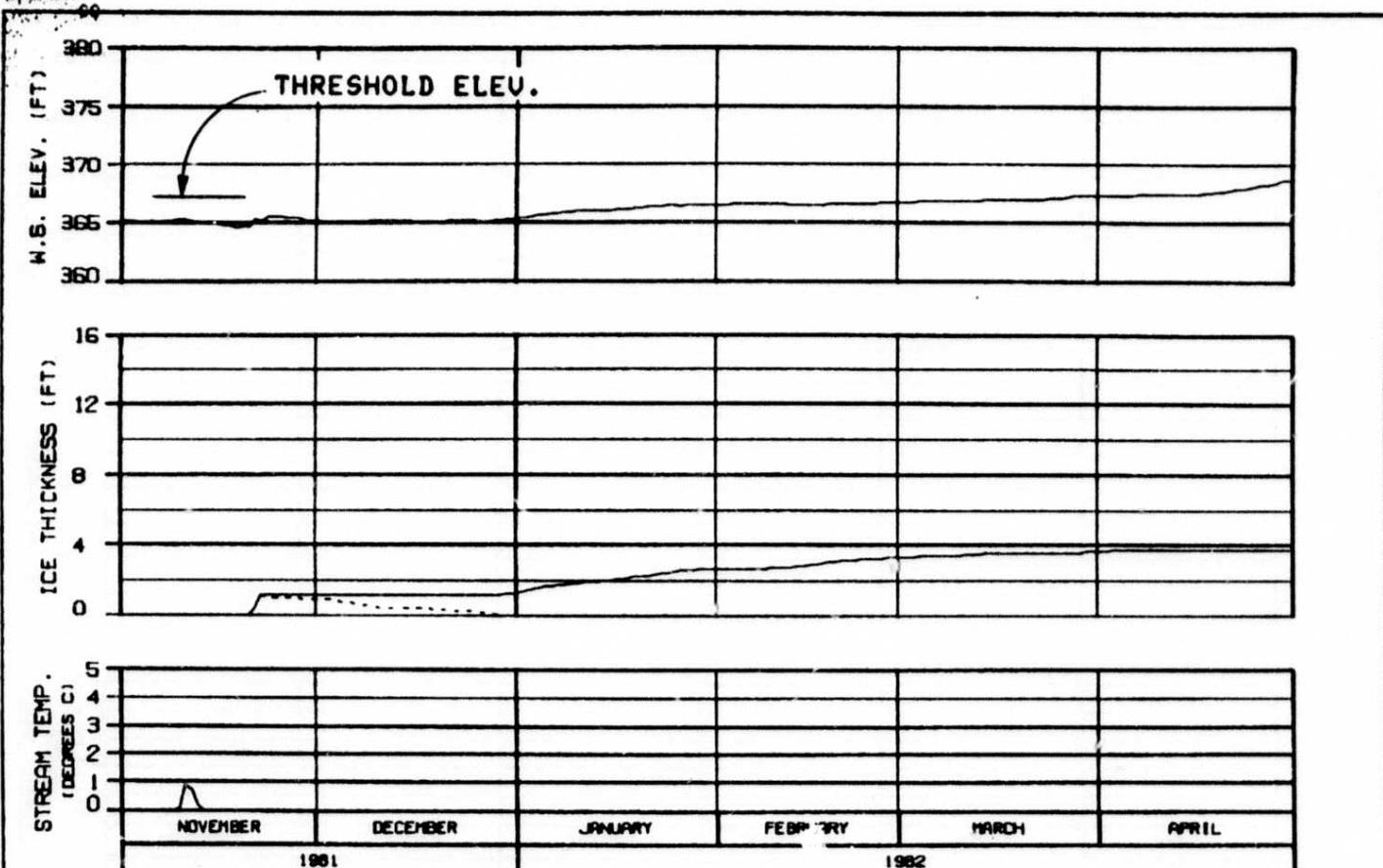
CC





ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
PROGRESSION OF ICE FRONT	
& ZERO DEGREE ISOTHERM	
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
ENCL. D. J. DAVID	8 SEP 84
1000.142	

OPTION?



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH

RIVER MILE : 101.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

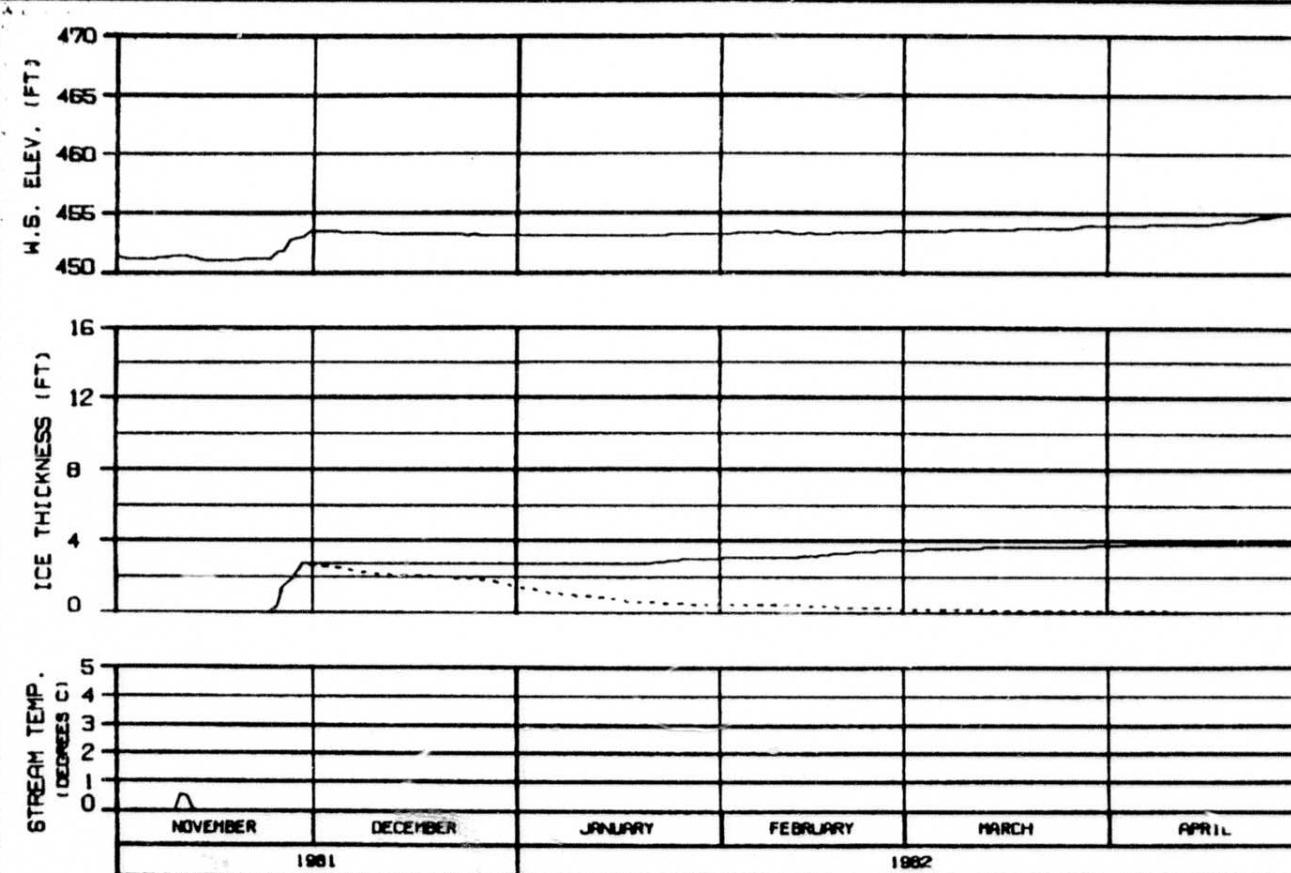
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBRISCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCHER, ILINCHIE, & SEP '81 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK

RIVER MILE : 112.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

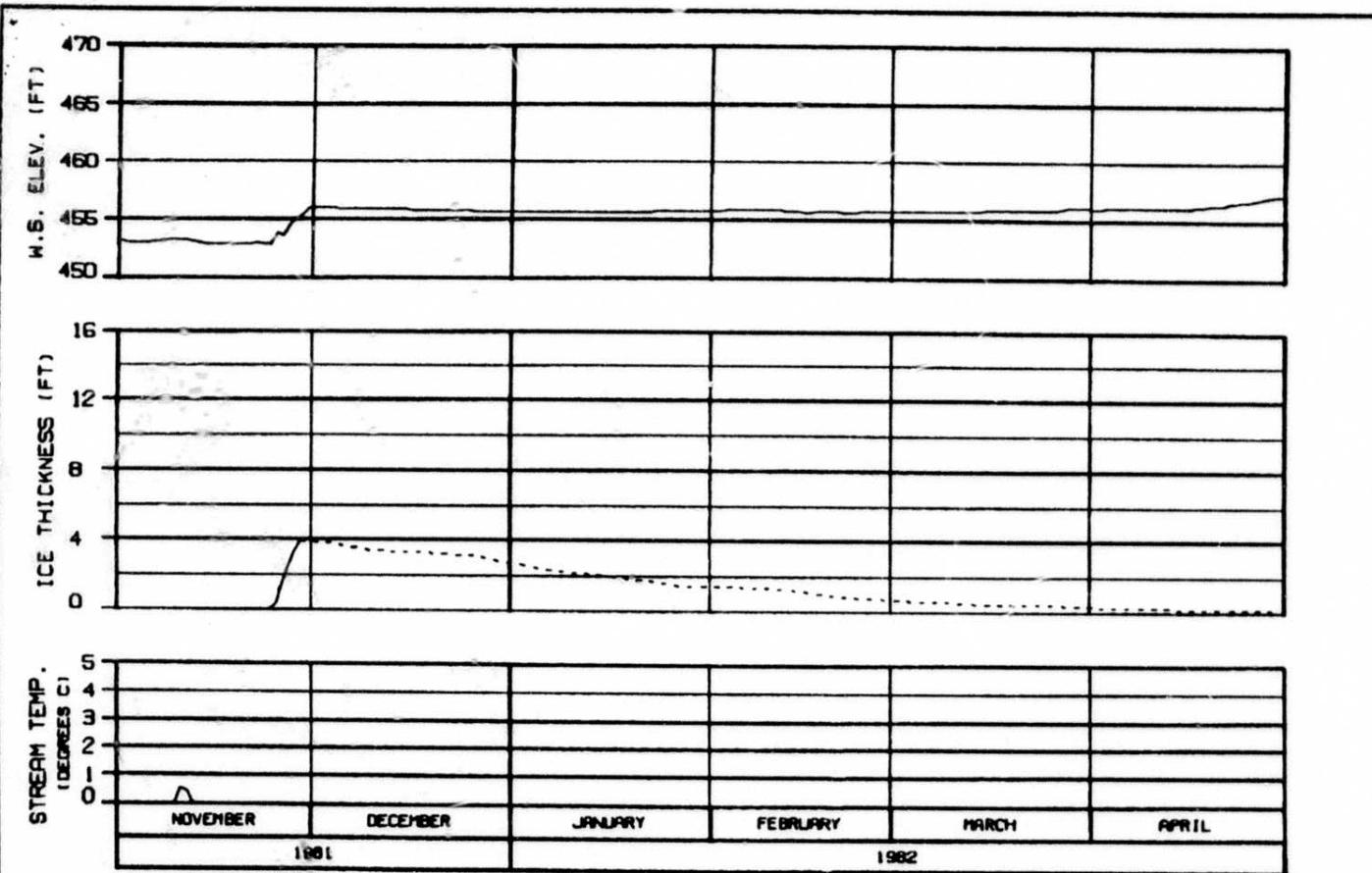
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

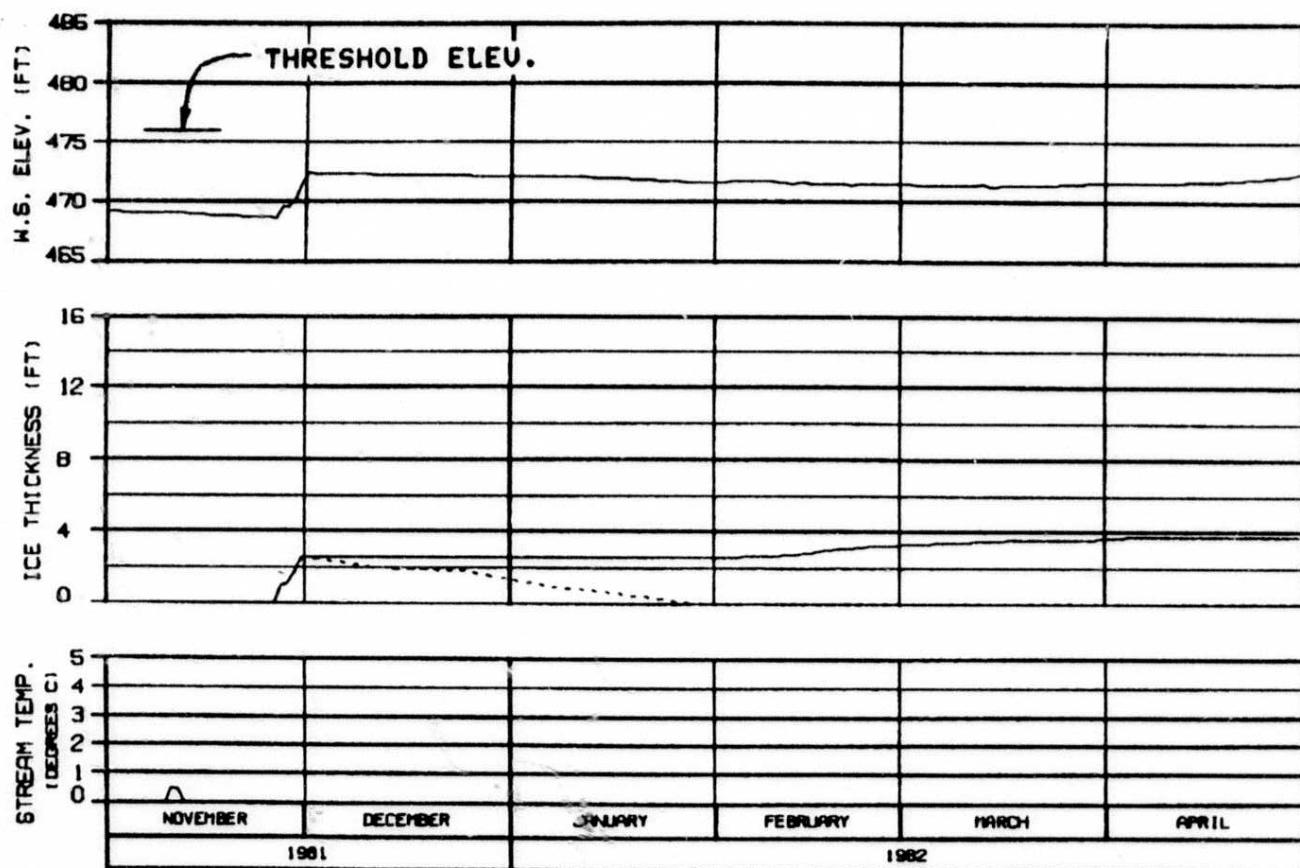
DATA BY: AL PASCO 5 SEP 84 1982-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A
 RIVER MILE : 112.34
 WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUSITNA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
ICE SIMULATION		
TIME HISTORY		
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE		
DATA SHEET	11-1982	8-82
		1000-142

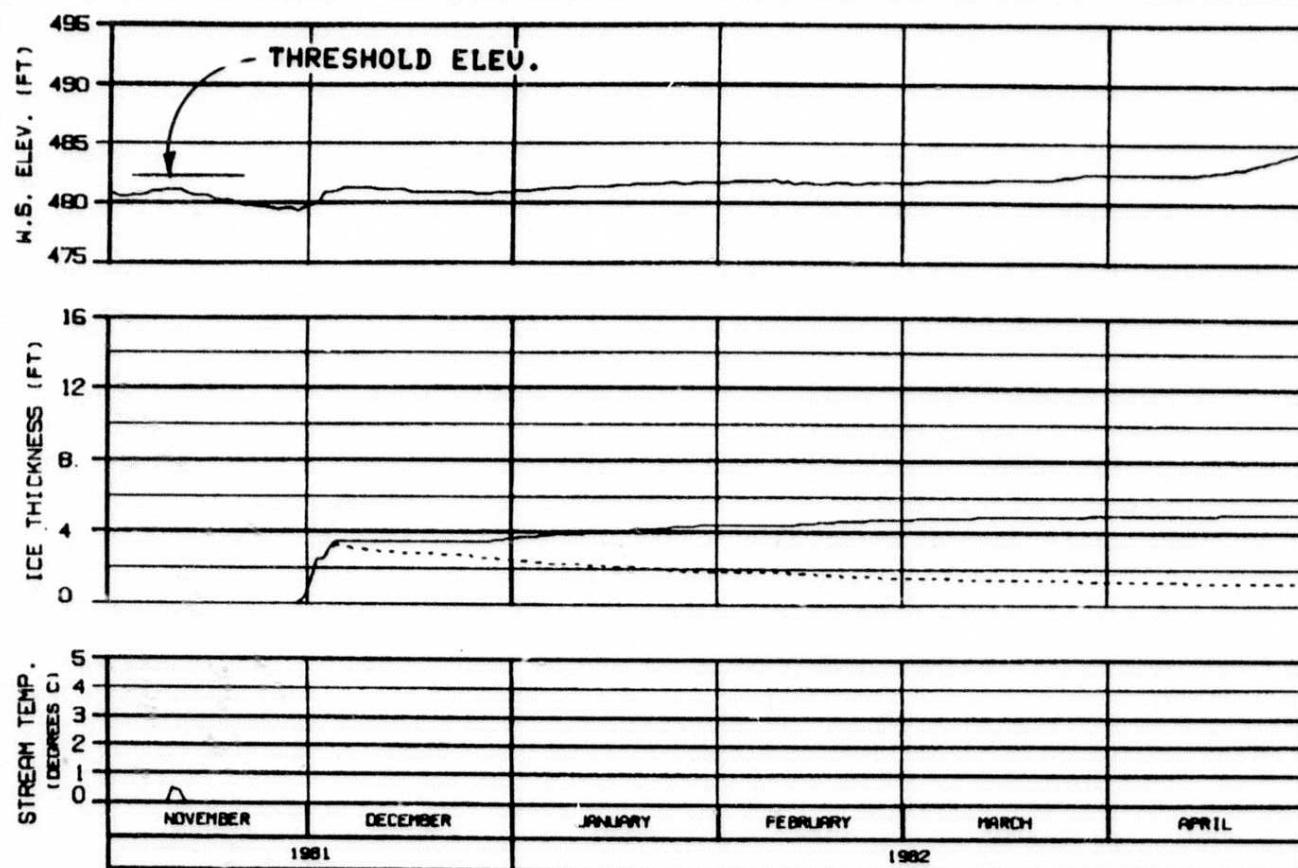


ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
 RIVER MILE : 114.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
CHIEF: J.L. PARK	8 SEP 84
1000.142	



SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

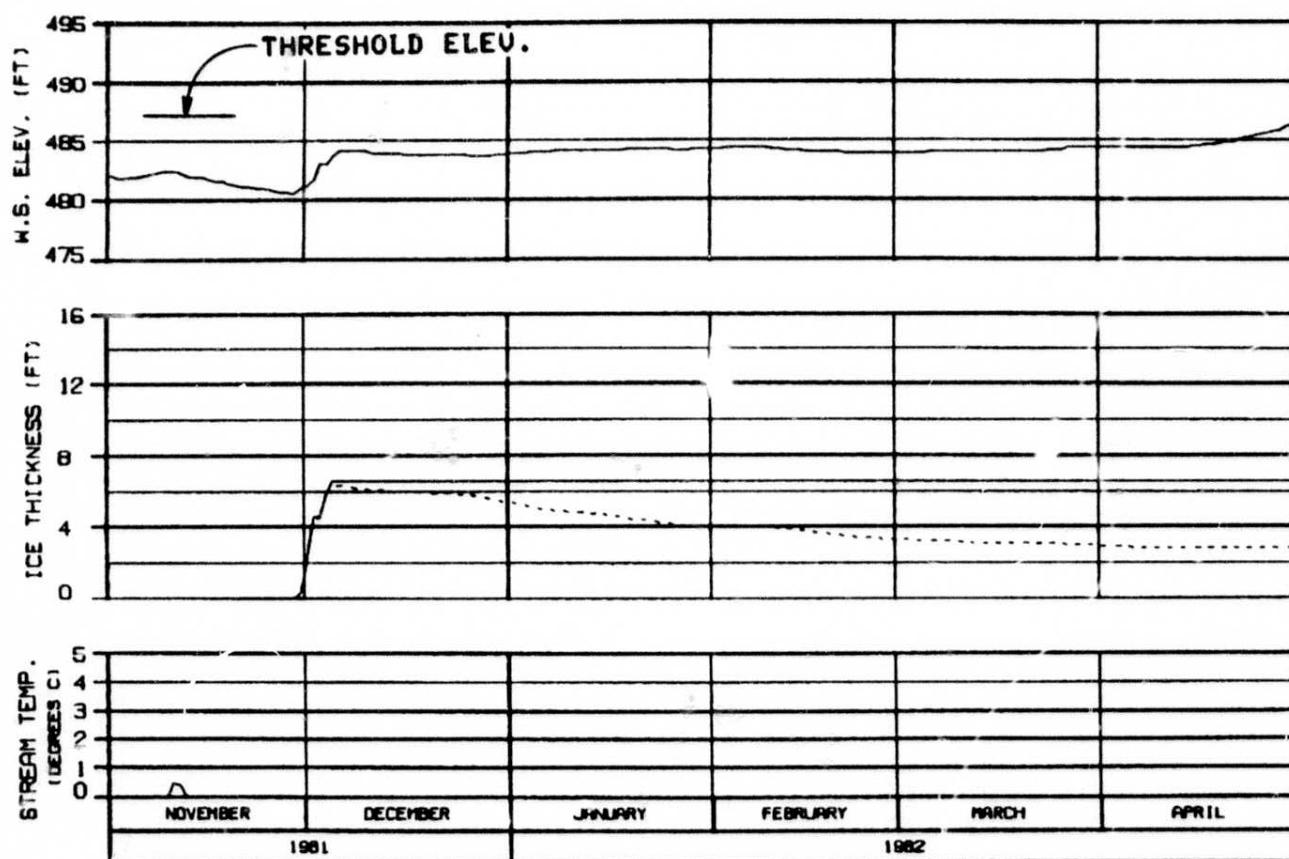
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

ENGIN. BLDG. 6 SEP 84

200.142



HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII

RIVER MILE : 115.90

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

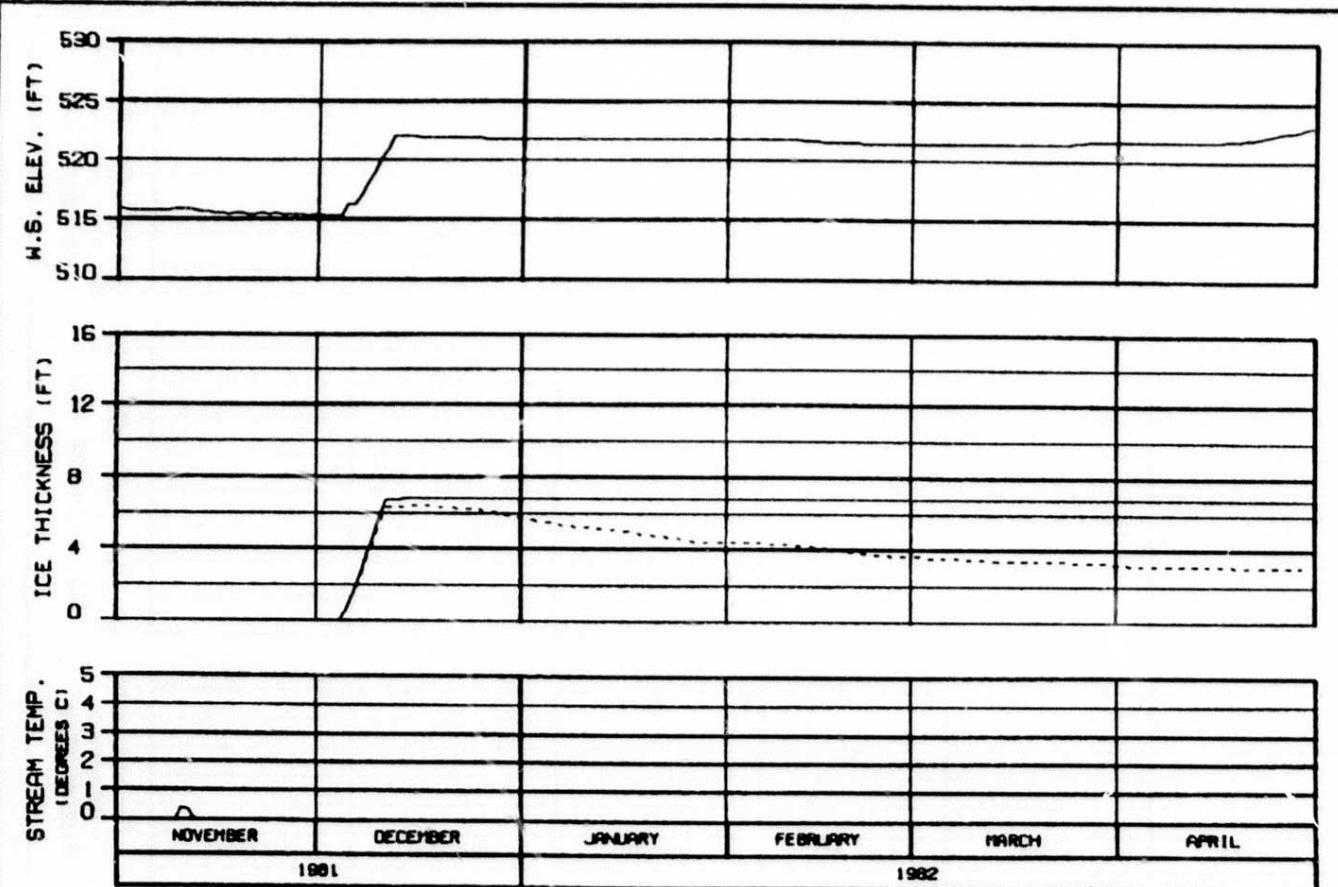
HEATER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICC SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DOCKS: 21.00000 | 0.00000 | 1000.142

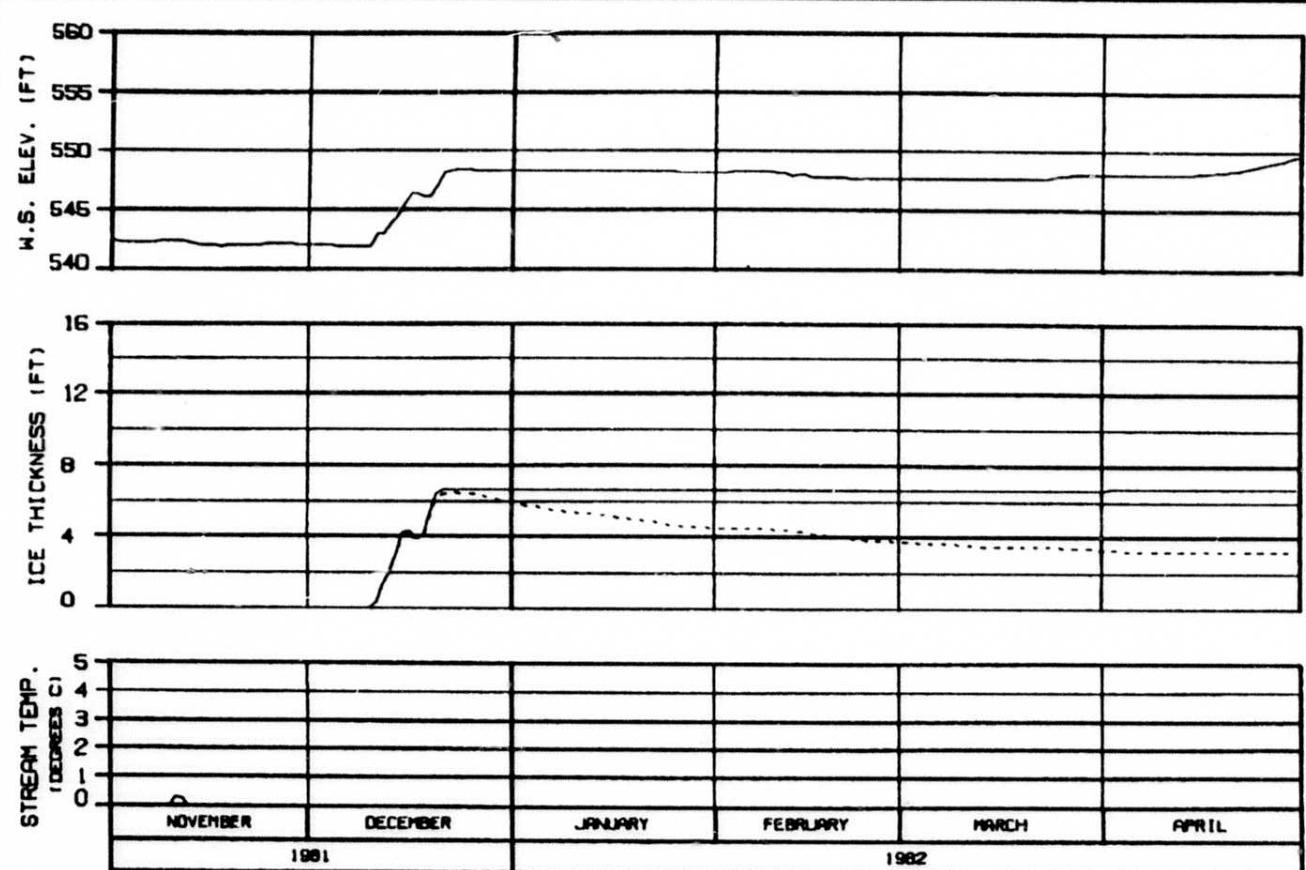


RIVER MILE : 120.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 — TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUSITNA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
ICE SIMULATION		
TIME HISTORY		
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE		
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	S SEP 81	1988.142



HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH

RIVER MILE : 123.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

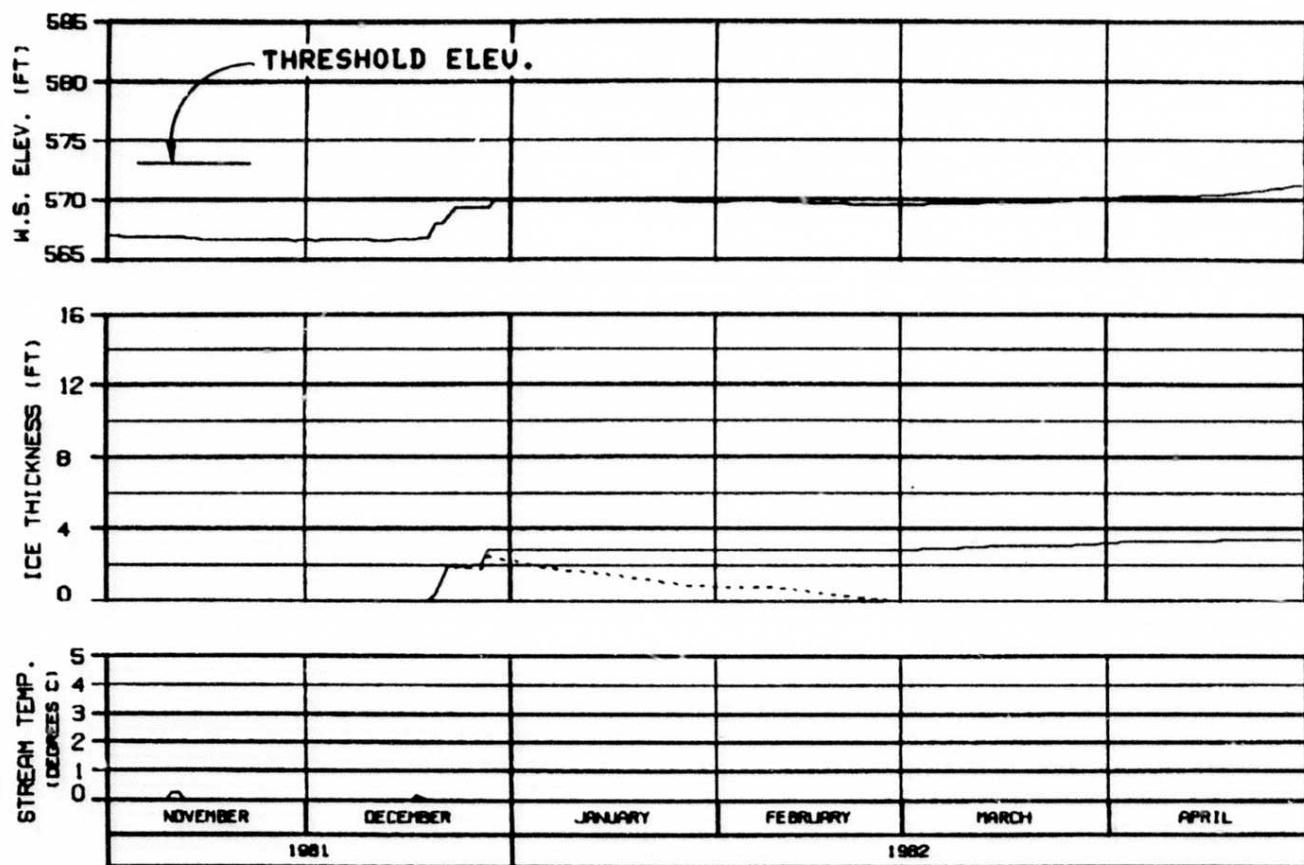
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBAGCO JOINT VENTURE

EWCHER, AL 04010 8 SEP 84 1688.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

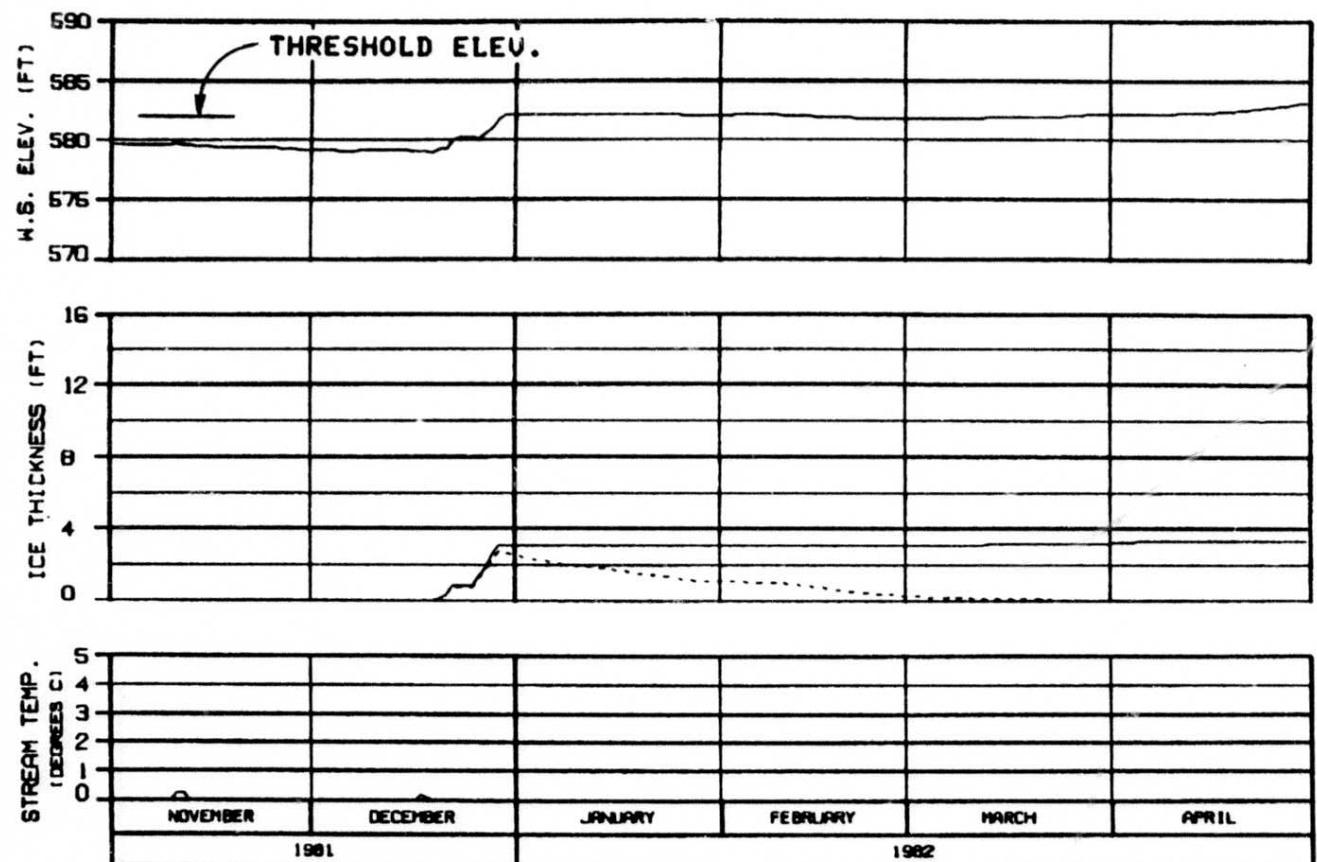
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER: H.J. BROWN 8 SEP 84 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)

RIVER MILE : 127.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

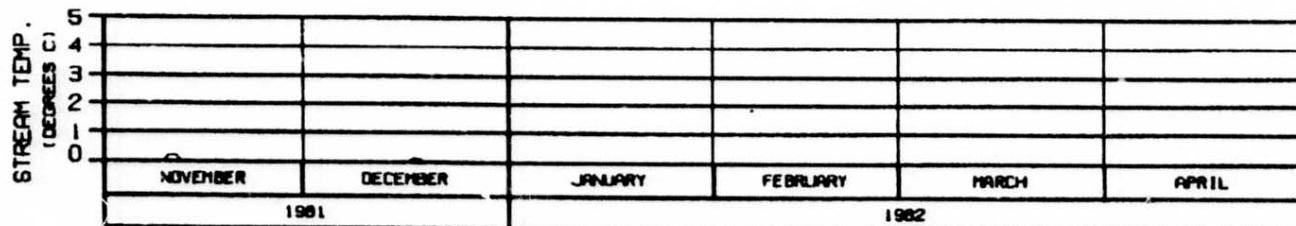
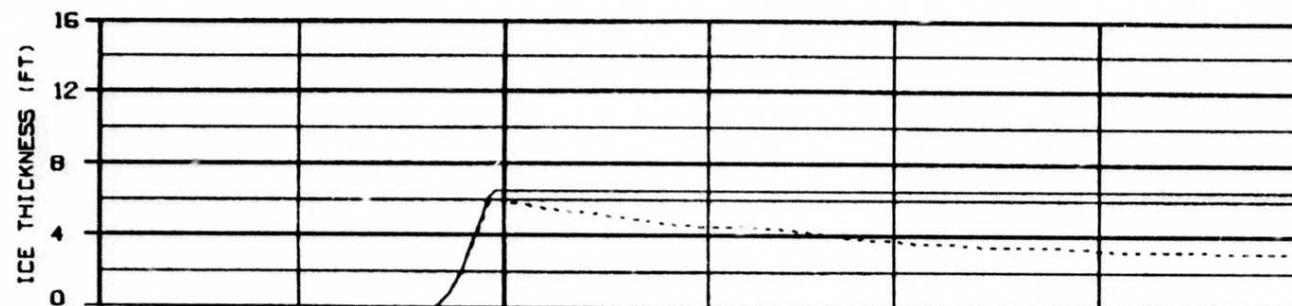
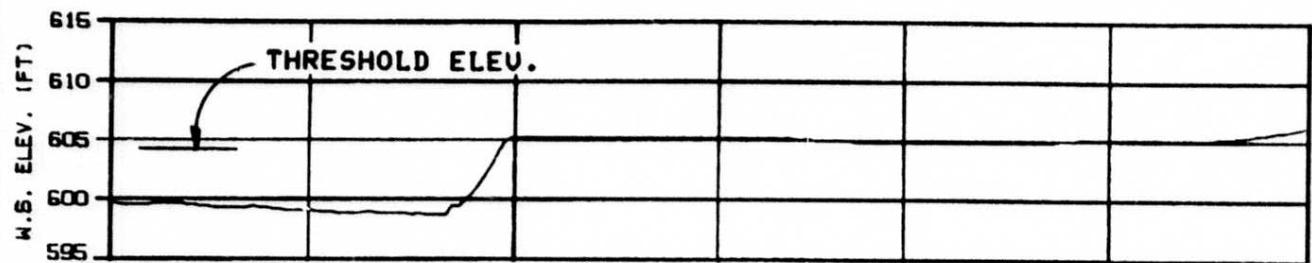
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 129.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
 ----- SLUSH COMPONENT

OPTION?

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

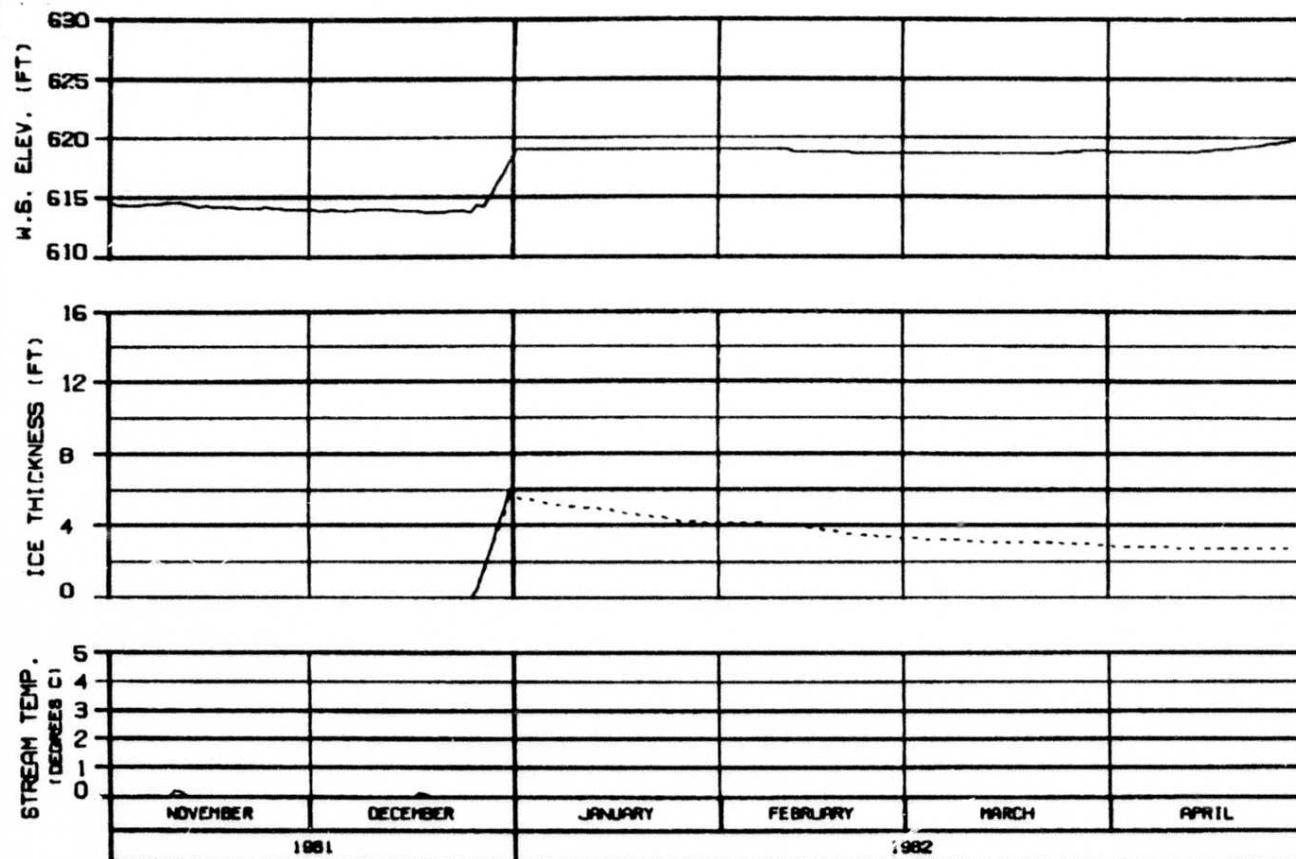
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBG600 JOINT VENTURE

ENCLAS. ILLINOIS 8 SEP 84 1000.142

OPTION?



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 130.60

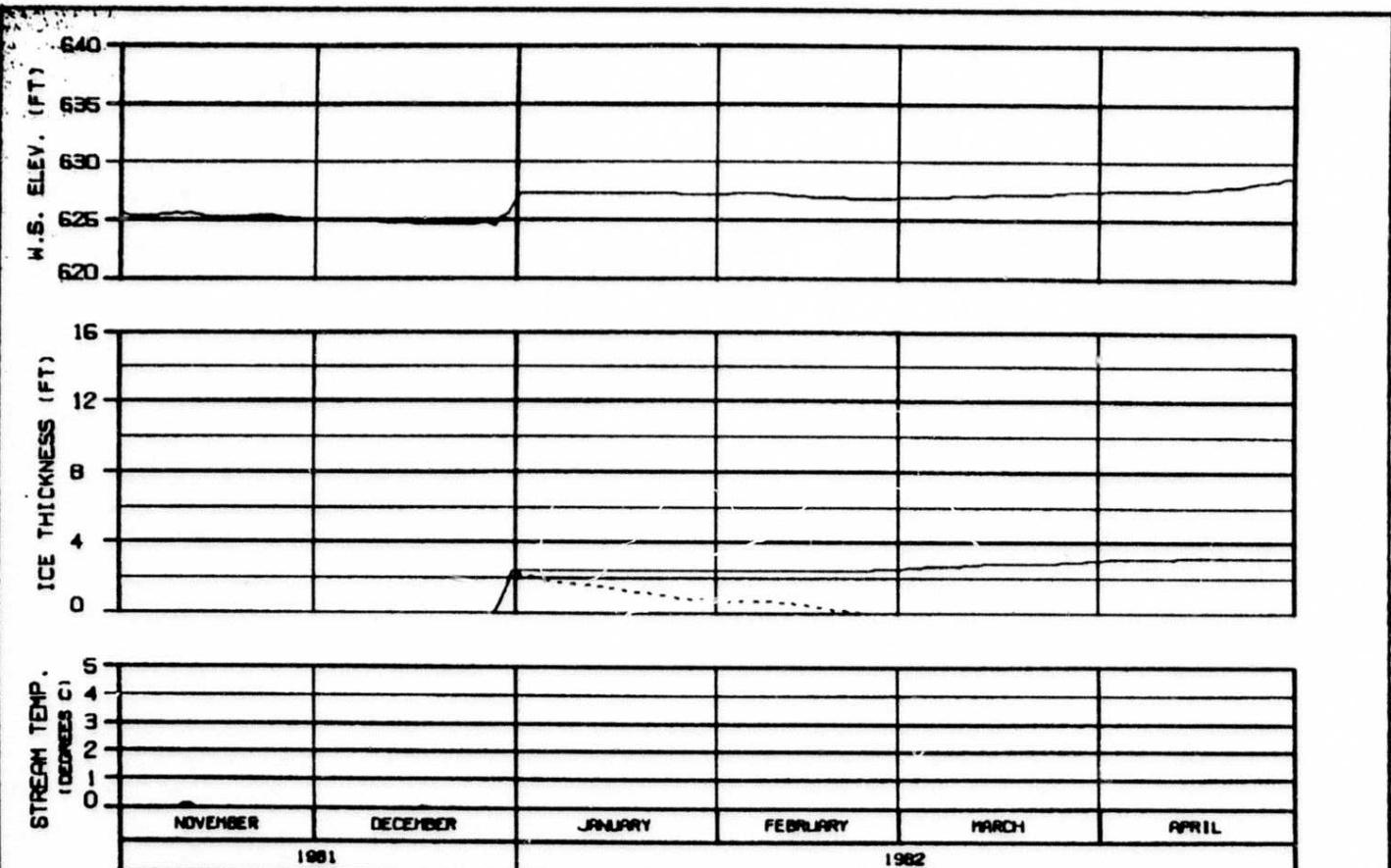
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT
SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606 8 SEP 84 3598-142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK
RIVER MILE : 131.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - BLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

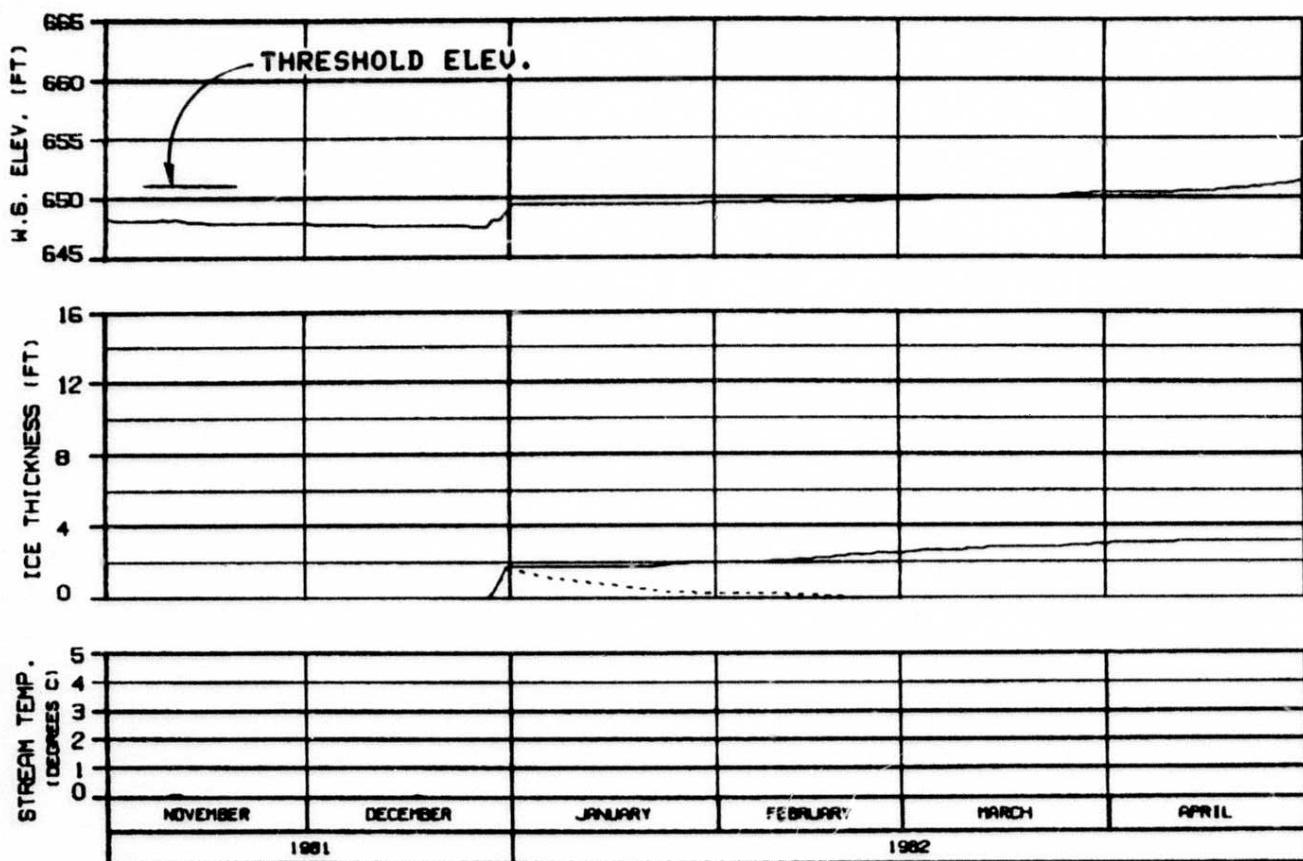
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606 8 SEP 84 1000.142



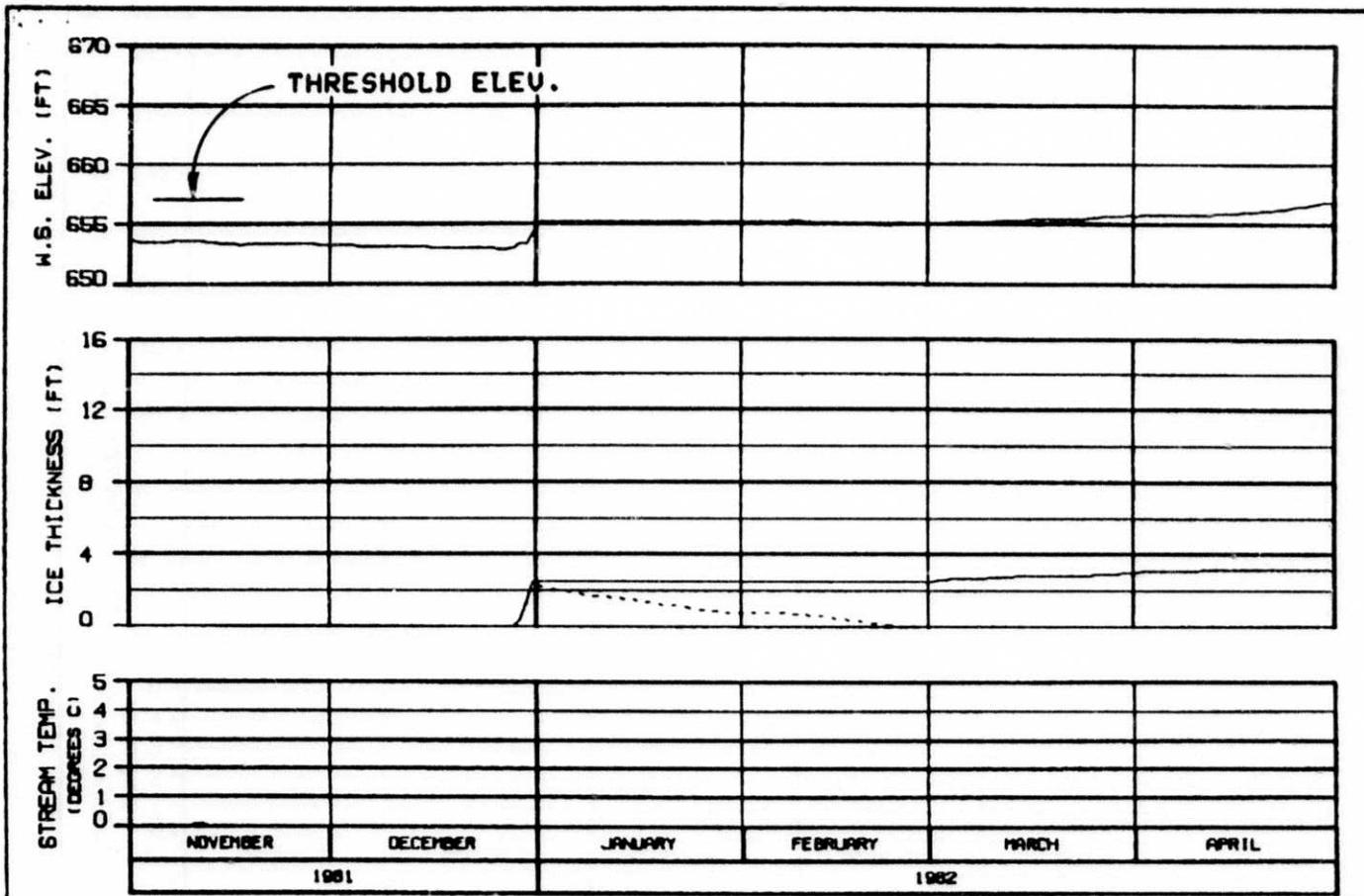
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 - - - TOTAL THICKNESS
 - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
 RIVER MILE : 133.70

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBRSCO JOINT VENTURE	
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	8 SEP 84
1500.142	



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10
RIVER MILE : 134.30

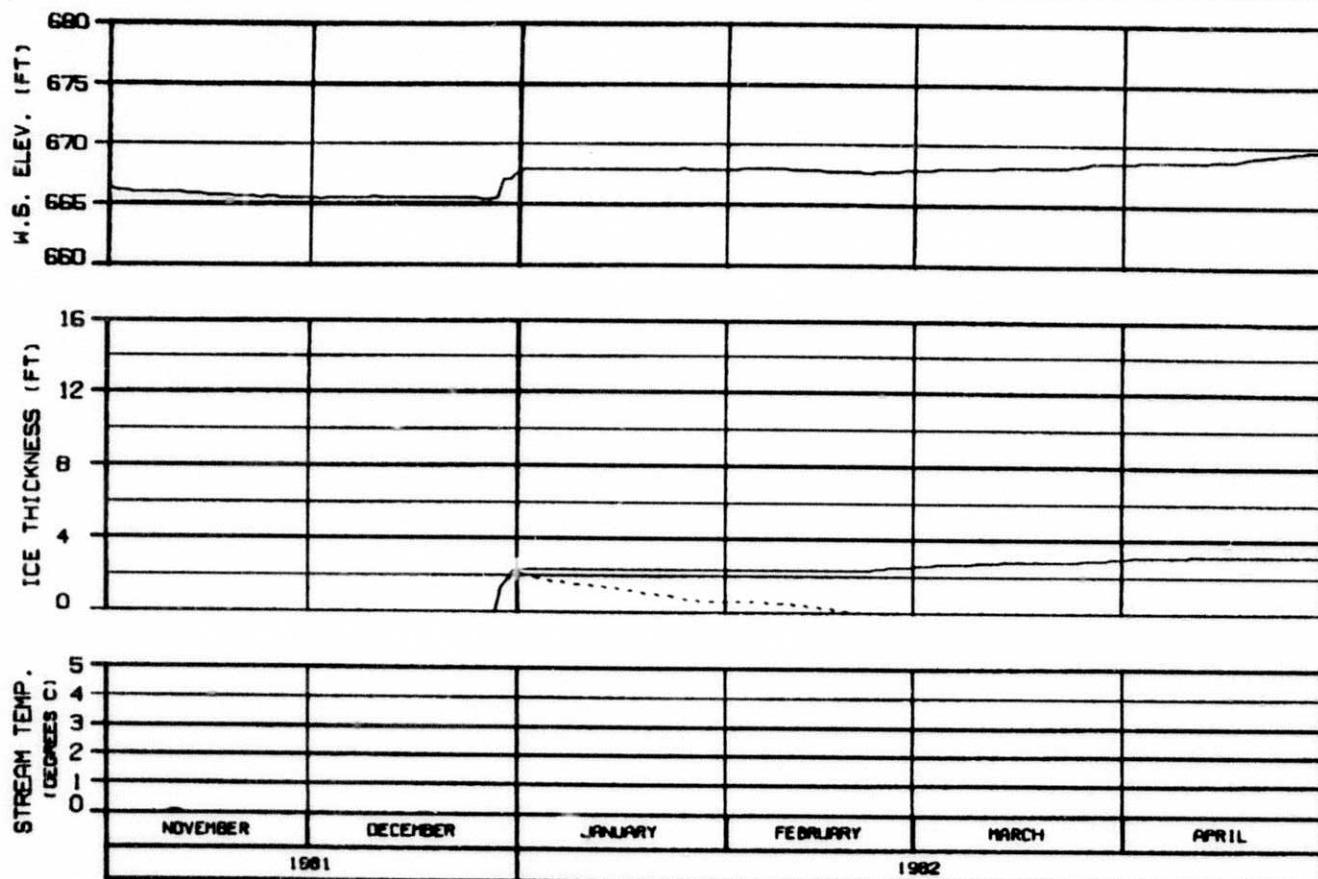
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EISCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCHER, ILLINOIS 8 SEP 84 0888.142



SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 135.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - BLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

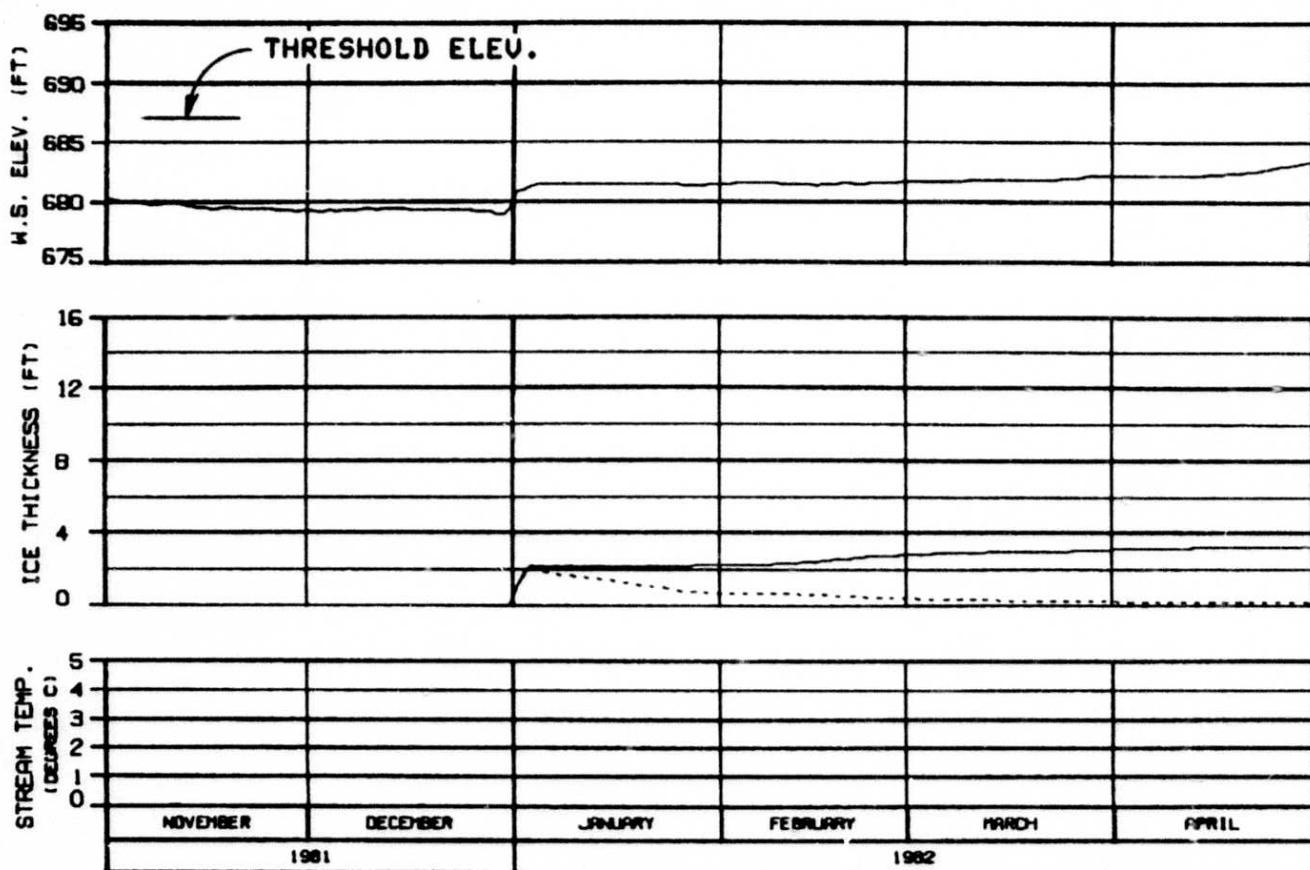
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HNRZA-Ebasco JOINT VENTURE

CHARTS. ILL-0010 8 SEP 84 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

— TOTAL THICKNESS
- - - - BLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 136.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE81B

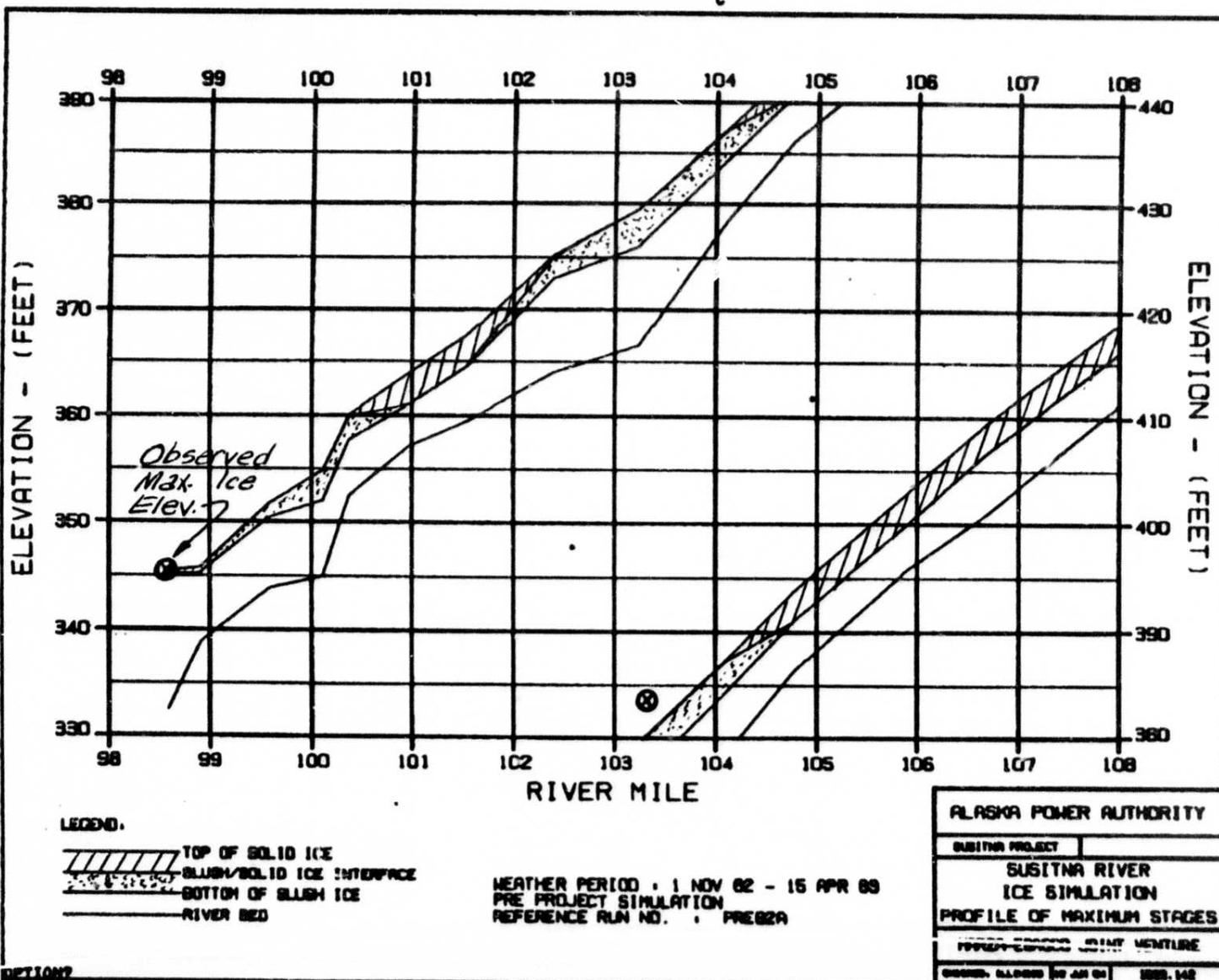
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

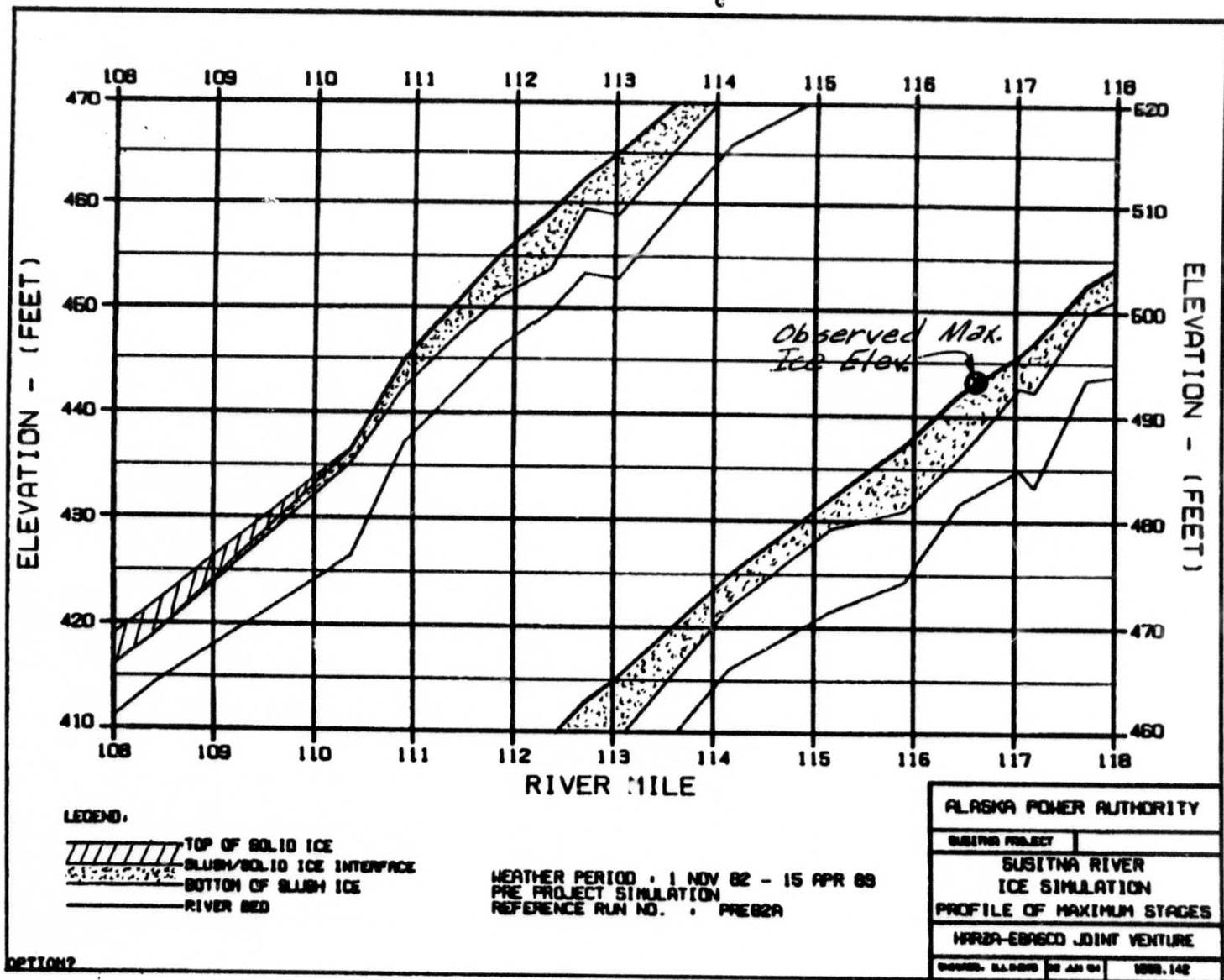
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

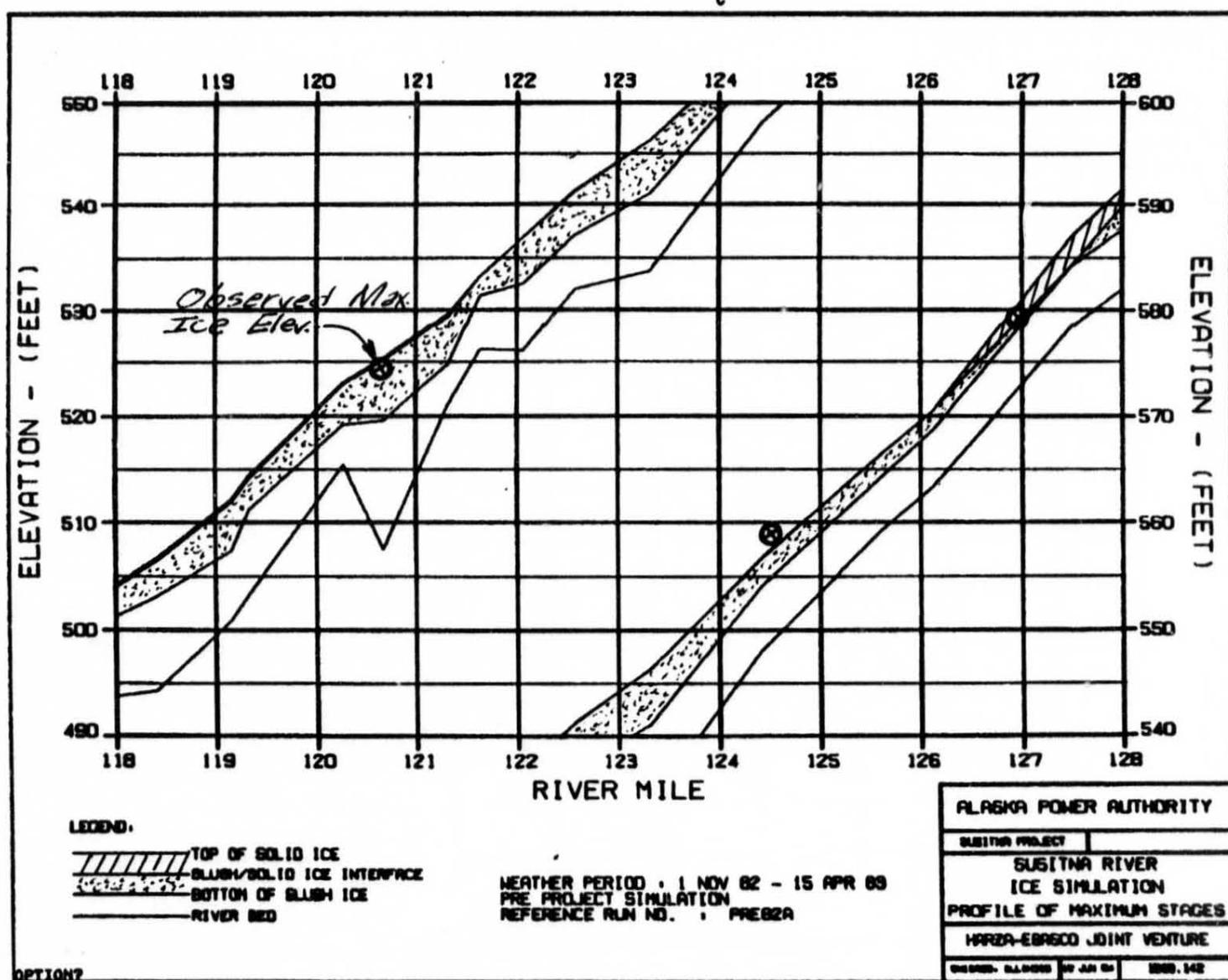
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DAVIS, ALASKA 99634 1982.142

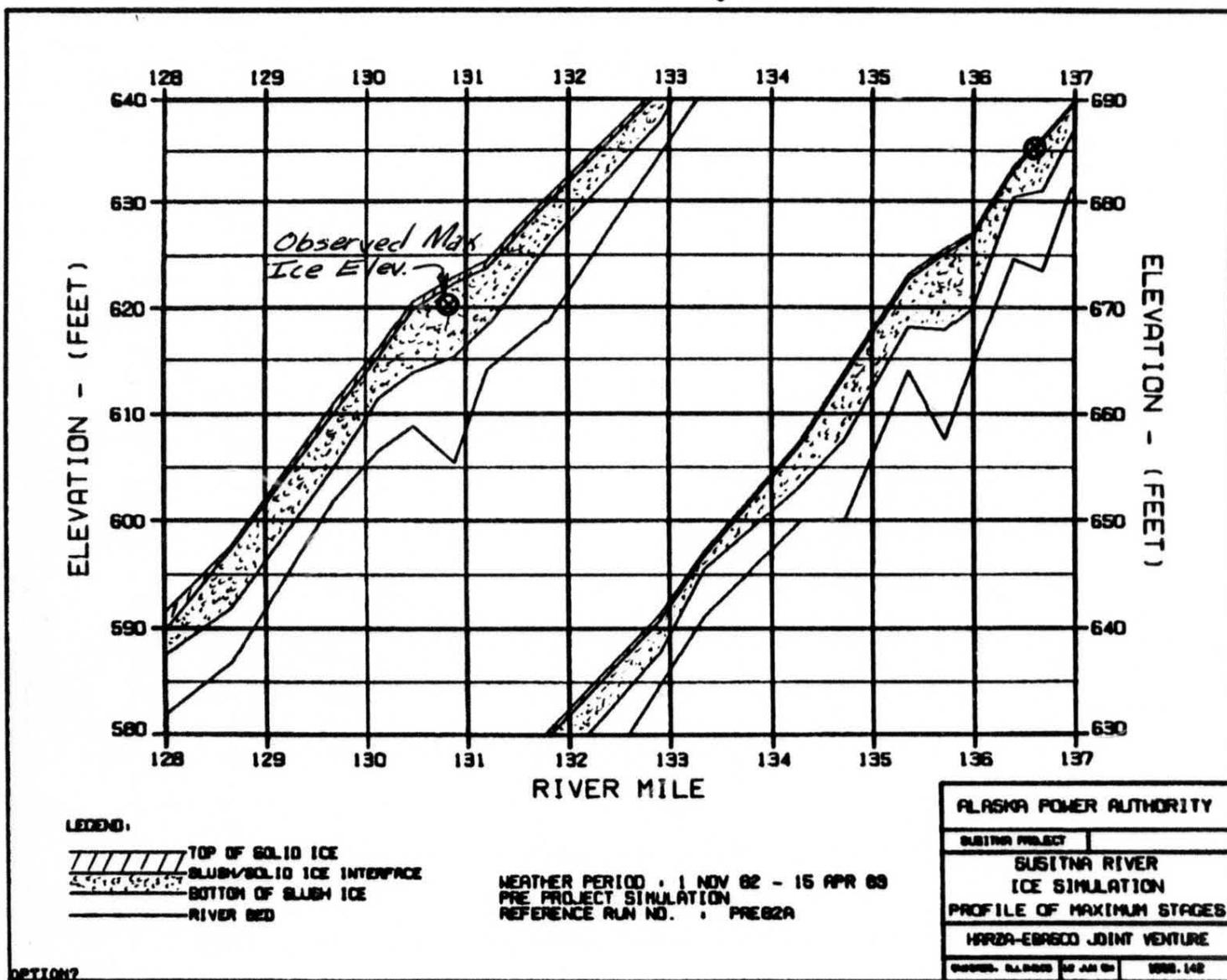
EXHIBIT D

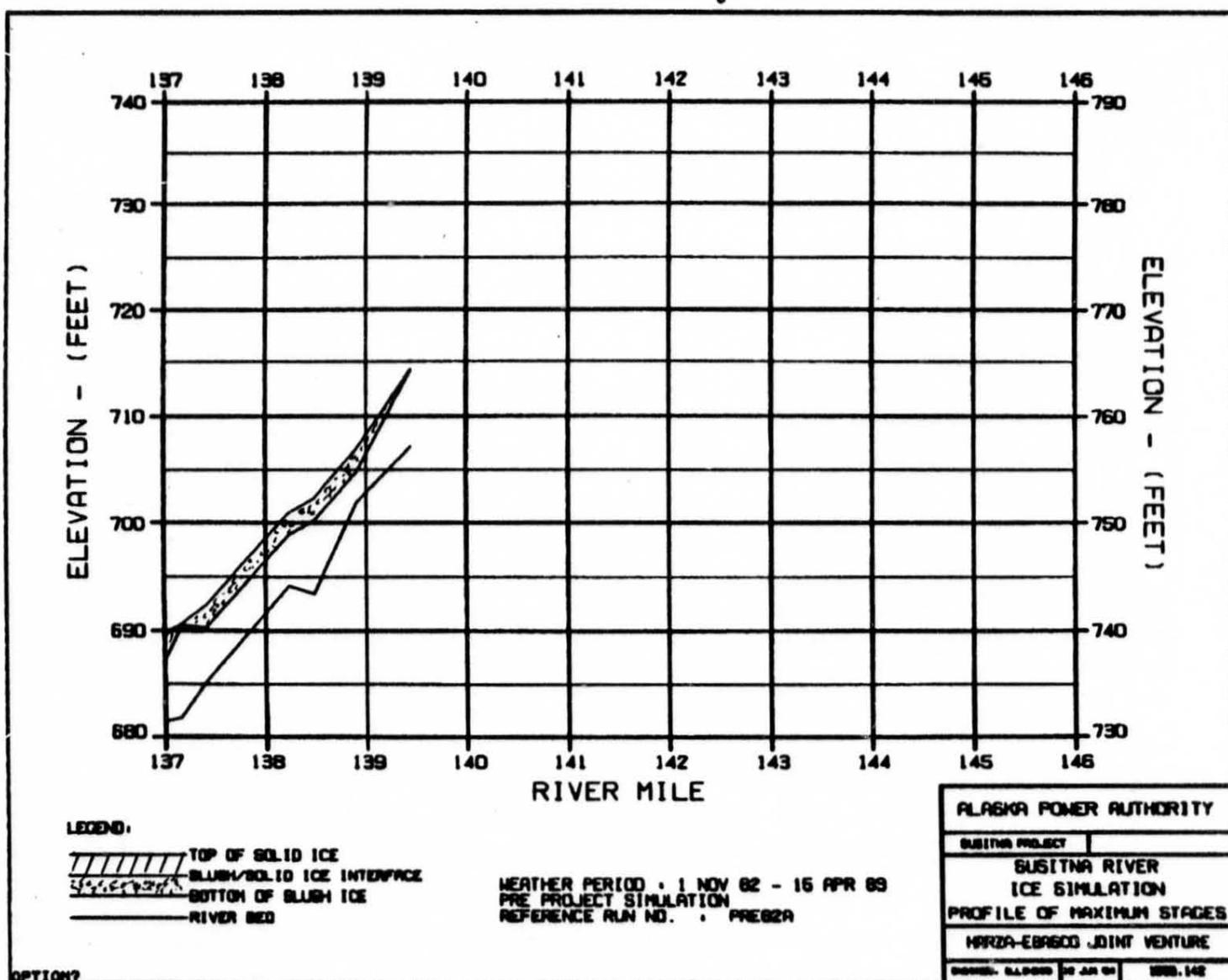




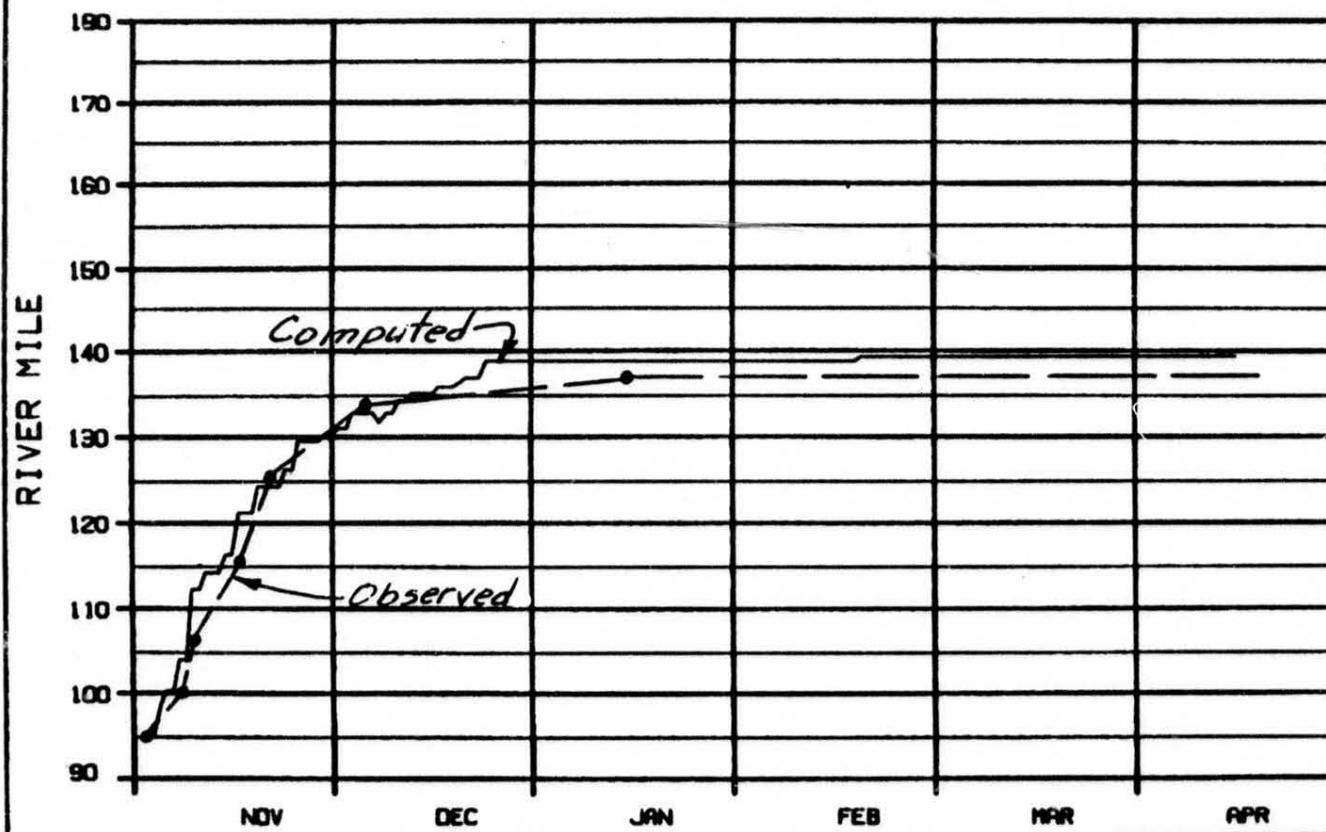


C





C



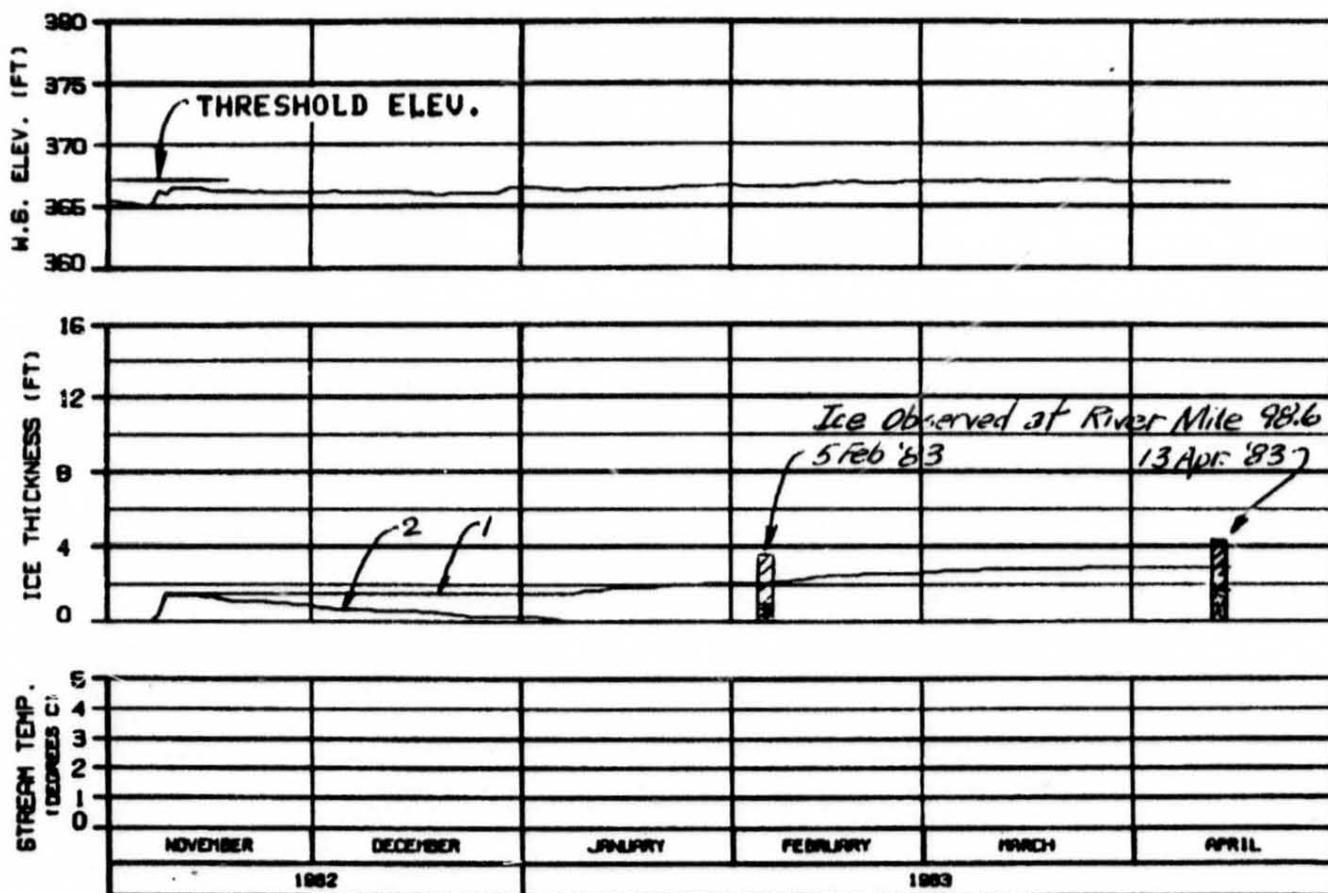
LEGEND:

- ICE FRONT
- - - ZERO DEGREE ISOTHERM

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUSITNA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
PROGRESSION OF ICE FRONT		
4. ZERO DEGREE ISOTHERM		
HRZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE		
OPTION: 11. PWD	10 JAN 83	1988.142

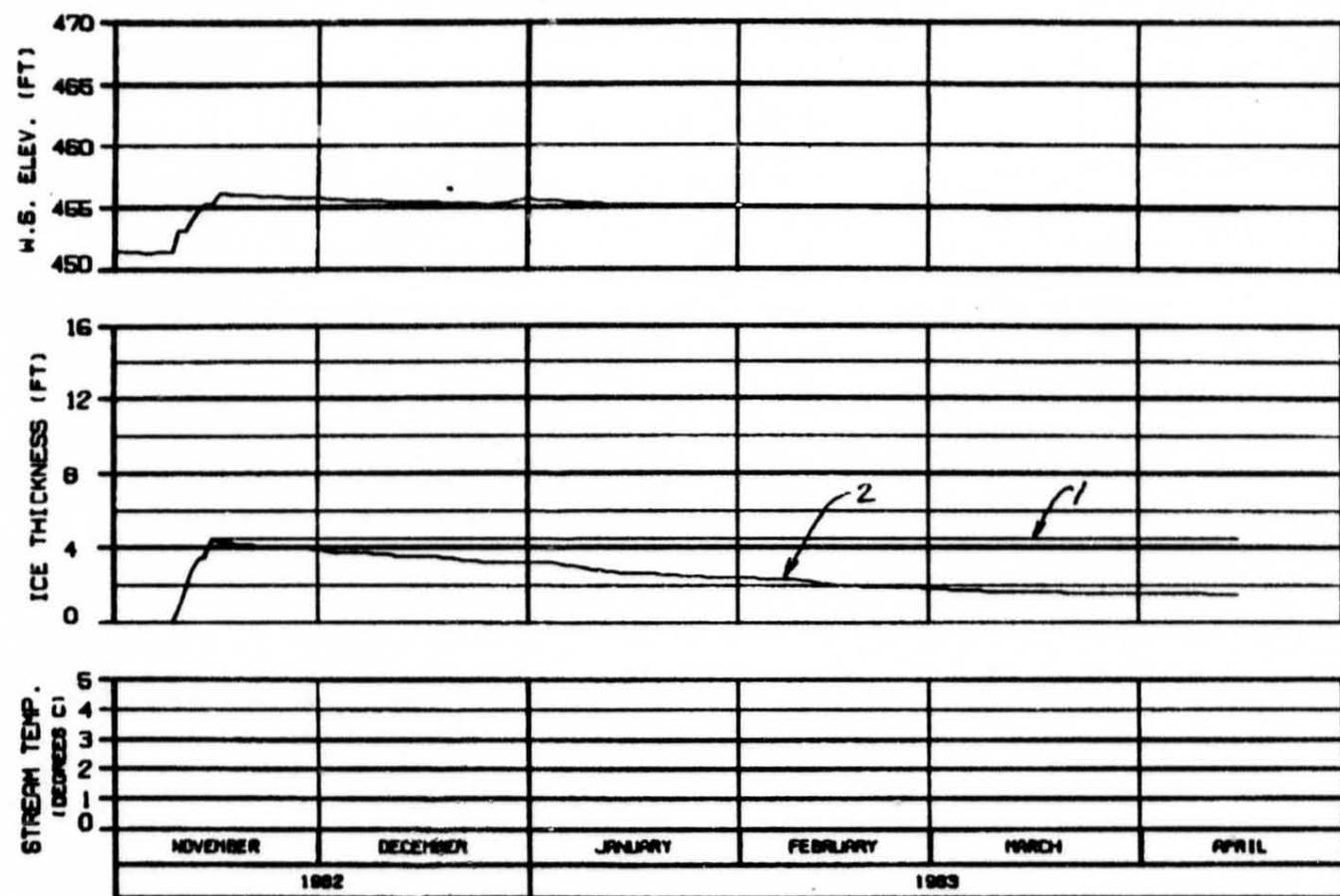


ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 101.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARBO-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE	
SPONSOR: ALASKA	14 APR 83
ISSUE: 142	



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE829

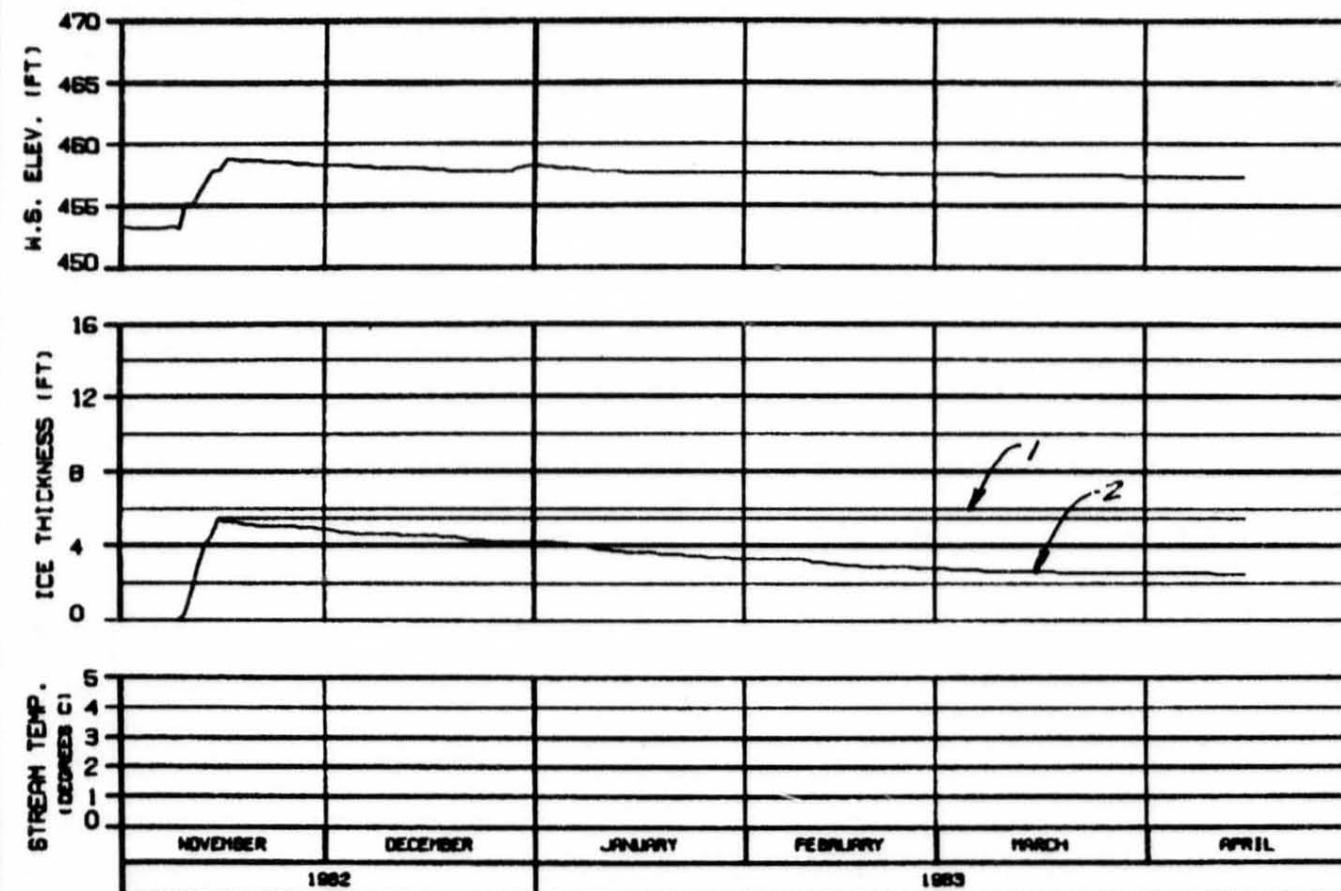
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 11/19/82 14 JAN 83 1000.142



MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A
RIVER MILE : 112.34

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSTINA PROJECT

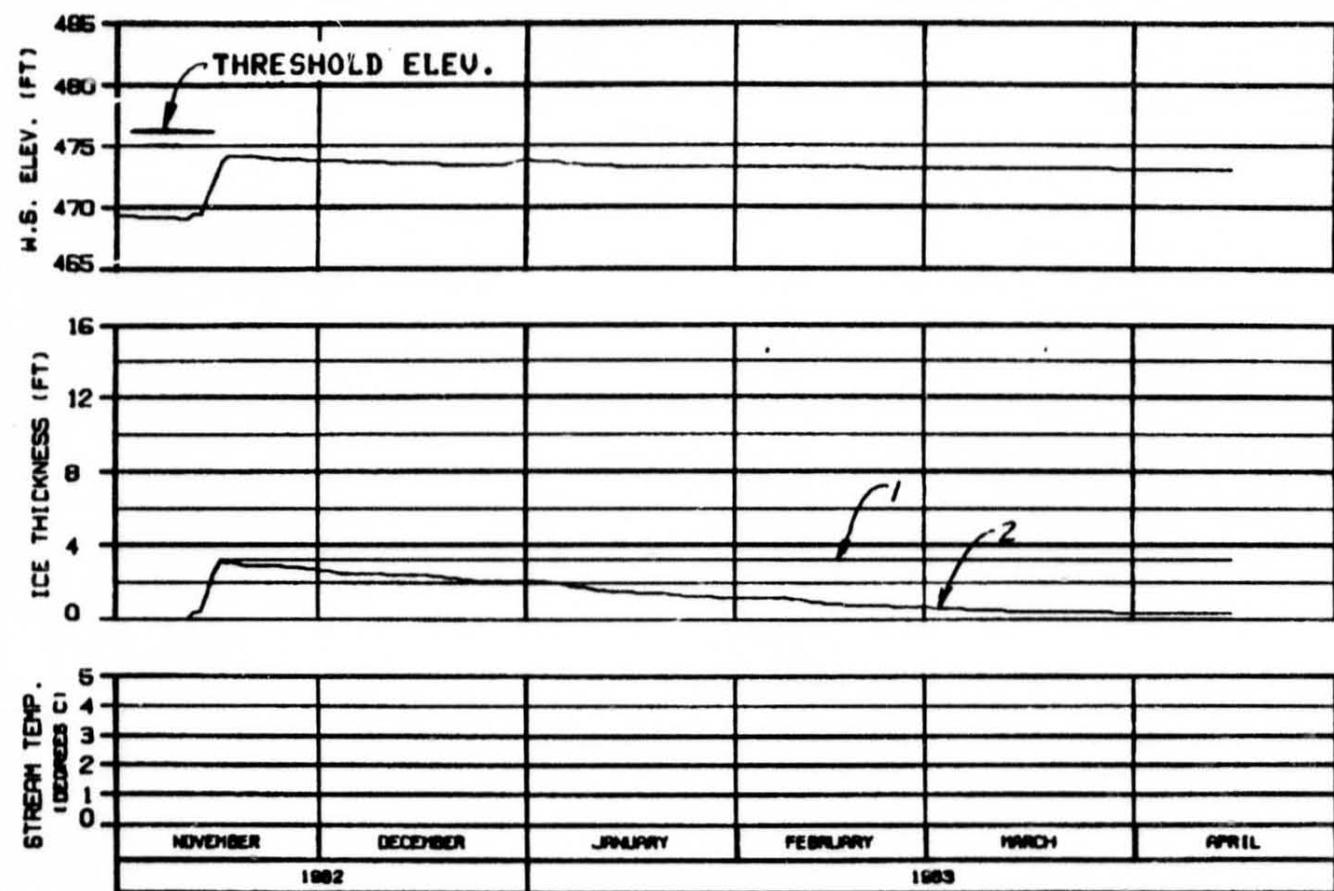
SUSTINA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

SHORELINES: 0.000000 14 JUL 81 0000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
RIVER MILE : 114.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

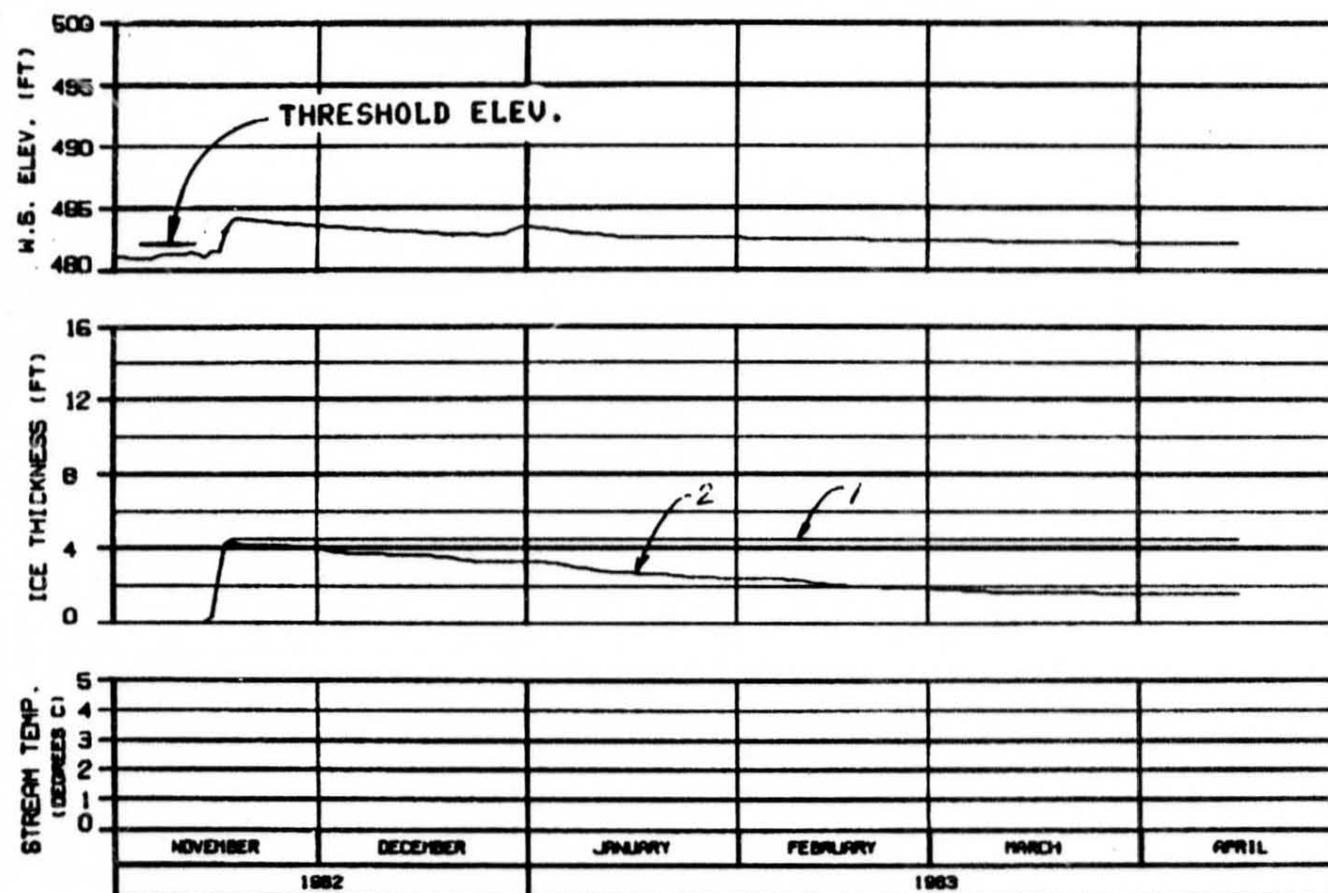
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

PREPARED BY HARZA 24 APR 83

1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

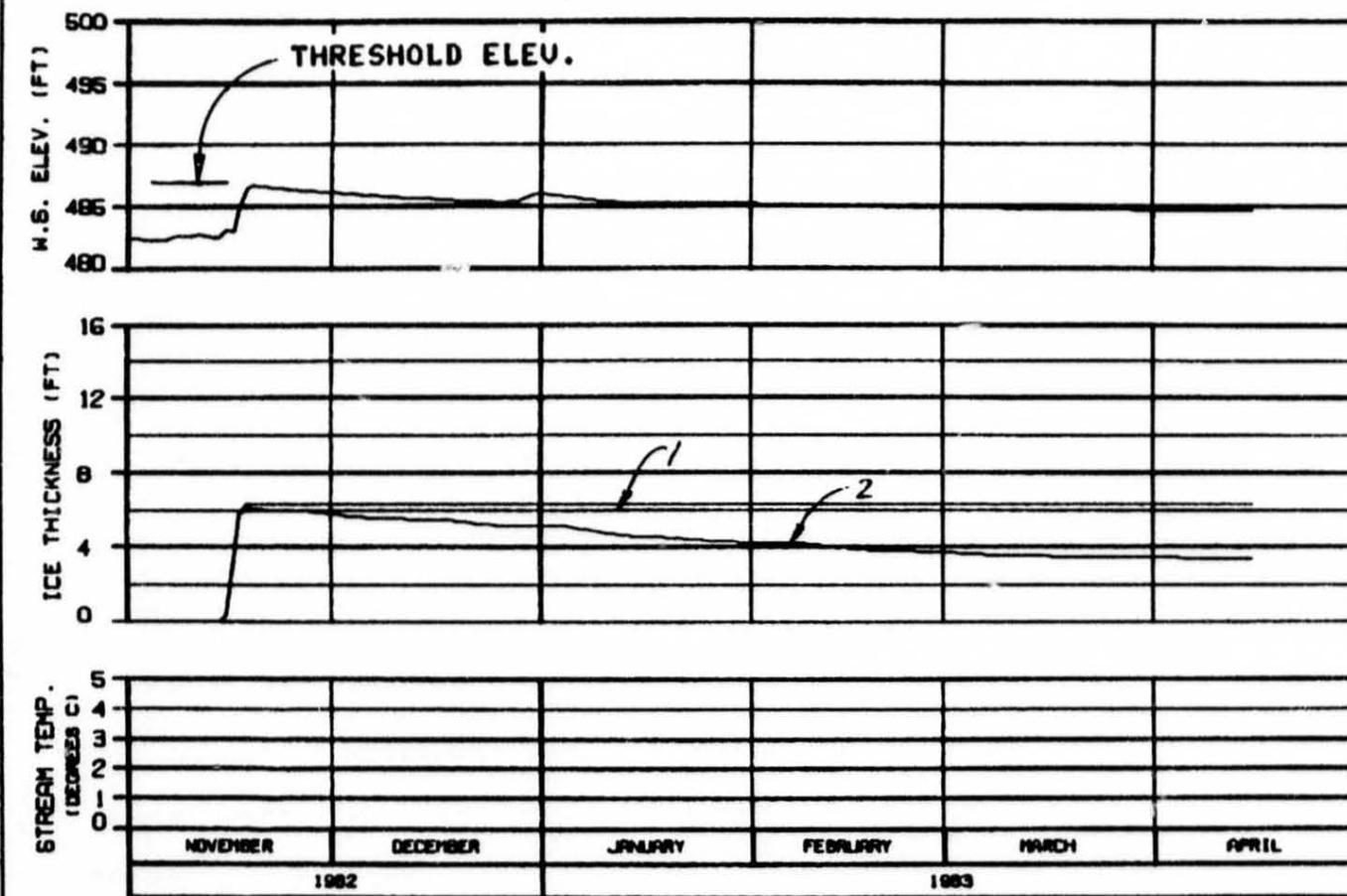
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, CALIFORNIA 34 JUL 84 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.90

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

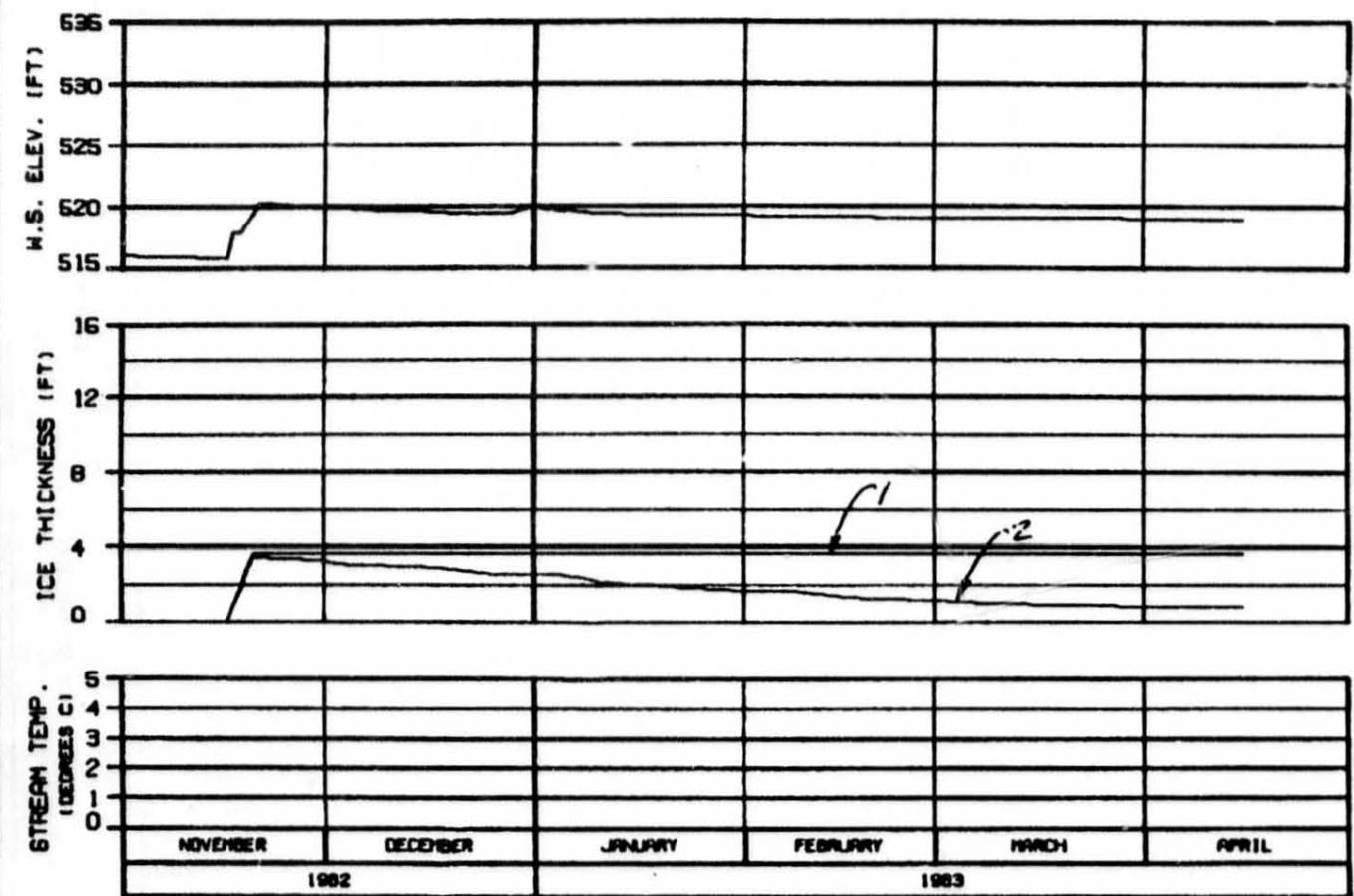
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSTINA PROJECT

SUSTINA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

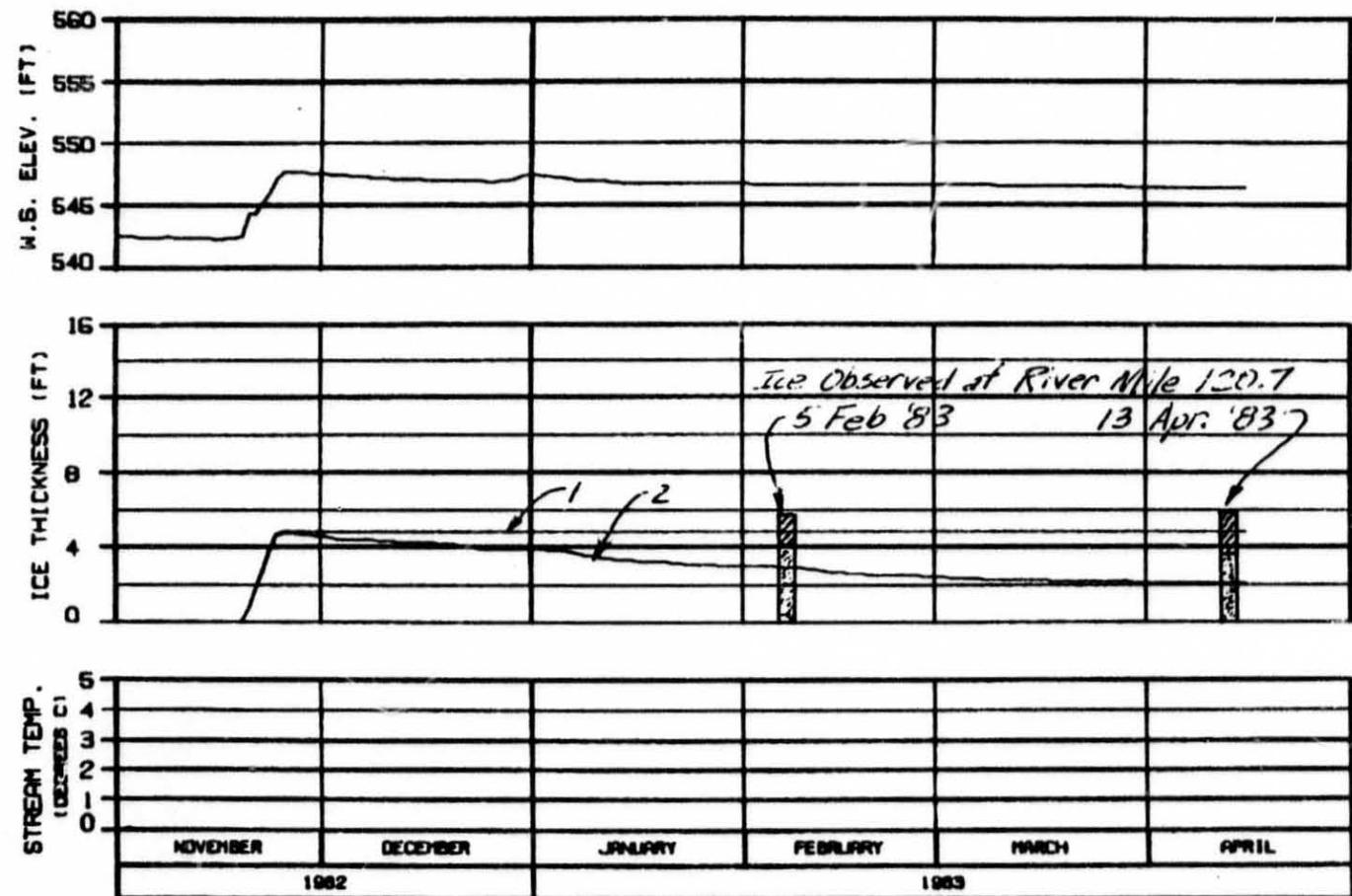
00000-00000 00 JUL 83 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

RIVER MILE : 120.00
 WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
 PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPRI CO. JOINT VENTURE	
OWNER- EPRI	MANAGER
DESIGNER- HARZA	OPERATOR
REF ID: 142	



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 123.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE020

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

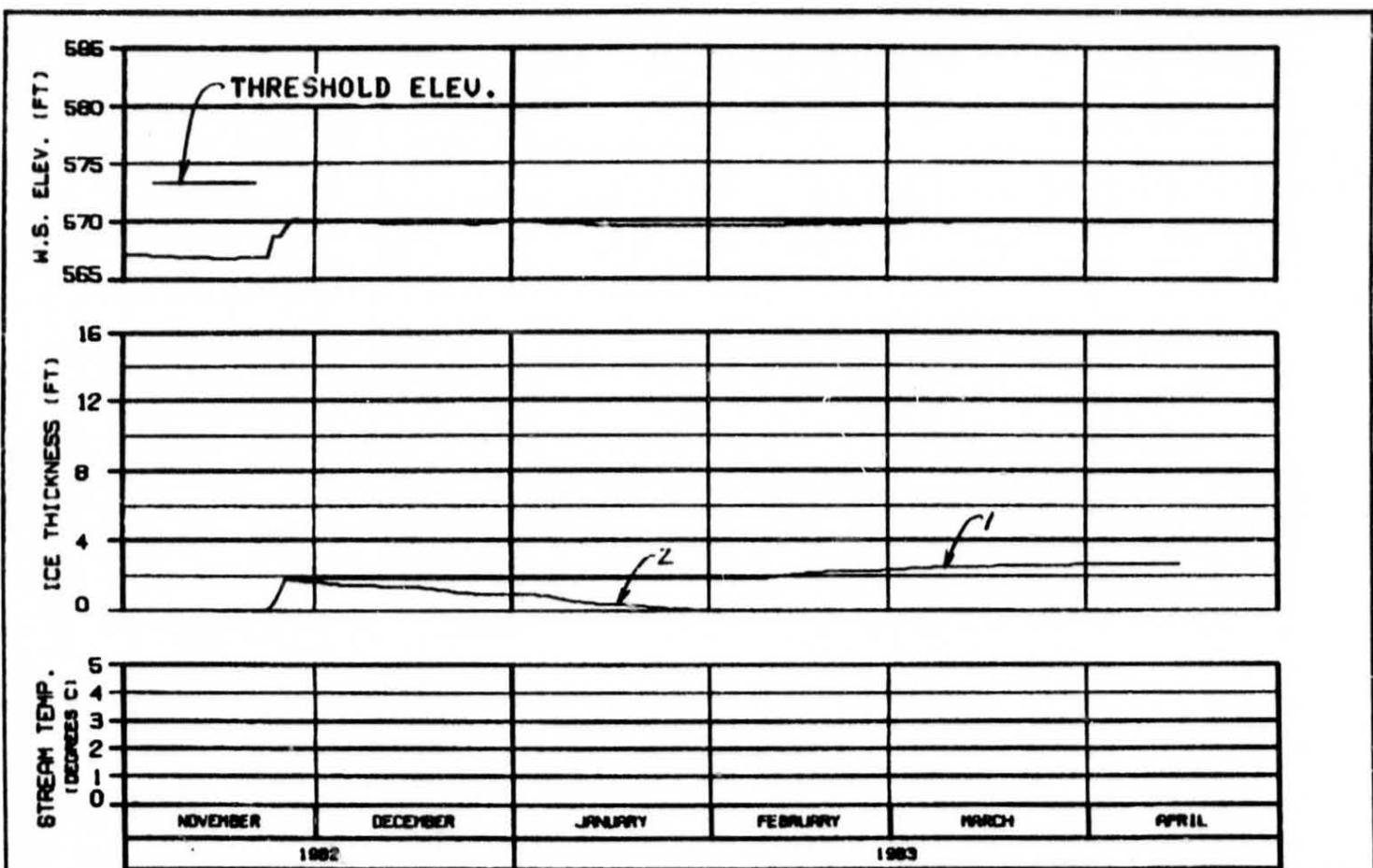
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 02/09/83 BY: J.W. HARRIS



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

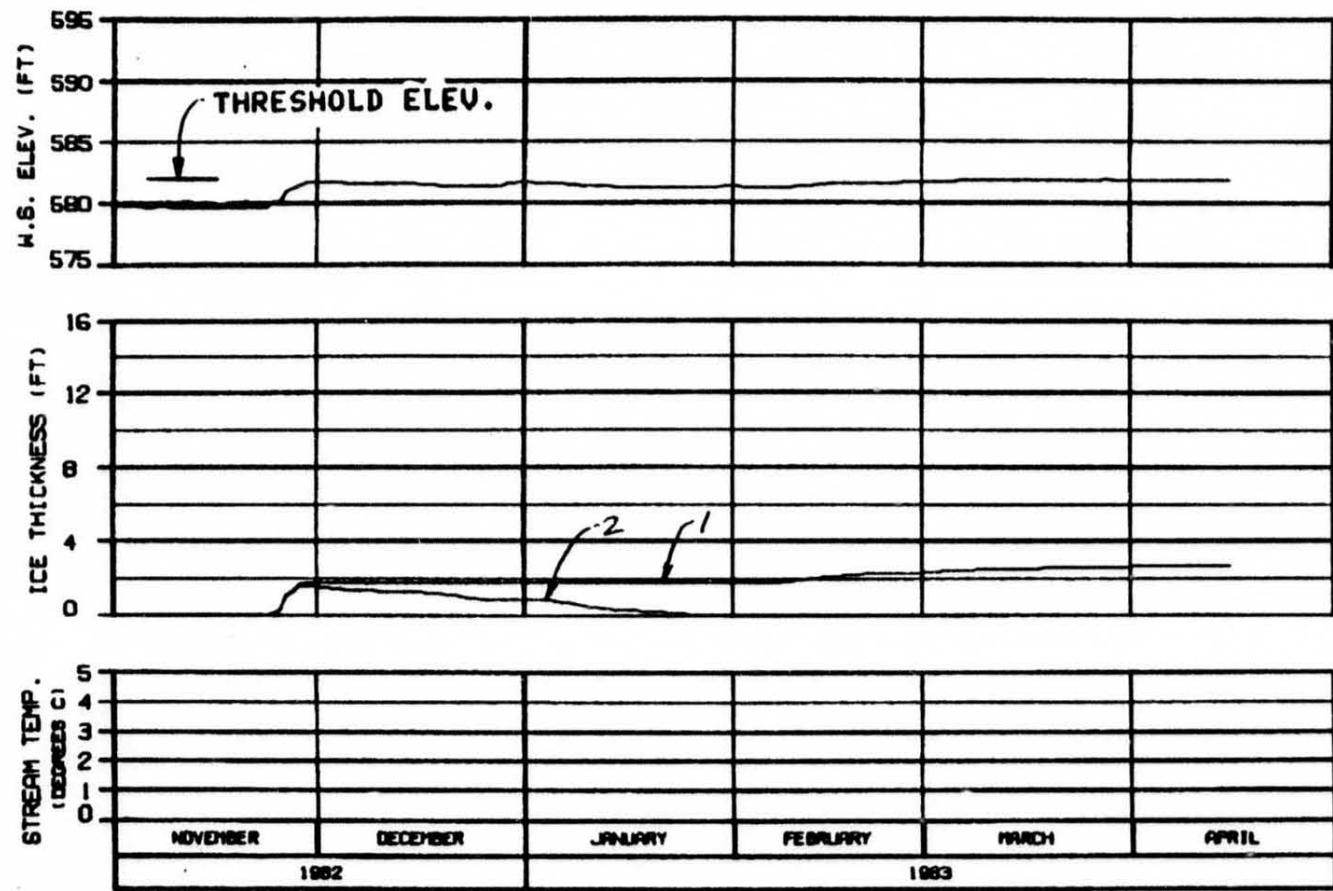
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

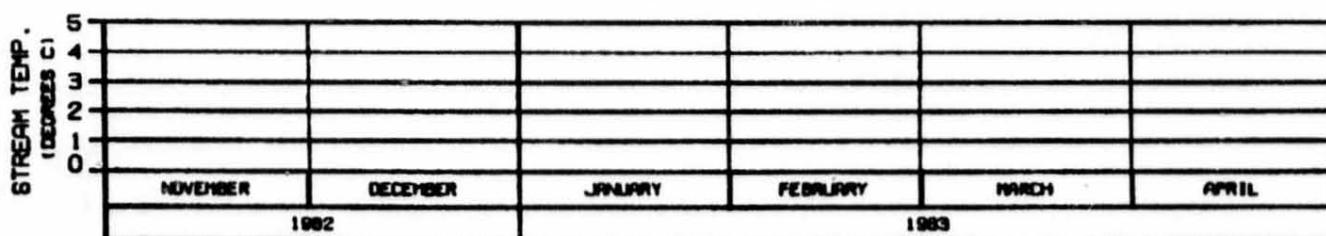
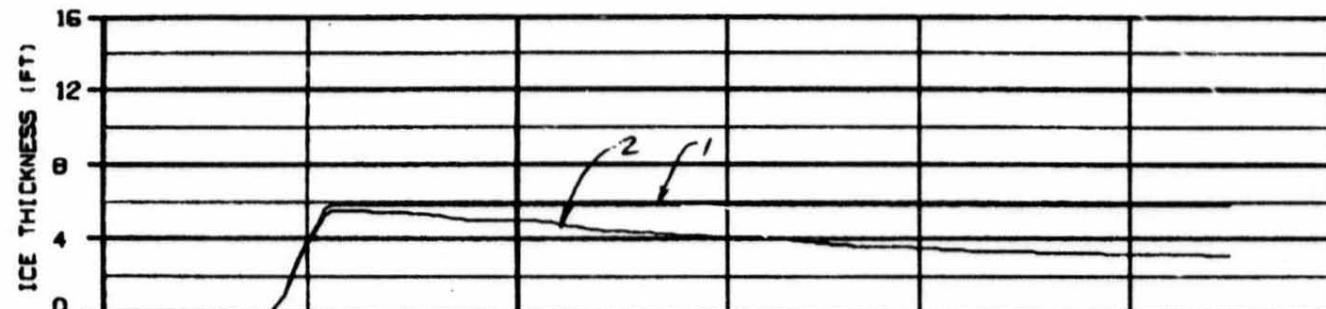
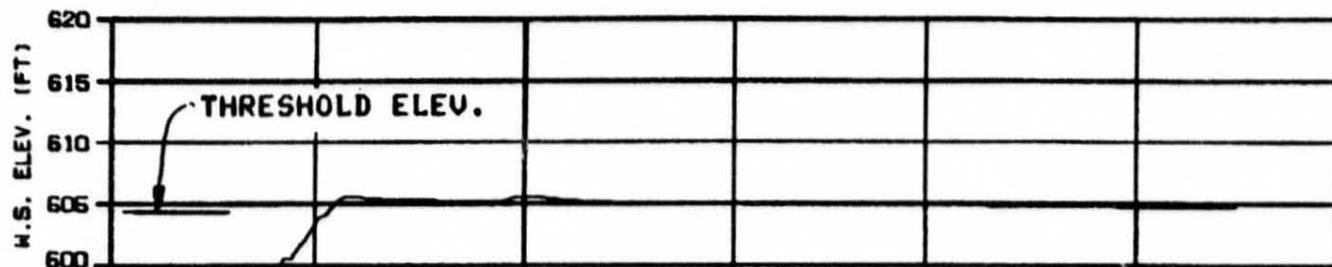
SHADES: 0.125 IN 14 JAN 83 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)
RIVER MILE : 127.10
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PREB2A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUBMITTAL	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
MARZA-EPASCO JOINT VENTURE	
CHARTERED: 12/10/82	14 JUN 84
REF ID: 142	



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 129.30

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

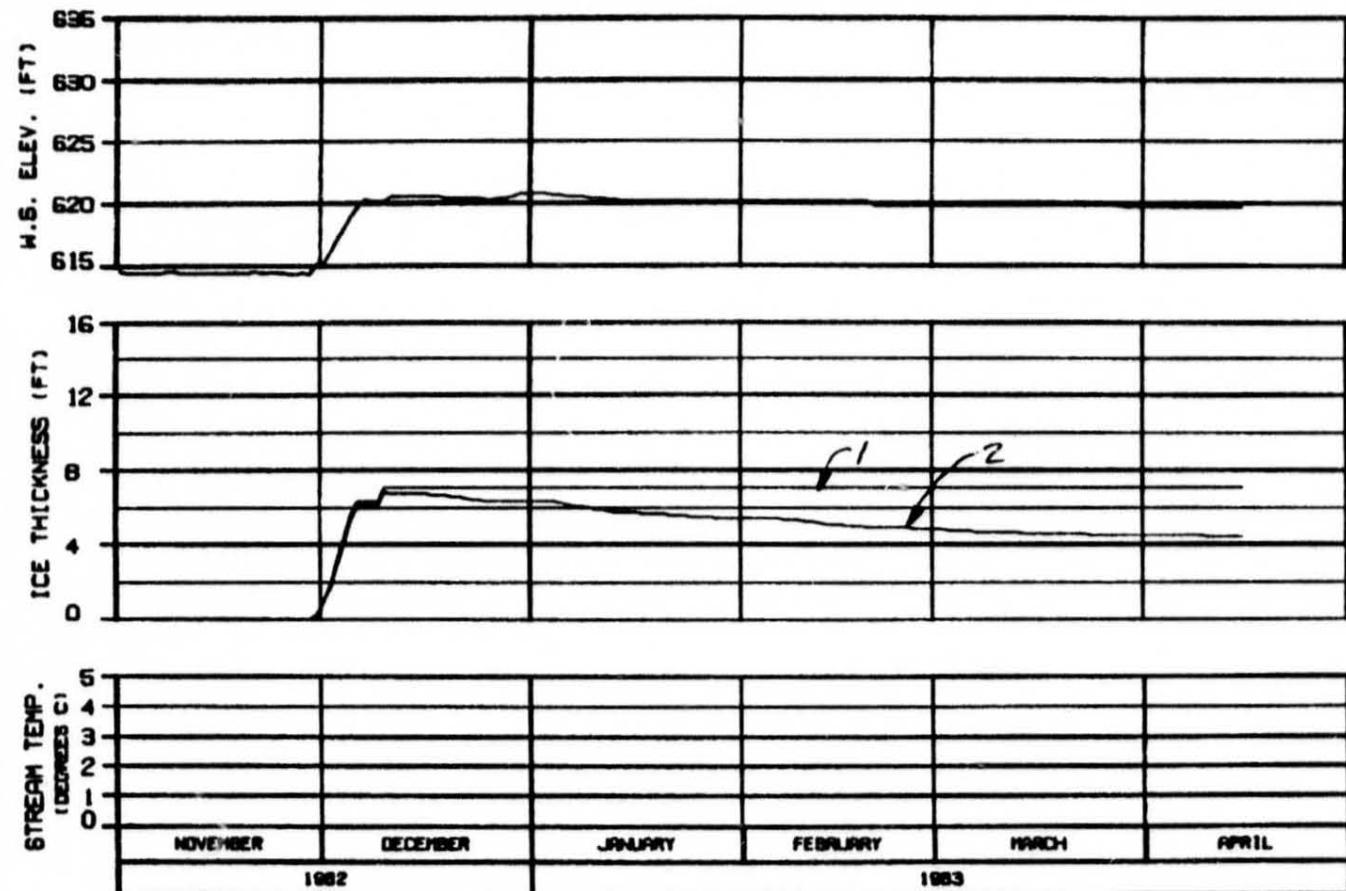
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 11/16/82 BY: J.A. COX 1000.142

OPTION?



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. BASEL COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 130.60

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

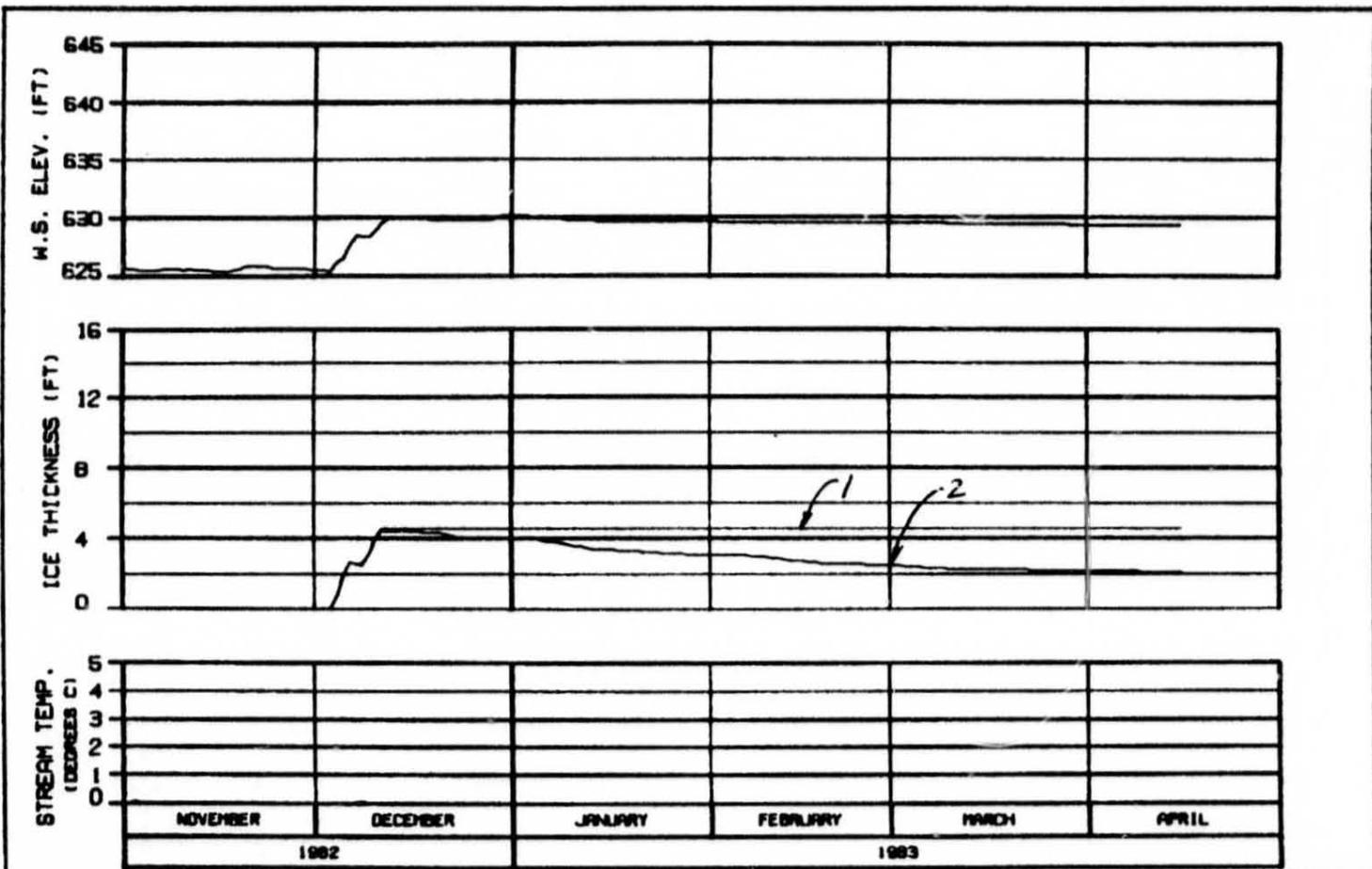
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DOVER, DE 19903 04 JUL 83 1983-142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK
RIVER MILE : 131.80

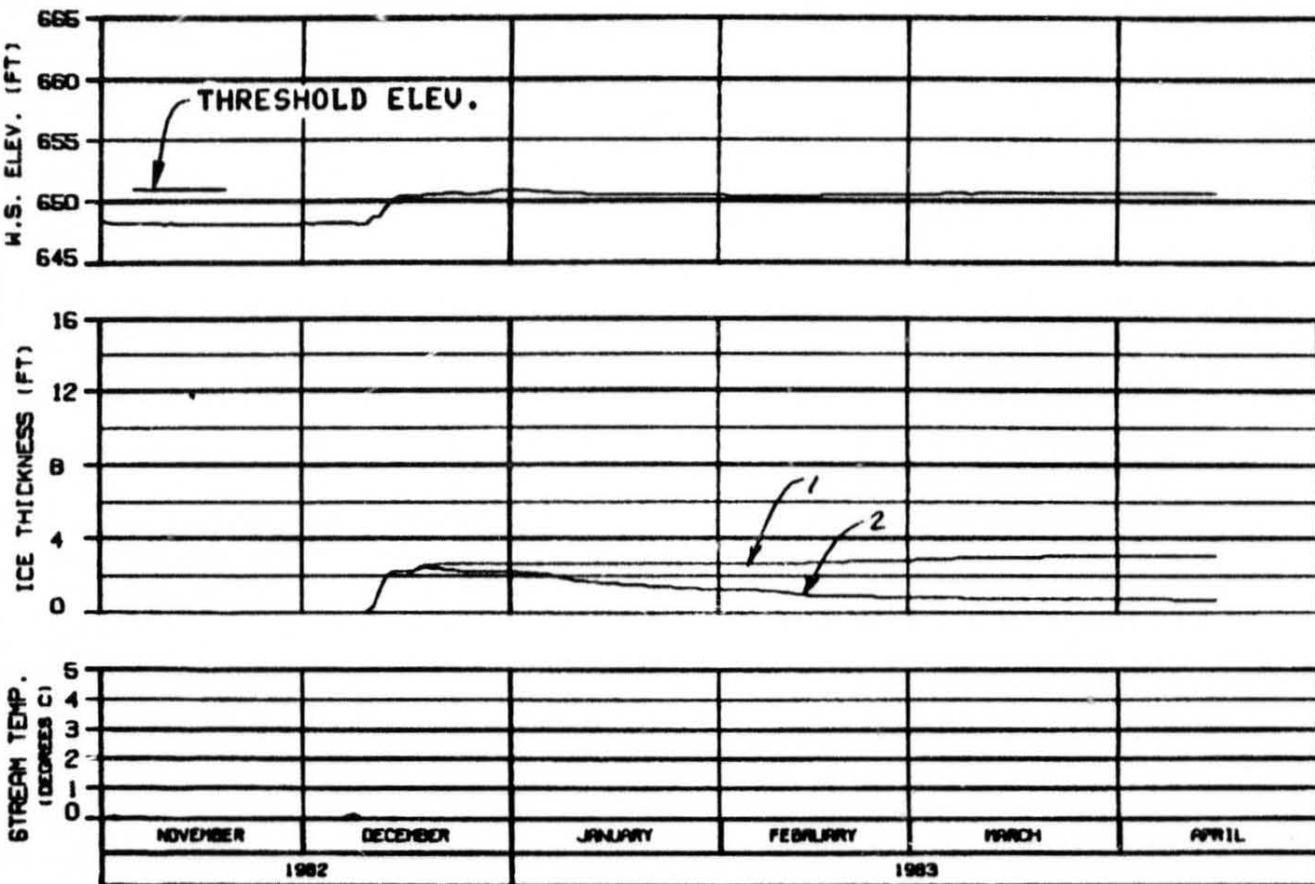
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1: TOTAL THICKNESS
2: SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBAGCO JOINT VENTURE	
DATA SHEET	14 JAN 84
8888.142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
RIVER MILE : 133.70

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

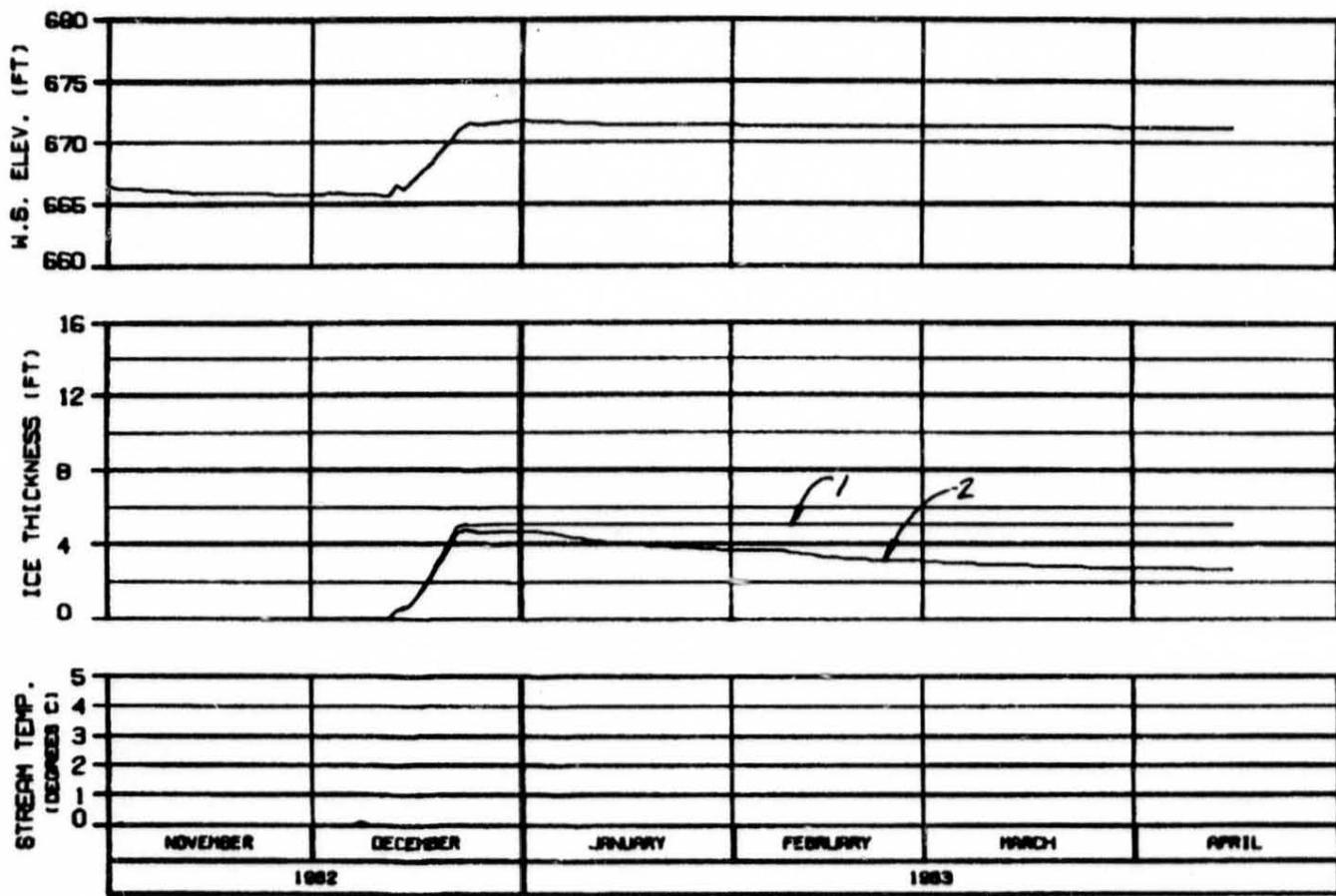
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARRA-EBRSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER: EBRSCO 14 JAN 83 ISSUED: 142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 135.30

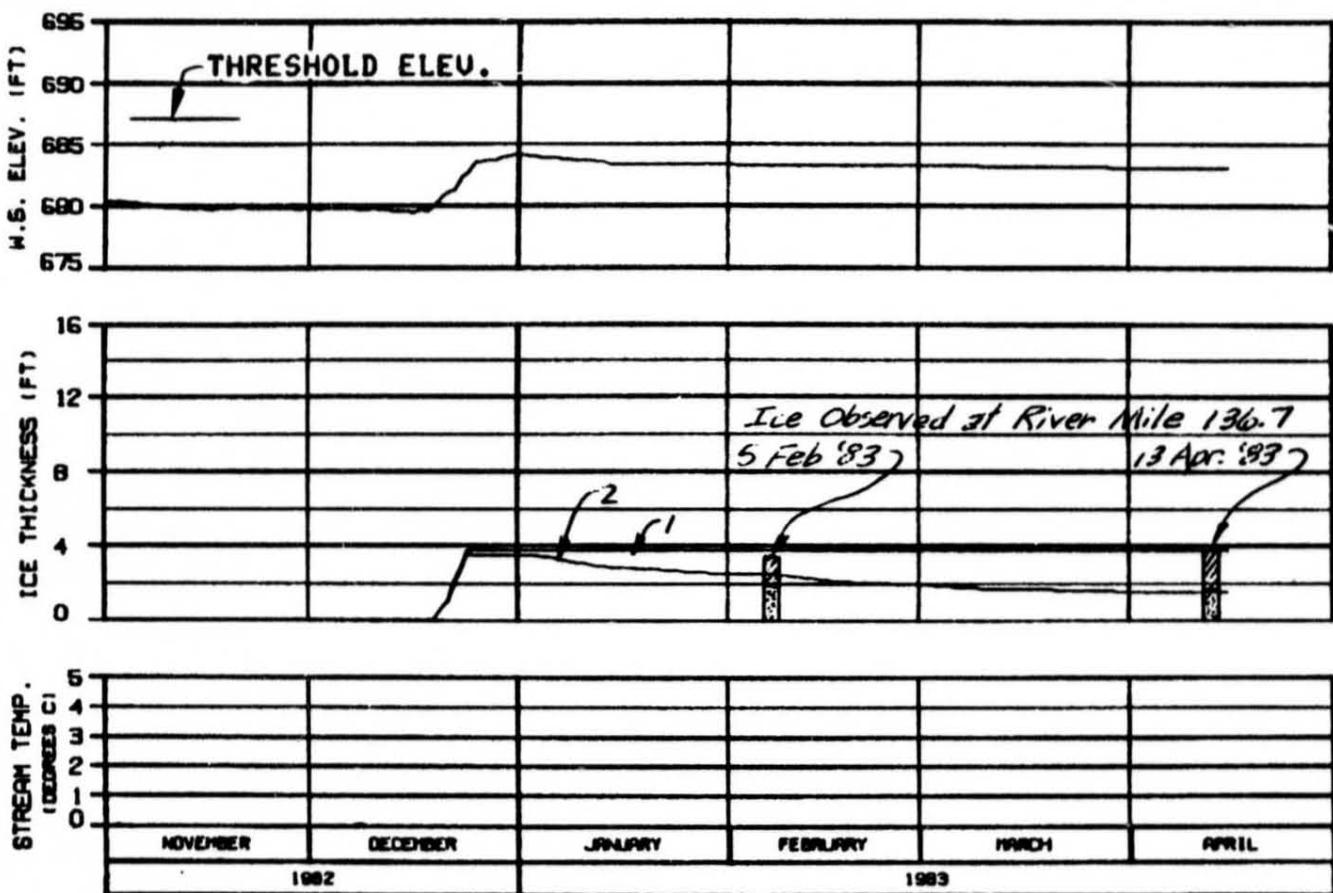
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PREB2A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DATAFILE: SUSITNA 14 JUL 83 1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 136.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 15 APR 83
PRE PROJECT SIMULATION
REFERENCE RUN NO. : PRE82A

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

REVISION: B, EDITION: 04 APR 83, SHEET: 148

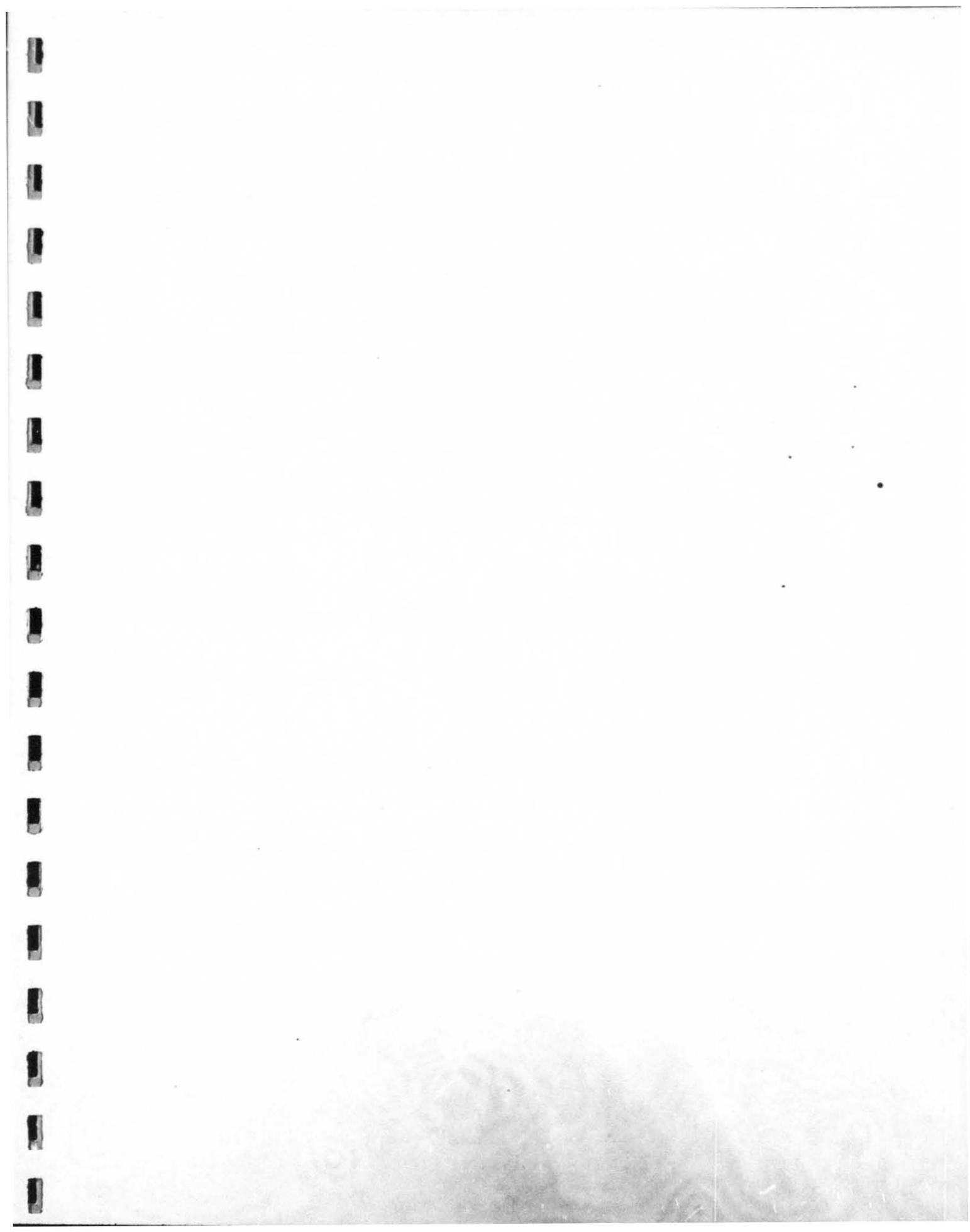
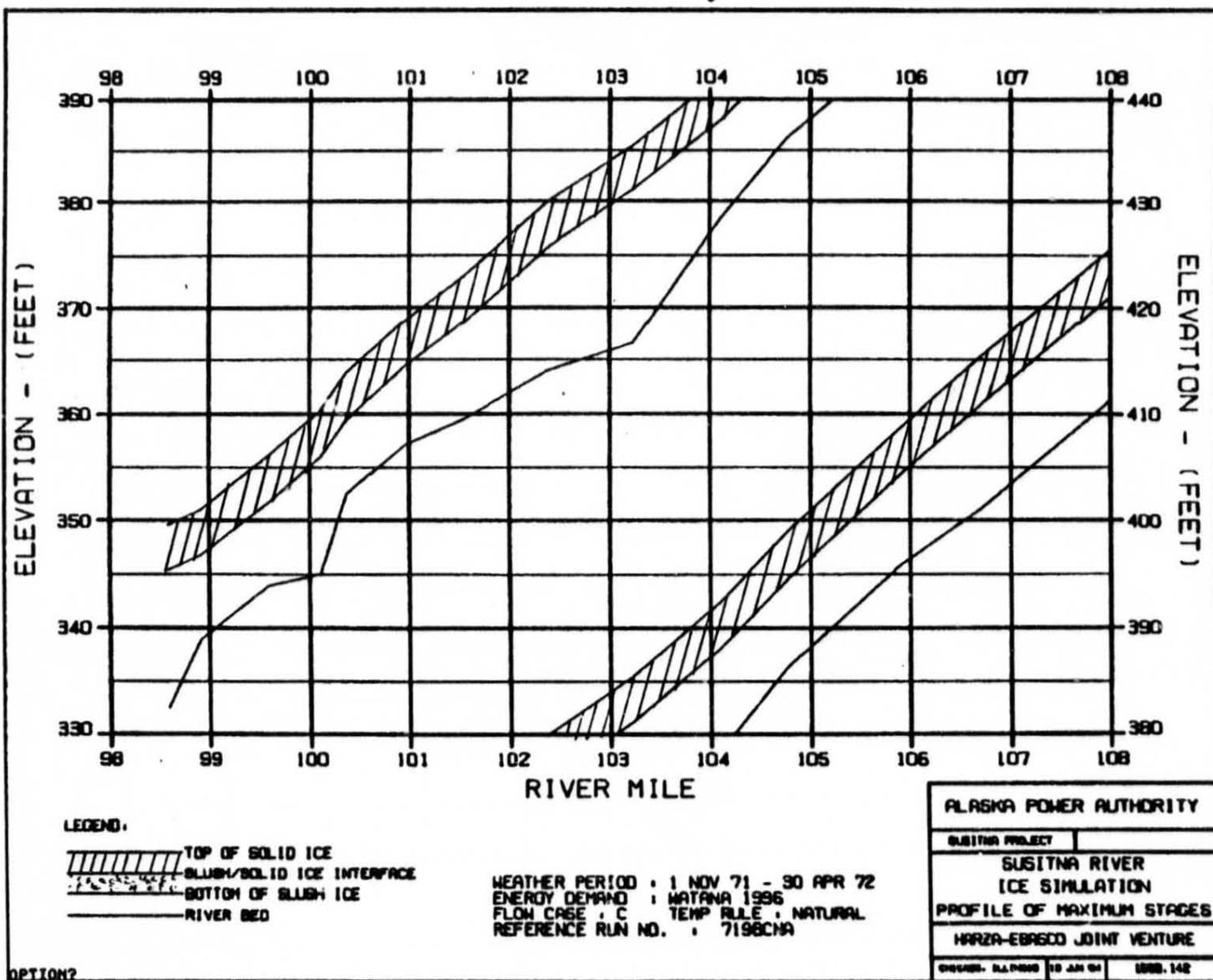
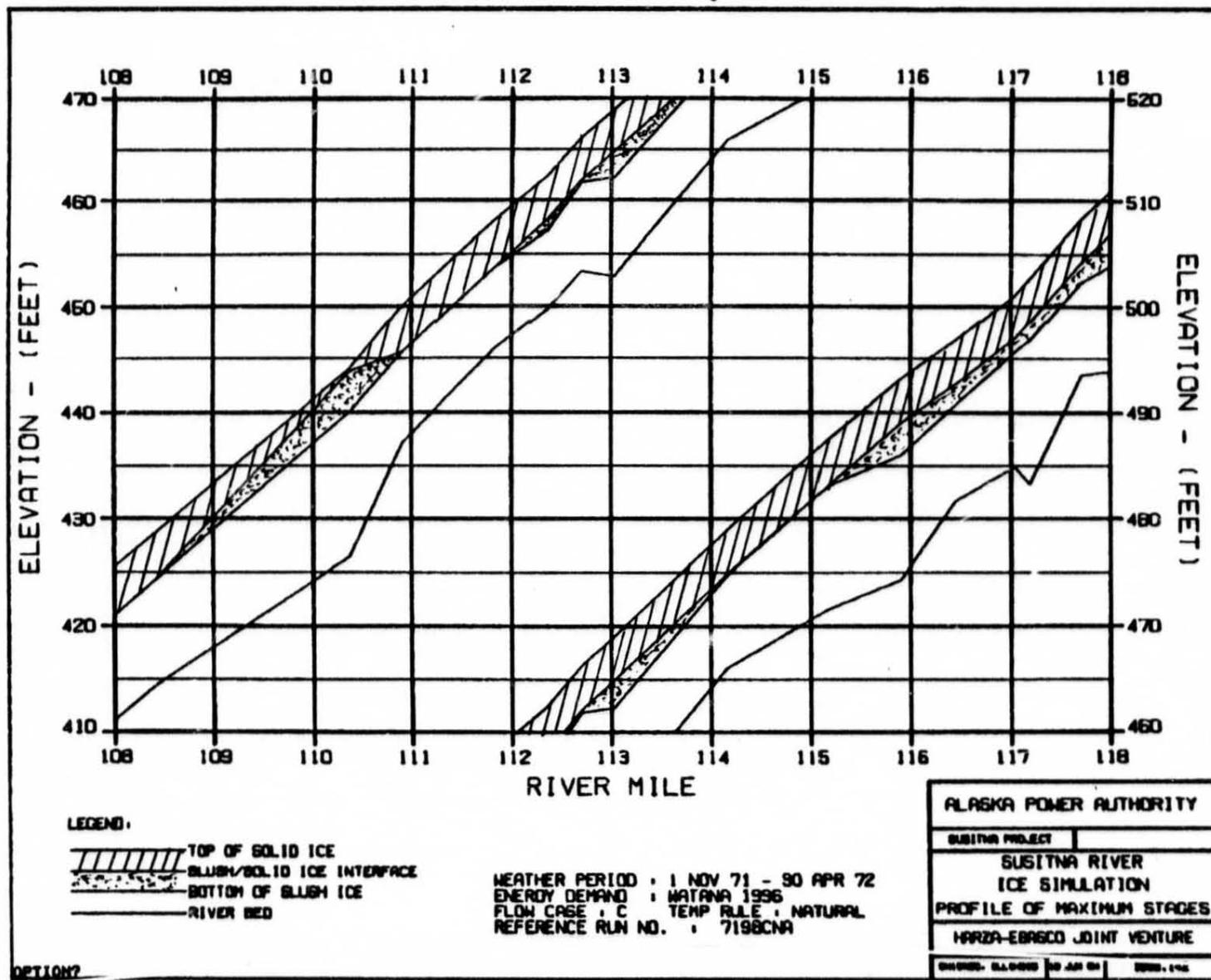


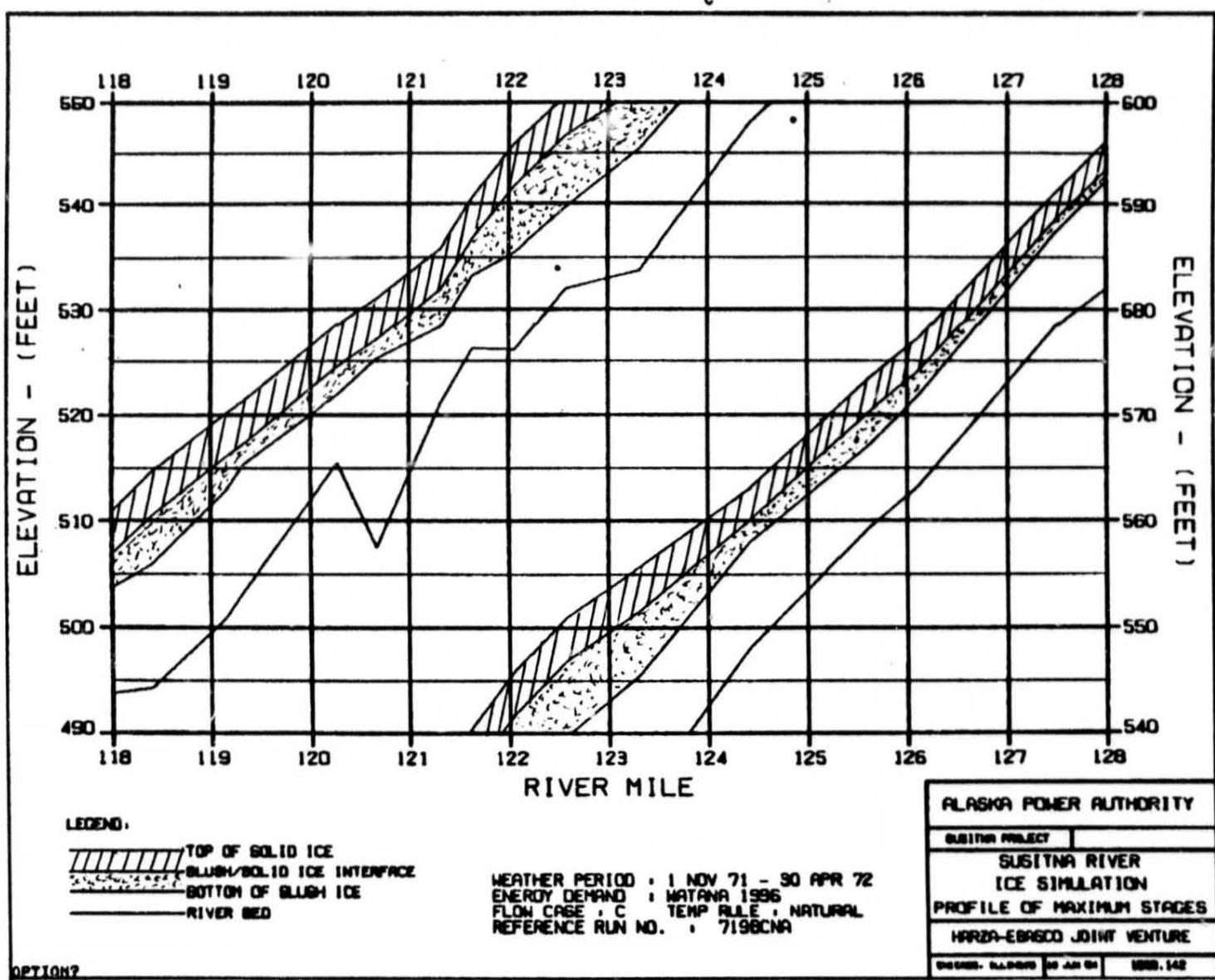
EXHIBIT E

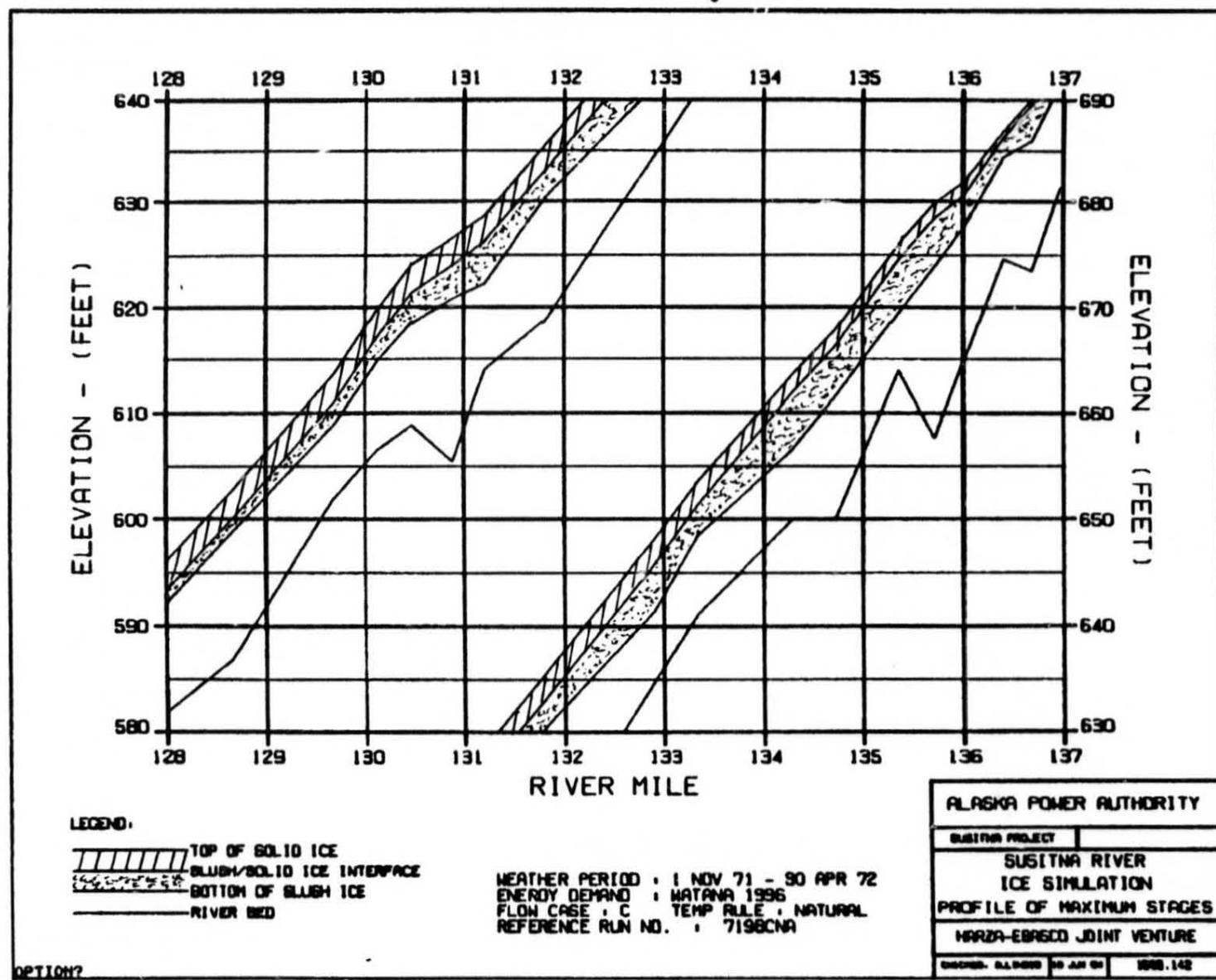
C

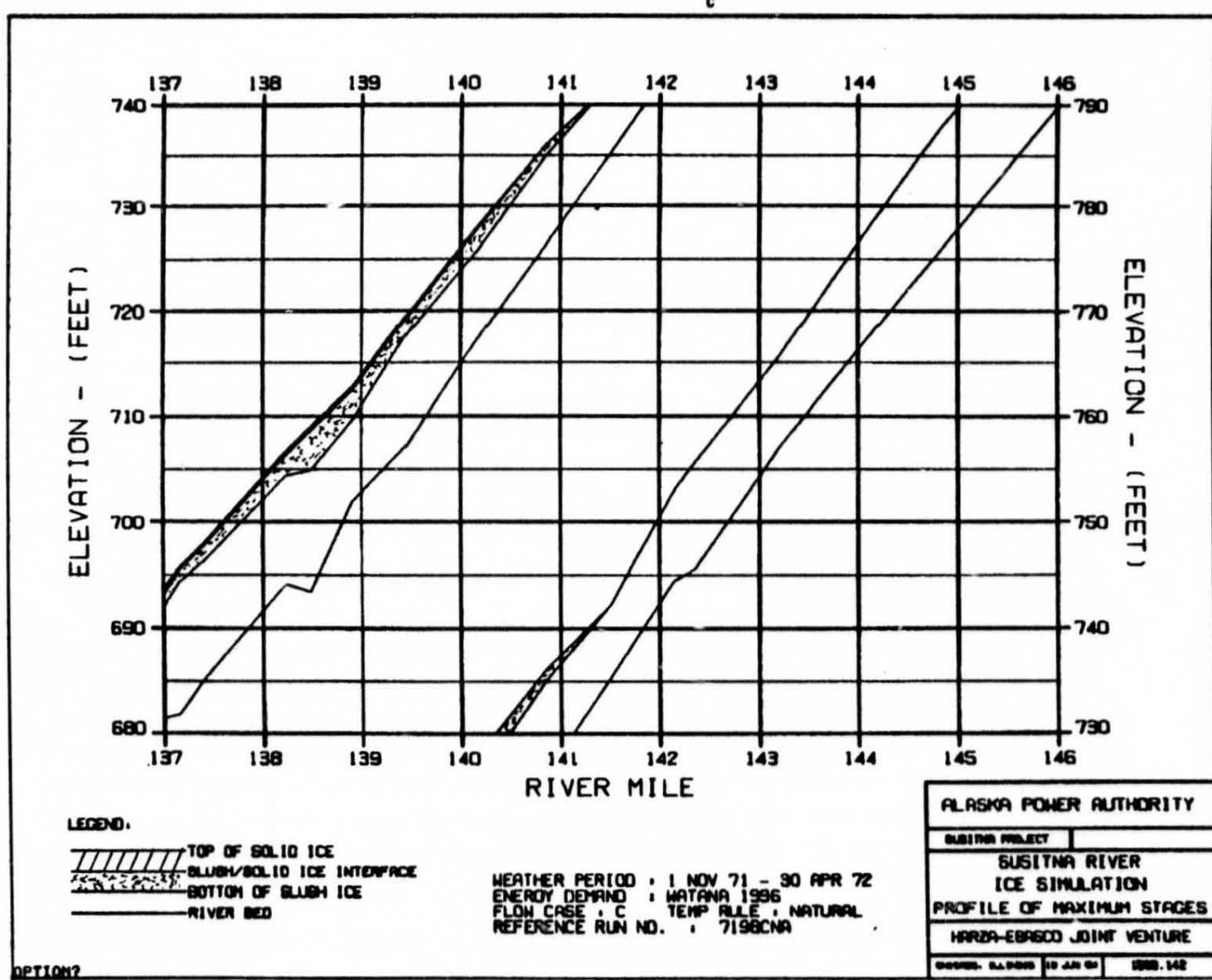


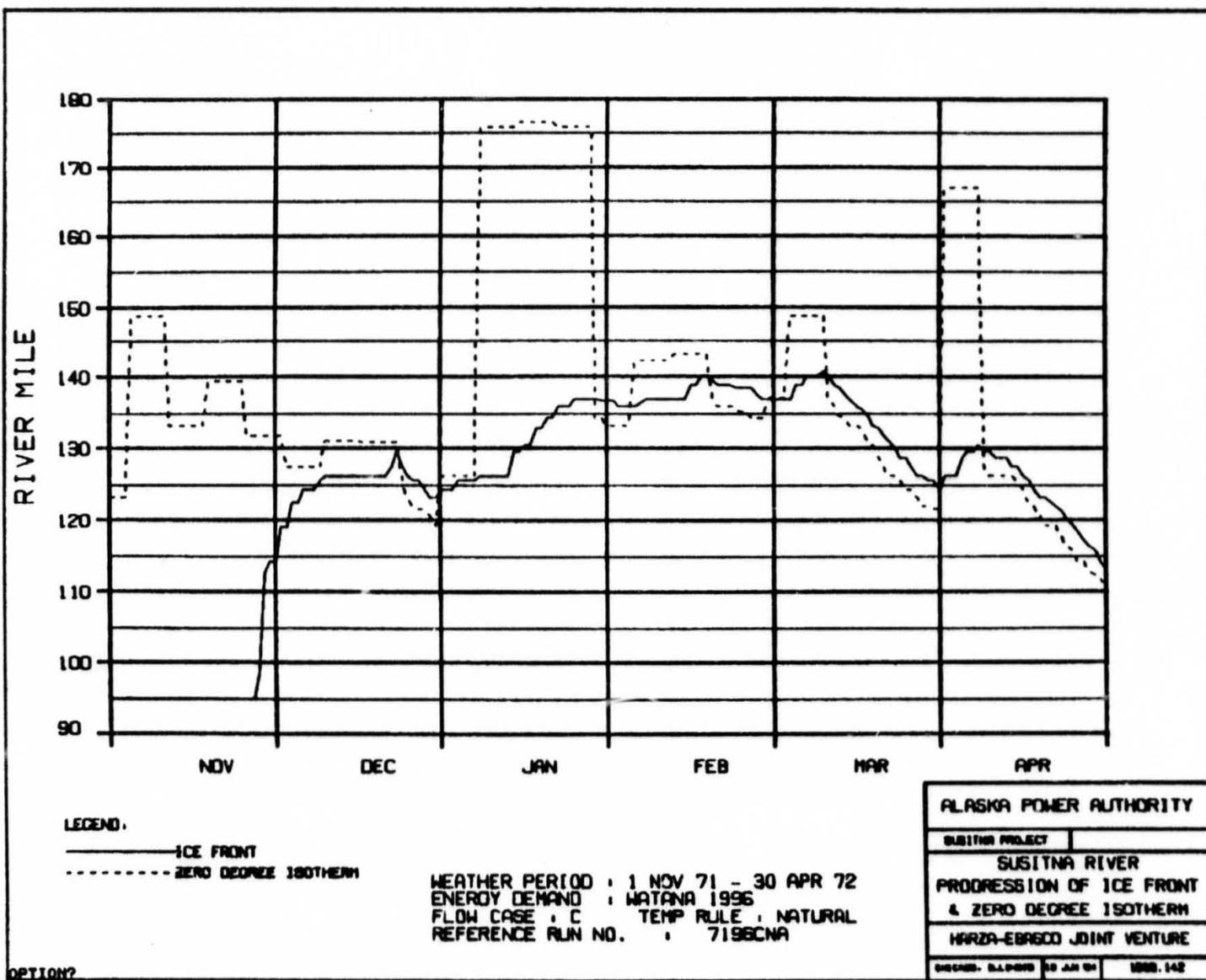
C

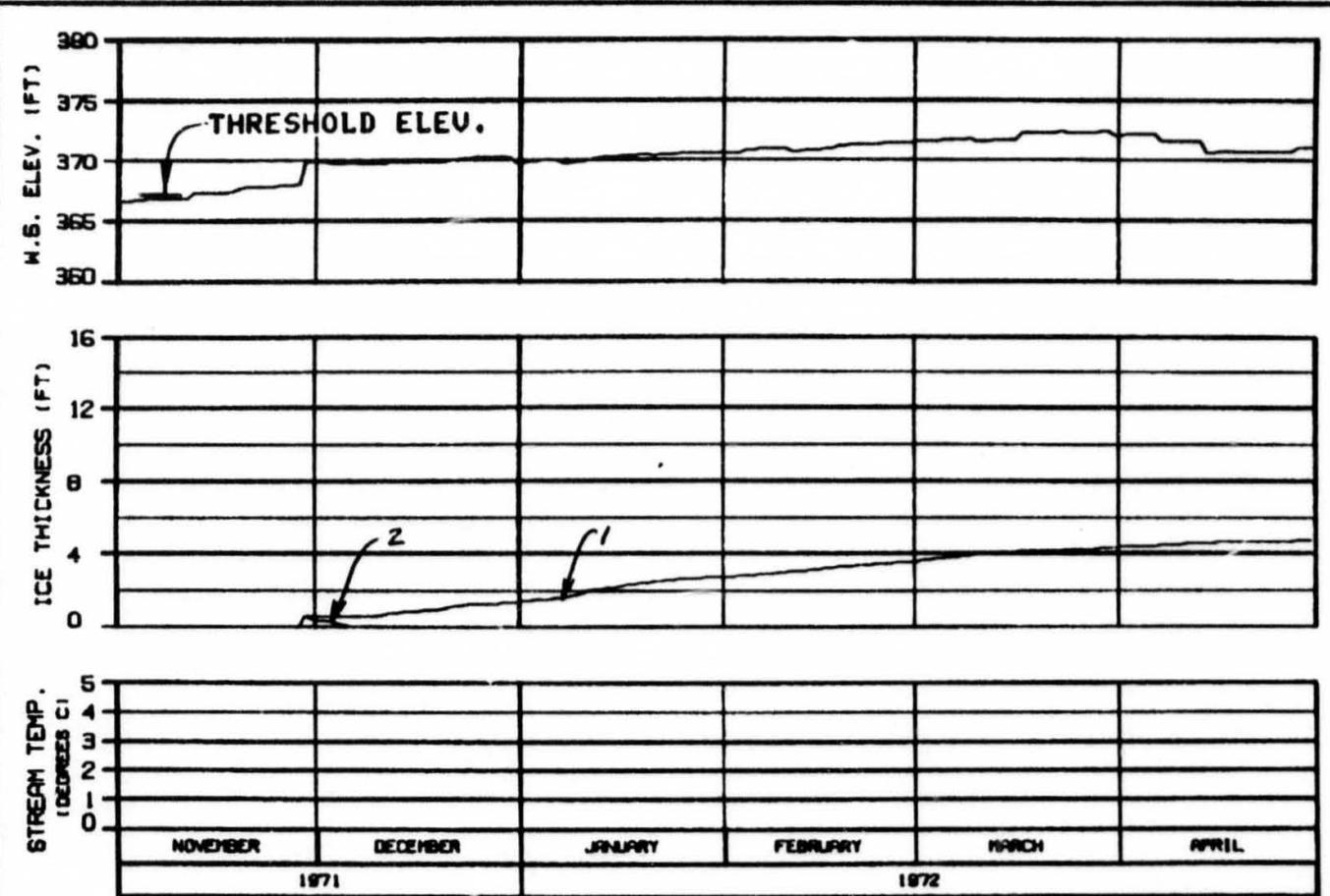












ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 101.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

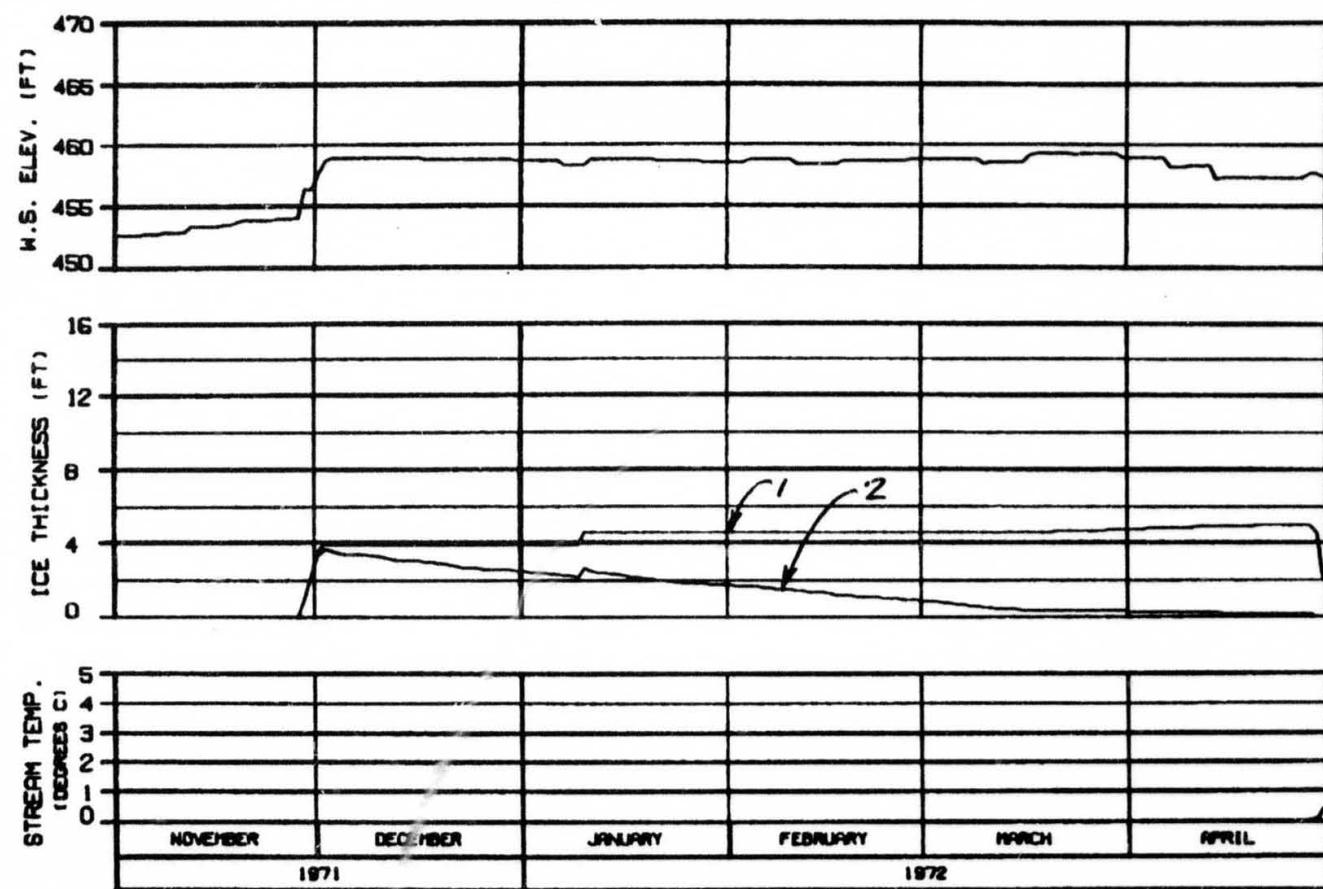
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

EDDIES- B.L. 1996 16 APR 94 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2. BLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

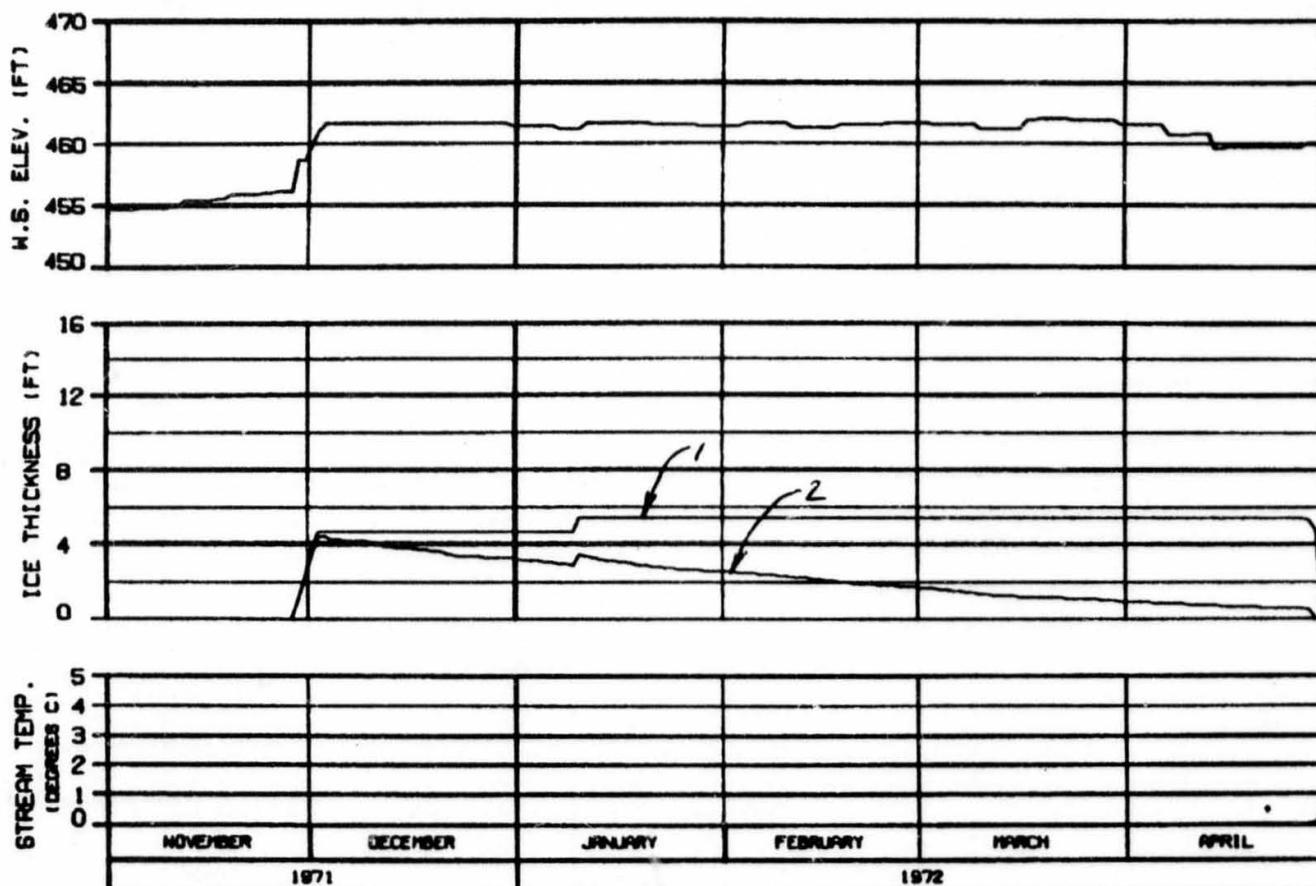
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DATARED. BY D. HARRIS 10 JUL 91 1000.142



MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A

RIVER MILE : 112.34

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

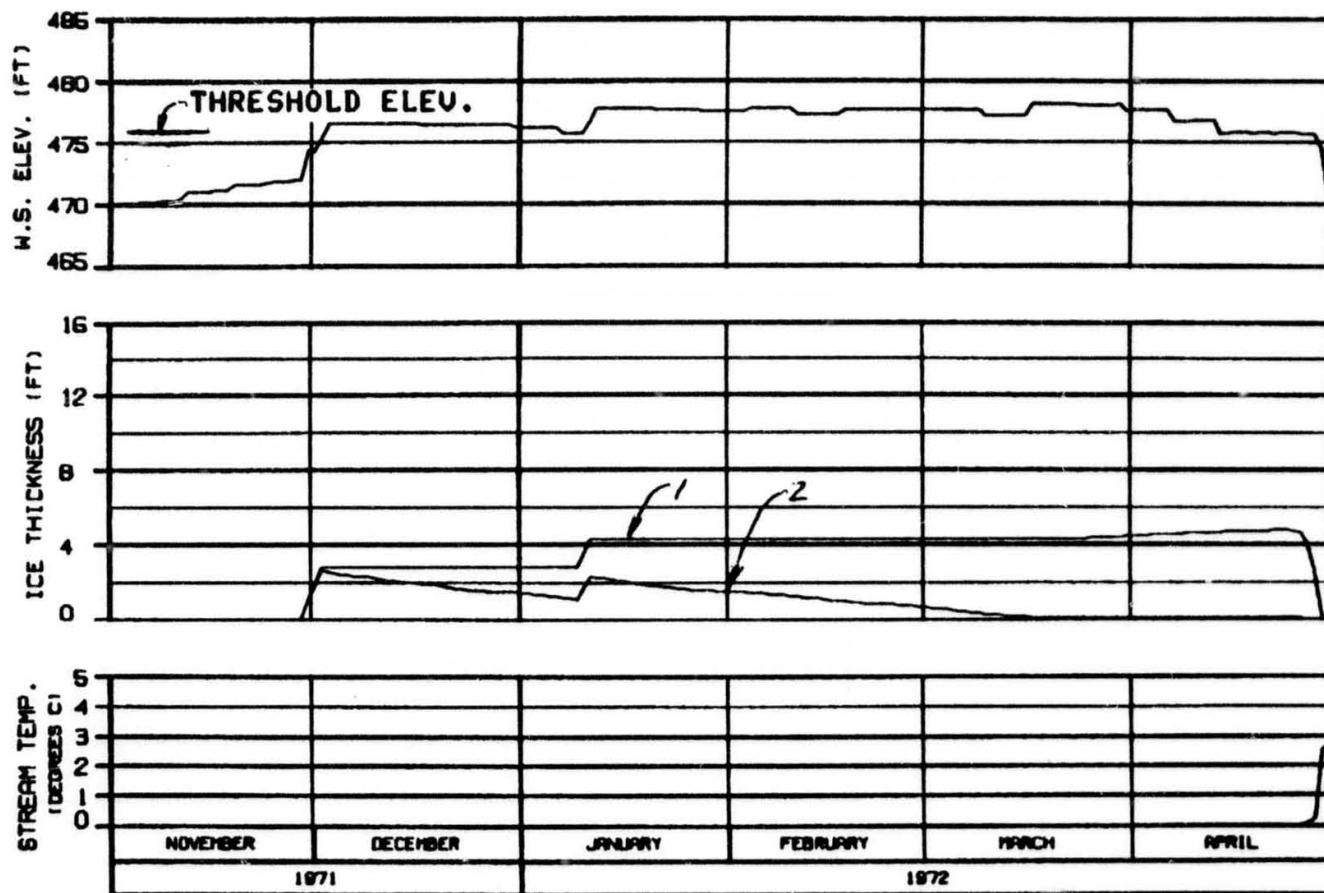
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HRR2A-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

ENCODED: 04-19-90 10 AM '91 1998.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
RIVER MILE : 114.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

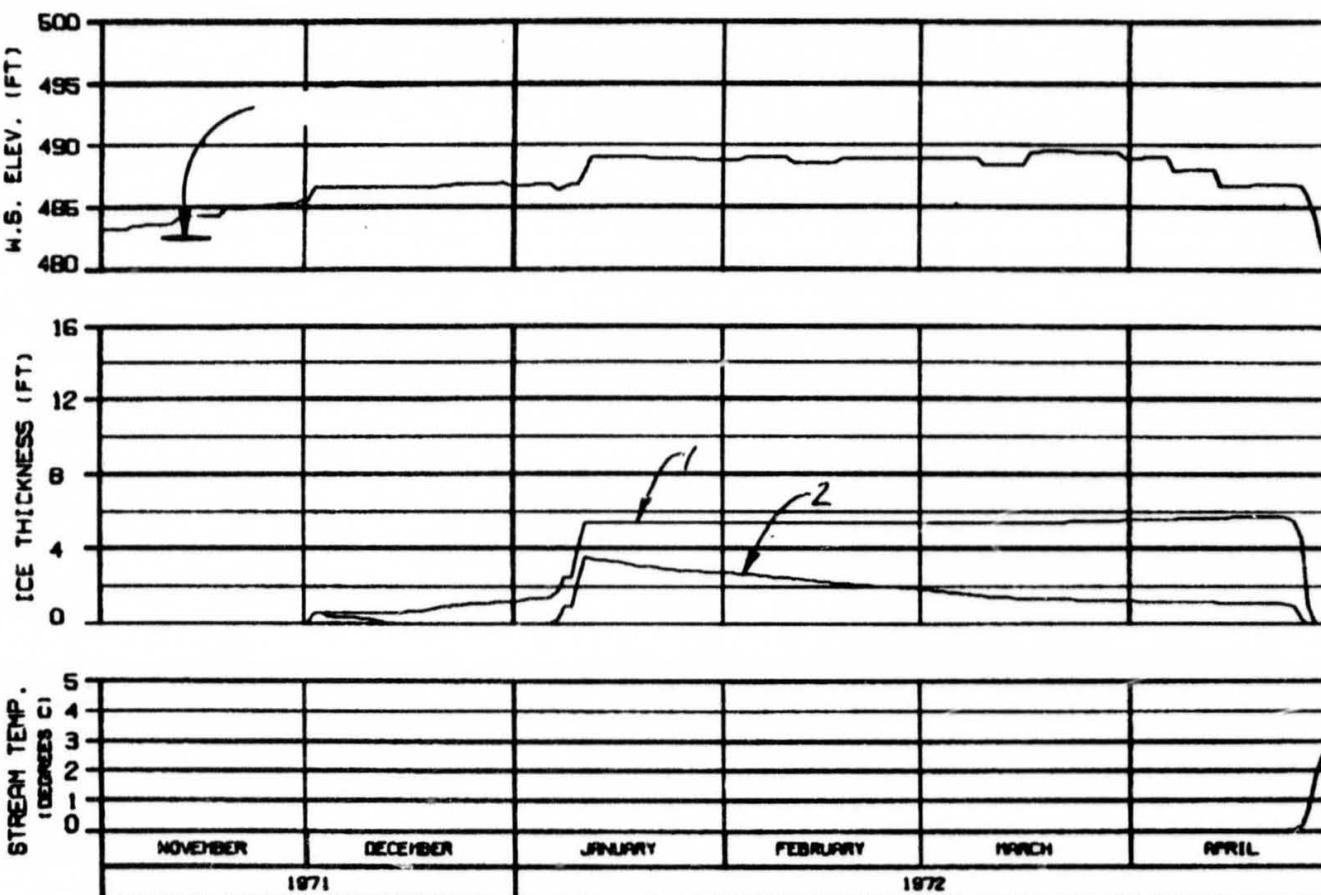
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTS: 11.3000 30 APR 01 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

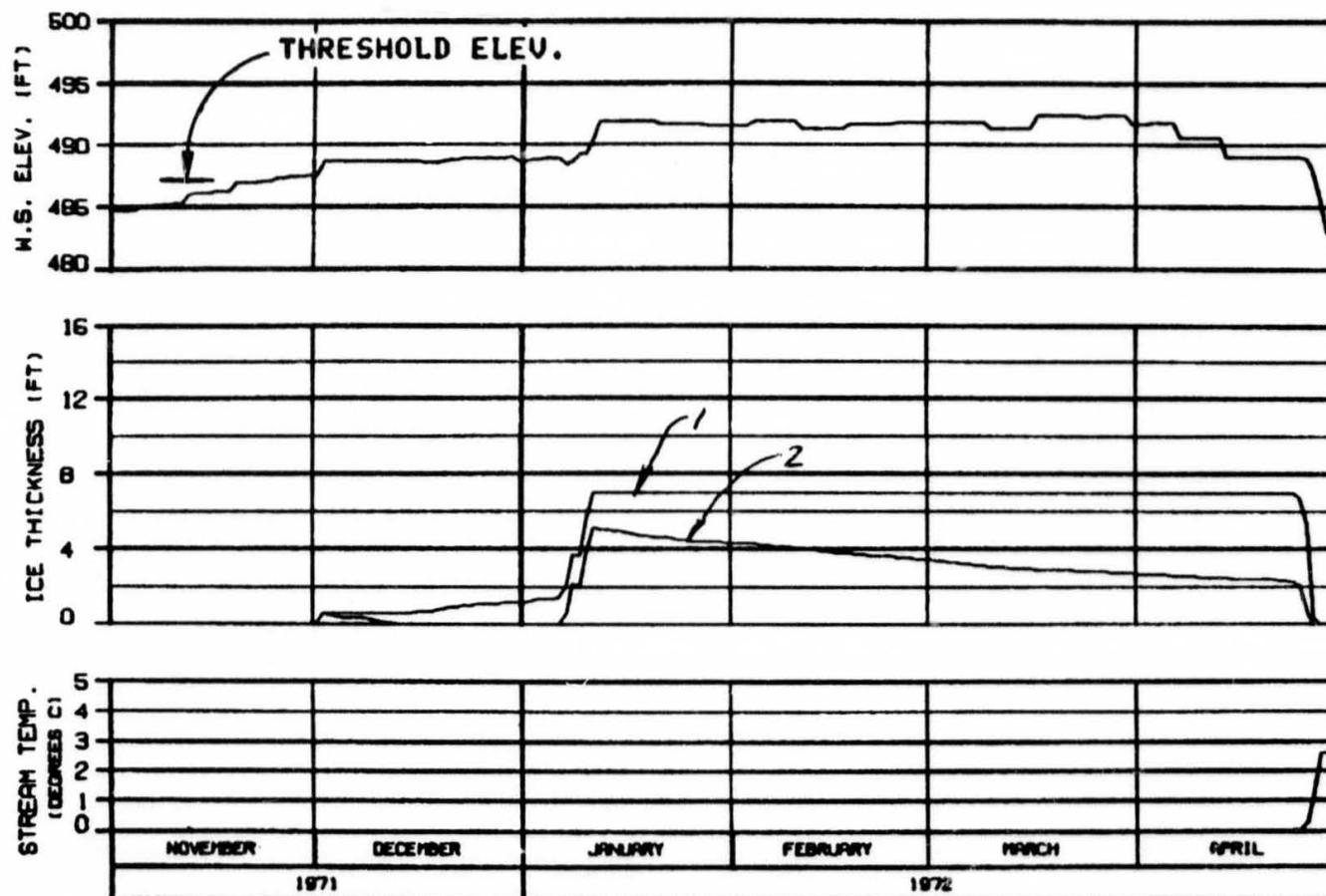
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196ONA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

Version: 11.00000 30-Jan-01 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.90

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

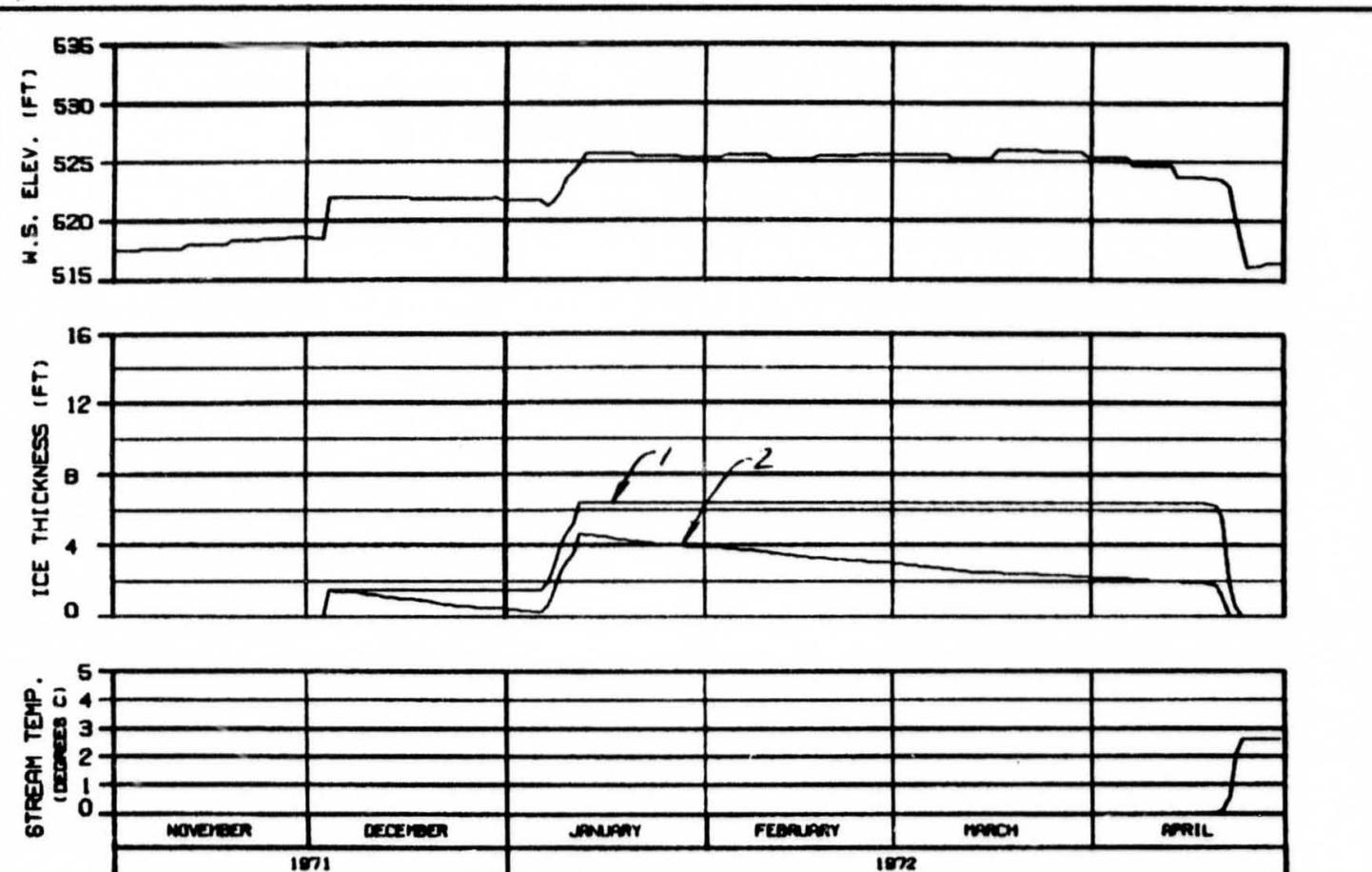
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 11-PDNG 18 JAN 81 1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

RIVER MILE : 120.00

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71956CNA

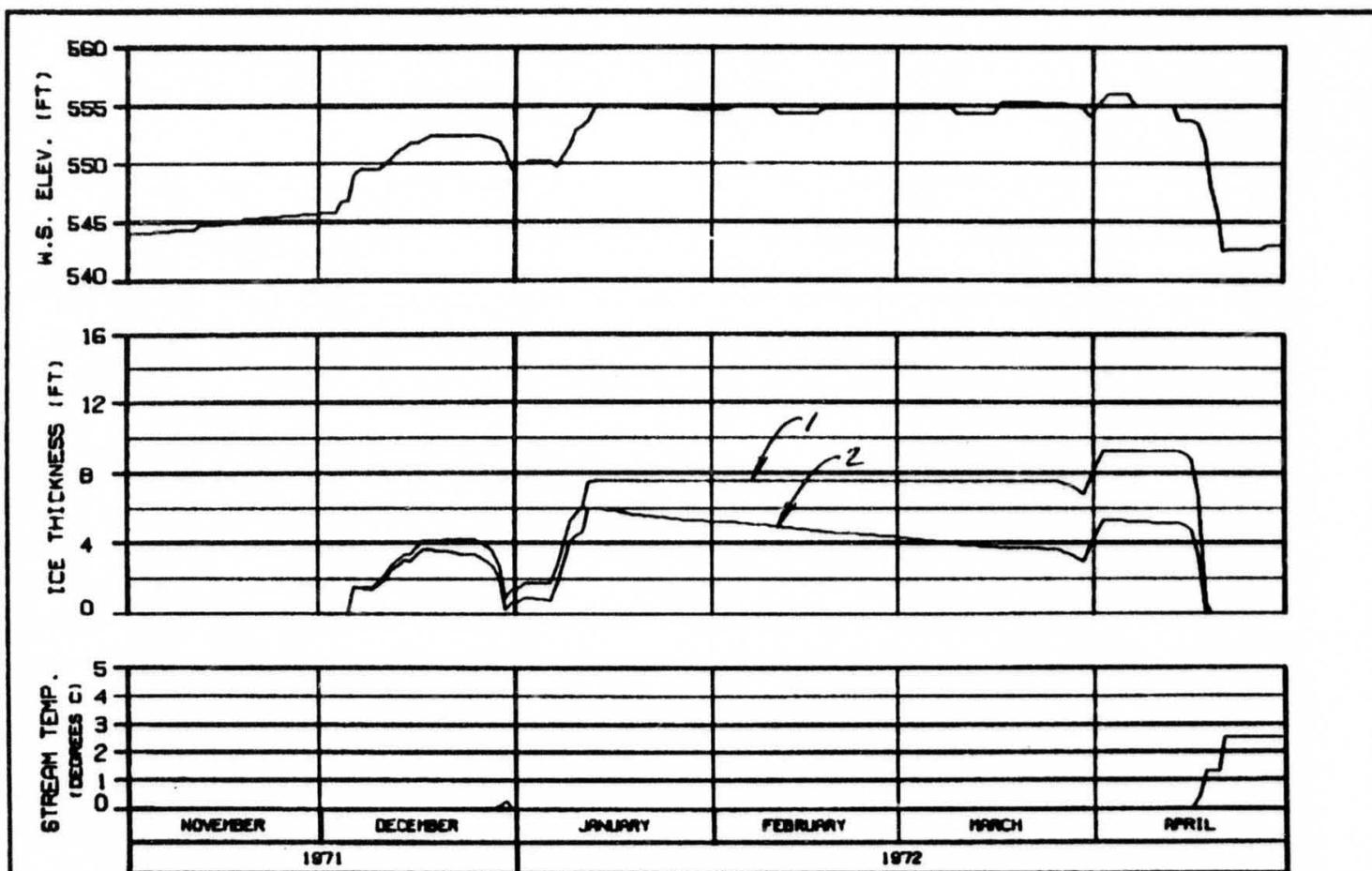
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON-EBSCO 16 JUL 86 MM# 142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 123.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

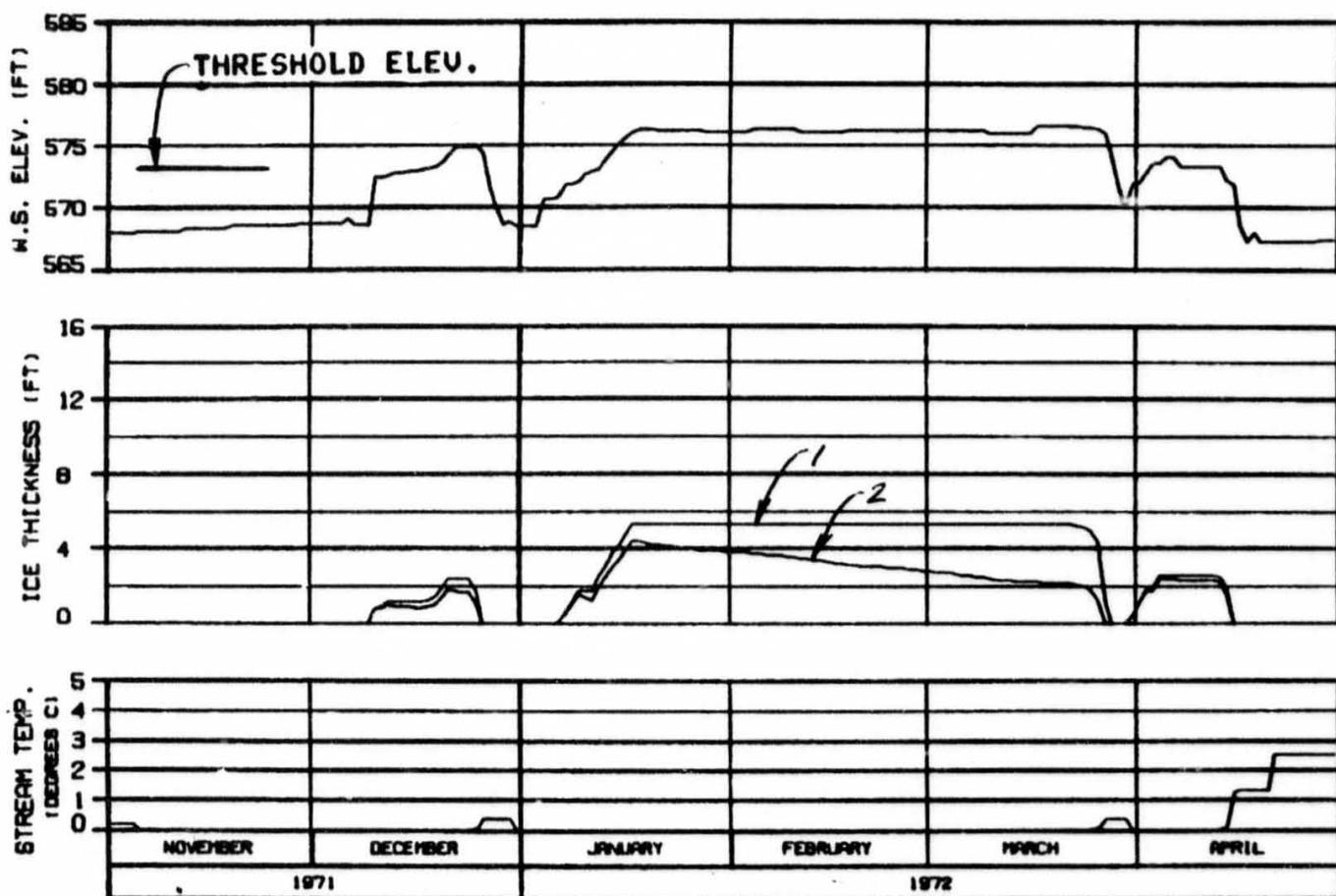
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCRETE: 0.000000 00 JUN 01 1998.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)
RIVER MILE : 126.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

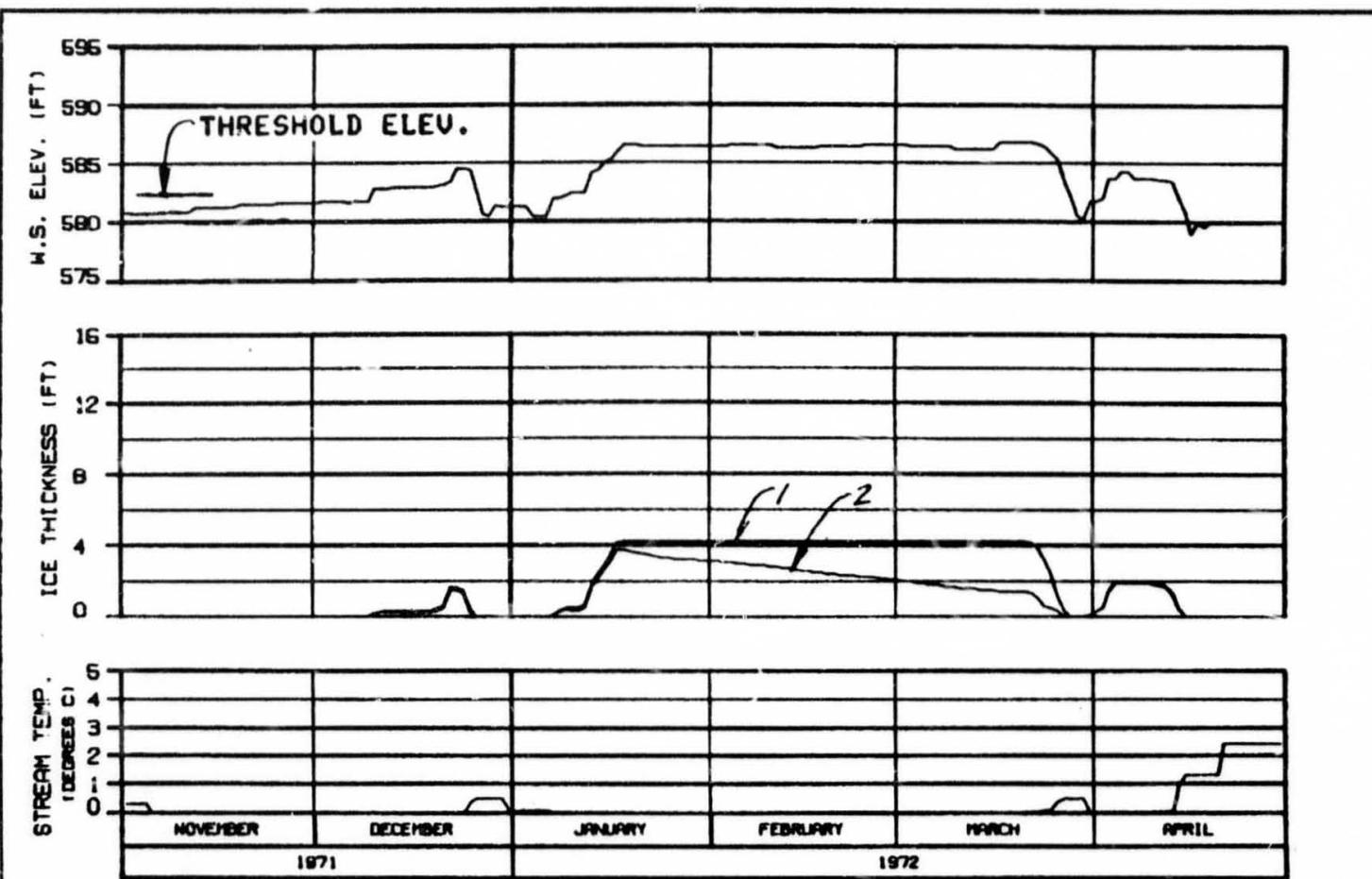
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 12/10/90 BY AM 01 1000.102



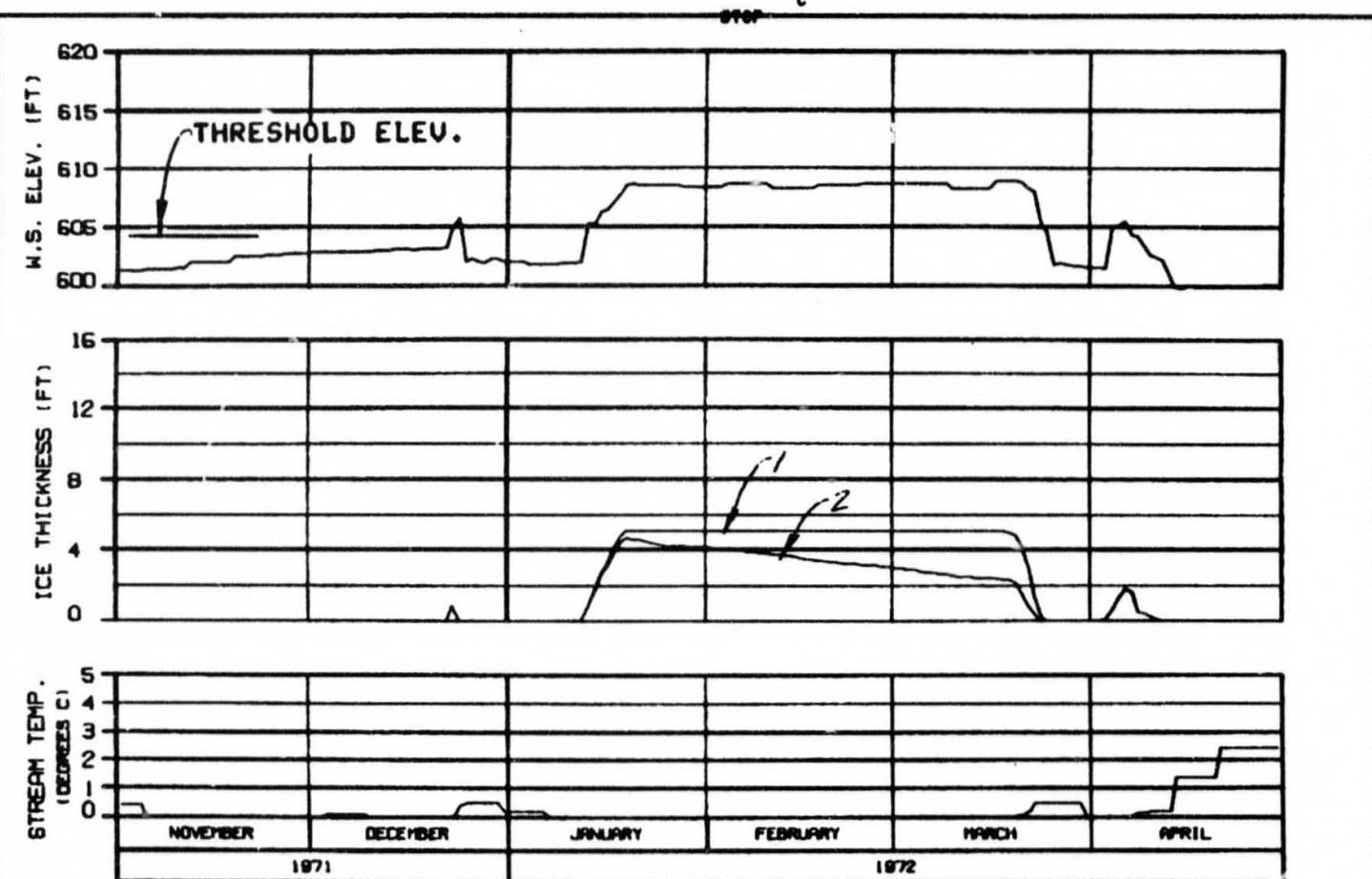
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)
 RIVER MILE : 127.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE	
GEORGE. BALDWIN	26 JAN 84
M882.142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 129.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

OPTION?

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

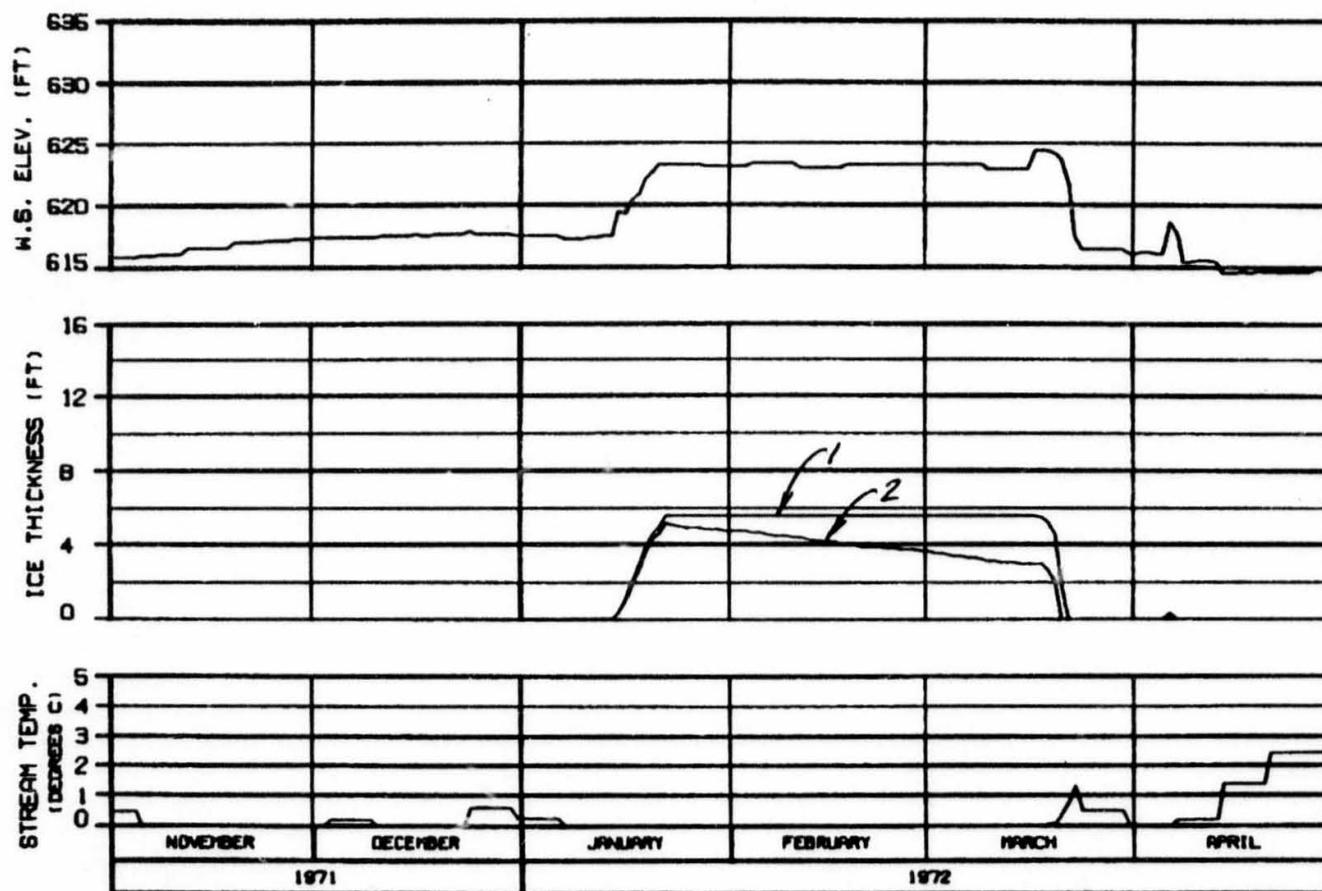
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARRA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON-LLC 1996 28 JAN 94 1000-142

OPTION?



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

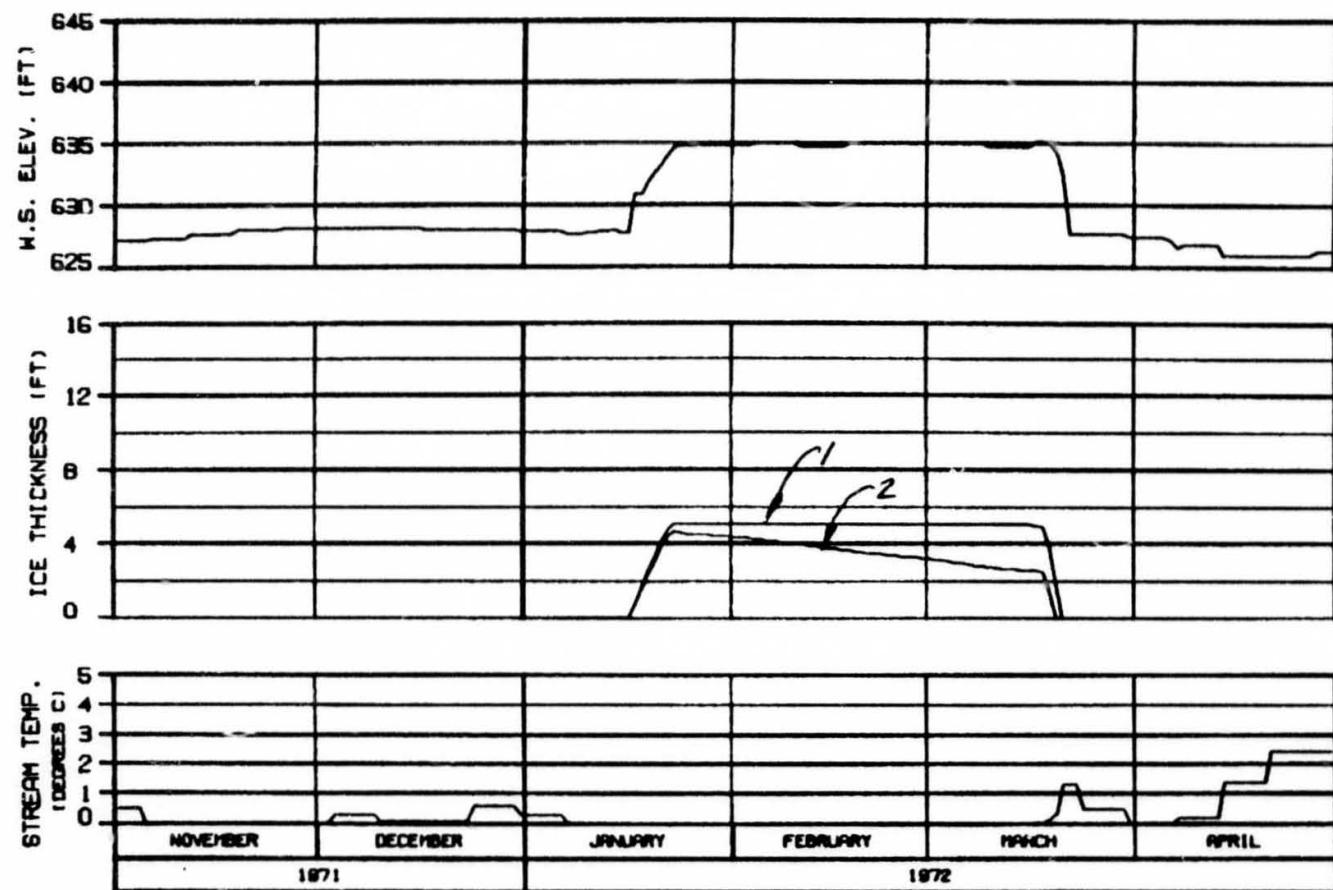
SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 130.60

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

BUITNA PROJECT	SLISITNA RIVER
	ICE SIMULATION
	TIME HISTORY
	HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCH. : 100000 10 AM 01 1993.142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK
RIVER MILE : 131.80

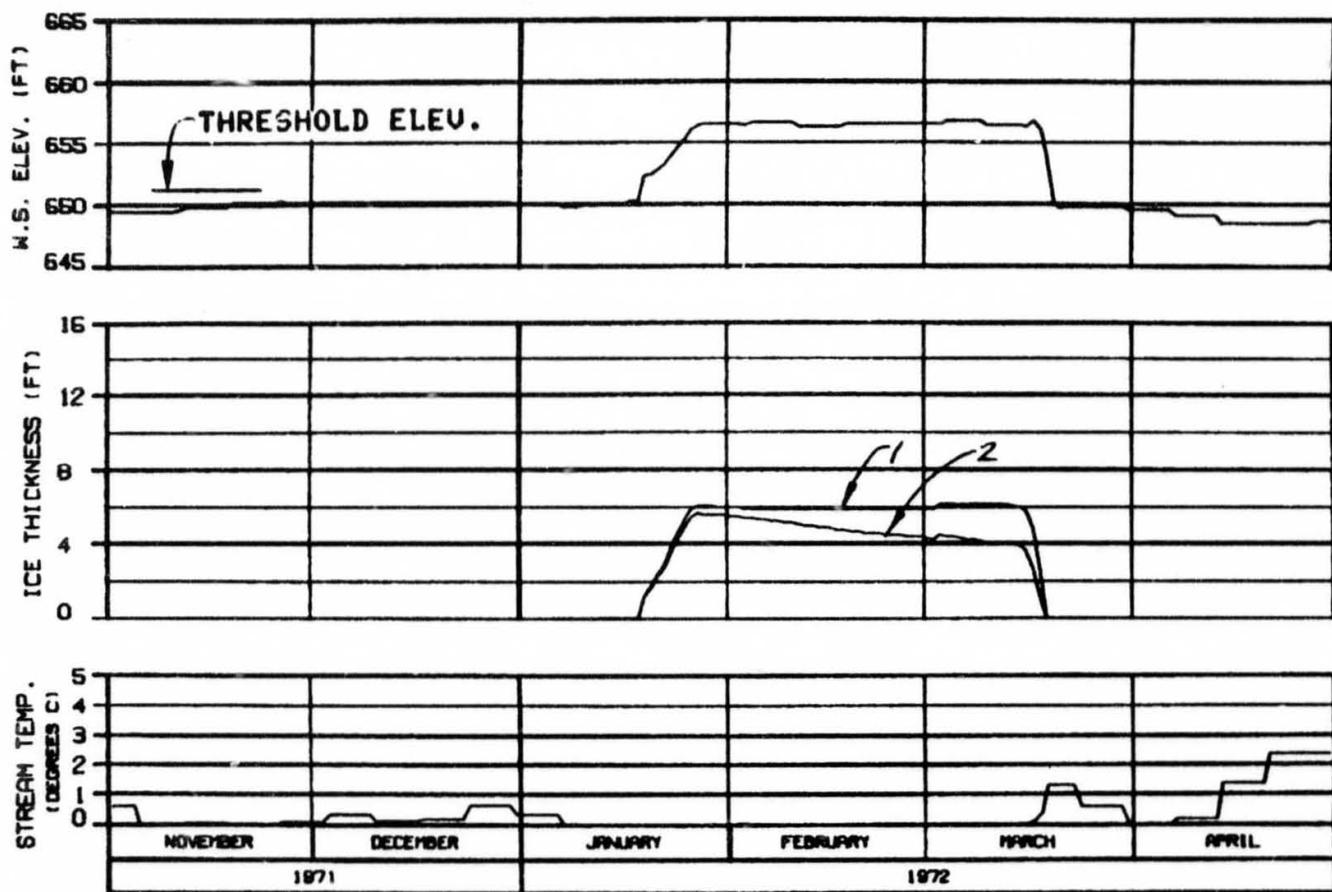
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DATA SHEET	10 JUN 94
1996.142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
RIVER MILE : 133.70

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

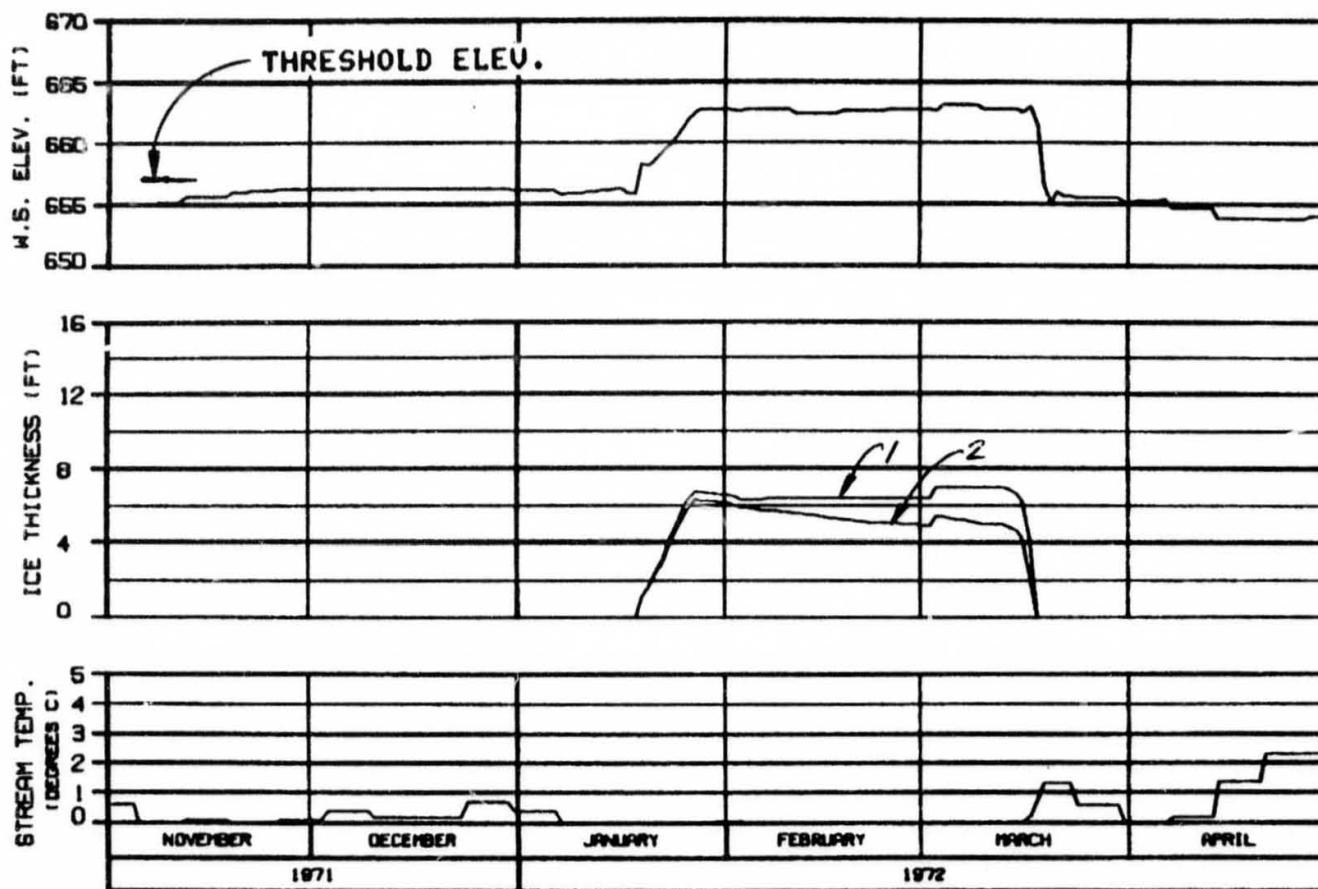
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-Ebasco JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 02/09/90 BY J.A. SHAW ISSUED: 142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10

RIVER MILE : 134.30

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72

ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996

FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL

REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

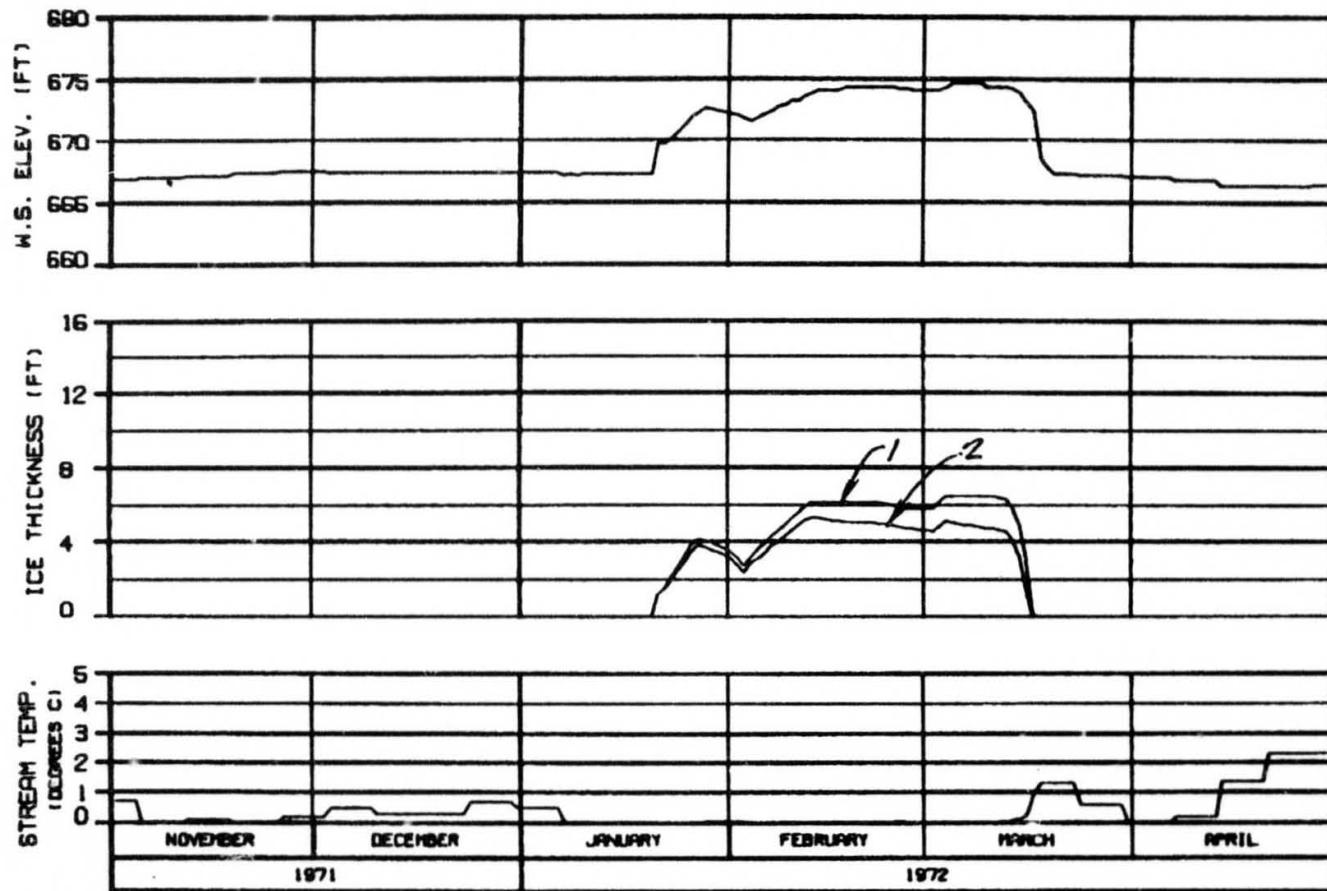
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCRETE DATA POINTS : 30 APR 72 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11

RIVER MILE : 135.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

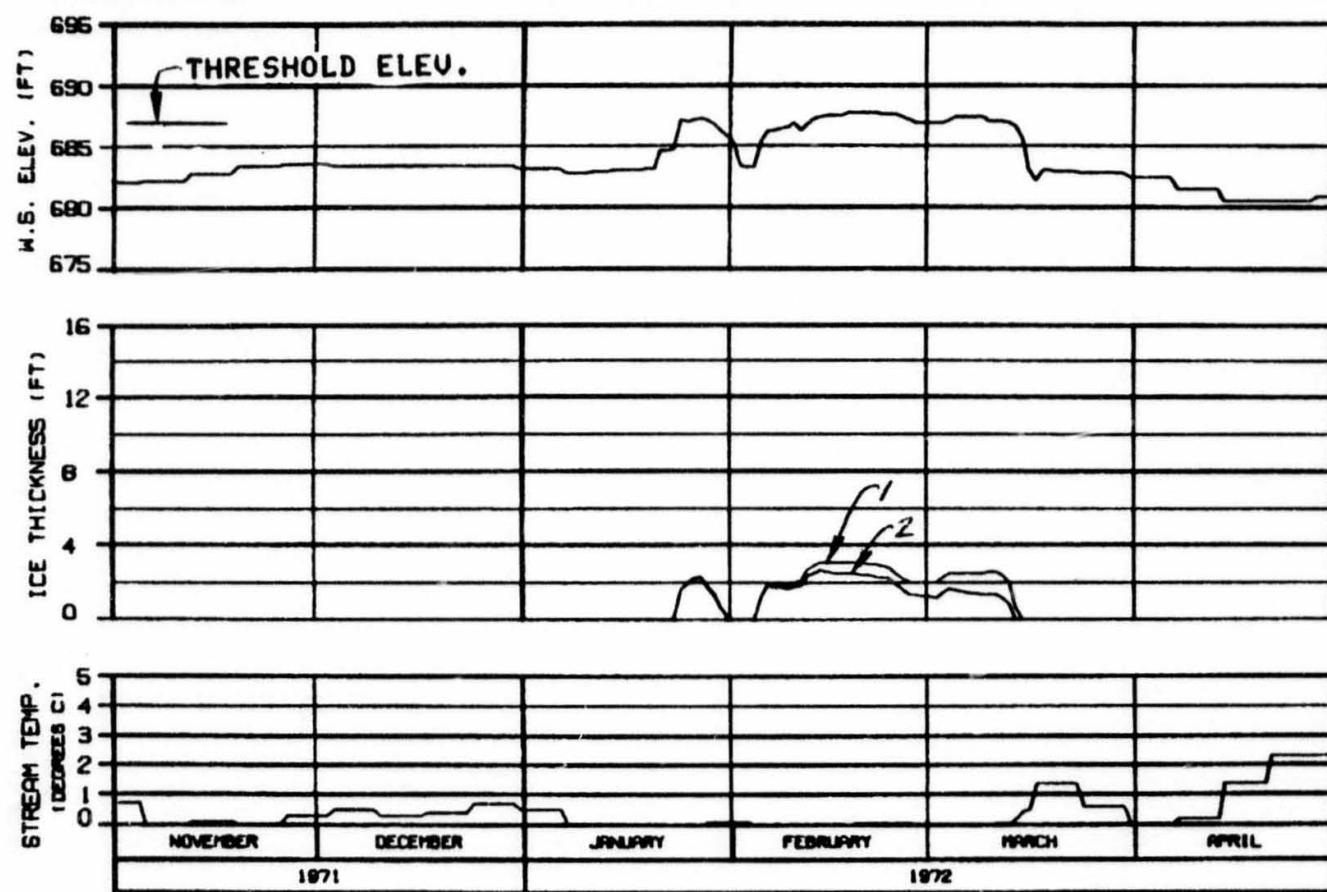
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTS: ELLIOTT 20 APR 81

8000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

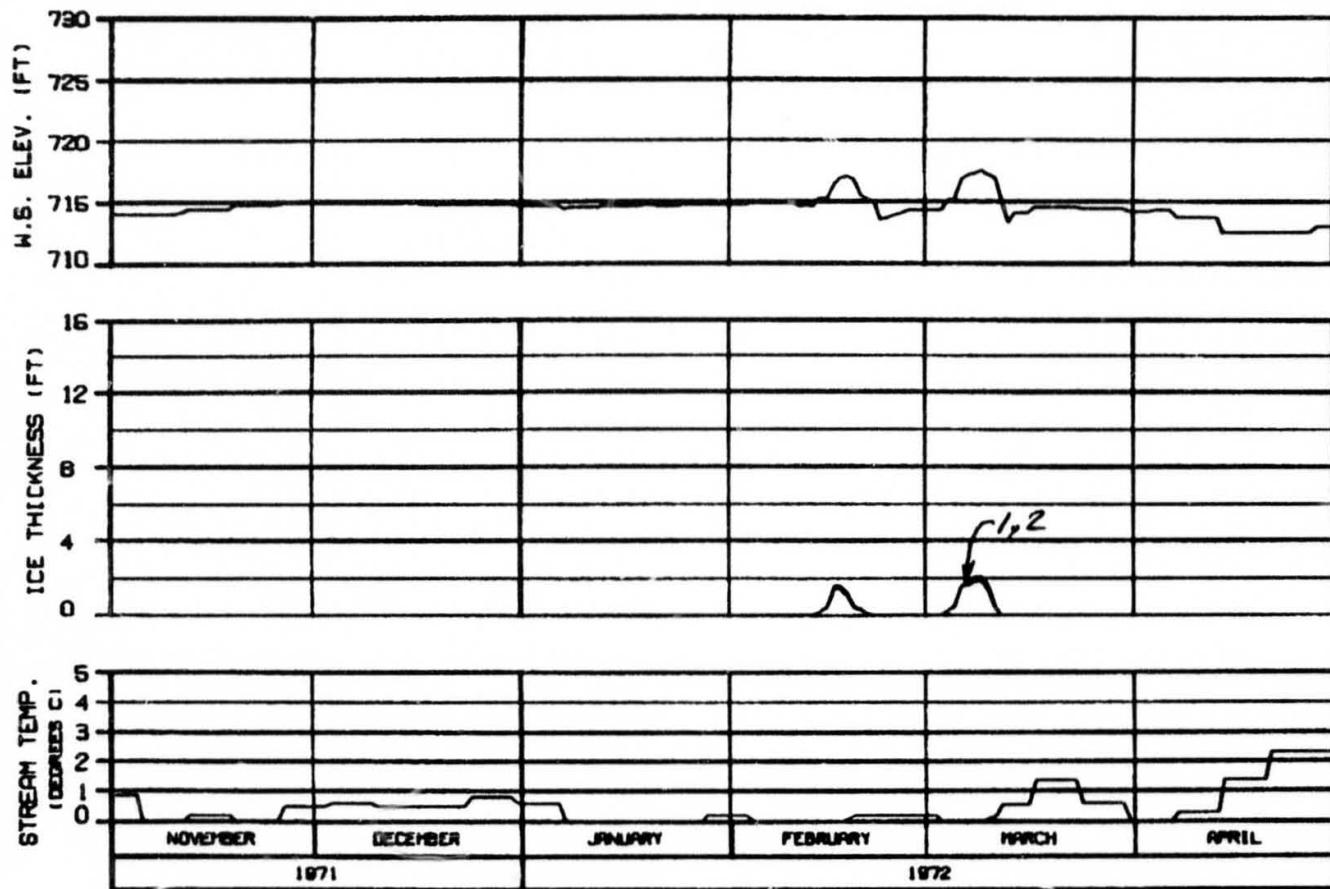
1: TOTAL THICKNESS
2: BLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 136.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DISPRED - 0.13400	0.13400
REFID - 0.13400	0.13400



HEAD OF SLOUGH 17

RIVER MILE : 139.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

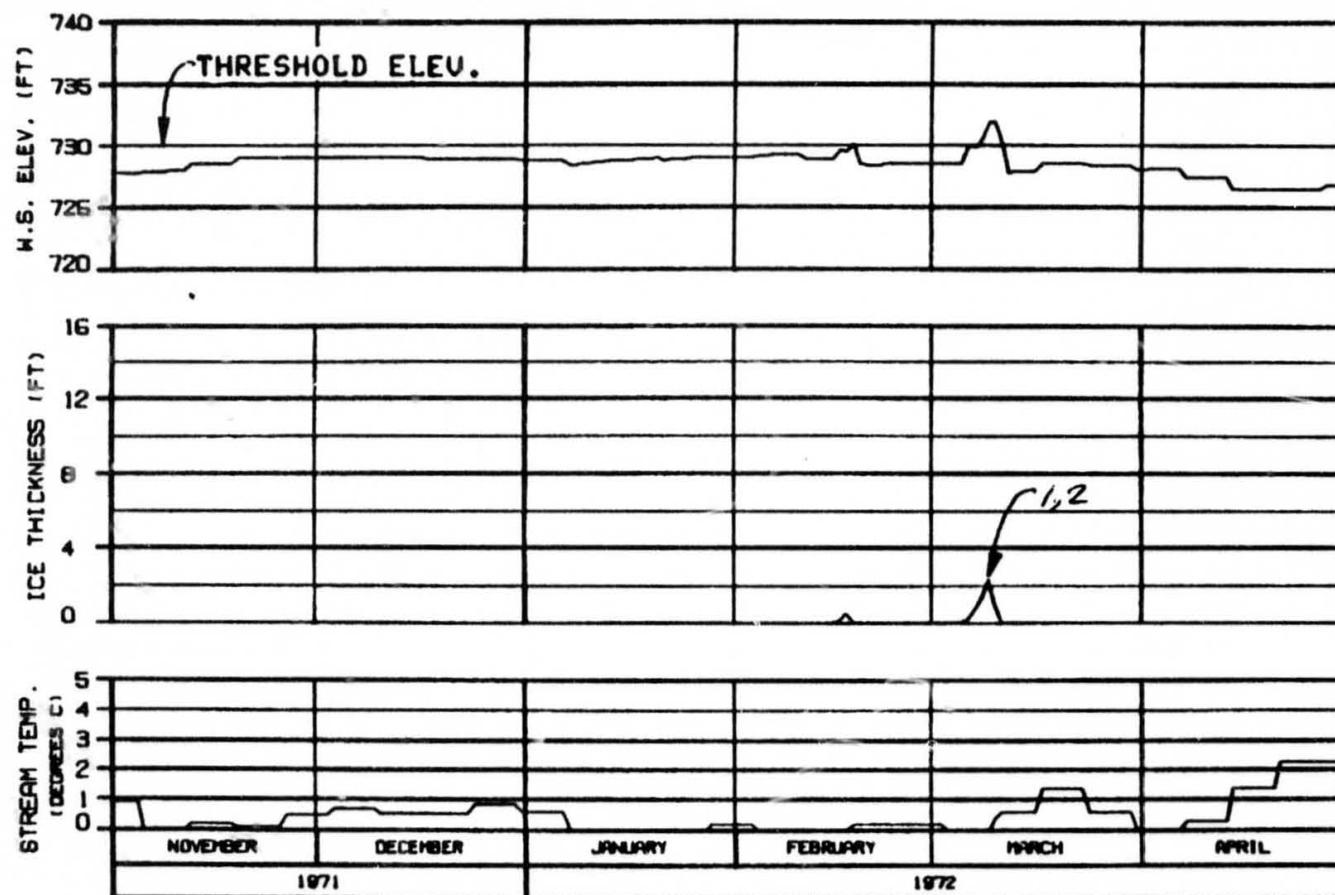
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-ERBSCO JOINT VENTURE

SPRING 1996 30 APR 01 8888.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 20
RIVER MILE : 140.50

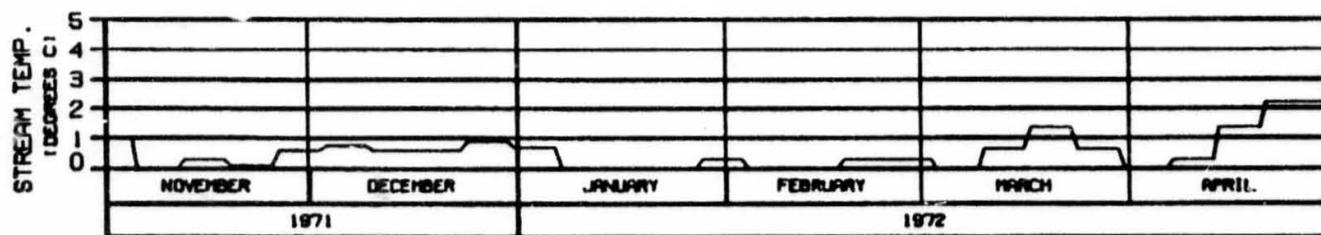
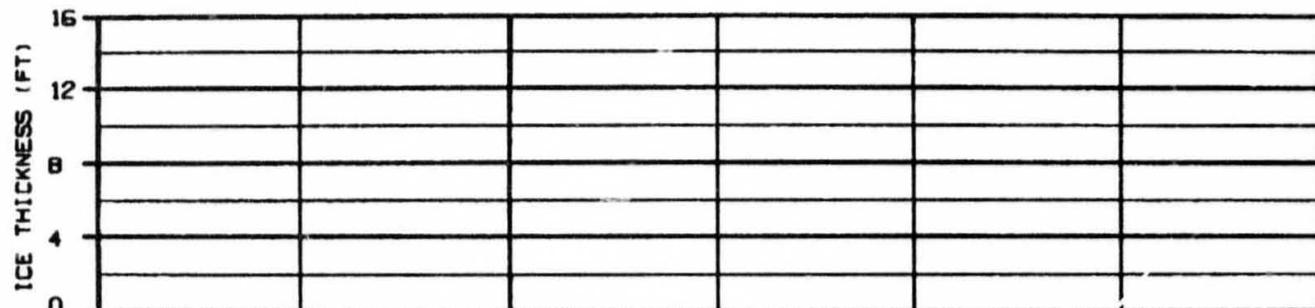
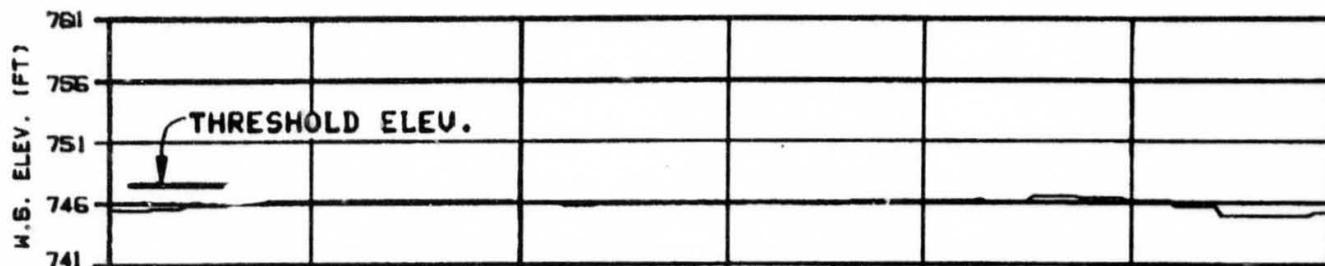
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DECEMBER 1971	JAN 1972
2000.142	



SLOUGH 21 (ENTRANCE A6)

RIVER MILE : 141.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

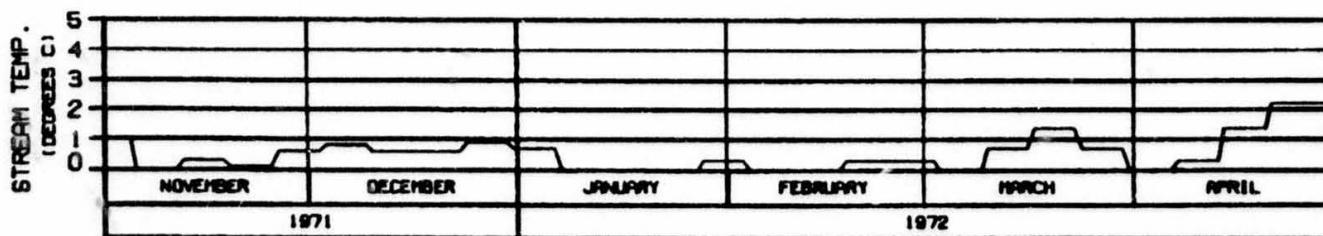
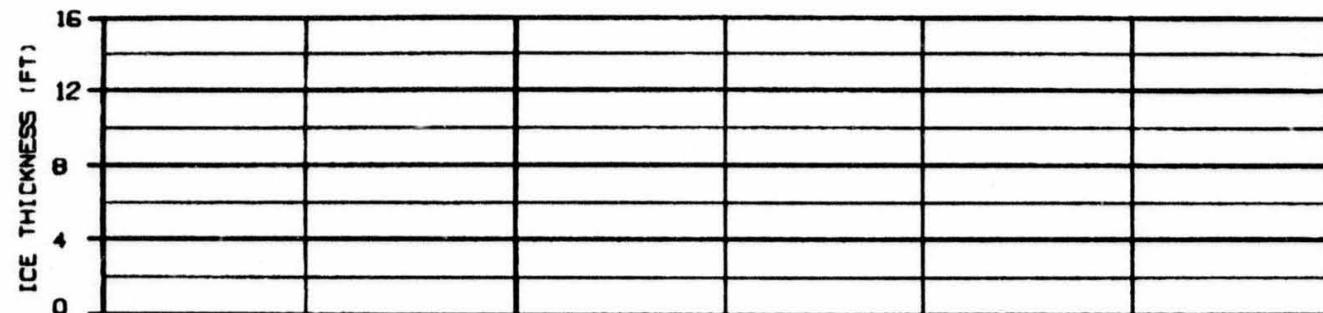
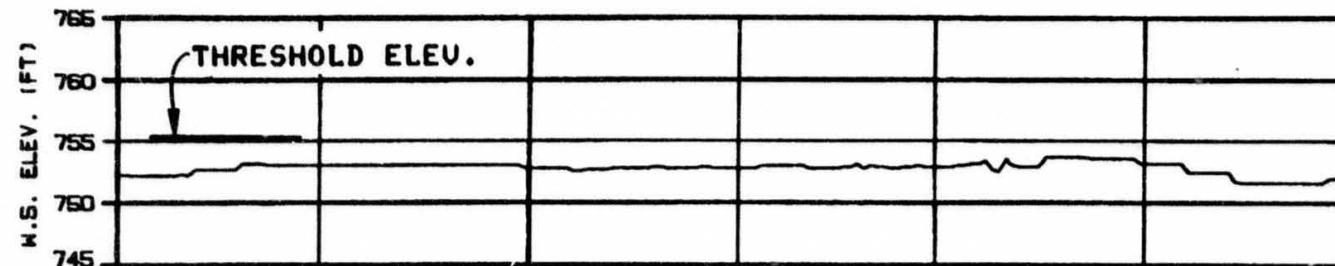
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

ENVELOPE NUMBER : 10 AX 04

1000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 21
RIVER MILE : 142.20

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 71 - 30 APR 72
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 71960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

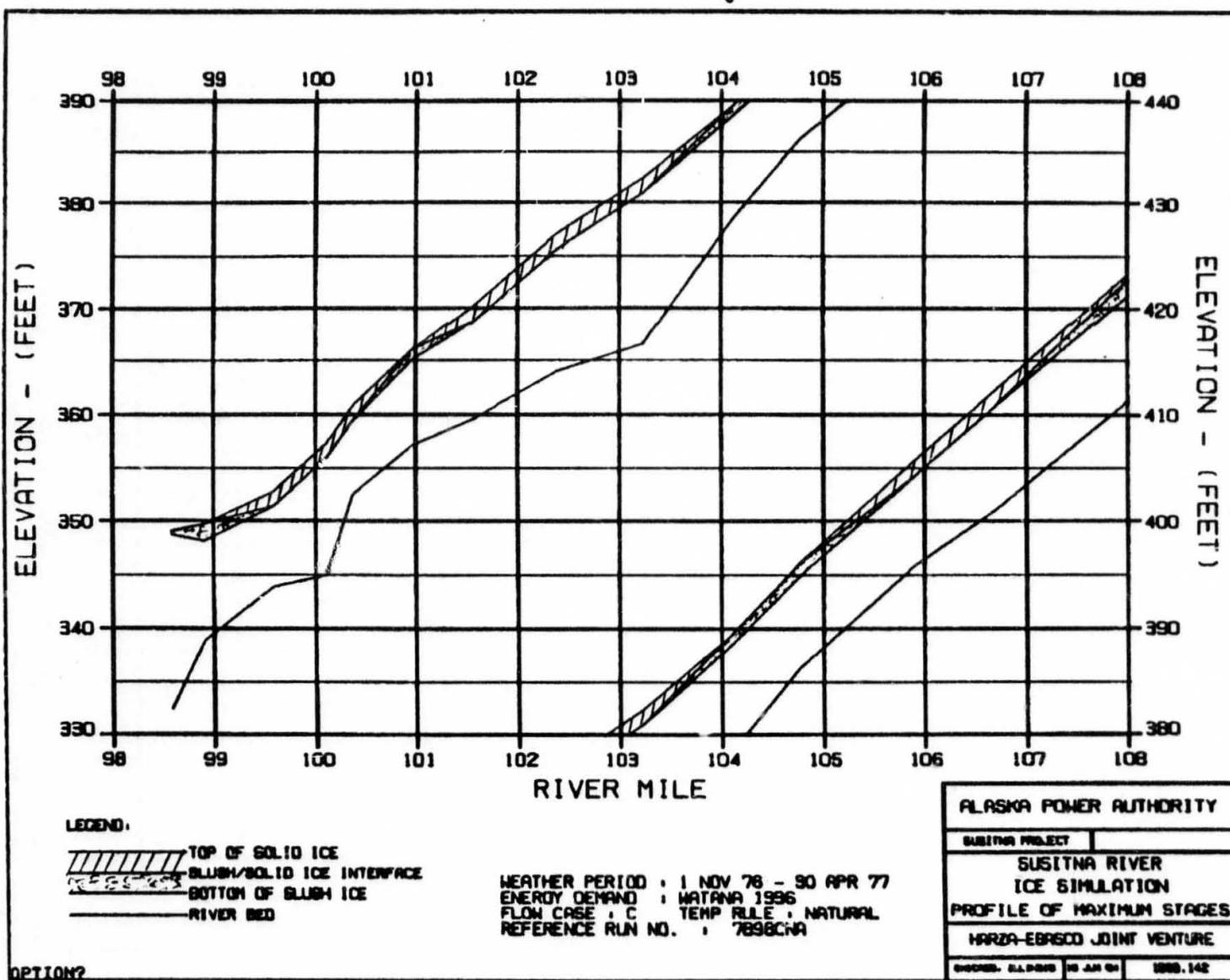
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

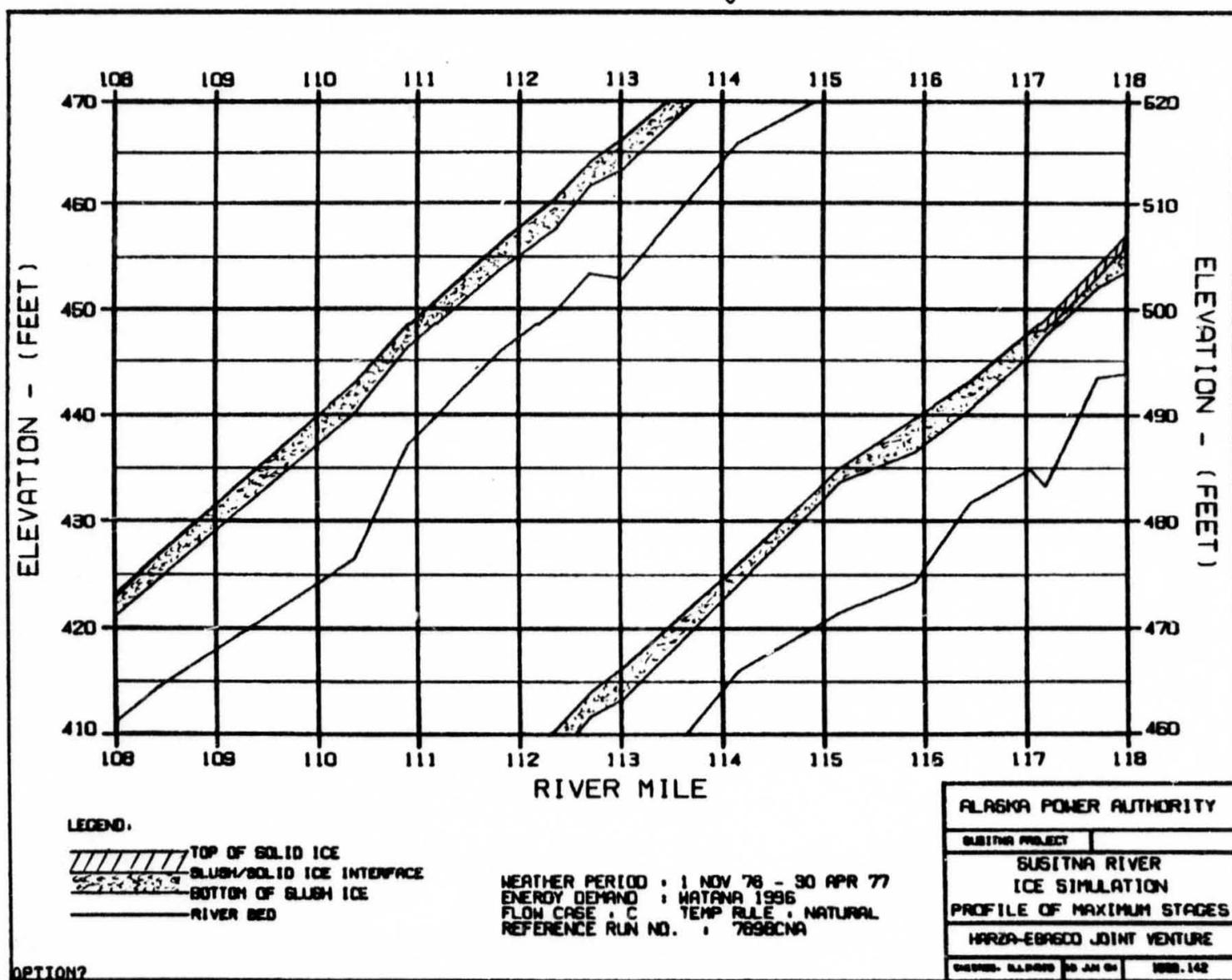
EDITION: 0.1 DRAFT 06 JAN 80 1000-142

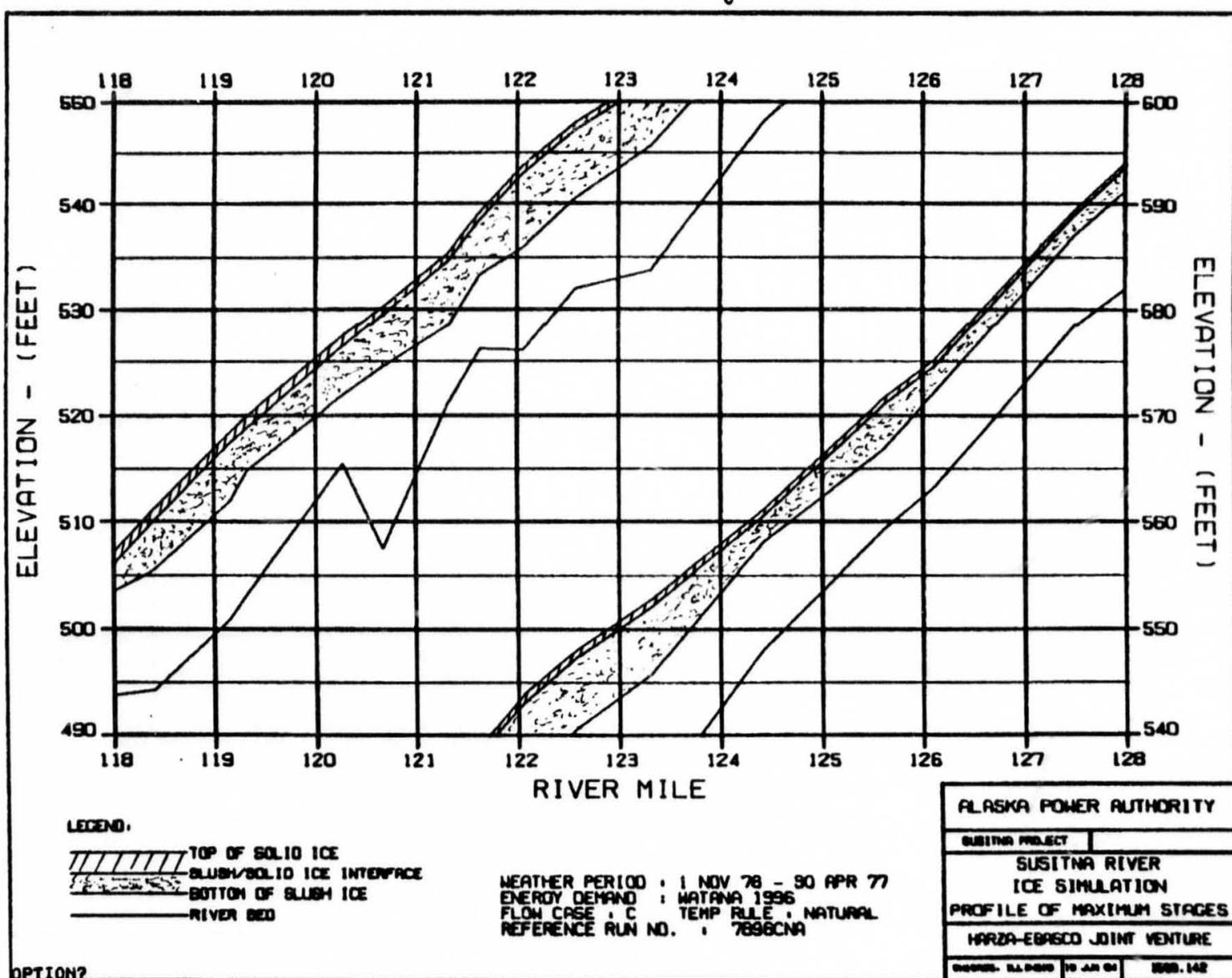
EXHIBIT F

C

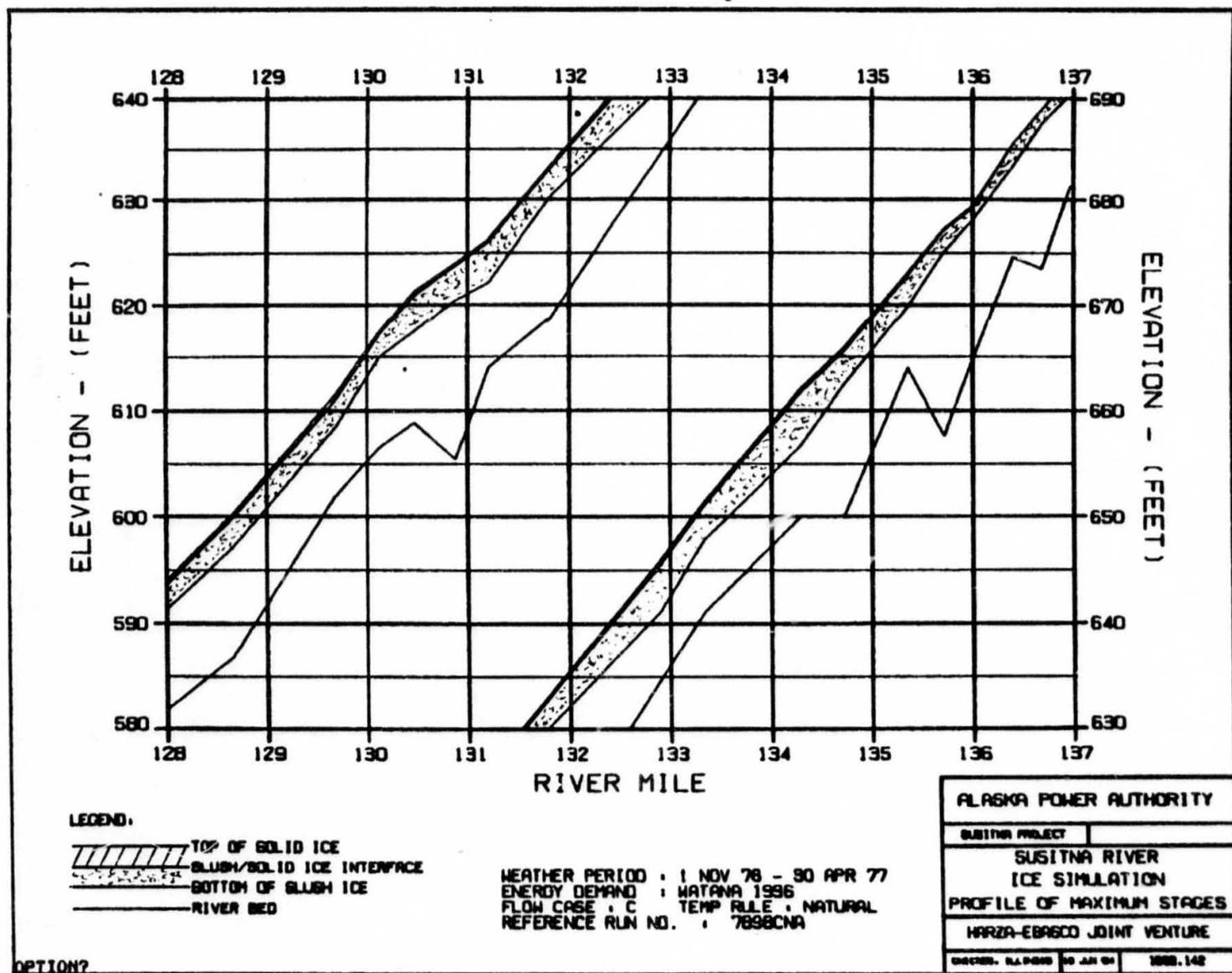


C

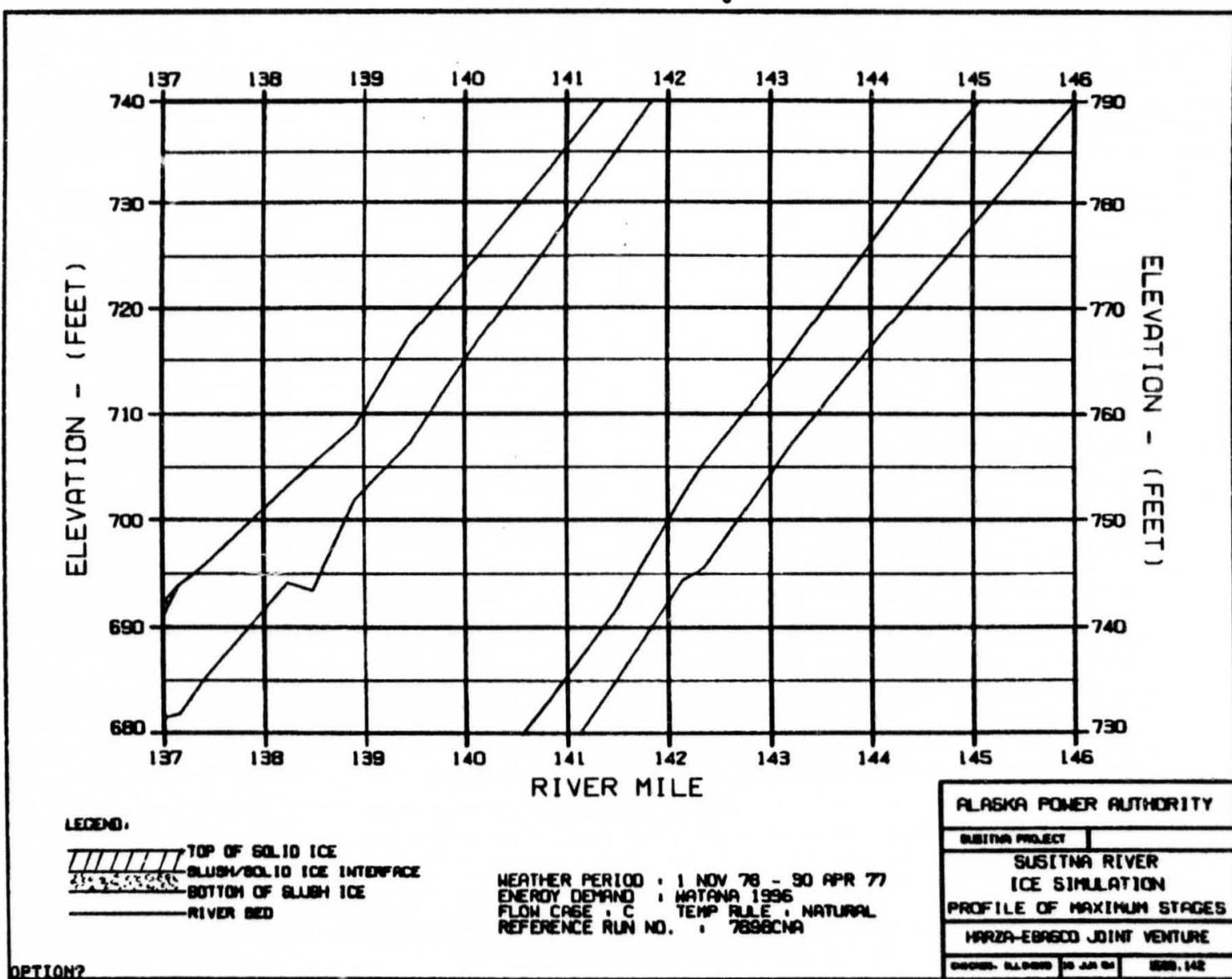


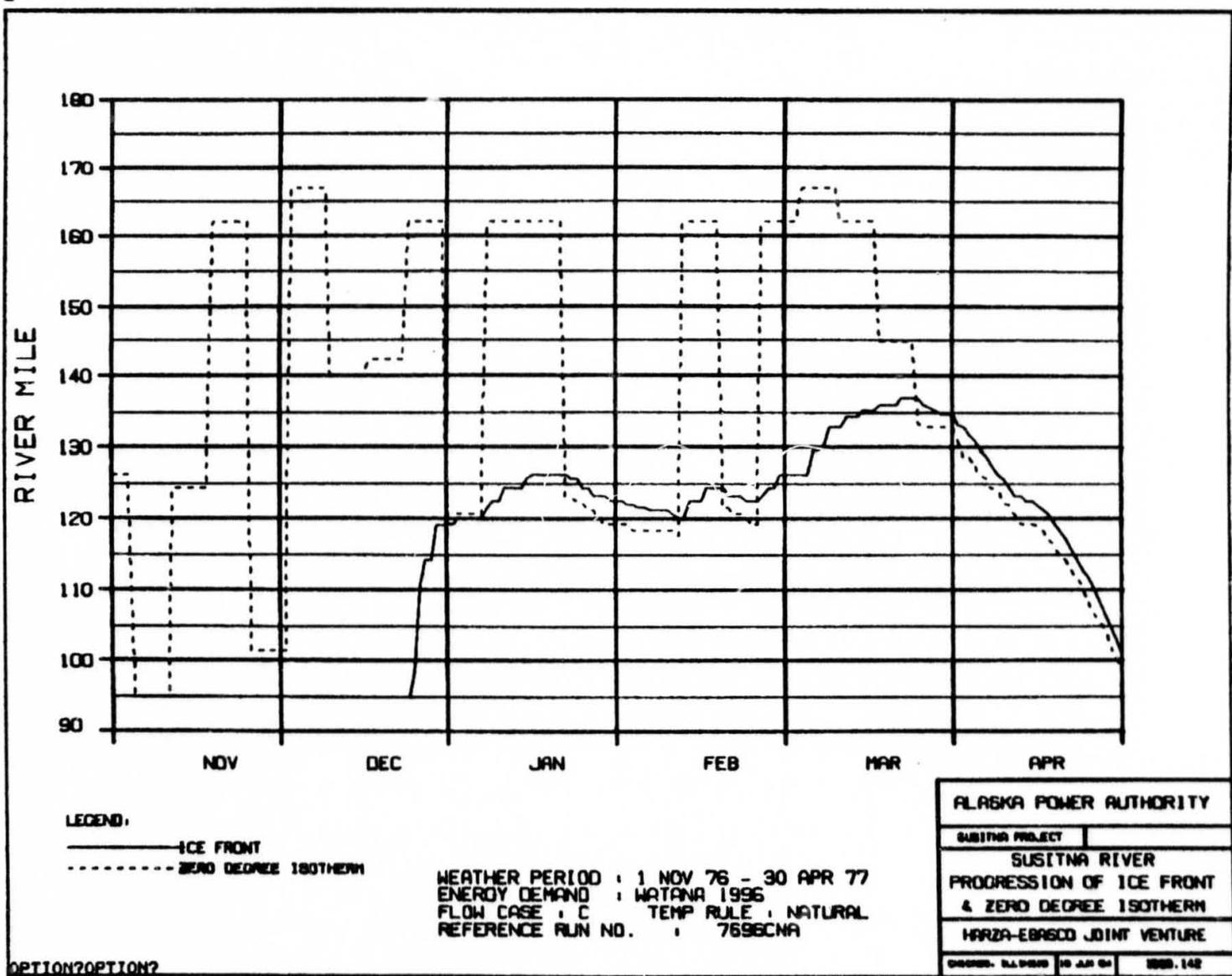


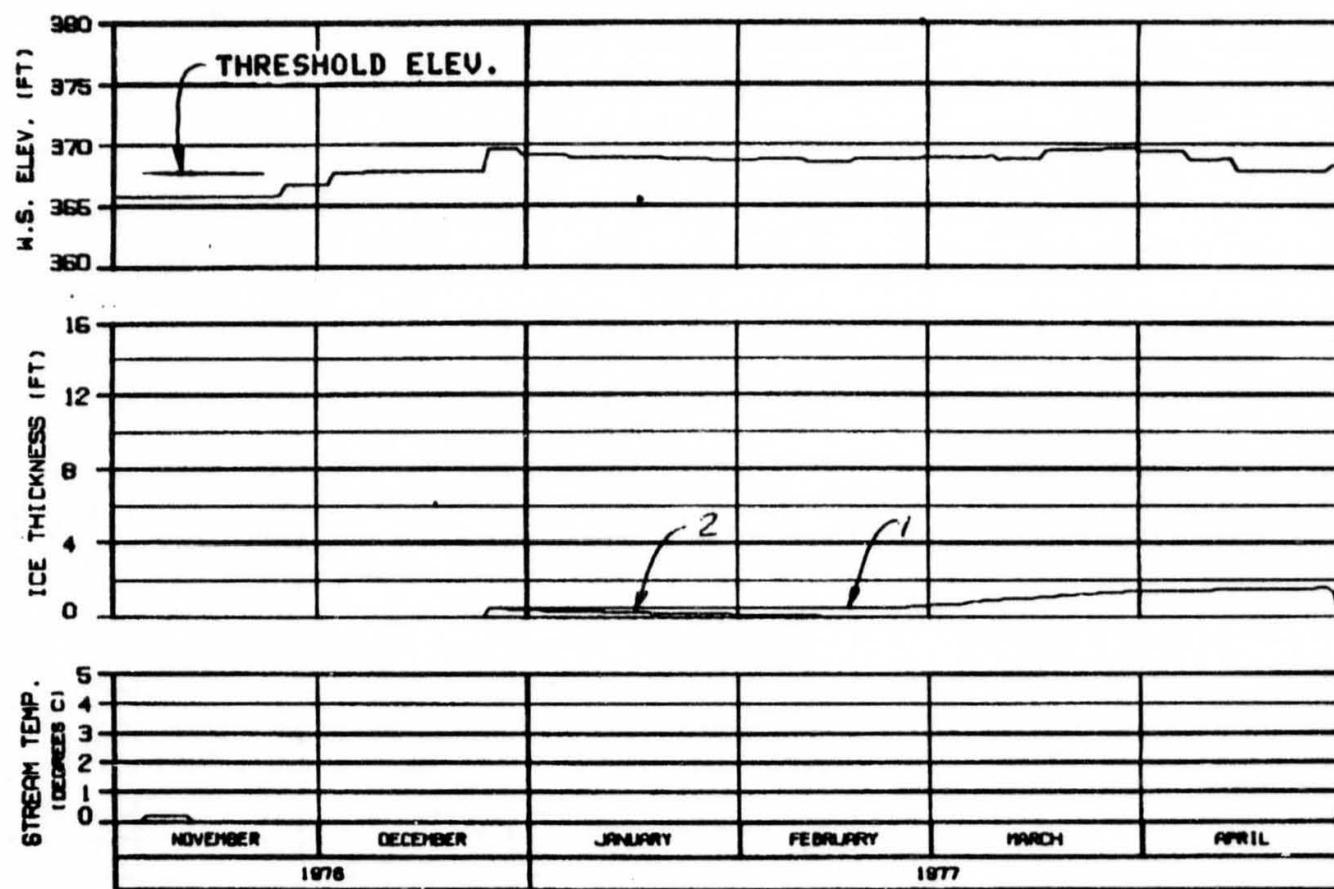
C



C







ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 101.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

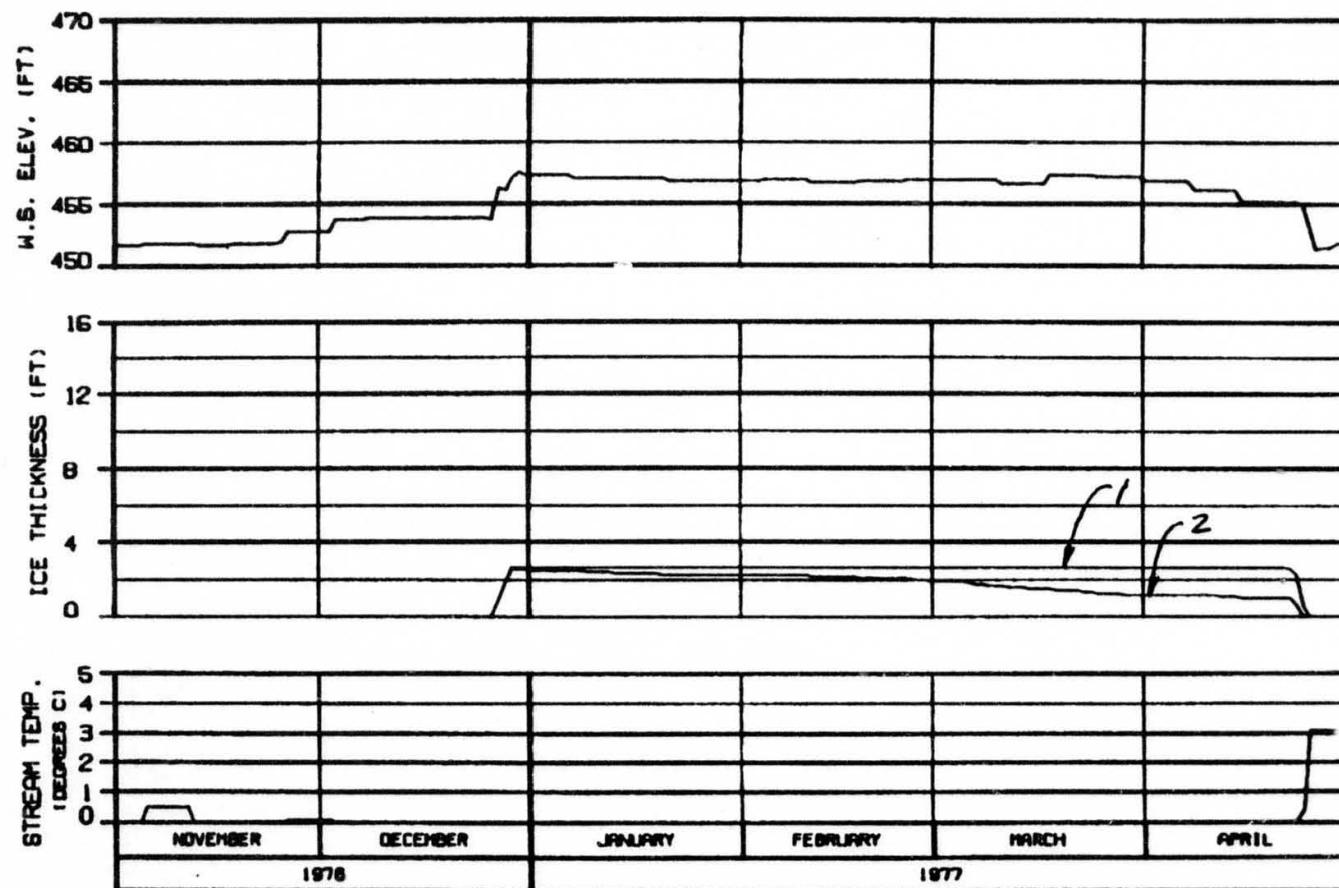
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCHER: RAJENDRA 10 JAN 84 1000-142



SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

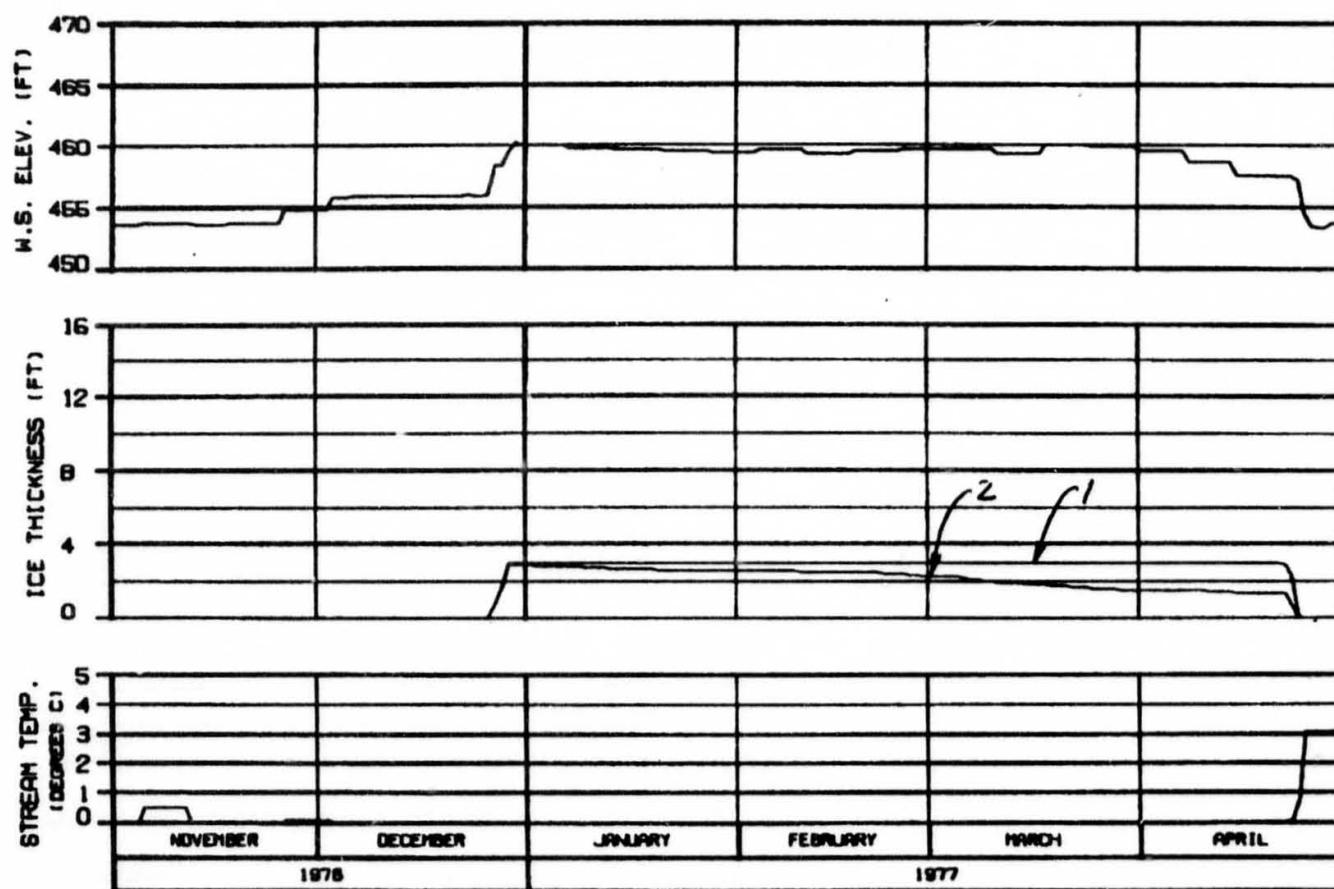
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBAGCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTERED: RA 94900 16 JUL 94 1000.142



MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A
RIVER MILE : 112.34

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

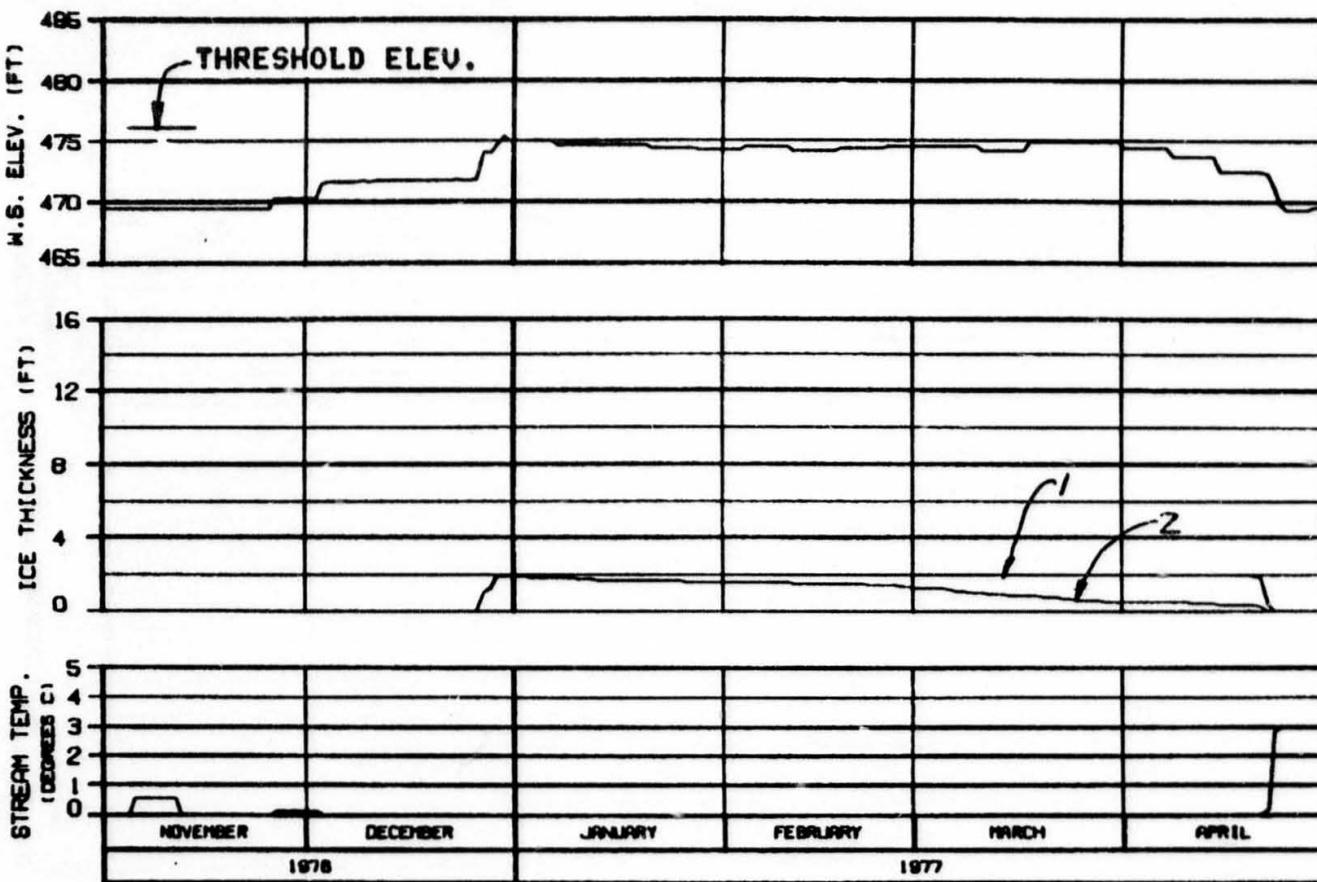
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPBSCO JOINT VENTURE

RECORDED: 11/20/96 BY JAH ON 3000.148



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
RIVER MILE : 114.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

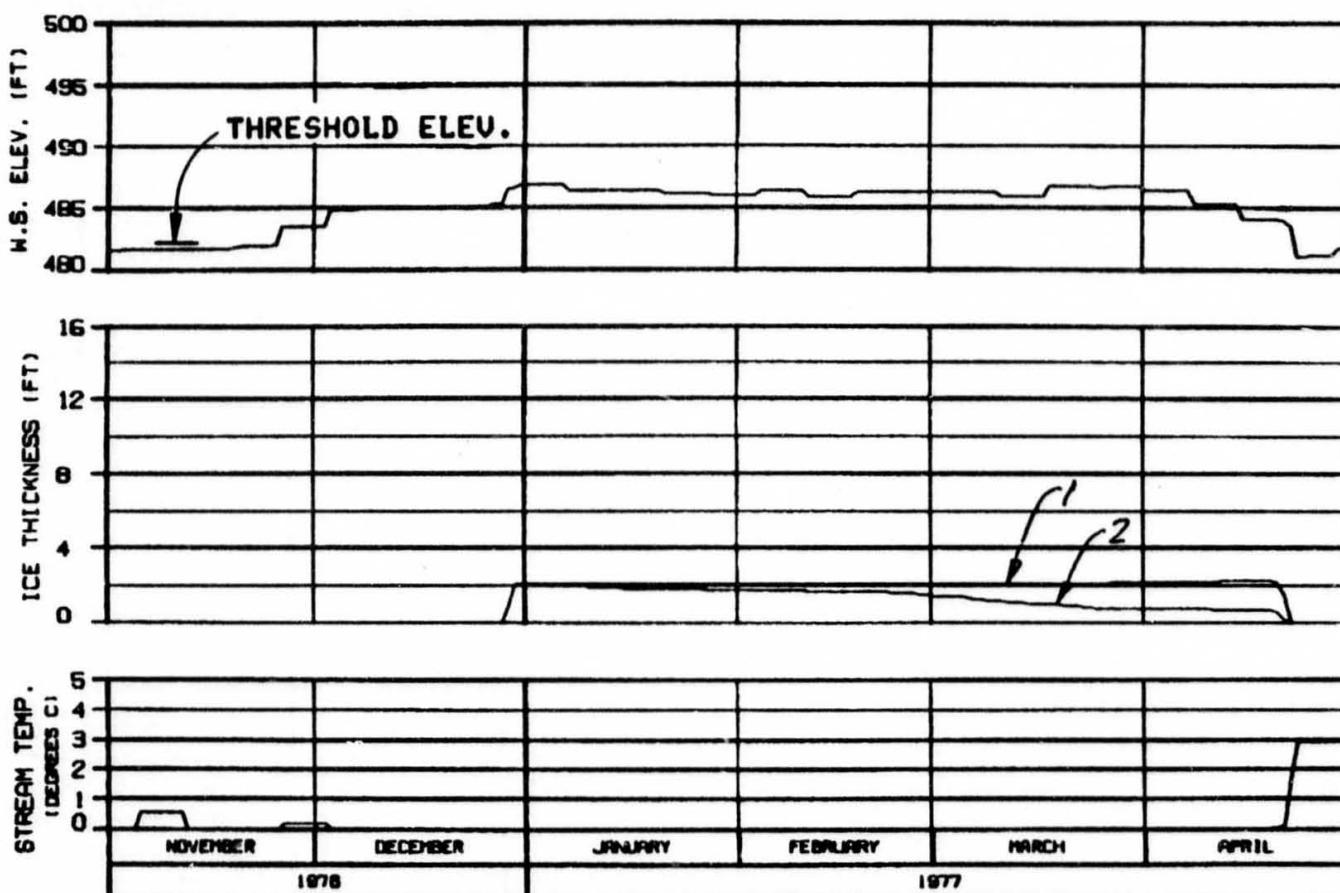
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HPR2A-E89600 JOINT VENTURE

DISCHARGE: 10,000 CFS | DATE: APR 01 | RIVER MILE: 114.10



SIDE CHANNEL MSII

RIVER MILE : 115.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

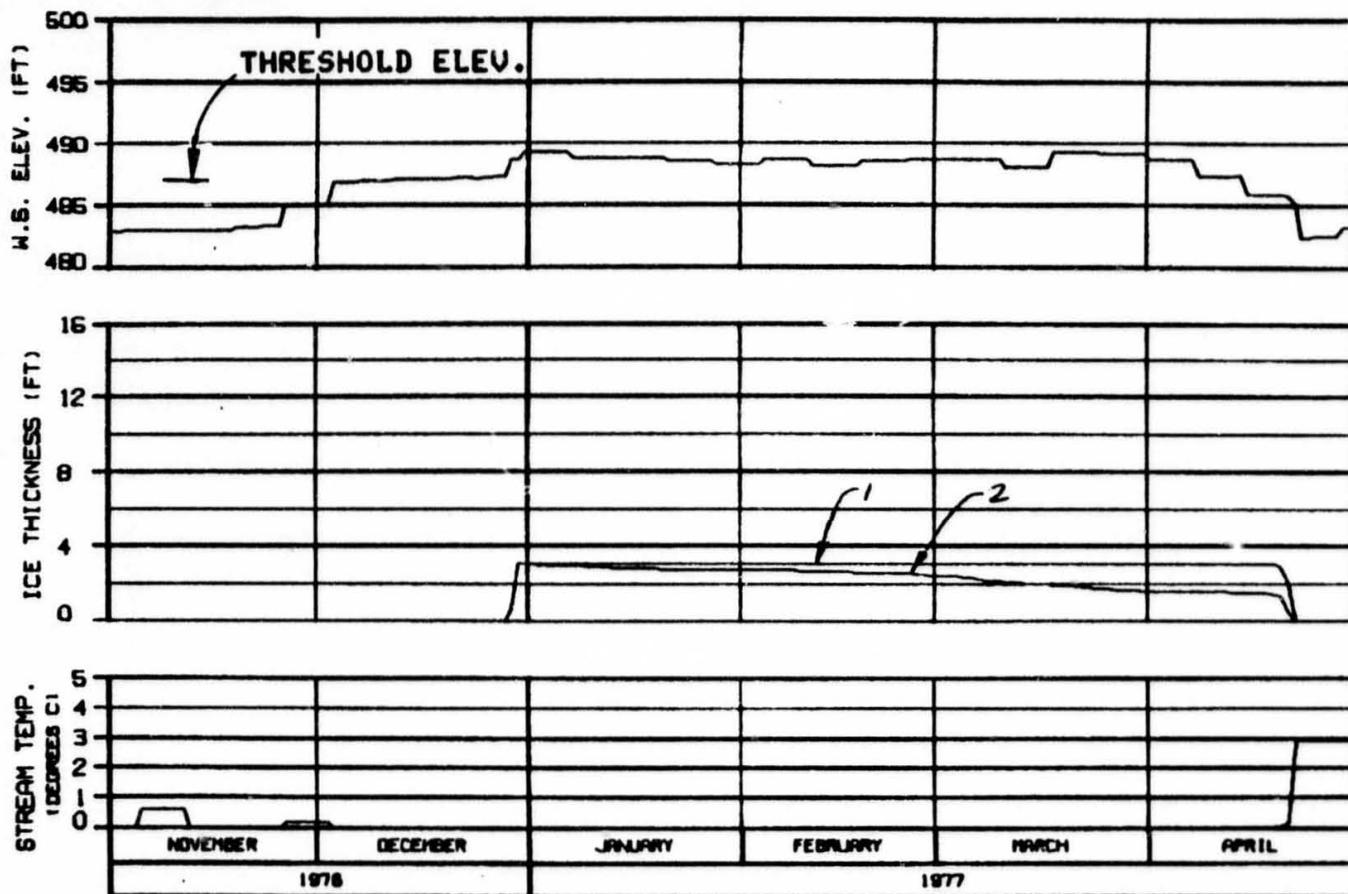
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

ENGIN. BLDG#00 06 JAN 84 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

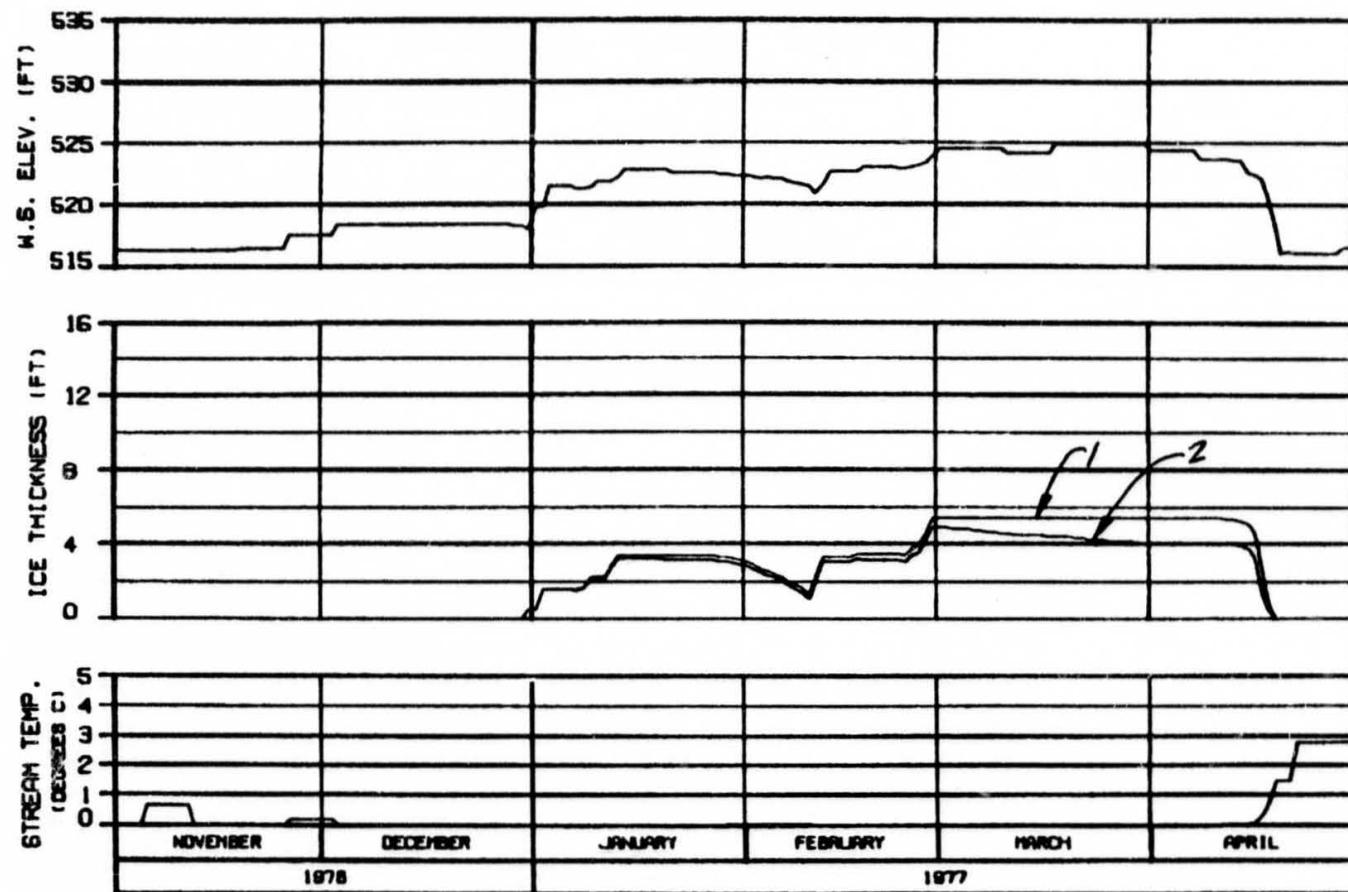
HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.90

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 740500

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	

1976-1977 1977-1978



RIVER MILE : 120.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

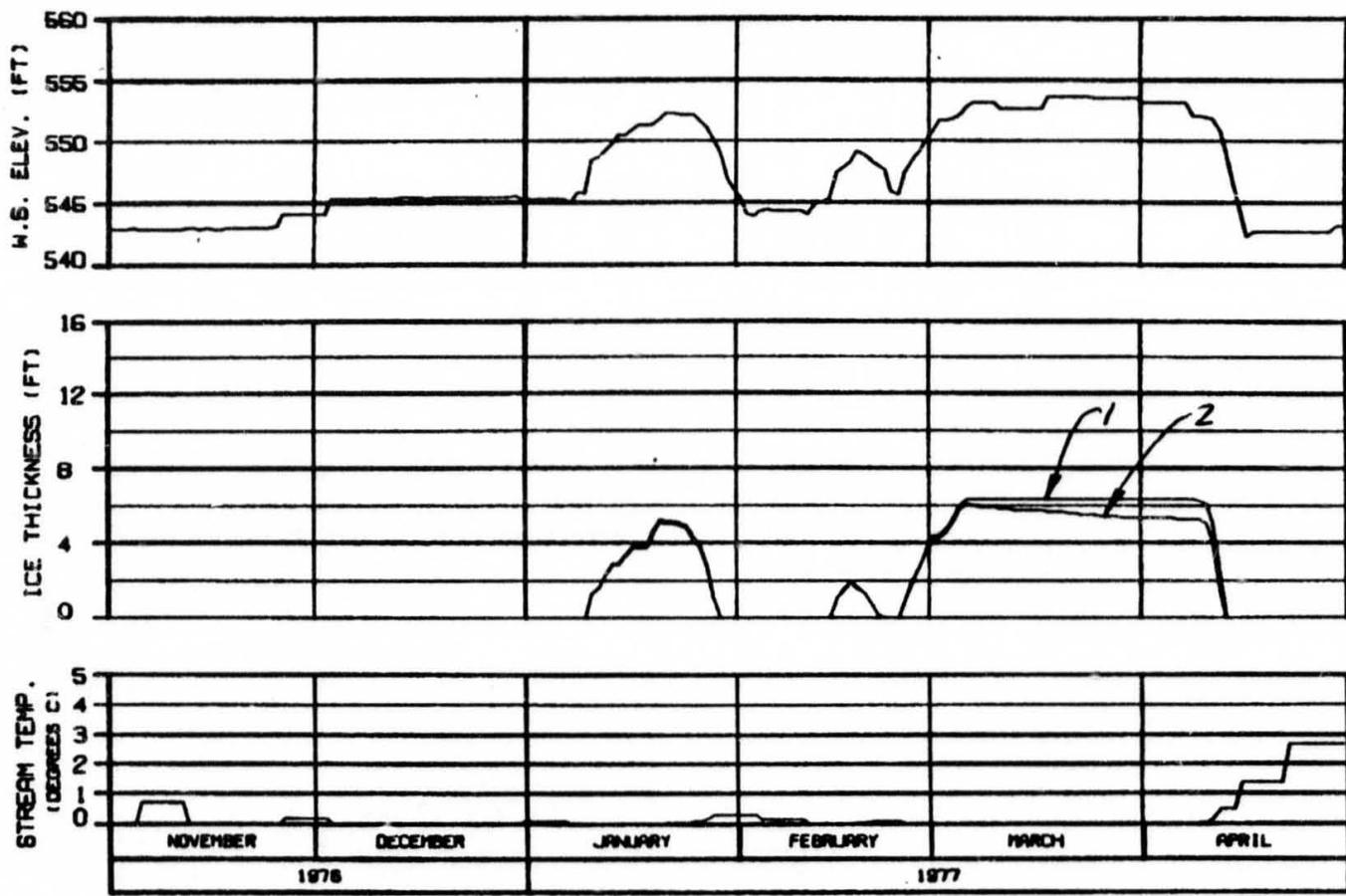
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARRA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

UNPRED- 8A.D98 16 JUN 84 1000.142



HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 123.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

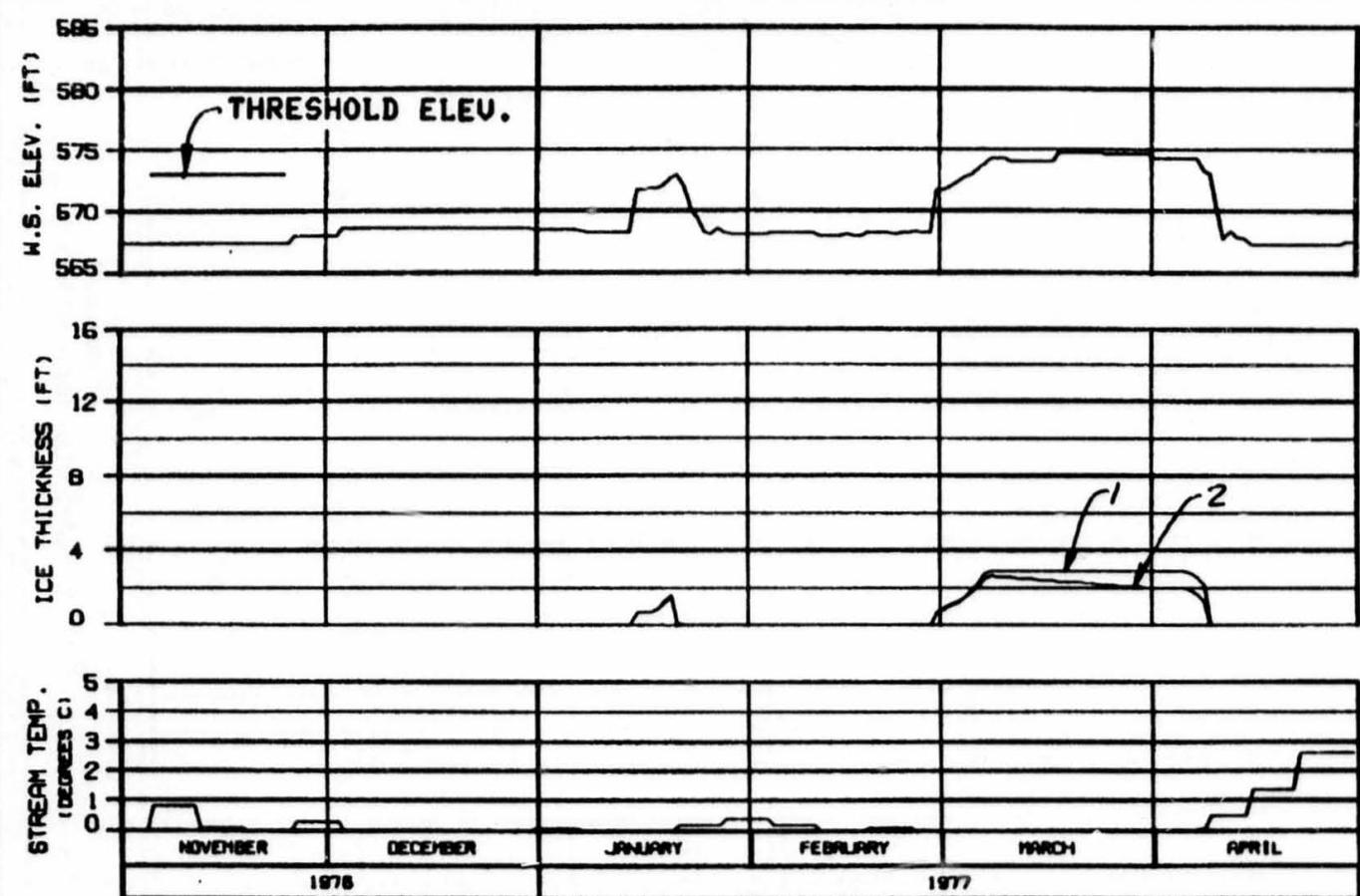
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

EDDIED: 11:00AM 10 JAN 84 SP000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

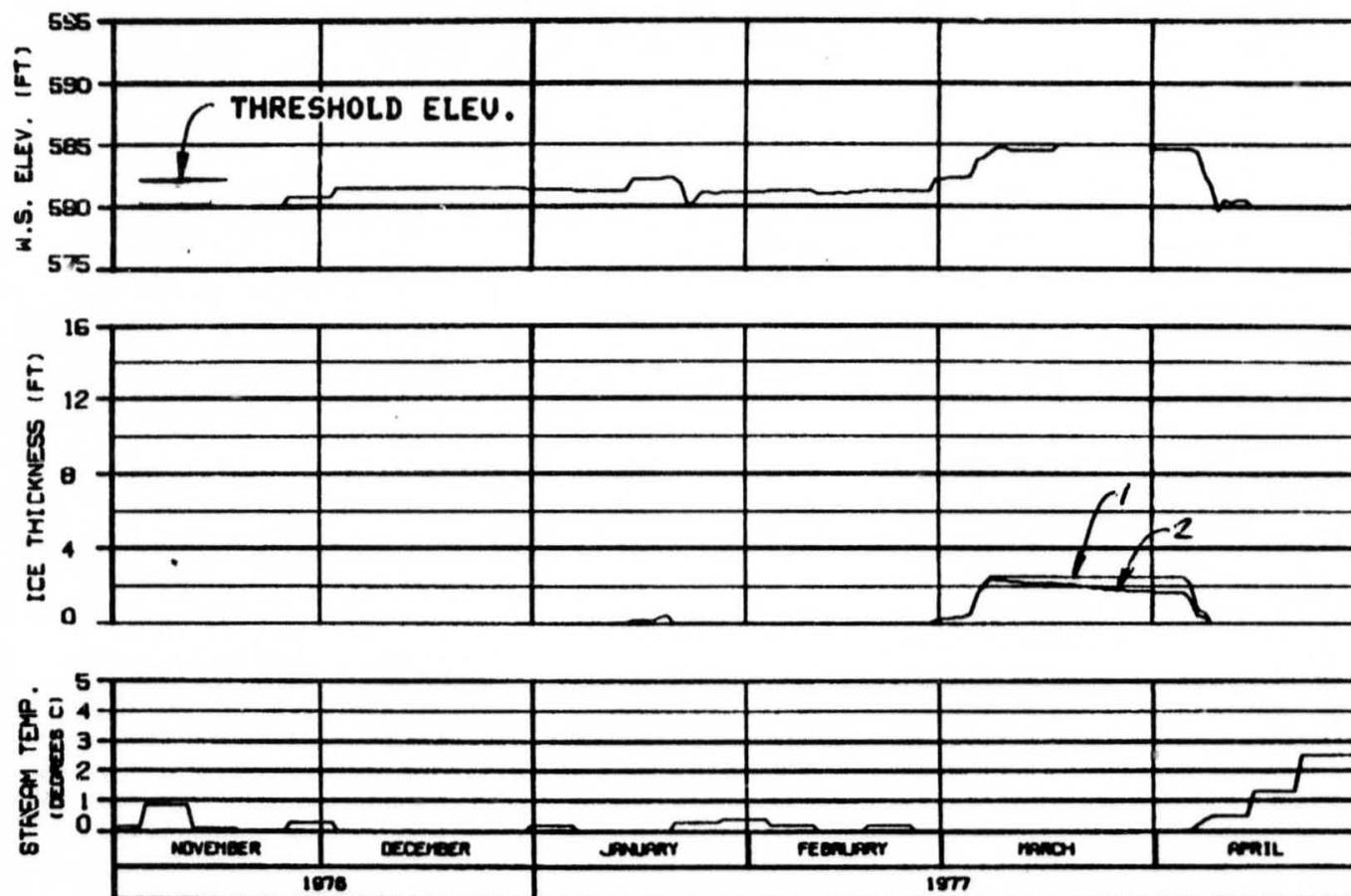
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, NJ 07003 10 JAN 84 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)

RIVER MILE : 127.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

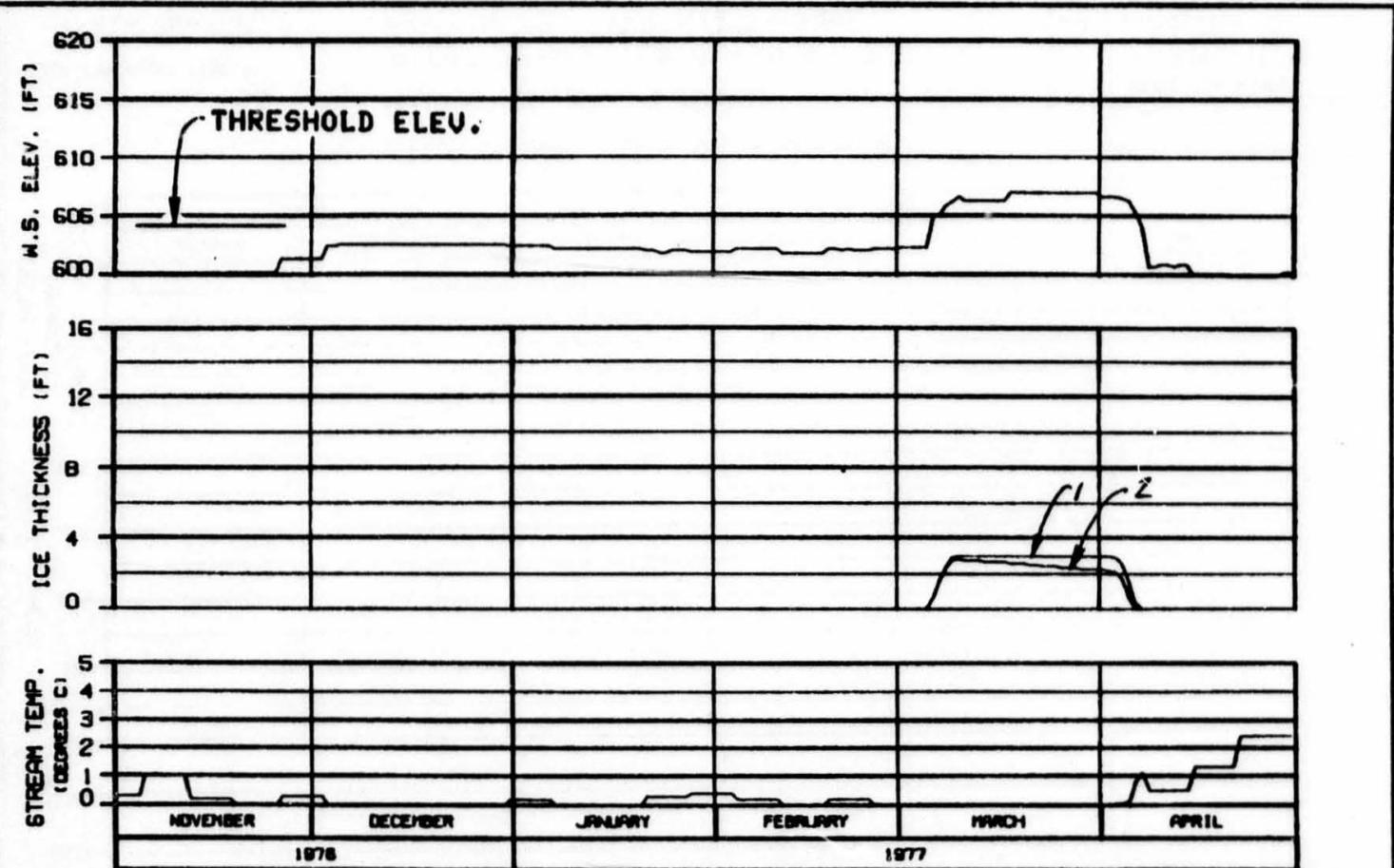
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 12-19-90 BY: AM-01 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 129.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

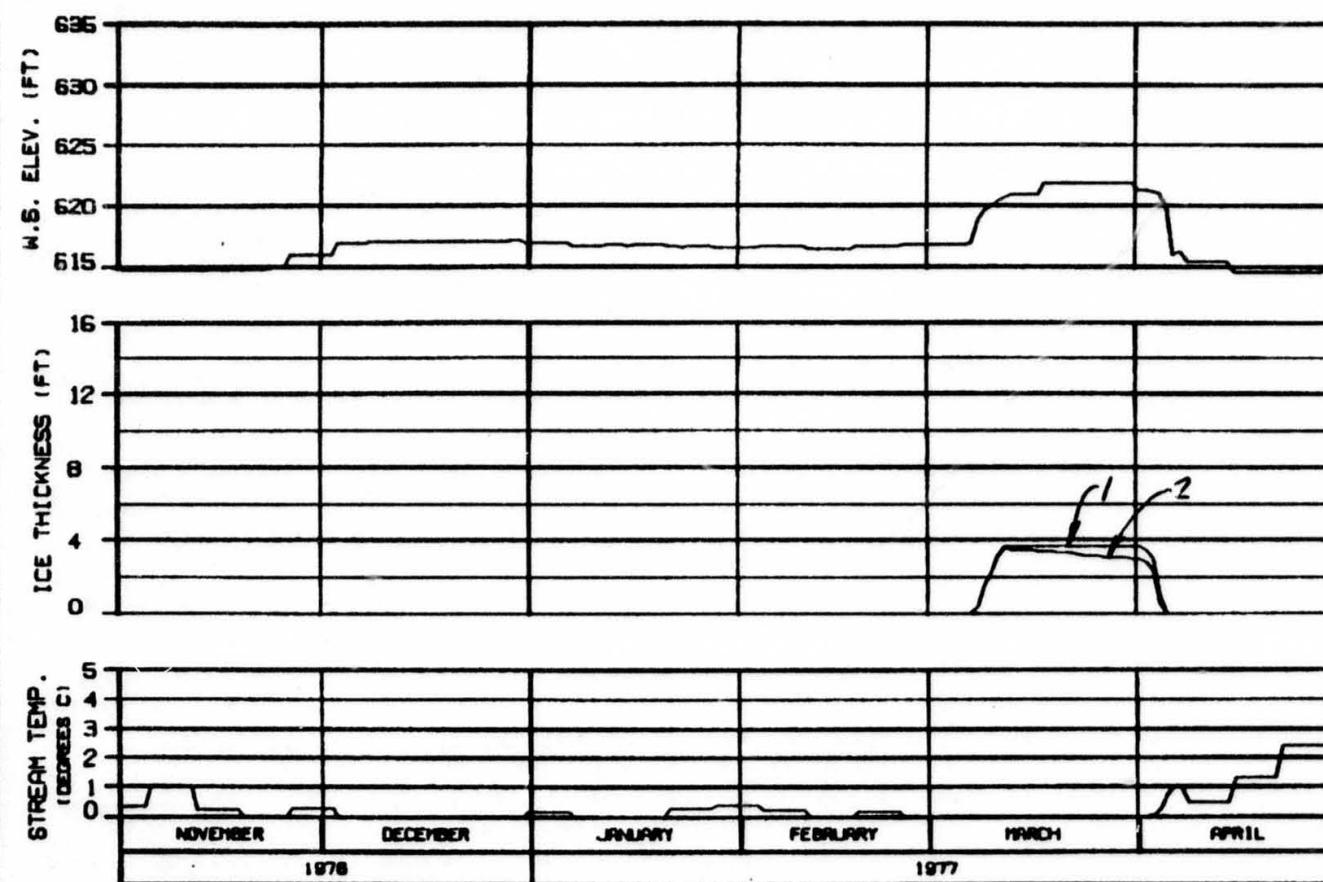
OPTION?

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
SHEDDED: 04 NOV 95	10 JUN 96
MMB. 142	

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

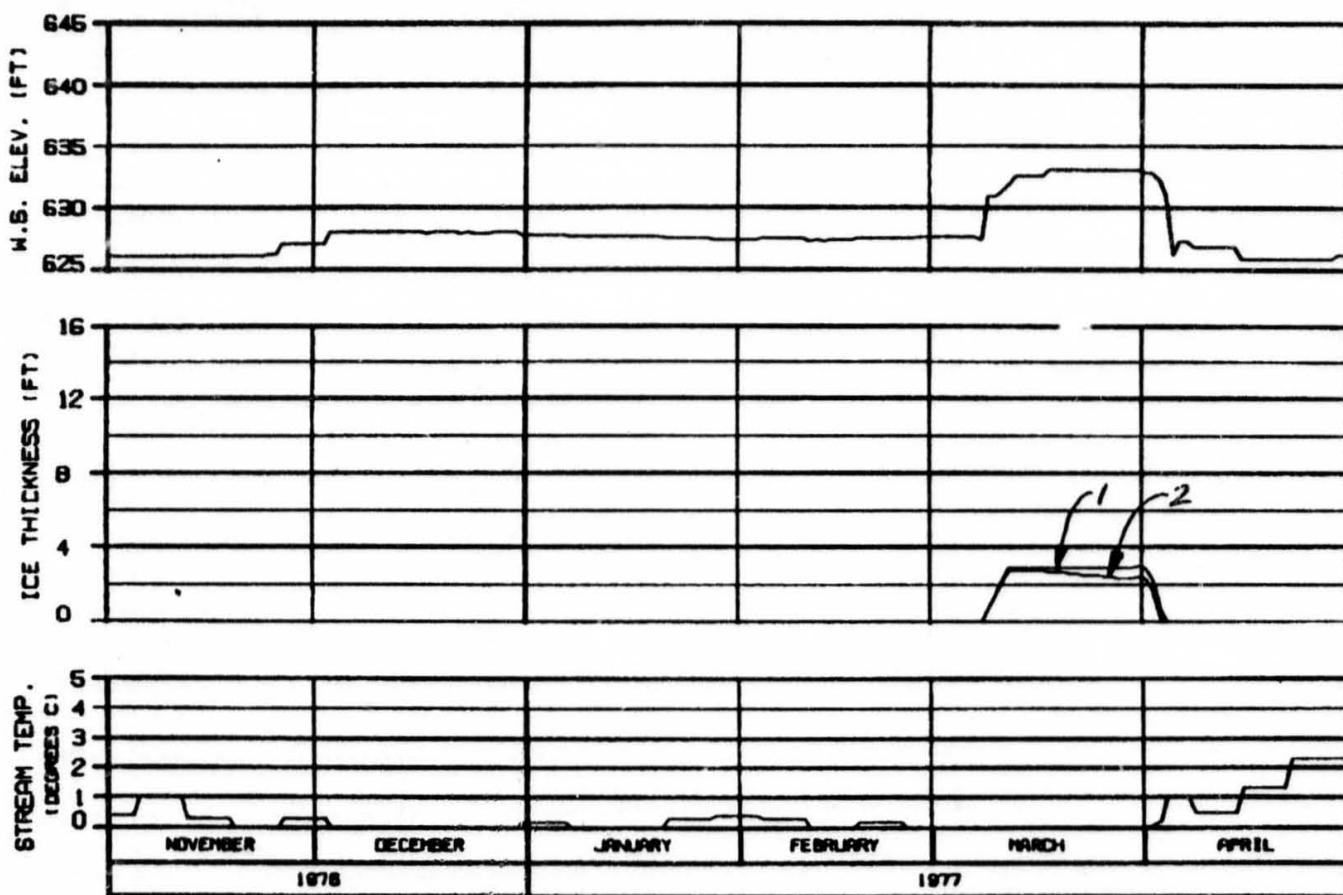
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

ENVIRO. IL. 9000 16 APR 77 2000.142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK

RIVER MILE : 131.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

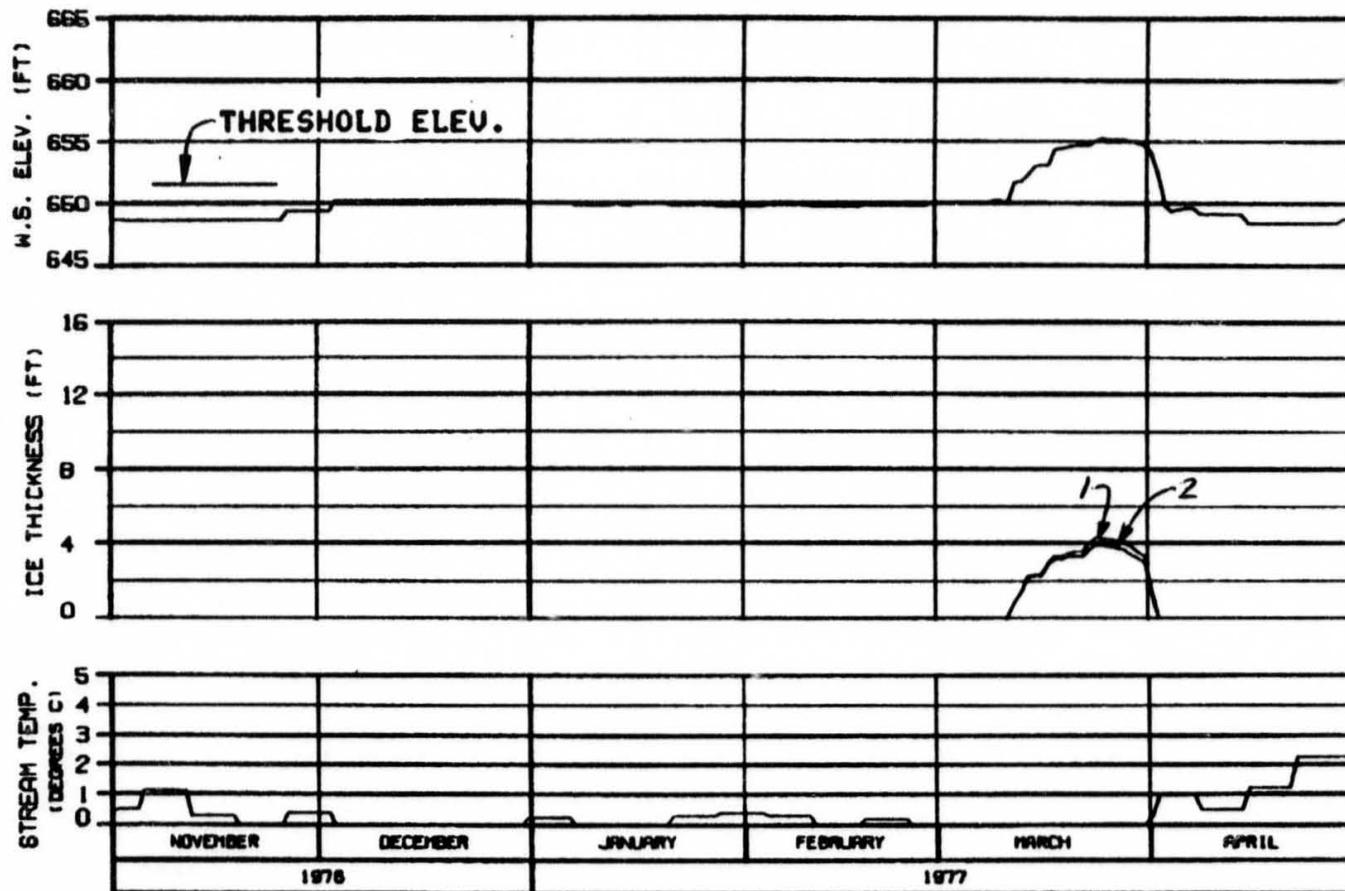
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 76960NA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCHRS- 00000000	00 JAN 80	1988.142
-------------------	-----------	----------



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
RIVER MILE : 133.70

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1: TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2: SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

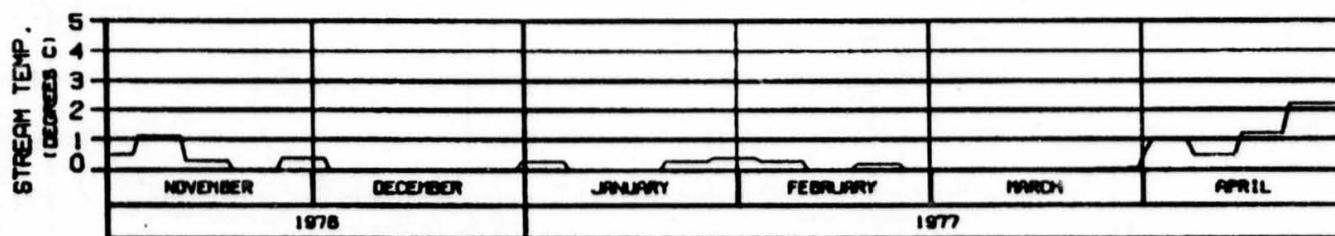
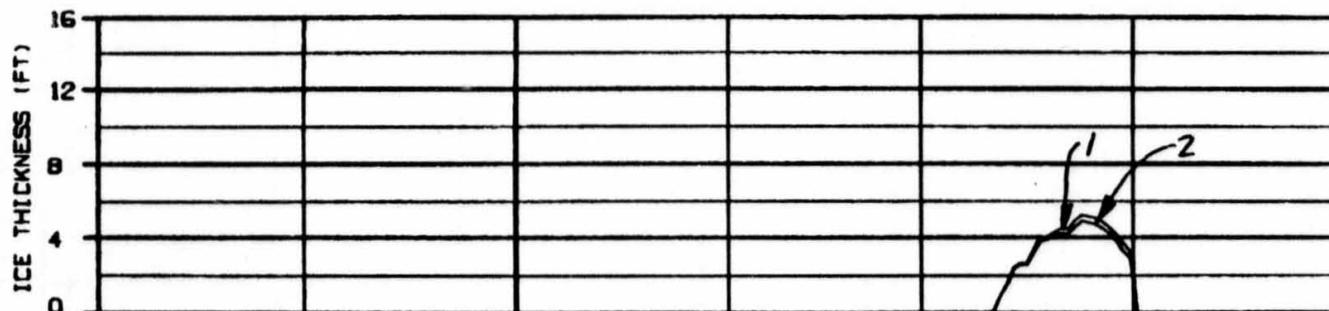
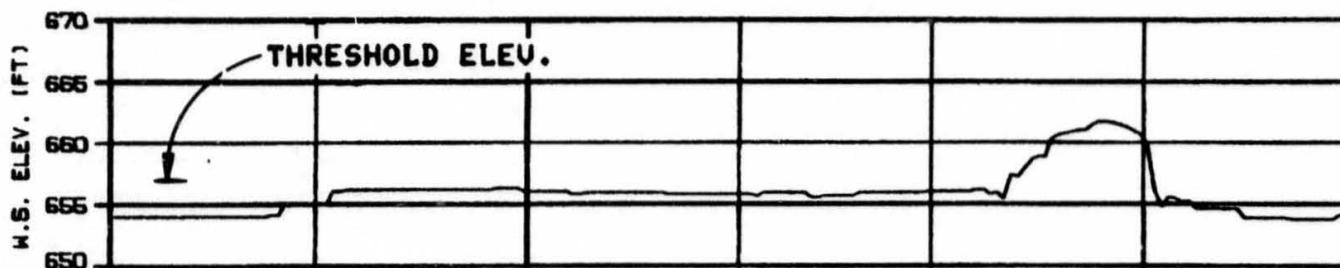
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, BALDWIN 10 APR 84 3000.142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10
RIVER MILE : 134.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

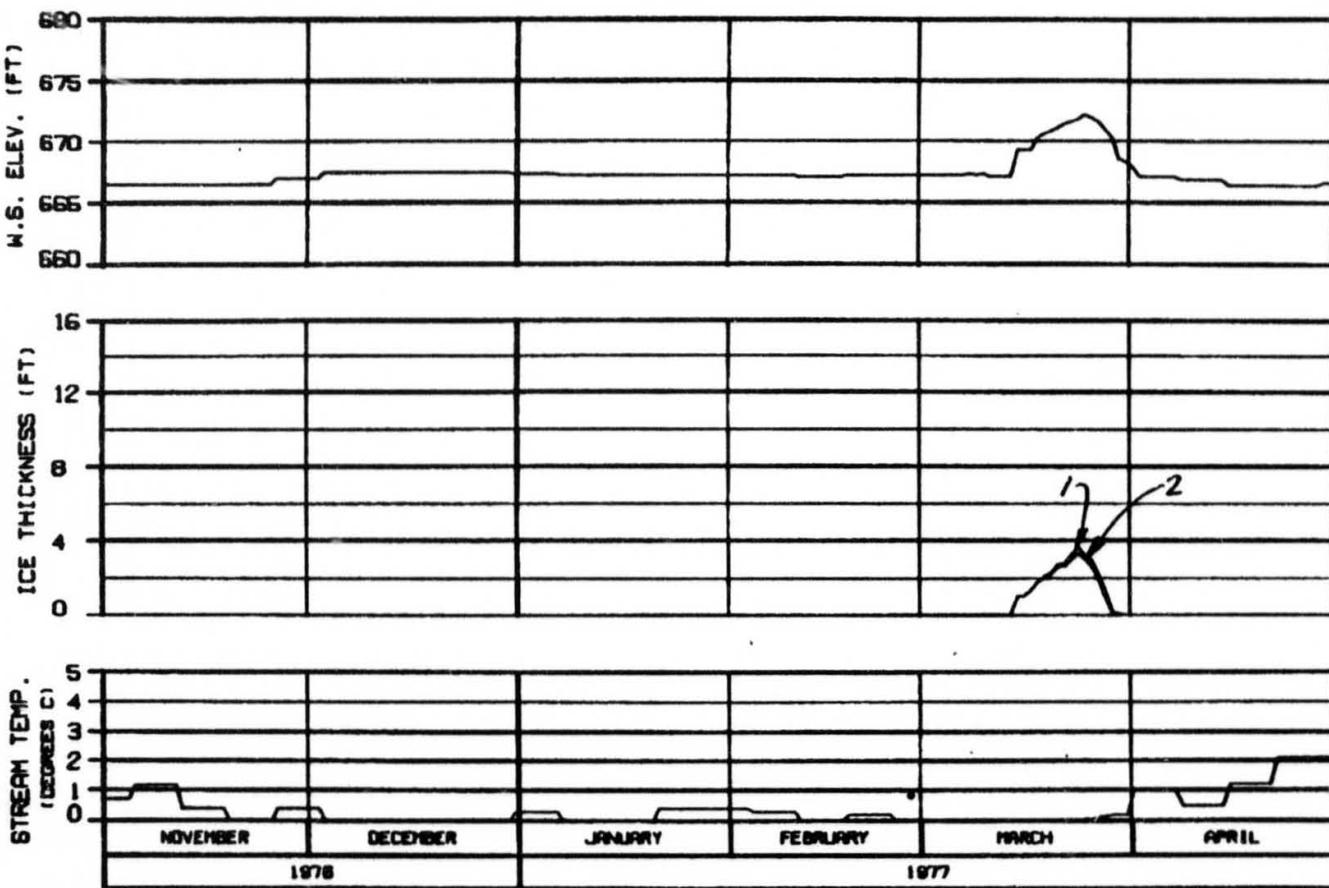
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

ISSUED: 12/19/90 BY: JAH SP: 3000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

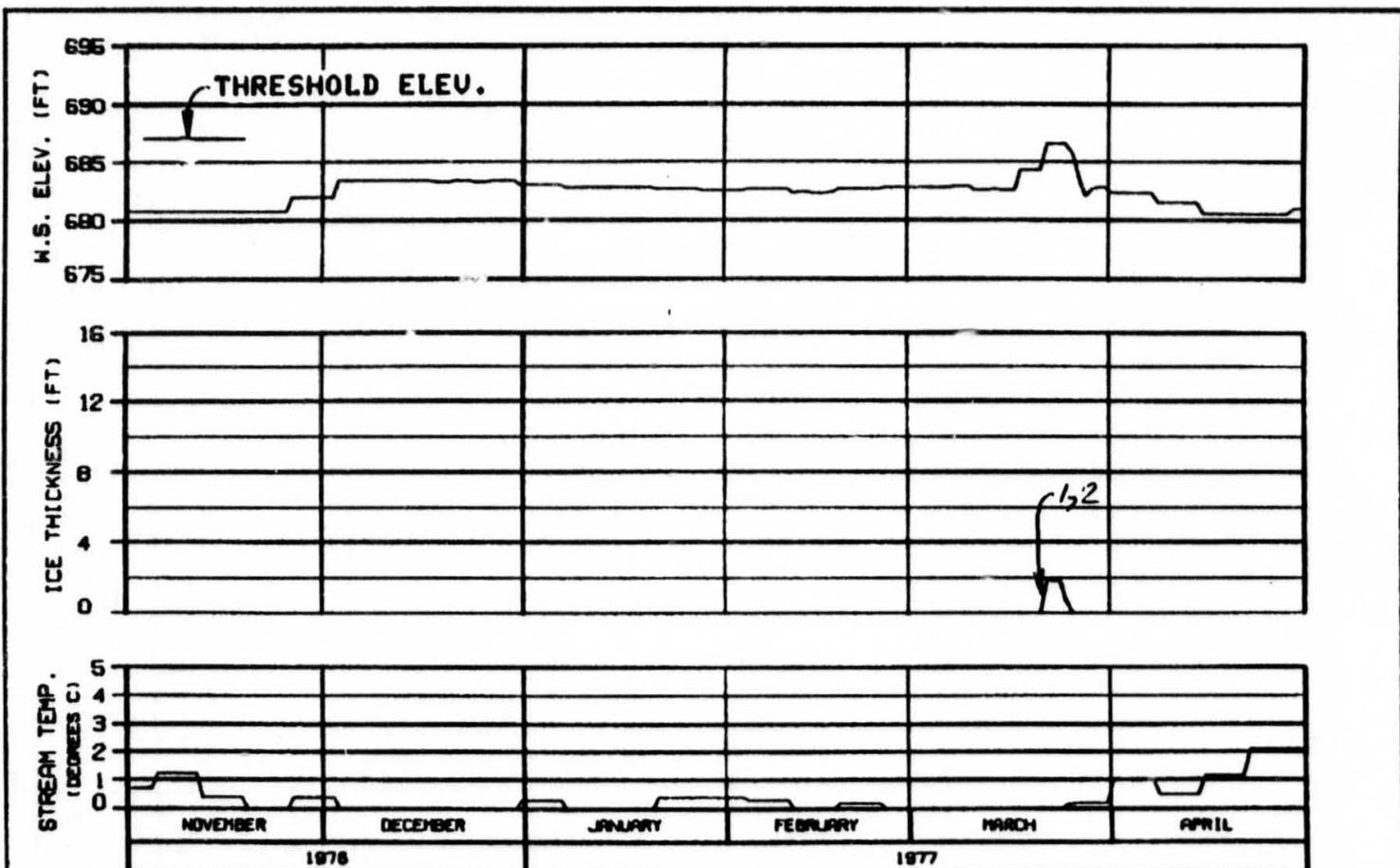
SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 135.30

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

BUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY
MARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	

DRAFTED: 11/10/96 BY: AM/CH 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. BLUE/1 COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 136.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

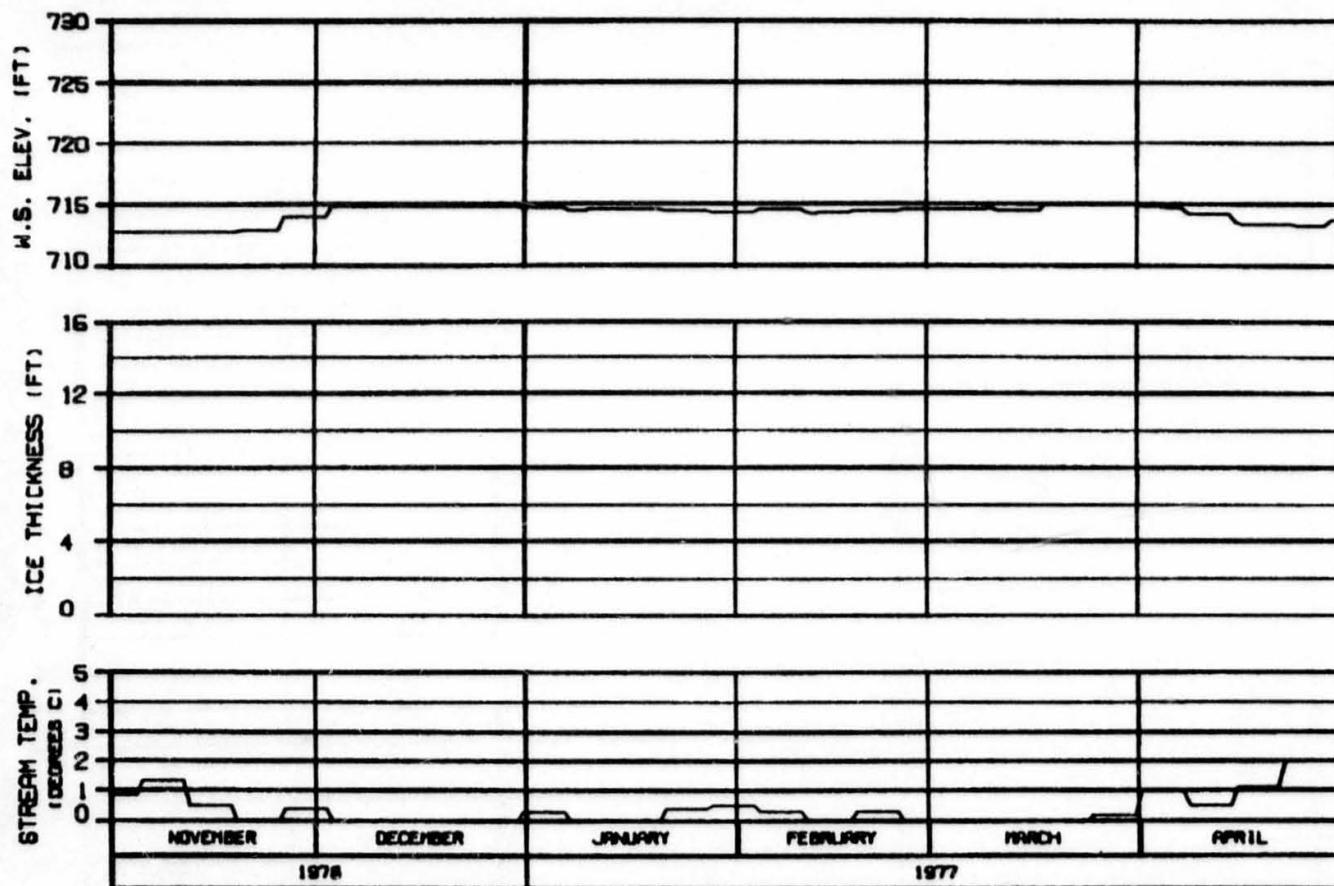
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTS- ALL SHEETS 10 JAN 81 1000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 17
RIVER MILE : 139.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

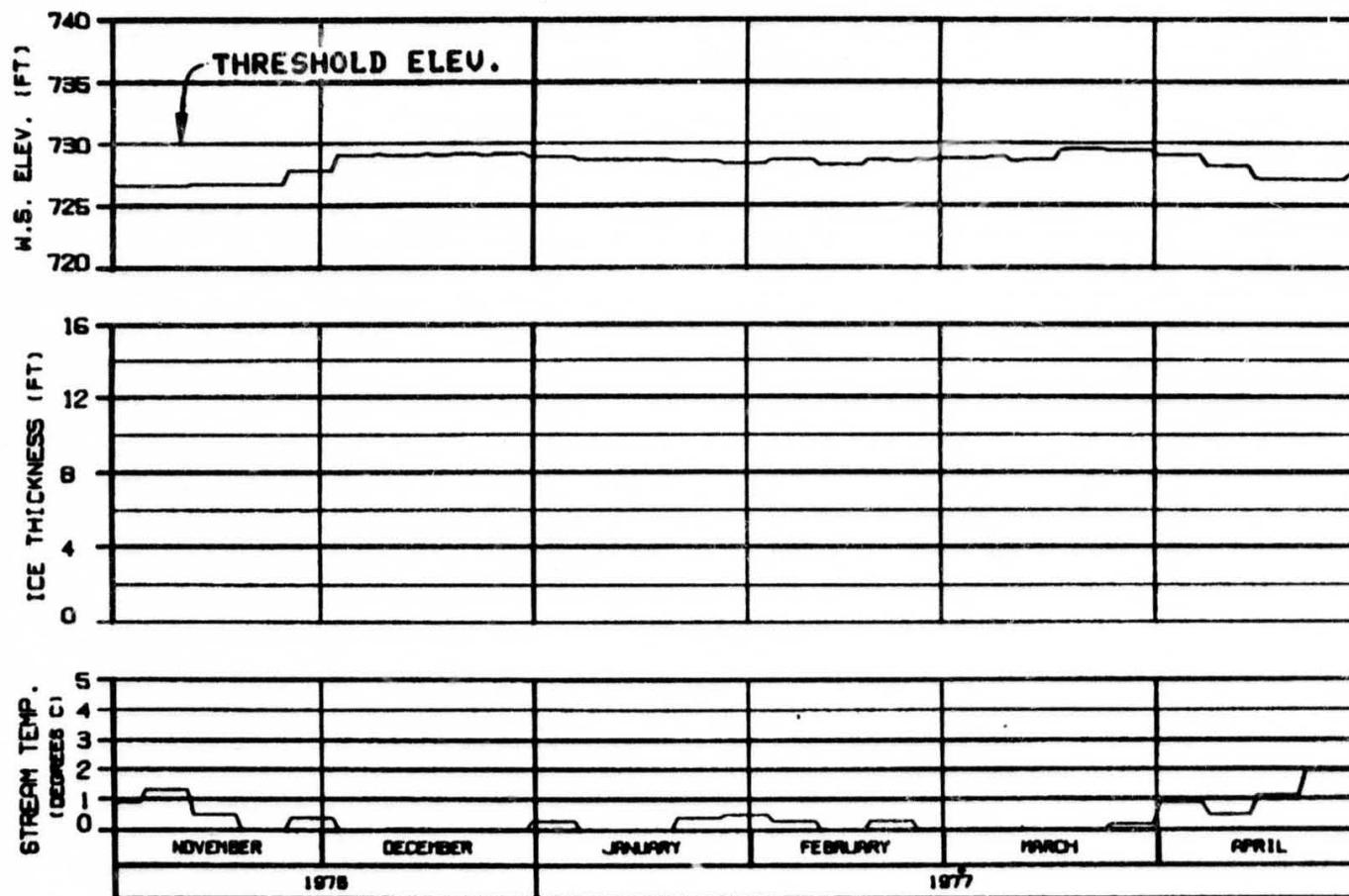
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

SHEDDED: 1A 1996 16 JUN 74 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 20
RIVER MILE : 140.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : 1 TEMP PROFILE : 1
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

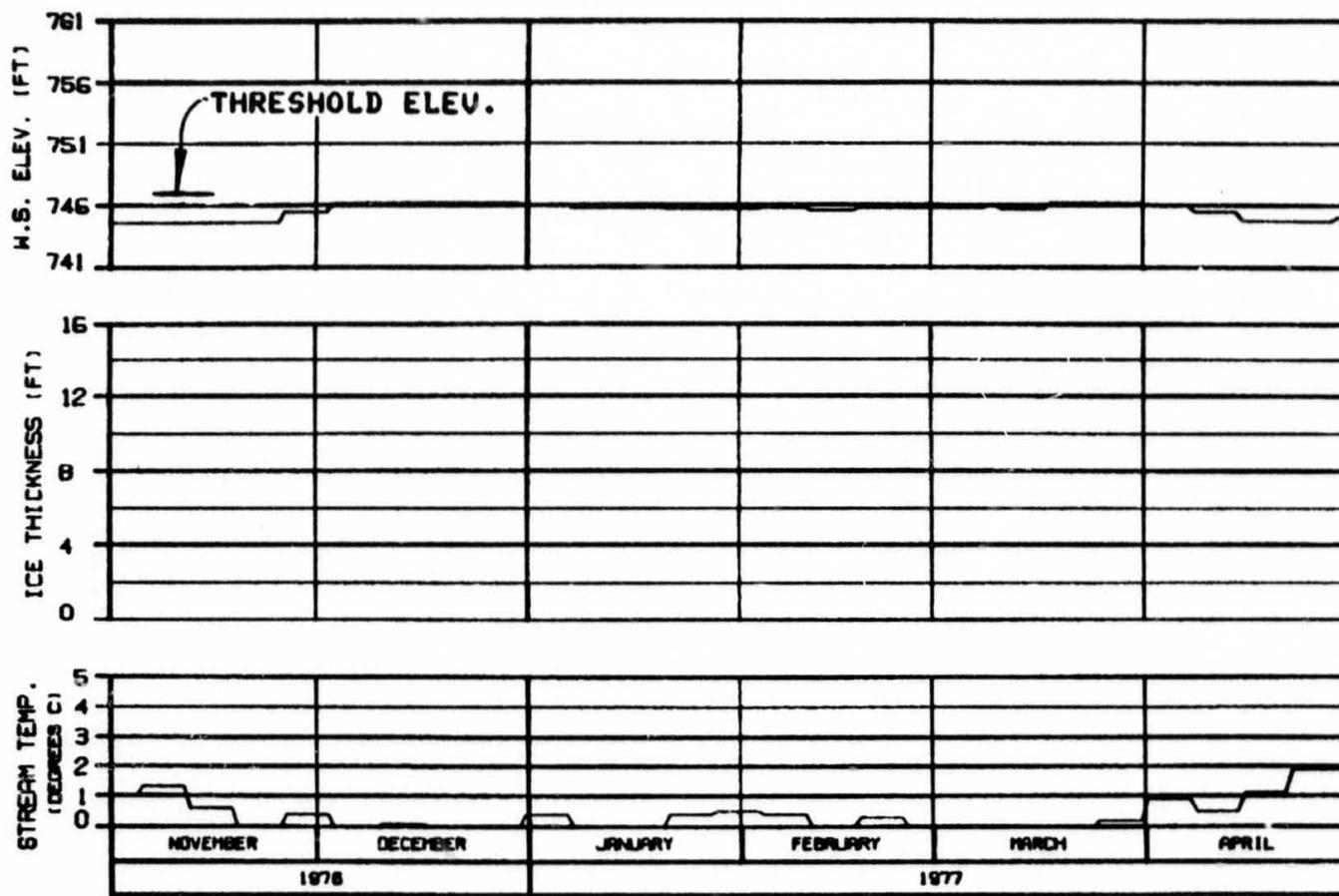
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HANCOCK-HEGGEREY WATER VENTURES

DRAFTED: 02/09/90 BY: JAH/BSI

EDITION: 142



SLOUGH 21 (ENTRANCE A6)

RIVER MILE : 141.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

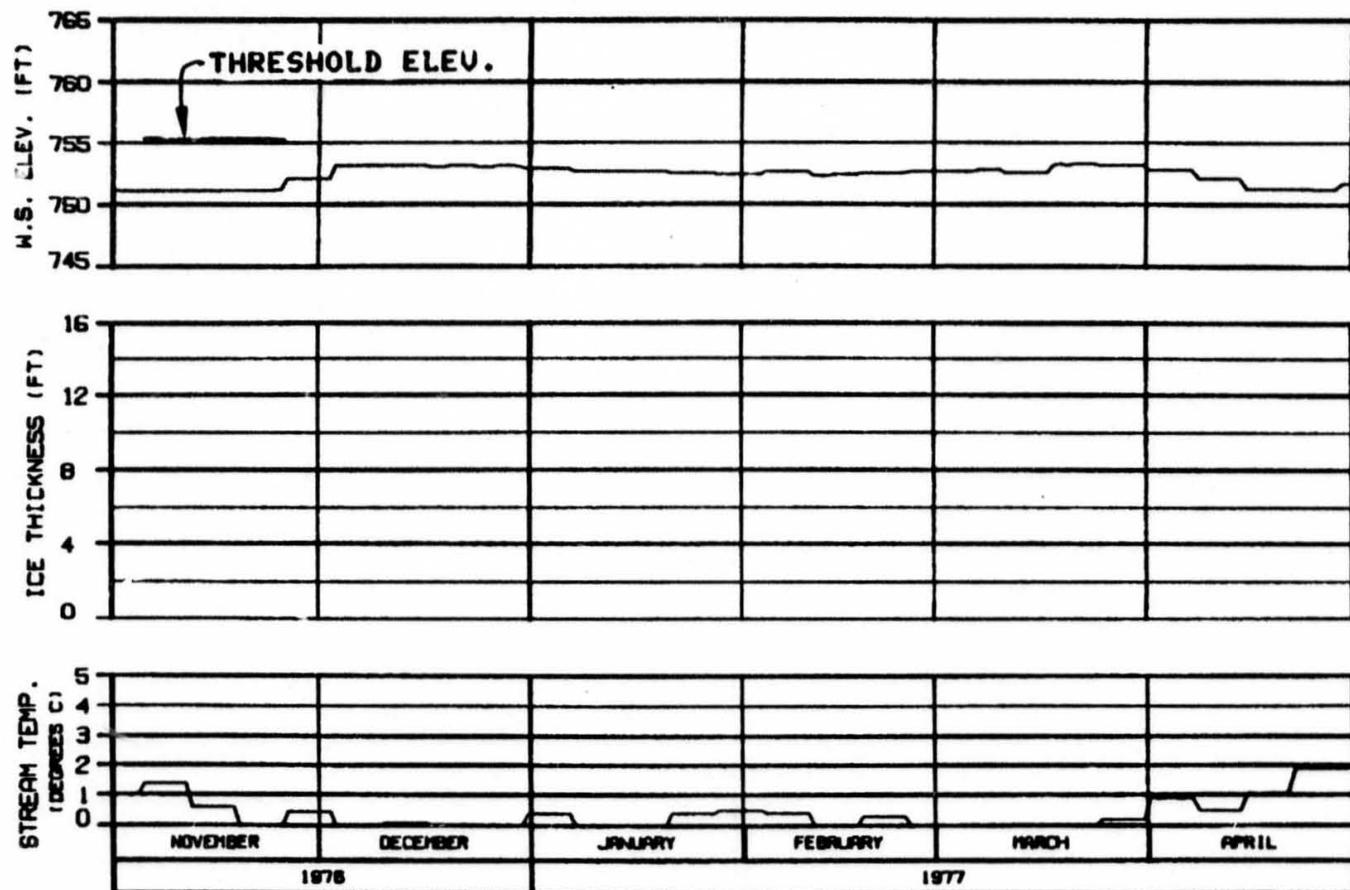
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBARCO JOINT VENTURE

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA 10 JAN 84 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 21
RIVER MILE : 142.20

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

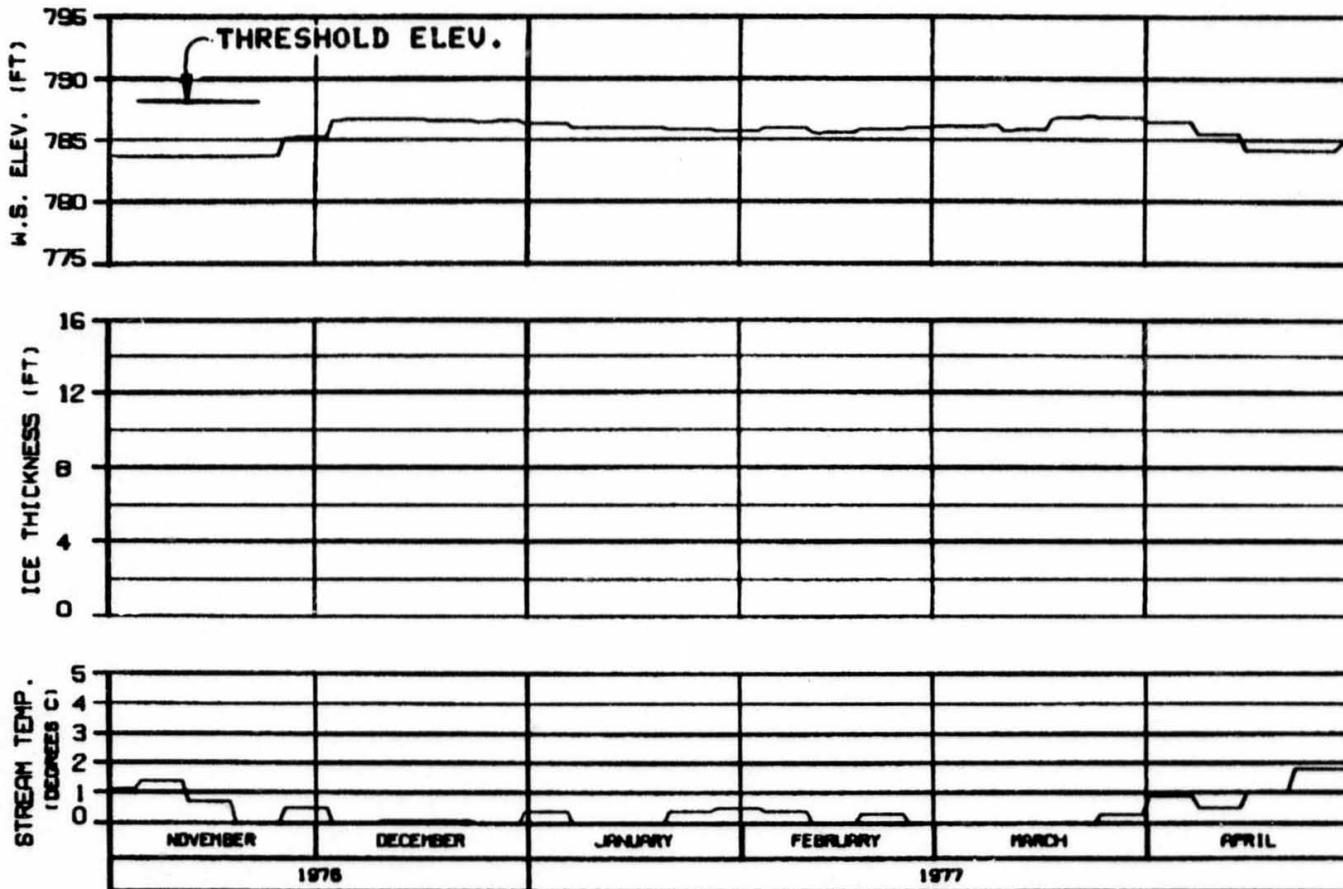
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPRI600 JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 12/19/90 10:14 AM 1000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 22

RIVER MILE : 144.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 76 - 30 APR 77
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RUL : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 7696CNA

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

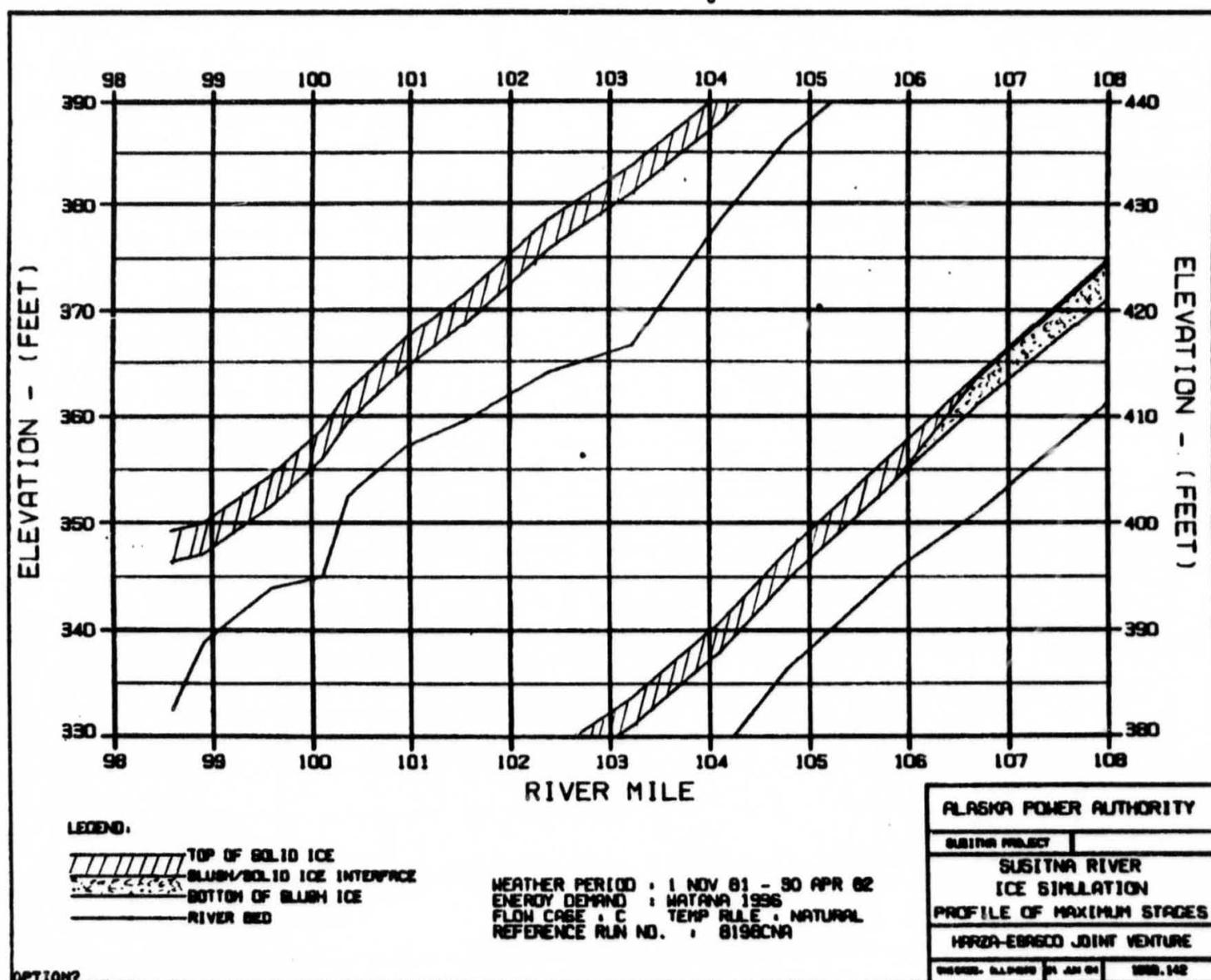
SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

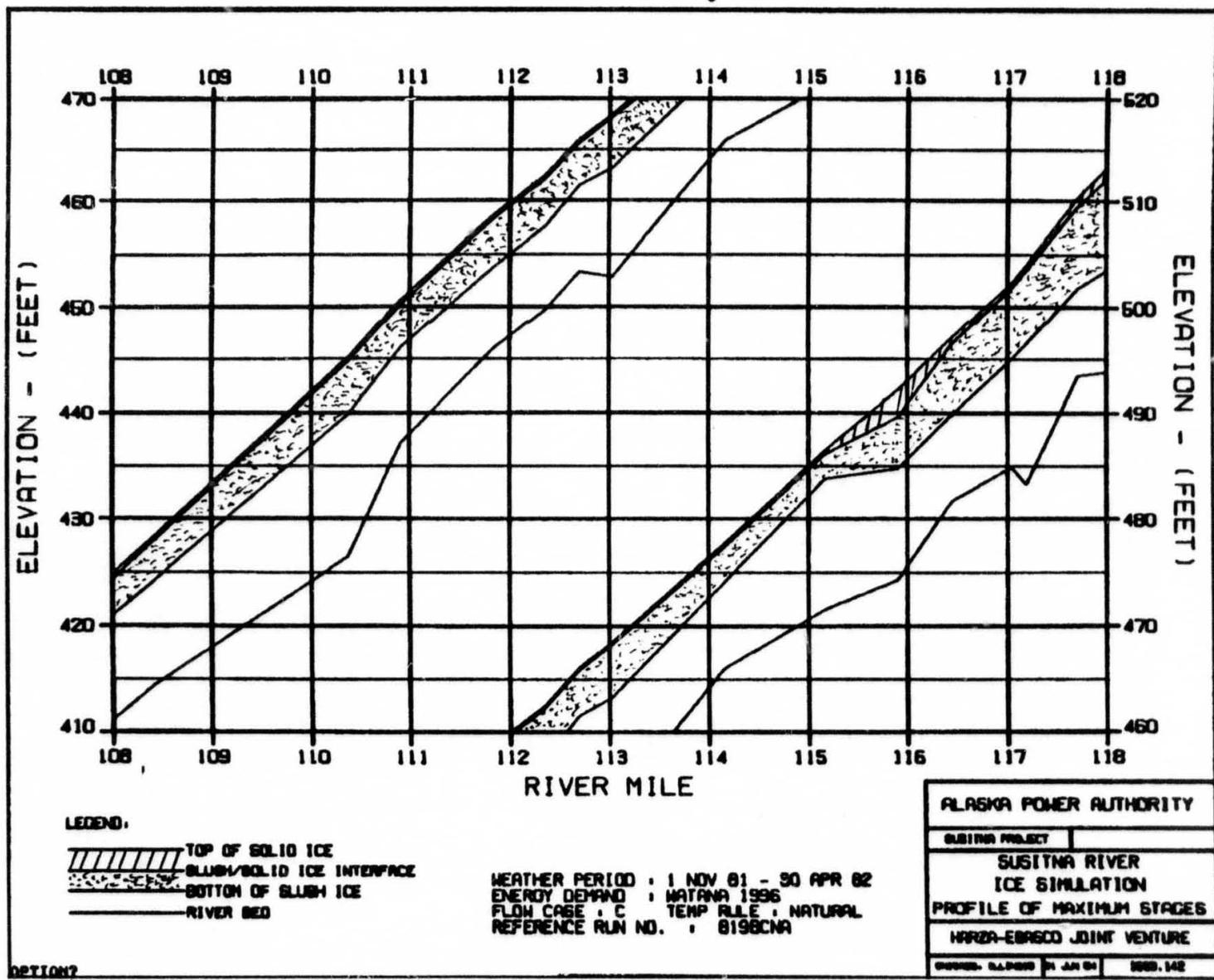
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

UNCDR-11-PD-00 20 JUN 81 1000.142

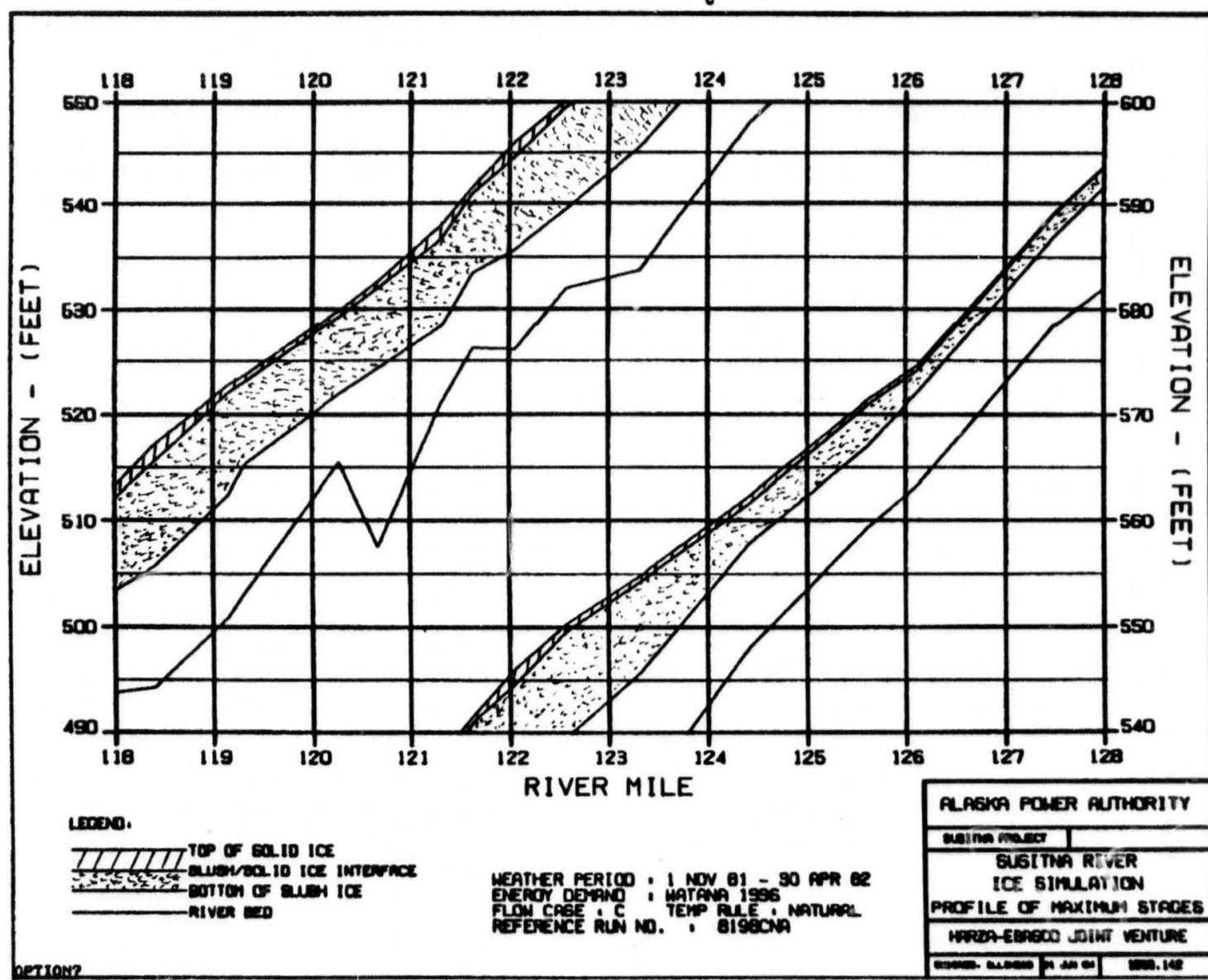
EXHIBIT G

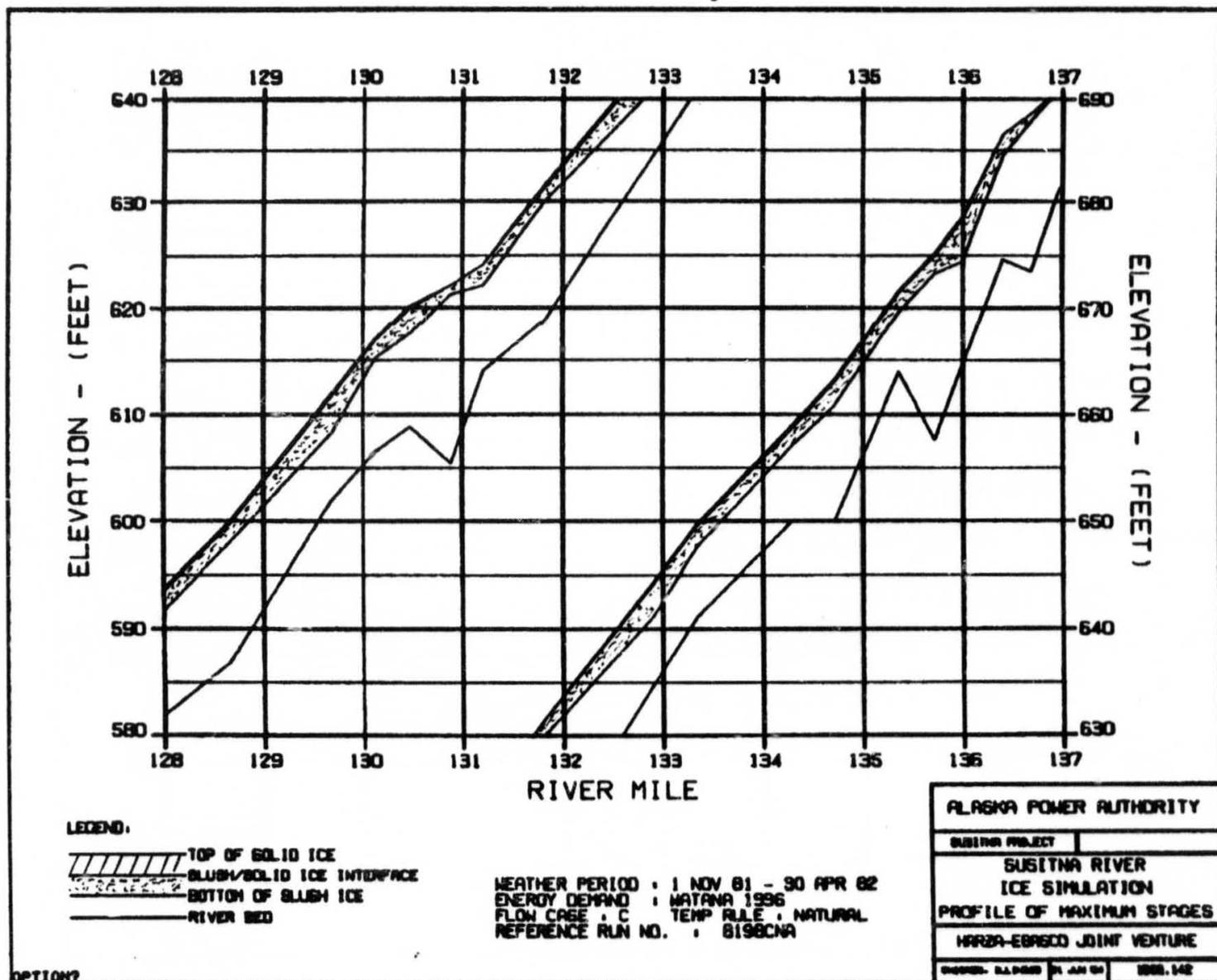
C



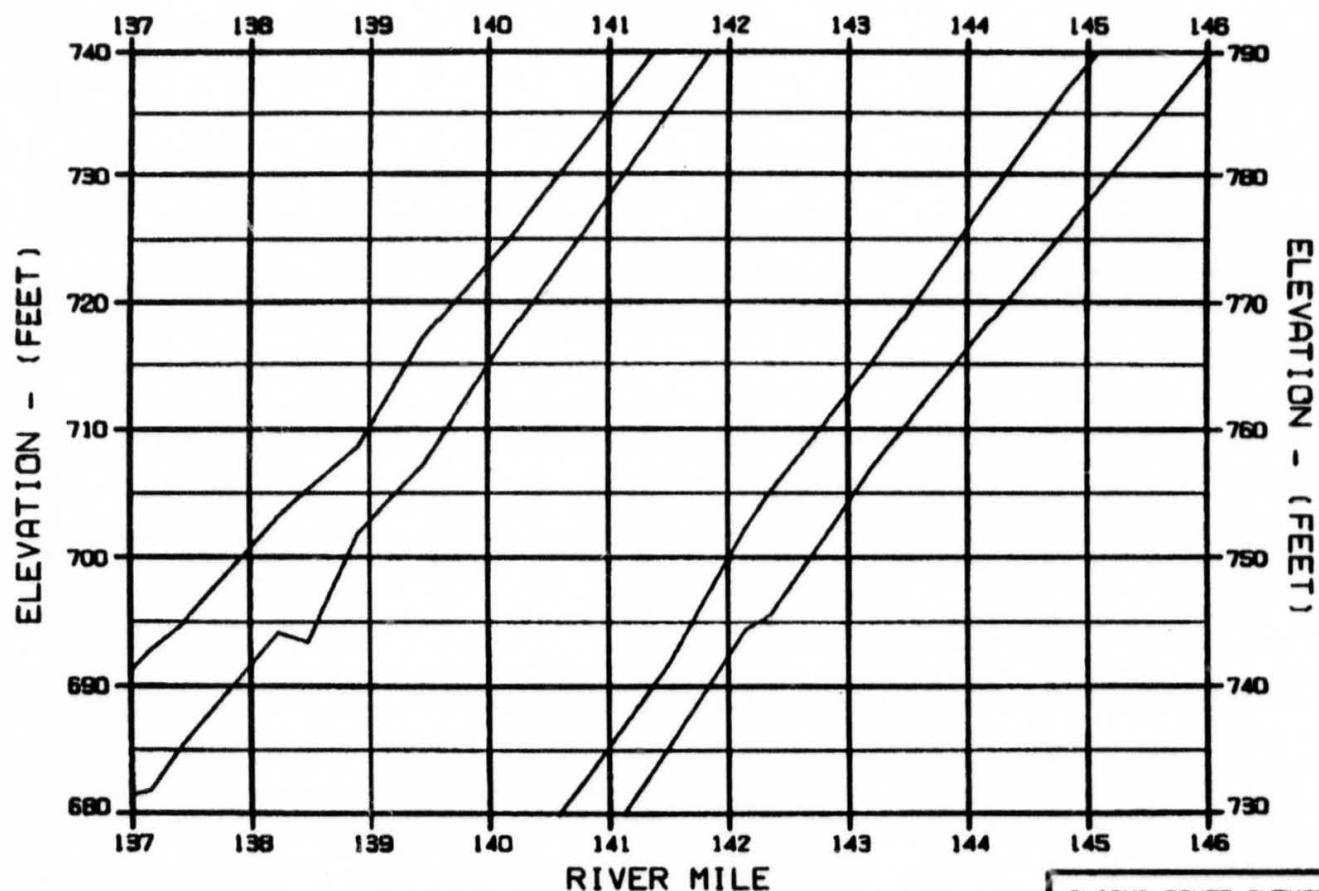


C





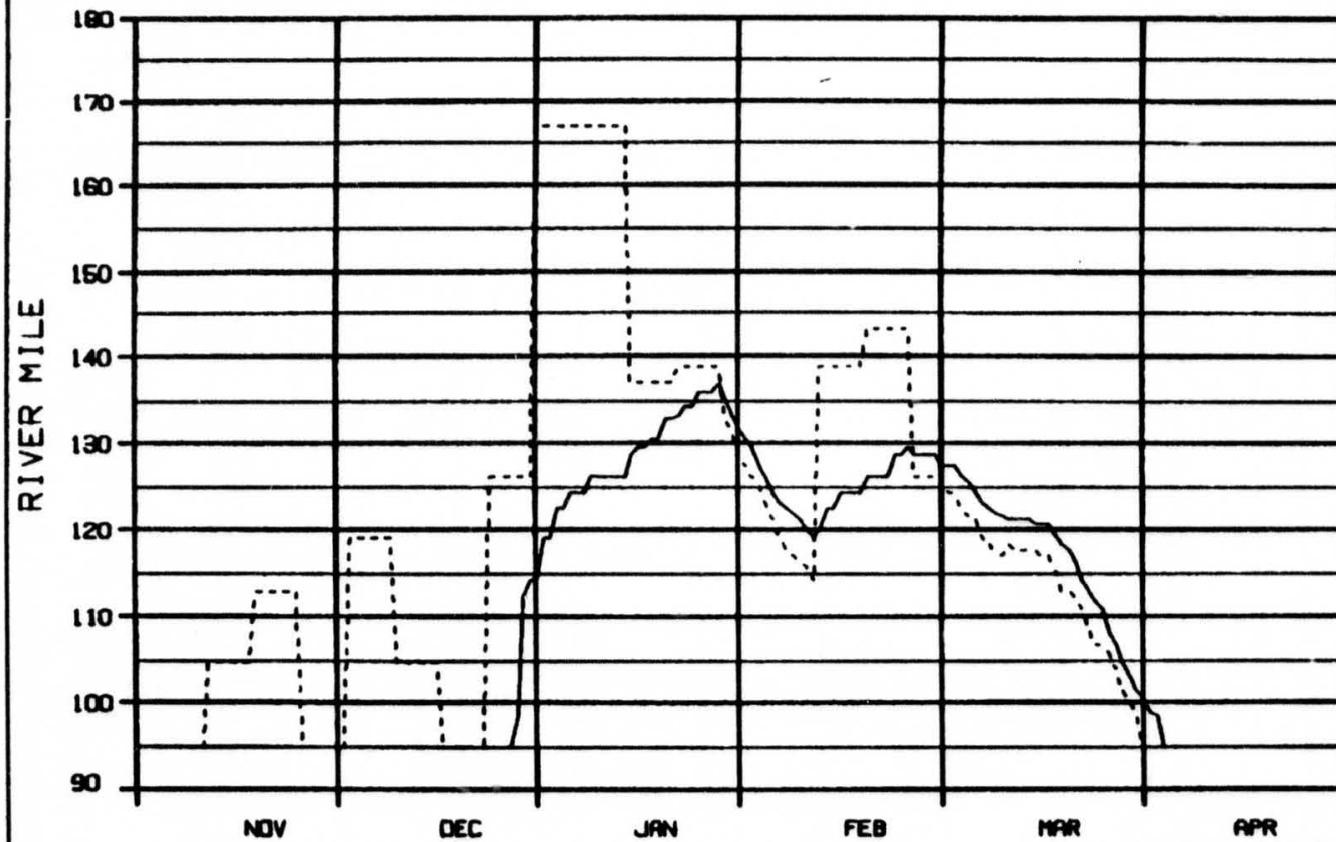
C



WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8198CNA

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY		
SUSITNA PROJECT		
SUSITNA RIVER		
ICE SIMULATION		
PROFILE OF MAXIMUM STAGES		
HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE		
SUMMER	8198CNA	8198.142



LEGEND:

— ICE FRONT
- - - - ZERO DEGREE ISOTHERM

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 6198CNA

OPTION?

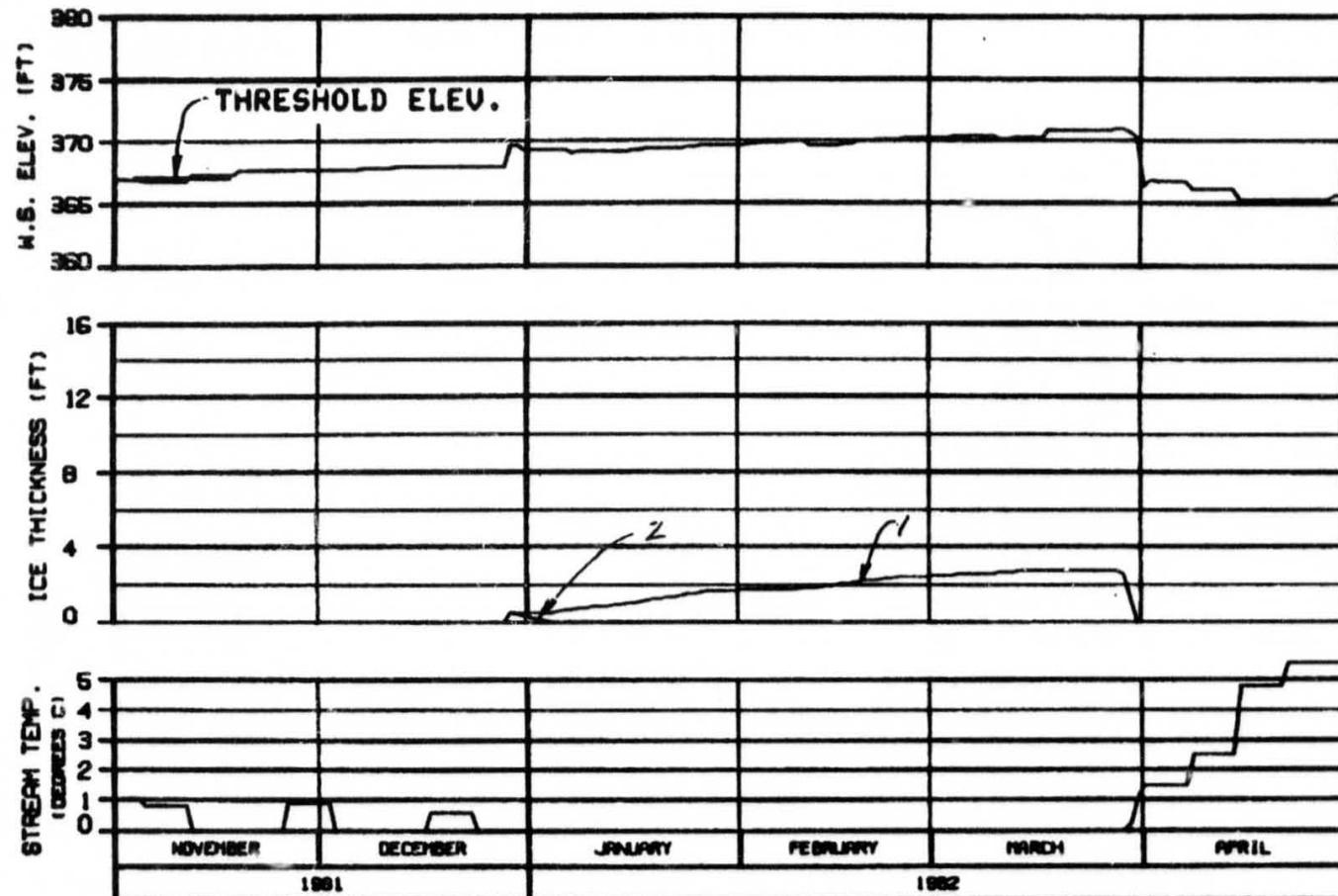
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
PROGRESSION OF ICE FRONT
& ZERO DEGREE ISOTHERM

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER: AL-1980 21 JUN 84 1000.142



HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 101.50

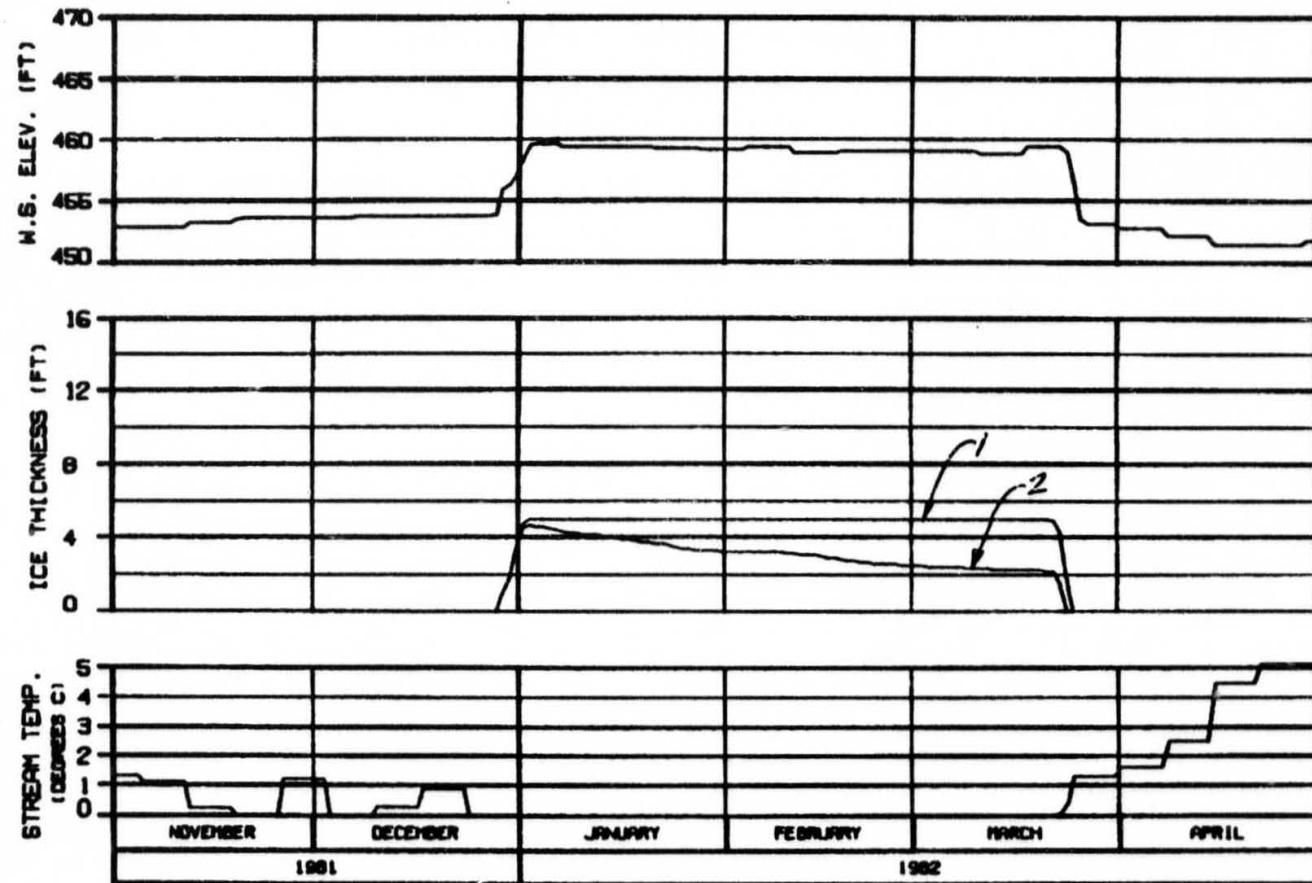
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : B196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
Version: 0.1.000	01 JAN 84
EBS-142	



SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

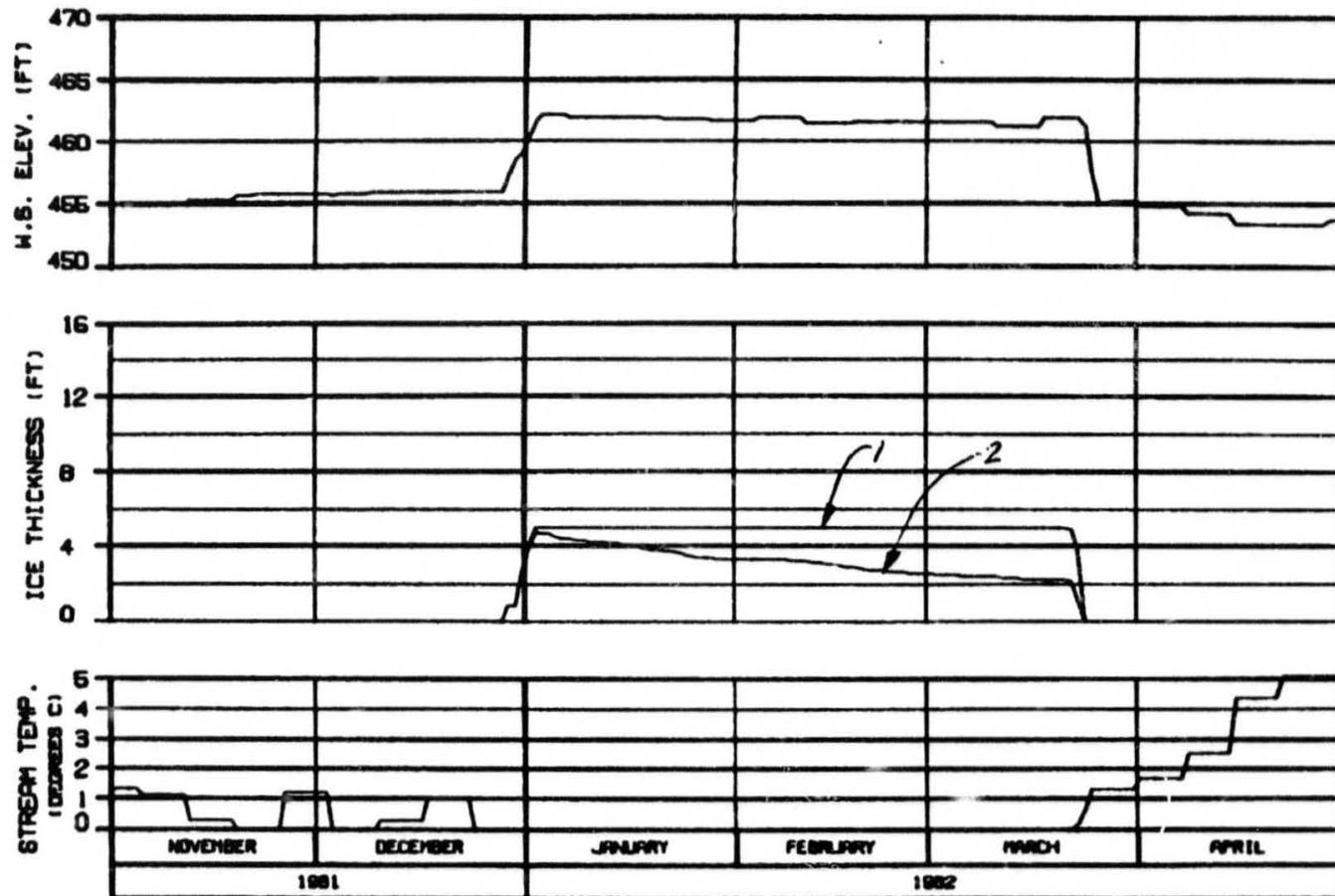
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	

SHORES: 8A2000 04 APR 81 0000.142



**MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A
RIVER MILE : 112.34**

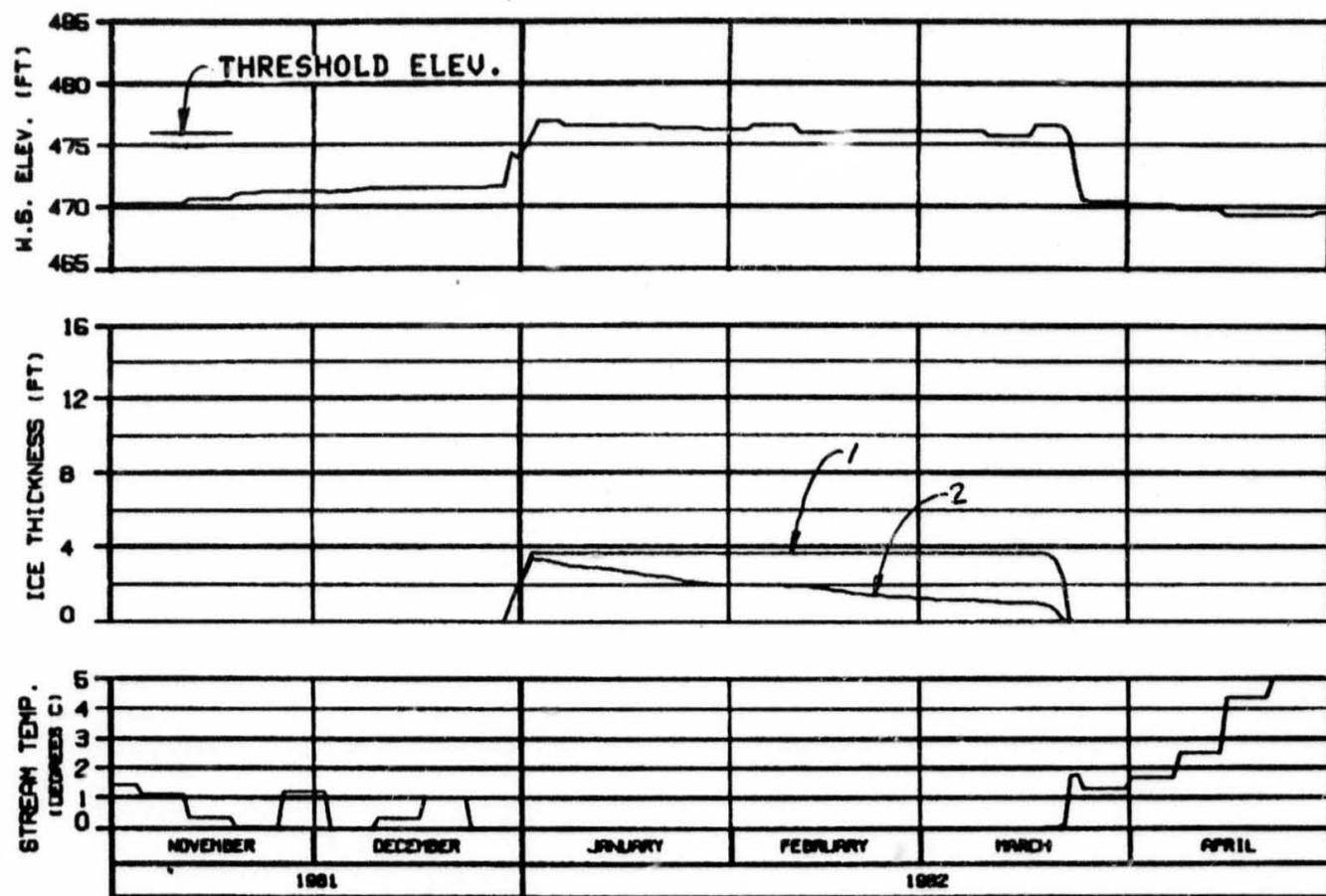
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUBSITE PROJECT	I
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DESIGNED BY HARZA	IN JAN 82
8000-142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
RIVER MILE : 114.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

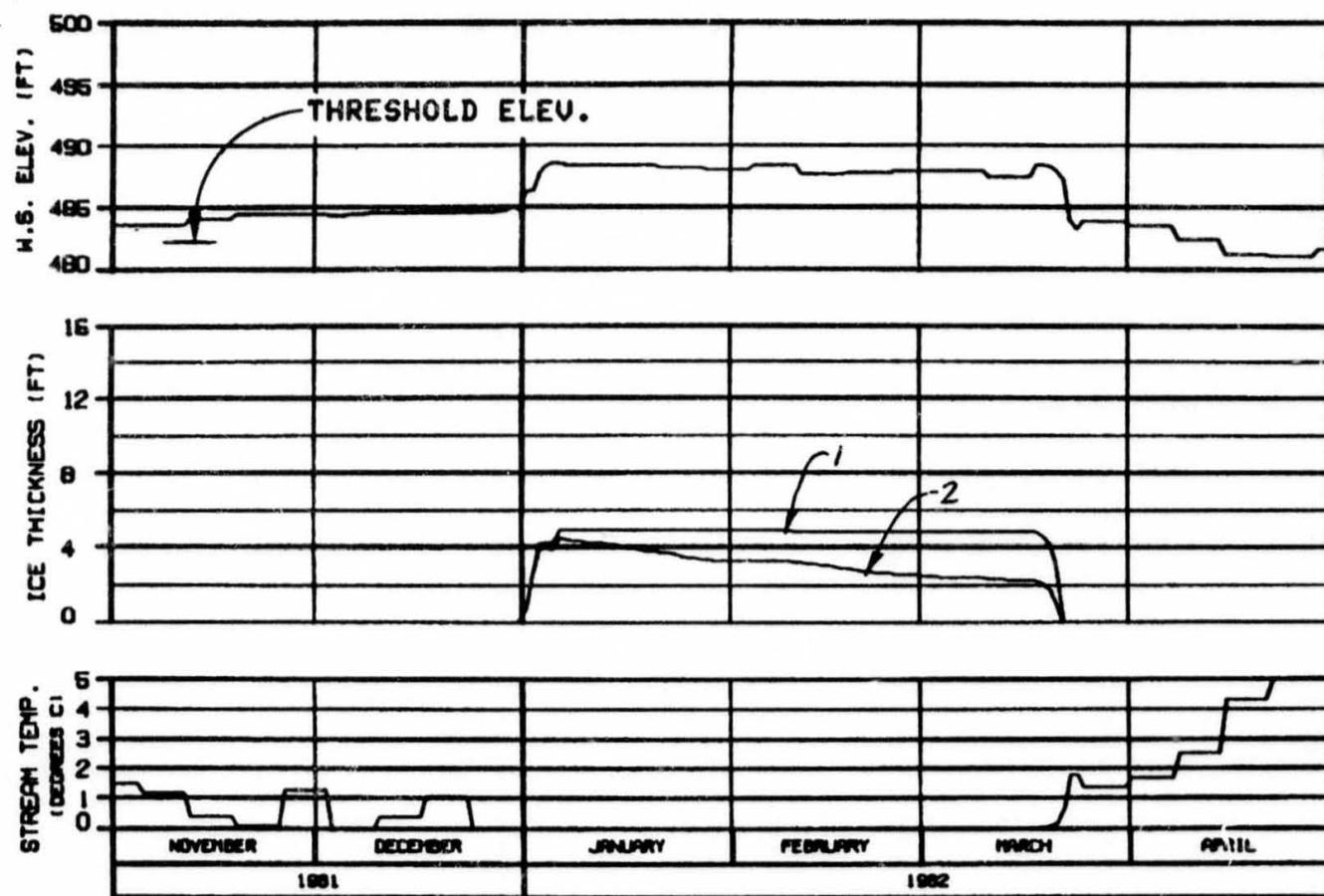
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCRETE DATES : 21 JAN 81 16 MAR 82



SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

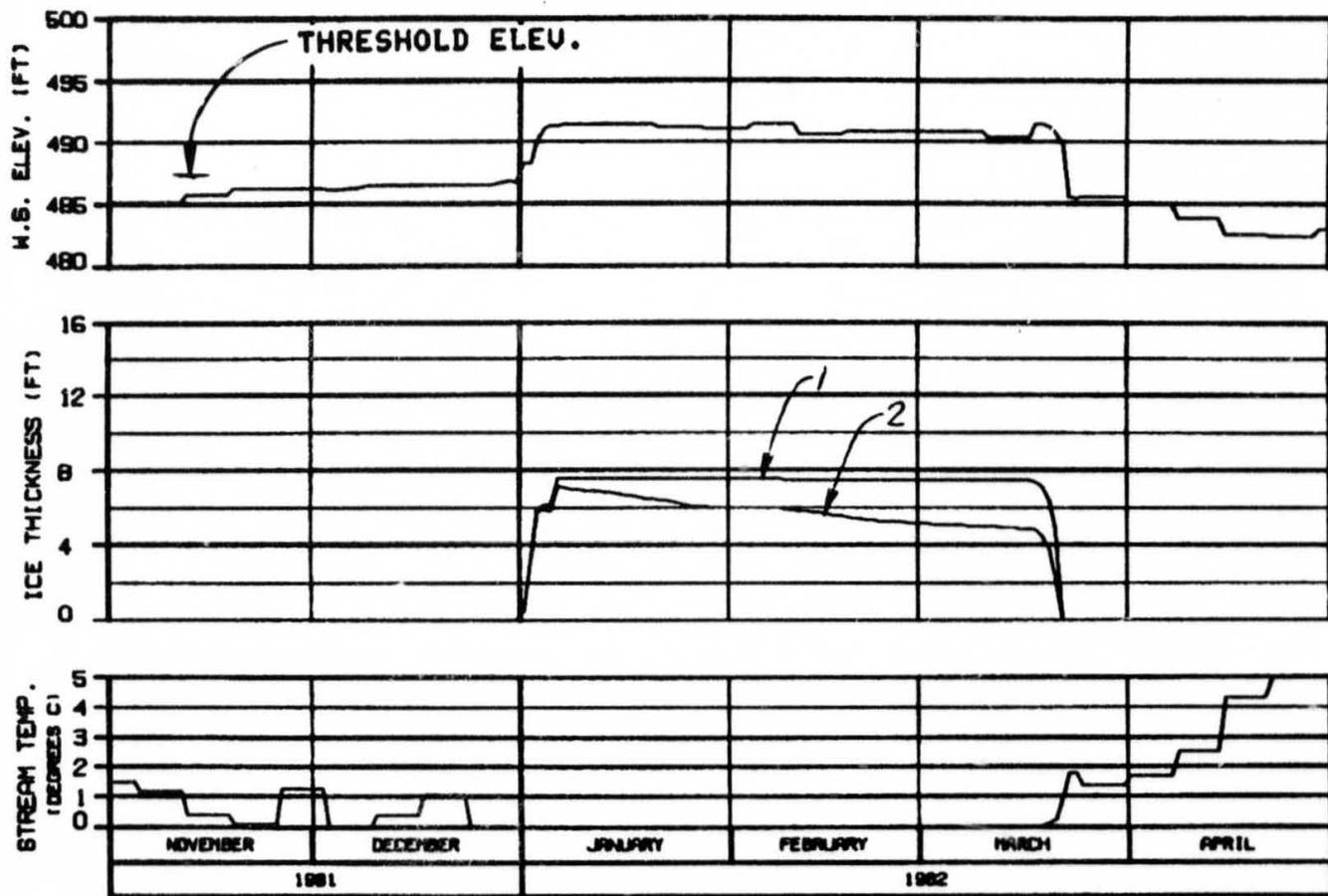
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, B.L. 00000 01 JUN 04 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.90

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 81960NA

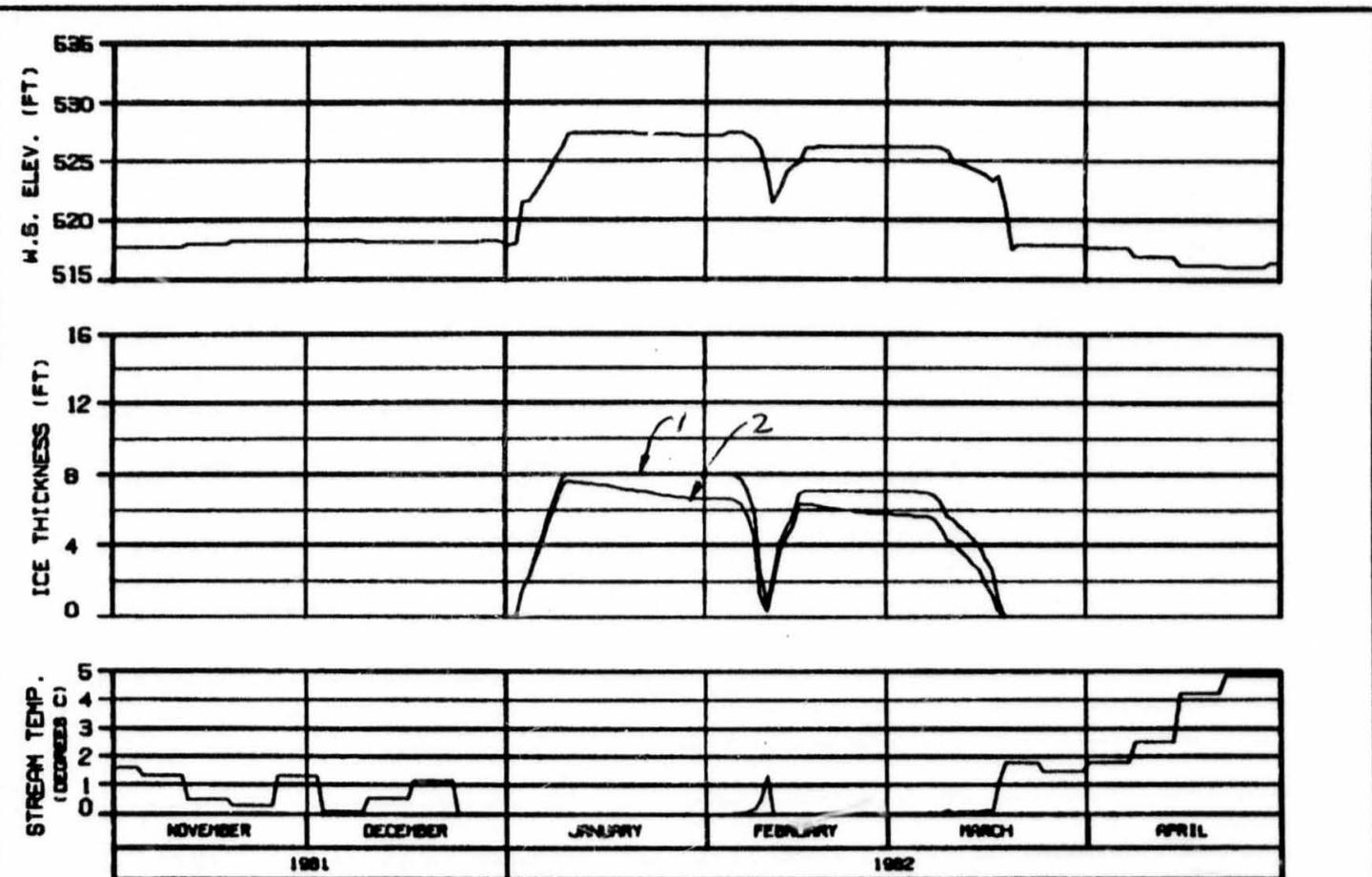
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DISPEN. DATED: 14 JAN 82 REC'D. DATE: 14 JAN 82



RIVER MILE : 120.00

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

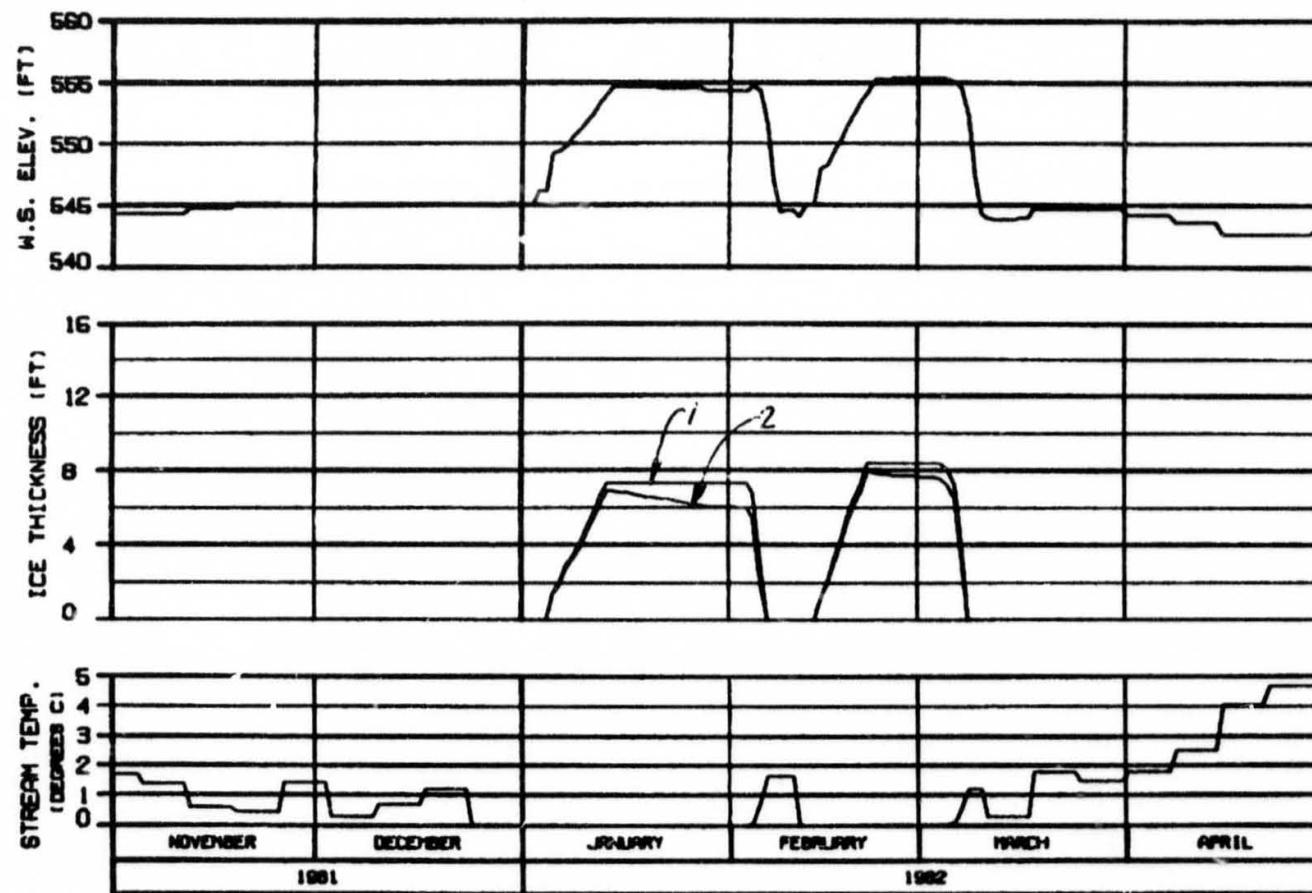
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

SPREADSHEET: S12000.DAT 21 APR 81 1982.142



HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH RIVER MILE : 123.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

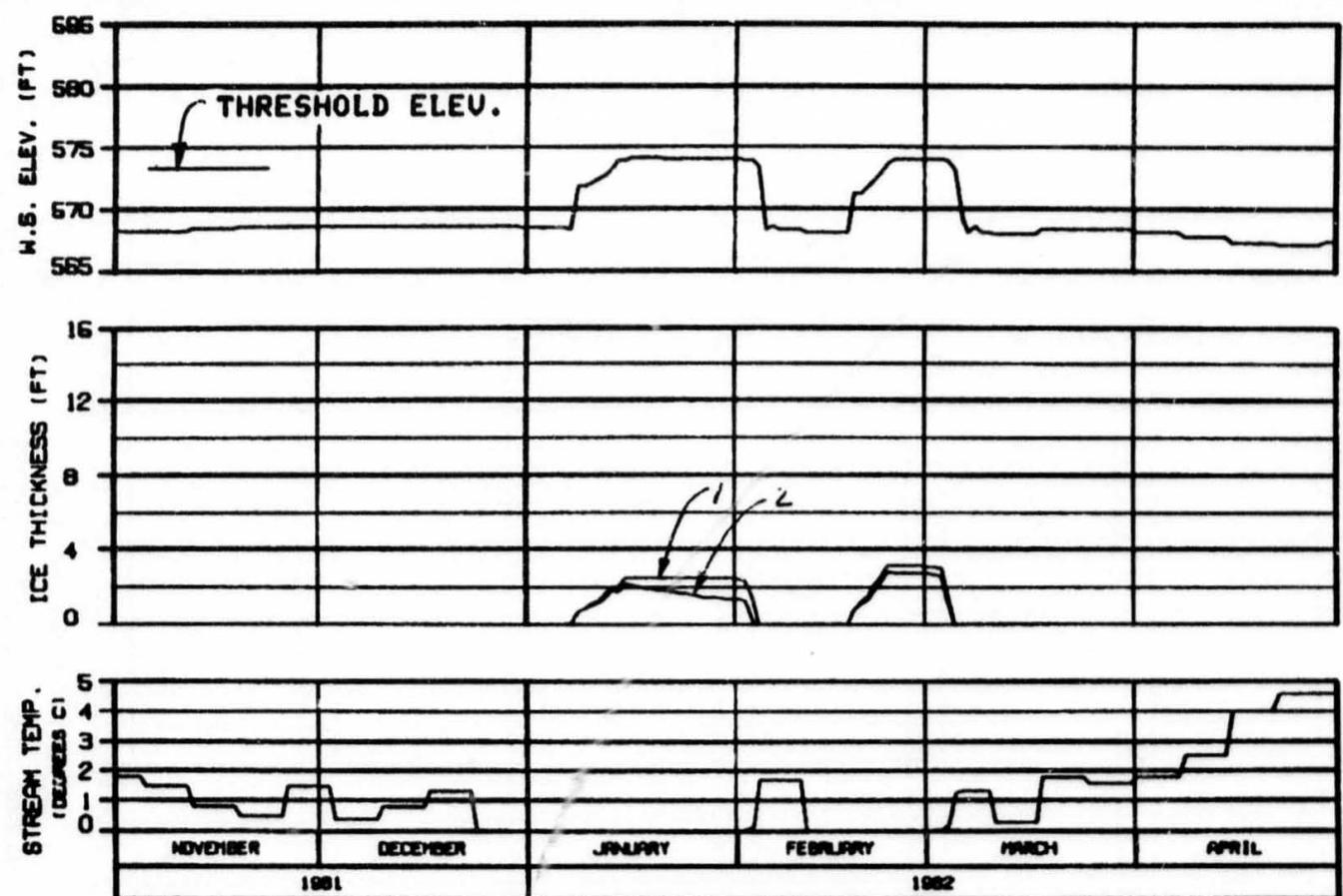
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 02/09/90 BY: APD SP: 888.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

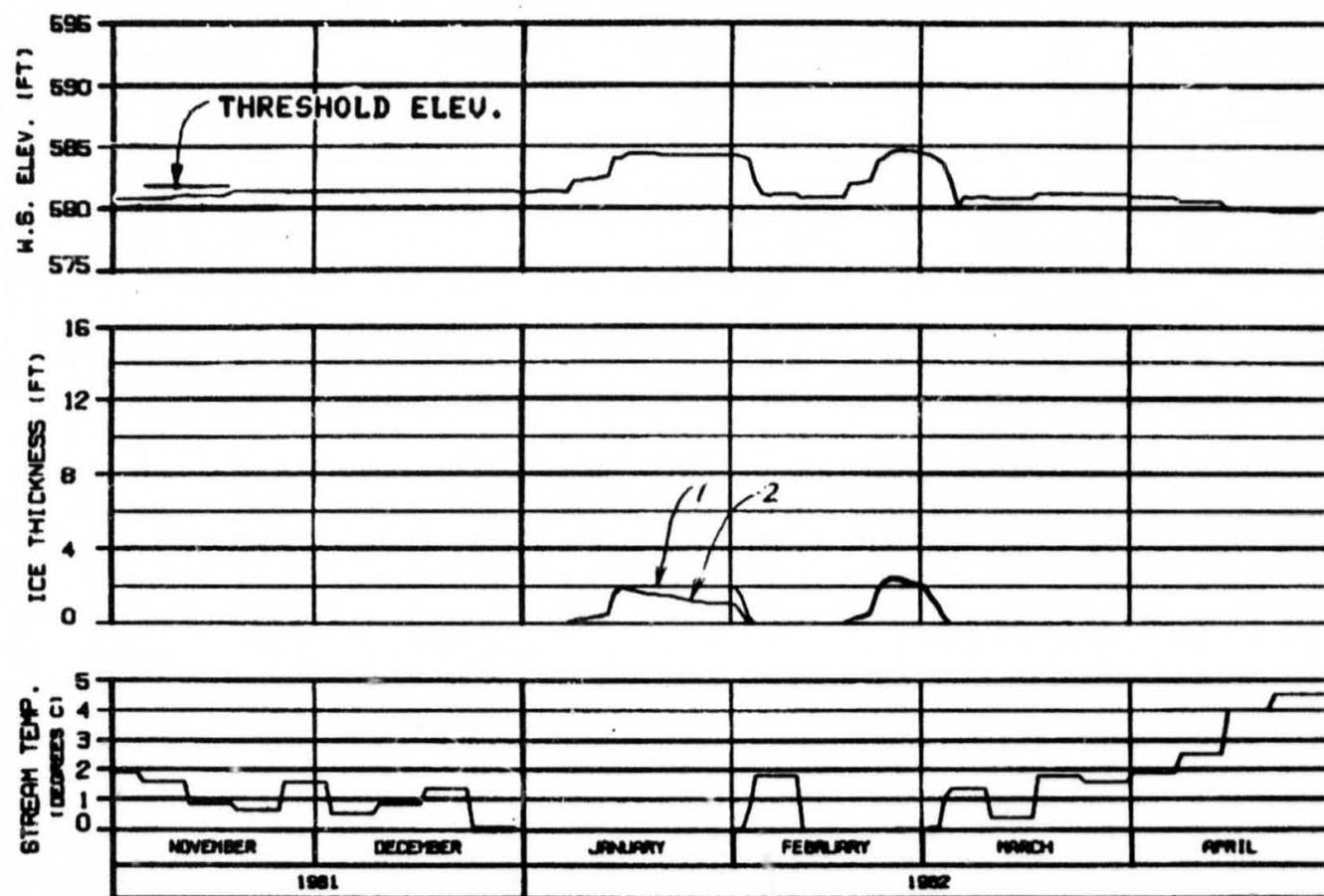
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

SPANNING: 12.00000 IN JAN 81 12.00000



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)
RIVER MILE : 127.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

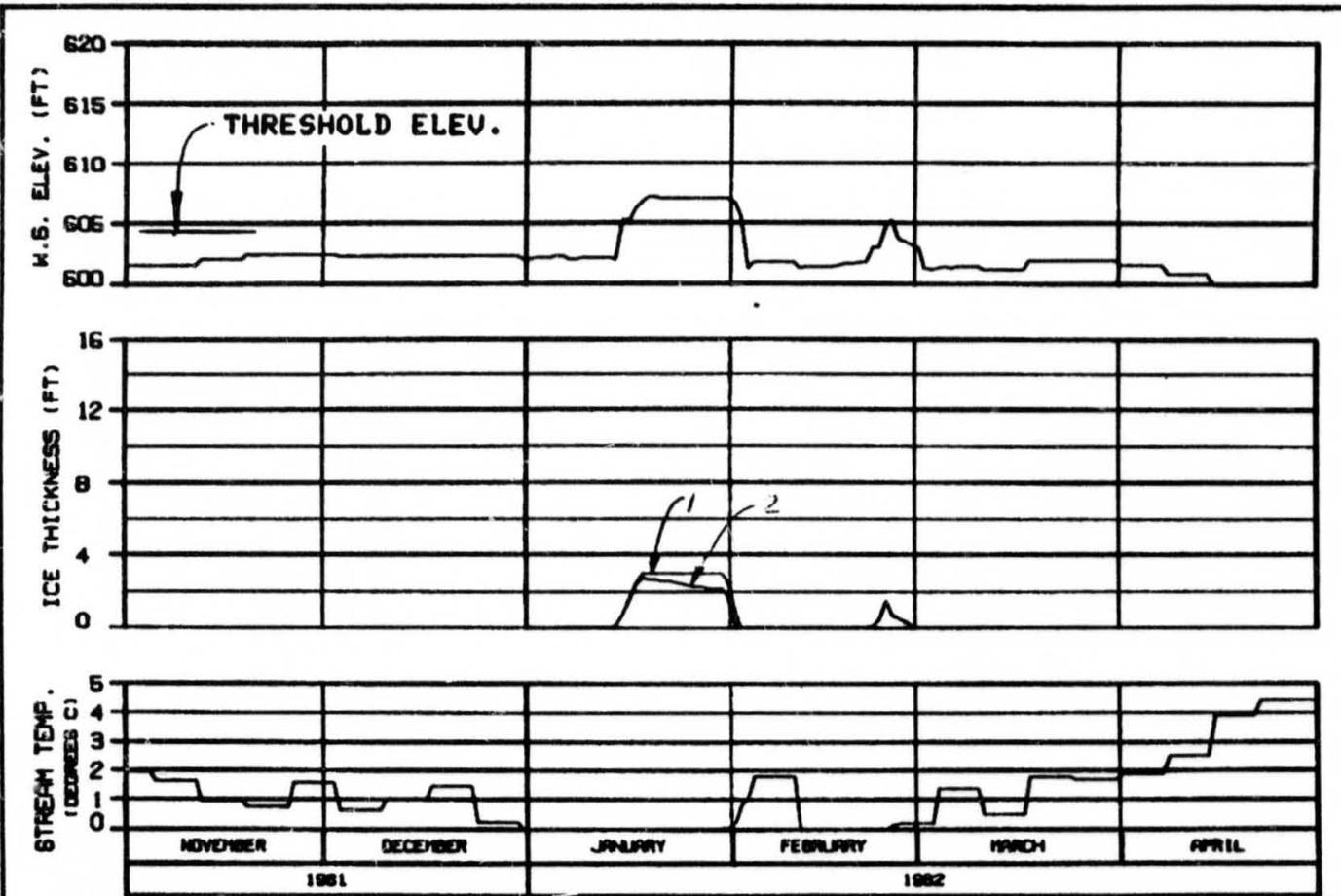
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED - 11/19/81 BY JAH SH 1000.148



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 129.30

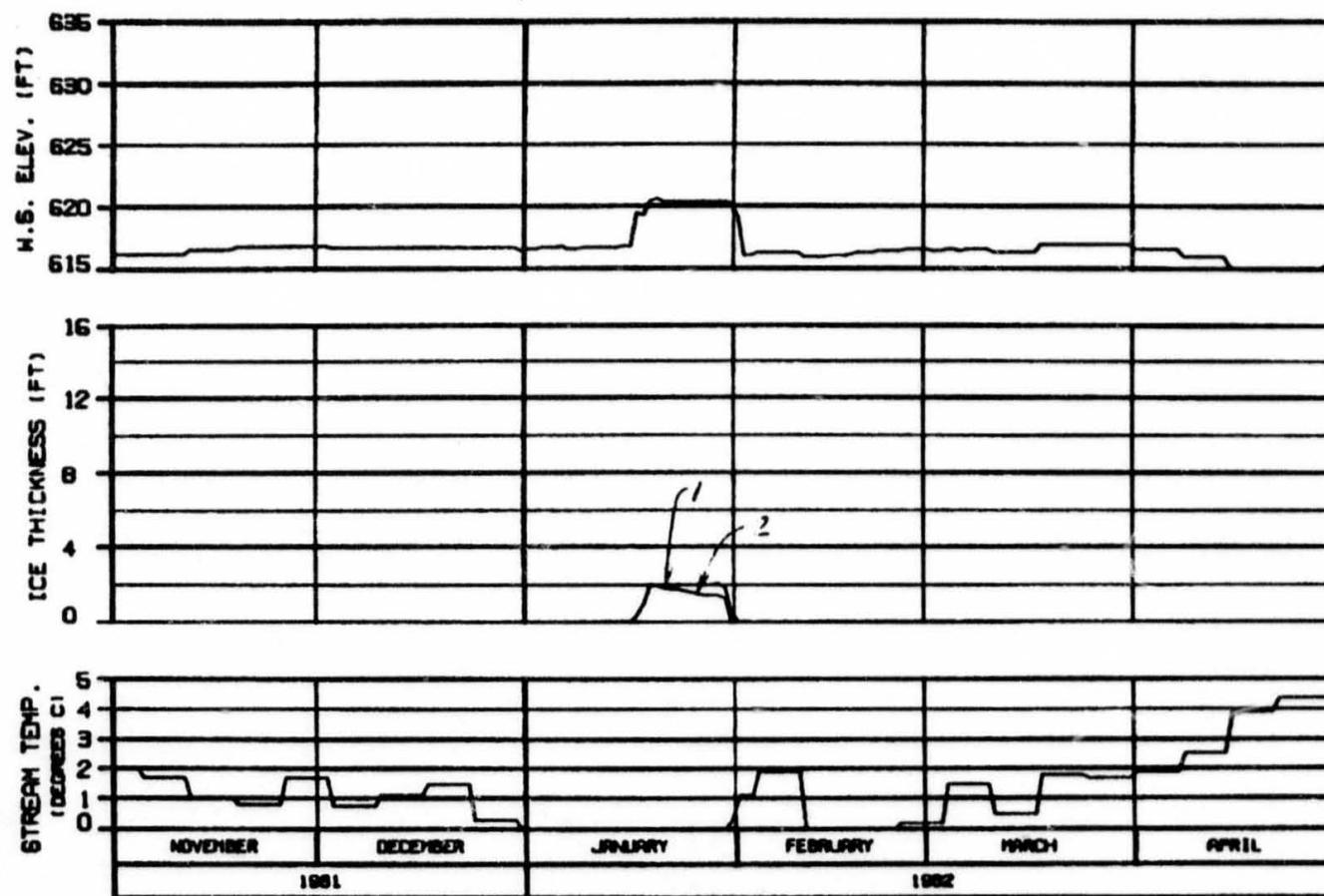
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : B196CNA

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
MARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
OPTION: B196CNA	IN APR 81
B196.CNA	

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

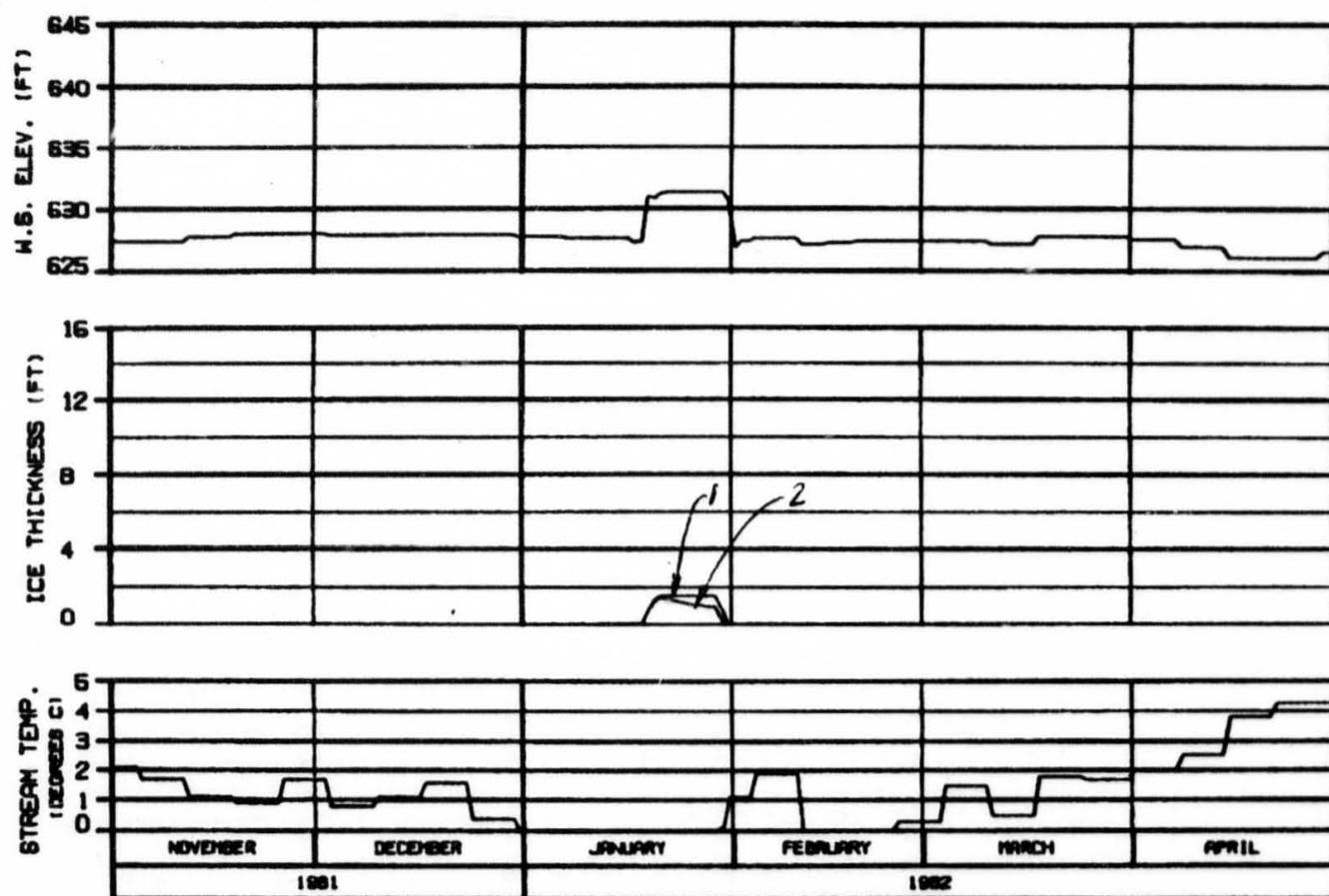
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT
SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-ERGCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED - RELEASED IN JAN 84 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK
RIVER MILE : 131.80

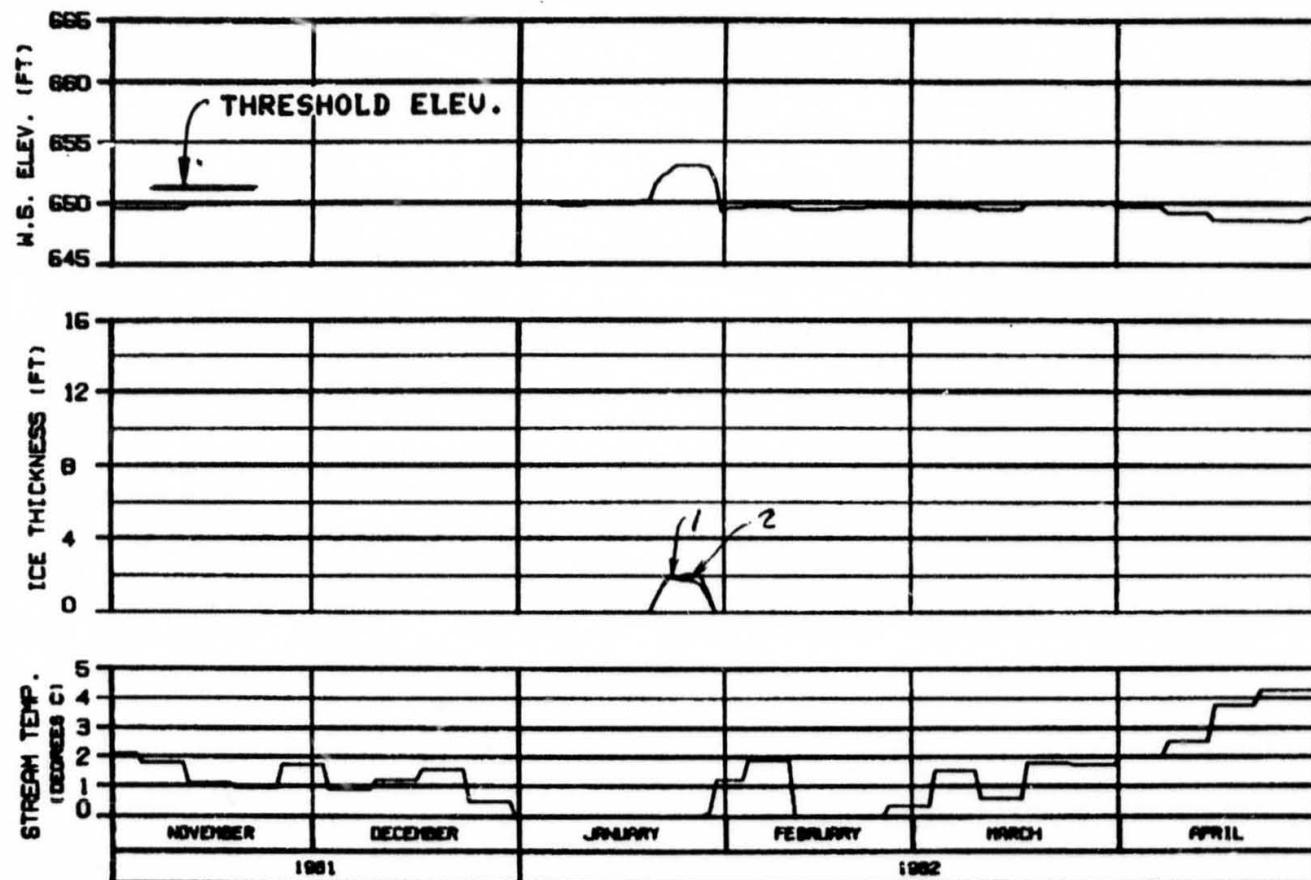
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION	TIME HISTORY
HARBO-ESBECO JOINT VENTURE	
DOVER, DELAWARE	FL. JAN 82
8196.142	

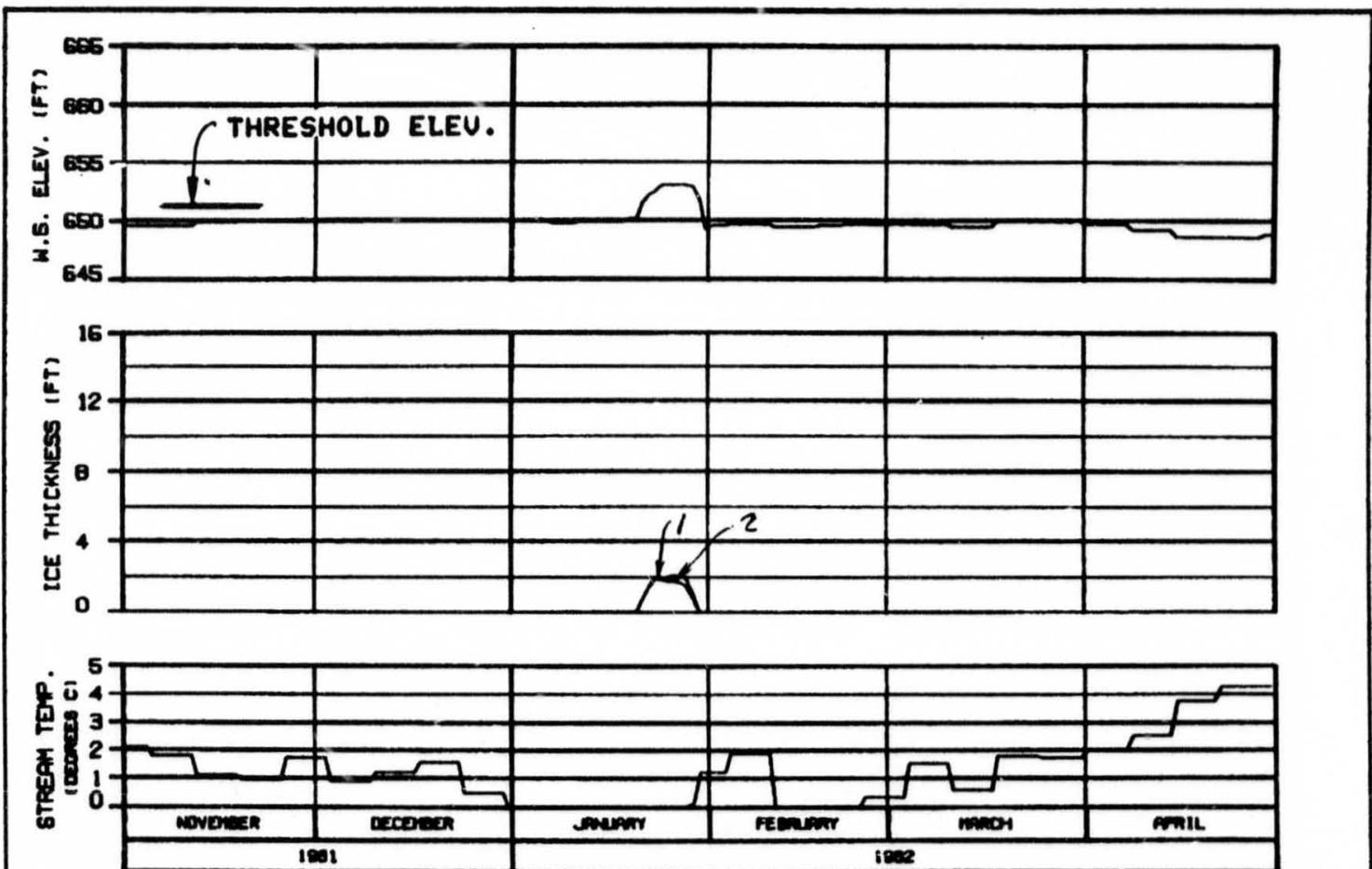


ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
 2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
 RIVER MILE : 133.70

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : B196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY	
SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HRR2A-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
OWNER: Ebasco Services Inc., NY	MANAGER: HRR2A, Inc.



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
RIVER MILE : 133.70

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

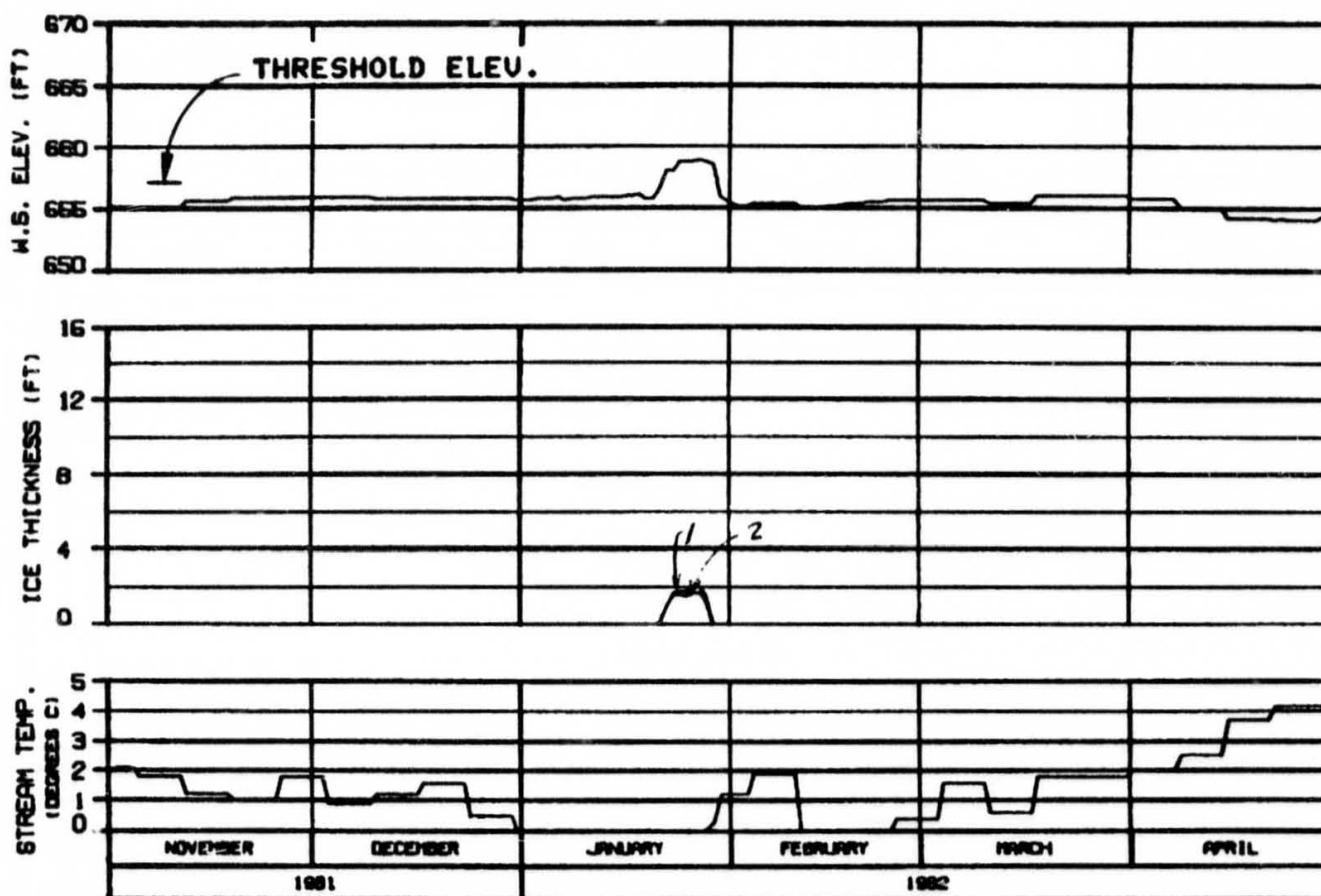
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUBITNA PROJECT

SUBITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-ESASCO JOINT VENTURE

OWNER: ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY
MANAGER: HARZA-ESASCO JOINT VENTURE
DATE: 11 JUN 82



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10

RIVER MILE : 134.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

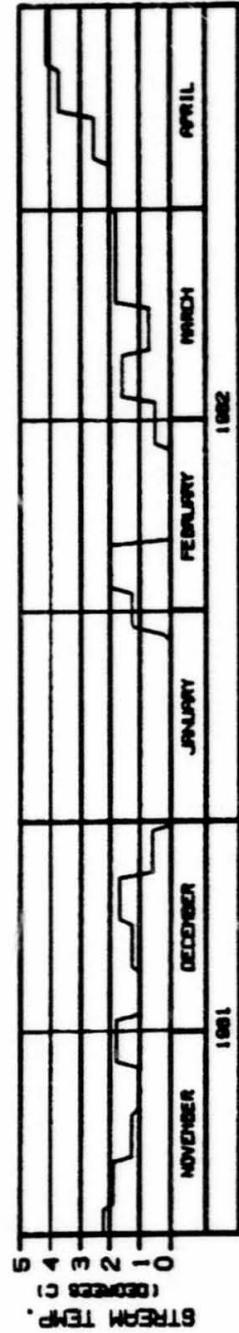
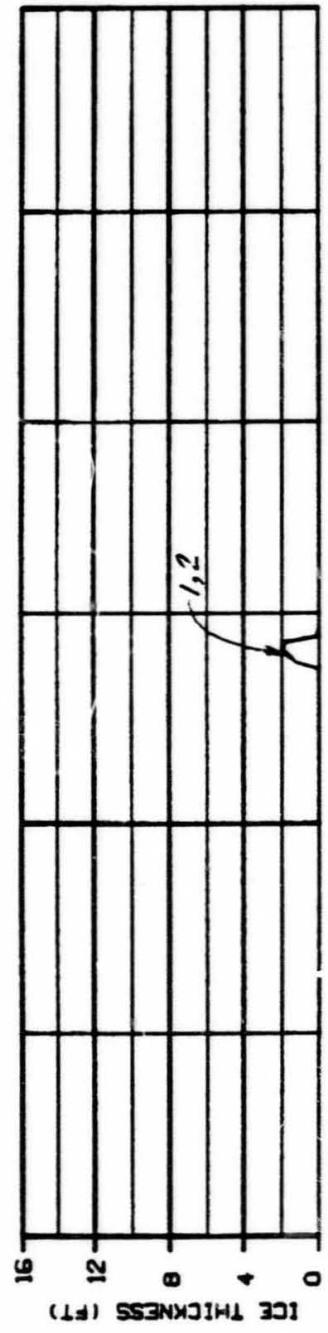
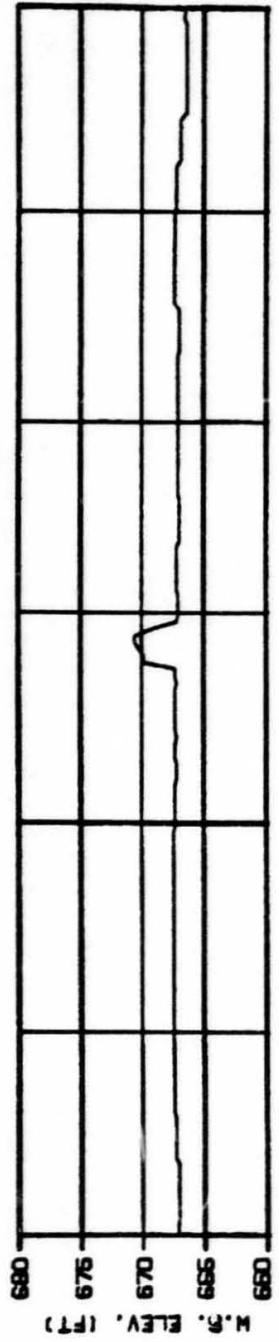
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARPA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DATA: 01/01/82

VERSION: 1.0



SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11

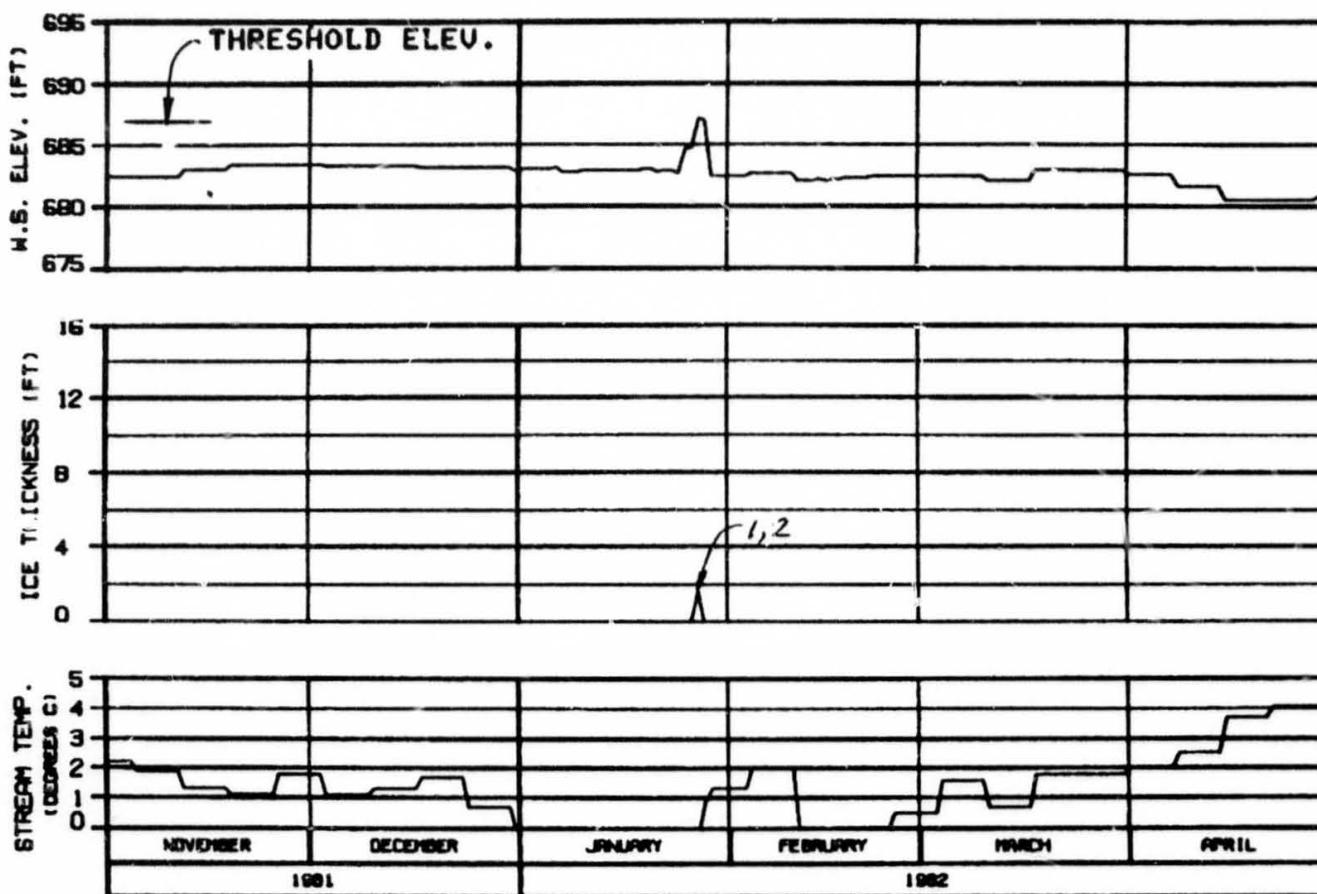
RIVER MILE : 135.30

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : MATANA 1996
FLOW RATE : 5 CFS
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8199604A

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLASH (OPEN) THICKNESS

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SELINIA PROJECT
SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIDE HISTORY
WIND-LEDGED JAWI FENITENCE
WEATHER, ALASKA
1000
1000



HEAD OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 136.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

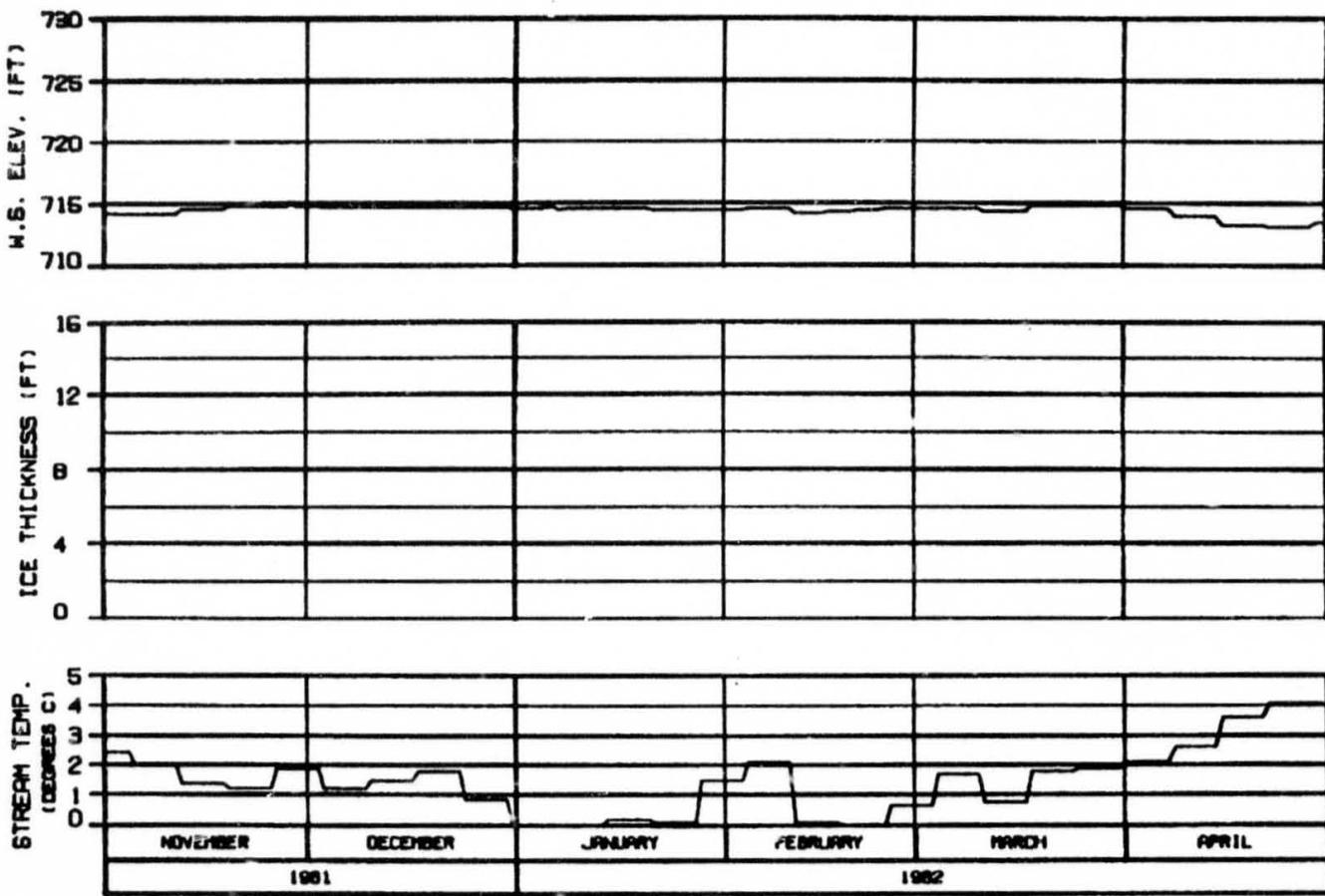
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

OWNER-OPERATOR : A.P.A. 1000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 17
RIVER MILE : 139.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

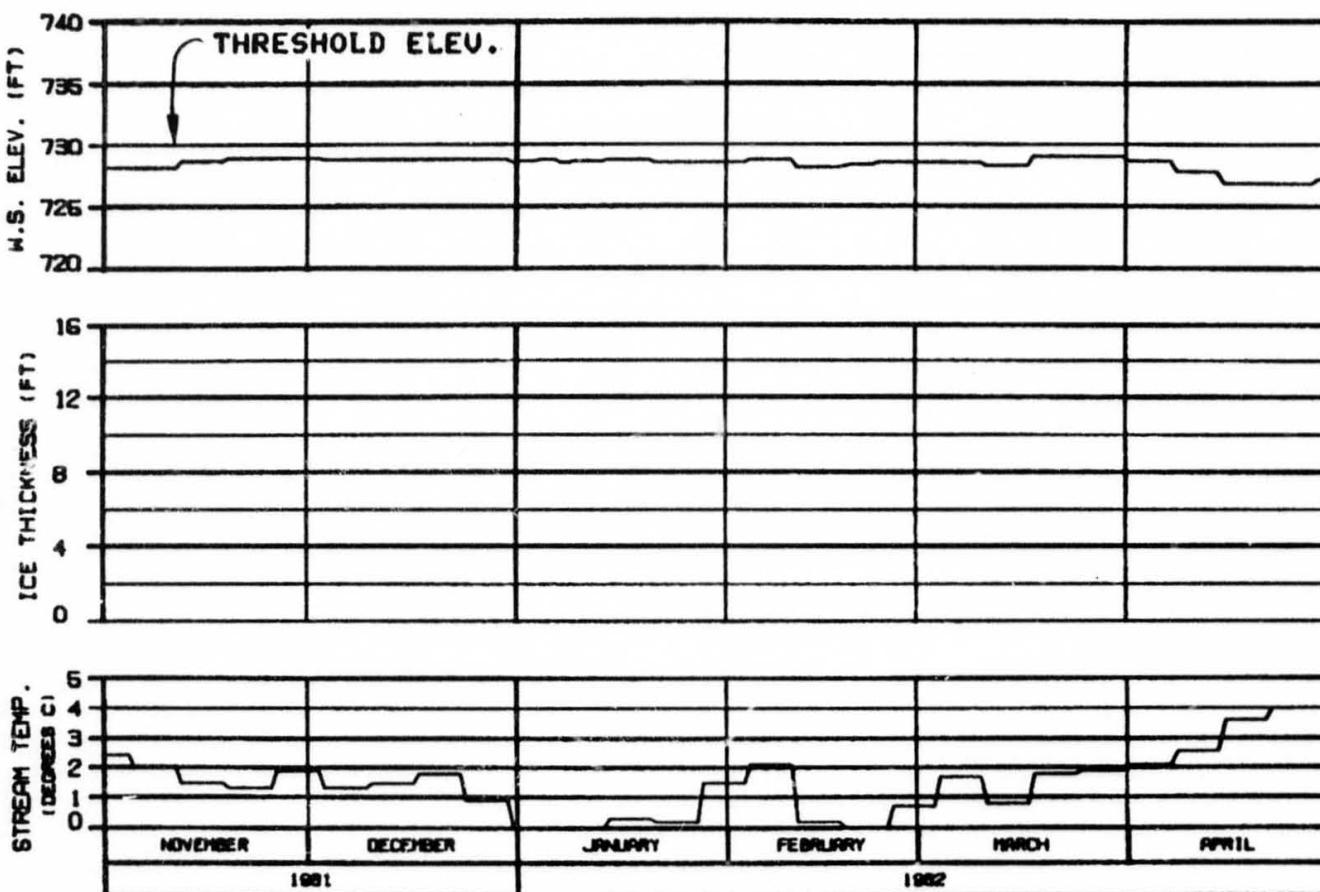
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. BLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPBSCO JOINT VENTURE	

CHARTER: 8196CNA 31 JAN 82 1988.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 20

RIVER MILE : 140.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WINTER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

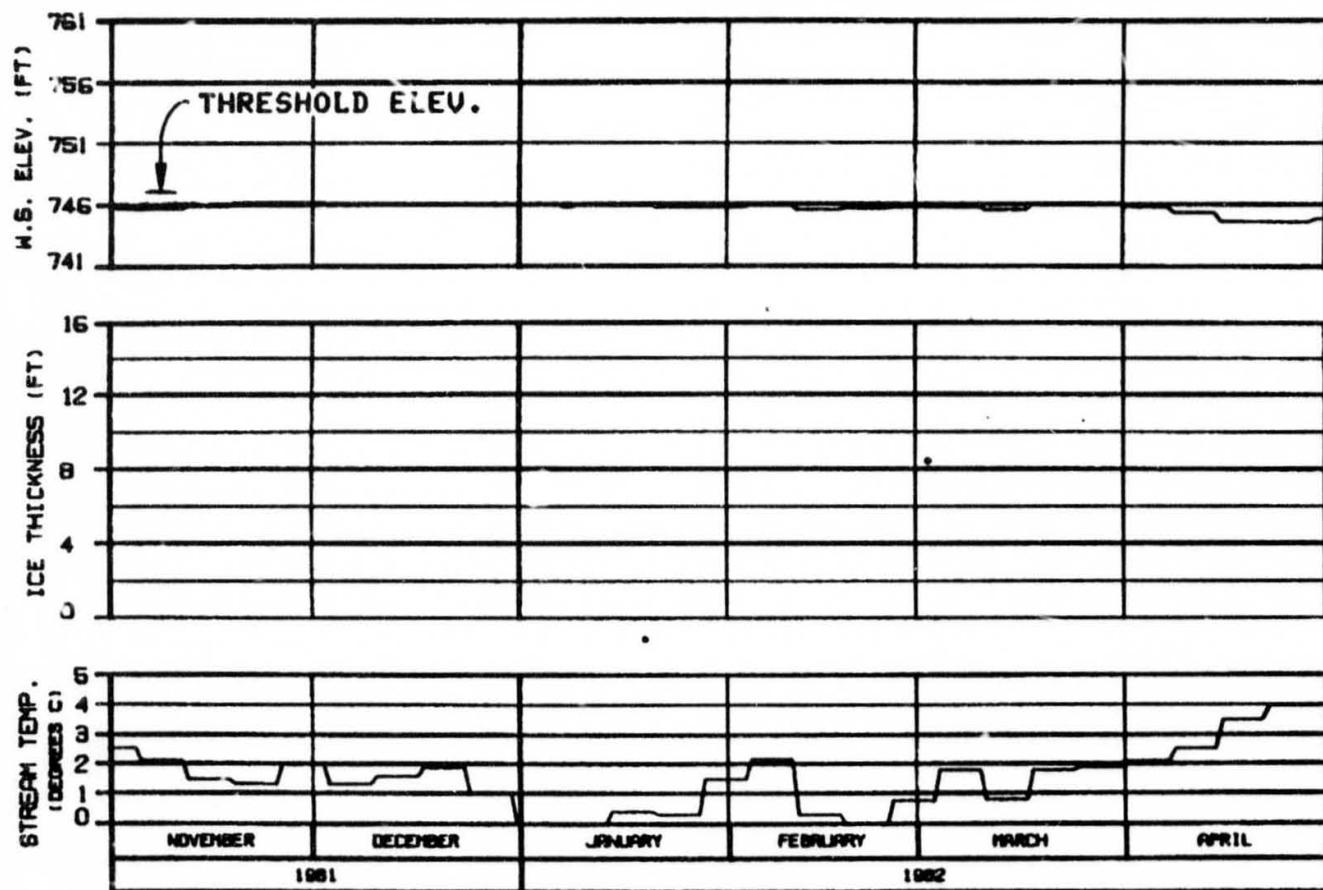
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

SHIPPED: 11 AUG 82 BY: JAH CHN 1000-142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

SLOUGH 21 (ENTRANCE A6)

RIVER MILE : 141.80

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RUL : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

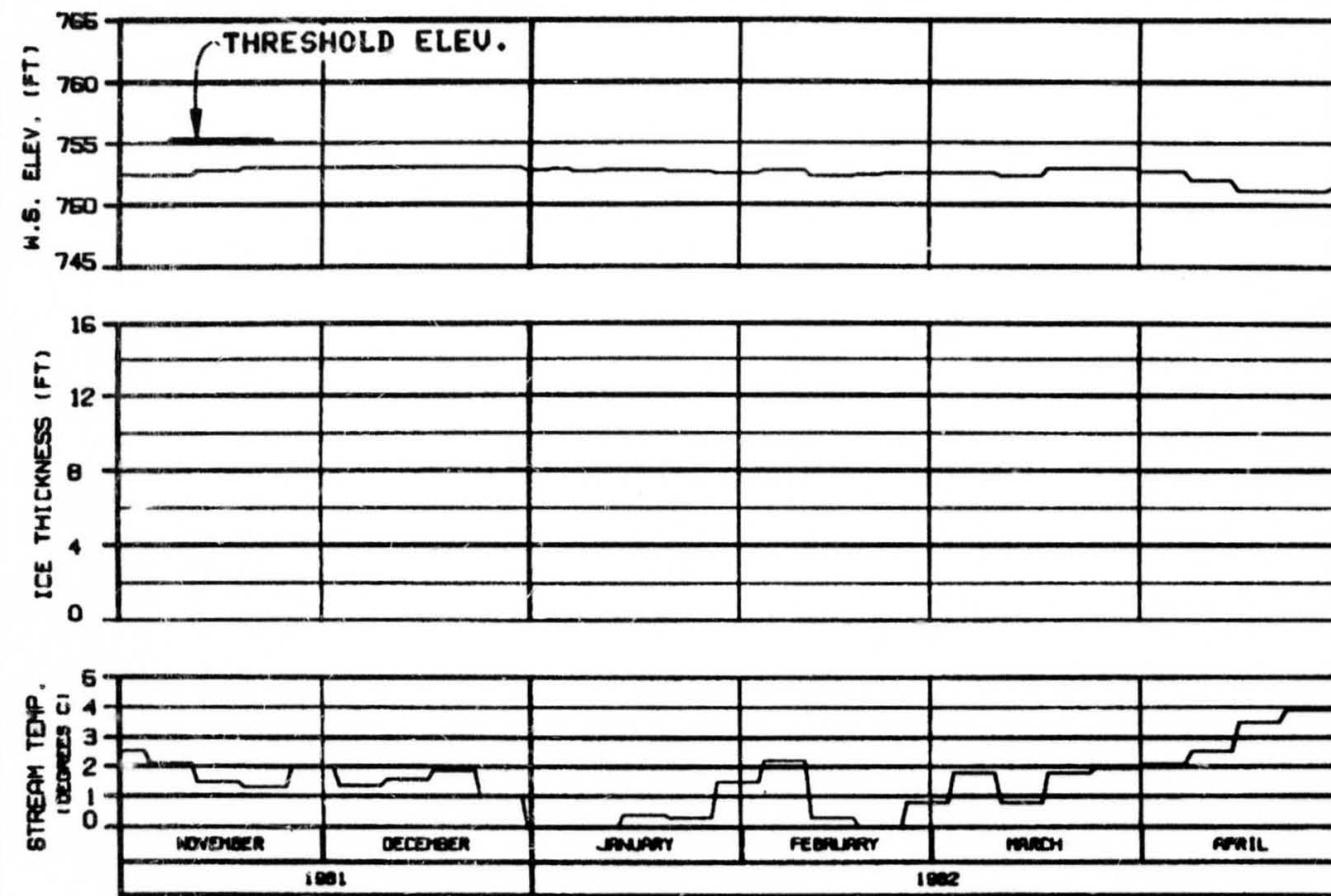
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA 35244

1000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 21

RIVER MILE : 142.20

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

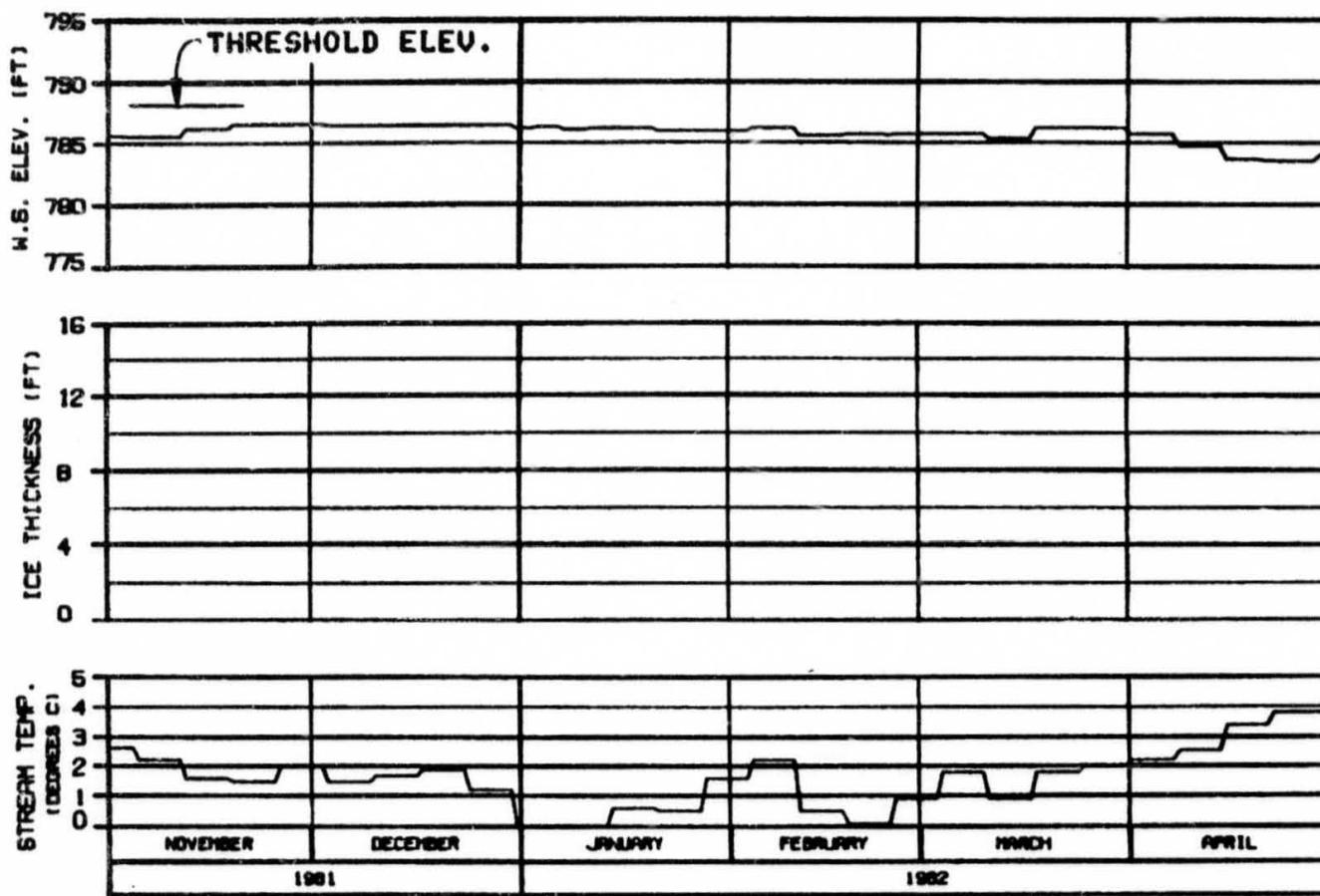
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DISCHARGE : 11,000 cfs	IN JUN 82
REF ID : 8196CNA	RIVER MILE : 142

C



HEAD OF SLOUGH 22

RIVER MILE : 144.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

OPTION?

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8196CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

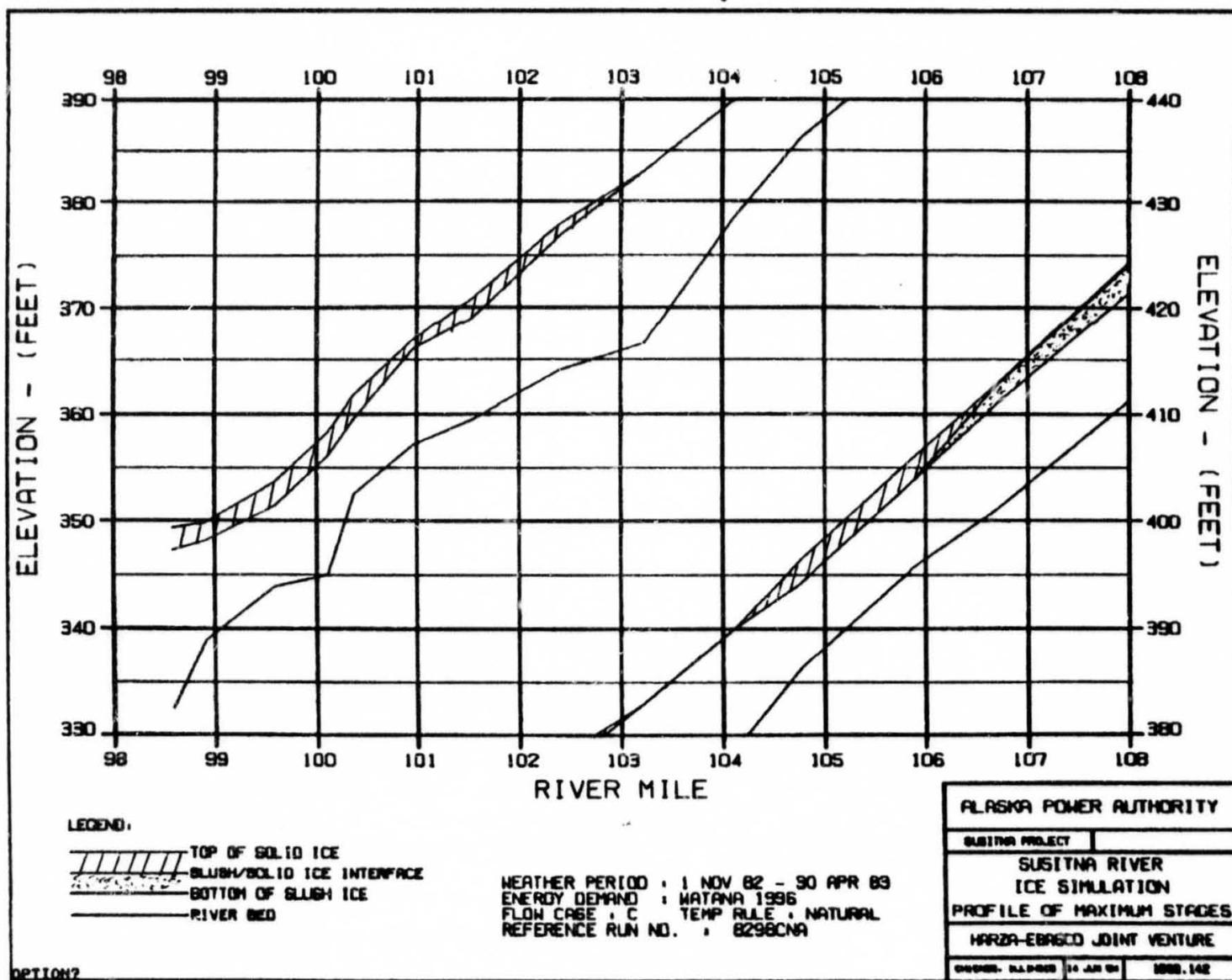
ICE SIMULATION

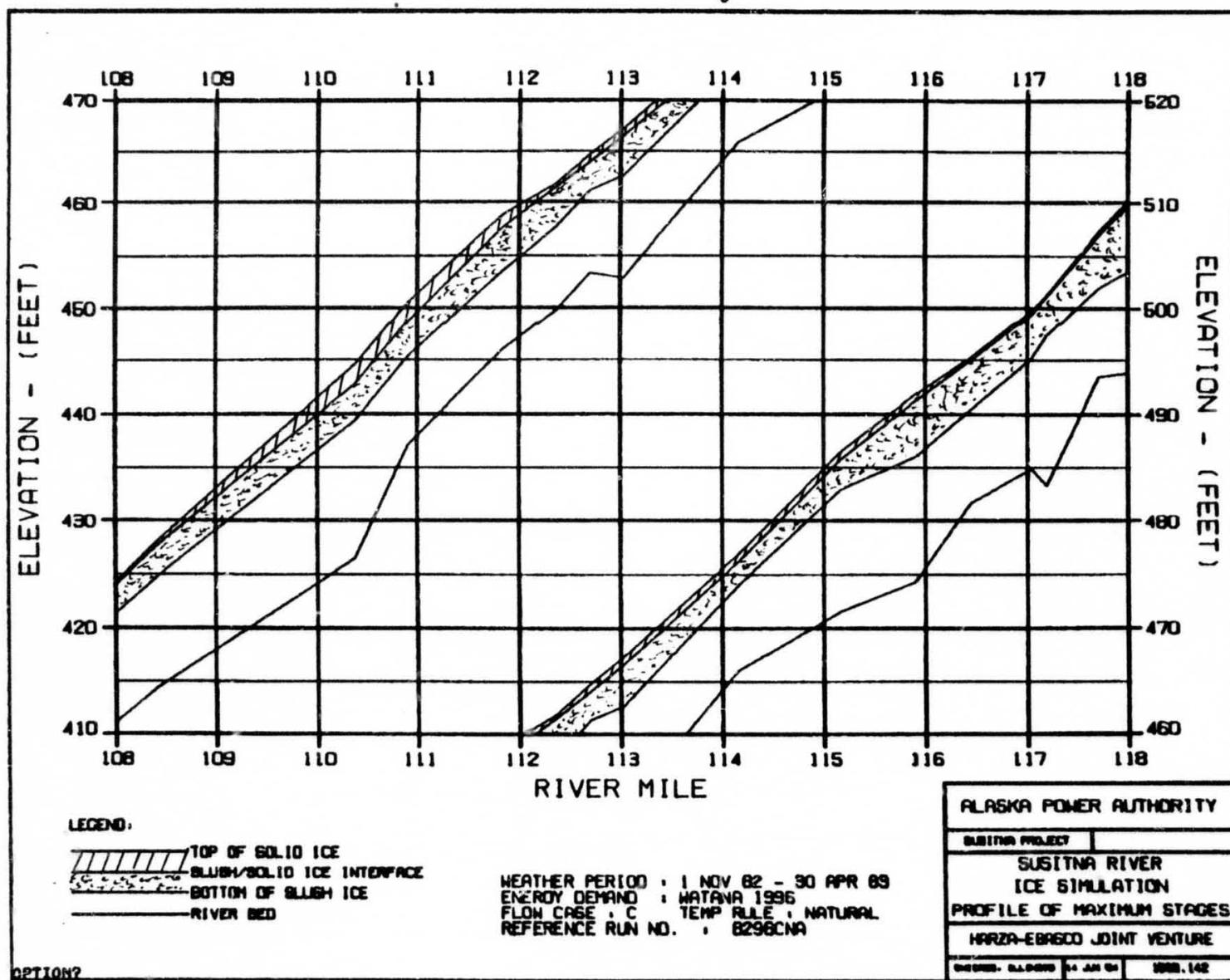
TIME HISTORY

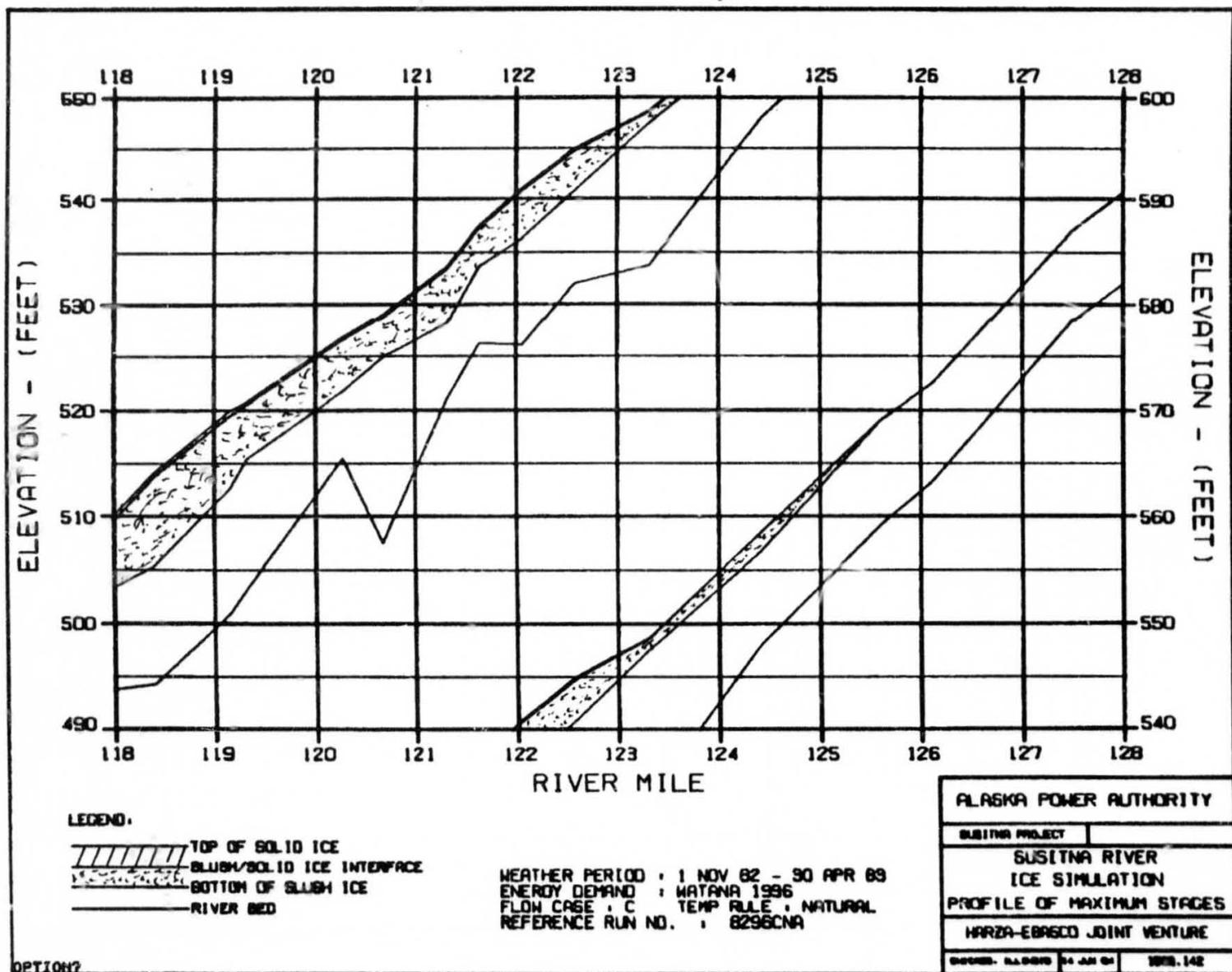
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCHARGE ALPHABET 31 JUN 81 1000.042

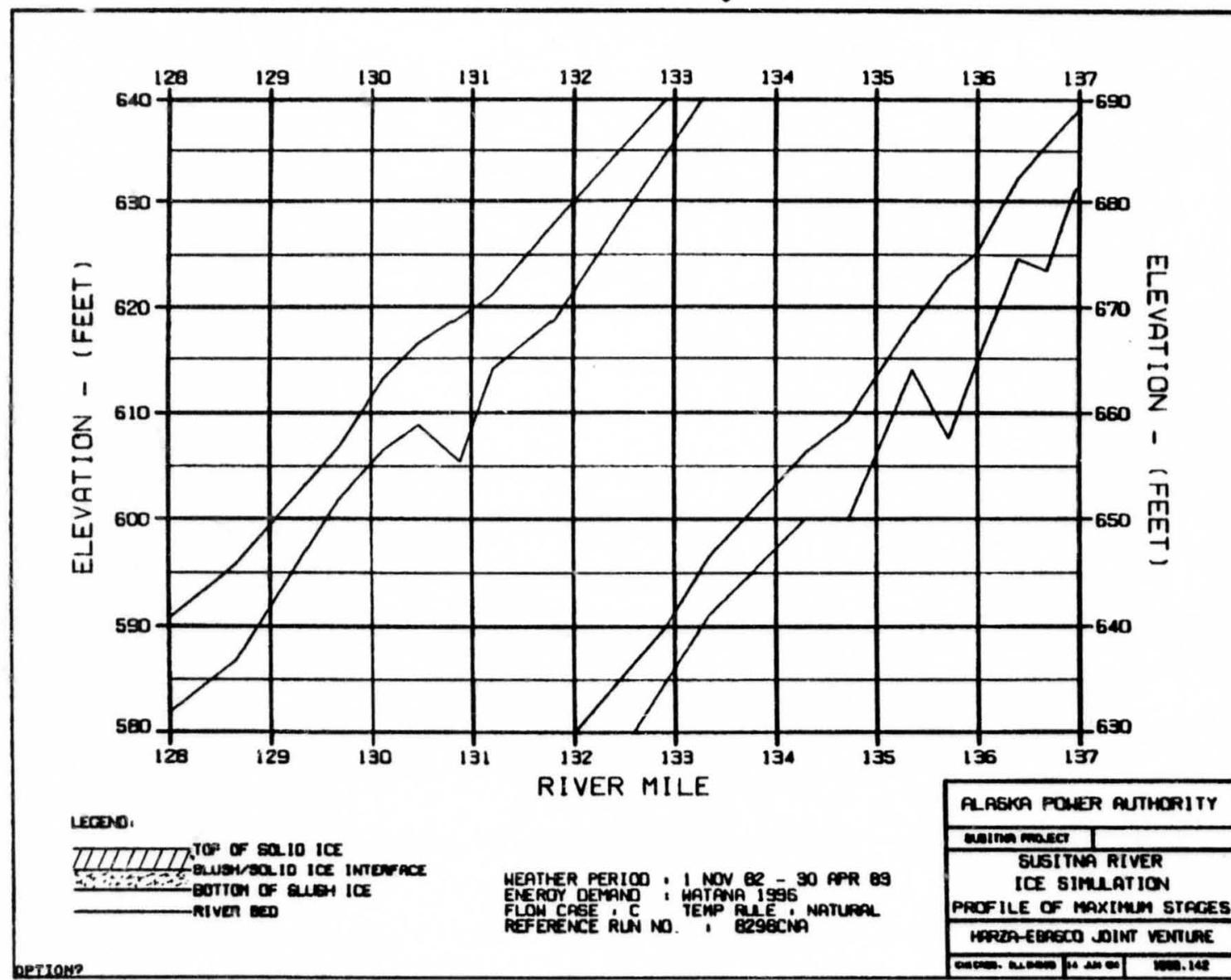
EXHIBIT H

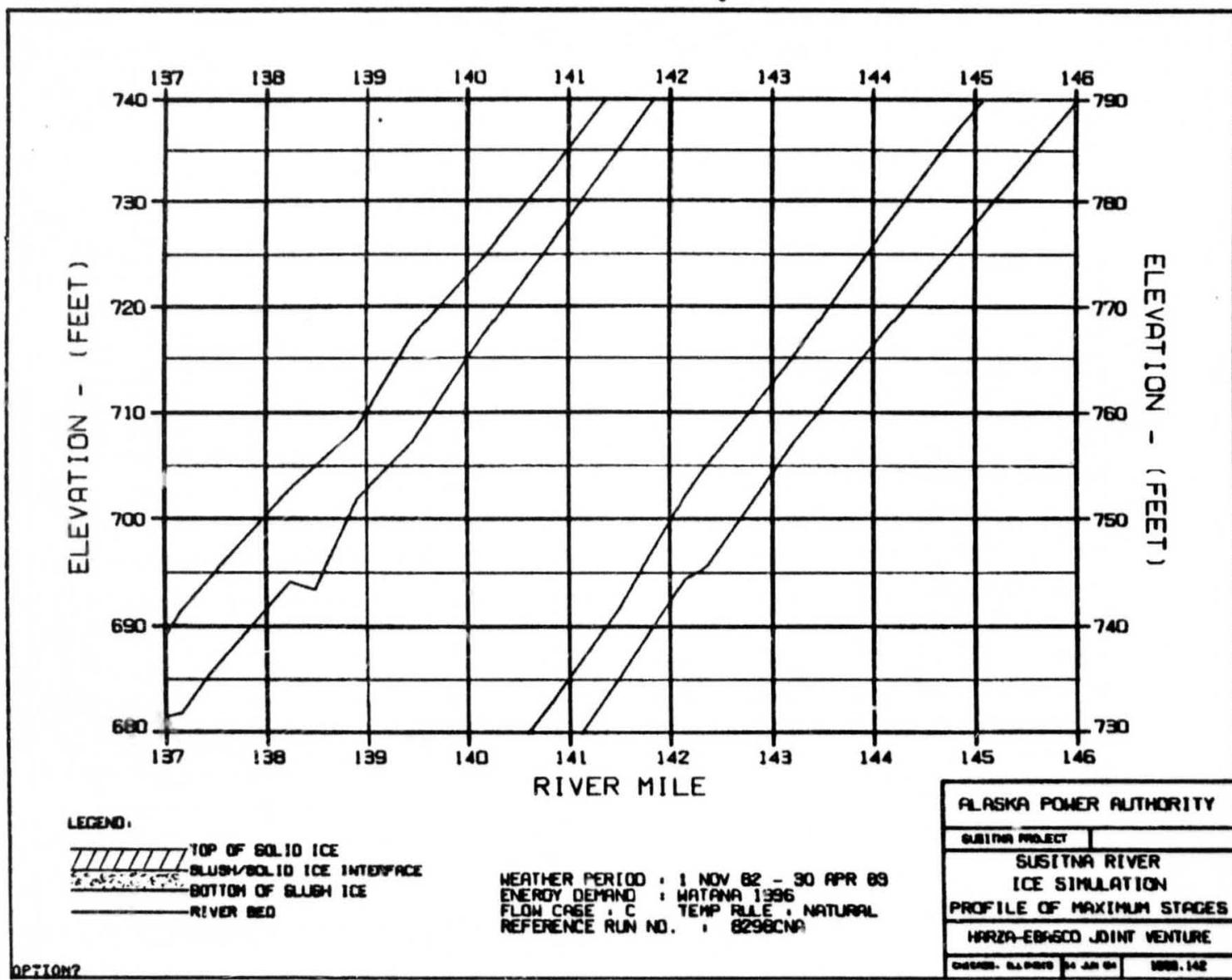


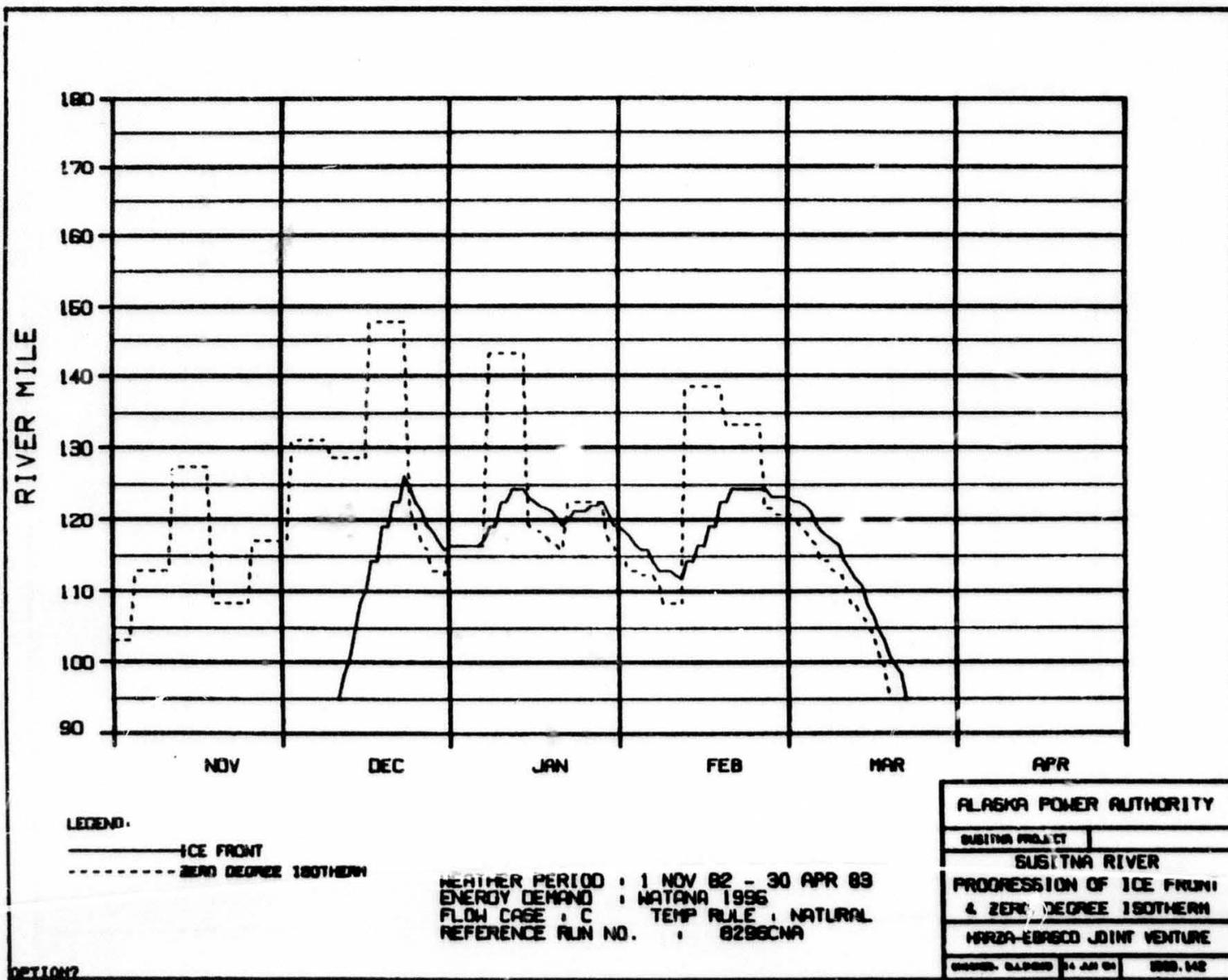


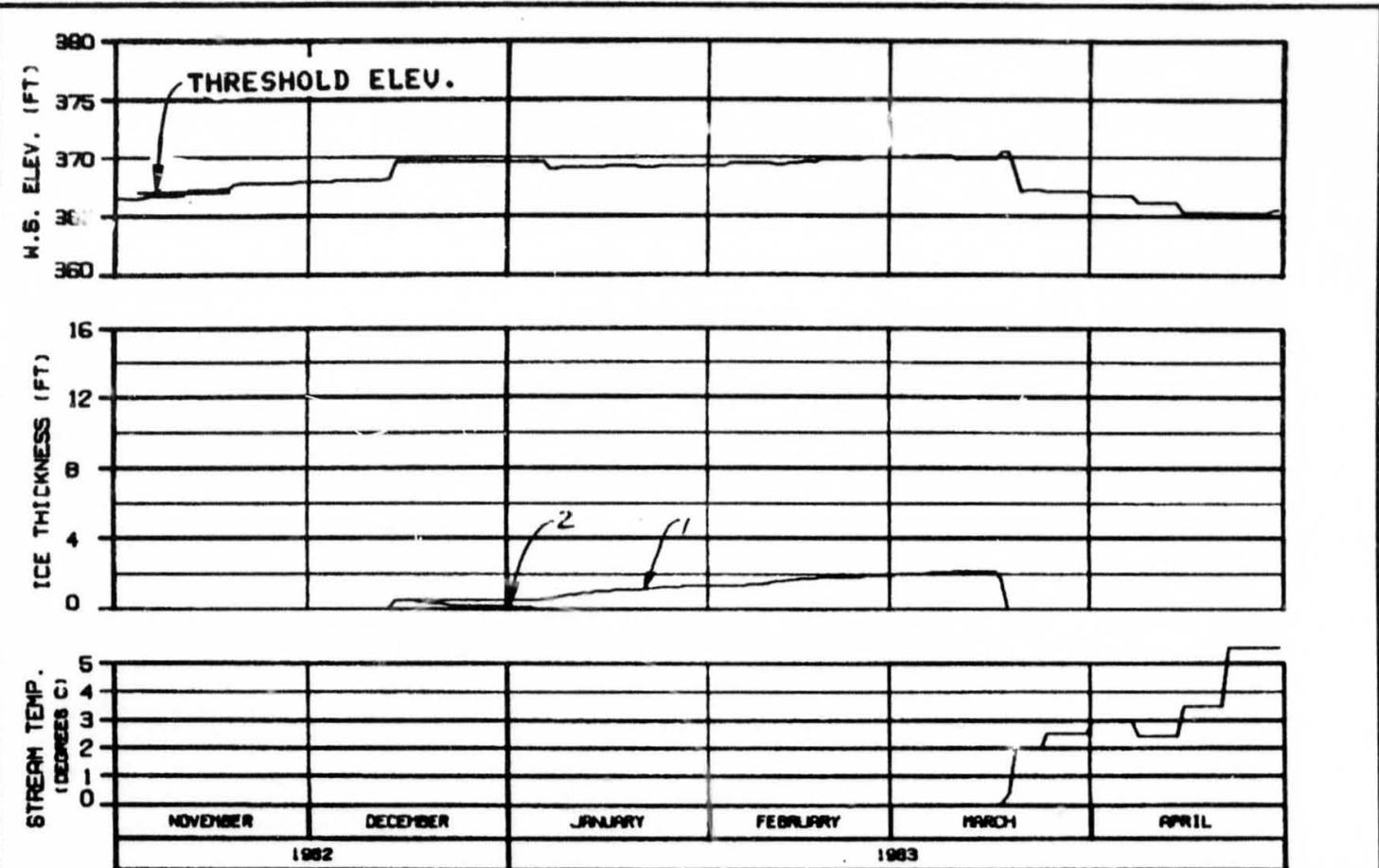


C









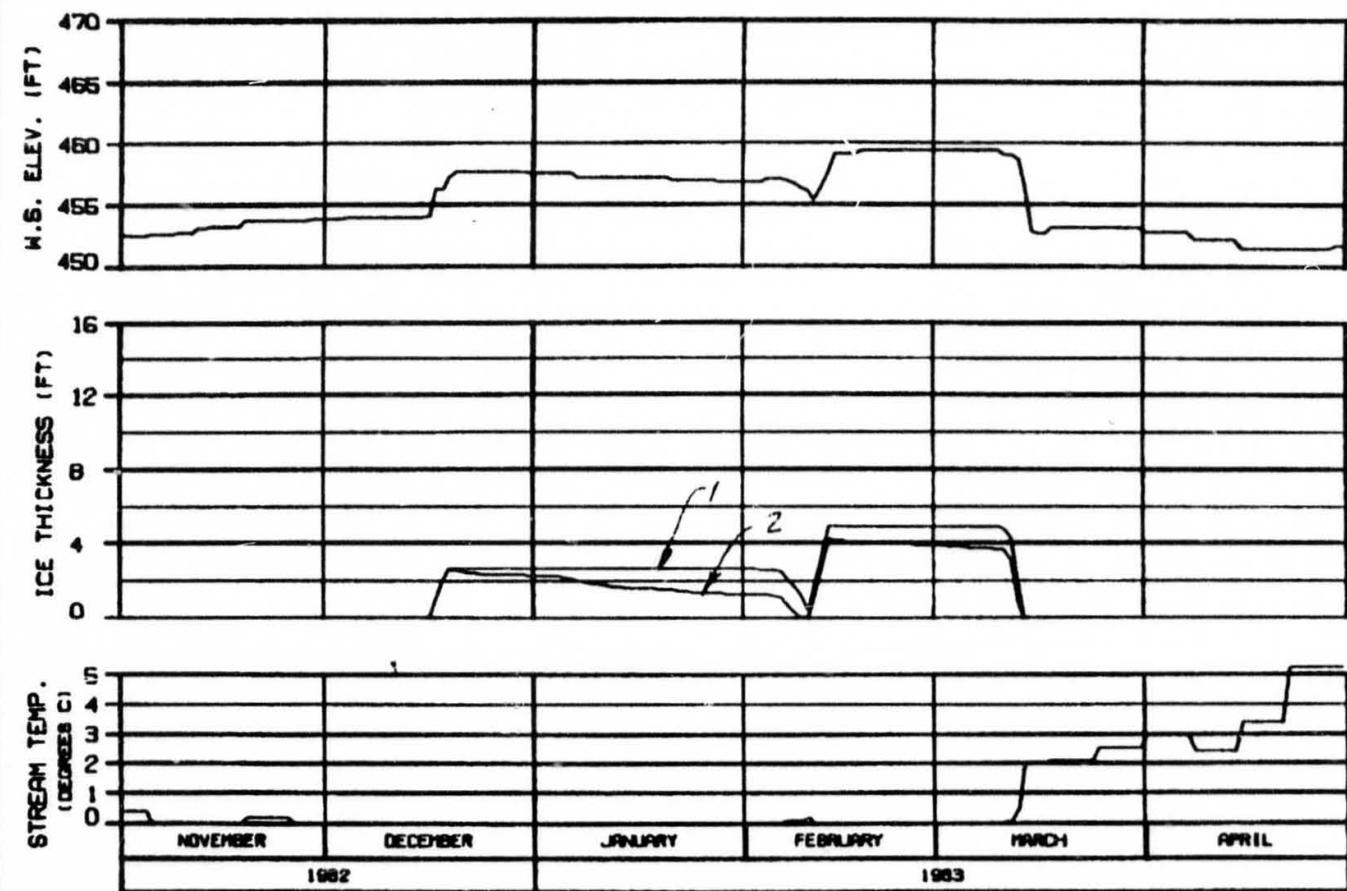
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
 1. TOTAL THICKNESS
 2. FLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF WHISKERS SLOUGH
 RIVER MILE : 101.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
SHORES: B. LINDEN	16 JAN 84
1000.142	



SIDE CHANNEL AT HEAD OF GASH CREEK
RIVER MILE : 112.00

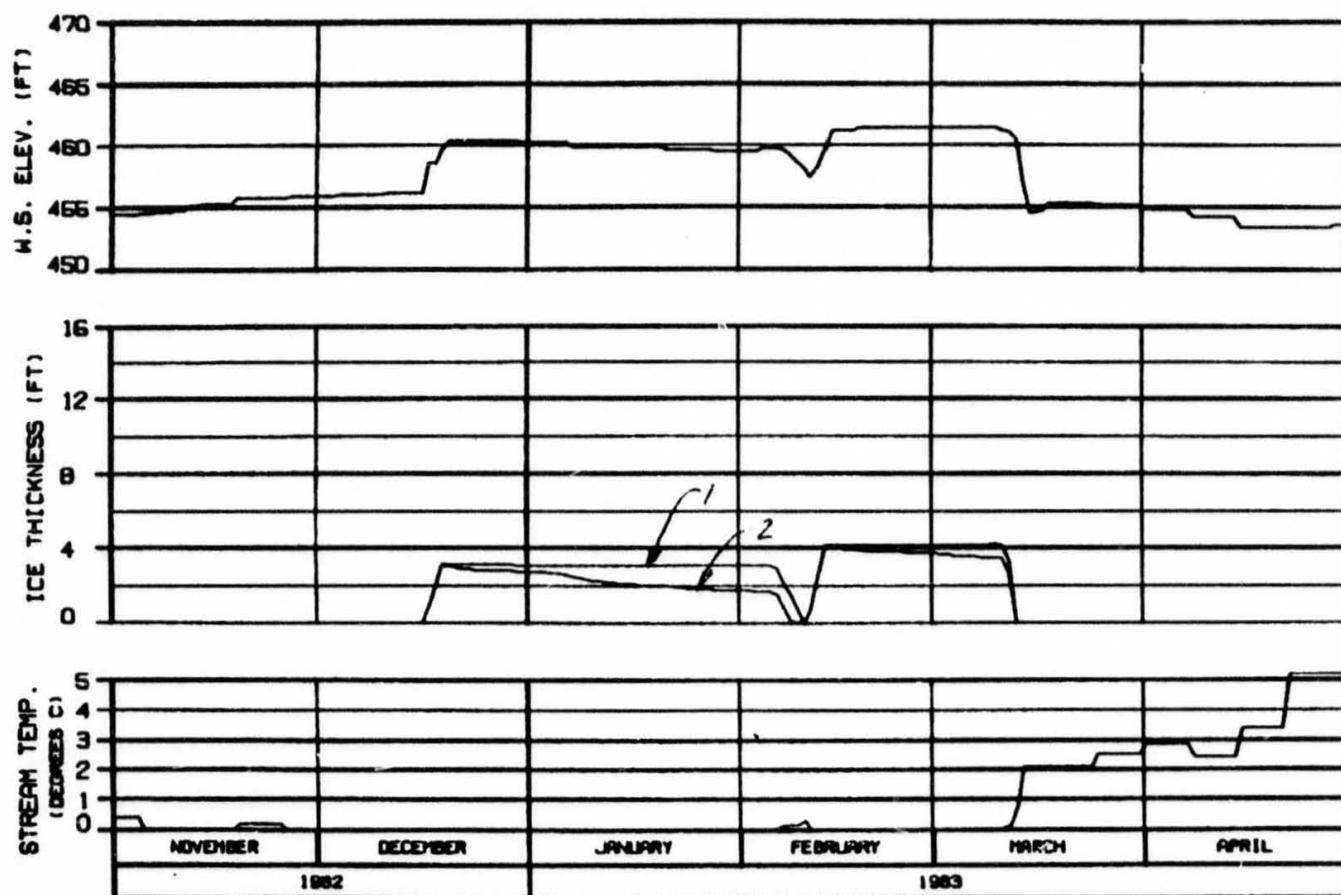
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
ENCL. 82-0005	19 JUN 84
1988-142	



MOUTH OF SLOUGH 6A
RIVER MILE : 112.34

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

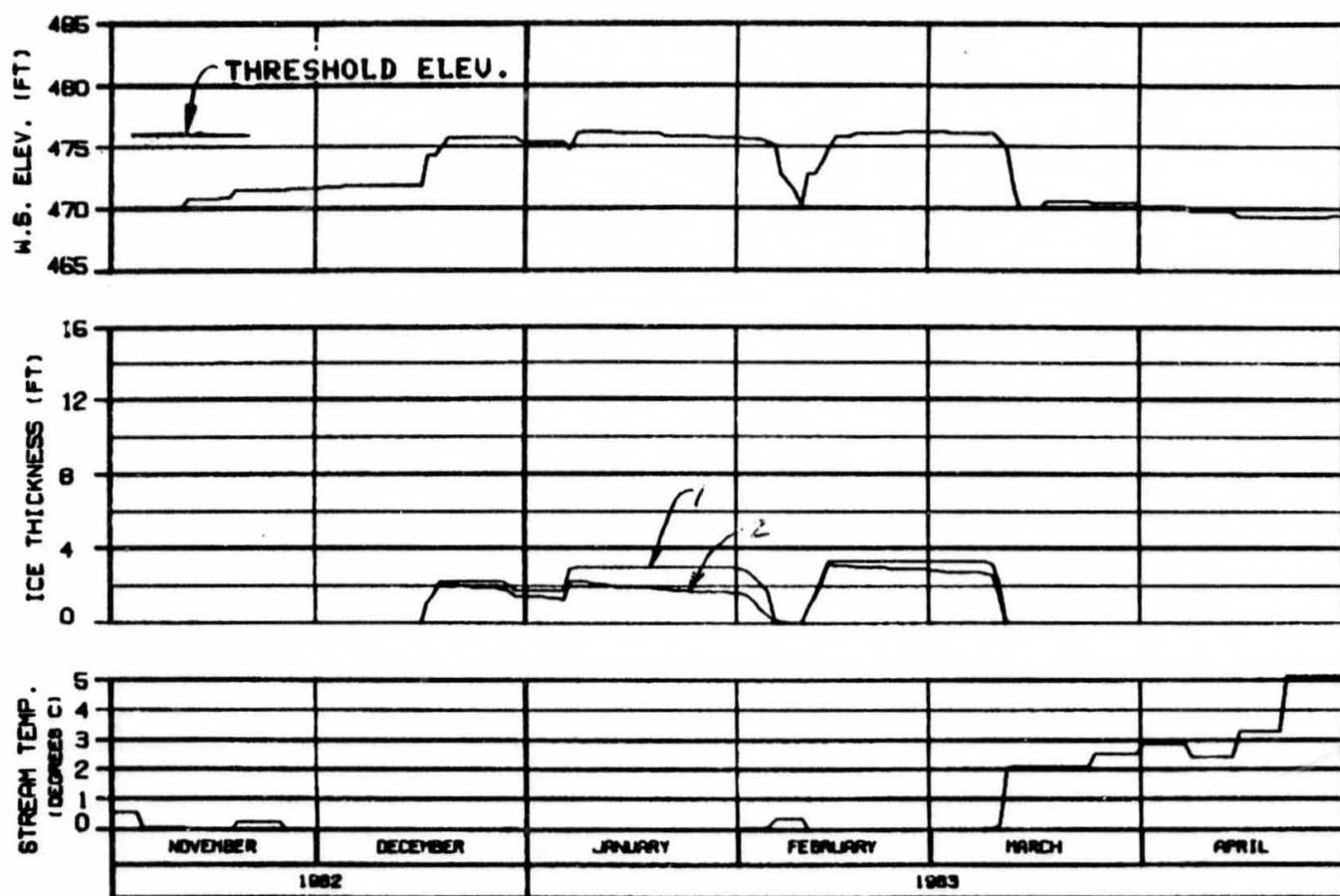
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-Ebasco Joint Venture

ENGIN. BLDG. 30 JUN 84 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

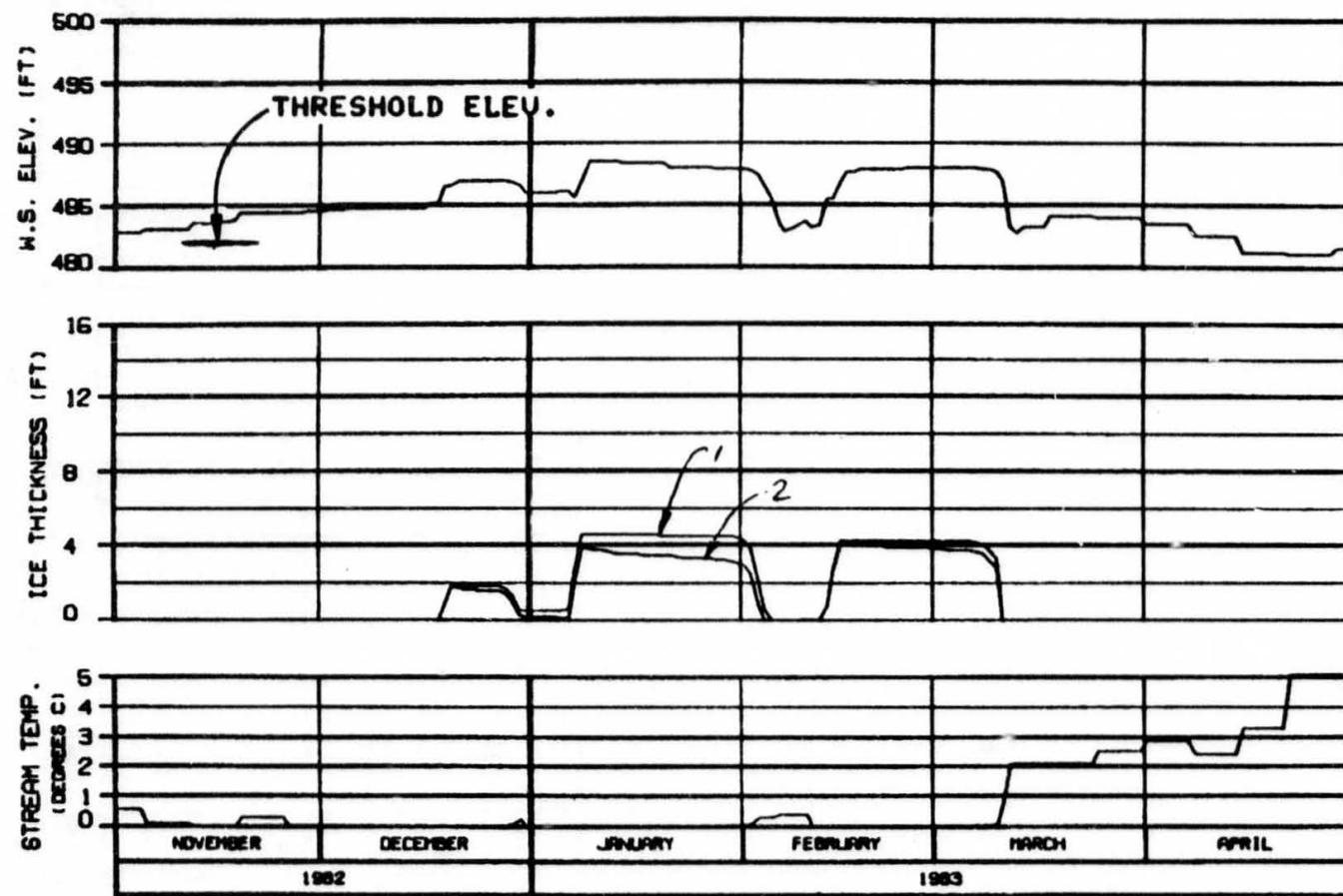
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 8
RIVER MILE : 114.10

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
RECORDED: 12/10/82 09 AM CT	VER. 1.42



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATAN 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 82960NA

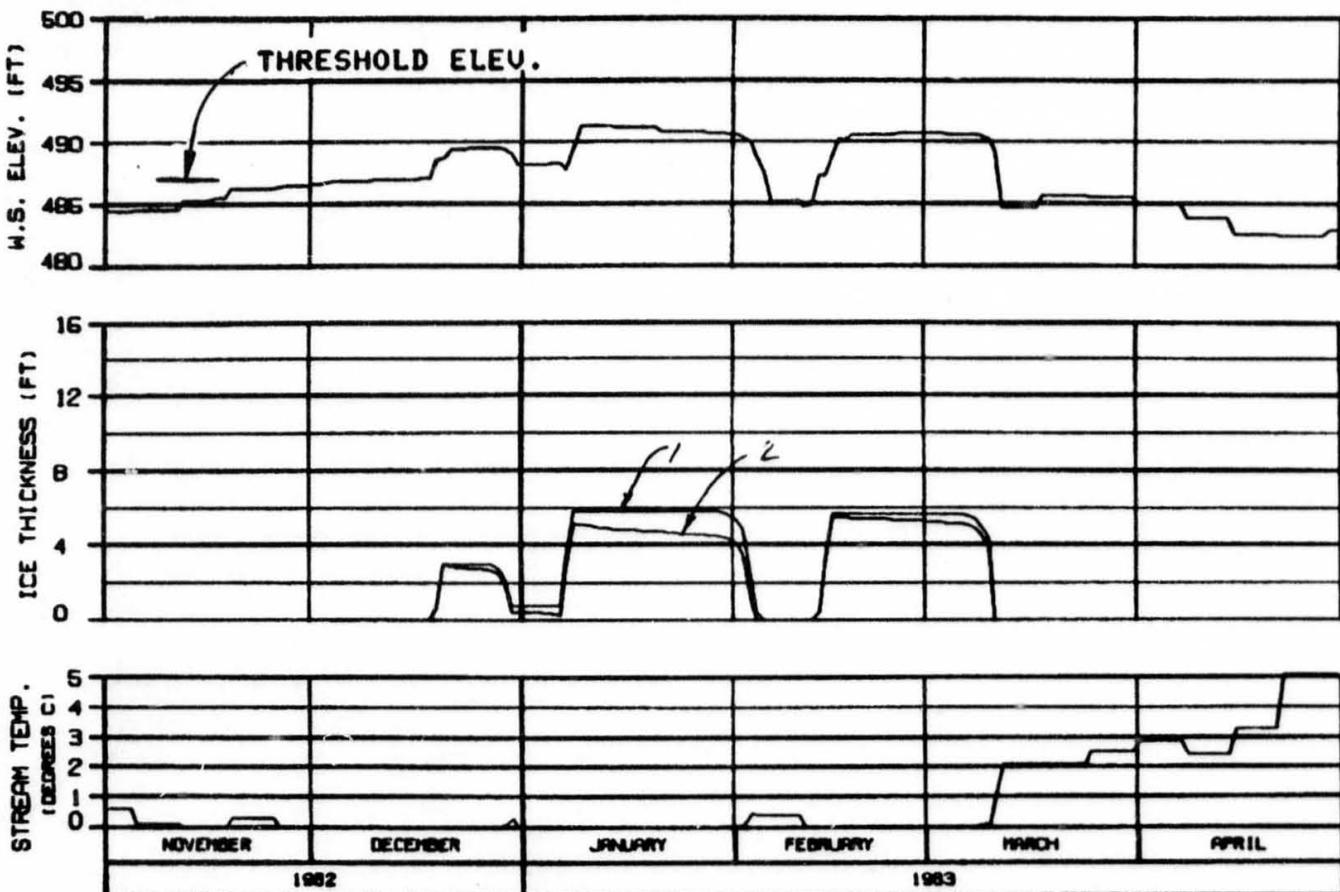
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCRETE ALPHAS 10 JAN 84 5000.142



HEAD OF SIDE CHANNEL MSII
RIVER MILE : 115.90

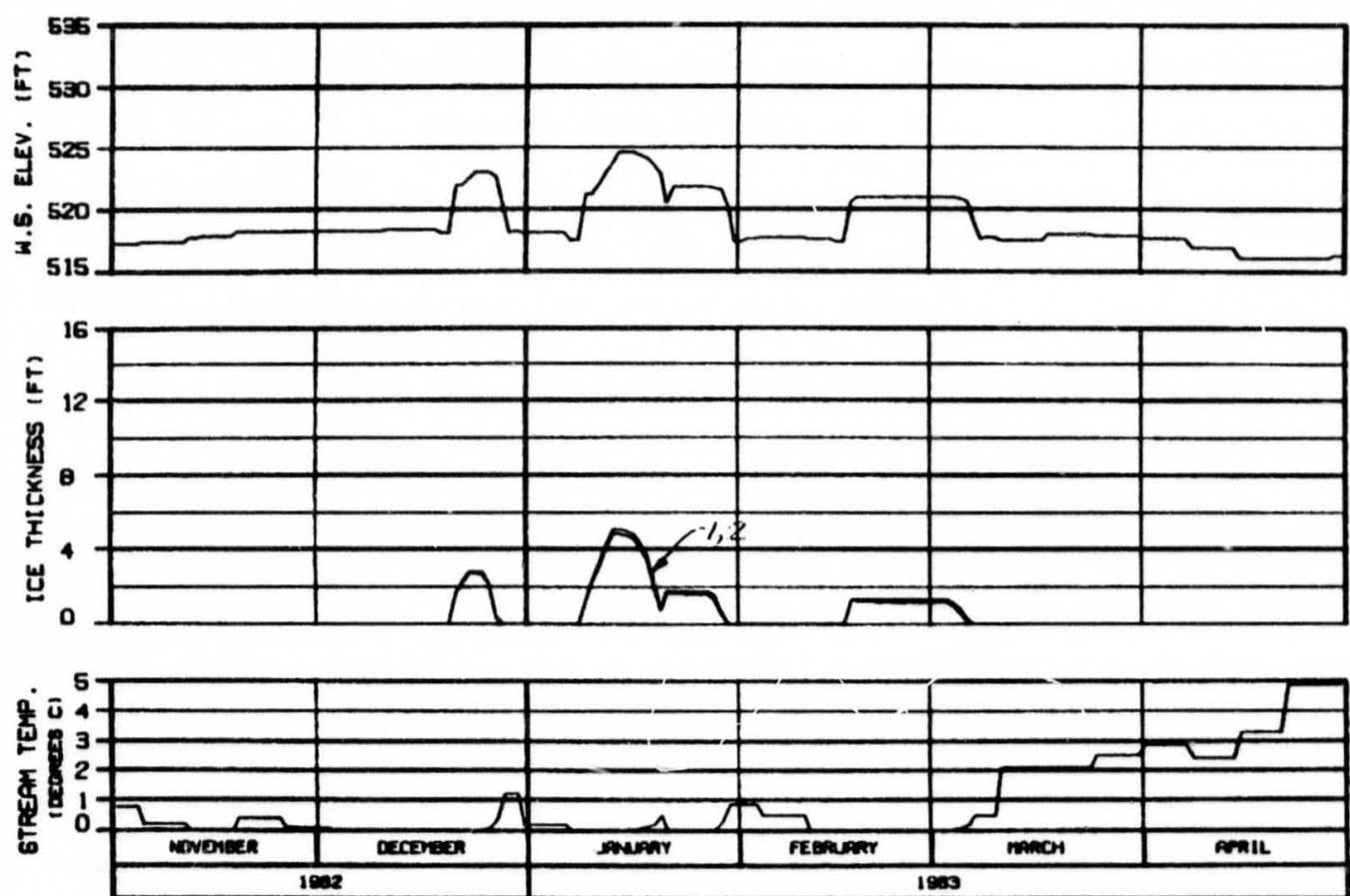
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : B296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
CHICAGO, IL 60690	10 JUL 91
1098.142	



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

- 1: TOTAL THICKNESS
- 2: SLUSH COMPONENT

RIVER MILE : 120.00

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

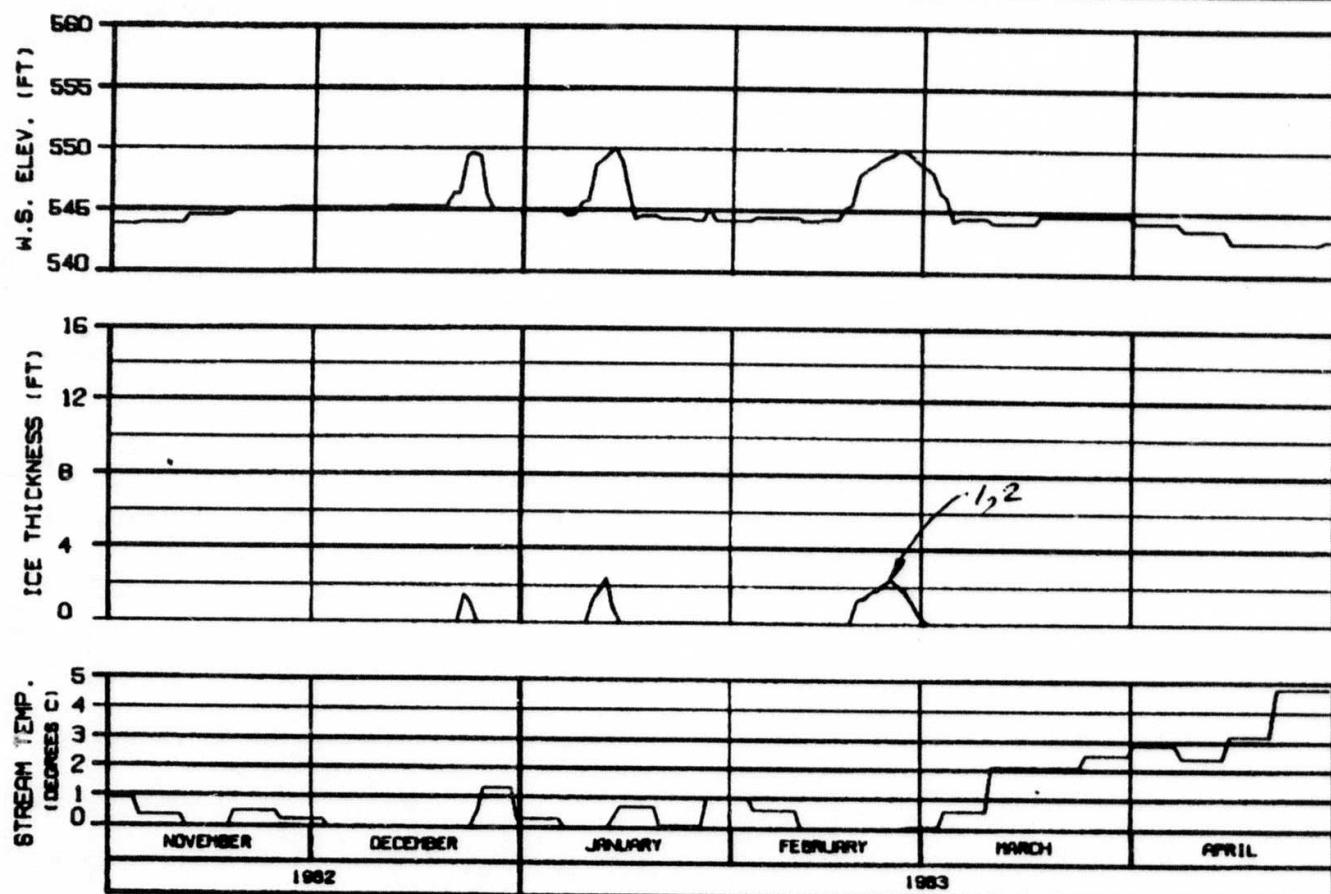
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 02/09/93 BY AM 01 1000.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

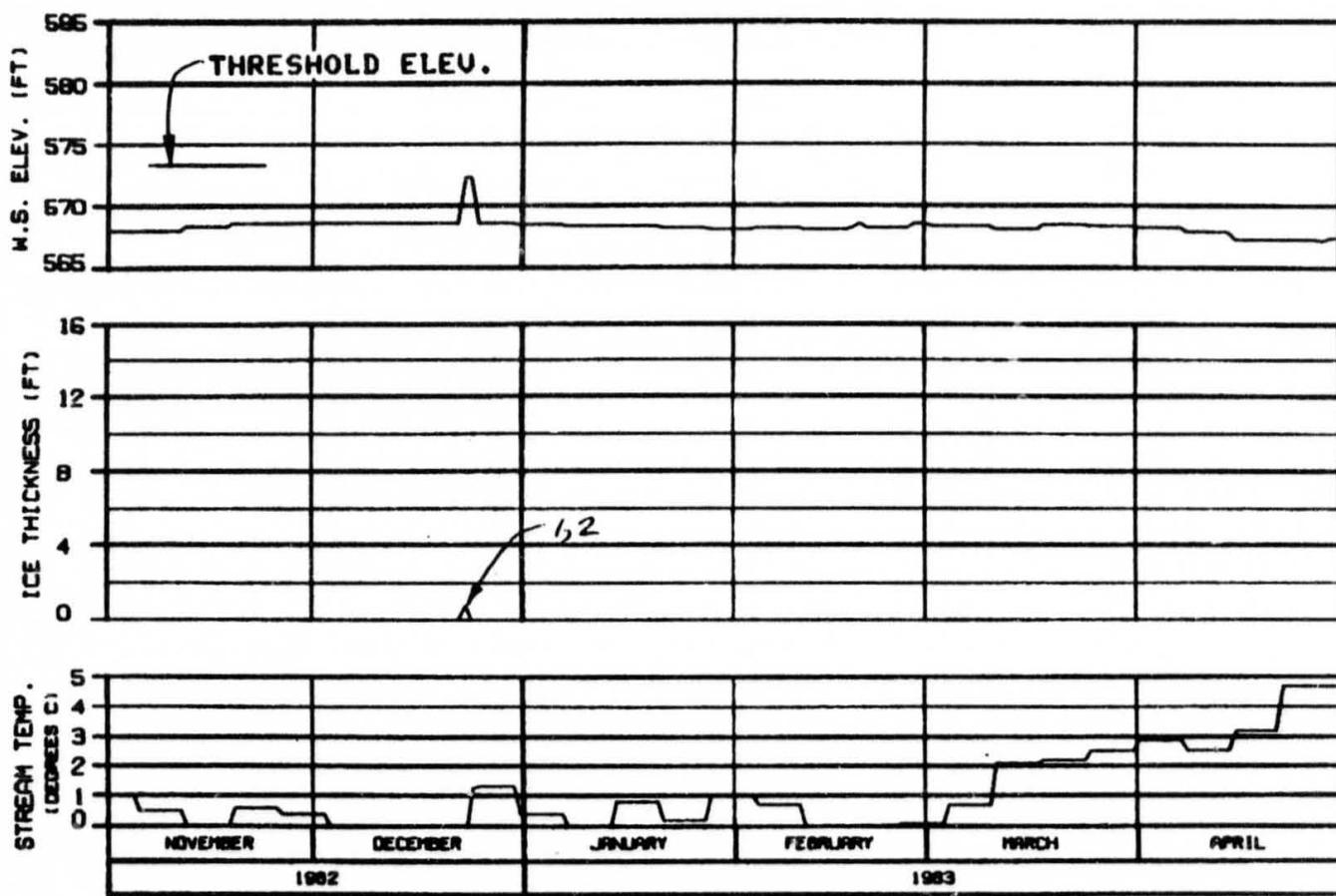
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 123.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SLISTMA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DOCKED: 12 JAN 84	10 JAN 84
1000-142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (WEST)

RIVER MILE : 126.10

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

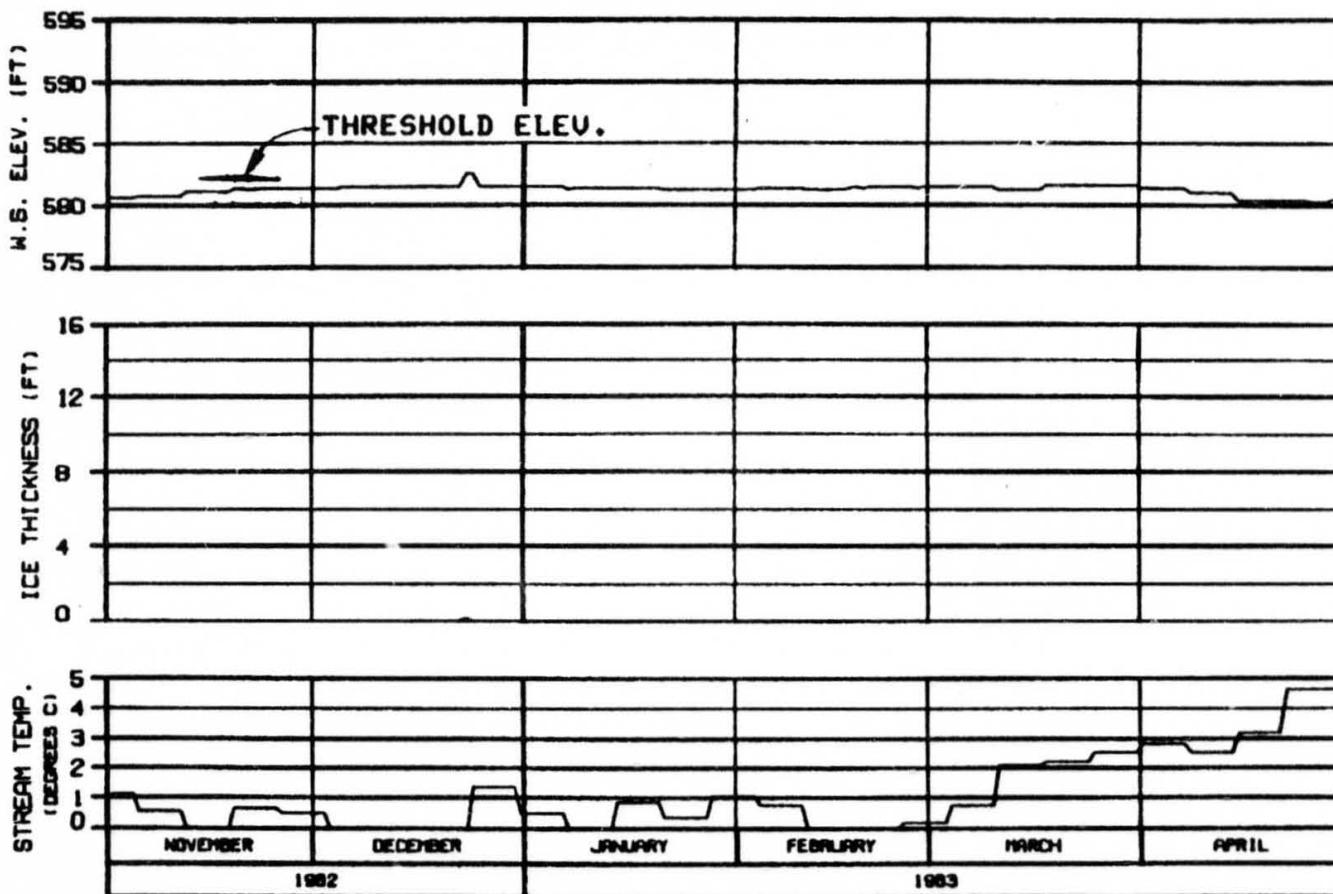
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBR600 JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 11/19/90 BY: JAH/CHI

8888.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 8A (EAST)

RIVER MILE : 127.10

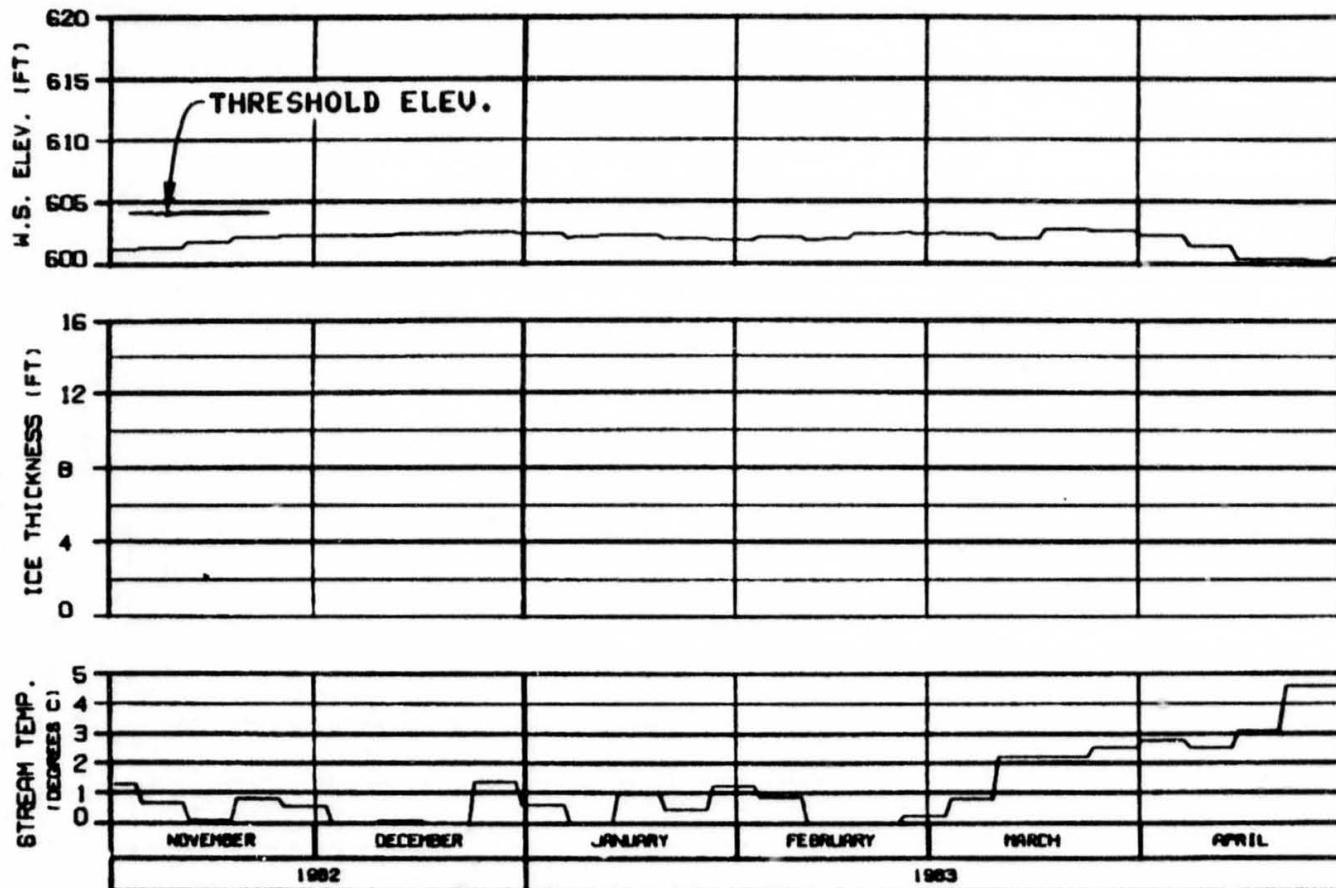
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HRZA-EBARCO JOINT VENTURE	
CHARTERED: 11-1982	10-1984
REF ID: 142	



HEAD OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 129.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

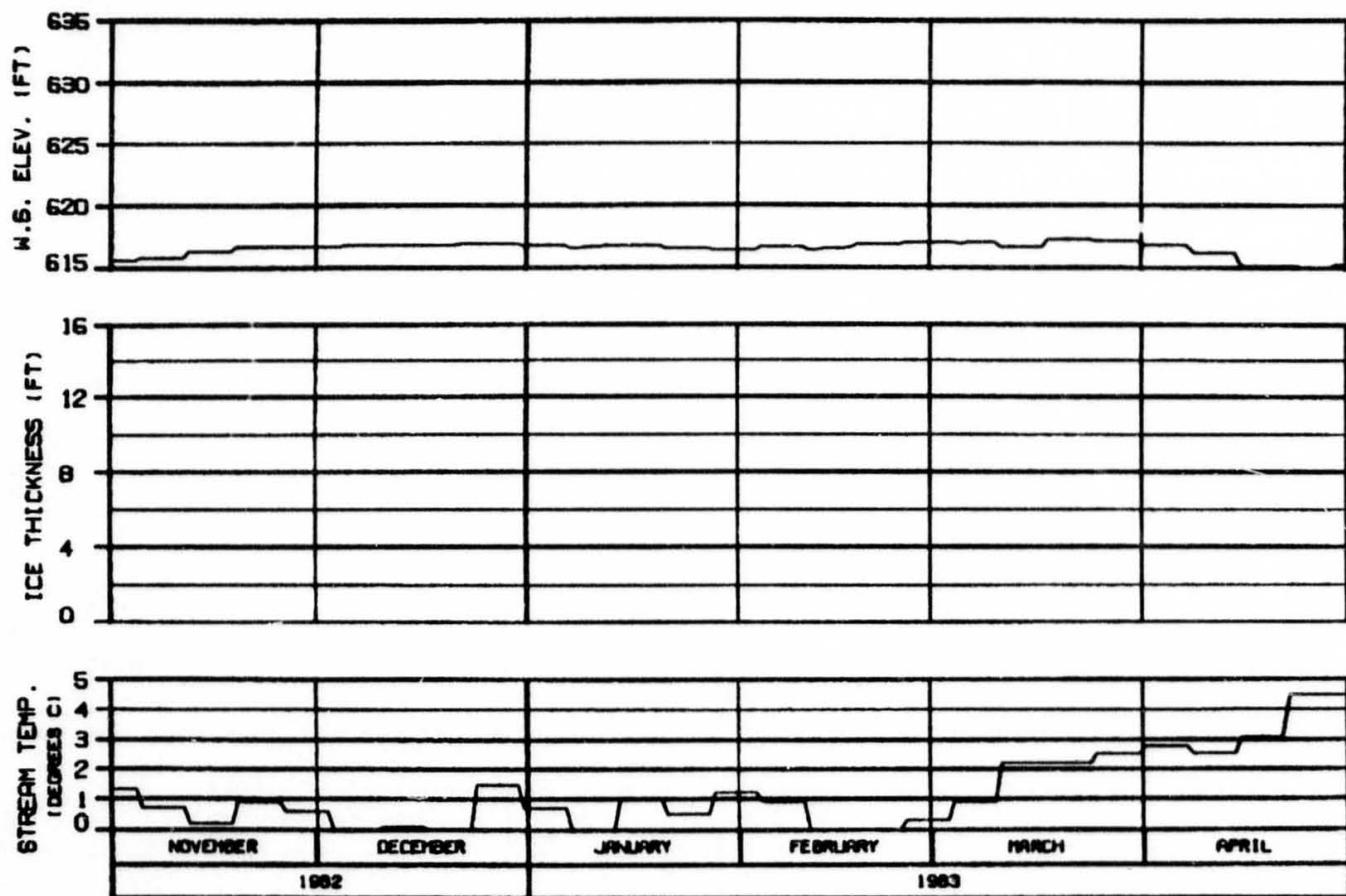
WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

OPTION?

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBRSCO JOINT VENTURE	
NUMBER: 8296CNA	DATE: 05 JAN 83
1982-142	

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9
RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

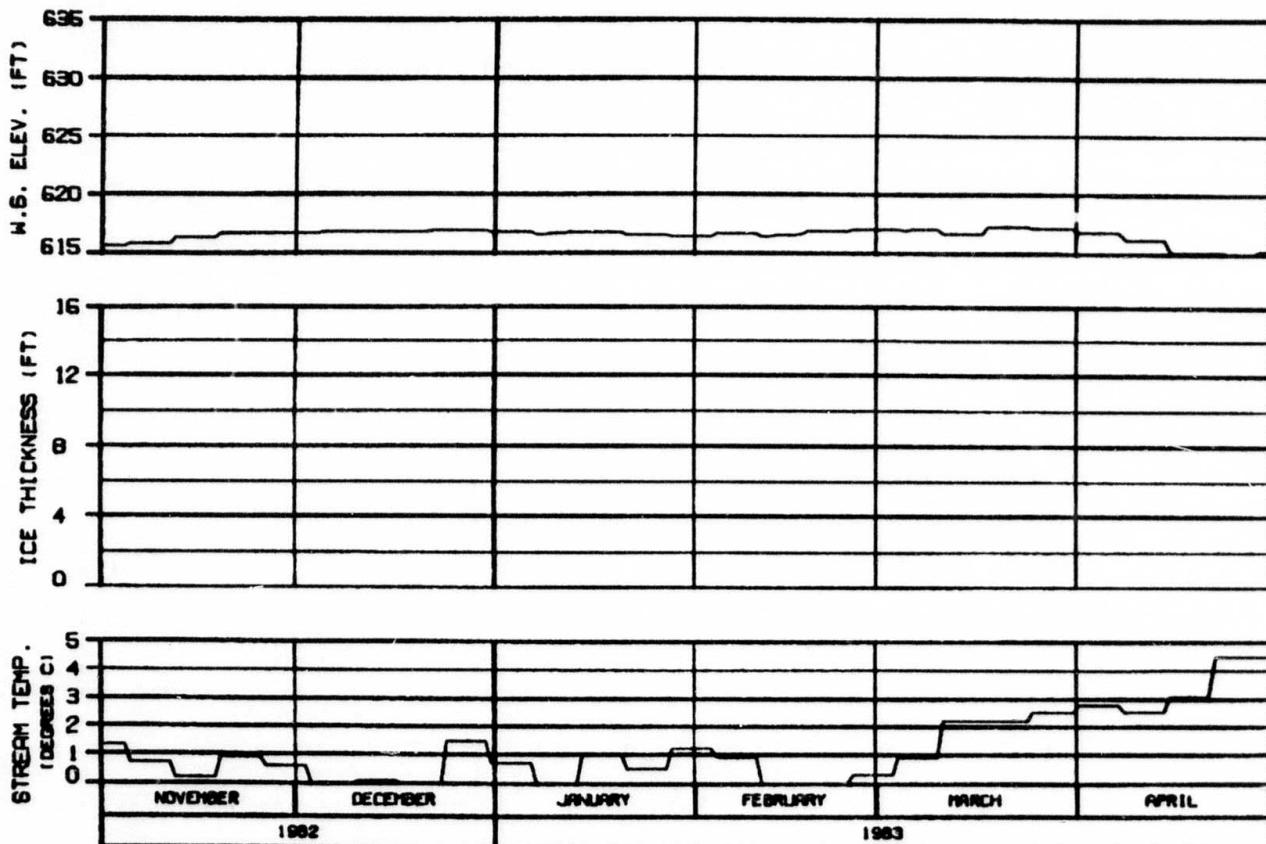
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARBO-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

00000-00-0000 10 AM 04 1988.142

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

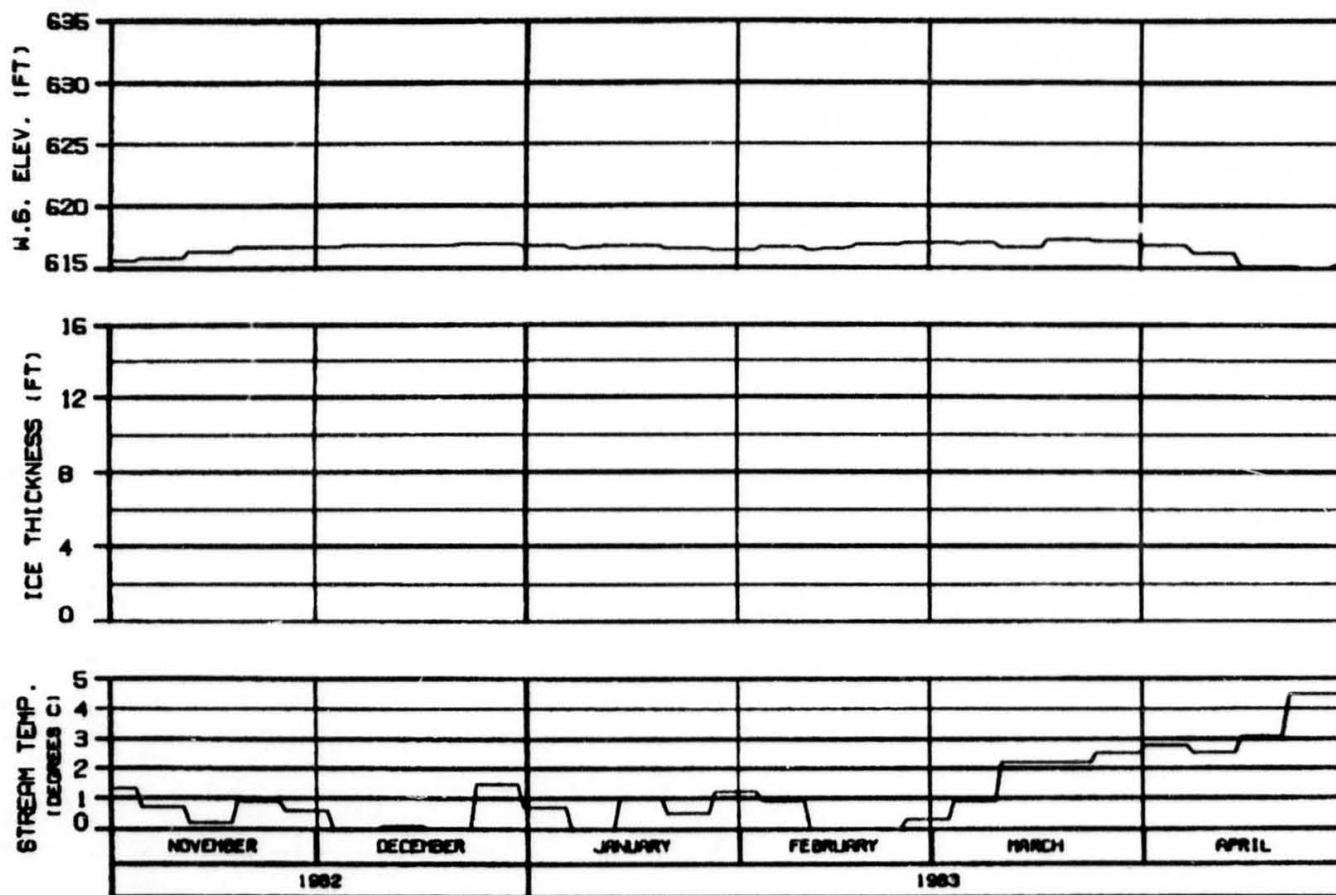
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER: 1000000 10 APR 83 1000.142

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

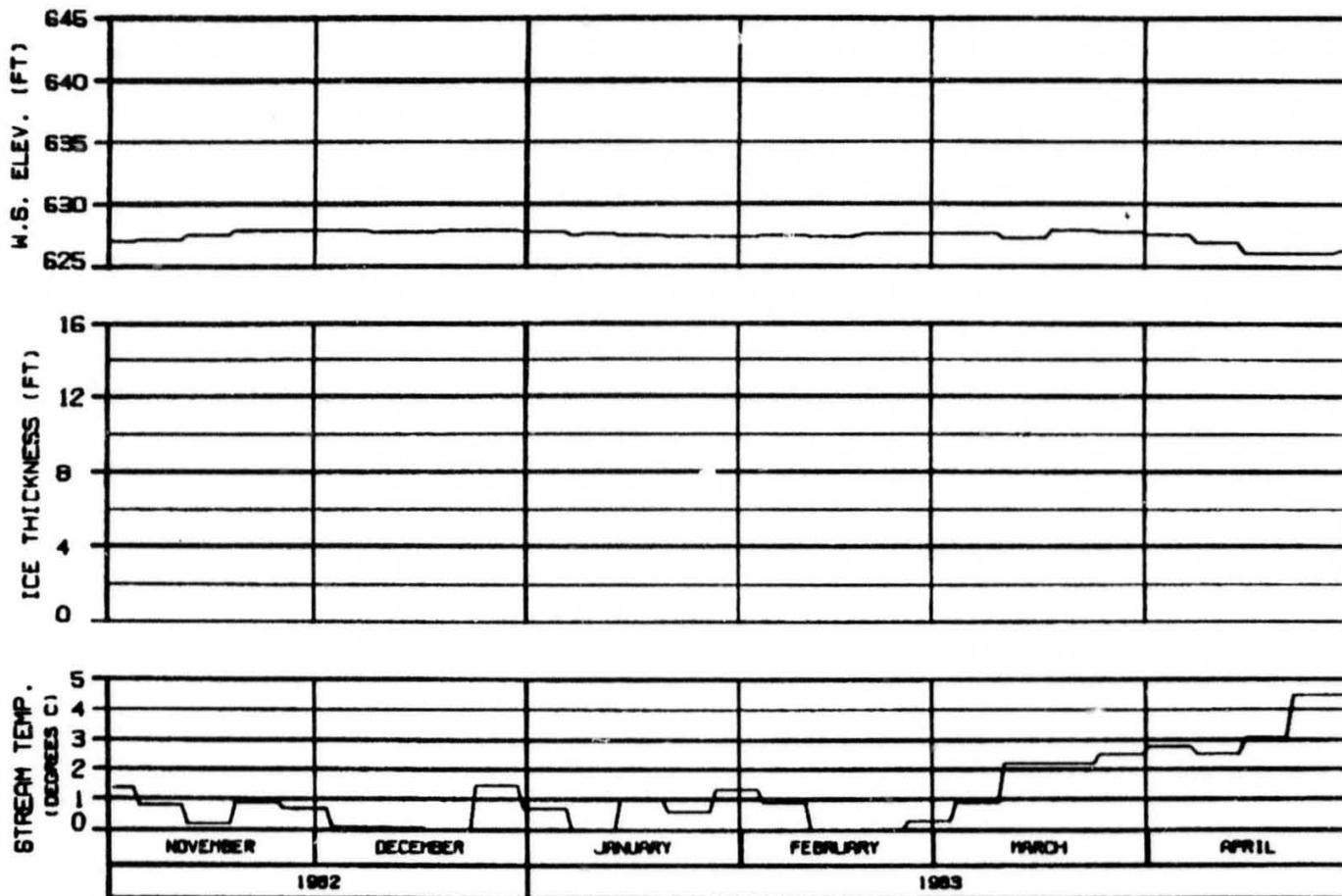
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EPBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DATA RELEASED 10 JUN 01 1000-142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF 4TH JULY CREEK
RIVER MILE : 131.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : MATANIA 1400
 FLOW LHSZ : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296DNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT I

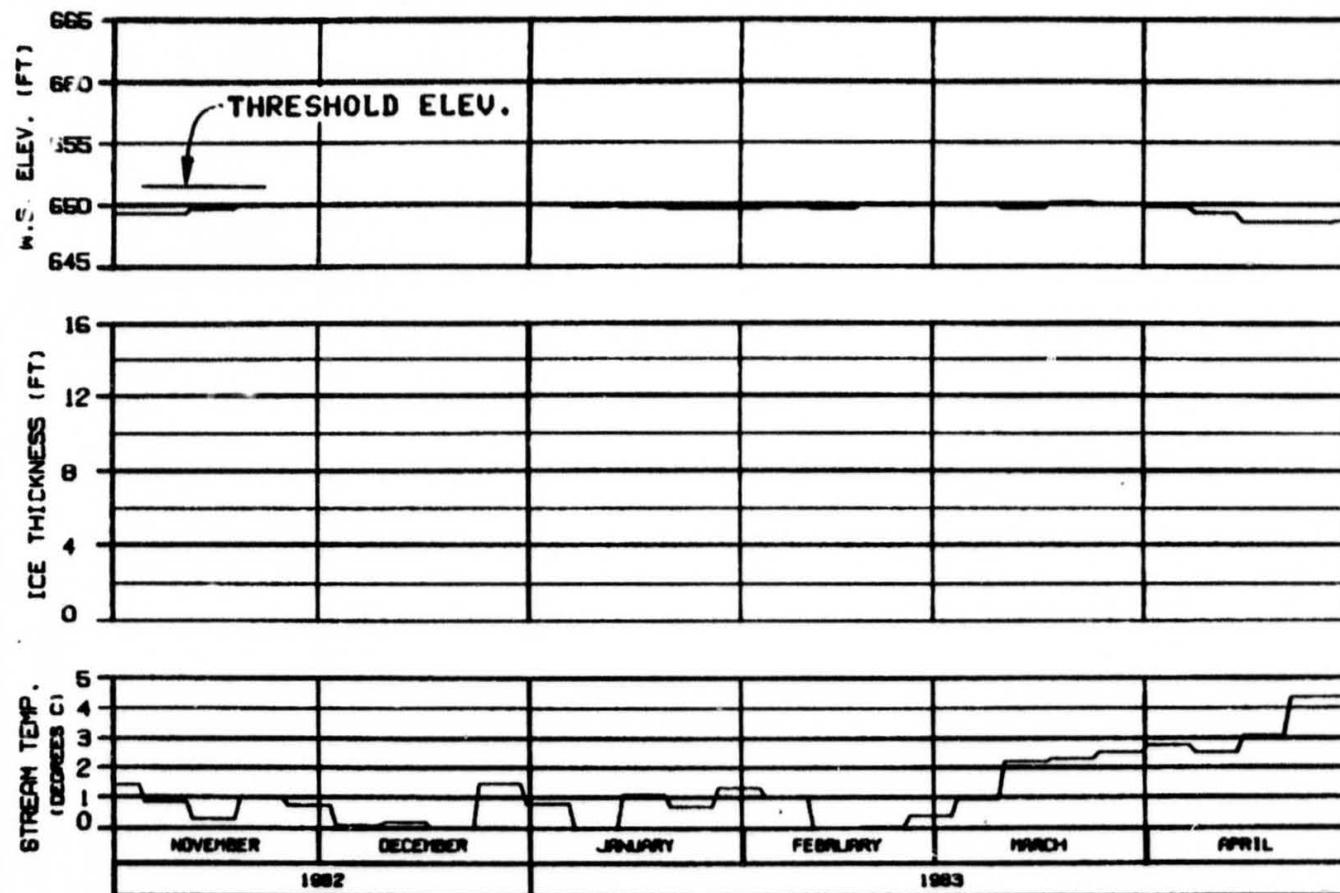
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DISCHARGE: 81,000 CFS JUN 01 1983 142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 9A
RIVER MILE : 133.70

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

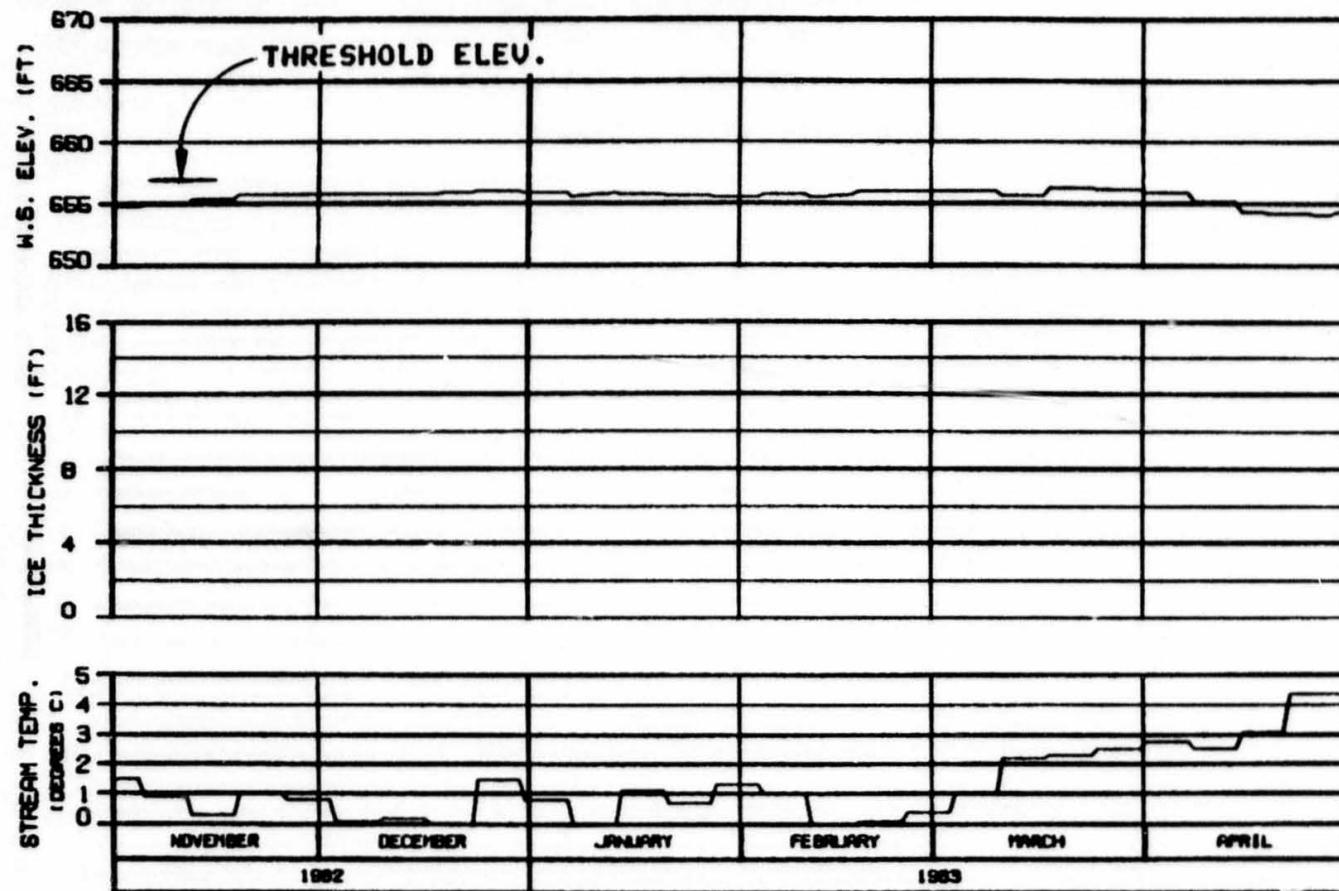
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

PRINTED: 10-20-90 10 AM '91 1000.142



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 10

RIVER MILE : 134.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

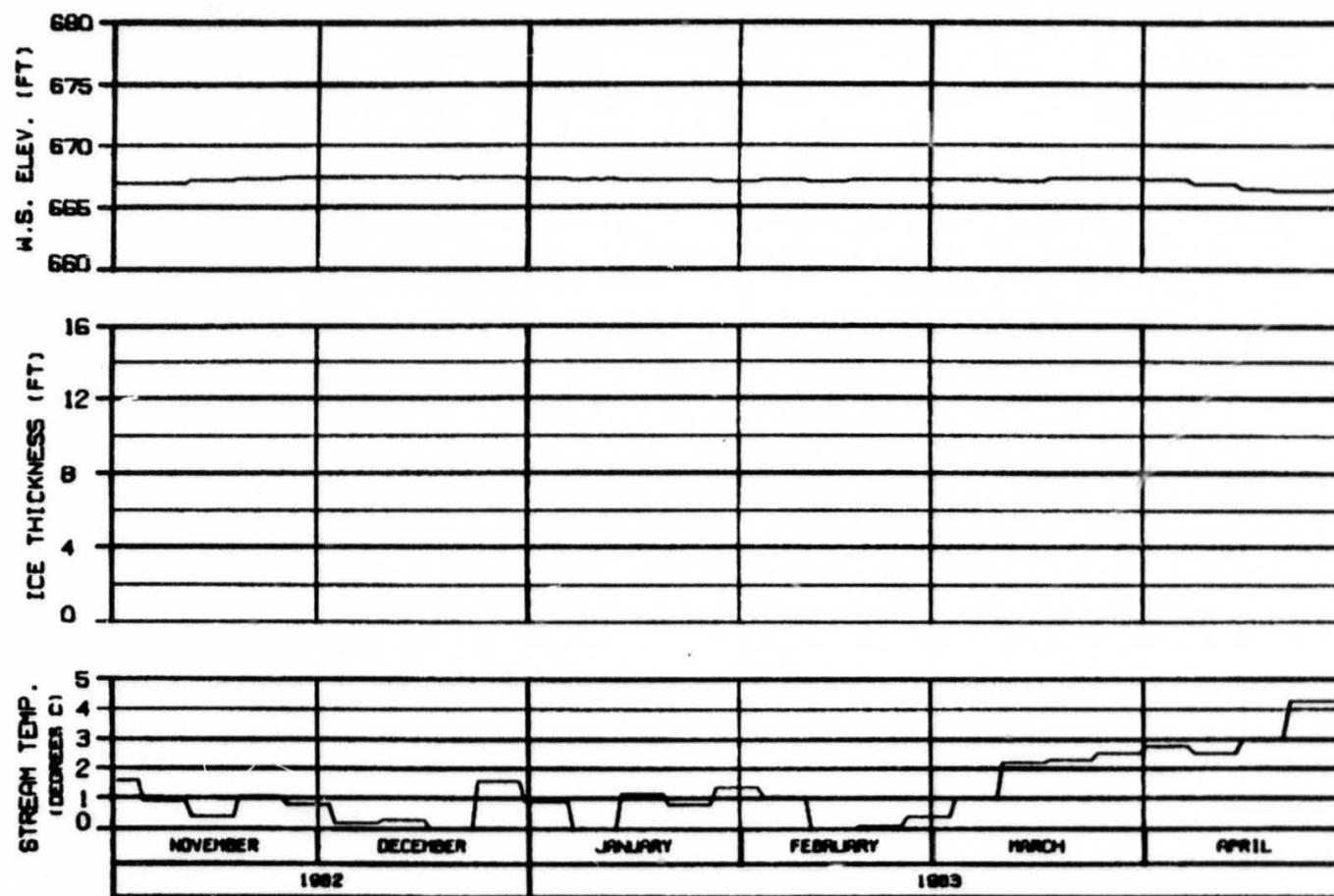
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBISCO JOINT VENTURE

DRAFTED: 01/29/90 BY: JAH DATE: 10/10/90



SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11

RIVER MILE : 135.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

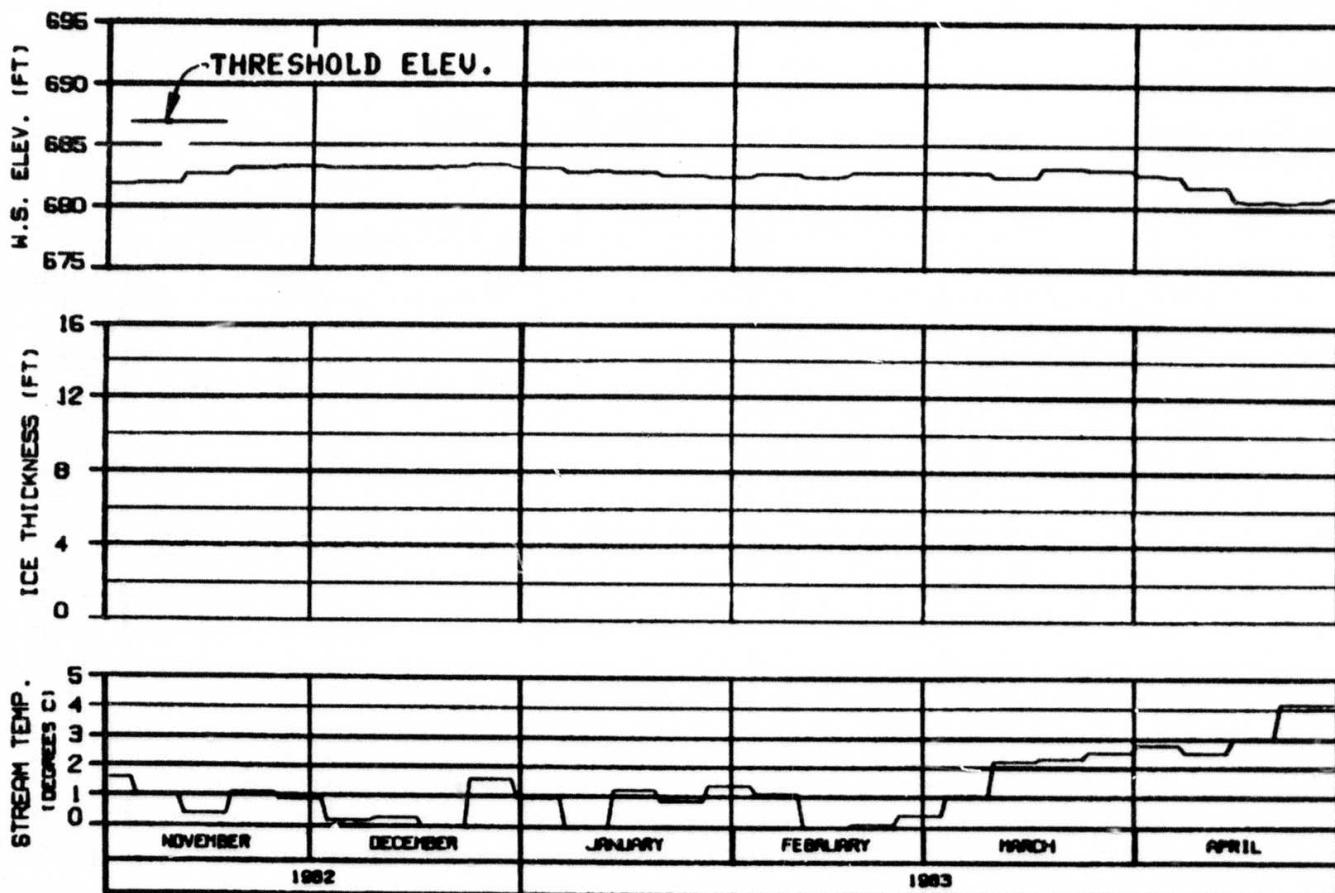
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY

HARRA-Ebasco Joint Venture

SHOWER: RADNER 20 JAN 83 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 11

RIVER MILE : 136.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

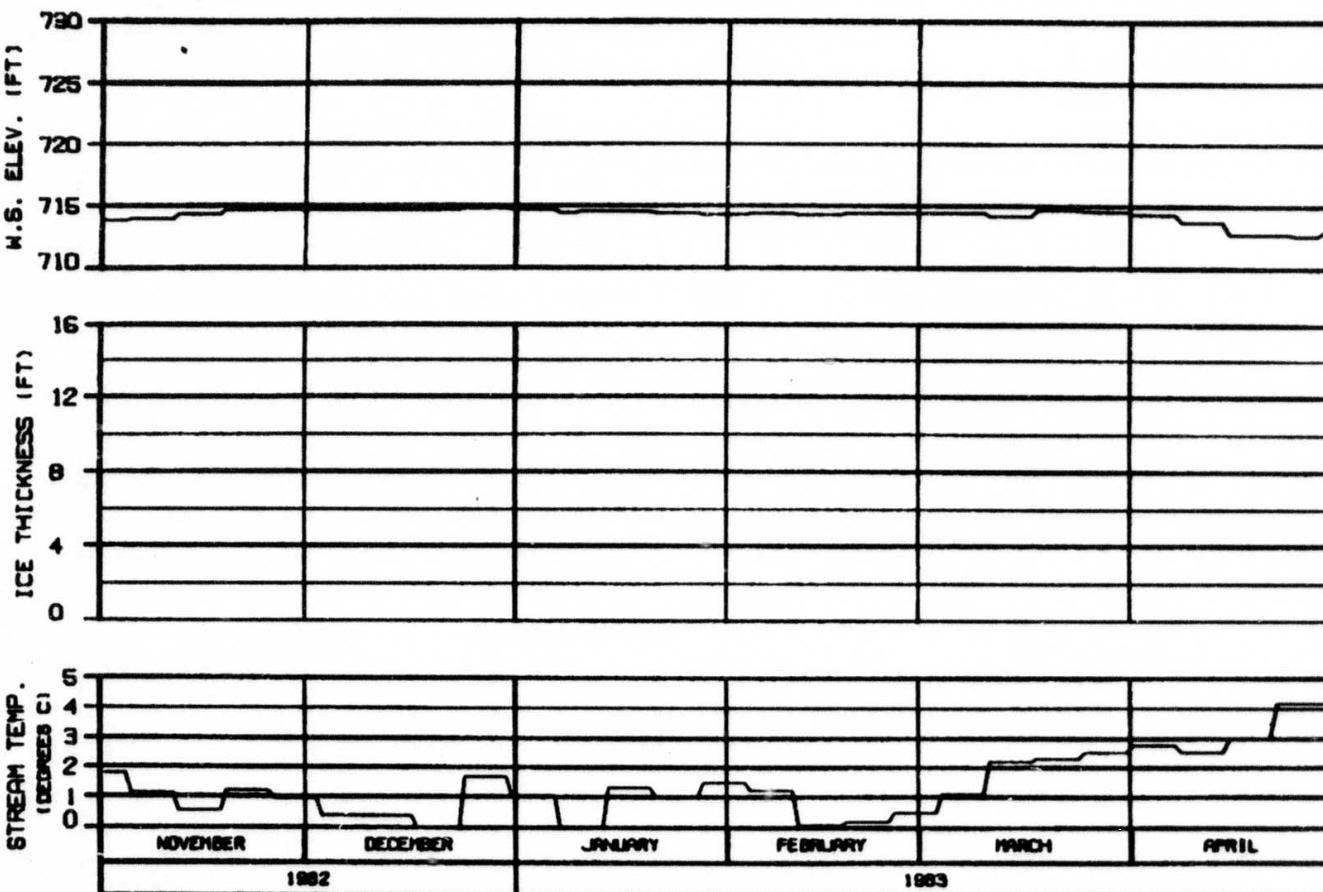
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HNR2A-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DOVER, DE 01830 10 APR 84 1000-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 17
RIVER MILE : 139.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

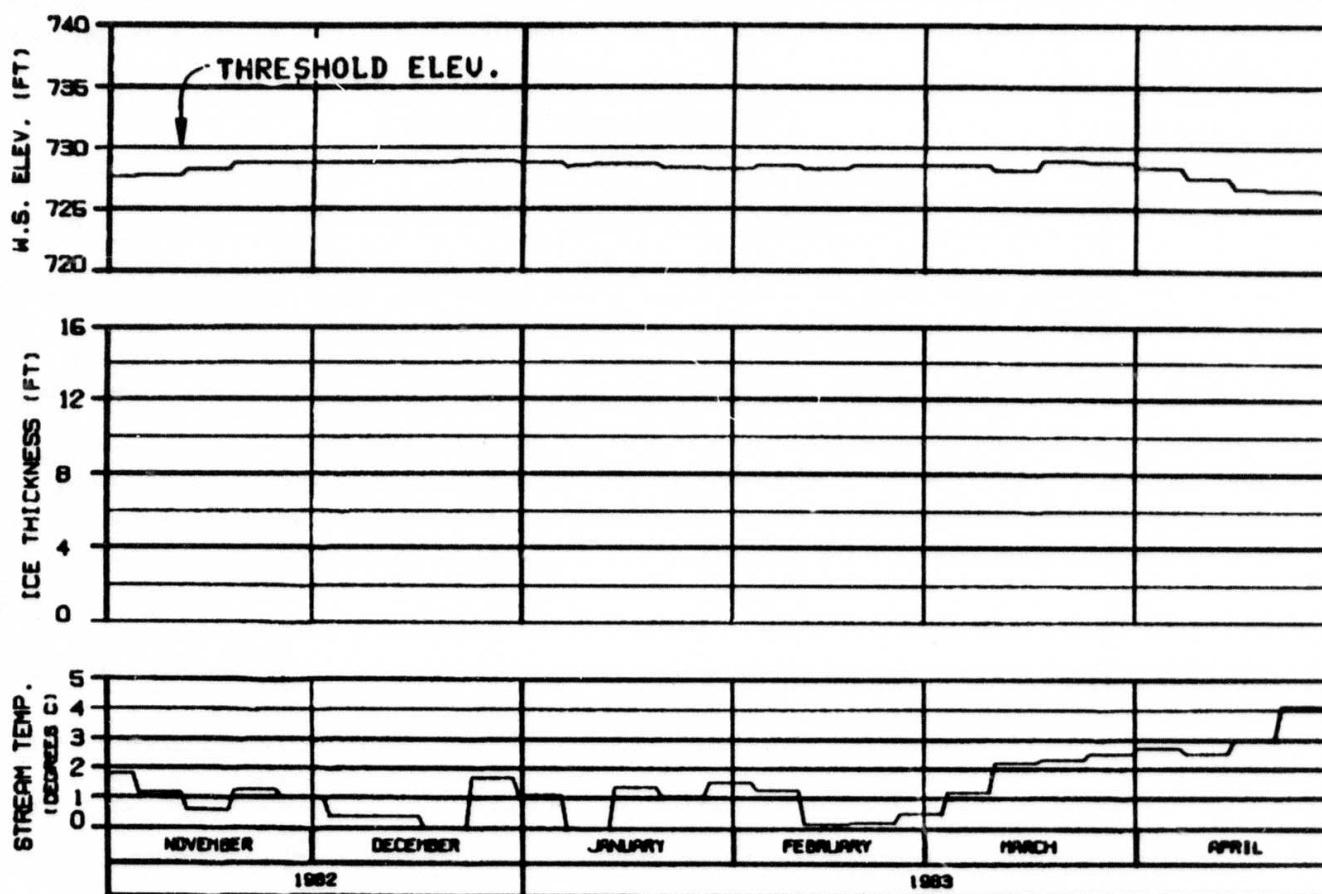
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

**SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY**

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, CALIFORNIA 90210 800-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 20

RIVER MILE : 140.50

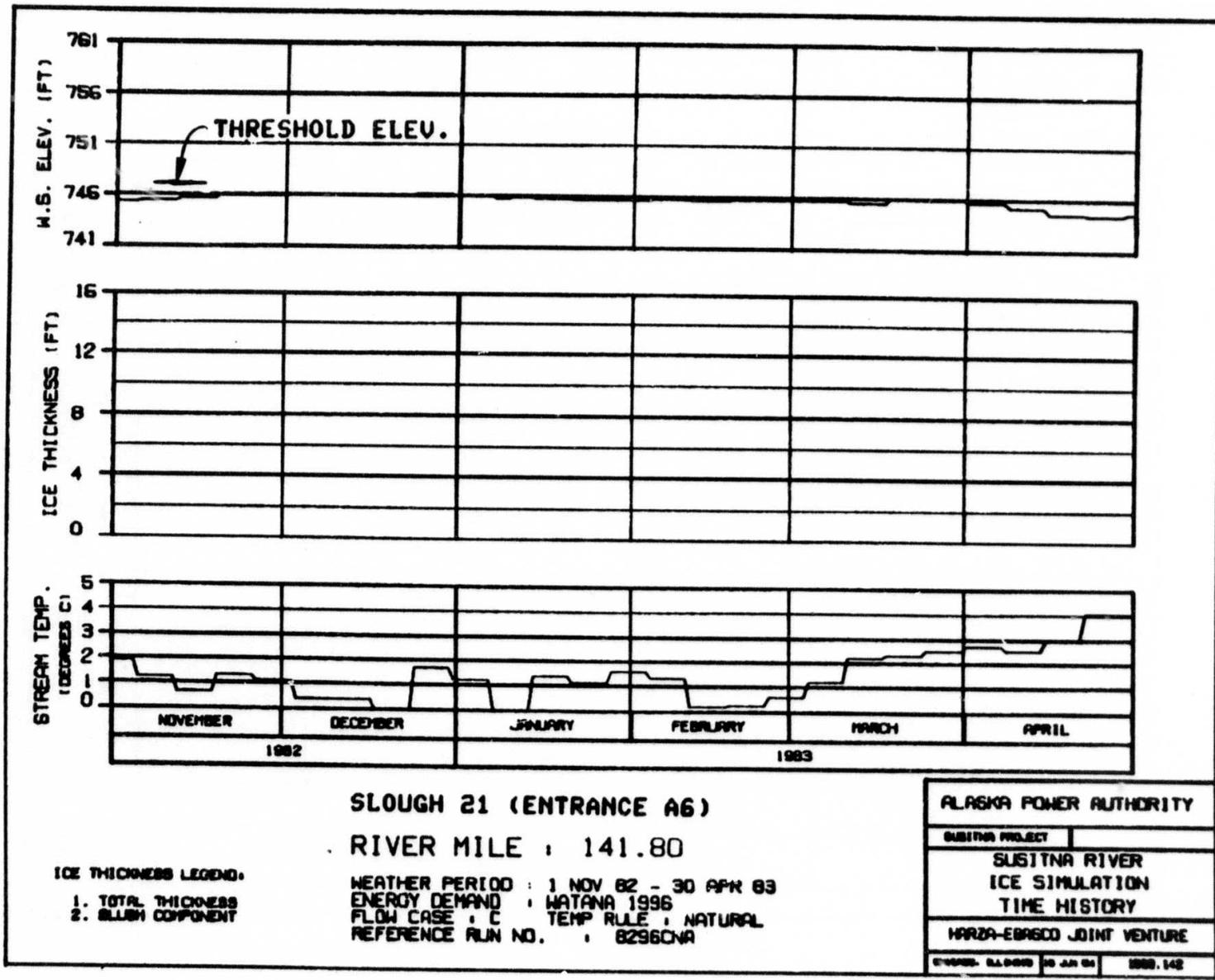
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

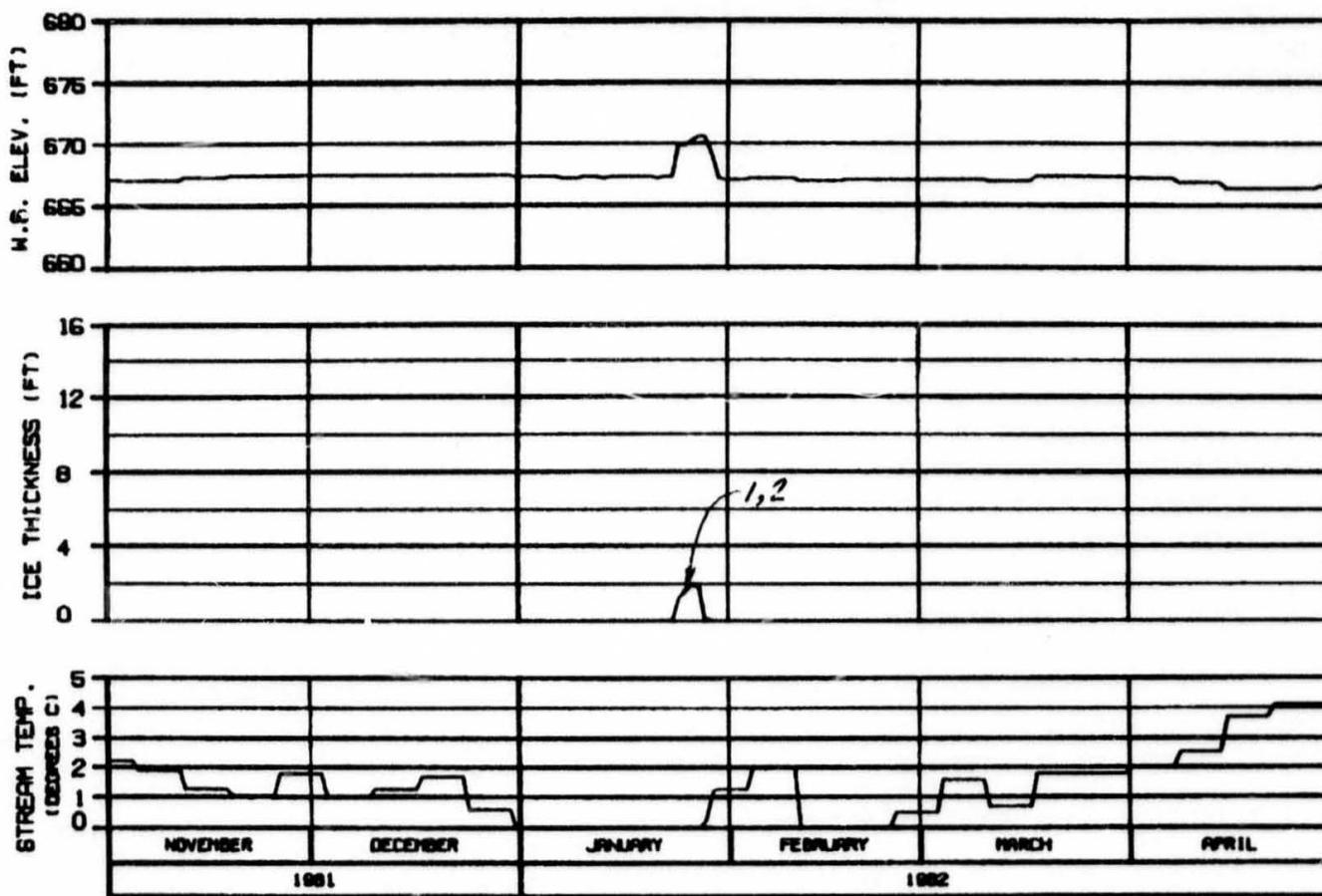
1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-Ebasco joint venture	
ENCODED: 04/10/95	10 AM CT
1995.142	





SIDE CHANNEL D/S OF SLOUGH 11
RIVER MILE : 135.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 81 - 30 APR 82
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : 5 TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : B1960NA

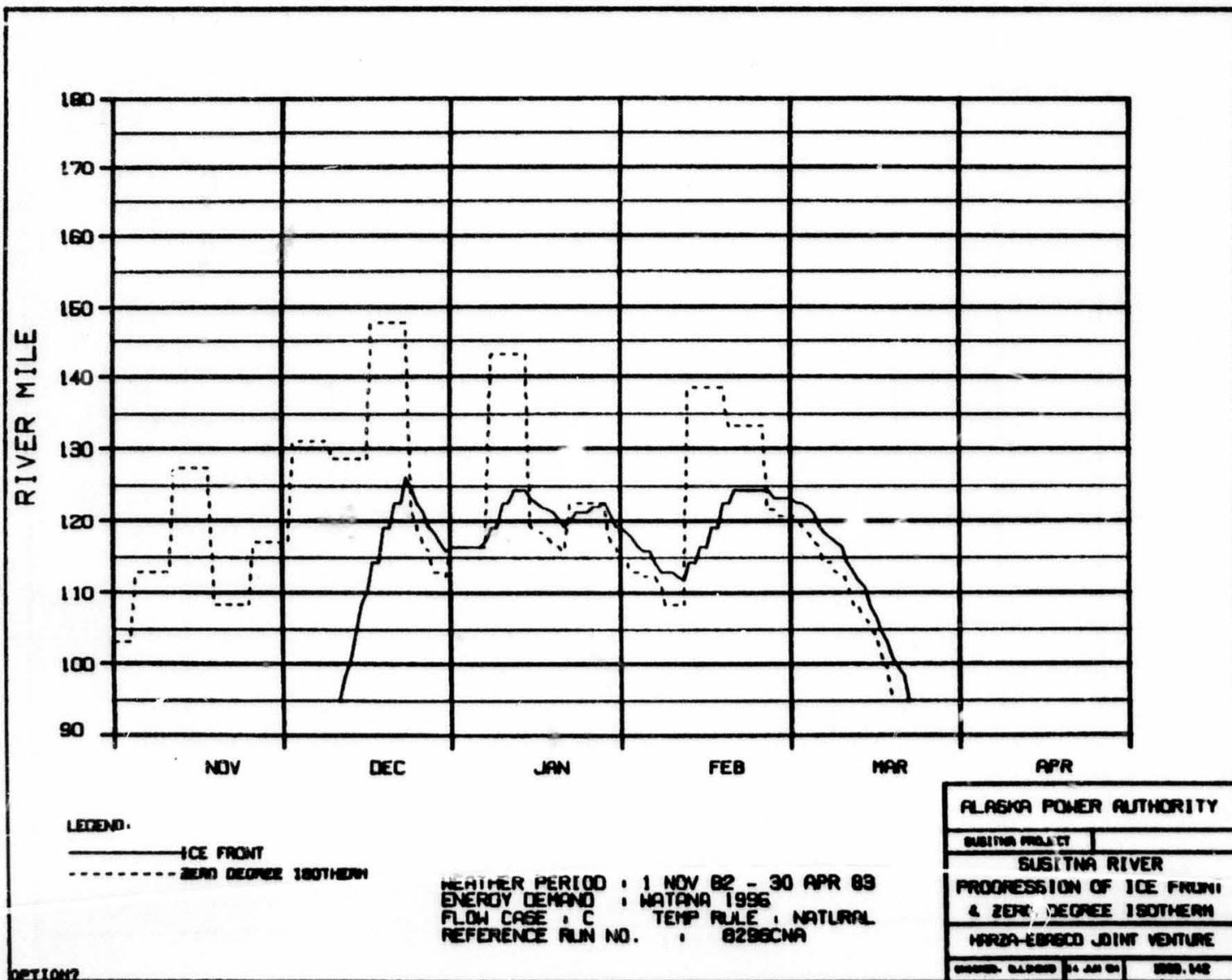
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

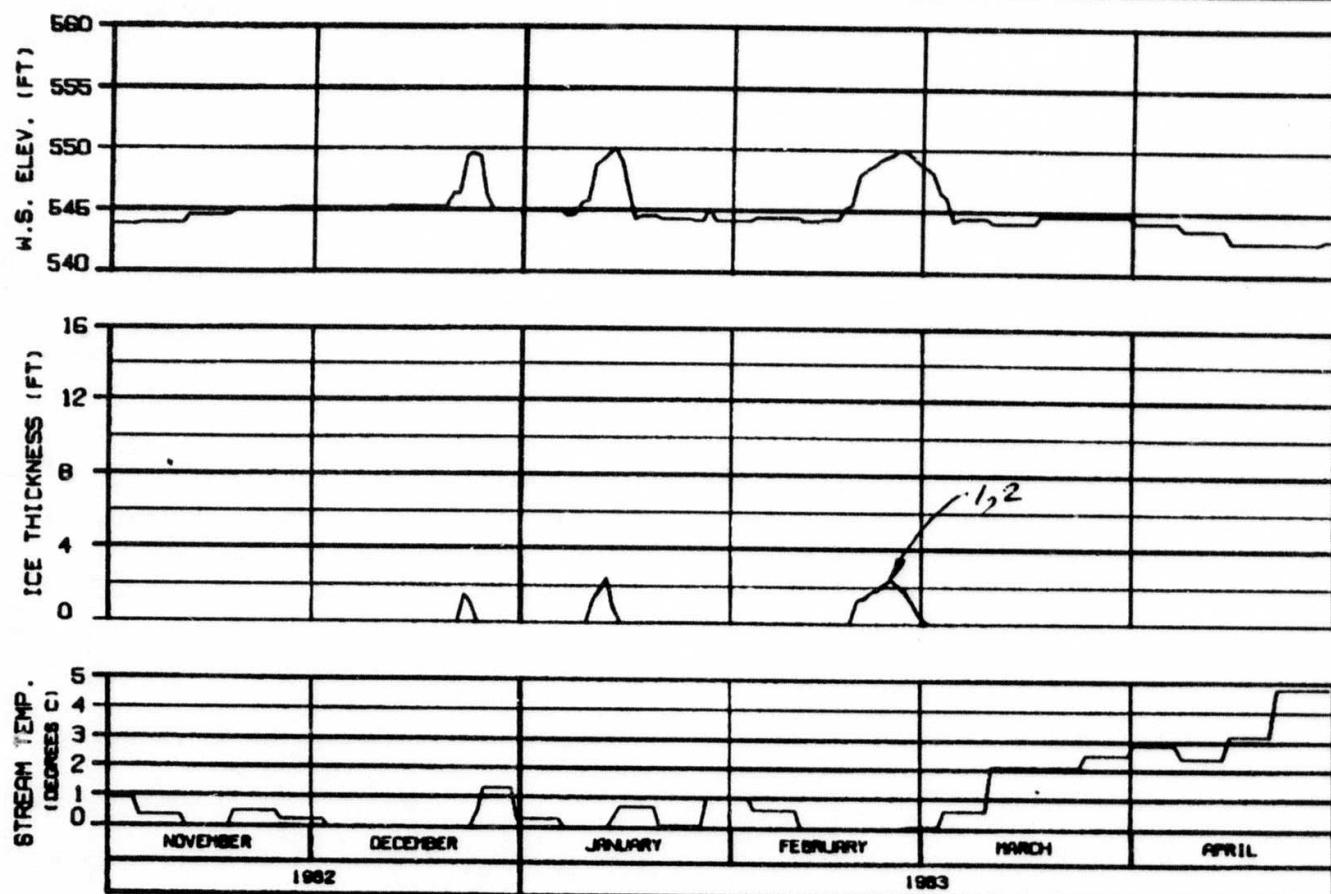
SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HARDY-EBERGOU JOHN VERTURE

EDDIE, BALKERS JR AND CO. 8500-142





ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

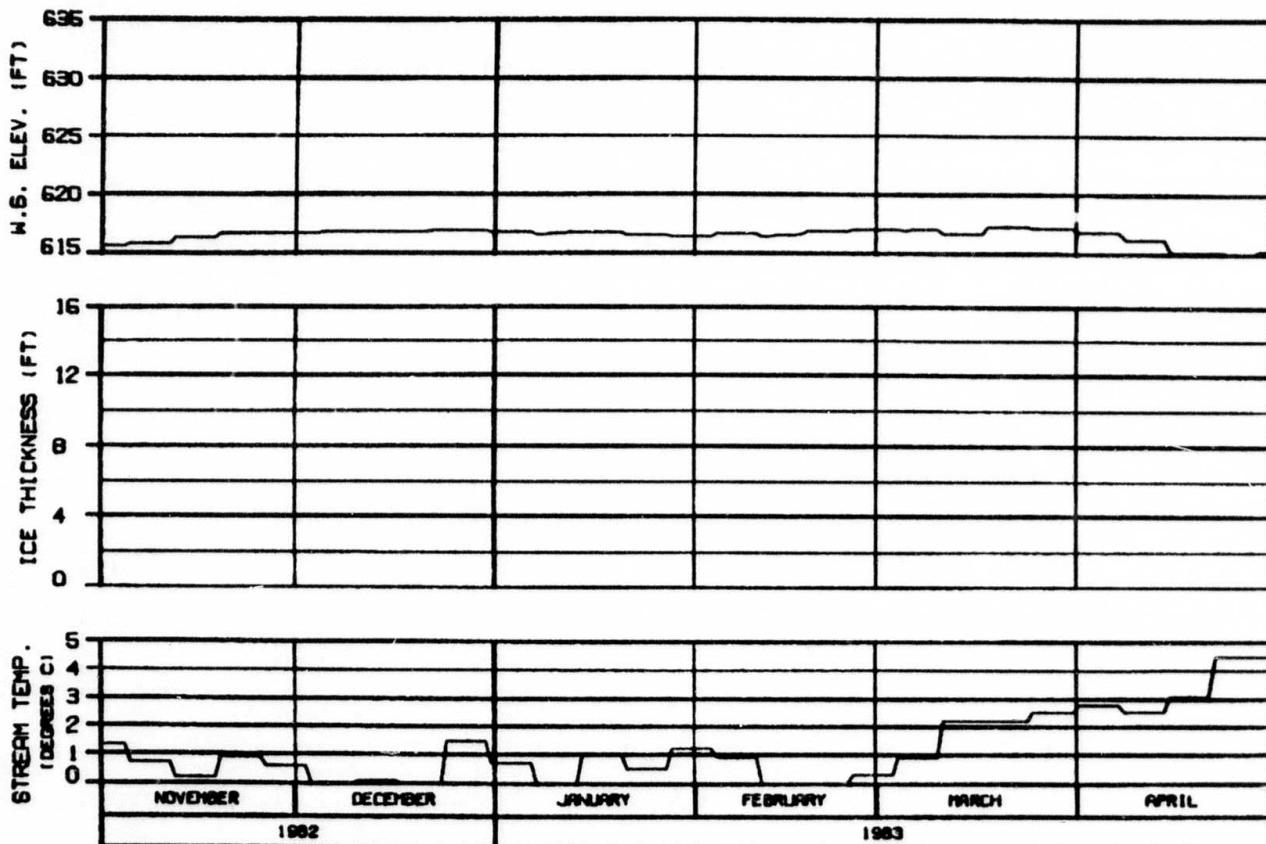
HEAD OF MOOSE SLOUGH
RIVER MILE : 123.50

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SLISTMA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EPBSCO JOINT VENTURE	
DOCKED: 12 JAN 84	10 JAN 84
1000-142	

OPTION?



SIDE CHANNEL U/S OF SLOUGH 9

RIVER MILE : 130.60

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

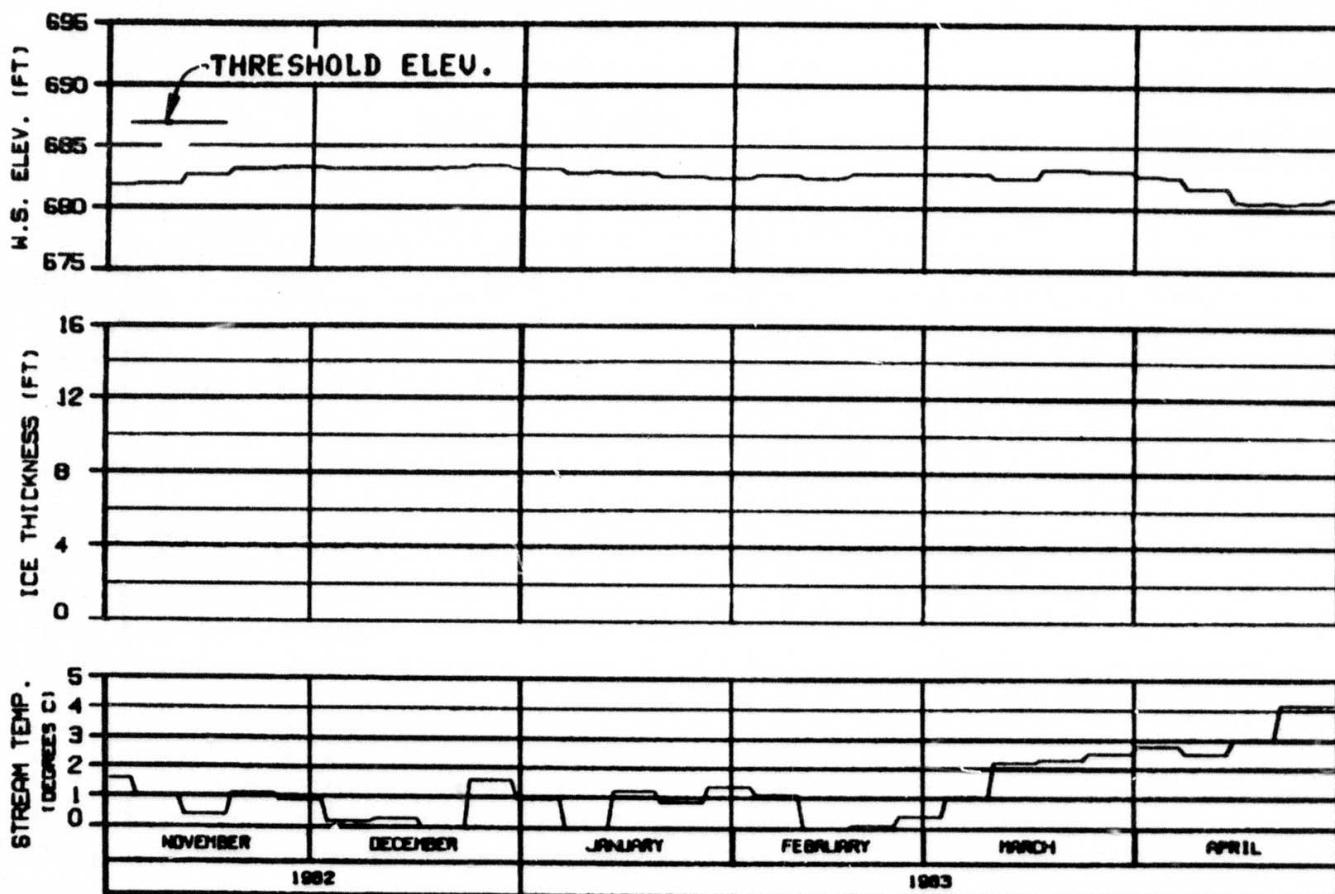
SUSITNA RIVER

ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

CHARTER: 1000000 10 APR 83 1000.142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 11

RIVER MILE : 136.50

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

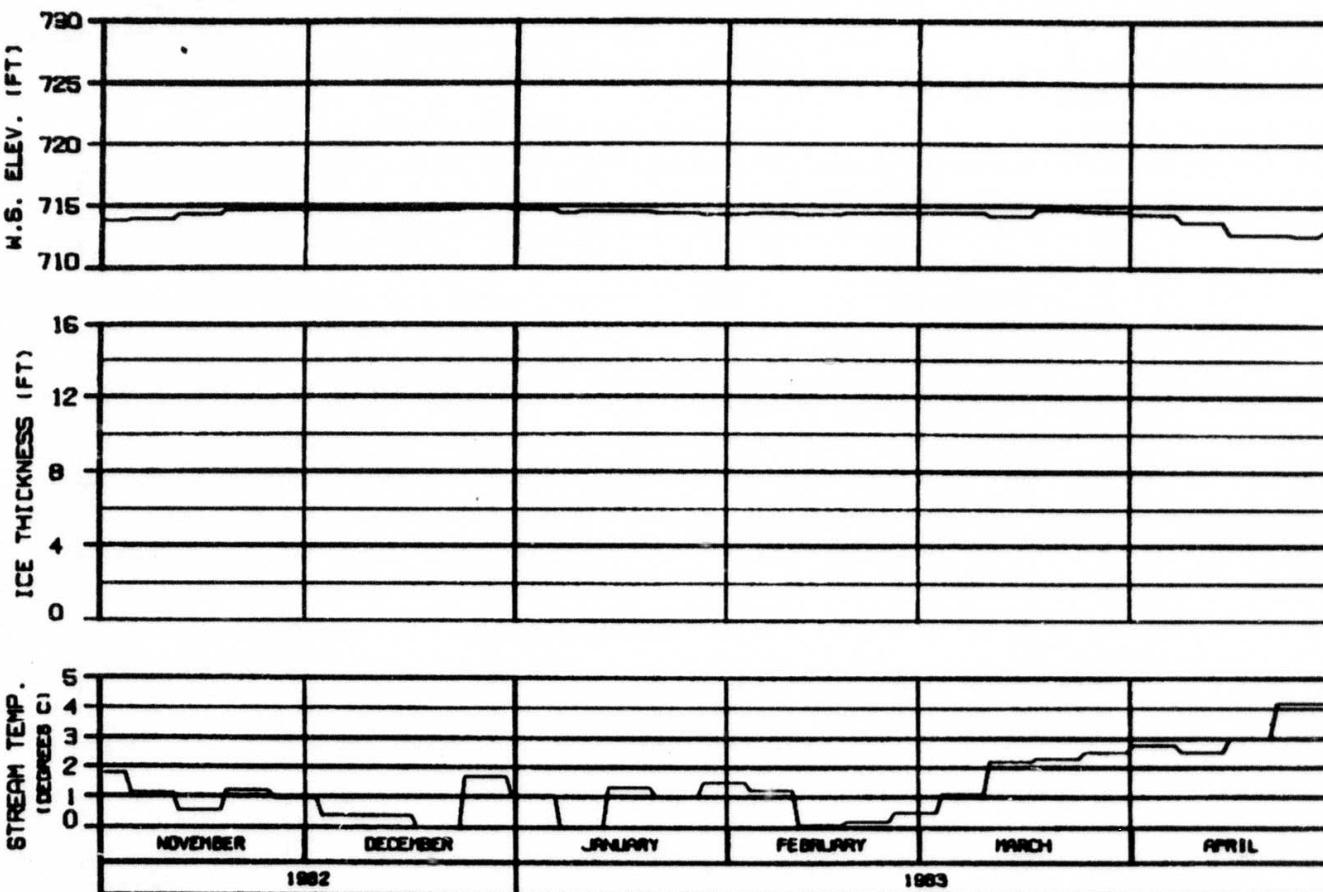
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HNR2A-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

DOVER, MASSACHUSETTS 01820

1988-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 17
RIVER MILE : 139.30

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

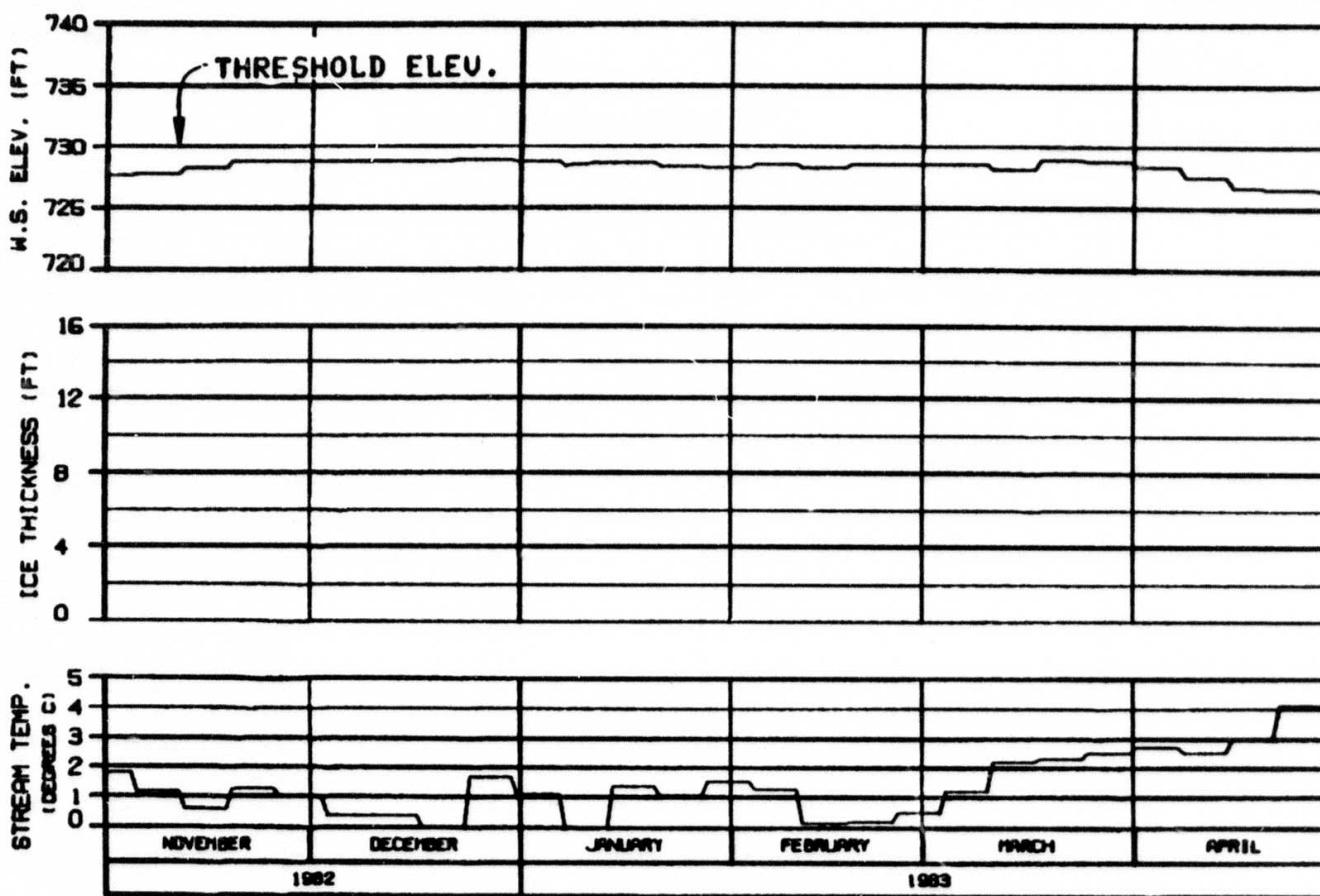
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

**SUSITNA RIVER
 ICE SIMULATION
 TIME HISTORY**

HARZA-EBSCO JOINT VENTURE

EDISON, CALIFORNIA 90210 800-142



HEAD OF SLOUGH 20

RIVER MILE : 140.50

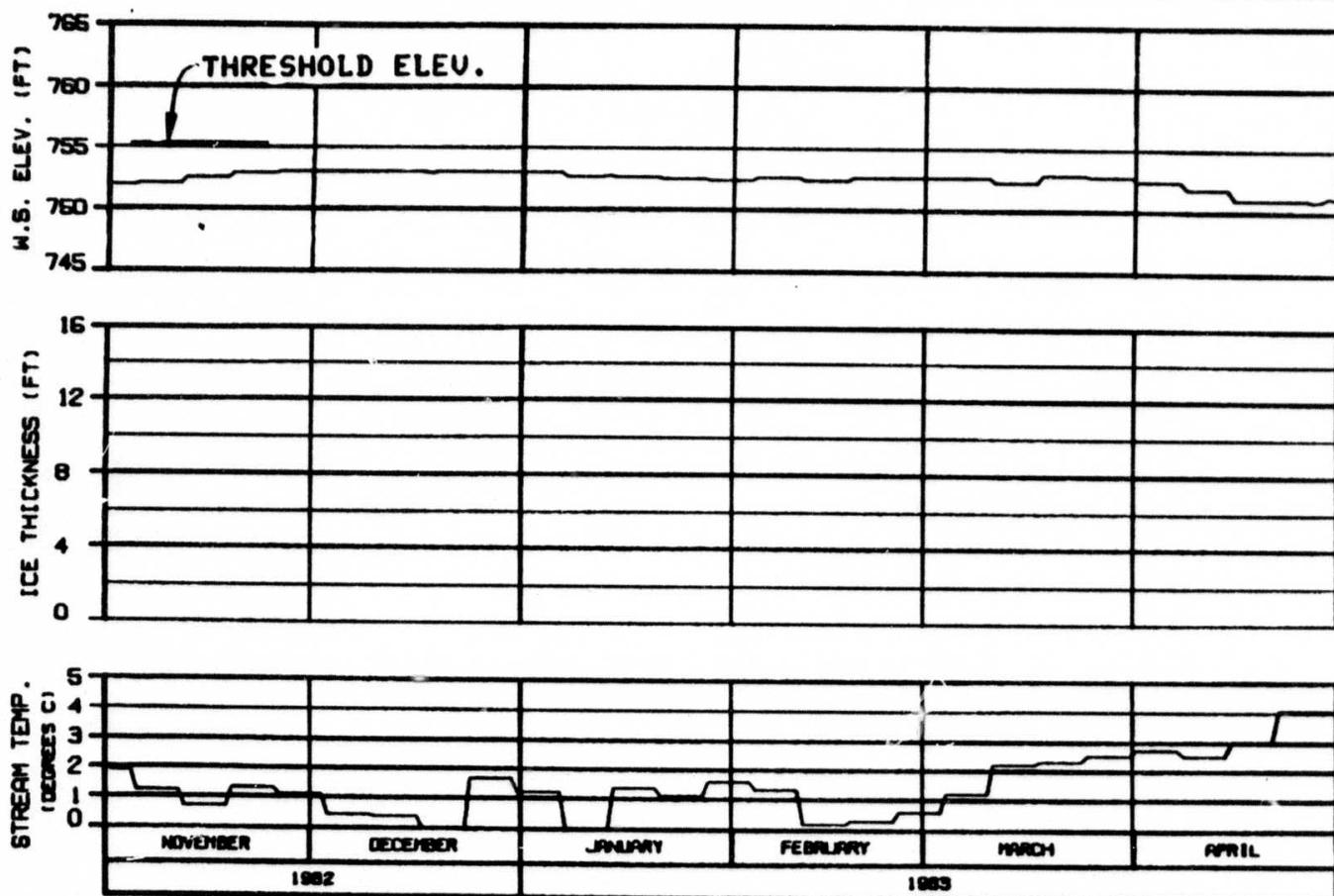
ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : B296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-EBASCO JOINT VENTURE	
ENDED: 01-JUNE 1983	10 AM ED
	1983.142



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 21
RIVER MILE : 142.20

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

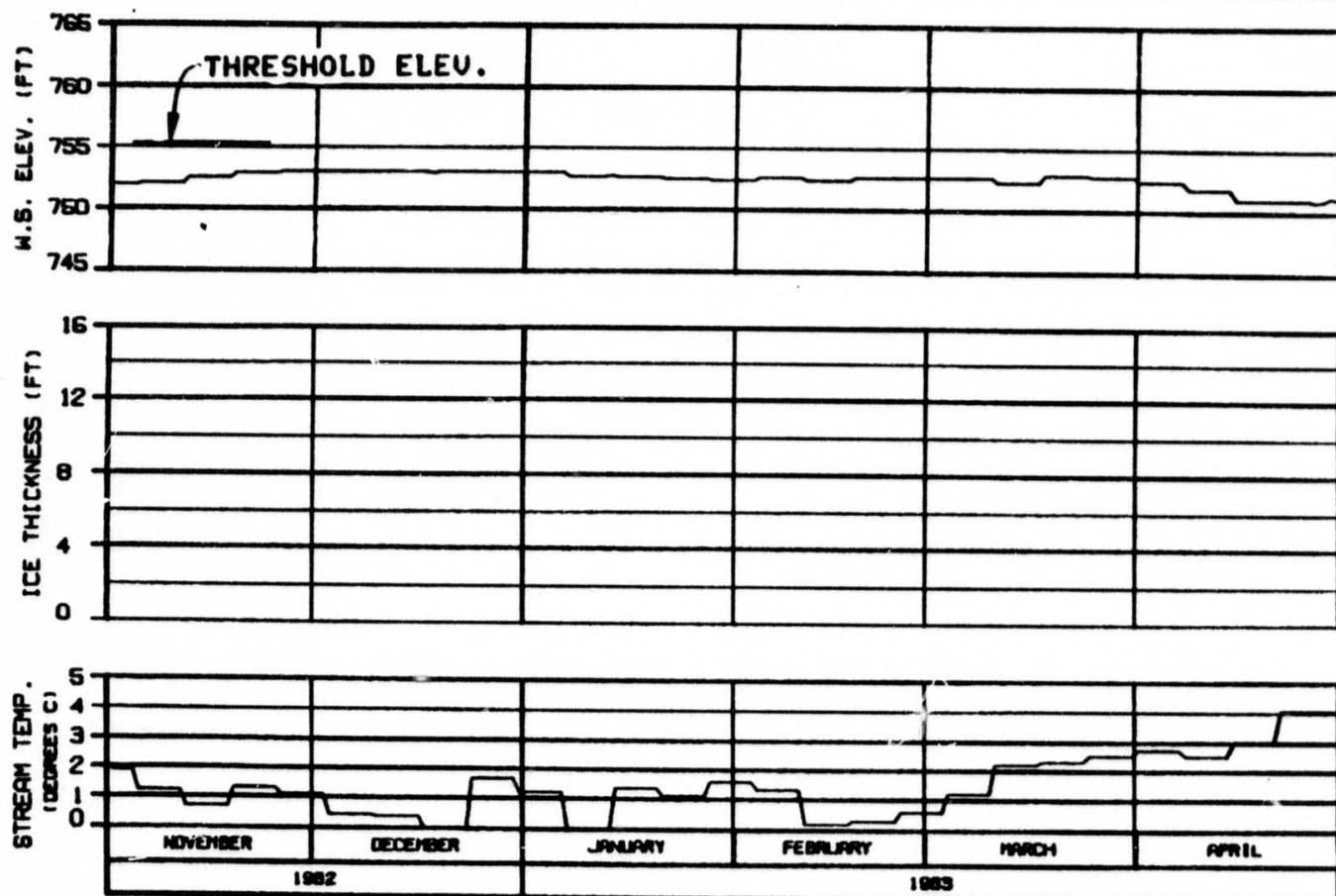
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER
ICE SIMULATION
TIME HISTORY

HNR2A-E896CD JOINT VENTURE

BEGINS: 142.20 10 APR 83 142.20



ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

HEAD OF SLOUGH 21
RIVER MILE : 142.20

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
ENERGY DEMAND : NATANA 1996
FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT

SUSITNA RIVER

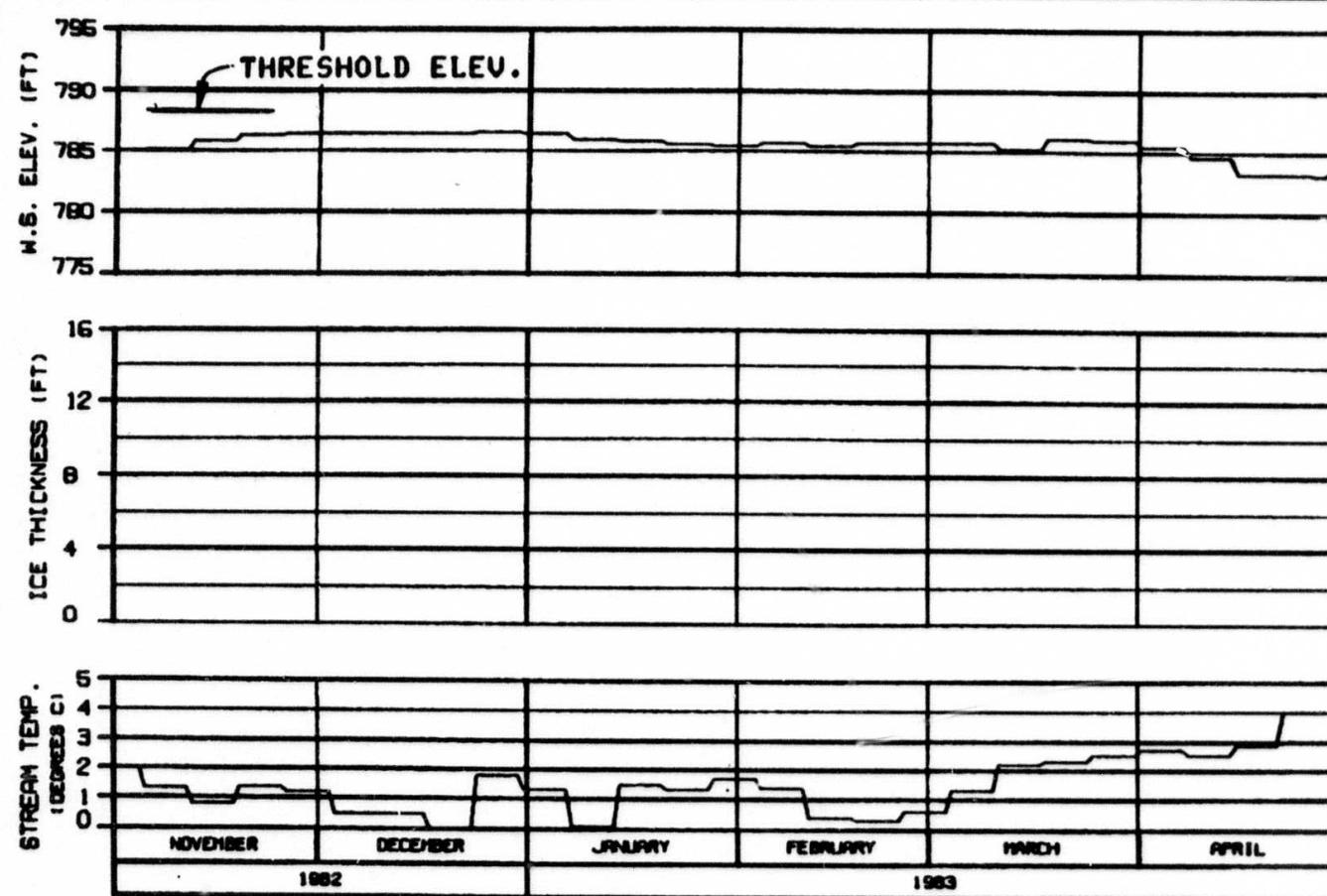
ICE SIMULATION

TIME HISTORY

HNR2A-E896CD JOINT VENTURE

EDDIES, BALDENS 10 APR 83 142.20

C



HEAD OF SLOUGH 22

RIVER MILE : 144.80

ICE THICKNESS LEGEND:

1. TOTAL THICKNESS
2. SLUSH COMPONENT

OPTION?

WEATHER PERIOD : 1 NOV 82 - 30 APR 83
 ENERGY DEMAND : WATANA 1996
 FLOW CASE : C TEMP RULE : NATURAL
 REFERENCE RUN NO. : 8296CNA

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY

SUSITNA PROJECT	
SUSITNA RIVER	
ICE SIMULATION	
TIME HISTORY	
HARZA-Ebasco Joint Venture	
ENRIGEN: 02/20/96	10 AM ET
1988.142	