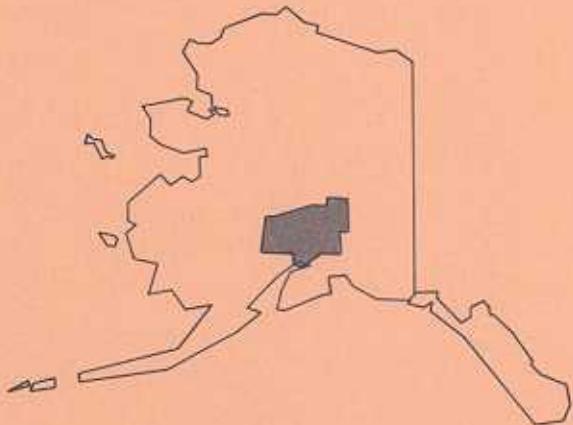


FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY



MATANUSKA-SUSITNA
BOROUGH,
ALASKA
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION



NOVEMBER 1, 1984



Federal Emergency Management Agency

COMMUNITY NUMBER - 020021

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PUBLISHED SEPARATELY:

Flood Insurance Rate Map Index
Flood Insurance Rate Map

FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of Study

This Flood Insurance Study investigates the existence and severity of flood hazards in the unincorporated areas of Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska, and within the incorporated Cities of Palmer, Houston, and Wasilla, and aids in the administration of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973. This study will be used to convert Matanuska-Susitna Borough to the regular program of flood insurance by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Local and regional planners will use this study in their efforts to promote sound flood plain management.

In some states or communities, flood plain management criteria or regulations may exist that are more restrictive or comprehensive than those on which these federally supported studies are based. These criteria take precedence over the minimum Federal criteria for purposes of regulating development in the flood plain, as set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations at 44 CFR, 60.3. In such cases, however, it shall be understood that the State (or other jurisdictional agency) shall be able to explain these requirements and criteria.

1.2 Authority and Acknowledgments

The source of authority for this Flood Insurance Study is the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended.

The hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for this study were performed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Alaska District, for the Federal Emergency Management Agency, under Inter-Agency Agreement No. IAA-H-1878, Project Order No. 15. This work, which was completed in April 1982, covered all significant flooding sources affecting Matanuska-Susitna Borough.

1.3 Coordination

A meeting was held on July 20, 1977, and attended by representatives of the study contractor, the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and Matanuska-Susitna Borough. The purpose of the meeting was to determine which streams would require detailed study and which would require approximate study. A priority list of the streams to be studied was determined; however, due to the lack of funds, the highest priority streams (Matanuska, Susitna, and Knik Rivers) were eliminated from this study. Instead, three streams which have already been partially studied by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers were funded for this study. The other streams will be studied at a later date when funds are available. Coordination was made with the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Soil

Conservation Service. A draft of this study was reviewed by Matanuska-Susitna Borough.

Three final coordination meetings were held during the week of September 29, 1983. These meetings were attended by representatives of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the study contractor, and the community. All problems and questions that were raised at the meeting have been resolved.

2.0 AREA STUDIED

2.1 Scope of Study

This Flood Insurance Study covers the incorporated Cities of Wasilla, Houston, and Palmer, and the unincorporated areas of Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska. The area of study is shown on the Vicinity Map (Figure 1).

Deception Creek; Deception Creek Tributaries 1, 2, and 3; Willow Creek; Willow Creek Tributary; Little Susitna River; and Little Susitna River Split Flows 1, 2, and 3 were studied by detailed methods. Each stream was studied from a downstream location, below which little development is expected by the borough due to wetland conditions, to an upstream location where the 100-year flood plain is less than 200 feet wide.

Flooding in the Bodenburg Butte area from the Matanuska River was studied by approximate methods.

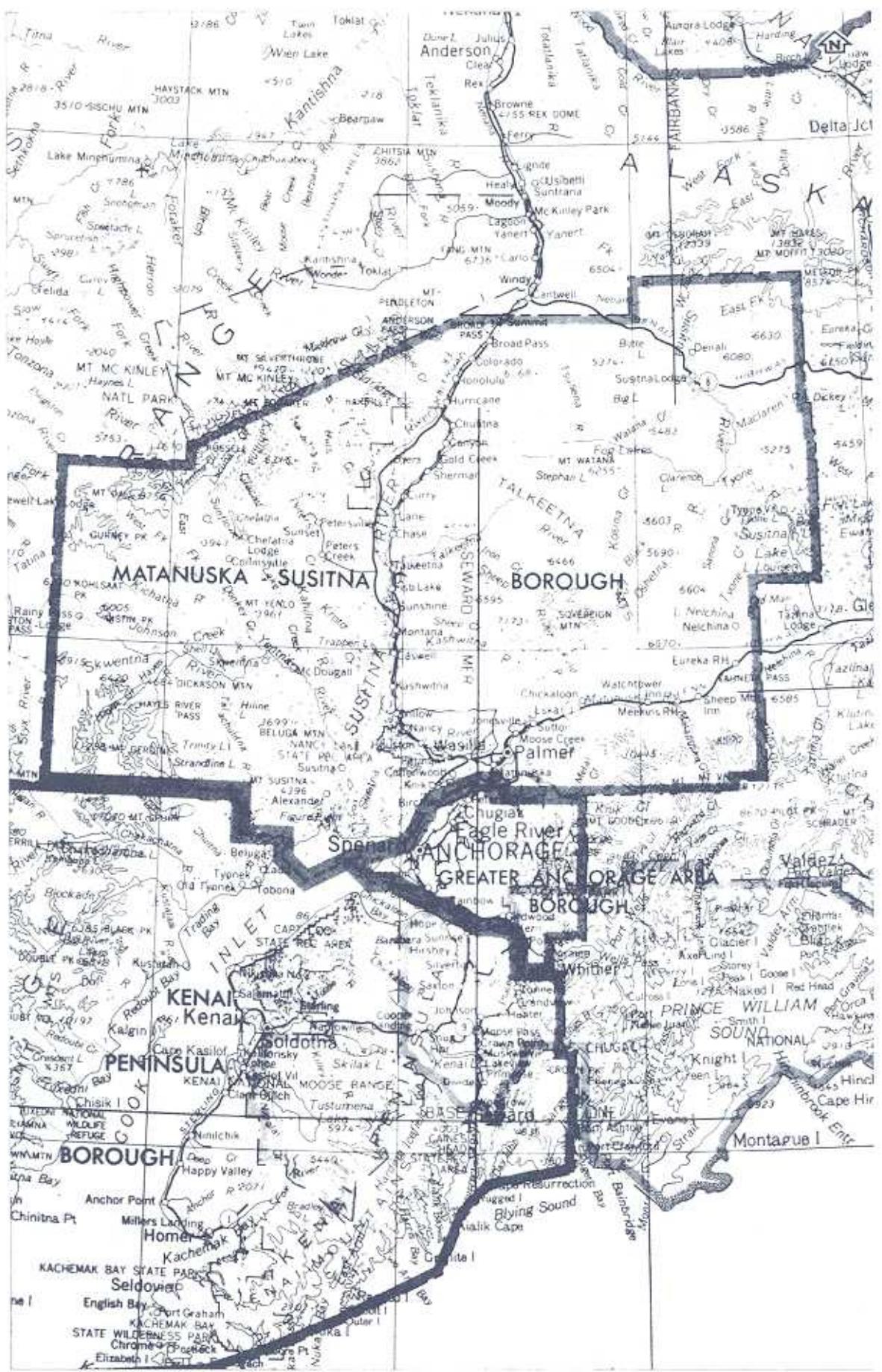
Those areas studied by detailed methods were chosen with consideration given to all proposed construction and forecasted development through 1987.

Approximate analyses were used to study those areas having a low development potential or minimal flood hazards. The scope and methods of study were proposed to and agreed upon by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the borough.

2.2 Community Description

Matanuska-Susitna Borough, located in the Third Judicial District in south-central Alaska, governs an area of over 23,000 square miles extending from the Municipality of Anchorage in the south to Mt. McKinley National Park in the north. It is surrounded by unorganized area to the north, east, and west, and by Greater Anchorage Area and Kenai Peninsula Boroughs to the south. The population of Matanuska-Susitna Borough was 6,509 in 1970 and increased 174 percent to 17,816 by 1980 (Reference 1). It is estimated that over 2,000 people live near the streams studied by detailed methods.

VICINITY MAP



FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

APPROXIMATE SCALE
12 MILES
8
4
0

FIGURE 1

Most of the land along Deception Creek, Willow Creek, and the Little Susitna River is developing as a low-residential area. The watershed basins for these streams are located in south-central Alaska, approximately 30 air miles and 70 miles by highway north of Anchorage. The area has been a focal point of increasing use for recreational activities such as boating, hiking, snowmobiling, fishing, and hunting. This increased recreational usage can be attributed to the area's esthetic qualities and closeness to Anchorage, the largest city in the State. Tremendous subdivision activities stressing recreational lots have been occurring in recent years.

The streams studied by detailed methods originate in the Talkeetna Mountains and flow west to the Susitna River or Cook Inlet. Physiographic characteristics are quite varied having developed from glacial activities and volcanic action. The study area is underlain primarily by bedrock consisting of weakly consolidated, coal-bearing rocks of Tertiary Age. It has been glaciated several times, so there are thick deposits of glacial drift and alluvial sediments made up of sandy and gravelly material. The relative proportions of the materials in the glacial drift vary quite a bit, as does the compactness of the soil. Thus, permeability and internal drainage are highly variable, even over short distances. Poorly drained soils often occur on the slopes of moraines in close association with well-drained soils. Most of the area is also covered with a mantle of silty loess probably derived from the Susitna River flood plains to the west. The loess ranges from a few inches to several feet in thickness. Poorly drained peat is common in scattered depressions, shallow basins between moraine hills, and other low-lying areas. The Willow area contains fifteen varying vegetative habitat types composed of mature stands of mixed coniferous and deciduous forests with an understory of a variety of forbs and woody plants, muskeg-black spruce bogs, and grassland areas. Ferns, horsetails, and clubmosses are present throughout the entire borough. Generally, the vegetative ground cover is dense and provides substantial protection from erosion activity, particularly in the higher elevations where better drained soil conditions are found. Willow and birch/aspen stands under 10 feet high are generally lacking, with low woody shrubs such as Vaccinium being very common throughout the borough. Elevations range from 10,000 feet in the mountains to less than 100 feet in the southern valleys.

The region is in a transitional climatic zone between maritime and continental conditions. Pronounced temperature variations and

cloudy weather are common during a large portion of the year. Mountain ranges to the south act as a barrier to the influx of warm air from the Gulf of Alaska, resulting in an average annual precipitation which is only 10 to 15 percent of that at stations located on the Gulf of Alaska.

Annual precipitation in the study area averages 25 inches with annual snowfall of 80 inches. Rainfall is generally heaviest in August and September with monthly precipitation amounts approximately equal for the rest of the year. The Alaska Mountain range lies in a long arc, approximately 70 miles north of the detailed study area and serves as an effective barrier to the flow of extreme cold winter weather from the north. The streams remain frozen during the winter with ice jam flooding occurring occasionally in the spring. Annual temperatures range from -20°F to 80°F.

2.3 Principal Flood Problems

Floods in Matanuska-Susitna Borough can occur as a result of a combination of factors, including heavy snow pack, temperature, sunshine, and precipitation. The sequence of events affects the flooding potential. Spring floods on streams may occur as a result of an above-normal snowfall during the winter followed by an unusually cold spring and a rapid snowmelt. Summer and fall floods usually result from intense precipitation. In addition, an ice jam could occur during the winter or during spring breakup causing overbank flooding. Ice jams have caused the highest flooding on these streams, but no frequency has been applied to this type of flood. Typical of most of Alaska, there is little information available concerning historical floods in Matanuska-Susitna Borough. Public agencies and longtime residents, however, substantiate that floods have occurred. Information of historical floods was obtained primarily from interviews with residents in the area. A tabulation of floods in recent years and an analysis of conditions resulting from these floods are shown in Table 1. The principal flood problems are natural obstructions such as trees and vegetation along the banks, manmade obstructions such as bridges and boatdocks, ice jams, the accumulation of brush and debris along and within the streambed which can be carried downstream by high water and block bridge openings or other constrictions, and inadequately-sized culverts.

Willow Creek crosses the Parks Highway at mile 72. It originates in the Talkeetna Mountains and generally flows west to join the Susitna River. It has a total length of approximately 35 miles of which only the lower 18 is developable. The two major tributaries to this stream are Peters Creek and Deception Creek. The lower reaches of the stream, especially above the Parks Highway, are under intense pressure for subdivision and development in spite of the fact that there are obvious flood hazards within the area.

Table 1. Historical Flooding

<u>Year</u>	<u>Flooding Source and Resulting Damage</u>
1938	Willow Creek; water overtopped the railroad, caused by ice jam.
1943	Little Susitna River; pier in railroad bridge washed out.
1949	Little Susitna River; rain on rapid snowmelt caused roads to wash out, damaged culvert.
1955	Willow Creek; heavy rainfall damaged railroad.
1959	Little Susitna River; massive road washouts at Houston and Little Susitna Inn, track and culverts washed out.
1963	Little Susitna River; roads washed out, damaged culverts.
1964	Little Susitna River; ice jam flooding.
1964	Willow Creek; ice jam flooding.
1971	Willow Creek; log jam caused flooding near Willow, damage to highways and residences.
1971	Little Susitna River; railroad undermined at Houston caused derailment of 13 cars. Man-made dam broke during rainfall. Lower Hatcher Pass Road bridge over the Little Susitna River washed out.
1971	Matanuska River; flooding resulted when a landslide-formed dam on Granite Creek (a tributary to the Matanuska River) broke during a period of rainfall and snowmelt. Water overtopped Old Palmer Highway in the Bodenburg Butte area, and residential and commercial buildings were flooded. Discharge was estimated at 80,000 cubic feet per second (cfs). Estimated 100-year discharge for the Matanuska River at Palmer is 40,000 cfs.
1975	Willow Creek; ice and log jams caused flooding. Approximately five homes were flooded off. Hatcher Pass Road, 2 to 5 miles east of the Parks Highway.

Deception Creek also originates in the Talkeetna Mountains and generally flows north and west for approximately 20 miles to join Willow Creek just upstream of the Parks Highway. At the present time, the entire length of Deception Creek is sparsely developed with very few crossings.

The Little Susitna River drains the southern slopes of the Talkeetna Mountains and has its headwaters in the mountains. The land form is such that the river intercepts numerous minor tributaries directly from the mountain slopes to the north. It is an extreme meandering stream and has a total length of approximately 75 miles.

2.4 Flood Protection Measures

There are no existing flood-control structures on any of the streams in this study. Matanuska-Susitna Borough recently passed a zoning ordinance to restrict development in areas noted for flood hazard. These areas have been determined by previous U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or U.S. Geological Survey studies.

3.0 ENGINEERING METHODS

For the flooding sources studied in detail in the borough standard hydrologic and hydraulic study methods were used to determine the flood hazard data required for this study. Flood events of a magnitude which are expected to be equalled or exceeded once on the average during any 10-, 50-, 100-, or 500-year period (recurrence interval) have been selected as having special significance for flood plain management and for flood insurance premium rates. These events, commonly termed the 10-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year floods, have a 10, 2, 1, and 0.2 percent chance, respectively, of being equalled or exceeded during any year. Although the recurrence interval represents the long term average period between floods of a specific magnitude, rare floods could occur at short intervals or even within the same year. The risk of experiencing a rare flood increases when periods greater than 1 year are considered. For example, the risk of having a flood which equals or exceeds the 100-year flood (1 percent chance of annual occurrence) in any 50-year period is approximately 40 percent (4 in 10), and, for any 90-year period, the risk increases to approximately 60 percent (6 in 10). The analyses reported here reflect flooding potentials based on conditions existing in the borough at the time of completion of this study. Maps and flood elevations will be amended periodically to reflect future changes.

3.1 Hydrologic Analyses

Hydrologic analyses were carried out to establish the peak discharge-frequency relationships for floods of the selected recurrence

intervals for each flooding source studied in detail affecting the borough.

Peak discharges for selected recurrence intervals on Deception Creek; Deception Creek Tributaries 1, 2, and 3; Willow Creek; and Willow Creek Tributary were determined utilizing Clarks time-area unit hydrograph analysis sub-routine in the computer program HEC-1 developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Reference 2). Precipitation was determined from the U.S. Weather Bureau Technical Paper No. 53 (Reference 3) and used in the HEC-1 program. These frequencies were confirmed through a regional-frequency analysis developed for other gaged basins in the same geographic area.

Peak discharges for selected recurrence intervals on the Little Susitna River were determined utilizing a regional analysis of drainage area-peak discharge relationships for other stream-gaging stations within the geographic area of the Little Susitna River.

Peak discharge-drainage area relationships for streams studied by detailed methods are shown in Table 2.

The hydrologic analysis included a review of all existing flood frequency data for the area and the utilization of analytical techniques best suited to the specific stream data. Statistical analyses were conducted in accordance with approved procedures recommended by the U.S. Water Resources Council guidelines for determining flood flow frequency (Reference 4).

3.2 Hydraulic Analyses

Analyses of the hydraulic characteristics of the flooding sources studied in the borough were carried out to provide estimates of the elevations of floods of the selected recurrence intervals along each of these flooding sources.

Water-surface profiles were computed for Willow Creek, Deception Creek, and the Little Susitna River utilizing a computerized HEC-2 step-backwater program developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Reference 5).

Cross sections were developed from survey notes, field reconnaissance, photographs, previous studies, and the use of topographic maps at a scale of 1:4,800 (References 6 and 7). Intermediate cross sections were developed utilizing cross-sectional area of the stream in conjunction with the topographic maps. The cross sections were located at close intervals in the vicinity of structures to determine the backwater effects of these structures. In addition, numerous intermediate cross sections have been added when the slope of the stream or the total loss was excessive between any two cross sections. Except where noted in the computations,

Table 2. Summary of Discharges

<u>Flooding Source and Location</u>	<u>Drainage Area (Square Miles)</u>	Peak Discharges (Cubic Feet per Second)		
		<u>10-Year</u>	<u>50-Year</u>	<u>100-Year</u>
Deception Creek At Mouth	58	3,650	5,400	6,300
Deception Creek Tributary 1 At Mouth	N/A	1,110	1,620	1,840
Deception Creek Tributary 2 At Mouth	N/A	1,050	1,550	1,840
Deception Creek Tributary 3 At Mouth	N/A	690	1,030	1,200
Willow Creek Downstream of Parks Highway	256	9,800	14,600	16,900
Willow Creek Tributary At Mouth	N/A	2,800	4,600	5,900
Little Susitna River Downstream of Alaska Railroad	169	8,300	12,900	15,200
At Schrock Road	140	7,400	11,400	13,500
Downstream of Welsh Road	99	5,800	8,900	10,500
				21,600
				19,000
				14,900

road and bridge failure was not considered in this study. In effect, the backwaters were computed so as to show the maximum flooding effect regardless of the structure being present.

Locations of selected cross sections used in the hydraulic analyses are shown on the Flood Profiles (Exhibit 1). For stream segments for which a floodway is computed (Section 4.2), selected cross section locations are also shown on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (Exhibit 2).

Channel roughness factors (Manning's "n") for these computations were assigned on the basis of field inspection of the flood plain areas and standard published factors for utilization of n values through pipes or culverts. The Manning's "n" values used are as follows:

Stream	Roughness Factors	
	Channel	Overbank
Deception Creek		
Deception Creek Tributary 1		
Deception Creek Tributary 2		
Deception Creek Tributary 3		
Willow Creek	0.030-0.035	0.035-0.075
Willow Creek Tributary	0.035	0.035-0.075
Little Susitna River	0.035	0.080-0.120
Little Susitna River		
Split Flow 1	0.035	0.080
Little Susitna River		
Split Flow 2	0.035	0.120
Little Susitna River		
Split Flow 3	0.035	0.120

Starting water-surface elevations were based on utilization of the slope-area method.

During the early stages of examination of both Willow Creek and the Little Susitna River, it was determined there were several possibilities of divided flow, in essence, split flow throughout the stream reach. It was, therefore, necessary to split these areas, computing one side as a tributary and balancing the flows between the two. In some cases, as will be noted in the computations and on the work maps, floodways were necessary for both portions of this split flow condition.

The Little Susitna River has extensive flow divisions, and three extremely braided areas required split flow analysis. The secondary channels (braids) were modeled as tributaries with water surfaces balancing at the upstream division point.

Approximate 100-year flooding from the Matanuska River along Old Palmer Highway in the Bodenburg Butte area was studied using high-water marks from a flood which occurred in August 1971. High-water marks were determined from field surveys and interviews with local residents. No recurrence interval was assigned to this event.

Flood profiles were drawn showing computed water-surface elevations to an accuracy of 0.5 foot for floods of the selected recurrence intervals (Exhibit 1).

All elevations are referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD). Elevation reference marks used in the study are shown on the maps.

4.0 FLOOD PLAIN MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS

The National Flood Insurance Program encourages State and local governments to adopt sound flood plain management programs. Therefore, each Flood Insurance Study includes a flood boundary map designed to assist communities in developing sound flood plain management measures.

4.1 Flood Boundaries

In order to provide a national standard without regional discrimination, the 100-year flood has been adopted by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as the base flood for purposes of flood plain management measures. The 500-year flood is employed to indicate additional areas of flood risk in the community. For each stream studied in detail, the boundaries of the 100- and 500-year floods have been delineated using the flood elevations determined at each cross section; between cross sections, the boundaries were interpolated using topographic maps at a scale of 1:4,800, with a contour interval of 5 feet (References 6 and 7).

Approximate flood boundaries for flooding from the Matanuska River along Old Palmer Highway in the Bodenburg Butte area were determined using high-water marks and delineated using topographic maps at a scale of 1:2,400, with a contour interval of 2 feet (Reference 8).

Approximate flood boundaries on Susitna River, Kroto Creek, and Kroto Slough (in the vicinity of their confluences) were delineated based on information supplied by the community.

Approximate flood boundaries in some portions of the study area were taken from the Flood Hazard Boundary Map and from Flood Hazard Studies (References 9 through 16).

Flood boundaries for the 100- and 500-year floods are shown on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (Exhibit 2). In cases where the 100- and 500-year flood boundaries are close together, only the 100-year flood boundary has been shown. Small areas within the flood boundaries may lie above the flood elevations and, therefore, not be subject to flooding; owing to limitations of the map scale, such areas are not shown.

4.2 Floodways

Encroachment on flood plains, such as artificial fill, reduces the flood-carrying capacity, increases the flood heights of streams, and increases flood hazards in areas beyond the encroachment itself. One aspect of flood plain management involves balancing the economic gain from flood plain development against the resulting increase in flood hazard. For purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program, the concept of a floodway is used as a tool to assist local communities in this aspect of flood plain management. Under this concept, the area of the 100-year flood is divided into a floodway and a floodway fringe. The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent flood plain areas that must be kept free of encroachment in order that the 100-year flood may be carried without substantial increases in flood heights. Minimum standards of the Federal Emergency Management Agency limit such increases in flood heights to 1.0 foot, provided that hazardous velocities are not produced. The floodways in this report are presented to local agencies as minimum standards that can be adopted or that can be used as a basis for additional studies.

These floodways were computed on the basis of equal conveyance reduction from each side of the flood plain. The results of these computations were tabulated at selected cross sections for each stream segment for which a floodway was computed (Table 3).

Weir flow can occur only to the north of the Alaska Railroad bridge, and a floodway must be left clear along the railroad embankment between Willow Creek and Willow Creek Tributary to permit flow from the main channel to the weir area.

On the Little Susitna River in two of the split flow areas, a split floodway was designed, and in some other areas the floodway is to follow the natural 100-year boundary. The latter was necessary because of excessive velocities and the large number of high ground areas. The extreme meandering nature of this stream required that the floodways go from meander to meander rather than attempt to follow the stream.

As shown on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (Exhibit 2), the floodway widths were determined at cross sections; between cross sections, the boundaries were interpolated. In cases where the boundaries of the floodway and the 100-year flood are either close together or collinear, only the floodway boundary has been shown.

The area between the floodway and the boundary of the 100-year flood is termed the floodway fringe. The floodway fringe thus encompasses the portion of the flood plain that could be completely obstructed without increasing the water-surface elevation of the 100-year flood more than 1.0 foot at any point. Typical relationships between the floodway and the floodway fringe and their significance to flood plain development are shown in Figure 2.

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NGVD)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD	INCREASE
Deception Creek								
A	600	500	1,706	3.6	174.7	174.7	175.7	1.0
B	750	500	1,903	3.2	176.2	176.2	176.2	0.0
C	880	500	2,153	2.8	176.4	176.4	176.5	0.1
D	2,140	350	1,249	4.9	178.2	178.2	178.8	0.6
E	3,420	290	864	7.1	183.8	183.8	183.9	0.1
F	4,540	350	1,410	4.3	188.3	188.3	188.4	0.1
G	6,360	243	850	7.1	194.1	194.1	194.2	0.1
H	7,680	210	970	6.2	198.9	198.9	199.5	0.6
I	8,655	300	1,231	4.9	201.9	201.9	202.7	0.8
J	10,415	450	1,161	5.2	207.8	207.8	208.7	0.9
K	11,635	450	1,558	3.9	211.9	211.9	212.9	1.0
L	13,735	450	1,253	4.8	218.2	218.2	218.7	0.5
M	14,505	632	1,269	4.8	222.0	222.0	222.6	0.6
N	15,305	550	1,252	4.8	227.3	227.3	227.4	0.1
O	17,255	650	1,823	3.3	232.4	232.4	232.9	0.5
P	18,330	800	1,483	4.0	236.1	236.1	236.4	0.3
Q	18,620	800	1,580	2.6	237.6	237.6	238.0	0.4
R	19,705	400	686	4.3	240.9	240.9	240.9	0.0
S	20,985	400	1,557	3.2	244.1	244.1	244.4	0.3
T	22,285	500	1,085	3.7	246.6	246.6	246.9	0.3
U	23,400	285	666	5.3	251.2	251.2	251.2	0.0
V	24,765	250	1,018	2.7	253.1	253.1	253.8	0.7
W	26,130	52	155	8.8	257.9	257.9	258.2	0.3
X	27,180	439	721	3.9	263.3	263.3	263.7	0.4
Y	28,230	132	343	9.6	269.2	269.2	269.2	0.0
Z	29,730	500	1,019	4.7	276.7	276.7	277.3	0.6

¹Feet Above Confluence With Willow Creek

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Deception Creek (Cont'd)								
AA	31,230	920	1,296	3.0	282.5	282.5	282.8	0.3
AC	32,950	379	726	4.8	288.3	288.3	288.6	0.3
AD	33,400	162	303	7.4	289.1	289.1	289.5	0.4
AE	34,930	544	772	2.9	296.4	296.4	296.4	0.0
AF	36,460	503	633	3.5	301.9	301.9	302.0	0.1
AG	37,185	579	1,272	3.2	306.0	306.0	306.8	0.8
AH	37,705	300	664	5.6	310.3	310.3	310.3	0.0
AI	38,340	500	1,271	2.9	312.3	312.3	312.6	0.3
AK	41,350	295	596	5.0	330.7	330.7	330.9	0.2
AL	43,160	331	574	5.2	346.1	346.1	346.1	0.0
AM	44,255	450	677	6.8	357.4	357.4	357.4	0.0
AN	45,235	324	658	6.4	369.9	369.9	370.4	0.5
AO	46,190	98	402	10.5	378.0	378.0	378.2	0.2
AP	47,400	400	753	5.6	391.3	391.3	391.8	0.5
AQ	48,525	184	473	9.0	406.8	406.8	406.8	0.0
AR	49,700	154	468	9.1	418.0	418.0	418.7	0.7
AS	50,750	144	414	10.3	431.2	431.2	431.2	0.0
AT	51,705	90	365	11.6	444.1	444.1	444.1	0.0
AU	52,470	259	656	6.5	452.2	452.2	452.3	0.1
AV	53,020	188	523	7.7	459.1	459.1	459.1	0.0
AW	53,410	188	521	7.7	464.5	464.5	464.5	0.0
AX	53,800	300	652	6.1	471.1	471.1	471.2	0.1
AY	54,620	300	660	6.1	479.6	479.6	479.9	0.3
AZ	55,530	300	680	5.8	485.7	485.7	485.7	0.0

¹Feet Above Confluence With Willow Creek

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Deception Creek (Cont'd)								
BA	55,700 ¹	134	434	9.2	486.8	486.8	486.9	0.1
BB	56,675 ¹	490	864	4.6	501.9	501.9	502.6	0.7
BC	58,120 ¹	536	815	4.9	518.0	518.0	519.0	1.0
BD	59,410 ¹	142	445	8.9	533.9	533.9	533.9	0.0
BE	59,650 ¹	152	419	8.8	536.3	536.3	536.3	0.0
BF	59,920 ¹	97	350	10.5	539.6	539.6	539.7	0.1
BG	60,610 ¹	175	475	7.7	550.5	550.5	550.5	0.0
BH	61,385 ¹	267	623	5.9	556.7	556.7	557.1	0.4
BI	61,785 ¹	136	410	9.2	561.3	561.3	561.3	0.0
BJ	62,410 ¹	135	405	8.7	567.7	567.7	567.7	0.0
Deception Creek Tributary 1								
A	380 ²	400	945	1.9	237.6	237.6	238.0	0.4
B	1,030 ²	400	878	3.4	240.4	240.4	240.5	0.1
C	1,710 ²	400	396	2.5	245.5	245.5	245.5	0.0
D	2,240 ²	400	859	1.8	247.2	247.2	247.8	0.6
E	2,710 ²	400	641	3.3	250.9	250.9	251.0	0.1
F	3,120 ²	500	1,392	2.0	252.4	252.4	252.9	0.5
G	4,370 ²	600	1,191	3.5	258.1	258.1	258.3	0.2
H	5,170 ²	600	1,140	2.3	262.0	262.0	262.2	0.2
I	6,520 ²	330	604	3.6	268.9	268.9	269.4	0.5
J	7,660 ²	300	196	2.7	276.8	276.8	277.3	0.5
K	8,560 ²	500	586	2.4	282.8	282.8	283.1	0.3

¹Feet Above Confluence With Willow Creek

²Feet Above Confluence With Deception Creek

TABLE 3

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

DECEPTION CREEK-DECEPTION CREEK TRIBUTARY 1

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NGVD)	WITH FLOODWAY (FEET NGVD)	INCREASE
Deception Creek Tributary 2								
A	360	185	469	3.8	288.3	288.3	288.7	0.4
B	680	165	569	5.3	289.6	289.6	290.5	0.9
C	1,780	400	1,014	3.0	295.9	295.9	296.7	0.8
D	2,580	253	594	5.1	302.6	302.6	303.4	0.8
E	3,000	500	558	2.2	306.5	306.5	307.1	0.6
F	3,650	193	289	3.8	310.3	310.3	311.3	1.0
G	3,920	490	488	2.3	313.8	313.8	313.8	0.0
H	4,620	645	1,145	3.4	317.7	317.7	318.0	0.3
I	5,790	500	557	2.9	330.2	330.2	330.8	0.6
J	7,140	300	470	3.5	346.2	346.2	346.3	0.1
Deception Creek Tributary 3								
A	610	150	231	5.2	309.8	309.8	310.4	0.6
B	1,010	183	314	3.8	312.5	312.5	313.3	0.8
C	1,770	200	444	2.7	315.4	315.4	315.9	0.5
D	2,400	200	305	3.9	318.8	318.8	318.8	0.0

¹Feet Above Confluence With Deception Creek

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NGVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
Willow Creek								
A	0	1,600	5,438	3.1	107.5	107.5	108.5	1.0
B	810	949	2,335	7.2	109.6	109.6	109.9	0.3
C	3,200	1,505	5,509	3.1	115.4	115.4	116.0	0.6
D	4,710	1,600	5,357	3.2	116.9	116.9	117.6	0.7
E	6,870	650	2,732	6.2	119.8	119.8	120.7	0.9
F	8,870	1,500	6,993	2.4	123.4	123.4	124.4	1.0
G	12,230	1,700	5,514	3.1	130.3	130.3	130.7	0.4
H	17,780	1,600	5,831	2.9	139.5	139.5	140.5	1.0
I	20,000	1,600	4,315	3.9	144.5	144.5	145.4	0.9
J	22,655	1,920	4,831	3.5	151.5	151.5	152.0	0.5
K	22,785	2,000	11,745	1.4	155.4	155.4	155.4	0.0
L	23,100	2,100	11,077	1.5	155.5	155.5	155.5	0.0
M	24,590	675	2,163	4.6	156.7	156.7	156.8	0.1
N	27,215	85	738	13.6	163.3	163.3	164.2	0.9
O	27,320	1,649	5,355	2.7	167.5	167.5	168.0	0.5
P	33,170	400	1,950	5.9	182.6	182.6	183.3	0.7
Q	33,870	500	2,762	4.2	184.9	184.9	185.5	0.6
R	34,680	800	2,176	4.6	186.3	186.3	187.0	0.7
S	36,630	550	1,768	5.7	197.1	197.1	197.2	0.1
T	39,780	793	2,493	4.0	207.5	207.5	208.2	0.7
U	41,840	373	1,226	8.2	218.4	218.4	218.7	0.3
V	43,700	1,007	2,854	3.5	227.3	227.3	227.5	0.2
W	48,000	450	1,583	6.3	248.6	248.6	249.3	0.7
X	48,115	400	1,694	5.9	250.4	250.4	250.4	0.0
Y	50,220	800	1,820	5.5	261.2	261.2	261.2	0.0
Z	53,370	811	1,786	5.6	274.8	274.8	275.5	0.7

¹Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD	INCREASE
Willow Creek (Cont'd)								
AA	56,250	180	818	12.2	301.5	301.5	301.5	0.0
AB	58,550	177	698	14.3	325.4	325.4	325.4	0.0
AC	59,070	159	1,073	14.8	331.5	331.5	331.5	0.0
AD	62,470	203	1,162	13.7	367.8	367.8	367.8	0.0
AE	66,110	163	1,085	14.7	407.8	407.8	407.8	0.0
AF	67,600	190	1,168	13.6	427.2	427.2	427.6	0.4
AG	68,430	132	1,006	15.8	439.1	439.1	439.1	0.0
AH	68,470	133	1,009	15.8	452.2	452.2	452.2	0.0

¹Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Willow Creek Tributary								
A	1,185	1,450	3,961	1.7	155.7	155.7	156.4	0.7
B	2,665	1,250	5,535	1.2	160.0	160.0	160.1	0.1
C	2,725	931	1,704	4.0	164.0	164.0	164.0	0.0
D	9,700	517	833	3.0	181.2	181.2	181.4	0.2
E	10,920	500	1,313	1.9	185.3	185.3	185.4	0.1
F	12,355	450	1,102	4.7	192.7	192.7	192.7	0.0
G	14,205	600	2,219	2.3	198.0	198.0	198.2	0.2
H	15,650	600	1,255	4.1	204.4	204.4	204.5	0.1
I	17,940	450	1,439	3.6	212.8	212.8	213.3	0.5
J	21,400	650	1,751	3.0	224.5	224.5	225.4	0.9
K	23,500	870	1,780	2.9	231.7	231.7	231.8	0.1
L	26,740	1,197	2,010	2.6	246.5	246.5	246.8	0.3
M	28,540	800	1,548	3.3	254.4	254.4	254.8	0.4
N	29,130	650	1,244	4.2	259.6	259.6	259.8	0.2
O	30,280	500	1,061	4.9	269.5	269.5	269.5	0.0
P	31,110	250	933	5.6	273.7	273.7	273.7	0.0
Q	31,730	500	1,202	4.3	281.0	281.0	281.1	0.1
R	35,080	600	1,412	3.7	310.4	310.4	310.9	0.5
S	36,560	177	428	12.1	325.5	325.5	325.7	0.2

¹Feet Above Confluence With Willow Creek

TABLE 3

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

WILLOW CREEK TRIBUTARY

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Little Susitna River								
A	0	1,650	7,738	2.0	230.5	230.5	231.0	0.5
B	1,520	2,400	7,729	2.0	232.4	232.4	232.8	0.4
C	6,070	2,140	7,995	1.9	236.7	236.7	237.4	0.7
D	10,760	300	3,012	5.1	241.6	241.6	242.1	0.5
E	10,880	290	4,912	3.1	245.3	245.3	245.5	0.2
F	15,060	1,360	8,506	1.8	247.0	247.0	247.3	0.3
G	18,380	350	3,991	3.8	248.5	248.5	248.9	0.4
H	18,720	500	4,169	3.7	249.2	249.2	249.5	0.3
I	21,915	1,060	6,067	2.5	251.3	251.3	251.6	0.3
J	26,400	1,235	8,622	1.8	253.3	253.3	254.3	1.0
K	27,730	1,305	7,118	2.1	254.5	254.5	255.3	0.8
L	29,830	1,350	7,030	2.2	256.5	256.5	257.2	0.7
M	32,580	1,050	6,006	2.5	258.7	258.7	259.3	0.6
N	35,790	1,500	9,803	1.6	260.5	260.5	261.5	1.0
O	38,000	1,200	7,791	2.0	262.1	262.1	263.0	0.9
P	41,140	1,180	7,225	2.1	264.8	264.8	265.4	0.6
Q	45,360	1,200	6,629	2.3	267.6	267.6	268.4	0.8
R	47,685	1,000	4,513	3.4	271.0	271.0	271.5	0.5
S	49,995	1,200	6,725	2.3	274.5	274.5	274.9	0.4
T	53,400	1,100	6,484	2.4	277.5	277.5	278.0	0.5
U	57,025	1,220	6,980	2.2	280.6	280.6	281.3	0.7
V	59,180	1,350	6,876	2.2	282.5	282.5	283.4	0.9
W	61,950	1,450	8,137	1.9	284.8	284.8	285.7	0.9
X	64,000	1,395	5,890	2.6	287.8	287.8	288.5	0.7
Y	67,090	1,100	4,836	3.2	293.5	293.5	294.0	0.5
Z	69,060	1,059	5,657	2.7	297.4	297.4	297.8	0.4

¹Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Little Susitna River (Cont'd)								
AA	70,780	1,060	6,329	2.2	299.8	299.8	300.1	0.3
AB	73,690	1,060	4,983	2.8	303.9	303.9	304.2	0.3
AC	75,510	1,250	7,734	1.8	305.9	305.9	306.6	0.7
AD	78,600	1,100	5,045	2.6	308.4	308.4	309.2	0.8
AE	80,050	1,200	6,740	2.0	310.4	310.4	311.0	0.6
AF	80,160	1,140	7,520	1.8	310.6	310.6	311.1	0.5
AG	81,183	875	2,864	4.6	312.0	312.0	312.3	0.3
AH	83,355	768	2,671	5.0	318.7	318.7	319.0	0.3
AI	86,615	1,337	6,510	2.0	324.0	324.0	324.8	0.8
AJ	88,840	1,200	4,666	2.9	326.7	326.7	327.5	0.8
AK	91,090	1,080	4,048	3.3	331.1	331.1	331.6	0.5
AL	94,910	1,150	5,574	2.2	336.4	336.4	336.8	0.4
AM	97,145	1,550	4,052	3.0	341.5	341.5	342.1	0.6
AN	99,555	1,445	7,106	1.7	345.6	345.6	346.2	0.6
AO	101,590	1,765	1,305	9.4	349.0	349.0	349.0	0.0
AP	103,145	2,454	1,837	6.7	355.3	355.3	355.3	0.0
AQ	103,340	3,309	9,264	1.3	357.4	357.4	357.4	0.0
AR	103,870	3,003	6,637	1.9	357.8	357.8	357.8	0.0
AS	104,610	2,598	4,329	2.8	360.9	360.9	360.9	0.0
AT	105,130	2,474	8,195	1.5	363.0	363.0	363.0	0.0
AU	105,835	2,482	7,813	1.6	363.7	363.7	363.7	0.0
AV	106,050	1,840	4,863	2.5	363.7	363.7	363.7	0.0
AW	107,440	1,060	2,728	4.5	368.0	368.0	368.0	0.0
AX	109,060	1,010	3,548	3.5	372.9	372.9	373.1	0.2
AY	110,055	1,020	2,113	5.8	376.4	376.4	376.8	0.4
AZ	111,985	630	2,518	4.9	380.0	380.0	380.9	0.9

¹ Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Little Susitna River (Cont'd)								
BA	113,200	745	2,243	5.5	382.8	382.8	382.9	0.1
BB	114,385	444	1,536	8.0	386.2	386.2	386.2	0.0
BC	116,365	990	4,405	2.8	391.7	391.7	392.2	0.5
BD	118,335	676	1,825	6.7	396.4	396.4	396.4	0.0
BE	120,085	1,949	4,048	2.8	401.2	401.2	401.4	0.2
BF	121,860	165	770	12.5	405.9	405.9	405.9	0.0
BG	123,240	660	1,984	4.8	412.9	412.9	412.9	0.0
BH	123,470	222	1,550	6.2	413.4	413.4	413.4	0.0
BI	124,055	109	772	12.4	413.7	413.7	413.7	0.0
BJ	124,520	1,732	3,967	2.8	418.2	418.2	418.2	0.0
BK	125,095	200	979	5.7	419.2	419.2	419.2	0.0
BL	125,620	91	697	8.0	420.2	420.2	420.2	0.0
BM	126,510	96	444	12.6	423.6	423.6	423.6	0.0
BN	127,190	100	535	10.4	429.0	429.0	420.0	0.0
BO	128,135	195	716	7.8	434.0	434.0	434.0	0.0
BP	129,035	160	1,021	5.5	437.1	437.1	437.2	0.1
BQ	130,495	120	550	10.1	440.1	440.1	440.2	0.1
BR	131,835	758	1,559	3.6	446.4	446.4	446.4	0.0
BS	132,060	840	2,424	2.3	447.2	447.2	447.2	0.0
BT	132,280	750	1,885	3.0	447.4	447.4	447.4	0.0
BU	133,260	449	1,603	3.5	449.0	449.0	449.0	0.0
BV	134,115	970	2,349	4.8	451.5	451.5	451.5	0.0
BW	135,645	720	2,315	4.5	457.7	457.7	458.0	0.3
BX	136,925	750	3,188	3.3	462.8	462.8	463.7	0.9
BY	138,315	1,025	3,337	3.1	468.2	468.2	469.2	1.0
BZ	139,685	1,135	3,378	3.1	475.0	475.0	475.5	0.5

¹ Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NGVD)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD	INCREASE
Little Susitna River (Cont'd)								
CA	140,770	1,260	3,421	3.1	481.0	481.0	482.0	1.0
CB	141,815	980	3,164	3.3	486.7	486.7	487.6	0.9
CC	142,640	1,020	2,500	4.2	492.2	492.2	492.4	0.2
CD	143,505	820	2,424	4.3	496.2	496.2	496.8	0.6
CE	144,835	620	1,837	5.7	502.5	502.5	502.7	0.2
CF	146,170	365	1,478	7.1	509.8	509.8	510.0	0.2
CG	147,455	1,100	2,691	3.9	516.3	516.3	516.6	0.3
CH	148,590	495	2,241	4.7	519.7	519.7	520.6	0.9
CI	149,985	1,000	2,390	4.4	526.8	526.8	527.1	0.3
CJ	151,365	740	2,975	2.9	532.7	532.7	533.5	0.8
CK	151,815	171	451	9.5	535.7	535.7	535.7	0.0
CL	152,320	800	1,901	2.3	537.9	537.9	538.5	0.6
CM	152,450	691	1,684	2.6	541.3	541.3	541.7	0.4
CN	154,110	700	1,843	2.3	547.3	547.3	548.2	0.9
CO	155,405	350	768	5.6	554.3	554.3	554.5	0.2
CP	156,755	239	615	7.0	560.9	560.9	560.9	0.0
CQ	157,620	200	416	10.3	563.2	563.2	563.2	0.0
CR	158,070	250	475	9.1	570.8	570.8	570.8	0.0
CS	158,955	115	452	9.5	576.6	576.6	576.6	0.0
CT	159,665	200	391	11.0	583.3	583.3	583.3	0.0
CU	160,530	2,008	1,395	3.1	587.4	587.4	587.4	0.0
CV	161,430	2,000	1,898	2.3	595.5	595.5	595.5	0.0
CW	162,125	2,280	4,516	1.9	597.7	597.7	597.7	0.0
CX	162,980	800	2,160	4.0	602.6	602.6	602.6	0.0
CY	163,845	1,500	1,846	4.7	609.3	609.3	609.3	0.0
CZ	164,715	2,400	4,455	1.9	617.1	617.1	617.1	0.0

¹ Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

TABLE 3

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NGVD)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD	INCREASE
Little Susitna River (Cont'd)								
DA	165,610	1,000	3,151	2.7	622.0	622.0	622.0	0.0
DB	166,405	1,040	3,265	2.6	626.9	626.9	626.9	0.0
DC	167,230	2,640	4,232	2.0	632.0	632.0	632.0	0.0
DD	168,070	1,520	4,215	2.0	636.1	636.1	636.1	0.0
DE	168,905	1,600	2,176	3.5	644.8	644.8	644.8	0.0
DF	169,565	1,800	5,267	1.5	647.8	647.8	647.8	0.0
DG	170,245	800	2,607	3.0	651.9	651.9	651.9	0.0
DH	171,115	450	1,557	4.9	657.7	657.7	657.7	0.0
DI	171,980	620	2,250	3.4	666.0	666.0	666.0	0.0
DJ	172,300	500	1,638	4.7	670.5	670.5	670.5	0.0
DK	172,600	550	1,475	5.2	674.1	674.1	674.1	0.0
DL	173,225	1,250	2,159	3.6	681.0	681.0	681.0	0.0
DM	173,870	1,600	2,401	3.2	687.2	687.2	687.2	0.0
DN	174,210	1,880	3,147	2.4	691.7	691.7	691.7	0.0
DO	174,565	1,250	2,774	2.8	695.9	695.9	695.9	0.0
DP	174,950	1,300	2,828	2.7	699.6	699.6	699.6	0.0
DQ	175,250	1,000	2,318	3.3	703.9	703.9	703.9	0.0
DR	175,815	850	2,703	2.8	710.1	710.1	710.1	0.0
DS	176,400	600	1,556	4.9	718.5	718.5	718.5	0.0
DT	176,970	700	1,720	4.5	726.3	726.3	726.3	0.0
DU	177,770	906	2,143	3.6	734.3	734.3	734.3	0.0
DV	178,015	708	1,947	4.0	736.5	736.5	736.5	0.0
DW	178,265	294	720	10.7	746.7	746.7	746.7	0.0
DX	178,695	294	720	10.7	746.7	746.7	746.7	0.0
DY	179,125	328	837	9.2	752.9	752.9	752.9	0.0
DZ	179,470	187	694	11.1	758.7	758.7	758.7	0.0

¹Feet Above Downstream Limit of Detailed Study

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	¹ DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Little Susitna River								
Split Flow 1								
A	200	3,309	9,264	1.3	357.4	357.4	357.4	0.0
B	600	3,003	6,637	1.9	357.8	357.8	357.8	0.0
C	1,150	2,598	4,329	2.8	360.9	360.9	360.9	0.0
D	1,550	2,474	8,195	1.5	363.0	363.0	363.0	0.0
E	1,800	2,482	7,813	1.6	363.7	363.7	363.7	0.0
Little Susitna River								
Split Flow 2								
A	120	1,949	4,048	2.8	401.2	401.2	401.4	0.2
B	2,220	1,164	1,459	1.2	407.2	407.2	407.2	0.0
C	3,420	515	1,026	1.7	414.0	414.0	414.0	0.0
D	3,880	773	1,321	1.3	417.4	417.4	417.4	0.0
E	4,070	816	3,955	2.9	418.1	418.1	418.1	0.0
F	4,530	1,731	3,955	2.9	418.1	418.1	418.1	0.0
G	5,720	450	2,151	2.7	420.2	420.2	420.3	0.1
H	7,025	300	1,462	3.9	423.4	423.4	424.4	1.0
I	8,650	620	2,190	2.6	427.8	427.8	428.8	1.0
J	9,780	600	1,795	3.2	432.1	432.1	432.5	0.4
K	10,560	500	1,119	5.1	436.4	436.4	436.6	0.2
L	11,110	600	2,174	2.6	438.4	438.4	438.9	0.5
M	11,995	800	1,995	2.9	442.7	442.7	442.7	0.0
N	12,490	1,125	5,232	1.1	444.5	444.5	442.7	0.0
O	12,620	1,194	2,405	2.4	447.0	447.0	447.0	0.0
P	13,475	820	2,837	2.0	448.5	448.5	448.5	0.0
Q	13,715	670	1,333	4.3	448.9	448.9	448.9	0.0

¹Feet Above Confluence With Little Susitna River

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET)	WITH FLOODWAY NGVD)	INCREASE
Little Susitna River Split Flow 3								
A	450	620	1,048	4.1	535.6	535.6	536.3	0.7
B	1,265	330	1,131	3.8	540.5	540.5	540.7	0.2
C	1,380	340	811	5.3	542.4	542.4	542.5	0.1
D	2,940	480	1,548	2.8	548.4	548.4	549.0	0.6
E	4,240	425	1,177	3.7	555.7	555.7	555.7	0.0
F	5,775	630	1,593	2.7	566.5	566.5	567.3	0.8
G	6,515	816	1,747	2.5	570.6	570.6	570.6	0.0
H	7,285	1,020	1,680	2.6	576.5	576.5	576.5	0.0
I	7,960	680	926	4.6	580.7	580.7	580.7	0.0
J	8,610	740	1,184	3.6	586.9	586.9	586.9	0.0
K	9,240	491	1,294	3.3	589.6	589.6	589.6	0.0
L	9,880	950	1,346	3.2	593.9	593.9	593.9	0.0

¹Feet Above Confluence With Little Susitna River

TABLE 3

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOODWAY DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER SPLIT FLOW 3

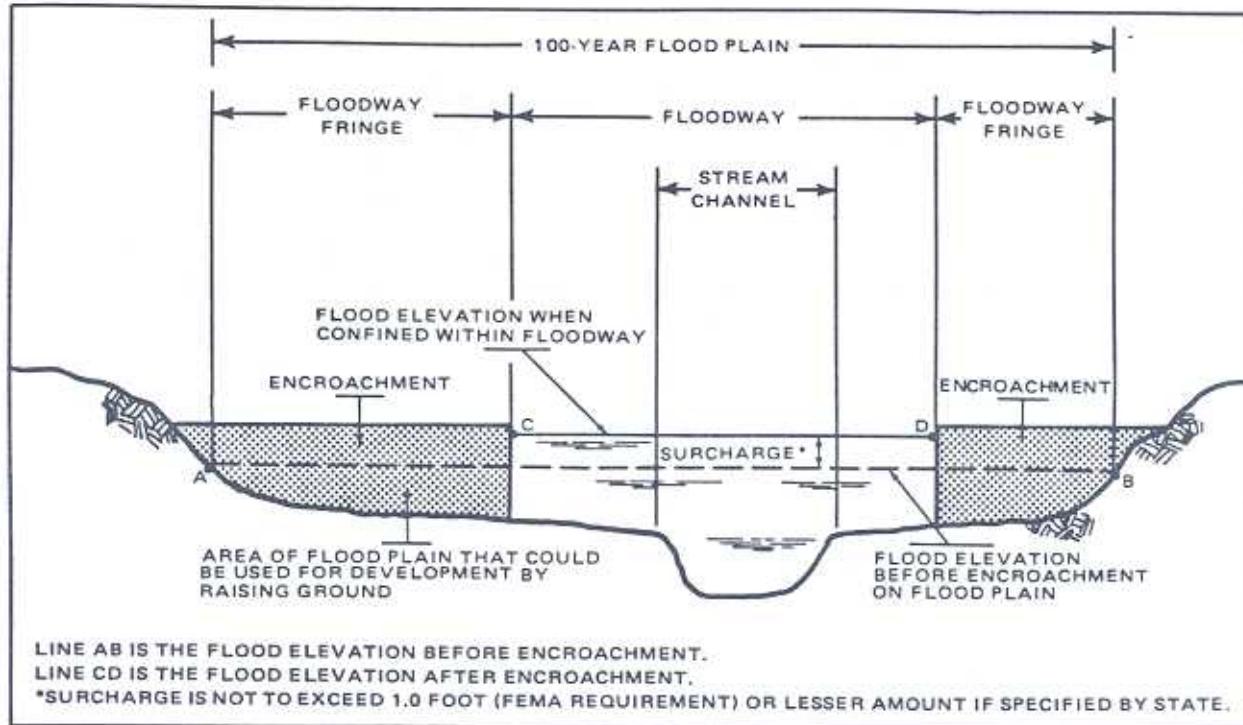


Figure 2. Floodway Schematic

5.0 INSURANCE APPLICATION

In order to establish actuarial insurance rates, the Federal Emergency Management Agency has developed a process to transform the data from the engineering study into flood insurance criteria. This process includes the determination of reaches, Flood Hazard Factors, and flood insurance zone designations for each flooding source studied in detail affecting Matanuska-Susitna Borough.

5.1 Reach Determinations

Reaches are defined as lengths of watercourses having relatively the same flood hazard, based on the average weighted difference in water-surface elevations between the 10- and 100-year floods. This difference does not have a variation greater than that indicated in the following table for more than 20 percent of the reach:

<u>Average Difference Between 10- and 100-Year Floods</u>	<u>Variation</u>
Less than 2 feet	0.5 foot
2 to 7 feet	1.0 foot
7.1 to 12 feet	2.0 feet
More than 12 feet	3.0 feet

The locations of the reaches determined for the flooding sources of Matanuska-Susitna Borough are shown on the Flood Profiles (Exhibit 1) and summarized in Table 4.

5.2 Flood Hazard Factors

The Flood Hazard Factor (FHF) is the Federal Emergency Management Agency device used to correlate flood information with insurance rate tables. Correlations between property damage from floods and their FHF are used to set actuarial insurance premium rate tables based on FHFs from 005 to 200.

The FHF for a reach is the average weighted difference between the 10- and 100-year flood water-surface elevations expressed to the nearest one-half foot, and shown as a three-digit code. For example, if the difference between water-surface elevations of the 10- and 100-year floods is 0.7 foot, the FHF is 005; if the difference is 1.4 feet, the FHF is 015; if the difference is 5.0 feet, the FHF is 050. When the difference between the 10- and 100-year water-surface elevations is greater than 10.0 feet, accuracy for the FHF is to the nearest foot.

5.3 Flood Insurance Zones

After the determination of reaches and their respective FHFs, the entire unincorporated area of Matanuska-Susitna Borough was divided into zones, each having a specific flood potential or hazard. Each zone was assigned one of the following flood insurance zone designations:

Zone A:	Special Flood Hazard Areas inundated by the 100-year flood, determined by approximate methods; no base flood elevations shown or FHFs determined.
Zones A1 through A5 and A7:	Special Flood Hazard Areas inundated by the 100-year flood, determined by detailed methods; base flood elevations shown, and zones subdivided according to FHFs.
Zone B:	Areas between the Special Flood Hazard Areas and the limits of the 500-year flood, including areas of the 500-year

FLOODING SOURCE	PANEL ¹	ELEVATION DIFFERENCE ² BETWEEN 1% (100-YEAR) FLOOD AND			FLOOD HAZARD FACTOR	ZONE	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION ³ (FEET NGVD)
		10% (10-YEAR)	2% (50-YEAR)	0.2% (500-YEAR)			
Deception Creek							
Reach 1	7945	-1.0	-0.2	0.9	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 2	7945, 7965	-0.7	-0.2	0.5	005	A1	Varies - See Map
Reach 3	7965, 8780	-1.1	-0.3	0.7	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 4	8780, 8785	-0.5	-0.2	0.4	005	A1	Varies - See Map
Reach 5	8780, 8785	-1.7	-0.4	1.0	015	A3	Varies - See Map
Reach 6	8785	-0.9	-0.2	0.6	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 7	8785	-1.5	-0.3	0.9	015	A3	Varies - See Map
Deception Creek Tribu-							
tary 1							
Reach 1	7965	-0.5	-0.1	0.3	005	A1	Varies - See Map
Reach 2	7965, 8780	-1.1	-0.3	0.7	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Deception Creek Tribu-							
tary 2							
Reach 1	8780	-1.1	-0.3	0.7	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 2	8780	-0.4	-0.1	0.3	005	A1	Varies - See Map
Deception Creek Tribu-							
tary 3							
Reach 1	8780, 8785	-0.4	-0.1	0.3	005	A1	Varies - See Map
Willow Creek							
Reach 1	7940, 7945	-1.07	-0.29	0.78	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 2	7945	-1.71	-0.73	1.00	015	A3	Varies - See Map
Reach 3	7965	-1.10	-0.16	0.62	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 4	7965, 7970	-2.19	-0.47	1.29	020	A4	Varies - See Map

¹Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel

²Weighted Average

³Rounded to Nearest Foot

FLOODING SOURCE	PANEL ¹	ELEVATION DIFFERENCE ² BETWEEN 1% (100-YEAR) FLOOD AND			FLOOD HAZARD FACTOR	ZONE	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION ³ (FEET NGVD)
		10% (10-YEAR)	2% (50-YEAR)	0.2% (500-YEAR)			
Willow Creek Tributary Reach 1	7945	-1.71	-0.73	1.00	015	A3	Varies - See Map
	7945	-1.10	-0.16	0.62	010	A2	Varies - See Map
	7965	-2.19	-0.47	1.29	020	A4	Varies - See Map

¹Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel

²Weighted Average

³Rounded to Nearest Foot

TABLE 4

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOOD INSURANCE ZONE DATA

WILLOW CREEK TRIBUTARY

FLOODING SOURCE	PANEL ¹	ELEVATION DIFFERENCE ² BETWEEN 1% (100-YEAR) FLOOD AND			FLOOD HAZARD FACTOR	ZONE	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION ³ (FEET NGVD)
		10% (10-YEAR)	2% (50-YEAR)	0.2% (500-YEAR)			
Little Susitna River							
Reach 1	8795, 9610, 9630	-1.46	-0.47	0.92	015	A3	Varies - See Map
Reach 2	8795, 8815, 9610, 9630				035	A7	Varies - See Map
Reach 3	8815, 8820 8840, 8845, 8865, 9630	-1.84	-0.51	1.23	020	A4	Varies - See Map
Reach 4	8865	-1.21	-0.37	0.88	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Reach 5	8865	-2.21	-0.35	0.91	020	A4	Varies - See Map
Reach 6	8865, 8870	-1.50	-0.36	0.72	015	A3	Varies - See Map
Reach 7	8870	-2.65	-0.56	0.95	025	A5	Varies - See Map
Reach 8	8880, 8890, 8860, 8870	-1.14	-0.37	0.76	010	A2	Varies - See Map
Little Susitna River -							
Split Flow 1							
Reach 1	8845	-1.99	-0.31	0.90	020	A4	Varies - See Map
Little Susitna River -							
Split Flow 2							
Reach 1	8845, 8865	-2.12	-0.60	1.10	020	A4	Varies - See Map
Little Susitna River -							
Split Flow 3							
Reach 1	8865, 8870	-1.50	-0.36	0.72	015	A3	Varies - See Map
Reach 2	8870	-2.65	-0.56	0.95	025	A5	Varies - See Map
Reach 3	8870	-0.85	-0.32	0.91	010	A2	Varies - See Map

¹Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel

²Weighted Average

³Rounded to Nearest Foot

TABLE 4

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOOD INSURANCE ZONE DATA

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER-LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER-SPLIT FLOW 1-
LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER-SPLIT FLOW 2-LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER-SPLIT FLOW 3

flood plain that are protected from the 100-year flood by dike, levee, or other water-control structure; also areas subject to certain types of 100-year shallow flooding where depths are less than 1.0 foot; and areas subject to 100-year flooding from sources with drainage areas less than 1 square mile. Zone B is not subdivided.

Zone C: Areas of minimal flooding.

Zone D: Areas of undetermined, but possible flood hazard.

The flood elevation differences, FHFs, flood insurance zones, and base flood elevations for each flooding source studied in detail in the community are summarized in Table 4.

5.4 Flood Insurance Rate Map Description

The Flood Insurance Rate Map for Matanuska-Susitna Borough is, for insurance purposes, the principal result of the Flood Insurance Study. This map (published separately) contains the official delineation of flood insurance zones and base flood elevation lines. Base flood elevation lines show the locations of the expected whole-foot water-surface elevations of the base (100-year) flood. This map is developed in accordance with the latest flood insurance map preparation guidelines published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

6.0 OTHER STUDIES

The U.S. Soil Conservation Service has prepared three Flood Hazard Studies, two Flood Plain Management Studies and a Flood Plain Inventory Report for various streams in Matanuska-Susitna Borough (References 11 through 16). These reports were the sources of some of the approximate flood boundaries presented in this study.

The Expanded Flood Plain Information Study for Willow, Alaska (Reference 17) utilized the same hydrologic and hydraulic procedures; however, through the use of spatial analysis, it reported the effects of flooding and development on the environment and considered the effects of evacuation, floodproofing, and zoning on existing conditions in the year 2000. This study is in agreement with the Flood Plain Information Study.

A Flood Insurance Study has been prepared for the Municipality of Anchorage (Reference 18). This study is in agreement with the Anchorage Flood Insurance Study. Flood Hazard Boundary Maps have been prepared for the unincorporated areas of Matanuska-Susitna Borough and the City of Palmer (References 9 and 10). Due to the more detailed nature of this study, it supersedes the Flood Hazard Boundary Maps.

This study is authoritative for the purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program; data presented herein either supersede or are compatible with all previous determinations.

7.0 LOCATION OF DATA

Information concerning the pertinent data used in preparation of this study can be obtained by contacting the Natural and Technological Hazards Division, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 130 228th Street SW., Bothell, Washington 98011.

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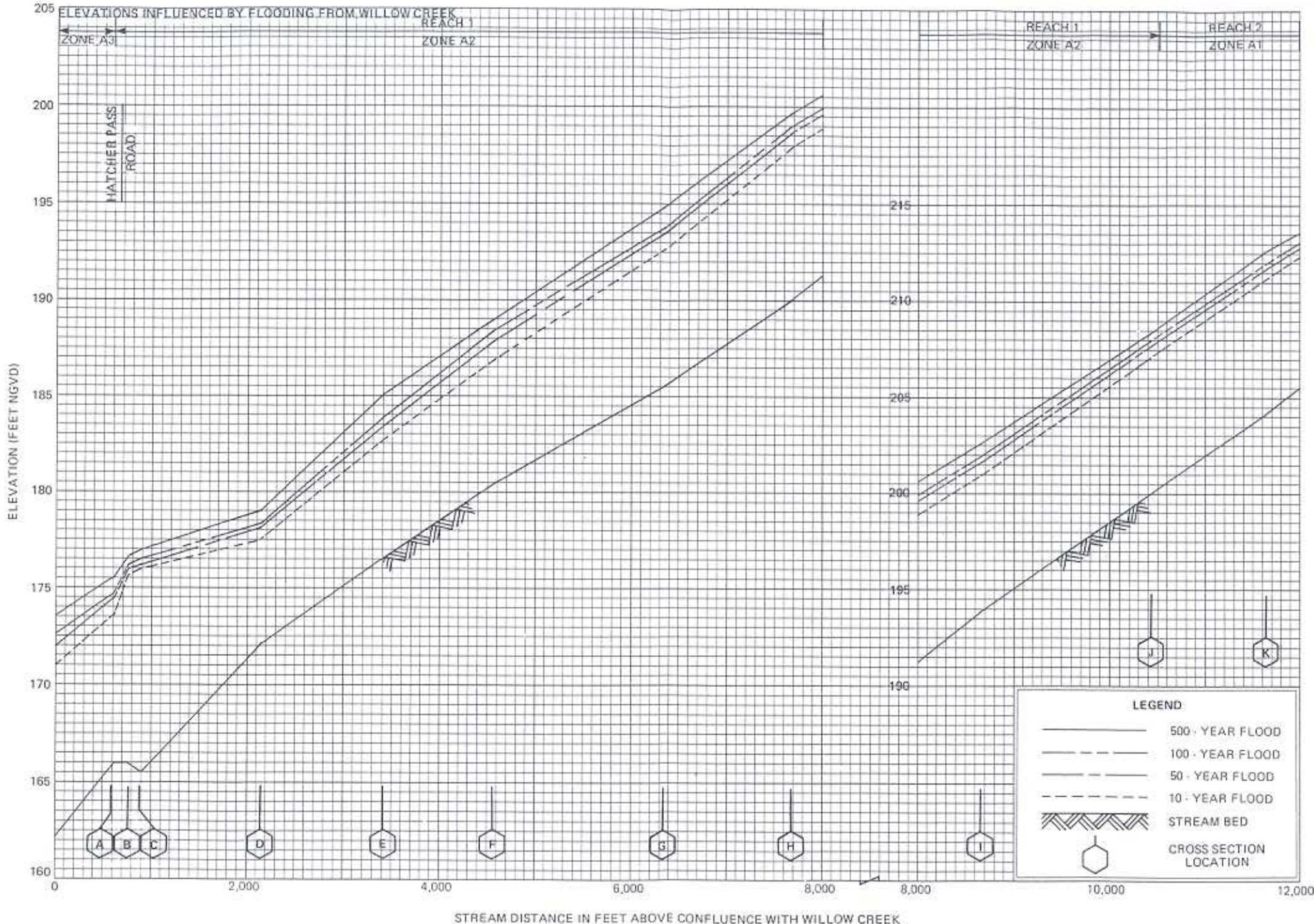
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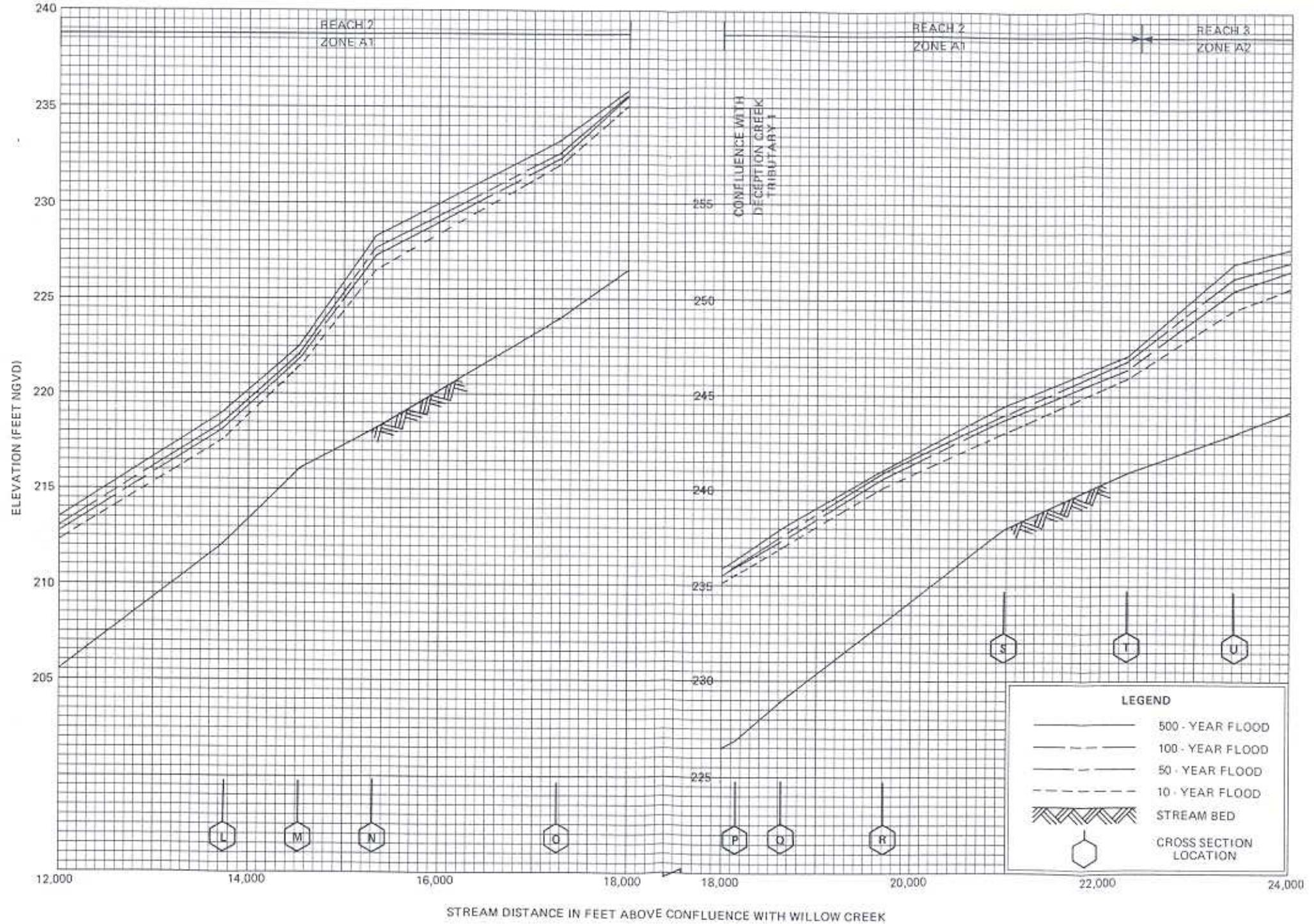
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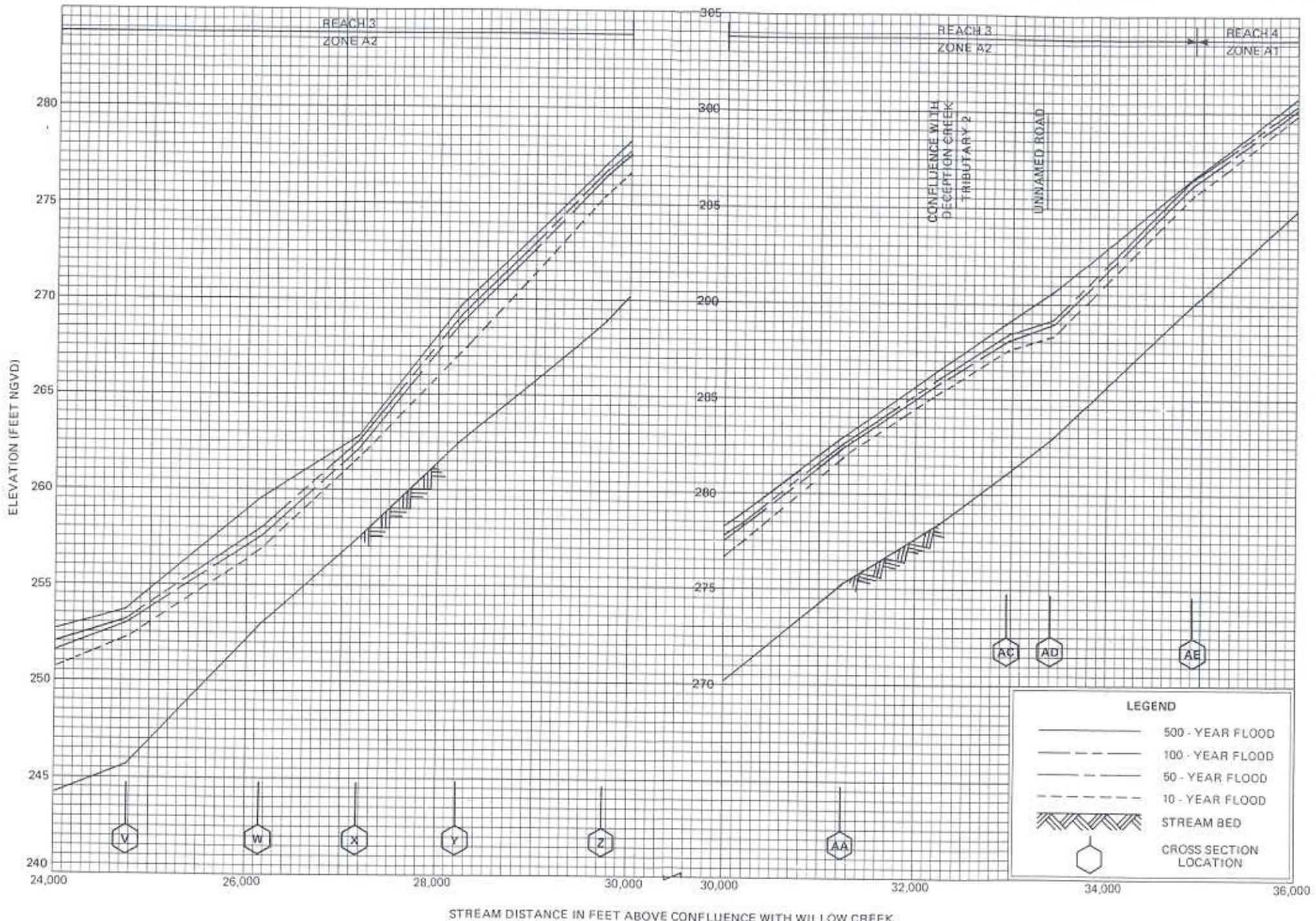


FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOOD PROFILES

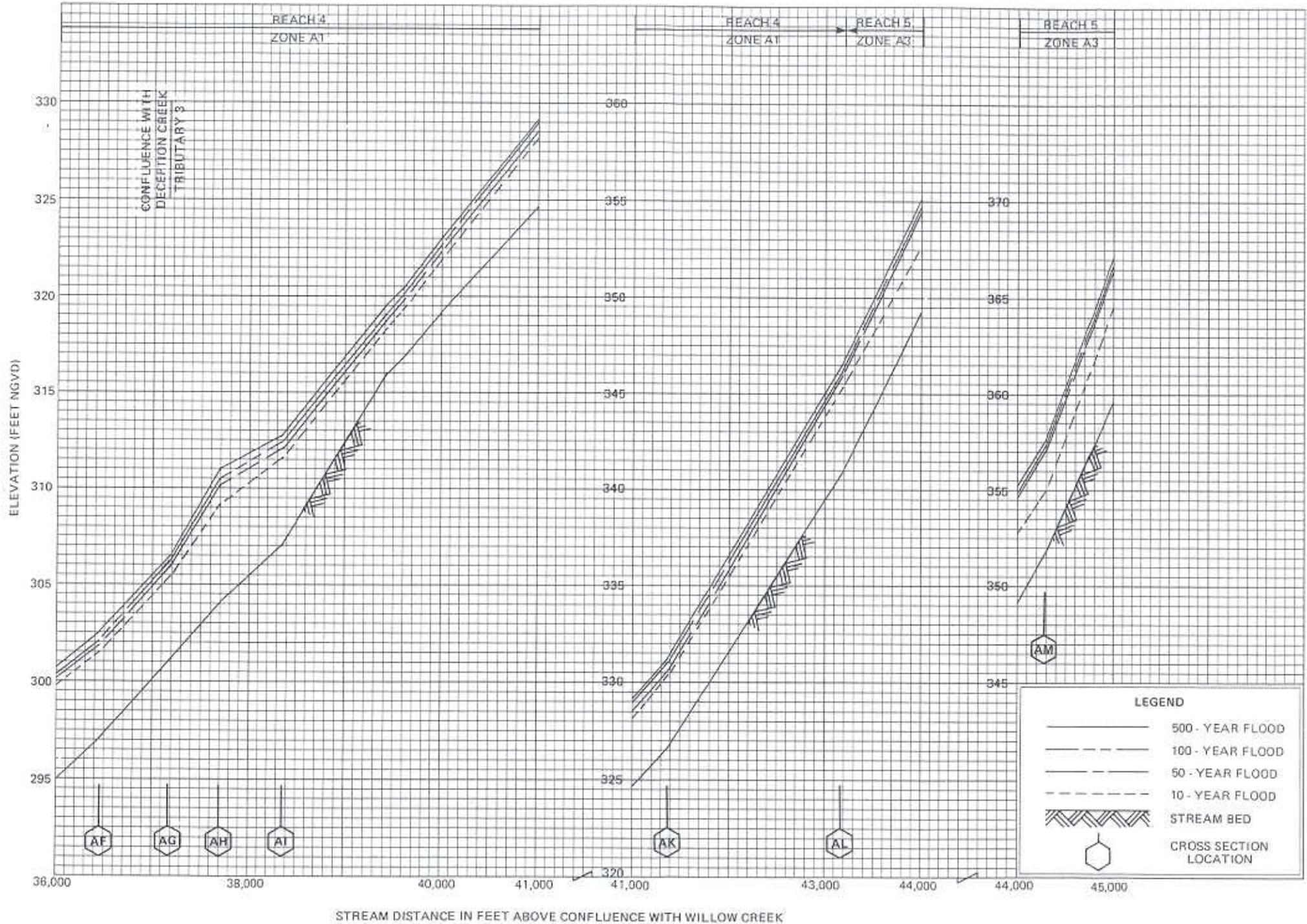


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MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



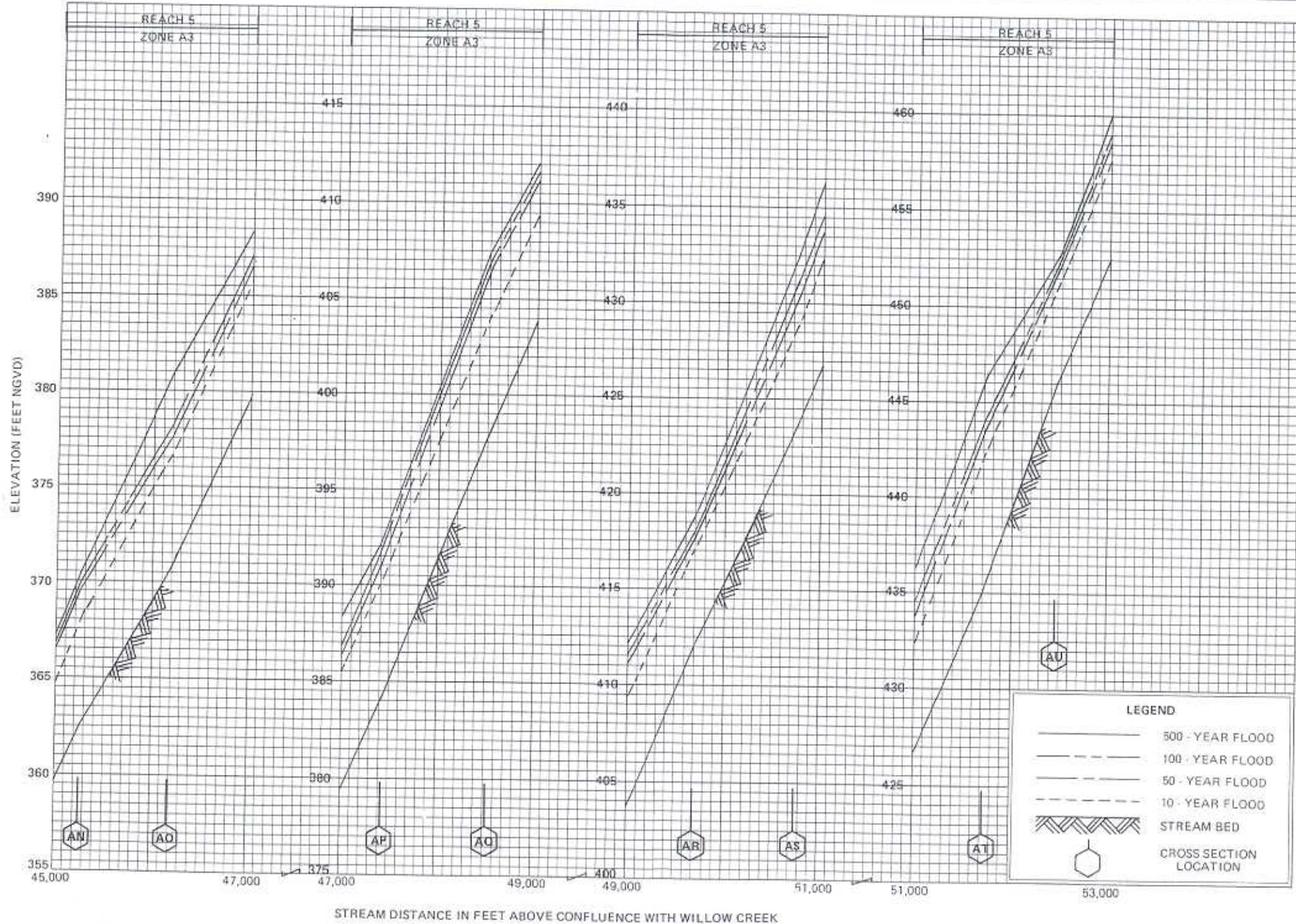
FLOOD PROFILES
DECEPTION CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



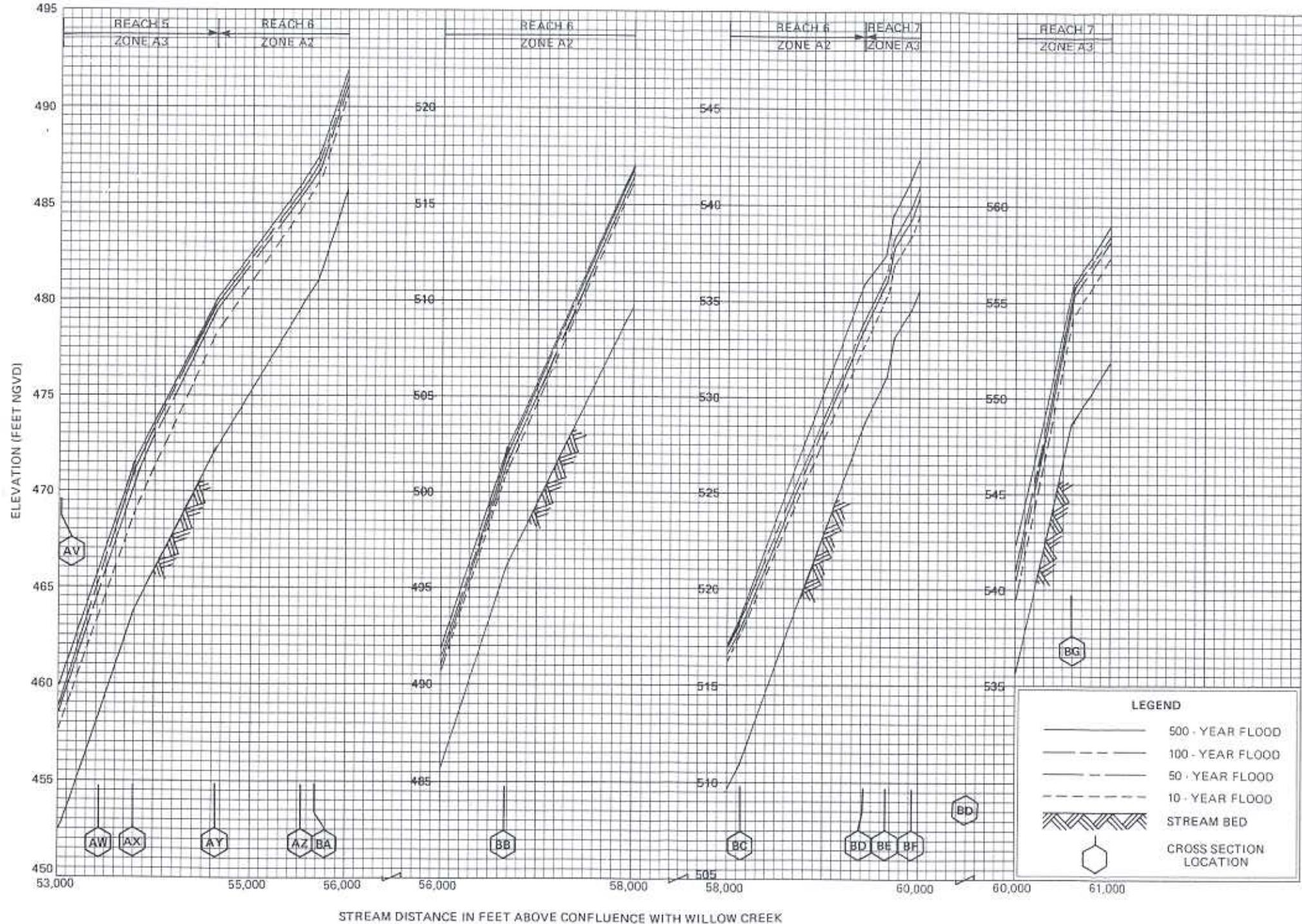
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

FLOOD PROFILES
DECEPTION CREEK



FLOOD PROFILES
DECEPTION CREEK

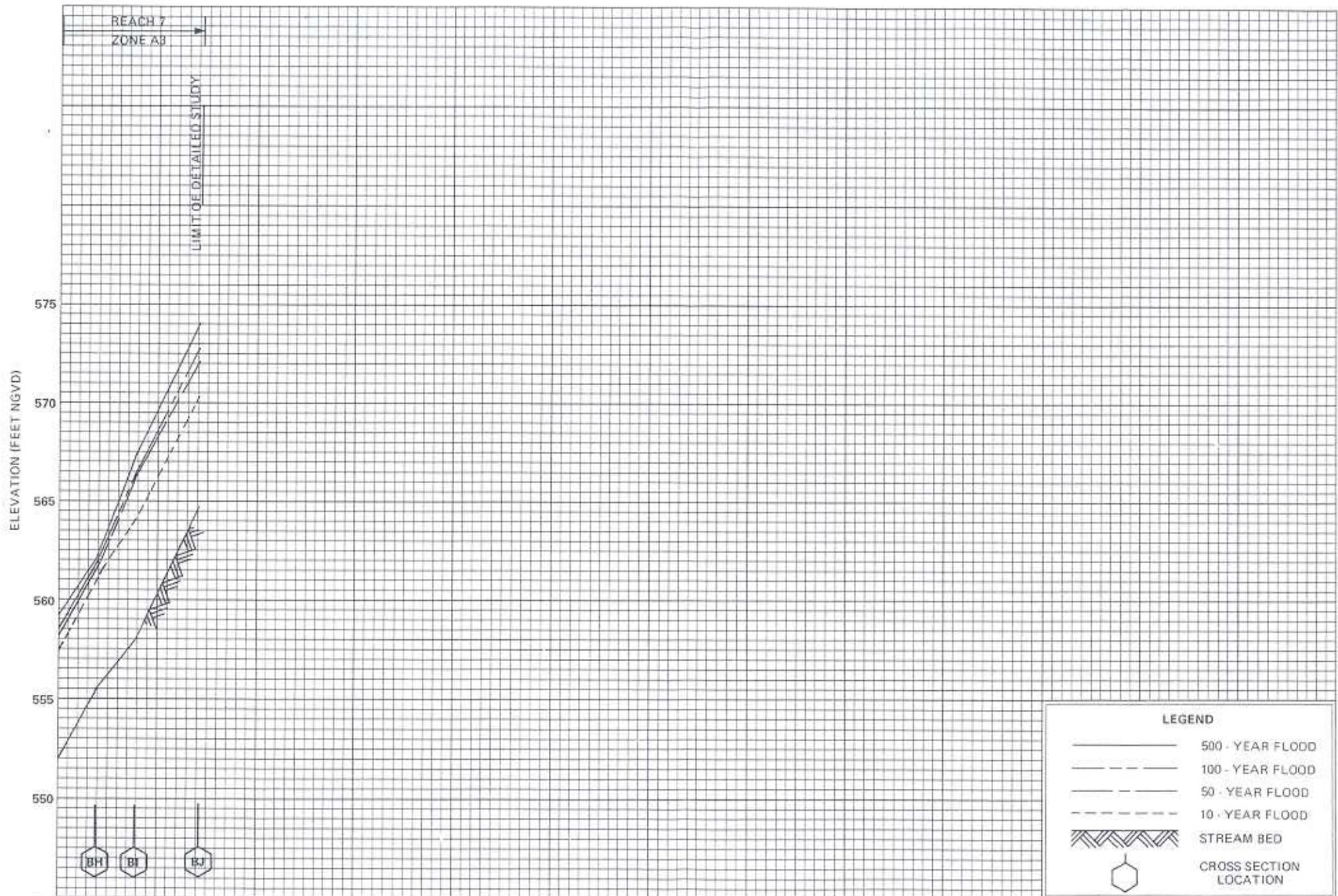
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MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



FLOOD PROFILES

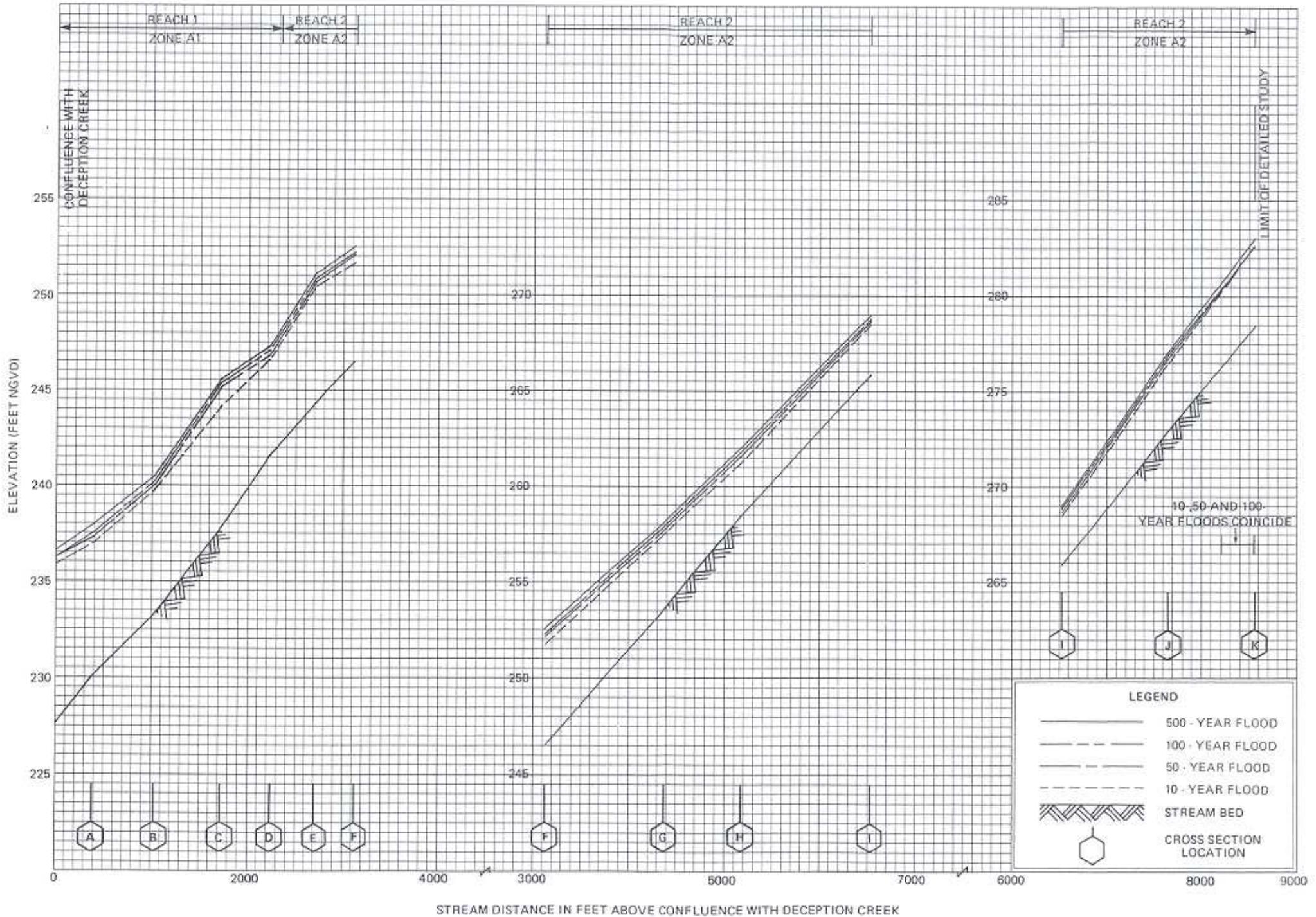
DECEPTION CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



FLOOD PROFILES
DECEPTION CREEK

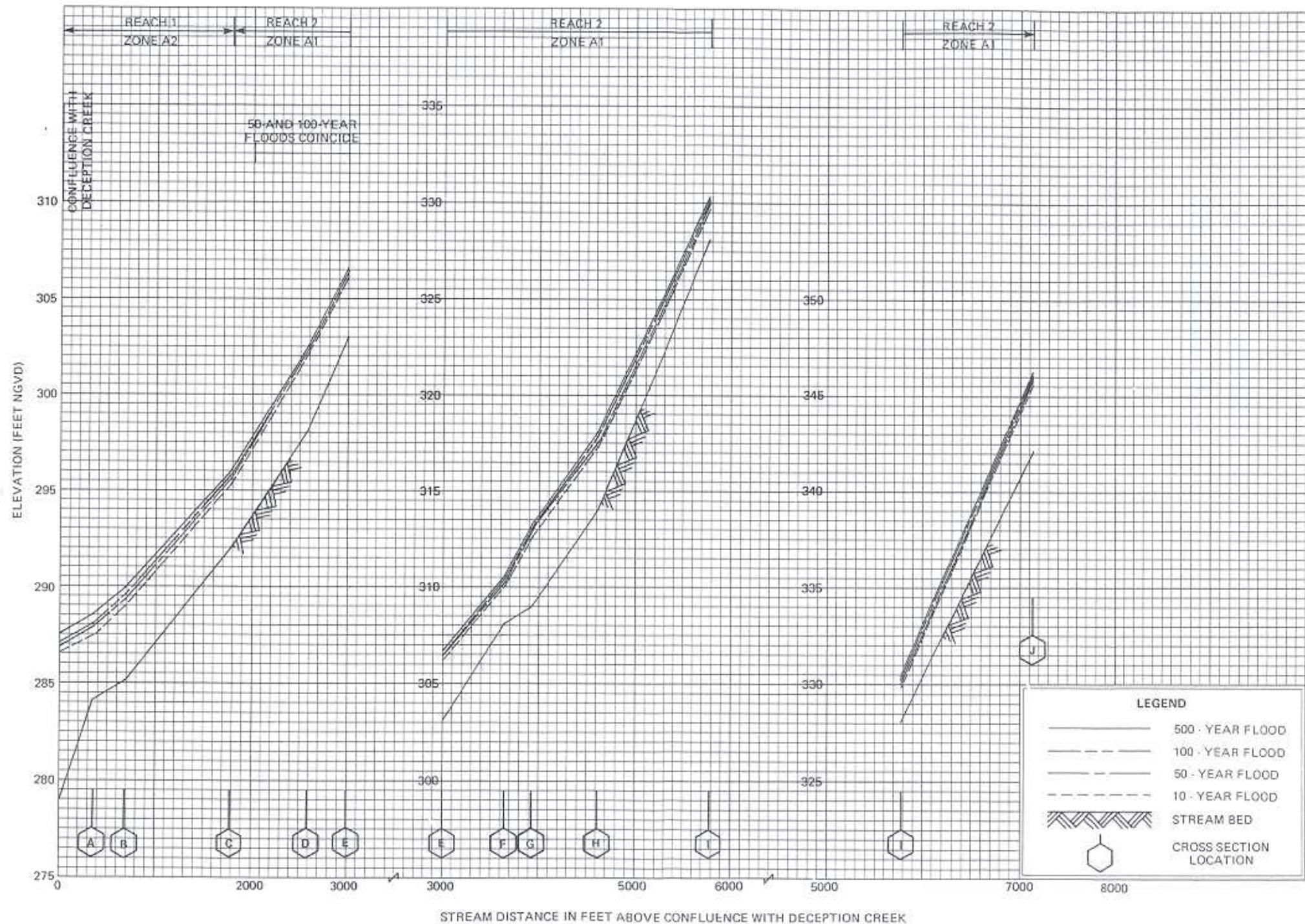
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MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



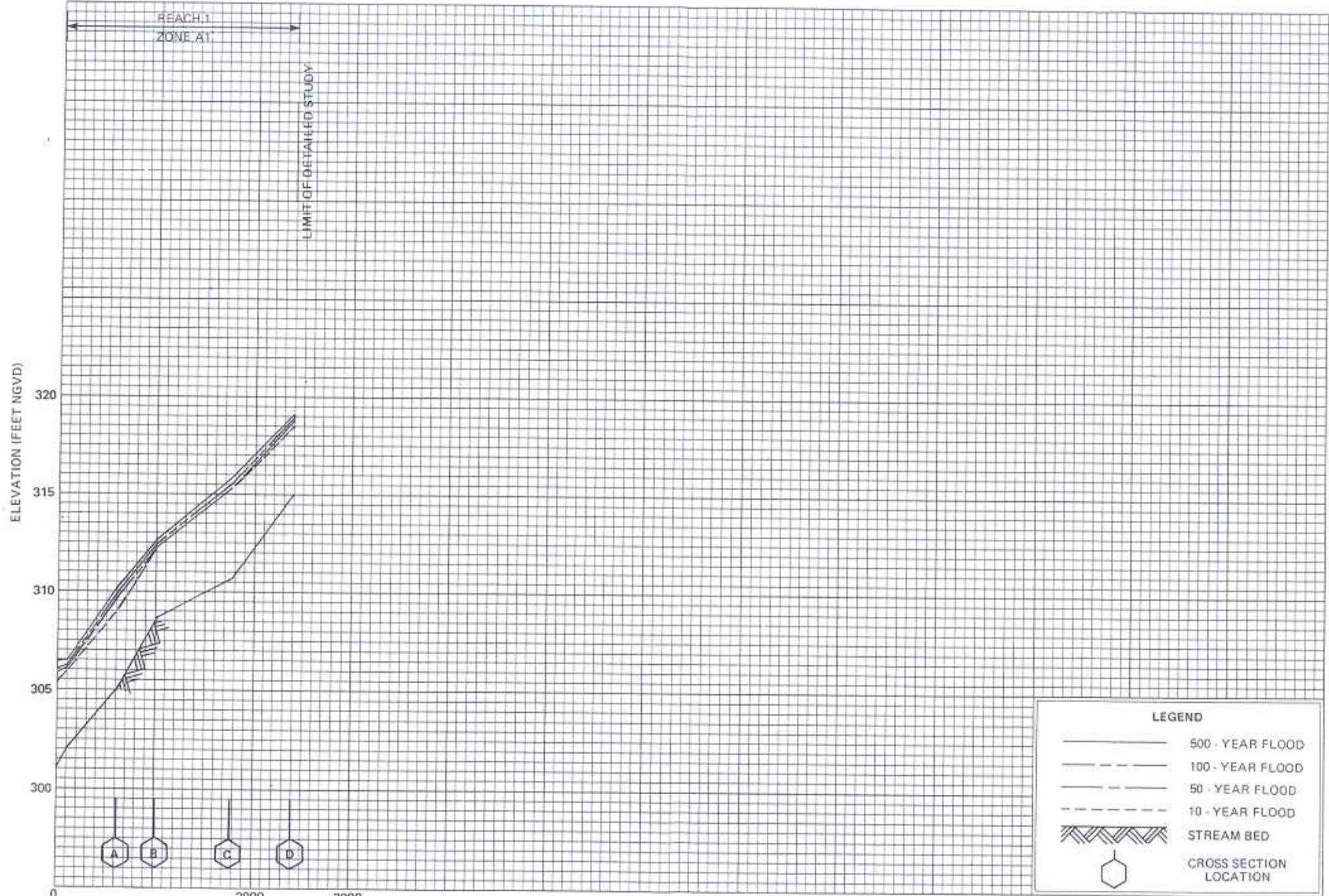
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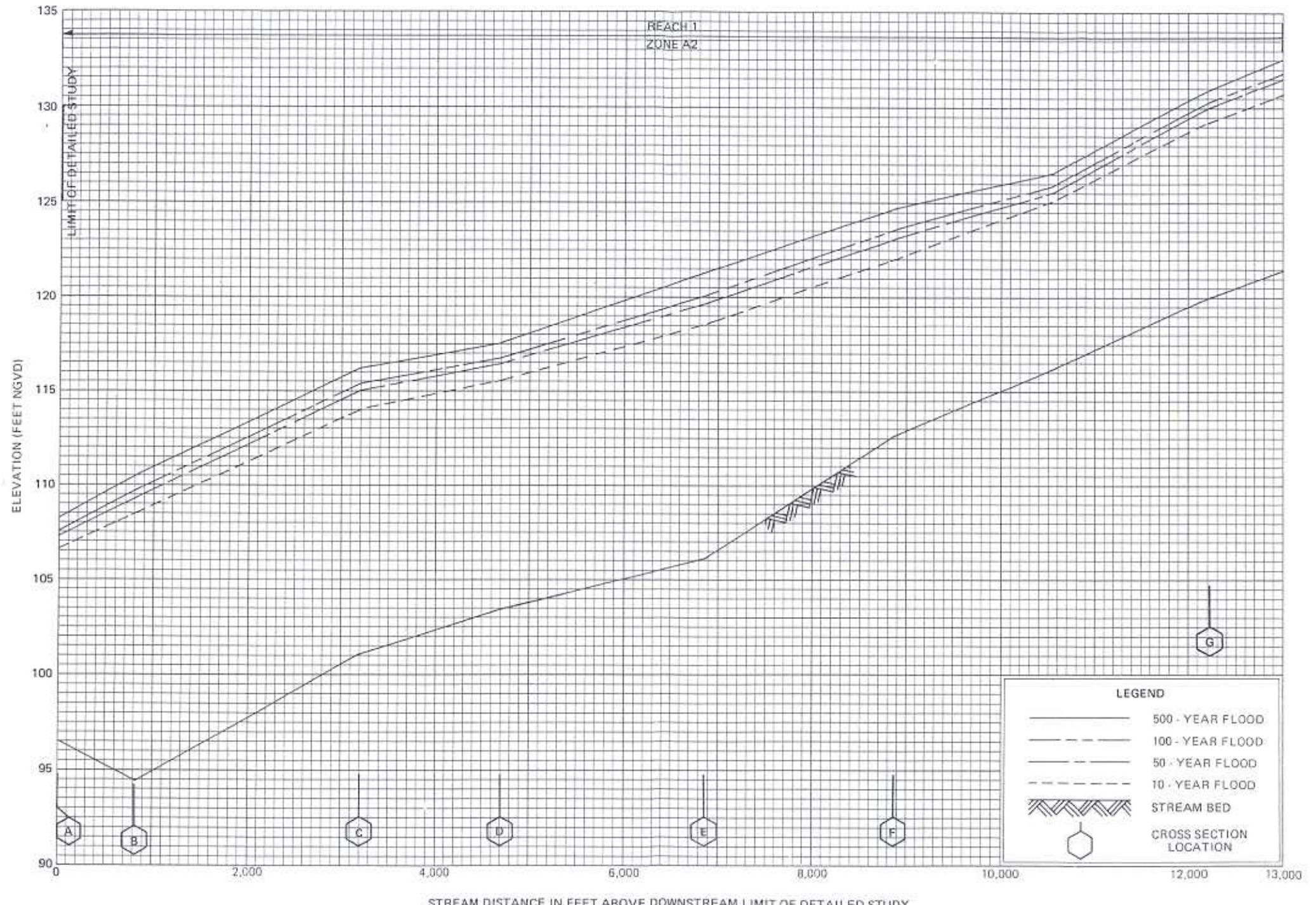
DECEPTION CREEK TRIBUTARY 1

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)

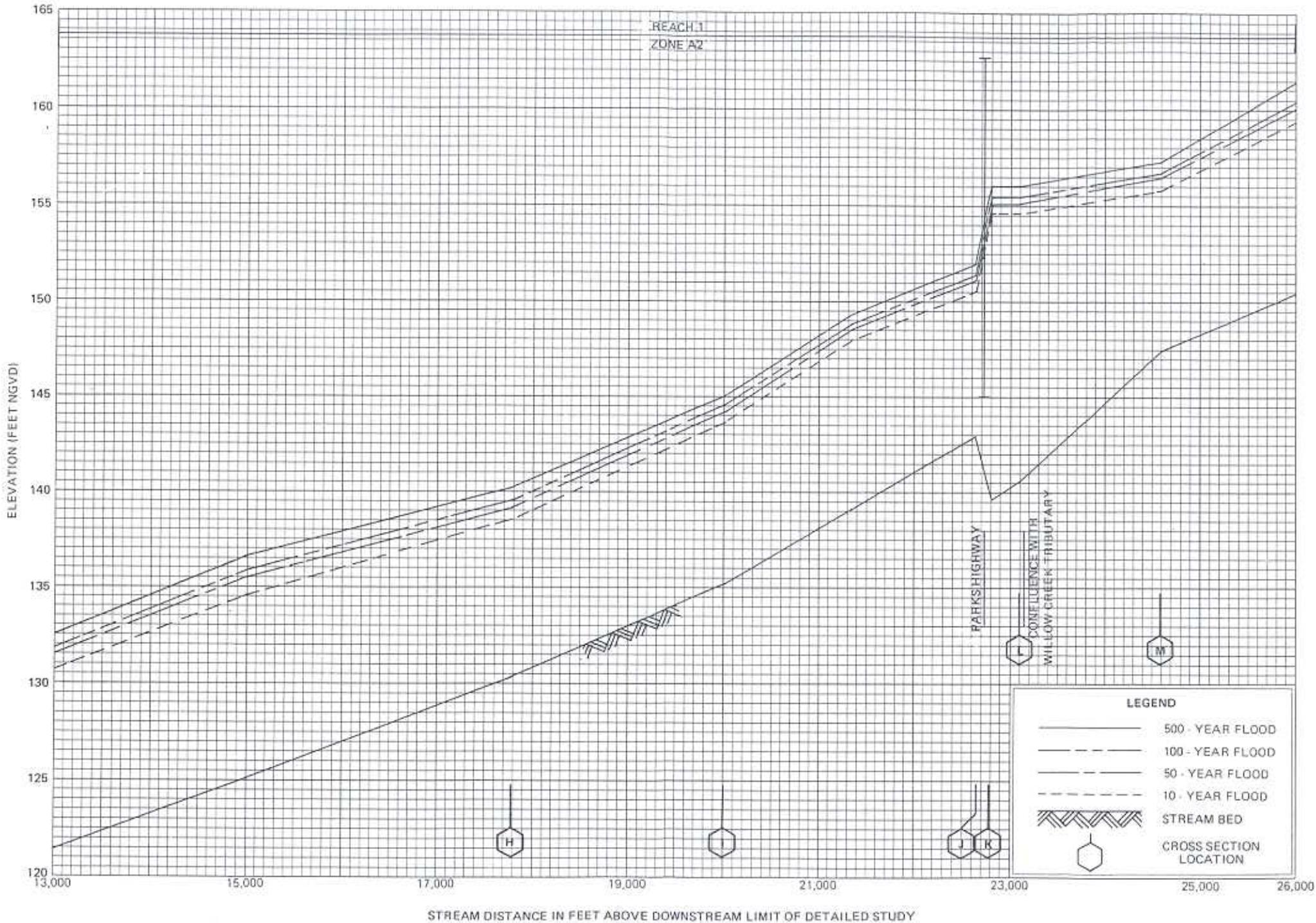




FLOOD PROFILES

WILLOW CREEK

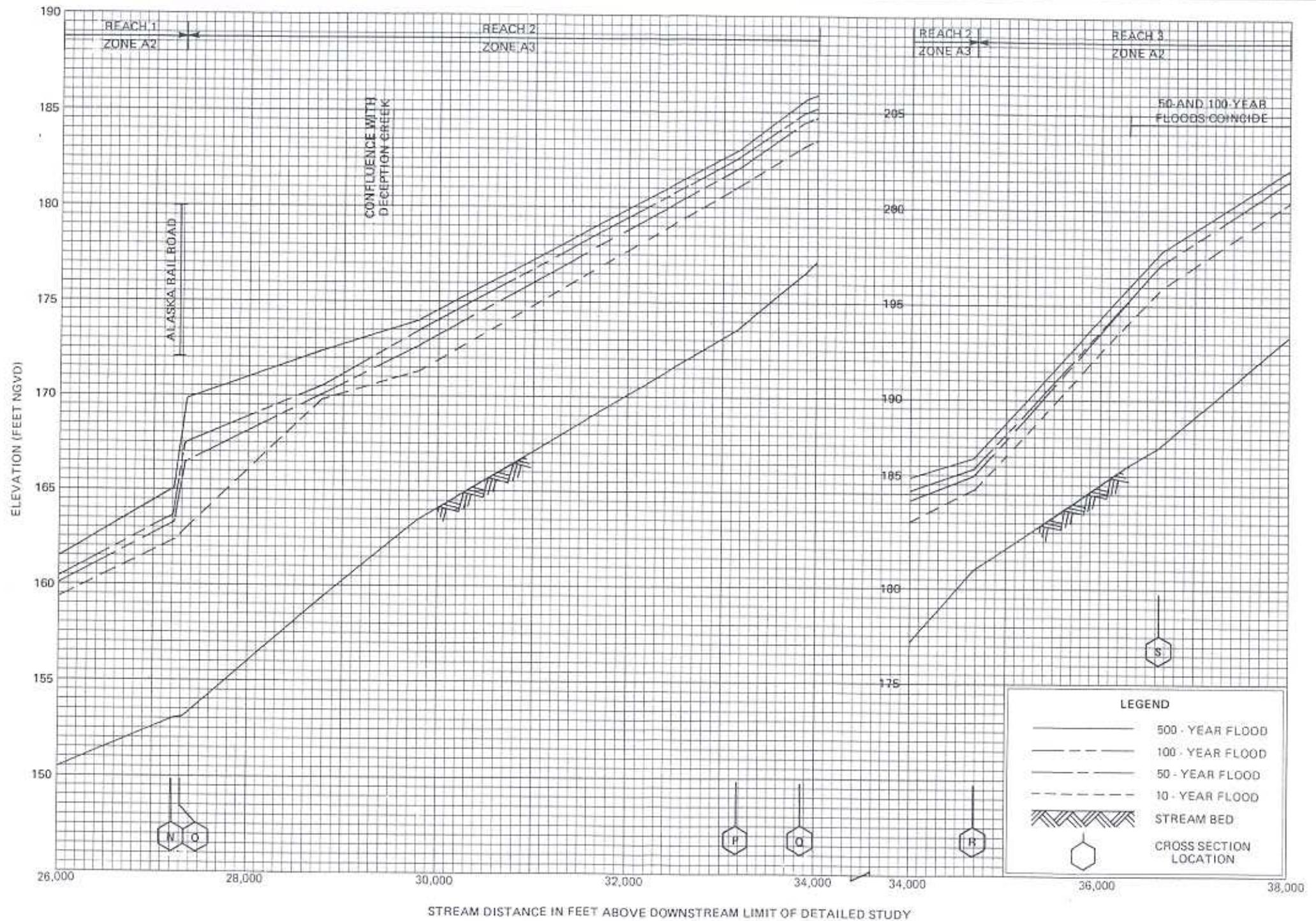
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



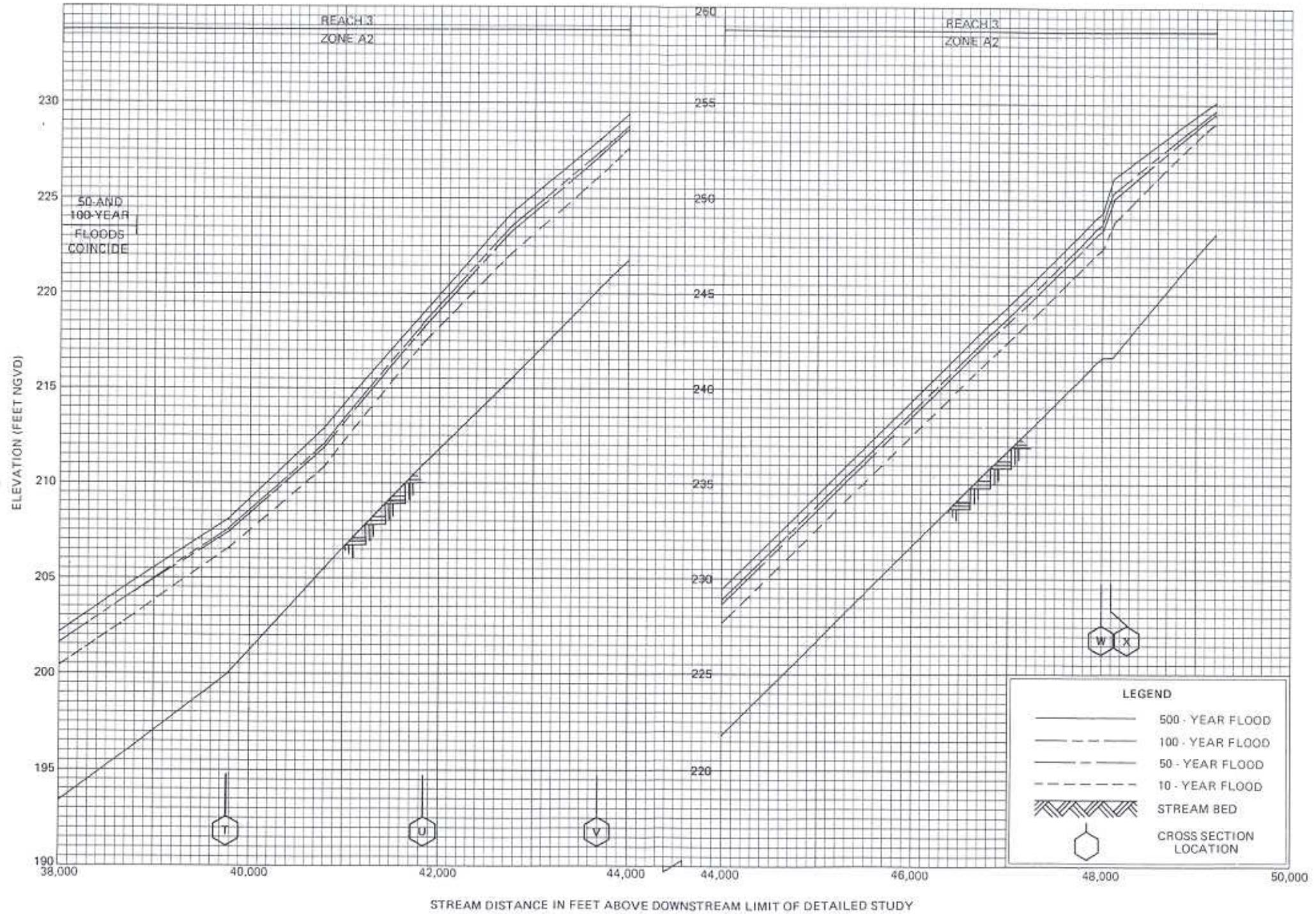
FLOOD PROFILES

WILLOW CREEK

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MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
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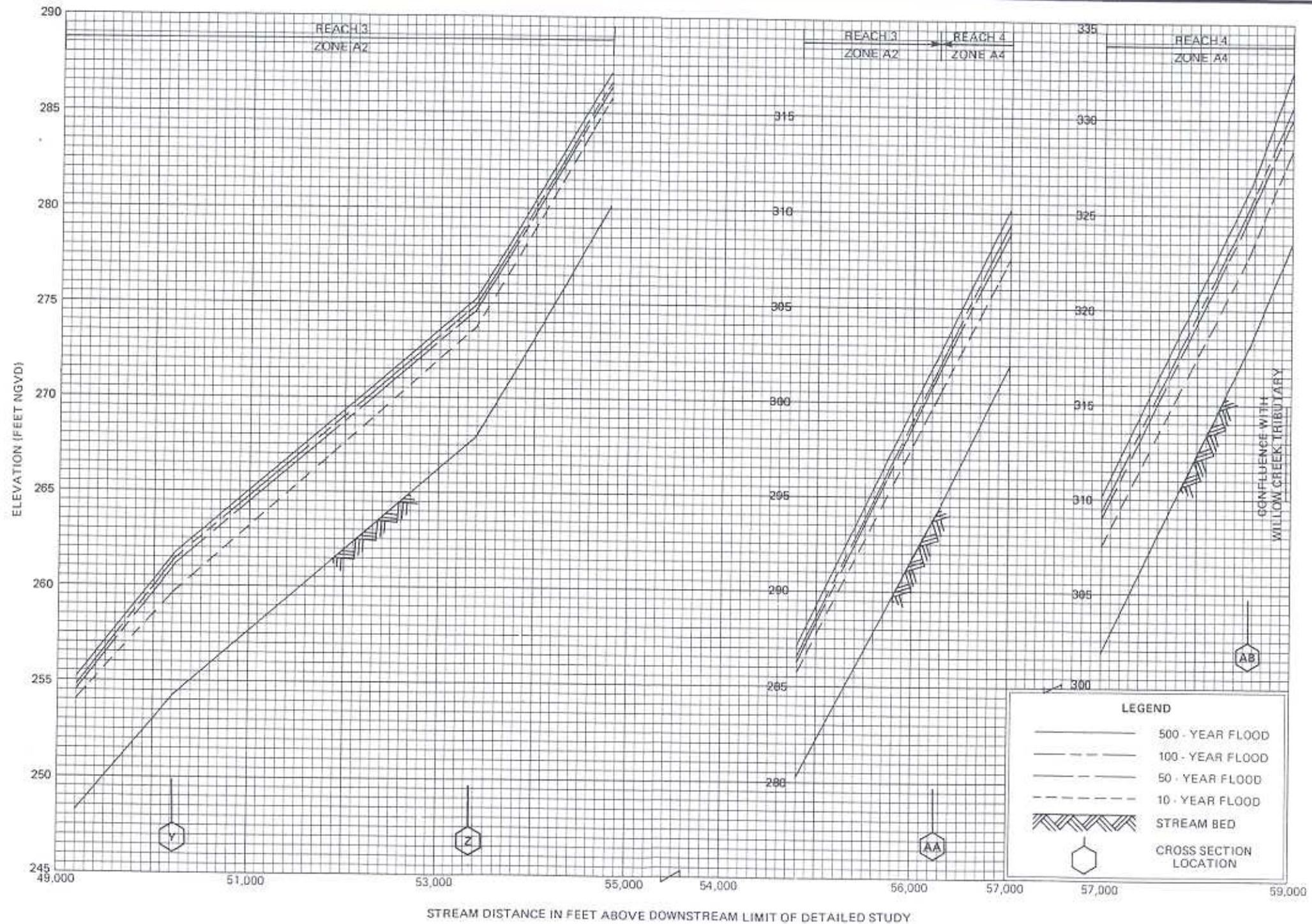
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FLOOD PROFILES

WILLOW CREEK

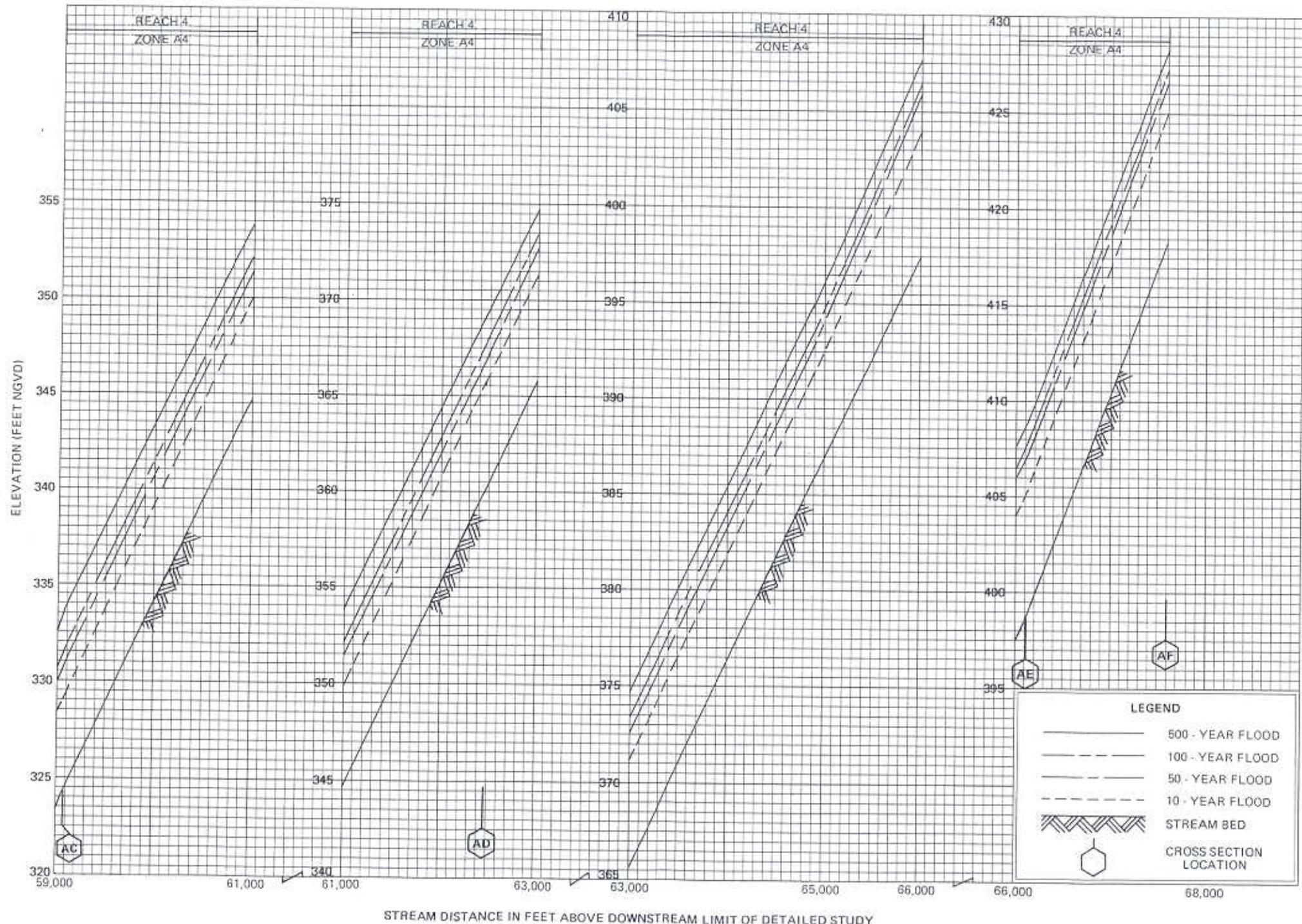
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FLOOD PROFILES

WILLOW CREEK

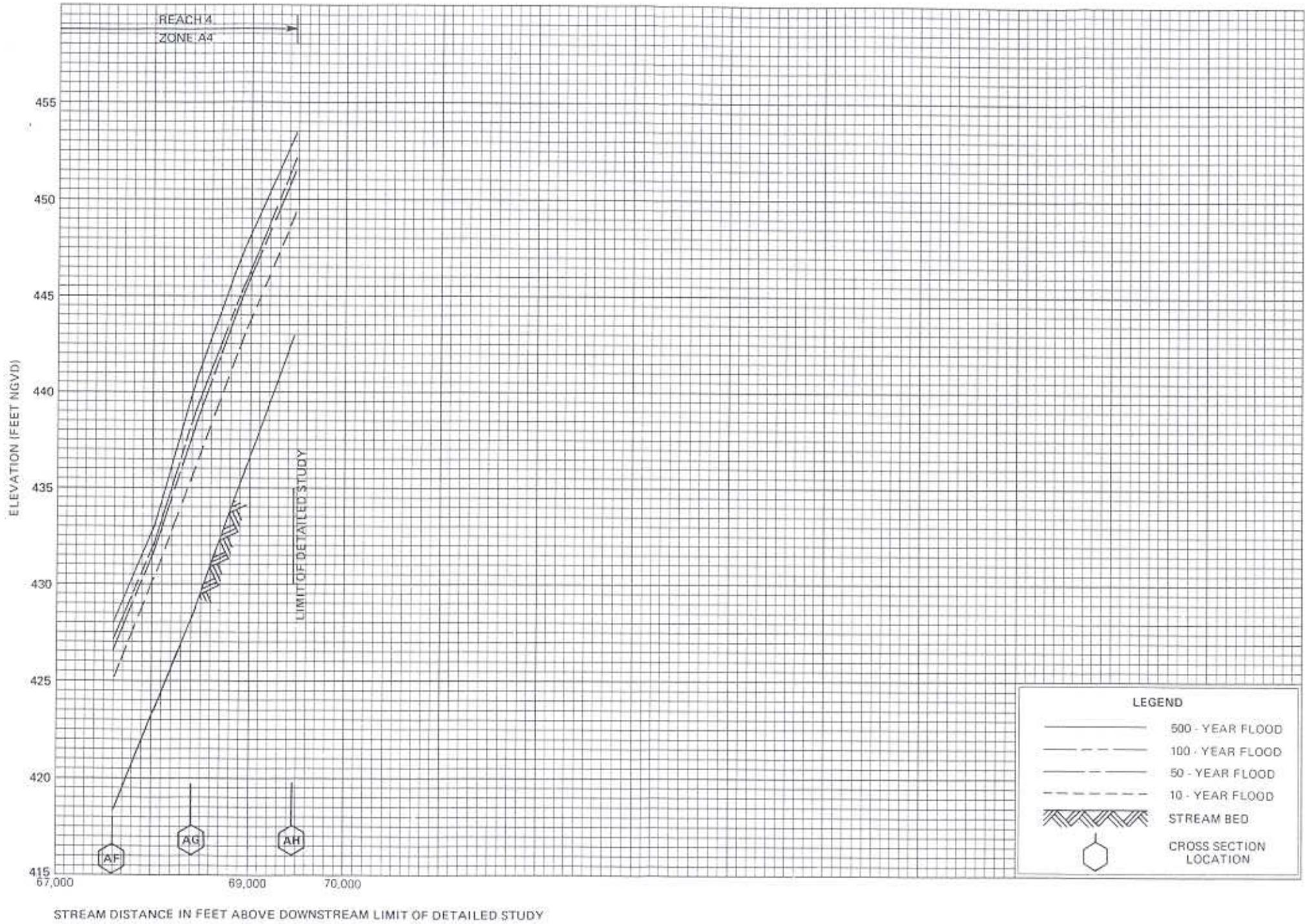
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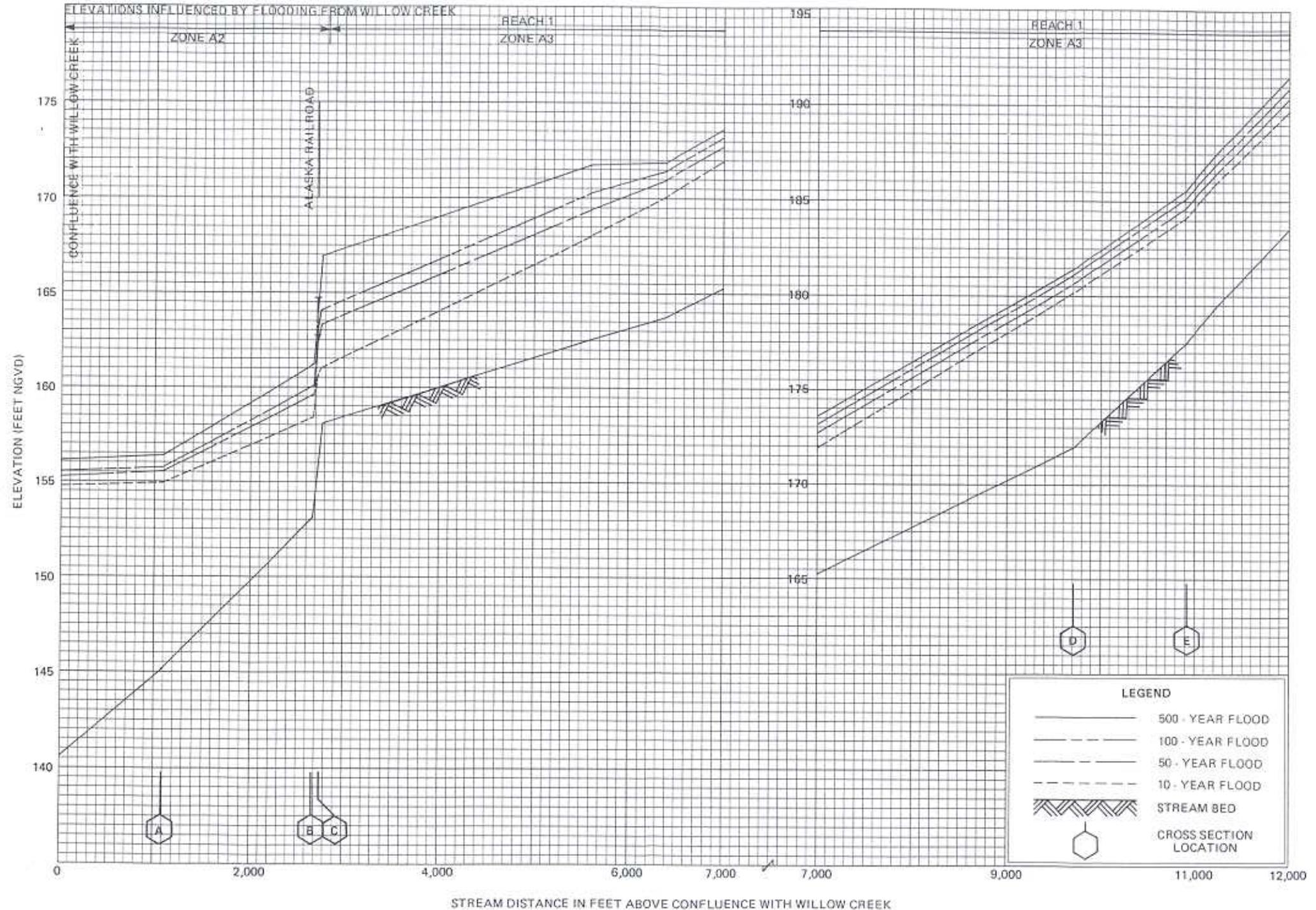
WILLOW CREEK

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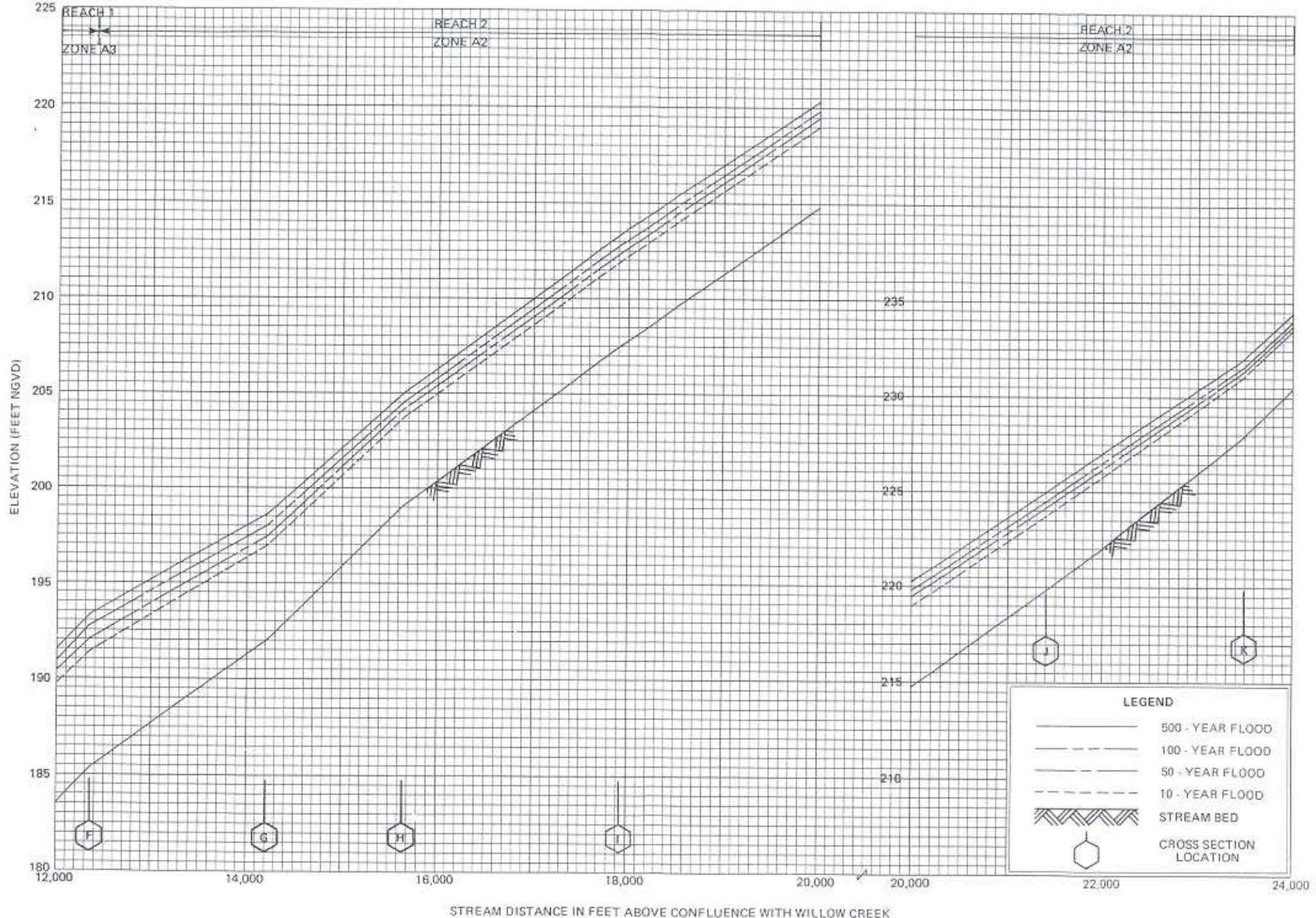
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MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
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FLOOD PROFILES

WILLOW CREEK TRIBUTARY

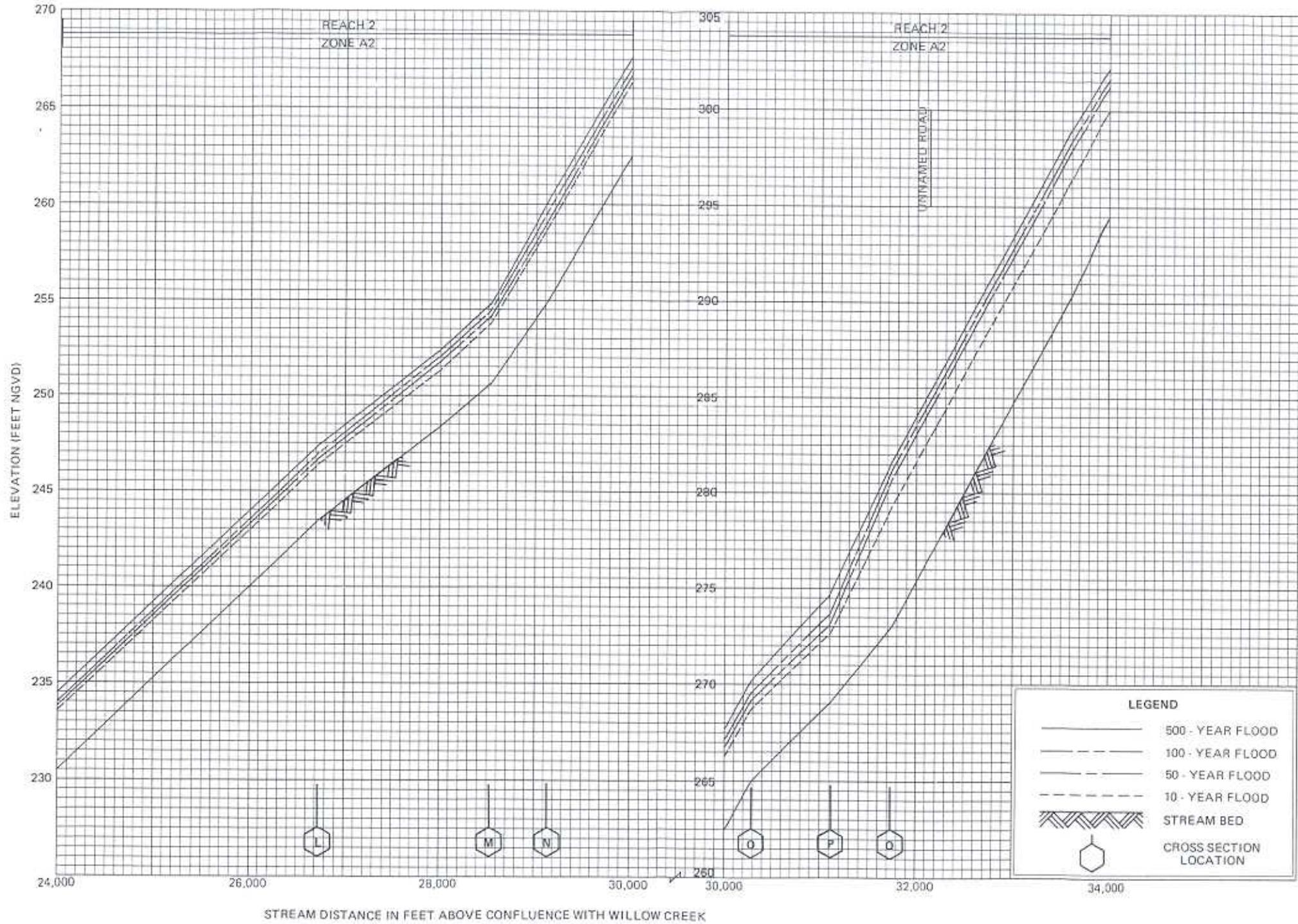
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FLOOD PROFILES

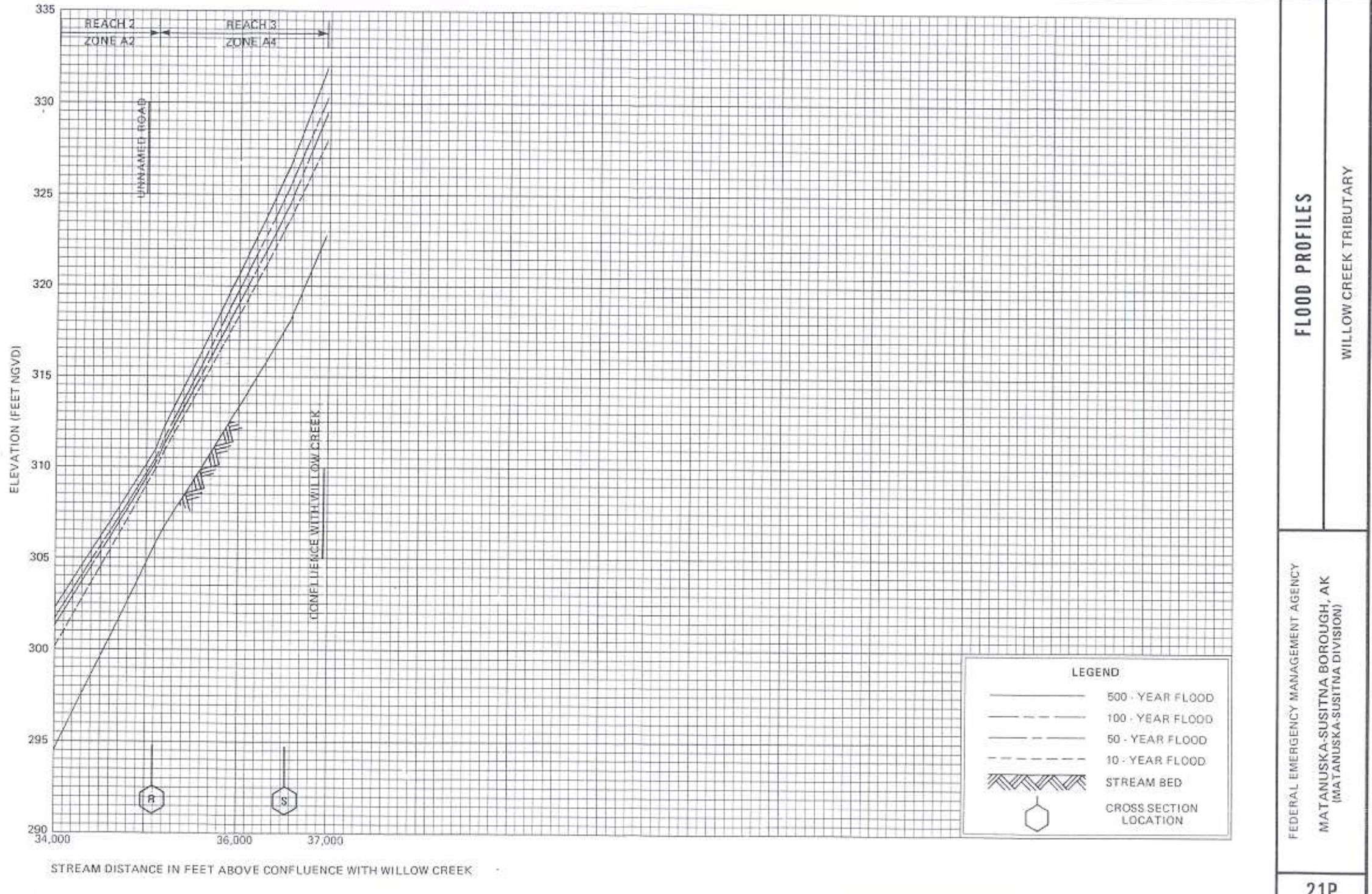
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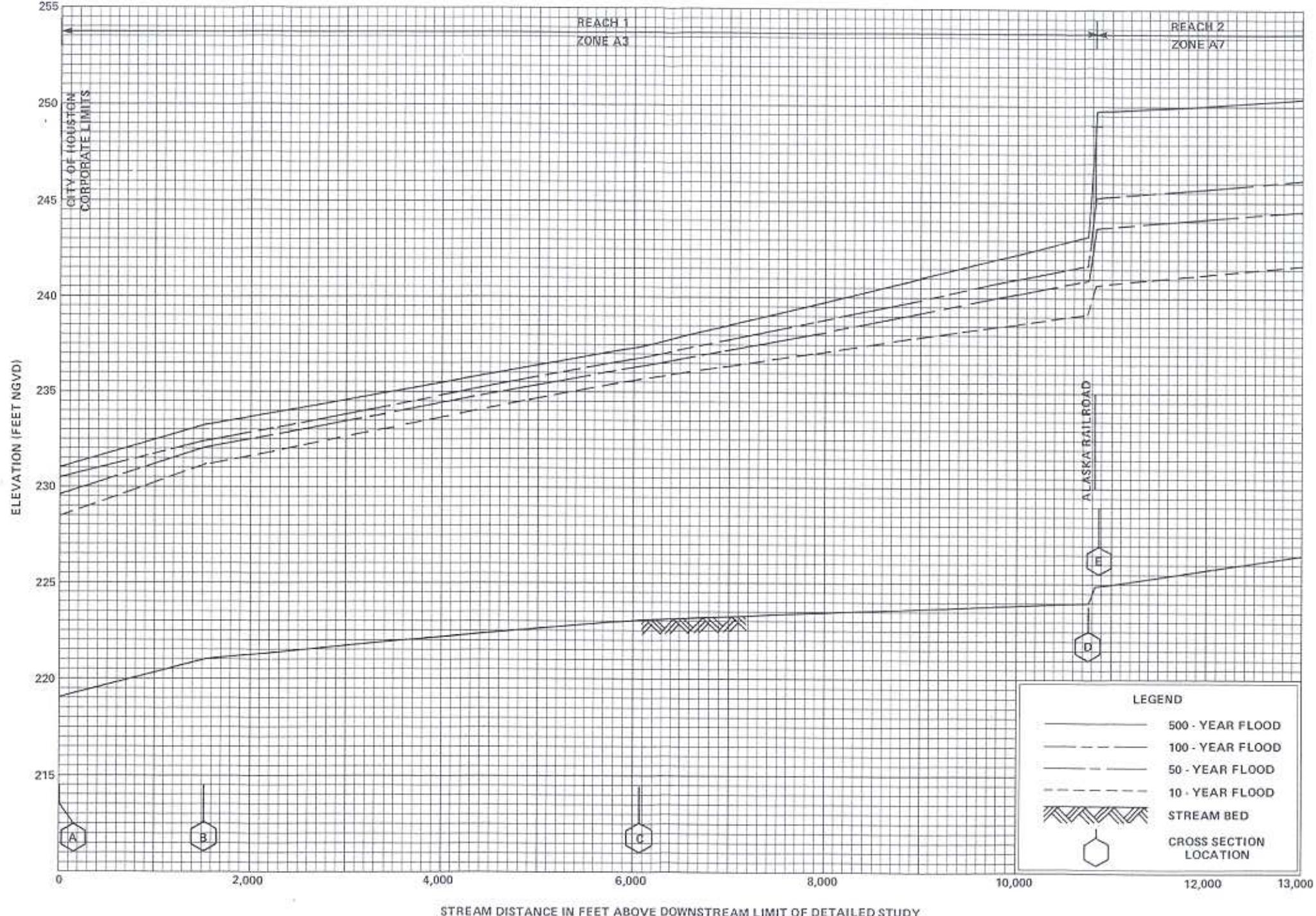


FLOOD PROFILES

WILLOW CREEK TRIBUTARY

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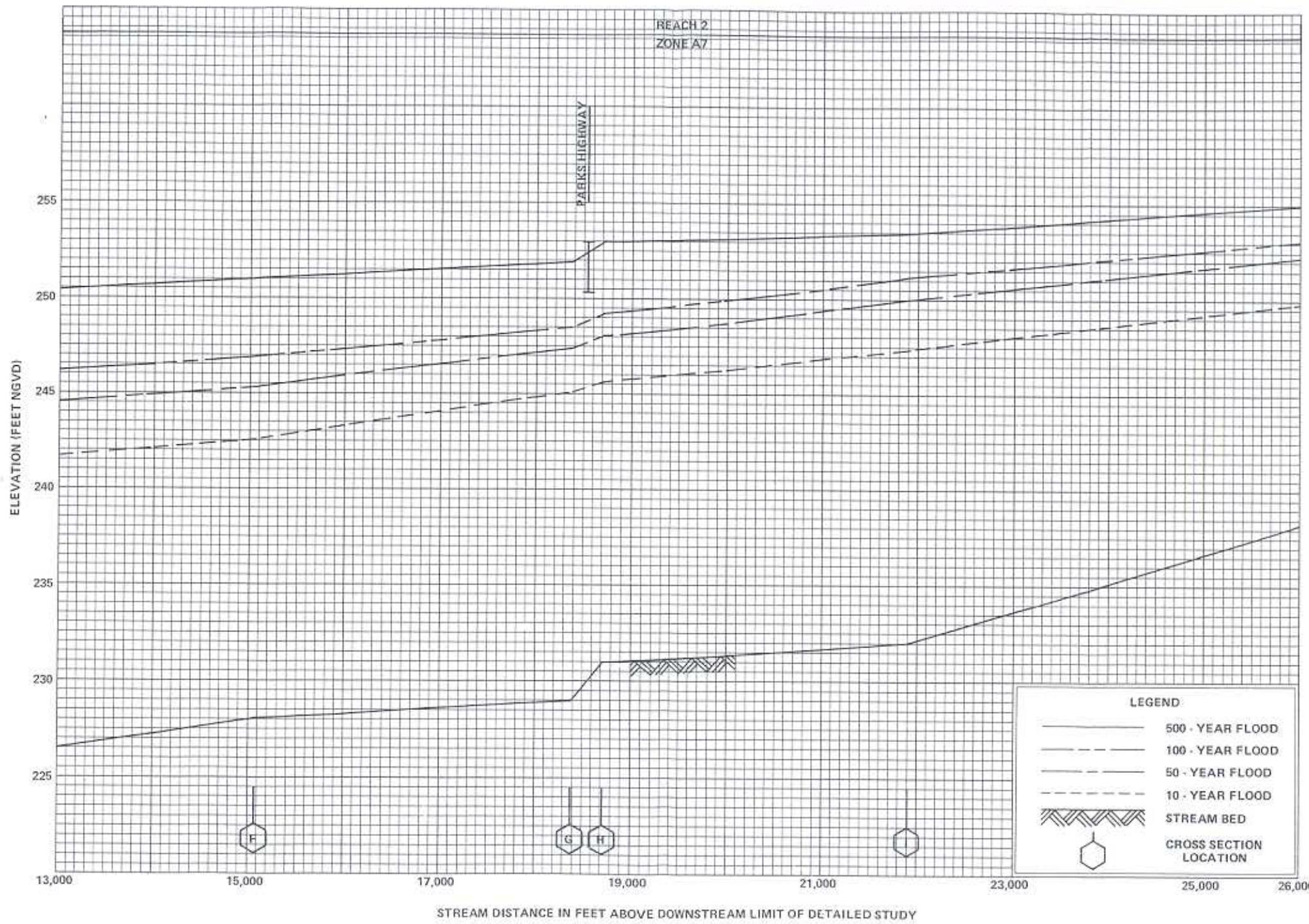




FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

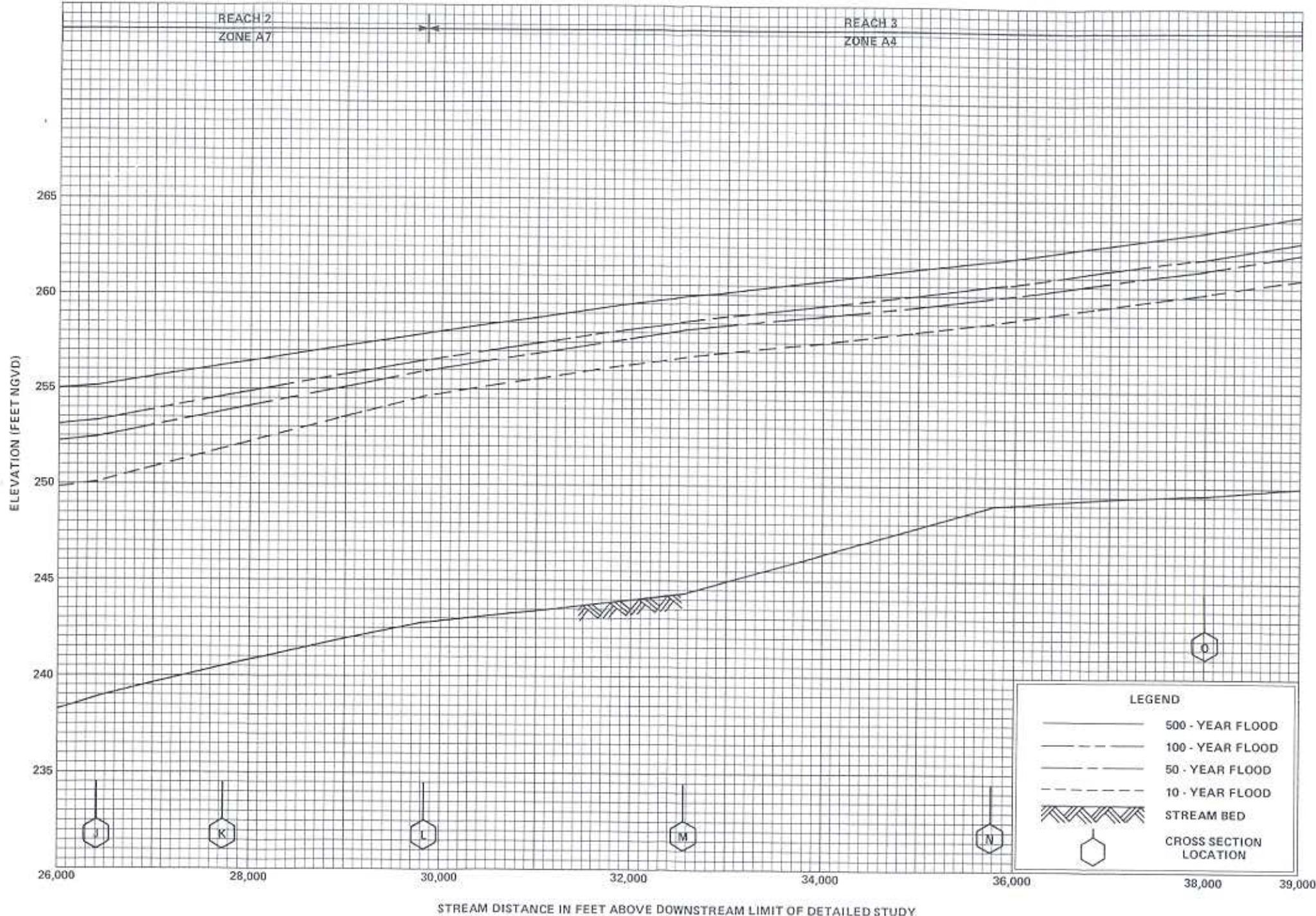
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
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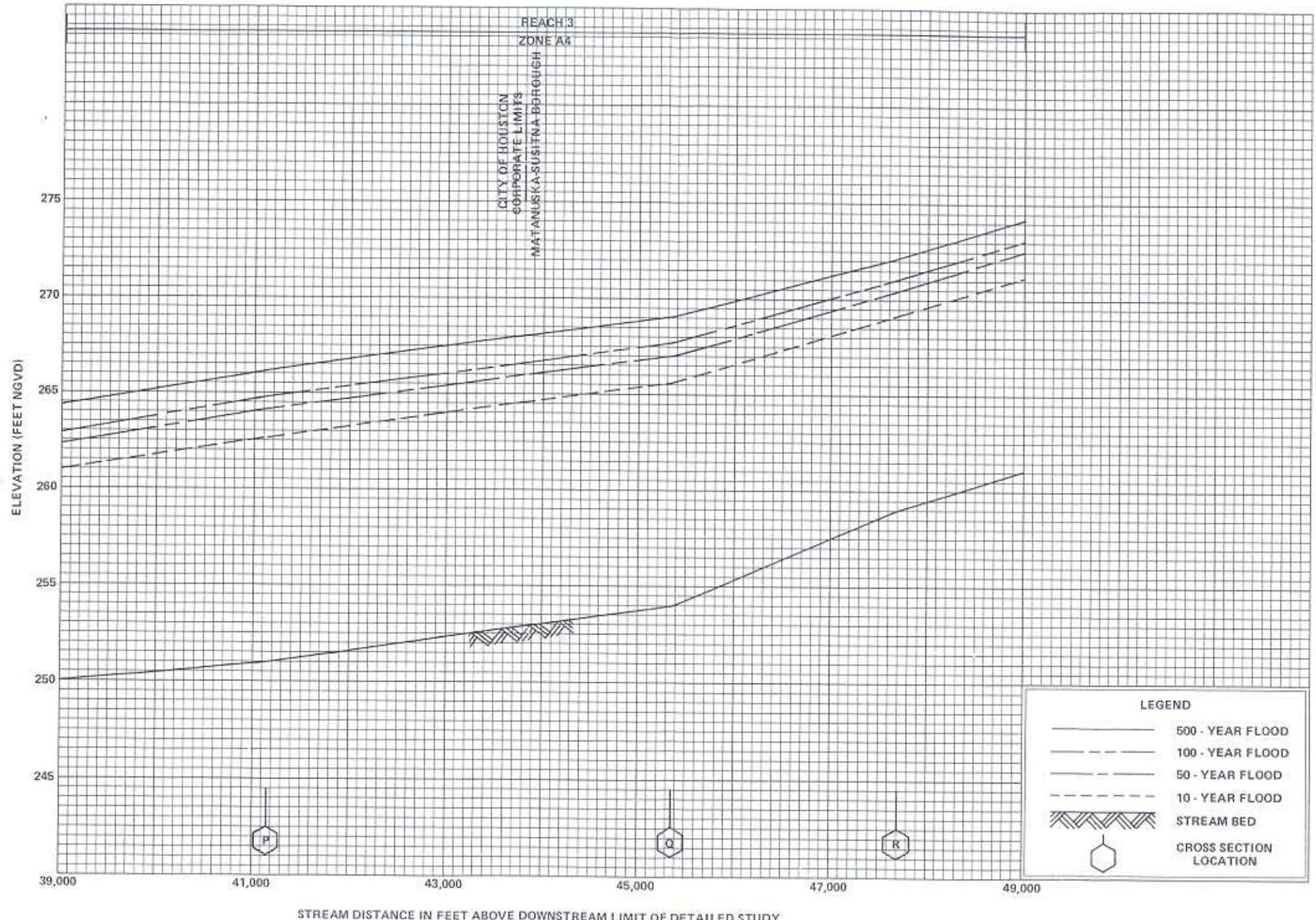


FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
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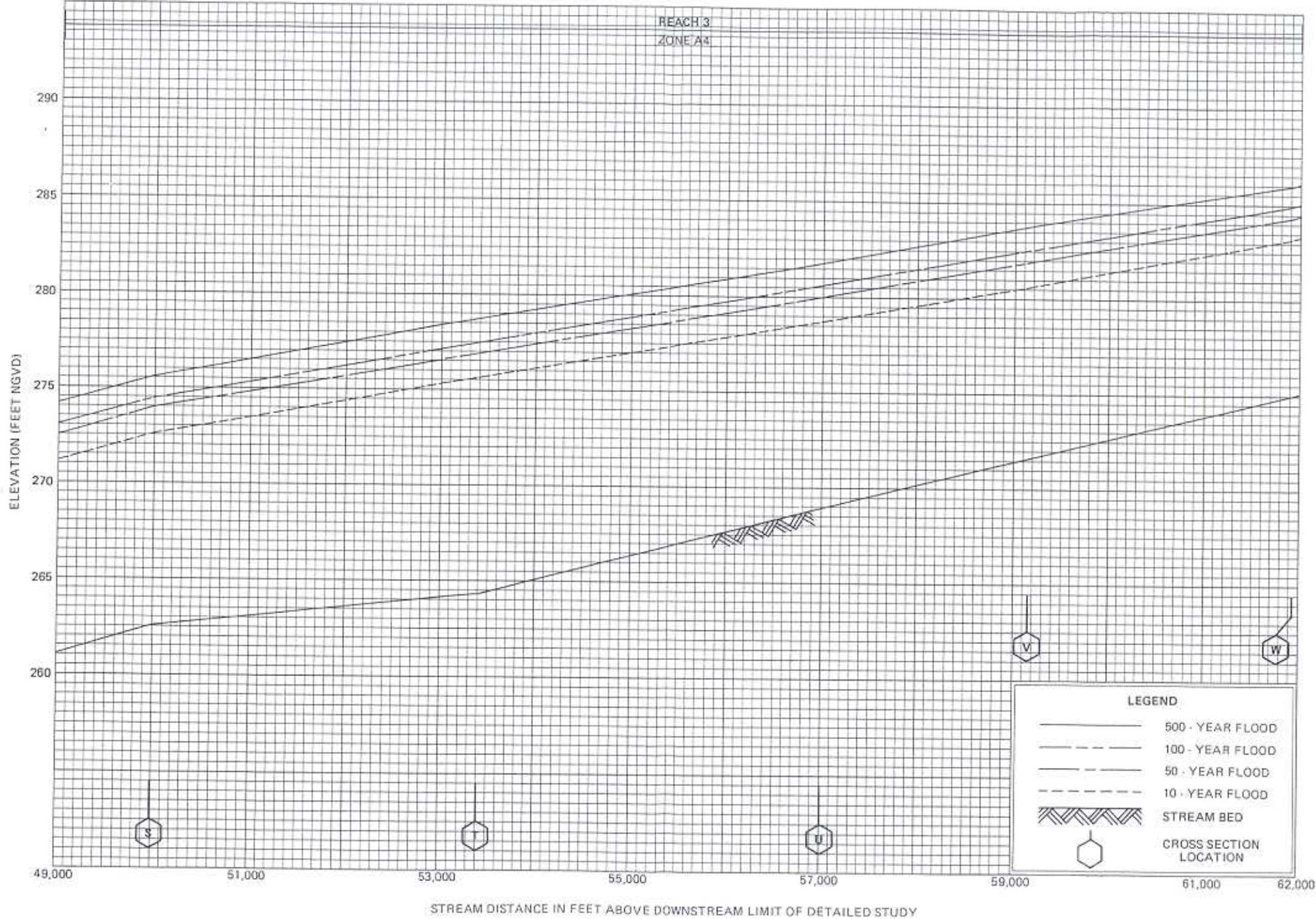




FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

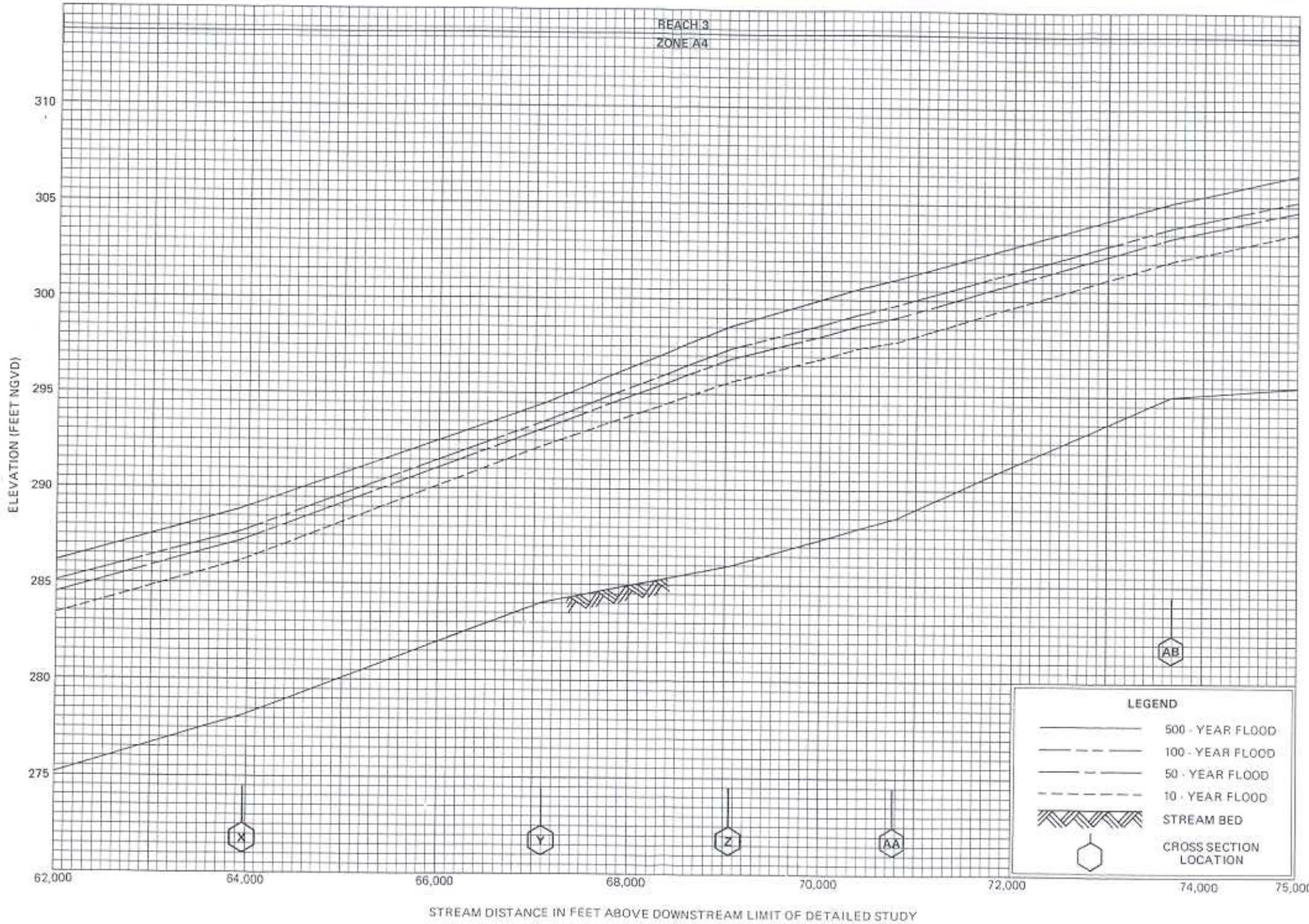
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FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

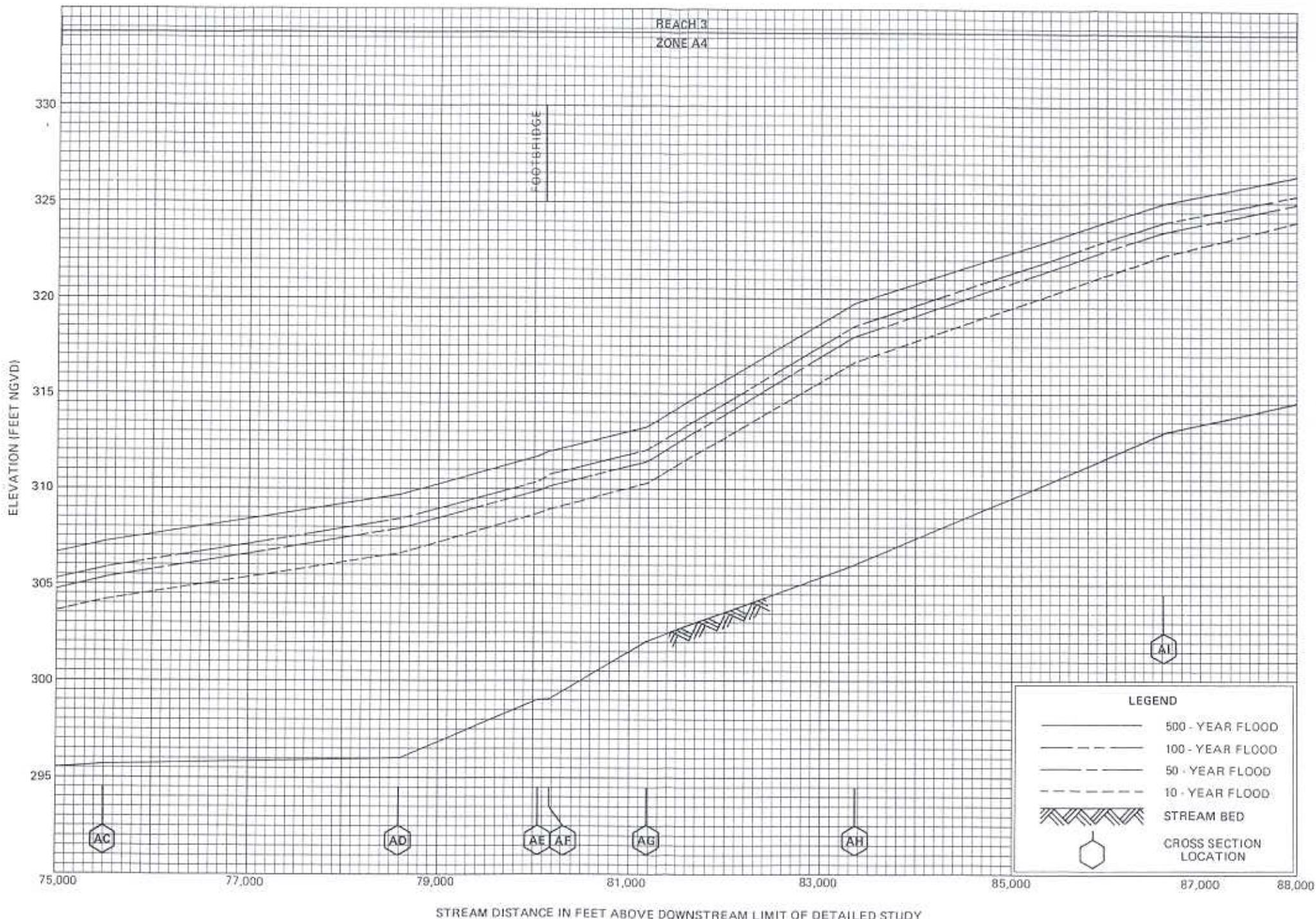
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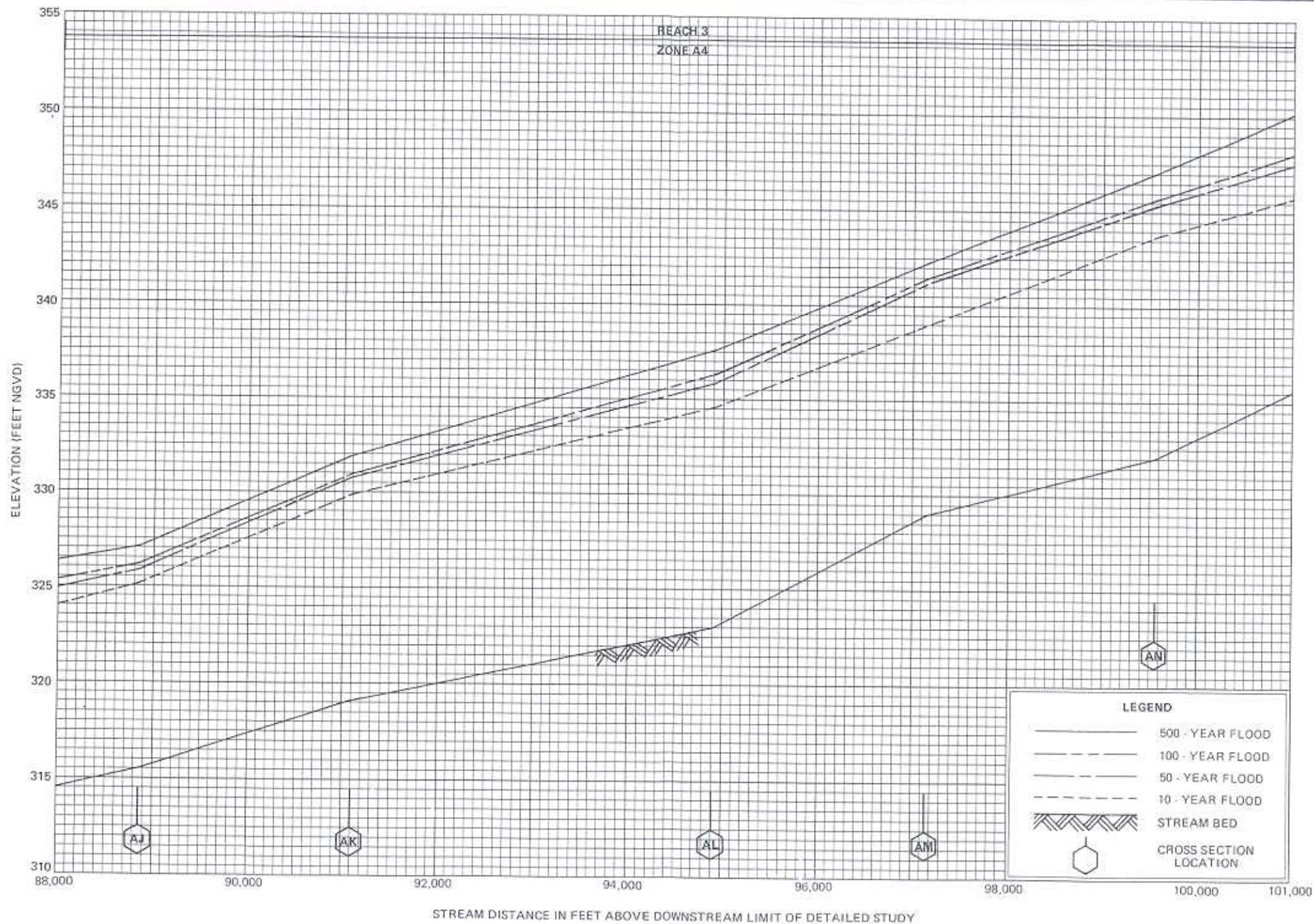
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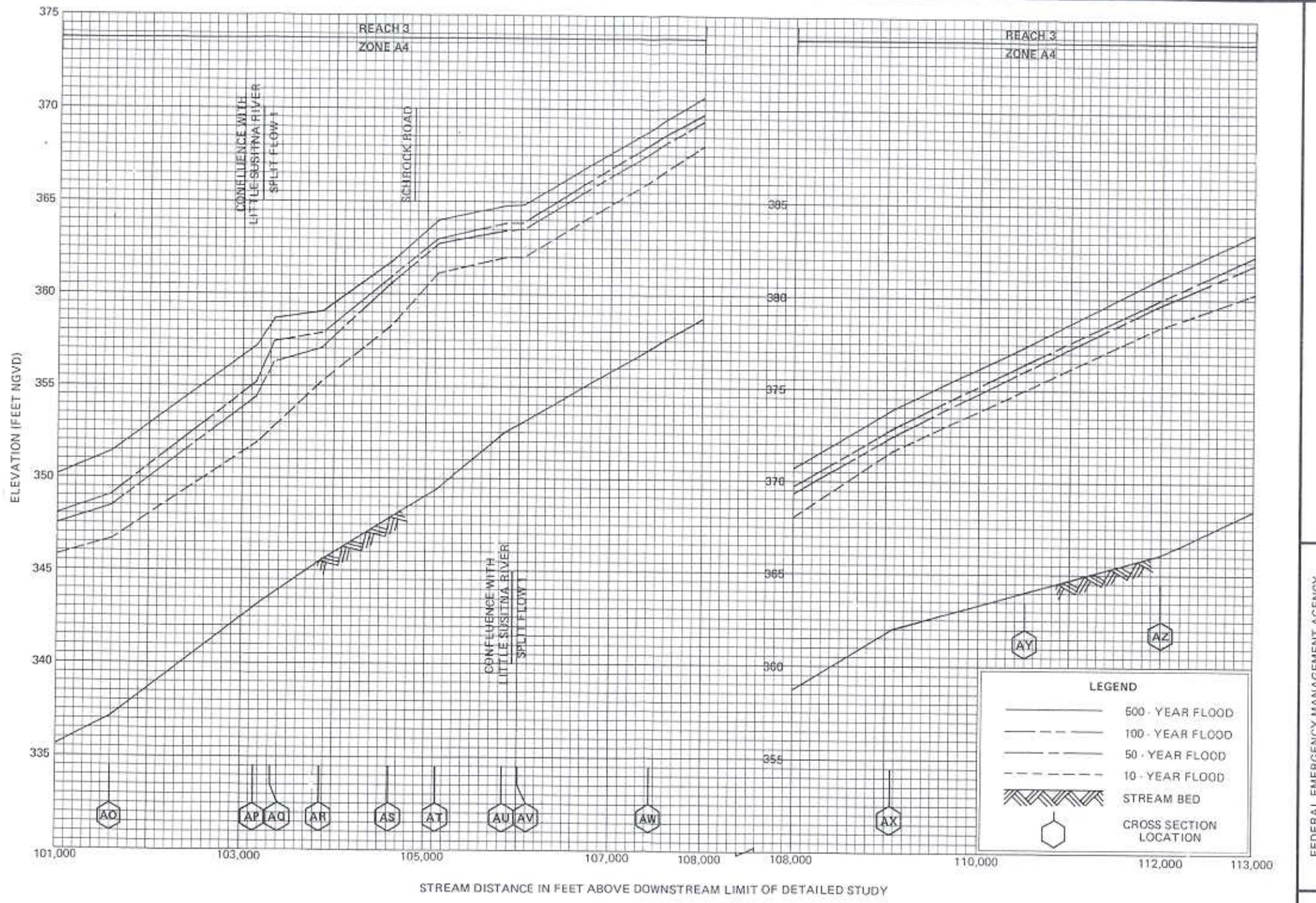
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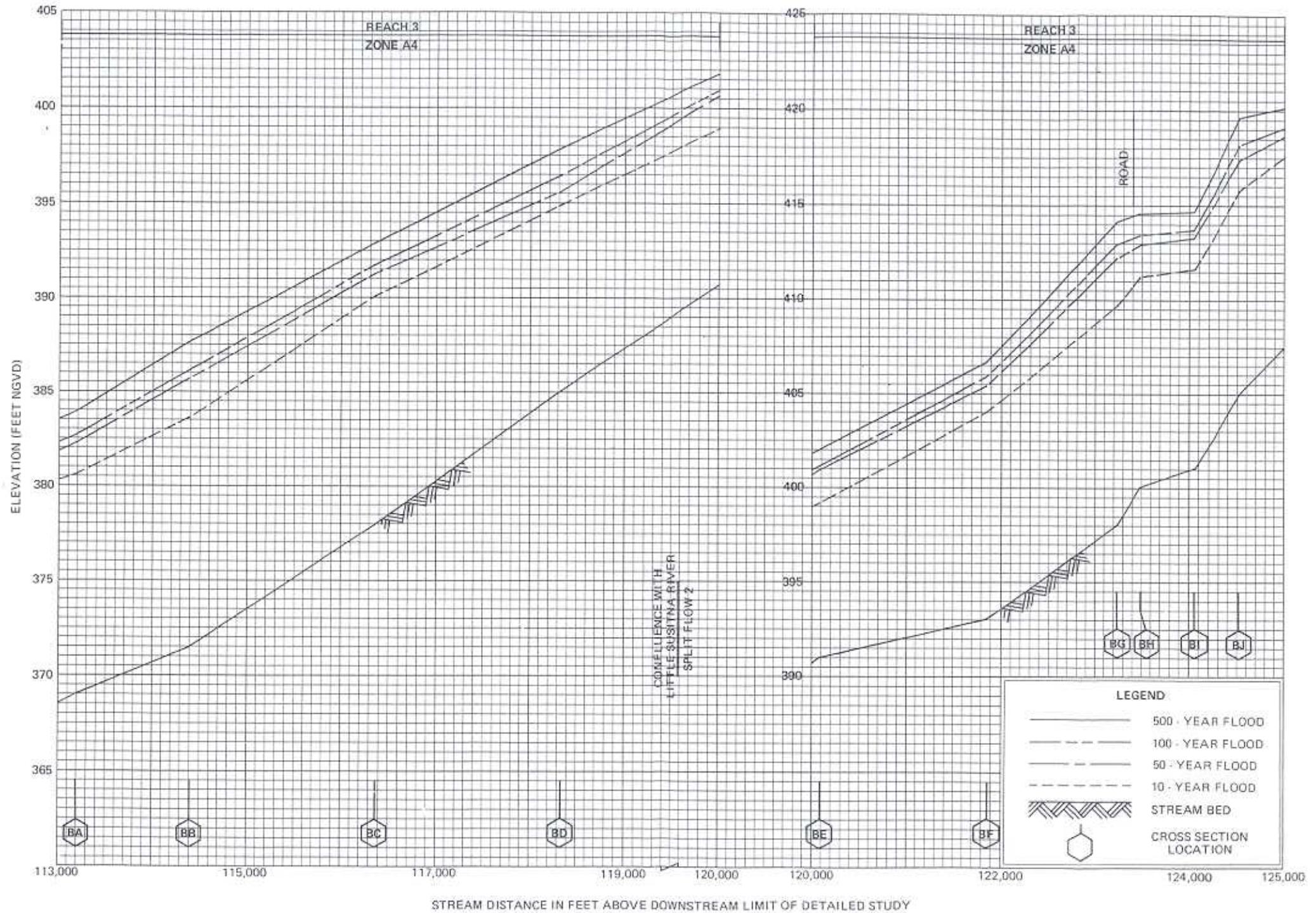
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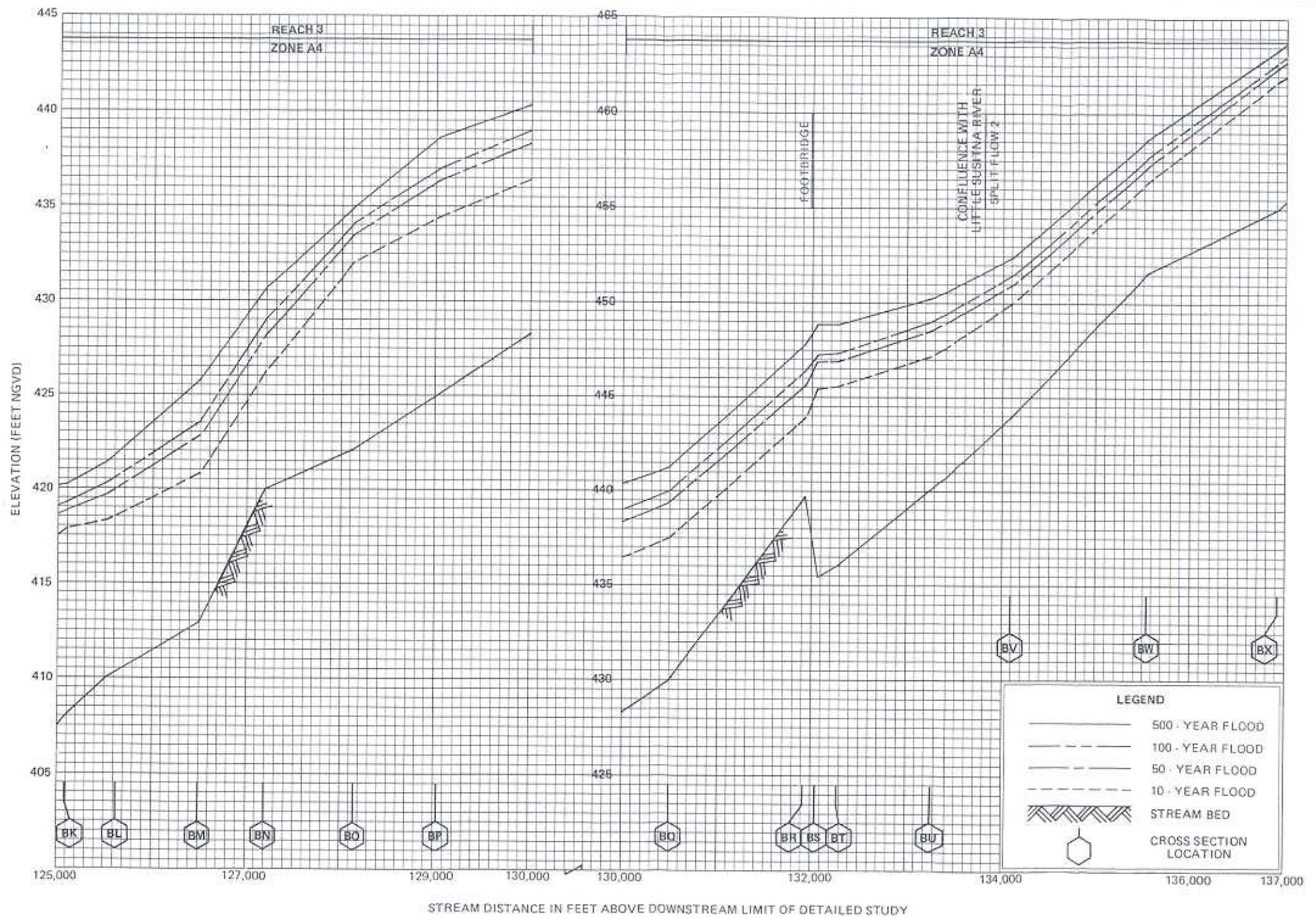
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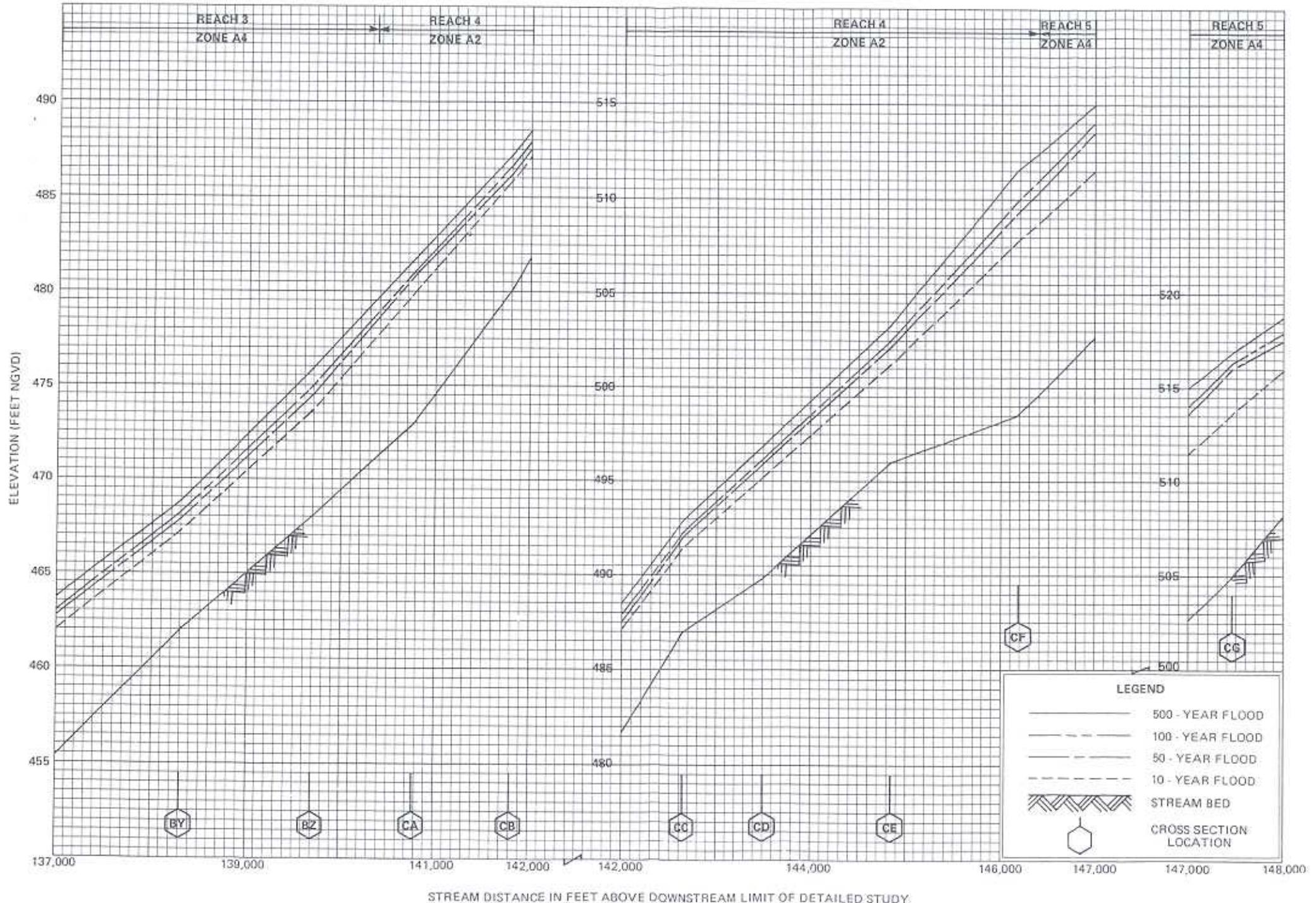


FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

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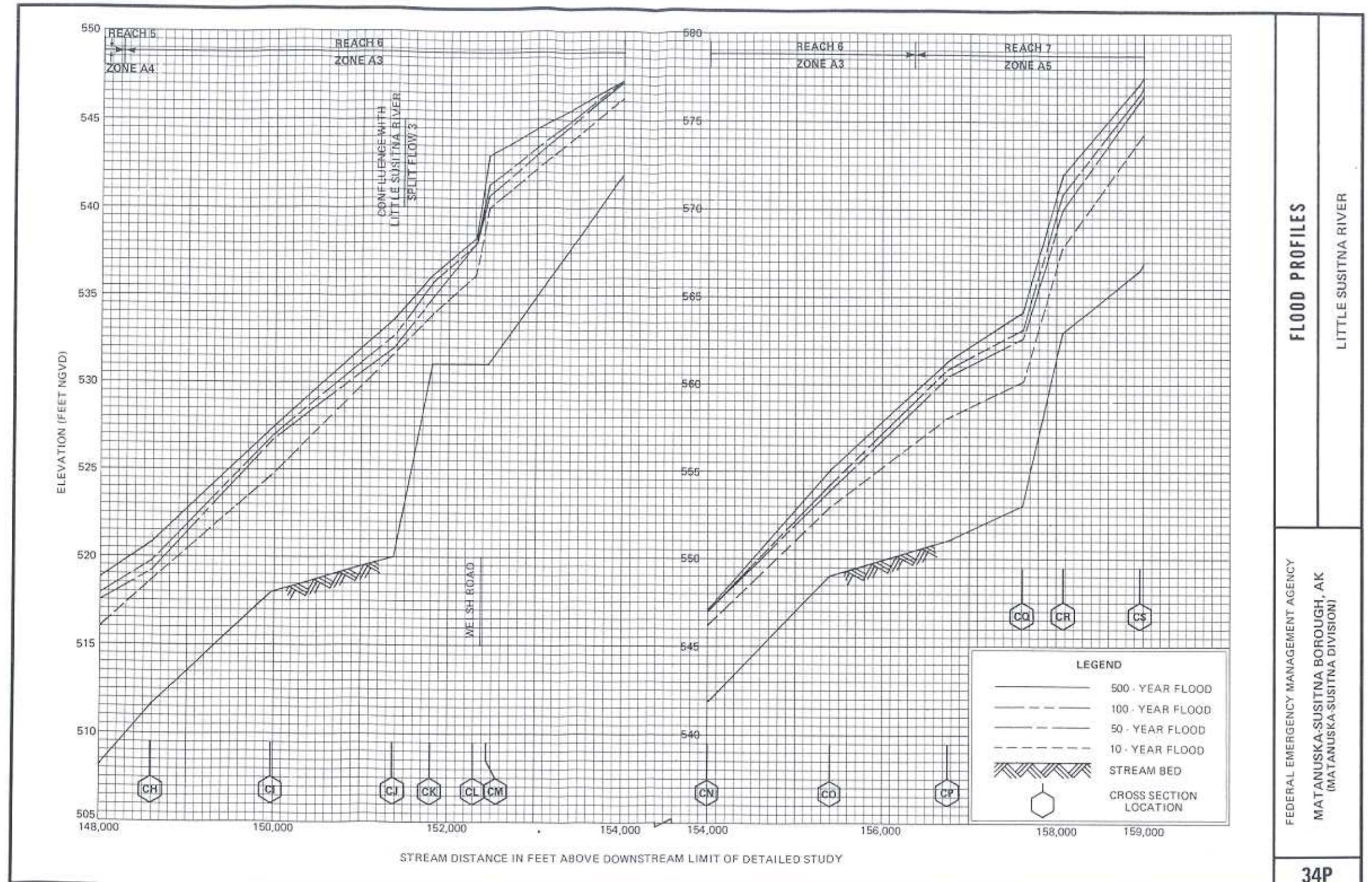


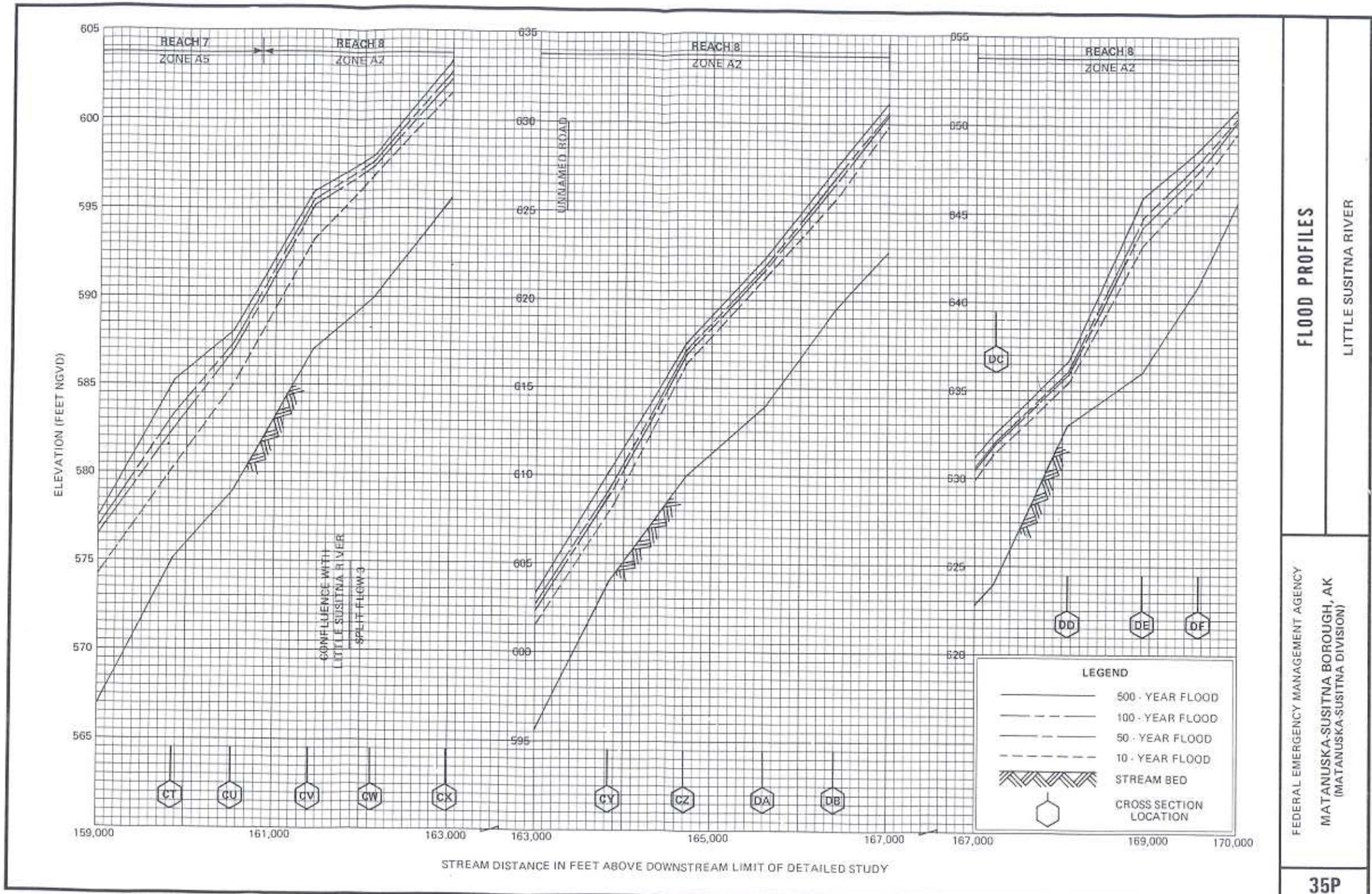


FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

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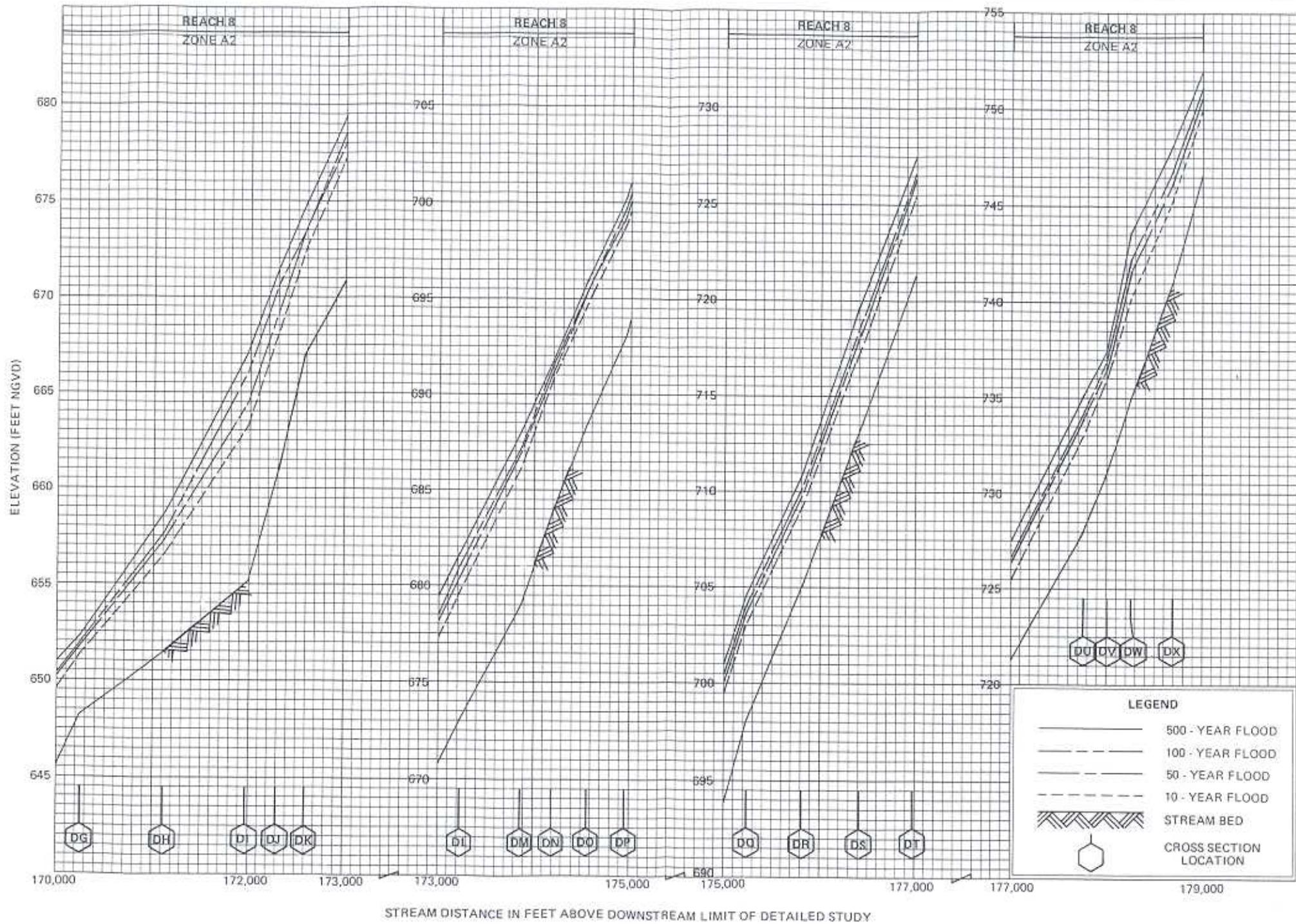


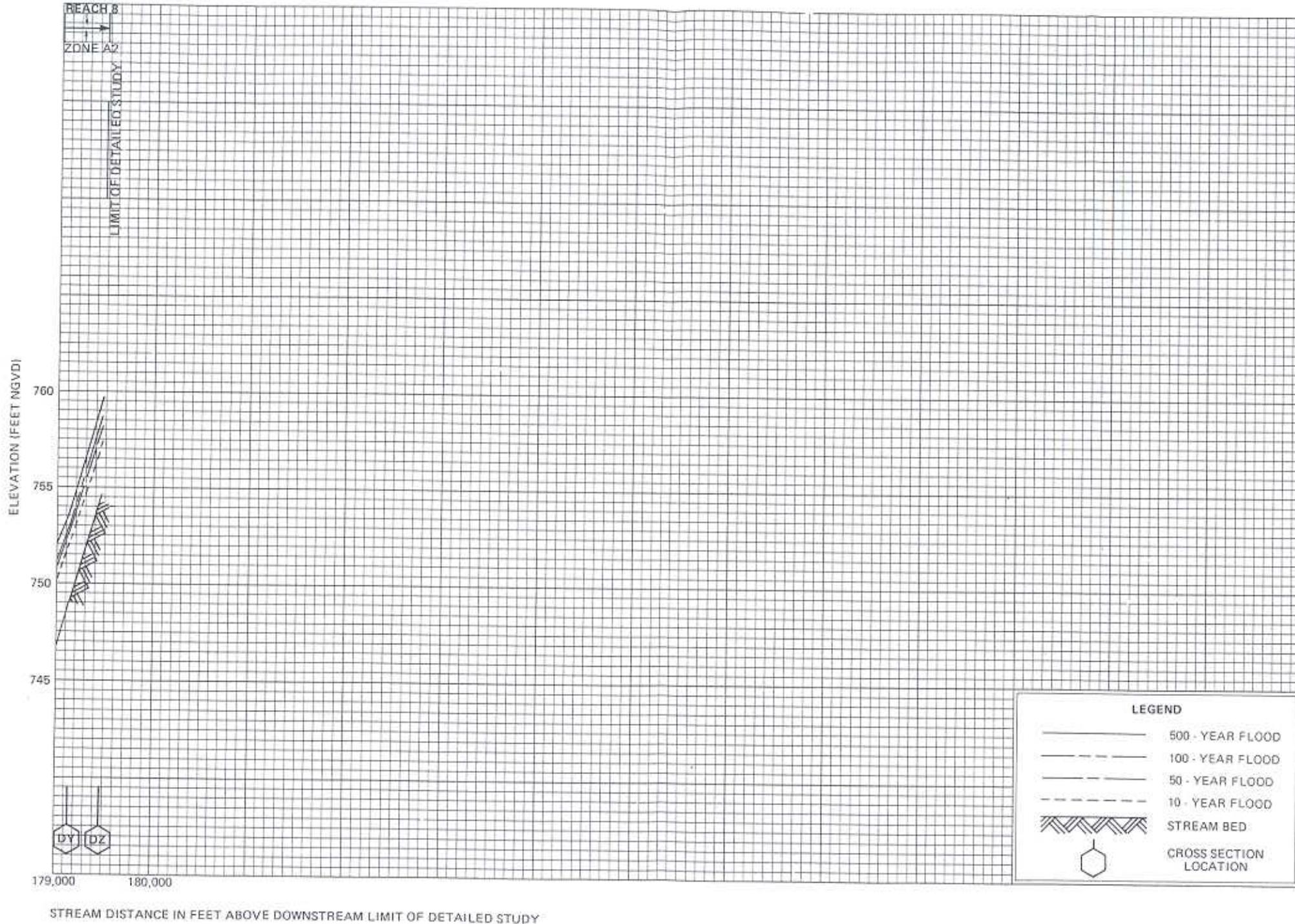
FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
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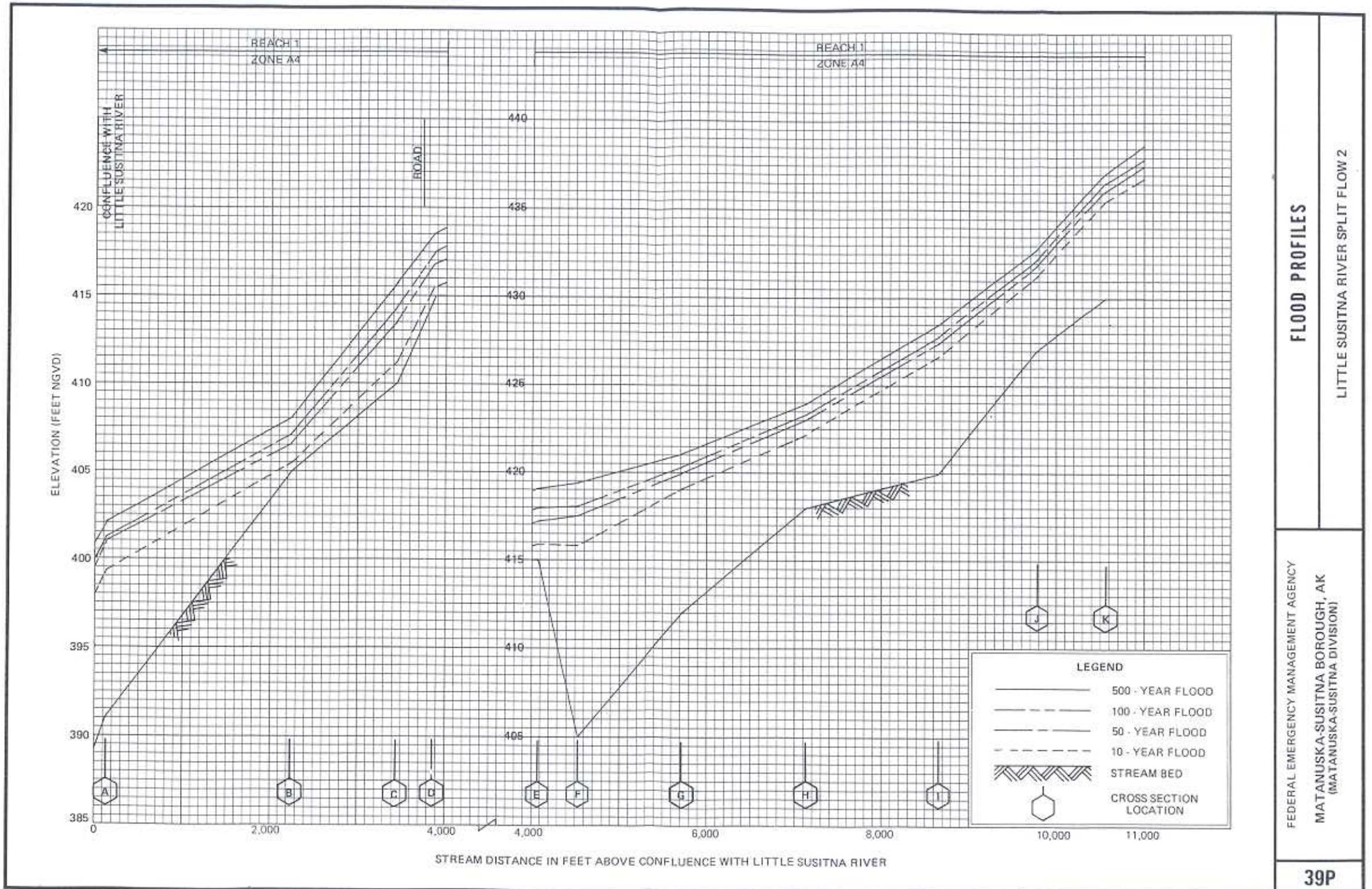
FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER SPLIT FLOW 1

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
(MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION)



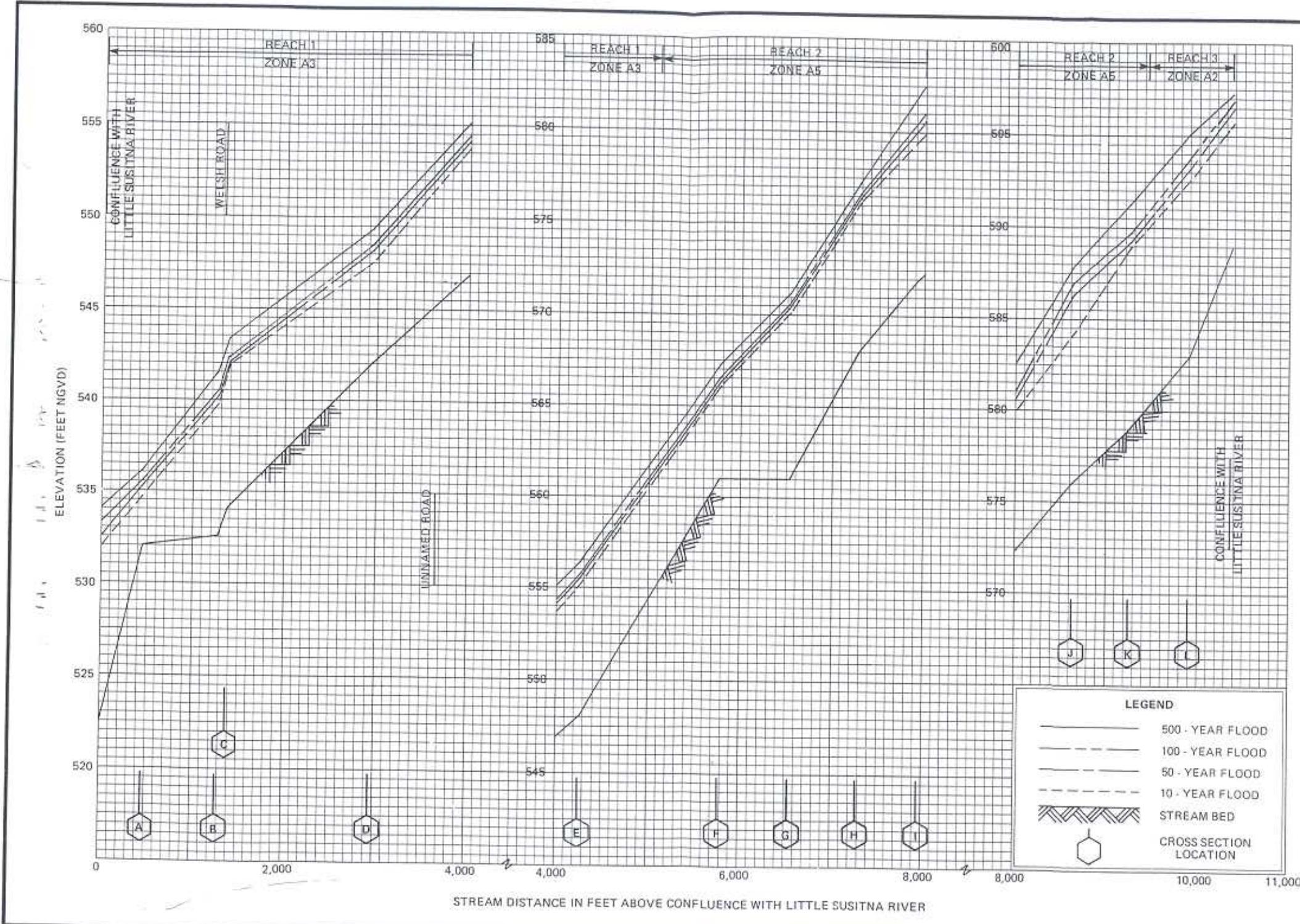




FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH, AK
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FLOOD PROFILES

LITTLE SUSITNA RIVER SPLIT FLOW 2



FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
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