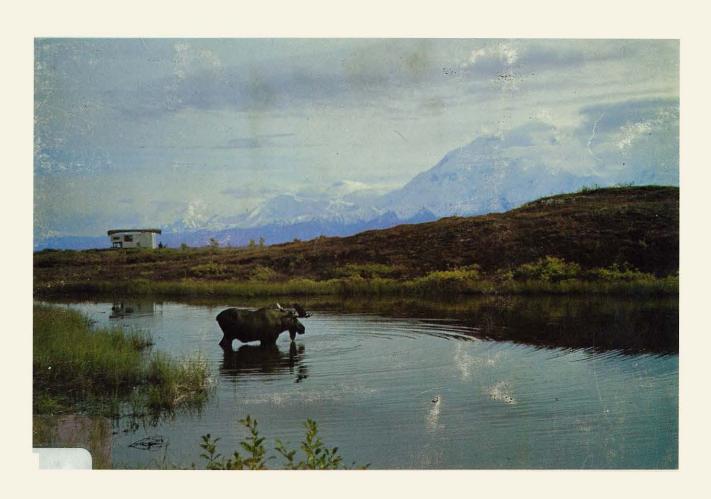
STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

ALASKA OUTDOOR RECREATION PLAN

VOLUME FOUR, APPENDIXES



ALASKA OUTDOOR RECREATION PLAN

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CONSULTANT'S LETTER OF INTRODUCTION TO ALASKANS WITH OUTDOOR RECREATION RESPONSIBILITIES

Exhibit B-1 contains the letter of introduction sent in to the Alaska

Outdoor Recreation Council and other Alaskans with outdoor recreation
responsibilities to solicit their ideas on outdoor recreation planning.

Cresap, McCormick and Paget

206 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 • Telephone: (415) 781-8421 • Cable: Consultant-Sanfrancisco

San Francisco · Los Angeles · New York · Washington Chicago · Munich

We are writing you to enlist your help in preparing a comprehensive outdoor recreation plan for Alaska.

As you may know, a formal plan is necessary if the State is to maintain its eligibility for continued participation in the Federal Land and Water Conservation Fund. Our firm has undertaken an assignment to work with Ted Smith of the Branch of Parks and Recreation of the Department of Natural Resources to prepare a new plan. Because of your involvement with outdoor recreation in Alaska, we are interested in your ideas as well as those of your associates on this important subject. The attached sheet explains the background of the project and poses significant preliminary questions.

You may have already met members of the CMP staff during our study of tourism. In coming months, Bill Crandall, Steve Pease or myself from CMP as well as representatives of the Branch of Parks and Recreation may be contacting you to collect information and solicit your suggestions on the future development of Alaska's recreation facilities. Since we cannot call on everyone, we encourage you to contact Ted Smith's office to voice your opinions or offer suggestions. So we can carefully process your ideas, we would appreciate having them in writing.

Thank you for your interest, and your assistance on behalf of the people of Alaska.

Best regards,

Norman P. Clement, Jr. Partner

cc/Mr. Theodore G. Smith Chief, Parks & Recreation

BACKGROUND ON ALASKA'S OUTDOOR RECREATION PLAN

OUTDOOR RECREATION PLANNING

The Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1964 provides for joint Federal and state participation in planning, acquiring and developing outdoor recreation areas and facilities. To become eligible for Federal participation in these acquisition and development projects, a state must prepare and maintain a comprehensive statewide outdoor recreation plan which meets the requirements of the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation. To quote the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation Grants-In-Aid Manual, "this plan shall be, in essence, an orderly statement of:

- A. Present and projected demand for outdoor recreation;
- B. Present and potential supply of outdoor recreation resources, including an inventory and classification of areas;
- C. Present and projected needs for resources, facilities and programs determined by relating demand to supply of outdoor recreation resources;
- D. A program of implementation to meet these needs."

ALASKA'S PLAN

The State of Alaska submitted its original plan, Alaska's Public Outdoor Recreation Plan, in September of 1965. In October 1966, a revised plan was presented to the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation, and subsequently approved. To further strengthen the demand portion of this plan, the Alaska Outdoor Recreation Demand Survey was conducted in 1966-67 to obtain better information on resident preferences and participation in outdoor recreation. Results of this survey have been briefly summarized but have not yet been completely evaluated. In 1967, a survey of nonresident demand was conducted by the Alaska Travel Division of the Department of Economic Development. A second, more comprehensive nonresident survey may be conducted this summer.

KEY AREAS OF INTEREST

The primary purpose of this project is to prepare by July 1969 a comprehensive and imaginative Statewide plan for Alaska, which builds

upon the State's previous plans. The plan should provide a program for the orderly development of Alaska's outdoor resources to meet the growing needs of residents and nonresidents for the next five years and beyond, while also protecting the State's outstanding natural resources.

We are particularly interested in the ideas which you or your associates may have on the following subjects:

- In addition to meeting the requirements spelled out in the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation Grants-In-Aid Manual, what other objectives should the plan have?
- What are Alaska's key short- and long-run outdoor recreation needs?
- What special problems does Alaska have in developing her outdoor recreation resources?
- What criteria should be used in evaluating alternative outdoor recreation projects and programs, e.g., resident vs. tourist needs, and so on?
- What is the appropriate form of organization for outdoor recreation planning, development and administration in Alaska?

We are very interested in your response to these difficult but important questions.

OUTDOOR RECREATION COUNCIL MEETING

As you may know, Ted Smith will be calling a meeting of the Alaska Outdoor Recreation Council in May. He will be sending you an agenda shortly. At that meeting we will explain our approach to preparing the plan and will have the opportunity to meet with you and discuss these issues. We look forward to seeing you then. Meanwhile, if you have any preliminary comments or suggestions, please send them to Ted Smith's office, Branch of Parks and Recreation, 344 Sixth Avenue, Anchorage, Alaska 99501.

FORMS USED FOR COLLECTING THE INVENTORY OF SUPPLY AND DETERMINING RECREATION-RELATED RESPONSIBILITIES OF AGENCIES AND ORGANIZATIONS

This appendix contains the following four documents which were sent to all public, private and quasi-public organizations dealing in outdoor recreation, in order to determine the total supply of the State's recreational areas and the extent of recreational responsibilities of the organizations surveyed:

- Exhibit C-1 A letter of introduction which accompanied the documents.
- Exhibit C-2 A list of definitions of terms used on the recreational areas and facilities inventory form.
- Exhibit C-3 The inventory forms on which data were collected to measure the supply of the State's recreation areas and facilities.
- Exhibit C-4 The form used to collect information on the recreation-related responsibilities and activities of the organizations surveyed.

STATE OF ALASKA

KEITH H. MILLER, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

DIVISION OF LANDS

344 SIXTH AVENUE --- ANCHORAGE 99501

As you may know the State of Alaska is now working to update Alaska's Outdoor Recreation Plan. We would appreciate your help in this effort.

The completed Plan can help the State take advantage of its unique opportunities to develop a system of recreation areas and facilities second to none. The Plan will also contain valuable information concerning Alaska's outdoor recreation needs and opportunities which may be of significant interest to you as you plan the development of your facilities.

In order to develop a sound plan we need accurate information about the existing supply. Would you please take the time to fill out this inventory form and return it by August 1 in the enclosed stamped, self-addressed envelope to the Branch of Parks and Recreation. Also enclosed with the form are definitions and a map to which you should refer as you fill in the requested information. Some of the blanks on your form may be filled in as a result of the information you have previously sent us. Please note any changes or corrections in red pencil.

The information we collect will remain confidential as to source but will be available to all citizens of the state in summary form. No names of individuals or businesses will be used.

We appreciate your cooperation in completing the form and encourage you to jot any ideas or comments you may have regarding the Plan's objectives, problem areas or any other pertinent subject Page Two

June 12, 1968

on the reverse side of the form. If you have any questions about the project or the form, please do not hesitate to contact the Branch of Parks and Recreation. We will be happy to answer your questions.

With your assistance we can make Alaska a truly unique recreation resource.

Yours truly,

THEODORE G. SMITH Chief, Parks and Recreation

BY: NAT GOODHUE

Assistant Recreation Planner

NG/dk

enclosures

TATE OF ALASKA

WALTER J. HICKEL, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

DIVISION OF LANDS / 344-6th AVENUE — ANCHORAGE 99501

June 14, 1968

As you may know the State of Alaska is now working with the consulting firm of Cresap, McCormick and Paget to update Alaska's Outdoor Recreation Plan. An updated plan is required if the State is to maintain its eligibility for continued participation in the Federal Land and Water Conservation Fund. We would greatly appreciate your help in updating two key elements of the plan, the inventory of recreation areas and facilities and the statement of activities and responsibilities in outdoor recreation planning and development.

The Inventory of Supply

Enclosed is a supply of inventory forms together with a map and set of definitions which we believe will be helpful in completing the forms. We would appreciate having one form filled out for each named area which is administered by your agency or group. On the form we ask for the location, size and facilities of the area. Some of the blanks on your form may be filled in as a result of the information you have already sent to us. Please note any changes or corrections in red pencil. We would appreciate it if you would return the completed forms by August 1st to us in the enclosed stamped, self addressed envelope.

Responsibilities and Activities in Outdoor Recreation

The second form which is enclosed is for a brief explanation of the responsibilities and activities of your group or agency in the field of outdoor recreation. We do not require a lengthy, detailed statement but would prefer a short statement of the work your people do regarding:

- responsibilities for outdoor recreation planning
- responsibilities for development and maintenance of outdoor recreation areas or facilities

Page Two

June 14, 1968

- key programs or projects related to outdoor recreation
- other activities by your agency related to outdoor recreation
- relationships with other agencies in these plans and programs

As with the inventory forms, we request that these forms be returned to our office by August 1st.

We appreciate your cooperation in completing these forms and encourage you to jot any ideas or comments you may have regarding the Plan's objectives, problem areas or any other pertinent subject on the reverse side of the inventory form. If you have any questions about the project or the form please do not hesitate to contact our offices in Anchorage. We will be happy to answer your questions.

With your assistance we can make Alaska a truly unique recreation resource.

Yours truly,

THEODORE G. SMITH Chief, Parks & Recreation

nat Dordhue

BY: NAT GOODHUE

Assistant Recreation Planner

NG/dk

enclosures

State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources Branch of Parks & Recreation 344 Sixth Avenue - Anchorage, Alaska 99501

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED ON THE INVENTORY FORM

(Numbers used below relate to the reference numbers on the Inventory Form)

- One form should be filled out for each named outdoor recreation area and each named site. In the case of a large area which includes a number of developed sites or a park system which includes a number of parks, a form should be filled out for every named developed site or area in addition to a summary form which covers both the developed and undeveloped areas.
- 2b. Geographical coordinates in degrees and minutes are needed for developed sites only.
- 3. "Local" refers to borough and city governments.
 "Quasi Public" refers to non-government, non-profit organizations, such as fair boards, dog mushers associations, service organizations, etc.
 "Private" refers to commercial enterprises.
- 6. A park or recreation area may include acreage falling within one or more of the following BOR classes:

Class I - High Density Recreation Areas

Areas intensively developed and managed for mass use can include picnic grounds, swimming beaches, and play fields.

Class II - General Outdoor Recreation Areas

Areas within an attractive natural or man-made setting subject to substantial development for a wide variety of specific recreation uses. Relatively accessible to population centers. Developments include campgrounds, trails, ski tows, golf courses, etc.

Class III - Natural Environment Areas

Areas suitable for recreation in a natural environment and usually in combination with other uses such as watershed protection, grazing, lumbering, and mining, provided such activities are managed as to retain the attractiveness of the natural setting. Developments may include access roads, trails, and minimum sanitation facilities.

Class IV - Unique Natural Areas

Areas of outstanding scenic splendor, natural wonder, or scientific importance. Located where unique natural features are found. Facilities, other than trails and sanitary facilities, should not be in the immediate vicinity of the unique natural features.

Class V - Primitive Areas

Undisturbed roadless areas, characterized by natural wild conditions. Usually no development of public roads, permanent habitations, or recreation facilities except trails. Except to manage the area, no mechanized equipment is allowed.

Class VI - Historic and Cultural Sites

Sites of major historic or cultural significance. Development should not detract from the historic or cultural values of the site.

- scheduled and, funds permitting, will be completed within five years.
 - 7. If a specific mode of travel is used, horses or dog team for example, it should be noted beside the appropriate type of access.
 - 8. e. and y. "Developed Campgrounds" are served by roads, "Remote Campgrounds" by trails.
 - f. "Group Campgrounds" refer to those developed for group use, such as Boy Scouts, which often can be measured by beds or sleeping spaces provided.
 - h. Swimming Beaches: square feet for swimming pools.
 - i. Bathhouse: "units" refer to number of spaces to change clothes.
 - q. "Playgrounds" refer to neighborhood tot lots, etc.
 - x. Because some trails provide for multiple use, such as cross-country skiing in winter and horseback riding in summer, the sum of x.(1) through x.(7) can exceed the "total" miles of trails.
 - z. Do not fill out a separate form for those named areas which are not extensively developed. Summarize the underdeveloped areas on one form, the developed areas on separate forms, and then combine all areas on a summary form.

Please fill out a separate form for each roadside rest area or scenic turnout which is extensively developed. The underdeveloped sites within each of the five regions (see map) can be summarized on a single form for each region.

STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES BRANCH OF PARKS AND RECREATION 344 Sixth Avenue - Anchorage, Alaska 99501

INVENTORY AND CLASSIFICATION OF EXISTING OUTDOOR RECREATION AREAS AND FACILITIES (Please see attached sheet of definitions)

1.	Name or Ide	entification of Area						
2.	a. Locat	ion of Largest Part o	f Area (See	attac	hed map)	2.	b. Coord	linates
	Region	Census District	Borough		City	,	Latitude o '	Longitude
3.	Ownership:	FederalState_	Local_	Qı	uasi Publi	с	Private	
4.	Name of Op	erator or Administeri	ng Agency	, , ,				**************************************
						Le	eave Blank	
5.	a. Acrea b. Acrea c. Acrea	t Full Acre or Mile) ge within area which ge within area which ge within area which of stream	is permanen				g, marsh) Total Ac	Acres Acres Acres Miles
6.		tion of area accordir 6a-6f should equal 5a		of Ou	tdoor Recr	eation	n classifica	tion system
			, 50,				Program	Additions med for ve Years
	С	lass		:	In Present Condition		*	ank if no Programmed)
	(See Attac	hed Definitions)			(Acres)		(Acr	
		ty Recreation Areas		a.			h.	
	<u>Class II</u> General Ou	tdoor Recreation Area	ıs	ь.			i.	
	Class III Natural En	vironment Areas		c.			j.	
	Class IV Unique Nat	unal Amana					k.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·	Class V	urai Areas		d.			κ.	
	Primitive A	Areas		e.			1.	
		nd Cultural Sites		f.	<u></u>		m.	
	Total			g.			n.	
7.	Which of t	he Following Provides	Access to	the Ar	ea: (Chec	k One	or More)	-
	. Road or Hi	ghwayWater_	Ai	r	Trail	<u>.</u>		

8.	Recreation Facilities				· ·
		Exi	sting		rammed Five Years
	Facilities	Units	Size	Units	Size
а.	Historic & Nature Sites and Visitor Centers	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
b.	Hotels, Motels & Lodges	Bldgs	Site Acreage	Bldgs	Site Acreage
c.	Cabins	Bldgs Beds	Site Acreage	Bldgs Beds	Site Acreage
d.	Warm-Up Huts	Bldgs. Simultaneous Capacity	Site Acreage	Bldgs Simultaneous Capacity	Site Acreage
e.	Campgrounds-Developed Area	Sites Total Units	Acres	Sites Total Units	Acres
f.	Campgrounds-Group Camping	Beds	Acres	Beds	Acres
g.	Picnic Areas	Sites Total Units	Acres	Sites Total Units	Acres
h.	Swimming Beaches (and Pools)	Number	Sq. Ft. Frontage	Number	Sq. Ft. Frontage Ft.
i	Bathhouses	Units		Units	
j.	Rifle & Archery Ranges: Skeet and Trap Fields	Sites	Acres	Sites	Acres
k.	Golf Courses	Holes	Acres	Holes	Acres
1.	Tennis Courts	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
m.	Baseball & Softball Diamonds	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
n.	Football Fields	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
٥.	Soccer Fields	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
р.	Track & Field Areas	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
q.	Playgrounds	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
r.	Other Outdoor Game Areas	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
s.	Outdoor Cultural & Sports Viewing Areas	Number of Seats	Acres	Number of Seats	Acres

<u> </u>		Exi	sting		rammed
		Units	Size	For Next F Units	ive Years Size
t.	Hockey, Figure and Speedskating Rinks	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
u.	Toboggan, Sled and Luge Hills	Number	Acres	1	Acres Vert. Decent (ft.)
v.	Ski Jumps	Number	Acres Length (ft.)	Number	Acres Length (ft.)
w.	(1) Downhill Ski Slopes	Number	Acres Slope Length (ft.) Vert. Decent (ft.)	-	Acres Slope Length (ft.) Vert. Decent (ft.)
-	(2) Mechanical Ski Lifts	Number Capacity Per Hr	Length Vert. Rise (ft.)	Number Capacity Per Hr	Length Vert. Rise (ft.)
x.	Trails (1) Cross-country Skiing (2) Hiking (3) Horseback Riding (4) Canoeing (5) Snow Mobile (6) Bicycle Paths (7) Other Total	Miles		Miles	
у.	Campgrounds-Remote Wilderness	Sites Total Units	Acres	Sites Total Units	Acres
z.	Scenic Turnouts and Roadside Rest Areas	Number	Parking Spaces	Number	Parking Spaces
aa.	Boat Launching Ramps	Launching Spaces	Site Acreage	Launching Spaces	Site Acreage
bb.	Marina Slips	Number		Number	
cc.	Moorings	Number		Number	
dd.	Airstrips	Number	Runway Length (ft.)	Number	Runway Length (ft.)
9.	Total Number of Visits to This Are (Please check the appropriate blar or derived from an actual count.) Day Visits Estimate Count	nk to indicate w	whether the f		
Ple	ase place any comments you may have	e on the revers	e side of thi	s page.	

ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF LANDS PARKS AND RECREATION SECTION

344 SIXTH AVENUE ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501

OUTDOOR RECREATION RELATED RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACTIVITIES

1.	1. Name of Agency or Group:	
2.	2. Address:	
۷.	z, Audiess:	
3.	3. Type of Agency: (Please check one)	
	Federal State Borough City Quasi Public Private	
4.	4. Purpose of the Agency:	
	Outdoor recreation is a primary purpose of the agency Outdoor recreation is a secondary purpose of the agency	
5.	5. Statement of outdoor recreation related responsibilities and activities: (Please cover the agency's responsibilities for planning, development and maintenance of areas and facilities, key programs or projects related to outdoor recreation, other activities by the agency related to outdoor recreation, and relationships with other agencies in recreation planning and programming.)	
<u></u>	(Over)	į

5.	(continued)	Statement	of outdo	or recreat	ion relat	ed respons	ibilities	and a	ctivities	s :
			•							
		,								
									W.	legii Ax
									4	₹5. 13
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	Are there as	6		or project	e which w	2117 670112	0 400n011	rould	he .	
0.	interested	in pursuing	g: yes_	no	–	our group	or agency	would	DE	
	If yes, plea	ase explain	n:							
										ĺ
•										
										ļ
١.										
l										
	Date	41121-1754 T- PR. 2				Signature	and Title	e		
	Date					Signature	and Title	e		

The following Exhibit presents the programmed inventories which were collected in conjunction with the inventory of recreation-related areas and facilities located in Alaska. These programmed inventories represent the additional areas and facilities which the public, quasipublic and private sectors have scheduled and, funds permitting, will complete within five years.

Patrick Patr	1									Level of A	dministra	tion			
Pastinite of Native (Sire and Native (Level of A	dministrat	ion	Quasi-			Facilities		Federal	State	Local		Private	Total
Weston Cannow	Facilities	Federal	State	Local	Public	Private	Total								
Number	Historic and Nature Sites and											4_	9		13
Description Comment	Visitor Centers				5	20	25					8	*		8*
September Sept		-:-		-:-	20	*									
Bulkfurge	Lodges and Camps (a)					44	49	Number of Seats					<u>2</u>	==	2
Site Acreage Chaice (open to be public) Buildings Site Acreage Chaice (open to be public) Buildings Site Acreage Site Acr				-:-	150	387	537								
Section Company Section Sect					5	48*	53*	Skating Rinks						_	
Butle Site Acreage 1	Cabins (open to the public)	•			25	69	103				- 1		1	Z	
Warner Plate Secretary Plate Secretary Plate Secretary Plate Secretary		56			120	183*	359*							<u> </u>	
Simultaneous Capacity (b) 24	Site Acreage	1.1			*	50*	61*					<u>2</u>		100	
Simultaneous Capacity (b) 24		6		4		2	12					150*	30	400	180*
Sittle Compromode 36 3 8 14 22 52	Simultaneous Capacity (b)	24		50	_==	90 5*	164								
Number of Campgrounds	Site Acreage	6								 '					26
Acre	Number of Campgrounds	36						Length					20*		20*
Campgrounds - Group Campling		<u>649</u>	<u>756</u>	* 11*								,	2	2	6
Piente Areas	Campgrounds - Group Camping	340 -								===		7	10	*	17*
Piente Areas	Beds			10* 20*	<u> 200</u>							300*	30	*	330*
Number of Plenic Areas											 -	_ <u></u>			
Total Picture Units	Number of Picnic Areas	44										1	1	<u>2</u>	4
Vert. Rise (fit.) Vert		53	122			29*					-	60	<u> 600</u> 500	2600 2600	<u>2900 </u>
Square Feet 100 800 900 900 900 10 10 10 10	Swimming Beaches (and pools)							Vert. Rise (ft.)		===		*	150		950*
Bathouses					100#	900			Miles	410	30	1	6		447
Bathouses				-:-	+ 100+	*	*	Hiking	Miles	144	10	16	7	34	211
Acreage 2 . * * 40* 57 99* Golf Courses Holes					_							_==_		25	115
Acreage 2 . * * 40* 57 99* Golf Courses Holes		1			<u>*</u>						75	11	- 6	10	512
Acreage 2 . * * *40 * 57 * 99 * Golf Courses Holes	and Trap Fields							Bicycle Paths					\Box	===	
Total Miles 48 144		<u></u>		1	<u>3</u>			Other	Wiles						
Acres	Golf Courses	<u>+</u> ,								484	144	*	11_	43	678*
Campsites				- 9	_==					29				2	31
Acres								Campsites		670				40	710
Rest Areas			<u></u>	21	<u>2</u>					58				3	61
Number				12*			12*								
Football Fields	Number	1				3									Z
Number				14*	*	9	24*								
Marina Slips	Number				1		1	Launching Spaces		2	7	5	1		15
Number 1 - 1 Number 60 10 76 146 Fields 8 Moorings Track and Field Areas Number 20 7 170 197 Number 1 - 1 Airstrips Acres 8 Number 1 1 8 10 Playgrounds Rumway Length (ft.) 6 4 6 6					*		*			2	*	13			15
Track and Field Areas Number 20 7 170 197 Number 1 Airstrips Acres 8 Number 1 1 8 10 Playgrounds Runway Length (ft.) 8 9 9	Number				1		1	Number				60.	10	76	146
Number 1 - 1 Airstrips Acres 0 - 8 Number - 1 1 8 10 Playgrounds - Runway Length (ft.) 0 0 0 0			==	===	*	==	*					20	7	170	197
Acres + Number 1 1 8 10 Playgrounds Runway Length (ft.) + + + +					1		1								
FANGE OF THE PARTY	Acres			_==	*		*				_::_	1	1	8	10
				.10	1	4	15	Runway Length (it.)						<u> </u>	 -

NA - Not Available

Acres

^{*} Because inventory forms were not always filled out in detail these numbers represent not a complete tally, but rather a tally of those figures provided.

While in most cases the omissions will have little effect, care should be exercised in developing ratios e.g. acres per visitor center, picnic units per acre, etc. from these numbers.

⁽a) Includes only lodges and camps which are closely connected with outdoor recreation such as fishing camp or hunting lodge; does not include major hotels and motels such as those found in downtown Anchorage.

⁽b) Simultaneous capacity is defined as the number of people which the facility can normally be expected to accommodate at one time.

SOUTHEASTERN PROGRAMMED INVENTORY OF OUTDOOR RECREATION RELATED FACILITIES AND AREAS

									Level of	Administra	ution			
	Level of A	dministrat	ion					Devel or a	ZOTITITIES EX O	- LIOIL	Quasi-			
				Quasi-	D	Total	<u>Facilities</u>		Federal	State	Local	Public	Private	Total
Facilities	<u>Federal</u>	State	Local	Public	Private	TOTAL	Other Outdoor Game Areas							
Historic and Nature Sites and							Number				3			3
Visitor Centers							Acres				. 8			8
Number				4		10	Outdoor Cultural and Sports							
Acres				10	<u> </u>	10	Viewing Areas				-(
Lodges and Camps (a)				5	2	7	Number of Seats Acres		-:- -					
Buildings				150	8	158	Hockey, Figure and Speed-							
Beds Site Acreage	-:-		-=-	5	*	5*	Skating Rinks							
Cabins (open to the public)							Number				1			1
Buildings						*	Acres				1			1
Beds					===		Toboggan Sled and Luge Hills							
Site Acreage							Number				2			4_
Warm-Up Huts							Acres		===		3	10 30		13
Buildings				 -			Vert. Desent (ft.)				150*	30		180*
Simultaneous Capacity (b)					==		Ski Jumps Number							
Site Acreage							Acres							
Campgrounds - Developed Area Number of Campgrounds				3		3_	Length			===		==		
Campsites				30	==	30	Downhill Ski Slopes							
Acres				4		4	Number					2		2
Campgrounds - Group Camping						*	Acres		==		===	30	==	10
Beds			* 20			· 20	Slope Length (ft.)		_==	===		30		30
Acres							Vert, Desent (ft.)							
Picnic Areas			5	Z		. 7	Mechanical Ski Lifts Number							
Number of Picnic Areas			90	5	===	95	Capacity per Hour							
Total Picnic Units Acres			30	*	===	30*	Length (ft.)		==			==	==	
Swimming Beaches (and pools)							Vert. Rise (ft.)			==				
Number							Trails							
Square Feet			==				Cross Country Skiing	Miles						
Frontage Feet							Hiking	Miles	·	===	15		25	40
Bathouses				2		2	Horseback Riding	Miles		==	10			15
Units Rifle and Archery Ranges, Skeet				<u>-</u> _			Canoeing Snow Mobiling	Miles Miles					==	
and Trap Fields							Bicycle Paths	Miles					===	
Number of Ranges and Fields			1	2		3	Other	Miles						==
Acreage			*	'40		40*								
Golf Courses							Total	Miles	<u></u>		*	5	25	30_
Holes							Campgrounds - Remote Wilderne						_	
Acres			_==_				Number of Campgrounds		==					
Tennis Courts						7	Campsites							
Number			<u>6</u>		-::-	2*	Acres Scenic Turnouts and Roadside							
Acres Baseball and Softball Diamonds			<u>~</u> _				Rest Areas							
Number			2	6		8	Number							
Acres			4*	*		4*	Parking Spaces							
Football Fields							Boat Launching Ramps							
Number							Launching Spaces				<u> 2</u>			<u>2</u>
Acres							Site Acreage		==		5			5
Soccer Fields							Marina Slips Number				40			۲۵
Number							Number Moorings				60			60
Fields Track and Field Areas					 -		Number				20	2		22
Track and rield Areas							Airstrips							
Acres							Number							
Playgrounds							Runway Length (ft.)			==				
Number			3			3								

NA - Not Available

Acres

^{*} Because inventory forms were not always filled out in detail these numbers represent not a complete tally, but rather a tally of those figures provided. While in most cases the omissions will have little effect, care should be exercised in developing ratios e.g. acres per visitor center, picnic units per acre, etc. from these numbers.

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⁽b) Simultaneous capacity is defined as the number of people which the facility can normally be expected to accommodate at one time.

1							•		Level of A	Administra	tion			
	Level of	dministra	tion									Quasi-		
27 224	Federal	State	Local	Quasi- Public	Private	Total	Facilities	,	Federal	State	Local	Public	Private	Total
Facilities	rederax	State	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Other Outdoor Game Areas							
Historic and Nature Sites and							Number				1	9		10
Visitor Centers						21	Acres				*	*	_==	*
Number				10	20	21 10*	Outdoor Cultural and Sports							
Acres		_ 		10	<u> </u>		Viewing Areas					,		,
Lodges and Camps (a)					30	30	Number of Seats Acres				-:-	*		 -
Buildings Beds					257	257	Hockey, Figure and Speed-			 .				
Site Acreage					31*	31*	Skating Rinks							
Cabins (open to the public)							Number				5	1_	2_	8
Buildings	7			25	38	70 253*	Acres		==		31	*	3	34*
Beds	48	==		120	85* 27*	36*	Toboggan Sled and Luge Hills						_	
Site Acreage	9			<u></u>		30+	Number					- 1	1	2
Warm-Up Hute	6		4		1	11	Acres Vert. Desent (ft.)						400	400*
Buildings Simultaneous Capacity (b)	- 24		50 1*		40	114	Ski Jumps							
Site Acreage	24		1*	==	*	7*	Number					2		2
Campgrounds - Developed Area				. ——			Acres			==		26		26
Number of Campgrounds	32	3	8	11_	12	66	Length					20*	===	20*
Campsites	495	756	75*	40*	217*	1583* 501*	Downhill Ski Slopes							
Acres	300*	152	11*		38*	501-	Number				2	=======================================	2	4_
Campgrounds - Group Camping			10	200	210	420	Acres			==			*	17*
Beds			*	*	2*	2*	Slope Length (ft.) Vert. Desent (ft.)			==	300*		*	300*
Acres Picnic Areas							Mechanical Ski Lifts							-
Number of Picnic Areas	44	3	13	3_	45 243* 18*	108	Number				1	1_	. 2	4
Total Picnic Units	63 53	1216	103	5	243*	1630*	Capacity per Hour				300	600	2000	2900
Acres	53	122	12+		18*	206*	Length (ft.)		===	===	<u>60</u>	600 500	2600	3160
Swimming Beaches (and pools)							Vert, Rise (ft.)			· <u></u>	*	150	800	950
Number				4	*	4*	Trails							
Square Feet	==	===		100*	200	300*	Cross Country Skiing	Miles	410			6_	_==	417
Frontage Feet			==		<u> </u>		Hiking	Miles	_140_			7	5	153
Bathouses	1		. 2	6	10	19	Horseback Riding Canoeing	Miles Miles	80				25	105
Units Rifle and Archery Ranges, Skeet		_==_					Snow Mobiling	Miles	<u>260</u> _410				10	262 422
and Trap Fields							Bicycle Paths	Miles		, <u></u>				1
Number of Ranges and Fields	t			1	4	6	Other	Miles						
Acreage	2				52	54*	*							
Golf Courses							Total	Miles	480	19_	*	6_	*	505
Holes			- 40			- 9	Campgrounds - Remote Wildernes	38					_	
Acres			40				Number of Campgrounds		29					31
Tennis Courts			15	1		16	Campsites Acres		670 58				40	710
Number Acres	 -		10*	*		10*	Scenic Turnouts and Roadside		20					
Baseball and Softball Diamonds				. —			Rest Areas							
Number	1		11	4	1	17	Number		1					1
Acres			10*		2	13*	Parking Spaces		4			==		4
Football Fields			·				Boat Launching Ramps							
Number							Launching Spaces			7	3	1		
Acres	, ===		_==	- -			Site Acreage		===	*	- 8	<u> </u>		8*
Soccer Fields	_			. 1		1	Marina Slips Number					10	75	85
Number Fields		 -		*		*	Moorings						- 13	- 65
Track and Field Areas				_			Number					5	160	165
Number				1		1_	Airstrips							
Acres				*		*	Number					1_	7	- 8
Playgrounds					•	10	Runway Length (ft.)						*	*
Number			7	 1	<u>2</u>	<u>10</u> 5*					_	_		_
4			∠ #	*										

NA - Not Available

Acres

- * Because inventory forms were not always filled out in detail these numbers represent not a complete tally, but rather a tally of those figures provided. While in most cases the omissions will have little effect, care should be exercised in developing ratios e.g. acres per visitor center, picnic units per acre, etc. from these numbers.
- (a) Includes only lodges and camps which are closely connected with outdoor recreation such as fishing camp or hunting lodge; does not include major hotels and motels such as those found in downtown Anchorage.
- (b) Simultaneous capacity is defined as the number of people which the facility can normally be expected to accommodate at one time.

SOUTHWESTERN PROGRAMMED INVENTORY OF OUTDOOR RECREATION RELATED FACILITIES AND AREAS

	Level of	Administra	tion						Level of	Administra	ition			
Facilities	Federal	State	Local	Quasi- Public	Private	Total	Facilities		Federal	State	Local	Quasi- Public	Private	Tota
Historic and Nature Sites and							Other Outdoor Game Areas							
Visitor Centers							Number Acres							
Number							Outdoor Cultural and Sports							
Acres							Viewing Areas							
Lodges and Camps (a)							Number of Seats	**						
Buildings				_==-	5	5	Acres				- 			
Beds					31	31	Hockey, Figure and Speed-							
Site Acreage					10*	10*	Skating Rinks							
Cabins (open to the public) Buildings	•				16	18	Number							
Beds	<u>Z</u>		 -	==	52	60	Acres							 -
Site Acreage	- 2				15	17	Toboggan Sled and Luge Hills							
Warm-Up Huts	<u>_</u>						Number							
Buildings							Acres				===	==		
Simultaneous Capacity (b)							Vert. Desent (ft.) Ski Jumps							
Site Acreage							Number							
Campgrounds - Developed Area							Acres							
Number of Campgrounds							Length		===	==		===		
Campsites	_==-			_==			Downhill Ski Slopes							
Acres		===		_==-			Number							
Campgrounds - Group Camping							Acres							
Beds	_==						Slope Length (ft.)							
Acres							Vert. Desent (ft.)		==	===	===			==
Picnic Areas Number of Picnic Areas							Mechanical Ski Lifts							
Total Picnic Units			 -				Number							
Acres			===				Capacity per Hour							
Swimming Beaches (and pools)							Length (ft.)					===	=	=
Number							Vert. Rise (ft.)							
Square Feet					_ 		Trails							
Frontage Feet		==					Cross Country Skiing	Miles						
Bathouses				 -		 -	Hiking	Miles						
Units							Horseback Riding	Miles	_==				_==	
Rifle and Archery Ranges, Skeet							Canoeing Snow Mobiling	Miles	<u> </u>				==	
and Trap Fields							Bicycle Paths	Miles						
Number of Ranges and Fields							Other	Miles Miles			~			
Acreage	==				_==			Miles						_==
Golf Courses		·					Total	Miles						
Holes							Campgrounds - Remote Wildernes	8						
Acres		==			==		Number of Campgrounds	•						
Tennis Courts							Campsites							
Number						 -	Acres			==		===	===	
Acres Baseball and Softball Diamonds							Scenic Turnouts and Roadside							
Number							Rest Areas						1	
Acres							Number							
Football Fields							Parking Spaces		==					
Number				~ -			Boat Launching Ramps							
Acres							Launching Spaces Site Acreage							
Soccer Fields							Marina Slips			\equiv				
Number							Number							
Fields							Moorings							1
Track and Field Areas							Number							
Number							Airstrips						10	01
Acres							Number							
Playgrounds							Runway Length (ft.)							
Number				 -	-:-									
Acres														

NA - Not Available

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Towal of Administration

			•					Level of Administration						
	Level of	Administra	tion	0								Quasi-		
*	2	_		Quasi- Public	Private	Total	Facilities		Federal	State	Local	Public	Private	Total
Facilities	<u>Federal</u>	State	Local	Public	TITVELO	10,01	01 011 011							
	100						Other Outdoor Game Areas Number							
Historic and Nature Sites and							Acres							
Visitor Centers							Outdoor Cultural and Sports		 -		 -			
Number	 _						Viewing Areas							
Acres							Number of Seats							
Lodges and Camps (a)					7	7	Acres					-:-		
Buildings		_==_			91	91	Hockey, Figure and Speed-							
Beds					7*	7*	Skating Rinks							
Site Acreage							Number			1				. 1
Cabins (open to the public)					14	14	Acres							1
Buildings					44* 3*	44*	Toboggan Sled and Luge Hills			<u> </u>	<u>_</u>			
Beds		===	===	===	3 ÷	3*	Number							
Site Acreage							Acres		===					
Warm-Up Huts					1_	<u> </u>	Vert. Desent (ft.)							
Buildings Simultaneous Capacity (b)					50	50	Ski Jumps							
					5	5	Number							
Site Acreage							Acres							
Campgrounds - Developed Area Number of Campgrounds	4				9	13	Length		<u>=</u>	==				
	154				75	229	Downhill Ski Slopes							
Campsites	154 40				13*	53*	Number							
Acres							Acres							
Campgrounds - Group Camping							Slope Length (ft.)		\		==			
Beds							Vert. Desent (ft.)		\					
Acres							Mechanical Ski Lifts							
Picnic Areas Number of Picnic Areas					2	. 2	Number							
					25	25	Capacity per Hour							
Total Picnic Units					25	11	Length (ft.)							
Acres							Vert, Rise (ft.)		=		==	===		
Swimming Beaches (and pools)							Trails							
Number					1	1	Cross Country Skiing	Miles		30			'	30
Square Feet		===	===	==-	600	600	Hiking	Miles	4	10			4	18 10 75
Frontage Feet						*	Horseback Riding	Miles		10				10
Bathouses					-	-	Canoeing	Miles		75				
Units					5	5	Snow Mobiling	Miles		75				75
Rifle and Archery Ranges, Skeet							Bicycle Paths	Miles		==				
and Trap Fields					,	2	Other	Miles						
Number of Ranges and Fields		-::-			<u>2</u>									
Acreage							Total	Miles	4	125			4	133
Golf Courses							Campgrounds - Remote Wildernes	8.8						
Holes							Number of Campgrounds				'			
Acres			==				Campsites			==	===			===
Tennis Courts Number							Acres				_==			
Acres	-:-		 -				Scenic Turnouts and Roadside							
Acres Baseball and Softball Diamonds							Rest Areas							
Number					2	2	Number						1	1
Acres	 -					$\frac{2}{7}$	Parking Spaces		<u> </u>				25	25
Football Fields						'-	Boat Launching Ramps							
Number							Launching Spaces		2					2
Acres				 -			Site Acreage		2			. ===		2
Soccer Fields			 -				Marina Slips							
Soccer Fields Number							Number							
Number Fields							Moorings							-
Fields Track and Field Areas				·- <u></u>		_==	Number							
							Airstrips							
Number					-::-		Number				1			1
Acres							Runway Length (ft.)				**			*
Playgrounds					2	2								
Number						2								
Acres														

NA - Not Available

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NORTHWESTERN PROGRAMMI:D INVENTORY OF OUTDOOR RECREATION RELATED FACILITIES AND AREAS

		Level of A	dministra	tion				* * *	Level of Administration							
	Facilities	Federal	State	Local	Quasi- Public	Private	Total	Facilities	Fe	deral	State	Local	Quasi- Public	Private	Total	
								Other Outdoor Game Areas								
	Historic and Nature Sites and Visitor Centers							Number								
	Number							Астев		-				 -		
	Acres							Outdoor Cultural and Sports	-							
	Lodges and Camps (a)							Viewing Areas								
	Buildings							Number of Seats								
	Beds							Асгев								
	Site Acreage		===		===	===		Hockey, Figure and Speed-								
	Cabins (open to the public)							Skating Rinks								
	Buildings					1	-1	Number	_	-						
	Beds						2	Acres	-							
	Site Acreage		==			2 5		Toboggan Sled and Luge Hills	_							
	Warm-Up Huts					<u>_</u>	<u>-</u>	Number	_	-						
	Buildings							Acres		_						
	Simultaneous Capacity (b)							Vert, Desent (ft.)		Ξ	===	==	==	==	==	
	Site Acreage			==		===		Ski Jumps								
	Campgrounds - Developed Area							Number		-						
	Number of Campgrounds							Acres		=	·==					
	Campsites							Length	-	_			===		==	
	Acres			===		-==		Downhill Ski Slopes								
2	Campgrounds - Group Camping							Number		-						
	Beds							Acres								
	Acres	_==						Slope Length (ft.)		-				=		
	Picnic Areas							Vert. Desent (ft.)		=	=	=			≣	
	Number of Picnic Areas							Mechanical Ski Lifts		_						
	Total Picnic Units							Number	-	-		'				
	Acres					===	=	Capacity per Hour		-						
	Swimming Beaches (and pools)							Length (ft.)			=	==			=	
	Number							Vert. Rise (ft.)	_=							
	Square Feet							Trails								
	Frontage Feet					-:-	 -									
	Bathouses								iles	Ξ	=			_==	10	
	Units								iles	Ξ	_==					
	Rifle and Archery Ranges, Skeet						 -			Ξ_				10	10	
	and Trap Fields									Ξ	=					
	Number of Ranges and Fields								iles							
	Acreage							Other Mi	iles	<u>-</u>				==		
	Golf Courses							Total M:								
	Holes							Campgrounds - Remote Wilderness	iles					10_	10_	
	Acres					<u>::</u>		Number of Campgrounds								
	Tennis Courts			_				Campsites		_		==				
	Number				••			Acres	=	_	 -		==	===		
	Acres							Scenic Turnouts and Roadside		_	 -		<u></u>			
	Baseball and Softball Diamond							Rest Areas								
	Number							Number								
	Acres	==						Parking Spaces		_					<u></u>	
	Football Fields				-			Boat Launching Ramps					==	==	==	
	Number							Launching Spaces								
	Acres	_==	===					Site Acreage		_	 -					
	Soccer Fields							Marina Slips		<u> </u>					==	
	Number							Number								
	Fields							Moorings		<u> </u>						
	Track and Field Areas							Number	_							
	Number							Airstrips			<u> </u>				<u></u>	
	Acres			==		===		Number								
	Playgrounds							Runway Length (ft.)						 :		
	Number							· /			 -	<u></u>		== :	==	
	Acres															

^{*} Because inventory forms were not always filled out in detail these numbers represent not a complete tally, but rather a tally of those figures provided. While in most cases the omissions will have little effect, care should be exercised in developing ratios e.g. acres per visitor center, picnic units per acre, etc. from these numbers.

NA - Not Available

⁽a) Includes only lodges and camps which are closely connected with outdoor recreation such as fishing camp or hunting lodge; does not include major hotels and motels such as those found in downtown Anchorage.

⁽b) Simultaneous capacity is defined as the number of people which the facility can normally be expected to accommodate at one time.

STATEWIDE ACREAGES AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS WITH MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES THAT INCLUDE RECREATION (a)

Level Of Administration Bureau Of Quasi-Outdoor Recreation Federal State Local Public Private Total Classification Acres Acres Acres Acres Acres Acres CLASS I 7,426 15 94 7,535 High Density Recreation Areas CLASS II 95 53 73,037 71,345 1,462 82 General Outdoor Recreation Areas **CLASS III** 65 765,973 Natural Environment Areas 765,607 300 CLASS IV 216, 407 216,386 21 Unique Natural Areas CLASS V 817,023 817,000 3 20 Primitive Areas CLASS VI

Historic And Cultural Sites

14

14

⁽a) Comparable statistics broken down by basic classification, i.e., land, wetland, and fresh water, were not available from the inventories collected for this plan.

Note: Public domain under the Bureau of Land Management is excluded from this tabulation, because it may be subject to appropriation for purposes other than recreation after the land freeze ends. Multiple-use classifications under the Bureau of Land Management are also excluded, pending whatever final implementation of classification authority may be recommended by the Public Land Law Review Commission.

SOUTHEASTERN REGION ACREAGES AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS WITH MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES THAT INCLUDE RECREATION (a)

	Level Of Administration										
Bureau Of Outdoor Recreation Classification	Federal Acres	State Acres	Local Acres	Quasi- Public Acres	Private Acres	Total Acres					
CLASS I High Density Recreation Areas	-	٠	30	-	-	30					
CLASS II General Outdoor Recreation Areas	-	-	-	-	-	- -					
CLASS III Natural Environment Areas	-	-	- - -	- -	-	· · · -					
CLASS IV Unique Natural Areas	21,686	- -	-	-	-	21,686					
CLASS V Primitive Areas	· -	• •	· -	. 3	<u> </u>	3					
CLASS VI Historic And Cultural Sites	4	-		-	-	4					

⁽a) Comparable statistics broken down by basic classification, i.e., land, wetland, and fresh water, were not available from the inventories collected for this plan.

Note: Public domain under the Bureau of Land Management is excluded from this tabulation, because it may be subject to appropriation for purposes other than recreation after the land freeze ends. Multiple-use classifications under the Bureau of Land Management are also excluded, pending whatever final implementation of classification authority may be recommended by the Public Land Law Review Commission.

SOUTHCENTRAL REGION ACREAGES AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS WITH MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES THAT INCLUDE RECREATION (a)

Level Of Administration Bureau Of Quasi-Outdoor Recreation Federal State Local Public Private Total Classification Acres Acres Acres Acres Acres Acres CLASS I 7,396 5 High Density Recreation Areas 79 7,480 CLASS II 71,345 82 5 47 71,479 General Outdoor Recreation Areas CLASS III 765,607 65 765,673 Natural Environment Areas CLASS IV Unique Natural Areas 194,700 194,700 CLASS V 817,000 Primitive Areas 817,000 CLASS VI Historic And Cultural Sites 10 10

⁽a) Comparable statistics broken down by basic classification, i.e., land, wetland, and fresh water, were not available from the inventories collected for this plan.

Note: Public domain under the Bureau of Land Management is excluded from this tabulation, because it may be subject to appropriation for purposes other than recreation after the land freeze ends. Multiple-use classifications under the Bureau of Land Management are also excluded, pending whatever final implementation of classification authority may be recommended by the Public Land Law Review Commission.

SOUTHWESTERN REGION ACREAGES AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS WITH MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES THAT INCLUDE RECREATION (a)

Level Of Administration

	Level of Rummistration									
Bureau Of Outdoor Recreation Classification	Federal Acres	State Acres	Local <u>Acres</u>	Quasi- Public Acres	Private Acres	Total Acres				
CLASS I High Density Recreation Areas	-	-	-	10	. -	10				
CLASS II General Outdoor Recreation Areas	-	· 	- ·	90	- -	90				
CLASS III Natural Environment Areas	-	-	-	· <u>-</u>		-				
CLASS IV Unique Natural Areas	-	· <u>-</u>	-	-	-	, -				
CLASS V Primitive Areas	· -		-	-	20	20				
CLASS VI Historic And Cultural Sites	_	-	•	· •	_	_				

⁽a)Comparable statistics broken down by basic classification, i.e., land, wetland, and fresh water, were not available from the inventories collected for this plan.

Note: Public domain under the bureau of Land Management is excluded from this tabulation, because it may be subject to appropriation for purposes other than recreation after the land freeze ends. Multiple-use classifications under the Bureau of Land Management are also excluded, pending whatever final implementation of classification authority may be recommended by the Public Land Law Review Commission.

INTERIOR REGION ACREAGES AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS WITH MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES THAT INCLUDE RECREATION (a)

	Level Of Administration									
Bureau Of Outdoor Recreation Classification	Federal Acres	State Acres	Local Acres	Quasi- Public Acres	Private Acres	Total Acres				
CLASS I High Density Recreation Areas	-	- -	-	-	15	15				
CLASS II General Outdoor Recreation Areas	-	1,462	-	-	6	1,468				
CLASS III Natural Environment Areas	-	300	-		-	300				
CLASS IV Unique Natural Areas	-	·	21	••	~	21				
CLASS V Primitive Areas	-	-	-	, -	-	-				
CLASS VI Historic And Cultural Sites	-	. -	_		-					

⁽a) Comparable statistics broken down by basic classification, i.e., land, wetland, and fresh water, were not available from the inventories collected for this plan.

Note: Public domain under the Bureau of Land Management is excluded from this tabulation, because it may be subject to appropriation for purposes other than recreation after the land freeze ends. Multiple-use classifications under the Bureau of Land Management are also excluded, pending whatever final implementation of classification authority may be recommended by the Public Land Law Review Commission.

NORTHWESTERN REGION ACREAGES AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS WITH MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES THAT INCLUDE RECREATION (a)

	Level Of Administration										
Bureau Of			:	Quasi-							
Outdoor Recreation	Federal	State	Local	Public	Private	Total					
Classification	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres					
CLASS I											
High Density Recreation Areas	-	-	-	-	-	-					
CLASS II											
General Outdoor Recreation Areas	-	-	-	-	-	-					
CLASS III											
Natural Environment Areas	-	-	-	-	-	-					
O. A GG 777											
CLASS IV											
Unique Natural Areas	-	-	-	-		-					
CI ACC W											
CLASS V	_		_	· _							
Primitive Areas	_	-	_	_		_					
CLASS VI											
Historic And Cultural Sites	_	_	_		_	_					
Illatoric And Cultural Blies		*:									

(a)Comparble statistics broken down by basic classification, i.e., land, wetland, and fresh water, were not available from the inventories collected for this plan.

Note: Public domain under the Bureau of Land Management is excluded from this tabulation, because it may be subject to appropriation for purposes other than recreation after the land freeze ends. Multiple-use classifications under the Bureau of Land Management are also excluded, pending whatever final implementation of classification authority may be recommended by the Public Land Law Review Commission.

EXHIBIT D-1 Page 12 of 12

DEFINITIONS OF OUTDOOR RECREATION ACTIVITIES

Definitions of outdoor recreation activities used in this report are essentially the same as those developed by the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation (BOR) and the Outdoor Recreation Resources Review Commission (ORRRC) for their outdoor recreation surveys, with the exception of cases where no BOR or ORRRC definition was available, and an analogy between activities had to be drawn (for example, motorcycling and driving for pleasure). The definitions are presented below.

Walking for Pleasure

Any walk where the primary purpose is pleasure, which has not been included under hiking or nature walks, and which lasted 30 minutes or more.

Nature Study

Walks for the specific purpose of observing plants, birds, or animals and often including the collection of specimens (butterflies, rocks, seashells, etc.)

Bicycling

Any bicycle riding done only for pleasure, but not including riding to work or school.

Hiking

Walking of a substantial nature in which a pack containing provisions and/or shelter is carried by at least one member of the party.

Snowmobiling

The driving or riding of a snowmobile, when the purpose is primarily for pleasure.

Motorcycling

The driving or riding of any two wheeled motorized vehicle for pleasure purposes.

Snow Shoeing

Traveling across snow on snow shoes for the purpose of recreation only and not part of one's job, as, for example, a trapper.

Canoeing

The recreational use of a canoe or narrow light boat moved with paddles not oars.

Horseback riding

Any riding on a horse which is done for recreation only and not a part on one's job as, for example, a mounted policeman.

Dog Sledding

The driving or riding of a sled pulled by a team of dogs for recreational purposes.

Cross Country Skiing

The traveling across snow on skiis, outside an organized ski area, for the purposes of recreation.

Mountain Climbing With Gear

The climbing of mountains with the use of gear such as rope, ice axes, crampons, spiked shoes, etc.

Sightseeing

The viewing of a historical, scenic, or other specific attraction. An important qualification is that sightseeing must involve the prior intention on the part of the respondent of viewing the attraction.

Driving for Pleasure

Driving or riding in an automobile, but only when the purpose is primarily for pleasure.

Picnicking

An outdoor activity where the primary purpose is the preparation or eating of a meal out of doors. This would include cookouts and barbecues in neighbors' yards, but not in one's own yard.

Fishing

The catching of fish for noncommercial purposes. Sub activity definition includes the catching of fish in freshwater, saltwater and through a hole in the ice for non commercial purposes.

Boating

The recreational use of any motorized boat. (Data was also collected for sailboating and airboating, however, the level of participation was too low for projection of Statewide or Regional demand).

Camping

Living out of doors overnight using for shelter a bed roll, sleeping bag, trailer, tent, or a hut open on one or more sides, if the person takes his bedding, cooking equipment, and food with him. This does not include formal camps for teenagers such as Boy Scout camps or formal family camps such as church camps. Camping in developed areas refers to camping in designated camping areas served by a road. Camping in Remote Areas refers to camping in more primitive settings served by a trail.

Swimming

Swimming in a lake, river, ocean, or outdoor swimming pool (with filter system) and including playing in the surf, surfing, and sunbathing at any of the above places. Participation in scuba diving, also a swimming activity, was too low to estimate Statewide and Regional demand.

Hunting

The search for, or stalking of, animals in order to kill with bullets, arrows, etc. but excluding commercial hunting and the trapping of animals. Sub activities include big game, small game and waterfowl hunting.

Outdoor Games Or Sports

Any games and sports where there is competition against other persons (such as golf, tennis, softball, badminton, etc.) or against the clock or a record (speedboat racing, auto rallies, etc.).

Ice Skating

Any recreational ice skating which is carried on out of doors and is not competitive. Thus, ice skating on indoor rinks should not be included.

Snow Play

The creational use of a sled, toboggan, bobsled, or other vehicle designed for sliding over snow or ice but not including vehicles drawn by a horse or propelled mechanically.

Flying For Pleasure

The flying or riding in an aircraft on a nonscheduled route for the purposes of recreation only.

Alpine Skiing

Any noncompetitive recreational use of skis on snow. Professional skiing is out of scope for this survey. Amateur competitive skiing should be included under "playing outdoor games or sports."

RESIDENT INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE

Exhibit F-1 shows the questionnaire used for the 1,645 in-person interviews conducted throughout Alaska as the basis for estimating resident demand. Information on the location of the interviews can be found in Chapter V.

ALASKA RESIDENT RECREATION DEMAND SURVEY

September 1967

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Lands
Branch of Parks and Recreation

Theodore G. Smith - Chief Tom Wade - Assistant Recreation Planner

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and private outdoor recreation facilities. In order to meet this problem, up-to-date information
is needed on how people spend their free time in outdoor recreation and on the kinds of outdoor
reation activities they like. The questions that I am going to ask you refer to you alone and
not to the other members of your family.

	o the other members of your family.		
1.	Thinking of summer, is there an outdoor activity that you particularly enjoy doing?	3.	Do you as often as you would like? 1 $\overline{//}$ Yes
	1 // Yes - What is it? (Record answer verbatim)		2 // No - Why don't you more often
	2 // No (Skip to Question 4)		
2a.	Where do you usually go ? (Check Boxes)	4.	Is there a summer outdoor activity which you don't do at all but would like to do
	1 // Specific place: a. // Private Residence		1 // Yes - What activity? Why don't you? (Probe)
	b. // Camping		
	c. // Hotel, Motel, Lodge		
	d. <u>//</u> Other		_
	2 // At home or in the immediate neighborhood		2 <u>/</u> / No
	3 // No specific place		
 2b.	Are you satisfied with this place as one in which to?	5.	Thinking of the winter, is there an outdoor activity that you particularly enjoy doing?
	l // Yes - What is it that you like most about this place?		1 // Yes - What is it?
	2 // No - Why not?		2 // No (Skip to Question 8)

Section	T	(Continued)
Decemon		(CONFERNICE)

_	Section I (Continued)	Page 3 of 11
6a.	Where do you usually go ? (Check boxes) 1 // Specific place: a. // Private Residence b. // Camping c. // Hotel, Motel, Lodge d. // Other 2 // At home or in the immediate neighborhood 3 // No specific place	1 <u>/</u> 7 Yes	en as you would like? you more often?
6ь	Are you satisfied with this place as one in which to? 1 // Yes - What is it that you like most about this place? 2 // No - Why not?	you don't do at all	utdoor activity which but would like to do? ivity? t you? (Probe)

Now,	Section IIA let's talk about any recreation vacation you took ion, we mean a vacation occasion AWAY FROM HOME o	this year.	By a rec		
	VACATIONS				
9,	In the past 12 months did you take any vacations AWAY FROM HOME occupying at least more than 3 da				
	1 // Yes - How many?				
	2 // No (Skip to Section IIB)		Vacation		
10.	Starting with your most recent vacation, where did you go? (Principle destination)	Most Recent	Second	Third	
	(Enter State and place of the three most recent vacations.)				
11.	(Ask for each vacation) How far from here is that?	Miles	Miles	Miles	
12.	How long did it take you to get there?	Hours	Hours	Hours	
13.	What was the major purpose of your vacation to?	Purpose	Purpose	Purpose	
14.	Did you go by private automobile or some other way?	1 / Auto- mobile	1 / Auto- mobile	1 / Auto- mobile	
	(Enter each means used)	2 <u>/</u> 7 Other	2 <u>/</u> 7 Other	2 <u>/</u> / Other	
15.	Altogether, about how long were you away from home?	Days	Days	Days	
ла.	How many people were in your immediate party?	Number	Number	Number	
16b.	How many in the party were 11 years old or younger?	Number	Number	Number	
17a.		id you take par	rt in during ye	our vacation	
b.	Were there any others not on the list? (If so,	enter on list)			
c.	(Ask for EACH activity mentioned) On how many d	ifferent days o	lid you go	.?	
d.	d. You have already told me about the (3) vacations you took last summer. Now, let's talk about any OTHER vacations. Which of the activities on the list did you take part in on all of these vacations combined?				
	OR / No other vacations (Skip to Section IIB, Page 5)				
e.	Were there any others not on the list? (If so, e	enter on list)			
f.	On how many different days did you go?				
NOTES					

	Notes:	
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(In addition to your	vacation trip) During th	e last 12 mon	nths, did you	take any	trips
overnight or longer P	RIMARILY TO T	AKE PART IN	ANY OUTDOOR I	RECREATION AC'	TIVITY?	

1 // Yes - How many? _____

 $2\sqrt{1}$ No - (Skip to Section IIC

8.

	TRIP	S		
			Trips	
		Most Recent	Second	Third
9.	Starting with your most recent trip, where			
	did you go? (Principal destination)			
	4			
	(Enter State and place of the 3 most recent			
	trips.)			
	·			
		Miles	Miles	Miles
).	(Ask for each trip)			
	How far from here is that?			
1		Hours	Hours	Hours
1.	How long did it take you to get there?			
		Burnaga	Dumana	
2.	What was the major purpose of your	Purpose	Purpose	Purpose
	trip to?		* *	
		1 17 4 4	0.77	2 /7
3.	Did you go by private automobile or some	1 // Auto- mobile	2 // Auto- mobile	3 // Auto-
-	other way? (Enter each means used)	modite	modite	mobile
	•	2 <u>/</u> / Other	2 <u>/</u> / Other	2 <u>/</u> / Other
	•	- L, vinit	2 <u>7</u> / 001101	Z Z/ Ocher
				
		Hours	Hours	Hours
4a.	Altogether, about how long were you away			
	from home?			
		Hours	Hours	Hours
ъ.	How much of this time did you spend			
	traveling?			
.		Number	Number	Number
5a.				
	party?			
		Number	Number	Number
b.	How many in the party were 11 years old or			
	younger?			<u> </u>
e _	Tacking at the list which of these settledets			

- 6a. Looking at the list, which of these activities did you take part in during your trip to . . . ?
 - b. Were there any others not on the list? (If so, enter on list)
 - c. (Ask for EACH activity mentioned) On how many different days did you go ...?
 - d. You have already told me about the (3) trips you took primarily for outdoor recreation. Now let's talk about any OTHER trips you took last summer. Which of the activities on the list did you take part in on all of these trips combined?

OR II No other trips (Skip to Section IIC)

- e. Were there any others not on the list? (If so, enter on list)
- f. On how many different days did you go . . . ?

Notes:			
	•		
		•	

S	ect	ion.	TTC

Page 8 of 11

Now, let's talk about any recreation outings you took this past year. By a recreation outing, we mean an outdoor occasion AWAY FROM HOME occupying the BETTER PART OF A DAY, such as a picnic, a day at the beach or lake, and so on.

		OUTINGS	>						
	// Yes - How many?	Most Recent	Second	Third	Fourth				
28.	•								
29.	(Ask for each outing) How far from here is that?	Miles	Miles	Miles	Miles				
30.	How long did it take you to get there?	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours				
31.	What was the major purpose of your outing to ?	Purpose	Purpose	Purpose	Purpose				
32.	Did you go by private automobile or some other way?	1 // Auto- mobile	2 // Auto- mobile	3 // Auto- mobile	4 // Auto- mobile				
	(Enter each means used)	2 <u>/</u> / Other	2, <u>/</u> / Other	2 <u>/</u> / Other	2 <u>/</u> / Other				
	Altogether, about how long were you away from home?	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours				
b.	How much of this time did you spend traveling?	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours				
34a.	How many people were in your immediate party?	Number	Number	Number	Number				
b.	How many in the party were 11 years old or younger?	Number	Number	Number	Number				
35a.	Looking at the list, which of these to ?	e activities d	id you take p	art in during	your outing				
ъ.	Were there any others not on the la	ist? (If so,	enter on list)					
c.	(Ask for EACH activity mentioned)	On how many d	ifferent days	did you go .	?				
d.	You have already told me about the Now let's talk about any OTHER outi activities on the list did you take	ngs you took	last year.	Which of the					
е.	Were there any others not on the li	ist? (If so,	enter on list)					
	On how many different days did you go ?								

NOTES:

Activity	Yes of Oc-	Yes	Other Number of Oc- casion
Activity Activity Yes of Occasions Number of Occasions 1 Bicycling 2 Motor Cycling 3 Snow Vehicles 4 Tennis 5 Golf 6 Other Outdoor Games & Sports 7 Horseback Riding 8 Dog Sledding 9 Downhill Skiing 10 Cross Country Skiing 11 Sledding/toboganning 12 Snow Shoeing 13 Attending Outdoor Concerts.etc 4 Attending Outdoor Sport Events 15 Berry Picking 16 Driving for Pleasure 17 Flying for Pleasure 18 Gold Panning 19 Historical Study 20 Photography 21 Picnicking 22 Rock Hounding 23 Shooting for Pleasure 24 Nature Study Bird Watching 25 Sightseeing 27 Welking for Pleasure 28 Camping - Developed Area 29 Camping - Remote-Wilderness 30 Hiking 31 Big Game Hunting	Number Yes of Oc-	Yes	Number of Oc-
Activity Yes of Occasions Bicycling	Yes of Oc-		of Oc-
Bicycling	1 i		
1 Bicycling 2 Motor Cycling 3 Snow Vehicles 4 Tennis 5 Golf 6 Other Outdoor Games & Sports 7 Horseback Riding 8 Dog Sledding 9 Downhill Skling 10 Cross Country Skling 11 Sledding/toboganning 12 Snow Shoeing 13 Attending Outdoor Concerts.etc 14 Attending Outdoor Sport Events 15 Berry Picking 16 Driving for Pleasure 17 Flying for Pleasure 18 Gold Panning 19 Historical Study 20 Photography 21 Picnicking 22 Rock Hounding 23 Shooting for Pleasure 24 Nature Study 2 Nature Study 3 Sightseeing 2 Racking For Pleasure 24 Nature Study 3 Sightseeing 25 Camping - Remote-Wilderness 36 Hiking 31 Big Game Hunting	Casions		casion
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29 Camping - Remote-Wilderness 30 Hiking 31 Big Game Hunting			
30 Hiking 31 Big Game Hunting		 _	
31 Big Game Hunting		<u> </u>	
<u></u>		 	
		<u> </u>	
32 Small Game Hunting		<u> </u>	
33 Water Fowl Hunting			
34 Mountain Climbing with Gear		<u> </u>	
35 Canoeing			
36 Sailing			
37 Motor Boating			
38 Air Boating		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
39 Fresh Water Fishing		ļ	<u> </u>
40 Salt Water Fishing		ļ	<u> </u>
41 Ice Fishing			L
42 Ice Skating			<u> </u>
43 Crabbing			
44 Clamming			
45 Scuba & Skin Diving		<u> </u>	
46 Swimming - Ocean			
47 Swimming - Lake, Pond or Stream			
48 Swimming Pool			
49 Water Skiing			
5 Other			
	4		
		1	

SECTION III

Now let's talk about all the other outdoor recreation activities you took part in last year, in your neighborhood or away from home when you had only a <u>few hours</u> available. 36. Did you participate in any of these activities this past year?

36b. On how many occasions? // No Skip to Section IV

			Number	
No.	Activity	Yes	of Oc-	
			casion	
1	Bicycling			
2	Motor Cycling		,	
3_	Snow Vehicles			
4_	Tennis			
5	Golf			
6	Other Outdoor Games and Sports			
7	Horseback Riding			
8	Dog Sledding			,
9	Downhill Skiing			
10	Cross Country Skiing			
11	Sledding/Toboganning			
12	Snow Shoeing			
13	Attend Outdoor Concerts, etc.			
14	Attend Outdoor Sports Events			
15	Berry Picking		1	
16	Driving for Pleasure			_
	Flying for Pleasure			
18	Gold Panning		 	
19	Historical Study			
20	Photography		 	
- ن	Picnicking			
22	Rock Hounding			
23	Shooting for Pleasure			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
24	Nature Study			
25	Bird Watching			
26	Sightseeing	_		
2 7	Walking for Pleasure			
28	Camping - Developed Areas			
20 29	Camping - Remote-Wilderness		 	
30	Hiking		<u> </u>	` · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
31	Big Game Hunting			
32	Small Game Hunting		ļ	
33	Water Fowl Hunting			
<u>33</u>	Mountain Climbing with Gear		·	
			ļ	
	Canoeing	,	ļ	-
36	Sailing		ļ	
37	Motor Boating			
38	Air Boating		<u> </u>	
39	Fresh Water Fishing		 	
40	Salt Water Fishing		ļ	
41	Ice Fishing	`		
42	Ice Skating			
43	Crabbing			
44	Clamming			
45	Scuba & Skin Diving			
5	Swimming - Ocean			
47	Swimming - Lake, Pond or Stream		<u> </u>	
48	Swimming Pool			
49	Water Skiing			
50	Other		 	
			 	

		· P	age ll of ll					
NOTICE: The information you give in this survey is confidential and may be seen only by	a.	Address	<u> </u>					
State employees working on this project and used only for statistical purposes.	b.	b. Name of respondent						
Department of Natural Resources Division of Lands	c. Occupation							
State Parks and Recreation RESIDENTIAL RECREATION SURVEY	d.	Relation to head e. Age f.	Race g. Sex					
For use in determining outdoor recreation participation rates. REC. FORM R-2	h.	Interviewed by i	. Date					
Sect	ion	IV						
37 What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school you (the Sample Person) have ever attended?	38	What is the highest grade (regular school the head of thas ever attended?						
(Interviewer: Transcribe from Control Card if available; otherwise ask:) (Check ONE box only)		(Interviewer: Transcribe for Card if available; otherwise (Check ONE box only)						
(1) Never attended school // X (2) Kindergarten // Y		 (1) Never attended school (2) Kindergarten \(\frac{1}{\ell}\) \(\frac{1}{\text{Y}}\) 	<i>_[</i> // x					
(3) Elementary 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 School //A //B //C //D //E //F //G //H		(3) Elementary 1 2 3 4 School //A//B//C//D	<u>5 6 7 8</u> <u>/</u> /e <u>/</u> /f <u>/</u> /g/H					
(4) High school $\frac{1}{\sqrt{J}} \frac{2}{\sqrt{K}} \frac{3}{\sqrt{J}} \frac{4}{\sqrt{M}}$		(4) High school $\frac{1}{\sqrt{J}}$ $\frac{2}{\sqrt{K}}$	<u>3</u>					
(5) College //N //O //P //Q //R //S		(5) College $\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \frac{2}{\sqrt{70}} \frac{3}{\sqrt{7P}} \frac{2}{\sqrt{N}}$	4 (<u>5</u> <u>6</u> or 7Q <u>/</u> /R <u>/</u> /S more					
39 Did you finish this grade or year?	40	Did you finish this grade of						
1 <u>/</u> / Yes 2 <u>/</u> / No			<u>/</u> / No					
41 (Interviewer check item)	42	(Give respondent income flas	sh card)					
Do you or your family own: a. ∏ A Car d. ∏ An Airplane		Here is a card showing annua						
b. // A Camper or Trailer e// A Snow Vehicle		income. Please tell me the corresponds to the total income.						
c. // A Boat f/ A Motorcycle	·	family during the past 12 mg						
43 Hours worked per week		This includes wages and sala profits, net farm income, pe						
44 Number of days paid vacation		and any other money income members of this family.						
45 Number of paid holidays		Family Income	Check					
TIME OF Began Ended		Less than \$1,500	1					
INTERVIEW		\$1,500 - 2,999	2. <u>/</u> 7					
		\$3,000 - 4,499	3. <u>/</u> /					
Non-interview reason		\$4,500 - 5,999	4. 17					
1 // Refusa1 2 // NOH	<u> </u>	\$6,000 - 7,999	5. <u>/</u> 7					
3 // Moved or left household	<u> </u>	\$8,000 - 9,999	6. <u>/</u> 7					
(Obtain address if possible)		\$10,000 - 14,999	7. <u>[</u> 7					
		\$15,000 - 19,999	8. <u>[</u>]					
4 Other (Specify)		\$20,000 and over	9. <u>/</u> 7					
		Number in household						

NONRESIDENT MAIL-BACK QUESTIONNAIRE

Exhibit G-1 shows the mail-back questionnaire distributed to Alaskan tourists at points of exit from the State. The results of this questionnaire, along with other data, were used to estimate nonresident demand for outdoor recreation in Alaska. Location of the distribution points for this questionnaire can be found in Chapter V.

STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES NON RESIDENT MAIL-BACK QUESTIONNAIRE

REVERSE SIDE - BUSINESS REPLY - ALASKA TRAVEL DIVISION POUCH E JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801

TRAVELERS SURVEY P STATE OF ALASKA-DEPT. OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT- ALASKA TRAVEL DIVISION					
THANN MONO FOR TAKING TIME TO ANSWER THIS BRIEF QUESTIONAIRE. YOUR RESPONSE WILL BE A GREAT HELP TO US IN MAKING OUR STATE AN EVEN BETTER PLACE TO VISIT.					
DIRECTOR . TRAVEL DIVISION					
1. IN WHAT STATE OR COUNTRY DO YOU RESIDE? 2. WHAT IS THE MATURE OF YOUR VISIT? (CHECK ONE OR YORE) Q) VACATION					

NONRESIDENT IN-PERSON INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE

Exhibit H-1 shows the nonresident demand questionnaire used in the 1,479 in-person interviews conducted at points of exit from the State.

Locations of the interviewing stations can be found in Chapter V.

NON RESIDENT DEMAND QUESTIONNAIRE USED FOR IN-PERSON INTERVIEWS

I.	Int	erviewer Introduction							
	Introduce self - name, working for								
		Purpose of survey - gather information about your visit and what you did							
		and enjoyed while you were with us							
		Could we take 10 minutes of your time to fill out this questionnaire							
		You will not be identified - the information is anonymous							
		We appreciate your assistance							
		Read each question entirely before asking for response							
	_								
II.	Pre	liminary Data							
		Date:							
		.,, Date.							
		Name of Interviewer:							
		Location:							
III.	Int	erview							
	1.	In what state or country do you reside:							
	2	Man wave what takens (15 company to check many then and)							
	Z .	Was your visit taken: (if appropriate, check more than one)							
		- as a vacation							
		- to visit relatives and friends							
		- for business purposes							
	_								
	3.	How many people are in your party, not including tour groups:							
		1 2 3 / 0 5 6 0							
		1, 3, 4 or 5, 6 or more							
	4.	And how many days have you been in the state:							
	• •	The day and some year soon an one course.							
		0 - 5							
		0 - 5							
	5.	Have you been to Alaska before:							
		How many times:							

	made you interested in taking this tr ase list specifics where possible)	rip to Alaska	:
-	Comments of relatives and friends		
-	Publications, books and magazines		
-	Brochures and maps		
-	Films		
- 1	Newspapers		
- ,	Alaska's Image		
-	Prior knowledge from previous trip		
	Onton (-1		
	Other (please specify) sources of information were helpful t	o vou while v	vou were visiting us:
What (Ple	sources of information were helpful tase list specifics where possible)	o you while y	you were visiting us:
What (Ple	sources of information were helpful t	o you while y	you were visiting us:
What (Ple	sources of information were helpful t ase list specifics where possible) Brochures and maps	o you while y	you were visiting us:
What (Ple-	sources of information were helpful tase list specifics where possible) Brochures and maps Publications, books and magazines	o you while y	you were visiting us:
What (Ple	sources of information were helpful tase list specifics where possible) Brochures and maps Publications, books and magazines Films	o you while y	you were visiting us:
What (Ple	sources of information were helpful t ase list specifics where possible) Brochures and maps Publications, books and magazines Films	o you while y	you were visiting us:
What (Ple-	sources of information were helpful tase list specifics where possible) Brochures and maps Publications, books and magazines Films Newspapers Conversations with residents	to you while y	you were visiting us:

8. Listed below are Alaska's five regions and a number of popular activities which tourists frequently enjoy. Would you please indicate by region the approximate number of days in which you participated in each of the activities. Please note that you may have participated in several activities during a single day - INTERVIEWER TO GIVE AN EXAMPLE.

	SOUTHEASTERN	SOUTHCENTRAL	SOUTHWEST	INTERIOR	NORTHWEST	TOTAL
a. Picnicking	1					
b. Camping						
c. Sightseeing	·					
d. Driving for Pleasure						
e. Walking for Pleasure		·	·	·	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
f. Outdoor Games			-			
g. Hunting				,	,	
h. Fishing						
i. Boating						
j. Swimming						
k. Skiing						
1. Ice Skating						
m. Sledding & Tobogganing						
n. Other (pleas specify)	e					

n.	Sleddin Tobogg	_								
٦.	Other (
	en If	joyed	participa	ting in	but wer	re unabl	e to:	ioned above yes you unable	_ no	
		Act	ivity				Ī	Reason for N	on Particip	ation
					-			<u></u>		
		 	· · ·							
					-					

10. Listed below are some of Alaska's features. Would you please indicate your reaction to each:

		Very Impressed	Adequate	Dissatisfied or Inadequate	No Opinion
a,	Scenery & Beauty				
b,	Hunting & Fishing		,	-	
С.	Campgrounds				
d,	Picnic Areas				
е,	Native Culture				
f	Animal Wildlife				
g.	Historic Past				·
h.	Winter Sports				
í.	Climate				
j.	Alaska's People	_			
k.	Other (specity)				

11. Listed below are various aspects of traveling in Alaska. Would you please indicate your reaction to each:

i.		Very Impressed	Adequate	Dissatisfied or Inadequate	No Opinion
а.	Accommodations		ę		
b.	Food			·	
c.	Shopping Facilities				
d.	Alaska's Roads				
e.	Other Transportation				
f,	Entertainment				
g.	Prices				
h.	Other (specify)				

IV. ... THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR ASSISTANCE.

... I HOPE WE SEE YOU AGAIN IN ALASKA.

STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES USED FOR ESTIMATING DEMAND

This appendix discusses the statistical techniques used to estimate resident and nonresident demand for the 14 major outdoor recreation activities described in this report. It is divided into the following four parts: Initial Processing Of Resident Data, Final Processing Of Resident Data, Nonresident Estimating Techniques, and Estimation Of Future Resident And Nonresident Participation.

INITIAL PROCESSING OF RESIDENT DATA

As described in the text, estimates of resident demand are based upon the results of in-person interviews with a carefully chosen sample of the State's residents (the questionnaire used in these interviews is found in Appendix F). The results of these interviews were then processed on computers to yield information in the proper form for measuring resident demand and for testing the statistical reliability of the sample for estimation purposes. Exhibit I-1 describes the statistics calculated, using the Statewide summary of sample results as an example of the form in which data were prepared. In addition to this Statewide summary, the same information was prepared for each of the State's five regions. An explanation of these statistics is found in Exhibit I-2.

The statistical reliability of the sample for estimating purposes was evaluated on the basis of the size of the standard errors of the sample means. That is, the standard error of the mean, for the distribution of both participation days per participant and per sampled person, was a small enough percentage of the mean of that distribution so that repeated samples of the population would result in approximately the same mean each time. For example, for trail related activities the mean participation of all persons in the sample is 66.99 days per year with the standard error of the mean equal to 2.60 days (4 per cent of the mean). There is, therefore, a 68 per cent chance that the mean of another random sample of the same size and taken at the same time would fall between 64.39 and 69.59 days (66.99 plus or minus one standard error) and a 95 per cent chance that the mean will fall between 61.79 and 72.19 days (66.99 plus or minus two standard errors). In each case, the standard error was sufficiently small to allow the sample results to be used to estimate the participation of the entire population.

An interesting characteristic of these sample results, however, is the large standard deviations of the participation day distributions. In nearly every case, these deviations exceeded the mean of the distribution, indicating extremely wide variation of sample responses. Despite this, relatively small standard errors proved the reliability of the sample for estimating the proportion of the State's population participating in each activity and the mean number of days participated in each activity per year.

FINAL PROCESSING OF RESIDENT DATA

Having determined the statistical reliability of the sample for estimating purposes, regional estimates of total yearly participation and peak seasonal day participation were then calculated. This was accomplished in the following manner.

Total Annual Demand

For each activity, the population of each region was multiplied by the mean number of annual participation days per sample member (mean sample in Exhibit I-1). This indicated total yearly demand in participation days for an activity by region.

Peak Day Demand

These annual participation estimates were then reduced to peak seasonal day demand estimates by determining the percentage of yearly demand for an activity occurring on a given peak seasonal day. This was accomplished by preparing distributions of yearly participation over the 12 months of the year and distributions of the most active month's participation over the days of the week. These distributions, shown as Exhibit I-3, were developed by the planning task force and reviewed with the Alaska Outdoor Recreation Council, with final revisions completed by the consultants. The month with the highest percentage of annual participation was divided by four (the number of weeks in the month) to determine the percentage of yearly participation occurring in one week of the month. This, multiplied by the proportion of the week's participation occurring on the most active weekday, resulted in the percentage of annual participation occurring on a peak seasonal day.

For example, assume that 20 per cent of the annual demand for fishing occurs in August, and that Sunday is the most active day of the week, experiencing 25 per cent of the weekly demand. The percentage of annual demand for fishing occurring on a peak seasonal day is then calculated as follows:

Month With

Highest Percentage

4 weeks x With Highest = Demand Occurring On Of Annual Demand

Demand A Peak Seasonal Day

or

20 per cent + 4 weeks x 25 per cent = 1.25 per cent of Annual Demand

This process was repeated for each outdoor recreation activity for each region, and the tables given in Chapter V, Section B were prepared to indicate the number of persons expected to participate in the activity on a peak seasonal day. No Statewide estimates of peak seasonal day participation were prepared, however, because of the probable dissimilarities in peak seasonal day participation in the State's five regions. That is, while the Statewide distributions of the participation occurring on a most active day are correct, the month of the year or day of the week may vary from region to region, thereby making a Statewide peak seasonal day participation estimate meaningless.

ESTIMATING TECHNIQUES

Estimates of nonresident demand were developed, using the results of both the 617 in-depth interviews conducted with tourists and the 1,479 mail-back questionnaires distributed to visitors to the State (copies of these are found in Appendixes C and H). First, participation days per tourist per activity were developed and multiplied by the number of tourists visiting

the State to determine total annual nonresident participation days for each activitiy. Next, allocations of this annual demand by region were prepared and reduced to participation on an average seasonal day. This process is described below.

Development Of Participation Days Per Tourist

Results of the in-depth interviews were first processed on computers to yield exactly the same kind of information as was derived from the resident interviews (see Exhibit I-1). In the judgment of the consultants, however, there appeared to be an upward bias in the data, largely because of the high proportion of interviews conducted with highway travelers, who logically have higher participation rates for many activities than travelers by other modes of transportation.

To adjust for this apparent bias, participation days per tourist for each activity were recomputed by mode of traveler transportation to the State, using information from the mail-back questionnaires which was in a form that could be easily processed. These adjusted rates of participation were then weighted by the proportion of tourists traveling to the State by these modes of transportation (as indicated in the Alaska tourism study by Cresap, McCormick and Paget Inc.), resulting in an unbiased participation rate for the State as a whole. An example of this process is shown in the following table:

2.09

PICNICKING

Means Of Exit From The State	Proportion Of Tourists Traveling To State By Mode Of Transportation, As Per Tourism Study	x	Participation Days Per Tourist Per Mail-Back Questionnaire	Weighted Average Participation Days Per Tourist By Mode Of Trans- portation
Air	.24		.97	.23
Highway	.39		1.51	. 59
Water	.37		3.43	1.27

Total weighted average annual participation per tourist was then multiplied by the number of tourists traveling to the State to determine total yearly demand for the activity. For picnicking, for example, total yearly demand for 1967 was computed as follows:

Total weighted average annual participation per tourist

The following table shows the resulting weighted average participation per tourist and the total annual participation days for each nonresident activity surveyed:

Activity	Average Annual Participation Days Per Tourist	Total Annual ParticipationDays
Walking For Pleasure	2.1	182,000
Sightseeing	9.7	841,000
Driving For Pleasure	3.8	329,000
Picnicking	2.1	182,000
Fishing	1.3	113,000
Boating	. 5	44,000
Camping	4.6	398,000
Swimming		9,000
Hunting	.2	51,000(a)
Ice Skating	. 01	1,000
Snow Play	.01	1,000
Alpine Skiing	. 05	4,000

⁽a) Based on nonresident hunting license data.

Regional Allocation Of Annual Demand

Regional allocations of yearly demand were developed by merging the average annual participation days per tourist (as developed in the preceding paragraphs) with the results of the in-depth interviews. This process, however, was complicated by two factors: first, the number of persons who visited each region had to be calculated; second, the number of days spent participating in each activity in each region per tourist or per participant.

To simplify these two complications, a system of weighting total annual Statewide demand for each activity was developed to adjust for regional variation in participation per tourist and per visitation. An example of this process is shown in Exhibit I-4 and is discussed below.

- 1. Regional variation in participation per tourist was taken into account by weighting Statewide participation days per tourist (column 3) by the variation in participation per participant, as indicated in the in-depth interviews (columns 1 and 2).
- 2. To factor out regional variations in visitation, these figures were further weighted by the variation in the number of tourists in the in-depth interview sample indicating participation in the activity in each of the State's five regions (column 4).

3. The resulting weighting factor (column 5) was then applied to total annual participation for each activity to arrive at regional annual participation.

Average Seasonal Day Allocation

Allocations of annual nonresident demand to average seasonal day demand were accomplished by use of the same format as was developed for resident peak seasonal day allocations. That is, distributions of annual demand over the 12 months of the year and the days of the week for the most active month were prepared by the Planning Task Force for summer and winter seasonal activities, and reviewed with the Alaska Outdoor Recreation Council. These distributions are shown in Exhibit I-5. The percentage of annual demand occurring during a peak month was divided by four weeks, and multiplied by the percentage of the week's participation occurring on the most active day. The resulting figures were the number of nonresidents expected to participate in the activity on an average day during the tourist season, and are found in Chapter V, Section B.

For winter season activities, March was considered to be the most active month, with weekly participation fairly constant (slightly higher on weekends). For summer season activities, July was considered to be the most active month, with 29 per cent of the annual demand. Daily participation over the weeks during peak summer months was considered to be generally constant, with a slightly higher level on weekends.

ESTIMATION OF RESIDENT AND NONRESIDENT FUTURE PARTICIPATION

Techniques used to estimate both resident and nonresident future demand are discussed below.

Resident Demand Forecasting

Forecasts of peak seasonal day demand for the years 1975, 1980 and 2000 were prepared by allocating estimated total annual demand for each activity to peak seasonal days, using the same yearly and weekly participation distributions as in Exhibit I-3.

Total annual demand was calculated for each of these years by estimating two factors - resident participation per capita for each activity, and the State's population (the product of the two equals total annual demand). Participation per capita estimates for these years were derived by applying an anticipated rate-of-change factor to the current (1967) annual participation days per capita for each activity. These rate-of-change or growth factors were based upon: (1) nationwide rates established by the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation in the report, "Outdoor Recreation Trends"; (2) an adjustment of the nationwide rates (generally upward) to compensate for the greater anticipated changes in time, income and mobility factors in Alaska as compared with the rest of the United States; and (3) the judgment of the Planning Task Force, where no growth rates were available for an activity (here relationships were drawn between activities, when possible, to estimate an appropriate rate). Exhibit I-6 shows these anticipated rates of growth in participation per capita for each activity over the years 1967-1975, 1967-1980 and 1967-2000, compared with the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation nationwide estimates. Brief explanations of

deviation from the nationwide estimates are presented below:

Activity

Explanation Of Growth Rate Used In Alaska Study

Trail-Related Activities

Walking For Pleasure

A high present rate (27.5 days per year) and increases in participant mobility allowing for access to other outdoor recreation activities are expected to result in a rate of increase somewhat less than the national average.

Nature Study

Same as national average.

Bicycling

Same as national average.

Hiking

Improved access is expected to result in participation slightly (10 per cent) higher

than the national estimate.

Snowmobiling

Popular participation in this activity is expected to remain popular increasing with income and then gradually tapering off as the Alaskan market becomes saturated.

Motorcycling

Assumed to increase at the same rate

as driving for pleasure.

Snowshoeing

Increases in participation assumed to be

low because of high current rate.

Canoeing

Improvement in access and in canoe trails are expected to result in substantial increases in

participation over time.

Horseback Riding

Same as national average.

Dogsledding

Assumed participation per capita same as

present throughout forecast period.

Cross-Country Skiing

Added emphasis on this activity in Alaskan schools and low current level of participation are expected to greatly increase future

participation.

Activity

Explanation Of Growth Rate Used In Alaska Study

Mountain Climbing With Gear

Increases in time and income are expected to increase participation in this activity.

Sightseeing

Same as national average.

Driving For Pleasure

Same as national average.

Picnicking

Same as national average.

Fishing

Unlike the balance of the United States where fishing is stable or declining in popularity, Alaskan participation will probably increase at a moderately high rate as a result of increased mobility and access.

Boating

Greater relative changes in access should result in increases in participation somewhat above those for the balance of the nation.

Camping

Same as national average.

Swimming

Same as national average.

Hunting

Increases in participation in this activity were assumed to be slightly less than for fishing since the nature of the activities is similar.

Outdoor Games And Sports

Generally increases in time, income and mobility factors are not expected to result in substantial differentials in growth rates from balance of nation; however, as the population as a whole becomes more similar to the rest of the United States, the percentage of the population under 12 years of age will probably decline, resulting in a growth rate slightly less than the nationwide figure.

Ice Skating

Increases in participation are assumed to be primarily a function of increases in leisure time and, therefore, have relatively low rates.

Snow Play

Same as Ice Skating.

Activity

Explanation Of Growth Rate Used In Alaska Study

Flying For Pleasure

Alaska is currently considered the most air-minded State; increases in time and income factors will probably increase participation per capita.

Alpine Skiing

Increases are expected over time to be among the highest of any activity, as a result of increases in facilities and increases in T-I-M factors.

NONRESIDENT DEMAND FORECASTING

Forecasts of average seasonal day demand were prepared for the years 1975, 1980 and 2000 by allocating estimated total annual demand for each activity to average seasonal days using the same yearly and weekly participation distributions presented in Exhibit I-5. Total annual demand for each of these years (1975, 1980 and 2000) was determined by extrapolating the 1967 level of demand by a compound growth rate based upon the expected annual percentage increase in the number of tourists traveling to the State and expected increases in vacation days per year. Specifically, the 1967-75 growth factor was based upon a 10 per cent annual increase in tourists traveling to the State as determined by Cresap, McCormick and Paget in an Alaskan tourism study, and an increase of 0.8 per cent per year in vacation days, as estimated by Arthur D. Little, Inc. The 1975-1980, 1980-2000 growth factors were based upon a 5.2 per cent annual increase in tourists traveling to the State and the same increases in vacation days used above. The results of these extrapolations are shown in Exhibit I-7.

RESIDENT DEMAND STATISTICS STATEWIDE SUMMARY

Activity	Proportion Participating	Sigma	Sigma Proportion	Mean Participation	Sigma Participation	Sigma Mean	Mean Sample	Sigma Sample	Sigma Mean
Trail Related Activities	0.87	13.42	0.01	76.58	109.60	2.89	66.99	105.59	2.60
Sightseeing	0.73	17.94	0.01	31.18	49.86	1.44	22.86	44.86	.1.11
Driving For Pleasure	0.73	17.99	0.01	33,00	49.10	1.42	24.11	44.45	1.10
Picnicking	0,80	16.15	0.01	14.67	19.61	0.54	11.77	18.52	0.46
Fishing	0.64	19.52	0.01	18.20	25.19	0.78	11.57	21.91	0.54
Boating	0.55	20.17	0.01	17.03	24.56	0.82	9.38	20.10	0.50
Camping	0.42	20.01	0.01	11.48	18.26	0.70	4.82	13.11	0.32
Swimming	0.43	20.06	0.01	17.60	27.07	1.02	7.50	19.69	0.49
Hunting	0.40	19.84	0.01	17, 17	33,66	1.32	6.82	22.80	0.56
Outdoor Games And Spor	ts 0.31	18.73	0.01	19.19	31.63	1.40	5.91	19.66	0.48
Ice Skating	0.24	17.26	0.01	10.54	16.07	0.81	2.51	9.02	0.22
Snow Play	0.17	15.33	0.01	12.79	17.63	1.05	2.21	8.77	0,22
Flying For Pleasure	0.17	15.33	0.01	11.18	23.12	1.37	1.93	10.48	0.26
Alpine Skiing	0.10	12.22	0.01	12.20	17.89	1.39	1.23	6.75	0.17

STATISTICS USED FOR DEMAND ANALYSIS

Statistic

Description

1. Proportion Participating

$$\rho = x/n$$

2. Sigma =

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\text{n. p(1-p)}}$$

3. Sigma proportion =

$$\sigma_{x/n} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

4. Mean participation

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}_{0}}{\mathbf{x}_{0}} = \sum_{i=1}^{n_{0}} \frac{\mathbf{x}_{i}}{\mathbf{n}_{0}}$$

5. Sigma participation

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - \overline{x}_{o})^{2}}{n_{o} - 1}}$$

The proportion of persons in the sample indicating participation in this activity. For example, with 1645 residents in the sample (n=1645) and 165 indicating participation in Alpine Skiing (x=165) the proportion participating would be 10 per cent ($\frac{x}{n} = .10$).

The standard deviation of a theoretical sampling distribution of the number of participants indicating participation in this activity.

The standard deviation or standard error of the proportion. This is the same as equation 2 divided by n, which translates the standard deviation of number of participants in the theoretical sampling situation into a standard deviation (or standard error) of the proportion. That is, in repeated samples of size n, there are 68 chances out of 100 that the proportion of the sample indicating participation in the activity will vary by less than one standard deviation (sigma proportion) from the initial sample proportion.

This is the arithmetic mean or average number of days spent participating in this activity by those indicating participation. In this case, $\mathbf{x_i}$ is the number of days of reported annual participation by each participant, $\mathbf{n_o}$ is the number of residents in the sample who indicated participation in this activity. Note here, $\mathbf{n_o}$ is the same as \mathbf{x} in equation 1.

This is the standard deviation of the distribution of the number of annual participation days indicated by participants. The mean of this distribution is \mathbf{x}_o . Definitions of \mathbf{x}_i , $\overline{\mathbf{x}}_o$ and \mathbf{n}_o are also the same as above.

6. Sigma mean =

$$\frac{\sigma_{\overline{x}}}{\sigma_{\delta}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n_{\delta}}}$$

7. Mean sample =

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} = x_i / n$$

8. Sigma sample

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

9. Sigma mean

$$\sigma_{x} = \sigma / \sqrt{n}$$

This is the standard error of the mean which is the standard deviation of a theoretical distribution of means of repeated samples of the same size with replacement. That is, on repeated samples, there are 68 chances out of 100 that the mean number of participation days indicated by the sample participants would fall between plus or minus one standard error around the mean (equation 4) of our initial sample, and 95 chances out of 100 that the mean would fall within plus or minus two standard deviations around the original mean.

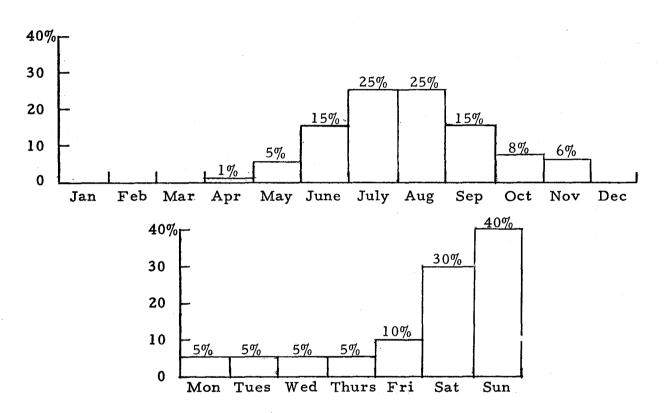
This is the same as formula 4 above, except n in this case represents every person sampled, including those who say they did not participate in the activity in question (i.e. there will be a number of x_i 's with a value of zero).

This is the same as formula 5 above except (as in formula 7) n here refers to every person sampled, not just those who participate in the activity in question.

Same as formula 6 above except that n here includes all persons in the sample.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION

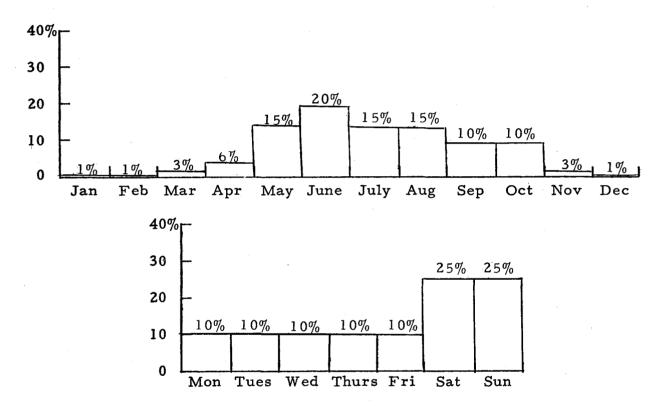
SUMMER SEASONAL ACTIVITIES: HIKING, CANOEING, HORSEBACK RIDING, MOUNTAIN CLIMBING WITH GEAR, AND CAMPING(a)



Peak Day = 25% \div 4 weeks = $6.25 \times 40\%$ = 2.5% of Annual Demand

(a) This is the basic monthly distribution of annual participation for summer activities with the majority of demand for these activities (70 per cent) expected to occur on weekends.

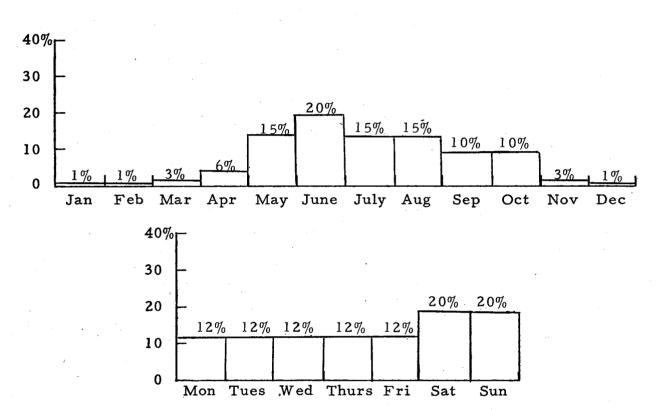
DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION NATURE STUDY(a)



Peak Day = $20\% \div 4$ weeks = $5\% \times 25\%$ = 1.25% of Annual Demand

(a) Participation in Nature Study is believed to be more evenly distributed over the year and throughout the week than the basic summer activities.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION WALKING FOR PLEASURE(a)

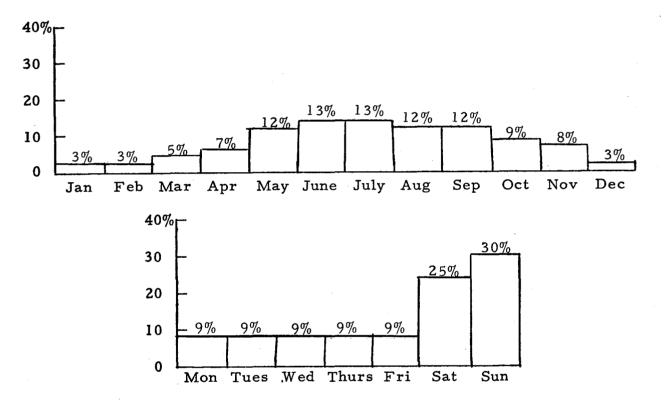


Peak Day = $20\% \div 4$ weeks = $5\% \times 20\% = 1\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) Participation in Walking for Pleasure has the same monthly distribution as nature study; however, high neighborhood and daily participation suggests a more even distribution over the week.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION

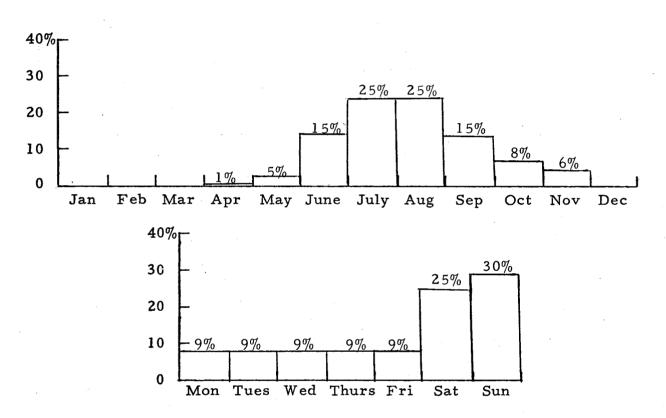
DRIVING FOR PLEASURE(a)



Peak Day = $13\% \div 4$ weeks = $3.25 \times .30 = 1.00\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) Participation in Driving for Pleasure is assumed to be more evenly spread over the year than with summer activities, with an earlier peak in participation as residents take to the roads in the spring after the long winter months. Weekly participation is considered to be more evenly spread over the week than with summer activities, because of the ease of daily participation and longer daylight hours in summer.

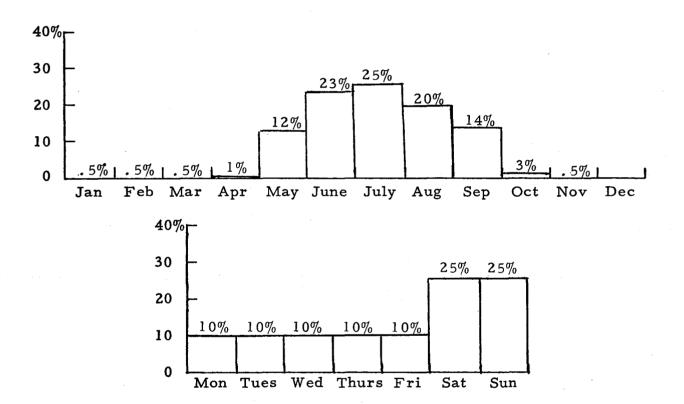
DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION PICNICKING(a)



Peak Day = $25\% \div 4$ weeks = $6.25\% \times 30\% = 1.88\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) This is basically a summer activity with the same spread over the month as other summer activities. However, participation in the Southwestern and Northwestern regions where residents are less tied to the 40 hour work week (ie. high rate of fishing employment etc.) tends to latten the participation more evenly over the week than for other summer activities.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION FISHING(a)

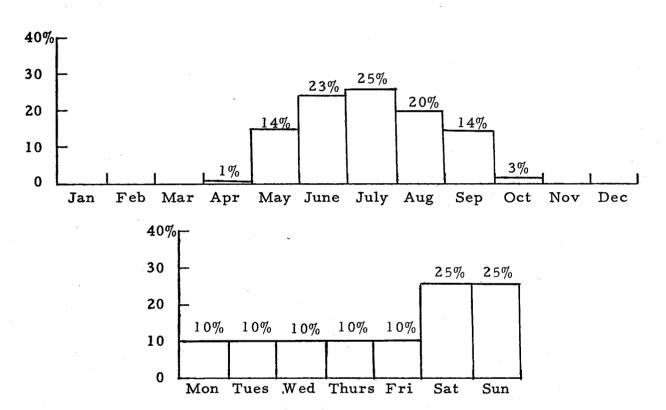


Peak Day = $25\% \div 4 = 6.25\% \times 25\% = 1.56\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) The monthly distribution for this activity reflects summer activity concentrated in the fishing seasons with the weekly distribution reflecting high participation in Southwestern, Southeastern and Northwestern Alaska where participation is not tied so closely to the 40 hour work week.

- 3 - 3 - 3 - 3

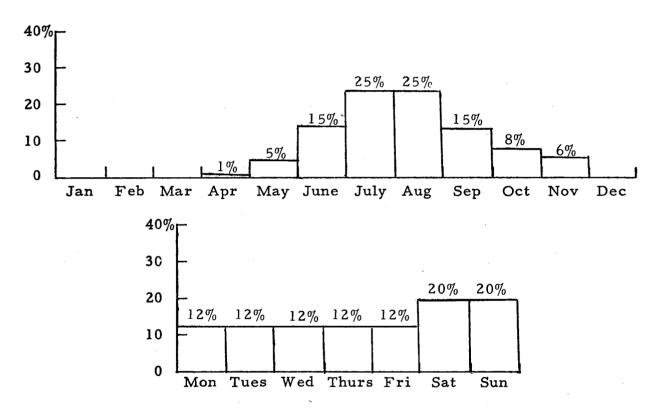
DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION BOATING(a)



Peak Day = $25\% \div 4 = 6.25\% \times 25\% = 1.56\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) Participation in this activity follows the same basic pattern as fishing, with a relatively flat weekly distribution due to participation in Southeastern and Southwestern Alaska where residents are generally not tied to the 40 hour work week.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION SWIMMING AND BICYCLING(a)

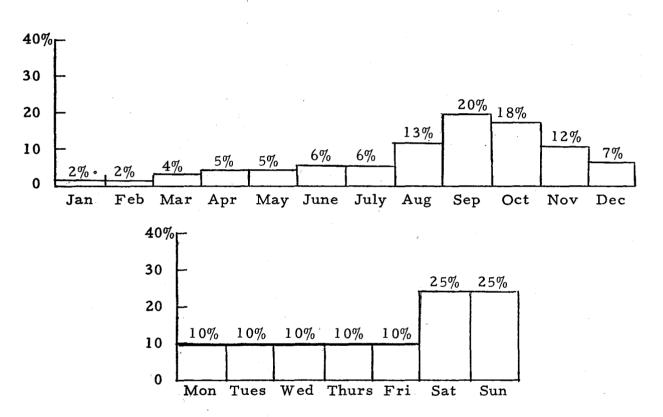


Peak Day = $25\% \div 4 = 6.25 \times 20\% = 1.25\%$

(a) The monthly distribution for these activities is the same as summer activities; however, the high percentage of children participating, plus long summer days, tend to spread daily participation over the week, especially during summer vacations.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION

HUNTING(a)

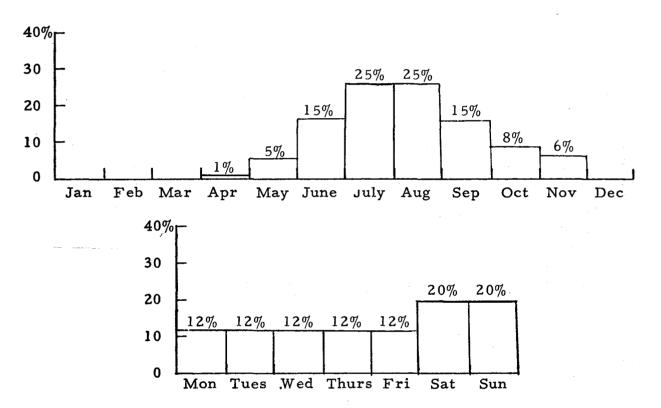


Peak Day = $20\% \div 4 = 5\% \times 25\% = 1.25\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) The monthly distribution for this activity tends to follow hunting seasons, with peaks near season opening. Participation during the week, however, is spread evenly due to volume of hunting in the Southwestern and Northwestern regions and hunting on trips and vacations.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION

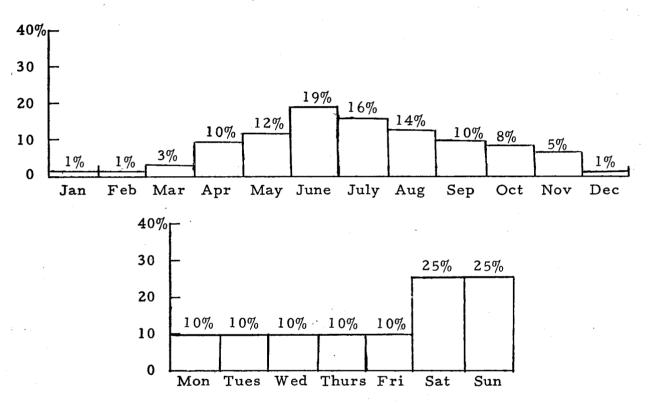
MOTOR CYCLING(a) AND OUTDOOR GAMES AND SPORTS(b)



Peak Day = $25\% + 4 = 6.25\% \times 20\% = 1.25\%$ of Annual Demand

- (a) Participation in motor cycling follows the same basic monthly pattern as summer activities; however, there is a more even distribution over the week due to high participation by college and high school age residents and the high participation by residents of Southwestern Alaska.
- (b) For Outdoor games and sports, high participation by younger residents tends to flatten the weekly distribution of participation. Moreover, the income levels and professions (ie, high income professional people, military and students) of participants suggest they are less tied to a 40 hour work week and therefore, are more available to participate in golf, tennis, and other outdoor games and sports.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION FLYING FOR PLEASURE(a)

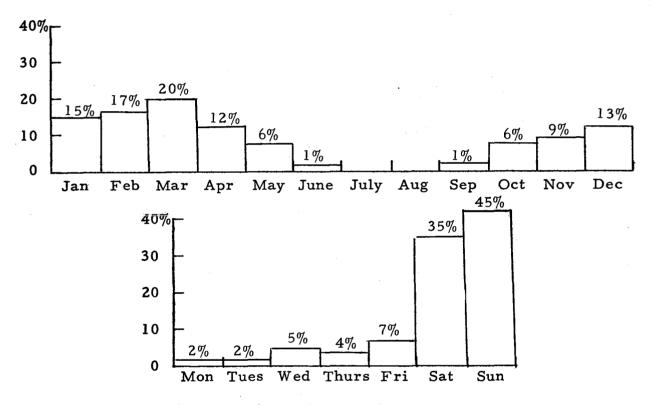


Peak Day = $19\% \div 4 = 4.75\% \times 25\% = 1.19\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) Distribution of participation in this activity is based in part on flying statistics from the Federal Aviation Agency showing the monthly distribution of general aviation flight operations. These indicated that participation was more evenly spread over the year than participation in summer activities. Higher week day participation is based upon heavy participation by residents of Southwestern Alaska and by individuals with higher incomes, both of whom are not tied so closely to the 40 hour work week.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION

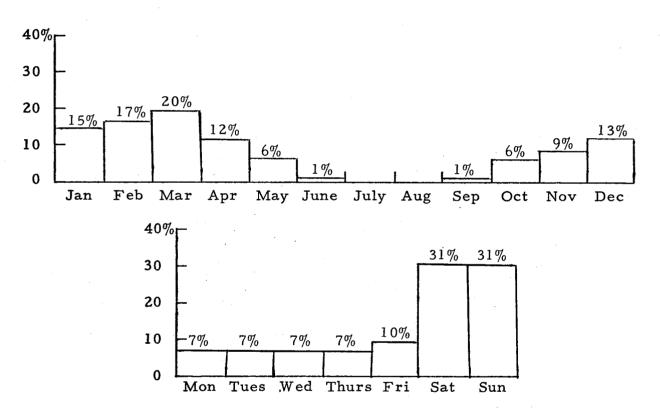
WINTER SEASONAL ACTIVITIES SNOW PLAY AND ALPINE SKIING(a)



Peak Day = $20\% \div 4 = 5\% \times 45\% = 2.25\%$ of Annual Demand

(a) This is the basic monthly distribution of annual participation for winter activities, with the majority of weekly demand (75 per cent) expected to occur on weekends.

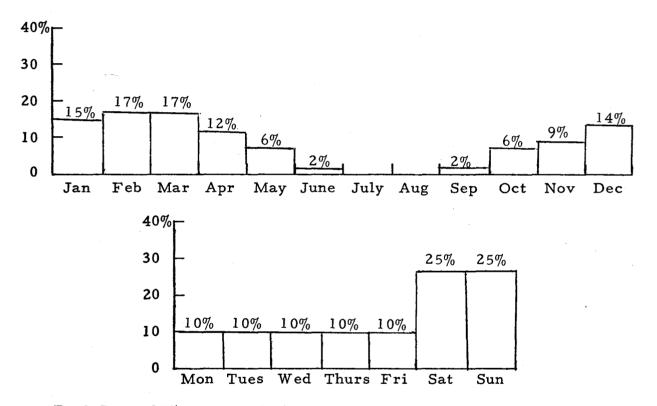
DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION ICE SKATING AND CROSS COUNTRY SKIING(a)



Peak Day = $20\% \div 4 = 5\% \times 31\% = 1.55\%$

(a) Participation in these activities follows the same basic monthly pattern as other winter activities, with a relatively flatter spread over the week due to higher participation levels of school age children.

DISTRIBUTION OF RESIDENT PARTICIPATION SNOW MOBILING AND DOG SLEDDING(a)



Peak Day = $17\% \div 4 = 4.25\% \times 25\% = 1.04\%$ of Annual Demand

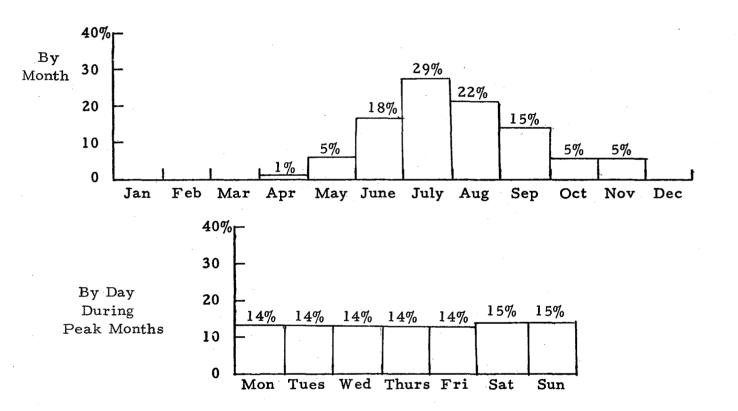
(a) Long winter months plus large Native participation tend to spread demand somewhat more evenly over the winter and peak month week.

STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

REGIONAL ALLOCATION OF TOTAL ANNUAL DEMAND: PICNICKING

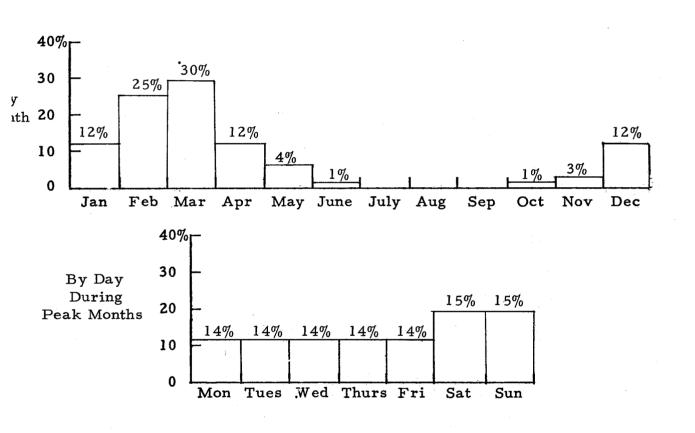
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Region	Mean Participation Rate (Days)	Relative Weight By Region	Statewide Average Annual Participation Days Per Tourist	Persons In Sample Indi- cating Parti- cipation In Each Region	Weighting Factor	Per Cent Of Column 5 Total	Total Participation Days 1967	Region Non Resident Demand	
Southeastern	5.16	.20	2.1	82	34.4	.208	182,000	38,000	
Southcentral	5 15	.20	2.1	169 ′	71.0	.433	182,000	78,000	
Southwestern	5.00	.19	2.1	7,	2.8	.016	182,000	3,000	
Interior	4.59	.18	2.1	144,	54.4	.329	182,000	60,000	
Northwestern	6.00	.23	2.1	5	2.4	.014	182,000	3,000	
Total	25,90	1.00	2.1	40,7	165.0	1.000	-	182,000	

DISTRIBUTION OF NONRESIDENT PARTICIPATION SUMMER SEASON ACTIVITIES



DISTRIBUTION OF NONRESIDENT PARTICIPATION

WINTER SEASON ACTIVITIES



COMPARISON OF PROJECTED U.S. GROWTH RATES IN PAR ICIPATION PER CAPITA WITH THOSE OF ALASKA

Expected Percentage Increases 1967 Annual Participation Annual Participation Days Per Capita (b) 1967-1975 1967-1980 Days Per Capita (a) 1967-2000 Activity U.S. Alaska U.S. Alaska U.S. Alaska U.S. Alaska Trail Related Activities 5% 41% 10% 27.5 8% 3% 14% 7.4 Walking For Pleasure 0 13 13 38 38 8.5 0, . 8 Nature Study 7.1 3 3 3 3 .. 6 6 3.3 Bicycling 25 28 50 55 2.7 25 28 . 4 Hiking 45 NA33 NA 33 NA Snowmobiling NA4.5 28 10 NA 16 NA 5.4 NAMotorcycling NA 5 10 1.3 NA NANANA Snowshoeing . 8 NΑ 20 NA20 NA 40 NACanoeing . 7 20 20 20 20 40 40 . 5 Horseback Riding 0 NA0 NA0 .9 NA Dogsledding NA NA 75 Cross Country Skiing NA . 5 NA 15 NΑ 35 38 0 NA 13 NA Mountain Climbing NA .17 NA 28 22 74 63 18 15 Outdoor Games And Sports 7 NA 75 NA 15 NA 35 Alpine Skiing NA 12 NΑ 20 2 8 NA NA NA Snowplay 10 16 16 28 28 24 10 7 Driving For Pleasure 24 12 6 6 12 12 24 Picnicking

COMPARISON OF PROJECTED U.S. GROWTH RATES IN PARTICIPATION PER CAPITA WITH THOSE OF ALASKA

			Exp	ected P	ercent	age Inc:	rease	s In	
	1967 Annual	l Participation	Annua	al Partic	cipatio	n Days	Per C	Per Capita(b)	
	Days Pe	er Capita(a)	1967-1975		1967-1980		1967-2000		
Activity	U.S.	Alaska	U.S.	Alaska	U.S.	Alaska	U.S	. Alaska	
Sightseeing	3	23	12	12	18	18	48	48	
Camping	1	5	14	14	29	29	86	86	
Hunting	NA	7	NA	8	NA	12	NA	20	
Boating	2	9	11	15	24	30	65	75	
Fishing	2	12	. 0	10	0	14	0	20	
Ice Skating	NA	3	NA	8	NA	12	NA	20	
Swimming	7	8	15	15	26	26	57	57	
Flying For Pleasure	NA	2	NA	8	NA	15	NA	30	

- (a) National rates are for population 12 years and older; Alaska rates include total population.
- (b) National statistics are derived from Bureau of Outdoor Recreation publication, Outdoor Recreation Trends.

NA = Data Not Available

FORECAST OF NONRESIDENT OUTDOOR RECREATION DEMAND, 1967-2000(a)

	TOTAL PARTICIPATION DAYS								
ACTIVITY	1967	1975	1980	2000					
Picnicking	182,000	415,000	556,000	1,785,000					
Camping	398,000	907,000	1,215,000	3,900,000					
Sightseeing	841,000	1,917,000	2,569,000	8,246,000					
Driving For Pleasure	329,000	750,000	1,005,000	3,226,000					
Walking For Pleasure	182,000	415,000	556,000	1,785,000					
Hunting	51,000	117,000	156,000	501,000					
Fishing	113,000	258,000	346,000	1,111,000					
Boating	44,000	100,000	134,000	430,000					
Swimming	9,000	21,000	28,000	90,000					
Hiking	4,000	9,000	12,000	39,000					
Alpine Skiing	4,000	9,000	12,000	39,000					
Ice Skating	1,000	2,000	3,000	10,000					
Sledding	1,000	2,000	3,000	10,000					

⁽a) 1967-1975 growth rate 1975-1980 growth rate 1980-2000 growth rate

^{10.8} per cent per year.
6 per cent per year.
6 per cent per year.

FORECASTED NEEDS FOR SELECTED ACTIVITIES

The attached exhibits present regional forecasts of needs for developed areas and facilities to 1975, 1980 and the year 2000, for those activities for which standards or similar approaches were developed. These include:

- Trail-related activities (bicycling, hiking, snowmobiling, canoeing, horseback riding and cross-country skiing)
- Picnicking
- Boating
- Camping (in developed areas)
- Swimming (ocean, lake, stream or pond)
- Outdoor games and sports (including golf and tennis)
- Ice skating
- Alpine skiing.

As can be seen from the format of the exhibits, the basic approach involved comparing the 1967 supply (in peak or average day capacity) with the forecasts of peak or average day demand by residents (and by nonresidents, where data were available) for 1967, 1975, 1980, and the year 2000. Where a portion of the total demand was not expected to require facilities (for example, in the case of picnicking, where many picnics

occur in a natural environment and do not require facilities), the demand was adjusted downward to reflect this factor. Explanations of the basis for these adjustments are shown as footnotes on the individual exhibits.

The difference between the supply and the demand requiring facilities represents the needs in terms of demand days on a peak seasonal day.

Using the use standards presented in Chapter VI, these needs were converted to units of developed area such as a mile of trail or an acre of developed ski area. These calculated needs for developed areas or facilities in turn were multiplied by the expected cost per unit on the basis of the cost standards (also explained in Chapter VI), to obtain estimates of total costs to meet the identified needs in 1967 and 1975. Cost estimates were not calculated for 1980 and the year 2000, however, because it was felt that by that time inflation, as well as other changes in transportation, construction techniques etc., would make these estimates meaningless.

Note: D.D. on all exhibits means Demand Day.

Total 1967

			Par	Cent	Total 1967 Demand		Units				
	1967	Total 196			Requiring	1967	Per	1967	Cost	Cost To	
	Supply	Demand			Facilities	Need	Demand	Needed	Per	Satisfy	
Region	(D. D.)	(D.D.)	-	ilities(a)		(D.D.)	Day	Units	Unit(b)	Demand	
ICC GIOII	12.2.7			ZII CD(W)	(3.5.)	(3.3.)		0.11100	01110(07		
Southeastern	0	4,100		. 8%	525	525	.0667 mi.	35 mi.	\$7, 500	\$ 262,500	ė.
Southcentral	24	12,000		. 8	1,536	1,512	.0667 mi.	101 mi.	7,500	757,500	
Southwestern	0	2,400		. 8	307	307	.0667 mi.	20 mi.	7,500	150,000	
Interior	0	4,800	12	2. 8	614	614	.0667 mi.	41 mi.	7,500	307,500	
Northwestern	_0	1,300	12	. 8	<u> 166</u>	166	.0667 mi.	<u>11 mi.</u>	7,500	82,500	
							0445				
State	24	24,600		. 8	3,148	3,136	.0667 mi.		\$7,500	\$1,560,000	
	1975		Per Ce		Total l		1975	Add'l.	1967		
	Demand	Den	nand Rec		Demand Re	-	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total	
Region	(D. D.)	 	Faciliti	es	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost	
Southeastern	4,900		12.8%		627		627	42 mi.	\$7,500	\$ 315,000	
Southcentral	15,600		12.8		1,997		1,973	132 mi.	7,500	990,000	
Southwestern	2,600		12.8		333		333	22 mi.	7,500	165,000	
Interior	5,600		12.8		717		717	48 mi.	7,500	360,000	
Northwestern	1,500		12.8		192		192	13 mi.	7,500	97,500	
1101011110000111	1,500						<u></u>		.,,		
State	30,200		12.8		3,866		3,842	257 mi.	\$7,500	\$1,927,500	
•	1980	12.8%	1980	Units	Add'l.	2000	• •	2000	Units	Add'l.	-
· ·	Demand	Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dema		${\sf Need}$	Per	Units By	
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D. D.	1980	(D. D	.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D. D.)	2000	
Southeastern	5,500	704	704	.0667 m		8,30		1,062	.0667 mi.		
Southcentral	17,600	-	2,229	.0667 m	·	30,30	•	3,854	.0667 mi.		
Southwestern	2,800	358	358	.0667 m		3,40		435	. 0667 mi.		
Interior	6,100	781	781	.0667 m		8,50	· ·	1,088	.0667 mi.		
Northwestern	1,600	205	205	.0667 m	<u>i. 14 mi</u> .	2,30	0 294	<u>294</u>	. 0667 mi.	<u>20</u>	
State	33,600	4,301	4,277	.0667 m	i. 286 mi.	52,80	0 6,757	6,733	.0667 mi.	450 mi	•.
						•					

⁽a) 7% all bicycling is on trips, outings and vacations; 93% in neighborhoods. Assume 50% of nonneighborhood participation requires trail (i.e. 50% x 7% = 3.5%) and 10% of neighborhood participation requires trail (i.e. 10% x 93% = 9.3%) 3.5 + 9.3 = 12.8%.

⁽b) Cost of 4,000/mi. for development; \$4,800/mi. for acquisition; thus the city development may require acquisition of land. Neighborhood development is 73% of total for which facilities will be needed (i.e. 9.3 ÷ 12.8 = 73%) (73% x \$8800 = \$6424)+(27% x \$4000 = \$1080) = \$7504.

HIKING

i 1 Ir			Per Cent	Total 1967 Demand		Units			
ļ* I	1967	Total 1967			1967	Per	1967	Cost	Cost To
F ·			Demand	Requiring				Per	Satisfy
)	Supply	Demand	Requiring	Facilities	Need	Demand	Needed		•
Region	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	Day	Units	Unit	Demand
						044=			
Southeastern	600	3,800	. 50%	1,900	1,300		i. 87 mi.	\$4,000	\$ 348,000
Southcentral	852	10,400	.50	5,200	4,348		i. 290 mi.	4,000	1,160,000
Southwestern	168	1,600	.50	800	632		i. 42 mi.	4,000	168,000
Interior	324	2,400	. 50	1,200	876		i. 58 mi.	4,000	232,000
Northwestern	<u> </u>	400	.50	200	200	. 0667 m	i. <u>13 mi</u> .	4,000	52,000
							_		
State	1,944	18,600	.50	9,300	7,356		i. 490 mi.	\$4,000	\$1,960,000
,	1975		Per Cent	Total 19		1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand		and Requiring	Demand Red		${f Need}$	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)	F	acilities	Facilities (D.D.	(D. D.)	1975	<u>Unit</u>	1975 Cost
Southeastern	5,600		. 5%	2,800	•	2,200	147 mi.	\$4,000	\$ 588,000
Southcentral	16,800		. 5	8,400)	7,548	503 mi.	4,000	2,012,000
Southwestern	2,200		. 5	1,100)	932	62 mi.	4,000	248,000
Interior	3,500		. 5	1,750	l	1,426	95 mi.	4,000	380,000
Northwestern	600		. 5	300		300	20 mi.	4,000	80,000
l i					-				
State	28,700		. 5	14,350		12,406	827 mi.	\$4,000	\$3,308,000
1	1980	5%	1980 Units	Add'l.	2000	5%	2000	Units	Add'l.
. 1	Demand	Req.	Need Per	Units By	Demai	nd Req.	Need	Per	Units By
Region	(D.D.)	Facil. (D.D.) D.D.	1980	(D. D.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000
							 	<u>-</u>	
Southeastern	6,300	3,150	2,550 .0667 1	mi. 170 mi.	11,200	5,600	5,000	.0667 mi.	. 334 mi.
Southcentral	18,900	9,450	8,598 .0667	mi. 573 mi.	38,400	19,200	18,348	.0667 mi.	. 1,224 mi.
Southwestern	2,300	1,150	982 . 0667 :	mi. 65 mi.	3,300	1,650	1,482	.0667 mi.	. 99 mi.
Interior	3,800	1,900	1,576 .0667	mi. 105 mi.	6,200	3,100	2,776	. 0667 mi.	. 185 mi.
Northwestern	600	300	300 . 0667 :		1,000	-	500	.0667 mi	. 33 mi.
!									
State	31,900	15,950 ,1	4,006 .0667	mi. 933 mi.	60,100	30,050	28,106	.0667 mi	1,875 mi.

					Total 1967					
			Per	Cent	Demand		Units			•
	1967	Total 19	67 Der	nand	Requiring	1967	Per	1967	Cost	Cost To
	Supply	Deman	d Requ	uiring	Facilities	Need	Demand	Needed	Per	Satisfy
Region	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	Fac	ilities(a)	(D. D.)	(D. D.)	Day	Units	<u>Unit</u> (b)	Demand
Southeastern	18	100	. 9	0%	90	72	. 0667	5 mi.	\$8,800	\$ 44,000
Southcentral	1,836	2,700	9	0	2,430	594	. 0667	40 mi.	8,800	352,000
Southwestern	0	5,600	. 1	. 0	560	560	. 0667	37 mi.	8,800	325,600
Interior	300	1,000	9	0	900	600	. 0667	40 mi.	8,800	352,000
Northwestern		3,600	. 1	. 0	360	<u> 360</u>	. 0667	24 mi.	8,800	<u>211, 200</u>
State	2,154	13,000	_		4,340	2,186	. 0667	146 mi.	\$8,800	\$1,284,800
	1975		Per Ce	nt	Total I	.975	1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand	De	mand Rec	uiring	Demand Re	equiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)		Faciliti		Facilities		(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost
										
Southeastern	200		. 90%		180		162	ll mi.	\$8,800	\$ 96,800
Southcentral	4,500		. 90		4,050		2,214	148 mi.	8,800	1,302,400
Southwestern	8,000		. 10		800		800	53 mi.	8,800	466,400
Interior	1,500		. 90		1,350		1,050	70 mi.	8,800	616,000
Northwestern	5,300		. 10		<u>530</u>		530	35 mi.	8,800	308,000
					,					
State	19,500				6,910		4,756	317 mi.	\$8,800	\$2,789,600
	1980	1980	1980	Units	Add'l.	2000		2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req.	${f Need}$	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dema	•	Need	$\operatorname{\mathtt{Per}}$	Units By
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D.D.	1980	(D. D.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000
		-								
Southeastern	200	180	162	. 0667 1	mi. ll mi	. 300	270	252	. 0667 m	i. 17 mi.,
Southcentral	5,100	4,590	2,754	. 0667 1	mi. 184 mi	. 9,300	8,370	6,534	. 0667 m	i. 436 mi.
Southwestern	8,300	830	830	. 0667 1	mi. 55 mi	. 11,000	1,100	1,100	.0667 m	i. 73 mi.
Interior	1,600	1,440	1,140	. 0667 1	mi. 76 mi	. 2,400	2,160	1,860	.0667 m	i. 124 mi.
Northwestern	5,700	<u>570</u>	570	. 0667 1	mi. <u>38 mi</u>	8,600	860	860	.0667 m	i. 57 mi.
			 .							
State	20,900	7,610	5,456	. 0667 1	mi, 364 mi	. 31,600	12,760	10,606	. 0667 m	i. 707 mi.

⁽a) 96% reported snow mobiling is "neighborhood." Suggests a prime need for trails to avoid conflicts with nonmotorized trail users. In Northwest and Southwest, access to open country, particularly tundra, can satisfy the biggest part of the demand.

⁽b) Assume land cost important in all snowmobile trail development due to need for land in and near to cities and villages.

CANOEING

Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 196 Demand (D. D.)		Cent and ring	Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D.D.)	1967 Need (D. D.)	Units Per Demand Day	1967 Needed Units	Cost Per <u>Unit</u>	Cost To Satisfy Demand
Southeastern	0	700	75%	<i>1</i> 0	525	525	.0667 mi.	35 mi.	\$500 mi.	\$17,500
Southcentral	1,392	2,300	75	.0	1,725	333	.0667 mi.	22 mi.	500 mi.	11,000
Southwestern	0	600	75		450	450	.0667 mi.	30 mi.	500 mi.	15,000
Interior	822	1,600	75		1,200	378	.0667 mi.	25 mi.	500 mi.	12,500
Northwestern	180	100	75		<u>75</u>	(105)	.0667 mi.	-	500 mi.	<u>-</u>
State	2,394	5,300	75%	70	3,975	1,686	.0667 mi.	112 mi.	\$500 mi.	\$56,000
	1975		Per Cent		Total l	975	1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand	Dem	and Requi	iring	Demand Re	equiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)	<u> </u>	Facilities	<u> </u>	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	<u>Unit</u>	1975 Cost
Southeastern Southcentral	1,000 3,500		75% 75		750 2,6 <u>2</u> 5		750 1,233	50 mi. 82 mi.	\$500 mi. 500 mi.	\$25,000 41,000
Southwestern	800		7 5		600	•	600	40 mi.	500 mi.	20,000
Interior	2,200	i	75		1,650		828	55 mi.	500 mi.	27,500
Northwestern	100		75		75		<u>(105)</u>		500 mi.	
State	7,600		75%		5,700			227 mi.	\$500 mi.	\$113,500
	1980	1980	•	Units	Add'l.	200		2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req.	${f Need}$	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dema	•	Need	$\operatorname{\mathtt{Per}}$	Units By
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D. D.	1980	(D. D	.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000
Southeastern	1,100	825	825 .	0667 m	ni. 55 mi	. 1,90	00 1,425	1,900	.0667 mi.	127 mi.
Southcentral	3,900	2,925	1,533 .	0667 m	ni. 102 mi		•	-	.0667 mi.	292 mi.
Southwestern	800	600	600 .	0667 m		1	•	•	.0667 mi.	73 mi.
Interior	2,400	1,800	978 .	0667 m	ni. 65 mi	. 3,20	2,400	1,578	. 0667 mi.	105 mi.
Northwestern	100	<u>75</u>	(105) .	0667 m	ni. <u>-</u>	20	<u>150</u>		.0667 mi.	-
State	8,300	6,225	3,936,	0667 n	ni. 262 mi	. 14,10	00 10,575	8,961	.0667 mi.	597 mi.

⁽a) Given use of lakes for this activity - assume 75%.

HORSEBACK RIDING

Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 196 Demano (D. D.)	67 Der d Requ	Cent mand uiring ilities	Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D. D.)	1967 Need (D.D.)	Units Per Demand Day	1967 Needed Units	Cost Per Unit	Cost To Satisfy Demand
Southeastern	234	200		5%	100	(134)	.0667 mi	_	\$4,000	_
Southcentral	390	3,900	. 5		1,950	1,560	.0667 mi		4,000	\$416,000
Southwestern	- -	100	. 5		50	5.0	.0667 mi		4,000	12,000
Interior	42	800	. 5		400	358	.0667 mi		4,000	96,000
Northwestern		: 800	. 5			3,50	.0667 mi		4, 000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Not the estern		-	• •	,		<u> </u>	.0007 1111	· -	_	
State	666	5,000	. 5	5%	2,500	1,968	.0667 mi	131 mi.	\$4,000	\$524,000
	1975		Per Cer		Total 1		1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand	Der	mand Reg	uiring	Demand R	equiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D.D.)		Facilitie		Facilities	_	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost
					•					
Southeastern	300		50%		15		(84)	-	\$4,000	\$ -
Southcentral	5,900		50		2,95		2,560	170 mi.	4,000	680,000
Southwestern	100		50		5	0	50	3 mi.	4,000	12,000
Interior	900		50		45	0	408	27 mi.	4,000	108,000
Northwestern			50				<u>-</u> .		4,000	
						•	•			
State	7,200		50%		3,60		3,018	200 mi.	\$4,000	\$800,000
; 	1980	1980	1980	Units	Add'l.	2000		2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req.	Need	Per	Units By	Demai	nd Req.	${f Need}$	Per	Units By
Region	(D, D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	<u>D.D.</u>	1980	(D. D.) Facil.	(D. D.)	(D.D.)	2000
Southeastern	300	150	(84)	.0667	mi -	5.00	250	16	.0667 mi.	l mi.
Southcentral	6,600	3,300	2,910	. 0667		4	6,500	6,110	.0667 mi.	408 mi.
Southwestern	100	5,300 50	50	. 0667 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	100	100	.0667 mi.	
Interior						•				7 mi.
Northwestern	1,200	600	558	. 0667 1			950	908	.0667 mi.	61 mi.
MOTHIMESIEIN		-		. 0667	mı. <u>-</u>	100	50	_50	.0667 mi.	<u>3 mi.</u>
State	8,200	4,100	3,518	.0667	mi. 234 mi	. 15,700	7,850	7,184	.0667 mi.	480 mi.

CROSS COUNTRY SKIING

Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 190 Demand (D. D.)	67 Dei d Req	Cent mand uiring ilities(a	De Rec Fac	emand quiring cilities D.D.)	1967 Need (D.D.)	Units Per Demand Day	1967 Needed Units(b)	Cost Per Unit	Cost To Satisfy Demand	
Southeastern	42	200	9(0%		180	138	. 0667	9 mi.	\$8,800	\$ 79,200	
Southeastern	1,746	1,300	9((576)	. 0667	_	8,800	-	
Southwestern	1,740	400	10		٠,	40	40	. 0667	3 mi.	8,800	26,400	
Interior	- 114	100	90			90	(24)	.0667		8,800	-	
Northwestern	114		10			40	40	.0667	3 mi.	8,800	26,400	
Northwestern	-	<u>400</u>	1,			10	40	. 0001	<u> </u>	0,000	<u> </u>	
State	1,902	2,400			1,	520	218	. 0667	15 mi.	\$8,800	\$132,000	
	1975		Per Ce	nt		Total 19	975	1975	Add'l.	1967		
	Demand	De	mand Rec	quiring	De	mand Re	quiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total	
Region	(D. D.)		Faciliti	es(a)	Fa	acilities (D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
Southeastern	300		90%			270		228	15 mi.	\$8,800	\$132,000	
Southcentral	1,900		90			1,710		(36)	_	8,800	. -	
Southwestern	500		10			50		50	3 mi.	8,800	26,400	
Interior	100		90			90		(24)	_	8,800	-	
Northwestern	400		10			40		40	3 mi.	8,800	26,400	
	 -					· 						
State	3,200					2,160		318	21 mi.	\$8,800	\$184,800	
	1980	1980	1980	Units		Add'l.	2000	2000	2000	Units	Add'l.	
•	Demand	Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}		nits By	Deman	d Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D.D.		1980	(D.D.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000	
		•										
Southeastern	400	360	318	.0667 r	mi.	21 mi.	700	630	588	.0667 mi.	39 mi.	
Southcentral	2,500	2,250	504	.0667 r	mi.	34 mi.	5,400	4,860	3,114	.0667 mi.	208 mi.	
Southwestern	600	60	60	.0667 r	mi.	4 mi.	900	90	90	.0667 mi.	6 mi.	
Interior	200	180	66	.0667 r		4 mi.	300	270	156	.0667 mi.	10 mi.	
Northwestern	600	<u>60</u>	60	. 0667 r		4 mi.	1,100	110	110	.0667 mi.	7 mi.	
		_										
State	4,300	2,910	1,008	.0667 ı	mi	67 mi.	8,400	5,960	4,058	.0667 mi.	270 mi.	

⁽a) 87% reported participation is in neighborhoods.

⁽b) Assume land cost important in all cross-country ski trail development due to need for land in and near cities and villages.

FISHING AND BOATING

ESTIMATED NEEDS TO 1975, 1980 AND 2000

Launch Ramps

Region	Existing Facilities	Percentage Increase(a) To 1975	Additional Needs By 1975	Cost/Unit For Added Ramps	Est. Cost To 1975	Percentage Increase(a) To 1980	Number Needed 1980	Percentage Increase(a) To 2000	Number Needed 2000
Southeastern	21	24%	5	\$30,000	\$150,000	- 62%	13	191%	40
Southcentral	57(b)	44	25	30,000	750,000	77	44	263	150
Southwestern	0(5)(a)	24	6	30,000	180,000	38	7	106	10
Interior	29(b)	30	9	30,000	270,000	53	15	155	45
Northwestern	0(5)(a)	28	6	30,000	180,000	48		148	12
Statewide	107(117)(a)	33%	51	\$30,000	\$1,530,000	62%	86	198%	257
Slips And M	oorings			Cost/Unit			,		
		Percentage	${f Additional}$	For Added		Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number
	Existing	Increase(a)	Needs By	Slips And	Est. Cost	Increase(a)	Needed	Increase(a)	Needed
Region	<u>Facilities</u>	To 1975	1975	Moorings	To 1975	To 1980	1980	То 2000	2000
Southeastern	2, 267	24%	544	\$ 1,000	\$544,000	62%	1,406	191%	4,330
Southcentral	950	44	418	1,000	418,000	77	732	263	2,499
Southwestern	1(10)(a)	24	12	1,000	12,000	38	14	106	21
Interior	3	30	. 1	1,000	1,000	53	2	155	5
Northwestern	0(5)(a)		6	1,000	6,000	48	7	148	12
Statewide	3,221(3236)(a	ı) 33%	981	\$ 1,000	\$ 981,000	62%	2,161	198%	6,817

⁽a) Combined average of expected increases in total fishing and boating participation.

⁽b) For calculations - a minimum present need of 10 ramps and 5 moorings in Southwestern and 5 ramps and 5 moorings in Northwestern have been assumed.

PICNICKING

Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 1967 Demand (D. D.)(a)	Per Cent Demand Requiring Facilities(b	Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D.D.)(c)	1967 Need (D. D.)	Units Per Demand Day	1967 Needed <u>Units</u>	Cost Per <u>Unit</u> (d)	Cost To Satisfy Demand
Southeastern	1,448	13,700	52%	7,316	5,868	. 136	798	\$1,175	937,650
Southcentral	18,560	31,800	52 ₇₀	16,968	(1,592)	.136	-	1,175	-
Southwestern	74	4,100	52	2,132	2,058	. 136	280	1,175	329,000
Interior	1,154	11,700	52	6,420	5,266	.136	716	1,175	841,300
Northwestern	•		52	1,248	-	.136	170	1,175	199,750
NOI thiw co term		2,400	52	1,210	1,248	.130	170	1,175	177, 130
State	21,236	63,700	52%	34,084	14,440	. 136	1.964	\$1,175	\$2,307,700
	1975	Pe	er Cent	Total l		1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand	Deman	d Requiring	Demand Re	quiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)(a	ı) <u> </u>	cilities	Facilities	(D.D.)(c)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit(d)	1975 Cost
Southeastern	17,300	5	2%	9,4	28	7,980	1,085	\$1,175	\$1,274,875
Southcentral	43,300	5	52	23,4	76	4,916	669	1,175	786,075
Southwestern	4,700	5	52	2,4	92	2,418	329	1,175	386,575
Interior	14,700	5	52	8,3	64	7,210	981	1,175	1, 152, 675
Northwestern	2,900	. 5	52	1,5	56	1,556	212	1,175	249,100

State	82,900	5	2%	45,3	16	24,080	3,276	\$1,175	\$3,849,300
	1980	52% 1	980 Units	Add'l.	2000	52%	2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req. N	leed Per	Units By	Dema	nd Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}	Units By
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.(b) (D	.D.) D.D.	1980	(D. D.) Facil.	(b) <u>(D.D.)</u>	(D.D.)	2000
Southeastern	20,700	52% 9,	940 .136	1,352	35,40	52%	18,928	.136	2,574
Southcentral	51,700	52 9,	572 .136	1,302	99,60	0 52	37,264	. 136	5,068
Southwestern	5,200	52 2,	678 .136	364	7,20		3,814	. 136	519
Interior	17,200	52 8,	750 . 136	1,190	29, 20	0 52	17,102	. 136	2, 326
Northwestern	3,300	52 1,	764 . 136	240	5, 20	<u>0</u> 52	2,848	.136	<u>387</u>
									
State	98,100	52% 32,	,704 .136	4,448	176,60	0 52%	79,956	. 136	10,874

Total resident and nonresident participation.
47% of all picnicking is neighborhood. Assume 25% requires formal facilities since much of demand is backyard barbecue type of participation. Assume 75% of the resident outing trip etc. demand requires facilities (as does all nonresident demand) i.e. (47% x 25% = 11.75)+(53% x 75% = 39.75) = 51.50 or 'roughly' 52% for resident demand .100% for nonresident demand.

⁽c) Includes 52% of resident participation and 100% nonresident participation, as explained more fully in footnote (b).
(d) Cost - roughly 23% of the facilities will be needed in the cities (i.e. 11.75 ÷ (39.75 + 11.75) = 23% Thus, land cost is included for 23% of the total and omitted from the other 77%. (23% x \$1750 = \$403)+(77% x \$1000 = \$770) = \$1173 or roughly \$1175.

DEVELOPED CAMPING

Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 19 Deman (D. D.)	67 Den d Requ	Cent nand iiring lities	Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D.D.)	1967 Need (D. D.)	Units Per Demand Day	1967 Needed Units	Cost Per Unit	Cost To Satisfy Demand	
Southeastern	1,961	2,200	10	0%	2,200	239	.277(a)	66	\$1,500(b)	\$ 99,000	
Southcentral	7,884	12,900	10	'*'	12,900	5,016	. 277	1,389	1,500	2,083,500	
Southeentral	208	2,000	10		2,000	1,792	. 277	496	1,500	744,000	
Interior	2,980	4,500	10		4,500	1,520	. 277	421	1,500	631,500	
Northwestern	2, 900	800			800	777	. 277	215	1,500	322,500	
1,01 tilw cb tc11i			_	J			-			····	
State	13,056	22,400	10	0%	22,400	9,344	. 277	2,587	\$1,500	\$3,880,500	
	1975		Per Cer	nt	Total l	975	1975	Add'l.	1967		
	Demand	De	mand Req	uiring	Demand Re	quiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total	
Region	(D.D.)(Facilitie		Facilities	_	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost	
								0.51		+ 55/ 500	
Southeastern	3,300		100%		3,300		1,339	371	\$1,500	\$ 556,500	
Southcentral	20,600		100		20,600		12,716	3,522	1,500	5, 283, 000	
Southwestern	2,500		100		2,500		2,292	635	1,500	952,500	
Interior	7,200		100		7,200		4,220	1,169	1,500	1,753,500	
Northwestern	1,000		100		1,000)	977	271	1,500	406,500	
									* 700	#O 053 000	
State	34,600		100%		34,600		21,544	5, 968	\$1,500	\$8,952,000	
	1980	100%	1980	Units	Add'l.	2000	•	2000	Units	Add'l.	
	Demand	-	Need	Per	Units By	Dema	•	Need	Per	Units By	
Region	(D.D.)(a)Facil.	(D.D.)	D.D.	1980	(D. D	<u>.)(</u> a) <u>Facil.</u>	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000	
~		4 200	2 220	277	6.40 -:+-	s 10,50	0 10,500	8,539	. 277	2,365	
Southeastern	4,300	4,300	2,339	. 277	648 site			62,416	. 277	17,289	
Southcentral	25,800	25,800	17,916	. 277	4,963 site	1 '		•	. 277	1,438	
Southwestern	3,000	3,000	2,792	. 277	773 site			5,192	. 277	5,601	
Interior	9,100	9,100	6,120	. 277	1,695 site	1		20,220			
Northwestern	1,200	1,200	1,177	. 277	° 326 sites	$\frac{2,50}{}$	2,500	2,477	. 277	<u>686</u>	
State	43,400	43,400	30,344	. 277	8,405 site	s 111,90	0 111,900	98,844	. 277	27,379	

⁽a) Total of resident and nonresident.

⁽b) No acquisition costs because most camping is away from cities where there is little private ownership of land.

SWIMMING (BEACH)

_									*		
·				Cent	Total 1967 Demand		Units				
	1967	Total 19		mand	Requiring	1967	Per	1967	Cost	Cost To	
	Supply	Deman	d Req	uiring	Facilities	Need	Demand	Needed	\mathtt{Per}	Satisfy	
Region	(D. D.)	(D.D.)) Fac	ilities(a	(D. D.)	(D. D.)	Day	Units	Unit	Demand	
Southeastern	213	2,500		5%	1,250	1,037	2 f.f./part.	2,074	\$33 f.f.	\$ 68,442	
Southcentral	1,220	8,800		5	4,400	3,180	2 f.f./part.	6,360	33 f.f.	209,880	
Southwestern	100	1,800		5	900	800	2 f.f./part.	1,600	33 f.f.	52,800	
Interior	483	2,800		5	1,400	917	2 f.f./part.	1,834	33 f.f.	60,522	
Northwestern		400	•	5	200	200	2 f.f./part.	400	33 f.f.	13, 200	
State	2,016	16,300		5%	8, 150	6,134	2 f.f./part.	12,268	\$33 f.f.	\$404,844	
	1975		Per Ce	nt	Total l	975	1975	Add'l.	1967		
	Demand	De	mand Red	quiring	Demand Re	quiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total	
Region	(D.D.)		Faciliti		Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost	
								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Southeastern	3,500		. 5%		1,750		1,537	3,074	\$33 f.f.	\$101,442	
Southcentral	12,700		. 5		6,350		5,130	10,260	33 f.f.	338,580	
Southwestern	2,200		. 5		1,100		1,000	2,000	33 f.f.	66,000	
Interior	3,600		. 5		1,800		1,317	2,634	33 f.f.	86,922	
Northwestern	500		. 5		250		250	500	33 f.f.	16,500	
											
State	22,500		. 5%		11,250		9,234	18,468	\$33 f.f.	\$609,444	
	1980	.5%	1980	Units	Add'l.	200	. 5 70	2000	Units	Add'l.	
	Demand	Req.	${\sf Need}$	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dem	-	Need	Per	Units By	
Region	(D.D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D. D.	1980	(D.I).) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000	
Southeastern	4,200	2,100	1,887	2 f. f.	3,774 f.f.	8,00	00 4,000	3,787	2 f. f.	7,574	
Southcentral	15,800	7,900	6,680	2 f. f.	13, 360 f. f.		•	16,180	2 f. f.	32,360	
Southwestern	2,500	1,250	1,150	2 f. f.	2, 300 f. f.	1 .		2,200	2 f. f.	4,400	
Interior	4,300	2,150	1,667	2 f. f.	3,334 f. f.	1	•	3,217	2 f. f.	6,434	
Northwestern	600	300	300	2 f. f.	600 f. f.	1	•	•	2 f. f.		
1,51		300	300	<i>□</i> 1.1.	000 1. 1.	1,3	050	<u>650</u>	4 1.1.	1,300	
State	27,400	13,700	11,684	2 f.f.	23,368 f.f.	56,1	00 28,050	26,034	2 f. f.	52,068	

⁽a) Assume 50% desire formal facilities - 50% prefer natural setting.

Note: f.f. = front feet.

POOL SWIMMING

Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 196 Demand (D. D.)	7 De Reg		Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D. D.)	1967 Need (D. D.)	Units Per Demand Day (a)	1967 Needed Units	Cost Per <u>Unit(</u> b)	Cost To Satisfy Demand
Southeastern	338	2,033	2	.11	2,300	1,962	10 sq.ft.	19,620	\$103 sq.ft.	\$2,020,860
Southcentral	1,080	1,900		.11	1,900	820	10 sq. ft.	8, 200	103 sq.ft.	844,600
Southwestern	1,000	300		.11	300	300	10 sq. ft.	3,000	103 sq.ft.	309,000
Interior	633	1,000		.11	1,000	367	10 sq. it.	3,670	103 sq.ft.	378,010
Northwestern	- 000	400		.11	400 400	400	10 sq. ft.	4,000	103 sq.ft.	412,000
1101 0110 05 0022		100	a	.11	400	100	10 54.10.	1,000	105 54.10.	112,000
State	2,051	5,900	a	.11	5,900	3,849	10 sq.ft.	38,490	\$103 sq.ft.	\$3,964,470
	1975		Per Ce	ent	Total l	975	1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand	Den	nand Re	quiring	Demand Re	equiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)		Faciliti	ies	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost
				<u></u>						
Southeastern	3,100		all		3,100		2,762	27,620	\$103 sq.ft.	\$2,844,860
Southcentral	2,800		all		2,800		1,720	17,200	103 sq.ft.	1,771,600
Southwestern	400		all		400		400	4,000	103 sq.ft.	412,000
Interior	1,300		all		1,300		667	6,670	103 sq.ft.	687,010
Northwestern	500		all		500		500	5,000	103 sq.ft.	515,000
										
State	8,100		all		8,100		6,049	60,490	\$103 sq.ft.	\$6,230,470
	1980	100%	1980	Units	Add'l.	200	0 100%	2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req.	Need	Per	Units By	Dema	and Req.	Need	Per	Units By
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D.D.	1980	(D. D	.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000
							-			
Southeastern	3,800	3,800	3,462	10 sq.ft.	34,620 sq.1	ft. 7,30	7,300	6,962	10 sq.ft.	69,620 sq.ft.
Southcentral	3,400	3,400	2,320	10 sq.ft.	23,200 sq.i	ft. 7,60	7,600	6,520	10 sq.ft.	65,200 sq.ft.
Southwestern	400	400	400	10 sq.ft.	4,000 sq.	ft. 70	700	700	10 sq. ft.	7,000 sq.ft.
Interior	1,600	1,600	967	10 sq.ft.	9,670 sq.	ft. 2,80	2,800	2,167	10 sq.ft.	21,670 sq.ft.
Northwestern	600	600	<u>600</u>	10 sq.ft.	6,000 sq.1	ft. 1,10	1,100	1,100	10 sq. ft.	11,000 sq.ft.
				-						
State	9,800	9,800	7,749	10 sq.ft.	77,490 sq.	ft. 19,50	19,500	17,449	10 sq.ft.	174,490 sq.ft.

⁽a) 30 sq. feet per participant with a turnover of 3 is the equivalent of 10 sq. feet per demand day.

⁽b) Costs, based on a 1966 memorandum of the Anchorage Parks and Recreation Dept. which assumed \$515,000 for a 5,000 sq. foot pool = \$103 per sq. feet.

OUTDOOR GAMES AND SPORTS

							Est.		Est.
The second	1967						Cost	:	Total
Region	Population	Standard	Dema	ınd Sup	ply D	eficiency	Per Ac	re	Cost
Southeastern	43,984	3 acres/1,00	00 132	ac. 104	ac.	28 ac.	\$8,000	(a) \$	224,000
Southcentral	140, 223	3 acres/1,00	00 420	ac. 312	ac.	108 ac.	8,000	•	864,000
Southwestern	28, 875	3 acres/1,00			ac.	68 ac.	8,000		544,000
Interior	51, 369	3 acres/1,00			ac.	-	8,000		
Northwestern	13, 455	3 acres/1,00			ac.	37 ac.	8,000		296,000
	13, 455	J 401 05, 1, 0					0,000		2,0,000
State	277, 906	3 acres/1,00	00 831	acres 604	acres	241 acres	\$8,000	\$1	,928,000
									Est.
	1975								Total
Region	Population	Standa	<u>rd</u>	Demand	Supply	<u>D</u>	eficiency		Cost
Southeastern	51,000	3 acres/1	.000	153 acres	104 acr	es 4	19 acres	\$ 39	92,000
Southcentral	176,000	3 acres/1		528 acres	312 acr		6 acres		28,000
Southwestern	31,000	3 acres/1	•	93 acres	19 acr		74 acres	•	2,000
Interior	58,000	3 acres/l		174 acres	167 acr		7 acres		6,000
Northwestern	15,000	3 acres/1	•	45 acres	2 acr		13 acres		14,000
			•			<u></u>			
State	331,000	3 acres/1	,000	993 acres	604 acr	es38	39 acres	\$3,11	2,000
	1980			· <u> </u>	2000		1.		
Region	Population	<u>Standard</u> <u>Den</u>	nand Suppl	y <u>Deficiency</u>	Populatio	n <u>Standard</u>	$\underline{ ext{Demand}}$	Supply	<u>Deficiency</u>
Southeastern	57,000	3 ac./1,000 1	71 104	67 ac.	84,000	3 ac./1.00	0 252	104	148 ac.
Southcentral	•	•	97 312	285 ac.	334,000			312	690 ac.
Southwestern		•	96 19	77 ac.	39,000		•	19	98 ac.
Interior		• • •	89 167	22 ac.	86,000	•		167	96 ac. 91 ac.
Northwestern	•		48 2	46 ac.	22,000				
1,01 0HW 05 001 H	10,000	3 ac./1,000	<u> </u>	<u>40</u> ac.	22,000	J ac./1,00	0 00	2	<u>64</u> ac.
State	367,000	3 ac./1,000 1,1	01 604	497 ac.	565,000	3 ac./1,00	0 1,695	604	1,091 ac.

⁽a) Includes land.

TENNIS

					Total 1967	54				
		•	Per	Cent	Demand		Units			
	1967	Total 196	7 Dem	and	Requiring	1967	Per	1967	Cost	Cost To
	Supply	Deman			Facilities	Need	Demand	Needed	Per	Satisfy
Region	(D.D.)	(D.D.)		_	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	Day	Units	Unit	Demand
									-	
Southeastern	100	600	all		600	500	.02 court	10	\$6,750	\$ 67,500
Southcentral	1,350	1,400	all		1,400	50	.02 court	1	6,750	6,750
Southwestern	_	200	all		200	200	.02 court	4	6,750	27,000
Interior	700	300	all	L	300	(400)	.02 court	· -	6,750	-
Northwestern	-	_	all	L .	-	-	.02 court	-	6,750	-
					 .	-		_		,
State	2,150	2,500	all	L	2,500	750	.02 court	15	\$6,750	\$101,250
	1975		Per Cent	t	Total l	.975	1975	Add'l.	1967	·
	Demand	Dei	mand Requ	iiring	Demand R	equiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)		Facilities	s	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost
								:		
Southeastern	800		all		800		700	14	\$6,750	\$ 94,500
Southcentral	2,000		all		2,000		650	13	6,750	87,750
Southwestern	200		all		200		200	4	6,750	27,000
Interior	400		all		400		(300)	. =	6,750	-
Northwestern	· <u>-</u>	**	all		. <u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	6,750	_
										+00+ 0 # 0
State	3,400		all		3,400		1,550		\$209,250	\$209,250
	1980	100%	1980	Units	Add'l.	200	•	2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dema	and Req.	${f Need}$	\mathtt{Per}	Units By
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D. D.	1980	(D. D	.) Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000
						,				
Southeastern	1,000	1,000	900 .	02 court	18 courts	1,90	1,900	1,800	.02 court	36 courts
Southcentral	2,400	2,400	1,050	02 court	21 courts	5,40	5,400	4,050	.02 court	81 courts
Southwestern	300	300	300 🖫	02 court	6 courts	40	00 400	400	.02 court	8 courts
Interior	500	500	(200) .	02 court	-	80	008 00	100	.02 court	2 courts
Northwestern	<u>-</u>	_		02 court	. <u>-</u>				.02 court	
State	4,200	4,200	2,250 .	02 court	45 courts	8,50	8,500	6,350	.02 court	127 courts

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Region	1967 Supply (D. D.)	Total 196 Demano (D.D.)	67 Dei d Req	Cent mand uiring ilities	Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D. D.)	1967 Need (D.D.)	Units Per Demand Day	1967 Needed Units(a)	Cost Per Unit	Cost To Satisfy Demand
Southeastern	_	200	,	a11	200	200	. 0389 holes	9 holes	\$350,000	\$ 350,000
Southcentral	1,050	1,400		all	1,400		. 0389 holes		350,000	350,000
Southwestern		_,		all	-		.0389 holes		350,000	,
Interior	350	800		all	800		.0389 holes		350,000	350,000
Northwestern	-	-		all	<u>-</u>		.0389 holes		350,000	
	1 400	, 			2 400		000011	2/1-1	#250 000	φ1 0E0 000
State	1,400	2,400		all			.0389 holes	Add'l.	\$350,000 1967	\$1,050,000
	-	70	Per Ce		Total l	•	1975	=		m - 4 - 1
D!	Demand	Der	mand Red		Demand Re		Need	Units By		Total
Region	(D. D.)		Faciliti	es	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	<u>1975(a</u>)	Unit	1975 Cost
Southeastern	300		all		300		300	9 holes	\$350,000	\$ 350,000
Southcentral	2,100		all		2,100		1,050	27 holes	350,000	1,050,000
Southwestern	_	•	all		-			-	350,000	-
Interior	1,000	•	all		1,000		650	18 holes	350,000	700,000
Northwestern	_		all		_		-	_		-
State	3,400		all		3,400		2,000	54 holes		\$2,100,000
	1980	100%	1980	Units	Add'l.	200	0 100%	2000	Units	Add'l.
	Demand	Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dem	and Req.	${f Need}$	\mathtt{Per}	Units By
Region	(D. D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D. D.	1980(a)	(D. I	O.) Facil	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	<u>2000_(a)</u>
				0000 1				(00	0200 1 - 1	27 1-1
Southeastern	300	300		.0389 hc		ŧ.	00 600		.0389 holes	27 holes
Southcentral	2,400	2,400	•		oles 54 holes	5,40	•		.0389 holes	171 holes
Southwestern	-	-		.0389 hc			- 2 200	- 050	.0389 holes	-
Interior	1,200	1,200			oles 36 holes	3 2,20	2,200	1,850	.0389 holes	72 holes
Northwestern			-	.0389 hc	oles -	-			.0389 holes	
State	3,900	3,900	2,500	.0389 hc	oles 99 holes	8,2	00 8,200	6,800	.0389 holes	270 holes

⁽a) Rounded to the nearest 9 holes.

ICE SKATING

Region	1967 Supply (D.D.)	Total 19 Deman (D. D.	067 De	c Cent mand uiring ilities	Total 1967 Demand Requiring Facilities (D.D.)	1967 Need (D.D.)	Units Per Deman Day	1967 d Needed Units	Cost Per Unit(a)	Cost To Satisfy Demand
Southeastern	_	1,000	c	0%	900	900	.0067 ac	res 6 acres	\$8,167	49,000
Southcentral	2,700	5,900		90	5,310	2,610		res 17 acres	8,167	139,000
Southwestern		2,500		90	2,250	2,250		res 15 acres	8,167	122,500
Interior	450	600		90	540	90		res lacres	8,167	8,000
Northwestern		600	-	0	540	540		res 4 acres	· .	32,500
1401 thwestern			•	, 0	310		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	•	
State	3,150	10,600	Ç	90%	9,540	6,390	.0067 ac	res 43 acres	\$8,167	\$351,000
	1975	. 9	% Per Ce	nt	Total	1975	1975	Add'l.	1967	
	Demand	De	mand Re	quiring	Demand R	equiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total
Region	(D. D.)		Faciliti	.es	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost
:										
Southeastern	1,200		90%		1,080	0	1,080	7 acres	8,167	\$ 57,000
Southcentral	8,000		90		7,200	0	4,500	30 acres	8,167	245,000
Southwestern	2,900		90		2,610	0	2,610	17 acres	8,167	139,000
Interior	700		90		630	0	180	l acres	8,167	8,000
Northwestern	700		90		630	0	630	4 acres	8,167	32,500
						- .				
State	13,500		90%		12,150	0	\$9,000	59 acres	\$8,167	\$481,500
	1980	.9%	1980	Units	Add'l.	200	0 .9	% 2000	Units	Add'l.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Demand	Req.	${f Need}$	Per	Units By	Dem	and Re	q. Need	Per	Units By
Region	(D.D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D. D.	1980	(D. I).) Fac	il. (D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000
										<u> </u>
Southeastern	1,500	1,350	1,350	.0067	acres 9 acre	es 2,3	00 2,0	2,070	.0067 acres	14 acres
Southcentral	9,400	8,460	5,760	.0067	acres 39 acre	es 16,9	00 15,2	10 12,510	.0067 acres	84 acres
Southwestern	3,100	2,790	2,790	.0067	acres 19 acre	es 4,1	00 3,6	90 3,690	.0067 acres	25 acres
Interior	800	720	270	.0067	acres 2 acre	es 1,2	00 1,0	80 630	.0067 acres	4 acres
Northwestern	800	720	720	.0067	acres 5 acre	es 1,2	00 1,0	80 1,080	.0067 acres	7 acres
		****				_				
State	15,600	14,040	10,890	. 0067	acres 74 acr	es 25,7	00 23,1	30 19,980	.0067 acres	134 acres

⁽a) Since most skating (97%) is done as a neighborhood activity land cost is a factor. \$24,500 per area = 3 acres per area = \$8,161 per acre.

ALPINE SKIING

					Total 1967						
				Cent	Demand		Units	10/5	~ .		
	1967	Total 19		mand	Requiring	1967	Per	1967	Cost	Cost To	
	Supply	Deman		uiring	Facilities	Need	Demand	Needed	Per	Satisfy	
Region	(D.D.)	(D. D.)	Fac	ilities(a)	(D.D.)	(D. D.)	Day	Units	Unit	Demand	
Southeastern	400	700	9	0%	630	230	. 0833 dev.a	ac. 19	\$9,000	\$171,000	
Southcentral	4,804	4,700	9		4,230		.0833 dev.a		9,000	· _	
Southwestern		400	9		360	360	.0833 dev.ac. 30		9,000	270,000	
Interior	2,448	2,100	9		1,890	_	.0833 dev.	ac	9,000	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Northwestern	-	500			450	450	.0833 dev.a	ac. 37	9,000	333,000	
			•							111 - 12 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 -	
State	7,652	8,400		0%			.0833 dev.a		\$9,000	\$774,000	
	1975		Per Ce	nt	Total I	975	1975	Add'l. `	1967		
	Demand	De	mand Re	quiring	Demand Re	quiring	Need	Units By	Cost Per	Total	
Region	(D. D.)	·	Faciliti	.es	Facilities	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	1975	Unit	1975 Cost	
Southeastern	900		90%		810		410	34	\$9,000	\$ 306,000	
Southcentral	6,800		90		6,120		1,316	110	9,000	990,000	
Southwestern	500		90		450		450	37	9,000	333,000	
Interior	2,700		90		2,430		(18)	-	9,000		
Northwestern	<u>600</u>		90		540		540	<u>45</u>	9,000	405,000	
	•										
State	11,500		90%		10,350		2,716	226	\$9,000	\$2,034,000	
	1980	9%	1980	Units	Add'l.	200		2000	Units	Add'l.	
	Demand	Req.	Need	\mathtt{Per}	Units By	Dema		Need	Per	Units By	
Region	(D.D.)	Facil.	(D.D.)	D.D.	1980	(D.D	Facil.	(D.D.)	(D.D.)	2000	
Southeastern	1,200	1,080	680	.0833	57	2,30	2,070	1,670	. 0833	139	
Southcentral	9,000	8,100	3,296	.0833	275	19,60	00 17,640	12,836	. 0833	1,069	
Southwestern	600	540	540	.0833	45	90	00 810	810	.0833	67	
Interior	3,500	3,150	702	.0833	58	6,10	5,490	3,042	.0833	253	
Northwestern	800	720	720	.0833	60	1,40	00 1,260	1,260	.0833	105	
											
State	15,100	13,590	5,938	.0833	495	30, 30	00 27 270	19,618	. 0833	1,633	

⁽a) Assume 90% of skiers use formal facilities.

SCENIC ROUTES PROPOSED FOR ALASKA

Exhibit K-1 shows the potential Scenic Roads identified by the Alaska Department of Highways in the 1964 study.

SCENIC ROUTES PROPOSED FOR ALASKA

Route Number And Priority	Description Of Route
Route No. 1 Priority 15	Frontier Highway - from Canadian Boundary along the Tanana River valley to Tok Junction; then south through the Alaska Range and Mentasta Pass to Gulkana Junction. From here north along the Richardson Highway to Paxson and west on Denali Highway across the northern portion of Mt. McKinley Park to Kantishna. This is a composite of existing highways to route the motorist through some of Alaska's finest scenery to monumental Mt. McKinley.
Route No. 2 Priority 16	Richardson Highway from Paxson to Donnelly Dome. An existing highway on another route through the Alaska Range.
Route No. 3 Priority 12	Richardson Highway from Gulkana Junction southerly to Valdez. Existing.
Route No. 4 Priority 3	Existing highway from McKinley Park to Fairbanks and along the Alaska Highway to Birch Lake.
Route No. 5 Priority 8	Palmer to McKinley Park. This route is on the present Federal-aid system, but a goodly portion still remains to be constructed.
Route No. 6 Priority 2	Glenn Highway from Anchorage to Lake Louise. Existing.
Route No. 7 Priority 1	Anchorage to Seward. Existing.
Route No. 8 Priority 9	Sterling Highway from Sterling Junction to Soldotna. Existing.
Route No. 9 Priority 23	Edgerton Highway from Edgerton Junction to McCarthy. On the present system. Constructed, Junction to Chitina.
Route No. 10 Priority 10	Copper River Highway from Chitina to Cordova. On present system. Partially constructed.

Route Number And Priority	Description Of Route
Route No. 12 Priority	South Tongass Highway - Ketchikan to Beaver Falls. The Forest Service nominated a route extending this road into a loop around the island.
Route No. 13 Priority	Zimovia Highway - Wrangell to Stikine Highway.
Route No. 14 Priority 11	Stikine Highway - Petersburg to Canadian boundary.
Route No. 15 Priority 7	Baranof Highway - Stika to Rodman Bay. Extension of a short exist-section of highway at Sitka.
Route No. 16 Priority 5	Glacier Highway - Juneau to Berners Bay. Extension of existing Glacier Highway to Berners Bay.
Route No. 17 Priority 13	Haines cut-off. Existing road from Haines to Canadian boundary.
Route No. 18 Priority 17	Klondike Highway. Proposed extension from Skagway to Canadian boundary.
Route No. 20 Priority 24	Bering River Highway. A new proposed route from Katalla Junction past Bering Glacier to Icy Bay across from Malaspina, reportedly the world's largest glacier.
Route No. 21 Priority 32	White River Highway. Proposed new route from McCarthy to Canadian boundary.
Route No. 22 Priority 19	Tasnuna River Highway. Proposed connection between Richardson Highway and Copper River Highway through Tasuna River Gorge.
Route No. 23 Priority 14	Lake Louise Highway. Proposed connection from Lake Louise to Denali Highway.
Route No. 24 Priority 6	Eagle River Highway. A proposed route from Knik Arm up Eagle River to Crow Pass and down to Girdwood, providing a one-day scenic drive for Anchorage residents.
Route No. 25 Priority 18	Lake Clark Highway. A new route from Willow through the Susitna lowlands across the Aleutian Range past Lake Clark to Illiamna.

Route Number	Description Of Bouts
And Priority	Description Of Route
Route No. 26 Priority 22	Illiamna Lake Highway. A proposed lowland lake-spotted route from Dillingham, past Illiamna Lake to Illiamna Bay and a proposed ferry route extension.
Route No. 26 Priority 30	Katmai Highway. A new proposal from King Salmon, skirting the south boundary of Katmai National Monument to Alinchak Bay to meet a proposed ferry route from Kodiak.
Route No. 28 Priority 21	Kuskokwim Highway. Proposed route opening new territory from McGrath to Dillingham.
Route No. 29 Priority 31	McGrath-Lignite Highway. A new proposal providing the McKinley Park motorist with an alternate route through the Alaska Range to the main highway.
Route No. 30 Priority 28	McGrath-Talkeetna Highway. A new route through the Alaska Range south of McKinley Park, giving the motorist a variety of loop possibilities connecting with the main highway.
Route No. 31 Priority 29	Rampart Road. A proposed short spur from Eureka to Rampart on the Yukon.
Route No. 32 Priority 27	Yukon Highway. A new route from Livengood, parallel to the Yukon, but above the river bottom, to Central.
Route No. 33 Priority 26	Hot Springs Highway. A new proposal from Circle Hot Springs to Chena Hot Springs giving the motorist the hot springs resort treatment in the shadow of the Arctic Circle.
Route No. 34 Priority 25	Yukon Highway. This proposes a connection between Circle Hot Springs and Eagle, following the famous Yukon River.
Ferry System	The Southeast system and the two proposed extensions, mentioned above, are also nominated as scenic routes.

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Interviews

- Mr. Steven Agbaba Commissioner Athletics Alaska
- Mr. R. H. Ahrens
 Director
 Department of Recreation
 and Conservation
 Parks Branch
 British Columbia
- Mr. Richard M. Barber
 Recreation Resource Specialist
 U.S. Bureau of Outdoor Recreation
 San Francisco
- Mr. Jay Bergstrand
 Fishery Biologist
 Alaska Department of Fish and Game
 Sport Fish Division
- Mr. Donald Berry
 Executive Director
 Alaska Municipal League
- Mr. Joseph R. Blum
 Lands Coordinator
 Alaska Department of Fish and Game
 Game Division
- Mr. Wayne Boden
 Recreation Specialist
 U.S. Bureau of Land Management
 Alaska State Office
- Mr. Red Boucher
 Mayor
 City of Fairbanks
- Mr. Bailey Breedlove
 Park Planner
 U. S. National Park Service
 Anchorage

- Mr. Edward F. Bullard
 Chief
 Division of Federal Agency
 and State Assistance
 U.S. Forest Service
 San Francisco
- Mr. Barney Coster
 Branch Chief Recreation and
 Lands
 U.S. Forest Service
 Juneau
- Mr. Clyde Courtnage
 Economic Development Specialist
 U.S. Economic Development
 Administration
- Mr. Frank Cox
 Director
 Division of Planning and Research
 State of Alaska
- Mr. William Creighton
 Director
 Anchorage Parks and
 Recreation Department
- Dr. Victor Fischer
 Director
 Institute of Social, Economic and
 Government Research
 University of Alaska
- Mr. George Hall
 Superintendent
 Mt. McKinley National Park
 National Park Service
- Mr. John C. Hendee
 U.S. Forest Service
 Pacific Northwest Forest and
 Range Experiment Station
 Seattle, Washington

Interviews (Cont'd)

- Mr. Robert Henning
 Editor
 Alaska Sportsman Magazine
- Mr. David Hickok
 Natural Resources Officer
 Federal Field Committee for
 Development Planning in
 Alaska
- Mr. Joseph E. Hoffman
 Assistant Resource Specialist
 Institute of Social, Economic,
 and Government Research
 University of Alaska
- Mr. F. Joseph Keenen
 Director
 Alaska Division of Lands
 Department of Natural Resources
- Mr. Thomas E. Kelley
 Commissioner
 Department of Natural Resources
- Mr. Paul Leach
 Recreation Resource Specialist
 U. S. Bureau of Outdoor Recreation
 San Francisco
- Mr. Herbert Lehfeldt
 Administrative Assistant to the
 Governor of Alaska
- Mr. Kris W. Lethin
 Former Director
 Division of Planning and Research
 State of Alaska
- Mr. Robert Lucas
 U.S. Forest Service
 Intermountain Forest Experimental
 Station
 Missoula Mountain

- Mr. R.F. McClain
 U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs
 Juneau
- Mr. Curtis McVee
 Assistant State Director
 U. S. Bureau of Land Management
 Alaska State Office
- Mr. Don Merrill
 Forest Service
 Yukon Territory
- Mr. Keith H. Miller Governor State of Alaska
- Mr. Robert Moore
 Maintenance Supervisor
 Alaska Department of Highways
 Anchorage District
- Mr. Gus Norwood
 Administrator
 Alaska Power Administration
 U.S. Department of the Interior
- Mr. Edward Nygard
 U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs
 Juneau
- Mr. Robert Pavitt
 Director of Planning
 Greater Anchorage Bureau
- Mr. Hez Ray
 Director
 Parks and Recreation Department
 City of Fairbanks
- Mr. Burke Riley
 Regional Coordinator
 Interior Field Committee
 U.S. Department of the Interior

Interviews (Cont'd)

- Mr. Howard Rock
 Editor
 Tundra Times
- Mr. H. D. Scougal
 Deputy Commissioner
 Alaska Department of Highways
- Mr. Alden Sievers
 Chairman
 Fairbanks Outdoor Recreation
 and Tourism Committee
- Mr. Maury Smith
 Former State Representative
 (Fairbanks) and Newsman
- Mr. John Thorsen
 Director
 Department of Recreation
 Yukon Territory
- Mr. Dale Wallington
 Deputy Commissioner
 Alaska Department of
 Natural Resources
- Mr. Robert W. Ward Secretary of State State of Alaska
- Dr. William R. Wood President University of Alaska

Seminars

Two seminars were held in conjunction with plan preparation. Attendees at these conferences included:

Anchorage - 3/13/69

- Mr. Jay Bergstrand
 Fishery Biologist
 Alaska Department of Fish
 and Game
 Sports Fish Division
- Mr. Wayne Boden
 Recreation Specialist
 U. S. Bureau of Land
 Management
 Alaska State Office
- Mr. Raymond Clark
 Recreation and Lands Staff Officer
 U. S. Forest Service
 Chugach National Forest
 Anchorage
- Mr. George Hall
 Superintendent
 Mt. McKinley National Park
 National Park Service
- Mr. F. Joseph Keenan
 Director
 Alaska Division of Lands
 Department of Natural Resources
 Anchorage
- Mr. David L. Spencer
 Associate Supervisor
 Alaska Wildlife Refuges
 U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Juneau - 3/14/69

- Mr. Ted Bordon
 Director
 Alaska Travel Division
 Department of Economic
 Development
- Mr. Raymond Brown
 U. S. Forest Service
 Juneau
- Mr. Joseph Mahurin
 U. S. National Park Service
- Mr. Donald Statter
 Director
 Division of Waters and Harbors
 Alaska
- Mr. Jack Trent
 Division of Waters and Harbors
 Alaska Department of
 Natural Resources