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Susition Hydrobeler lie Phojert TTR PROCEDURES MANUAL

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SUBTASK 7.11, WILDLIFE/BIG GAME

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I. INTRODUCTION

The primary objectives of Phase I big game studies are to determine the probable nature and approximate magnitude of impacts of the proposed Susitna Hydroelectric Project on moose (<u>Alces alces</u>), black bear (<u>Ursus americanus</u>), brown bear (<u>Ursus arctos</u>), wolf (<u>Canis lupus</u>), wolverine (<u>Gulo gulo</u>), caribou (<u>Rangifer tarandus</u>) and Dall sheep (<u>Ovis dalli</u>). It is anticipated that estimates of the magnitude of impacts will be refined during Phase II.

The basic study approach is to delineate "subpopulations" of each species that use areas likely to be altered by the project, determine the seasonal ranges and movement patterns of these subpopulations, determine the degree of dependency of each population on areas likely to be impacted by the project and estimate the approximate number of animals likely to be impacted. The definition of "subpopulation" will vary depending on the species. It ranges from a pack of wolves to the entire Nelchina caribou herd. Generally, studies will focus initially on animals in or near areas likely to be impacted, then be expanded to the remainder of the subpopulation. As a result, the boundaries of the study area will vary among species and may expand as the ranges of subpopulations become more evident. During Phase I, studies will be confined to assessing the impacts of proposed impoundments and facilities in the vicinity of the impoundments. The one exception will be moose for which the possible effects of downstream habitat alteration will be examined. Phase I studies are not intended to address impacts on other species downstream or along transmission corridors.

Specific study objectives for each species vary according to suspected differences in the nature of their use of proposed impoundment areas and in the likely mechanisms of impacts. The specific objectives, by species are:

Moose (upstream)

To identify moose subpopulations using habitats that will be inundated by proposed impoundments.

To determine the seasonal distribution, movement patterns, size and trends of those subpopulations.

To determine the timing and degree of dependency of those subpopulations on habitat to be impacted by the Susitna Hydroelectric Project.

Moose (downstream)

To identify moose subpopulations using habitat that will be altered by changes in stream flow below Devils Canyon.

To determine the seasonal distribution, movement patterns, size and trends of those subpopulations.

To determine the timing and degree of dependency of those subpopulations on habitat to be impacted by altered flow regimes of the Susitna River.

Wolf

To identify wolf packs occupying areas that will be impacted by the Susitna Hydroelectric Project.

To delineate the territories of each pack and identify den sites, rendezvous sites and major feeding areas.

To determine the numbers of wolves and rates of turnover for each pack.

To determine the food habits of each pack.

Wolverine

To determine the distribution and abundance of wolverine in the vicinity of proposed impoundments.

To determine movement patterns and home range size of wolverines.

Bear (black and brown)

To determine the distribution and abundance of black and brown/grizzly bears in the vicinity of proposed impoundment areas.

To determine seasonal ranges, including denning areas, and movement patterns of bears.

To determine seasonal habitat use of black and brown/grizzly bears.

Caribou

To delineate calving areas.

To determine the numbers and sex and age composition of caribou occupying habitats on both sides of proposed impoundments at different seasons.

To determine migration routes and the timing of major movements in the vicinity of proposed impoundments.

Dall Sheep

To determine the distribution and abundance of Dall sheep adjacent to proposed impoundments.

II. TECHNICAL PROCEDURES

A. Animal Tagging

Capture Techniques

The primary animal capture technique for all species will be the use of immobilizing drugs administered with projectile syringes shot from a helicopter. This technique was first used on moose (Nielson and Shaw 1967) and has since beed adapted for use on other species down to the size of wolverine. The basic technique involves location of animals from a fixedwing spotter aircraft (usually a PA 18-150). Once an animal is located a helicopter (Bell 206 or equivalent) is manuvered close to the animal. A gunman seated behind the pilot shoots the animal with a drug filled dart (Palmer Cap-Chur equipment) through a specially modified door. Drugs used, dosages, dart size and other details of the technique vary with the species of animal, terrain and other considerations. Specifics of the techniques are described in more detail in numerous recent ADF&G research reports and publications (e.g. Ballard and Spraker 1979, Davis and Preston 1980, Franzmann et al. 1974, Gasaway et al. 1978, Hebert and McFetridge 1979, Spraker et al. 1980, Stephenson 1978).

Other live trapping techniques may be employed for bears or wolverine if helicopter darting appears to result in data gaps or biases. If this becomes necessary, trapping techniques successfully used in other parts of Alaska will be adapted (Magoun 1978, Modaferri 1978, Schwartz and Franzmann 1980, Wood 1976).

Numbers of animals of each species to be captured will be determined more by practical than by biological or statistical " considerations. The number of animals that can be radio-tracked in a day or the number of frequencies that can be monitored on receiving equipment are limiting factors. We will attempt to radio-collar enough individuals in each "subpopulation" to determine the general movement patterns of that subpopulation. The suspected number of subpopulations, size and range of each population, extent of movements, suspected magnitude and nature of impacts of dam construction, and specific study objectives will influence the number of radio collars placed on each species.

Capture Data

3.

The following types of data will be collected from each animal at the time of capture whenever practical.

4

- 1. Location
- 2. Sex

Age - When possible a tooth will be extracted and age will be estimated from counts of cementum annuli. Specific age determination techniques are described in a manuel maintained in the ADF&G, Game Laboratory in Anchorage.

- Morphometric measurements A variety of body and skull measurements will be made. See data collection forms (Figs. 1-4).
- Blood samples will be collected and analyzed to indicate relative physiologic status. See Franzmann et al. (1976) and Franzmann and LeResche (1978) for details of technique and interpretation (Figs. 5 and 6).
- 6. Hair Hair samples will be collected for mineral level analysis (Franzmann et al. 1976) (Figs. 5 and 6).
- 7. Reproductive status Reproductive status will be determined through presence of young, condition of mammae and external genetalia and in the case of moose captured in late winter or spring, rectal palpation (Figs. 1-4).
- Miscellaneous A variety of other types of data may be collected when available. Examples are fecal samples, notes on pathological conditions, coloration, details of drug reaction, etc.

Marking Data

All captured animals of suitable size will be fitted with radio collars. All collars will be of standard manufacture. (Those made by Telonics Inc., Mesa, Arizona will be used at least during the first year.) Frequencies will be in the 148.0 to 153.9 MHz range. A variety of radio configurations such as double transmitters, double batteries, mortality sensors etc. will be used depending on the specific use of the transmitter.

All animals captured will be ear tagged and bears will be lip tatooed. In most cases, flagging material or numbered collars will be used in conjunction with radio collars and ear tags to aid in visual recognition.

B. Radio-tracking

Radio-collared animals will be relocated from a fixed-wing aircraft (Cessna 180 or PA 18-150) equipped with two Yagi antennas, one attached to wing struts on each side=of the plane. Antenna leads are attached to a right/left switch box coupled to a radio receiver/scanner (Telonics Co., Mesa, Arizona). The radio-tracking techniques will be similar to those described by Mech (1974).

Data recorded at each relocation of a radio-collared animal will vary among the different species. Locations of caribou will be marked on 1:250,000 scale maps. Locations of other species will be marked on either 1:63,360 scale USGS maps or aerial photos of approximately the same scale. Other data describing characteristics of the location, time of the sighting, association with other animals, activity, etc. will be recorded on standardized forms (Figs. 7-15). Habitat types will be classified by Viereck and Dyrness (1980) system. MOOSE TAGGING RECORD

Figure 1.

Moose No.		Location
Sex	Age	Date
Collar Color		Ear Tag No(s) & Color(s)
Number	Radio Frequency	LE
Metal Tag No		RE
Year Born	W/Calf	Operators
Blood: Yes No	Tooth: Yes No	Hair: Yes No
Measurements: T.L.	H.F. H.S.	GirthNeck
Excit. Cond.	H.R Temp	Amb. Temp
Antler Spread	Antler Base	Weight PG YesNo
Remarks:	•	• 31
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Calf Tagged: Yes_____

No

Accession No.

DARTS:

STATUS.

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6304

	No.	1 :vi v	с. Л		No. 2	No i
Time	Hour	Min.	Sec.	Time	Hour Mi	n. Sec.
Hit	:	:		Hit	:	•
Down	₩	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Down		
M50-50	:		•	M50-50	•	:
Up	:	:		Up	:	
Hit Loca	tion:			Hit Locat	ion:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Drug/Dos	age:	• •		Drug/Dosa	ge:	

Caribou No		Location		•
Sex	Age		Date	
Collar Color	•	Ear Tag No.(s)	and Color(s)	
Number		LE		•
Metal Tag No	•	RE		
Radio Frequency		Radio No		
Measurements:	Total Length_		Girth	
Hind Foot	Neck		Head	•
Operators		Preg. yes	nounk.	
Blood: yes no		Hair: yes	no	· · · ·
Feces: yes no		Accompanied by	calf?	
Excit. Cond. HR	Temp	Antlers p	present: yes	no
Remarks:				

<u>No. 1</u>

Drug/Dosage_

DARTS

TimeHourMin.Sec.Hit::Down::M50-50::Up::Hit Location::

. .

No. 2TimeHourMin.Sec.Hit::Down::M50-50::Up::Hit Location:.

Figure 2.

°**7** -

WOLVERINE/WOLF TAG	GING AND NECROPSY RECORD	Figure 3.
ACCESSION NO		Radio #
- Trapper or Taggers Name		Seal No.
ress		Sealing Date
Ear Tag Numbers: Left Right	Measured by	
Specific location of capture	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Method of harvest or capture	Date	of harvest or capture
Age Based on: tooth wear	leg bone tooth_	
Sex	Color phase	
Animal accompanied by how many other	· ·	
4 9		
SPECIMENS COLLECTED (check):		
skull tooth h	olood hair	
repro. tract adrenal	•	liver
muscle stomach conte		· .
<pre>leg bone(s)</pre>		hind quarter
(Special notes:		nina quitter
*		
MEASUREMENTS:	Nose to base of	+211
Weight: carcass and hide		last vertebrate
carcass only	Front right hoc	k to nail tip
hide only	· · · ·	k to tip of pad
Depth of rump fat		to nail tip
Depth of flank fat		to nail tip
Depth of back fat	Length of right	
Depth of sternum fat	Width of right	
Facial fat (trace, 1,2,3)	Raw skull lengtl	
Chest height	Skull length	
Neck circumference		nine width u. canine
	Heart girth	with u. Calline
MISCELLANEOUS NOTES		

Figure 4.

Black-Brown	Bear	Tagging	Record	DataSusitna	Hydro	Project
-------------	------	---------	--------	-------------	-------	---------

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	Date	Sex	Est'd	. Age	Cem	. Age _	·
Collector							
						· · · ·	
Temp.	Pulse H	Rate Resp.	Rate	Convuls	ion Tret	nor	Other
Time							۰.
Time							• •
Were all darts	checked for co	omplete drug i	njection?	Yes	3	N	o
MEASUREMENTS:	Measured Wt.	T.L.	H1	t. Sh	H.F.	Ne	ck
Girth	B. L	Head	: Width		Lengtl	ב נ	
Length of Upper	Left Canine _		Lowe	er Left Ca	nine		·
PHOTOGRAPHS: De				1	at the second	-	
SPECIMENS COLLE	CTED: Tooth ((Be specific)		Bloc	od: Vol.	1. · ·	
Blood Smear: Y	es No	_ Vag Smear:	Yes	No I	eces: Yes	5	No
•					•		
Urine: Yes	No Milk	: (No less t	han 10 ml	prefer 1()0-200 ml)	Vol	· .
			•				
Urine: Yes <u>PRODUCTIVITY</u> : Mammae: Length	Female: No. c	of .5 yr. Olds]	l.5 yr	2.5 y	/r	
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length	Female: No. c	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva:	Male	l.5 yr	2.5 y	/r	
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva:	Male	l.5 yr	2.5 y	yr	No
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre RECAPTURE DATA:	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva:) Conditi	Male	l.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags	2.5 y Descended (Number, 1	yr. 1: Yes fype, C	No
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre <u>RECAPTURE DATA</u> : Left	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe Tattoo: No.	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva:) Conditi	Male on Right	l.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags	2.5 y Descended (Number, 1	yr. 1: Yes fype, C	No ondition)
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre RECAPTURE DATA:	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe Tattoo: No. Type, Conditi	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva: Conditi .on)	Male Male on Right	l.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags	2.5 y Descended (Number, J	yr. 1: Yes Cype, C	No ondition)
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre <u>RECAPTURE DATA</u> : Left Collar (Number, <u>NEW TAG DATA</u> :	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe Tattoo: No. Type, Conditi Left Ear: Lar	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva:) Conditi .on) ge Roto No.	Male on Right Colc	L.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags	2.5 y Descended (Number, J Small Roto	yr. 1: Yes Fype, C	No ondition)
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre RECAPTURE DATA: Left Collar (Number, NEW TAG DATA: ColorR	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe Tattoo: No. Type, Conditi Left Ear: Lar ight Ear: Lar	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva:) Conditi on) ge Roto No. ge Roto No.	Male on Right Colc	L.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags or or	2.5 y Descended (Number, 7 Small Roto Small Roto	yr. 1: Yes Cype, C > No. > No.	No
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre <u>RECAPTURE DATA</u> : Left Collar (Number, <u>NEW TAG DATA</u> :	Female: No. o Color sent (Describe Tattoo: No. Type, Conditi Left Ear: Lar ight Ear: Lar ollar: Type	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva: conditi on) ge Roto No ge Roto No	Male on Right Colo Colo	L.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags or or ollar Colo	2.5 y Descended (Number, J Small Roto Small Roto or Code:	yr. 1: Yes Cype, C > No. > No.	No
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre <u>RECAPTURE DATA</u> : Left Collar (Number, <u>NEW TAG DATA</u> : <u>P</u> Color <u>R</u> Color <u>Color</u>	Female: No. c <u>Color</u> sent (Describe Tattoo: No. Type, Conditi <u>Left Ear</u> : Lar <u>ight Ear</u> : Lar <u>ollar</u> : Type <u>C</u>	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva: conditi .on) ge Roto No ge Roto No collar Plate I	Male on Right Colo Colo Co Co dent.: Fi	L.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags or or ollar Colo gure	2.5 y Descended (Number, T Small Roto Small Roto or Code:	yr. 1: Yes Fype, C > No. > No.	No
PRODUCTIVITY: Mammae: Length Other Bears Pre <u>RECAPTURE DATA</u> : Left Collar (Number, <u>NEW TAG DATA</u> : <u>P</u> Color <u>R</u> Color <u>Co</u>	Female: No. c Color sent (Describe Tattoo: No. Type, Conditi Left Ear: Lar ight Ear: Lar ollar: Type C ngs:	of .5 yr. Olds Vulva: Conditi on) ge Roto No. ge Roto No.	Male on Right Colo Colo Colo Colo Colo Colo Colo Colo	L.5 yr e: Testes Ear Tags or or ollar Colo .gure	2.5 y Descended (Number, T Small Roto Small Roto or Code:	yr. 1: Yes Fype, C D No. D No.	No ondition)

Punch Tattoo No. Here

Time Bear	First Observed			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Specific L	ocation			
Grid No.	Map Coord	inates		
DRUG DATA:	Est'd. Wt.	Circle Eacl	h Used: 1. Serna	lyn 2. Sparine
3. M-99	4. M. 50-50	5. Other		
	Dosage	Time Darted	Time Down	Dart Location
lst Hit			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2nd Ĥit				
3rd Hit	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total				

Cont. Comments:

•

RESIGHTINGS:

 		TUAL
	SYSTEM SPECIE IDENTIFICATION UHTE UPURTE CODE Figure 5.	
		e e constant
		0 2
	G B D DOWN LOCATION B AGE TOTAL HIND. SHOULDER CHEST EAR TAIL NECK WEIGHT WEIGHT WEIGHT D X G E TOTAL HIND. SHOULDER CHEST EAR TAIL NECK WEIGHT WEIGHT CARCASS D X G E TOTAL HIND. SHOULDER CHEST EAR TAIL NECK WEIGHT CARCASS D X G E TOTAL ICM ICM </td <td>WEIGHT HIDE (KG)25</td>	WEIGHT HIDE (KG)25
		• 11/0 152
	18 19 2Ø 21 22 24 28 29 32 35 38 41 44 46 48 5Ø 54	58 6Ø
	G SLUC. CHOL. IRI LDH SGOT SGPT ALK. PHOS. CA IRON CA/P C/BUN NA RATIO GLYCER 12 13 14 PHOS. CA IRON CA/P C/BUN NA	K 19
	$\frac{D_3}{2} - \frac{9}{10} - \frac{11}{11} - \frac{12}{12} - \frac{13}{14} - \frac{15}{15} - \frac{16}{15} - \frac{19}{19} - \frac{19}{20} - \frac{21}{21}$	<u>~ 22</u>
Ų.	1819 22 25 28 31 34 37 4Ø 43 46 49 52 55	58 59
N.	C CHLO- CO2 BUN CREAT BILI TP ALB. VAIC GLOB BAL- TP ALB. GLOB ALPH ALPH BETA GRMMA R RIDE 7 7 7 7 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 23 24 25 24 25	RATIO
11	3 , Merza	
	1819 22 24 26 28 3Ø 32 34 36 38 4Ø 43 46 49 51 53 55 57	the second s
	C HMB. NEUT LYMP T HB PCV MCV MCHC MARROW Z FAI COND HEART RESP. RECT C HMB. C HBB. TEMP S TE	SERSON P AGE CLRSS
	1819 21 23 25 26 29 31 34 37 4Ø41 43 46 49 52 53 56 5 C	
• •	R CA MG K NA ZN CU CD CO FE PB MN CR HI DS 9 13 14 15 12 FE 13 14 15 12 14 15 12 14 15 16 15 1	G MO
- K	5	
V	1819 23 26 30 34 38 41 43 45 49 52 54 56 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	59 6Ø
r G	R SE AL NI AS CESSIUM RUMP FLANK BACK SIERN LOIN RUMP BNTLER ANTLER BOONE D - <td></td>	
	6 1 <td>a B</td>	a B
	$\frac{1}{10}$	
	7 18 19 22 25 27 28 31 34 39 42 45 48 51 54 5	7 59 60

Figure 6. (key to Fig. 5)

TABLE OF VARIABLE NAMES MATCHED TO NUMBERS

1.	Month	26.	Bilirubin	51.	H. Vol.
2.	Sex	27.	Alk. Phos.	52.	MVC
3.	Drug	28.	L.D.H.	53.	мснс
4.	Dose	29.	S.G.O.T.	54.	% Fat
5.	Down Time	30_	C.P.K.	55.	Excitation
6.	Location	31.	Calc/Phos. Ratio	56.	Condition
7.	Repro-stat	32.	Protein	57.	Heart Rate
8.	Age	33.	Albumin	58.	Resp. Rate
9.	Length	34.	Globulin	59.	Rectal Temp.
10.	Hind Ft.	35.	Alpha l	60.	Rectal Class
11.	Shoulder Ht.	36.	Alpha 2	61.	Amp. Temp
12.	Heart Girth	37.	Beta	62,	Temp Class
13.	Ear length	38.	Gamma	63.	Zinc
14.	Tail Length	39.	Alb to Glob Ratio	64.	CV
15.	Antler Spr.	40.	% Albumin	65.	Mg
16.	Antler Base	41.	% Globulin	66.	Mn .
17.	Weight	42.	% Alpha-1	67.	CA
18	Calcium	43.	% Alpha-2	68.	Na
19.	Phosphate	44.	% Beta	69.	K
20.	Glucose	45.	% Gamma	70.	Со
21.	B.U.N.	46.	Wht. Blood Cells	71.	Fe
22.	Uric	47.	Seg Neutral	72.	РБ
23.	Cholesterol	48.	Lymph	73.	Ag
24.	Protein	49.	Differential	74.	Age Class
25.	Albumin	50.	Hemoglobin	. •	- -

Susitna Moose Observation Record

Date of Last Observation

Number	Frequency				<u> </u>																	
617	150.172]			
618	150.130	7		4	Ι		, P	1	Ī			· ·							T			
619	150.100														Ι							
622	150.180 W/1																					Γ
623	150.160																					·
624	150.0 <u>9</u> 0 W/1		7																			
625	150.200									Ι				1								
626	153.120 😴	5 C .						1	,	ני	7	*			ы, ,			-				
627	150.190 🛃						_															
628	<u>150.140 W/2</u>			<u> </u>						L			 .	 .			<u> </u>		L			
629	153.361 W/2	. <u> </u>															Ľ.					
630	153.400 W/2				1							[ł			1	l I	1			
631	153,371																					
632	153.340		1				۲	*	2	7	·									-	÷ ٿ	
633	153.330																					
634	153.381 W/1																					
635	153.351 W/2									· ·	1											
636	153.501																					
637	153.390 W/2		T]																		
638	153.480			1					,	4	÷	E.								-	·	
639	153.460			T					1										[
640	153.420 W/1																					
641	153.440 W/2																					
642	153.470 🚰			1																	$\lfloor \rfloor$	
643	153.491																					
644	153.540 W/2	1	1			1	1	v	~	1.25		, i										· ·
645	153.530 W/2								1													
646	153.430										_											[
647	153.450			1																	\square	
648	153.650																					
64 9	153.660 W/1																					
650	153.700 W/1					ľ		4	4	3	3	· ·						_	3			
651	. 153.510																					
652	153,670 W/2																					
653	153.520 W/2																					(
654	150.110																					
555	150.150																					
656	153.680									,	3	á										
3583	151.770																					
3035	151.576																					
·····																						
																						
										 						-						
	······································]		ľ.	-	1	<i>*</i>		- 1	1	f		- 1	1			· [

Figure 8. Moose radio-tracking flight record.

Date Survey type		Pilot		ман на н	St	art op	
		 Кеури	nched /	/ .	Du	ration	
Frequency (153.)							
Strong Frequency			n an the second second			e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	•
Collar number			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Sex and age				50 g - 1			
Location	· y.	ţ	5				
Visual obs.					•	· · · ·	· .
Habitat	ĩ	2	n n 1				
		• • • • • •					
Time				-			
Activity			· 3				
# of young						•	
Group size		· ·		÷		•	
f of o ¹						· · · ·	
∉ of ♀	-		-				
# of calves				<u></u>			•
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Include observations of non-radioed bears, pinpoint on map and first column with a letter(a,b,...Z) and date, indicate species.

I	Reloca	tion Reco	ords for Bla	ack/Brown	Bear #		Sex=_	•	Age=	, Frequer	ncy=	• .
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WOLF/WOLVERINE SUSITNA RIVER PREDATION STUDY

Date	Observer	Flight time
MAP LOCATION NUMBER	Pack & Number & Color Wolf ID # in Pack	Activity Species, age Habitat & % Consumption Type of Kill
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WOLVERINE OBSERVATION FORM

Wolverine Accession # _____

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Radio-Tracking schedules will not be rigidly set and will be varied to respond to changing conditions, however, the following schedule will serve as a guide.

- 1. Moose approximately once every 10 days, but more frequently during spring and fall migration and calving periods.
- 2. Wolf approximately weekly.
- 3. Wolverine approximately weekly.
- 4. Bear approximately every 10 days during most of the non-denning period, but more frequently in spring and fall to determine locations of dens, pre and post denning movements and post-emergence habitat requirements.
- 5. Caribou approximately one month intervals except during calving season, the post-calving aggregation period, the breeding season and when animals are concentrated near the proposed impoundment when more frequent surveys will be flown.

C. Aerial Distribution Surveys

Surveys will be made from fixed-wing aircraft (PA 18-150) to determine patterns of distribution of moose and sheep. The aircraft with a pilot and one observer will be flown at low level along systematic but not predetermined flightlines. Flightlines will usually be parallel, but will tend to follow elevation contours in mountainous terrain. Spacing of tracklines will be designed to provide almost total coverage of the area. A direct visual count of all animals sighted will be made. Each animal will be classified by sex and age class to the extent possible (Figs. 16-19).

The intent of these surveys will be to determine the distribution of animals over an area. It is desirable to locate as many animals as possible, but these are not censuses and consequently, sampling procedures appropriate for population estimates will not be used.

D. Caribou Census and Composition Counts

A modified version of the aerial photo-direct count-extrapolation census procedure (Hemming and Glenn 1969, Davis et al. 1979, Doerr 1979) will be used to estimate the size of the Nelchina herd. This technique is composed of three separate procedures: (1) a complete count of all animals in the post-calving aggregation; (2) a composition count of these same animals to determine the proportion of adult females; and (3) a representative fall composition count of the entire herd to determine the proportions of females, males and calves (Doerr 1979). Acceptance of four assumptions are necessary for the APDCE technique: (1) all females in the herd are present in the post-calving aggregations; (2) adult females are randomly distributed throughout the post-calving aggregations; (3) the sex and age cohorts are randomly distributed throughout the herd during fall; and (4) mortality of adult females from the time of post-calving aggregation to the fall composition counts is zero (Davis et al. 1979). An evaluation of these assumptions by Davis et al. (1979) indicated that all but assumption #3 were valid and that the collection of representative fall composition data was the most difficult procedure.

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The fall population estimate is calculated from the following equation (Doerr 1979).

$$FP = N_a \times P_f \times S_f \times (1 + R)$$

where

- FP = estimated fall population;
- $N_a$  = number of animals in the postcalving aggregation;
- Pf = proportion of females in post-calving aggregation;
- Sf = survival of females from the time of the post-calving counts until the fall; and
- R = ratio of caribou other than females to females in the
  fall.

Reconnaissance flights will be made in a C-180 to determine when caribou are suitably aggregated to census. PA-18-150 Supercubs will be used to survey the aggregations and the caribou herds will either be photographed or directly counted. Hand-held, motor driven, 35 mm cameras will be used to photograph caribou groups. The 35 mm color slides of caribou groups will be projected on a paper screen and caribou images marked. The number of images are then counted.

A helicopter (Bell 206B) will be used to sample the postcalving aggregations and the herd during the breeding season to estimate proportions of females, males and calves. Groups of caribou will be approached from the rear until the sex of each animal older than calves can be determined from the external gentalia (presence or absence of the vulva).

# E. Moose Census

Moose populations will be censused by quadrat sampling techniques developed by Gasaway (1978) and Gasaway et al. (1979). A 37 page manual prepared by W. C. Gasaway for use by individuals applying these techniques is on file in the Fairbanks, Anchorage and Glennallen ADF&G offices. Some modification of the technique may be necessary to adapt it to the upper Susitna area. Personnel currently engaged in moose survey procedures development will assist in the final design of the census technique.

# F. Browse Utilization/Pellet Group Studies Downstream Moose

To determine habitat use by moose along the Susitna River, browse-plant utilization and pellet groups will be recorded along transects across the river. The river below the Devil's Canyon dam site will be subdivided into three sections based on physiography, access and moose use. These will be (1) Dam site to Talkeetna; (2) Talkeetna to Montana Creek; and (3) Montana Creek to Delta Islands. Initially, transects will be conducted in upper, middle and lower portions of each section to provide a broad picture of moose use of the entire area. This information will provide a basis for selection of future sites for more comprehensive sampling and determining the most appropriate sampling techniques. Transects will follow existing section lines. The number of browse plants available to moose and the number actually browsed by moose (or hare and beaver) will be recorded within a strip one meter wide along the entire transect. The transect will be divided into 10 meter sections and the habitat type of each 10 meter section will be noted. Pellet groups will be counted within one meter on both sides of the tranect line within each 10 meter section. Only the first 100 meters of upland habitat on opposite banks of the river will be surveyed at each transect.

Five browse species will be considered: willow (Salix sp.), cottonwood (Populus balsamifera), paper birch (Betula papyrifera), high bush cranberry (Viburnum edule) and rose (Rosa acicularis). They will be considered "browsable" if they are over 40 cm tall (i.e. are available above or near the snowline in winter) and if their circumference at breast height in 13 cm or less (this circumference has been determined to be the maximum that can be broken over by moose while foraging). To be counted as seaparate stem from a cluster of stems, the plant must be surrounded by soil or if it is a "sucker" on a cut-off stump or mature tree it must be at an angle of 45 degrees or less from the main stem of the plant. If it is between 45 degrees and perpendicular (90 degrees) to the trunk, it will be classified as a branch and not a browse stem.

Only pellet groups containing 12 or more moose droppings and with their approximate geometric center within the transect will be counted.

The habitat classification will follow Viereck and Dyrness (1980) as closely as possible. Additionally, the density and height of plants will be recorded (see Figs. 20-22 for more details).

Portions of the lower river will be selected for more intensive sampling. In these areas, 2 x 2 meter plots will be used to determine browse availability/utilization. Pellet groups will be counted in circular plots with 2 meter radius at the same locations as the browse availability/utilization plots. These plots will be spaced every 20 meters along randomly selected transects. The smaller plot size was chosen to better fit within given habitat types. The number of transects will be limited by the amount of time between breakup and leaf emergence.

## G. <u>Den Site Characteristics</u>

Bear, wolf and wolverine den sites will be marked by dropping either with flagging or radio collars from the air. When the animals have left, the dens will be visited so that characteristics of the site can be recorded. Information to be recorded will include:

# Codes for Susitna Hydroelectric '

Downstream Moose Browse/Pellet Studies

Byte	Subject
1-6	Date (Day, month, year)
7–9	Transect Number (Byte 7, Section of river: $1 = upper$ , $2 = middle$ ,
	3 = lower; Bytes 8-9, number of transect)
10-11	Distance between plots (blank = continuous plots, 1 = 20 m)
-12	Plot Size - vegetation $(1 = 1 \times 10m, 2 = 2 \times 2m)$
13	Plot Size - pellets (1 = $\pi 2^2 m$ , 2 = 2 x 10m)
14	Section Number (Occasionally there was a break in continuity
	of a transect because an island was too large to do it in
	its' entirety. Therefore, a section number was given to
	each continuous portion of the transect.)
15-16	Plot number (numbered consecutively from east to west)
17-24	Habitat - major (17 - Density [1 = open, 2 = sparse, 3 = medium,
	4 = dense], 18 - Height [1 = 1ow, 2 = medium, 3 = tall,
	4 = climax], 19 - Level I: Viereck and Dyrness (1980),
	20 - Level II, 21 - Level III, 22 and 23 - Level IV and
	24 - Level V.
25	Quarter (Number of quarters in which the major habitat was
	found e.g. 4 if all of one habitat was within the plot)
26-33	Habitat - minor (same as Habitat - major)
34	Water's edge (1 if the plot bordered a stream channel, blank
	if it was an internal plot)
35-40	SCS code for the same habitat type.
41-48	Willow (41-42: number of browsable plant available, 43-44:
	number of plants browsed by moose, 45-46: number of plants browsed
	by hare, 47-48: number of plants browsed by beaver.

Byte	Subject
49-56	Cottonwood (categories same as for willow)
5764	Paper Birch (categories same as for willow)
65-72	High Bush Cranberry (categories same as for willow)
73-80	Rose (categories same as for willow)
81-82	New Pellets (number of pellet groups dropped during the
,• .	previous winter that were found in the plot)
83-84	Old Pellets (number of pellet groups from 2 or more winters
	previous to sampling)

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# HABITAT CLASSIFICATION SCHEME Susitna Hydro - Downstream Moose

Table 22.

DENSITY	HEIGHT		(Mixed if	Nonvisual) Other Species : less than 25% +	
0 - Open	L - Low	Cottonwood or - Cott			Will
(10% or less)	(Young,Small)	Balsam poplar		•	
	(5 ft. or less)		•		Alde
S - Sparse		<b>Aspen -</b> Aspe			
(Woodland)	M - Medium				Elderberry - Elde
(10-25%)	(5-20 ft.)	Paper Birch - Birc			
	(prime moose browse)	•			Ferns – Fern
M - Medium	·····	Black Spruce - BlSp			
(Open, Moderate)	T - Tall	biddh bpiddo hibp			Calamagrostis - Cala
(25-60%)	(20-30 ft., 2-5 in. dbh)	White Spruce - WhSp			Jaramagroberb Jara
(23-00%)		white spince - whop			Fort - Fort
	(Too thick for moose		•		Forbs - Forb
S D - Dense	to break)	Unid. Spruce - Spru			
(Closed)					Grasses - Gras
(60-100%)	C - Climax	Alder - Alde			
	(30 ft. or higher)	· · · ·			Equisetum - Equi
	(5 in. or greater dbh)	Willow - Will			
	(mature timber)				Sedges - Sedg
	•	Muskeg - Musk			
			, i i		Cow Parsnip - Hera
		Tundra - Tund			

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EXAMPLES: M C Birc:Spru + Cala / Musk , S M BlSp + Forb (no micro)

5 A 4

SLOPEASPECTFlat0-10°8 Points of<br/>the compassGentle10-30°Moderate30-60°Steep60-90°

- 1. Location
- 2. Elevation relative to flood line
- 3. Slope
- 4. Aspect
- 5. Habitat
- 6. Physiography
- 7. Den size
- 8. Vegetation in den
- 9. Sex and age of animals using the den
- 10. Soil type
- 11. Proximity to water
- 12. Scats will be collected

# H. Snow

Permanent snow courses, in addition to those maintained by SCS and R&M will be established. These courses will be arranged along lines extending from the Susitna River to higher elevations above the levels of proposed impoundments to aid in the correlation of big game (primarily moose) movements in and out of the impoundments areas with snow conditions. Additional snow depth and hardness measurements will be made periodically in areas of animal concentrations or recent animal movements. Techniques will be the same as those used by R&M to ensure compatability of data.

## I. Scat Analysis

Wolf, wolverine and bear scats will be collected whenever available to determine food habits. Scat contents will be identified with aid of a reference collection currently maintained at the Glennallen ADF&G office (Fig. 23).

# J. <u>Miscellaneous</u>

Sightings of unmarked animals made by project personnel and sightings of both marked and unmarked animals made by non-project personnel will be recorded when the information appears reliable and will contribute to the objectives of the project. Data forms for miscellaneous sightings (Fig. 24) will be distributed to individuals in the project area.

Dead animals encountered in the course of other activities will be recorded. When possible, carcassas will be visited on the ground. Wolf and wolverine carcassas will be purchased from trappers. Data collected will provide insight on causes of mortality, food habits of predators and condition of animals (Figs. 3 and 25-28).

# III. DATA PROCEDURES

Data gathered in the field will be recorded on maps, aerial photographs, standardized forms and in some cases, notebooks. Data recorded on aerial photographs will be transcribed on maps of the same approximate scale. These maps, all field maps, all field data forms and notebooks will be preserved as a permanent record of each field trip.

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# Figure 24.

# DATA FORM FOR MISCELLANEOUS BIG GAME AND FURBEARER OBSERVATIONS-SUSITNA RIVER PROJECT

Use for observations of wolf, fox, coyote, lynx, wolverine, river otter, mink, bear, marked moose, marked caribou, beaver dam and den site. Please try to pick up a skull, jaw, long bo the hair sample of any dead animals of these species encountered, including unmarked indivi

	am	
DATE TIME	pm. OBSERVER	PROJECT
SPECIES (Check one):		
// wolf	/// wolverine	/ / collared moose / / collared caribou
/_/brown bear /_/ coyote /_/ black bear /_/ fox	/ / river otter / / mink	$\frac{7}{2}$ / collared carlbou $\frac{7}{2}$ / beaver dam or por
IDENTIFYING MARKS (if any): Collar col	lor	
Numeral color and number (if any):		
Other marks (describe):		
LOCATION:		
(map name, 1:250,000)	(Quad. number, 1:63,360	(other map-specify)
Specific Location Description:		
Type of Vegetation	· .	
COMPANION ANIMALS PRESENT:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
(number)	(sex/age/size?)	(identifying marks?)
ACTIVITY	•	
/ / 1. Dead       / / 5.         / / 2. Resting or bedded       / / 6.         / / 3. Feeding       / / 7.         / / 4. Walking       / / 7.	Fishing // 9	<ul> <li>Swimming</li> <li>Standing</li> <li>Obviously hunting or attacki (species)</li> </ul>
Other activity	Direction moving	
DEN SITE / / OR BEAVER DAM // OBSERV		ved at den site or beaver dam? yes, /_/ no.
Description of den site or beaver dam a		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Please specify the specific location of Map attached? / / yes, / / no.	den sites or beaver d	am and attach a map if possibl
PREY SPECIES (for predators specify if o	on a dead animal, speci	es of prey, freshness of kill)
Specimens collected: // jaw, /_/	skull, /_/ long b	one, <u>/ /</u> hair.
How are specimens labeled and stored?		·
VERAL COMMENTS:		
Return to: Susitna Project, ADF&G, Gam THANKS!!	ne Division, 333 Raspbe	rry Rd., Anchorage 99502.

Wolverine Data Form

Accession #	_		•
Collector's Name		-	Seal Number
Address			Sealing Date
•	•	. ~	
Tag Number		leasured By	
Specific Location of			•
Method of Harvest		· ·	
			Sku11
•	• •		Os Baculum
Sex	· .		
Animal accompanied by	any other wolve	erines, and what was	s their activity?
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
Specimens Collected (			
Skull Tooth	*	Hair	•
· · ·			
Os bacumum	_ Repro. tract		Adrenal
Thyroid	Diaphram	Liver	Stomach contents
1.D	-		· ·
Weight (kg)			• · ·
Special notes			
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MEASUREMENTS:	nnenen er stadtet forsenen en er stadtet With i sener som er s	Nose to base of t	ail
Carcass and hide			ast vertebrate
Carcass only		s where a summer of the second s	o nail tip
Hide only			ar
Depth of rump fat			ont paw
Depth of flank fat			Width
Depth of back fat	•		Width
Dept of sternum fat			ne Width
Height	-	Heart girth	
Neck circumference			ES:

Noose Data Collection Form

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Accession		Date		•
Sex	Age	Physica	l condition	
Items collected:	• •			•
Femur	Tooth	Hair	Other	
	•			•
Suspected cause	of death		······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Location	· ·			
•				۰.
Description of k	<b>i</b> 11:		•	1

Date items sent in

Femur	Hair	Teeth	Other
Date data received			
Femur	Hair	Teeth	Other

	Caribou Data Collec	aribou Data Collection Form				
		•				
Accession		Date				
Sex	Age	Physical condition_				
Items collected:	*		· · ·			
Femur	Tooth	Hair	Other			
Suspected cause of de	ath		s			
Location	· · · · · · · · · · ·	a a series a series de la series de la series a series de la series de				
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Description of kill:						
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Date	items sent in:			
	Femur	Hair	Teeth	Other
Date	data received:			
	Fenur	Hair	Teeth	Other

Figure 28.

BONE MARROW DATA FORM

Speci	.es		Are		er laira	le one	م م م	, <b>,</b>	
									· ·
Colle	ction Dat	e <u> </u>	·	Collec	tion Loc.	ation_		•* s**	
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Another set of maps and data forms will be maintained in the office for each marked animal. Data will be transcribed from field maps and forms to these forms after each field trip. These records will be maintained in files or looseleaf notebooks along with any other information specific to that individual animal such as tagging forms, sealing documents from harvested animals and miscellaneous observations.

Tabular data will be keypunched and stored on magnetic tape (University of Alaska equipment).

Map based data will be digitized with an Alaska Department of Natural Resources digitizer and stored on magnetic tape.

Data on habitat type generated by University of Alaska personnel conducting plant ecology studies and other pertinent variables (topography, aspect hydrologic features, etc.) will also be digitized. The above data sets will be analyzed to determine home ranges and correlate animal location with environmental factors. These analyses will be done using Alaska Department of Natural Resources geoprocessor software (ALARS) and Data Eclipse hardware. The extent to which these analyses will be carried out will depend on the results of a pilot study which will be conducted in late 1980.

#### IV. QUALITY CONTROL

All original forms and maps will be retained permanently. Data recorded on aerial photos will not be retained permanently because of the cost of photos, but will be carefully transcribed on USGS maps.

Transcriptions of data and keypunching will be verified by commonly accepted procedures. Computer program outputs will be checked with hand calculators and manual plots of data.

Radio relocations of animals and identification of individuals will be confirmed through visual contact whenever possible.

Consistency in data collection will be maintained through frequent exchange of personnel among the various big game projects.

#### V. SCHEDULE

See Figure 29.

#### VI. PERSONNEL

Key big game project personnel are the study coordinator (Game Biologist IV) and principal investigators of the individual projects (Game Biologist III). The attached class specifications (Figs. 30 and 31) describe the minimum qualifications for these positions. Individuals currently employed in these positions are:

	Fig. 29	chedule of Phase I Big Game Study Activities		,
• • •	ACTIVITY	1980 198 JFMAMJ JASOND JFMAMJ	JASOND	<u>1982</u> J F
	Literature Review	ΧΧΧΧΧ		
•	Planning and Equipment Purchase	x x x x		
•	Animal Tagging (Major Efforts)	X X X X X X		 
	Radio Tracking	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x	
	Moose Survey	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	
	Sheep Survey	x x	•	
.1	Caribou Census	x x	,	A
	Caribou Composition Count	X X X	x	м 2
	Pellet Group - Browse Utilization Survey	X X X X	ХХ	
	Data Analysis	X X	ххх	
1	Annual Report Preparation	x x	x	<b>X</b>

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6144-20

## STATE OF ALASKA

## Class Specification

# GAME BIOLOGIST IV

#### Definition:

Under general direction of the Game Research Chief or Regional Supervisor, supervises and is responsible for game research or management projects at the regional level.

#### Distinguishing Characteristics:

This is the second supervisory level in the Game Biologist series and is distinguished from the Game Biologist III class by responsibility for general direction of one or more first level supervisory Game Biologists, planning and directing complex research programs and for the coordination of activities for research projects involving the use of diverse funding. Assignment may also be made at the regional level as a leader of an Outer Continental Shelf research function (marine mammals - marine birds).

#### Examples of Duties:

Designs, plans, and supervises the implementation of game management or research programs, which consist of several projects; coordinates statewide projects, such as federally-financed research and developmental projects, special grants by industry, institutions and the federal government for studies and other special projects.

Provides direction and assistance to subordinate biologists to achieve optimum results in the assigned projects; designs and monitors the procedures for the collection and storage of biological and statistical data.

Prepares technical and administrative reports for department, public or scientific use.

Reviews and plans and budget needs of research biologists through consultation and coordination with professional staff members and their activities.

Participates actively in public meetings as division representative. Maintains cooperation with other department divisions, other state agencies and federal agencies.

May be assigned as a regional leader in the federally funded Outer Continental Shelf research program.

Performs other related duties.

#### Knowledges, Skills and Abilities:

Knowledge of: Principles and practices of vertebrate biology, habitat requirements of game species, research techniques, supervisory principles.

Figure 30 (cont.)

### GAME BIOLOGIST IV Page 2

6144-20

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### Skill in: The use of laboratory and field equipment.

Ability to: Analyze and determine ecological and harvest variables, plan, organize and direct detailed projects involving professional and non-professional personnel; supervise the work of others and maintain effective working relationships with associates, other agencies and the public; prepare comprehensive scientific management or research reports and records in relation to traditional and emerging concepts, findings and techniques; speak and write effectively.

#### Minimum Qualifications: =

(1) PhD in biology, zoology, ecology, wildlife management or a closely related field and two years of experience as a Game Biologist III with the State of Alaska or the equivalent elsewhere.

OR

(2) Master's degree in one of the above fields and four years of experience as a game biologist including two years as a Game Biologist III with the State of Alaska or the equivalent elsewhere.

#### OR

(3) Bachelor's degree in one of the above fields and five years of satisfactory experience as a game biologist including two years as a Game Biologist III with the State of Alaska or the equivalent elsewhere.

Substitution: One year of experience as a fish biologist may be substituted for one year of the required general experience in option #3.

Orig: 7/01/69 Rev: 2/16/74 Rev: 6/01/75

### STATE OF ALASKA

Class Specification

### GAME BIOLOGIST III

6143-18

### Definition:

Under direction, is responsible for game management or research projects as (1) an area management game biologist or  $(2)^{-1}$  assistant area game biologist in a complex management area or (3) project leader of a research or development project.

#### Distinguishing Characteristics:

Positions assigned to this class may be project leaders specializing in a federally financed study of the Outer Continental Shelf and its specific ecosystems (marine mammals, marine birds).

#### Examples of Duties:

Designs, budgets, plans and implements game management activities for a management area or a research project that may be on-going in several areas of the state.

Analyzes and evaluates statistics and reports. Make management decisions which affect area-wide harvest by opening or closing areas, or limiting harvest permits. Compiles data to prepare comprehensive statistical reports and to form a basis for continuing projects.

Assists the area management biologist in interpretation of research results for management application. Proposes regulation changes or implements emergency orders that change harvest regulations.

Designs, supervises and conducts population (dynamics), behavior, population identity, distribution, transplant feasibility, habitat improvement and other studies as appropriate.

May supervise and direct a research project or jobs about which little valid and reliable information is available.

Determines exploitation rates which specific game populations can sustain under different environmental conditions.

May serve as division project manager of a statewide program having national significance such as Hunter Safety Education.

Has frequent public contact and may represent the state in such contacts. Hay act as state representative in cooperating with state and federal agencies.

May serve as a project leader with specific assignment in a study of the Outer Continental Shelf.

# GAME BIOLOGIST III

Page 2

Figure 31 (cont.)

May supervise subordinate biologists; technicians and clerks.

Performs other related duties as required.

### Knowledges, Skills and Abilities:

Knowledge of: Principles and practices of vertebrate biology and of various field survey and field and laboratory analysis techniques; vertebrate pathology and nutrition, and habitat requirements of game species common to or capable of culture in Alaska.

Skill in: The use of laboratory and field equipment.

Ability to: Analyze and determine ecological and harvest variables, plan, organize and direct detailed projects involving professional and non-professional personnel; supervise the work of others and maintain effective working relationships with associates, other agencies and the public; prepare comprehensive scientific management or research reports and records in relation to traditional and emerging concepts, findings and techniques; speak and write effectively.

#### Minimum Qualifications:

(1) PhD in biology, zoology, ecology, wildlife conservation or a closely related field.

OR

(2) Master's degree in one of the above fields and two years of experience as a Game Biologist II with the State of Alaska or the equivalent elsewhere.

OR

(3) Bachelor's degree in one of the above fields and three years of experience as a game biologist including two years as a Game Biologist II with the State of Alaska or the equivalent elsewhere.

Substitution: One year of experience as a fish biologist may be subistituted for the required general experience in option #3.

Orig:	7/01/69
Rev:	7/08/71
Rev:	11/01/73
Rev:	2/16/74
Rev:	6/16/74
Rev:	6/01/75
Rev:	5/1/77

#### Big Game Studies Coordinator:

Karl B. Schneider Alaska Department of Fish and Game 333 Raspberry Road Anchorage, Alaska 99502

M.S., 18 years research experience in Alaska, 8 years as supervisor or regional research staff. Projects supervised have been directed at variety of big game, marine mammal and marine bird species and include major elements of impact assessment programs.

#### Principal Investigators

Upstream Moose, Wolf and Wolverine:

Downstream Moose Project:

Bear Project:

Warren Ballard Alaska Department of Fish and Game P.O. Box 47 Glennallen, Alaska 99508

M.S., 13 years experience in wildlife research and management programs, 7 years in Alaska. Experience includes impact assessment on Corps of Engineers reservoirs. Most recently, has conducted extensive multi-species predator/prey research in the Nelchina Basin.

Paul Arneson Alaska Department of Fish and Game 333 Raspberry Road Anchorage, Alaska 99502

M.S., 12 years experience in wildlife research. Participated in the development of many of the techniques to be employed on the Susitna Project while stationed at the Kenai Moose Research Center. Also has extensive experience in impact assessment.

Sterling Miller Alaska Department of Fish and Game 333 Raspberry Road Anchorage, Alaska 99502

M.S., Ph.D., 11 years experience in wildlife research and management in the U.S., Chile and New Zealand. Has strong interest in the impacts of various human activities on the distribution and abundance of wildlife. Most recently conducted a study on brown bears in the Nelchina Basin.

# Caribou Project:

Kenneth Pitcher Alaska Department of Fish and Game 333 Raspberry Road Anchorage, Alaska 99502

M.S., 12 years experience in wildlife research and management working primarily with marine mammals and moose. Most recent experience was as principal investigator on a major impact assessment project.

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Stratified Random Census Method for Moose

- I. Selection of the census area
  - A. One important point to consider when selecting an area to be censused is the economics of the census
    - It is necessary to evaluate the money and manpower available before deciding on the size of the area to be censused.

B. The selection of an area to be surveyed can be based on two major criteria:

- 1. Ecological units
  - a. Drainages
  - b. Discrete moose populations
- 2. Nonecological units
  - An area that will be influenced by industrial development
- II. Stratification of the census area
  - A. Stratification is the subdividing of the census area into units having similar moose densities. Stratification of the census area is one of the mose <u>IMPORTANT</u> aspects of the census.
    - 1. Reasons for stratification of the census area.
      - a. Stratification divides the total population into subpopulations characterized by homogeneous moose density.

1) when an accurate stratification is achieved,

a precise estimate of density can be obtained

from a relatively small sample of each stratum

EXAMPLE:	NONSTRATIFIED POPULATION	STRATIFIE	D POPULATION	
Moose density/ sq. mi. in S.U.'s	$\begin{array}{r} 4,1,0,0,3,2,0,1,\\ \underline{1,2,4,0,0,0,1,1,2}\\ \hline \\ \text{this population estimate}\\ \text{will theoretically have}\\ \text{the highest variance} \end{array}$	$\frac{H}{4,4,4,3,4}  \frac{M}{4,3,3,}$ this population e have the lowest v	stimate will t	
			•	

b. Stratification also enables the biologist to direct greater sampling effort into those areas that have the highest moose density. The estimation of density in these areas generally has the greatest variance. The variance can be reduced by increasing the proportion of the area sampled.

B. Number of strata to be used in a census area

1. Generally, 3 or 4 strata will be the most practical

- a. The number of strata should be influenced by the range of moose densities in the area, and by the ability of the biologist to subdivide the area into subpopulations of varying density.
  b. Suggested strata classifications include the following:
  - 1) high moose density

2) medium moose density

3) low moose density

### 4) zero moose density

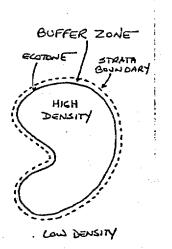
- 2. All strata classifications are relative to a particular census area. For example, high density strata may contain 0.8 moose per square mile in one area, or it may contain 3.2 moose per square mile in another area.
- C. The process of stratification
  - Strata boundaries are subjective and the classification may be based in part on prior knowledge for the census area. Therefore, the biologist may have an idea of what constitutes high or low density in the area.
    - a. Because strata boundaries are subjective, it is advantageous to use a minimum of people in the actual stratification of the census area.
  - The best airplane for stratification is probably a
     C-185 because it is fast and will carry 2-3 observers.
     a. Basis for stratification includes the following:
    - 1) prior knowledge of the area
    - 2) moose density observed
    - 3) density of moose tracks
    - 4) quality and extent of moose habitat
    - b. It is not necessary to strictly fly standardized transects over the entire area. Over large flat areas of similar habitat, for example, 2 mile transects may be suitable. As the plane approaches an ecotone or an area of dissimilar moose density it may become necessary to intensify the flight

time in an area in order to define the strata boundary. Therefore, spend the minimum flight time required to <u>ACCURATELY</u> stratify the area. Each observer should be equipped with 1"/mile topographic maps of the area.

 as the flight progresses the observers should continuously draw flight lines, the location and number of moose observed, notes on habitat distribution, track density, etc.

every attempt should be made to draw strata boundaries during the stratification flight, and when in the vicinity of the boundaries.
 As strata boundaries are drawn on the map, it is necessary to provide buffer zones around the higher density strata.

- Buffer zones consist of areas of lower moose density that surround areas of higher moose density.
- b. The purpose of a buffer zone is to compensate for localized changes in moose distribution that may occur between the time of stratification and the time a sample unit is actually surveyed.
  - If, for example, a burned area is stratified as high moose density, but it is surrounded by a low density black spruce forest, the strata boundary for the burn should include a strip of black spruce around the entire perimeter of the burn.

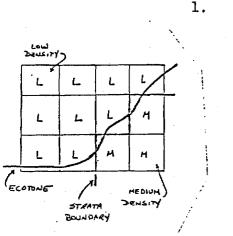


c.

3.

D. .

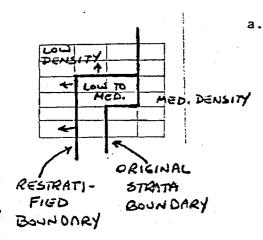
Upon completion of the stratification, the strata boundaries are transferred to mylar overlays of the composit map.



At this time strata boundaries may be adjusted slightly
to correspond with as many sample unit boundaries as
possible. This will simplify surveying the sample units.
a. When adjusting strata boundaries to follow sample
unit boundaries, generally draw the strata boundary
so that the sample unit falls into the stratum with
the highest proportion of area in the sample unit.
b. If necessary, sample units may be split into halves
if a strata boundary bisects a sample unit. However,
avoid splitting sample units whenever possible.

E. Changes in strata boundaries during the census.

 Boundaries may be changed if an error was made during the initial stratification.



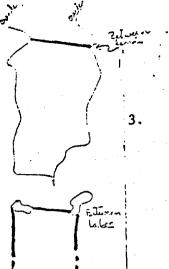
Sample units (SU) that have been counted prior to the change in boundaries should stay in the initial stratum category. The adjacent area may be moved to a new stratum and sampled at a rate similar to the remainder of the new stratum designation. This assumes that the initial stratification was based on observed moose density.

b. There will be times when stratification was based on habitat type alone. If a homogenous moose density did not continue into an area where it was assumed to continue, then the area can be moved to a new stratum. In this case the area to be reclassified includes SU which have been previously sampled.

- F. Timing of stratification
  - Stratification should be conducted just prior to the survey.
    - Wait for proper survey conditions (snow, etc.),
       and then stratify the area as rapidly as possible.
       When the stratification is completed immediately
       begin surveying in order to minimize moose
       movements between strata.
    - b. Always survey adjacent sample units consecutively, plus any sample units that are close enough together to allow moose movement from one to another.

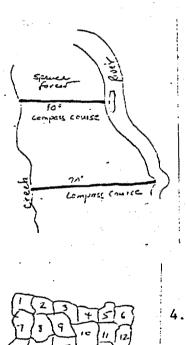
III. Definition and selection of sample units

- A. A sample unit is the smallest delineated portion of the area to be censused which has a probability of being selected and searched in its entirety for moose.
- B. All possible sample units are described on the 1:63,000 scale maps and given a unique identifying number.
  - The size of sample units should range from 12-15 mi²; however, some may be out of this range because of the lack of sufficient natural boundaries. Avoid making sample units less than 8 mi² and over 20mi².
  - 2. Boundaries of sample units are generally creeks, rivers, and ridges; however, straight lines between two identifiable points can be commonly utilized when necessary topographic features are not present on the map. Forks or bends in creeks, lakes, or



peaks on ridges are convenient sites for straight boundary lines to emanate from (Fig. ). Boundaries drawn on maps must be identifiable from the air. The person drawing SU boundaries should be adequately familiar with the area and topographic features on maps to draw easily identified boundaries.

7



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There will be occasions when boundaries become vague due to uniform topography. At that time boundaries should be selected which will have a very low probability of having a moose along it. For example, dense spruce forest may have a very low moose density, hence a poorly defined boundary through it presents little problem because moose will not be often encountered. A compass or visual heading may be flown across the area while observations are made from one side of the aircraft only. This flight path establishes the boundary and subsequent flight lines are made towards the interior of the SU (Fig. ). Each SU is given a unique number for identification. The numbers are color coded for rapid relocation on the map. Use one color for each 50 SU and keep the color in a tight block (Fig. ).

Sample unit area is large compared to most other sampling method used for estimation of numbers of moose. Experiments in Alaska have demonstrated that sampling variance and confidence interval width can be reduced by the use of large SU.

- C. Selecting Sample Units
  - SU which are potentially to be surveyed are selected by a simple random sample.
    - a. From a table of random numbers (Table ) select SU by their unique identifying numbers. Sampling is without replacement of SU selected. As SU are selected, record in the order of selection the SU number in the appropriate stratum column of Table .

SU in excess of estimate number need for each stratum will be drawn and held in reserve. The number to be drawn is described later under optimization of sampling effort.

- SU should be surveyed in approximately the order in which they were selected within each stratum.
  - a. The order in which they are surveyed becomes increasingly important as the census nears its end. At the beginning of the census those SU which will be surveyed before the final optimization of sampling effort may be surveyed in the most efficient order.
  - b. Some sample units which were selected for surveying may be skipped because of localized poor weather for flying or poor snow. Simply replace this SU with another one from the same stratum in an area with suitable weather conditions.

8

IV. Survey methods and search effort

A. Search effort will average approximately 4 min/mi² for each SU. At this rate approximately 1 SU per hour will be surveyed.

The minimum acceptable time is 3 min/mi² and the maximum is 5 min/mi².

a. Most moose are seen during surveys with 4 min/mi search effort during early winter in most moose habitat of interior Alaska.

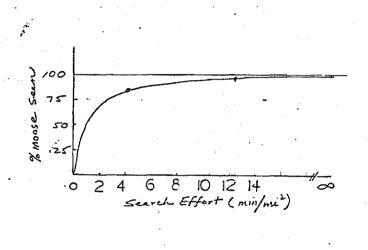


Table 4. Percent radio-collared moose seen in quadrats as categorized by dominant habitat type. Transect/contour data for quadrats with snow given a "poor" rating have been excluded.

	Transect/Contour		1	Intensive Search	
Dominant Habitat	Oct/Nov	Feb/Mar	• 7	Oct/Nov	Feb/Mar
Shrub-dominated					
Recent burn	90(21)	73(15)	3	100(20)	94 (18)
Subalpine	100(8)	80(10)	1	00(8)	100(16)
Forest-Shrub mixture					
Shrub-dominated	80(15)	61 (23)	1	00(15)	97(29)
Deciduous-dominated	83(6)	100(9)	1	00(6)	100(10)
Spruce-dominated .	85(13)	51(51)		86(14)	86(56)
Total	88(64)	63(108)		97(63)	92(130)

The appropriate search time for a SU can be calculated by estimating its area in mi² from the map and multiplying by 4 min/mi².

a. Practice will be required in gauging your flight pattern so as to complete the SU survey in the appropriate time. Practice should occur prior to the census and both pilot and observer should be familiar with the technique.

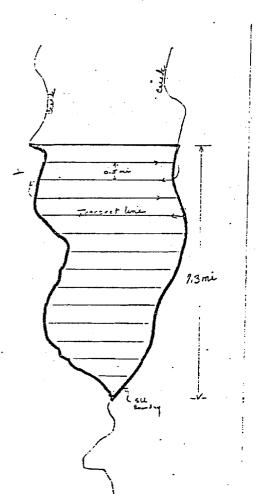
The search pattern flown varies with the topography. a. Flat land: parallel transects are flown at 0.5 mi intervals. Do not exceed 0.5 mi intervals.

> Transects should be short. Choose a compass heading that is perpendicular to the long axis of the SU.

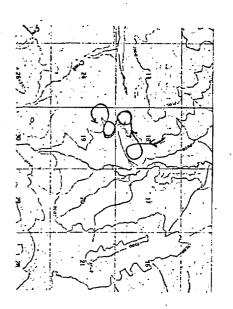
 Short transects allow you and the pilot to stay oriented, i.e. not miss areas or overlap too much.

- 3) Estimate the number of transects that should be made during the search, i.e.
   2x the length of the SU in miles. Make sure no fewer are flown (Fig. ).
   4) Mark the approximate location of the
  - transect on the map while turning between transects.

5) Mark the location of moose on the map while between transects.

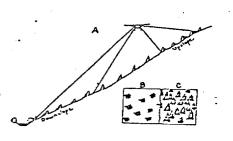


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A) Amount of hidden ground and perspective of terrain obtained by viewing upsiope and downstope during a controur light; B} Observer's view downstope illustrating top aspect of teres; C) Observer's view upslope illustrating wide awpect of trees. 6) The 180° turn between transects will require approximately 40 sec. Make use of this time by recording data, checking flight lines with map references and looking for moose in the SU.

Hills and mountains: the flight path generally follows topographic features and consists of contours, routes, circles, and flights along ridges and creeks.

- Circles are very effective at the heads of valleys and at the ends of ridges (Fig. ).
- 2) Concentrate search effort out of one side of the plane. This reduces the chance of overlooking a portion of the SU. Generally the down slope side of the plane is preferred. However, there are many occasions when viewing from the upslope side will be more practical and effective. For example, very steep slopes and the ends of gently rounded ridges are best viewed from the upslope side of the aircraft.

The interval between flight lines is less than 0.5 mi when viewing from 1 side of the aircraft.

- Estimating sightability of moose with 4 min/mi² aerial search effort.
  - Α. Sightability of moose must be estimated so that the total number of moose present can be estimated. A high search effort of approximately 12 min/mi² is repeated in portions of the SU to estimate the total number of moose present. We assume almost all moose are seen during the intensive search.
    - 1. The sightability correction factor (SCF) is estimated as follows:

SCF = # moose seen during high search effort # moose seen during low search effort The SCF will be greater than 1.0 since more а. moose will be seen with the intensive search. The corrected total moose estimated to be Ъ. present in the census area is calculated as follows:

> SCF x (estimated no. moose, corrected estimate = of number of moose seen during 4 min/mi search effort)

This SCF is also used to adjust the confidence c. interval (CI). A new confidence interval is estimated as follows.

 $CI_a$  = corrected estimated  $\pm$  SCF (estimated no. mogse total moose

٧.

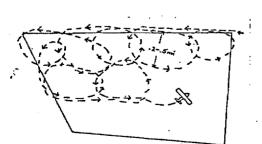
during 4 min/mi² search effort

lower end of confidence interval of that estimate)

This is not the correct way to adjust the confidence c. interval. The method will be changed at a later date. Details of methods of estimating the number of moose · d. . and confidence intervals will be discussed later.

- 2. Expermimental data demonstrate that the number of moose seen on high intensity searches during early winter is a good estimator of the true number of moose present in interior Alaska.
  - a. 97 percent radio-collared moose were seen with an intensive search effort of approximately l2 min/mi² (Table ).
  - b. When applying this finding to other areas habitat selection and social behavior are assumed to be similar. If moose differe significantly in a way that reduces their sightability from those in the experimental area this assumption cannot be applied. Experimental work with radio-collared moose in many areas would be needed to verify this assumption.
- 3. The high intensity search effort applied to plots used for calculating the sightability correction factor is approximately 12 min/mi².
  - a. Area of plots should be approximately 2 mi² so as not to take more than 0.5 hour to search.
    b. Flight path during the intensive search
    - Flat land: a series of continuous slightly overlapping circles or ovals should be flown (Fig. ).

a) The pilot is responsible for insuring <u>all</u> surface area has been viewed.



Flight pattern (top view) used during intensive search of flat terrain filustrating the elongated, overlapping parallel citciing pattern to ensure complete coverage of a quedrat.

Ъ)

3)

4)

2)

The radii of circles should be 0.2-0.3 mi. As vegetational canopy height and density increase the turning radius should decrease. Observations are made from the low wing side. c) Hills and mountains: Fly close contours and make frequent circles. This search pattern is similar to that used for the SU except contours are closer and circling is more commonly used.

4. Selection of high intensity search plots.

- Approximately 20 plots should be intensively a. searched.
- Plots are located within SU from the high Ъ. and medium density strata only.
  - 1) Select a random sample of 20 SU from those previous selected for the census. 2) Divide each of these 20 sample units into approximately 4 quarters and randomly select 1 quarter from each SU. The plot to be intensively searched should be located in this quarter.
    - The plot will be identified immediately prior to searching the sample unit. Upon completion of the search at an intensity of approximately 4 min/mi² the plot is intensively searched. Moose observed in the SU must be mapped accurately with reference to the plot

boundaries during the low and high intensity searches.

5)

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Do not search the plot with different effort during the low intensity search. VI. Recording observations on the moose census survey form

A. Routine information includes the following

- 1. Sample unit no.
- 2. Date
- 3. Start and stop time of the sample unit survey
- 4. Page
- 5. Location
- 6. Weather

B. Additional information includes

1. Habitat description

- a. The dominant habitat within the sample unit should be classified as one of two major types, with further subdivisions under each general category as follows:
  - 1) shrub-dominated
    - a) recent burn
    - b) subalpine
  - 2) forest-shrub mixture
    - a) shrub-dominated forest
    - b) deciduous-dominated forest
    - c) spruce-dominated forest
- b. Depending on moose habitat selection patterns in a particular census area, it may be necessary to base sightability correction factors on the dominant habitat recorded for sample units.

a.

Snow conditions have a profound influence on moose sightability and should be classified based on the following subjective components.

1) age of the snow

- a) fresh
- b) moderate
- c) old

2) snow cover

- a) complete
- b) distracting amounts of bare ground or herbaceous vegetation showing
  - c) fresh snow on trees and shrubs

3) a combination of snow cover and age can be used to rank the quality of snow conditions in each sample unit as good, moderate, or poor (Table ).

a) an attempt should be made to standardize the snow conditions under which a census

is conducted

### 3. Light conditions

 The type and intensity of light should be classified into the following components:

- 1) type of light
  - a) bright
  - b) flat

2) intensity of light

a) high

- b) medium
- c) low
- b. The intensity of the light is relative to the season of the year. High intensity light during October, for example, is not as intensive as high intensity light during July.
- c. As yet no effect of light on sightability of moose has been documented; therefore, survey under all conditions. However, flat/low seems most if difficult to observe under.
- d. Yellow glasses seem to improve contrast under low light conditions.

## 4. Habitat selection

- a. Initial habitat selection by the moose should be recorded as one of the following:
  - 1) herbaceous
  - 2) low shrub--shrubs up to 6 feet in height
  - 3) tall shrub--shrubs from 6 to 12 feet in height
  - 4) deciduous forest
  - 5) sparse spruce forest
  - 6) spruce forest
  - 7) larch
- 5. Moose spotted during sample unit surveys should be recorded by aggregations.
- The activity of moose on the initial sighting should be recorded as lying or standing.

VII. Calculation of the population estimate and confidence interval

2.

A. Calculation of the population estimate and variance of the population estimate for an individual stratum. The following calculations will be performed for each stratum.
1. The following symbols will be used for the calculation of the population estimate and variance.

A = total surface area (square miles) per stratum  $y_i$  = number of moose in the ith sample unit (S.U.)  $x_i$  = number of square miles in the ith S.U.  $\bar{x}$  = mean size of all S.U. surveyed per stratum n = number of S.U. selected per stratum  $\bar{x}$  = total number of S.U. per stratum  $\bar{T}$  = total population estimate per stratum The density of moose in a stratum is calculated with the ratio estimator (r) as the estimated number of moose per square mile in the stratum.

total no. of moose observed in all S.U.'s r ≃ total surface area of all S.U. (sq. mi.)

3. The population estimate per stratum is calculated as: Stratum pop. est. = density of moose x (total surface area of the stratum)

or

 $T = r \cdot A$ 

4. Calculation of variance for the stratum population estimate  $\{V(T)\}$ .

May be progrand on on HP97 Calculator

a. One advantage of using a simple random sample versus other sampling types (i.e. sampling proportional to size) is that a finite population correction factor can be incorporated into the calculations, thereby reducing variance.

 The finite correction factor reduces the variance of the estimate as the number of S.U. surveyed increases.

 $V(\hat{T}) = A^2 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{\chi^2} \cdot \frac{\alpha_k}{n} \left(1 - \frac{n}{\lambda}\right)\right]$ 

20

 $\left[ \Xi \begin{pmatrix} NO, OF MODSE \\ IN EACH S.U. \end{pmatrix}^2 \right] - \left[ Zr \cdot \Xi \begin{pmatrix} SURFALE AREA \\ OF EACH S.U. \end{pmatrix} X \begin{pmatrix} NO, MODSE IN THE \\ CORRESPONDING S.U. \end{pmatrix} \right]$ 

 $\left[\Gamma^{2} \cdot 2 \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{SURFACE AREA} \\ \text{OF EACH S.U.} \end{array} \right)^{2} \right]$ 

2-1

OR

 $2z_{g}^{2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_{i}^{2}}{y_{i}^{2}} - 2\Gamma \sum_{i=1}^{n} y_{i} + \Gamma^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} y_{i}^{2}$ 

 $\gamma$ -

- B. Calculation of the total population estimate  $(T_t)$  and variance of the population estimate for the entire census area.
  - 1. Total population estimate =  $\Sigma$  strata population estimates

$$\hat{\mathbf{T}}_{t} = \hat{\mathbf{T}}_{H} + \hat{\mathbf{T}}_{M} + \hat{\mathbf{T}}_{L} = (\mathbf{r}_{H} \cdot \mathbf{A}_{H}) + (\mathbf{r}_{M} \cdot \mathbf{A}_{M}) + (\mathbf{r}_{L} \cdot \mathbf{A}_{L})$$

where H = high density stratum, M = medium, and L = low

2. Variance of the estimate of the =  $\Sigma$  variance of the strata number of moose in census area population estimates

$$V(\hat{T}_{L}) = V(\hat{T}_{H}) + V(\hat{T}_{H}) + V(\hat{T}_{L}) = [A_{H}^{2} \cdot V(r_{H})] + [A_{M}^{2} \cdot V(r_{H})] + [A_{L}^{2} \cdot V(r_{L})]$$

C. Calculation of the confidence interval (CI) for the total population estimate of the census area.

- 1. CI = Total population estimate  $\pm (t_{n-1} d.f.) \sqrt{variance of the to}$ CI =  $\tilde{T}_t \pm t_{n-1} \sqrt{V(\tilde{T}_t)}$  where t is the Student's t value for a specified probability  $-\frac{qo^2}{2}$
- Evaluation of the confidence interval for the total population estimate of the census area.

a. 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{total population} \\ \underline{\text{estimate}} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \text{lower end} \\ \underline{\text{of C.I.}} \end{pmatrix} = % of population estimate}$$

% of population estimate

We recommend striving for precision equal to or greater than a 90% C.I. which has outer limits of  $\pm 20\%$  of the estimate population. Bare in mind that precision greater than this will rarely be obtainable because of limitations on time and money.

Sightability correction Factor will up this estimate.

VIII. Optimum allocation of search effort

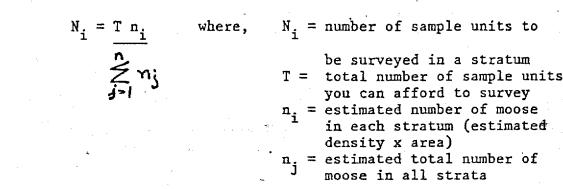
Ъ.

A. Optimum allocation of search effort (or how to get the most data/dollar) is the process of distributing the available survey effort in the most efficient manner, so as to minimize the variance of the mean estimate of moose density per stratum.

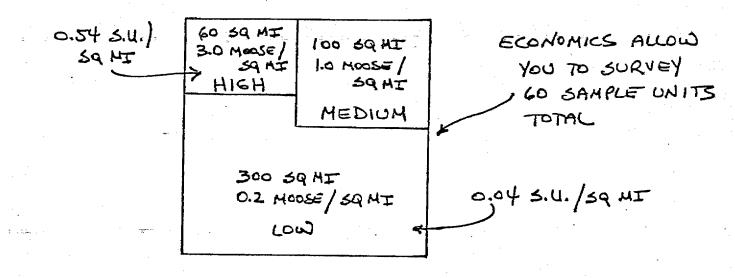
1. Initial allocation of search intensity

- a. Upon completion of stratification it is necessary to estimate the surface area in each stratum before calculating the allocation of sample units among the strata
  - the easiest way to accomplish this is by counting square mile sections and estimating partial sections from the composite topographic map of the census area.

 Once the area of each stratum has been estimated it is then possible to calculate the initial allocation of search effort using the formula:



#### 1) EXAMPLE



 $A_{\rm H} = 60$  sq. mi.; estimated high density = 3.0 moose/sq. mi.;  $n_{\rm H} = 180$  moose  $A_{\rm H} = 100$  sq. mi.; estimated medium density = 1.0 moose/sq. mi.;  $n_{\rm M} = 100$  moose  $A_{\rm L} = 300$  sq. mi.; estimated low density = 0.2 moose/sq. mi.;  $n_{\rm L} = \frac{60 \text{ moose}}{n_{\rm L}} = 340$  moose

$$N_{\rm H} = \frac{60 \times 180}{340} = 32 \text{ s.u.}; N_{\rm M} = \frac{60 \times 100}{340} = 18 \text{ s.u.}; N_{\rm L} = \frac{60 \times 60}{340} = 11 \text{ s.u.}$$

2) The ratios above are only an approximation of the required sampling scheme within the census area. It is necessary to adjust the search effort per stratum as the census progresses in order to minimize variance. Adjustment of the search effort between stratum is

accomplished by calculating strata population estimates and variances as soon as enough sample units have been surveyed to allow these computations.

- a. The resulting variance estimates will allow the biologist to determine which strata have the largest variance and require the greatest proportion of remaining sampling effort.
- b. The process of reapportioning search effort is influenced by the rate that the census is progressing and the variation in observed moose density within strata.
  - In order to maintain optimum allocation of search effort, reevaluation should be performed as frequently as deemed necessary.

IX. Precision of the estimate

2:

A. No estimate of numbers of moose will be absolutely accurate. Several sources of error exist which always cause a discrepancy between the estimated and the true number of moose.

1. Sampling error

 a. If the entire area were searched there would be no need for sample units and no sampling error would exist. However, we are conducting censuses in areas too large for total count procedures.

b. The mean density of moose found in the area samplied will always differ slightly from the true density, but it will approach the true density as the number of sample units increases.
Error in sightability estimate

a. We see less than 100% of the moose; therefore,
 a sightability correction factor must be
 estimated. The estimated SCF is not exact.
 Errors in calculations

2.

3.

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a. The area of each stratum cannot be measured exactly, thus an error of several percent could result from this source alone.

How accurate is the estimate? Since you can never know the true density or number of moose you cannot directly evaluate the quality of the estimates.

 However, a probability that the true value is within a certain range of the estimated value can be assigned. This is the Confidence Interval.

 as the confidence interval decreases at a particular probability, you have reason to develop increasing confidence in the accuracy of the estimate.

C. Ways to improve accuracy
1. Choose a SU area which minimizes variation between SU.
2. Stratify accurately
3. Maintain a search effort which provides a high sightability

- Spend the effort to make a good estimate of sightability of moose
- 5. Practice survey procedures prior to the census
- 6. Fly when the weather and snow conditions are acceptable so as to reduce variation in sightability of moose
- X. Experience and currency of pilots and observers
  - A. All personnel piloting or observing should be trained in the methods to insure consistency among survey teams.
    - 1. Biologist and pilots should practice survey methods prior to the census so proper search effort and search pattern can be used from the first SU counted. Locating boundaries of SU requires a little practice. The pilot is primarily responsible for maintaining the flight path within the SU while searching. The pilot must be able to read 1:63000 scale maps on a very detailed basis.
    - 2. Periodic breaks during the day will help reduce fatigue and maintain good counting efficiency. Take a short break every 2 hours or so if possible. A census requires that you are mentally sharp during the search of SU. Use the flight time between SU to relax in the plane (pilot should not relax too much).
    - The aircraft choice is a two-place plane with tandom seating.

## Table 1. Classification of snow conditions for sightability of moose during aerial surveys.

Age of Sn	ow Coverage	Classification
Fresh	Complete	Good
	Some low vegetation showing	Moderate
	Bare or herbaceous vegetation ground showing	Poor
Moderate	Complete	Good
	Some low vegetation showing	Moderate
	Bare or herbaceous vegetation ground showing	Poor
01d	Complete	Moderate
	Some low vegetation showing	Poor
	Bare or herbaceous vegetation ground showing	Poor

Table_.

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SAMPLE UNIT SELECTION FORM

in,c8

....<u>.</u>

•	1	STRATUM		
NO.	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	
1		:		
2		•••••	د 	
3				- -
4			************	
5.				
6				

Type of	MM	ean min per mi so (R	ange)
Survey	Flats	Hills	Mtn. Foothills
Composition in Came Ma	Counts ^a nagement Units		
204	1.4(1-1.9)		1.9(1.5-2.2)
208	-	2.1(1.5-3.0)°	-
13	0.8.*	· · ·	1.2
Present Stud	у		
Transect/C	oncour _b	4.9(2.1-14.8)	4.9(1.5-11.3)
Intensive	12.9(5.3-21.5)	9.7(4.5-26.2)	11.0(2.9-22.6)

### Table 2. Time searched per square mile during surveys conducted between 1974 and 1979 in Interior Alaska.

^a These are examples of typical surveys conducted by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. Transects were used over flat terrain while contour flights were flown in irregular terrain.

b The actual time spent searching was not recorded; however, the time per mi² was theoretically 1.6 min per mi² plus the time spent circling moose to identify sex and age.

^c Values are mean min/mi² for 10 surveys during November and December of 1974-1975. C

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				tour Se		e been bu	Iring Quad			Search		362
	St	andin	8		Lying		St	andin	8		Lying	
Nabitat Selected	Good	Mod	Poor	Good	Nod	Poor	Good	Mod	Poor	Good	Mod	Poo
Nonspruce ⁸	94 (32)	93 (14)	85 (13)	82 (44)	78 (27)	44 (9)	100 (31)	100 (31)	100 (13)	98 (40)	93 (27)	100 (9
Spruce ^b	70 (10)	50 (8)	0 (1)	55 (20)	17 (12)	0 (4)	78 (9)	88 (8)	0 (1)	90 (21)	83 (12)	75 (4

Table 9. The influence of snow on activity, habitat selected and search intensity.

* Includes herbaceous, low shrub, tall shrub, deciduous forest and larch.

^b Includes spruce forest and sparse spruce forest.

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# APPENDIX TABLE II. Cumulative Student's t distribution. The body of the table contains values of Student's t; n is the number of degrees of freedom.

### Probabilities for confidence intervals

### CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY BETWEEN + t and - t

												1	i
л	.1	.2	.3	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8	.9	.95	.98	.99	.999
- 1	.158	.325	.510	.727	1.000	1.376	1.963	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	636.619
2	.142	.289	.445		.816			1.386	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	31.598
	137	.277		.584	.765	.978		1.638	2,353	3.182	4.541	5.841	12.941
3	.134	.271	414	.569	.741	.941	1.190	1.533	2.132	2.776	3,747	4.604	8.610
.4	.132	.267	408	.559	727	.920	1.156	1.476	2,015	2.571	3.365	4.032	6.859
6	.131	.265	.404	.553	.718	.906	1.134	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.959
7	.130	.263	.402	:549	.711	.896	1.[19	1.415	1-895	2.365	2.998	3.499	5.405
8	.130	.262	.399	.546	.706	.889	1.108	1,397	1,860	2.306	2.896	3.355	5.041
9	.129	.261	.398	.543	.703	.883	1.100	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.781
10	.129	.260	.397;	.542	.700	.879	1.093	1,372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.587
	1			<u> </u>					1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.437
11	.129	.260	395		.697	.876	1.088	1.363		2.179	2.681	3.055	4.318
12	1.128	.259	.395		.695	.873	1.083	1.356	1.782		2.650	3.012	4.221
13	,128	.259	.394		.694	.870	1,079	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.630	2:977	4.140
14	.128		.393		.692	.868	1.076	1.345	1.761	2.145		2.947	4.073
15	.128	.258	-393	-536	.691	.866	1.074	1.341	1,753	2.131	2.602	2.947	4.073
		262	392	.535	.690	.865	1.071	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	4,015
16	.128	.258		.534	.689	.863	1.069	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.965
17	.128	.257	.392		.688	.862	1.067	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.922
18	.127	.257	.392	.534			1.066	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.883
19	.127	.257	.391	.533	.688	.861		1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.850
20	.127	.257	.391	.533	.687	.860	1.064	1.32	<i></i>	2.060			
21	.127	.257	.391	.532	.686	.859	1.063	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.819
22	.127	.256	.390	.532	.686	.858	1.061	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3,792
· 23	.127	.256	390	.532	.685	.858	1.060	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.767
24	.127	.256	.390	.531	.685	.857	1.059	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.745
25	.127	.256	.390	.531	.684	.856	1.058	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.725
	{	l I					í i						
26	.127	.256	390	.531	.684	.856	1.058	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3,707
27	.127	.256	.389	.531	.684	.855	1.057	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.690
- 28	,127	.256	.389	.530	.683	.855	1.056	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.674
29	.127	.256	.389	.530	.683	.854	1.055	1.311	1.699	2.045	2,462	2.756	3.659
30	.127	.256	.389	.530	.683	.854	1.055	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.646
	1			000	201	.851	1.050	1,303	1.684	2.021	2,423	2,704	3.551
40	.126	.255	.388	.529	.681		1.046	1.305	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.460
60	.126	.254	.387	.527	.679	.848		1.289	1.678	1.980	2.358	2.617	3.373
120	.126	.254	.386	.526	.677 .674	.845 .842	1.041	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.291
ຸ ສ	.126	.253		-124	.0/4	.042	1.050						
"2-sided"	.9	.8	.7	.6	.5	.4	.3	.2	.1	.05	_02	.01	.001
"l-sided"	.45	.40	.35	.30	.25	.20	.15	.10	.05	.025	.010	.005	.0005

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Significance probabilities for t-test

Appendix Table II is adapted from Table III of Fisher and Yates, Statistical Tables for Biological, Agricultural, and Medical Research, published by Oliver & Boyd, Ltd., Edinburgh, by permission of the authors and publishers.

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м	THOUSAND	RANDOM	Dicity	

TABLE A.1	(Continued)
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TEN	THOUSAND	RANDOM	DIGITS

			Te	м Тног	TABL"	ANDOM	Digits		-معتادیة وربر -			1997	. 1	
	00-04	0509	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	4044	45-49				50~54
00 01 02 03 04	88758 35661 26335 60826 95044	66605 42832 03771 74718 99896	33843 16240 46115 56527 13763	43623 77410 88133 29508 31764	62774 20686 40721 91975 93970	25517 26656 06787 13695 60987	09560 59698 95962 25215 14692	41880 86241 60841 72237 71039	85126 13152 91788 06337 34165	60755 49187 86386 73439 21297			00 04 02 03 04	70896 56809 66109 18071 98732
05 06 07 08 09	83746 27998 82685 18386 21717	47694 42562 32323 13862 13141	06143 63402 74625 10988 22707	42741 10056 14510 04197 68165	38338 81668 85927 18770 58440	97694 48744 28017 72757 19187	69300 08400 80588 71418 08421	99864 83124 14756 81133 23872	19641 19896 54937 69503 03036	15083 18805 76379 44037 34208		•	05 06 07 08 09	36075 04110 75658 87403 00005
10 11 12 13 14	• 18446 66027 51420 27045 13094	83052 75177 96779 62626 17725	31842 47398 54309 73159 14103	08634 60423 87456 91149 00067	11887 70160 78967 96509 68843	86070 16232 79638 44204 63565	08464 67343 68869 92237 93578	20565 36205 49062 29969 24756	74390 50036 02196 49315 10814	36541 59411 55109 11804 15185		•	10 11 12 13 14	43674 68597 91874 73854 65926
15 16 17 18 19	92382 16215 09342 38148 23689	62518 50809 14528 79001 19997	17752 49326 64727 03509 72382	53163 77232 71403 79424 15247	63852 90155 84156 39625 80205	44840 69955 34083 73315 58090	02592 93892 35613 18811 43804	88572 70445 35670 86230 94548	03107 00906 10549 99682 82693	90169 57002 07468 82896 22799			15 16 17 18 19	40005 46686 02717 17048 75304
20 21 22 23 24	25407 25349 02322 15072 27002	37726 69456 77491 33261 31036	73099 19693 56095 99219 85278	51057 85568 03055 43307 74547	68733 93876 37738 39239 84809	75768 18661 18216 79712 36252	77991 69018 81781 94753 09373	72641 10332 32245 41450 69471	95386 83137 84081 30944 15606	70138 88257 18436 53912 77209		•	20 21 22 23 24	97844 07611 47744 54293 67556
.25 26 27 28 29	66181 09779 10791 74833 17583	83316 01822 07706 55767 24038	40386- 45537 87481 31312 83701	-54316 13128 26107 76611 28570	29505 51128 24857 67389 63561	86032 82703 27805 04691 00098	34563 75350 42710 39687 60784	93204 25179 63471 13596 76098	72973 86104 08804 88730 84217	90760 40638 23455 86850 34997			25 26 27 28 29	86581 28020 42578 47290 24856
30 31 32 33 34	45601 60683 29956 91713 85704	46977 33112 81169 84235 86588	39325 65995 18877 75296 82837	09286 64203 15296 69875 67822	41133 18070 94368 82414 \$5963	34031 65437 16317 05197 83021	94867 13624 34239 66596 90732	11849 90896 03643 13083 32661	75171 80945 66081 46278 64751	57682 71987 12242 73498 83903			/ 30 31 32 33 34	16352 89060 07637 37711 82994
35 36 37 38 39	17921 13929 03248 50583 10636	26111 71341 18880 17972 46975	35373 80488 21667 12690 09449	86494 89827 01311 00452 45986	48266 48277 61806 93766 34672	01888 07229 80201 16414 46916	65735 71953 47889 01212 63881	05315 16128 83052 27964 83117	79328 65074 31029 02766 53947	13367 28782 06023 28786 95218			- 35 36 37 38 39	31722 93819 65557 88001 96648
41234 1234	76714 22393 70942	4 1278 80963 46719 92042 60326	42205 74907 02083 22776 86346	10425 16890 62428 47761 26738	66560 15492 45177 13503 01983	59967 27489 57562 16037 04186	90139 06067 49243 30875 41388	73563 22287 31748 80754 03848	29875 19760 64278 47491 78354	79033 13056 05731 96012 14964	•		40 41 42 43 44	04118 19317 37182 82990 97294
5 G 7 3 9	96292 19680 67347	00126 44348 07146 51442 59255	45685 20898 53951 24536 06898	67607 02227 10935 60151 99137	70796 76512 23333 05498 50871	04889 53185 76233 64678 81265	98128 03057 13706 87569 42223	13599 61375 20502 65066 83303	93710 10760 60405 17790 48694	23974 26889 09745 55413 81953			45 46 47 48 49	86771 26046 39689 83265 15128
					428	•				÷		· .	<del></del>	

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_	50~54	5559	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-94	95-99
00 04 02 03 04	70896 56809 66109 18071 98732	44520 42909 84775 36263 15120	64720 25853 07515 14053 91754	49898 47624 49949 52526 12657	78088 29186 61482 44347 74675	76740 14196 91836 04923 78500	47460 75841 48126 68100 01247	83150 00393 80778 57805 49719	78905 42300 21302 19521 47635	59870 24847 24975 15345
05	36075	83967	22268	77971	31169	68584	21336	72541	66959	55514
06	04110	45061	78062	18911	27855	09419	56459	00695	70323	39708
07	75658	58509	24479	10202	13150	95946	55087	38398	18718	04538
08	87403	19142	27208	35149	34889	27003	14181	44813	17784	95561
09	00005	52142	65021	64438	69610	12154	98422	65320	79996	41036
10 11 12 13 14	43674 68597 91874 73854 65926	47103 68874 70208 19470 34117	48614 35567 06308 53014 55344	70823 98463 40719 29375 68155	78252 99671 02772 62256 38099	82403 05634 69589 77488 56009	93424 81533 79936 74388 03513	05236 47406 07514 53949 05926	54588 17228 44950 49607 35584	01935 27757 41455 35190 19816 42328
15	40005	35246	49440	40295	44390	83043	26090	80201	02934	49260
16	46686	29890	14821	69783	34733	,11803	64845	32065	14527	38702
17	02717	61518	39583	72863	50707	96115	07416	05041	36756	61065
18	17048	22281	35573	28944	96889	51823	57268	03866	27658	91950
19	75304	53248	42151	93928	17343	88322	28683	11252	10355	65175
20	97844	62947	62230	30500	92816	85232	27222	91701	11057	83257
21	07611	71163	82212	20653	21499	51496	40715	78952	33029	64207
22	47744	04603	44522	62783	39347	72310	41460	31052	40814	94297
23	54293	43576	88116	67416	34908	15238	40561	73940	56850	34078
24	67556	93979	73363	00300	11217	74405	18937	79000	68834	-48307
25	86581	73041	95809	73986	49408	53316	90841	73808	53424	82315
26	28020	86282	83365	76600	11261	74354	20968	60770	12141	09539
27	42578	32471	37840	30872	75074	79027	57813	62831	54715	26693
28	47290	15997	86163	10571	81911	92124	92971	80860	41042	58666
29	24856	63911	13221	77028	06573	33667	30732	47280	12926	67276
30	16352	24836	60799	76281	83402	44709	78930	82969	84468	36910
31	89060	79852	97854	28324	39638	86936	06702	74304	39873	19496
32	07637	30412	04921	26471	09605	07355	20466	49793	40539	21077
33	37711	47786	37468	31963	16908	50283	80884	08252	72655	58926
34	82994	53232	58202	73318	62471	49650	15888	73370	98748	69181
35	31722	67288	12110	04776	15168	68862	92347	90789	66961	04162
36	93819	78050	19364	38037	25706	90879	05215	00260	14426	88207
37	65557	24496	04713	23688	26623	41356	47049	60676	72236	01214
38	88001	91382	05129	36041	10257	55558	89979	58061	28957	10701
39	96648	70303	18191	62404	26558	92804	15415	02865	52449	78509
40	04118	51573	59356	02426	35010	37104	98316	44602	96478	08433
41	19317	27753	39431	26996	04465	69695	61374	06317	42225	62025
42	37182	91221	17307	68507	85725	81898	22588	22241	80337	89033
43	82990	03607	29560	60413	59743	75000	03806	13741	79671	25446
44	97294	21991	11217	98087	79124	52275	31088	32085	23089	21498
45	86771	69504	13345	42544	59616	07867	78717	82840	74669	21515
46	26046	55559	12200	95106	56496	76662	4480	89457	84209	01332
47	39689	05999	92290	79024	70271	93352	90272	94495	26842	51477
48	83265	89573	01437	43786	52986	49041	17952	35035	80985	84671
49	15128	35791	11296	45319	06330	82027	90808	54351	43094	30387

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### TEN THOUSAND RANDOM DIGITS

(Cc led)

ABL.

51         0.6573         52937         64274         95106         69117         65849         41356         65549         70707         50442           52         0.067         60052         14270         19718         80499         63303         13533         91882         51136         60028           53         3977         50891         75278         90046         52264         40164         72442         71024         72000         14806           54         34958         76090         08827         61623         31114         80952         83645         91786         29633         70294           55         61417         72142         92626         71952         69709         81259         50472         43409         84454         80648           56         99187         13130         36465         8133         35119         95020         06703         16733         50102         06793         13733         106172         06277         62795         2131         20007         67452         19870         35090         50636         67605         19369         36636         76785         19670         35090         50636         64177         686974				1.6	N THOU	SAND R	NDOM	DIGITS			1
j         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0		00-04	05-09	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
52         81067         60022         14270         19718         80499         63303         13533         91812         51136         60028           54         34958         76090         0827         61623         31114         60552         83645         91786         29633         78294           55         61417         72424         92626         71952         69709         81259         50472         43409         84454         80249           56         9187         14149         57474         32208         85144         90378         34602         47606         80235         02120           57         13130         13064         56485         41813         3519         5770         76317         70953         50023         67933           50         28737         49502         06006         51141         25131         20007         67452         19670         35895         60363         67676         32911         01172         06277         32931         63046         50339         6357         62135         10031         59956         60417         60363         6461         641231         2000         67452         19670         35699         <	50										
53         39737         56091         75278         90046         52284         40164         72442         72000         14066           54         34958         70090         08827         61623         31114         80652         83645         91786         29633         78294           55         61417         72424         9266         71952         63703         34602         47006         89295         02420           57         13130         13064         36685         40133         35319         05720         770317         70953         50024         55718           56         65531         11831         82402         46929         91466         72917         2050         58560         07050           61         65208         96466         29917         22602         69726         31718         2911         0112         07050           62         91389         39633         50039         91256         69760         35610         10031         92951         69018         10209           64         26231         26260         86554         31881         70512         37799         93851         90562         13148	51										50442
54         34956         76090         08027         61623         31114         06952         03645         91706         29633         70294           55         61417         72424         90626         71952         69709         81259         50472         43409         84454         80648           56         99187         14149         57474         32268         5124         90370         36602         82000         50024         05720         76317         70953         50023         05739           52         65751         13130         13064         36485         48133         35319         05720         76317         70953         55062         07050           61         65208         96666         2917         22102         60972         3178         32911         01172         06279         52795         58190         50636           62         21323         38148         76510         63663         36671         10131         95995         60417         60665           64         82631         26260         86554         31881         70512         37999         38051         40564         2444         24056         61641         64											
55         61417         72424         92626         71952         69709         81259         50472         43409         04454         80648           56         99187         14149         57474         32268         85124         90370         34682         47606         89295         02420           57         13130         13064         36483         14133         35319         05720         70317         70933         50023         00793           56         18531         1841         24024         46529         91446         50839         22538         56768         83467         19313           60         50353         74022         59767         49927         45882         74099         10758         57510         58560         07050           61         65203         26260         8573         89768         36671         10131         95995         60417         24461         44056           65         91989         39633         59039         12526         37730         68848         71399         28513         69018         10289           66         12950         31418         93425         69756         34036         55037 </td <td></td>											
56       99187       14149       57474       32268       85424       90370       34602       47606       89292       06793         58       65563       11831       82402       46929       91446       72037       17205       89600       50024       6793         59       28737       49502       06060       52100       43704       50839       22538       56760       03464       5913         60       50353       74022       59767       49927       45882       74099       10758       57510       58560       07050         61       65208       69666       29372       35178       32911       06172       06277       62795         62       21323       38148       26656       81741       25131       20067       67452       19670       35095       50417       60665         64       82631       26260       85543       31881       70512       37899       38651       40568       54244       24056         65       91989       39633       59039       12526       37730       60848       71399       20513       69018       10289         66       91449       94747       92	54	34958	76090	08827	61623	31114	86952	83645	91786	29633	78294
56       99187       14149       57474       32268       85424       90370       34602       47606       89292       06793         58       65563       11831       82402       46929       91446       72037       17205       89600       50024       6793         59       28737       49502       06060       52100       43704       50839       22538       56760       03464       5913         60       50353       74022       59767       49927       45882       74099       10758       57510       58560       07050         61       65208       69666       29372       35178       32911       06172       06277       62795         62       21323       38148       26656       81741       25131       20067       67452       19670       35095       50417       60665         64       82631       26260       85543       31881       70512       37899       38651       40568       54244       24056         65       91989       39633       59039       12526       37730       60848       71399       20513       69018       10289         66       91449       94747       92	55	61417	72424	92626	71952	69709	81259	58472	43409	84454	88648
58         65563         1181         82402         46929         91446         72037         17205         89600         55008         55718           59         28737         49502         06060         52100         43704         50839         22538         56768         03467         19313           60         50353         74022         59767         49927         45882         74099         10758         57510         58560         07050           61         65208         66466         29917         22862         69972         3178         32011         0117         06277         62795           62         21323         38148         266976         36671         01031         95995         60417         68665           63         67875         29831         59039         12526         37730         68848         71399         28513         69018         10289           66         12950         31418         93425         69756         34036         55097         97241         92480         49745         42461         40523         89537         59490           69         5777         75005         57912         20977         35722 <td>56</td> <td>99187</td> <td>14149</td> <td>57474</td> <td>32268</td> <td>85-124</td> <td>90378</td> <td>34682</td> <td>47606</td> <td>89295</td> <td></td>	56	99187	14149	57474	32268	85-124	90378	34682	47606	89295	
58         65363         1181         82402         46929         91446         72037         17205         89600         590847         19313           59         28737         49502         06060         52100         43704         50839         22538         56760         03467         19313           60         50353         74022         59767         49927         45882         74099         10758         57510         58560         07500           61         65208         66466         29372         28676         69762         3178         32911         0617         06277         62795           62         21323         38148         26606         6670         0131         59595         66417         60665           64         82631         26260         8554         31881         70512         3730         68848         71399         28513         69018         10249           65         91989         39633         59039         12526         37730         68848         71399         28410         49745         42461         42052         13185           66         3906         16698         82044         44523         39919	57	13130	13064	36485	48133	35319	05720	76317	70953	50823	06793
	58	65563	11831	82402	46929	91446	72037	17205	89600	59084	55718
61       65208       96466       29917       22022       69972       35178       32911       00172       06277       62795         62       21323       38148       26696       81741       25131       20007       67452       19670       35895       50636         63       67875       29831       5930       46570       69768       36671       1031       93955       68417       66665         64       82631       26260       86554       31881       70512       37899       38851       40568       54284       24056         65       91989       39633       59039       12526       37730       60848       71399       20513       69018       10209         66       12950       31418       93425       69756       34036       55097       97241       92480       49745       42461         69       55775       75005       57912       20977       35722       51931       89565       77579       93085       06467         70       24761       65877       78009       40714       60727       56123       51102       89053       51795       26123       51102       89053       77579       <	59	28737	49502	06060	52100	43704	50839	22538	56768	83467	19313
61       65208       96466       29917       22022       69972       35178       32911       00172       06277       62795         62       21323       38148       26696       81741       25131       20007       67452       19670       35895       50636         63       67875       29831       5930       46570       69768       36671       1031       93955       68417       66665         64       82631       26260       86554       31881       70512       37899       38851       40568       54284       24056         65       91989       39633       59039       12526       37730       60848       71399       20513       69018       10209         66       12950       31418       93425       69756       34036       55097       97241       92480       49745       42461         69       55775       75005       57912       20977       35722       51931       89565       77579       93085       06467         70       24761       65877       78009       40714       60727       56123       51102       89053       51795       26123       51102       89053       77579       <	60	50353	74022	59767	49927	45882	74099	18758	57510	58560	07050
62         21323         38148         26696         81741         25131         20007         67452         19670         35898         50636           63         67875         29831         59300         46570         69768         36671         01031         95995         60417         68665           64         26261         26260         86554         31881         70512         37899         2851         40568         54284         24036           65         91989         39633         59039         12526         37730         68848         71399         28513         69018         10289           66         12950         31418         93425         69756         34036         55097         97241         92480         49745         42461           67         0328         27427         95475         75055         57912         20977         35722         51931         89565         77579         93085         06467           70         24761         56877         78009         40748         60727         56652         12462         40528         75269           71         43820         80263         15735         28109         25375 </td <td></td>											
63         67875         29831         59300         46570         69768         36671         01031         95955         60417         66665           64         82031         26260         86554         31881         70512         37899         38851         40568         54284         24056           65         91989         39633         59039         12526         37730         60848         71399         20513         60018         10289           66         12950         51414         59424         95474         97217         05034         26676         49629         13594         50525         13485           678         53906         16698         82004         04524         39919         23316         67480         05223         19053         56457         13485         06467           70         24761         56877         78009         40748         69727         56652         12462         40528         75269         31102         89053         51755         5175         5175         5175         52054         15559         51795         20504         15559         51799         30851         4756         78630         776         21996											
64         82631         26260         86554         31881         70512         37899         38851         40568         54284         24056           65         91989         39633         59039         12526         37730         68848         71399         28513         69018         10289           66         12950         31418         93425         69756         34036         55097         97241         92480         49745         42461           67         00328         27427         95474         97217         50505         75799         93085         06467           68         63906         16698         82004         40524         39919         32381         67488         05223         B9537         59490           70         24761         56877         56052         12462         40528         75269         51752         66123         77579         93085         06467         7339         68678         17726         60640         80672         177579         93085         1756         60670         780739         61296         95019         21568         86134         60096         65403         47166         78533         17797         79303973											
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67         00328         27427         95474         97217         05034         26676         49629         13594         50525         13485           68         63906         16690         82804         04524         39919         32181         67488         05223         89537         59490           69         55775         75005         57912         20977         35722         51931         89565         77579         93005         06467           70         24761         56877         78009         40748         69727         56652         12462         40528         75269           71         43820         60296         26800         02907         33615         54206         20013         75872         80678         17726         60649           74         71003         87595         61296         9519         21568         86134         66096         65403         47166         78638           75         52715         04593         69484         93411         38046         13000-         42235         606030         03914         75357           76         21998         31729         89963         11573         49142         6946											
G9         55775         75005         57912         20977         35722         51931         89565         77579         93085         06467           70         24761         56877         56357         78009         40748         69727         56652         12462         40528         75269           71         43820         80926         26795         57553         28319         25376         51795         26123         51102         89053           72         66669         02880         02987         33615         54206         20013         75872         80678         17726         60640         17726         60640         15593         51799         93085         6783         93083         1573         49044         66725         20504         15593         51799         93083         67833         9779         60303         9314         75357         766         21998         31729         89963         11573         49142         69167         40265         56066         36024         25705         9732         97732           76         21998         18277         31564         2355         86338         79250         43168         96929         9732											
70 $24761$ $56877$ $56357$ $78009$ $40748$ $69727$ $56652$ $12462$ $40528$ $75269$ 72 $66669$ $02800$ $02967$ $33615$ $54206$ $20013$ $75872$ $80678$ $17726$ $60640$ 73 $49944$ $66725$ $19779$ $50416$ $42800$ $71733$ $82052$ $28504$ $15593$ $51729$ 74 $71003$ $87590$ $61296$ $95019$ $21568$ $86134$ $66096$ $65403$ $47166$ $78638$ 75 $52715$ $04593$ $69484$ $93411$ $38046$ $13000 04293$ $60029$ $9732$ 76 $21998$ $31729$ $89963$ $11573$ $49442$ $69467$ $40255$ $56066$ $36024$ $25705$ 77 $58970$ $96027$ $18377$ $31564$ $23555$ $86338$ $79250$ $43168$ $96929$ $97732$ 78 $67592$ $59149$ $42554$ $42719$ $13533$ $40560$ $81167$ $10747$ $92552$ $19667$ 79 $10298$ $18429$ $93377$ $96436$ $11237$ $88039$ $81020$ $00428$ $75731$ $37779$ 80 $88420$ $28841$ $42628$ $81647$ $59024$ $52032$ $31251$ $72017$ $43875$ $48320$ 71 $07779$ $35616$ $05378$ $32616$ $64562$ $15303$ $13168$ $23189$ $81926$ $63617$ $58566$ $56047$ 72 $39179$ $93581$											
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76       21998       31729       89963       11573       49442       69467       40265       56066       36024       25705         77       58970       96827       18377       31564       23555       86338       79250       43168       96929       97732         78       67592       59149       42554       42719       13533       48560       81167       10747       92552       19867         79       18298       18429       09357       96436       11237       88039       81020       00428       75731       37779         80       88420       28841       42628       81647       59024       52032       31251       72017       43875       48320         81       07627       88424       2381       29680       14027       75905       27037       22113       77073       70711         323797       93510       64979       21041       95252       62450       05937       81670       44094       47262         33       14783       95119       68464       08726       74818       91700       05961       23554       74649       50540         84       05378       32646       <	/4	/1005	07350	01290	22013		00134	00090	03403	4/100	78038
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7918298184290935796436112378803981020004287573137779808842028841426288164759024520323125172017438754832081076278842423381296801402775905270372211377873787118237917935810497921041952526245005937816704409447262831478395119684640872674818917000596123554746495054084053783264064562153031316823189881986361758566560478519640967092204707025405839950039989965933225437158662051411081511315646933947777033567945774067766706284943961075315585974052759553239522601305201585405449162945054871317321686607147314653935636746910512699190328720303227660219966690368392223605681992201212407003182694774113668139133602696088411993204268259368092660492936677510149786650810824654									43168		97732
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									10747	92552	19867
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	79	18298	18429	09357	96436	11237	88039	81020	00428	75731	37779
8110762788+242338129680140277590527037221137787378711 $32$ 37917935810497921041952526245005937816704409447262 $33$ 14783951196846408726748189170005961235547464950540 $84$ 05378326406456215303131682318988198636175856656047 $85$ 19640967092204707025405839950039989965933225437158 $66$ 2051411081-5113156169339477770335679457740677667062 $87$ 96763562498124362416844511469638195704354594867690 $84$ 9139610753155859740527595532395226013852015854054 $19$ 16294505487131732168860714731465393563674691051269 $10$ 31381943017927332843058623621193960006716763123952 $21$ 90032872030322766021996669836839222360568199220121 $24$ 47000318269477411366813913360269608841199320426825 $33$ 68692663192936677510149780	80	88420	28841		84647	59024	52032	31251	72017	43875	48320
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					29680		75905		22113	77873	78711
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$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	84	05378	32640	64562	15303	13168	23189	88198	63617	58566	560-17
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		19640	96709	22047	07825	40583	99500	39989	96593	32254	37158
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	86	20514	11081_	51131	56469						
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	39	16294	50548	71317	32168	86071					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00	31381	94301	79273	32843	05862	36211	03060	00671	67621	23052
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	bi						98360			01000	00.01
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12		31826		11366		33602				
01         19047         10784         19607         20296         31804         72984         60060         50353         23260         50909           15         82867         69266         50733         62630         00956         61500         89913         30049         82321         62367           26         26528         28920         52600         72997         80943         04084         86662         90025         14360         64867           97         51166         00607         49962         30724         81707         14548         25844         47336         57492         02207           9         97245         15440         55182         15368         85136         90869         33712         95152         50973         98658           9         54998         8830         95639         45104         72676         20220         82576         57381         34438         24565	<b>J</b> 3	68692	66849		77510						
b6         26528         28928         52600         72997         80943         04084         86662         90025         14360         64867           07         51166         00607         49962         30724         81707         14548         25844         47336         57492         02207           08         97245         15440         55182         15368         85136         90869         33712         95152         50973         98658           9         54998         88830         95639         45104         72676         20220         82576         57301         34438         24565	D4	19047	10784	19607							
b6         26528         28928         52600         72997         80943         04084         86662         90025         14360         64867           07         51166         00607         49962         30724         81707         14548         25844         47336         57492         02207           08         97245         15440         55182         15368         85136         90869         33712         95152         50973         98658           9         54998         88830         95639         45104         72676         20220         82576         57301         34438         24565	15	82867	69266	50733	62630	00956	61500	110013	30040	00001	62367
07         51166         00607         49962         30724         81707         14548         25844         47336         57492         02207           08         97245         15440         55182         15368         85136         90869         33712         95152         50973         98658           9         54998         88830         95639         45104         72676         20220         82576         57301         34438         24565											
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9 54998 88830 95639 45104 72676 20220 82576 57301 34438 24565											
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TABLE A.1 (Continued)

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TEN THOUSAND RANDOM DIGITS

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		1			USVID 1	KANDOM	DIGITS			
	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70– <b>7</b> 4	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-91	95-99
50		85086	16502	97541	76611	94229	34987	86718	0.7000	
51			55596	66739	36525	97563	29169	31235	87208	05426
52	09942	79344	78160	11015	55777	22047	57615	15717	79276	10831
53		28631	74893	47911	92170	38181	30116	54860	86239	36578
54	73778	30395	20163	76111	13712	33449	99224	18206	4.1120	73031
							JULI	10200	51418	70006
55		56550	47467	59663	61117	39716	32927	06168	06217	45177
56		21404	15968	21357	30772	81482	38807	67231	84283	45477 63552
57		63837	91328	81106	11740	50193	86806	21931	18054	49601
58 59		37028	41732	37425	80832	03320	20690	32653	90145	03029
39	20039	78324	22501	73825	16927	31545	15695	74216	98372	28547
60	38573	98078	38982	12070	0.050.				1	
ĞĨ	70624	00063	81455	33078	93524	45606	53463	20391	81637	37269
62	49806	23976	05640	16924	12848	23801	55481	78978	26795	10553
63	05461	67523	48316	29804	38988	25024	76951	02341	63219	75864
64	76582	62153	53801	51219	08541	35231	38312	14969	67279	50502
		0	33001	51219	30-12-1	32599	49099	83959	68-108	20147
65	16660	80470	75062	75588	24384	27874	20018	11405	0000-	1
66	60166	42424	97470	88451	81270	80070	72959	11428	32265	07692
67	28953	03272	31460	41691	57736	72052	22762	26220 96323	59939	31127
68	47536	86439	95210	96386	38704	15484	07426	70675	27616	53123
69	73457	26657	36983	72410	30244	97711	25652	09373	88800	81203
-			1				10051	03373	66218	6.1077
70	11190	66193	66287	09116	48140	37669	02932	50799	17255	06181
71 72	57062 99624	78964	44455	14036	36098	40773	11688	33150	07459	36127
73	97521	67254 83669	67302	18991	97687	54099	94884	42283	63258	50651
74	40273	04838	85968	16135	30133	51312	17831	75016	80278	68953
11	1027.3	04050	13661	64757	17461	78085	60094	27010	80945	66439
75	57260	06176	49963	29760	69546	CLORE				
76	03451	47098	63495	71227	79304	61336	39429	41985	18572	98128
77	62331	20492	15393	84270	24396	29753	99131	18419	71791	81515
78	32290	51079	06512	36800	93327	32962 80086	21632	92965	38670	4 1923
79	28014	80428	92853	31333	32648	16734	19088	59887	98416	24918
				0.000	32010	10734	43418	90124	15086	48444
80	18950	16091	29543	65817	07002	73115	94115	20271	50950	arot
81	17403	69503	01866	13049	07263	13039	838-1-1	80143	50250 39048	25061
82	27999	50489	66613	21843	71746	65868	16208	46781	93402	62651
83	87076	53174	12165	84495	47947	60706	61034	31635	65169	12323
84	89044	45974	14524	46906	26052	51851	84197	61694	57-129	63395
85	98048	64400	94705		0.0000	din con l				
86	09345	12956	24705 49770	75711	36232	57624	41424	77366	52790	84705
87	07086	77628	49770 76195	80311	32319	48238	16952	92088	51222	82865
88	93128	25657	46872	47584	62411	40397	71857	54823	26536	56792
89	85137	70964	29947	11206 27795	06831	87944	97914	6.1670	45760	31353
			LJJTI	47793	25547	37682	96105	26848	09389	64326
90	32798	39024	13814	98546	46585	84108	7.16.02	0.0.0	B000-	
91	62496	26371	89880	52078	47781	95260	74603	94812	73968	68766
92	62707	81825	40987	97656	89714	52177	83·164 23778	65942	91761	53727
93	05500	28982	86124	19554	80818	94935	61924	07482	91678	40128
94	79476	31445	59498	85132	24582	26024	24002	63718	79369 79164	23507
95	10660	20054	0.000	.				~ ~ ~ ~ ~	19101	43556
90 96	10653 30524	29954	97568	91541	33139	84525	72271	02546	61818	14381
97	69050	06495	00886	40666	68574	49574	19705	16429	90981	00103
98	27908	78802	74066	14500	14506	06423	38332	34191	82663	85323
<u>99</u>	64520	16618	63446 47409	07674	98871	63831	72419	42705	26513	19883
	0.020	10010	47409	19574	78136	46017	01277	79146	95759	36781
						<u></u> !				-

SOURCE: Prepared by Fred Gruenberger, Numerical Analysis Laboratory, University of Visconsin, Madison, Wis., 1952.

2

Table 12. Tanana Flats sample data and associated estimates.

Table 13. Foothills East sample data and associated estim

	5tratum												
	Lo		Mec	lium	91	High ·							
Sample Unit	Moose (no.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Area (mi ² )	(no.)	Area (mi ² )					
1	7	22.1	3	8.2	21	13.6							
Ζ.	. 4	35.0	13	14.3	27	20.6							
2. 3	0	20.1	4	12.1	2	6.2							
4	4	29.6	0	14.4	15	10.8							
5	2	18.3	6	9.6	25	16.0							
6			11	11 27.7		10.8							
4 5 6 7 8 9			5	16.4									
8 -			5	16.2									
			5 5 6	21.1									
10			4	10.4									
Sample	. —		 `		·								
Total	17	125.1	57	150.4	114	78.0							
	······		********	•									
Estimate													
Moose/mi	20.	14	0.38		<u>ا ا</u>	46							
Variance				- 1	· ·								
noose/:		002		010	· • • •	018							
Total mo		56	5	26	4:	430							
ariance													
total	moose 26	17	19,	265	15	56							

. C

			Stra		
	Lo	¥	Med	100	<u> </u>
Sample Unit	Moose (no.)	Area (m1 ² )	Moose (no.)	Area (m1 ² )	Moose (no.)
1	8	9.9	14	13.8	29
2	. 2	13.5	15	14.2	
3	0	9.4	4	10.2	
	14	19.6			;
5	0	14.7			
6	2	17.0			•
	^				
Sample					· · ·
Tota <b>ls</b>	26	84.1	33	38.2	29
Estinates			•		• •
Moose/mi ²		31	0.	86	1.
Variance		016	•	022	D
moose/m		019		93	· - 2
Total moo		3			
Variance total m		087		257	D.

Table 14. Foothills West sample data and associated estimates.

			Stratum									
	. <u>Lo</u>	¥	<u>H</u> ec	ium	Hi	High						
Sample Unit	Moose (no.)	Area (m1 ² )	(no.)	Area (m1 ² )	Moose (no.)	Area (m1 ² )						
1	14	14.1	16	19.1	96	12.3						
	13	21.5	3	12.3	63	11.4						
2 3 4	18	18.7	9	26.3	40	13.1						
4	7	13.9	20	22.4	28	19.1						
5	4	9.3	20	11.6	1	7.3						
5 6 7	2	20.1	14	13.7	17	10.0						
7			3	15.2	41	11.9						
8		· .	26	16.3								
9			13 .									
10	•		17.	16.7								
11	· · · ·		4	10.8		• .						
Sample	¹ .	- <u> </u>			, <u> </u>							
Totals	58	97.6	145	183.1.,	286	85.1						
Estimates												
Moose/mi ² 0.		59	0.79		3.36							
Variance of												
moose/mi ² 0.019		019	0.	016	0.	545						
Total moose 261		5	77	6.	55							
Variance	of				•							
total m	poose 3.	678	8.	503	· 21	.366						

Location map       Pilot/Observer         Habitat description		N	0			_ Date	/	Total and a second	1 :	sroe Time			Page	e . o	f			
Habitat description			-					P	iloc/01	oserver								
SNOM       Age:       Fresh_ Moderate       Cover:       Complete_ Some low veg showing       LIGHT       INTENSITY Bright       INTENSITY High         Old       Distracting amounts of bare ground showing       Flat       Hed         Type of Survey:       // Transect       // Contour       Intensive       Low         Time of Search (min):       Contour       Intensive       HABITAT         Agg.       BULLS/activ. vrlg med lge       COWS/activ. M/O_W/1_W/2_       Unident Mooce       HABITAT         1       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         2       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         3       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         4       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         5       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         6       Intensive				-		!		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
SNOM       Age:       Fresh_ Moderate       Cover:       Complete_ Some low veg showing       LIGHT       INTENSITY Bright       INTENSITY High         Old       Distracting amounts of bare ground showing       Flat       Hed         Type of Survey:       // Transect       // Contour       Intensive       Low         Time of Search (min):       Contour       Intensive       HABITAT         Agg.       BULLS/activ. vrlg med lge       COWS/activ. M/O_W/1_W/2_       Unident Mooce       HABITAT         1       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         2       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         3       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         4       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         5       Intensive       H_LS_TS_D_SS_S       S         6       Intensive	• 				•						• •							
Moderate       Some low yeg showing       Bright       High         DidDistracting amounts of       FlatMedLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLowLow_Low											· .	······································						
Old	SNOW	Ag		-				-		12							-	
Snow on trees and shrubs				014		Di	stract	ting	amounts	of				Me	d		- -	
Time of Search (min): Contour Intensive (min:sec)         Remarks		· ·						-			<b>-</b>			L	.ow		-	
Time of Search (min): Contour Intensive (min:sec)         Remarks									_									•
BULLS/activ.       COWS/activ.       Iunidawit       HABITAT         Agg.       yrlg med lge       Galf calf calf       Total       Total         1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         2       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         3       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         4       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       H       LS																		
BULLS/activ.         COWS/activ.         Imiduation         HABITAT           1         W0         W1         W/2         Total         Moose           1         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           2         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           3         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           4         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           5         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           6         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           7         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           5         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           6         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           7         H         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           6         H         LS         TS         D         SS         S           9         H <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>a -</th> <th></th> <th> 1</th> <th></th> <th>•.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						a -		 1		•.								
Agg. No.       BULLS/activ. vrlg med lge       COWS/activ. W/O       Total Mose         1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         2       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         3       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         4       H       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H	÷	Rema	rks				· .	<u> </u>		<u></u>	· · · · ·							
Agg. No.       BULLS/activ. vrlg med lge       COWS/activ. W/O       Total Mose         1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         2       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         3       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         4       H       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H		,	1			• -			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					71 4 77 77			······	
Agg. No.       yrlg med lge       u/O       W/I       W/I       Total Moose         1       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I       I			BUL	LS/a	ctiv.					Cintains	-		•	HADI	1A1			
1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         2       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         3       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         4       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         12       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         13       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         14       H       L			vrlo	ned.	100	W/O	W/l	W/2	-				-		·			
2       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         3       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         4       H       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         12	· ·			, incu	190	CEIL	Cail						· · ·		· .			
3		1										H	LS	ΤS	D	SS	S	
3	•• *•••••					· .						•		`	·······			
4       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .		2							÷			H	LS	TS	D	SS	S	
4       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .	<u></u>											. 17						
5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         12       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         14       H       <		2		· ·								\ H	г2	15	U.	22	3	
5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         12       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         14       H       <	<u></u>	4				-						. 17	TS	ΨC	п	50	·	
5       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td><td></td><td> </td><td></td><td></td><td>·</td><td></td><td>- 11</td><td></td><td>10</td><td><u>ب</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					<u> </u>					·		- 11		10	<u>ب</u>			
6       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S		5								4		ਸ	LS	ΤS	п	55	c	
7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S		<u> </u>				ļ	·		·									
7       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         11       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S		6							•			н	LS	TS	T	SS	S	
8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/0       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/0       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S		<u> </u>	[]		l	<u></u>	·	[										•
8       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/0       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/0       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S	-	1 1							·			н	LS	TS	מ	SS	S	
9     H     LS     TS     D     SS     S       10     H     LS     TS     D     SS     S       1'     H     LS     TS     D     SS     S       1'     H     LS     TS     D     SS     S								. 		•	-							•
9       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         10       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/0       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S         1/1       H       LS       TS       D       SS       S		8										H	LS	TS	ס	SS	S	
Image: Image of the second		<u> </u>		· ·														
Image: Image of the second		9							•,			н	LS	TS	D	SS	S	
LS TS D SS S		<u>                                     </u>																
H LS TS D SS S		10										н	LS	TS	D	SS	S	
H LS TS D SS S		<u> </u>											· · · · · · · · · · · ·		<b>.</b>		_ <b>·</b>	
										•	- -	н	lS	тS	D	SS	S	
								•			-							

Appendi: I. Form used for recording sightability during quadrat searches. Quadrat No. 352 44 Date 11 / 16 / 78 Time Page / of / Pilot/Observer HAGGLAND/TU-2014 Page | of | Location: map quadrat Location description South Carles of Tarana River opposite Ellem Habitat description low Shulr Doninated trem bur Weather: decn, + 3°F, 5-8 mph SNOW Age: Fresh Cover: Comp LIGHT INTENSITY Cover: Complete Moderate Some low veg showing Bright High Flat Med. 01d Distracting amounts of Low bare ground showing (Good) Snow on trees and shrubs Type of Survey: 11 Transect 11 Contour 11 Intensive Time of Search (min): Contour Intensive (min:sec) Indicated Air Speed 90 mph Remarks START TIME - 10:14 DENSITY = 13.55 sq.mi, = 1.55 m/sq.mi. STOP TIME - 10:54 . HABITAT COWS/activ. Upper line = % available BULLS/activ. Lone Cr/ Lower line = # moose in e W/O, W/1, W/2, W/ yrlg. Total Hill/Agg. X = radio moose errors H² LS TS D² SS⁴ S⁴ L³ calf calf calf yrlg Rdg. No. vrlg med lge act. Moose 礼 3 1 1[ H (S TS D SS S L 2 2 IL 11 H 🖉 (TS) D SS S L 3 2 IL Ð H IN TS D SS S L 4 2 1/2 H KS) TS D SS S L 3 5 1/2 H TS D SS S L 1. 6-T/L } ` H (1) (TS D (SS S L 华 H (I) TS D SS S L 1/2 B 2 1/2 H (IS) D SS S L 2 9 17 .3 H ( S) TS D SS S ( L) 10 ΊL 5 H LS TS D SS S L 12 H LS TS D SS S L

