

**SUSITNA  
HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT**

**FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION  
PROJECT No. 7114**

**HARZA-EBASCO**  
Susitna Joint Venture  
Document Number

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**ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY**

**RESPONSE TO**

**FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION  
DATA REQUEST  
OF OCTOBER 24, 1984**

**VOLUME I**

**RESPONSE**

**HARZA-EBASCO  
SUSITNA JOINT VENTURE**

**NOVEMBER 13, 1984**

**ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY**

1. QUESTION

Input data for the OGP-6 runs used to develop the new cost comparisons as indicated in Volume 3, Appendix I - Fuel Pricing and Economics (e.g., data preparation model).

RESPONSE

The requested input data to the OGP-6 model is provided in Attachments 1.1 and 1.2 to this response. The cost comparisons contained in Volume 3, Appendix J of the Alaska Power Authority's (Power Authority) comments on the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) presented two Railbelt expansion plans: the With-Susitna Plan and the Without-Susitna Plan. The input data for the With-Susitna Plan is contained in Attachment 1.1. The input data for the Without-Susitna Plan is contained in Attachment 1.2.

It should be noted that execution of the OGP-6 model requires four basic input models. These are:

- Data Preparation Model;
- Generation Planning Model;
- Existing Generation Model; and
- Load Model.

Attachment 1.1 comprises the data preparation and generation planning models for the With-Susitna Plan. The data preparation model encompasses lines 10 through 2250. The generation planning model begins at line 2260 and encompasses the remainder of the data file. Attachment 1.2 is similarly organized. The data preparation model encompasses lines 100 through 1970; the generation planning model starts at line 1980.

All OGP-6 analyses use the same Existing Generation Model and Load Model. The most recent versions of these inputs are provided in Attachments 1.3 and 1.4. Both have undergone review and minor revision since the July 1983 License Application submission.

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model

With-Susitna Case

10 BRU \*

20 BEN

30 NORMI

40 S:PROGRAMRL4S

50 S:LIMITS105,70K,,15K

60 S:PRMFL1H+R,AQ43093/,GP6DP

70 S:PRMFL101+R,S,AQ43682/LMNSDU

80 S:PRMFL102+R,S,AQ43682/GMB4UP

90 S:FILE103,X35,10L

100 S:DATA115

110 S:REMOTE106

120 S:REMOTE107

130 N. PANIC

140 HARZA-EBASCO SUSITNA JOINT VENTURE:

150 711 H STREET

160 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99510

170 SINPUT

180 ID1=15HALASKA RAILBELT

190 ID2=604DEISSU3 NR185 IN 1993. LOLP 0.1. DEM COAL, SHCA GAS, EBASCOAL,

200 VSTART=1993,

210 VTOTAL=28,

220 VYCOST=1982,

230 VYPATH=1992,

240 IDTYPE=49HNUCLEAR COAL STEAMNGAS TURBINEOIL GAS TURB.

250 24HDIESEL ICEDM CYCLE CC.

260 48HCONV. HYDROPUmp STORAGEENG STOR 2ENG STOR 3,

270 IDTONE=36HNUKE COAL NGASGTOIL GTDIESELCCMCC.

280 24HHYDRO PSH ES=2 ES=3 ,

290 VVHANY=1,

300 VVA4ED=1,

310 KTTYPE=1,0,2,2,2,1,

320 XSIZES(1+1)=1500,

330 MANFMR(1+1)=2050,

340 XSIZES(1+2)=200,

350 MANFMR(1+2)=1982,

360 XSIZES(1+3)=87,

370 MANFMR(1+3)=1982,

380 XSIZES(1+4)=87,

390 MANFMR(1+4)=1982,

400 XSIZES(1+5)=10,

410 MANFMR(1+5)=2050,

420 XSIZES(1+6)=228,

430 MANFMR(1+6)=1982,

440 DERHYD=0.95,0,0,0,

450 CAPINV=0.1,

460 STIMES=0,

470 ESIZEG=333,250,50,

480 ESIZEP=333,250,50,

490 EBIZES=3330,2500,500,

500 HRES(2)=4500,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
With-Susitna Case

11 510 PLCMMW=750,200,87,87,10,228,  
10 520 PLCDKW=1000,2552,479,479,866,616,  
9 530 PLCOF=0,20,5\*0,  
8 540 PATPC(1,1)=1,000,  
7 550 IYRPC(1,2)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
6 560 PATPC(1,3)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
5 570 PATPC(1,4)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
4 580 PATPC(1,5)=1,000,  
3 590 PATPC(1,6)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
600 IYRPC(1,7)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
610 IYRPC(1,8)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
620 PATPC(1,9)=1,000,  
630 PATPC(1,10)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
640 IYRPC(1,11)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
650 PATPC(1,12)=3\*1,000,  
660 PIXCHG(1,1)=4.93,  
670 PIXCHG(1,2)=5.69,  
680 PIXCHG(1,3)=7.29,  
690 PIXCHG(1,4)=7.29,  
700 PIXCHG(1,5)=7.29,  
710 PIXCHG(1,6)=5.69,  
720 HYDFCR(1,1)=4.36,  
730 HYDFCR(1,2)=16.05,  
740 HYDFCR(1,3)=16.86,  
750 VMFUEL=484J308      LBCOALH1      TONCOALH2      TONOIL#2G      GAL,  
760                  48HOIL#2B      GALOIL#2G      GALNGAS1A      MCFNGAS2A      MCF,  
770                  364NGAS3A      MCFNGAS4A      MCFCOALFS      TON,  
780 PCOPT=1,  
790 FUCOST=100,203,203,638,0,704,3\*334,302,203,  
800 HVTAB=12+8,152+5,152+5,136000,136000,136000,1005+6,1005+6,1005+6,  
810                  1005+6,15+6,  
820 IFTAB=1,1,7,4,6,10,  
830 IPATFC=6,2,2,3,3,3,1,1,1,5,4,  
840 PATPC(1,1)=1,000,1,0384,1,16598,1,0372,1,030,  
850 IYRFC(1,1)=1982,1993,2007,2008,2010,  
860 PATPC(1,2)=1,000,1,01014,1,01001,1,01019,  
870 IYRFC(1,2)=1982,1993,2000,2010,  
880 PATPC(1,3)=1,000,1,040,1,030,  
890 IYRFC(1,3)=1982,1993,2010,  
900 PATPC(1,4)=1,000,1,01014,1,01015,1,00874,1,01491,  
910 IYRFC(1,4)=1982,1993,2000,2001,2010,  
920 PATPC(1,5)=1,000,1,0385,1,28779,1,0372,1,030,  
930 IYRFC(1,5)=1982,1993,2007,2008,2010,  
940 VMMA=750,200,87,87,10,228,  
950 VMDF=9,1,51,36,2\*7,61,35,11,75,  
960 VMDF=0,5,5\*0,,  
970 VMDFRF=11,3,61,2\*0,28,5,38\*0,34,  
980 PATDM(1,1)=1,000,  
990 PATDM(1,2)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1000 IYROM(1,2)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1010 PATDM(1,3)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1020 IYROM(1,3)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1030 PATDM(1,4)=1,000,  
1040 PATDM(1,5)=1,000,  
1050 PATDM(1,6)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1060 IYROM(1,6)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model

With-Susitna Case

1070 OMHYD=27,3,0,0,0,  
1080 OMVHYD=0,0,0,0,  
1090 PATHOM(1,1)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1100 IYRHDM(1,1)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1110 PATHOM(1,2)=1,000,  
1120 PATHOM(1,3)=1,000,  
1130 PATHOM(1,4)=1,000,  
1140 VYRET=40,30,20,20,20,30,50,50,50,50,  
1150 FORMN=500,1000,1500,150,200,250,3,87,80,3,87,80,  
1160 2,5,10,150,228,250,  
1170 PORATE=3\*0,01,3\*0,057,6\*0,080,3\*0,05,3\*0,080,  
1180 PORMN=500,1000,1500,150,200,250,3,87,80,3,87,80,  
1190 2,5,10,150,228,250,  
1200 PORATE=3\*0,1,3\*0,080,6\*0,032,3\*0,01,3\*0,070,  
1210 XHRODB=10500,10300,11060,11060,11500,8300,  
1220 XPDW1=0,50,0,50,3\*0,20,0,32,  
1230 XFIN1=0,55,0,55,3\*0,38,0,45,  
1240 MONPR=0,  
1245 IPATRN(1,1)=12\*1,  
1250 MRD=7,  
1260 KPRINT=29\*1,  
1270 LPRINT=29\*0,  
1280 IPVAME=36-HUNIT TYPE 1UNIT TYPE 2UNIT TYPE 3,  
1290 36-HUNIT TYPE 4UNIT TYPE 5UNIT TYPE 6,  
1300 IREGV=6\*1,  
1310 IRVAME=12-ALASKA  
1320 KPLAVT=1,2,3,4,5,6,  
1330 MANUAL=1,  
1340 VREAD=15  
1350 SIVPJT  
1360 IFTAB(4)=7,  
1370 MRDB(4)=3,  
1380 PMINDB(4)=0,32,  
1390 FMINDB(4)=0,45,  
1400 MRDB(10)=3,  
1410 PMINDB(10)=0,32,  
1420 FMINDB(10)=0,45,  
1430 VREAD=28  
1440 SIVPUT  
1450 MRDB(1)=1,  
1460 MRDB(15)=3\*1,3,1,  
1470 VREAD=35  
1480 SIVPUT  
1490 MRDB(12)=3\*1,  
1500 VREAD=03  
1510 SIVPUT  
1520 IMAX=6,  
1530 NAMEDB=1  
1540 12-BRADLEY LAKE  
1550 12-BELUGA TRANS.  
1560 12-BRANT LAKE  
1570 12-B-CHAKACHAMNA  
1580 12-B-NENANA TRANS.  
1585 12-B-NENANA COAL 1  
1590 INVSTDB=88,121,88,121,121,121,  
1600 KIVDB=7,1,7,7,1,2,  
1610 CAPDB(2)=1,,  
1620 CAPDB(5)=1,,  
1630 PMAXDB(2)=0,0000001,  
1640 BMAYDB(5)=0,0000001,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
With-Susitna Case

1650 PORDB(2)=1,  
1660 PORDB(5)=1,  
1670 DKNDDB(1)=4111,  
1680 DKNDDB(2)=220000,  
1690 DKNDDB(3)=3705,  
1700 DKNDDB(4)=4230,  
1710 DKNDDB(5)=117000.2434,  
1720 KFTDB(2)=5,  
1730 KFTDB(5)=5.11,  
1733 MPATDB(2)=1,  
1736 MPATDB(5)=1,  
1738 HRDB(6)=11000,  
1740 OMDB(6)=65.40,  
1742 CAPDB(6)=150,  
1744 OMVDB(6)=3.10,  
12 1748 GMINDB(1,1)=12\*0,  
11 1750 GMAXDB(1,1)=12\*90,  
10 1760 ENGYDB(1,1)=31.27.7.28.2.23.4.26.4.26.6.30.2.31.7.  
9 1770 28.4.30.6.30.6.31.7,  
8 1780 GMINDB(1,3)=12\*0,  
7 1790 GMAXDB(1,3)=12\*7,  
6 1800 ENGYDB(1,3)=2.0.2.0.1.0.4\*2.0.2\*3.0.3\*2.0,  
5 1810 GMINDB(1,4)=12\*0,  
4 1820 GMAXDB(1,4)=12\*330,  
3 1830 ENGYDB(1,4)=133.,114.,113.,98.,94.,96.,138.,228.,179.,126.,128.,144.,  
1840 KMORE=0  
1850 SINPUT  
1860 IMAX=5,  
1870 NAMEDB=  
1880 7HWATANA1,  
1890 13HDEVIL CANYON1,  
1900 7HWATANA2,  
1910 13HDEVIL CANYON2,  
1920 7HWATANA3,  
1930 KRETDB(1)=2002.2010.2010,  
1940 KIVDB=5\*7,  
1950 IVSTDDB=93.102.102.110.110,  
1960 DKNDDB=7289.3857.0.0.0,  
1970 GMINDB(1,1)=395.342.254.194.186.82,  
1980 109.421.380.266.405.390,  
1990 GMAXDB(1,1)=466.428.355.336.304.259,  
2000 290.460.393.409.557.539,  
2010 ENGYDB(1,1)=345.297.264.241.226.186,  
2020 215.342.283.304.401.400,  
2030 GMINDB(1,2)=328.327.292.317.254.283,  
2040 248.257.302.229.301.354,  
2050 GMAXDB(1,2)=398.393.334.318.325.328,  
2060 276.293.304.309.394.434,  
2070 ENGYDB(1,2)=295.264.248.228.241.235,  
2080 205.218.219.229.283.323,  
2090 GMINDB(1,3)=12\*0,  
2100 GMAXDB(1,3)=713.697.676.657.656.691,  
2110 735.762.774.773.760.740,  
2120 ENGYDB(1,3)=326.285.262.229.190.163,  
2130 177.222.236.293.323.363,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
With-Susitna Case

2140 GMINDB(1,4)=320,319,286,367,252,278,  
2150 265,294,365,272,311,343,  
2160 GMAXDB(1,4)=457,450,368,368,366,366,  
2170 323,363,366,335,457,503,  
2180 ENGYDB(1,4)=340,302,273,265,272,263,  
2190 240,270,263,249,329,374,  
2200 GMINDB(1,5)=12\*0,  
2210 GMAXDB(1,5)=693,667,643,619,615,650,  
2220 703,743,764,762,745,720,  
2230 ENGYDB(1,5)=369,319,281,252,214,188,  
2240 180,249,264,350,371,417,  
2250 KMORE=18  
2260\$!PROGRAM:RLHS  
2270\$!LIMIT:50,72K,5K,20K  
2280\$!PRMFL:H\*,E,R,AQ43093/,GP6GP  
2290\$!FILE:01,X1R,200L  
2300\$!FILE:02,X2R,10L  
2310\$!FILE:03,X3R,20L  
2320\$!FILE:04,X4R,10L  
2330\$!FILE:10,X10R,2L  
2340\$!FILE:11,X11R,20L  
2350\$!FILE:12,X12R,50L  
2360\$!FILE:13,X13R,10L  
2370\$!FILE:14,X14R,5L  
2380\$!FILE:16,X16R,10L  
2390\$!DATA:15  
12 2400\$!REMOTE:06  
11 2410\$!REMOTE:07  
10 2420\$!REMOTE:08  
9 2430 SINPUT  
8 2440 PWRATE=1,0350,  
7 2450 PROVER=50,  
6 2460 KPOVVR=1,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,1,  
5 2470 NYROVRR=28\*1,  
4 2480 EXCHYDE=1,  
3 2490 EXCMAX=0,  
2500 IYRAUT(1)=40,30,20,20,20,30,50,50,50,  
2510 IVCSJB(1)=10\*1,  
2520 PCTRIM=5\*0,  
2530 SPRES=-1,0,  
2540 SRCRDTS=1,0,.01,1,0,  
2550 MIX=1,  
2560 MATDR=0,  
2570 VL\_RW=10,  
2580 EXMXPUR=1,00,  
2590 EXDMNHR=0,0001,  
2600 RAYFORR=1,  
2610 KEYENVR=1,  
2620 KOPT=1,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,  
2630 FAIL=0,  
2640 KCYCLE=1,1,3,3,3,3,  
2650 VJMZJNR=6,,  
2660 KZONE=4,8,8,4,12,12,  
2670 KEYC4TR=1,  
2680 KORDER=1,3,2,  
2690 VKODE(8)=0,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
With-Susitna Case

2700 IMSTYP=6,3,1,1,1,2,  
2710 SHKFOR=2,0,1,5,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,25,  
2720 SHKPOR=2,0,1,5,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,25,  
2730 KEYPRCS=1,  
2740 HRINMX=1.0,  
2745 YRINMX=0.20,  
2750 KLOLP(1)=0.0  
2760 KLOLP(2)=0.0  
2770 KLOLP(4)=1,  
2780 RELENG=54000,49000,37000,40000,46000,33000,  
2790 36000,34000,37000,38000,34000,38000,  
2800 KOSTPC=1,  
2810 IFSP=0,  
2820 TYCST=0,  
2830 VKODE(1)=1,  
2840 VKODE(4)=0,  
2850 VKODE(5)=1,  
2860 KWHERE=0,  
2870 NFIRST=0,  
2880 MNTPKM=1,  
2890 MPRINT=12\*0,  
2900 KODE3=25\*0,  
2910 KODE2=28\*1,  
2920 KPRENV=3\*1,0,  
2930 EEPRTY=5.0,  
2940 KPCUMT=1,  
2950 KPSU42=1,  
2960 KPSU44=1,  
2970 KODE(6)=1,  
2980 M3D=7,  
2990 LSPARE=1,  
3000 KEYSJM=0,  
3010 M4D=8,  
3020 IYREAD=19938  
3030 SIVPJT  
3040 KODE(7)=0,  
12 3050 YRINMX=0.10,  
11 3055 OMHYD=21.02,  
10 3060 IYREAD=19968  
9 3070 SIVPUT  
8 3100 RELENG=349000,279000,225000,180000,185000, 92000,  
7 3110 117000,316000,311000,236000,326000,403000,  
6 3140 IYREAD=19978  
5 3150 SIVPUT  
4 3155 OMHYD=19.24,  
3 3160 RELENG=349000,279000,225000,180000,185000, 92000,  
3170 117000,325000,311000,236000,326000,403000,  
3180 IYREAD=19998  
3190 SIVPUT  
3200 RELENG=349000,279000,225000,180000,185000, 92000,  
3210 117000,338000,311000,236000,326000,403000,  
3220 IYREAD=20008  
3230 SIVPUT  
3250 IYREAD=20018

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model

With-Susitna Case

3250 IYREAD=2001\$  
3260 \$INPUT  
3270 RELENG=349000,279000,225000,150000,185000,92000,  
3280 117000,347000,311000,236000,326000,403000,  
3290 IYREAD=2002\$  
3300 \$INPUT  
3310 DMHYD=10,26,0,0,0,  
3320 RELENG=539000,461000,465000,402000,350000,345000,  
3330 345000,363000,380000,457000,505000,585000,  
3340 IYREAD=2004\$  
3350 \$INPUT  
3360 RELENG=560000,497000,482000,420000,350000,362000,  
3370 360000,378000,396000,474000,505000,591000,  
3380 IYREAD=2006\$  
3390 \$INPUT  
3400 DMHYD=8,67,0,0,0,  
3410 RELENG=563000,504000,482000,423000,350000,384000,  
3420 366000,401000,419000,478000,505000,591000,  
3430 IYREAD=2008\$  
3440 \$INPUT  
3450 RELENG=563000,504000,482000,423000,350000,391000,  
3460 366000,420000,444000,478000,505000,591000,  
3470 IYREAD=2010\$  
3480 \$INPUT  
3490 DMHYD=9,49,0,0,0,  
3500 RELENG=539000,483000,461000,409000,328000,421000,  
3510 369000,446000,470000,548000,493000,563000,  
3520 IYREAD=2012\$  
3530 \$INPUT  
3540 RELENG=539000,483000,461000,409000,328000,421000,  
3550 369000,452000,490000,548000,493000,563000,  
3560 IYREAD=2013\$  
3570 \$INPUT  
3580 KODE(7)=1,  
3590 PROGOAL=30,  
3600 IYREAD=2014\$  
3610 \$INPUT  
3620 RELENG=539000,483000,461000,409000,328000,421000,  
3630 369000,452000,520000,548000,493000,563000,  
3632 IYREAD=2015\$  
3634 \$INPUT  
3636 KODE(7)=0,  
3637 PROGOAL=0,  
3640 IYREAD=2016\$  
3650 \$INPUT  
3660 RELENG=539000,483000,461000,409000,328000,421000,  
3670 369000,452000,531000,548000,493000,563000,  
3680 IYREAD=2018\$  
3690 \$INPUT  
12 3700 RELENG=539000,483000,461000,409000,328000,421000,  
11 3710 369000,452000,531000,548000,493000,563000,  
10 3720 IYREAD=2020\$  
9 3725 KOPT=1,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,1,  
8 3730 \$INPUT  
7 3740 RELENG=539000,483000,461000,409000,328000,421000,  
6 3750 369000,452000,531000,548000,493000,563000,  
5 3760 IYREAD=0\$

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
Without-Susitna Case

100 BRU \*

110 BEN

120 #NDRM

130 \$PROGRAM:RLHS

140 \$LIMITS:105,70K,.15K

150 \$PRMFL:105,E,R,AQ43093/,GP6DP

160 \$PRMFL:101,R,S,AQ43682/L4NSDU

170 \$PRMFL:102,R,S,AQ43682/G4B4UP

180 \$FILE:103,X3S,10L

190 \$IDATA:15

200 \$REMOTE:106

210 \$REMOTE:107

220 N, PANIC

230 HARZAG-E8A8C0 SUSITNA JOINT VENTURE

240 711 H STREET

250 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99510

260 \$INPUT

270 ID1815 ALASKA RAILBELT,

280 ID2=60HDE7STR7, NSD GAS/COAL W COAL 884M, SC4AGAS, EBASCOAL,

290 VSTART=1993,

300 VTOTAL=28,

310 VYCOST=1982,

320 VYPATH=1982,

330 ID7TYPE=48HNUCLEAR COAL STEAMNGAS TURBINEOIL GAS TURB.

340 24HDIESEL ICCOM CYCLE CC.

350 48HCONV. HYDROPUMP STORAGEENG STOR 2ENG STOR 3

360 IDYONE=36HNUKE COAL NGASGTOIL GTDIESEL COMCYC.

370 24HHYDRO PSH ES-2 ES-3

380 VNMANY=1,

390 VNAHED=1,

400 KTTYPE=-1,0,2,2,2,1,

410 XSIZES(1+1)=1500,

420 MANFMR(1+1)=2050,

430 XSIZES(1+2)=200,

440 MANFMR(1+2)=1982,

450 XSIZES(1+3)=87,

460 MANFMR(1+3)=1982,

470 XSIZES(1+4)=87,

480 MANFMR(1+4)=1982,

490 XSIZES(1+5)=10,

500 MANFMR(1+5)=2050,

510 XSIZES(1+6)=226,

520 MANFMR(1+6)=1982,

530 DER-HD=0.95,0,0,0,

540 CAPMIN=0.1,

550 GTIMES=0,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model

Without-Susitna Case

560 ESIZEG=333,250,50,  
570 ESIZEP=333,250,50,  
580 ESIZES=3330,2500,500,  
12 590 HRES(2)=4500,  
11 600 PLCHW=750,200,87,87,10,228,  
10 610 PLCDKN=1000,2552,479,479,869,616,  
9 620 PLCDF=0,20,5\*0,  
8 630 PATPC(1,1)=1,000,  
7 640 IYRPC(1,2)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
6 650 PATPC(1,2)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
5 660 PATPC(1,3)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
4 670 PATPC(1,4)=1,000,  
3 680 PATPC(1,6)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
690 IYRPC(1,3)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
700 IYRPC(1,6)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
710 PATPC(1,5)=1,000,  
720 PATRPC(1,1)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
730 IYRPC(1,1)=1982,1990,1991,1992,  
740 PATRPC(1,2)=3\*1,000,  
750 FIXCHG(1,1)=4,93,  
760 FIXCHG(1,2)=5,69,  
770 FIXCHG(1,3)=7,29,  
780 FIXCHG(1,4)=7,29,  
790 FIXCHG(1,5)=7,29,  
800 FIXCHG(1,6)=5,69,  
810 HYDPER(1,1)=4,36,  
820 HYDPER(1,2)=16,05,  
830 HYDPER(1,3)=16,36,  
840 VMFUEL=434,1308      LBCQALH1      TONCOALH2      TONOIL#2G      GAL,  
850      48HDIL#2P      GALOIL#2C      GALNGAS1A      MCFNGAS2A      MCF,  
860      364NGAS3A      MCFNGAS4A      MCFCOAL; 5      TON,  
870 FCCPT=1,  
880 FUCOST=100,1203,1203,630,0,704,3\*334,309,1203,  
890 HVTAB=12+8+152+8+152+5+136000,136000,136000,1005+6+1005+6,1005+6,  
900      1005+6,15+6,  
910 IPTAB=1,11,7,4,6,10,  
920 IPATFC=6,2,2,3,3,3,1,1,1,5,4,  
930 PATFC(1,1)=1,000,1,0384,1,16598,1,0372,1,030,  
940 IYRFC(1,1)=1982,1993,2007,2008,2010,  
950 PATFC(1,2)=1,000,1,01014,1,01001,1,01019,  
960 IYRFC(1,2)=1982,1993,2000,2010,  
970 PATPC(1,3)=1,000,1,040,1,030,  
980 IYRFC(1,3)=1982,1993,2010,  
990 PATFC(1,4)=1,000,1,01014,1,01015,1,00874,1,01491,  
1000 IYRFC(1,4)=1982,1993,2000,2001,2010,  
1010 PATFC(1,5)=1,000,1,0385,1,28779,1,0372,1,030,  
1020 IYRFC(1,5)=1982,1993,2007,2008,2010,  
1030 OMWH=750,200,87,87,10,228,  
1040 OMDFK=9,1,51,36,2\*7,61,55,11,75,  
1050 OMDF=0,5,5\*0,,  
1060 OMDFHR=11,3,61,2\*0,28,3,38,0,54,  
1070 PATOM(1,1)=1,000,  
1080 PATOM(1,2)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
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1090 IYR04(1,2)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1100 PAT04(1,3)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1110 IYR04(1,3)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1120 PAT04(1,4)=1,000,  
1130 PAT04(1,5)=1,000,  
1140 PAT04(1,6)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1150 IYR04(1,6)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1160 OM44D=27,3,0,0,0,  
1170 OMVHYD=0,0,0,0,  
1180 PATH04(1,1)=1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,1,000,  
1190 IYR04(1,1)=1982,1983,1985,1986,1988,  
1200 PATH04(1,2)=1,000,  
1210 PATH04(1,3)=1,000,  
1220 PATH04(1,4)=1,000,  
1230 NYRET=40,30,20,20,20,30,50,50,50,50,  
1240 FORMN=500,1000,1500,150,200,250,3,87,80,3,87,80,  
1250 2,5,10,150,228,250,  
1260 FORATE=3\*0,01,3\*0,057,6\*0,080,3\*0,05,3\*0,080,  
1270 FORMN=500,1000,1500,150,200,250,3,87,80,3,87,80,  
1280 2,5,10,150,228,250,  
1290 FORATE=3\*0,1,3\*0,080,6\*0,032,3\*0,01,3\*0,070,  
1300 X4RDB=10500,10300,11060,11060,11500,8300,  
1310 XPOW1=0,30,0,50,3\*0,20,0,32,  
1320 XFIN1=0,55,0,55,3\*0,38,0,45,  
1330 IPATRN(1,1)=12\*1,  
1340 MNPR=0,  
1350 M3D=7,  
1360 KPRINT=28\*1,  
1370 LPRINT=28\*0,  
1380 IRNAME=364UNIT TYPE 1UNIT TYPE 2UNIT TYPE 3,  
1390 364UNIT TYPE 4UNIT TYPE 5UNIT TYPE 6,  
1400 IREGN=6\*1,  
1410 IRNAME=124ALASKA  
1420 KPLANT=1,2,3,4,5,6,  
1430 MANUAL=1,  
1440 VREAD=18  
1450 SINPUT  
1460 IPTAB(1)=7,  
1470 MRDB(1)=3,  
1480 PMINDB(1)=0,32,  
1490 PMINDB(1)=0,45,  
1500 IFTAB(4)=10,  
1510 MRDB(5)=3,  
1520 PMINDB(5)=0,32,  
1530 PMINDB(5)=0,45,  
1540 VREAD=29  
1550 SINPUT  
1560 MRDB(1)=1,  
1570 MRDB(15)=3\*1,3,1,  
1580 VREAD=39  
1590 SINPUT  
1600 MRDB(12)=3\*1,  
1610 VREAD=09  
1620 SINPUT  
1630 IMAX=7,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model  
Without-Susitna Case

1640 NAMEDB=  
1650 124BRADLEY LAKE,  
1660 124FIRST TRANS,  
1670 124GRANT LAKE ,  
1680 124CHAKACHAMNA ,  
1690 124SECOND TRANS,  
1692 124NENANA COAL1,  
1694 124NENANA COAL2,  
1700 INSTDB=88.93,88.121,105.93,96,  
1710 KIVDB=7,1,7,7,1,2,2,  
1720 CAPDB(2)=1,,  
1730 CAPDB(5)=1,200,200,  
1740 PMAXDB(2)=0,0000001,  
1750 PMAXDB(5)=0,0000001,  
1760 PORDB(2)=1,  
1770 PORDB(5)=1,  
1780 DKNDDB(1)=4111,  
1790 DKNDDB(2)=220000,  
1800 DKNDDB(3)=3705,  
1810 DKNDDB(4)=4230,  
1820 DKNDDB(5)=117000,  
1830 KFTDB(2)=5,  
1840 MPATDB(2)=1,  
1845 DKNDDB(6)=2\*2607,  
1847 KFTDB(6)=2,2,  
1850 KFTDB(5)=5,  
1860 MPATDB(5)=1,  
12 1870 GMINDB(1,1)=12\*0,  
11 1880 GMAXDB(1,1)=12\*90,  
10 1890 ENGYDB(1,1)=31,27,7,28,2,23,4,26,4,26,6,30,2,31,7,  
9 1900 25,4,30,6,30,6,31,7,  
8 1910 GMINDB(1,3)=12\*0,  
7 1920 GMAXDB(1,3)=12\*7,  
6 1930 ENGYDB(1,3)=2,0,2,0,1,0,4\*2,0,2\*3,0,3\*2,0,  
5 1940 GMINDB(1,4)=12\*0,  
4 1950 GMAXDB(1,4)=12\*330,  
3 1960 ENGYDB(1,4)=133.,114.,113.,98.,94.,96.,138.,228.,179.,126.,128.,144.,  
1970 K4DRE=13  
1980 S1PROGRAM=RLHS  
1990 S1LIMITS=50,72K,8K,20K  
2000 S1PRMFL=H\*,E,R,AQ43093/.GP6GP  
2010 S1FILE101,X1R,200L  
2020 S1FILE102,X2R,10L  
2030 S1FILE103,X3R,20L  
2040 S1FILE104,X4R,10L  
2050 S1FILE110,X10R,2L  
2060 S1FILE111,X11R,20L  
2070 S1FILE112,X12R,50L  
2080 S1FILE113,X13R,10L  
2090 S1FILE114,X14R,5L  
2100 S1FILE116,X16R,10L  
2110 S1DATA115  
2120 S1REMOTE106  
2130 S1REMOTE107  
2140 S1REMOTE108  
2150 S1PUT  
2160 PR RATE=1,0350,  
2170 PROVER=50,

Data Preparation/Generation Planning Model

Without-Susitna Case

2150 KPOVRE=1,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,  
2190 NYR0VRE=28\*1,  
2200 EXCHYDE=1,  
2210 EXCMAX=0,  
2220 IVRAUT(1)=40,30,20,20,20,30,50,50,50,  
2230 IVC8UB(1)=10\*1,  
2240 PCTRIM=6\*0,  
2250 SPRES=-1,0,  
2260 SRCRDT=1,0,01,1,0,  
2270 MIX=1,  
2280 MATOR=0,  
2290 VLPW=10,  
2300 EXXHPU=1,00,  
2310 EXDMWH=0,0001,  
2320 RAYFOR=-1,  
2330 KENENV=1,  
2340 KOPT=1,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,  
2350 FAIL=0,  
2360 KCYCLE=1,1,3,3,3,3,  
2370 VUHZDN=6,,  
2380 KZONE=4,8,8,4,12,12,  
2390 KEYC4T=1,  
2400 KDRDER=1,3,2,  
2410 VKODE(8)=0,  
2420 IMSTYP=6,3,1,1,1,2,  
2430 SHKFDR=2,0,1,5,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,25,  
2440 SHKPDR=2,0,1,5,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,25,  
2450 KEYPRC=1,  
2460 YRINMX=0,1,  
2470 HRINMX=1,0,  
2480 KLOLP(1)=0,,  
2490 KLOLP(2)=0,,  
2500 KLOLP(4)=1,  
2510 RELENG=54000,49000,37000,40000,46000,33000,  
2520 36000,34000,37000,38000,34000,38000,  
12 2530 KODE(7)=0,  
11 2540 KOSTPC=1,  
10 2550 IFSP=0,  
9 2560 TYC8T=0,  
8 2570 NKODE(1)=1,  
7 2580 VKODE(4)=0,  
6 2590 VKODE(5)=1,  
5 2600 KWHERE=0,  
4 2610 VFIRST=0,  
3 2620 WNTPKM=1,  
2630 WPRJYT=12\*0,  
2640 KODE3=28\*0,  
2650 KODE2=28\*1,  
2660 KPRE4V=3\*1,0,  
2670 EEPRT=5,0,  
2680 KPCU4T=1,  
2690 KP8UM2=1,  
2700 KP8UM4=1,  
2710 KODE(6)=1,  
2720 K3D=7,  
2730 LSPARE=1,  
2740 KEYSUM=0,  
2750 M4D=88

ALASKA RAILBELT  
EXISTING GENERATION MODEL GM84UP

LISTING OF INPUT DATA

1 HARZA-EBASCO SUSITNA JOINT VENTURE  
2 711 H STREET  
3 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99510  
4 ATTN N. PAWSIC  
5 \$INPUT  
6 ID1=15HALASKA.RAILBELT,  
7 ID2=32HEXISTING GENERATION MODEL GM84UP.  
8 NEW=1,  
9 M7=75  
10 \$INPUT  
11 NEW=1,  
12 M7=75  
13 \$INPUT  
14 IMAX=18,  
15 NAMEDB=  
16 48HAWLPD UNIT#1AMLPD UNIT#2AMLPD UNIT#3AMLPD UNIT#4,  
17 48HAWLPD UNIT#CAML PD UNIT#BELUGA GT#1BELUGA GT#2,  
18 36HBELUGA GT#3BELUGA GT#5BELUGA CC#8,  
19 48HBERNICE GT#1BERNICE GT#2REPNICE GT#3BERNICE GT#4,  
20 36HINTSTA GT#1INTSTA GT#2INTSTA GT#3,  
21 TNSTDDB=  
22 62,64,68,72,78,82,68,68,73,75,82,  
23 63,72,78,82,64,65,70,  
24 HRDDB=  
25 3\*14000,12500,8500,12500,2\*15000,2\*10000,8500,  
26 3\*23400,12000,3\*15000,  
27 CAPDB=  
28 2\*16,25,18,32,139,90,2\*16,1,53,58,178,8,6,  
29 18,9,2\*26,4,2\*14,18,  
30 KINDBE=  
31 4\*3,6,5\*3,6,4\*3,3\*3,  
32 KFTDBE=  
33 6\*7,5\*10,4\*7,3\*7,  
34 KMORE=0<sup>5</sup>  
35 \$INPUT  
36 IMAX=23,  
37 NAMEDB=  
38 48HHEALY ST#1HEALY IC#2NOPOLE CT#1NOPOLE CT#2,  
39 48HZ UNIT #1CTZ UNIT #2CTZ UNIT #3CTZ UNIT #4CT,  
40 48HZ UNIT #5ICZ UNIT #6ICZ UNIT #7 ICZUNIT #8IC,  
41 48HZ UNIT #8ICZ UNIT #10ICCHENA #1STCHENA #2ST,  
42 48HCHENA #3STCHENA #4CTCHENA #5STCHENA #6CT,  
43 36HFMUS #1ICFMUS #2ICFMUS #3ICFMUS #3IC,  
44 TNSTDDB=  
45 67,67,76,77,71,72,75,75,6\*65,  
46 54,52,52,63,70,76,67,68,68,  
47 HRDDB=  
48 13200,10500,2\*14000,4\*14000,  
49 6\*14000,18000,22000,22000,15000,13320,15000,3\*12150,  
50 CAPDB=  
51 KINDBE=

ALASKA RAILBELT  
EXISTING GENERATION MODEL GM84UP

52 2,5,4,4,4\*4,6\*5,2,2,2,4,2,4,3\*5,  
53 KFTDB=   
54 2,6,4,4,4\*4,6\*6,3\*2,4,2,4,3\*6,  
55 KMORE=0<sup>3</sup>  
56 \$INPUT  
57 IMAX=160  
58 NAMEDB=   
59 48HHOMERKEN ICPT. GRAHAMICSELDOVIA #1SELDOVIA #2,  
60 48HSELDOVIA #3TALKEETNA ICSES UNIT #1SES UNIT #2,  
61 36HSES UNIT #3EKLUTNA HYDRCOOPER LAKE,  
62 60HUNIV AK #1STUNIV AK #2STUNIV AK #3STUNIV AK #1CUNIV AK #2IC,  
63 KINDB=   
64 9\*5,7,7,  
65 KINDB(12)=3\*2,2\*5,  
66 INSTDB=   
67 79,71,52,64,70,67,65,65,65,55,61,5\*80,  
68 KRETDB(10)=   
69 2\*2051,  
70 HRDB=   
71 9\*15000,  
72 HRDB(12)=3\*12000,2\*10500,  
73 CAPDB=   
74 0,9,0,2,0,3,0,0,6,0,6,0,9,1,5,1,5,2,5,  
75 CAPDB(12)=2\*1,5,10,2\*2,75,  
76 KFTDB=   
77 9\*6,  
78 KFTDB(12)= 3\*2,2\*6,  
79 GMINDB(1+10)=12\*0,  
80 GMAXDB(1+10)=12\*30,  
81 ENGYDB(1+10)=14,12,12,10,12,12,  
82 13,14,13,14,14,14,  
83 GMINDB(1+11)=12\*0,  
84 GMAXDB(1+11)=12\*16.,  
85 ENGYDB(1+11)=4,5\*3,4,4,3,3\*4,  
86 KMORE=13  
87 SENDJOB

LOAD MODEL - LMNSDU

110 BRU \*  
120 BEN  
130##NORM  
140\$:PROGRAM:RLHS  
150\$:LIMITS:02,32K,,10K  
160\$:PRMFL:H\*,E,R,AQ43093/.LMD6  
170\$:PRMFL:01,W,S,AQ43682/LMNSDU  
180\$:DATA:15  
190\$:REMOTE:06  
200\$:REMOTE:07  
210 HARZA-EBASCO SUSITNA JOINT VENTURE  
220 711 H STREET  
230 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99510  
240 ATTN: N.PANSIC  
250 1563.040 TASK 40  
260\$INPUT  
270 ID' 34HARZA-EBASCO SUSITNA JOINT VENTURE,  
280 .D2=35HALASKA RAILBELT NSD UPDATE FORECAST,  
290 NTOTAL=40,  
300 NSTART=1981,  
310 NEW=1,  
320 NEWNUM=1,  
330 NEWP=6HRAILBT,  
340 NEWC=6HRAILBT,  
350 POOLMW=569,601,637,670,703,734,764,794,825,855,  
360 876,895,915,935,955,972,989,1005,1023,1040,  
370 1065,1090,1114,1140,1165,1200,1234,1269,1305,1339,  
380 1373,1408,1444,1481,1519,1558,1598,1639,1681,1724,  
390 AEMWH=2750000,2906000,3083000,3245000,3406000,  
400 3546000,3687000,3829000,3970000,4111000,  
410 4206000,4302000,4397000,4492000,4588000,  
420 4670000,4751000,4833000,4915000,4996000,  
430 5117000,5238000,5359000,5481000,5602000,  
440 5771000,5939000,6107000,6276000,6444000,  
450 6610000,6780000,6955000,7135000,7318000,  
460 7507000,7701000,7899000,8103000,8312000,  
465 ISPEC=1,  
466 PUANR=.917,.867,.787,.695,.630,.600,.596,.636,  
470 .690,.794,.926,1.000,  
480 PUANP=.917,.867,.787,.695,.630,.600,.596,.636,  
490 .690,.794,.926,1.000,  
500 PUMR(1,1)=1.0000,0.9157,0.8892,0.6322,  
510 PUMR(1,2)=1.0000,0.9246,0.8977,0.6333,  
520 PUMR(1,3)=1.0000,0.9335,0.9063,0.6345,  
530 PUMR(1,4)=1.0000,0.9424,0.9149,0.6356,  
540 PUMR(1,5)=1.0000,0.9429,0.9025,0.6059,  
550 PUMR(1,6)=1.0000,0.9433,0.8901,0.5762,  
560 PUMR(1,7)=1.0000,0.9437,0.8777,0.5465,  
570 PUMR(1,8)=1.0000,0.9442,0.8653,0.5168,  
580 PUMR(1,9)=1.0000,0.9348,0.8691,0.5454,  
590 PUMR(1,10)=1.0000,0.9225,0.8729,0.5739,  
600 PUMR(1,11)=1.0000,0.9161,0.8768,0.6025,  
610 PUMR(1,12)=1.0000,0.9068,0.8806,0.6310,

LOAD MODEL - LMNSDU

620 PUMWK(1,1)=1.00000,0.99503,0.97999,0.97158,0.95529,0.92996,  
630 0.92696,  
640 0.92461,0.92263,0.91884,0.91365,0.90660,0.90634,  
650 0.89240,0.87701,0.82231,0.80053,0.75277,0.71006,  
660 0.70088,0.67716,0.66897,0.66555,0.66323,  
670 PUMWK(1,2)=1.00000,0.99341,0.98114,0.97468,0.96297,0.94207,  
680 0.93890,0.93528,0.93271,0.92825,0.92210,0.91655,  
690 0.91622,0.90541,0.88075,0.83249,0.79704,0.75811,  
700 0.71054,  
710 0.70006,0.67904,0.66986,0.66698,0.66537,  
720 PUMWK(1,3)=1.00000,0.99175,0.98230,0.97778,0.97064,0.95419,  
730 0.95084,0.94596,0.94280,0.93765,0.93055,0.92649,  
740 0.92610,0.91841,0.88450,0.84266,0.79354,0.76345,  
750 0.71102,0.69925,0.68092,0.67075,0.66242,0.66751,  
760 PUMWK(1,4)=1.00000,0.99009,0.98345,0.98089,0.97831,0.96631,  
770 0.96279,0.95664,0.95288,0.94705,0.93900,0.93644,  
780 0.93599,0.93142,0.88824,0.85284,0.75004,0.76879,  
790 0.71150,0.69844,0.68280,0.67165,0.66985,0.66964,  
800 PUMWK(1,5)=1.00000,0.99008,0.98462,0.97988,0.97621,0.96595,  
810 0.96173,0.95518,0.95164,0.94112,0.92685,0.92291,  
820 0.92019,0.91562,0.87480,0.83360,0.77936,0.74303,  
830 0.69789,0.67675,0.65955,0.64903,0.64759,0.64235,  
840 PUMWK(1,6)=1.00000,0.99007,0.98578,0.97887,0.97410,  
850 0.96560,0.96067,0.95372,0.95040,0.93519,  
860 0.91470,0.90938,  
870 0.90439,0.89983,0.86136,0.81435,0.76878,0.71727,  
880 0.68427,0.65507,0.63629,0.62641,0.62534,0.61506,  
890 PUMWK(1,7)=1.00000,0.99006,0.98694,0.97787,0.97199,0.96524,  
900 0.95961,0.95225,0.94916,0.92926,0.90255,0.89586,  
910 0.88859,0.88404,0.84792,0.79510,0.75800,0.69151,  
920 0.67065,0.63338,0.61304,0.60379,0.60308,0.58776,  
930 PUMWK(1,8)=1.00000,0.99005,0.98811,0.97686,0.96988,0.96488,  
940 0.95855,0.95079,0.94792,0.92332,0.89041,0.88233,  
950 0.87279,0.86825,0.83447,0.77586,0.74732,0.66575,  
960 0.65703,0.61169,0.58978,0.58118,0.58082,0.56047,  
970 PUMWK(1,9)=1.00000,0.99173,0.98579,0.97476,0.96431,0.95312,  
980 0.94767,0.94157,0.93908,0.91985,0.89411,0.88591,  
990 0.87871,0.87104,0.84417,0.78493,0.76150,0.68617,  
1000 0.67017,0.63419,0.61116,0.60290,0.60164,0.58563,  
1010 PUMWK(1,10)=1.00000,0.99340,0.98347,0.97267,0.95875,0.94136,  
1020 0.93678,0.93236,0.93024,0.91638,0.89781,0.88949,  
1030 0.88462,0.87383,0.85387,0.79400,0.77568,0.70659,  
1040 0.68331,0.65669,0.63253,0.62463,0.62247,0.61078,  
1050 PUMWK(1,11)=1.00000,0.99507,0.98115,0.97057,0.95318,0.92960,  
1060 0.92590,0.92314,0.92139,0.91291,0.90150,0.89307,  
1070 0.89054,0.87661,0.86357,0.80307,0.78985,0.72701,  
1080 0.69644,0.67919,0.65391,0.64635,0.64329,0.63594,  
1090 PUMWK(1,12)=1.00000,0.99674,0.97883,0.96848,0.94762,0.91784,  
1100 0.91502,0.91393,0.91255,0.90944,0.90520,0.89665,  
1110 0.89645,0.87940,0.87327,0.81214,0.80403,0.74743,  
1120 0.70958,0.70169,0.67528,0.66808,0.66412,0.66110,  
1130 PUMWE(1,1)=0.93928,0.93733,0.91934,0.90359,0.89041,0.87125,  
1140 0.86376,0.85890,0.85508,0.85266,0.84488,0.82874,  
1150 0.82235,0.79315,0.78208,0.73686,0.72538,0.70842,  
1160 0.68216,0.67250,0.66258,0.65772,0.65127,0.64850,

LOAD MODEL - LMNSDU

1170 PUMWE(1,2)=0.93338,0.93070,0.91381,0.89654,0.88755,0.87420,  
1180 0.86586,0.86175,0.85626,0.85216,0.84686,0.83188,  
1190 0.82718,0.80431,0.78961,0.74219,0.72669,0.71376,  
1200 0.68459,0.67271,0.66438,0.66081,0.65454,0.64909,  
1210 PUMWE(1,3)=0.92748,0.92407,0.90429,0.88948,0.88468,0.87715,  
1220 0.86796,0.86461,0.85743,0.85166,0.84885,0.83501,  
1230 0.83201,0.81547,0.79714,0.74751,0.72801,0.71911,  
1240 0.68703,0.67292,0.66618,0.66390,0.65780,0.64967,  
1250 PUMWE(1,4)=0.92158,0.91743,0.89676,0.88242,0.88181,0.88010,  
1260 0.87006,0.86746,0.85860,0.85116,0.85084,0.83815,  
1270 0.83684,0.82663,0.80467,0.75284,0.72932,0.72445,  
1280 0.68947,0.67314,0.66797,0.66700,0.66107,0.65025,  
1290 PUMWE(1,5)=0.90898,0.90455,0.88695,0.87319,0.87249,0.87055,  
1300 0.86173,0.85938,0.85185,0.84581,0.84303,0.83259,  
1310 0.82685,0.81653,0.78454,0.74035,0.71380,0.69907,  
1320 0.67098,0.65362,0.64591,0.64118,0.63456,0.62401,  
1330 PUMWE(1,6)=0.89637,0.89247,0.87715,0.86396,0.86316,0.86100,  
1340 0.85341,0.85129,0.84510,0.84047,0.83523,0.82704,  
1350 0.81687,0.80644,0.76441,0.72786,0.69828,0.67369,  
1360 0.65248,0.63410,0.62385,0.61536,0.60806,0.59777,  
1370 PUMWE(1,7)=0.88377,0.87999,0.86735,0.85474,0.85383,0.85145,  
1380 0.84509,0.84320,0.83834,0.83513,0.82743,0.82149,  
1390 0.80688,0.79634,0.74429,0.71537,0.68277,0.64831,  
1400 0.63399,0.61458,0.60180,0.58954,0.58155,0.57153,  
1410 PUMWE(1,8)=0.87116,0.86751,0.85755,0.84551,0.84451,0.84189,  
1420 0.83677,0.83511,0.83159,0.82978,0.81962,0.81594,  
1430 0.79689,0.78625,0.72416,0.70288,0.66725,0.62293,  
1440 0.61550,0.59506,0.57974,0.56373,0.55505,0.54529,  
1450 PUMWE(1,9)=0.88967,0.88662,0.87488,0.86180,0.85670,0.84849,  
1460 0.84299,0.84035,0.83717,0.83563,0.82544,0.81836,  
1470 0.80205,0.78518,0.73676,0.71004,0.68145,0.64296,  
1480 0.63156,0.61436,0.60000,0.58645,0.57829,0.57095,  
1490 PUMWE(1,10)=0.90818,0.90574,0.89221,0.87808,0.86889,0.85509,  
1500 0.84921,0.84558,0.84275,0.84147,0.83126,0.82077,  
1510 0.80721,0.78412,0.74936,0.71721,0.69566,0.66300,  
1520 0.64761,0.63367,0.62026,0.60918,0.60153,0.59661,  
1530 PUMWE(1,11)=0.92668,0.92485,0.90954,0.89437,0.88109,0.86169,  
1540 0.85544,0.85081,0.84833,0.84732,0.83707,0.82319,  
1550 0.81237,0.78305,0.76195,0.72437,0.70986,0.68303,  
1560 0.66367,0.65298,0.64053,0.63190,0.62477,0.62226,  
1570 PUMWE(1,12)=0.94519,0.94397,0.92687,0.91065,0.89328,0.86829,  
1580 0.86166,0.85604,0.85391,0.85316,0.84289,0.82561,  
1590 0.81753,0.78199,0.77455,0.73154,0.72406,0.72307,  
1600 0.67972,0.67228,0.66079,0.65463,0.64801,0.64792,  
1610 M7=7,  
1620 MOD=0,  
1630 MODWK=0,  
1640 IYREAD=1985\$  
1650\$INPUT  
1660 PUANR=.915,.866,.785,.695,.632,.607,.597,.637,  
1670 .689,.792,.922,1.000,  
1680 PUANP=.915,.866,.785,.695,.632,.607,.597,.637,  
1690 .689,.792,.922,1.000,

LOAD MODEL - LMNSDU

1700 IYREAD=1990\$  
1710 \$INPUT  
1720 PUANR=.915,.866,.785,.695,.630,.603,.595,  
1730 .632,.685,.790,.922,1.000,  
1740 PUANP=.915,.866,.785,.695,.630,.603,.595,  
1750 .632,.685,.790,.922,1.000,  
1760 PUMR(1,1)=1.0000,0.9148,0.8859,0.6318,  
1770 PUMR(1,2)=1.0000,0.9224,0.8939,0.6321,  
1780 PUMR(1,3)=1.0000,0.9300,0.9020,0.6324,  
1790 PUMR(1,4)=1.0000,0.9375,0.9101,0.6328,  
1800 PUMR(1,5)=1.0000,0.9395,0.8998,0.6049,  
1810 PUMR(1,6)=1.0000,0.9414,0.8895,0.5769,  
1820 PUMR(1,7)=1.0000,0.9434,0.8792,0.5490,  
1830 PUMR(1,8)=1.0000,0.9454,0.8690,0.5211,  
1840 PUMR(1,9)=1.0000,0.9358,0.8712,0.5487,  
1850 PUMR(1,10)=1.0000,0.9263,0.8734,0.5763,  
1860 PUMR(1,11)=1.0000,0.9168,0.8756,0.6039,  
1870 PUMR(1,12)=1.0000,0.9073,0.8778,0.6314,  
1880 IYREAD=1995\$  
1890 \$INPUT  
1900 PUANR=.914,.865,.785,.695,.633,.609,.599,  
1910 .637,.689,.792,.922,1.000,  
1920 PUANP=.914,.865,.785,.695,.633,.609,.599,  
1930 .637,.689,.792,.922,1.000,  
1940 IYREAD=2000\$  
1950 \$INPUT  
1960 PUANR=.914,.865,.784,.696,.636,.617,.605,.644,  
1970 .694,.794,.922,1.000,  
1980 PUANP=.914,.865,.784,.696,.636,.617,.605,.644,  
1990 .694,.794,.922,1.000,  
2000 PUMR(1,1)=1.0000,0.9165,0.8908,0.6266,  
2010 PUMR(1,2)=1.0000,0.9268,0.9000,0.6270,  
2020 PUMR(1,3)=1.0000,0.9371,0.9091,0.6274,  
2030 PUMR(1,4)=1.0000,0.9474,0.9182,0.6278,  
2040 PUMR(1,5)=1.0000,0.9473,0.9043,0.6007,  
2050 PUMR(1,6)=1.0000,0.9472,0.8904,0.5737,  
2060 PUMR(1,7)=1.0000,0.9471,0.8765,0.5466,  
2070 PUMR(1,8)=1.0000,0.9470,0.8626,0.5195,  
2080 PUMR(1,9)=1.0000,0.9368,0.8674,0.5462,  
2090 PUMR(1,10)=1.0000,0.9266,0.8722,0.5729,  
2100 PUMR(1,11)=1.0000,0.9164,0.8769,0.5995,  
2110 PUMR(1,12)=1.0000,0.9062,0.8817,0.6262,  
2120 IYREAD=2005\$  
2130 \$INPUT  
2140 PUANR=.913,.864,.783,.696,.637,.619,.605,.643,  
2150 .694,.793,.921,1.000,  
2160 PUANP=.913,.864,.783,.696,.637,.619,.605,.643,  
2170 .694,.793,.921,1.000,  
2180 IYREAD=0\$  
2190 \$:ENDJOB

2. QUESTION

Output results for the OGP-6 runs noted above (e.g., similar to the outputs L4R1, L1W7, L1X7, and L275 that the APA had previously filed with the Commission).

RESPONSE

The requested output results for the two OGP-6 runs noted in Question 1 are provided in Volume II, Appendix 1 of this filing. The output for each run is comprised of two sections:

- Summary OGP-6 analysis for 1993-2020, coupled with extension to year 2051; and
- Detailed OGP-6 analysis for years 1993-2020.

Part A of Appendix 1 provides the above data for the With-Susitna Plan, and Part B of Appendix 1 provides the output data for the Without-Susitna Plan. For reference, the OGP-6 job identification number for the With-Susitna Plan is LJM5, and the Without-Susitna Plan identification is LJN1.

3. QUESTION

- a) Information and data to support the capital costs used in the APA revised analysis of Susitna. The information should be in sufficient detail to fully document the APA "detailed review of actual equipment requirements with present labor rates, budgetary equipment quotations, and shipping costs" and justify the capital cost changes indicated.

RESPONSE

The capital cost estimates prepared for the original License Application were based upon the Railbelt Electric Power Alternatives Study,<sup>1/</sup> a reconnaissance level survey done to provide an assessment of the power alternatives in Alaska. Subsequently, because of the importance attached to the thermal alternatives, the Power Authority commissioned a detailed review of the conceptual cost estimates for the thermal power alternatives. This review included obtaining budgetary equipment estimates for the following major capital equipment:

---

<sup>1/</sup> Battelle-Pacific Northwest Laboratories (1982).

- Turbine Generator;
- Steam Generator (Boiler);
- Flue Gas Desulfurization (FGD) System;
- Particulate Control Equipment; and
- Cooling Towers

The experience of Ebasco Services in designing and constructing coal-fired power plants provided a basis upon which to estimate installation and material requirements for the balance of plant systems not directly obtained from equipment quotations. Also considered in the review were union wage rates, including Workmen's Compensation, FICA and Public Liability Property Damage insurance rates. The wage rates were based on six 10-hour days, within a camp-type operation.

The capital cost estimates of the initial 200 MW coal unit and the extension unit were prepared in 1983 dollars and de-escalated to January, 1982 dollars, as shown on the attached summary sheet (Attachment 3a.1).

The estimate entitled "Unit 1" (Attachment 3a.2), consists of the first coal-fired unit installed in Alaska. The unit 1 estimate includes all facilities that are common to coal-fired power plants. The unit 2

estimate (Attachment 3a.3) consists of an "extension" unit at the power plant site, also rated at 200 MW. The significant difference in capital costs between the two units reflects the infrastructure and common service facilities necessary to support the initial installation of a power plant.

The capital cost estimates provided were prepared for a Beluga power plant. A capital cost estimate for a coal-fired power plant at Nenana is under preparation. The work done to date supports the DEIS comments that the Nenana plant will have O&M costs at least \$50/kW higher, on an installed cost basis, than the Beluga cost.

In addition to the capital cost estimates, a Basis of Estimate is also provided for each unit which presents the assumptions used in the estimate. (Attachments 3a.4 and 3a.5). Selected vendor quotes, which establish the validity of the capital cost estimates are provided in Attachment 3a.6.

Traditionally, finance charges, land, start-up services, town sites and owners' services are separated from the project direct capital costs. These are described in the Basis of Estimate. In order to arrive

at the cost basis for the DEIS comments, these additional costs must be added to the capital cost estimate. This addition is shown on the sheet entitled "Capital Cost Estimate Summary" (Attachment 3a.1). The town site costs were estimated using the same approach used for the preparation of the Susitna Hydroelectric Project cost estimates. Owners' costs, spare parts, land and maintenance equipment costs included in the estimate were based upon Ebasco Service's past experience in the utility industry.

Labor and shipping costs are further discussed in the response to Question 3(e).

Attachment 3a.1

Capital Cost Estimate Summary

Unit 1 Estimate, APA 1707-M-1 (\$1983)	\$554,647,987	
Unit 1 Estimate; De-escalated to \$1982 at 6.4% inflation rate	\$521,286,000	
Unit 2 Estimate, APA 1707-M-1 (\$1983)	\$372,993,683	
Unit 2 Estimate; De-escalated to \$1982 at 6.4% inflation rate	350,560,000	
	<hr/>	
	Subtotal	\$871,846,000

Items not included in Estimate

Town Site Cost (\$1982)	16,600,000
Owners Cost (at 2½% of Direct Project)	21,800,000
Start up, Spare Parts and Special Tools	10,000,000
Maintenance Shop Machinery, Laboratory Equipment and Office Furniture	2,000,000
Land (200 acres at \$10,000 per acre)	2,000,000
	<hr/>
Subtotal	\$52,400,000
Project Total Cost =	<u>924,246,000</u>
Average Cost per kW = (1982)	\$2,310

"UNIT 1"

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

SUMMARY  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN* (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)(TOTAL AMT)*(TOT MATL)(UN \$MAT)*(U \$ INS)(TOT INST)*(TOT ESC)(MAT ESC)(INS ESC)
99.000000	TOTAL PROJECT COST	LS* ----	554647987* 210690570 ---- * ---- 343957417***** ***** *****
100.000000	CONTINGENCY	LS* ----	67438000* 22573988 ---- * ---- 44864012* 0 0 0
200.000000	ESCALATION	LS* ----	-25642565* -9900868 ---- * ---- -15741697***** -9900868 *****
300.000000	TOTAL COST W/O CONT	LS* ----	512852552* 198017450 ---- * ---- 314835102***** -9900868 *****
1.000000	IMPROVEMNTS TO SITE	LS* ----	4076672* 1184850 ---- * ---- 2891822* -203829 -59242 -144587
2.000000	EARTHWORK & PILING	LS* ----	34210384* 14816500 ---- * ---- 19393884*-1710508 -740824 -969684
3.000000	CIRC WATER SYSTEM	LS* ----	8176240* 3982650 ---- * ---- 4193590* -408804 -129132 -209672
4.000000	CONCRETE	LS* ----	20339785* 3763000 ---- * ---- 16576785*-1016987 -188150 -828837
5.000000	STRCT STL/LFT EQP	LS* ----	27330950* 10663500 ---- * ---- 16667450*-1366545 -533174 -833371
6.000000	BUILDINGS	LS* ----	18242737* 5880650 ---- * ---- 12362087* -912124 -294031 -618093
7.000000	TURBINE GENERATOR	LS* ----	19064900* 16400000 ---- * ---- 2664900* -953245 -820000 -133245
8.000000	STM GENER & ACCESS	LS* ----	42900000* 24000000 ---- * ---- 18900000*-2145000 -1200000 -945000
9.000000	AQCS	LS* ----	53956000* 30148300 ---- * ---- 23807700*-2697800 -1507415 -1190385
10.000000	OTHER MECHAN EQUIP	LS* ----	19909906* 14724200 ---- * ---- 5185706* -995480 -736210 -259270
11.000000	COAL&ASH HNDL EQUIP	LS* ----	22802750* 13343300 ---- * ---- 9459450*-1140136 -667165 -472971
12.000000	PIPING	LS* ----	28004420* 9874800 ---- * ---- 18127620*-1400221 -493840 -906381
13.000000	INSULATION	LS* ----	6880000* 580000 ---- * ---- 6300000* -344000 -29000 -315000
14.000000	INSTRUMENTATION	LS* ----	7067000* 6500000 ---- * ---- 567000* -353350 -325000 -28350
15.000000	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	LS* ----	57570000* 21000000 ---- * ---- 36570000*-2878500 -1050000 -1828500
16.000000	PAINTING	LS* ----	2224340* 155000 ---- * ---- 2069340* -111217 -7750 -103467
17.000000	OFF-SITE FACILITIES	LS* ----	13460700* 6030000 ---- * ---- 7430700* -673035 -301500 -371535
18.000000	WATERFRONT FACILITY	LS* ----	7837739* 1888700 ---- * ---- 5949039* -391884 -94435 -297449
19.000000	SUBSTATION/T-LINE	LS* ----	23198950* 13080000 ---- * ---- 10118950*-1159947 -654000 -505947

Attachment 3a.2

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

SUMMARY  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN* (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)(TOTAL AMT)*(TOT MATL)(UN \$MAT)*(U \$ INS)(TOT INST)*(TOT ESC)(MAT ESC)(INS ESC)
71.000000	INDIRECT CONST COST LS*	----	40949079* 0 ----- * ----- 40949079*-2047453 0 -2047453
72.000000	PROFESSIONAL SERVCS LS*	----	54650000* 0 ----- * ----- 54650000*-2732500 0 -2732500

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	*(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	*(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	*(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
99.000000	TOTAL PROJECT COST	LS*	----	554647987*	210690570	----	*	----	343957417*****	*****	*****	*****
100.000000	CONTINGENCY	LS*	----	67438000*	22573988	----	*	----	44864012*	0	0	0
200.000000	ESCALATION	LS*	----	-25642565*	-9900868	----	*	----	-15741697*****	-9900868	*****	*****
300.000000	TOTAL COST W/O CONT	LS*	----	512852552*	198017450	----	*	----	314835102*****	-9900868	*****	*****
1.000000	IMPROVEMNTS TO SITE	LS*	----	4076672*	1184850	----	*	----	2891822*	-203829	-59242	-144587
1.100000	SITE PREPARATION	LS*	----	440133*	0	----	*	----	440133*	-22006	0	-22006
1.110000	CLEARING	AC*	105	4191.7	440133*	0	0.00*	4191.7	440133*	-22006	0	-22006
1.200000	ROADS, BRDG, WALKS	LS*	----	683148*	168850	----	*	----	514298*	-34155	-8442	-25713
1.210000	ROADS	LS*	----	542530*	100000	----	*	----	442530*	-27126	-5000	-22126
1.213000	24' WIDE ROADS	SY*	40000	13.6	542530*	100000	2.50*	11.1	442530*	-27126	-5000	-22126
1.240000	FENCING	LS*	----	140618*	68850	----	*	----	71768*	-7029	-3442	-3587
1.241000	PROPERTY FENCE	LF*	3800	24.8	94373*	45600	12.00*	12.8	48773*	-4718	-2280	-2438
1.242000	SECURITY FENCE	LF*	1500	24.8	37252*	18000	12.00*	12.8	19252*	-1862	-900	-962
1.243000	GATES	EA*	7	1284.7	8993*	5250	750.00*	534.7	3743*	-449	-262	-187
1.300000	SITE DRAINAGE	LS*	----	1326552*	620000	----	*	----	706552*	-66327	-31000	-35327
1.500000	SEWAGE FACILITIES	LS*	----	389723*	150000	----	*	----	239723*	-19486	-7500	-11986
1.700000	RAILROAD	LS*	----	1237116*	246000	----	*	----	991116*	-61855	-12300	-49555
1.720000	STACKER RECL TRCK	LF*	600	2061.9	1237116*	246000	410.00*	1651.9	991116*	-61855	-12300	-49555
2.000000	EARTHWORK & PILING	LS*	----	34210384*	14816500	----	*	----	12393884*-1710508	-740824	-969684	0
2.200000	STRCTR & EQUIP EXC	LS*	----	14888641*	4580000	----	*	----	10308641*-744429	-229000	-515429	0
2.210000	STATION AREA	LS*	----	10776505*	4580000	----	*	----	6196505*-538825	-229000	-309825	0
2.212000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	18700	29.1	545105*	0	0.00*	29.1	545105*	-7255	0	-27255
2.214000	SELECT BACKFILL	LS*	----	10231400*	4580000	----	*	----	5651400*-511570	-229000	-282570	0

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	*(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	*(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	*(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
2.214100	7' GRAVEL PAD	CY*	510000	16.9	8639400*	4080000	8.00*	8.9	4559400*	-431970	-204000	-227970
2.214200	INSULATION BRD	SF*	2000000	0.8	1592000*	500000	0.25*	0.5	1092000*	-79300	-25000	-54600
2.220000	STACK FOUNDATIONS LS*	----	----		221816*	0	----	*	221816*	-11090	0	-11090
2.222000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	2300	23.3	53636*	0	0.00*	23.3	53636*	-2681	0	-2681
2.223000	ROCK EXCAVATION	CY*	2000	84.1	168180*	0	0.00*	84.1	168180*	-8409	0	-8409
2.230000	COAL HAND FDN	LS*	----	----	2086470*	0	----	*	2086470*	-104323	0	-104323
2.232000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	43400	29.1	1265110*	0	0.00*	29.1	1265110*	-63255	0	-63255
2.233000	ROCK EXCAVATION	CY*	11200	73.3	821360*	0	0.00*	73.3	821360*	-41068	0	-41068
2.240000	OUTLY TRS E&G STR LS*	----	----		201135*	0	----	*	201135*	-10056	0	-10056
2.242000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	6900	29.1	201135*	0	0.00*	29.1	201135*	-10056	0	-10056
2.250000	AGCS FINS	LS*	----	----	1602715*	0	----	*	1602715*	-80135	0	-80135
2.252000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	27900	29.1	813285*	0	0.00*	29.1	813285*	-40664	0	-40664
2.253000	ROCK EXCAVATION	CY*	10600	74.5	789430*	0	0.00*	74.5	789430*	-39471	0	-39471
2.300000	TRENCHING	LS*	----	----	2816831*	0	----	*	2816831*	-140840	0	-140840
2.310000	CIRC WATER COND	LS*	----	----	529478*	0	----	*	529478*	-26473	0	-26473
2.312000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	13700	28.2	386091*	0	0.00*	28.2	386091*	-19304	0	-19304
2.313000	ROCK EXCAVATION	CY*	180	79.7	143387*	0	0.00*	79.7	143387*	-7169	0	-7169
2.320000	YARD PIPING	LS*	----	----	1334289*	0	----	*	1334289*	-66714	0	-66714
2.322000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	43400	30.7	1334289*	0	0.00*	30.7	1334289*	-66714	0	-66714
2.330000	SEWERS & DRAINS	LS*	----	----	953064*	0	----	*	953064*	-47653	0	-47653
2.332000	EARTH EXCAVATION	CY*	31000	30.7	953064*	0	0.00*	30.7	953064*	-47653	0	-47653
2.400000	EARTH STRUCTURES	CY*	5500	29.0	159698*	0	0.00*	29.0	159698*	-7984	0	-7984
2.500000	FILES (H FILES)	LS*	----	----	14779687*	9750000	----	*	5029687*	-738983	-487500	-251483

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(LN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(LN \$MAT)	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
2.510000	STATION AREA	LF*	180000	59.1	10641375*	7020000	39.00*	20.1	3621375*-532068	-351000	-181068		
2.520000	AQCS AREA	LF*	70000	59.1	4138312*	2730000	39.00*	20.1	1408312*-206915	-136500	-70415		
2.700000	CECI-EXCV-ERTH STR LS*	----	----		1565527*	486500	----	*	----	1079027*-78272	-24324	-53948	
2.710000	CL PL SEEP&RO CTR LS*	----	----		910052*	441000	----	*	----	469052*-45502	-22050	-23452	
2.711000	PVC LINER	SF*	300000	0.5	151002*	135000	0.45*	0.1	16002*-7550	-6750	-800		
2.712000	SAND	CY*	17000	24.4	413950*	170000	10.00*	14.4	243950*-20697	-8500	-12197		
2.713000	GRAVEL	CY*	17000	20.3	345100*	136000	8.00*	12.3	209100*-17255	-6800	-10455		
2.720000	WST WTR TRMT AREA LS*	----	----		463279*	19350	----	*	----	443929*-23162	-967	-22195	
2.721000	PVC LINER	SF*	42000	0.5	21443*	19350	0.45*	0.1	2293*-1081	-967	-114		
2.722000	EXCAVATION	CY*	19000	17.9	339720*	0	0.00*	17.9	339720*-16986	0	-16986		
2.723000	BACKFILL	CY*	3800	26.8	101916*	0	0.00*	26.8	101916*-5095	0	-5095		
2.730000	SLD WST STK PILE LS*	----	----		166696*	21150	----	*	----	145546*-8333	-1057	-7276	
2.731000	PVC LINER	SF*	47000	0.5	23656*	21150	0.45*	0.1	2506*-1182	-1057	-125		
2.732000	EXCAVATION	CY*	5300	17.9	94764*	0	0.00*	17.9	94764*-4738	0	-4738		
2.733000	BACKFILL	CY*	1800	26.8	48276*	0	0.00*	26.8	48276*-2413	0	-2413		
2.740000	EMER WST BASIN LS*	----	----		25500*	5000	----	*	----	20500*-1275	-250	-1025	
3.000000	CIRC WATER SYSTEM LS*	----	----		8176240*	3982650	----	*	----	4193590*-408804	-199132	-209672	
3.200000	INTK & DISC PIPING LS*	----	----		2141914*	894550	----	*	----	1247364*-107093	-44727	-62366	
3.210000	CONCR PIPE: 60" LF*	3400	355.8		1209822*	646000	190.00*	165.8	563822*-60491	-32300	-28191		
3.260000	BEDDING MATERIAL CY*	2000	30.5		61000*	20000	10.00*	20.5	41000*-3050	-1000	-2050		
3.270000	CONCRET STRUCTURE LS*	----	----		821798*	208950	----	*	----	612848*-41088	-10447	-30641	
3.271000	THRST & TRNS BLK CY*	750	430.0		322518*	93750	125.00*	305.0	228768*-16125	-4687	-11438		
3.272000	CONDENS BLOCKS CY*	400	903.4		361372*	81600	204.00*	699.4	279772*-18068	-4080	-13988		

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APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
3.273000	PITOT TUBE PIT	CY*	200	689.5	137908*	33600	168.00*	521.5	104308*	-6895	-1680	-5215	
3.280000	MISCELLAN STEEL	TN*	7	7042.0	49294*	19600	2800.00*	4242.0	29694*	-2464	-980	-1484	
3.400000	COOL TOWER FACIL	LS*	----	----	6034326*	3088100	----	*	2946226*	-301711	-154405	-147306	
3.410000	TOWER BASIN	LS*	----	----	772465*	196500	----	*	575965*	-38622	-9825	-28797	
3.411000	EXCAVATION	CY*	6500	22.4	145275*	0	0.00*	22.4	145275*	-7263	0	-7263	
3.412000	CONC CW COOL TWR	CY*	1500	418.1	627190*	196500	131.00*	287.1	430690*	-31359	-9825	-21534	
3.420000	PUMP CHAMBER	LS*	----	----	848470*	220600	----	*	627870*	-42422	-11030	-31392	
3.422000	EXCAVATION	CY*	4500	22.4	100575*	0	0.00*	22.4	100575*	-5028	0	-5028	
3.423000	CONCRETE	CY*	1500	465.7	698601*	201000	134.00*	331.7	497601*	-34930	-10050	-24880	
3.424000	MISC STEEL	TN*	7	7042.0	49294*	19600	2800.00*	4242.0	29694*	-2464	-980	-1484	
3.430000	INTAKE EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	----	397160*	335000	----	*	62160*	-19857	-16750	-3107	
3.433000	SCREENS	SF*	500	58.3	29140*	15000	30.00*	28.3	14140*	-1457	-750	-707	
3.435000	STOP LOGS	SF*	500	74.1	37070*	30000	60.00*	14.1	7070*	-1853	-1500	-353	
3.436000	CRANE BRIDGE 15T	EA*	1	0.0	330950*	290000	----	*	0.0	9950*	-16547	-14500	-2047
3.440000	PMP HS SPR STRUCT	LS*	----	----	757743*	336000	----	*	421743*	-37886	-16800	-21086	
3.441000	CRANE & HST SUPP	TN*	75	3155.4	236655*	120000	1600.00*	1555.4	116655*	-11832	-6000	-5832	
3.442000	BUILDING SPRSTR	SF*	6000	86.8	521088*	216000	36.00*	50.8	305088*	-26054	-10800	-15254	
3.450000	TOWER SPR STRUCT	LS*	----	----	3258488*	2000000	----	*	1258488*	-162924	-100000	-62924	
4.000000	CONCRETE	LS*	----	----	20339785*	3763000	----	*	16576785*	-1016987	-188150	-828837	
4.100000	TURBINE BLDG CONCR	CY*	4700	834.4	3921596*	667400	142.00*	692.4	3254196*	-196079	-33370	-162709	
4.200000	BOILER AREA CONCRT	CY*	1900	735.8	1397976*	269800	142.00*	593.8	1128176*	-69898	-13490	-56408	
4.300000	SILO AREA CONCRETE	CY*	1700	768.7	1306840*	241400	142.00*	626.7	1065440*	-65342	-12070	-53272	
4.400000	AACS CONCRETE	CY*	9100	767.4	6982969*	1292200	142.00*	625.4	5690769*	-349148	-64610	-284538	

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APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
4.500000	COAL HANDLG CONCRT CY*		5600	872.8	4887924*	795200	142.00*	730.8	4092724*	-244396	-39760	-204636	
4.900000	MISCELL CONCRETE	CY*	3500	526.4	1842480*	497000	142.00*	384.4	1345480*	-92124	-24850	-67274	
5.000000	STRCT STL/LFT EQP	LS*	----	----	27330950*	10663500	----	*	----	16667450*-1366545	-533174	-833371	
5.100000	TURBINE BUILDING	LS*	----	----	4195290*	2047200	----	*	----	2147390*	-209764	-102395	-107369
5.110000	MAIN STEEL	TN*	1200	2440.0	2928000*	1500000	1250.00*	1190.0	1428000*	-146400	-75000	-71400	
5.120000	FRAMING	LS*	----	----	372750*	189000	----	*	----	183750*	-18637	-9450	-9187
5.121000	WALL FRAMING	TN*	105	3550.0	372750*	189000	1800.00*	1750.0	183750*	-18637	-9450	-9187	
5.130000	MISC STEEL	LS*	----	----	563740*	128900	----	*	----	434840*	-28187	-6445	-21742
5.131000	GRATING 1-3/4"	SF*	12000	28.0	336000*	84000	7.00*	21.0	252000*	-16800	-4200	-12600	
5.132000	CHECKERED PLATE	SF*	600	57.9	34740*	6600	11.00*	46.9	28140*	-1737	-330	-1407	
5.133000	HANDRAIL	LF*	1000	103.0	103000*	15500	15.50*	87.5	87500*	-5150	-775	-4375	
5.134000	LADDERS & STRWYS	TN*	12	7500.0	90000*	22800	1900.00*	5600.0	67200*	-4500	-1140	-3360	
5.140000	LIFTING EQUIP	LS*	----	----	330800*	230000	----	*	----	100800*	-16540	-11500	-5040
5.141000	CRANE: 40 T CAP	LS*	----	----	330800*	230000	----	*	----	100800*	-16540	-11500	-5040
5.200000	STEAM GENERATOR	LS*	----	----	12073520*	4595350	----	*	----	7478170*	-603675	-229767	-373908
5.210000	MAIN STEEL	TN*	2300	2440.0	5612000*	2675000	1250.00*	1190.0	2737000*	-280600	-143750	-136850	
5.220000	FRAMING	LS*	----	----	1933000*	666000	----	*	----	1267000*	-96650	-33300	-63350
5.221000	WALL FRAMING	TN*	330	5300.0	1749000*	594000	1800.00*	3500.0	1155000*	-87450	-29700	-57750	
5.222000	ELEV FRAMING	TN*	40	4600.0	184000*	72000	1800.00*	2800.0	112000*	-9200	-3600	-5600	
5.230000	MISC STEEL	LS*	----	----	4283820*	929350	----	*	----	3354470*	-214190	-45467	-167723
5.231000	GRATING (1-3/4")	SF*	70000	28.0	1960000*	490000	7.00*	21.0	1470000*	-98000	-24500	-73500	
5.232000	CHECKERED PLATE	SF*	1600	57.9	92640*	17600	11.00*	46.9	75040*	-4632	-880	-3752	
5.233000	HANDRAIL	LF*	12500	106.5	1331180*	193750	15.50*	91.0	1137430*	-66558	-9687	-56871	

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APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
5.234000	LADDERS & STRWY	TN*	120	7500.0	900000*	228000	1900.00*	5600.0	672000*	-45000	-11400	-33600	
5.240000	LIFTING EQUIP	LS*	----	----	244700*	125000	----	*	----	119700*	-12235	-6250	-5985
5.242000	ELEV EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	----	144500*	50000	----	*	----	94500*	-7225	-2500	-4725
5.243000	OTHER LIFT EQUIP	LS*	----	----	100200*	75000	----	*	----	25200*	-5010	-3750	-1260
5.243100	(3) 15 TON HST	LS*	----	----	100200*	75000	----	*	----	25200*	-5010	-3750	-1260
5.300000	SILO BAY	LS*	----	----	3626640*	1860750	----	*	----	1765890*	-181331	-93037	-88294
5.310000	MAIN STEEL	TN*	225	2440.0	549000*	281250	1250.00*	1190.0	267750*	-27449	-14062	-13387	
5.320000	FRAMING	LS*	----	----	344500*	117000	----	*	----	227500*	-17225	-5850	-11375
5.321000	WALL FRAMING	TN*	65	5300.0	344500*	117000	1800.00*	3500.0	227500*	-17225	-5850	-11375	
5.330000	MISC STEEL	LS*	----	----	347000*	200000	----	*	----	147000*	-17350	-10000	-7350
5.340000	LIFTING EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	----	77640*	60000	----	*	----	17640*	-3882	-3000	-882
5.343000	OTHER LIFT EQUIP	LS*	----	----	77640*	60000	----	*	----	17640*	-3882	-3000	-882
5.350000	SUPPORT STEEL	LS*	----	----	755000*	265000	----	*	----	490000*	-37750	-13250	-24500
5.351000	EQUIP SUPPORTS	TN*	100	7550.0	755000*	265000	2650.00*	4900.0	490000*	-37750	-13250	-24500	
5.360000	STL SILO & CVR PL	LS*	----	----	1553500*	937500	----	*	----	616000*	-77675	-46875	-30800
5.361000	STEEL SILOS	TN*	170	6950.0	1181500*	705500	4150.00*	2800.0	476000*	-59075	-35275	-23800	
5.362000	SS PLATES	TN*	40	9300.0	372000*	232000	5800.00*	3500.0	140000*	-18600	-11600	-7000	
5.500000	CONCRETE STACKS	LS*	----	----	7087000*	2000000	----	*	----	5087000*	-354350	-100000	-254350
5.700000	CECI STEEL	LS*	----	----	69500*	38000	----	*	----	31500*	-3475	-1900	-1575
5.900000	UNCLASS STEEL	TN*	45	6200.0	279000*	121500	2700.00*	3500.0	157500*	-13950	-6075	-7875	
6.000000	BUILDINGS	LS*	----	----	18242737*	5880650	----	*	----	12362087*	-912124	-294031	-618093
6.100000	TURBINE BUILDING	LS*	----	----	2123684*	870000	----	*	----	1253684*	-106183	-43500	-62683
6.110000	ARCHITECT FEATURE	LS*	----	----	971438*	300000	----	*	----	671438*	-48571	-15000	-33571

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APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW TUA  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 H-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 14:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
6.170000	HVAC	LS*	----	857540*	450000	----	*	-----	-----	407540*	-42877	-22500	-20377		
6.180000	PLUMB & DRAINAGE	LS*	----	229360*	100000	----	*	-----	-----	129360*	-11468	-5000	-6468		
6.190000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	65346*	20000	----	*	-----	-----	45346*	-3267	-1000	-2267		
6.200000	STEAM GEN BUILDING	LS*	----	2561596*	950000	----	*	-----	-----	1611596*	-128079	-47500	-80579		
6.210000	ARCHITECT FEATRS	LS*	----	1265080*	380000	----	*	-----	-----	885080*	-63254	-19000	-44254		
6.270000	HVAC	LS*	----	1131400*	500000	----	*	-----	-----	631400*	-56570	-25000	-31570		
6.280000	PLUMB & DRAINAGE	LS*	----	71160*	30000	----	*	-----	-----	41160*	-3558	-1500	-2058		
6.290000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	93956*	40000	----	*	-----	-----	53956*	-4697	-2000	-2697		
6.300000	SILO BAY	LS*	----	778890*	281500	----	*	-----	-----	497390*	-38943	-14075	-24868		
6.310000	ARCHITECT FEATRS	LS*	----	263118*	80000	----	*	-----	-----	183118*	-13155	-4000	-9155		
6.370000	HVAC	LS*	----	349600*	120000	----	*	-----	-----	229600*	-17480	-6000	-11480		
6.380000	PLUMB & DRAINAGE	LS*	----	151440*	75000	----	*	-----	-----	76440*	-7572	-3750	-3822		
6.390000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	14732*	6500	----	*	-----	-----	8232*	-736	-325	-411		
6.400000	AQCS BUILDINGS	LS*	----	3551873*	886700	----	*	-----	-----	2665173*	-177590	-44334	-133256		
6.410000	AQCS SWGR BLDG	SF*	1350	137.3	185409*	47250	35.00*	102.3	138159*	-9269	-2362	-6907			
6.420000	AQCS CTRL BLDG	SF*	3600	173.4	624251*	169200	47.00*	126.4	455051*	-31212	-8460	-22752			
6.430000	DIESEL GEN BLDG	SF*	850	148.2	125949*	29750	35.00*	113.2	96199*	-6296	-1487	-4809			
6.440000	PUMP HOUSE	SF*	14000	149.2	2088464*	504000	36.00*	113.2	1584464*	-104423	-25200	-79223			
6.450000	LIMESTN PREP BLDG	SF*	6500	81.2	527800*	136500	21.00*	60.2	391300*	-26390	-6825	-19565			
6.900000	MISC BUILDINGS	LS*	----	9226694*	2892450	----	*	-----	-----	6334244*	-461329	-144622	-316707		
6.930000	ADMIN BUILDING	SF*	4000	268.6	1074600*	292000	73.00*	195.6	782600*	-53730	-14600	-39130			
6.940000	CONTROL BUILDING	LS*	----	1246580*	470000	----	*	-----	-----	776580*	-62329	-23500	-38829		
6.950000	WTR TRMT BLDG	SF*	3250	224.5	729755*	201500	62.00*	162.5	528255*	-36487	-10075	-26412			

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APA  
BOSITNA 200 MW COAL  
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DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
6.990000	ALL OTHER	LS*	----	----	6175759*	1928950	----	*	----	4246809*	-308783	-96447	-212336
6.991000	PLANT MAINT	SF*	3000	169.3	508020*	201000	67.00*	102.3	307020*	-25401	-10050	-15351	
6.992000	AUX BOILER	SF*	1000	240.6	240580*	66000	66.00*	174.6	174580*	-12029	-3300	-8729	
6.993000	YD EQP MAINT BLD	SF*	1200	151.3	181596*	62400	52.00*	99.3	119196*	-9079	-3120	-5959	
6.994000	CHLORINE BLDG	SF*	1000	151.4	151370*	40000	40.00*	111.4	111370*	-7568	-2000	-5560	
6.995000	FIRE/SRV PUMP HS	SF*	800	160.4	128804*	36800	46.00*	114.4	91504*	-6415	-1840	-4575	
6.996000	GUARD HOUSE	SF*	225	250.6	56385*	15750	70.00*	180.6	40635*	-2818	-787	-2031	
6.997000	WAREHOUSE NO. 1	SF*	23000	63.1	1451760*	621000	27.00*	36.1	830760*	-72588	-31050	-41538	
6.998000	BULK GAS STR BLD	SF*	1200	149.4	179244*	45600	38.00*	111.4	133644*	-8962	-2280	-6682	
6.999000	OTHER BUILDINGS	LS*	----	----	3278500*	840400	----	*	----	2438100*	-163923	-42020	-121903
6.999100	SWTH YD CTRL BL	SF*	800	146.4	117088*	30400	38.00*	108.4	86688*	-5854	-1520	-4334	
6.999200	CONTROL & SWGR	SF*	2000	148.3	286680*	82000	41.00*	102.3	204680*	-14334	-4100	-10234	
6.999300	SWER TRMT BLDG	SF*	3000	147.4	442110*	108000	36.00*	111.4	334110*	-22105	-5400	-16705	
6.999400	DEWTR & FIXTN	SF*	8000	135.3	1082720*	264000	33.00*	102.3	818720*	-54136	-13200	-40936	
6.999500	SWTCH YD CTRL	SF*	700	148.4	103852*	28000	40.00*	108.4	75852*	-5192	-1400	-3792	
6.999600	CRSHING & SAMPL	SF*	2000	149.4	298740*	76000	38.00*	111.4	222740*	-14937	-3800	-11137	
6.999700	WASTEWTR TRMT	SF*	7000	135.3	947310*	252000	36.00*	99.3	695310*	-47365	-12600	-34765	
7.000000	TURBINE GENERATOR	LS*	----	----	19064900*	16400000	----	*	----	2664900*	-953245	-820000	-133245
7.100000	TURBINE GENERATOR	LS*	----	----	19064900*	16400000	----	*	----	2664900*	-953245	-820000	-133245
8.000000	STM GENER & ACCESS	LS*	----	----	42900000*	24000000	----	*	----	18900000*	-2145000	-1200000	-945000
8.100000	STEAM GENERATOR	LS*	----	----	42900000*	24000000	----	*	----	18900000*	-2145000	-1200000	-945000
9.000000	ARCS	LS*	----	----	53956000*	30148300	----	*	----	23807700*	-2697800	-1507415	-1190385
9.100000	BAGHOUSE	LS*	----	----	8006800*	4000000	----	*	----	4006800*	-400340	-200000	-200340

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	(U + INS)	(TOT INST)	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
9.200000	FLUE GAS DESULFUR	LS*	----	37475700*	20157000	----	*	----	17318700*-1873785	-1007850	-865935		
9.210000	COMPONENTS	LS*	----	37475700*	20157000	----	*	----	17318700*-1873785	-1007850	-865935		
9.211000	DUCTWORK FOR FGD	LS*	----	3418000*	1528000	----	*	----	1890000*-170900	-76400	-94500		
9.213000	SO2 ABSORB MODULE	LS*	----	27694500*	15000000	----	*	----	12694500*-1384725	-750000	-634725		
9.215000	LMST ULD, STR&RECL	LS*	----	3076000*	1438000	----	*	----	1638000*-153800	-71900	-81900		
9.216000	LIMESTN PREGENER	LS*	----	3287200*	2191000	----	*	----	1096200*-164360	-109550	-54810		
9.300000	WASTE DISPOSAL	LS*	----	6229000*	4276000	----	*	----	1953000*-311450	-213800	-97650		
9.310000	WASTE DISPOS SYS	LS*	----	6229000*	4276000	----	*	----	1953000*-311450	-213800	-97650		
9.311000	WASTE PROCESS EQ	LS*	----	6229000*	4276000	----	*	----	1953000*-311450	-213800	-97650		
9.400000	FANS	LS*	----	2244500*	1715300	----	*	----	529200*-112225	-85765	-26460		
9.410000	I.D. FANS	LS*	----	1398900*	1065000	----	*	----	333900*-69945	-53250	-16695		
9.420000	SILENCERS	LS*	----	845600*	650300	----	*	----	195300*-42280	-32515	-9765		
10.000000	OTHER MECHAN EQUIP	LS*	----	19909906*	14724200	----	*	----	5185706*-995480	-736210	-259270		
10.100000	PUMPS	LS*	----	3486968*	2987000	----	*	----	499968*-174342	-149350	-24992		
10.110000	BOILER PUMPS	LS*	----	3038370*	2648400	----	*	----	389970*-151918	-132420	-19498		
10.111000	BOILER FEED PUMPS	EA*	2	400420.0	800840*	644600	----	*	78120.0	156240*	-40042	-32230	-7812
10.112000	BF PUMP TURBINES	EA*	2	865000.0	1730000*	1604000	----	*	63000.0	126000*	-86500	-80200	-6300
10.113000	BF BOOSTER PUMPS	EA*	2	121750.0	243500*	186800	93400.00*	28350.0		56700*	-12175	-9340	-2835
10.114000	BF STRT UP/STD BY	LS*	----	264030*	213000	----	*	----		51030*	-13201	-10650	-2551
10.120000	FEEDWTR SYS PUMPS	LS*	----	9753*	7800	----	*	----		1953*	-487	-390	-97
10.121000	CONDEN TRANSFER	LS*	----	9753*	7800	----	*	----		1953*	-487	-390	-97
10.130000	SRV & COOL WTR PMP	LS*	----	68064*	41100	----	*	----		26964*	-3402	-2055	-1347
10.131000	SERVICE WATER	EA*	4	6861.0	27444*	15600	3900.00*	2961.0		11844*	-1372	-780	-592

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ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN* (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)		
10.132000	AIR HTR WASH PMPS LS*	----	----	19112*	11300	----	*	----	7812*	-955	-565	-390	
10.133000	CLSD CYC COOL WSP EA*	2	10754.0	21508*	14200	7100.00*	3654.0	7308*	-1075	-710	-365		
10.140000	OIL PUMPS	LS*	----	59171*	45500	----	*	----	13671*	-2956	-2275	-681	
10.141000	LGT OIL UNLD PMPS EA*	2	7253.0	14506*	10600	5300.00*	1953.0	3906*	-725	-530	-195		
10.142000	IGNITER OIL PUMPS EA*	3	10253.0	30759*	24900	8300.00*	1953.0	5859*	-1537	-1245	-292		
10.143000	TURB LO TRANS PMP LS*	----	----	6953*	5000	----	*	----	1953*	-347	-250	-97	
10.145000	LO COND PUMP	LS*	----	6953*	5000	----	*	----	1953*	-347	-250	-97	
10.150000	SUMP PUMPS	EA*	6	20660.0	123960*	116400	19400.00*	1260.0	7560*	-6198	-5820	-378	
10.160000	OTHER PUMPS	LS*	----	187650*	127800	----	*	----	59850*	-9381	-6390	-2991	
10.161000	COOLING TOWER MU	LS*	----	35332*	18700	----	*	----	16632*	-1766	-935	-831	
10.162000	OP CYC CLG WTR	EA*	2	24420.0	48840*	31200	15600.00*	8820.0	17640*	-2442	-1560	-882	
10.163000	FIRE PROTECT PMPS	EA*	3	24252.0	72756*	53100	17700.00*	6552.0	19656*	-3637	-2655	-982	
10.164000	AIR PREHTR GLY	EA*	2	15361.0	30722*	24800	12400.00*	2961.0	5922*	-1536	-1240	-296	
10.200000	CONDENSING PLANT	LS*	----	2478399*	1780800	----	*	----	697599*	-123918	-89040	-34878	
10.210000	CONDENSER & AUXIL	LS*	----	1585900*	1000000	----	*	----	585900*	-79295	-50000	-29295	
10.220000	EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	892499*	780800	----	*	----	111699*	-44623	-39040	-5583	
10.221000	CW PUMPS	EA*	2	148832.0	297664*	264400	----	*	16632.0	33264*	-14883	-13220	-1663
10.222000	CONDENSATE PUMPS	EA*	2	89624.0	179248*	148000	74000.00*	15624.0	31248*	-8962	-7400	-1562	
10.223000	VACUUM PUMPS	EA*	2	84667.0	169334*	155600	77800.00*	6867.0	13734*	-8466	-7780	-686	
10.226000	COND CLEAN SYS	LS*	----	243500*	212000	----	*	----	31500*	-12175	-10600	-1575	
10.227000	COND COLL PUMP	LS*	----	2753*	800	----	*	----	1953*	-137	-40	-97	
10.300000	HEAT EXCHANGERS	LS*	----	1993318*	1811500	----	*	----	161818*	-99665	-90575	-9090	
10.310000	FEEDWATER HEATERS	EA*	7	180838.0	1265866*	1166200	----	*	14238.0	99666*	-63293	-58310	-4983

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APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL.  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

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MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN* (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)		
10.132000	AIR HTR WASH PMPS LS*	----	----	19112*	11300	----	*	----	7812*	-955	-565	-390	
10.133000	CLSD CYC COOL WSP EA*	2	10754.0	21508*	14200	7100.00*	3654.0	7308*	-1075	-710	-365		
10.140000	OIL PUMPS	LS*	----	59171*	45500	----	*	----	13671*	-2956	-2275	-681	
10.141000	LGT OIL UNLD PMPS EA*	2	7253.0	14506*	10600	5300.00*	1953.0	3906*	-725	-530	-195		
10.142000	IGNITER OIL PUMPS EA*	3	10253.0	30759*	24900	8300.00*	1953.0	5859*	-1537	-1245	-292		
10.143000	TURB LO TRANS PMP LS*	----	----	6953*	5000	----	*	----	1953*	-347	-250	-97	
10.145000	LO COND PUMP	LS*	----	6953*	5000	----	*	----	1953*	-347	-250	-97	
10.150000	SUMP PUMPS	EA*	6	20660.0	123960*	116400	19400.00*	1260.0	7560*	-6198	-5820	-378	
10.160000	OTHER PUMPS	LS*	----	187650*	127800	----	*	----	59850*	-9381	-6390	-2991	
10.161000	COOLING TOWER MU	LS*	----	35332*	18700	----	*	----	16632*	-1766	-935	-831	
10.162000	OP CYC CLG WTR	EA*	2	24420.0	48840*	31200	15600.00*	8820.0	17640*	-2442	-1560	-882	
10.163000	FIRE PROTECT PMPS EA*	3	24252.0	72756*	53100	17700.00*	6552.0	19656*	-3637	-2655	-982		
10.164000	AIR PREHTR GLY	EA*	2	15361.0	30722*	24800	12400.00*	2961.0	5922*	-1536	-1240	-296	
10.200000	CONDENSING PLANT	LS*	----	2478399*	1780800	----	*	----	697599*	-123918	-89040	-34878	
10.210000	CONDENSER & AUXIL	LS*	----	1585900*	1000000	----	*	----	585900*	-79295	-50000	-29295	
10.220000	EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	892499*	780800	----	*	----	111699*	-44623	-39040	-5583	
10.221000	CW PUMPS	EA*	2	148832.0	297664*	264400	----	*	16632.0	33264*	-14883	-13220	-1663
10.222000	CONDENSATE PUMPS	EA*	2	89624.0	179248*	148000	74000.00*	15624.0	31248*	-8962	-7400	-1562	
10.223000	VACUUM PUMPS	EA*	2	84667.0	169334*	155600	77800.00*	6867.0	13734*	-8466	-7780	-686	
10.226000	COND CLEAN SYS	LS*	----	243500*	212000	----	*	----	31500*	-12175	-10600	-1575	
10.227000	COND COLL PUMP	LS*	----	2753*	800	----	*	----	1953*	-137	-40	-97	
10.300000	HEAT EXCHANGERS	LS*	----	1993318*	1811500	----	*	----	181818*	-99665	-90575	-9090	
10.310000	FEETWATER HEATERS	EA*	7	180838.0	1265864*	1166200	----	*	14238.0	99666*	-63293	-58310	-4983

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ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	*(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	*(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	*(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
10.320000	DEAER/ VENT CONDEN LS*	----	----	240740*	197900	-----	*	-----	42840*	-12037	-9895	-2142	
10.330000	CLSD CYC COOL WHE	EA*	2	171250.0	342500*	311000	-----	*	15750.0	300*	-17125	-15550	-1575
10.340000	AIR PRHTR GLY HE	EA*	2	72106.0	144212*	136400	68200.00*	3906.0	7812*	-7210	-4820	-390	
10.400000	TANKS	LS*	----	721815*	277300	-----	*	-----	444515*	-36086	-13865	-22221	
10.410000	WATER TANKS	LS*	----	448315*	145600	-----	*	-----	302715*	-22415	-7280	-15135	
10.412000	CONDEN STRG TANK	LS*	----	200175*	53700	-----	*	-----	146478*	-10008	-2685	-7323	
10.414000	FIRE&SRV WTR STRG	LS*	----	248140*	91900	-----	*	-----	156240*	-12407	-4595	-7812	
10.430000	LGT OIL STRG TANK	LS*	----	126232*	40300	-----	*	-----	85932*	-6311	-2015	-4296	
10.440000	OTHER FL OIL STRG	EA*	3	14352.0	43056*	23400	7800.00*	6552.0	19656*	-2162	-1170	-982	
10.450000	OTHER OIL TANKS	LS*	----	104212*	68000	-----	*	-----	36212*	-5208	-3400	-1808	
10.452000	BATCH OIL TANK	LS*	----	35600*	19800	-----	*	-----	15800*	-1780	-990	-790	
10.453000	CONT BLWDWN FL TK	LS*	----	6550*	3400	-----	*	-----	3150*	-327	-170	-157	
10.454000	INT BLWDWN FLH TK	LS*	----	23559*	17700	-----	*	-----	5859*	-1177	-885	-292	
10.455000	COND COLL TANK	LS*	----	9753*	7800	-----	*	-----	1953*	-487	-390	-97	
10.456000	CLSD CYC CL WHT	LS*	----	9950*	6800	-----	*	-----	3150*	-497	-340	-157	
10.457000	AIR PREHT CL EX	LS*	----	18800*	12500	-----	*	-----	6300*	-940	-625	-315	
10.500000	MISCELLANEOUS EQUIP	LS*	----	3308706*	2662200	-----	*	-----	646506*	-165434	-133110	-32324	
10.510000	COMPRESSED AIR EQP	LS*	----	274026*	192000	-----	*	-----	82026*	-13701	-9600	-4101	
10.512000	STAT AIR COMPRESS	EA*	2	115060.0	230120*	152000	76000.00*	39060.0	78120*	-11506	-7600	-3906	
10.513000	AIR DRYERS	LS*	----	43906*	40000	-----	*	-----	3906*	-2195	-2000	-195	
10.520000	WTR TREAT EQUIP	LS*	----	3034680*	2470200	-----	*	-----	564480*	-151733	-123510	-28223	
10.521000	MKUP WTR TRTMT	LS*	----	1120660*	886300	-----	*	-----	234360*	-56033	-44315	-11718	
10.522000	COND FOL DEMINER	LS*	----	1089560*	855200	-----	*	-----	234360*	-54478	-42760	-11718	

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10.523000	CHLORINAT EQUIP	LS* ----	319060* 280000 ---- * ---- 39060* -15953 -14000 -1953
10.524000	BOILER CHEM FEED	LS* ----	70670* 58700 ---- * ---- 11970* -3533 -2935 -598
10.525000	SAMPLING SYSTEM	LS* ----	195640* 178000 ---- * ---- 17640* -9782 -8900 -882
10.526000	BLK GAS STR&DISTR	LS* ----	239090* 212000 ---- * ---- 27090* -11954 -10600 -1354
10.600000	AUXILIARY BOILER	LS* ----	732900* 575400 ---- * ---- 157500* -36645 -28770 -7875
10.700000	CECI	LS* ----	2982000* 2100000 ---- * ---- 882000* -149100 -105000 -44100
10.800000	EQUIP UNLOAD FACIL	LS* ----	1356000* 1230000 ---- * ---- 126000* -67800 -61500 -6300
10.900000	TURBINE BYPASS	LS* ----	2849800* 1300000 ---- * ---- 1549800* -142490 -65000 -77490
11.000000	COAL&ASH HNDL EQUIP	LS* ----	22802750* 13343300 ---- * ---- 9459450* -1140136 -667165 -472971
11.100000	COAL HANDLING	LS* ----	18070090* 10627900 ---- * ---- 7442190* -903504 -531395 -372109
11.110000	THAWING FACILITY	LS* ----	2356800* 2041800 ---- * ---- 315000* -117840 -102090 -15750
11.120000	UNLOADING FACILITY	LS* ----	912500* 440000 ---- * ---- 472500* -45625 -22000 -23625
11.122000	CONVEYOR NO 1	LS* ----	912500* 440000 ---- * ---- 472500* -45625 -22000 -23625
11.130000	STACKOUT SYSTEM	LS* ----	2532600* 1260000 ---- * ---- 1272600* -126630 -63000 -63630
11.131000	CONVEYOR NO 2	LS* ----	2532600* 1260000 ---- * ---- 1272600* -126630 -63000 -63630
11.140000	RECLAIM SYSTEM	LS* ----	6777500* 3829100 ---- * ---- 2948400* -338875 -191455 -147420
11.141000	STACKER RECLAIMER	LS* ----	4291000* 2590000 ---- * ---- 1701000* -214550 -129500 -85050
11.142000	CONVEYOR NO 5	LS* ----	817400* 401600 ---- * ---- 415800* -40870 -20080 -20790
11.143000	EMER RECLM HOPPER	LS* ----	27300* 14700 ---- * ---- 12600* -1365 -735 -630
11.144000	CONVEYOR NO 6	LS* ----	645000* 304800 ---- * ---- 340200* -32250 -15240 -17010
11.145000	CONVEYOR NO 7A&7B EA*	2 498400.0	996800* 518000 ---- * 239400.0 478800* -49840 -25900 -23940
11.160000	CRUSH & TRANSF SYS	LS* ----	3323300* 1614000 ---- * ---- 1707300* -166165 -80800 -85365
11.161000	CONVEYOR NO 8A&8B EA*	2 828400.0	1656800* 800000 ---- * 428400.0 856800* -82840 -40000 -42840

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11.162000	SURGE BIN	LS*	----	260000*	102500	----	*	----	157500*	-13000	-5125	-7875
11.163000	SAMPLING SYSTEM	LS*	----	595000*	280000	----	*	----	315000*	-29750	-14000	-15750
11.164000	COAL CRUSHERS	LS*	----	114100*	70000	----	*	----	44100*	-5705	-3500	-2205
11.165000	CONVEYOR NO 9A	LS*	----	697400*	363500	----	*	----	333900*	-34870	-18175	-16695
11.170000	MISC SYSTEMS	LS*	----	2167390*	1441000	----	*	----	726390*	-108369	-72050	-36319
11.172000	FIRE PROTECTION	LS*	----	881600*	491000	----	*	----	390600*	-44080	-24550	-19530
11.173000	TUNNEL VENT	LS*	----	27330*	7800	----	*	----	19530*	-1366	-390	-976
11.174000	INSTRUM & CONTROL	LS*	----	682260*	643200	----	*	----	39060*	-34113	-32160	-1953
11.176000	MISC EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	576200*	299000	----	*	----	277200*	-26810	-14950	-13860
11.200000	BTM ASH HNDL SYSTEM	LS*	----	3021560*	1615400	----	*	----	1406160*	-151077	-80770	-70307
11.210000	FURN BTM ASH SYS	LS*	----	1150800*	672000	----	*	----	478800*	-57540	-33600	-23940
11.220000	PYRITE HNDL SYSTEM	LS*	----	114630*	63600	----	*	----	51030*	-5731	-3180	-2551
11.230000	ECONOMIZER ASH SYS	LS*	----	316300*	184000	----	*	----	132300*	-15815	-9200	-6615
11.240000	DEWTW BIN&SET TKS	LS*	----	1129600*	487000	----	*	----	642600*	-56480	-24350	-32130
11.250000	MAJOR PUMPS	EA*	3	64390.0	193170*	130800	43600.00*	20790.0	62370*	-9658	-6540	-3118
11.260000	BTM ASH INSTRUM	LS*	----	117060*	78000	----	*	----	39060*	-5853	-3900	-1953
11.400000	FLY ASH INST & CTL	LS*	----	1711100*	1100000	----	*	----	611100*	-85555	-55000	-30555
12.000000	PIPING	LS*	----	28004420*	9876800	----	*	----	18127620*-1400221	-493840	-906381	
12.100000	LARGE BORE PIPING	TN*	920	19711.0	18134120*	8454800	9190.00*	10521.0	9679320*	-906706	-422740	-483966
12.200000	SMALL BORE PIPING	LF*	90000	109.7	987030.0*	1422000	15.80*	93.9	8448300*	-493515	-71100	-422415
13.000000	INSULATION	LS*	----	6880000*	580000	----	*	----	6300000*	-344000	-29000	-315000
13.100000	INSULATION	LS*	----	4880000*	580000	----	*	----	6300000*	-344000	-29000	-315000
14.000000	INSTRUMENTATION	LS*	----	7067000*	6500000	----	*	----	567000*	-353350	-325000	-28350

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(PTY)	(UN \$ TOT)(TOTAL AMT)*(TOT MATL)(UN \$MAT)*(U \$ INS)(TOT INST)*(TOT ESC)(MAT FSC)(INS ESC)										
14.100000	INSTRUMENTATION	LS*	----	7067000*	6500000	----	*	----	567000*	-353350	-325000	-28350		
15.000000	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	57570000*	21000000	----	*	----	36570000*	-2878500	-1050000	-1828500		
16.000000	PAINTING	LS*	----	2224340*	155000	----	*	----	2069340*	-111217	-7750	-103467		
16.100000	TURBINE BUILDING	LS*	----	650600*	50000	----	*	----	600600*	-32530	-2500	-30030		
16.200000	STEAM GEN BLDG	LS*	----	1167000*	75000	----	*	----	1092000*	-58350	-3750	-54600		
16.300000	SILO BAY	LS*	----	118200*	9000	----	*	----	109200*	-5910	-450	-5460		
16.900000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	288540*	21000	----	*	----	267540*	-14427	-1050	-13377		
17.000000	OFF-SITE FACILITIES	LS*	----	13460700*	6030000	----	*	----	7430700*	-673035	-301500	-371535		
17.100000	RANNEY WELL SYSTEM	LS*	----	3083700*	570000	----	*	----	2513700*	-154185	-28500	-125685		
17.200000	ACCESS ROADS	MI*	20	518850.0	10377000*	5460000	----	*	245850.0	4917000*	-518850	-273000	-245850	
18.000000	WATERFRONT FACILITY	LS*	----	7837739*	1888700	----	*	----	5949039*	-391884	-94435	-297449		
18.100000	BARGE UNLOADNG FAC	LS*	----	577920*	0	----	*	----	577920*	-28896	0	-28896		
18.110000	DREDGING	CY*	32000	18.1	577920*	0	0.00*	18.1	577920*	-28896	0	-28896		
18.200000	MOOR/DOCK FACILITY	LS*	----	7259819*	1888700	----	*	----	5371119*	-362988	-94435	-268553		
18.210000	EXCAVATION	CY*	45000	8.3	372487*	0	0.00*	8.3	372487*	-18624	0	-18624		
18.220000	FILL	CY*	27500	9.7	266062*	0	0.00*	9.7	266062*	-13303	0	-13303		
18.230000	H PILES	LF*	1800	58.6	105435*	70200	39.00*	19.6	35235*	-5271	-3510	-1761		
18.240000	SHEET PILING	TN*	2100	2518.8	5289375*	1470000	700.00*	1818.8	3819375*	-264468	-73500	-190968		
18.250000	STRUCTURAL STEEL	TN*	85	2458.0	208730*	93500	1100.00*	1358.0	115430*	-10446	-4675	-5771		
18.260000	CONCRETE	CY*	1200	471.9	566280*	180000	150.00*	321.9	386280*	-28314	-9000	-19314		
18.270000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	451250*	75000	----	*	----	376250*	-22562	-3750	-18812		
19.000000	SUBSTATION/T-LINE	LS*	----	23198950*	13080000	----	*	----	10118950*-1159947	-654000	-505947			
19.100000	SUBSTATION	LS*	----	3714550*	3000000	----	*	----	714550*	-185727	-150000	-35727		

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	*(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	*(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	*(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
19.200000	230KV T-LINE: 1 CIR MI*		48	405925.0	19484400*	10080000	----	* 195925.0	9404400*	-974220	-504000	-470220
71.000000	INDIRECT CONST COST LS*	---	---	40949079*	0	----	* -----	40949079*-2047453	0	-2047453		
71.100000	FIELD LOCAL HIRES LS*	---	---	4472325*	0	----	* -----	4472325*-223616	0	-223616		
71.200000	CRAFT P/R FRINGES LS*	---	---	3000000*	0	----	* -----	3000000*-150000	0	-150000		
71.210000	PREM PAY-CASUAL LS*	---	---	2000000*	0	----	* -----	2000000*-100000	0	-100000		
71.220000	PREM PAY-SCHED LS*	---	---	1000000*	0	----	* -----	1000000*-50000	0	-50000		
71.300000	CONSTR EQUIPT LS*	---	---	180000*	0	----	* -----	180000*-9000	0	-9000		
71.310000	AUTOMOTIVE(C/M) LS*	---	---	180000*	0	----	* -----	180000*-9000	0	-9000		
71.400000	CONSTRUCTION PLANT LS*	---	---	26871384*	0	----	* -----	26871384*-1343569	0	-1343569		
71.410000	CONSTRUCTN BLDGS LS*	---	---	1626000*	0	----	* -----	1626000*-81300	0	-81300		
71.420000	TEMP FACILITIES LS*	---	---	25245384*	0	----	* -----	25245384*-1262269	0	-1262269		
71.421000	LABOR CAMP LS*	---	---	10000000*	0	----	* -----	10000000*-500000	0	-500000		
71.422000	FOOD SERVICE LS*	---	---	11000000*	0	----	* -----	11000000*-550000	0	-550000		
71.423000	TEMPORARY POWER LS*	---	---	2205002*	0	----	* -----	2205002*-110250	0	-110250		
71.423100	69KV T-LINE MI*	10	220500.2	2205002*	0	0.00*	220500.2	2205002*-110250	0	-110250		
71.424000	OTHER TEMP FACIL LS*	---	---	2040382*	0	----	* -----	2040382*-102019	0	-102019		
71.600000	OFFICE/LABOR EXP LS*	---	---	2069870*	0	----	* -----	2069870*-103493	0	-103493		
71.610000	OFFICE EXPENSE LS*	---	---	155000*	0	----	* -----	155000*-7750	0	-7750		
71.620000	LABOR EXPENSE LS*	---	---	691070*	0	----	* -----	691070*-34553	0	-34553		
71.630000	TESTING LS*	---	---	761800*	0	----	* -----	761800*-38090	0	-38090		
71.640000	SECURITY GUARDS LS*	---	---	462000*	0	----	* -----	462000*-23100	0	-23100		
71.700000	OFF-SITE UNIDG/HLG LS*	---	---	4088800*	0	----	* -----	4088800*-204440	0	-204440		
71.800000	CONSTRUCTN CLEANUP LS*	---	---	266700*	0	----	* -----	266700*-13335	0	-13335		

BY: JDF CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200 MW COAL  
ESTIMATE NR. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 21-JUN-84 TIME: 16:40:54

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN* (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT) (TOTAL AMT)	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	(U * INS)	(TOT INST)	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
72.000000	PROFESSIONAL SERVCS LS*	----	54650000*	0	-----	*	-----	54650000*-2732500	0	-2732500

"UNIT 2"

P. 1

BY: WMP CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200MW UNIT2  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 23-OCT-84 TIME: 18:04:19

SUMMARY  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
99.000000	TOTAL PROJECT COST	LS*	----	372993683*	160570971	----	*	----	212422712*	0	0	0
100.000000	CONTINGENCY	LS*	----	44911344*	17204032	----	*	----	27707312*	0	0	0
300.000000	TOTAL COST W/O CONT	LS*	----	328082339*	143366939	----	*	----	184715400*	0	0	0
1.000000	IMPROVEMNTS TO SITE	LS*	----	321140*	168000	----	*	----	153140*	0	0	0
2.000000	EARTHWORK & PILING	LS*	----	13641083*	7410000	----	*	----	6231083*	0	0	0
3.000000	CIRC WATER SYSTEM	LS*	----	7404345*	3698942	----	*	----	3705403*	0	0	0
4.000000	CONCRETE	LS*	----	13036040*	2529175	----	*	----	10506865*	0	0	0
5.000000	STRCT STL/LFT EQP	LS*	----	18866183*	8220120	----	*	----	10646063*	0	0	0
6.000000	BUILDINGS	LS*	----	9030239*	3157732	----	*	----	5672507*	0	0	0
7.000000	TURBINE GENERATOR	LS*	----	18264278*	15619048	----	*	----	2645230*	0	0	0
8.000000	STM GENER & ACCESS	LS*	----	42445644*	22857144	----	*	----	19588500*	0	0	0
9.000000	ABCS	LS*	----	39715660*	21184103	----	*	----	18531557*	0	0	0
10.000000	OTHER MECHAN EQUIP	LS*	----	13762103*	9957312	----	*	----	3804791*	0	0	0
11.000000	COAL&ASH HNDL EQUIP	LS*	----	5530266*	3399907	----	*	----	2130359*	0	0	0
12.000000	PIPING	LS*	----	25175560*	8926217	----	*	----	16249343*	0	0	0
13.000000	INSULATION	LS*	----	6774331*	552381	----	*	----	6221950*	0	0	0
14.000000	INSTRUMENTATION	LS*	----	6730093*	6190476	----	*	----	539617*	0	0	0
15.000000	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	43916857*	17904762	----	*	----	26012095*	0	0	0
16.000000	PAINTING	LS*	----	2100475*	127620	----	*	----	1972855*	0	0	0
17.000000	OFF-SITE FACILITIES	LS*	----	3484604*	542857	----	*	----	2941747*	0	0	0
19.000000	SUBSTATION/T-LINE	LS*	----	17997823*	10921143	----	*	----	7076680*	0	0	0
71.000000	INDIRECT CONST COST	LS*	----	26285615*	0	----	*	----	26285615*	0	0	0
72.000000	PROFESSIONAL SERVCS	LS*	----	13600000*	0	----	*	----	13600000*	0	0	0

Attachment 3a.3

00250

V. 1

BY: WMP CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200MW UNIT2  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 23-OCT-84 TIME: 18:04:19

**DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT**

ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)(TOTAL AMT)*(TOT MATL)(UN \$MAT)*(U \$ INS)(TOT INST)*(TOT ESC)(MAT ESC)(INS ESC)							
99.000000	TOTAL PROJECT COST	LS*	----	372993683* 160570971	----	*	----	212422712*	0	0	0
100.000000	CONTINGENCY	LS*	----	44911344* 17204032	----	*	----	27707312*	0	0	0
300.000000	TOTAL COST W/O CONT	LS*	----	328082339* 143366939	----	*	----	184715400*	0	0	0
1.000000	IMPROVEMNTS TO SITE	LS*	----	321140* 168000	----	*	----	153140*	0	0	0
1.300000	SITE DRAINAGE	LS*	----	279580* 150000	----	*	----	129580*	0	0	0
1.500000	SEWAGE FACILITIES	LS*	----	41560* 18000	----	*	----	23560*	0	0	0
2.000000	EARTHWORK & PILING	LS*	----	13641083* 7410000	----	*	----	6231083*	0	0	0
2.200000	STRCTR & EQUIP EXC	LS*	----	1295429* 0	----	*	----	1295429*	0	0	0
2.210000	STATION AREA	LS*	----	486736* 0	----	*	----	486736*	0	0	0
2.212000	EARTH EXCAVATION CY*	18700	26.0	486736* 0 0.00*	26.0	486736*	0	0	0	0	0
2.250000	AGCS FDNS	LS*	----	808693* 0	----	*	----	808693*	0	0	0
2.252000	EARTH EXCAVATION CY*	17200	26.0	447694* 0 0.00*	26.0	447694*	0	0	0	0	0
2.253000	ROCK EXCAVATION	CY*	5400	66.9 360999*	0	0.00*	66.9	360999*	0	0	0
2.300000	TRENCHING	LS*	----	1518789* 0	----	*	----	1518789*	0	0	0
2.310000	CONC WATER COND	LS*	----	314841* 0	----	*	----	314841*	0	0	0
2.312000	EARTH EXCAVATION CY*	12600	25.0	314841* 0 0.00*	25.0	314841*	0	0	0	0	0
2.320000	YARD PIPING	LS*	----	817776* 0	----	*	----	817776*	0	0	0
2.322000	EARTH EXCAVATION CY*	30000	27.3	817776* 0 0.00*	27.3	817776*	0	0	0	0	0
2.330000	SEWERS & DRAINS	LS*	----	386172* 0	----	*	----	386172*	0	0	0
2.332000	EARTH EXCAVATION CY*	10000	38.6	386172* 0 0.00*	38.6	386172*	0	0	0	0	0
2.500000	PILES (H PILES)	LS*	----	10826865* 7410000	----	*	----	3416865*	0	0	0
2.510000	STATION AREA	LF*	140000	57.0 7977690*	5460000	39.00*	18.0	2517690*	0	0	0
2.520000	AGCS AREA	LF*	50000	57.0 2849175*	1950000	39.00*	18.0	899175*	0	0	0

BY: WMP CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200MW UNITE  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 23-OCT-84 TIME: 18:04:19

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)	*(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	*(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)	*(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
3.000000	CIRC WATER SYSTEM	LS*	----	7404345*	3698942	----	*	----	3705403*	0	0	0	
3.200000	INTK & DISC PIPING	LS*	----	1866809*	778552	----	*	----	1088257*	0	0	0	
3.210000	CONCR PIPE: 60"	LF*	3000	337.4	1012113*	543000	181.00*	156.4	469113*	0	0	0	
3.260000	BEDDING MATERIAL	CY*	1850	28.9	53508*	17612	9.52*	19.4	35896*	0	0	0	
3.270000	CONCRET STRUCTURE	LS*	----	758840*	199250	----	*	----	559590*	0	0	0	
3.271000	THRST & TRNS BLK	CY*	750	397.4	298047*	89250	119.00*	278.4	208797*	0	0	0	
3.272000	CONDENS BLOCKS	CY*	400	833.4	333363*	78000	195.00*	638.4	255363*	0	0	0	
3.273000	PITOT TUBE PIT	CY*	200	637.2	127430*	32000	160.00*	477.1	95430*	0	0	0	
3.280000	MISCELLAN STEEL	TN*	7	6049.7	42348*	18690	2670.00*	3379.7	23658*	0	0	0	
3.400000	COOL TOWER FACIL	LS*	----	5537536*	2920390	----	*	----	2617146*	0	0	0	
3.410000	TOWER BASIN	LS*	----	707003*	187500	----	*	----	519503*	0	0	0	
3.411000	EXCAVATION	CY*	6500	19.4	126260*	0	0.00*	19.4	126260*	0	0	0	
3.412000	CONC CW COOL TWR	CY*	1500	387.2	580743*	187500	125.00*	262.2	393243*	0	0	0	
3.420000	PUMP CHAMBER	LS*	----	776096*	210690	----	*	----	565406*	0	0	0	
3.422000	EXCAVATION	CY*	4500	19.4	87412*	0	0.00*	19.4	87412*	0	0	0	
3.423000	CONCRETE	CY*	1500	430.9	646336*	192000	128.00*	302.9	454336*	0	0	0	
3.424000	MISC STEEL	TN*	7	6049.7	42348*	18690	2670.00*	3379.7	23658*	0	0	0	
3.430000	INTAKE EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	369911*	316400	----	*	----	53511*	0	0	0	
3.433000	SCREENS	SF*	500	51.5	25765*	14500	29.00*	22.5	11265*	0	0	0	
3.435000	STOP LOGS	SF*	500	68.3	34131*	28500	57.00*	11.3	5631*	0	0	0	
3.436000	CRANE BRIDGE 15T	EA*	1	0.0	310015*	273400	----	*	0.0	36615*	0	0	0
3.440000	PMP HS SPR STRUCT	LS*	----	683443*	320100	----	*	----	343343*	0	0	0	
3.441000	CRANE & HST SUPP	TN*	75	2763.3	207247*	114300	1524.00*	1239.3	92947*	0	0	0	

00250

BY: WNP CHECKED: JDF

AMA  
SUSITNA 200MW UNIT 2  
ESTIMATE NO. AMA-1707 H-1

DATE: 23-OCT-84 TIME: 18:04:19

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
3.442000	BUILDING SPRSTR	SF*	6000	79.4	476196*	205800	34.30*	45.1	270396*	0	0	0	
3.450000	TOWER SPR STRUCT	LS*	----	----	3001083*	1885700	----	*	----	1115383*	0	0	0
4.000000	CONCRETE	LS*	----	----	13036040*	2529175	----	*	----	10506865*	0	0	0
4.100000	TURBINE BLDG CONCR	CY*	4500	766.2	3447777*	608625	135.25*	630.9	2839152*	0	0	0	
4.200000	BOILER AREA CONCRT	CY*	1900	676.1	1284519*	256975	135.25*	540.8	1027544*	0	0	0	
4.300000	SILO AREA CONCRETE	CY*	1700	706.2	1200535*	229925	135.25*	570.9	970610*	0	0	0	
4.400000	ARCS CONCRETE	CY*	8800	705.3	6206308*	1190200	135.25*	570.0	5016108*	0	0	0	
4.900000	MISCELL CONCRETE	CY*	1800	498.3	896901*	243450	135.25*	363.0	653451*	0	0	0	
5.000000	STRCT STL/LFT EQP	LS*	----	----	18866183*	8220120	----	*	----	10646063*	0	0	0
5.100000	TURBINE BUILDING	LS*	----	----	3936778*	1951495	----	*	----	1985283*	0	0	0
5.110000	MAIN STEEL	TN*	1200	2285.5	2742552*	1429200	1191.00*	1094.5	1313352*	0	0	0	
5.120000	FRAMING	LS*	----	----	349072*	180075	----	*	----	168997*	0	0	0
5.121000	WALL FRAMING	TN*	105	3324.5	349072*	180075	1715.00*	1609.5	168997*	0	0	0	
5.130000	MISC STEEL	LS*	----	----	523096*	123170	----	*	----	399926*	0	0	0
5.131000	GRATING 1-3/4"	SF*	12000	26.0	312168*	80400	6.70*	19.3	231768*	0	0	0	
5.132000	CHECKERED PLATE	SF*	600	53.6	32179*	6300	10.50*	43.1	25879*	0	0	0	
5.133000	HANDRAIL	LF*	1000	95.2	95225*	14750	14.75*	80.5	80475*	0	0	0	
5.134000	LADDERS & STRWYS	TN*	12	6960.3	83524*	21720	1810.00*	5150.3	61804*	0	0	0	
5.140000	LIFTING EQUIP	LS*	----	----	322058*	219050	----	*	----	103008*	0	0	0
5.141000	CRANE: 40 T CAP	LS*	----	----	322058*	219050	----	*	----	103008*	0	0	0
5.200000	STEAM GENERATOR	LS*	----	----	11270284*	4380275	----	*	----	6890009*	0	0	0
5.210000	MAIN STEEL	TN*	2300	2285.5	5256558*	2739300	1191.00*	1094.5	2517258*	0	0	0	
5.220000	FRAMING	LS*	----	----	1799828*	634550	----	*	----	1165278*	0	0	0

BY: WMP CHECKED: JDF

APA  
SUSITNA 200MW UNIT2  
ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 23-OCT-84 TIME: 18:04:19

**DETAILED**  
**MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT**

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN*	(QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)*	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)	
5.221000	WALL FRAMING	TN*	330	4934.0	1628220*	565950	1715.00*	3219.0	1062270*	0	0	0	
5.222000	ELEV FRAMING	TN*	40	4290.2	171608*	68600	1715.00*	2575.2	103008*	0	0	0	
5.230000	MISC STEEL	LS*	----	----	3972526*	887375	----	*	----	3085151*	0	0	0
5.231000	GRATING (1-3/4") SF*	SF*	70000	26.0	1820980*	469000	6.70*	19.3	1351980*	0	0	0	
5.232000	CHECKERED PLATE	SF*	1600	53.6	85814*	16800	10.50*	43.1	69014*	0	0	0	
5.133000	HANDRAIL	LF*	12500	98.4	1230484*	184375	14.75*	83.7	1046109*	0	0	0	
5.234000	LADDERS & STRWY	TN*	120	6960.4	835248*	217200	1810.00*	5150.4	618048*	0	0	0	
5.240000	LIFTING EQUIP	LS*	----	----	241372*	119050	----	*	----	122322*	0	0	0
5.242000	ELEV EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	----	144190*	47620	----	*	----	96570*	0	0	0
5.243000	OTHER LIFT EQUIP	LS*	----	----	97182*	71430	----	*	----	25752*	0	0	0
5.243100	(3) 15 TON HST	LS*	----	----	97182*	71430	----	*	----	25752*	0	0	0
5.300000	SILO BAY	LS*	----	----	3398526*	1772610	----	*	----	1625916*	0	0	0
5.310000	MAIN STEEL	TN*	225	2285.5	514228*	267975	1191.00*	1094.5	246253*	0	0	0	
5.320000	FRAMING	LS*	----	----	320710*	111475	----	*	----	209235*	0	0	0
5.321000	WALL FRAMING	TN*	65	4934.0	320710*	111475	1715.00*	3219.0	209235*	0	0	0	
5.330000	MISC STEEL	LS*	----	----	325698*	190500	----	*	----	135198*	0	0	0
5.340000	LIFTING EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	----	75176*	57150	----	*	----	18026*	0	0	0
5.343000	OTHER LIFT EQUIP	LS*	----	----	75176*	57150	----	*	----	18026*	0	0	0
5.350000	SUPPORT STEEL	LS*	----	----	703160*	252500	----	*	----	450660*	0	0	0
5.351000	EQUIP SUPPORTS	TN*	100	7031.6	703160*	252500	2525.00*	4506.6	450660*	0	0	0	
5.360000	STL SILO & CVR PL	LS*	----	----	1459554*	893010	----	*	----	566544*	0	0	0
5.361000	STEEL SILOS	TN*	170	6528.2	1109794*	672010	3953.00*	2575.2	437784*	0	0	0	
5.362000	SS PLATES	TN*	40	8744.0	349760*	221000	5525.00*	3219.0	128760*	0	0	0	

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ESTIMATE NO. APA 1707 M-1

DATE: 23-OCT-84 TIME: 18:04:19

DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN# (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)	(TOTAL AMT)*	(TOT MATL)	(UN \$MAT)	(U \$ INS)	(TOT INST)*	(TOT ESC)	(MAT ESC)	(INS ESC)
5.900000	UNCLASS STEEL	TN*	45	5791.0	260595*	115740	2572.00*	3219.0	144855*	0	0
6.000000	BUILDINGS	LS*	----	----	9030239*	3157732	----	*	5872507*	0	0
6.100000	TURBINE BUILDING	LS*	----	----	2067696*	828577	----	*	1239119*	0	0
6.110000	ARCHITECT FEATURE	LS*	----	----	932009*	285715	----	*	646294*	0	0
6.170000	HVAC	LS*	----	----	845725*	428572	----	*	417153*	0	0
6.180000	PLUMB & DRAINAGE	LS*	----	----	224498*	95240	----	*	129258*	0	0
6.190000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	----	65464*	19050	----	*	46414*	0	0
6.200000	STEAM GEN BUILDING	LS*	----	----	2499343*	904762	----	*	1594581*	0	0
6.210000	ARCHITECT FEATRS	LS*	----	----	1213838*	361905	----	*	851933*	0	0
6.270000	HVAC	LS*	----	----	1122484*	476190	----	*	646294*	0	0
6.280000	PLUMB & DRAINAGE	LS*	----	----	69699*	28572	----	*	41127*	0	0
6.290000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	----	93322*	38095	----	*	55227*	0	0
6.300000	SILO BAY	LS*	----	----	763977*	268095	----	*	495882*	0	0
6.310000	ARCHITECT FEATRS	LS*	----	----	252452*	76190	----	*	176262*	0	0
6.370000	HVAC	LS*	----	----	349302*	114286	----	*	235016*	0	0
6.380000	PLUMB & DRAINAGE	LS*	----	----	147809*	71429	----	*	76380*	0	0
6.390000	MISCELLANEOUS	LS*	----	----	14414*	6190	----	*	8224*	0	0
6.400000	AQCS BUILDINGS	LS*	----	----	2182604*	535088	----	*	1647516*	0	0
6.410000	AQCS SWGR BLDG	SF*	870	133.3	114622*	28724	33.40*	99.9	85898*	0	0
6.420000	AQCS CTRL BLDG	SF*	2280	168.1	383343*	102030	44.75*	123.4	281313*	0	0
6.430000	DIESEL GEN BLDG	SF*	540	143.8	77670*	18036	33.40*	110.4	59634*	0	0
6.440000	PUMP HOUSE	SF*	8860	144.8	1282504*	303898	34.30*	110.5	978606*	0	0
6.450000	LIMESTN PREP BLDG	SF*	4120	78.8	324465*	82400	20.00*	58.8	242065*	0	0

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6.900000	MISC BUILDINGS	LS*	----	1516619*	621210	----	*	----	895409*	0	0	0	
6.990000	ALL OTHER	LS*	----	1516619*	621210	----	*	----	895409*	0	0	0	
6.997000	WAREHOUSE NO. 1	SF*	23000	61.0	1403055*	592250	25.75*	35.3	810805*	0	0	0	
6.999000	OTHER BUILDINGS	LS*	----	113564*	28960	----	*	----	84604*	0	0	0	
6.999100	SWTH YD CTRL BL	SF*	800	142.0	113564*	28960	36.20*	105.8	84604*	0	0	0	
7.000000	TURBINE GENERATOR	LS*	----	18264278*	15619048	----	*	----	2645230*	0	0	0	
7.100000	TURBINE GENERATOR	LS*	----	18264278*	15619048	----	*	----	2645230*	0	0	0	
8.000000	STM GENER & ACCESS	LS*	----	42445644*	22857144	----	*	----	19588500*	0	0	0	
8.100000	STEAM GENERATOR	LS*	----	42445644*	22857144	----	*	----	19588500*	0	0	0	
9.000000	AQCS	LS*	----	39715660*	21184103	----	*	----	18531557*	0	0	0	
9.100000	BAGHOUSE	LS*	----	7692908*	3809524	----	*	----	3883384*	0	0	0	
9.200000	FLUE GAS DESULFUR	LS*	----	29876227*	15740953	----	*	----	14135274*	0	0	0	
9.210000	COMPONENTS	LS*	----	29876227*	15740953	----	*	----	14135274*	0	0	0	
9.211000	DUCTWORK FOR FGD	LS*	----	3287023*	1455238	----	*	----	1831785*	0	0	0	
9.213000	SO2 ABSORB MODULE	LS*	----	26589204*	14285715	----	*	----	12303499*	0	0	0	
9.400000	FANS	LS*	----	2146525*	1633626	----	*	----	512899*	0	0	0	
9.410000	I.D. FAN	LS*	----	1337901*	1014286	----	*	----	323615*	0	0	0	
9.420000	SILENCERS	LS*	----	808624*	619340	----	*	----	189284*	0	0	0	
10.000000	OTHER MECHAN EQUIP	LS*	----	13762103*	9957312	----	*	----	3804791*	0	0	0	
10.100000	PUMPS	LS*	----	3337605*	2844768	----	*	----	492837*	0	0	0	
10.110000	BOILER PUMPS	LS*	----	2906706*	2522287	----	*	----	384419*	0	0	0	
10.111000	BOILER FEED PUMPS	EA*	2	383960.0	767920*	613904	----	*	77008.0	154016*	0	0	0
10.112000	BF PUMP TURBINES	EA*	2	825913.5	1651827*	1527620	----	*	62103.5	124207*	0	0	0

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10.113000	BF BOOSTER PUMPS	EA*	2	116899.5	233799*	177906	88953.00*	27946.5	55893*	0	0	0	
10.114000	BF STRT UP/STD BY LS*	---	---		253160*	202857	----	*	----	50303*	0	0	0
10.120000	FEEDWTR SYS PUMPS	LS*	---	----	9353*	7429	----	*	----	1924*	0	0	0
10.121000	CONDEN TRANSFER	LS*	---	----	9353*	7429	----	*	----	1924*	0	0	0
10.130000	SRV & COOL WTR PMP	LS*	---	----	65723*	39146	----	*	----	26577*	0	0	0
10.131000	SERVICE WATER	EA*	4	6633.8	26535*	14860	3715.00*	2918.8	11675*	0	0	0	
10.132000	AIR HTR WASH PMPS	LS*	---	----	18461*	10762	----	*	----	7699*	0	0	0
10.133000	CLSD CYC COOL WSP	EA*	2	10363.5	20727*	13524	6762.00*	3601.5	7203*	0	0	0	
10.140000	OIL PUMPS	LS*	---	----	56807*	43335	----	*	----	13472*	0	0	0
10.141000	LGT OIL UNLD PMPS	EA*	2	6972.5	13945*	10096	5048.00*	1924.5	3849*	0	0	0	
10.142000	IGNITER OIL PUMPS	EA*	3	9830.0	29490*	23715	7905.00*	1925.0	5775*	0	0	0	
10.143000	TURB LO TRANS PMP	LS*	---	----	6686*	4762	----	*	----	1924*	0	0	0
10.145000	LO COND PUMP	LS*	---	----	6686*	4762	----	*	----	1924*	0	0	0
10.150000	SUMP PUMPS	EA*	6	19717.8	118307*	110856	18476.00*	1241.8	7451*	0	0	0	
10.160000	OTHER PUMPS	LS*	---	----	180709*	121715	----	*	----	58994*	0	0	0
10.161000	COOLING TOWER MU	LS*	---	----	34205*	17810	----	*	----	16395*	0	0	0
10.162000	OP CYC CLG WTR	EA*	2	23551.0	47102*	29714	14857.00*	8694.0	17388*	0	0	0	
10.163000	FIRE PROTECT PMPS	EA*	3	23315.0	69945*	50571	16857.00*	6458.0	19374*	0	0	0	
10.164000	AIR PREHTR GLY	EA*	2	14728.5	29457*	23620	11810.00*	2918.5	5837*	0	0	0	
10.200000	CONDENSING PLANT	LS*	---	----	2383666*	1696000	----	*	----	687666*	0	0	0
10.210000	CONDENSER & AUXIL	LS*	---	----	1529943*	952381	----	*	----	577562*	0	0	0
10.220000	EQUIPMENT	LS*	---	----	853723*	743619	----	*	----	110104*	0	0	0
10.221000	CW PUMPS	EA*	2	142300.0	284600*	251810	----	*	16395.0	32790*	0	0	0

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10.222000	CONDENSATE PUMPS	EA*	2	85877.0	171754*	140952	70476.00*	15401.0	30802*	0	0	0
10.223000	VACUUM PUMPS	EA*	2	80863.5	161727*	148190	74095.00*	6768.5	13537*	0	0	0
10.226000	COND CLEAN SYS	LS*	----	----	232956*	201905	----	*	----	31051*	0	0
10.227000	COND COLL PUMP	LS*	----	----	2686*	762	----	*	----	1924*	0	0
10.300000	HEAT EXCHANGERS	LS*	----	----	1904467*	1725241	----	*	----	179226*	0	0
10.310000	FEEDWATER HEATERS	EA*	7	172702.3	1208916*	1110669	----	*	14035.3	98247*	0	0
10.320000	DEAER/ VENT CONDEN	LS*	----	----	230705*	188476	----	*	----	42229*	0	0
10.330000	CLSD CYC COOL WHE	EA*	2	163620.5	327241*	296190	----	*	15525.5	31051*	0	0
10.340000	AIR PRHTR GLY HE	EA*	2	68802.5	137605*	129906	64953.00*	3849.5	7699*	0	0	0
10.400000	TANKS	LS*	----	----	503094*	184572	----	*	----	318522*	0	0
10.410000	WATER TANKS	LS*	----	----	437072*	138667	----	*	----	298405*	0	0
10.412000	CONDEN STRG TANK	LS*	----	----	195532*	51143	----	*	----	144389*	0	0
10.414000	FIRE&SRV WTR STRG	LS*	----	----	241540*	87524	----	*	----	154016*	0	0
10.450000	OTHER OIL TANKS	LS*	----	----	66022*	45905	----	*	----	20117*	0	0
10.453000	CONT BLWDWN FL TK	LS*	----	----	6342*	3238	----	*	----	3104*	0	0
10.454000	INT BLWDWN FLH TK	LS*	----	----	22632*	16857	----	*	----	5775*	0	0
10.455000	COND COLL TANK	LS*	----	----	9352*	7429	----	*	----	1924*	0	0
10.456000	CLSD CYC CL WHT	LS*	----	----	9580*	6476	----	*	----	3104*	0	0
10.457000	AIR PREHT CL EX	LS*	----	----	18115*	11905	----	*	----	6210*	0	0
10.500000	MISCELLANEOUS EQUIP	LS*	----	----	2867430*	2268636	----	*	----	598794*	0	0
10.510000	COMPRESSED AIR EQP	LS*	----	----	263583*	182731	----	*	----	80857*	0	0
10.512000	STAT AIR COMPRESS	EA*	2	110822.0	221644*	144636	72318.00*	36504.0	77008*	0	0	0
10.513000	AIR DRYERS	LS*	----	----	41944*	38095	----	*	----	3849*	0	0

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10.520000	WTR TREAT EQUIP	LS*	----	2603842*	2085905	-----	* -----	517937*	0	0	0	
10.521000	MKUP WTR TRMT	LS*	----	1075119*	844095	-----	* -----	231024*	0	0	0	
10.522000	COND POL DEMINER	LS*	----	1045500*	814476	-----	* -----	231024*	0	0	0	
10.524000	BOILER CHEM FEED	LS*	----	67703*	55905	-----	* -----	11798*	0	0	0	
10.525000	SAMPLING SYSTEM	LS*	----	186912*	169524	-----	* -----	17388*	0	0	0	
10.526000	BLK GAS STR&DISTR	LS*	----	228608*	201905	-----	* -----	26703*	0	0	0	
10.900000	TURBINE BYPASS	LS*	----	2765841*	1238095	-----	* -----	1527746*	0	0	0	
11.000000	COAL&ASH HNDL EQUIP	LS*	----	5530266*	3399907	-----	* -----	2130359*	0	0	0	
11.100000	COAL HANDLING	LS*	----	5322319*	813810	-----	* -----	175239*	0	0	0	
11.160000	CRUSH & TRANSF SYS	LS*	----	483574*	346191	-----	* -----	137383*	0	0	0	
11.165000	CONVEYOR NO 9A	LS*	----	483574*	346191	-----	* -----	137383*	0	0	0	
11.170000	MISC SYSTEMS	LS*	----	505475*	467619	-----	* -----	37856*	0	0	0	
11.172000	FIRE PROTECTION	LS*	----	505475*	467619	-----	* -----	37856*	0	0	0	
11.200000	BTM ASH HNDL SYSTEM	LS*	----	2901321*	1538478	-----	* -----	1362843*	0	0	0	
11.210000	FURN BTM ASH SYS	LS*	----	1104052*	640000	-----	* -----	464052*	0	0	0	
11.220000	PYRITE HNDL SYSTEM	LS*	----	110030*	60572	-----	* -----	49458*	0	0	0	
11.230000	ECONOMIZER ASH SYS	LS*	----	303462*	175238	-----	* -----	128224*	0	0	0	
11.240000	DEWTW BIN&SET TKS	LS*	----	1086616*	463810	-----	* -----	622806*	0	0	0	
11.250000	MAJOR PUMPS	EA*	3	61673.0	185019*	124572	41524.00*	20149.0	60447*	0	0	0
11.260000	BTM ASH INSTRUM	LS*	----	112142*	74286	-----	* -----	37856*	0	0	0	
11.400000	FLY ASH INST & CTL	LS*	----	1639896*	1047619	-----	* -----	592277*	0	0	0	
12.000000	PIPING	LS*	----	25175560*	8926217	-----	* -----	16249343*	0	0	0	
12.100000	LARGE BOPE PIPING	TN*	873	18693.3	16319213*	7641369	8753.00*	9940.3	8677844*	0	0	0

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12.200000	SMALL BORE PIPING	LF*	85372	103.7	8856347*	1284848	15.05*	88.7	7571499*	0	0	0	
13.000000	INSULATION	LS*	----	----	6774331*	552381	----	*	----	6221950*	0	0	0
13.100000	INSULATION	LS*	----	----	6774331*	552381	----	*	----	6221950*	0	0	0
14.000000	INSTRUMENTATION	LS*	----	----	6730093*	6190476	----	*	----	539617*	0	0	0
14.100000	INSTRUMENTATION	LS*	----	----	6730093*	6190476	----	*	----	539617*	0	0	0
15.000000	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	LS*	----	----	43916857*	17904762	----	*	----	26012095*	0	0	0
16.000000	PAINTING	LS*	----	----	2100475*	127620	----	*	----	1972855*	0	0	0
16.100000	TURBINE BUILDING	LS*	----	----	705237*	47619	----	*	----	657618*	0	0	0
16.200000	STEAM GEN BLDG	LS*	----	----	1267099*	71429	----	*	----	1195670*	0	0	0
16.300000	SILO BAY	LS*	----	----	128139*	8572	----	*	----	119567*	0	0	0
17.000000	OFF-SITE FACILITIES	LS*	----	----	3484604*	542857	----	*	----	2941747*	0	0	0
17.100000	RANNEY WELL SYSTEM	LS*	----	----	3484604*	542857	----	*	----	2941747*	0	0	0
19.000000	SUBSTATION/T-LINE	LS*	----	----	17997823*	10921143	----	*	----	7076680*	0	0	0
19.100000	SUBSTATION	LS*	----	----	3356863*	2857143	----	*	----	499720*	0	0	0
19.200000	230KV T-LINE: 1 CIR MI*		1	0.0	14640960*	8064000	----	*	0.0	6576960*	0	0	0
71.000000	INDIRECT CONST COST	LS*	----	----	26285615*	0	----	*	----	26285615*	0	0	0
71.100000	FIELD LOCAL HIRES	LS*	----	----	1237500*	0	----	*	----	1237500*	0	0	0
71.200000	CRAFT P/R FRINGES	LS*	----	----	2220000*	0	----	*	----	2220000*	0	0	0
71.210000	FREM PAY-CASUAL	LS*	----	----	1480000*	0	----	*	----	1480000*	0	0	0
71.220000	FREM PAY-SCHED	LS*	----	----	740000*	0	----	*	----	740000*	0	0	0
71.300000	CONSTR EQUIPT	LS*	----	----	135000*	0	----	*	----	135000*	0	0	0
71.310000	AUTOMOTIVE(C/M)	LS*	----	----	135000*	0	----	*	----	135000*	0	0	0
71.400000	CONSTRUCTION PLANT	LS*	----	----	17870289*	0	----	*	----	17870289*	0	0	0

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DETAILED  
MATERIAL & INSTALLATION REPORT

ACCT NO	DESCRIPTION	UN* (QTY)	(UN \$ TOT)(TOTAL AMT)*(TOT MATL)(UN \$MAT)*(U \$ INS)(TOT INST)*(TOT ESC)(MAT ESC)(INS ESC)								
71.410000	CONSTRUCTN BLDGS	LS* ----	1220000*	0	---	*	----	1220000*	0	0	0
71.420000	TEMP FACILITIES	LS* ----	16650289*	0	---	*	----	16650289*	0	0	0
71.421000	LABOR CAMP	LS* ----	7200000*	0	---	*	----	7200000*	0	0	0
71.422000	FOOD SERVICE	LS* ----	7920000*	0	---	*	----	7920000*	0	0	0
71.424000	OTHER TEMP FACIL	LS* ----	1530289*	0	---	*	----	1530289*	0	0	0
71.600000	OFFICE/LABOR EXP	LS* ----	1556201*	0	---	*	----	1556201*	0	0	0
71.610000	OFFICE EXPENSE	LS* ----	120000*	0	---	*	----	120000*	0	0	0
71.620000	LABOR EXPENSE	LS* ----	518301*	0	---	*	----	518301*	0	0	0
71.630000	TESTING	LS* ----	571400*	0	---	*	----	571400*	0	0	0
71.640000	SECURITY GUARDS	LS* ----	346500*	0	---	*	----	346500*	0	0	0
71.700000	OFF-SITE UNLDG/HLG	LS* ----	3066600*	0	---	*	----	3066600*	0	0	0
71.800000	CONSTRUCTN CLEANUP	LS* ----	200025*	0	---	*	----	200025*	0	0	0
72.000000	PROFESSIONAL SERVCS	LS* ----	13600000*	0	---	*	----	13600000*	0	0	0

"UNIT 1"

Attachment 3a.4

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
Susitna Need for Power Study  
200 MW Coal-fired Plant  
Beluga Site  
Estimate No. APA 1707 M-1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

GENERAL

This conceptual estimate is prepared in the Ebasco Code of Accounts. The estimate is for a one unit facility and excludes Owner's cost (including Land and AFUDC). This overnight estimate has a base pricing level of January, 1984, for each line item de-escalated to a January, 1983 pricing level on a summary basis.

The estimate is based on a downsized version of Ebasco's Coal Fired Reference Plant Program (CFRP), which is a combination of recommended pre-engineered plant general arrangements (GA's) in building block segments, to define the plant layout. It also contains a comprehensive set of System Design Descriptions (SDD's) which define all aspects of every plant system in a standardized format.

Site-related capital cost adjustments are made to the CFRP for sizing, logistics, civil site features, temporary and permanent power connection points, building enclosures, insulation levels, cooling requirements, and type of coal.

The estimate is based on the following:

- a. Wage rates applicable to Anchorage Union Agreements south of 63° latitude including Workmen's Compensation, FICA, and Public Liability Property Damage insurance rates as calculated by Ebasco.

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
Susitna Need for Power Study  
200 MW Coal-fired Plant  
Beluga Site  
Estimate No. APA 1707 M-1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE (continued)

GENERAL (continued)

- b. A work week consisting of 6-10 hour days.
- c. Sufficient craftsmen available to meet project requirements housed in labor camps.
- d. Professional Services including Engineering, Design, Related Services and Construction Management based on a generic plant of comparable size using the CFRP concept.
- e. Land and Land Rights not included.
- f. Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC) not included.
- g. Client costs not included.
- h. Permanent town for plant operating personnel and mine production personnel not included.
- i. Capital cost of mine and coal export facility not included.
- j. Operating and maintenance costs not included.
- k. Contingency included at the rate of 12% for material and 15% for installation.

7176B

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
Susitna Need for Power Study  
200 MW Coal-fired Plant  
Beluga Site  
Estimate No. APA 1707 M-1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE (continued)

GENERAL (continued)

1. Construction performed on a Contract basis.
- m. Project being exempt from sales tax.
- n. Labor productivity being "average U.S." with no Alaskan adjustment.
- o. Spare parts and special tools not included.
- p. Start-up costs not included.
- q. Maintenance machinery, laboratory and office equipment not included.

CIVIL (Categories 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 16, 17, 18)

Clearing is assumed based on scrub brush and trees up to 25'. Some rock excavation is assumed in deep cuts. No dewatering of excavated areas is assumed. No railroad or barge delivery of coal is assumed for this mine - mouth plant. Coal is assumed to be trucked from the mine. Twenty (20) miles of access road is assumed.

Eighty (80) foot long piles are assumed under heavily loaded foundations. A four hundred (400) foot high concrete stack with 2 - 11' diameter steel flues is assumed. No ash ponds are included; a waste processing system is included. Waste would be trucked to a

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
Susitna Need for Power Study  
200 MW Coal-fired Plant  
Beluga Site  
Estimate No. APA 1707 M-1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE (continued)

CIVIL (continued)

disposal area off-site. The capital cost of constructing the disposal area is not included. No asphalt or concrete paving is included.

Cooling tower pricing is based on a Zurn budgetary quotation for a Model 3-Z-460 rectangular multi-cell unit rated at 66,000 gpm. A Ranney well make-up water system is included. An equipment barge unloading facility is included.

MECHANICAL (Categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14)

Ecolaire provided a budgetary quotation for a 105,000 ft<sup>2</sup> surface condenser. The condenser is a single-shell, single-pass, single-pressure type designed for 66,000 gpm and 27°F temperature rise.

Ecolaire provided a budgetary quotation for a reverse gas 662,000 ACFM Baghouse with a 300°F gas temperature. Low sulfur, sub-bituminous coal with a heating value of 7,950 btu/lb and a coal firing rate of 253,400 lb/hr is assumed. The quotation is based on design, fabrication and erection of one baghouse and auxiliary equipment with 10 compartments/baghouse and 368 bags per compartment.

Combustion Engineering Power Systems and Foster Wheeler provided budgetary quotations for the coal-fired steam generator and

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
Susitna Need for Power Study  
200 MW Coal-fired Plant  
Beluga Site  
Estimate No. APA 1707 M-1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE (continued)

MECHANICAL (continued)

accessories. Pricing is based on 1,590,000 lb/hr, 2650 psig and 1008°F main steam; 1,351,000 lb/hr, 600 psig, 630°F (@ inlet) reheat; and 525°F feedwater.

The 7950 btu/lb coal analysis is as follows:

<u>Proximate</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>
Moisture	26.1
Ash	6.4
Volatiles	36.3
Fixed Carbon	31.2

<u>Ultimate</u>	
Hydrogen	3.6
Carbon	47.2
Oxygen	15.5
Nitrogen	1.05
Sulfur	0.12
Chlorine	---
Moisture	26.1
Ash	6.4

Combustion Engineering provided a budgetary quotation for a "dry" SO<sub>2</sub> scrubbing system utilizing multi-cell sprayer absorbers with 85% SO<sub>2</sub>

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
Susitna Need for Power Study  
200 MW Coal-fired Plant  
Beluga Site  
Estimate No. APA 1707 M-1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE (continued)

MECHANICAL (continued)

(70% guarantee) removal. The system is rated at 662,000 ACFM with a flue gas temperature of 300°F and 20% excess air.

Westinghouse Electric, General Electric and Utility Power Corporation provided budgetary quotes for the steam turbine generators. The quotations are based on an indoor type, tandem compound condensing turbine, two flow, single reheat, regenerative designed for operating steam conditions of 2400 psig and 1000°F/1000°F. The turbine design throttle flow will be 1,690,000 lb/hr. The maximum gross turbine output will be 220,000 kW with 2520 psig, 1000/1000°F, 2.7/4.0 in.Hg absolute back pressure. The generator is 244,400 KVA @ 45 psig, 0.9 PF, 3 phase, 60 Hz, 24,000 V and 0.5 shortcircuit ratio complete with an excitation system.

PIPING AND INSULATION (Categories 12 and 13)

Large bore and small bore piping sizing and quantities are downsized based on Ebasco's CFRP estimates. Pricing is based on recent quotations and historical pricing data from similar units. Insulation prices are based on Ebasco's CFRP estimates with an additional allowance for insulating yard systems.

**SELECTED VENDOR QUOTES**



April 25, 1984

Ebasco Services, Inc.  
400 112th Avenue, N.E.  
Bellevue, WA 98004

Attention: Mr. Joseph J. Marshall  
Senior Engineer

Subject: Cooling Tower Selection and Budgetary Pricing  
for the Alaska Power Authority Study  
Zurn Reference No. OS-84011

Dear Mr. Marshall:

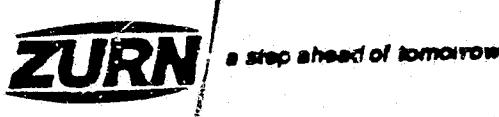
In response to your March 28, 1984 letter, we are pleased to submit our preliminary cooling tower selections and budgetary pricing for your Alaska Power Authority Study. As discussed in our April 12, 1984 telephone conversation, our design wet bulb temperature is taken from the ASHRAE Handbook for the 2.5% design wet bulb in Juneau.

The Zurn cooling towers we have selected for the various design waterflows and specified on the attached data sheets are a Model 12-Z-3600 Round Multi-Fan for the 193,000 gpm waterflow, a Model 7-Z-2700 Round Multi-Fan for the 130,100 gpm waterflow and a 3Z-460 Rectangular Multi-Cell for the 66,000 gpm waterflow. These Zurn cooling towers are all counterflow units constructed mainly of reinforced precast concrete sections. The thermal exchange system is a high efficiency PVC fill pack which is supported by a network of precast concrete beams and columns and is located entirely within the confines of the tower shell. This arrangement contributes substantially to the control of ice accumulation and algae build-up. The combination of a structurally sound tower constructed of nearly inert materials and designed in strict compliance with the maximum thermal requirements specified, insures the delivery of a dependable system that will provide an extended service life with absolute minimum operating and maintenance costs.

An issue of major importance in your study of these cooling towers will surely be the control of ice accumulation and the towers ability to withstand the loads resulting from icing during winter operation. Because of operator error and other reasons, cooling towers can and, very often do, ice up. This unavoidable icing frequently results in very expensive, major structural repair and/or fill material replacement.

ZURN INDUSTRIES, INC. COOLING TOWER DIVISION  
405 NORTH REO STREET, TAMPA, FL PHONE: 813/870-0040 TELEX: 52-410  
MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 24718, TAMPA, FL U.S.A. 33623  
Zurn Cooling Towers "Constructed under license from Balcke-Dürr, Ratingen, Federal Republic of Germany"





Mr. Joseph J. Marshall  
Ebasco Services, Inc.  
April 25, 1984  
Page two

Zurn Round Multi-Fan Cooling Towers are designed with several unique features to help prevent ice-formation and are recommended for use in locations of severe winter operating conditions such as this project. Also, the durable design and high ice load capacity of Zurn all concrete towers and fill systems insures minimum susceptibility to damage due to icing.

We have enclosed several copies of "Cooling Tower Ice Prevention Systems: State-of-the-Art Designs" for your information and use. We have also enclosed several cooling tower brochures for your files.

We appreciate your interest in Zurn Cooling Towers and look forward to working with you as this project progresses. Please feel free to contact us when we can be of further assistance.

Very truly yours,

ZURN INDUSTRIES, INC.  
Cooling Tower Division

Thomas J. Heron

Thomas J. Heron  
Sales Engineer

TJH:bgb

Encls.



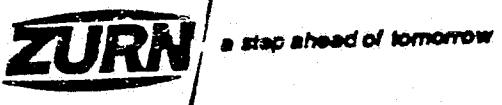
RECTANGULAR MULTI-CELL COOLING TOWER SELECTION  
FOR  
EBASCO SERVICES, INC.  
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
ZURN REFERENCE NO. OS-84011

DESIGN CONDITIONS

WATERFLOW RATE:	66,000 GPM
HOT WATER TEMPERATURE:	118 DEGREES F.
COLD WATER TEMPERATURE:	90 DEGREES F.
DESIGN WET BULB TEMPERATURE:	59 DEGREES F.
RELATIVE HUMIDITY:	50%
MAXIMUM DRIFT RATE:	.01%

COOLING TOWER DATA

TOWER TYPE:	RECTANGULAR MULTI-CELL
MODEL NO.:	3Z-460
NO. OF CELLS:	3
TOWER LENGTH:	216 FEET
TOWER WIDTH:	68.8 FEET
TOWER HEIGHT (to top of stacks):	41.5 FEET
DIAMETER OF FANS:	40 FEET
OPERATING FAN HORSEPOWER:	119.3 HP
TOTAL OPERATING HORSEPOWER:	357.8 HP
APPROX. TOTAL DYNAMIC PUMPHEAD:	23.2 FEET
BUDGETARY PRICE NOT INCLUDING BASIN AND FOUNDATIONS:	\$2.7 MILLION ✓



RECTANGULAR MULTI-CELL COOLING TOWER SELECTION  
FOR  
EBASCO SERVICES, INC.  
ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY  
ZURN REFERENCE NO. OS-84011

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# GENERAL ELECTRIC

LARGE STEAM TURBINE-GENERATOR MARKETING OPERATION  
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY • SCHENECTADY, NEW YORK 12345 • (518) 5-2211

July 10, 1984

Subject: Alaska Power Authority  
200 MW Power Plant Study

Mr. L. J. Becker  
Mechanical Engineer  
EBASCO  
400 - 112th Ave. N.E.  
Bellevue, Wash. 98004

Mr. Becker:

Attached you will find the general outline of a tandem compound two flow 30" last stage bucket (TC2F-30" LSB) turbine. This is in response to a specific request on your behalf by Mr. M. Allison of EUSD.

At this time I would like to point out that a TC2F-26" LSB turbine would fulfill the 200 MW alternative probably at a higher efficiency and lower cost.

Also, attached are some General Electric publications which should enable you to gain a general idea of the inspection and maintenance for large steam turbine-generators.

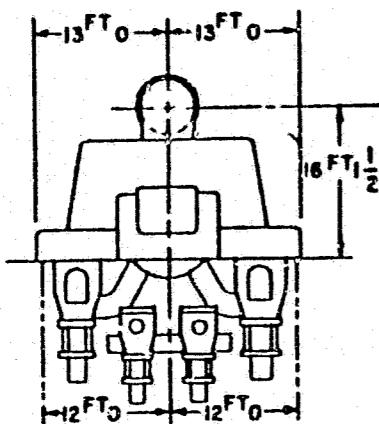
As is stated in GEK-63355, most utilities plan for a major outage once every five years. Of course this frequency should be increased when a specific unit has the potential for solid particle carryover from the boiler.

*William E. Tessaro*

William E. Tessaro  
Sales Engineer - Region I

cc: ML Doane - GE, Schdy  
MM Allison - GE, Seattle

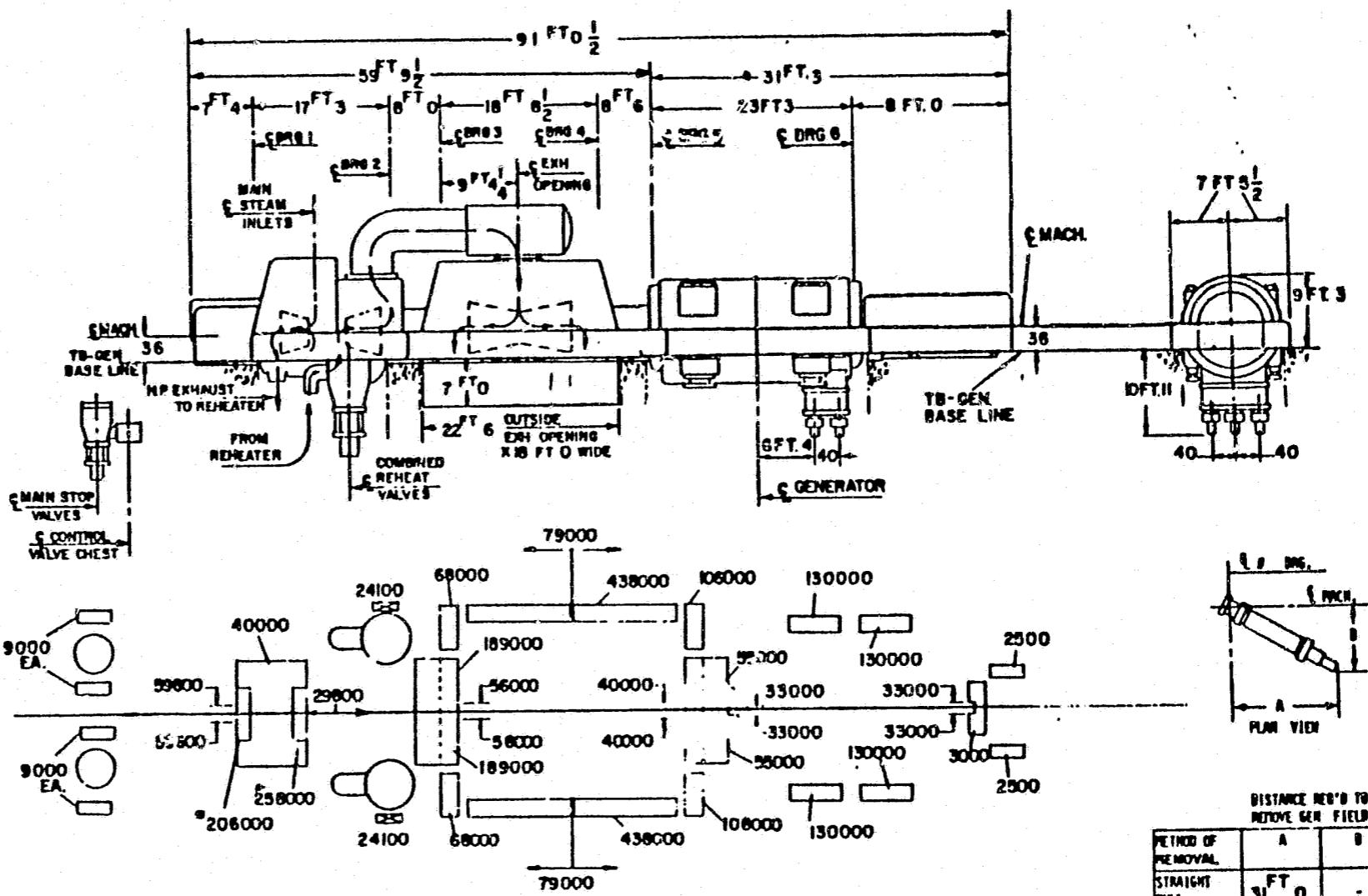
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THIS DOCUMENT (EXCLUDING THE INFORMATION IT CONTAINS) IS CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY TO GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY AND IS MADE AVAILABLE SOLELY TO (A) RESPOND TO AN INQUIRY OR MAKE A BID AS A POTENTIAL VENDOR; OR (B) PERFORM A CONTRACT WITH GENERAL ELECTRIC. IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR COPIED EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO PERFORM AS IN (A) OR (B) ABOVE AND SHALL BE RETURNED IMMEDIATELY UPON REQUEST. THE RECIPIENT WILL TAKE ALL REASONABLE STEPS TO PROTECT THIS DOCUMENT AND THE INFORMATION IT CONTAINS.

## **NOTES.**

1. STEAM CONDITIONS - 2400 PSIG-1000/1000 °F REHEAT WITH 30 IN. LAST STAGE BUCKETS
  2. HEAVIEST PIECE DURING ERECTION - (GENERATOR STATOR) 370000 LBS.  
HEAVIEST PIECE AFTER ERECTION - (UPPER HALF HP-IP TB SHELL)  
107,000 LBS.
  3. 206000 & 258000 LB LOADINGS DO NOT OCCUR SIMULTANEOUSLY  
BUT ARE SUPERIMPOSED ON 40000 LB. LOAD 206000 LB LOAD  
IS ZERO FOR NORMAL OPERATION. FOR FULL VALUE OF 206000  
LB LOAD 258000 LB LOAD IS ZERO.
  4. THE COMBINED REHEAT VALVE ARRANGEMENT INCLUDES THE  
REHEAT STOP AND INTERCEPT VALVES.
  5. SHAFT ROTATION IS CLOCKWISE WHEN VIEWED FROM COLLECTOR  
END OF GENERATOR



ALT. II REV. 1 3/22/78 JH \*\*\*

## **PROPOSITION OUTLINE**

## **STEAM TURBINE GENERATOR UNIT**

TURBINE	217718 KW - 3600 RPM - TCZC 30°LSB
GENERATOR	ATB-2 - 266,600 KVA - 3600 RPM - NT-22000V 085PF-58 SCR - 45 # Hz CONDUCTOR COOLED
TRANS THY	970KW 375 V
APPROVED LS-1134 TB ENGR F GIACALDNE-11/16 GEN. ENGR W.J.Y.LLSC	DRAWN BY P.GAYVIN 1-4-78 INSPECTED 11/16/78
GENERAL ELECTRIC SCHENECTADY WORKS	189C3040

11103

# ILLINOIS WATER TREATMENT COMPANY



4669 Shepherd Trail  
Rockford, Illinois 61105  
Phone 815/877-3041  
Telex 257-441  
Fax 810-631-3438

July 18, 1984

RECEIVED

JUL 23 1984

PROJECT SERVICES DEPT.  
EBASCO SEATTLE

Ebasco Services Inc.  
400 112th Ave. NE  
Bellevue, WA 98004

Attention: Mr. Lawrence Becker  
Project Engineer

Subject: Budget for an Alaskan 200MW Power Plant Water Treatment System  
IWT Ref. No. SG-84-143 (Combined Cycle)

Dear Sir:

Thank you for allowing IWT the opportunity to assist you with your water treatment needs. This letter summarizes the system that was discussed during our phone conversation of 7-12-84.

The supplied water analysis did not balance well. The balanced feed water analysis is given below with ions given as ppm CaCO<sub>3</sub>:

Ca	98	HCO <sub>3</sub>	84
Mg	33	SO <sub>4</sub>	53
Na	13	Cl	7
Total Cations 144		Sub - Total Anions 144	
		Free CO <sub>2</sub>	17
		SiO <sub>2</sub>	4
		Total Anions 165	

→ The budget price for alternate "A" is \$430,000. Add \$75,000 to \$150,000 for a vacuum degasifier whose price is heavily dependent on feed water temperature and desired effluent oxygen level. Estimated sulfuric acid cost is \$10,000 per year based on using 200,000# of 66° Be H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at \$.05/#. Estimated caustic cost is \$33,500 per year based on using 134,000# of 100% NaOH at \$.25/#.

→ The budget price for alternate "B" is \$280,000. Estimated sulfuric acid cost is \$9,000 per year. Estimated caustic cost is \$29,000 per year.



making waves in liquid processing

# ILLINOIS WATER TREATMENT COMPANY

Ebasco Services Inc.

July 18, 1984

Page 2

The price difference between alternate "A" and "B" reflects the inclusion of polishing mixed beds for alternate "A". These budget prices reflect a water treatment system designed for the power industry with options and quality normally requested in specifications.

## Equipment Summary

### A. Triplex Multimedia Filter System - IWT Model 3AMF-300S

Tanks: 30" dia. x 60" S.S. w/ 100 psi Asme Code  
Internal Plasite 7122 epoxy lining  
16" dia. manhole  
3" media removal nozzle  
Finish Paint  
Skid mounted

Media: Sand, garnet and anthrafilt

Pipe: 2" galv. C.S.

Service Flow: 50 gpm each

Inlet flow indicators: Signet type

Purpose: Reduction of particulates down to 10 micron nominal

### B. Triplex Carbon Filter System - IWT Model 3ACS-306S

Tanks: 30" dia. x 60" S.S. w/ 100 psi Asme Code  
Plasite 7122 lining  
16" dia. manhole  
3" media removal nozzle  
Finish paint  
Skid mounted

Media: ORC carbon

Pipe: 2" Galv. C.S.

Service Flow: 50 gpm each

Purpose: Organic and chlorine reduction

# ILLINOIS WATER TREATMENT COMPANY

Ebasco Services Inc.  
July 18, 1984  
Page 3

## C. Triplex Two Bed Deionizers - IWT Model 3ASB-3030S

Tanks: 30" dia. x 96" S.S. w/ 100 psi Asme Code  
3/32" Koroseal lining  
16" dia. manhole  
3" media removal nozzle  
Finish paint  
Skid mounted

Media: C-211 strong acid cation resin  
A-464 Type 1 strong base anion resin

Pipe: 2" PPL lined Sch. 40 C.S. w/ fail safe diaphragm valves

Service Flow: 40 gpm each

Cation Regenerant: 2-step H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Anion Regenerant: Heated caustic @ 120°F available for silica reduction if required

Chemical System: Pumped regenerants

Purpose: Reduce ion load to 5-20 micromhos  
Reduce SiO<sub>2</sub> to ca. 0.02 ppm

## D. Triplex Polishing Mixed Bed - IWT Model AMB-2496S

Tanks: 24" dia. by 96" S.S. w/ 100 psi Asme Code  
3/32" Koroseal lining  
16" dia. manhole  
3" media removal nozzle  
Finish paint  
Skid mounted

Media: C-361 strong acid cation resin  
A-464 Type 1 strong base anion resin

Pipe: 2" PPL lined Sch. 40 C.S. w/ fail safe diaphragm valves

Cation Regenerant: 1-step H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Anion Regenerant: Heated caustic @ 120°F

Chemical System: Pumped regenerants common with two bed

Purpose: Used with alternate "A" only  
Water quality of 10 megohm and SiO<sub>2</sub> of 0.01 ppm

# ILLINOIS WATER TREATMENT COMPANY

Ebasco Services Inc.  
July 18, 1984  
Page 4

The system price includes interconnect service piping and NEMA 12 solid state controls.

Please note the attached rough block diagram for your review.

I trust this information will assist you in the development of your project. If there are any further questions, please feel free to contact this office or our local representative, Mr. Don Gaddis.

Sincerely,

ILLINOIS WATER TREATMENT COMPANY

*Wayne T. Bates*

Wayne T. Bates  
Sales Engineer

WTB/gbs7/Nw

Our representative is:

Northwest Process Equipment Company  
300 120th N.E.  
Bldg. 2  
Suite 210  
Bellevue, WA 98005  
Phone: (206) 451-8591  
TWX: 910-443-2308 (Vantage Corp.)

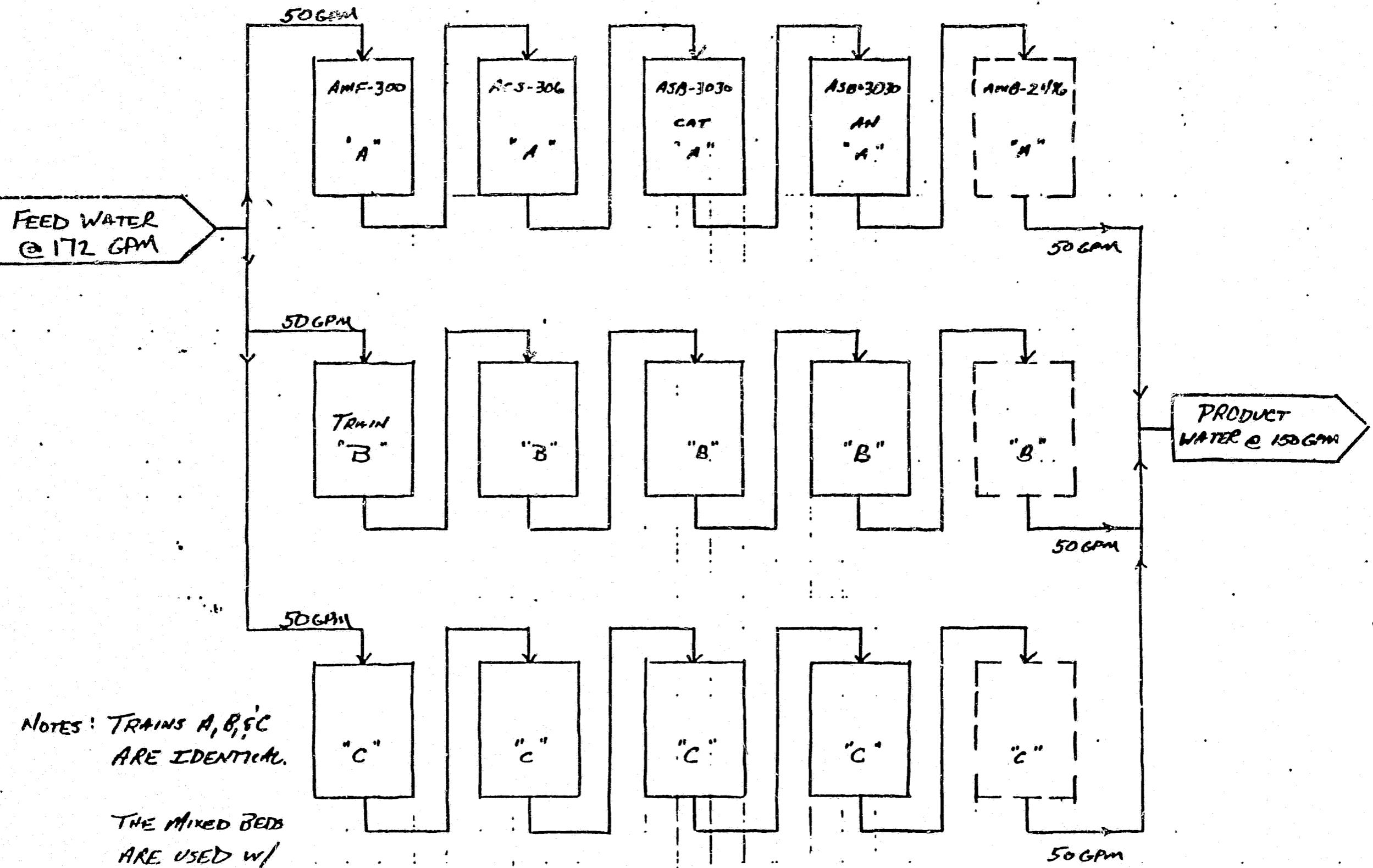
00250

BUDGET Block V RAMS

## EBASED SERVICES

Int Ref. No. SG-84- 3

7-16-84 W. BATES



C-E Power Systems  
Combustion Engineering, Inc.  
1800 South West First Avenue  
Portland, Oregon 97201

Tel. 503/224-9132



April 13, 1984

Mr. Gordon Villevik  
Ebasco Services Incorporated  
400 - 112th Avenue N. E.  
Bellevue, Washington 98004

Dear Gordie:

Subject: Alaska Power Authority  
Nenana Coal Field - Thermal Station  
Negotiation No. PTD-84059-B

In response to your letter of March 26 concerning the subject project we are pleased to respond in part to your request for budgetary information.

SCOPE OF SUPPLY FOR EACH OF THE FOLLOWING CASES

Furnace Wall System  
Superheater  
Reheater  
Economizer  
Pressure Parts Support Steel  
Casing & Buckstays  
Ducts & Dampers  
Tilting Tangential Firing Eqpmt.  
Coal Piping  
C-E Pulverizers  
Stock Gravimetric Coal Feeders  
Sealing

Setting, Insulation & Lagging  
Circulation Pumps, Valves & Drives  
Ljungstrom Air Preheaters  
Platforms & Stairways  
Complete Structural Steel  
Soot Blowers & Temperature Probe(s)  
Valves & Accessories  
Forced Draft Fan(s) & Drive(s)  
Primary Air Fan(s) & Drive(s)  
Shop Subassembly Phases I, II & III  
Erection Representative  
Service Representative

Mr. Gordon Villevik  
Page 2  
April 13

BOILERS

Case I (200 MW)

One (1) 1,590,000 #/hr., 2650 #, 1000°F/1005°F unit, firing subbituminous "C" coal:

Total Approximate Present Day D&R Sell:	\$28,400,000
Total Approximate Present Day Erection Sell:	\$14,000,000
Estimated Erection Man-hours <u>Northwest</u> :	To Follow

CASE II (400 MW)

One (1) 3,158,000 #/hr., 2650#, 1008°F/1005°F unit, firing subbituminous "C" coal:

Total Approximate Present Day D&R Sell:	\$41,000,000
Total Approximate Present Day Erection Sell:	\$20,500,000
Estimated Erection Man-hours <u>Northwest</u> :	To Follow

CASE III (600 MW)

One (1) 4,703,500 #/hr., 2650 #, 1008°F/1005°F unit, firing subbituminous "C" coal:

Total Approximate Present Day D&R Sell:	\$52,000,000
Total Approximate Present Day Erection Sell:	\$26,000,000
Estimated Erection Man-hours <u>Northwest</u> :	To Follow

*Muel*  
CASE III  $200,000 \text{ MH} \times 287 \text{ MH} \times 1.4 = 27,440,000$   
C.O.

BACK END EQUIPMENT

Pricing to follow in approximately two (2) weeks.

We trust this information will be of assistance to you and will follow up with the balance of requested information as soon as it is available.

Very truly yours,

COMBUSTION ENGINEERING, INC.

*G. R. Dahlinger*  
G. R. Dahlinger  
District Manager

GRD:mjf



Westinghouse  
Electric Corporation

5901 S W Macadam Avenue  
Portland Oregon 97201

April 17, 1984

503-221-4430

Mr. Joseph J. Marshall,  
Senior Engineer  
Ebasco Services Inc.  
400 110th Avenue N.E.  
Bellevue, WA 98004

Subject: Alaska Power Authority  
Estimating Prices  
Steam Turbine Generators

used these  
figures

Dear Mr. Marshall:

This is a response to your letter dated March 23, 1984 and our subsequent telephone conversations regarding estimating prices on 600 MW, 400 MW and 200 MW fossil turbine generators for Alaska Power Authority.

Estimating prices are as follows:

600 MW	-	\$38.5M	✓	Category C 7.1
400 MW	-	\$28.1M	✓	
200 MW	-	\$16.4M	✓	

Westinghouse would be very interested in providing this type of equipment to Alaska Power Authority. I would appreciate you keeping me informed on the progress of this project.

Very truly yours,

C.J. Yarbrough  
C.J. Yarbrough

CJY:sc

cc: Mr. T.A. Rossman  
Westinghouse Electric Corporation  
Seattle, WA  
cc: Mr. D.M. Johnson  
Westinghouse Electric Corporation  
Orlando, FL

# ECOLaire HEAT TRANSFER CO.

1550 Lehigh Drive  
Easton, PA 18042  
Phone 215-250-1000  
Telex 84-7330

27 April 1984

Joseph J. Marshall, Senior Engineer  
Ebasco Services, Inc  
400 - 112th Ave NE  
Bellevue, WA 98004

Sub: Alaska Power Authority  
Surface Condenser Estimate

Dear Mr. Marshall:

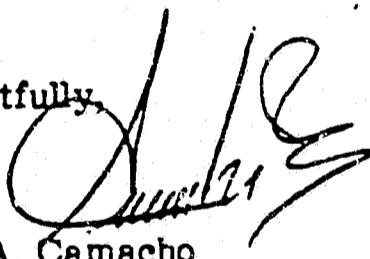
The following is confirmation of estimated prices supplied verbally earlier this month:

Item	Price
200 MW Unit	\$ 861,000
400 MW Unit	1,489,000
600 MW Unit (multi-pressure)	3,203,000

These prices are fob W. Easton, PA, subject to escalation. Included in these prices are tubes, shop tubing and a stainless steel expansion joint at the turbine exhaust flange.

We have also included three sketches which show the estimated overall dimensions of the units proposed.

Respectfully,



Jorge A. Camacho  
Lead Application Engineer  
Sales and Marketing Dept  
215-250-1108

JAC/mgb  
Enclosures  
CC Engineered Equipment-Northwest - D.J.Wold

**PRELIMINARY DIMENSIONS**

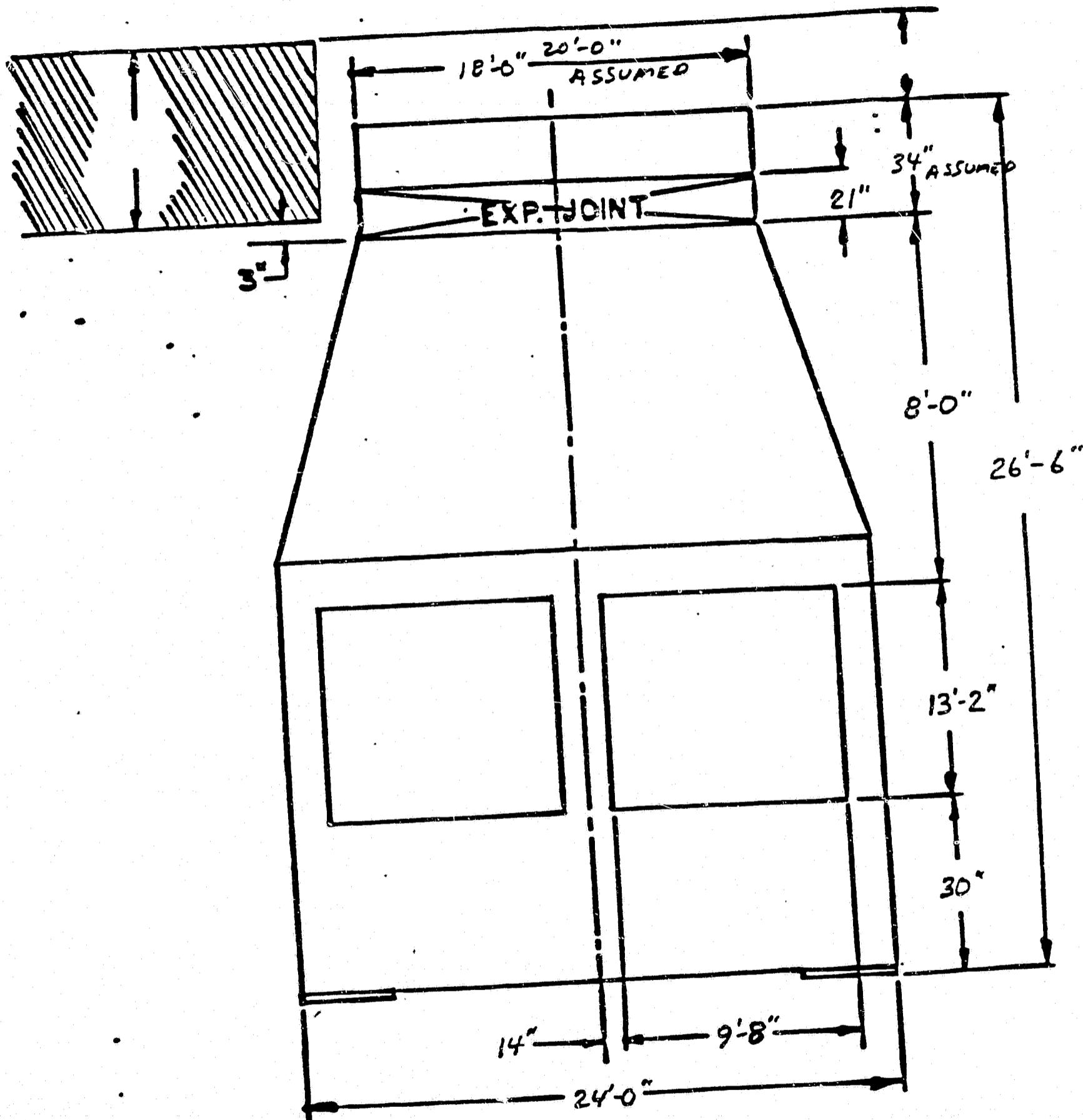
CUSTOMER EBASCO / ALASKA POWER AUTH.

DATE 17 APRIL 84

UNIT 600 MW

MULTI-PRESSURE

NO. \_\_\_\_\_



EACH SHELL

ECOLAIRE CONDENSER INC.

# ECOLAIRE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY

380 Civic Drive  
Pleasant Hill, CA 94523  
Phone 415-676-6315  
Telex 34-0314

April 13, 1984

Ebasco Services Incorporated  
400 112th Avenue N. E.  
Bellevue, WA. 98004

Attention: Mr. Joseph J. Marshall  
Senior Engineer

Reference: Alaska Power Authority

Dear Mr. Marshall:

We are pleased to respond to your request of April 9, 1984, for budgetary cost estimates on three (3) different baghouses, sized for 600 MW (1,982,000 ACFM), 400 MW (1,324,000 ACFM), and 200 MW (662,000 ACFM), respectively.

We have described our selections on separate data sheets for your convenience. We have also included our installations list for utility coal fired boilers, and installation reports on two recent projects.

Your client may be interested to know that Ecolaire has a baghouse installed on a small coal fired boiler at Golden Valley Electric Association's Healy Station Unit 1 near Fairbanks, Alaska. This unit has been in operation since 1980.

If you have any questions concerning the above or enclosed information, or if you require additional data at this time, please feel free to contact our local sales representative, listed below, or this office directly. We would be pleased to assist in specification preparation/recommendations if your study should progress to that stage. We look forward to an opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,  
ECOLAIRE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY

E. S. Guldner  
Applications Engineer

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# **ECOLAIRE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY**

**Ebasco Services Incorporated  
April 13, 1984  
Page Two**

**cc: Engineered Equipment Northwest  
P. O. Box 02252  
Portland, OR. 97202  
(503) 238-0093  
Mr. Don Wold**

**Ecolaire Environmental Company  
1868 E. Sixth Street  
Tempe, AZ. 85282  
(602) 897-8989  
Mr. Craig Wennerholm**

**Enclosures: CB 83  
Utility Boiler Installations List  
Installation Reports: N-6771, N-6592**

# ECOLAIRE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY

600 MW

Gas Volume:	1,982,000 ACFM
Gas Temp:	300°F
Fuel Fired:	Low Sulfur Sub-bituminous Coal
No. of Baghouses:	Two (2)
No. of Compartments:	Twelve (12) per Baghouse, 24 Total
Baghouse Cleaning:	Reverse Gas
Bag Type:	Woven Fiberglass with Teflon B Finish
Bag Size:	12"Ø x 36'-9" Long
No. of Bags:	450 per Compartment, 10,800 Total
Air/Cloth Ratios:	
Gross:	1.70 : 1
Net:	1.94:1 including Reverse Gas
Net-Net:	2.14:1 including Reverse Gas
Plan Area:	163'L x 161'W x 103'H
Budget Price:	\$17,400,000 installed and insulated, exclusive of foundations or field wiring.

Note that the baghouse we have selected for this application is virtually identical in size and arrangement to the unit Ecolaire has provided to Deseret Generation and Transmission Cooperative for their Moon Lake Station.

# ECOLAIRE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY

## 600 MW

Gas Volume:	1,982,000 ACFM
Gas Temp:	300°F
Fuel Fired:	Low Sulfur Sub-bituminous Coal
No. of Baghouses:	Two (2)
No. of Compartments:	Twelve (12) per Baghouse, 24 Total
Baghouse Cleaning:	Reverse Gas
Bag Type:	Woven Fiberglass with Teflon B Finish
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Note that the baghouse we have selected for this application is virtually identical in size and arrangement to the unit Ecolaire has provided to Deseret Generation and Transmission Cooperative for their Moon Lake Station.



## FOSTER WHEELER ENERGY CORPORATION

110 SOUTH ORANGE AVENUE • LIVINGSTON, NEW JERSEY 07039 • PHONE 201-533-1100

ADDRESS REPLY TO:

11061 N.E. 2nd, P.O. Box 807, Bellevue, Washington 98009  
Telephone (206) 454-7955 Telex: 152201

CC DeFies ✓  
Keegan

May 21, 1984

Ebasco Services Inc.  
400-112th Avenue N.E.  
Bellevue, WA. 98004

Attention: Mr. G. Villesvik

Subject: Alaska Power Authority  
Nenana Coal Field - Thermal Station  
FWEC Ref. No.1015

Gentlemen:

In response to your inquiry letter of March 26, 1984, we herewith submit pricing for coal fired boilers of 200, 400 and 600 MW sizes.

The present day, escalatable material supply budget prices are as follows:

	<u>MW SIZE</u>		
	<u>200</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>600</u>
Steam flow, M Lb/Hr	1,590	3,158	4,703.5
Pressure, psig	2,650	2,650	2,650
Steam Temp. deg. F. SH/RH	1008/1005	1008/1005	1008/1005
Material Price, FOB Seattle	\$25,000,000	\$41,500,000	\$56,500,000
Deduct for FD/ID Fans and Drives	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 3,700,000

Budget prices for precipitators to follow.

The scope of supply included in the above is as follows:

Structural steel and platforms; boiler pressure parts; flues and ducts (fan to fan); Air heater and steam coil; firing equipment; burner front piping; burner management system; feeders and piping; pulverizers with drives; burners; primary air fan system with fans and drives; ID/FD fans and drives; sootblowers and piping; lagging, insulation and setting materials; normal complement of valves and fittings; normal start-up services.

Please note that the flue gas desulfurization system and precipitator are not included in the scope of supply.

Ebasco Services Inc.  
for Alaska Power Authority  
FWEC Ref. 1015

May 21, 1984

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Erection Manhours

An estimate of erection manhours for each of the three sizes of boiler with the complete scope listed above is as follows:

	<u>MW Size</u>		
	<u>200</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>600</u>
Est. Manhours (Pacific N.W. area)	325,000	550,000	750,000

Weights

The steam drum is the heaviest piece of each of the boilers. Estimated weights for the drums are as shown:

	<u>MW Size</u>		
	<u>200</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>600</u>
Est. Drum Weight, Lb.	350,000	550,000	780,000

These budget prices are predicated upon the Corporation's Standard Price Adjustment Terms and Terms of Payment. Terms of Payment are of a progress nature consistent with the Corporation's outlay of capital.

These budget prices and selection information are provided for informational purposes and for convenience only. Accordingly, all work performed and/or decisions made shall be at the entire risk and obligation of the user.

Please let me know if I can be of further assistance.

Yours very truly,

FOSTER WHEELER ENERGY CORPORATION

*Parker Trewin*  
Parker Trewin, Manager

Northwest District Sales

cc: S.G. Conover, FWEC  
H.J. Melosh, FWEC

# Utility Power Corporation



405 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10174 / (212) 682-8601 / Telex 12-5733

714-978-7401

Roger Woods -

April 27, 1984

Ebasco Services, Inc.  
400 112th Avenue N.E.  
Bellevue, WA 98004

Attention: Mr. Joseph J. Marshall  
Senior Engineer

Re: Alaska Power Authority  
Request for Estimate of Cost  
for Turbine-Generators

Dear Mr. Marshall:

I refer to your request for cost estimates on furnishing of turbine-generators sized 600 MW, 400 MW and 200 MW.

In the following I am listing the prices based on our standard scope of supply, a copy of which is attached to this letter.

600 MW	4-Flow 30	\$ 46,600,000
	4-Flow 35	49,800,000
400 MW	4-Flow 22	\$ 34,000,000
	4-Flow 27	36,100,000
200 MW	2-Flow 22	\$ 24,000,000

Should there be any more questions, please do not hesitate to call me.

Very truly yours,

*Klaus Miller*

Klaus Miller  
Regional Vice President

KM:ns  
encl.

**Utility Power Corporation**



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**STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS**

**FOSSIL • REHEAT • CONDENSING • 3-PHASE • 60 HERTZ • 3600 RPM**

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**SCOPE OF SUPPLY**

# Utility Power Corporation



## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS

FOSIL • REHEAT • CONDENSING • 3-PHASE • 60 HERTZ • 3600 RPM

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OCT. 1, 1982

### SCOPE OF SUPPLY TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES

#### A. TANDEM-COMPOUND SINGLE-REHEAT TURBINE

Consisting of one high-pressure section, one intermediate-pressure section, and either one, two or three low-pressure sections.

#### \*B. STOP AND CONTROL VALVE SYSTEM

1. Two or four main valve combinations, each consisting of a stop valve and a control valve, complete with supports. Each valve has its own hydraulic actuators.
2. Four reheat valve combinations, each consisting of a stop valve and control valve, complete with supports. Each valve has its own hydraulic actuator.
3. Piping with breech-lock type connections between main valve combinations and HP turbine casing. Piping with flanged or welded connections as required by design between reheat valve combinations and IP turbine casing.
4. Permanent fine-mesh steam strainer complete with separate casing for each main and reheat valve combination. The six or eight casings to be located in Purchaser's main and hot reheat steam piping.
5. Provision for local and remote testing of main stop and control valves, and of reheat stop and control valves while turbine is in operation.
6. Limit switches for the main and reheat stop valves with four double-pole, double-throw (DPDT) contacts at each end of the valve stroke and three DPDT contacts for each main and reheat control valve.
7. Position transducer for each main and reheat control valve.
8. Temporary sealing devices for main and reheat stop valves for boiler hydrostatic test. One set for duplicate units.

#### \*C. TURBINE DRAINS

1. Motor-operated drain valves for turbine valves, casings and steam piping as required with:
  - a. Torque and travel limit switches.
  - b. Manual isolating valves.
2. Piping from turbine equipment to each drain valve (up to 25 feet). Pipe hangers and supports not included.

#### D. SEAL-STEAM SYSTEM

1. Seal-steam pressure control system with supply and leak-off valves including a motor-operated bypass

valve for each. The system automatically regulates seal-steam header pressure and has provision for local/remote manual operation.

2. Seal-steam condenser suitable for 125°F cooling water and 400 psig maximum pressure with one motor-driven vapor exhauster and one high water-level alarm. Stainless steel or 90-10 copper-nickel tubes.
3. Complete seal-steam piping from turbine to the regulating valves and to the seal-steam condenser. Pipe supports and hangers not included.

#### \*E. EXHAUST HOOD SPRAY SYSTEM

1. Spray nozzles installed in each LP turbine exhaust casing.
2. Piping between the control valve and spray nozzles. Pipe supports and hangers not included.
3. Solenoid valve with motor-operated bypass valve.
4. Temperature sensors with alarm contacts mounted in the LP turbine exhaust casings.

#### \*F. LUBRICATING OIL SYSTEM

1. Shaft-driven centrifugal main oil pump.
2. Lube oil tank (oil not included), equipped with:
  - a. Oil turbine-driven vertical centrifugal booster pump.
  - b. Two full-capacity vertical centrifugal auxiliary oil pumps with a-c motors.
  - c. Vertical centrifugal emergency bearing oil pump with d-c motor and starter.
  - d. Oil vapor exhauster with a-c motor.
  - e. Oil mist eliminator.
  - f. Basket-type oil strainers located at oil return to tank.
  - g. Float-type oil-level indicator.
  - h. Float-type oil-level switch with separate high and low-level contacts.
  - i. Hinged and removable access covers.
  - j. Two 100% capacity positive displacement shaft-lift oil pumps with a-c motors.
  - k. Two 100% capacity oil coolers with 5/8 in OD 18 BWG minimum wall, 90-10 copper-nickel or Ad-

\*REVISED SINCE LAST EDITION

PRINTED IN U.S.A.

Supersedes Page Dated Aug. 1, 1978

JULY 1, 1982

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# Utility Power Corporation



## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS

### SCOPE OF SUPPLY TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES

miralty metal integrally finned tubes for 95°F cooling water at 125 psig maximum, and a manually operated three-way transfer valve.

- I. Pressure switches and solenoid valves for remote testing of auxiliary and emergency bearing oil pumps.
3. Duplex oil filter with transfer valve in oil piping feeding the combined thrust and journal bearing, complete with local indication and alarm of oil-pressure drop across filters and a pressure switch for alarm of low lube-oil pressure.
4. Complete interconnection oil piping between all pumps, coolers, turbine-generator bearings and tank. Pipe hangers and supports not included. All the oil-supply piping adjacent to the turbine is guarded by special pipe enclosure. Connections are provided on tank to accommodate Purchaser's external piping for his oil conditioning system.
5. All electrical connections, except motor power supplies, will be factory-wired to terminal boxes.

#### \*G. MOTOR DRIVES

1. All motors are totally enclosed fan cooled with a service factor of 1.15 and Class B insulation. They are equipped with grounding provision, drain devices, thermostats, space heaters and oversized gasketed conduit boxes.
2. Standard a-c motors are rated 3-phase 460 volts  $\pm$  10% for continuous operation and are capable of starting and accelerating at 75% rated voltage.
3. Standard d-c motors are rated either 120 or 240 volts and are capable of operating with a  $\pm$  15% voltage variation.

#### H. OIL-HYDRAULIC TURNING GEAR

1. Oil-impulse turbine mounted on shaft system for rotation at approximately 150 rpm.
2. Piping between auxiliary oil pump discharge header and oil turbine, complete with motor-operated control valve.
3. Mechanical shaft rotating device to allow turbine-generator shaft to be turned manually.

#### \*I. TURBINE CONTROL SYSTEM

1. Electro-Hydraulic Control (EHC) System.

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#### a. Electronic control circuits, including:

- (1) Speed control for both speed and load operation consisting of:
  - (a) Three-channel speed measuring system with shaft-mounted disc, pulse converters and one spare transducer.
  - (b) Limiting signals from the Turbine Stress and Start-Up Control (TSC) System (see Item J).
- (2) Load control consisting of:
  - (a) Two-channel electrical load measuring system.
  - (b) Provisions for HP turbine admission pressure or control valve position feedback.
  - (c) Remotely adjustable loading rate.
  - (d) Automatic transfer from load to speed control.
  - (e) Remotely adjustable load limit set point.
  - (f) Frequency-load control unit.
  - (g) Four load run-backs (three for Purchaser's use).
  - (h) Limiting signals from the TSC system.

#### (3) Pressure control consisting of:

- (a) Main steam pressure transducer.
- (b) Throttle pressure and limit pressure control.
- (4) Admission control with electro-hydraulic converter for positioning the main and reheat control valves.

#### (5) Tracking device for Mechanical-Hydraulic Control (MHC) back-up operation.

#### (6) Interface provisions for Purchaser's automatic load dispatch or coordinated boiler control.

#### (7) Provisions for Early Valve Actuation, if required by Purchaser.

#### b. Speed Measuring Unit (SMU) including:

- (1) Speed measuring circuits mounted in the EHC cabinet.

Supersedes Page Dated Aug. 1, 1978



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## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS

FOSSIL • REHEAT • CONDENSING • 3-PHASE • 60 HERTZ • 3600 RPM

### SCOPE OF SUPPLY TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES

- (2) Speed signals consisting of:
  - (a) Analog outputs for local and remote unit speed indication, recording and TSC.
  - (b) Limit-value monitors for TSI, ATT, ATC, TVR and generator condition monitoring system.
- (3) Speed signals for Purchaser's use consisting of:
  - (a) Analog output.
  - (b) Limit-value monitors for:
    1. Minimum speed.
    2. Automatic operation of turning gear.
    3. Automatic operation of shaft-lift oil pumps.
    4. Automatic shutoff of LP exhaust hood spray valve.
  - (c) Digital output from pulse converter.
- c. Free-standing EHC cabinets containing:
  - (1) Solid-state control circuits.
  - (2) Remotely operated reference setters.
  - (3) Alarm contacts for indicating failures within the electronic system.
  - (4) Grounding provisions, convenience outlet.
- d. Control panel (Item L.2) for mounting in Purchaser's Control Room.
- 2. Mechanical-Hydraulic Control (MHC) System.  
The MHC functions as back-up to the EHC and it includes the following:
  - a. Turbine shaft-driven impeller which provides the hydraulic speed signal.
  - b. Mechanical-hydraulic speed governor, including an a-c motor-operated reference speed setter, hydraulically in series with an a-c motor-operated starting and load limit device. Each device has a local handwheel. Remote-control pushbuttons are located on turbine control panel (Item L.2).
- 3. Electro-Hydraulic and Hydraulic-Hydraulic Converters to provide a hydraulic positioning signal to the main and reheat control valves.
- 4. Hydraulic Control Equipment Rack located at the turbine front end and Control Fluid Supply Racks located near control valves.
- 5. Control Fluid System with fire resistant fluid operating at 450/110 psig including the following:
  - a. Fluid tank (fluid not included) with access door, level indicator, high and low level alarm contacts.
  - b. Two 100% capacity submerged centrifugal pumps with vertical a-c motor mounted on top of tank, each with inlet strainer.
  - c. Two 100% capacity fluid coolers with 5/8" OD, 18 BWG minimum 90-10 copper-nickel tubes for 95°F cooling water at 125 psig maximum, and a manually operated transfer valve.
  - d. Fluid conditioning equipment consisting of:
    - (1) Filter pump with a-c motor.
    - (2) Fuller's earth filter with differential pressure switch.
    - (3) Fine-mesh filter with differential pressure switch.
    - (4) Relief valve.
    - (5) Interconnecting piping.
  - e. Fluid accumulators.
  - f. Tank-mounted fluid heaters.
  - g. Pressure switch with solenoid valves for remote testing of fluid pump motors and for low pressure alarm.
  - h. Carbon steel piping for control fluid system. Pipe hangers and supports not included.
  - i. All electrical connections, except motor power supplies, will be factory-wired to terminal boxes.
- J. TURBINE STRESS AND START-UP CONTROL (TSC) SYSTEM
  - 1. The TSC performs the following functions:
    - a. Continuous monitoring of thermal stress conditions in turbine valves, casings and rotors.
    - b. Computation, logging and recording of life expenditure of turbine components due to low-cycle fatigue.

CT. 1, 1982

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**Utility Power Corporation****STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS****SCOPE OF SUPPLY  
TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES**

- c. Control, in conjunction with the EHC, of manual and automatic turbine start-up and loading.
  - d. Automatic Turbine-Generator Start-Up Control (ATC) from turning gear to preset load and shutdown including the following pre-programmed functions:
    - (1) Monitoring of unit prestart conditions.
    - (2) Opening of stop valves.
    - (3) Control of acceleration to holding and/or rated speed.
    - (4) Synchronization with automatic synchronizer.
    - (5) Loading and unloading.
    - (6) Continuous supervision of turbine thermal stresses and proper functioning of turbine auxiliary systems.
  - 2. Sensing equipment on the turbine-generator:
    - a. Special thermocouples.
    - b. Temperature transducers.
  - 3. Free-standing TSC cabinet containing:
    - a. Programmable microprocessor based solid-state circuits with memory, automatic self-testing features and alarm contacts.
    - b. Grounding provisions.
    - c. Data link to station computer for data logging.
  - 4. Colored CRT and keyboard for mounting in Purchaser's control room.
  - 5. Instruments and control for mounting in Purchaser's control room including:
    - a. Cycling selector pushbuttons for normal/medium/fast turbine start-up and loading.
    - b. Turbine Stress Indicator for graphic display of:
      - (1) Turbine speed and permissible temperature margins.
      - (2) Generator load and permissible load margins.
    - c. Multi-point recorders for:
      - (1) Turbine metal temperatures.
      - (2) Computed rotor mean and center temperatures.
  - (3) Permissible temperature and load margins.
  - (4) Turbine speed or generator load.
  - d. Teleprinter for:
    - (1) Data per item c above.
    - (2) Life expenditure per thermal cycle.
    - (3) Remaining life expectancy.
    - (4) ATC program steps, operating criteria and alarms.
  - e. Life expectancy counters for each monitored turbine component.
  - f. TSC control panel (Item L.2) for mounting in Purchaser's control room.
  - 6. Programming equipment with fixed program storage.
- K. AUTOMATIC TURBINE TESTER (ATT)**
- 1. The ATT provides on-line automatic functional testing of the following:
    - a. All turbine stop and control valves.
    - b. Protective devices:
      - (1) Two remote trip solenoids.
      - (2) Two overspeed trip bolts.
      - (3) Thrust bearing failure trip.
  - 2. Indicating lights on the control panel for:
    - a. Malfunction of system(s).
    - b. Test program steps.
    - c. Criteria failures.
    - d. Common alarms.
  - 3. Components on the turbine including:
    - a. Motor-operated positioner for each control valve and overspeed test device.
    - b. Solenoid valves, pressure switches and limit switches for testing or check-back signals of all stop valves, control valves or mechanical protective devices.
  - 4. Electrical overspeed back-up trips during testing of protective devices. Back-up trips are individually tested before actuation.

# Utility Power Corporation



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## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS

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### SCOPE OF SUPPLY TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES

5. Free-standing ATT cabinets containing digital solid-state control circuits, contactors, grounding provisions, and alarm contacts for monitoring internal failures.

6. Control panel for mounting in Purchaser's control room (Item L.3).

#### \*L TURBINE-GENERATOR CONTROL PANELS

1. Control panels for mounting in Purchaser's control room including:

a. Miniaturized control inserts.

b. Instruments of modular design with lamp testing.

c. Up to 100 feet of flame-retardant plug-in cables.

2. T-G control panel with system fault indications and lamp tests including:

a. Electro-Hydraulic Control (EHC) System with:

(1) Indicator for:

(a) Speed

(b) Load

(c) Main steam pressure

(d) Reheat steam pressure

(2) Speed reference setter and indicators for 0-4200 rpm and 3300-4200 rpm.

(3) Limited speed reference indicator.

(4) Load control on/off with indicating lights.

(5) Load reference setter and indicator.

(6) Limited load reference indicator.

(7) Automatic dispatch system on/off with indicating lights and dispatch load reference indicator.

(8) Load limit reference and indicator.

(9) Loading rate setter on/off with indicating lights and indicator.

(10) Total load reference indicator.

(11) Frequency load control on/off with indicating lights and frequency/load deviation indicator.

(12) Pressure deviation indicator.

(13) Throttle pressure or limit pressure mode selector with indicating lights.

(14) Master turbine trip pushbutton with cover plate for protection from accidental activation.

(15) Release pushbutton.

(16) Indicating lights for:

(a) Speed/load/pressure control in operation.

(b) EHC failure.

(c) Limit pressure value reached.

(d) Acceleration low limit value reached.

(e) Load runback switched off.

(f) TSC switched off.

(g) ATC switched off.

b. Mechanical-Hydraulic Control (MHC) System with:

(1) Tracking on/off with indicating lights.

(2) Hydraulic load limit setter and position indicator.

(3) Hydraulic speed setter and position indicator.

c. Turbine Stress and Start-Up Control (TSC) System with:

(1) Cycling normal/medium/fast selector.

(2) Pushbutton selector for Turbine Stress Indicator.

(3) Life-expectancy counters.

(4) Pushbuttons for TSC test program.

(5) Pushbuttons for ATC program start/stop and on/off.

(6) Step and criteria indication lights.

d. Valve Position Indication (VPI) with:

(1) Individual stop valve open/closed indicating lights.

(2) Individual control valve position indicators.

e. Seal-Steam Control (SSC) System with:

(1) Seal-steam supply and leak-off valve position setter with position indicators.

(2) Seal-steam header pressure indicator.

(3) SSC on/off with indicating lights and control deviation indicator.

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**Utility Power Corporation****STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS**
**SCOPE OF SUPPLY  
TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES**

- 3. Automatic Turbine Tester (ATT) with:
  - a. Valves/Protective devices test selector with indicating lights.
  - b. Individual stop and control valve test program selector with indicating lights.
  - c. Remote solenoid trip test program selector with indicating lights.
  - d. Overspeed trip test program selector with indicating lights.
  - e. Thrust-bearing trip test program selector with indicating lights.
  - f. Visual display of program steps, criteria failures and common alarms for above tests.
- 4. Thyristor Voltage Regulator (TVR) with:
  - a. Generator field current indicator.
  - b. Reference setter for channel 1 (auto) and 2 (auto/manual) with deviation indicator.
  - c. Automatic and matching control mode selector with indicating lights.
  - d. Exciter field breaker open/closed.
- \*M. TURBINE-GENERATOR SUPERVISORY INSTRUMENTATION (TSI) SYSTEM
  - 1. Microprocessor based data acquisition system (DAS) to evaluate, display and retrieve long and short-time storage for:
    - a. Real-time information of actual data, trend graphics and alarm conditions.
    - b. Instruction messages to the operator for manual control.
    - c. Paging capability for display of systems and/or variables as selected by the operator.
  - 2. Sensing equipment for:
    - a. Absolute and relative shaft vibration.
    - b. Absolute bearing vibration.
    - c. Differential and absolute expansion.
    - d. Shaft position at thrust bearing.
    - e. Shaft eccentricity.
    - f. Control valve position (Item E.7).
- g. Temperature and pressure-sensing equipment listed under other systems.
- 5. Vibration phase-angle meter and selector switch, including shaft mounted reference detector and required circuitry.
- 6. Free-standing cabinets containing analog solid-state and microprocessor based circuits, grounding provisions, alarm contacts for monitoring internal failures, etc. including:
  - a. Alarm contacts for indication of excessive absolute shaft vibrations, expansions and shaft position.
  - b. Analog signals for Purchaser's computer.
  - c. Local indicators mounted at the amplifier face for M.2.a, b, c, d and e.
- 7. Recorders for mounting in Purchaser's control room for vibration, expansion, eccentricity, turbine metal temperatures and bearing metal temperatures, including one year's supply of paper.
- 8. Colored CRT and teleprinter for mounting in Purchaser's control room.

**N. TURBINE PROTECTIVE DEVICES**

- 1. Emergency trip devices including:
  - a. Two mechanical-hydraulic overspeed trip devices with alarm contacts and provisions for local manual testing.
  - b. Two-channel vacuum trip system with pressure transducers and pre-trip alarm.
  - c. Two thrust bearing failure trip devices; one mechanical-hydraulic device with alarm contacts, and one electrical system derived from shaft position measurement with pre-trip alarm.
  - d. Two remote trip solenoids and alarm contacts.
  - e. Two-channel low lube-oil pressure trip system with pressure transducers and pre-trip alarm.
  - f. High absolute shaft vibration trip with pre-trip alarm.
  - g. Manual trip devices at front of turbine with alarm contacts and remote trip pushbutton on turbine control panel.
- 2. Load Rejection Relay (LRR) for fast control valve closure mounted in cabinet.



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## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS

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### SCOPE OF SUPPLY TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES

3. Atmospheric relief diaphragms mounted in each LP turbine outer casing.
4. Three separate pressure switches actuated by a hydraulic relay to operate Purchaser's extraction non-return valves.

#### \*O. TURBINE MONITORING EQUIPMENT

1. Gauges to indicate locally:
  - a. Main oil pump discharge pressure.
  - b. Control fluid pressures.
  - c. Lubricating oil pressure.
  - d. Shaft lift oil pressure.
  - e. Seal steam pressure.
2. Remote indicators for mounting in operating control panels including transducers for:
  - a. Main steam pressure.
  - b. Reheat steam pressure.
  - c. Turbine-generator kW load.
3. Dial-type thermometers to indicate locally:
  - a. Control fluid temperatures at inlet and outlet of fluid coolers.
  - b. Temperature of oil leaving combined thrust and journal bearing.
  - c. Temperature of oil leaving each main journal bearing.
  - d. Oil temperatures at inlet and outlet of oil coolers.
4. Thermocouples to measure:
  - a. HP and IP turbine and valve casing metal temperatures.
  - b. Thrust bearing metal temperatures.
  - c. Journal bearing metal temperatures.
  - d. Exhaust hood temperatures.
  - e. Oil temperatures at inlet and outlet of oil coolers.
  - f. Fluid temperatures at inlet and outlet of control fluid coolers.
5. Digital speed indicator (0-4200 rpm).
6. Position indicating lights for stop valves and overspeed trip bolts.

#### \*P. POWER SUPPLY

Free-standing cabinet(s) with power supply for all turbine-generator electronic control systems with inputs from:

1. Permanent magnet generator (PMG).
2. Purchaser's single-phase or three-phase a-c power supply bus.

#### \*Q. ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES

NEMA 12 boxes mounted at the equipment and/or at various accessible locations adjacent to the turbine-generator to which electrical instrumentation and controls are wired.

#### \*R. THERMAL INSULATING MATERIAL

For installation by Purchaser on HP and IP turbines, valves and strainer casings, seal steam condenser, and on all steam piping supplied with the turbine, in accordance with PowerCorp specifications, including the following:

1. Reusable blankets for the barrel-type HP turbine.
2. Scored block insulation for IP turbine, main and reheat valve bodies, strainer casings, and seal steam condenser. Reusable blankets or reusable block insulation for flanged joints, expansion joints and connections.
3. Pre-formed pipe insulation with either fabric or aluminum jacketing for piping furnished with the turbine.

#### S. TURBINE METAL APPEARANCE LAGGING

For enclosing HP and IP turbines installed indoors, with sound-absorption material applied on all inside surfaces. Embedded support plates to be supplied by Purchaser.

#### T. TURBINE SUPPORT ACCESSORIES

Foundation plates, shims and subsole plates, guide keys, as required, to set and align turbine.

#### \*U. BARREL-TYPE TURBINE FIXTURES

(One set per station with duplicate units)

1. Special assembly and disassembly device for breech lock.
2. Special jigs for disassembly and assembly of HP turbine rotor and inner and outer casings including:

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### SCOPE OF SUPPLY TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES

- a. Centering rings to lock HP turbine rotating and stationary parts to one another both axially and radially.
- b. Eye-hook bolt-in extension for HP turbine rotor.
- c. Four-point supporting fixture for HP turbine.

#### V. MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT

- 1. One set of lifting slings and one lifting beam (one set per station with duplicate units).
- 2. Special tools and wrenches (maximum of two sets per station with duplicate units).
- 3. Steam strainer removal devices (one set per station with duplicate units).

#### \*W. MANUALS

Maximum of twenty-five (25) copies of each of the following manuals (one set per station with duplicate units):

1. Turbine operating instructions.
2. Generator operating instructions.
3. Turbine-generator maintenance.
4. Renewal parts.

#### \*X. SEISMIC RESTRAINTS

Special seismic restraints for turbine-generator equipment are not included. Where required, such restraints are to be applied by Purchaser and suitable attachment provisions will be made where feasible.

### SCOPE OF SUPPLY GENERATOR AND STANDARD GENERATOR ACCESSORIES

#### GENERATOR

The synchronous generator is totally enclosed with water-cooled stator winding, hydrogen-cooled core suspended in spring cage, hydrogen-cooled rotor winding and rotor damper winding system.

#### \*B. TERMINAL BUSHINGS

- 1. Six water-cooled high-voltage bushings with air-end terminals.
- 2. Two bushing-type current transformers per bushing (total of twelve) with C-800 relaying accuracy and 0.3B2 metering accuracy. Provisions for installation of one additional current transformer per bushing.

#### \*C. INSTRUMENTATION

- 1. RTD's on hydrogen coolers for gas inlet and outlet temperature indication.
- 2. Alarm thermostats for cooler gas inlets and outlets.
- 3. Thermocouples for cooler gas outlets.
- 4. Thermocouples for bearing metal temperature.
- 5. Liquid monitors to detect possible liquid leakage in generator casing and terminal bushing box.
- 6. Six RTD's in stator slots.
- 7. One thermocouple on each stator coil water outlet.
- 8. Terminal boxes with terminals for RTD's, thermostats, thermocouples, etc.

#### 9. Generator condition monitoring system.

#### 10. Shaft vibration sensors.

#### \*D. SEAL-OIL SYSTEM

- 1. One seal-oil unit assembled on a common base including:
  - Hydrogen Side:
    - a. Seal-oil tank with two low oil level detectors and local level gauge.
    - b. One seal-oil pump with a-c motor.
    - c. One pressure relief valve for seal-oil pump.
    - d. One seal oil cooler with 5/8" OD 18 BWG minimum 90-10 CuNi or Admiralty metal tubes designed for a cooling water temperature of 85° F at a pressure of 125 psig.
    - e. Dual seal-oil filters with transfer valve.
    - f. One control valve for seal-oil pump discharge pressure.

#### Air Side:

- a. Two main seal-oil pumps with a-c motors.
- b. One back-up seal-oil pump with d-c motor and starter.
- c. One pressure relief valve for each main and back-up seal-oil pump.

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**Utility Power Corporation****STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS****SCOPE OF SUPPLY  
TURBINE AND STANDARD TURBINE ACCESSORIES**

- a. Centering rings to lock HP turbine rotating and stationary parts to one another both axially and radially.
- b. Eye-hook bolt-in extension for HP turbine rotor.
- c. Four-point supporting fixture for HP turbine.

**V. MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT**

- 1. One set of lifting slings and one lifting beam (one set per station with duplicate units).
- 2. Special tools and wrenches (maximum of two sets per station with duplicate units).
- 3. Steam strainer removal devices (one set per station with duplicate units).

**\*W. MANUALS**

Maximum of twenty-five (25) copies of each of the following manuals (one set per station with duplicate units):

- 1. Turbine operating instructions.
- 2. Generator operating instructions.
- 3. Turbine-generator maintenance.
- 4. Renewal parts.

**\*X. SEISMIC RESTRAINTS**

Special seismic restraints for turbine-generator equipment are not included. Where required, such restraints are to be applied by Purchaser and suitable attachment provisions will be made where feasible.

**SCOPE OF SUPPLY  
GENERATOR AND STANDARD GENERATOR ACCESSORIES****GENERATOR**

The synchronous generator is totally enclosed with water-cooled stator winding, hydrogen-cooled core suspended in spring cage, hydrogen-cooled rotor winding and rotor damper winding system.

**\*B. TERMINAL BUSHINGS**

- 1. Six water-cooled high-voltage bushings with air-end terminals.
- 2. Two bushing-type current transformers per bushing (total of twelve) with C-800 relaying accuracy and 0.3B2 metering accuracy. Provisions for installation of one additional current transformer per bushing.

**\*C. INSTRUMENTATION**

- 1. RTD's on hydrogen coolers for gas inlet and outlet temperature indication.
- 2. Alarm thermostats for cooler gas inlets and outlets.
- 3. Thermocouples for cooler gas outlets.
- 4. Thermocouples for bearing metal temperature.
- 5. Liquid monitors to detect possible liquid leakage in generator casing and terminal bushing box.
- 6. Six RTD's in stator slots.
- 7. One thermocouple on each stator coil water outlet.
- 8. Terminal boxes with terminals for RTD's, thermostats, thermocouples, etc.

**9. Generator condition monitoring system.****10. Shaft vibration sensors.****\*D. SEAL-OIL SYSTEM**

- 1. One seal-oil unit assembled on a common base including:
  - Hydrogen Side:
    - a. Seal-oil tank with two low oil level detectors and local level gauge.
    - b. One seal-oil pump with a-c motor.
    - c. One pressure relief valve for seal-oil pump.
    - d. One seal oil cooler with 5/8" OD 18 BWG minimum 90-10 CuNi or Admiralty metal tubes designed for a cooling water temperature of 95° F at a pressure of 125 psig.
    - e. Dual seal-oil filters with transfer valve.
    - f. One control valve for seal-oil pump discharge pressure.

**Air Side:**

- a. Two main seal-oil pumps with a-c motors.
- b. One back-up seal-oil pump with d-c motor and starter.
- c. One pressure relief valve for each main and back-up seal-oil pump.



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### SCOPE OF SUPPLY GENERATOR AND STANDARD GENERATOR ACCESSORIES

d. Two differential-pressure regulating valves for seal-oil pressure control.

e. Two 100% capacity seal oil coolers with 5/8" OD 18 BWG minimum 90-10 CuNi or Admiralty metal tubes designed for a cooling water temperature of 95°F at a pressure of 125 psig, and manual transfer valves.

f. Duplex seal-oil filter with manual transfer valves.

Common to Hydrogen and Air Side:

a. Check valves and shutoff valves.

b. Piping and fittings, excluding vent piping.

2. Valve rack.

a. Two differential pressure regulating valves for hydrogen side seal-oil pressure control.

b. One differential pressure regulating valve in bypass to orifice.

c. Piping, check and shutoff valves.

3. Degassing tank with low oil level detector.

4. Two oil/hydrogen vapor exhausters with a-c motors, and one pressure transmitter.

5. Instrumentation.

a. Four pump discharge pressure gauges and pressure switches.

b. One oil pressure gauge, one pressure transmitter and two pressure switches for air side seal ring inlets.

c. Two differential pressure gauges for oil pressure difference between hydrogen side and air side seal oil.

d. One pressure gauge and pressure transmitter in each air side signal line.

e. One pressure gauge in generator casing pressure signal line.

f. Differential pressure indicators with alarm contacts for hydrogen and air side seal-oil filters.

g. One pressure gauge for air side seal-oil supply.

h. One pressure gauge for hydrogen side seal oil supply.

i. Two seal ring relief oil pressure gauges.

j. Four oil temperature RTD's after seal-oil coolers.

k. Four thermometers in oil inlet and outlet lines of seal-oil coolers.

l. Two generator prechamber high liquid level detectors.

m. Two oil temperature RTD's in generator pre-chamber.

n. Flow meters in air side, hydrogen side seal-oil and seal ring relief oil circuits.

6. Miscellaneous.

a. NEMA-12 junction boxes for all electrical connections except for motors.

b. All required piping between generator and seal-oil unit. Pipe hangers, supports and vent pipes not included.

### E. HYDROGEN COOLERS

Four vertical hydrogen coolers, located in the generator casing end section(s), with 5/8" OD 18 BWG minimum 90-10 copper-nickel or Admiralty metal finned tubes designed for a cooling water temperature of 95°F at a pressure of 125 psig.

### F. GAS SYSTEM

1. One hydrogen/carbon dioxide supply unit consisting of:

a. CO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> purity transducer.

b. Fan differential pressure gauge for H<sub>2</sub> purity indication.

c. One generator casing pressure gauge and one pressure transducer.

d. Piping and fittings. Pipe hangers and supports not included.

e. One NEMA-12 junction box for all electrical connections.

f. Compressed air filter.

g. Connection for Purchaser's piping from central H<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> gas supply including pressure regulator and gauges.

2. One gas drier with heater, thermostat and regeneration blower including valve position switch.

3. One hydrogen bottle manifold assembly.

a. Bottle connectors with shutoff valves.

b. Two pressure regulators with gauges.

c. One pressure gauge and pressure switch for bottle pressure.

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## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS



### SCOPE OF SUPPLY GENERATOR AND STANDARD GENERATOR ACCESSORIES

4. One carbon dioxide bottle manifold assembly.
  - a. Bottle connectors with shutoff valves.
  - b. One pressure gauge for bottle pressure.
  - c. One CO<sub>2</sub> flash evaporator with heater, relief valves, thermometer and RTD.
5. One nitrogen bottle manifold assembly.
  - a. Bottle connector with shutoff valve.
  - b. Pressure regulator with gauge.
  - c. Pressure gauge for bottle pressure.
  - d. Flow meter.
6. Miscellaneous.

All required piping between generator, hydrogen/carbon dioxide supply unit, gas drier and bottle H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and N<sub>2</sub> manifolds. Vent pipes, pipe hangers and supports not included.

#### PRIMARY WATER SYSTEM

Demineralized water-cooling system for a generator with water-cooled stator winding, connector leads and terminal bushings.

1. Primary water supply unit mounted on common base including:
  - a. Two 100%-capacity circulating water pumps with a-c motors.
  - b. Main filter.
  - c. Ion exchanger.
  - d. Fine mesh filter.
  - e. NEMA-12 junction box for all electrical connections except motors.
  - f. Check and shutoff valves.
  - g. Make-up water filter.
2. Primary water cooler unit with three 50%-capacity coolers with 5/8" OD 18 BWG minimum copper or 80-10 CuNi tubes, designed for a cooling water temperature of 95°F at a pressure of 125 psig.
3. Primary water tank with water level sight gauge mounted on top of generator with connections for waste gas system.
4. NaOH injection unit.
5. Waste gas pressure regulator.
6. Strainers at inlet and outlet of stator coil.

7. Sight glasses in bushing circuits and waste gas system.
8. All required piping (stainless steel) between generator, primary water supply unit, cooler unit, and valve rack. Vent pipes, drain pipes, pipe hangers and supports not included.
9. Instrumentation includes:
  - a. Two conductivity measuring sensors: one in main loop, and one in ion exchanger circuit.
  - b. Four metering orifices for primary water flow measurement, one in stator outlet and three in bushing outlets.
  - c. Eight flow transmitters with indicators, two at stator outlet and six at bushing outlets.
  - d. Flow meter in ion exchanger circuit.
  - e. Two water pressure gauges and two pressure switches for pump discharges and one pressure gauge and transmitter for stator inlet.
  - f. Six RTD's, four in the stator inlet, one in stator outlet and one in bushing outlet.
  - g. One primary water tank level monitor with low and high level alarm contacts.
  - h. Differential pressure transmitter to indicate pressure drop across main and fine mesh filters.
  - i. One dial-type thermometer for measuring primary water temperature in stator coil inlet and one in common terminal bushing outlet.
  - j. Flow meter for make-up water.
  - k. Waste gas pressure gauge and switch.
  - l. One differential pressure transmitter for primary water pressure drop in stator winding.

#### H. MOTOR DRIVES

1. All motors are totally enclosed fan-cooled with a service factor of 1.15 and Class B insulation. They are equipped with grounding provision, drain devices, thermostats, space heaters and oversized gasketed conduit boxes.
2. Standard a-c motors are rated 3-phase 460 volts ± 10% for continuous operation and are capable of starting and accelerating at 75% rated voltage.
3. Standard d-c motors are rated either 120 or 240 volts and are capable of operating with a ± 15% voltage variation.

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**SCOPE OF SUPPLY  
GENERATOR AND STANDARD GENERATOR ACCESSORIES****\*I. GENERATOR PROTECTION EQUIPMENT**

1. Trips with pre-trip alarms for:
  - a. High liquid level in generator terminal box.
  - b. High absolute generator/exciter shaft vibration.
  - c. Rotor ground fault.
  - d. Generator runback failure.
2. Runbacks with alarms for:
  - a. Low primary water flow in stator circuits.
  - b. Low primary water flow in bushing circuits.
  - c. High primary water temperature downstream of coolers.
  - d. High hydrogen temperature.

**\*J. GENERATOR AUXILIARY CABINET (GAC)**

Control and supervisory NEMA 12CV cabinets for the generator and for the hydrogen, primary water and seal oil supply systems including:

1. Control circuits with control switches and on/off indicating lights for all motors and heaters (a-c motor starters not included).
2. Supervisory circuits with front panel-mounted indicators for:
  - a. Percentage of CO<sub>2</sub> in air and H<sub>2</sub> in CO<sub>2</sub>.
  - b. Hydrogen purity.
  - c. Hydrogen pressure.
  - d. Primary water conductivity in main circuit.
  - e. Primary water conductivity in ion exchanger circuit.
  - f. Primary water flow in stator and terminal bushings.
3. Supervisory circuits for liquid level alarm in:
  - a. Generator terminal box.
  - b. Generator housing.
  - c. Generator seal oil tank, degassing tank and prechambers.
  - d. Primary water tank.
4. Annunciator, including alarms from generator auxiliaries, seal-oil, gas and primary water systems (a-c and d-c alarm horns for external mounting included).

**S. Signals for Purchaser's use consisting of:**

- a. Analog signals for Items 2b, c, d and e.
- b. Alarm contacts for the following:
  - (1) Items 2b, c, d, e and f.
  - (2) Items 3a, b and c.
  - (3) GAC failure.
  - (4) A-c and d-c power supply failure.
  - (5) Items in J.4.

**6. Space heaters.****7. Interior lighting and convenience outlets.****\*K. MISCELLANEOUS**

1. Sole plates, shims and, if required, sub-sole plates. Support plates for lagging not included.
2. Removable lagging from center line to floor.
3. Four generator frame grounding pads and shaft grounding brushes.
4. Terminals for testing bearing and seal housing insulation.

**L. MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT**

1. Necessary equipment for assembling the rotor into the armature (one set per station with duplicate units).
2. Special devices for installing end shields, bearings and shaft seals (one set per station with duplicate units).
3. Lifting slings for generator rotor (one set per station with duplicate units).
4. Special tools and wrenches (maximum of two sets per station with duplicate units).

**\*M. SEISMIC RESTRAINTS**

Special seismic restraints for turbine-generator equipment are not included. Where required, such restraints are to be applied by Purchaser and suitable attachment provisions will be made where feasible.

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## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS



### SCOPE OF SUPPLY BRUSHLESS EXCITATION SYSTEM AND STANDARD ACCESSORIES

**\*A. EXCITER**

Mounted on a common base plate including:

1. Shaft-driven permanent magnet generator to excite the main a-c exciter field through a thyristor voltage regulator and provide power supply to the control systems.
2. Shaft-driven a-c main exciter with a rotating armature and stationary field winding including special coils for sensing the main generator field current.
3. Rotating rectifier wheels with silicon diodes, resistance-capacitive circuits and fuses with visual failure indicators.
4. Sole plates including shims and, if required, sub-sole plates.
5. An exciter shaft-mounted fan for the closed-circuit air cooling system with two coolers having finned 90-10 copper-nickel or Admiralty metal 18 BWG tubes, Muntz metal tube sheets and steel water boxes and designed for 85°F cooling water at a pressure of 125 psig maximum.
6. Insulated pedestal bearing(s), including insulated oil flanges.
7. One exciter housing mounted over the rectifier wheels, main a-c exciter, pilot exciter, air coolers, with the following features:
  - a. Motor-operated louvers for admitting and discharging ambient air for emergency cooling.
  - b. Observation windows.
  - c. Doors with locking devices at the end of the housing for access to all parts of the rotating excitation system.
  - d. Set of internal lights, switches and convenience outlets.
  - e. Make-up air filter(s).
8. Junction box on exciter base.
9. Slip rings, brush holder assembly and brushes for continuous rotor ground fault detection.
10. Instrumentation
  - a. Duplex RTD's and thermostats for main exciter cold air temperatures, main exciter hot air temperatures and rectifier wheel hot air temperature.

Cold air temperature thermostat provided for emergency louver control.

- b. Thermocouple for exciter bearing metal temperatures.
- c. Shaft and bearing housing vibration sensors.
- d. Portable stroboscope for diode fuse inspection.

**\*B. THYRISTOR VOLTAGE REGULATOR (TVR)**

1. TVR cabinets containing solid-state electrical control circuits for 2 channel automatic and manual control, breakers, contactors, alarm contacts for monitoring failures, power supply connections, grounding provisions, etc., including the following:
  - a. Power supply for thyristors from pilot exciter with under voltage supervision.
  - b. Three draw-out type thyristor sets (two required for operation) each with pulse amplifiers and monitoring circuits, for exciting the main exciter field.
  - c. Automatic 2 channel voltage regulator with:
    - (1) Voltage measuring and control circuits.
    - (2) Reactive current compensation.
    - (3) Remotely operated, motor-driven reference setter.
    - (4) Overexcitation limiter.
    - (5) Underexcitation limiter.
    - (6) Field forcing limiter.
    - (7) Field forcing protection circuits.
    - (8) Excitation buildup circuits.
    - (9) V/Hz limiter.
    - (10) Continuous matching of automatic channels 1 and 2.
    - (11) Manual limitation of field forcing in case of rotating diode or fuse failure.
  - d. Manual excitation control circuits for operation during checkout and maintenance with remote motor-operated reference setter (from channel 2) adjustable from zero to full load excitation.
  - e. Gate control units for supplying firing pulses to thyristors including stabilized power supply.

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## STEAM TURBINE-GENERATORS

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### SCOPE OF SUPPLY BRUSHLESS EXCITATION SYSTEM AND STANDARD ACCESSORIES

1. Runback circuits (reactive load to minimum).
  2. Connections for Purchaser's 125 volts d-c battery supply for control of field breaker, power supply breakers, etc.
  3. Main exciter field breaker and field discharge resistor with two-channel trip system with connections for Purchaser's master trip signals, including de-excitation circuits for inverter operation of thyristors prior to main exciter field breaker trip.
  4. Field breaker closing circuits with speed interlock to prevent excitation below 95% speed at start-up and automatic de-excitation when speed drops below 90%.
  5. Exciter field current shunts.
  6. Input circuits for lower/raise commands from automatic synchronizer.
  7. Automation interface for closing field breaker.
  8. Analog signals for exciter and generator field current.
  9. Digital signals for field breaker position for Purchaser's use.
2. TVR control panel for mounting in Purchaser's control room.

3. QUESTION

- b) The operation and maintenance (O&M) cost data developed for the APA/Harza review of O&M cost for Alaskan based coal-fired steam electric power plants.

RESPONSE

The information used to estimate the O&M cost for an Alaska based coal-fired power plant was derived from an analysis of the O&M costs of a number of 200 MW power plants in the Lower 48, since no comparably sized units are currently operating in Alaska. The information obtained from this analysis of Lower 48 units, which is presented in response to Question 3(d), was adjusted for Alaska conditions. The adjustments are also discussed in response to Question 3(d).

Also consulted in developing the O&M cost estimate was a report prepared by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), entitled "Operating and Maintenance Cost Survey of FGD Systems", (March 1983). This report, which surveyed the widely-varying O&M costs of FGD systems in coal-fired power plants, is provided as Volume III, Appendix 2 of this response.

3. QUESTION

- c) Documentation and detailed explanation of changes in environmental regulations which translate into increased O&M costs for coal-fired plants between the time the application was filed and the submittal of comments on the DEIS.

RESPONSE

As indicated in the DEIS comments, increased O&M costs for the FGD system were due to the change in regulatory requirements between EPA's 1973 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) and the 1979 NSPS.

At the time the Railbelt study was prepared (1982), power plants designed to the standards of the 1979 NSPS were only commencing operation, hence experience-based data did not exist and O&M costs were based on the 1973 NSPS. Experience-based data were required for the new standards in order to estimate O&M costs, since O&M costs are dependent on the reliability of the new system and reliability could only be ascertained after operating experience.

The basic difference between the two standards is inclusion of a minimum percent reduction requirement of SO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the new standard. The 1973 standard limited emissions to 1.2 lb SO<sub>2</sub> per million Btu of heat input. The 1979 NSPS regulations now in effect require a minimum of 70 percent removal for all controlled emissions less than 0.6 lb SO<sub>2</sub> per million Btu. The major effect of the new standard has been to require SO<sub>2</sub> emissions control on low sulfur coals which under the 1973 standard would not have required any SO<sub>2</sub> control.

The 1979 NSPS<sup>2/</sup> also significantly strengthened the reliability requirements for FGD systems. The 1973 regulations permitted bypass of the FGD system during malfunction of portions of the system, hence permitting continued power plant operation.

The 1979 requirements allow the utility to bypass the system only if the following are true:

- The system has a spare FGD module;

2/ New Stationary Source Performance Standards; Electric Utility Steam Generating Units, 44 Fed. Reg. 33580 (June 11, 1979).

- Enough modules are not available to treat the entire flue gas generated;
- All available power is being used in the power pool or "grid"; and
- Power cannot be purchased from neighboring utilities.

Because of these greater reliability requirements, systems are not only more expensive, but are also being maintained to a much higher level than they were in years prior to the 1979 requirements.

3. QUESTION

- d) A copy of the detailed Power Authority/Harza analysis of O&M cost for coal-fired power plants in other parts of the country, including identification of the plants considered and appropriate technical plant similarities or differences.

RESPONSE

The Power Authority analysis of O&M cost data for coal-fired power plants reviewed utility fixed and variable costs for 200 MW nominal units in the Lower 48 states, since there are presently no operational coal-fired power plants of this size range in Alaska.

The basic selection criteria was to evaluate plants not only in the 200 MW size range but also to evaluate plants burning coal with characteristics similar to Alaska coals. It was also considered desirable in the selection process to evaluate coal plants with similar flue gas particulate and sulfur removal equipment.

As can be seen in the attached summary table (Attachment 3d.1), the plants considered in the evaluation were as follows:

- Huntington #1 (Utah Power & Light)
- Parish Plant (Houston Power & Light)
- Southwest Plant (Springfield City Utility)
- Asbury Plant (Empire District)
- Dave Johnson (Pacific Power & Light)
- Hawthorne #3 (Kansas City Power & Light)

Written responses from several utilities, which serve as examples of the survey material from which the O&M data were drawn, are attached (Attachment 3d.2).

The differences between coal plants surveyed and the hypothetical Alaska coal powerplant are discussed below.

#### Plant Staff and Wages

Because of the higher wage rate in Alaska (\$36/hr) versus the average in the Lower 48 (\$26/hr), the cost of labor is significantly higher in Alaska. In addition, due to the remote location of the plants in Alaska (central interior or in the Beluga field), staff

levels were based upon the high side of the survey to account for this remoteness.

#### FGD System Maintenance Costs

The FGD system maintenance costs are somewhat lower for the hypothetical Alaska coal power plant because of the larger staff employed full time at the power plant. By having a larger full time permanent staff, the cost of outside labor from different service organizations is reduced.

#### Landfill Disposal Costs

A large majority of the plants surveyed by Harza-Ebasco employ on site disposal of scrubber sludge and ash in evaporation ponds. Because a majority of the plants are in arid areas of the Western United States, evaporation can be counted upon for disposal of the sludge and ash.

Recent power plant designs approved by the EPA and state authorities have required a more permanent solution to the scrubber sludge and ash disposal problems. This solution has taken the form of byproduct sale or providing-stabilized sludge landfills. Harza-Ebasco developed costs associated with an environmentally acceptable approach to

stabilized sludge landfill operations. The concept employed is similar to that utilized at other stabilized sludge landfills in the utility industry. It consists of excavation of a ground area, installation of an impermeable barrier to protect ground water and the disposal of a blend of stabilized sludge (a mixture of scrubber sludge, ash and lime to act as a setting agent), which resembles low grade concrete.

Chemical Make-up Costs (Lime and Limestone)

The cost for FGD chemicals is a widely varying cost factor between utilities in the Lower 48. As documented in the EPRI report CS-2916, (Appendix 2), the costs vary significantly in various parts of the country. Because there is no source of lime in Alaska, Harza-Ebasco developed the costs based upon discussions with Seattle, Washington firms. These costs reflect the high transportation charge for delivery to the Cook Inlet (\$300/ton). In comparison, if the powerplant were located in Seattle, Washington, the annual cost for the FGD system would be approximately \$230,000, rather than the \$1,102,500 Alaska estimate.

#### Precipitator and Baghouse Maintenance

The survey showed that a much higher cost is associated with particulate removal system maintenance than what was initially assumed by the Power Authority. This higher maintenance cost is still the subject of review by Harza-Ebasco. The data contained in the DEIS was derived from estimates prepared by original equipment manufacturers' estimates received in telephone conversations.

#### Boiler Maintenance Costs

The boiler maintenance costs reflected in the survey conform to the values obtained from boiler manufacturers for their equipment. The number used was based upon the data obtained from the manufacturers.

#### Coal Handling Equipment Maintenance

The costs used in the Harza-Ebasco estimate of coal handling equipment reflect data obtained by telephone conversations with coal handling equipment manufacturers. This estimate compares favorably to that found during the utility survey.

#### Turbine Generator Maintenance Costs

The costs used for maintenance of the turbine generator are derived from data supplied by the original

equipment manufacturers. This estimate compares favorably to that found during the utility survey.

Other Costs (Cooling Tower, Water Treatment,  
and Lubricant Costs)

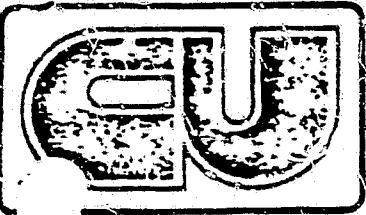
These costs were developed by contacts with original equipment manufacturers and averages of the utility survey. They are in line with the costs found during the survey.

SPECIFIC UTILITY REPORTED DATA  
O&M COST ESTIMATE BACKUP 200 MW COAL PLANT  
1983 \$

Operating Characteristics	Utah P&L	Houston P&L	Springfield City Utilities Southwest Plant	Empire District Asbury Plant	Pacific Power and Light D. Johnson Unit #3	Kansas City Power and Light Hawthorne #3	Adjusted Alaska Annual O&M Costs
	Huntington #1	Parish Plant					12/
Plant Rated Capacity (MW)	415 MW	570 MW	415 MW	200 MW	220 MW	235 KW	200 MW
• Coal HHV Btu/lb	11,900	8,600	12,000	11,500	7,800	12,000	123
• No. Total Staff	1255/	1005/	905/	425/	905/	1005/	\$59.80
• Fixed Labor Costs \$/kW/yr	21.74	13.30	16.45	15.92	31.02	32.27	--
• Plant Ht. Rate Btu/kWh	9,883	10,400	11,008	10,542	11,101	11,949	3.0%
• Sulfur in Fuel (%)	.5%	.5%	3.5%	5.4%	.45%		--
• Flue Gas Desulfurization Maintenance Cost	\$ 660,0001/	\$ 500,0001/	\$ 500,0001/	\$ 50,0002/	\$ 630,0001/	\$ 550,0001/	\$ 395,895
• Landfill Disposal Costs	\$ 200,000	N/A3/	N/A3/	N/A3/	N/A3/	N/A3/	\$ 1,750,000
• Chem. Makeup Cost Limestone	\$ 330,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 1,102,500
• Precipitator & Baghouse	\$ 910,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 500,000
• Boiler Maint. Costs	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 625,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,345,921
• Coal Handling Equip. Maint.	\$ 800,000	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 200,0006,9/	\$ 277,000	\$ 210,000	\$ 200,0009/	\$ 459,500
• Turbine/Gen. Maint. Cost	\$ 350,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 250,000*	\$ 220,000	\$ 380,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 257,000
• Cooling Tower Maint. Cost	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 80,000	N/A11/	N/A11/	N/A11/	\$ 93,000
• Water Treatment System Costs	\$ 300,000	\$ 343,000	\$ 100,00010/	\$ 140,00010/	\$ 420,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 130,000
• Lubricant Cost	\$ 50,0007/	\$ 50,0007/	\$ 50,0007/	\$ 50,0007/	\$ 80,0007/	N/A	\$ 56,000
• Total Maintenance Cost	\$4,800,0008/	\$4,873,0008/	\$2,880,0008/	\$2,062,000	\$6,370,000	\$3,100,000	\$6,303,240
• Variable Maintenance Cost (\$/MW Hr)	\$1.45	\$1.07	\$ .87	\$1.29	\$3.62	\$1.65	\$3.93

- 1/ Costs are annualized average per unit for scrubber, fans, ducts, and breeching on site where multiple units exist.  
 2/ Costs are annual maintenance estimate for electrostatic precipitator only.  
 3/ Landfill is on-site with ponding; Haulage charges were reported under \$50,000 annually.  
 4/ Bottom ash/FGD sludge sold at \$3.50/ton.  
 5/ Staffing level is per unit average for reported plant total which is higher. Hourly rate averaged \$26.00 with fringes.  
 6/ Cost estimate is per unit average, otherwise reported per unit rating.  
 7/ Lube oil is for turbine and generator lubrication only; balance of plant excluded.  
 8/ Individual unit estimate based on multiple units at one site.  
 9/ Pulverizers are ball mill type.  
 10/ Boiler and cooling tower water treatment cost only.  
 11/ Plant has once through cooling from lake at site.  
 12/ Average O&M cost estimates include Alaska labor rates and transportation costs.

**EXAMPLES OF  
REPORTED UTILITY O&M DATA**



# CITY UTILITIES of SPRINGFIELD

301 E. Central • P.O. Box 551 • Springfield, Missouri 65801 • (417) 831-8311

July 24, 1984

Mr. L. J. Becker  
Ebasco Services, Inc.  
400, 112th Avenue, N.E.  
Bellevue, Washington 98004

Dear Larry:

We hope that the enclosed information will be of use in the FERC Licensing hearing for the Alaska Power Authority, Susitna Hydroelectric Project.

Sheet #1, Items 1 to 9, specifically address your O & M cost evaluation concerns as per your request dated July 10, 1984. Item 10 and Sheet 2 address the additional areas of concern as per your discussion with Bryan Brooker on the 19th of July.

If further questions should arise and you feel we could be of assistance, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Dale Hicks".

Dale Hicks, P.E.  
Superintendent  
Southwest Power Station

m1

Enclosures

## COST ESTIMATES.

SHT-101

1) PLANT CAPACITY	154.5 MW
2) PLANT STAFF	86 + 2 PART TIME
3) PLANT HEAT RATE.	MW NET ETC, KWH
	195 10,677
	150 10,815
	110 11,455
	80 11,810
4) FGD SYSTEMS.	(MILLS/KWH)
A) LABOUR (MEN/HRS)	0.502
B) ENERGY COSTS	0.220
C) MATERIAL (PARTS OIL ETC)	1.004
D) DISPOSAL COSTS	0.376
E) FEED MATERIAL, CHEMICALS (DEA)	<u>0.237</u>
	<u>2.339</u>
5) PLANT WATER COSTS (DEMINERALIZED)	(\$0.1)/GAL
6) TOTAL AIR QUALITY (0.8M) COSTS	2.640
7) COOLING TOWER (0.8M) COSTS	0.125
8) BOILER MAIN COSTS (COAL SYSTEM ETC..)	1.882
9) T.G. MAINT COSTS	0.251
INSPECTION : MAJOR 25,000 HRS / 5 YRS.	
MINOR 4.5 PERCENT	
10) GULF SERVICE	\$ 5.29/HR / 24 HRS.

SH 2 OF 2.

\$

TURBINE (5yr overhaul)

SUPERVISION	167,343
NDT	27,000
INPLACE MACHINING	16,000
AIR LEAKAGE TEST	3,400
BLADE REPAIR	3,000
TOTAL	<u>221,743</u>

COAL BELT REPLACEMENT

LAB & MATERIALS

*	a) #2 BELT	32,000
	b) #3 BELT	8,600

\* (a) 1020' Lg x 60" wd } Georgia Duck Ply/ox 4PLY, 600 PIW with  
     (b) 406' Lg x 36" wd } 3/16 x 1/16 NMHA FIRE RESISTANT COVER.

COOLING TOWER REPAIR 15,300.

THE ABOVE ITEMS ARE FOR CONTRACT LABOR & MATERIALS, THEY DO NOT INCLUDE ANY C.O. LESSOR OR FEET PURCHASED PRIOR TO THE WORK BEING DONE.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY  
920 S.W. SIXTH AVENUE • PORTLAND, OREGON 97204 • (503) 243-1122

October 31, 1984

Mr. Lawrence J. Becker  
Erasco Services, Incorporated  
400 112th Avenue N.E.  
Bellevue, WA 98004

Dear Mr. Becker:

In regard to your recent request for cost estimates relative to the operation and maintenance of a typical 200 mw rated coal-fired power plant, I've enclosed a summary providing a breakdown of the estimates for each of the requested areas.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,



W. C. Brauer  
Manager, Thermal Staff

WCB:mjs  
Enclosure

- 1) Turbine nameplate - 332 gr mw
- Net peak demand (1 hr) - 347 net mw
- 2) Average employees - 114
- 3) Net heat rate (1983) - 12,140
- 4) Retrofit FGD system is scheduled for operation in December 1986.  
Cost projections are estimated in 1983 dollars.
  - a) Labor - 0.20 mill/kwh
  - b) Energy - 0.07 " "
  - c) Material - 0.01 " "
  - d) Disposal - 0.12 " "
  - e) Chemicals - 0.45 " "
- 5) \$0.02/gal.
- 6) Air quality 0.06 mill/kwh.
- 7) Unit is equipped with an air-cooled condenser - 0.03 mills/kwh.
- 8) Boiler maintenance cost (for pulverizer and fuel delivery system only) was 0.36 mill/kwh.
- 9) Turbine-generator maintenance cost was 0.13 mill/kwh. Unit is overhauled under a sectionalized maintenance concept; therefore, a major/minor differentiation is not applicable.

**3. QUESTION**

- e) Documentation of the differences in labor rates and transportation and construction costs which contributed to the increased costs associated with the proposed coal plants.

**RESPONSE**

**Construction Costs**

Cost estimates developed in the original reconnaissance level study were a conceptual level estimate. At that time, no allowance was made for land and land rights costs, client charges, temporary or permanent transmission line costs, or access road costs in the construction cost estimate. Further, waterfront and environmental mitigation costs were understated.

Material costs were generic in the reconnaissance study and were not based on vendor budgetary equipment quotations.

In the subsequent estimate, Harza-Ebasco prepared brief technical descriptions of the equipment and obtained budgetary quotations for this equipment. While these values tend to verify the validity of the estimate,

this remains a conceptual estimate due to the lack of site specific data and firm equipment quotations.

Labor Costs

The estimate for labor costs and labor rates was based on the construction manhours required for constructing similar size (200 MW) coal plants. The estimated construction manhours were then multiplied by the developed Alaskan union wage rates.

In the original estimate, Alaskan labor rates for each craft labor category, as summarized on the Power Authority's Susitna wage rate form dated December 17, 1981 (Attachment 3e.1) were utilized. A revised labor rate analysis, documented on the Susitna wage rate form dated November 8, 1983 (Attachment 3e.2) was used to price the payroll costs of the updated estimate. In both cases, wage rates are based on actual union rates, as stipulated in union labor agreements and as gathered by the Power Authority in its survey of all relevant crafts. Contractor indirect costs were then added to complete installation costs to both estimates.

### Transportation Costs

The added transportation costs are based upon barge crating of equipment for Alaska delivery. This is reflected in the equipment costs and represents 1-2% of the cost. These added costs are an Ebasco Services estimate, based upon preparing 50 similar estimates for Alaskan clients over the last three years. Actual equipment quotations, as compared to costs in the Lower 48, were also considered.

990-3-73

ACTUALX ESCALATED

(Applies to EA HR) 60 HRS/wk

ALASKA POWER AUTHORITYSUSITNA HEDCONTRACT

RATES INCLUDE:  
 FOREMAN  
 P/R TAXES  
 P/R INC  
 PRINCIPALS

DISTRIBUTED 14/11/81  
DATE: 12/17/81

BY: C.Y. H4

APPROVED: JDF

SOURCE: LABOR AGREEMENTSWAGE RATES

CRAFT	1980	1981	1982	1983			
LABORERS		33.22	35.21	37.76			
CARPENTERS		33.75	35.40	38.15			
PILE DRIVERS	34.85	36.57	42.70	47.26			
OPERATING ENGINEERS:							
HEAVY		36.83	42.69	47.39			
MEDIUM		36.24	39.83	44.10			
LIGHT		35.59	39.09	43.28			
CEMENT FINISHERS		37.93	38.06	43.00			
ELECTRICIANS	INSIDE OUTSIDE	43.19 42.71	43.40 43.23	43.87 42.17	48.50 40.19	50.31 52.62	52.69
IRONWORKERS:							
REINFORCING	39.08	42.19	45.65	49.17			
STRUCTURAL	39.00	42.19	45.55	49.11			
HILLWORKERS							
BOILERMAKERS	38.34	41.53	44.97	48.70			
PAINTERS:							
BRUSH		37.60	40.89	47.76			
SPRAY		30.18	31.74	35.67			
TEAMSTERS		39.73	38.21	42.76			
PIPEFITTERS	36.69	39.05	41.55	44.21			
PLUMBERS	36.69	39.05	41.55	44.21			
BRICK MASON		39.79	39.65	44.83			
SHEET METAL	35.17	38.24	41.70	44.56			
ASBESTOS		43.31	47.67	52.47			
ROOFERS	36.34	40.83	45.87	51.21			

880-3-73

**60 HR WORK WEEK  
RATES APPLIED TO EACH HOUR**

O.T. FACTORED  
INTO HOURLY  
RATE

ACTUAL  
7% ESCALATED  
APA RATE

ALASKA  
(GENERAL - BASED OF ANCHORAGE)

NO APPRENTICE RATES  
APA ESCALATION RATE  
NO TRAVEL & SUBSISTENCE'S

RATES INCLUDE:  
FOREMAN  
P/I/T TAXES  
P/I/H INS  
FRINGES

DATE: 11-8-83

BY: M.V.

APPROVED:

SOURCE:

**WAGE RATES**

CRAFT		1984	1985	1986	1987
LABORERS	GENERAL TRAVEL	43.49	46.80 / 46.53	43.66 / 49.79	46.71 / 53.28 / 49.98 / 57.00
CARPENTERS		43.66	46.72	49.99	53.49 / 57.23
PILE DRIVERS		43.43	46.47	49.72	53.20 / 56.93
OPERATING ENGINEERS:	TBM	46.12	49.35	52.80	56.50 / 60.45
HEAVY		46.12	49.35	52.80	56.50 / 60.45
MEDIUM		43.93	47.00	50.30	53.82 / 57.58
LIGHT	INCLUDES DIESEL	41.91	44.84	49.98	
CEMENT FINISHERS		43.80			
ELECTRICIANS: INSIDE & OUTSIDE		46.08	48.63	52.03	55.68 / 59.57
OVER 65' TOWERS *		80.41	84.86	90.80	97.16 / 103.96
IRONWORKERS	REBAR	50.55	54.08	57.87	61.92 / 66.26
STRUCTURAL		50.55	54.08	57.87	61.92 / 66.26
HILLWRIGHTS		45.71	48.95	52.38	56.05 / 59.97
BOILERMAKERS		42.40	45.37	48.54	51.94 / 55.58
PAINTERS	BRUSH SPRAY	38.97	41.70	44.62	47.74 / 51.08
HELICOPTER PILOT		43.49	46.53	49.79	53.28 / 57.00
TEAMSTERS		41.67	44.59	47.71	51.05 / 54.62
PIPEFITTERS		42.01	44.95	48.10	51.46 / 55.06
PLUMBERS		42.01	44.95	48.10	51.46 / 55.06
BRICK MASON		44.83			
SHEET METAL		40.90	43.76	46.83	50.10 / 53.61
ASBESTOS		56.28	60.22	64.44	68.95 / 73.77
ROOFERS		43.33	46.36	49.61	53.08 / 56.80

3. QUESTION

f) A copy of the studies and underlying data for the APA-Harza "review of auxiliary power requirements for coal fired power plants of similar size with similar equipment" and "survey of similar operating units burning similar coal." The information should include identification of plants and units selected for both the review and the survey.

RESPONSE

A review<sup>3/</sup> was made of the auxiliary power requirements of the six coal-fired power plants listed below:

<u>Plant</u>	<u>Required Auxiliary Power Expressed as a Percentage of Gross Plant Output</u>
Coal-Fired Reference Plant <sup>4/</sup> 400 MW Sub-bituminous Coal	10%
Limestone Electric Generating Station - Houston Light and Power Company (2-750 MW Lignite Unit)	10%

3/ "Review" and "survey" are synonymous in the context of the quotations noted in Question 3(f).

4/ Ebasco reference plant estimate, non-site specific plant developed for generic use.

Clay Boswell Unit 4 - Minnesota Power and Light (500 MW Sub-bituminous Coal Unit)	6.4%
Killen Power Plant <sup>5/</sup> - Dayton Power and Light (600 MW Bituminous Coal Unit)	7.5%
Somerset Plant - N.Y. State Electric and gas (625 MW Bituminous Coal Unit)	11.0%
Asbury Plant <sup>5/</sup> Empire District (200 MW Bituminous Unit)	7.4%

This review included power plants burning similar coal of a similar size or plants with FGD systems and with wet and dry scrubbers. There was not a separate study of the plants performed. This review consisted of conversations with design engineers and power plant operators for the plants listed.

The data on power plants varies significantly, due to the actual systems selected and the number of units at the station. For example, the Clay Boswell Unit 4 auxiliary power is lower than the average for other plants with FGD systems because the shared systems in the power plant are being supplied power by other units

---

5/ Does not have an FGD system. The energy load for FGD systems averages approximately 2-3% for lime and limestone systems in the throw-away technology. The auxiliary load for wet scrubbers is 1-2%.

(e.g., make-up well water, coal handling systems, fire protection and sewage treatment, and so forth).

An independent estimate of the auxiliary loads associated with a nominal 200 MW coal-fired power plant, including FGD, was made by Harza-Ebasco and is shown below:

<u>Auxiliary</u>	<u>Power Requirement</u>
Steam Generator	5,500 kW
Turbine Generator	250 kW
Coal Handling System	1,000 kW
Ash Handling	350 kW
HVAC Systems and Lighting	100 kW
Circulating, Condensate, and Feedwater System Pumps	7,000 kW
Miscellaneous Pumps	1,800 kW
Cooling Tower, Wastewater, Make-up Water System	500 kW
Miscellaneous Equipment	<u>500 kW</u>
Total	17,000 kW

The total auxiliary power requirements shown above are 7.8 percent of the plant's gross output of 217 MW. This value of 7.8 percent is below the average of about 10 percent for the three plants (Reference Plant, Limestone and Somerset) for which unshared FGD and wet

scrubber facilities are used. Since the design for the hypothetical alternative, coal-fired plant has not been established, the value of 17 MW was used for plant heat rate calculations, (See response to Question 3(g)), because using a low value for auxiliary power would yield a lower (better) plant heat rate and thus favor the thermal plant in a comparison with the Susitna Project.

3. QUESTION

- g) Data to substantiate how the coal quality and changes in auxiliary power requirements effected a heat rate change from 10,000 Btu/kWh to the 10,300 Btu/kWh used in the APA revised analysis of Susitna.

RESPONSE

As noted previously, the basis for the License Application was the Railbelt electric power alternative study. Because this was a reconnaissance level study, an approximation of the heat rate was made for a plant of this type. In the DEIS comments analysis, actual calculations were performed based upon the turbine generator performance, coal quality and auxiliary power requirements.

The coal quality found in the Railbelt report was a general analysis for Alaska coal. This analysis is found below:

Heating Value	8,000 Btu/lb
Ash Content	8-11%
Moisture	28%
Sulfur	.2%
Nitrogen	.6%
Ash Softening Temperature	2350 °F
Sodium in Ash	0.1%
Hardgrove Grindability Index	30.

In the DEIS comments, Harza-Ebasco performed combustion calculations based upon more detailed analysis of Beluga and Nenana field coal. The detailed coal quality analyses are set forth in Attachments 3g.1 and 3g.3. Analyses of the resulting boiler efficiencies are found in the combustion calculations attached to this response (Attachments 3g.2 and 3g.4). Line 30 of these attachments provides the boiler efficiency for burning the coal specified. For Beluga field (Diamond) coal, an efficiency of 82.70% is calculated. For Nenana field coal, an 81.62% efficiency was calculated.

The auxiliary power requirements, as noted in response to Question 3(f), are based upon a projection of the power requirements of a typical 200 MW power plant.

The calculation of net station heat rate is defined by the formula found below:

$$\text{Net Station Heat Rate} = \frac{\text{Turbine Heat Rate} \times \text{Gross Power}}{\text{Boiler Efficiency} \times \text{Net Power}}$$

Thus, a change in the boiler efficiency and gross power (net power and auxiliary power) will cause adjustments to be made to the net station heat rate.

Applying the boiler efficiency values just noted, the respective heat rates are as follows:

$$(\text{Beluga}) \quad \frac{7850}{.8270} \times \frac{217,500 \text{ kW}}{200,000} = 10,322 \frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{kWh}}$$

$$(\text{Nenana}) \quad \frac{7850}{.8162} \times \frac{217,500 \text{ kW}}{200,000} = 10,459 \frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{kWh}}$$

It should be noted that the net effect of this change is only a 3% difference in coal consumption for the power plant.

FUEL - DIAMOND COAL FIELD-28% MOIS		DATE: 07-Nov-64			
WEIGHT METHOD - FOSSIL FUEL - STANDARD AIR*					
(Complete Combustion Assumed)					
Ultimate Analysis, % By Weight As Fired	Required For Combustion				
	Total Air =	100 %			
	Unit Fuel =	2000 lb/hr			
	lb/lb Fuel	lb/lb Fuel	lb/Unit Fuel		
C 45.4	D <sub>2</sub>	Dry Air	Dry Air		
H <sub>2</sub> 2.9	1.208	5.235	10459.24		
O <sub>2</sub> 14.4	0.230	0.996	1991.72		
N <sub>2</sub> 0.7	—	—	—		
S 0.14	0.001	0.006	12.01		
H <sub>2</sub> O 28	—	—	—		
Ash 7.9	—	—	—		
Sum 99.44	1.439	6.236	12472.97		
Less D <sub>2</sub> in fuel (deduct)**	0.144	0.622	1244.16		
Required (at 100% Total Air)	1.295	5.614	11228.81		
** Air equivalent of D <sub>2</sub> in fuel					
Required For Combustion					
Total Air = 120.00 %					
D <sub>2</sub> and Air, Total	D <sub>2</sub>	Dry Air	Dry Air		
Excess Air	1.554	6.737	13474.57		
Excess D <sub>2</sub>	—	1.123	2245.76		
0.259	—	—	—		
Products of Combustion					
Total Air = 120.00 %					
	lb/lb Fuel	lb/Unit Fuel			
CO <sub>2</sub>	1.662	3323.28			
H <sub>2</sub> O	0.628	1256.38			
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.003	5.60			
N <sub>2</sub> (excess)	0.259	518.12			
N <sub>2</sub>	5.185	10359.21			
Weight, Wet	7.736	15472.59			
Weight, Dry	7.108	14216.21			

\* Air at 60% relative humidity and 80°F dry bulb, or 0.0132  
lb of moisture per lb dry air.

COMBUSTION CALCULATION					
BASED ON QUANTITIES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT					
			CONDITIONS BY SPECIFICATION		DATE
111	FUEL - DIAMOND FIELD COAL				1 a
112	ANALYSIS AS FIRED				07-Nov-86
113	ULTIMATE, % BY WT	PROXIMATE, % BY WT	TOTAL AIR	%	120.00 1 b
114	C	45.40	AIR TEMPERATURE TO HEATER	F	80.00 1 c
115	H2	2.90	AIR TEMPERATURE FROM HEATER	F	500.00 1 d
116	O2	14.40	FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE LEAVING UNIT	F	300.00 1 e
117	N2	0.70	H2O PER LB DRY AIR	LB	0.0132 1 f
118	S	0.14	TOTAL		1 g
119	H2O	28.00	UNBURNED FUEL LOSS	%	2.00 1 h
120	ASH	7.90	UNACCOUNTED LOSS & MFR MARGIN	%	1.50 1 i
121	TOTAL	99.44	RADIATION LOSS (ABMA), FIG.20, CHAPTER 7	%	0.80 1 j
122	BTU PER LB, AS FIRED :	7,800			1 k
123	QUANTITIES PER LB AND BTU FUEL INPUT			UNIT FUEL/HRI	10,000 BTU 123
124	FUEL BURNED			1 2000.0 LB	1.28 14
125	TOTAL AIR REQUIRED			1 13479.1 LB	8.64 15
126	H2O IN AIR			1 177.9 LB	0.11 16
127	WET GAS, TOTAL			1 15657.0 LB	10.04 17
128	H2O IN FUEL			1 1078.5 LB	0.69 18
129	H2O IN FLUE GAS, TOTAL			1 1256.4 LB	0.81 19
130	H2O IN FLUE GAS, TOTAL IN PERCENT			1 8.0 %	8.02 120
131	DRY GAS, TOTAL			1 14400.6 LB	9.23 121
122	LOSSES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT				122
123	UNBURNED FUEL			BTU	200.00 123
124	UNACCOUNTED & MFR MARGIN			BTU	150.00 124
125	RADIATION			BTU	80.00 125
126	LATENT HEAT, H2O IN FUEL			BTU	719.01 126
127	SENSIBLE HEAT, FLUE GAS		BTU FROM FIG. 2 @ LINE e AND 20 =	57.84 BTU	580.54 127
128	TOTAL LOSSES			BTU	1729.55 128
129	TOTAL LOSSES IN PERCENT			%	17.30 129
130	EFFICIENCY, BY DIFFERENCE			%	82.70 130
131	QUANTITIES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT				131
132	HEAT INPUT FROM FUEL			BTU	10000.00 132
133	HEAT INPUT FROM AIR			BTU	933.93 133
134	HEAT INPUT, TOTAL			BTU	10933.93 134
135	LESS LATENT HEAT LOSS, H2O IN FUEL			BTU	719.01 135
136	HEAT AVAILABLE, MAXIMUM			BTU	10214.92 136
137	LESS LINES 24 & 25 *			BTU	115.00 137
138	HEAT AVAILABLE			BTU	10099.92 138
139	HEAT AVAILABLE PER LB OF FLUE GAS		BTU	1005.31	139
140	ADIABATIC TEMPERATURE FROM FIG. 2 FOR LINES 20 & 39		F	3625	140

\* NOTE: IT IS CUSTOMARY TO REDUCE THE MAXIMUM HEAT AVAILABLE, LINE 36, BY FROM 1/3 TO 1/2 OF THE UNACCOUNTED & MFR MARGIN PLUS RADIATION LOSSES, ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT A PORTION OF THESE LOSSES OCCUR IN THE COMBUSTION ZONE.

FUEL - NEVADA COAL FIELD		DATE: 07-Nov-84			
WEIGHT METHOD - FOSSIL FUEL - STANDARD AIR*					
(Complete Combustion Assumed)					
Ultimate Analysis, % By Weight As Fired	Required For Combustion				
	Total Air =	100 %			
	Unit Fuel =	2000 lb/hr			
	lb/lb Fuel	lb/lb Fuel	lb/Unit Fuel		
C 45	D <sub>2</sub>	1.197	5.189 10377.00		
H <sub>2</sub> 3.6		0.286	1.236 2472.48		
O <sub>2</sub> 15.5	—	—	—		
N <sub>2</sub> 1.05	—	—	—		
S 0.2	0.002	0.009	17.16		
H <sub>2</sub> O 26	—	—	—		
Ash 8.3	—	—	—		
Sum 99.65	1.485	6.433	12856.64		
(Less D <sub>2</sub> in fuel (deduct)++)	0.155	0.670	1339.20		
(Required (at 100% Total Air)	1.330	5.764	11527.44		
++ Air equivalent of D <sub>2</sub> in fuel					
Required For Combustion					
Total Air = 120.00 %					
D <sub>2</sub> and Air, Total	D <sub>2</sub>	Dry Air	Dry Air		
Excess Air	—	—	—		
Excess D <sub>2</sub>	0.266	—	—		
Products of Combustion					
Total Air = 120.00 %					
	lb/lb Fuel	lb/Unit Fuel			
CO <sub>2</sub>	1.647	3294.00			
H <sub>2</sub> O	0.673	1346.27			
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.004	8.00			
D <sub>2</sub> (excess)	0.266	531.94			
N <sub>2</sub>	5.326	10651.61			
Weight, Wet	7.916	15831.82			
Weight, Dry	7.243	14485.54			

\* Air at 60% relative humidity and 80 F dry bulb, or 0.0132 lb of moisture per lb dry air.

COMBUSTION CALCULATION  
BASED ON QUANTITIES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT

FUEL - NENANA FIELD COAL ANALYSIS AS FIRED		CONDITIONS BY SPECIFICATION	DATE
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	DESCRIPTION
131	ULTIMATE, % BY WT	PROXIMATE, % BY WT	TOTAL AIR
141	C	45.00	26.00 AIR TEMPERATURE TO HEATER
151	H <sub>2</sub>	3.50	34.30 AIR TEMPERATURE FROM HEATER
161	O <sub>2</sub>	11.50	31.20 FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE LEAVING UNIT
171	N <sub>2</sub>	1.05	8.30 H <sub>2</sub> O PER LB DRY AIR
181	S	0.20	TOTAL 99.80
191	H <sub>2</sub> O	26.00	UNBURNED FUEL LOSS
201	ASH	8.30	UNACCOUNTED LOSS & MFR MARGIN
211	TOTAL	99.65	RADIATION LOSS (ABMA), FIG.20, CHAPTER 7
221	BTU PER LB, AS FIRED :	7,500	
1131	QUANTITIES PER LB AND BTU FUEL INPUT		UNIT FUEL/HRI 10,000 BTU
1141	FUEL BURNED	2000.0 LB	1.32
1151	TOTAL AIR REQUIRED	13841.3 LB	9.11
1161	H <sub>2</sub> O IN AIR	182.7 LB	0.12
1171	WET GAS, TOTAL	16024.0 LB	10.54
1181	H <sub>2</sub> O IN FUEL	1163.7 LB	0.77
1191	H <sub>2</sub> O IN FLUE GAS, TOTAL	1346.4 LB	0.89
1201	H <sub>2</sub> O IN FLUE GAS, TOTAL IN PERCENT	8.4 %	8.40
1211	DRY GAS, TOTAL	14577.6 LB	9.66
1221	LOSSES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT		
1231	UNBURNED FUEL	BTU	200.00
1241	UNACCOUNTED & MFR MARGIN	BTU	150.00
1251	RADIATION	BTU	80.00
1261	LATENT HEAT, H <sub>2</sub> O IN FUEL	BTU	796.20
1271	SENSIBLE HEAT, FLUE GAS	BTU FROM FIG. 2 @ LINE e AND 20 =	58.03 BTU
1281	TOTAL LOSSES	BTU	611.71
1291	TOTAL LOSSES IN PERCENT	BTU	1837.92
1301	EFFICIENCY, BY DIFFERENCE	%	18.38
1311	QUANTITIES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT		
1321	HEAT INPUT FROM FUEL	BTU	10000.00
1331	HEAT INPUT FROM AIR	BTU	984.26
1341	HEAT INPUT, TOTAL	BTU	10984.26
1351	LESS LATENT HEAT LOSS, H <sub>2</sub> O IN FUEL	BTU	796.20
1361	HEAT AVAILABLE, MAXIMUM	BTU	10188.06
1371	LESS LINES 24 & 25 *	BTU	115.00
1381	HEAT AVAILABLE	BTU	10073.06
1391	HEAT AVAILABLE PER LB OF FLUE GAS	BTU	955.51
1401	ADIABATIC TEMPERATURE FROM FIG. 2 FOR LINES 20 & 39	F	3625

\* NOTE: IT IS CUSTOMARY TO REDUCE THE MAXIMUM HEAT AVAILABLE, LINE 36, BY FROM 1/3 TO 1/2 OF THE UNACCOUNTED & MFR MARGIN PLUS RADIATION LOSSES, ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT A PORTION OF THESE LOSSES OCCUR IN THE COMBUSTION ZONE.

COMBUSTION CALCULATION					
BASED ON QUANTITIES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT					
FUEL - NENANA FIELD COAL ANALYSIS AS FIRED			CONDITIONS BY SPECIFICATION		DATE
					07-Nov-84
131	FUEL - NENANA FIELD COAL ANALYSIS AS FIRED				
132	ULTIMATE, % BY WT	PROXIMATE, % BY WT	TOTAL AIR	%	120.00
133	C	45.00	AIR TEMPERATURE TO HEATER	F	80.00
134	H <sub>2</sub>	3.60	AIR TEMPERATURE FROM HEATER	F	500.00
135	O <sub>2</sub>	15.50	FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE LEAVING UNIT	F	300.00
136	N <sub>2</sub>	1.05	H <sub>2</sub> O PER LB DRY AIR	LB	0.0132
137	S	0.20	TOTAL	%	
138	H <sub>2</sub> O	26.00	UNBURNED FUEL LOSS	%	2.00
139	ASH	8.30	UNACCOUNTED LOSS & MFR MARGIN	%	1.50
140	TOTAL	99.65	RADIATION LOSS (ABMA), FIG. 20, CHAPTER 7	%	0.80
141	BTU PER LB, AS FIRED :	7,600			
142	QUANTITIES PER LB AND BTU FUEL INPUT		UNIT FUEL/HR: 10,000 BTU		
143	FUEL BURNED		2000.0 LB		1.32
144	TOTAL AIR REQUIRED		13841.3 LB		9.11
145	H <sub>2</sub> O IN AIR		182.7 LB		0.12
146	WET GAS, TOTAL		16024.0 LB		10.54
147	H <sub>2</sub> O IN FUEL		1163.7 LB		0.77
148	H <sub>2</sub> O IN FLUE GAS, TOTAL		1346.4 LB		0.89
149	H <sub>2</sub> O IN FLUE GAS, TOTAL IN PERCENT		8.4 %		8.40
150	DRY GAS, TOTAL		14677.6 LB		9.66
151	LOSSES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT				
152	UNBURNED FUEL		BTU:	200.00	123
153	UNACCOUNTED & MFR MARGIN		BTU:	150.00	124
154	RADIATION		BTU:	80.00	125
155	LATENT HEAT, H <sub>2</sub> O IN FUEL		BTU:	796.20	126
156	SENSIBLE HEAT, FLUE GAS	BTU FROM FIG. 2 @ LINE e AND 20 =	58.03	BTU:	611.71
157	TOTAL LOSSES			BTU:	1837.92
158	TOTAL LOSSES IN PERCENT		%		18.38
159	EFFICIENCY, BY DIFFERENCE		%		81.62
160	QUANTITIES PER 10,000 BTU FUEL INPUT				
161	HEAT INPUT FROM FUEL		BTU:	10000.00	132
162	HEAT INPUT FROM AIR		BTU:	984.26	133
163	HEAT INPUT, TOTAL		BTU:	10984.26	134
164	LESS LATENT HEAT LOSS, H <sub>2</sub> O IN FUEL		BTU:	796.20	135
165	HEAT AVAILABLE, MAXIMUM		BTU:	10188.06	136
166	LESS LINES 24 & 25 *		BTU:	115.00	137
167	HEAT AVAILABLE		BTU:	10073.06	138
168	HEAT AVAILABLE PER LB OF FLUE GAS	BTU:	955.51		139
169	ADIABATIC TEMPERATURE FROM FIG. 2 FOR LINES 20 & 39	F	3625		140

\* NOTE: IT IS CUSTOMARY TO REDUCE THE MAXIMUM HEAT AVAILABLE, LINE 36, BY FROM 1/3 TO 1/2 OF THE UNACCOUNTED & MFR MARGIN PLUS RADIATION LOSSES, ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT A PORTION OF THESE LOSSES OCCUR IN THE COMBUSTION ZONE.

4. QUESTION

- a) Data compiled in the APA/Harza analyses of gas-turbine and combined-cycle plant O&M costs, including utility reported, equipment manufacturers, and FERC source information.

RESPONSE

A survey was conducted of combustion turbine gas-fired simple and combined-cycle plants to investigate O&M costs. The survey considered utility-reported data from Alaska and Lower 48 utilities. Specifically, the utilities contacted were:

- Anchorage Municipal Light and Power (Plant Nos. 1 and 2)
- Chugach Electric (Beluga site)
- Houston Light and Power (T. H. Wharton plant)
- Portland General Electric (Beaver plant)
- Public Service of Oklahoma (Comanche station)
- Arizona Public Service Company (Santan station)

As an additional check on the utility reported data, manufacturers (GE and Westinghouse) of combustion

turbine equipment were contacted to develop standard overhaul and maintenance interval periods.

The manufacturer's data were compared to the utility-reported O&M costs, set forth in Attachments 4a.1 and 4a.2. In most instances, it was found that utility maintenance practices coincide directly with manufacturers standard recommendations.

The values provided in Attachments 4a.1 and 4a.2 are higher than those set forth in the DEIS for two reasons. First, the values in the attachments are stated in 1983 dollars, rather than the 1982 dollars used in the DEIS. Second, the attachment values are based on ISO conditions, rather than the site-specific conditions used in the DEIs analysis.

An average of costs for the Alaska utilities based on plant operating hours for inspection and overhaul periods, utilizing adjusted Alaska labor rates, was developed for the DEIS comments.

Subsequent to the DEIS Comments, Harza-Ebasco obtained an O&M cost estimate as reported by the General Electric Company in a report entitled, "STAG Combined

"Cycle Power System Operation and Maintenance"  
(Attachment 4a.3).

The GE report analyzed six individual sites representing 21 combustion turbines for the years 1975 through 1982 and was based upon FERC-reported data. The results indicate that fixed O&M costs in a combined cycle plant would range between \$12.00 and \$12.50 per kw. This compared with the Power Authority's DEIS comments estimate of \$11.75 per kW.

The analysis indicated the variable cost element of O&M expenses is strongly influenced by the following factors:

- Frequency of starts per total operating hours
- Fuel type
- Load duty (peaking or base load)

The report further analyzed the effect of individual utility operating practices and related variable maintenance expenses to the above three factors in developing a reasonable cost estimate average.

**SPECIFIC UTILITY REPORTED DATA  
O&M COST ESTIMATE BACKUP 200 MW COMBINED CYCLE PLANT  
1983 \$**

Cost Description	Anchorage Municipal Plant	Chugach Electric Beluga Site	Houston Light & Power T.M. Wharton Plant (300 MW)	Portland G.E. Beaver Plant	Pub. Srv. Okla. Comanche Station	Arizona Pub. Srv. Santan Station	Adjusted Alaska Average O&M Costs 3/
Plant Rating (MW)	160 MW	178 MW	300 MW	500 MW	255 MW	289 MW	217 MW
Plant Staff <sup>1/</sup>	15	17	28	20	20	15	19
Fixed Labor <sup>1/</sup> Cost \$/kW/yr <sup>2/</sup>	\$10.93	\$11.14	\$7.078	\$3.033	\$5.94	\$3.93	\$13.13
Fuel Cost	\$1.41/10 <sup>6</sup> BTU \$10,323,000	\$25/10 <sup>6</sup> BTU \$4,450,000	\$3.00/10 <sup>6</sup> BTU \$52,110,000	\$22,500,000	\$20,953,732	\$4.35/10 <sup>6</sup> BTU \$22,270,750	\$4.0 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Plant Heat Rate	11,000 BTU KW-Hr	12,500 BTU KW-Hr	9,650 BTU KW-Hr	8,800 BTU KW-Hr	9,445 BTU KW-Hr	8,860 BTU KW-Hr	--
Operating Schedule Hrs/Yr.	8,000 Hr Yr	8,000 Hr Yr	6,500 Hr Yr	1,000 Hr Yr	2,000 Hr Yr	2,000 Hr Yr	7000 Hr Tr
Water Costs (Injected)	\$350,820 No	\$320,000 Yes	\$200,000 Yes	N/A No	\$11,680 No	N/A No	\$354,000 yes
Major Overhaul Cost (Annual)	\$200,000	\$162,500	\$500,000	\$200,000	\$400,000	\$450,000	\$275,000
Minor Overhaul Cost (Annual)	\$89,700	\$70,000	\$200,000	\$250,000	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$175,000
Consumables Lube, Oil, etc.	\$60,000	\$80,000	\$130,000	\$90,000	\$65,000	\$110,000	\$80,000
Total Maintenance Costs (Annual)	\$700,520	\$854,500	\$1,030,000	\$1,080,000	\$1,341,680	\$1,720,000	\$884,000
Variable Costs \$/MW/hr	.55	.60	.53	\$2.16	\$2.63	\$2.98	\$ .65

1/ Plant staffing where units are located at large thermal installations was average for combined cycle plant reported by utility for the specific installation.

2/ Labor cost for Alaskan utility personnel average \$36-\$40/hr. Lower 48 utility average was \$26-\$30/hr with fringes.

3/ Average Annual O&M Costs include Alaska labor and transportation costs.

NOTE: Information was tabulated from phone calls and letter correspondence with power plant personnel as documented in Section 5 Appendices.

**SPECIFIC UTILITY REPORTED DATA**  
**O&M COST ESTIMATE BACKUP 200 MW SIMPLE CYCLE COMBUSTION TURBINE**  
**1983 \$**

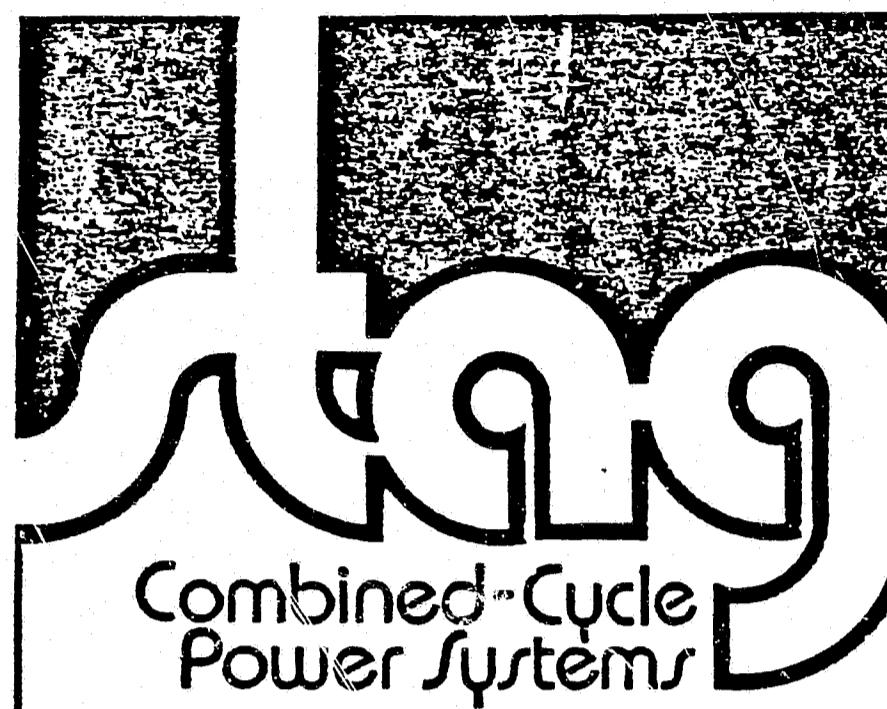
Cost Description	Arizona Public Service Company - Yuma Plant	Chugach Electric - Beluga	Commonwealth Edison Company - Crawford	Florida Power Bartow P.L. - St. Petersburg	Commonwealth Edison Company - Calumet	Anchorage Municipal Power & Light Plant No. 1	Adjusted Alaska Average O&M Costs 3/
Plant Rating	185 MW	340 MW	208.0 MW	222.8 MW	297.0 MW	77 MW	237.0 MW
Plant Staff	15	7	15	20	20	7	14.0
Fixed Labor Cost <sup>1/</sup> \$/kW/yr <sup>2/</sup>	\$3.79	\$ 4.9	\$9.375	\$14.0	\$10.5	\$11.636	\$8.99
Fuel Cost (Annual)	\$2,391,000	\$1,418,000	\$2,037,000	\$5,489,000	\$2,999,000	\$8,130,200	--
Plant Heat Rate (Btu/kWMR)	14,565	18,897	16,587	13,459	16,897	22,000	--
Annual Operating Schedule (Hrs/Yr)	1,800	600	500	600	600	3,200	7000
Consumables Lube, Oil, etc.	\$ 50,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 30,000
Major Overhaul Costs (Annual)	\$200,000	\$600,000	\$550,000	\$650,000	\$550,000	\$700,000	\$120,000
Minor Overhaul Costs (Annual)	\$135,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$302,700	\$250,000	\$200,000	\$130,000
Total Maintenance Cost	\$435,000	\$880,000	\$825,000	\$992,700	\$845,000	\$920,000	\$280,000
O&M Variable Cost (\$1 MW/hr)	\$1.31	\$4.313	\$7.93	\$7.42	\$4.74	\$3.73	\$ .46

1/ Plant staffing where units are located at large thermal installations was average reported by utility for the specific installation.

2/ Labor cost for Alaskan utility personnel average \$36-\$40/hr. Lower 48 utility average was \$26-\$30/hr with fringes.

3/ Average O&M costs include Alaska labor and transportation costs.

NOTE: Information was tabulated from phone calls and letter correspondence with power plant personnel as documented in Section 5 Appendices.

**GAS TURBINE REFERENCE LIBRARY**

# **STAG Combined-Cycle Power System Operation and Maintenance**

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**GENERAL ELECTRIC**  
  
 U.S.A.

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A TABLE OF CONVERSION FACTORS IS  
INCLUDED AT THE END OF THIS PUBLICATION

**INTRODUCTION**

Operation and maintenance (O&M) costs tend to receive significant attention when comparing alternate types of generating equipment. They reflect the quality of the equipment purchased and the operational techniques of a user. The fact is that these costs represent a very small percentage of the total cost for generating power and are controllable with good equipment, proper attention, and good maintenance planning.

The intent of this paper is to show the significant experience and data associated with General Electric STAG® combined-cycle power generating systems. These data permit a reasonable prediction of the O&M cost of a General Electric STAG combined-cycle plant.

This paper also provides an overview of the type of maintenance required to ensure the achievement of economical operation, and the high availability reliability inherent in a General Electric STAG combined-cycle plant.

### Derivation of O&M Cost from Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)

Reports issued each year by the United States FERC are considered the best neutral sources available to show actual production costs of US utility plants. Early each year every electric generating utility in the United States sends reports to the FERC detailing the previous year's costs for generating power for a specific site.

The report includes the type of plant (fossil steam, gas turbine simple cycle, gas turbine combined cycle or nuclear), year installed, capacity, net generation (kW hours), fuel(s) used, heat content of fuel and production expenses for fuel burned, operating personnel, electrical, maintenance supervision and engineering, and total maintenance (including parts and labor). Figure 1 shows a typical FERC report with costs outlined while Fig. 2 illustrates the method of calculating O&M costs from these data.

### O&M Cost Analysis

Fuel cost is the largest single production expense of any fossil plant and, therefore, has a tremendous effect on the

CALCULATION OF O&M COST FROM FERC REPORTS	
TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES	\$ 16,452,505
LESS	
FUEL	15,261,173
O&M COST	\$ 1,191,332
TO DETERMINE ON A MILLS/KW-HR BASIS	
DIVIDE ABOVE O&M BY	
NET GENERATION	
	\$ 1,191,332 / 706,459.000
	= 1,000
	1.69 or 1.7 MILLS/KW-HR
GT11438	

Figure 2

price of electricity generated. Normally, fuel costs are reasonably predictable. The O&M costs of a plant are generally small relative to fuel costs, particularly for a base-loaded plant, and can be predicted by the operating personnel assigned, based on the plant design.

### TYPICAL FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION REPORT COVERING LARGE STEAM ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANTS

USER NAME		STEAM ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (100 FORM)	
1. Name of Plant (Steam, Nuclear, Combined Cycle, Gas Turbine or Auxiliary)		Date of Report	
2. Type of Plant (Steam, Nuclear, Combined Cycle, Gas Turbine or Auxiliary)		Date of Report	
3. Year of Plant Construction (Completed)		Date of Report	
4. Year of Last Major Repair		Date of Report	
5. Net Generation Capacity (Megawatts)		Date of Report	
6. Net Peak Demand on Month-End Load		Date of Report	
7. Fuel Consumption Rate (MMBtu/MMBkWh)		Date of Report	
8. Fuel Consumption Rate on Month-End Load		Date of Report	
9. Fuel Consumption Rate on Month-End Load		Date of Report	
10. Fuel Consumption Rate on Month-End Load		Date of Report	
11. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
12. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
13. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
14. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
15. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
16. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
17. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
18. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
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20. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
21. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
22. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
23. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
24. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
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34. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
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67. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
68. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
69. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
70. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
71. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
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96. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
97. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
98. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
99. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
100. Actual Number of Generating Units		Date of Report	
101. Total Production Expenses		\$ 16,452,505	
102. Fuel		15,261,173	
103. O&M Cost		\$ 1,191,332	
104. To Determine on a Mills/kw-hr Basis		1.69 or 1.7 Mills/kw-hr	
105. Divide Above O&M by Net Generation		1,000	
106. Date of Report		Date of Report	
107. User Name		User Name	
108. Date of Report		Date of Report	
109. Date of Report		Date of Report	
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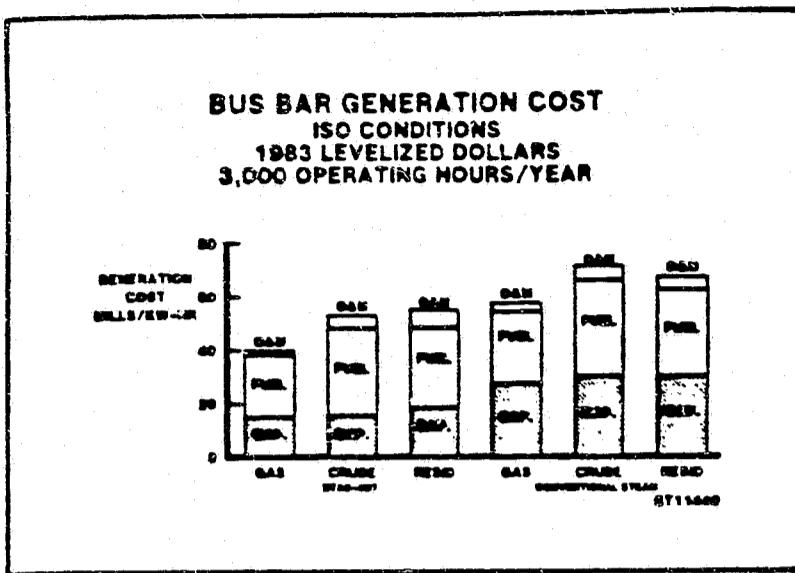


Figure 3

Figures 3 and 4 show the results of a study, done by GE, which reflect the relatively small impact O&M costs have on plant costs. These costs are levelized over a 30-year life cycle. These data also show the relative cost advantages that a GE STAG plant has over a conventional steam plant of equivalent size with similar services.

The O&M costs probably will not be large enough to determine what kind of plant (combined cycle, distillate residual burning, or conventional steam) is selected by the purchasers, since efficiency has such an overriding impact. The O&M costs of alternative combined cycles may, however, determine which manufacturer's equipment is finally selected. O&M data are often incorrectly applied, as when peaking gas turbine data is compared with base load fossil plants. Peaking gas turbine plants tend to be less predictable because they require more maintenance (due to thermal cycling) and in any given year, the fired hours accumulated in previous years may dictate a planned inspection but system loads do not

require the use of the plant. Therefore, net generation is low, while O&M costs are relatively high. The development of O&M costs for a GE STAG combined-cycle plant requires a close look at past experience.

FERC data combine operating costs and maintenance costs into one number, as separating the two would leave the validity of both questionable. Data published in a recent paper by one of our STAG combined-cycle users (Fig. 5) illustrates the low maintenance costs achievable with a GE STAG combined-cycle plant over a five-year period while operating in base load service and properly maintained. The higher cost of maintenance in 1982 reflects the impact of major inspections of the gas turbines following 24,000 hours of service. In subsequent years, lower maintenance costs are again expected.

#### O&M Historical Data

FERC data on GE's MS7000 STAG combined-cycle plant data were examined for the years 1975 through 1982. The sites chosen were those where data were reported for at least six out of seven years and no other basis for selection was used. The individual site data are summarized by year and location in Tables I, II and III. Figure 6 illustrates these data and the relative portion of O&M cost compared to production and fuel cost on a cumulative basis for these six plants. As expected, O&M is a small portion of operating cost.

The cumulative O&M cost data per site from Table III were plotted against net kW hours generated on a per-unit basis, showing how O&M cost decreases as the hours per year increase (Fig. 7). This is typical of all types of power plants because relatively constant O&M costs are spread over more generation. At very low operational hours (less than 200), this relationship becomes irrelevant and the data were not used. A summarization of this data is shown in Fig. 8. Despite the fact that these data represent early MS7000 STAG com-

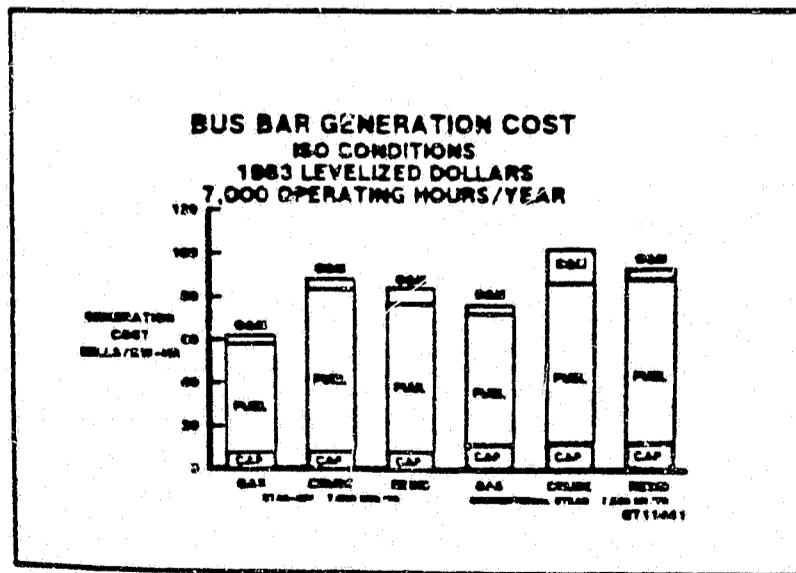


Figure 4

WESTERN FARMERS COOP 3 STAG 1075, 300 MW COMBINED-CYCLE PLANT				
YEAR	NET GENERATION KWH-HR $\times 10^6$	MAINTENANCE COST MILLS/KW-HR	PLANT UTILIZATION %	AVAILABILITY %
1975	1,386.19	0.384	88.0	78.2
1976	1,847.42	0.4427	88.6	83.8
1977	1,864.86	0.31	82.9	84.9
1978	1,842.10	0.35	88.9	94.7
1979	1,908.28	0.686	83.0	88.7

ST11442

Figure 5

**FERC MS7000 STAG COMBINED-CYCLE  
POWER PRODUCTION COST DATA  
6 SITES - 21 UNITS**

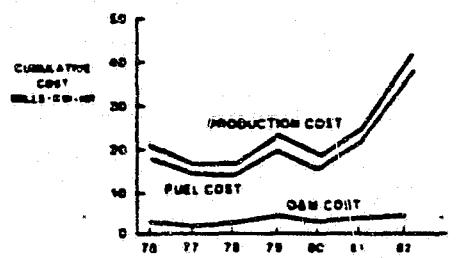


Figure 6

bined-cycle plants using a range of fuel qualities (mostly No. 2 distillate) with widely varying environments and operating factors, the MS7000 STAG combined-cycle plant is a power generation plant which can be operated economically in the mid-range to base-load service. It is anticipated that the GE STAG combined-cycle plant should have O&M costs, in current dollars, lower than the early plants now in operation.

#### STAG COMBINED-CYCLE SYSTEM O&M COSTS

The gas turbine is the most significant item of maintenance costs in any combined-cycle system and, therefore, should be put on a preventative maintenance program and operational format that will keep costs at a minimum. This component operates at high temperatures while subject to rotational stresses. General Electric's advances in design technology have resulted in high efficiencies based on firing temperatures in the order of 2000 F/1093 C and metal temperatures approaching 1600 F/871 C on some hot-gas-path parts. By comparison, the associated heat recovery steam

**O&M COST FOR GE MS7000  
STAG GAS TURBINES  
FERC DATA 1975-1982**

FIRED HR/YEAR	2,000	4,000	8,000
<b>O&amp;M COST/MILLS/KW-HR</b>			
MINIMUM	0.6	0.48	0.43
MAXIMUM	3.5	2.5	1.80
AVERAGE	2.05	1.5	1.17

GT11445

Figure 8

generator (HRSG) and steam turbine operate at temperatures no higher than those exhausted from the gas turbine, around 1000 F/538 C to 1050 F/566 C.

STAG combined-cycle O&M costs can be estimated using basic FERC data. Fuel type, availability, and cost have a significant influence on the O&M cost of any combined-cycle plant. The availability of low cost, clean, gaseous or liquid fuels is most desirable. For example, our recent estimates (Fig. 9) indicate that for a STAG 407, the O&M costs, when operated on gas fuel in base load service will be 1.5 mills/kWh. Crude fuel operation will result in an O&M cost of approximately 3.0 mills/kWh. These numbers also reflect lower than expected O&M costs for simple-cycle peaking gas turbine plants because of the relatively low O&M costs of the steam portion (unfired boiler and small steam turbine) which provides one-third of the plant output. As the quality of fuel decreases, such as going to ash-forming or residual fuels, decisions have to be made whether to initially purchase the capability to handle such fuels or modifying the equipment in the field.

**O&M COST - MS7000 STAG  
COMBINED CYCLE  
FERC DATA 1975 - 1982/6 SITES, 27 UNITS**

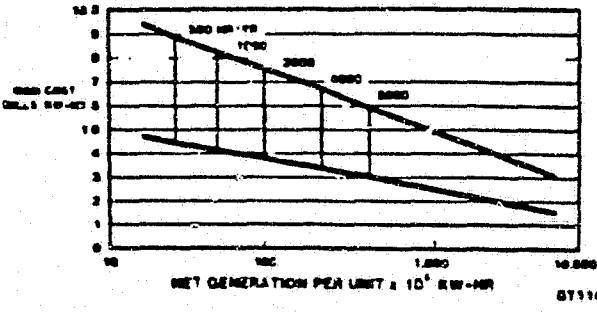


Figure 7

**ESTIMATED O&M COST FOR GE STAG 407  
COMBINED CYCLE PLANT  
1983 DOLLARS, LEVELIZED/ISO CONDITIONS**

FIRED HR/YEAR	2,000	4,000	8,000
<b>O&amp;M COST - MILLS/KW-HR</b>			
GAS	2.8	1.80	1.5
CRUDE	8.25	3.85	3.0
RESIDUAL	7.00	5.13	4.0

GT11446

Figure 9

**TABLE I**  
**FERC DATA — MS7000 STAG PRODUCTION COSTS**  
**(INCLUDES FUEL AND O&M COSTS)**

Utility	No. of Units	1976		1977		1978		1979		1980		1981		1982	
		Net Gen. kWh x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Mills kWh	Net. Gen. kWh x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Mills kWh										
HL&P	8	982.2	5.8	2,701.9	7.2	3,583.6	8.0	3,164.6	10.6	4,181.4	10.7	4,249.0	15.9	3,319.3	34.7
Arizona P.S.	3	189.1	24.3	443.4	24.3	188.7	32.8	175.6	25.9	67.0	60.9	24.8	94.3	17.8	136.0
Ohio Edison	2	303.4	32.4	253.5	37.8	400.1	37.7	255.6	48.2	—	—	29.2	179.0	17.2	262.7
Salt River	4	459.2	27.8	477.8	27.2	385.3	35.4	125.3	57.3	88.0	83.3	4.1	421.1	4.2	551.8
JCP&L	4	177.2	36.2	252.9	32.5	259.6	39.5	264.0	49.2	207.1	70.2	599.3	62.7	583.0	59.9
Port. G.E.	6	—	—	84.1	74.5	40.4	143.7	594.4	53.3	76.3	136.0	16.7	359.3	1.9	2,780.0
Cumulative		2,111.1	20.1	4,213.6	16.0	4,857.7	16.4	4,619.5	22.6	4,619.8	17.6	4,923.1	24.5	3,943.3	41.8

**TABLE II**  
**FERC DATA — MS7000 STAG FUEL COSTS**

Utility	No. of Units	1976		1977		1978		1979		1980		1981		1982	
		Net Gen. kWh x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Mills kWh	Net. Gen. kWh x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Mills kWh										
HL&P	8	982.2	5.1	2,701.9	6.9	3,583.6	7.5	3,164.6	8.8	4,181.4	9.8	4,249.0	14.5	3,319.3	33.2
Arizona P.S.	3	189.1	22.8	443.4	22.1	188.7	25.8	175.6	19.9	67.0	44.7	24.8	51.8	17.8	57.0
Ohio Edison	2	303.4	27.0	253.5	32.4	400.1	33.0	255.6	40.6	—	—	29.2	124.0	17.2	181.1
Salt River	4	459.2	23.8	477.8	23.7	385.3	30.2	165.3	42.4	88.0	58.1	4.1	228.1	4.2	130.8
JCP&L	4	177.2	30.6	252.9	28.9	259.6	33.1	264.0	40.8	207.1	59.7	599.3	58.6	583.0	54.5
Port. G.E.	6	—	—	84.1	62.8	40.4	92.5	594.4	48.2	76.3	62.2	16.7	219.0	1.9	1,551.0
Cumulative		2,111.1	17.5	4,213.6	14.4	4,857.7	14.2	4,619.5	19.0	4,619.8	15.0	4,923.1	21.6	3,943.3	38.0

**TABLE III**  
**FERC DATA — MS7000 STAG O&M COSTS**

User	No. of Units	1976		1977		1978		1979		1980		1981		1982	
		Net Gen. kWh x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Mills kWh	Net. Gen. kWh x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Mills kWh										
HL&P	8	982.2	0.7	2,701.9	0.3	3,583.6	0.5	3,164.6	1.8	4,181.4	0.8	4,249.0	1.4	3,319.3	1.5
Arizona P.S.	3	189.1	1.5	443.4	2.2	188.7	7.2	175.6	6.0	67.0	16.2	24.8	42.5	17.8	79.0
Ohio Edison	2	303.4	5.4	253.5	5.4	400.1	4.7	255.6	7.6	—	—	29.2	55.0	17.2	81.6
Salt River	4	459.2	4.0	477.8	3.5	385.3	5.2	165.3	14.9	88.0	25.2	4.1	19.3	4.2	427.0
JCP&L	4	177.5	5.6	252.9	3.6	259.6	6.4	264.0	8.4	207.1	10.5	599.3	4.1	583.0	5.4
Port. G.E.	6	—	—	84.1	11.7	40.4	51.2	594.4	5.1	76.3	73.8	16.7	140.3	1.9	1,229.0
Cumulative	27	2,111.4	2.6	4,213.6	1.6	4,857.7	2.2	4,619.5	3.6	4,619.8	2.6	4,923.1	2.9	3,943.3	3.8

Residual or ash-forming fuels have a relatively large effect on O&M costs. The heavy ash content, contaminants (sodium, potassium, lead, etc.) always found in residual fuels (not necessarily crudes) require fuel treatment and periodic turbine washing and HRSG cleaning to restore power. These items add operational expenses because of additional personnel, treatment materials, etc. It should be expected that when burning some residual fuels, the O&M cost will increase by two to three times over burning natural gas.

#### Overview—STAG Combined Cycle Plant Maintenance

A planned maintenance program is essential to achieving the inherent economy, reliability and availability of the STAG combined-cycle power plant.

The plan should include the following:

- An understanding of the total plant environment
- Proper training of O&M personnel
- Regular inspections
- Adequate spare parts on site
- Operating data-collection & analysis
- Repair replacement of parts components when indicated by operating data
- Utilization of recommendations guidelines by GE

General Electric Company provides quality equipment with maintenance recommendations for each power plant installation. However, it is the owner user who has the major impact upon the proper operation and maintenance of his equipment. The equipment's availability reliability are a direct result of his operating and maintenance plans. A maintenance program, therefore, which optimizes both maintenance costs and availability is vital to the owner.

For maximum effectiveness, the owner operator should develop a general understanding of the relationship between plant operation, types of inspections, spare parts planning, and the major factors affecting equipment life.

#### Maintenance Requirements—Gas Turbine

Gas turbine parts requiring the most careful attention are the "hot-gas-path" parts which include combustion liners, transition pieces, crossfire tubes, turbine nozzles and buckets. The basic design and recommended maintenance of GE gas turbines are oriented toward:

- Maximum periods of operation between overhauls
- In place, on-site maintenance
- Use of available labor for all disassembly inspections

In addition to the maintenance of the basic gas turbine, control devices and turbine auxiliaries require periodic inspections and maintenance.

The requirements outlined in the maintenance manual establish a pattern of planned inspections and maintenance.

These start with very minor work at shorter intervals and progress to a major inspection (overhaul) after which the cycle is repeated.

#### Operating Factors Affecting Maintenance

The major factors having the greatest influence on the life of gas turbine parts for any given turbine are:

- Type of fuel
- Starting frequency
- Load cycle
- Environment

#### Type of Fuel

The effect of the fuel on the life (or time between inspection repair) of the combustion parts is associated with the radiant energy in the combustion process and the ability to atomize or treat various liquid fuels. Natural gas, therefore, which has the lowest level of radiant energy, will yield the longest parts life. Clean diesel fuels will yield similar parts lives. Contaminants in a gas or distillate fuel system, however, can erode or corrode valves and fuel nozzles. Liquid hydrocarbons in gas fuels must be eliminated to ensure satisfactory operation and low maintenance costs. The combination of distillate fuels with impurities during transport must be avoided or provisions for treatment must be provided. The use of crude or residual fuels, which have high radiant energy and are more difficult to atomize, will result in somewhat shorter parts lives than gas or distillate fuel. Contaminants in the form of salts (sodium, potassium, etc.) in the fuel, if not removed, will affect not only combustion parts lives but also buckets and, to some degree, nozzles in the form of hot corrosion. Contaminants in the fuel will also shorten maintenance intervals. This is particularly true for liquid fuels in which dirt results in accelerated replacement of pumps, metering devices, fuel nozzles, etc.

Clean or properly treated fuels will invariably result in reduced maintenance and extended parts life. Fuel treatment provided by GE effectively provides protection and longer parts lives. The treatment method varies with the type of fuel and contaminants involved but generally consists of purification systems for many light crudes, water wash systems for residual and heavy oils and, when required, vanadium inhibition systems. Fuel-handling equipment is designed and sized to meet the specific fuel characteristics. Fuel monitoring equipment is also supplied which provides simple, accurate monitoring of fuel received at the site and delivered to the turbine.

#### Starting Frequency

Although most of the new STAG combined-cycle power plant applications today are applied to base load duty (one start per 100 hours or greater) because of their high efficiency, each start and stop of a gas turbine subjects the hot-gas-path parts to a significant thermal cycle. The gas turbine

control system is designed and adjusted to minimize this effect (therefore, these systems are less susceptible to cyclic damage than fossil plants); however, frequent starting and stopping does reduce parts lives.

### Load Cycle

The load cycle of the gas turbine, up to its continuous duty rating, will have little effect on parts life provided it does not require frequent, rapid large load changes which would have the similar effect of frequent starts and stops. Full load trips should be avoided since their effect is to shorten hot-gas-path parts lives considerably. Corrective action should be taken immediately if this problem appears prevalent.

### Environment

The quality of the inlet air for the gas turbine can have a significant effect on maintenance if it contains abrasive or corrosive constituents. In the case of abrasives in the inlet air, such as from desert sand storms, careful attention should be paid to proper maintenance of the inlet filtration system. Self-cleaning inlet air filters are a cost-effective, proven method for improved availability and lower maintenance costs for base-loaded units.

If a gas turbine is to be operated in a corrosive atmosphere, such as salt in marine, seashore, or earth deposits, close attention should be paid to the inlet arrangement to insure application of correct materials and/or protective coatings.

### KINDS OF INSPECTION

General Electric broadly classifies its types of scheduled inspections as "stand-by", "operational data gathering", and "disassembly." The "operational data-gathering" inspections are used as indicators of the general condition of the equipment and as a guide for planning the disassembly maintenance program. These inspections are performed during start-up and when the unit is running. The "disassembly" inspections are performed when the unit is on standstill and includes the combustion, hot-gas-path and major overhaul inspections. They require disassembly of the turbine to varying degrees, depending upon the type of inspection.

#### Stand-by Inspections

Stand-by inspections apply to gas turbines used in intermittent service where stand-by reliability is of primary concern. This maintenance includes changing filters, checking oil and water levels, and checking calibrations. A periodic test run is an essential part of the stand-by inspection and, therefore, for continuous-duty, base-loaded applications, the stand-by inspection loses its significance.

#### Operational Data-Gathering Inspections

A good maintenance program starts with recording information about the equipment during installation, initial oper-

OPERATING DATA FOR OPERATIONAL INSPECTIONS  
OF COMBINED-CYCLE PLANTS

COMPONENTS	PARAMETERS
GAS TURBINE	SPEED LOAD FRIED HOURS FRIED STARTS SITE BAROMETER READING TEMPERATURES AMBIENT AXIAL FLOW COMPRESSOR TURBINE WHEELSPACE EXHAUST LUBE OIL HEADER LUBE OIL TANK BEARING DRAINS IF USED PRESSURES LUBE OIL PUMPS BEARING HEAVER AXIAL COMPRESSOR DISCHARGE COOLING WATER FUEL S ATOMIZING AIR IF APPLICABLE FILTERS FUEL, LUBE ETC FUEL NOZZLES
GAS TURBINE GENERATOR	OUTPUT VOLTAGE PHASE CURRENT VAR FIELD VOLTAGE FIELD CURRENT STATOR TEMPERATURE TOTAL LOAD USING KW METER DISK VIBRATION DATA GAS TURBINE AND GENERATOR PLUS GEARING COUPLING ETC GENERAL LUBE LEVELS COOLING WATER LEVELS IF APPLICABLE

Figure 10

ation, and after each turbine shutdown or disassembly inspection. Data should be taken to establish normal equipment startup parameters, and critical benchmarks vs. time recorded from the initial start signal. GE STAG combined-cycle plants provide equipment for the automatic printout of such data, reducing the operational data-taking manpower requirements. A plot of these parameters will provide a basis for judging the condition of the control system.

Deviations from the norm help pinpoint impending trouble, changes in calibration, or damaged components. Operating data of this type, shown in Fig. 10, should be recorded or printed out at least once each shift. The data should be analyzed for abnormal trends.

The general relationship between load and exhaust temperatures should be recorded and compared to previous data. Variations in exhaust temperature spread should also be recorded.

Excessive power loss, resulting from deterioration of parts or leaks, may require disassembly of the turbine in order to restore power. Loss in performance, however, may only be due to fouling of the compressor which can be restored by on-line cleaning.

The vibration level of the unit should be observed and recorded. Small changes will occur for various operating conditions; however, large changes, or a continuous, increasing trend, are indications that corrective action is required.

The fuel system should be observed for fuel use vs. load. Fuel pressure through the system should be monitored. Periodic checks should be made of the fuel quality entering the turbine to insure contaminants are not prevalent, particularly those that can cause hot corrosion of hot-gas-path parts.

## Disassembly Inspections

### Borescoping

To aid in maintenance-planning and a possible reduction of maintenance costs and longer intervals between scheduled turbine inspections, GE recommends borescoping of the turbine. Borescoping can be very useful in planning future parts requirements or repairs needed, as well as the timing for the next scheduled inspection. General Electric gas turbines have built-in borescope capability which consists of holes machined into the outer casing at strategic positions. This feature allows borescope examination of critical parts in both the compressor and the hot-gas-path.

To support these inspections, GE has published descriptions of the borescope technique. GE Field Engineers have also been trained and equipped to perform borescope inspections and to report and interpret the results.

Borescope inspections cannot replace the need for visual inspection and nondestructive testing. Nevertheless, the judicious use of this technique can reduce maintenance cost by extending inspection intervals and overhauls to a "need-to-do" point in time rather than on an elapsed time or fired-hours basis.

The early review of the hot-gas-path parts can be helpful in establishing replacement part requirements in advance of need, particularly for the hot-gas-path and major inspections. Hot-gas-path parts, visible with borescope, are described in Table IV and Fig. 11.

### Combustion Inspection

The combustion inspection is a relatively short disassembly inspection of the combustion liners, transition pieces, fuel nozzles, cross-fire tubes, and retainers, spark plug assemblies, flame detectors and radiation shields. During a combustion inspection, both a borescope and visual inspection should be made of those areas accessible by these means.

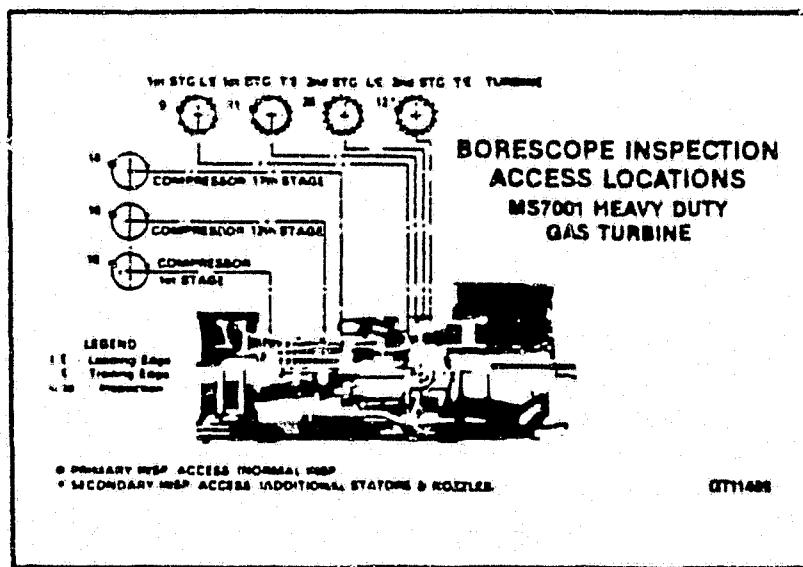


Figure 11

TABLE IV  
BORESCOPE INSPECTION AREAS

Access Location	MS 7001 and 9001
Compressor Case	Stages 1, 12 & 17 Stator and Rotor
*Fuel Nozzles Hole & Combustion Wrapper	Liner & Transition Pieces First Stage Nozzle Leading Edge
Turbine Case	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. First-stage trailing edge &amp; third-stage buckets leading edge.</li> <li>2. First-stage buckets trailing edge &amp; second-stage nozzle leading edge.</li> <li>3. Second-stage nozzle trailing edge &amp; second-stage bucket leading edge.</li> <li>4. Second-stage bucket trailing edge &amp; third stage nozzle leading edge.</li> </ol>

\*Use flexible fiber-optic borescopic only

It is recommended that one complete set of repaired new hardware be kept on site to insure that units can be returned to service in the shortest possible time. Figure 12 illustrates the section of a typical unit that is disassembled for a combustion inspection. Figure 13 describes the work scope associated with a combustion inspection. Combustion liners and transition pieces should be replaced with new or repaired parts. Fuel nozzles should be cleaned or replaced. After the unit is returned to service, the removed hardware can be inspected and repaired as necessary at a qualified off-site GE repair facility.

### Hot-Gas-Path Inspection

The hot-gas-path inspection includes the combustion inspection and a visual inspection of turbine nozzles and buckets. The top half of the turbine shell must be removed for a hot-gas-path inspection. Referring back to Fig. 12, this illustrates the section of a typical unit that is disassembled for hot-gas-path inspection. Figure 14 illustrates the type of work scope required.

The on-site availability of a set of combustion hardware and first stage nozzle will minimize the inspection outage. The parts removed can be inspected and repaired at a qualified facility and returned to the user's inventory.

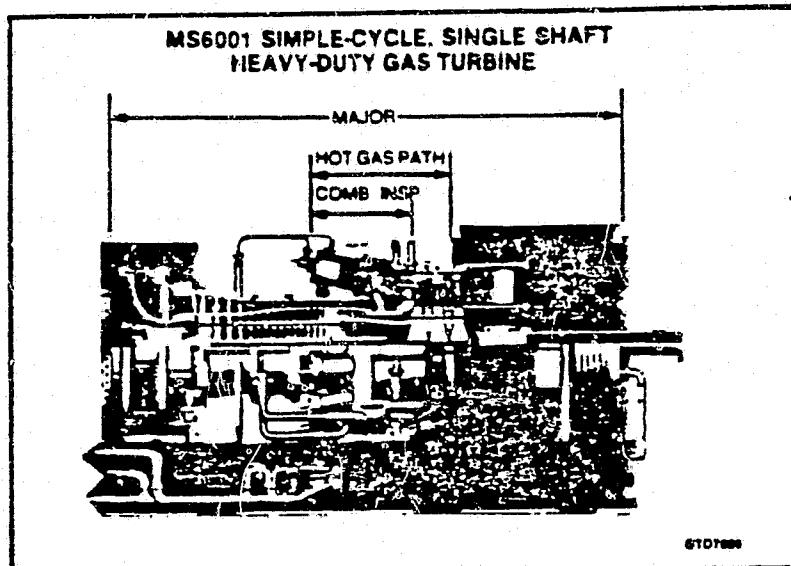


Figure 12

### Major Inspections

Major inspections should be scheduled in accordance with General Electric's recommendations or may be modified by the results of previous inspections. The work scope of a major inspection (Fig. 15) includes that of a combustion inspection and in the laying open of the complete turbine at the horizontal joints, as indicated (refer to Fig. 12).

The first-stage nozzle is exposed to the direct discharge from the combustion process and is subjected to the highest temperature. Normally, nozzles can be repaired several times to extend their lives. Generally, the decision to repair or replace is made at the time of the previous hot-gas-path inspection. Similarly, a decision relative to having a set of first-stage buckets on site for a hot-gas-path or major inspection can be made on the basis of past inspections. Data from previous inspections help determine the rate of wear or deterioration, thereby making part life predictions more accurate and allowing adequate time to plan for the next outage.

### TYPICAL HOT GAS PATH INSPECTION WORK SCOPE

- STEP 1 - BASE AS FOR A COMBUSTION INSPECTION
- STEP 2 - REMOVE UPPER HALF OF COMBUSTION WRAPPED TURBINE SHELL AND SPARES/HARNESS
- STEP 3 - TAKE A COMPLETE SET OF TURBINE OPENING CLEARANCES AND CLOSING CLEARANCES DURING OFF HOT GAS PATH INSPECTION
- STEP 4 - REMOVE 1ST STAGE NOZZLE
- STEP 5 - NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST CHECK BUCKET'S IN ROTOR
- STEP 6 - CHECK FOR OILS
- STEP 7 - REASSEMBLE

PART	ACTION	INSPECT FOR
STAGE 1 NOZZLE	BENT BLAST & P.CHECK	EMBOSS, CRACKS, TRAILING EDGE DEFECTS, COOLING HOLE PLUGGING, FRICTION ACTION IF D.D.I.
STAGE 2 & 3 BUCKETS	CLEAR	EMBOSS, CRACKS, F.O.D. COOLING, FRICTION CRACKS

GT11431

Figure 14

### Inspection Intervals

Based upon a wide variety of actual operating experience, GE has developed inspection interval criteria to be used as guidelines.

Table V lists recommended inspection intervals and estimated down time for current production gas turbines used in a STAG combined-cycle plant for base-load service, burning gas, distillate and heavy fuels. With experience, however, the maintenance planner should take advantage of system flexibility by adjusting maintenance intervals to suit system requirements, work crew availability, and similar factors.

A well-planned maintenance program insures anticipating the needs of the equipment and is tailored to meet the requirements of the STAG combined-cycle system for availability, reliability and maintenance cost. GE technical direction is available to help plan and direct the maintenance work that will ultimately reduce downtime and labor costs.

### TYPICAL COMBUSTION INSPECTION WORK SCOPE

- STEP 1 - REMOVE GAS DRUM, FUEL NOZZLES, SPRAY PLATES AND FLAME DETECTORS, OVERALL OPEN PIPING, ETC.
- STEP 2 - REMOVE COMBUSTION COVERS, LINERS, THERMOCOUPLES AND CROSS FIRE TUBES
- STEP 3 - TOTAL & DOWNSCAPE INSPECT ACCESSIBLE TURBINE AREAS
- STEP 4 - REASSEMBLE

PART	ACTION	INSPECT FOR
FUEL NOZZLES	REASSEMBLABLE TIPS	WEAR, WEAR, HOT SPOTS
COMBUSTION COVERS, LINERS	CLEAR & P.CHECK	BURNING CRACKS, OIL/O COATING
TRANSITION PIECES	BENT BLAST & P.CHECK	
CROSS FIRE TUBES	CLEAR	
SPRAY PLATE PLATES, DETECTORS	CLEAR & INSPECT	

GT11450

Figure 13

### TYPICAL MAJOR INSPECTION WORK SCOPE

- STEP 1 - SAME AS FOR COMBUSTION AND HOT GAS PATH
- STEP 2 - REMOVE UPPER HALF ALL CASINGS AND BEARING COVERS
- STEP 3 - REMOVE ROTORS
- STEP 4 - REMOVE BUCKETS AND NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST CHECK OF BUCKETS AND SPARES/HARNESS
- STEP 5 - NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST CHECK OF ONE STAGE NOZZLES, CHECK FOR OILS

PART	ACTION	INSPECT FOR
BEARINGS, BEALS	CLEAR	WEAR, FINISH, LEADS, WEAR, DEFECTS, CRACKS, SEPARATION
BLADING	CLEAR MECHANICALLY	F.O.D. PROBLEMS, CRACKED/DEFECTIVE BLADING, F.O.D. CRACKS
BUCKETS	REMOVE FROM MOTOR, BENT BLAST & P.CHECK, NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST	BUCKETS, F.O.D. CRACKS, DEFECTIVE BUCKETS
TURBINE WHEELS	CLEAR, NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST, CHECK FOR OILS IN BOVETTE AREA, JEWELRIES AND SEAL FITS	CRACKS IN BUCKETS, AREA, WEAR, DEFECTIVE WEAR, DEFECTIVE SEAL FITS

GT11452

Figure 15

**TABLE V**  
**RECOMMENDED INSPECTION INTERVALS**  
**AND**  
**ESTIMATED DOWN TIME**

**Base Load**  
**1 Start Per 100 or More Fired Hours**

Inspection	Fuel	Fired Hours $\times 10^3$ & Estimated Down Time-Hours					
		MS6001		MS7001		MS9001	
		F.H.	D.T.	F.H.	D.T.	F.H.	D.T.
Combustion	G	8	64	8	64	8	64
	D	8	64	8	64	8	64
	C or R	L-3	30	L-3	30	L-3	30
		XP-6	64	XP-6	64	XP-6	64
H-G-P	G	24	160	24	160	24	160
	D	24	160	24	160	24	160
	C or R	10-14	160	10-14	160	10-14	160
Major	G	48	320	48	320	48	320
	D	48	320	48	320	48	320
	C or R	20-28	320	20-28	320	20-28	320

It is difficult to estimate the number of manhours required for each type of inspection, primarily because of the wide range of experience, productivity and working conditions that exist around the world. Based upon the assumptions in Fig. 16, however, such as use of an average crew of workers in the United States with trade skill, but not necessarily direct gas turbine experience, all parts available, i.e., no repair time, an estimate can be made as shown in Table V.

#### Steam-Side Equipment

The steam-side equipment in GE STAG combined-cycle plants consists of the HRSG, steam turbine, pumps, valves,

etc. and has maintenance requirements normally required in a fossil-fired steam plant except for the HRSG, which is unfired and requires substantially less maintenance than a fired boiler (the major maintenance item in a conventional plant).

Like the gas turbine, the HRSG should have regular inspection criteria and intervals established. These criteria will depend upon the operating cycle, load duty, water and steam conditions and environmental factors that effect the various components.

One of the most important considerations for both the HRSG and the steam turbine is maintaining proper water

**TABLE VI**  
**HRSG's — TYPES OF INSPECTION**

Systems & Components	Types of Inspection			Remarks
	Standby	Operational	Disassembly	
Economizer, Evaporator	No	Yes	Yes	Check pumps & valves for proper
Superheater	No	Yes	Yes	operating steam drain for proper levels; check circulating pumps for
Steam Drum	No	Yes	Yes	cleanliness; record operation parameters; check water chemistry twice per shift; check ducting & joints for
Pumps	Yes	Yes	Yes	leakage; inspect tubes & repair leaks; check tubes for scale & de-
Valves	Yes	Yes	Yes	posite buildup & clean periodically; hydrostatic test every two years; do
Gauges	Yes	Yes	Yes	all repairs during gas turbine outage.
Switches	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Duct Work	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Expansion Joints	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Activators	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Dampers	Yes	Yes	Yes	

INSPECTION ASSUMPTIONS	TABLE VII HRSG PARAMETERS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DIRECT LABOR - NO SUPERVISION</li> <li>• NO REPAIR TIME - REPLACEMENT ONLY</li> <li>• ALL PARTS AVAILABLE</li> <li>• ALL NECESSARY TOOLS AVAILABLE</li> <li>• CREWS WITH AVERAGE TRADE SKILL</li> <li>• FLANGE-TO-FLANGE ONLY</li> <li>• INSPECTION HAS BEEN PREPLANNED</li> </ul>	Ambient temperatures Relative humidity Feed water flows and temperatures Steam flows, temperatures, pressures Drum pressures Total solids in drum water Saturated steam solids Blow down flow Stack temperature

Figure 15

chemistry. Successful operation of the steam generating equipment depends on the proper control of feedwater and operating variables to assure freedom from scale formation and corrosion of water and steam surfaces. The presence of oxygen, oil, grease, high alkalinity should be continuously monitored and prompt corrective action taken to eliminate such anomalies when they occur. Silica carryover will present a particular problem on superheater tubes and steam turbine blading. Samples of water should be taken from a continuous blowdown connection in addition to taking continuous samples of the saturated steam leaving the steam turbine. Sampling and determination of boiler water conditions can be made according to the methods in American Society for Testing & Materials (ASTM) special Technical Publication No. 148.

All boilers are susceptible to developing tube leaks. Although the design of GE HRSG's minimizes this problem, if such leaks do occur, they should be corrected as soon as possible to preclude damage to tubes and other elements of the HRSG. In general, HRSG inspections can be divided into three types—standby, operational and disassembly.

Table VI reflects the types of inspections and general maintenance considerations during these inspections. Table

VII indicates the type of parameter data that should be recorded and analyzed on a regular basis on the HRSG.

#### Steam Turbine

The proper maintenance of the steam turbine in a GE STAG combined-cycle plant is the same as that which is normally required of a steam turbine in a fossil-fired plant. It is good practice, however, as indicated in Table VIII, for a disassembly inspection after the first year of operation to permit the internal evaluation of the unit. This inspection will allow time for corrective action (if needed) to be taken before an abnormal situation progresses to impact reliability, performance and or require expensive downtime. Table IX reflects the operating parameters that should be recorded and analyzed on a periodic basis for the steam turbine.

#### Generators—Steam and Gas Turbines

Although generators, in general, do not require a great deal of maintenance, there are several things that can be done to insure trouble-free operation. Shown in Table X are the types of applicable inspections related to the maintenance of both the gas turbine and steam turbine-generators. Table XI provides the type of operational parameters which should

TABLE VIII  
STEAM TURBINE

Systems & Components	Types of Inspection			Remarks
	Standby	Operational	Disassembly	
Shells	No	Yes	Yes	Check for leakage, record performance parameters, complete first disassembly inspection at end of first years operation.
Bolting	No	No	Yes	
Diaphragm	No	No	Yes	
Valves	No	Yes	Yes	
Lube System	No	Yes	Yes	
Bearings	No	No	Yes	
H <sub>2</sub> System When Available	No	Yes	Yes	

be recorded and analyzed on a regular basis for trends that could indicate impending problems requiring corrective action at the next outage.

#### STAG Combined-Cycle Control Systems

GE STAG plant control systems are configured to provide basic functions:

- Automatic manual sequencing
- Automatic manual process control
- Plant protection

A wide range of plant control automation may be selected when buying a STAG combined-cycle plant. It is possible to start up a complete STAG combined-cycle plant by pushing a single button. Numerous parameters are recorded automatically, totalized and or displayed. The data acquisition system associated with the GE STAG combined-cycle plants will print out, upon request, those parameters which in older plants had to be recorded by hand. In order to reap the benefits built into the automation of the plant, it is necessary

**TABLE IX  
STEAM TURBINE**

#### Parameters

- Bearing oil inlet and discharge temperatures
- Inlet steam pressure
- Steam pressure
- Extraction of first stage shell pressure
- Vibration
- Shell meter temperatures
- Differential expansion
- Exhaust pressure or vacuum
- Hydraulic pressure

to have trained maintenance and operating personnel. Components such as sensing devices and regulating valves should be inspected regularly and maintained properly. Control valves, pressure and temperature devices, gauges, and control panels should be checked monthly by qualified personnel. Downtime can be reduced by having adequate spare parts on hand.

**TABLE X  
INSPECTION TYPES AND GENERAL REMARKS  
FOR THE INSPECTION OF GENERATORS**

Systems	Types of Inspection			Remarks
	Standby	Operational	Disassembly	
Gas Turbine Steam Turbine	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Check for leaks; record performance parameters. After first year's operation, at a minimum, the top end shield should be removed and a bore-scope and cleanliness check made. Meggar and polarization tests should also be performed. Some manufacturers may recommend field removal at this time. Future inspections will depend upon usage and deterioration of performance parameters. Disassembly inspections should be performed while the gas turbine or steam turbine is undergoing an extended outage inspection.
Controls (Panels/Consoles) Station Gas Turbine HRSG Steam Turbine	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No	Check for proper functioning; replace cards and/or devices not functioning properly; troubleshoot as required; vacuum cabinets periodically; check controls for calibration at least once a year and more often when possible.

**TABLE XI**  
**GENERATORS**

**Parameters**

- Output voltage
- Phase current
- VARs
- Field voltage
- Field current
- Stator temperatures
- kWh total
- Load using kWh meter disk
- Vibration Data:
  - Gas turbine and generator plus gearing, coupling, etc.
- General:
  - Lube, levels
  - Cooling water levels (if applicable)
- Hydraulic pressure
- Generator cold-gas temperature
- Generator armature winding temperature
- Generator field winding temperature
- Collector and excitor (if applicable)
- Brush wear

**SUMMARY**

An analysis of the O&M costs for a power plant provides a good indication as to the quality of the equipment purchased and, to a large degree, the operation and maintenance practices of a given utility.

O&M costs normally represent a small portion of the total plant operating cost. The benefits, however, of using proper maintenance, planning, and equipment with trained personnel and using adequate operating procedures far outweigh the cost involved. Proper maintenance will provide maximum plant availability and reliability.

General Electric STAG combined-cycle maintenance cost data show similar values to those observed for conventional fossil plants. On natural gas, STAG combined cycles typically have lower O&M cost; while on heavy fuels, the costs are somewhat higher. At the current cost of fuels, however, the efficiency and availability advantages of combined cycles are the dominant economic factors for consideration.

This paper has described the types of recommended O&M schedules and procedures for optimum plant performance. General Electric personnel will be pleased to provide additional information or assistance in the development of a maintenance schedule or resolution of a maintenance problem.

## CONVERSION FACTORS

The following is a list of conversion factors most commonly used for gas turbine performance.

To Convert	To	Multiply By	To Convert	To	Multiply By
acres	hectares	$4.047 \times 10^{-1}$	hp (U.S.)	hp (metric)	1.014
atm	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1.0333	in.	cm	2.540
atm	lb/in. <sup>2</sup>	$1.47 \times 10^1$	in.	mm	$2.54 \times 10^1$
bars	atm	$9.869 \times 10^{-1}$	in. <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>2</sup>	$6.452 \times 10^2$
bars	lb/in. <sup>2</sup>	$1.45 \times 10^1$	in. of mercury	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	$3.453 \times 10^{-2}$
Btu	J (joules)	$1.055 \times 10^3$	in. of water (at 4 °C)	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	$2.54 \times 10^{-3}$
Btu	kcal	$2.52 \times 10^{-1}$	in. of water (at 4 °C)	lb/in. <sup>2</sup>	$3.613 \times 10^{-2}$
Btu/h	kcal/h	$2.520 \times 10^{-1}$	J	Btu	$9.486 \times 10^{-4}$
Btu/h	kJ/h	1.0548	kg	lb	2.2046
Btu/h	W (watts)	$2.931 \times 10^{-1}$	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	lb/in. <sup>2</sup>	$1.422 \times 10^1$
Btu/hp-h	kcal/kWh	$3.379 \times 10^{-1}$	kg-m	ft-lb	7.233
Btu/hp-h	kJ/kWh	1.4148	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	$6.243 \times 10^{-2}$
Btu/kWh	kcal/kWh	$2.5198 \times 10^{-1}$	km	miles (statute)	$6.214 \times 10^{-1}$
Btu/kWh	kJ/kWh	1.0548	kW	hp	1.341
Btu/lb	kcal/kg	$5.555 \times 10^{-1}$	l	ft <sup>3</sup>	$3.531 \times 10^{-2}$
Btu/lb	kJ/kg	2.3256	lb	kg	$4.536 \times 10^{-1}$
°C	°F	$(^{\circ}C \times 9/5) + 32$	lb/in. <sup>2</sup>	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	$7.03 \times 10^{-2}$
°C	K	$^{\circ}C + 273.18$	lb/in. <sup>2</sup>	Pa	$6.8948 \times 10^3$
cm <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	$3.531 \times 10^{-5}$	lb-ft <sup>2</sup>	kg-m <sup>2</sup>	$4.214 \times 10^{-1}$
cm <sup>3</sup>	in. <sup>3</sup>	$6.102 \times 10^{-2}$	l/min	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	$5.886 \times 10^{-4}$
°F	°C	$(^{\circ}F - 32) \times 5/9$	l/min	gal/s	$4.403 \times 10^{-3}$
ft	m	$3.048 \times 10^{-1}$	m	ft	3.281
ft <sup>2</sup>	m <sup>2</sup>	$9.29 \times 10^{-2}$	m <sup>2</sup>	ft <sup>2</sup>	$1.076 \times 10^1$
ft <sup>3</sup>	l (liters)	$2.832 \times 10^1$	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	$3.531 \times 10^1$
ft <sup>3</sup>	m <sup>3</sup>	$2.832 \times 10^{-2}$	mile (statute)	km	1.6093
ft-lb	Btu	$1.286 \times 10^{-3}$	tons (metric)	kg	$1.0 \times 10^3$
ft-lb	kg-m	$1.383 \times 10^{-1}$	tons (metric)	lb	$2.205 \times 10^3$
ft/min	km/h	$1.8288 \times 10^{-2}$	W	Btu/h	3.4129
ft <sup>3</sup> /min	l/s	$4.720 \times 10^{-1}$	W	Btu/min	$5.688 \times 10^{-2}$
ft <sup>3</sup> /min	m <sup>3</sup> /min	$2.832 \times 10^{-2}$	W	ft-lb/s	$7.378 \times 10^{-1}$
gal	m <sup>3</sup>	$3.785 \times 10^{-3}$	W	hp	$1.341 \times 10^{-3}$
gal/min	l/s	$6.308 \times 10^{-2}$			
hectares	acres	2.471			
hp (U.S.)	kW	$7.457 \times 10^{-1}$			

## 1983 GAS TURBINE REFERENCE LIBRARY

- |          |   |          |   |
|----------|---|----------|---|
| GER-3400 | STAG Combined-Cycle Operating Experience                          | GER-3421 | Advanced Materials and Coatings                                       |
| GER-3401 | STAG Combined-Cycle Product Line                                  | GER-3422 | GE MS7001 Heavy-Duty Gas Turbine                                      |
| GER-3402 | STAG Combined-Cycle Plant Engineering and Construction Management | GER-3423 | Electric Utility Gas Turbine Applications                             |
| GER-3403 | Steam Turbines for STAG Combined-Cycle Power Systems              | GER-3424 | Aircraft-Derivative Maintenance Practices                             |
| GER-3404 | Heat Recovery Steam Generators for STAG Combined-Cycle Plants     | GER-3425 | GE LM5000 Aircraft-Derivative Gas Turbine System                      |
| GER-3405 | Controls for STAG Combined-Cycle Plants                           | GER-3426 | GE Mark IV SPEEDTRONIC Control System                                 |
| GER-3406 | STAG Combined-Cycle Power Systems Reliability                     | GER-3427 | GE Data-Tronic Information and Control System                         |
| GER-3407 | STAG Combined-Cycle Power Systems Operation and Maintenance       | GER-3428 | Fuels Flexibility in Heavy-Duty Gas Turbines                          |
| GER-3408 | STAG Combined-Cycle Fuel Flexibility and Economic Evaluation      | GER-3429 | Meeting the Quality Commitment with Experience and Technology         |
| GER-3409 | STAG Combined-Cycle Plants in Power Generation Planning Analysis  | GER-3430 | Industrial Gas Turbine Cogeneration Application Considerations        |
| GER-3410 | Combined-Cycle Repowering Mechanics and Economics                 | GER-3431 | GE LM2500 Aircraft-Derivative Gas Turbine System                      |
| GER-3411 | STAG Combined-Cycle System Economics                              | GER-3432 | GE MS9000 Heavy-Duty Gas Turbine                                      |
| GER-3412 | Heavy-Duty Gas Turbine Maintenance Practices                      | GER-3433 | Application of Gas Turbines in the Process Industry                   |
| GER-3413 | GE MS6001 — Heavy-Duty Gas Turbine                                | GER-3434 | Recent Developments and Design Philosophy for Heavy-Duty Gas Turbines |
| GER-3414 | Gas Turbine Parts and Performance Update                          | GER-3435 | GE Gas Turbine Multiple-Combustion Systems                            |
| GER-3415 | Gas Turbines in Mechanical Drive Applications                     | GER-3436 | Project Management Concepts   |
| GER-3416 | GE Compressors for Pipeline and Process Applications              | GER-3437 | Performance Characteristics   |
| GER-3418 | Generators for Gas Turbine Applications                           | GER-3438 | Liquid Fuel Treatment Systems   |
| GER-3419 | Gas Turbine Inlet Air Treatment                                   | GER-3439 | Coal-Fired STAG Combined-Cycle Applications                           |
|          |   | GER-3451 | Legislation and Regulations Affecting Cogeneration                    |

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4. QUESTION

- b) Basis and supporting data for the portion of O&M costs represented by "in-house parts repair" and the effect it had on total fixed O&M costs.

RESPONSE

Telephone contacts of several Alaskan utilities revealed that significant in-house repair practices were being utilized in the overhaul and maintenance of their combustion turbine generators. This was most notably reflected in the Alaska utilities' practices regarding the repair and refurbishment of combustion turbine replacement parts. In the Lower 48, utilities regularly rely on the original equipment manufacturer to provide these repairs.

The Alaskan utilities contacted were Chugach Electric Association, and Golden Valley Electric Association, and Anchorage Municipal Light & Power Company. Anchorage Municipal Light & Power Company reported replacement and repair of the following combustion turbine parts through their own in-house repair capabilities:

- Combustion liners and transition pieces
- Compressor stationary blading components
- Hot parts stationary components
- First and second stage nozzle repair

Replacement and repair of these parts through in-house practices accounts for approximately 50 percent of the total cost of each combustion turbine overhaul, with in-house repair generally less costly than manufacturer repair. Also, in-house repair is normally a fixed cost while manufacturer repair is normally a variable cost.

A comparison of the O&M costs from the License Application with those of the Power Authority DEIS comments - Appendix I show a marked shift of cost from the variable to the fixed component as a result of taking this in-house repair function into account. Assuming a simple cycle unit operates at a 20 percent plant factor, total (fixed plus variable) O&M costs would be reduced by about 27 percent due to in-house maintenance. A reduction of about 19 percent would occur for a combined cycle unit assuming an 80 percent plant factor.

4. QUESTION

- c) Equipment manufacturers data and related APA inputs used to justify the changes in the thermal cycle conditions and auxiliary power requirements which led to the changes in simple cycle gas turbine and combined cycle heat rate data.

RESPONSE

The calculation for plant performance used in the Power Authority's DEIS comment was based on informal contacts with turbine manufacturers. Subsequently, formal documentation was requested from GE, which resulted in some minor revisions of the original data. These revisions are found in the attached letter to Ebasco, dated October 19, 1984. (Attachment 4c.1) In that letter, GE documents the heat rate of the simple cycle, ISO ratings and auxiliary loads for both simple and combined cycle units. Since the basis of the letter is expressed in lower heating values than those used in the DEIS comments, the following corrections must be made to compare the numbers.

<u>Heat Rate (LHV)</u>	<u>Correction Factor</u>	<u>Heat Rate (MHV)</u>
10,610	x 1.11	= 11,777

The above number is at ISO conditions. At the average annual temperature of the Cook Inlet (33°F), the rating would be approximately 11,660.

The combined cycle data is taken from a GE publication entitled "STAG Combined Cycle Performance Data." In that publication, the following heat rate is given.

<u>Heat Rate (LHV)</u>	<u>Correction Factor</u>	<u>Heat Rate (MHV)</u>
7,620	x 1.11	= 8,458

The actual output of a combined cycle machine is dependent upon detailed auxiliary power requirements and the condenser back pressure of the steam cycle. Because an Alaskan unit's condenser will likely be air cooled, the output of the power plant will not be as efficient. New performance calculations at 33°F have not been completed for the combined cycle, based upon the revised data. However it is safe to assume that the valve used in the latest analysis is optimistic with respect to plant performance. Hence, it favors the thermal alternatives in a comparison with the Susitna Project.

4. QUESTION

- d) A copy of the Alaska Public Utilities Commission ruling requiring a 20-year life for combustion turbines and justification for a 40-year life for transmission facilities.

RESPONSE

There is no formal Alaska Public Utilities Commission (APUC) "ruling" requiring a 20-year useful life for combustion turbines. The Power Authority's statement in the DEIS was based upon the fact that in recent rate filings with the APUC some Alaska electric utilities have proposed depreciating their combustion turbines over 16 2/3 years. Based on these filings, the Power Authority established the 20-year estimate noted in the DEIS.

The Power Authority has confirmed the validity of its 20-year useful life estimate for combustion turbines in discussions with APUC staff engineers. In those discussions, the APUC staff has indicated that the 30-year useful life typically assigned a combustion turbine in the Lower 48 is inapplicable for Alaska, where combustion turbines are operated as base-load

The Power Authority believes that the Lower 48 concensus of a 50-year economic lifetime for steel-towered transmission facilities, is inappropriate for Alaska, due to the extreme climate of Interior Alaska. Thus, the expected service of steel-towered transmission facilities has been reduced to 40 years for use in Susitna economic analyses.

5. QUESTION

Copies of the Power Authority/Harza-Ebasco detailed estimates of Susitna O&M which were used to justify the reduced Susitna O&M cost. (This pertains to the revised hydroelectric parameters as discussed in Volume 3, Appendix I of the Power Authority's comments).

RESPONSE

The Power Authority's original estimate of the Susitna operation and maintenance costs was presented in Table D-5 of the License Application, and is attached hereto as Attachment 5.1. The License Application scheme was based on full staffing on-site at both the Watana and Devil Canyon power plants for the life of the project. In conjunction with the project design refinements, the Power Authority has re-evaluated the Susitna operation and maintenance costs. The revised estimate is presented in Attachment 5.2.

The primary reason for the reduction in cost is a revised approach to the project operating and maintenance staffing requirements. Review of current practice by the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation indicates that full staffing on-site is neither warranted nor

desireable for Susitna. The Power Authority recognizes the need to have an adequate staff on-site during the initial start-up and shake-down period for the Susitna power plants. However, after an estimated four-year break-in period, it will be desireable to move the Susitna operations center to a location better suited for dispatching the project power and energy.

It has been suggested that Willow might serve as the ultimate control point. Since it is closer to the power purchasers and users, the Susitna operation can better respond to changes in system load requirements. Also, the costs of maintaining staff at Willow will be less than staffing a remote site such as the Watana or Devil Canyon power plants.

The proposed staffing scheme which is the basis for the revised cost estimate is shown in Attachment 5.3. The initial staffing required at the powerplants has been reduced based on a more refined estimate by the Power Authority. Attachment 5.4 provides the unit prices applied to the staffing set forth in Attachment 5.3, thus providing the labor costs presented in Attachment 5.2.

With respect to Attachment 5.2, labor costs for Power Transmission and Townsite Operations are estimated based on the staffing shown in Attachment 5.3 and the annual costs shown in Attachment 5.4. The expense estimates for Power Transmission and Contracted Services are unchanged for the initial staffing at Watana and Devil Canyon. The eventual expense for Power Transmission is estimated to be the same as the Watana initial expense. The eventual expense for Contracted Services is estimated to be the Watana initial expense plus an additional \$150,000 annually. This additional amount represents an allowance for special contracted services estimated on the following basis:

- crew of 10 workers;
- average annual cost of \$60,000; and
- services required 3 months out of the year on average.

Hence:

$$10 \times \$60,000 \times 3/12 = \$150,000$$

The estimated expenses for Townsite Operations are reduced to reflect the reduction in initial staffing requirements on-site. In Attachment 5.2 eventual

expenses for Townsite Operations are estimated to be the same as the Watana initial expense. Estimated costs of operation and maintenance related to Environmental Mitigation were not increased for addition of the Devil Canyon development. Hence, \$1,000,000 annually was used for both Watana alone and combined project operation. This effectively reduces the License Application estimate by half for combined operation mitigation. Contingency on the estimate has been increased from 10 percent to 15 percent, providing a higher margin for uncertainty in the estimate. The allowance to replace community facilities has been eliminated.

Note that the Susitna O&M costs presented at the bottom of Table 8-2 (Appendix I of the Power Authority's Comments on DEIS) are in 1983 dollars (See Attachment 5.2). These 1983 values were deflated to the 1982 price level for use in the economic analysis.

TABLE D.5: SUMMARY OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE COSTS

	WATANA (\$000's Omitted)			DEVIL CANYON <sup>1</sup> (\$000's Omitted)			
	Labor	Expense Items	Subtotal	Labor	Expense Items	Subtotal	
Power & Transmission Operation/ Maintenance	5330	990	6320	1920	500	2420	
Contracted Services	--	900	900	--	480	480	
Permanent Townsite Operations	540	340	880	120	80	200	
Allowance for Environmental Mitigation	--	--	1000			1000	
Contingency	--	--	900			500	
Additional Allowance from 2002 to Replace Community Facilities			400			200	
Total Operating and Maintenance Expenditure Estimate Power Development and Transmission Facilities				WATANA	10,400	DEVIL CANYON	4,800

(1) Incremental

## Attachment 5.2

SUSITNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT  
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE COST ESTIMATES  
(\$1000/yr)

	Initial Watana <sup>1/</sup>			Initial Devil Canyon <sup>2/</sup>			Eventual Total Project		
	Labor	Expenses	Subtotal	Labor	Expenses	Subtotal	Labor	Expenses	Subtotal
Power Transmission	3300	990	4920	625	500	1125	2470	990	3460
Contracted Services <sup>2/</sup>		900	900		480	480		1050	1050
Townsite Operations	625	180	805	400	55	455	285	180	465
Environmental Mitigation			1000			--			1000
Contingency (15%)			<u>1045</u>			<u>310</u>			<u>895</u>
Total, January 1982 dollars			8040			2370			6870
Escalation to 1983 dollars (6%)			<u>480</u>			<u>140</u>			<u>410</u>
Total, January 1983 dollars			8520			2510			7280

<sup>1/</sup> For first 4 years of operation of each development.

<sup>2/</sup> Includes annual maintenance services, major maintenance overhaul, helicopter service, and road maintenance.

## PROPOSED PROJECT MANPOWER

	<u>Watana</u>	<u>Initial Devil Canyon</u>	<u>Willow</u>	<u>Eventual Site</u>	<u>Willow</u>
Superintendent	1				1
Assistant		1	1	1	1
Chief Admin.	1				1
Clerk/Typists	3	2		1	3
Operators		21			14
Maintenance	25	8	1	17 <sup>1/</sup>	1
Line Crew			5		5
Townsite	11	7		5	
Subtotal		80	7	24	25
Total			87		49

1/ With support of 10 technicians on site about 3 months in each year included in contracted services.

**SUSITNA OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE LABOR COSTS  
BASIS FOR REVISED ESTIMATE**

<u>Position</u>	<u>Annual Cost</u> <sup>1/</sup>	<u>Staffing Requirements &amp; Associated Costs</u>			
		<u>Initial</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>\$1000/yr.</u>	<u>Eventual</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>\$1000/yr.</u>
<b><u>Power Transmission</u></b>					
Superintendent	\$56,000	1/ -	56/ -	1	56
Assistant	47,500	2/ 1/	47.5/47.5	1	47.5
Chief/Admin.	35,000 <sup>3/</sup>	1/ -	35/ -	1	35
Clerk/Typist	22,500	3/2	67.5/45	4	90
Operators					
Chief	48,000	1/ -	48/ -	1	48
Shift Operators	40,000	20/ -	800/ -	13	520
Plant Maintenance	50,000 <sup>4/</sup>	26/8	1,300/400	18	900
Line Crew	51,000 <sup>5/</sup>	51 -	255/ -	5	255
Salaries and Wages	58/11		2,609/492.5	44	1952
Allowances (15%)			391/ 75		253
Overtime (10%)			300/ 57.5		225
			3300/625		2470
<b><u>Townsite</u></b>					
Security, Fire Protection, Paramedic, Warehouse	45,000 <sup>6/</sup>	11/7	495/315	5	225
Salaries and Wages	11/7		495/315	5	225
Allowances (15%)			74/ 48		34
Overtime (10%)			56/ 37		26
Labor Total			625/400		285
Staffing Total		87		49	

- 1/ Annual costs are the same as those used in the License Application except as otherwise noted.
- 2/ "/" distinguishes Watana/Devil Canyon.
- 3/ New position created for this estimate.
- 4/ License Application value = \$47,250.
- 5/ License Application value = \$50,750.
- 6/ License Application value = \$47,250.

6. QUESTION

A copy of the data (both before and after it was revised and provided) to the Anchorage Chamber of Commerce to support the Cook Inlet Natural Gas usages for power generation shown in Exhibits 31 and 34, pages 70 and 75 of the "Electric Power Generation for the Alaska Railbelt Region" by KENTCO dated January, 1984.

RESPONSE

The Cook Inlet natural gas usage for power generation presented in the KENTCO report are essentially those values contained in Table D-1.3 of the revised License Application of July 1983. The methodology for estimating gas consumption for power generation (presented in Table D-1.3 of the License Application) is described below. The basic steps are:

- Estimate the projected Railbelt generation requirements for the year. This net generation will comprise sales plus some assumed losses for transmission and distribution.
- Establish what portion of the generation will be served by gas-fired generation.

- Assume a heat rate that will apply to the gas-fired plants (Btu/kWh).
- Based on the assumed heat rate, the heating value of the gas being burned (Btu per unit volume), and the amount of energy to be generated, the gas consumption is calculated.

KENTCO has extended the estimates beyond year 2010 to year 2015. Also, the values presented by KENTCO for years 2003, 2004, 2005, and 2007 differ by 0.1 BCF from those presented in the Application. The Power Authority does not know the methodology which KENTCO employed to extend the usage beyond year 2010, nor can the Power Authority explain the slight difference in the four years noted above.

As is the case with many of the Power Authority's study parameters, the methodology for estimating gas consumption has undergone review and revision since the July 1983 License Application submission. Currently, the Applicant's natural gas consumption figures are obtained directly from the OGP program analysis. For the Without-Susitna expansion plan, the simulation of Railbelt system gross generation computes the fuel consumption each year. This is a preferred approach,

because the gas-fired units are optimally dispatched within the system by OGP and the resulting consumption figures are therefore more realistic.

The current estimates of natural gas consumption are presented in Attachment 6.1. As an example of the relationship between these figures and the OGP analysis, the basis for the 23.2 billion cubic feet (Bcf) assumption for the "Without-Susitna" expansion plan is found on page 7 of output LJN10206 of Appendix 1, Part B of this submittal.

## CONSUMPTION OF COOK INLET NATURAL GAS

<u>Year</u>	Consumption for <u>Electric Generation</u> <sup>1/</sup> (BCF)
1984	29.7
1985	31.3
1986	32.6
1987	34.2
1988	31.3
1989	32.8
1990	32.9
1991	33.8
1992	33.3
1993	23.2
1994	24.0
1995	25.0
1996	15.2
1997	16.7
1998	17.3
1999	17.0
2000	18.7
2001	19.6
2002	20.5
2003	21.5
2004	22.6
2005	14.5
2006	15.5
2007	16.7
2008	17.4
2009	11.5
2010	13.0
2011	13.8
2012	8.7
2013	9.5
2014	10.2
2015	11.0
2016	11.9
2017	7.4
2018	8.2
2019	9.3
2020	10.0

<sup>1/</sup> Consumption for years 1993 through 2020 from OGP Without-Susitna run reported in Alaska Power Authority Comments on the DEIS, August 1984. Consumption for 1984 through 1992 based on a supplemental OGP run made for this purpose.

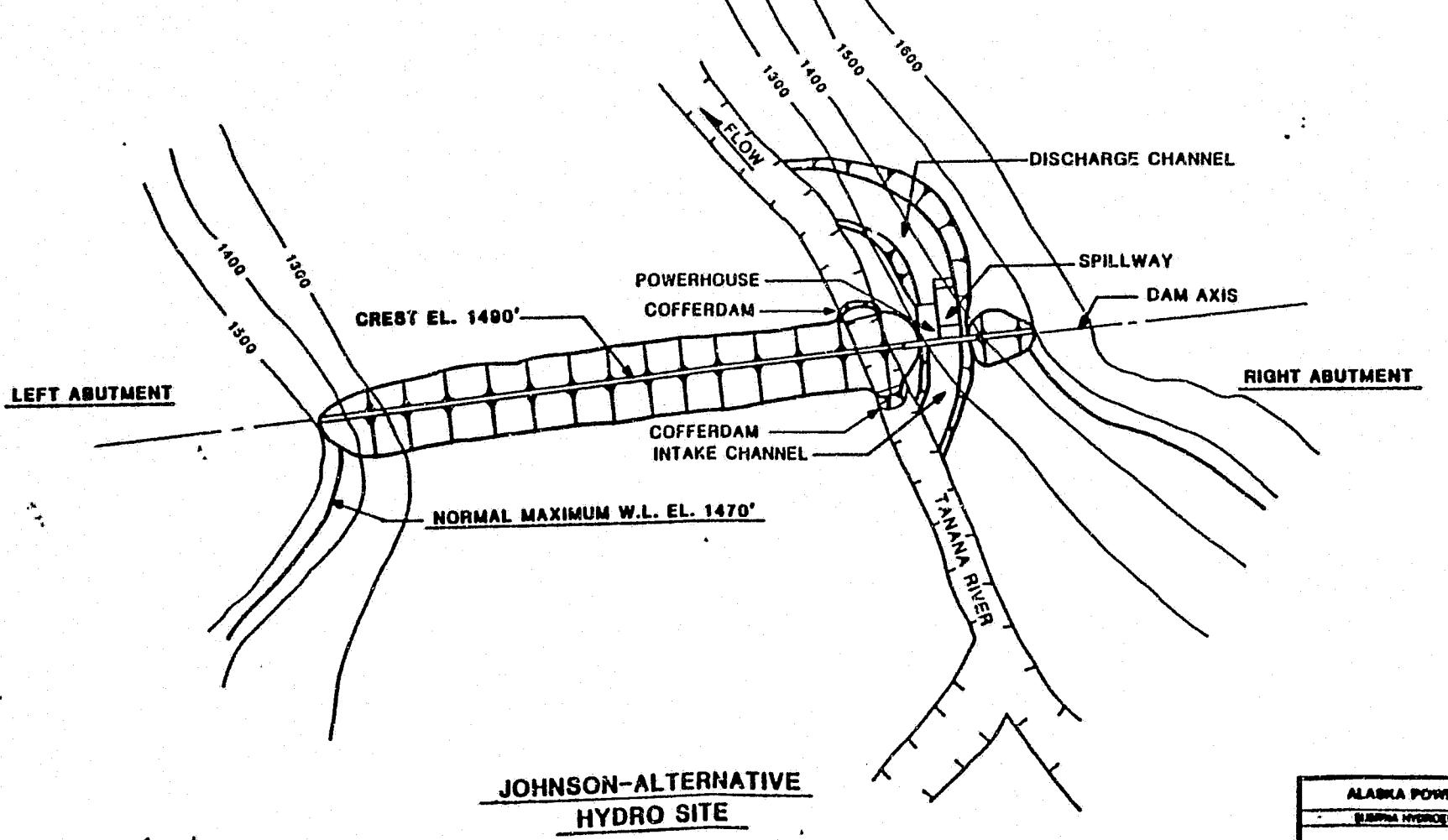
7. QUESTION

- a) The unit cost estimate referred to in Table II for the Johnson project. Provide a site plan, geologic reports, and cross sections of major project features used to prepare the cost estimate.

RESPONSE

The data requested is contained in Table 11 of Appendix II of the Power Authority's August 23, 1984 comments on the DEIS, not Table II.

Available data used in preparing the Johnson site cost estimate are provided herewith as Attachments 7a.1 and 7a.2. These include the general site plan (Attachment 7a.1) and dam embankment typical cross section (Attachment 7a.2). No geologic reports are known to exist for the Johnson site.

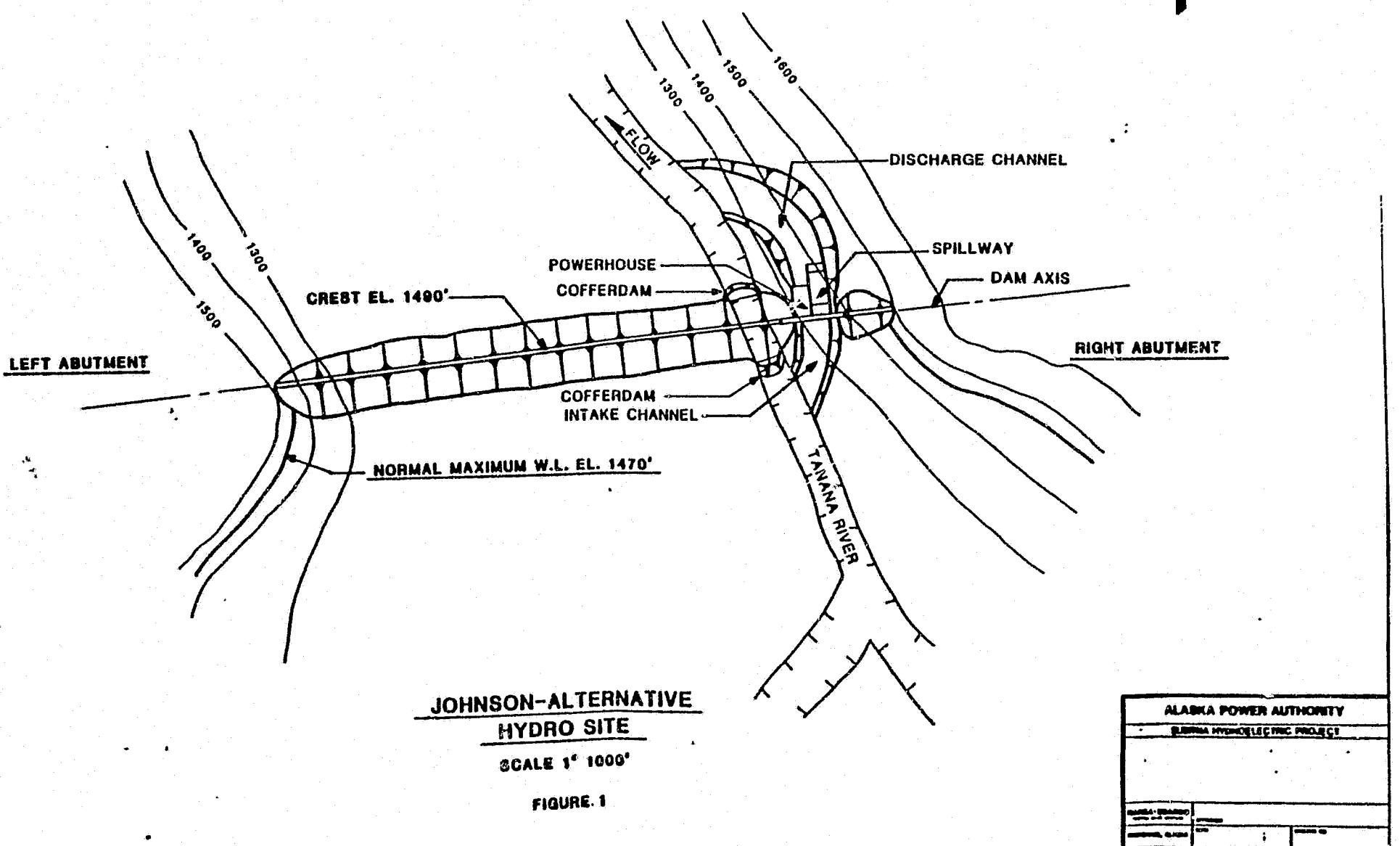


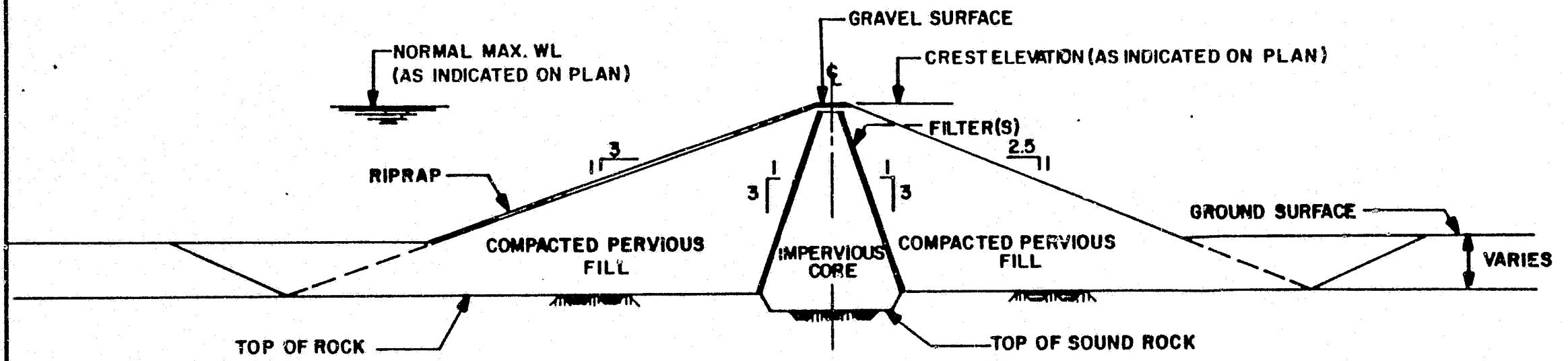
## **JOHNSON-ALTERNATIVE HYDRO SITE**

SCALE 1" 1000'

**FIGURE. 1**

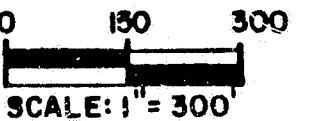
**ALASKA POWER AUTHORITY**  
**KINNA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT**





DAM CROSS SECTION

ALTERNATIVE HYDRO SITES  
TYPICAL DAM SECTION  
FIGURE 2



7. QUESTION

- b) The operation simulations for the alternative hydro sites referred to on page 9-4. Include a description of the computer program, RESOP, and all input and output data.

RESPONSE

The RESOP computer model used to perform the operation simulations for the alternative hydro sites is essentially the Susitna simulation model described in detail in Exhibit B, Volume 1, Section 2.8 of the License Application.

The Applicant has made some minor modifications to include the effects of variable tailwater elevations and variable turbine efficiencies. The model can simulate the operation of one or two reservoirs.

Attachments 7b.1 through 7b.5 transmit the requested operation simulation data for the Snow, Keetna, Browne, Chakachamna, and Johnson developments, respectively. The attached data support Table 18 of Appendix II of the Power Authority's DEIS comments. As discussed in those comments, the results of the three different

arrangements are quite similar. Hence, data for the base case only is provided.

The simulation data provided for each project is organized as follows (refer to Attachment 7b.1):

Input Data

1. Natural Streamflow (monthly)
2. Evaporation (neglected)
3. Reservoir area-volume and tailwater rating
4. Powerplant characteristics
5. Operation constraints (rule curve)
6. Release constraints (natural streamflow  
and required monthly minimum)
7. Energy generation criteria (system demand,  
monthly and annual)

Output Data

8. Turbine discharge (total from powerhouse)
9. Energy production
10. Post-project flows downstream of project
11. Summary of project capability and energy

simulation arrangements are quite similar. Hence, data for the base case only is provided.

The simulation data provided for each project is organized as follows (refer to Attachment 7b.1):

Input Data

1. Natural Streamflow (monthly)
2. Evaporation (neglected)
3. Reservoir area-volume and tailwater rating
4. Powerplant characteristics
5. Operation constraints (rule curve)
6. Release constraints (natural streamflow and required monthly minimum)
7. Energy generation criteria (system demand, monthly and annual)

Output Data

8. Turbine discharge (total from powerhouse)
9. Energy production
10. Post-project flows downstream of project
11. Summary of project capability and energy

1) SNOW ALTERNATIVE HYDRO PROJECT  
RESPONSE TO DEIS

REVISED FLOW DATA

NSD YEAR 2010: 6444 GWH  
RATED CAPACITY 100 MW

Table 18. Snow P. 1

INPUT DATA FOR SNOW

NATURAL STREAMFLOW AT DAMSITE

INPUT

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1948	640.	490.	306.	56.	40.	25.	60.	493.	1835.	2342.	1365.	444.
1949	466.	137.	33.	16.	12.	16.	28.	337.	1181.	1971.	1388.	1509.
1950	310.	435.	173.	39.	23.	21.	23.	204.	1839.	2108.	2219.	1238.
1951	216.	45.	21.	17.	12.	12.	31.	306.	1055.	2709.	1411.	2058.
1952	170.	83.	41.	20.	17.	16.	13.	79.	1064.	2101.	1473.	709.
1953	877.	588.	195.	78.	48.	29.	111.	913.	3568.	3018.	2226.	1012.
1954	816.	125.	51.	34.	23.	18.	33.	565.	1555.	1702.	1682.	667.
1955	418.	336.	94.	46.	23.	17.	20.	222.	1056.	3034.	1659.	978.
1956	152.	52.	26.	23.	18.	16.	35.	349.	823.	1970.	2173.	697.
1957	106.	86.	78.	28.	24.	26.	49.	456.	1934.	1595.	1667.	2359.
1958	723.	466.	95.	67.	32.	23.	135.	502.	2238.	2031.	1910.	417.
1959	211.	108.	55.	30.	21.	18.	59.	663.	2318.	1663.	1400.	370.
1960	285.	173.	85.	45.	39.	25.	37.	1287.	1828.	2260.	1564.	720.
1961	298.	180.	233.	334.	96.	34.	48.	775.	1970.	2547.	1895.	1141.
1962	270.	123.	42.	31.	21.	15.	75.	277.	1581.	2028.	1289.	504.
1963	152.	359.	78.	36.	35.	41.	31.	389.	1074.	2351.	1516.	1055.
1964	364.	90.	107.	60.	38.	22.	132.	262.	2486.	1995.	2040.	828.
1965	359.	197.	113.	79.	34.	53.	133.	269.	1130.	2050.	1565.	1350.
1966	317.	71.	50.	36.	23.	22.	48.	247.	1828.	2023.	2301.	2105.
1967	537.	175.	56.	30.	26.	22.	30.	396.	1561.	1747.	2051.	3416.
1968	448.	151.	102.	68.	61.	86.	41.	653.	1418.	1851.	1464.	526.
1969	134.	95.	34.	16.	22.	23.	66.	556.	2425.	1920.	755.	516.
1970	2564.	373.	355.	113.	111.	93.	79.	448.	1316.	1892.	1775.	578.
1971	148.	658.	90.	31.	24.	23.	25.	216.	1668.	2968.	2639.	1006.
1972	351.	79.	40.	19.	13.	17.	14.	174.	802.	1896.	1754.	988.
1973	288.	91.	45.	26.	20.	20.	35.	402.	1056.	1743.	1235.	647.
1974	153.	55.	38.	25.	19.	18.	49.	392.	1460.	1712.	1273.	1543.

NET RESERVOIR EVAPORATION, INCHES

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

2

\*\*\*\*\* RESERVOIR DATA \*\*\*\*\*  
ELEVATION VOLUME AREA  
(FT, MSL) (ACRE-FEET) (ACRES)

\*\*\*\*\* TAILWATER DATA \*\*\*\*\*  
DISCHARGE ELEVATION  
(CFS) (FT, MSL)

3

920.0	0.	0.	0.	500.0
1000.0	1040.	0.	1000000.	500.0
1050.0	6000.	0.	0.	0.0
1100.0	17040.	0.	0.	0.0
1140.0	46000.	0.	0.	0.0
1170.0	96000.	0.	0.	0.0
1190.0	140000.	0.	0.	0.0
1200.0	179000.	0.	0.	0.0

6 THE RATED HEAD IS 620.0 FT.  
5 THE RATED CAPACITY IS 63.0 MW.  
4 THE HEADLOSS IS 0.046 TIMES THE HEAD  
3

THE GENERATOR EFFICIENCY IS 0.980  
THE TRANSFORMER EFFICIENCY IS 0.990

\*\*\*\*\* POWERPLANT DATA, 1 UNITS \*\*\*\*\*

NET HEAD (X RATED) (FEET)	PLANT CAPACITY (MW)	EFFICIENCY (% RATED)	TURBINE	PLANT
0.750	465.0	38.4	0.628	0.880
0.800	496.0	42.7	0.698	0.888
0.850	527.0	47.0	0.769	0.894
0.900	558.0	51.6	0.844	0.900
0.950	589.0	56.3	0.921	0.905
1.000	620.0	61.1	1.000	0.910
1.030	638.6	63.8	1.043	0.908
1.060	657.2	66.4	1.086	0.906
1.100	682.0	70.0	1.145	0.903
1.150	713.0	74.5	1.219	0.900

4

Table 18 Snow P.2

RESERVOIR OPERATION CONSTRAINTS

MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1200. 1200. 1200. 1200. 1200. 1200. 1200. 1200. 1200.

5

RULE CURVE ELEVATION

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1190. 1193. 1183. 1181. 1157. 1143. 1119. 1125. 1145. 1179. 1193. 1200.

MINIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1050. 1050. 1050. 1050. 1050. 1050. 1050. 1050. 1050.

RESERVOIR RELEASE CONSTRAINTS

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
MINIMUM CONSUMPTIVE RELEASE  
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

6

MINIMUM NON-POWER RELEASE

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

DOWNSUM STREAM RELEASE CRITERIA

PRE-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1948	640.	490.	306.	56.	40.	25.	60.	493.	1835.	2342.	1365.	444.
1949	466.	137.	33.	16.	12.	16.	28.	337.	1181.	1971.	1388.	1509.
1950	310.	435.	173.	39.	23.	21.	23.	204.	1839.	2108.	2219.	1238.
1951	216.	45.	21.	17.	12.	12.	31.	306.	1055.	2309.	1411.	2058.
1952	170.	83.	41.	20.	17.	16.	13.	79.	1064.	2401.	1473.	709.
1953	877.	588.	195.	78.	48.	24.	111.	913.	3568.	3018.	2226.	1012.
1954	816.	125.	51.	34.	23.	18.	33.	565.	1555.	1702.	1682.	667.
1955	418.	336.	94.	46.	23.	17.	20.	222.	1056.	3034.	1659.	978.
1956	152.	52.	26.	23.	18.	16.	35.	349.	823.	1970.	2173.	697.
1957	106.	86.	78.	28.	24.	26.	49.	456.	1934.	1595.	1667.	2359.
1958	723.	466.	95.	67.	32.	23.	135.	502.	2238.	2031.	1910.	417.
1959	211.	108.	55.	30.	21.	18.	59.	663.	2318.	1663.	1400.	370.
1960	285.	173.	85.	45.	39.	25.	37.	1287.	1828.	2260.	1564.	720.
1961	298.	180.	233.	334.	96.	34.	48.	775.	1970.	2547.	1895.	1141.
1962	270.	123.	42.	31.	21.	15.	75.	277.	1581.	2028.	1289.	504.
1963	152.	359.	78.	36.	35.	41.	31.	389.	1074.	2351.	1516.	1055.
1964	364.	90.	107.	60.	38.	22.	132.	262.	2486.	1995.	2040.	828.
1965	359.	197.	113.	79.	34.	53.	133.	269.	1130.	2050.	1565.	1350.
1966	317.	71.	50.	36.	23.	22.	48.	247.	1828.	2023.	2301.	2105.
1967	537.	175.	56.	30.	26.	22.	30.	396.	1561.	1747.	2051.	3416.
1968	448.	151.	102.	68.	61.	86.	41.	653.	1418.	1851.	1464.	526.
1969	134.	95.	34.	16.	22.	23.	66.	556.	2425.	1920.	755.	516.
1970	2564.	373.	355.	113.	111.	93.	79.	448.	1316.	1892.	1775.	578.
1971	148.	658.	90.	31.	24.	23.	25.	216.	1668.	2968.	2639.	1006.
1972	351.	79.	40.	19.	13.	17.	14.	174.	802.	1896.	1754.	988.
1973	288.	91.	45.	26.	20.	20.	35.	402.	1056.	1743.	1235.	647.
1974	153.	55.	38.	25.	19.	18.	49.	392.	1460.	1712.	1273.	1543.

Table 18 Snow P. 3.

MINIMUM POST-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
210.	210.	210.	210.	210.	210.	210.	740.	740.	740.	210.	

NSD FORECAST, YEAR 2010 ANNUAL ENERGY DEMAND = 6444, GWH,

ENERGY GENERATION CRITERIA

SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
563.	640.	717.	659.	582.	575.	491.	459.	427.	420.	446.	465.

MONTHLY GENERATION FROM OTHER SOURCES, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
51.0	51.0	52.0	51.0	45.0	44.0	38.0	43.0	44.0	49.0	53.0	47.0

ADJUSTED SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
512.	589.	665.	608.	537.	531.	453.	416.	383.	371.	393.	418.

MONTHLY GENERATION, PERCENT OF ANNUAL

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.087	0.100	0.113	0.104	0.091	0.090	0.077	0.071	0.065	0.063	0.067	0.071

7

TARGET FIRM ANNUAL ENERGY = 156.

TARGET MONTHLY FIRM ENERGY, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	10.2	9.9	10.4	11.1

(7)

END OF INPUT

Time in hrs P.M.

## TURBINE DISCHARGE (CFS)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1948	775.2	837.3	739.1	478.1	463.7	409.8	393.1	423.5	1399.8	1399.8	833.6	312.9
1949	369.4	440.4	486.5	452.1	450.3	412.2	377.7	344.5	740.0	884.7	803.5	1043.8
1950	443.2	782.3	606.1	461.1	448.2	408.9	372.8	342.4	1288.4	1102.2	1399.8	1015.2
1951	367.9	440.1	486.8	452.6	450.9	413.5	379.5	347.0	740.0	1036.8	826.5	1399.8
1952	368.1	440.3	486.7	452.4	450.5	412.5	378.6	327.9	740.0	936.5	688.5	312.0
1953	944.1	935.3	628.1	500.1	471.7	413.8	444.1	843.5	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	1012.0
1954	949.2	472.3	485.6	454.7	448.2	408.9	372.7	481.7	1240.5	740.0	1053.7	312.2
1955	444.3	683.3	527.1	468.1	448.2	408.9	373.1	342.3	740.0	1399.8	1399.8	602.5
1956	368.2	440.6	487.6	453.6	452.0	415.4	381.9	348.1	740.0	740.0	1322.9	312.1
1957	368.9	441.8	488.6	454.4	452.8	416.5	382.9	345.8	1399.8	740.0	976.3	1399.8
1958	856.2	813.3	528.1	469.1	455.7	408.8	467.1	432.5	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	312.6
1959	370.2	443.0	490.5	456.8	455.6	422.3	400.4	356.4	1399.8	1128.4	815.5	313.1
1960	370.7	442.9	489.6	455.5	453.5	417.6	386.8	969.6	1399.8	1364.2	979.5	312.0
1961	375.8	527.3	666.1	756.1	519.7	418.8	381.1	705.5	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	985.1
1962	403.2	470.3	485.7	450.7	448.4	409.2	366.5	339.3	1130.3	1022.2	740.0	312.9
1963	370.5	442.1	487.2	452.6	450.4	411.2	375.8	341.2	740.0	1252.3	931.5	589.8
1964	497.2	434.7	537.8	482.1	461.7	408.0	463.0	339.7	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	615.5
1965	492.2	544.3	546.1	501.1	457.7	437.8	466.1	334.5	740.0	977.2	980.5	884.8
1966	450.2	439.8	485.9	450.9	448.6	409.3	372.8	340.8	1351.8	1017.2	1399.8	1399.8
1967	670.2	522.3	489.1	452.1	444.7	408.8	372.5	336.8	1224.3	741.2	1399.8	1399.8
1968	581.2	498.3	535.1	490.1	484.7	470.8	374.1	583.5	1103.5	845.2	879.5	312.6
1969	370.1	443.5	491.5	458.3	457.7	425.9	375.4	365.9	1399.8	1324.1	740.0	317.9
1970	1399.8	857.9	788.1	535.1	534.7	477.8	412.1	378.5	1001.5	886.2	1190.5	312.4
1971	369.7	714.2	523.1	453.1	448.2	408.8	372.7	341.8	1135.6	1399.8	1399.8	1006.0
1972	484.2	434.8	485.9	451.1	449.1	410.1	375.2	349.0	740.0	740.0	748.4	522.8
1973	421.2	439.7	485.6	450.8	448.5	409.3	373.2	337.4	740.0	740.0	740.0	313.0
1974	370.1	443.7	491.9	458.7	458.0	426.8	337.1	383.9	740.0	740.0	740.0	919.9

AVG 527.7 549.5 534.4 476.7 460.0 418.6 390.7 421.8 1090.9 1065.1 1066.3 687.1

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## ENERGY FROM RESERVOIR (GWH)

Table 18 Series A 5

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
1948	28.5	29.8	26.9	17.1	14.7	14.1	12.7	13.9	45.7	49.3	50.3	11.1	294.3
1949	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.5	14.1	12.0	11.0	23.7	31.0	29.2	57.2	255.4
1950	16.4	27.8	22.0	16.5	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	41.2	38.7	50.9	36.2	301.2
1951	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	23.2	36.0	30.0	49.9	253.5
1952	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	9.9	21.8	32.1	52.2	11.1	210.6
1953	34.8	33.3	22.8	17.9	15.0	14.3	14.4	27.7	47.5	51.6	51.8	36.2	367.2
1954	35.0	16.8	17.7	16.3	14.3	14.1	12.0	15.8	40.4	26.0	38.2	11.1	257.6
1955	16.4	24.3	19.2	16.8	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	23.4	49.1	51.2	21.5	273.3
1956	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	22.9	25.1	47.8	11.1	221.3
1957	13.6	15.0	17.7	16.1	14.5	14.1	12.0	11.0	45.0	26.0	35.4	49.9	270.7
1958	31.6	28.9	19.2	17.5	14.5	14.1	15.1	14.2	46.3	49.9	51.0	11.1	313.4
1959	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	45.9	40.1	29.6	11.1	241.1
1960	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	31.1	45.7	48.0	35.5	11.1	274.9
1961	13.9	18.7	24.2	27.1	16.5	14.5	12.3	23.2	45.9	49.8	51.3	35.2	332.7
1962	14.9	16.7	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.5	11.0	36.4	35.9	26.8	11.1	227.5
1963	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	23.8	43.9	33.8	21.0	236.9
1964	18.4	15.6	19.6	17.3	14.7	14.1	15.0	11.0	45.9	50.1	51.1	22.0	294.7
1965	18.2	19.4	19.9	18.0	14.6	15.1	15.1	11.0	23.8	34.2	35.6	31.5	256.2
1966	16.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	42.8	35.7	51.0	50.0	296.9
1967	24.7	18.6	17.8	16.2	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	39.8	26.0	50.8	49.9	295.3
1968	21.5	17.7	19.5	17.6	15.4	16.2	12.1	19.2	35.4	29.7	31.9	11.1	247.7
1969	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	11.1	11.0	45.2	47.0	26.6	11.1	243.4
1970	51.2	30.5	28.7	19.2	17.0	16.5	13.3	12.4	32.6	31.1	43.2	11.1	306.9
1971	13.6	25.3	19.0	16.2	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	36.4	49.6	51.5	36.0	299.2
1972	17.9	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	22.4	24.9	26.9	18.6	211.6
1973	15.5	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	24.0	25.9	26.8	11.1	204.3
1974	13.6	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	9.9	11.0	22.5	25.9	26.8	32.7	220.2
Avg	19.4	19.5	19.4	17.0	14.6	14.3	12.4	13.6	35.2	37.5	38.8	24.5	266.2

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Table 18 Series P.6

POST-PROJECT FLOWS			(CFS)											
	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP		
1948	775.2	837.3	739.1	478.1	463.7	409.8	393.1	423.5	1399.8	1399.8	833.6	312.9		
1949	369.4	440.4	486.5	452.1	450.3	412.2	377.7	344.5	740.0	884.7	603.5	1043.8		
1950	443.2	782.3	606.1	461.1	448.2	408.9	372.8	342.4	1288.4	1102.2	1399.8	1015.2		
1951	367.9	440.1	486.8	452.6	450.9	413.5	379.5	347.0	740.0	1036.8	826.5	1592.8		
1952	368.1	440.3	486.7	452.4	450.5	412.5	378.6	327.9	740.0	936.5	888.5	312.0		
1953	944.1	935.3	628.1	500.1	471.7	413.8	444.1	843.5	1399.8	2771.3	2226.0	1012.0		
1954	949.2	472.3	485.6	454.7	448.2	408.9	372.7	481.7	1240.5	740.0	1053.7	312.2		
1955	444.3	683.3	521.1	468.1	448.2	408.9	373.1	342.3	740.0	1399.8	1399.8	602.5		
1956	368.2	440.6	487.6	453.6	452.0	415.4	381.9	348.1	740.0	740.0	1322.9	312.1		
1957	368.9	441.8	488.6	454.4	452.8	416.5	382.9	345.8	1399.8	740.0	976.3	1893.8		
1958	856.2	813.3	528.1	489.1	455.7	408.8	467.1	432.5	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	312.6		
1959	370.2	443.0	490.5	456.8	455.6	422.3	400.4	356.4	1399.8	1128.4	815.5	313.1		
1960	370.7	442.9	489.6	455.3	453.5	417.6	386.8	459.6	1399.8	1364.2	479.5	312.0		
1961	375.8	527.3	666.1	756.1	519.7	418.8	381.1	705.5	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	985.1		
1962	403.2	470.3	485.7	450.7	448.4	409.2	386.5	539.3	1130.3	1022.2	740.0	312.9		
1963	370.5	442.1	487.2	452.6	450.4	411.2	375.8	341.2	740.0	1252.3	931.5	589.8		
1964	497.2	439.7	537.8	482.1	461.7	408.8	463.0	339.7	1399.8	1399.8	1399.8	615.5		
1965	492.2	544.3	546.1	501.1	457.7	437.8	466.1	339.5	740.0	977.2	980.5	1884.8		
1966	450.2	439.8	485.9	450.9	448.6	409.3	372.8	340.8	1331.8	1017.2	1399.8	1967.0		
1967	670.2	522.3	489.1	452.1	449.7	408.8	372.5	334.8	1224.3	741.2	1399.8	3019.6		
1968	581.2	498.3	535.1	490.1	484.7	470.8	374.1	583.5	1103.5	845.2	879.5	312.6		
1969	370.1	443.5	491.5	458.3	457.7	425.9	375.4	365.4	1399.8	1324.1	740.0	317.9		
1970	1736.0	857.9	788.1	535.1	534.7	477.8	412.1	378.5	1001.5	886.2	1190.5	312.4		
1971	369.7	714.2	523.1	453.1	448.2	408.8	372.7	341.8	1135.6	1399.8	2166.6	1006.0		
1972	484.2	439.8	485.9	451.1	449.1	410.1	375.2	349.0	740.0	740.0	748.4	522.8		
1973	421.2	439.7	485.6	450.8	448.5	409.3	373.2	337.4	740.0	740.0	740.0	313.0		
1974	370.1	443.7	491.9	458.7	458.0	426.8	337.1	383.9	740.0	740.0	740.0	919.9		
Avg	540.2	549.5	534.4	476.7	460.0	418.6	390.7	421.8	1090.9	1115.9	1125.3	793.6		

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AVERAGE CAPABILITIES (MW)

Table 18 cont P. 7

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
SNOW	68.	67.	66.	64.	63.	60.	57.	55.	58.	63.	66.	67.
TOTAL	68.	67.	66.	64.	63.	60.	57.	55.	58.	63.	66.	67.

MINIMUM CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
SNOW	67.	66.	65.	63.	61.	57.	51.	47.	51.	59.	65.	65.
TOTAL	67.	66.	65.	63.	61.	57.	51.	47.	51.	59.	65.	65.

AVERAGE ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
SNOW	19.4	19.5	19.4	17.0	14.6	14.3	12.4	13.6	35.2	37.5	38.8	24.5	266.2
TOTAL	19.4	19.5	19.4	17.0	14.6	14.3	12.4	13.6	35.2	37.5	38.8	24.5	266.2

(11)

MINIMUM ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT (1973)	NOV 15.5	DEC 15.6	JAN 17.7	FEB 16.1	MAR 14.3	APR 14.1	MAY 12.0	JUN 11.0	JUL 24.0	AUG 25.9	SEP 26.8	ANN 204.3
SNOW	15.5	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	24.0	25.9	26.8	11.1	204.3
TOTAL	15.5	15.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	14.1	12.0	11.0	24.0	25.9	26.8	11.1	204.3

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2) KEETNA ALTERNATIVE HYDRO PROJECT  
RESPONSE TO DEIS

w/ RULE CURVE

NSD YEAR 2010: 6444 GWH  
RATED CAPACITY 100 MW

Table 18 Keetna P. 1

INPUT DATA FOR KEETNA

NATURAL STREAMFLOW AT DAMSITE

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	695.	977.	692.	449.	386.	336.	361.	2165.	6911.	6343.	6948.	6611.
1962	2765.	910.	516.	443.	328.	246.	263.	1502.	8082.	6294.	6686.	3316.
1963	1488.	559.	467.	397.	340.	293.	266.	2562.	5786.	7851.	8824.	4344.
1964	1264.	781.	615.	530.	484.	463.	613.	5508.	8786.	6990.	4702.	2567.
1965	1020.	515.	346.	286.	250.	237.	323.	2411.	3245.	4412.	2360.	1290.
1966	904.	477.	366.	314.	285.	274.	340.	2461.	4972.	6431.	5454.	3734.
1967	1755.	1026.	687.	423.	286.	250.	313.	1337.	11864.	7320.	10450.	3733.
1968	1640.	816.	340.	453.	391.	300.	323.	2191.	7914.	7496.	5963.	5427.
1969	2262.	854.	554.	466.	408.	358.	356.	2405.	7608.	4783.	6186.	2406.
1970	1126.	598.	464.	402.	348.	300.	333.	3538.	5004.	4832.	4801.	2968.
1971	1231.	624.	482.	432.	374.	317.	325.	2545.	8213.	7521.	5288.	4960.
1972	1797.	482.	348.	327.	299.	293.	382.	2143.	6593.	5624.	5040.	1997.
1973	1157.	688.	666.	463.	342.	315.	341.	2645.	11391.	5823.	4908.	3716.
1974	8036.	699.	536.	465.	359.	302.	333.	1838.	4629.	6724.	4363.	3344.

NET RESERVOIR EVAPORATION, INCHES

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

\*\*\*\*\* RESERVOIR DATA \*\*\*\*\*  
ELEVATION VOLUME AREA  
(FT,MSL) (ACRE-FEET) (ACRES)

\*\*\*\* TAILWATER DATA \*\*\*\*  
DISCHARGE ELEVATION  
(CFS) (FT,MSL)

605.0	0.	0.	0.	615.0
650.0	20000.	0.	1000000.	615.0
675.0	40000.	0.	0.	0.0
700.0	70000.	0.	0.	0.0
750.0	145000.	0.	0.	0.0
800.0	280000.	0.	0.	0.0
820.0	350000.	0.	0.	0.0
850.0	480000.	0.	0.	0.0
900.0	680000.	0.	0.	0.0
945.0	850000.	0.	0.	0.0
950.0	880000.	0.	0.	0.0

THE RATED HEAD IS 286.0 FT.

THE RATED CAPACITY IS 100.0 MW.

THE HEADLOSS IS 0.015 TIMES THE HEAD

12 THE GENERATOR EFFICIENCY IS 0.980  
11 THE TRANSFORMER EFFICIENCY IS 0.990  
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#### **POWERPLANT DATA, 1 UNITS**

NET HEAD (X RATED)	PLANT CAPACITY (MW)	EFFICIENCY (X RATED)	TURBINE	PLANT
0.650	185.9	46.6	0.480	0.858
0.750	214.5	60.9	0.628	0.880
0.800	228.8	67.7	0.698	0.888
0.850	243.1	74.6	0.769	0.894
0.900	257.4	81.9	0.844	0.900
0.950	271.7	89.4	0.921	0.905
1.000	286.0	97.0	1.000	0.910
1.030	294.6	101.2	1.043	0.908
1.060	303.2	105.4	1.086	0.906
1.100	314.6	111.1	1.145	0.903
1.150	328.9	118.3	1.219	0.900
1.250	357.5	132.4	1.365	0.883
				0.857

Table 18 Keefna P.2

## **RESERVOIR OPERATION CONSTRAINTS**

### MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945. 945.

### RULE CURVE ELEVATION

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
945.	942.	936.	929.	922.	914.	908.	935.	907.	916.	911.	940.

### **MINIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION**

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820. 820.

## RESERVOIR RELEASE CONSTRAINTS

**MINIMUM NON-POWER RELEASE**

DOWNTSTREAM RELEASE CRITERIA

PRF-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	695.	977.	692.	449.	386.	336.	361.	2165.	6711.	5343.	6948.	6611.
1962	2765.	910.	516.	443.	328.	246.	263.	1502.	8082.	6294.	6686.	3316.
1963	1488.	559.	467.	397.	340.	293.	266.	2562.	5706.	7851.	8824.	4344.
1964	1264.	781.	615.	530.	484.	463.	613.	5508.	8786.	6998.	4702.	2567.
1965	1020.	515.	346.	286.	250.	237.	323.	2411.	3245.	4412.	2364.	1290.
1966	904.	477.	366.	314.	285.	274.	340.	2461.	4972.	6431.	5454.	3734.
1967	1755.	1026.	687.	423.	286.	250.	313.	1337.	11864.	7320.	10450.	3733.
1968	1640.	816.	340.	453.	391.	300.	323.	2191.	7914.	7496.	5963.	5427.
1969	2262.	854.	554.	466.	408.	358.	356.	2405.	7608.	4783.	6166.	2406.
1970	1126.	598.	464.	402.	348.	300.	333.	3538.	5004.	4832.	4801.	2968.
1971	1231.	624.	482.	432.	374.	317.	325.	2545.	8213.	7521.	5288.	4960.
1972	1797.	482.	348.	327.	299.	293.	382.	2143.	6593.	5624.	5040.	1997.
1973	1157.	688.	666.	463.	342.	315.	341.	2045.	11391.	5823.	4908.	3716.
1974	8036.	699.	536.	465.	359.	302.	333.	1838.	4629.	6724.	4363.	3344.

MINIMUM POST-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
720.	720.	720.	720.	720.	720.	720.	5000.	5000.	5000.	720.	

NSD FORECAST, YEAR 2010 ANNUAL ENERGY DEMAND = 6444. GWH.

ENERGY GENERATION CRITERIA

Table 18 Keatna P.3

SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
563.	640.	717.	659.	582.	575.	491.	459.	427.	420.	446.	465.

MONTHLY GENERATION FROM OTHER SOURCES, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
70.4	70.5	71.4	68.0	59.6	58.3	50.4	56.6	79.2	86.5	91.8	71.5

ADJUSTED SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
492.	569.	646.	591.	522.	517.	441.	402.	347.	334.	354.	394.

MONTHLY GENERATION, PERCENT OF ANNUAL

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.088	0.101	0.115	0.105	0.093	0.092	0.079	0.072	0.062	0.059	0.063	0.070

TARGET FIRM ANNUAL ENERGY = 113.

TARGET MONTHLY FIRM ENERGY, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
9.9	11.5	13.0	11.9	10.5	10.4	8.9	8.1	7.0	6.7	7.1	7.9

Table 18 Section H

## TURBINE DISCHARGE (CFS)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	720.0	1154.3	1079.0	879.0	855.2	821.2	754.5	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0
1962	2765.0	1113.1	903.0	873.0	797.2	731.2	720.0	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	3627.0
1963	1187.0	762.1	854.0	827.0	809.2	778.2	720.0	814.5	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	4655.0
1964	963.0	984.1	1002.0	960.0	953.2	948.2	1006.5	3818.9	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	2570.1
1965	720.0	720.0	739.4	720.0	720.0	720.0	720.0	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	720.0
1966	728.5	877.3	997.6	954.8	977.1	916.2	728.2	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	720.0
1967	720.0	720.0	987.8	853.0	755.2	735.2	720.0	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	4044.0
1968	1339.0	1019.1	739.4	870.5	860.2	785.2	720.0	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0
1969	2262.0	1057.1	941.0	896.0	877.2	843.2	749.5	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	2717.0
1970	825.0	801.1	851.0	832.0	817.2	785.2	726.5	1848.9	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	2269.1
1971	930.0	827.1	869.0	862.0	843.2	802.2	720.0	854.4	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0
1972	1797.0	720.0	740.5	720.0	765.7	778.2	775.5	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	2308.0
1973	856.0	891.1	1053.0	893.0	811.2	800.2	734.5	955.9	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	3931.9
1974	4869.0	902.1	923.0	895.0	828.2	787.2	726.5	720.0	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	2996.8
AVG	1477.3	896.3	905.7	859.6	833.6	802.3	751.0	1055.2	4869.0	4869.0	4869.0	3226.1

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## ENERGY FROM RESERVOIR (GWH)

Taini 16 Section 1.5

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
1961	12.9	19.9	19.0	15.2	13.1	13.6	11.8	12.0	82.8	87.2	87.2	84.4	459.1
1962	49.5	19.2	15.9	15.1	12.2	12.1	11.3	11.7	81.4	87.2	87.2	62.5	465.3
1963	21.1	13.2	15.0	14.3	12.4	12.9	11.3	13.6	83.2	87.2	87.2	80.2	451.6
1964	17.1	17.0	17.6	16.6	14.6	15.7	15.8	63.9	83.2	87.2	86.6	44.0	479.3
1965	12.8	12.4	13.0	12.4	11.0	11.9	11.3	12.0	78.8	76.7	69.3	9.2	330.9
1966	9.9	11.5	13.0	11.9	10.5	10.4	7.7	8.3	57.8	62.8	67.0	10.7	281.5
1967	12.3	12.2	17.3	14.7	11.5	12.2	11.3	11.7	81.2	87.2	87.2	69.6	428.6
1968	23.8	17.6	13.0	15.0	13.1	13.0	11.3	12.0	82.8	87.2	87.2	84.4	460.6
1969	40.5	18.2	6.6	15.5	13.4	14.0	11.7	12.0	83.2	86.8	86.8	46.8	445.6
1970	14.7	13.8	15.0	14.4	12.5	13.0	11.4	30.9	82.1	84.5	83.8	38.2	414.1
1971	16.5	14.3	15.3	14.9	12.9	13.3	11.3	14.3	83.2	87.2	87.2	84.4	454.9
1972	32.2	12.4	13.0	12.4	11.7	12.9	12.2	12.0	82.7	87.2	87.2	39.7	415.7
1973	15.2	15.4	18.5	15.4	12.4	13.2	11.5	16.0	83.2	87.2	87.1	67.6	442.8
1974	86.6	15.6	16.2	15.5	12.7	13.0	11.4	11.9	79.2	84.2	86.0	50.8	483.0
AVG	26.1	15.2	15.6	14.5	12.4	12.9	11.5	17.3	80.3	84.3	84.1	55.2	429.5

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## POST-PROJECT FLOWS

(CFS)

Table 18 Kestina P.6

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	720.0	1154.3	1079.0	879.0	855.2	821.2	754.5	720.0	6024.0	6343.0	6948.0	6611.0
1962	2765.0	1113.1	903.0	873.0	797.2	731.2	720.0	720.0	6446.4	6294.0	6686.0	5827.0
1963	1187.0	762.1	854.0	827.0	809.2	778.2	720.0	814.3	8151.3	7851.0	8824.0	4655.0
1964	963.0	984.1	1002.0	960.0	953.2	948.2	1006.5	3818.9	8151.3	6998.0	5000.0	2570.1
1965	720.0	720.0	739.4	720.0	720.0	720.0	720.0	720.0	5000.0	5000.0	5000.0	720.0
1966	720.5	877.3	997.6	954.8	977.1	916.2	728.2	720.0	5000.0	5000.0	5000.0	720.0
1967	720.0	720.0	987.8	853.0	755.2	735.2	720.0	720.0	10107.9	7320.0	10450.0	4044.0
1968	1339.0	1019.1	739.4	870.5	860.2	785.2	720.0	720.0	7050.4	7496.0	5963.0	5427.0
1969	2262.0	1057.1	941.0	896.0	877.2	843.2	749.5	720.0	6969.0	5000.0	5969.0	2717.0
1970	825.0	801.1	851.0	832.0	817.2	785.2	726.5	1848.9	5000.0	5000.0	5000.0	2269.1
1971	930.0	827.1	859.0	862.0	843.2	802.2	720.0	854.4	7578.3	7521.0	5288.0	4960.0
1972	1797.0	720.0	740.5	720.0	765.7	778.2	775.5	720.0	5683.3	5624.0	5040.0	2308.0
1973	856.0	891.1	1053.0	893.0	811.2	800.2	734.5	955.9	10756.3	5823.0	5000.0	3931.9
1974	7735.0	902.1	923.0	895.0	828.2	787.2	726.5	720.0	5000.0	5179.6	5000.0	2996.8
Avg	1632.0	896.3	905.7	859.6	833.6	802.3	751.6	1055.2	6703.4	6175.0	6083.4	3396.9

AVERAGE CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
KEETNA	112.	113.	110.	107.	103.	100.	96.	101.	108.	111.	110.	110.
TOTAL	112.	113.	110.	107.	103.	100.	96.	101.	108.	111.	110.	110.

Table 18 Keetna P.7

MINIMUM CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
KEETNA	77.	76.	73.	68.	64.	60.	56.	61.	66.	71.	78.	74.
TOTAL	77.	76.	73.	68.	64.	60.	56.	61.	66.	71.	78.	74.

AVERAGE ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
KEETNA	26.1	15.2	15.6	14.5	12.4	12.9	11.5	17.3	80.3	84.3	84.1	55.2	429.5
TOTAL	26.1	15.2	15.6	14.5	12.4	12.9	11.5	17.3	80.3	84.3	84.1	55.2	429.5

MINIMUM ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
KEETNA (1966)	9.9	11.5	13.0	11.9	10.5	10.4	7.7	8.3	57.8	62.8	67.0	10.7	281.5
TOTAL (1966)	9.9	11.5	13.0	11.9	10.5	10.4	7.7	8.3	57.8	62.8	67.0	10.7	281.5

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W BROWNE ALTERNATIVE HYDRO PROJECT  
RESPONSE TO DEIS

w/ RULE CURVE

NSD YEAR 2010: 6444 GWH  
RATED CAPACITY 100 MW

Table 18 Browne P. I

INPUT DATA FOR BRI INE

NATURAL STREAMFLOW AT DAMSITE

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1951	1733.	781.	723.	698.	595.	550.	803.	7519.	9230.	10438.	9001.	10830.
1952	2469.	1398.	1062.	768.	640.	614.	653.	3005.	12864.	14451.	9414.	6017.
1953	3935.	1664.	1024.	550.	461.	550.	768.	4659.	14067.	11625.	10829.	7652.
1954	2179.	960.	832.	730.	625.	499.	576.	4006.	9751.	9454.	12262.	6733.
1955	3109.	1536.	707.	640.	589.	563.	486.	3813.	12680.	13773.	11717.	8051.
1956	2378.	1056.	819.	704.	653.	563.	559.	5404.	14387.	12813.	12550.	7684.
1957	2833.	1120.	915.	882.	778.	658.	653.	6977.	15834.	9693.	8256.	7917.
1958	3167.	2259.	1775.	987.	585.	472.	704.	4010.	13133.	9490.	10511.	3497.
1959	1924.	954.	703.	727.	616.	434.	512.	5724.	11473.	14438.	9498.	5728.
1960	3245.	1600.	973.	881.	718.	660.	742.	8246.	7014.	10328.	9903.	7817.
1961	2554.	1018.	978.	934.	581.	540.	813.	6760.	12537.	11564.	13478.	5614.
1962	2826.	1936.	973.	781.	602.	538.	666.	5687.	19277.	13901.	10285.	8865.
1963	3034.	1485.	858.	691.	640.	602.	666.	7114.	12650.	17882.	16230.	6976.
1964	3607.	1588.	742.	742.	538.	461.	646.	1176.	15718.	13133.	8413.	4620.
1965	3473.	1536.	947.	666.	563.	550.	762.	5285.	13606.	14182.	8152.	9175.
1966	3768.	1536.	992.	640.	640.	640.	691.	3136.	15923.	9714.	10129.	6353.
1967	3040.	947.	799.	710.	628.	589.	576.	4991.	15245.	19635.	16755.	6164.
1968	2341.	1152.	913.	845.	800.	767.	809.	6079.	18150.	13197.	7762.	3764.
1969	1647.	517.	335.	292.	282.	282.	548.	5289.	9516.	7521.	5513.	2700.
1970	1324.	844.	678.	611.	579.	563.	649.	5060.	10089.	14221.	9324.	5507.
1971	2406.	968.	699.	691.	691.	691.	682.	4756.	18560.	13734.	13325.	6227.
1972	3052.	1655.	1123.	868.	690.	591.	556.	4302.	13222.	11484.	8497.	5119.
1973	3241.	2134.	1016.	768.	640.	576.	671.	4207.	7937.	9868.	9188.	4014.
1974	1812.	982.	531.	316.	243.	243.	259.	3246.	7323.	9394.	8236.	6396.
1975	3028.	1169.	838.	640.	640.	640.	682.	3666.	13299.	12643.	8486.	6925.
1976	2618.	1024.	803.	607.	512.	461.	573.	4244.	9236.	7515.	6958.	3516.
1977	2168.	1238.	896.	768.	640.	576.	618.	4196.	15398.	12813.	10405.	7195.
1978	4494.	2065.	1080.	833.	737.	653.	1032.	5568.	8110.	10775.	8699.	4708.
1979	2372.	1187.	902.	741.	640.	576.	685.	6079.	9592.	13030.	8452.	5331.

NET RESERVOIR EVAPORATION, INCHES

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

\*\*\*\*\* RESERVOIR DATA \*\*\*\*\*

ELEVATION (FT, MSL)	VOLUME (ACRE-FEET)	AREA (ACRES)
------------------------	-----------------------	-----------------

\*\*\*\*\* TAILWATER DATA \*\*\*\*\*

DISCHARGE (CFS)	ELEVATION (FT, MSL)
--------------------	------------------------

770.0	0.	0.	0.	780.0
780.0	15000.	0.	1000000.	780.0
800.0	50000.	0.	0.	0.0
840.0	140000.	0.	0.	0.0
880.0	270000.	0.	0.	0.0
895.0	340000.	0.	0.	0.0
920.0	500000.	0.	0.	0.0
960.0	940000.	0.	0.	0.0
975.0	1100000.	0.	0.	0.0
1000.0	1403000.	0.	0.	0.0

THE RATED HEAD IS 170.0 FT.  
THE RATED CAPACITY IS 100.0 MW.  
THE HEADLOSS IS 0.015 TIMES THE HEAD

THE GENERATOR EFFICIENCY IS 0.980  
THE TRANSFORMER EFFICIENCY IS 0.990

Table 18 Browne P.2

\*\*\*\*\* POWERPLANT DATA, 1 UNITS \*\*\*\*\*

NET HEAD (RATED) (FEET)	PLANT CAPACITY (MW)	EFFICIENCY (% RATED)	TURBINE	PLANT
0.650	110.5	46.6	0.480	0.856
0.750	127.5	60.9	0.628	0.880
0.800	136.0	67.7	0.698	0.888
0.850	144.5	74.6	0.769	0.894
0.900	153.0	81.9	0.844	0.900
0.950	161.5	89.4	0.921	0.905
1.000	170.0	97.0	1.000	0.910
1.030	175.1	101.2	1.043	0.908
1.060	180.2	105.4	1.086	0.906
1.100	187.0	111.1	1.145	0.903
1.150	195.5	118.3	1.219	0.900
1.250	212.5	132.4	1.365	0.883

RESERVOIR OPERATION CONSTRAINTS

MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.	975.

RULE CURVE ELEVATION

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
975.	970.	964.	957.	952.	946.	941.	963.	964.	969.	960.	974.

## MINIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.	895.

## RESERVOIR RELEASE CONSTRAINTS

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
MINIMUM CONSUMPTIVE RELEASE											
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

## MINIMUM NON-POWER RELEASE

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

## DOWNSTREAM RELEASE CRITERIA

## PRE-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1951	1737.	781.	723.	548.	595.	550.	803.	7519.	9230.	10438.	9001.	10830.
1952	2469.	1398.	1062.	768.	640.	614.	653.	3005.	12864.	14451.	9414.	6017.
1953	3935.	1664.	1024.	550.	461.	550.	768.	4659.	14067.	11625.	10829.	7652.
1954	2179.	960.	832.	730.	625.	499.	576.	4006.	9751.	9454.	12262.	6733.
1955	3109.	1536.	707.	640.	589.	563.	486.	3813.	12680.	13773.	11717.	8051.
1956	2378.	1056.	819.	704.	653.	563.	559.	5404.	14387.	12813.	12550.	7684.
1957	2833.	1120.	915.	882.	778.	658.	653.	6977.	15834.	9693.	8256.	7917.
1958	3167.	2259.	1775.	987.	585.	472.	704.	4010.	13133.	9990.	10511.	3497.
1959	1924.	954.	703.	727.	616.	434.	512.	5724.	11473.	14438.	9498.	5728.
1960	3245.	1600.	973.	881.	718.	660.	742.	8246.	7014.	16328.	9903.	7817.
1961	2554.	1018.	978.	934.	581.	540.	813.	6760.	12337.	11564.	13478.	5614.
1962	2826.	1536.	973.	781.	602.	538.	666.	5687.	19277.	13901.	10285.	8865.
1963	3034.	1485.	858.	691.	640.	602.	666.	7114.	12650.	17882.	16230.	6976.
1964	3667.	1568.	742.	742.	538.	461.	646.	1176.	15718.	13133.	8413.	4620.
1965	3473.	1536.	947.	666.	563.	550.	762.	5285.	13606.	14182.	8152.	9175.
1966	3768.	1536.	892.	640.	640.	640.	691.	3136.	15923.	9714.	10129.	6353.
1967	3040.	947.	799.	710.	628.	589.	576.	4991.	15245.	19635.	16755.	6164.
1968	2341.	1152.	913.	845.	800.	767.	809.	6079.	18150.	13197.	7762.	3764.
1969	1647.	517.	335.	292.	282.	282.	599.	5289.	9516.	7521.	5513.	2700.
1970	1324.	844.	678.	611.	579.	563.	649.	5060.	10089.	14221.	9324.	5507.
1971	2406.	968.	699.	691.	691.	691.	682.	4756.	18560.	13734.	13325.	6227.
1972	3052.	1655.	1123.	868.	690.	591.	556.	4302.	13222.	11484.	8497.	5119.
1973	3241.	2134.	1016.	768.	640.	576.	671.	4207.	7937.	9868.	9188.	4014.
1974	1812.	982.	531.	316.	243.	243.	259.	3246.	7323.	9394.	8236.	6396.
1975	3028.	1169.	838.	640.	640.	640.	682.	3666.	13299.	12643.	8486.	6925.
1976	2618.	1024.	803.	607.	512.	461.	573.	4244.	9236.	7515.	6958.	3516.
1977	2168.	1238.	896.	768.	640.	576.	618.	4196.	15398.	12813.	10405.	7195.
1978	4494.	2065.	1080.	833.	737.	653.	1032.	5568.	8110.	10775.	8699.	4708.
1979	2372.	1187.	902.	741.	649.	576.	685.	6079.	9592.	13030.	8452.	5331.

Table 18 Browne P.3

## MINIMUM POST-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1400.	1400.	1400.	1400.	1400.	1400.	1400.	9300.	9300.	9300.	9300.	1400.

NSD FORECAST, YEAR 2010 ANNUAL ENERGY DEMAND = 6444. GWH.

ENERGY GENERATION CRITERIA

SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
563.	640.	717.	659.	582.	575.	491.	459.	427.	420.	446.	465.

MONTHLY GENERATION FROM OTHER SOURCES, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
96.5	85.7	87.0	82.5	72.0	71.2	61.9	73.9	159.5	170.8	175.9	126.7

ADJUSTED SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
466.	554.	630.	577.	510.	504.	429.	385.	267.	249.	270.	339.

MONTHLY GENERATION, PERCENT OF ANNUAL

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.090	0.107	0.122	0.111	0.098	0.097	0.083	0.074	0.052	0.048	0.052	0.065

TARGET FIRM ANNUAL ENERGY = 122.

TARGET MONTHLY FIRM ENERGY, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
11.0	13.1	14.8	13.6	12.0	11.9	10.1	9.1	6.3	5.9	6.4	8.0

12  
11  
10  
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6  
5  
4  
3

TURBINE DISCHARGE (CFS)

Table 18 Brown P. 4

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1951	1733.0	1659.1	1833.0	1804.7	1723.7	1658.9	1616.2	3618.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3
1952	2469.0	2276.1	2172.0	1874.7	1768.7	1722.9	1466.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	6267.9
1953	3692.2	2542.1	2154.0	1656.7	1589.7	1658.9	1581.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	7902.9
1954	1936.2	1838.1	1942.0	1836.7	1753.7	1607.9	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	6983.9
1955	2866.2	2414.1	1817.0	1746.7	1717.7	1671.9	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3
1956	2267.4	1934.1	1929.0	1810.7	1781.7	1671.9	1400.0	1476.5	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	7934.9
1957	2590.2	1998.1	2025.0	1988.7	1906.7	1766.9	1466.2	3076.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	7089.1
1958	2924.2	3137.1	2885.0	2093.7	1713.7	1580.9	1517.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	3747.9
1959	1681.2	1832.1	1813.0	1833.7	1744.7	1542.9	1400.0	1751.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	5978.9
1960	3002.2	2478.1	2083.0	1987.7	1846.7	1768.9	1555.2	4345.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	5316.7
1961	2311.2	1896.1	2088.0	2040.7	1709.7	1648.9	1626.2	2859.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	5864.9
1962	2583.2	2414.1	2083.0	1887.7	1730.7	1646.9	1479.2	1786.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3
1963	3034.0	2363.1	1968.0	1797.7	1768.7	1710.9	1479.2	3213.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	7226.9
1964	3364.2	2446.1	1852.0	1848.7	1666.7	1569.9	1459.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	3954.3
1965	3230.2	2414.1	2057.0	1772.7	1691.7	1658.9	1575.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3
1966	3597.2	2414.1	2002.0	1746.7	1768.7	1748.9	1504.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	6603.9
1967	2797.2	1825.1	1909.0	1816.7	1756.7	1697.9	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	6414.9
1968	2098.2	2030.1	2023.0	1951.7	1928.7	1875.9	1622.2	2178.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	2425.6
1969	1404.2	1400.0	1457.4	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	1400.0
1970	1790.0	1576.4	1799.7	1725.8	1788.1	1736.3	1550.5	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	2669.9
1971	2163.2	1846.1	1809.0	1797.7	1819.7	1799.9	1495.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	6477.9
1972	2809.2	2533.1	2233.0	1974.7	1918.7	1699.9	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	4540.1
1973	2998.2	3012.1	2126.0	1874.7	1768.7	1684.9	1484.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	1400.0
1974	1400.0	1400.0	1480.7	1400.0	1411.3	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	1400.0
1975	1400.0	1400.0	1480.5	1415.3	1768.7	1748.9	1495.2	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	6334.8
1976	2375.2	1902.1	1913.0	1713.7	1640.7	1569.9	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	1400.0
1977	1400.0	1461.7	1637.3	1541.7	1556.6	1458.3	1400.0	1400.0	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	7445.9
1978	4251.2	2943.1	2190.0	1939.7	1865.7	1761.9	1845.2	1667.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	2521.5
1979	2129.2	2065.1	2012.0	1847.7	1768.7	1684.9	1498.2	2178.4	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	4705.6
AVG	2479.6	2119.0	1957.0	1797.5	1730.2	1659.8	1493.6	1839.7	8165.3	8165.3	8165.3	5402.4

Table 18 Browne Pt. 5

	ENERGY FROM RESERVOIR	(GWH)	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
1951	18.4	16.8	18.7	17.8	14.9	15.3	13.9	34.1	78.9	82.8	83.7	82.2	477.5		
1952	26.2	23.1	22.1	18.5	15.3	15.9	12.6	12.7	77.7	85.4	86.5	64.0	459.9		
1953	39.0	25.8	21.7	16.4	13.7	15.3	13.6	13.1	80.6	86.5	86.5	80.7	492.8		
1954	20.4	18.6	19.8	18.1	15.2	14.8	12.1	12.9	76.5	79.7	83.2	71.4	442.7		
1955	30.3	24.5	18.5	17.2	14.8	15.4	12.0	12.8	79.1	86.0	86.5	83.6	480.8		
1956	24.0	19.6	19.7	17.9	15.4	15.4	12.1	13.9	81.3	86.5	86.5	81.1	473.3		
1957	27.3	20.2	20.6	19.6	16.5	16.3	12.6	29.0	81.3	86.5	85.3	71.4	486.7		
1958	30.9	31.8	29.4	20.7	14.8	14.6	13.1	12.9	79.9	86.5	86.5	38.3	459.2		
1959	17.7	18.6	18.5	18.1	15.1	14.2	12.0	16.5	81.3	86.5	86.5	61.1	446.1		
1960	31.7	25.1	21.2	19.6	16.0	16.3	13.4	41.0	76.5	77.6	79.5	52.3	470.3		
1961	24.4	19.2	21.3	20.1	14.8	15.2	14.0	27.0	81.3	86.5	86.5	59.9	470.2		
1962	27.3	24.5	21.2	18.6	15.0	15.2	12.7	16.9	81.3	86.5	86.5	83.7	489.3		
1963	32.1	23.9	20.0	17.7	15.3	15.8	12.7	30.3	81.3	86.5	86.5	73.8	496.1		
1964	35.5	24.8	18.9	18.2	14.4	14.5	12.6	12.2	76.7	86.5	85.4	39.9	439.7		
1965	34.1	24.5	21.0	17.5	14.6	15.3	13.6	13.2	81.3	86.5	85.1	82.2	488.8		
1966	18.0	24.5	20.4	17.2	15.3	16.1	13.0	12.7	78.9	86.5	86.5	67.5	476.5		
1967	29.5	18.5	19.4	17.9	15.2	15.7	12.1	15.1	81.0	86.5	86.5	65.5	460.9		
1968	22.2	20.6	20.6	19.3	16.7	17.3	14.0	20.6	81.3	86.5	84.7	24.3	427.8		
1969	14.8	14.2	14.8	13.8	12.1	12.9	12.1	15.2	79.2	80.0	72.8	11.5	351.3		
1970	12.2	13.1	14.8	13.6	12.0	11.9	9.3	9.7	63.1	73.0	79.4	26.2	338.3		
1971	22.8	18.7	18.4	17.7	15.7	16.6	12.9	13.1	80.7	86.5	86.5	66.2	455.9		
1972	29.7	25.7	22.7	19.5	15.7	15.7	12.1	13.0	80.2	86.5	85.5	45.9	452.0		
1973	31.7	30.5	21.7	18.5	15.3	15.5	12.8	12.9	75.0	76.5	77.1	13.3	400.8		
1974	14.3	13.8	14.8	13.6	12.0	12.7	11.7	12.3	69.4	69.2	67.9	12.1	323.9		
1975	13.9	13.8	14.8	13.9	15.3	16.1	12.9	12.8	79.5	86.5	85.5	64.0	429.0		
1976	25.1	19.5	19.5	16.9	14.2	14.5	12.1	12.9	76.5	76.8	71.1	11.7	370.5		
1977	12.8	13.1	14.8	13.6	12.0	11.9	10.8	11.7	77.1	86.5	86.5	76.1	426.7		
1978	44.9	29.8	22.3	19.1	16.1	16.3	15.9	15.7	77.7	80.6	81.6	24.9	345.0		
1979	22.5	20.9	20.5	18.2	15.3	15.5	12.9	20.6	79.3	84.4	85.5	47.5	443.1		
	AVG	26.0	21.3	17.6	14.8	15.1	12.7	17.0	78.4	83.5	83.4	54.6	444.0		

POST-PROJECT FLOWS (CFS)

Table 18 Brownie P.6

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1951	1733.0	1654.1	1853.0	1804.7	1723.7	1658.9	1616.2	3618.4	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	9476.4
1952	2469.0	2276.1	2172.0	1874.7	1768.7	1722.9	1466.2	1400.0	9300.0	13523.3	9414.0	6267.9
1953	3692.2	2542.1	2134.0	1656.7	1584.7	1658.9	1581.2	1400.0	11253.5	11625.0	10829.0	7902.9
1954	1936.2	1838.1	1942.0	1836.7	1753.7	1607.9	1400.0	1400.0	9300.0	9300.0	9466.2	6983.9
1955	2866.2	2414.1	1817.0	1746.7	1717.7	1671.9	1400.0	1400.0	9300.0	13377.7	11717.0	8165.3
1956	2267.4	1934.1	1929.0	1810.7	1781.7	1671.9	1400.0	1476.5	12236.5	12813.0	12550.0	7934.9
1957	2590.2	998.1	2025.0	1980.7	1906.7	1766.9	1466.2	3076.4	13683.5	9693.0	9300.0	7089.1
1958	2924.2	137.1	2885.0	2093.7	1713.7	1580.9	1517.2	1400.0	9648.9	9990.0	10511.0	3747.9
1959	1681.2	1832.1	1813.0	1833.7	1744.7	1542.9	1400.0	1751.0	9322.5	14438.0	9498.0	5978.9
1960	3002.2	2478.1	2083.0	1987.7	1846.7	1768.9	1555.2	4345.4	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	5316.7
1961	2311.2	1896.1	2088.0	2040.7	1709.7	1648.9	1626.2	2859.4	10186.5	11564.0	13478.0	5864.9
1962	2583.2	2414.1	2083.0	1887.7	1730.7	1646.9	1479.2	1786.4	17126.5	13901.0	10285.0	8865.0
1963	3034.0	2363.1	1968.0	1797.7	1768.7	1710.9	1479.2	3215.4	10499.5	17882.0	16230.0	7226.9
1964	3364.2	2446.1	1852.0	1848.7	1666.7	1569.9	1459.2	1400.0	9305.4	13133.0	9300.0	3954.3
1965	3230.2	2414.1	2057.0	1772.7	1691.7	1658.9	1575.2	1400.0	11439.4	14182.0	9300.0	8165.3
1966	3597.2	2414.1	2002.0	1746.7	1768.7	1748.9	1504.2	1400.0	11535.8	9714.0	10129.0	6603.9
1967	2797.2	1825.1	1909.0	1816.7	1755.7	1697.9	1400.0	1400.0	12763.8	19635.0	16755.0	6414.9
1968	2098.2	2030.1	2023.0	1951.7	1928.7	1875.9	1622.2	2178.4	15999.5	13197.0	9300.0	2425.6
1969	1404.2	1400.0	1457.4	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	1400.0
1970	1400.0	1576.4	1799.7	1725.8	1788.1	1736.3	1550.5	1400.0	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	2669.9
1971	2163.2	1846.1	1809.0	1797.7	1819.7	1799.9	1495.2	1400.0	15846.8	13734.0	13325.0	6477.9
1972	2809.2	2533.1	2253.0	1974.7	1818.7	1699.9	1400.0	1400.0	10008.8	11484.0	9300.0	4540.1
1973	2998.2	3012.1	2126.0	1874.7	1768.7	1684.9	1484.2	1400.0	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	1400.0
1974	1400.0	1400.0	1480.7	1400.0	1411.3	1400.0	1400.0	1400.0	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	1400.0
1975	1400.0	1400.0	1480.5	1415.3	1768.7	1748.9	1495.2	1400.0	9459.4	12643.0	9300.0	6334.8
1976	2375.2	1902.1	1913.0	1713.7	1640.7	1569.9	1400.0	1400.0	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	1400.0
1977	1400.0	1461.7	1637.3	1541.7	1556.6	1438.3	1400.0	1400.0	9300.0	12807.6	10405.0	7445.9
1978	4251.2	2943.1	2190.0	1939.7	1865.7	1761.9	1845.2	1667.4	9300.0	9300.0	9300.0	2521.5
1979	2129.2	2065.1	2012.0	1847.7	1768.7	1684.9	1498.2	2176.4	9300.0	11231.4	9300.0	4705.6

Avg 2479.6 2119.0 1957.0 1797.5 1730.2 1659.8 1493.6 1839.7 10731.6 11671.3 10485.9 5471.7

AVERAGE CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
BROWNE	113.	111.	107.	102.	97.	92.	87.	93.	105.	110.	109.	110.
TOTAL	113.	111.	107.	102.	97.	92.	87.	93.	105.	110.	109.	110.

Table 18 Browne P.7

MINIMUM CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
BROWNE	86.	84.	79.	74.	68.	61.	52.	62.	76.	83.	80.	83.
TOTAL	86.	84.	79.	74.	68.	61.	52.	62.	76.	83.	80.	83.

AVERAGE ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
BROWNE	26.0	21.3	19.7	17.6	14.8	15.1	12.7	17.0	78.4	83.5	83.4	54.6	444.0
TOTAL	26.0	21.3	19.7	17.6	14.8	15.1	12.7	17.0	78.4	83.5	83.4	54.6	444.0

MINIMUM ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
BROWNE (1974)	14.3	13.8	14.8	13.6	12.0	12.7	11.7	12.3	69.4	69.2	67.9	12.1	323.9
TOTAL (1974)	14.3	13.8	14.8	13.6	12.0	12.7	11.7	12.3	69.4	69.2	67.9	12.1	323.9

4) CHAKACHAMNA(ALT. D)  
RESPONSE TO DEIS

W/RULE CURVE

NSD YEAR 2010: 6444 GWH  
RATED CAPACITY 100 MW

Table 18 Chakachamna P.1

INPUT DATA FOR CHAKACHAMNA

NATURAL STREAMFLOW AT DAMSITE

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1950	2659.	772.	606.	512.	458.	463.	511.	2025.	8542.	13164.	10518.	4491.
1951	1731.	539.	502.	465.	442.	420.	601.	3771.	10689.	13065.	8801.	8605.
1952	3186.	812.	669.	600.	465.	437.	480.	1997.	8174.	12545.	9401.	3532.
1953	2682.	835.	612.	493.	447.	447.	611.	3962.	13217.	13325.	10778.	4475.
1954	1972.	599.	520.	497.	442.	428.	511.	3404.	8972.	12061.	12016.	6045.
1955	2757.	725.	589.	548.	477.	436.	457.	2163.	6796.	12966.	9953.	5038.
1956	1958.	565.	502.	474.	445.	419.	466.	2906.	7442.	1771.	10205.	5910.
1957	2023.	553.	535.	539.	506.	475.	568.	4363.	14787.	13119.	10375.	6880.
1958	2677.	763.	532.	539.	480.	459.	645.	2466.	9900.	10133.	866.	3422.
1959	1866.	496.	453.	396.	438.	419.	496.	3040.	9429.	10358.	11761.	3632.
1960	1340.	624.	478.	370.	277.	237.	363.	3607.	6807.	11179.	9307.	3115.
1961	1409.	769.	840.	847.	559.	440.	316.	1851.	7953.	12778.	10869.	6195.
1962	1556.	813.	666.	603.	511.	441.	440.	1235.	7895.	13114.	10381.	5512.
1963	1167.	833.	583.	468.	327.	285.	307.	1771.	4705.	13219.	12178.	5817.
1964	2056.	900.	680.	334.	405.	302.	447.	1800.	8063.	10670.	11768.	4216.
1965	1215.	879.	632.	389.	189.	307.	368.	1256.	3460.	11603.	11899.	10772.
1966	2084.	567.	436.	358.	306.	320.	380.	1863.	8042.	10273.	9944.	6578.
1967	1923.	880.	283.	501.	419.	354.	850.	2000.	8731.	14901.	15665.	6161.
1968	2010.	1185.	541.	504.	480.	437.	600.	2466.	7778.	13087.	11227.	2763.
1969	946.	659.	582.	455.	456.	470.	622.	1918.	9241.	12448.	7267.	2763.
1970	3027.	1185.	571.	467.	474.	520.	869.	2235.	6759.	10330.	7956.	2704.
1971	1329.	712.	430.	364.	411.	483.	1245.	4033.	12642.	13665.	16650.	5045.
1972	3151.	1060.	706.	551.	501.	462.	449.	3438.	8198.	13460.	9233.	4982.
1973	2366.	649.	484.	465.	462.	450.	556.	2101.	7427.	8820.	7779.	2764.
1974	2497.	710.	593.	520.	496.	471.	524.	4185.	6218.	6751.	6129.	6820.
1975	3029.	879.	500.	468.	455.	455.	454.	4754.	10619.	10859.	6772.	5077.
1976	3106.	784.	592.	514.	494.	468.	595.	5253.	8557.	8274.	6404.	4917.
1977	3887.	1028.	1025.	1014.	743.	576.	576.	5305.	19834.	13868.	11194.	6029.
1978	3679.	892.	670.	579.	507.	479.	528.	5357.	7887.	10116.	7835.	4483.
1979	3228.	678.	671.	567.	532.	517.	683.	6746.	8484.	8928.	9127.	4542.

NET RESERVOIR EVAPORATION, INCHES

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>***** RESERVOIR DATA *****</b>												
ELEVATION (FT, MSL)	VOLUME (ACRE-FEET)	AREA (ACRES)										
12	760.0	0.	0.			0.		439.0				
11	765.0	2025.	810.			1000000.		439.0				
10	780.0	27200.	2690.			0.		0.0				
9	820.0	241000.	7320.			0.		0.0				
8	860.0	572000.	9280.			0.		0.0				
7	880.0	769000.	10400.			0.		0.0				
6	900.0	988000.	11590.			0.		0.0				
5	920.0	1224000.	11960.			0.		0.0				
4	940.0	1467000.	12320.			0.		0.0				
3	960.0	1717000.	12650.			0.		0.0				
	980.0	1973000.	12980.			0.		0.0				
1000.0	2236000.	13280.				0.		0.0				
1020.0	2504000.	13520.				0.		0.0				
1040.0	2776000.	13740.				0.		0.0				
1060.0	3053000.	13960.				0.		0.0				
1080.0	3335000.	14170.				0.		0.0				
1100.0	3620000.	14390.				0.		0.0				
1120.0	3910000.	14620.				0.		0.0				
1128.0	4033200.	15212.				0.		0.0				
1140.0	4218000.	16100.				0.		0.0				

Table 18 Chakchamng P.2

THE RATED HEAD IS 663.0 FT.

**THE RATED CAPACITY IS 75.0 MW.**

THE HEADLOSS IS 0.000 TIMES THE HEAD

THE GENERATOR EFFICIENCY IS 0.980

**THE TRANSFORMER EFFICIENCY IS 0.990**

\*\*\*\*\* POWERPLANT DATA, 4 UNITS \*\*\*\*\*

NET HEAD (% RATED)	PLANT CAPACITY (MW) (% RATED)	EFFICIENCY
	TURBINE	PLANT
0.750	497.2	0.628
0.800	530.4	0.698
0.850	563.5	0.769
0.900	596.7	0.844
0.950	629.8	0.921
1.000	663.0	1.000
1.030	682.9	1.043
1.060	702.8	1.086
1.100	729.3	1.145
1.150	762.4	1.219

## RESERVOIR OPERATION CONSTRAINTS

### MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128. 1128.

RULE CURVE ELEVATION

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1128.	1123.	1117.	1111.	1105.	1100.	1096.	1099.	1094.	1108.	1108.	1125.

MINIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.	1014.

RESERVOIR RELEASE CONSTRAINTS

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

MINIMUM NON-POWER RELEASE

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

DOWNTSTREAM RELEASE CRITERIA

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1950	2877.	858.	681.	580.	522.	528.	579.	2199.	9172.	14118.	11286.	4837.
1951	1884.	609.	569.	530.	505.	482.	675.	4067.	11469.	14012.	9449.	9239.
1952	3441.	901.	748.	674.	530.	500.	546.	2169.	8778.	13455.	10091.	3811.
1953	2902.	926.	687.	560.	510.	510.	686.	4271.	14174.	14290.	11565.	4829.
1954	2142.	673.	588.	564.	505.	490.	579.	3674.	9632.	12937.	12889.	6500.
1955	2982.	808.	662.	618.	542.	499.	521.	2347.	7304.	13906.	10682.	5423.
1956	2127.	637.	569.	539.	508.	480.	531.	3142.	7998.	15623.	10951.	6356.
1957	2197.	624.	605.	609.	574.	540.	640.	4701.	15854.	14069.	11133.	7394.
1958	2896.	849.	601.	609.	546.	523.	722.	2671.	10625.	10874.	9299.	3694.
1959	2029.	563.	517.	456.	501.	480.	563.	3338.	10121.	11115.	12552.	3418.
1960	1466.	700.	544.	428.	328.	286.	421.	3892.	7316.	1994.	9991.	3365.
1961	1540.	855.	931.	938.	630.	503.	370.	2013.	8542.	13705.	11662.	6661.
1962	1697.	902.	745.	677.	579.	504.	503.	1354.	8480.	14069.	11140.	5930.
1963	1201.	923.	656.	533.	382.	337.	361.	1927.	5066.	14176.	13063.	6256.
1964	2232.	995.	760.	389.	465.	355.	510.	1958.	8660.	11449.	12624.	4543.
1965	1332.	973.	708.	448.	234.	361.	426.	1376.	3734.	12447.	12764.	11558.
1966	2262.	639.	499.	415.	360.	375.	439.	2026.	8637.	11924.	10672.	7071.
1967	2090.	974.	335.	568.	480.	411.	942.	2172.	9374.	15975.	16794.	6624.
1968	2183.	1300.	611.	571.	546.	500.	674.	3206.	8355.	14035.	12045.	2989.
1969	1044.	737.	855.	519.	520.	535.	698.	2084.	9920.	13351.	7800.	2989.
1970	3271.	1300.	643.	532.	539.	588.	962.	2424.	7264.	11085.	8545.	2925.
1971	1454.	794.	492.	422.	472.	549.	1364.	4347.	13559.	14654.	17848.	5430.
1972	3404.	1166.	788.	622.	568.	526.	513.	3711.	8804.	14434.	9911.	5363.
1973	2564.	727.	550.	530.	526.	514.	627.	2280.	7979.	9469.	8356.	2990.
1974	2704.	792.	667.	597.	563.	536.	593.	4510.	6685.	7256.	6590.	7329.
1975	3273.	973.	567.	533.	519.	519.	523.	5119.	11394.	11651.	7278.	5464.
1976	3356.	871.	666.	582.	561.	533.	669.	5653.	9188.	8885.	6949.	5293.
1977	4191.	1132.	1129.	1117.	827.	648.	648.	3708.	21254.	14871.	12010.	6483.
1978	3969.	987.	749.	652.	575.	545.	597.	5764.	8471.	10856.	8416.	4829.
1979	3486.	752.	750.	639.	601.	585.	763.	7250.	9110.	9585.	9798.	4892.

Table 18 Chakchamna P.3

*Chap. 4 annex P. 4*

MINIMUM POST-PROJECT FLOWS AT HELON POWERH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1100.	1100.	1100.	1100.	1100.	1100.	1100.	1100.	9900.	9900.	9900.	1100.

NED FORECAST, YEAR 2010 ANNUAL ENERGY DEMAND = 6494. GWH.

ENERGY GENERATION CRITERIA

SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
563.	640.	717.	659.	592.	575.	591.	459.	427.	420.	446.	465.

MONTHLY GENERATION FROM OTHER SOURCES, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
122.5	107.0	106.7	100.1	86.5	36.3	74.6	90.9	237.9	254.3	259.3	101.3

ADJUSTED SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
490.	533.	611.	559.	495.	489.	416.	360.	109.	166.	187.	209.

MONTHLY GENERATION, PERCENT OF ANNUAL

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.093	0.113	0.129	0.110	0.105	0.103	0.088	0.078	0.040	0.035	0.039	0.060

TARGET FIRM ANNUAL ENERGY = 608.

TARGET MONTHLY FIRM ENERGY, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	53.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	24.2	21.3	24.0	36.5

TURBINE DISCHARGE (CFS)

Table 18 Chakachamna P.4

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	
1950	2659.0	1988.1	2186.7	1950.1	1893.6	1712.1	1506.8	1269.4	5322.4	4474.4	4952.9	3257.6	
1951	1482.6	1860.1	2079.1	1920.9	1898.6	1708.8	1515.2	2199.5	5276.8	4415.4	4916.5	5980.6	
1952	3186.0	2028.1	2249.7	2038.1	1900.6	1699.6	1507.1	1289.9	5332.6	4496.0	5002.6	1002.0	
1953	1487.3	1860.0	2076.4	1917.5	1895.0	1704.6	1511.1	2763.5	5236.2	4367.6	4878.3	5380.6	
1954	1481.7	1857.6	2075.5	1917.1	1894.5	1704.3	1511.5	2125.3	5309.5	4475.2	4948.6	5823.6	
1955	1880.6	1941.1	2169.7	1986.1	1912.6	1699.6	1507.2	1289.3	5354.8	4530.3	5018.4	1166.7	
1956	1481.7	1857.9	2076.1	1918.0	1895.5	1705.4	1512.8	1484.3	5340.1	4481.8	4944.0	4827.5	
1957	1481.5	1857.3	2075.3	1916.6	1893.5	1702.4	1509.3	3313.8	5212.2	4348.0	4878.3	5980.6	
1958	2677.0	1979.1	2112.7	1977.1	1915.6	1708.1	1602.7	1655.1	5291.2	4476.9	5032.2	1010.5	
1959	1503.6	1886.8	2110.4	1952.8	1934.7	1743.6	1547.2	1319.2	5406.5	4574.0	5075.9	1008.2	
1960	1501.5	1886.4	2109.0	1951.2	1934.3	1745.5	1550.6	1320.3	5454.8	4646.7	5186.6	1038.8	
1961	1547.3	1945.1	2176.2	2011.6	1990.3	1794.1	1594.1	1366.9	5661.4	4769.5	5254.6	1034.5	
1962	1524.7	1913.6	2140.8	1981.1	1961.5	1767.7	1569.4	1344.0	5596.8	4710.3	5193.9	1027.2	
1963	1520.5	1910.5	2137.0	1979.1	1961.7	1770.0	1573.2	1349.2	5662.8	4824.2	5275.6	1034.6	
1964	1524.1	1909.6	2144.5	1976.4	1960.0	1767.9	1570.3	1345.9	5572.1	4733.3	5241.0	1035.4	
1965	1537.3	1933.0	2163.1	2004.1	1988.7	1795.8	1596.2	1371.6	5801.7	5003.4	5508.3	1060.5	
1966	1533.2	1923.7	2156.5	1999.5	1983.5	1790.1	1590.8	1363.7	5645.6	4803.9	5366.4	1058.4	
1967	1554.0	1949.2	2184.6	2026.5	2009.1	1812.9	1606.5	1375.9	5677.5	4727.2	5070.7	3755.0	
1968	1481.5	2041.6	2121.7	1942.1	1915.6	1699.6	1545.8	2155.1	5333.4	4443.9	4963.9	1527.1	
1969	1485.8	1867.9	2086.8	1927.9	1905.6	1716.2	1521.5	1302.1	5363.0	4504.9	5046.2	1019.7	
1970	1515.0	1891.0	2110.3	1951.3	1932.5	1740.6	1541.9	1317.1	5470.5	4676.9	5266.2	1062.0	
1971	1584.7	1994.0	2236.5	2076.0	2060.9	1860.2	1648.2	1396.6	5627.5	4638.6	4998.5	5641.3	
1972	2274.6	2276.1	2286.7	1989.1	1936.6	1711.1	1507.1	2529.9	5324.9	4476.7	4970.6	2402.2	
1973	1489.6	1865.1	2070.7	1712.8	1890.3	1699.6	1506.6	1288.7	5340.5	4580.0	5192.2	1047.5	
1974	1556.1	1948.9	2183.0	2022.3	2004.2	1807.0	1604.4	1362.5	5630.8	4898.9	5647.4	1129.7	
1975	1648.1	2060.2	2311.0	2146.3	2131.8	1926.4	1714.4	1452.9	5879.4	4936.5	5574.4	1119.7	
1976	1644.4	2055.6	2305.6	2139.9	2124.5	1919.1	1706.6	1442.4	5877.3	5034.4	5761.4	1159.5	
1977	1697.1	2113.6	2366.3	2189.9	2169.6	1958.5	1742.0	1477.0	5718.2	4576.0	5025.3	2602.7	
1978	2802.6	2108.1	2250.7	2017.1	1942.6	1728.1	1506.7	4525.8	5331.2	4541.7	5120.5	1026.6	
1979	1515.1	1892.8	2114.8	1955.0	1935.2	1742.6	1544.9	2558.3	5319.2	4542.2	5119.0	1021.0	
	Avg	1741.9	1953.4	2161.9	1989.8	1959.1	1761.4	1565.7	2745.8	5479.0	4625.3	5147.7	2241.4

Table 18 Chakachimma 1.5

	ENERGY FROM RESERVOIR	(GWH)	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
1950	101.7	75.4	82.8	73.2	65.7	63.3	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	119.7	1219.5		
1951	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	50.4	188.7	165.8	186.6	220.4	1296.8		
1952	121.9	74.8	85.1	76.5	63.9	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1163.4		
1953	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	101.1	188.7	165.8	186.6	198.7	1295.9		
1954	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.0	62.8	53.5	77.8	188.7	165.8	186.6	214.5	1288.2		
1955	71.8	71.6	82.1	74.5	64.3	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	42.5	1111.5		
1956	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	54.3	188.7	165.8	186.6	177.4	1227.7		
1957	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	121.3	188.7	165.8	186.6	221.4	1338.8		
1958	102.4	73.0	80.0	74.2	64.4	63.1	56.9	60.7	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1152.3		
1959	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1960	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1961	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1962	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1963	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1964	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1965	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1966	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1967	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	137.5	1180.7		
1968	56.5	75.3	80.3	72.9	64.4	62.8	54.8	79.0	188.7	165.8	186.6	56.1	1143.2		
1969	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1970	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1971	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	208.2	1251.4		
1972	86.8	84.0	86.5	74.6	65.1	63.2	53.5	92.7	188.7	165.8	186.6	87.9	1235.6		
1973	56.9	68.8	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1080.5		
1974	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1975	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1976	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7		
1977	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	95.0	1138.2		
1978	107.0	77.8	85.2	75.7	65.3	63.8	53.5	165.9	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1271.7		
1979	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	92.6	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1125.1		
	AVG	64.9	70.1	79.5	72.4	63.8	62.9	53.6	62.3	188.7	165.8	186.6	81.2	1151.9	

POST-PROJECT FLOWS		(CFS)											Table 18 (continued) H-6	
	UCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP		
	1950	2877.0	2074.1	2261.7	2018.1	1957.6	1777.1	1574.8	1465.4	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	3603.6	
	1951	1635.6	1950.3	2146.1	1985.9	1961.6	1770.8	1589.2	2495.5	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	7505.2	
	1952	3441.0	2117.1	2328.7	2112.1	1965.6	1762.6	1573.1	1461.9	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1281.0	
	1953	1707.5	1951.0	2151.4	1984.5	1958.0	1767.6	1586.1	3072.5	9900.0	11568.9	11565.0	5725.6	
	1954	1651.7	1931.6	2143.5	1984.1	1957.5	1766.3	1579.5	2395.3	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	6278.6	
	1955	2105.6	2024.1	2242.7	2056.1	1977.6	1762.6	1571.2	1473.3	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1551.7	
	1956	1650.7	1929.9	2143.1	1983.0	1958.5	1766.4	1577.8	1720.3	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	5273.5	
	1957	1655.5	1928.3	2145.3	1986.6	1961.5	1767.4	1581.3	3651.8	9900.0	12973.7	11133.0	7394.0	
	1958	2896.0	2065.1	2181.7	2047.1	1981.6	1772.1	1679.7	1860.1	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1282.5	
	1959	1666.6	1953.8	2174.4	2012.8	1997.7	1804.6	1614.2	1567.2	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1294.2	
	1960	1627.5	1962.4	2175.0	2009.2	1985.3	1794.3	1608.6	1605.3	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1288.8	
	1961	1678.3	2031.1	2267.2	2102.6	2061.3	1857.1	1648.1	1528.9	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1500.5	
	1962	1665.7	2002.6	2219.8	2055.1	2029.5	1830.7	1632.4	1467.0	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1445.2	
	1963	1634.5	2000.5	2210.0	2044.1	2016.7	1822.0	1627.2	1505.2	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1473.6	
	1964	1700.1	2004.6	2214.5	2051.9	2020.0	1820.9	1633.3	1503.9	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1362.4	
	1965	1654.3	2027.0	2239.1	2063.1	2033.7	1849.8	1654.2	1491.6	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1846.5	
	1966	1711.2	1995.7	2219.5	2056.5	2037.5	1845.1	1649.8	1526.7	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1551.4	
	1967	1721.0	2043.2	2236.6	2093.5	2070.1	1869.9	1700.5	1547.9	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	4218.0	
	1968	1654.5	2156.6	2191.7	2009.1	1981.6	1762.6	1617.8	2395.1	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1753.1	
	1969	1583.8	1945.9	2159.8	1991.9	1969.6	1781.2	1597.5	1468.1	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1245.7	
	1970	1759.0	2006.0	2182.3	2016.3	1997.5	1808.6	1634.9	1506.1	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1283.0	
	1971	1709.7	2076.0	2298.5	2134.0	2121.9	1926.2	1767.2	1710.6	9900.0	9600.0	9900.0	6026.3	
	1972	2527.6	2382.1	2368.7	2060.1	2003.6	1775.1	1571.1	2802.9	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	2783.2	
	1973	1687.6	1943.1	2136.7	1977.8	1954.3	1763.6	1577.6	1467.7	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1273.5	
	1974	1763.1	2030.9	2257.0	2091.3	2071.2	1872.0	1673.4	1687.5	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1638.7	
	1975	1892.1	2154.2	2378.0	2211.3	2195.8	1990.4	1778.4	1817.9	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1506.7	
	1976	1894.1	2142.6	2379.6	2207.9	2191.5	1984.1	1780.6	1842.4	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1535.5	
	1977	2001.1	2217.6	2470.3	2292.9	2253.6	2030.5	1814.0	1875.0	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	3056.7	
	1978	3092.6	2203.1	2329.7	2090.1	2010.6	1794.1	1575.7	4932.6	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1372.6	
	1979	1773.1	1972.8	2193.8	2027.0	2004.2	1810.8	1624.9	3062.3	9900.0	9900.0	9900.0	1371.0	
	AVG	1933.9	2040.1	2234.9	2057.9	2022.9	1823.5	1636.5	1996.9	9900.0	10058.1	9996.6	2690.7	

AVERAGE CAPABILITIES (MW)

Table 18 Chakachamna P.T.

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
CHAKACHAMNA	295.	294.	291.	286.	282.	278.	274.	275.	277.	280.	285.	290.
TOTAL	295.	294.	291.	286.	282.	278.	274.	275.	277.	280.	285.	290.

MINIMUM CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
CHAKACHAMNA	250.	252.	249.	245.	241.	237.	233.	237.	249.	247.	241.	242.
TOTAL	250.	252.	249.	245.	241.	237.	233.	237.	249.	247.	241.	242.

AVERAGE ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
CHAKACHAMNA	64.9	70.1	79.5	72.4	63.8	62.9	53.6	62.3	188.7	165.8	186.6	81.2	1151.9
TOTAL	64.9	70.1	79.5	72.4	63.8	62.9	53.6	62.3	188.7	165.8	186.6	81.2	1151.9

MINIMUM ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
CHAKACHAMNA (1965)	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7
TOTAL (1965)	56.5	68.4	78.4	71.8	63.6	62.8	53.5	47.2	188.7	165.8	186.6	36.5	1079.7

5) JOHNSON ALTERNATIVE HYDRO PROJECT  
RESPONSE TO DEIS

w/ RULE CURVE

NSD YEAR 2010: 6444 GWH  
RATED CAPACITY 100 MW

Table 18 Johnson

P. I.

INPUT DATA FOR JOHNSON

NATURAL STREAMFLOW AT DAMSITE

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	6439.	3875.	3690.	3749.	2961.	2897.	2804.	12090.	21513.	21082.	22853.	11572.
1962	5517.	3321.	2952.	2952.	2829.	2956.	12362.	30332.	32201.	34735.	17392.	
1963	7175.	4712.	3198.	3321.	3198.	2706.	2956.	13050.	10777.	27122.	24957.	15227.
1964	6852.	3198.	2829.	3075.	2829.	2583.	2583.	4870.	30664.	31058.	24895.	11038.
1965	6513.	3690.	3327.	3151.	2829.	2583.	2460.	6402.	12202.	23149.	24010.	12195.
1966	5937.	3075.	2829.	2706.	2706.	2829.	10208.	21722.	25793.	20357.	9118.	
1967	4916.	3075.	2952.	2829.	2829.	3075.	11567.	22017.	25793.	30049.	15646.	
1968	5455.	3711.	3456.	3134.	3075.	3075.	3123.	10792.	20492.	30356.	26138.	15080.
1969	7144.	4087.	3910.	3785.	3598.	3389.	3411.	9101.	18389.	27601.	14588.	7940.
1970	5160.	3994.	3531.	3262.	3198.	3075.	3100.	6684.	10872.	19815.	17983.	9675.
1971	5818.	3317.	2365.	2214.	2214.	2214.	2499.	10952.	18093.	26728.	29594.	12866.
1972	5879.	3809.	3266.	2885.	2528.	2253.	2242.	11387.	20726.	27577.	26937.	12337.
1973	4749.	3260.	2909.	2829.	2829.	3139.	8092.	19409.	26285.	21304.	11219.	
1974	4761.	3022.	2499.	2460.	2460.	2651.	3337.	8470.	13985.	25818.	26777.	15867.
1975	5212.	3998.	3499.	3130.	2851.	2829.	3011.	11521.	18241.	34169.	23136.	18512.
1976	7096.	4031.	3269.	3075.	2952.	2995.	3370.	9526.	18413.	22780.	27983.	9902.
1977	7895.	4244.	3257.	3198.	3198.	3134.	3723.	8807.	19692.	25658.	31869.	12386.
1978	6439.	3526.	3198.	2952.	2916.	2829.	4407.	9242.	12657.	23161.	29372.	12681.
1979	5374.	3813.	3483.	3246.	3198.	3198.	4822.	11106.	15018.	31365.	36666.	15314.
1980	6672.	4264.	3317.	2952.	2706.	2793.	3895.	8108.	13530.	25326.	21759.	12767.
1981	8183.	4916.	4380.	3872.	3813.	3813.	4182.	8788.	16162.	24047.	20959.	9589.
1982	4904.	3681.	3221.	2984.	2952.	2829.	2854.	12423.	18315.	25055.	23382.	10518.

NET RESERVOIR EVAPORATION, INCHES

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

\*\*\*\*\* RESERVOIR DATA \*\*\*\*\*

ELEVATION (FT, MSL)	VOLUME (ACRE-FEET)	AREA (ACRES)
1280.0	0.	0.
1390.0	1700000.	0.
1420.0	2600000.	0.
1440.0	3600000.	0.
1460.0	5200000.	0.
1470.0	7000000.	0.

\*\*\* TAILWATER DATA \*\*\*

DISCHARGE (CFS)	ELEVATION (FT, MSL)
0.	1290.0
1000000.	1290.0
0.	0.0
0.	0.0
0.	0.0
0.	0.0

THE RATED HEAD IS 149.0 FT.

THE RATED CAPACITY IS 210.0 MW.

THE HEADLOSS IS 0.015 TIMES THE HEAD

THE GENERATOR EFFICIENCY IS 0.980

THE TRANSFORMER EFFICIENCY IS 0.990

**POWERPLANT DATA, 1 UNITS**

NET HEAD (% RATED)	PLANT CAPACITY (FEET)	PLANT CAPACITY (MW)	EFFICIENCY (% RATED)	TURBINE	PLANT
0.650	96.9	97.8	0.480	0.858	0.832
0.750	111.8	127.9	0.628	0.880	0.854
0.800	119.2	142.2	0.698	0.888	0.862
0.850	126.6	156.7	0.769	0.894	0.867
0.900	134.1	172.0	0.844	0.900	0.873
0.950	141.5	187.6	0.921	0.905	0.878
1.000	149.0	203.7	1.000	0.910	0.883
1.030	153.5	212.5	1.043	0.908	0.881
1.060	157.9	221.3	1.086	0.906	0.879
1.100	163.9	233.3	1.145	0.903	0.876
1.150	171.3	248.4	1.219	0.900	0.873
1.250	186.3	278.1	1.365	0.883	0.857

Table 18 Johnson P.2

## RESERVOIR OPERATION CONSTRAINTS

### **MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION**

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470. 1470.

## **RULE CURVE ELEVATION**

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1470. 1470. 1469. 1468. 1468. 1467. 1467. 1469. 1467. 1467. 1468. 1465. 1469.

**MINIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION**

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390. 1390.

## RESERVOIR RELEASE CONSTRAINTS

GET NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP

## **MINIMUM CONSUMPTIVE RELEASE**

MINIMUM NON-POWER RELEASE

OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP  
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

## DOWNSTREAM RELEASE CRITERIA

## PRE-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

YEAR	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	6439.	3875.	3690.	3749.	2961.	2897.	2804.	12090.	21513.	21082.	22853.	11572.
1962	5517.	3321.	2952.	2952.	2829.	2956.	12362.	30332.	32201.	34735.	17392.	
1963	7175.	4712.	3198.	3321.	3198.	2706.	2956.	13050.	10777.	27122.	24957.	15227.
1964	6852.	3198.	2829.	3075.	2829.	2583.	2563.	4870.	30664.	31058.	24895.	11838.
1965	6513.	3690.	3327.	3151.	2829.	2583.	2460.	6402.	12202.	23149.	24010.	12195.
1966	5937.	3075.	2829.	2829.	2706.	2829.	20208.	21722.	25793.	20357.	9118.	
1967	4910.	3075.	2952.	2829.	2829.	3075.	11567.	22017.	25793.	30049.	15646.	
1968	5455.	3711.	3456.	3134.	3075.	3075.	3123.	10792.	20492.	30356.	26138.	15080.
1969	7144.	4087.	3910.	3785.	3598.	3389.	3411.	9101.	18389.	27601.	14588.	7940.
1970	5160.	3994.	3531.	3262.	3198.	3075.	3100.	6684.	10872.	19815.	17983.	9675.
1971	5818.	3317.	2365.	2214.	2214.	2499.	10952.	18093.	26728.	29594.	12865.	
1972	5879.	3809.	3266.	2865.	2528.	2253.	2242.	11387.	20726.	27577.	26937.	12337.
1973	4749.	3260.	2909.	2829.	2829.	2829.	3139.	8092.	19409.	26285.	21304.	11219.
1974	4761.	3022.	2499.	2460.	2460.	2651.	3337.	8470.	13985.	25818.	26777.	15867.
1975	5212.	3998.	3499.	3130.	2851.	2829.	3011.	11521.	18241.	34169.	23136.	18512.
1976	7096.	4031.	3269.	3075.	2952.	2995.	3370.	9526.	18413.	22780.	27983.	9902.
1977	7895.	4244.	3257.	3198.	3198.	3134.	3723.	8807.	19692.	25658.	31869.	12386.
1978	6439.	3526.	3198.	2952.	2916.	2829.	4407.	9242.	12657.	23161.	29372.	12681.
1979	5374.	3813.	3483.	3246.	3198.	3198.	4822.	11106.	15018.	31365.	36666.	15314.
1980	6672.	4264.	3317.	2952.	2706.	2793.	3895.	8108.	13530.	25326.	21759.	12767.
1981	8183.	4916.	4380.	3872.	3813.	3813.	4782.	8788.	16162.	24047.	20959.	9589.
1982	4904.	3681.	3221.	2984.	2952.	2829.	2854.	12423.	18315.	25055.	23382.	10518.

Table 18 Johnson P.3

## MINIMUM POST-PROJECT FLOWS AT BELOW DAM

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
3200.	3200.	3200.	3200.	3200.	3200.	3200.	24000.	24000.	24000.	3200.	

NSD FORECAST, YEAR 2010 ANNUAL ENERGY DEMAND = 6444. GWH.

## ENERGY GENERATION CRITERIA

## SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
563.	640.	717.	659.	582.	575.	491.	459.	427.	420.	446.	465.

## MONTHLY GENERATION FROM OTHER SOURCES, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
187.4	177.1	165.2	172.5	150.6	149.2	128.2	153.2	426.6	419.9	445.9	262.5

## ADJUSTED SYSTEM ENERGY DEMAND, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
375.	463.	531.	487.	431.	426.	363.	306.	0.	0.	0.	203.

## MONTHLY GENERATION, PERCENT OF ANNUAL

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
0.105	0.129	0.148	0.136	0.120	0.119	0.101	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.057

TARGET FIRM ANNUAL ENERGY = 397.

## TARGET MONTHLY FIRM ENERGY, GWH

OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.5

TURBINE DISCHARGE (CFS)

Table 18 Johnson P.4

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	6439.0	5471.4	6093.2	5602.6	5513.6	4937.8	4354.9	4538.4	20163.8	26.0	2.6	3674.8
1962	4302.1	5487.5	6117.2	5631.4	5545.7	4967.3	4380.9	3551.0	20163.8	25.7	2.6	20163.8
1963	4492.6	6224.1	6094.7	5607.8	5519.7	4943.1	4359.9	4807.6	20163.8	26.3	2.6	5009.3
1964	4297.9	5477.1	6106.5	5621.5	5535.7	4959.5	4376.0	3568.2	20163.8	25.8	2.6	14862.2
1965	4299.0	5477.9	6103.0	5615.8	5529.7	4954.1	4371.6	3560.7	20163.8	26.6	2.7	3200.0
1966	4380.0	5586.9	6231.5	5744.5	5664.6	5080.2	4485.0	3639.2	20163.8	26.7	2.7	3200.0
1967	4424.8	5650.5	6308.1	5815.9	5751.3	5187.0	4599.8	3706.5	20163.8	26.9	2.7	3200.0
1968	4345.8	5542.3	6175.1	5682.7	5595.6	5012.8	4422.1	3585.4	20163.8	26.2	2.6	9071.0
1969	4297.0	5516.8	6251.3	5601.2	5509.7	4930.5	4344.7	3529.1	20163.8	26.0	2.6	3200.0
1970	4354.8	5554.0	6186.7	5692.6	5604.7	5021.9	4430.3	3605.4	20163.8	27.5	2.8	3200.0
1971	4608.7	5890.1	6636.0	6193.1	6179.4	5605.0	4997.1	4031.3	20163.8	29.8	2.9	3200.0
1972	4608.9	5883.6	6607.8	6144.0	6115.6	5540.4	4940.0	3982.8	20163.8	29.0	2.8	3200.0
1973	4559.1	5839.7	6570.0	6111.9	6078.7	5494.9	4881.5	3457.4	20163.8	29.3	2.9	3200.0
1974	4750.4	6094.7	6881.2	6429.5	6444.2	5923.0	533.4	4506.6	20163.8	33.8	3.3	3200.0
1975	4940.6	6326.4	7145.3	6743.4	6845.0	6324.6	573.1	4576.0	20163.8	32.7	3.1	3200.0
1976	4774.6	6080.9	6837.2	6365.5	6337.1	5758.7	5159.1	4151.2	20163.8	31.3	3.1	3200.0
1977	4872.6	6194.3	6967.3	6491.2	6513.2	5971.8	5364.1	4312.5	20163.8	32.0	3.1	3200.0
1978	4768.8	6089.0	6855.6	6386.5	6361.2	5800.1	5185.4	4156.8	20163.8	33.1	3.2	3200.0
1979	4934.5	6318.5	7136.0	6728.3	6813.8	6271.6	5622.1	4452.4	20163.8	33.3	3.0	3200.0
1980	4631.5	5897.5	6616.9	6151.0	6119.5	5535.1	4910.7	3974.4	20163.8	30.3	3.0	3200.0
1981	4835.8	6133.4	6866.9	6366.1	6314.7	5692.5	5047.6	4071.4	20163.8	31.1	3.1	3200.0
1982	5054.5	6528.1	7489.9	7148.9	7303.8	6869.4	6449.7	5088.4	20163.8	38.2	3.8	3383.2
AVG	4680.6	5875.7	6558.1	6085.2	6054.6	5490.0	4848.2	4052.4	20163.8	29.4	2.9	4880.2

FORM 1413

PRINTED IN U.S.A.

Note: Subsequent to this run, error in June

energy production was noted and corrected

(by hand) for presentation in Table 18

of Applicant's DEIS Comment Document,

Appendix II.

## ENERGY FROM RESERVOIR (GWH)

Table 18 Johnson P.5

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
1961	62.4	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	43.5	187.6	0.2	0.0	34.1	627.1
1962	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	168.1	0.2	0.0	188.7	511.6
1963	43.5	58.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	46.0	186.2	0.2	0.0	46.4	628.5
1964	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	186.2	0.2	0.0	139.1	700.1
1965	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	184.3	0.2	0.0	29.1	588.2
1966	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	182.2	0.2	0.0	28.9	585.9
1967	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	180.4	0.2	0.0	29.3	584.5
1968	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	184.7	0.2	0.0	84.3	643.9
1969	41.5	51.7	60.3	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	187.2	0.2	0.0	29.4	543.3
1970	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	181.1	0.2	0.0	27.5	583.3
1971	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	184.3	0.2	0.0	27.3	566.4
1972	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	187.4	0.2	0.0	27.7	569.9
1973	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	180.8	0.2	0.0	26.6	568.2
1974	41.5	51.2	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	189.4	0.2	0.0	24.9	549.0
1975	41.5	51.2	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	185.3	0.2	0.0	25.8	549.9
1976	41.6	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	189.1	0.2	0.0	25.8	559.7
1977	41.6	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	153.4	0.2	0.0	26.3	564.5
1978	41.6	51.2	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	154.6	0.2	0.0	25.3	554.6
1979	41.5	51.2	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	146.9	0.2	0.0	27.0	548.6
1980	41.6	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	163.7	0.2	0.0	25.8	564.3
1981	41.6	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	160.2	0.2	0.0	24.8	559.7
1982	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	132.0	0.2	0.0	22.5	529.2
Avg	42.6	51.6	58.9	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	34.8	160.7	0.2	0.0	43.0	<del>580.7</del>

1.0

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See note on p. 4

Attachment 7b.5  
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POST-PROJECT FLOWS (CFS)

Table 18 Johnson P. 6

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1961	6439.0	5471.4	6093.2	5602.6	5513.6	4937.8	4354.9	4538.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3674.8
1962	4302.1	5487.5	6117.2	5631.4	5545.7	4967.3	4380.9	3551.0	24000.0	31626.9	34735.0	20163.8
1963	4492.6	6224.1	6094.7	5607.8	5519.7	4943.3	4359.9	4807.6	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	5009.3
1964	4297.9	5477.1	6106.5	5621.5	5535.7	4959.5	4376.0	3568.2	24000.0	24000.0	24745.3	14862.2
1965	4299.0	5477.4	6103.0	5615.8	5529.7	4954.1	4371.6	3560.7	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1966	4380.0	5586.9	6231.5	5744.5	5664.6	5080.2	4485.0	3639.2	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1967	4424.8	5650.5	6308.1	5815.9	5751.3	5187.0	4599.8	3706.5	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1968	4345.8	5542.3	6175.1	5682.7	5595.6	5012.8	4422.1	3585.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	9071.0
1969	4297.0	5516.6	6251.3	5601.2	5509.7	4930.3	4344.7	3529.1	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1970	4354.8	5554.0	6186.7	5692.6	5604.7	5021.9	4430.3	3605.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1971	4608.7	5890.1	6636.0	6193.1	6179.4	5605.0	4997.6	4031.3	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1972	4608.0	5883.6	6607.8	6144.0	6115.6	5540.4	4940.0	3982.8	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1973	4559.1	5839.7	6570.0	6111.9	6078.7	5444.9	4881.5	3957.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1974	4750.4	6094.7	6881.2	6429.5	6449.2	5923.0	5339.4	4306.6	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1975	4940.6	6326.4	7145.3	6743.4	6845.0	6324.6	5738.1	4576.0	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1976	4774.6	6080.9	6837.2	6365.5	6337.1	5758.7	5159.1	4151.2	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1977	4872.6	6194.3	6967.3	6491.2	6513.2	5971.8	5364.1	4312.5	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1978	4768.8	6089.0	6855.6	6386.5	6361.2	5800.1	5185.4	4156.8	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1979	4934.5	6318.5	7136.0	6728.3	6813.8	6271.6	5622.1	4452.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1980	4631.5	5897.5	6616.4	6151.0	6119.5	5535.1	4910.7	3974.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1981	4835.8	6133.4	6866.9	6366.1	6314.7	5692.3	5047.6	4071.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3200.0
1982	5054.5	6528.1	7489.9	7148.9	7303.8	6869.4	6449.7	5088.4	24000.0	24000.0	24000.0	3383.2
Avg	4680.6	5875.7	6558.1	6085.2	6054.6	5490.0	4898.2	4052.4	24000.0	24346.7	24521.8	4880.2

AVERAGE CAPABILITIES (MW)

Table 18 Johnson K-7

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
JOHNSON	236.	236.	232.	228.	224.	220.	216.	219.	219.	216.	219.	225.
TOTAL	236.	236.	232.	228.	224.	220.	216.	219.	219.	216.	219.	225.

MINIMUM CAPABILITIES (MW)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
JOHNSON	201.	197.	188.	177.	167.	155.	141.	148.	151.	143.	144.	154.
TOTAL	201.	197.	188.	177.	167.	155.	141.	148.	151.	143.	144.	154.

AVERAGE ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
JOHNSON	42.6	51.6	58.9	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	34.8	1.0	0.2	0.0	43.0	588.9
TOTAL	42.6	51.6	58.9	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	34.8	1.0	0.2	0.0	43.0	588.9

MINIMUM ENERGY PRODUCTION (GWH)

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ANN
JOHNSON (1982)	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	132.0	0.2	0.0	22.5	529.2
TOTAL (1982)	41.5	51.3	58.8	53.9	47.8	47.2	40.2	33.8	132.0	0.2	0.0	22.5	529.2

See note on p. 4

8. QUESTION

The Anchorage Chamber of Commerce recently provided a report prepared by KENTCO entitled "Electric Power Generation for the Alaska Railbelt Region," January 1984. If available, please provide the following information:

- a) A copy of the report by the Governor's Economic Committee on North Slope Gas, January 1983 - "Trans Alaska Gas System - Economics of an Alternative for the North Slope Natural Gas."
- b) The Harza - Ebasco Fall, 1983 update of the Susitna Hydroelectric Project Study referred to on pages 56 and 61 of the KENTCO report.

RESPONSE

The requested report by the Governor's Economic Committee on North Slope Gas, entitled "Trans Alaska Gas Systems - Economics of an Alternative for North Slope Gas" (January 1983), is provided herewith as Volume IV, Appendix 3.

The "Harza-Ebasco Fall, 1983 update," referenced in the KENTCO report, was a document prepared in draft form for internal Power Authority discussion and was never released to the public. A revised version of that "update" was prepared in February, 1984 and, at the direction of the Power Authority Board of Directors, was the subject of Statewide public hearings. The February draft has not yet been finalized as a Power Authority final report. At such time as the report becomes final, the Power Authority would be willing to provide the FERC with a copy.