commissioner requiring him to take steps to cause the water to so move; or who fails or refuses to install meters, gauges or other measuring devices or control works; or who violates an order establishing corrective control works; or who violates an order establishing corrective controls for an area or for a source of water, or who knowingly makes a false or misleading statement in a declaration of existing rights, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Crimes under this section are in addition to any other crimes provided by law. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Quoted in G & A Contractors, Inc. v. Alaska Greenhouses, Inc., Sup. Ct. Op. No. 987 (File No. 1763), 517 P.2d 1379 (1974).

§ 46.15.185

Sec. 46.15.185. Appeals. Appeals to the superior court under this chapter are subject to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, AS 44.62.560 — 44.62.570. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Article 3. Water Resources Board.

Section	Section
190. The Water Resources Board	220. Board meetings 230. Public meetings
200. Term of office 210. Duties of the board	240. Compensation of board members

Sec. 46.15.190. The Water Resources Board. There is created the Water Resources Board composed of seven members having a general knowledge of the use and requirements for use of the waters of the state and the conservation and protection thereof, and the commissioner of environmental conservation or his designee shall serve as an additional, ex officio member serving without a vote. The commissioner of natural resources shall act as the executive secretary of the board, and shall provide clerical staff for the board. Members of the board are appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the members of the legislature in joint session. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966; am § 1 ch 58 SLA

Sec. 46.15.200. Term of office. The term of office for members of the board is four years. The first members appointed serve as follows: two members serve for one year, three for two years and two for three years. If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall fill it by appointment for the unexpired term. The appointment shall be submitted to the legislature for confirmation at the next regular or special session. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Sec. 46.15.210. Duties of the board. The board shall inform and advise the governor on all matters relating to the use and appropriation of water in the state, including, but not limited to: the effect and adequacy of all state laws and regulations governing the establishment of water rights, the multi-purpose uses of water, the prevention of pollution and the protection of fish and game, studies of the state's water supplies and plans for future requirements, development of water resources, participation of local governmental units in the management of water resources, lands which are or may be needed for dams, reservoirs, flood dams, flood ways, canals or ditches for the impoundment, storage, flow and control of waters. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Sec. 46.15.220. Board meetings. The board shall hold one regular meeting annually at the state capital and one or more additional meetings at the time and place in the state the board selects for the transaction of business. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Sec. 46.15.230. Public meetings. The board may hold and conduct public meetings at any time or any place in the state in order to obtain public opinion on a water use problem or proposal and it may, by majority vote of all members, formally or informally delivered, authorize one or more of its members to hold and conduct a public meeting. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Sec. 46.15.240. Compensation of board members. Each member of the board is entitled to travel expenses and per diem as authorized for state boards by AS 39.20.180 while traveling to or from, or in attendance at, regular or special meetings or conferences authorized by the board. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Article 4. General Provisions.

Section

§ 46.15.220

250. Enforcement authority

260. Definitions

270. Short title

Sec. 46.15,250. Enforcement authority. The following persons are peace officers of the state and they shall enforce this chapter:

(1) a state employee authorized by the commissioner;

(2) a police officer of the state. (§ 1 ch 50 SLA 1966)

Sec. 46.15.260. Definitions. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires.

(1) "appropriate" means to divert, impound, or withdraw a quantity of water from a source of water for a beneficial use;

(2) "appropriation" means the diversion, impounding or withdrawal of a quantity of water from a source of water for a beneficial use;

(3) "beneficial use" means a use of water for the benefit of the appropriator, other persons or the public, that is reasonable and consistent with the public interest, including, but not limited to, domestic, agricultural, irrigation, industrial, manufacturing, mining, power, public, sanitary, fish and wildlife, and recreational uses;

(4) "source of water" means a substantial quantity of water capable of being put to beneficial use;

(5) "water" means all water of the state, surface and subsurfaces, occurring in a natural state, except mineral and medicinal water;