15.03.07

AKI Public Comments

.



P.O. Box 2282 Juneau, AK 99802 Phone: 907-463-3038 Fax : 907.463.3280

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street, Suite 401 Anchorage, Alaska 99501-3451

Re: Habitat Protection and Acquisition Program

As Executive Director of the Alaska Wilderness Recreation and Tourism Association (AWRTA) I would like to extend my support and thanks to the Trustees' for their continued efforts to further the habitat protection and acquisition program. In the comprehensive, balanced, ecosystem approach endorsed by the Trustees, habitat protection and acquisition is a means of restoring not only injured resources but also the services dependent on those resources.

However, AWRTA members have expressed concern about equal allocation of these funds. To date \$161.5 million of the \$375 million earmarked for habitat protection and acquisition has been spent; yet, some of the most seriously affected resources within the oil spill region remain threatened. While AWRTA recognizes the parameters within which the Trustee Council must work to successfully complete the complex negotiations, we would like to encourage the Trustee Council to now focus on Prince William Sound and the Kenai Peninsula.

The following summary of completed transactions highlights our concern:

Kodiak Region: Total of 278,089 Acres

41,549 acres private inholdings on Afognak Island (Seal Bay and Tonki Cape) 119,885 acres from Akhiok-Kaguyak Inc in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge 31,000 acres from Old Harbor Inc in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge 60,000 acres from Koniag Inc in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge 25,655 from Kodiak Island Borough on Shuyak Island

Kenai Peninsula: Total of 23,800 Acres 23,800 acres private inholdings in Kachemak Bay State Park

Prince William Sound: Total of 2,052 Acres 2,052 acres in Orca Narrows from Eyak Corporation

We support acquiring areas that are imminently threatened and have restoration value; however, we would like to see some acquisitions based on past damage. Alaska does not have an unending supply of wild and undeveloped land. Wild shorelines are a dwindling commodity but it is our hope that Prince William Sound and the Kenai Peninsula will continue to offer unique opportunities for the wilderness user. The habitat protection and acquisition program is the appropriate restoration tool to accomplish this end.

Thank you for your time and consideration of this issue.

Sincerely,

Steve Behnke Executive Director



The National Outdoor Leadership School Alaska Branch PO Box 981. Palmer, Alaska 99645-0981 907-745-4047 Fax 907-745-6069 Don Ford Branch Director

March 12, 1996

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street, Suite 401 Anchorage, Alaska 99501-3451

Re: Habitat Acquisition in Southwestern Prince William Sound

As Director of the National Outdoor Leadership School (NOLS) I would like to extend my support and thanks to the Trustees' for their continued efforts to further the habitat protection and acquisition program. In the comprehensive, balanced, ecosystem approach endorsed by the Trustees, habitat protection and acquisition is a means of restoring not only injured resources but also the services dependent on those resources.

As a consequence of the Exxon Valdez oil spill, recreation in Prince William Sound (PWS) has been significantly affected. Recreationalists are still steking areas that have not been disturbed by the spill and heretofore received little with use. Moreover, areas that have been previously impacted by recreation are now seeing additional visitation.

NOLS is concerned that Southwestern Prince William Sound not be overlooked when making acquisitions. To date \$161.5 million of the \$375 million earmarked for habitat protection and acquisition has been spent; yet, some of the most seriously affected resources within the oil spill region remain threatened. While we recognize the parameters within which the Trustee Council must work to successfully complete the complex negotiations, we would like to encourage the Trustee Council to now focus on Southwestern Prince William Sound

The following summary of completed transactions highlights our connern

Kodiak Region: Total of 278,089 Acres

41,549 acres private inholdings on Afognak Island (Seal Bay and Tonku Cape) 119,885 acres from Akhiok-Kaguyak Inc in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge 31,000 acres from Old Harbor Inc in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge 60,000 acres from Koniag Inc in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge 25,655 from Kodiak Island Borough on Shuyak Island

Kenai Peninsula: Total of 23,800 Acres

23,800 acres private inholdings in Kachemak Bay State Park

1 . - 1

National Outdoor Leadership School

Fage 2

P.02

Prince William Sound: Total of 2,052 Acres 2,052 acres in Orca Narrows from Eyak Corporation

We support acquiring areas that are imminently threatened and have restoration value; however, we would like to see some acquisitions based on past damage Alaska does not have an unending supply of wild and undeveloped land. While shorelines are a dwindling commodity but it is our hope that Southwestern Prince William Sound will continue to offer unique opportunities for the wilderness user. The habitat protection and acquisition program is the appropriate restoration tool to accomplish this end.

Specifically, we encourage the Trustees to focus on the following areas:

· L D

5

Dangerous Passage South end of Knight Island East side of Knight Island Chenega Island Bainbridge/Evans/LaTouche Islands

We appreciate your efforts in soliciting public input and look forward to the progression of the habitat acquisition program. Thank you for your time and consideration of this issue.

....

Sincerely Don F

Director NOLS Alaska



Juimber 28, 1944

To the Trustees :

i vould like to express my thanks to the Truster 'ounced for their December 2ND decisions regarding the Kodiak Island lands. I am ispecially hoppy viout the affers that were made in the lands on the yak Island and North afognak Keip up the good work! Thank jou, Nummer Percher P.C. Box 8367 Kodiak, AK 99615







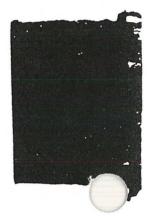
5UZANNE PESCHIER P.O. 60X 9967:----KOOIAK, AK 99615 --

.

:



EXXON VALOEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL G45 "G" STREET ANCHORAGE, AK 99501



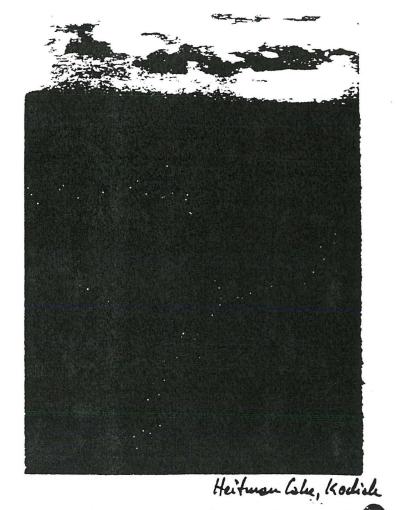
Haladahadahadaalaallaal

ł



60

world. Frish all of you a very happy Christmas Season and a hoppy New year. Thanks for the careful considerations and the good work -Plesse follow through on Thomastion Point too. Hous U. Tschersich Koelish 12/12/14





いこう

To the Exxon Valdez Trustee Council and Staff=

Your wise decisions to

help preserve so much of unspoiled Lond on

the Kodish Archipelogo

is the greatest gift of this sesson to the people

of Alseles and the entire

DEC 10 1994

EXXCH VALDEZ GIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL



·. .

Lee Dollar 1916 Harriman Ln Redondo Beach, CA 90278

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

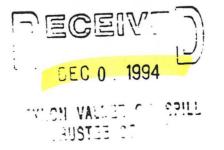
Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerel

Lee Dollar



>hilip Alan Turner
2 N.E. 60th Avenue
>ortland, Oregon 97213
(503) 287-02361

November 22, 1994

Exxon Valdez Settlement Trustee Council 645 "G" Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501

To Whom It May Concern:

I am writing to give you my opinion of possibility funds from the the Exxon Valdez oil spill. I appressi you efforts ne . done so far, and would like to emphasize the important ving the 0 h Afognak Island area from further depredationer Lithen L'live dova in Oregon, I worked out of Waterfall Bay, and F feel the deserves. the highest priority you can give it. As I'vas two bays avail from the Paul's-Laura Bays area, I feel that you won't have the opportunity again to save a pasically untouched, pristine vilderness area this close the Fragman metropoli-tan areas. Please give it your highest paiority in the upgoming decisionnaking period. If you want any more information from someone, who, has worked in that area, please have no hesitation in calling me at the above-mentioned address. Thank you for your time.

DEC 0. 1994

THE TT CH SPILL

Sincerely,

Philip A. Turner

KODIAK CONSERVATION NETWORK

Information, Direction, Education, Action

P.O Box 2661, Kodiak, Alaska 99615 Phone: (907)486-4684 Fax: (907)486-7651

November 30, 1994

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustees Council Attention: Jim Ayers, Executive Director 645 G Street Anchorage, AK 99501

Dear Sirs:

The Kodiak Conservation Network (KCN) was formed as a direct result of the impacts of the Exxon Valdez oil spill (EVOS) on our personal and professional lives. Our members have actively worked toward the development of effective spill prevention and response measures for Kodiak, as well as oil spill impact mitigation strategies that benefit the community and the surrounding marine ecosystem.

KCN strongly urges the Trustees Council to purchase the two parcels on north Afognak Island offered for sale by Afognak Joint Venture, Pauls and Laura Lakes and Shuyak Strait (AJVOJ and AJVO1). These parcels rank 1st and 3rd among the large parcel evaluation for the Kodiak Region, (1st and 7th among all 81 parcels rank in the entire analysis) and were in the direct path of the oil spilling out of Prince William Sound.

It is clear that the purchase of these lands, along with the Shuyak Island parcel from the Kodiak Island Borough (KIB01, ranked 5th in Kodiak, 10th overall), have a very high potential to benefit the restoration process in the area impacted by EVOS. Purchasing these lands ties together State park lands with the Red Peaks section of the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge, permanently protectings; on a macro-ecosystem scale, important and varied habitat which will provide longterm health and productivity to both wildlife and human communities while allowing injured resources to recover.

Thank you for putting this irreplaceable habitat back into the public trust.

Sincerely,

Kristin L. Stahl-Johnson,

/Kristin L. Stani-Johnson, Executive Director

Køren Schalka-Turner 2 ; N.E. 60th Portland, Oregon 97213 (503) 287-02361

821LL

November 22, 1994

Exxon Valdez Settlement Trustee Council 645 "G" Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501

To Whom It May Concern (and it should be all of us):

I am writing to give you my opinion of possibilities when dealing with funds from the the Exxon Valdez oil spill. I appreciate all that your efforts hat done so far, and would like to emphasize the importance of saving the No h Afognak Island area from further depredations. Although now I live down in Oregon, I worked out of Waterfall Bay for six seasons, and this area deserves the highest priority you can give it. As I was two bays away from the Paul's/ Laura Bays area, I can say with authority that this area is of the tantamount importance to save for future generations. You won't have this opportunity again for a basically untouched, pristine wilderness area this close to Alaskan metropolitan areas. Please, please, please give it your nighest priority in the upcoming decision-making period. If you want any more information from someone who has had an intimate working relationship in that area over a six-year period of time, have no hesitation in calling on me at the above-mentioned address. Thank you very much for your time and patience.

Le war

ka-Turner M. Schal



EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILI

Michael Gershel P.O. Box 771772 Eagle River, AK 99577-1772

Exxon Valdez Restoration Trustee Council 645 G Street Anchorage, Ak 99501 November 23,1994

Dear Council Members,

I wanted to thank you for your recent actions to protect important habitat areas on Kodiak Island. The Trustee Council has made tremendous progress in their habitat acquisition program. I commend you and your staff for looking out for the public interest by investing in acquisitions which will pay long term dividends for the general public.

It's my understanding that you will address a proposal to protect the highest rated habitat in the spill area at your December 2nd meeting. I am especially interested in the <u>North Afognak properties</u>. This area contains exceptionally rich wildlife and fisheries habitat. I hope you will do everything in you power to conserve this excellent resource for this and future generations.

Again, Thanks for your great work!

Ault

Sincerely,



EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL

283888 11/22/94 Dear Sors I support the buy boek of the Coastar lands from Nature Queners and placing - Chese lands under park ownership: these lands are Natural for park awnorship. and are important to the Seword Townist industry.

Sincerty Dox 610 Dox 610 Surverd, 0200200 G9664

Eric N. Lindquist 427 Old Town Court Alexandria, VA 22314 VALPEZ CIL 1:01 0 0 SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL 645 G ST. 995091 ANCHERTOF AK © USPS 1991 or all and a second second second Lever with subte suburnent manay. Encered to acquire our preserve ecologueilly significent the Exten Valdue alucuter de Wath apportunity is any silver liming in the cloud created by Kaduik Martines Willife Repuse. IF there Kenau Forder Madronal Park Aboquele Island and privade lands within Chugach Nadoriad Foresh to the acquisition of habidates speeducedly as possible of the stor (manual saltamand cutren) to way you to doucte do much I am working (as a privade Vace Truster Cound manuburg. ·**:**

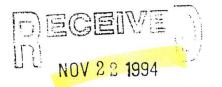
11.22.94

TO THE EUDS TRUSTEE. Council.

1 would like to Aay I am in Yotal Gavor of the buy back proposal and hope you may "Consider my openion when making your decision Shankyon Kusti a Cemuns Seward, alaska



EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE CONFOR



909 Mission Rd Kodiak, AK 99615 15 November, 1994

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SHELL TRUSTEE COUNCIL

Exxon Valdez Settlement Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99501

Dear Council members,

We urge you to follow through with your negotiations with Koniag Corporation for the purchase of lands within the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Lands on the north end of Afognak Island (especially the Pauls and Laura Lakes area) should also be purchased with Exxon monies.

Down the road we will be <u>so</u> glad that we spent lots of this money acquiring refuge inholdings and places like Pauls and Laura Lakes for public use! Thanks for making acquisition a high priority.

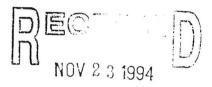
Sincerely,

Richard Maeluth molly machitosh

Richaed and Molly MacIntosh

November 21, 1994





Dear EVOS Trustees;

EXXON V/ _____ GIL SPILL TRUSTUL C. MICH

.

Thank you for your efforts in purchasing land From Mative corporations on the societh and of Kodiak Island. This is a win win situation for everyour, especially the fish and wildlife resources.

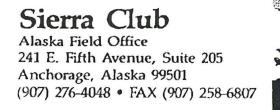
I urge you to purchase the north end of Afoguak Island, especially the Pauls and Lanva Lakes Vicinity. This area is important habitat For Yourn bear, elk, and deer. North Afoguak will be vurned if it is not set aside now. The area is being logged at an alarming vate.

THANK YOU.

Sincevely,

Arnold Shau/ R.C. Box 2081 Kodiak, AK. 99615

WILDERNESS AIR!! 009 **3**9074868107 11/21/94 13:00 Pale Cleary P.O. Box 3281 Koliale, AL. 99615 11/20 94 EXXan Valdez Settlement Trustere Council 645 °G °S. Anch., AK. 99501 Dear Council Shank you very much for purchasing land on Kodiak and Alognah islands 91 am writing to unge you to purchase all of North Alognah Island particularly the Paula and Lance lakes area. Shis area was ratic the highest biologically in your study. Tive spent some time in the Paulo-Laura area and? much say it in one of the most Sentiful places in the state. She divertity of wildlife or Amazing. If this area were to be logged the people of this state would be loving a great matural. traune. Please surchase all of Morth Afognah island, ? am counting on the council to come through with this purchase on your Plc. Ind meeting. Please copy this letter for the council members, Thanhugan Sincerety, Tite M. Eleany



01

.

۵.

21:12

TUE

0 4

10

> 0

Ζ



November 15, 1994

To: Jim Ayers From: Pam Brodie RE: letters to Trustees

We sent identical, personalized letters like this to each member of the Trustee Council. (All had cc's to you and Mike Davis. Deborah Williams was cc'd for Frampton; Bruce Botelho was cc'd for Craig Tillery.)

How are things going?

ALASKA RAINFOREST CAMPAIGN

Alaska Center for the Environment; American Rivers; Natural Resources Defense Council; Sierra Club; Sierra Club Legal Defense Fund; Southeast Alaska Conservation Council; The Wilderness Society;; Trustees for Alaska 1016 W. Sixth Avenue, Suite 200 Anchorage, Alaska 99501 (907) 274-7246 (voice) 274-7247 (fax)

November 15, 1994

94

TUE

21:12

George T. Frampton, Jr. Asst. Secretary for Fish, Wildlife & Parks U.S. Department of Interior 1849 C Street, NW MS 3156 Washington DC 20240 fax (202) 208-4684

Dear Mr. Frampton,

Thank you so much for taking action to protect wildlife habitat in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge through comprehensive land purchases from Koniag, Akhiok-Kaguyak, and Old Harbor corporations. The Kodiak Refuge is unique in the world. By unifying the private lands to public lands in order to protect fish and wildlife habitat, you have given a precious and eternal gift to Alaskans, other Americans, and the people of the world. We hope and trust that the precious remaining Koniag lands will eventually also be purchased.

We are also deeply grateful for your clear commitment to comprehensive habitat protection throughout the oil spill area, as articulated in your resolution of November 2.

This success could only have been possible with the willingness of the Clinton and Hickel administrations to put aside their differences and work cooperatively to redress oil spill injuries and to respond to the wishes of the people of Alaska and to Americans across the country.

At the moment, the full promise of this historic cooperation has not been realized. The Trustees who have worked so hard over the last two years now have the opportunity to complete their work by implementing a comprehensive, balanced plan for habitat acquisition and protection at your December 2 meeting. It will not be easy, but it is clearly possible. In particular, the lands on North Afognak Island, the Eyak lands in Eastern Prince William Sound, and the coastline of Kenai Fjords National Park are of critical importance and need the Trustees' immediate special attention. EVOS Trustee Council November 15, 1994 Page 3

In your purchases of Kachemak Bay, Seal Bay, and Kodiak, you have shown that you have the will and the ability to cut through red tape and accomplish great things. We were particularly happy to see the Trustees' reference in your resolution to the Seal Bay model of negotiated agreements. We know that you can achieve historic agreements at your meeting December 2. We trust that you will.

Sincerely,

Indie

Pamela Brodie Sierra Club

Balar

Caryl Boehnert Alaska Center for the Environment

Nathaniel Lawrence Natural Resources Defense Council

Buck Lindekugel Southeast AK Conservation Council

Peter Van Tuyn Trustees for Alaska

Salalich

Steve Kallick Alaska Rainforest Campaign

Beth Norcross, 13

Beth Norcross American Rivers

Eric Jorgensen / Sierra Club Legal Defense Fund

miller Pamela CR

Pamela A. Miller The Wilderness Society

cc:

Mike Davis, Office of Environmental Policy Jim Ayers, EVOS Trustee Council Deborah Williams, Department of Interior

Cheri Woods 1016 Indiana Ave. 口里CEIV Venice, CA 90291

OCT 07 1994

FIG M LALAZZ OIL SPILL

115.9C

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerely,

Chin Words

Cheri Woods



EXXON LALUET (1. SALA) TRUSTER - STROLL ADMINISTRATIVE RECOND

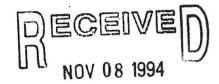
Sheldon A. Morris 425 Grant St. Bridgeport, C. J 06610- 3222 October 6 th Ethon Valdez Vil Spill

Truster Connail 645 A Street anchorge, ak Gentlemen: 9. urge you to protect alaskes rain Forest from logging and other development threats, and Inegeryou to support spinding at least #500 million on habitat protection yours Trulys Sheldon Drippin Mortis

(C) jah OCT 1 1 1994 HERE LE LE CHE CO

Martina Winn

658 Lincoln Avenue St. Paul, Minnesota 55105-3530 612-222-5476



EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL

2 November 1994

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 "G" Street Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Sir or Madame:

I am writing to urge you to use all of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. I believe that protecting habitat while funds are available to do so is the best way to ensure the sound's eventual recovery.

Thanks you for considering my views in this matter.

Sincerely,

Jaring Wing

Martina Winn

Carl Ullman 40 Linnard Road West Hartford, CT 06107

October 24, 1994

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustees 645 "G" Street Anchorage, AK 95091

Dear Trustees,

The \$600 million trust fund gives you a chance to expiate the Valdez tragedy.

How many times will you be handed such any opportunity during your lifetime?

The best use of the funds is to prevent the further tragedy of clear-cutting. Please consider using the fund to acquire lands and timbering rights in the Chugach and Kodiak.

Sincerely,

Carl Ullman

Carl Ullman



Nov. 1, 1994

. . .

To: James Ayers, Executive Director Exxon Valdez Settlement Trustee Council 625 G Street Anchorage, AK 99501

Sue Post Box 1075 Homer, AK 99603 235-6382

Dear Mr. Ayers:

I'm writing this letter to urge you and the Trustee Council to keep working for comprehensive, spill wide habitat protection packages which will include Chenega Lands, areas up for sale on Afognak Island and the Eyak parcels near Cordova.

I commend the great work you and the Trustees have already accomplished. Your foresight and stewardship means future generations of Alaskans will be able to enjoy the magnificence of Seal Bay and Kachemak Bays. Now you must dig in and consummate deals that will save Chenega's, Afognak's and Cordova's forests as well.

Thanks again for all your hard work so far but please remember, the job is far from done.

Sincerely Ane Porst Sue Post Homer, Alaska

John Mangiameli Anchorage, AK 99501

Jim Ayers and Trustee Council members Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street Anchorage, AK 99501

Dear Mr. Ayers and Trustees:

Tomorrow you will be meeting to dedicate funds for habitat protection and other restoration projects. I believe this is an unparalleled opportunity to purchase timber rights, conservation easements, and land to protect areas that might otherwise be developed in a manner that would deal another blow to the populations of fish, wildlife, and birds that were devastated by the oil spill. I understand that you expect to act on Kodiak Refuge parcels. While these areas are very important, they are part of a larger, comprehensive program that will protect habitat across the spill area.

Please don't stop with these deals. Eyak Corporation and Chenega Corporation own hundreds acres of densely forested land that is prime habitat for fish and wildlife. Parcels on North Afognak and the coastline in Kenai Fjords are also vital parts of the puzzle. Please continue to pursue these deals.

j.a. i994

biggenl.

John Mangiameli Anchorage, AK

October 30, 1994 Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street Anchorage, AK 99501

Trustee Council,

I'm writing to the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Council to implore them to use the oil settlement funds to acquire threatened habitat from willing private landowners. The following list are priority habitat acquisitions that we would like to be seen set aside for future generations to enjoy:

1. The Port Gravina/ Orca Bay; The old growth forests of eastern Prince William Sound near Cordova provide exceptional habitat for spill-injured species and support high value wilderness recreation and tourism.

2. Port Fidalgo; On-going logging activities here threaten the densely forested habitat along sheltered bays near Valdez and Tatitlek.

3. Knight Island Passage; Rugged mountainous island with intimate bays support growing wilderness recreation/tourism use and provide habitat for spill impacted species such as killer whales, harbors seals, bald eagles and salmon.

4. Kenai Fjords National Park; One of Alaska's crown jewels, the hearty of this rugged coastline is threatened by logging and development on private lands within the park.

5. Port Chatham; This is the last stretch of intact forest habitat along the tip of the outer Kenai Peninsula coast.

6. Shuyak Straits; The Sitka spruce forest on northern Afognak is home to marbled murrelets, salmon, brown bear, elk and deer. The Shuyak Straits are a highly productive aquatic environment, a virtual " maritime interstate highway" for marine life.

7. Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge; Although logging poses no threat here, other proposed development activities would jeopardize prime brown bear habitat and other wildlife values.

The following people would like the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council to review the above listed areas to set aside using the Exxon settlement money. Thank you,

Kristine M. Vangstad

Tmi Mulick

Janie Taylor

Steve Hilsgen

Michelle Devine

Stephen Boyd

Robbie Kaplan

Gary Dearth

Jim Henry

Jean M. Conger S. 3406 Grand Bl. #206 Spokane, WA 99203

Exxon Valdez Qil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerely,

Jean M. Conger

Hev 0: 1994

Jean M. Conger

Joanna Cocca P.O. Box 692041 West Hollywood, CA 90069

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerely,

Joanna Cocca

D. LYNN MICKLESON, M.D. P.O. Box 2288

Palmer, Alaska 99645 Phone & Fax (907) 745-0828

)eceive

October 14, 1994

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL

Jim Ayers, Executive Director Exxon Valdez Settlement Trustee Council 645 "G" Street Anchorage, AK 99501

Dear Mr. Ayers:

Please provide funding to buy back lands in Prince William Sound and along the coast to Kodiak. Try if possible to make <u>comprehensive</u> deals on Afognak and with the Eyak Corporation.

As a physician and long term resident of Alaska, I feel the greatest long term benefit and economic promise is keeping the forest intact in these areas. Intact forests will provide years of sustainable income from tourism, fishing and other local forest based industries. Clearcutting these lands is a short-sighted way to make a buck and will take a century or more to recover.

Specifically: 1.) Plea

Please focus attention on the Eyak Corporation lands near Cordova --- Port Gravina, Sheep Bay and Simpson Bay. Also please consider the purchase of all Eyak timber rights.

2.) Please purchase <u>all of North Afognak Island</u> especially the "Pauls and Lauras Lakes area". As your own study revealed, this is the highest biologically rated area.

Thank you for all your efforts so far. I know that negotiations and fund distributions can be a painfully complicated and slow process at times.

Sincerely

DF. Dynn Mickleson

P.S. Please copy this letter to other council members.

Printed on 100% Post-Consumer Recycled Paper

October 12, 1994

To: The Exxon Valdez Advisory Committee.

Fax:907-276-7178

Dear Committee Members:

Alaska's economic future and prosperity depends on its renewable natural resources, especially those of its Oceans and Forests. In support of research to improve the growth and yield of the renewable resources, please establish a long-term investment fund under the auspices of the Alaska Science and Technology Foundation, or similar organization, to manage the earnings for resource development.

Sincerely,

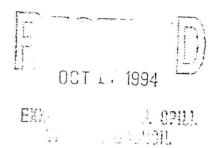
en nollow

John N. Alden 1117 Galena Street Fairbanks, Alaska 99709

P.O. Boy 215/2 Junuin al, 99802 October 8, 1984 Dear Sin: I unge your committee to outhouse the highest possible amount , popefully \$ 500 million , to use for Jobitat ACQUISITTON. Such acquisition is for more spermanent and significant than studies or restoration. I have worked on Kodiak Refuges in a cas of sugert but art menmel (not to mention fishery) Inlitit - which are currently native ound . The refuse is pretty much a shell without inclusion of much of this now networ peleted land. Hensi I good National Vark las outstanding bird habitat, marine mammel rookines, and good salmon streamer, most of which are on native politions. Both of these areas to my astonishment, were damaged by the spill, so they are justifiable for acquisition. There will in the real world, never be morey available again to acquire them. Sircerdy, Richard & Dordon DECENCER OCT 1 1 1994 EXX. II CII. CPILL TRUCTEL DUMMI

October 10, 1994 1404 Carroll Street 1404 NC 27707

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street Anchorage, AK 99501



Dear Madames and Sirs:

I write to provide input concerning the question of how to spend the \$900 million dollars resulting from the civil settlement in the case of the Exxon Valdez oil spill. I wish to urge you to use the largest portion of the funds, at least \$500 million dollars, for habitat protection. Presently the preservation of wildlife habitat on a large scale is still possible, provided the huge amounts of money needed are well spent. Since logging and developement are proceeding at a rapid pace, postphoning purchases to an unspecified later time would not insure habitat protection, since by that time it would be too late. Unfortunately, wildlife habitat is not presently assured even in the natural parks and monuments, in part because of large private holdings inside or nearby park boundaries. Purchasing such lands would be a reat service to all Americans. The significance of such an act would : increasingly appreciated as the years pass. This has been the case with essentially all of the national parks and wilderness areas in the lower 48, although few of these were established without considerable opposition.

A second reason to devote at least \$500 million dollars to habitat protection is the recent settlement of a second suit involving the Exxon Valdez oil spill which, if confirmed on appeal, will pump vast quantities of money to businesses in the southern Alaska coastal region. This will only speed up the pace of exploitation and developement. Given how much the region has changed in the short period of 25 years since I first set eyes on it, the problem of habitat protection and ecosystem preservation has reached a level of urgency which requires an immediate response on a large scale. I hope that you will respond accordingly.

Sincerely yours,

had Schoen

Chad Schoen

007 (0,1994 DEAR COUNCIL MEMBERS, I AM WRITING TODAY TO URGE FOR THE UBE OF ALL THE SETTLE MONT FUNDS TO ACQUIRE THE PRIVATE UTIOS WITHIN CITUARIE MASSONAL FOREST, KENNA FJOKOS NATIONAL PARK, AFOGNING ISLAND AND KODIAL NATIONAL MUDUFE REFUGE. TITIS WOULD ALLOW FOR THE OPPORTUNING TO MALE UP FOR Some OF THE DAMAGE DONE BY THE EXXON VALOEZ WILDLIFE POPULATIONS SUCH AS: SEA OTHERS SEALS HARLEWIN DULKS MURRELOTS A And ury SALMON COULD RELOVE RESIST PRESSURE TO SPEND Money ON RESEACH SIN Correly. ZACILITIES. հեռուհուհուսներ 1661 5450 0 160566 24, 35trochoura TS "D" 240 S-XXON NALDEZ DIC Spin TRUSTLE CONT OCT 1 3 1994 1661

10-8-99 SPKSIR-LERSE RUC 1H THE E MG 2, 18-E 9 ASHCYUU 394 DEN 1.17 :: 001 201 Rostan addite and a second second SUPERSTRUCTURE STRUCTURE STRUCTURE ST 1.... 99 15 6-4626 BERTKAM ODIAK. AK 99615

0 P.O. But 2/5/2 Junuis al, 99802 October 8, 1984 Dear Sin: In unge your committee to authorize the highest possible amount - popefully \$ 500 million; to war for Jobitat ACQUISITION Such acquisitions is for more spermanent and significant than studies or restoration. & Low worked on Kodiak Refux sin areas of sugert but and memmel (not to mention fishery) Julitet - which are currently native owned . The refuse is pretty much a shell without inclusion of much of this now networ-pelested land. Hensi & good National Park las outstanding bird habitat, marine mammel rookines, and good salmon streamer, most of which are an native solutions. Both of these areas to my astonishment, were damaged by the spill, et they are justifiable for acquisition. There will in the real world, never be money available again to acquire them -Sincerdy, Richard & Dordin TEC III OCT 1 1 1994 EXA I II CHU COULL

HORNED BLADDERWORT, CALVERTON PONDS Horned Bladderwort, Utricularia cornuta, is a character-The Nature Conservancy is an intermational organization committed to preserving rare plants, animals and natural communities that represent the diversity of life on Earth by protecting the lands and waters they need to survive. For more information, write or call the Long Island Chapter, 250 Lawrence HIII Road, Cold Spring Harbor, NY 11724. 516-357-3225 istic coastal plain pond species within the Peconic River Headwaters which includes Calverton Ponds. An underwater plant that catches small aquatic insects in sacs on its roots, the Horned Bladderwort sends a '9 flower stalk above the water to bloom in late summer. (Photo: Don Sias) 10/101 POST CARD Pear Trustees I have just recieved the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill EIS for the Restoration Trustee Council Final Plan. It is a Monumental (~ Street 64 document. Once again, I Anchorage AK 99501 UNSE you to support an OCT 1 1 1994 spending INCHEASE ON Habitat protection to at leas C-XVI The 8333333333888888883333333 in the second second second ature million P. Z. Zadis, 115-64 220St. Queens N.T. 11411 onservancy

FAX: (305) 443-6074

3608 Royal Palm Avenue Miami, Florida 33133-6227 October 2, 1994

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street Anchorage, Alaska 995091

Dear Council Member:

The Exxon Valdez oil spill was a dreadful disaster that never should have happened and whose effects will be felt forever. I am concerned about these effects. Although I live in Florida, I care about what is going on worldwide. I recently read that you received settlement funds for the case. However, the fragile Alaskan ecosystem is deteriorating quickly and your funds could be useful.

The Chugach National Forest is being bought out by developers, miners and loggers at a rapid rate. The same is true for Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island and the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. I am urging you to use a portion of the settlement funds to buy out the private land in these areas. This would reduce the mining and oil traffic in these areas that could cause another such spill.

Environmentalists, ecologists and scientists are facing a great problem these days . . funds. We are losing these funds to the government and national administrations. When funds appear, such as in this case, they must be used wisely. Why not use them to protect the very areas the spill damaged? This issue is of immense importance and needs to be addressed.

Awaiting your comments,

Sincerely,

Oliver Bernstein

September 27, 1994 (pw.pop) Lovenor Walter J. Hickel State Capital, P.O. Box 110001 Juneau, ax 99811 Dear Lovernor Hickel, I have two concerne I would like to bring to your attention; 1. I would urge you to support the allocation of a minimum of \$500 million for habitat protection and preservation. Some costly surveys and studies are of walue but too many end up mouldering away in some obscure file storage with lenelit to anyone. I'm referring to dispersal of Exxon Valdy Oil Spill Restoration monies. Habitat is key to wildlife well being, more other any other single factor. 2. a popular, well used, and readily accessible recrestional trail available to the AND STORE STREET, STREE in story. people of Kodisk now faces endangerment by logging and or development. Am referring to # 3 mile trail out to Termination urge you to use whatever means at your dyposal topplotect the integrity of their a or the people of recreational facility, both. Xodian, and for all alaskans who visit there. Sincerelys JAMES R. MAHAFFEY James R. Ma 9601 MIDDEN WAY ANCHORAGE, AK 99507

 \bigcirc

AKHIOK-KAGUYAK, INC. 5028 Mills Drive Anchorage, AK 99504 KONIAG, INC. 4300 B Street Suite 407 Anchorage, AK 99503 OLD HARBOR NATIVE CORPORATION P.O. Box 71 Old Harbor, AK 99643

March 15, 1993

EXXON VALUEZ OIL SPILL

TRUSTEE COUNCIL

EXXON-VALDEZ Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Dear Members of the Trustee Council:

On behalf of Akhiok-Kaguyak, Inc. Koniag, Inc., and Old Harbor Native Corporation--Alaska Native corporations which are the major owners of inholdings within the boundaries of the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge--we are expressing to you our interest in working with the Trustee Council and its staff to facilitate the acquisition of our landholdings through the use of EXXON-VALDEZ Trust Funds.

We are very pleased to learn that the restoration staff had conducted a preliminary evaluation of 138,000 acres owned by Akhiok-Kaguyak, Inc. You should be aware that over 250,000 acres belonging to all three corporations are available for consideration. (In fact, Koniag, Inc. submitted a project proposal to your staff for its 112,000 acres in June, 1992 as did Old Harbor for its 35,000 acres).

We understand that on February 16, you voted to instruct your staff to contact all major landowners in the oil spill zone about their willingness to participate in discussions which could lead to acquisition of Wildlife habitat. Please accept this letter as our early and positive response to your action.

As we have advocated to the Council over the past year, our corporations are committed to a comprehensive habitat conservation and acquisition project within the National Wildlife Refuge system on the Kodiak Archipelago. The Project's potential benefit for all concerned--the public at large, the wildlife, Native and non-Native residents of the area, the people of Kodiak, as well as the rest of Alaska--in substantial.

The Kodiak Project would:

.

Provide public access to lands now closed to such access;

Exxon-Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council March 15, 1993 Page 2

- Consolidate and enhance the management of the Refuge by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the management of Fish and Game by the State of Alaska;
- Conserve in perpetuity "brown bear" and other wildlife, as well as fish habitat so essential to a viable fishing industry;
- Stimulate economic growth including tourism in areas where such growth should take place for the benefit of Native and non-Natives alike; and
- Help protect the long-range viability of the rural Alaskan way of life and provide a lasting and positive legacy of our country's largest oil spill.

Our corporations are committed to working together to ensure that any acquisitions of our lands are accomplished in a fair and comprehensive way. We are, therefore, eager to provide your staff with any information which would aid them in their evaluation of our lands.

We look forward to discussions with the Council or your representatives at the earliest opportunity.

Sincerely,

AKHIOK-KAGUYAK, KONIAG, INCORPORATED

Ralph Eluska President

INCORPORATED Uwe Gross

OLD HARBOR NATIVE CORPORATION

Im for KU

Fmil Christiansen President

Chief Executive Officer

1-11 19-14-94 gev. Hichel - I hav just uniter is EVis Truster Council att DE'S Comments , 1) Strengthen the "Habian Protection" budget to a leave 500 million 2) Alesh the budget for " general Restantion" Scondoggle. 3 Support large ocquisitans, rel pury parcels surrounded by dear cuto, 4) Sau itu aner - Kenci 7 joras Nort Pari chenega danes 12 night delard, Epak lands afignat deland, Broduck Nove Wilaley Piferge Then can ALL US Rup important. There you nus Kisan Tislal

MRS. RICHARD H. TISDAN 43 GREENWAY ST. CRANSTON, RI 02910-5913

ABREAUSARED CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR

Dear prombers of the Elles Traster Concel On Lehnel of the Kidude Audien Speering. I would like in thank your the rule actions your tilkat the seconder and menny. We an delighted with the commitment my middle truthe included in frainten. in we also greatly appreciated your Offers to the Kiduale Island Burough for lands on Shungale and the to AJV For their land on Africande. We hope time dials will be setted! you actions have helped brighten The Christmas secien in Kuduak and we apprende at 1 day up the and which

Fur Season's Greetings Meilleurs Voeux Felices Fiestas 派 、 Позаравлено الطيت التمنيات أ

Exally, i many tolles. Mary Ecrims President Kellink Halden Speech



1220 - may

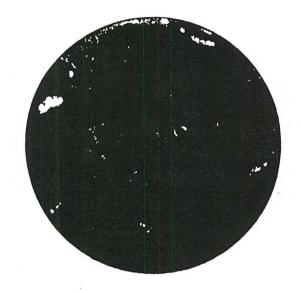
Thanks for your help in preserving the lands of the Rodiak Archipellago. what agreat thing you havedone. I sure hope you get a charee to go look at that beautiful place. Sincerely, Jay Halbert

To wish you all the special things This merry Christmas season brings.

Merry Christma<u>s</u>,

May this wonderful season of love and peace warm your life with a that will last through the se

marks for Alaska's protecting pag liver



Have a wonderful Christmas filled with all of your favorite things.

Thank you for the lows acquisition in the todiate area. It is wise use of the money & will provide many Marry Christmas doys for you & to have generations Jui Soyce

Kitoi Bay Kodiak AK99697



1.

Walfredo Reyes Carolina Reyes P.O. Box J26 Manhattan Beach, CA 90266

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

We strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

CO T

ncerely, Walfredo Reyes

/ Carolina Reyes

10.31

Carolyn Swanson 5941 Camino Lane #5 Paradise, CA 95969

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

HOME

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

- 12

Sincerely

Carolyn Swanson

Helen Faraday Young 716 N. June St. Los Angeles, CA 90038

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

11-2

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

-18.

Sincerely Helen Faraday

Shanti Shanti Kaur Khalsa P.O. Box 35882 Los Angeles, CA 90035

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

-12.

Sincerely,

hanti K.

Shanti Shanti Kaur Khalsa

Karen Licher P.O. BOX 1033 Sedona, AZ 86339

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

-12.

Sincerely,

Karen Lichen

Karen Licher

Don Strachan P.O. Box 1066 Middletown, CA 95461

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

-12.

Sincerely, Don Strachan

Tim Kiley 1122 6th St. #304 Santa Monica, CA 90403

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerely, im Kiley

Maurice M. Meir 139 S. Beverly Dr. Suite 204 Beverly Hills, CA 90212

:1

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerely, Maurice M. Meir

Ann McCaslin 5656 Lake Washington Bl. SE Bellevue, WA 98006

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

*12.

Sincerely, Ann McCaslin

Connie McCabe 555 Pico Ave. San Simeon, CA 93452

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

incerely, Connie McCabe

MRS. RICHARD H. TICOA 43 GREENWAY ST. CRANSTON, RI 02910-5913 .31 234 EC Ę SA Council. Isuster SF DEIS Commente EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COONCIL St anchoroge AR 99501 O USPS 199 Change Andrew Andrew s sector the sector of the 11.1 K right dullars arolaro An du Aun. 27 fords Nolima 1 Lance, Knight Out and areas Recerclin Julio Ohes alse g Free daus 4 auns o unde Forein Not's W Strong 3 protect SAVE Ø reral Kerner 7 5 (+ NUST about Lan anch dito 90 tv. 3

Bill Denneen 1040 Cielo Ln. Nipomo, CA 93444

1.1

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

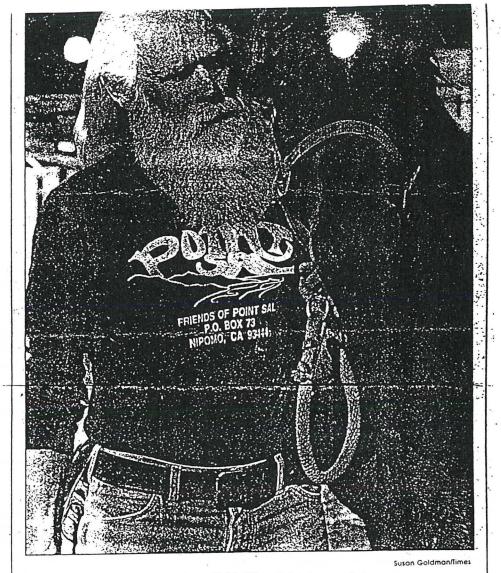
The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

-12

Sincerel

Bill Denneen



Bill Denrieen was awarded the Sierra Club's Oliver Kehrlein award.

Nipomo naturalist gains Sierra Club's highest honor

a club Monday, a hike three the Nipomo Dunes on Tucking and a horseback ride Weel esday. On Thursday, he led a pair of the Cayucos tide peed and on Saturday he plannes ... isit to the Pinnacles National Conument.

secause of his busy It is schedule leading people through the wonders of the local environment that Denneen was awarded the Sierra Club's prestigious Oliver Kehrlein award this year.

Thed. given to only one person in the nation each year, home s people who consistently lear outings and educate cout the environthe pullment

Sicr tub officials will present iward to Denneen at a ban-1 in San Francisco May 1

Gary ismat. the local chapte: non te c 171 . 2. 11. 15

1115

knowledge, announced at the group's March meeting that the Nixon: Dunes near Oso Denneen won the award. Des Flaco Laks, But, following a neen said he was so busy that day - hiking, riding, or doing whatever he does - that he almost didn't go. "It came the night of the

meeting and I said. 'I don't know if I want to go, it's a long drive,'" Denneen said.

Felsman said Denneen is so active educating people about the environment that when he submitted Denneen's name for the award, he sent in a pile of papers a quarter-inch thick just describing Denneen's tours

Denneen entered the conservation movement 30 years ago when he helped form the San Rafael Wilderness He also spent 25 years sharing information about the environment as a biology and reinrobiology teacher at Hancock College

One of the biggest fights in Denneen's years of activismi occurred during the 1960s. when PG&F considered only

ing a nuclear power plant on flurry of miticism from the public, PG&E built the plant at Diablo Canyon instead.

Now, the Nature Conservancy manages the Oso Flaco area, and Denneen feels comfortable that it will be pro-tected. So he has turned his attention to the Pismo State Vehicle Recreation Area.

He is founder and chairman of the Citizens for a Vehicle Free Dunes and often attends public hearings to urge the elimination of vehicles from the dunes.

"When enough citizens realize this beautiful shoreline ... is being run over by vehicles and noise we'll get rid of them," Denneen Suit

When he , not lobbying to eliminate whicles, he plans to rally behind a proposal recently released by a National Forest task force to reduce vehicle track to local forests.

JoAnne Thompson 1903 El Camino de la Luz Santa Barbara, CA 93109 Septembre /6, /994

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future.

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to <u>sell the lands or timber rights for</u> habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

I strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

-12.

Sincerely,

Conne Mompson

JoAnne Thompson

Ken Garber Sandra Garber 2405 S. Holt Ave. Los Angeles, CA 90034

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council 645 G St. Anchorage, AK 99509

Dear Trustees,

Government studies show that, five years after the Exxon Valdez oil spill, most populations of injured wildlife, including sea otters, seals, harlequin ducks, murrelets, and wild salmon, have not yet begun to recover. These species depend on the rain forest for their continued existence. However, large areas of forest along the 1500 mile stretch of coastline affected by the spill are scheduled for clearcutting in the near future:

The \$600 million from the settlement paid by Exxon that the Council controls can be utilized to permanently protect this unique and precious region along the Gulf of Alaska. Many of the Native-owned corporations that control inholdings scheduled for logging would prefer to sell the lands or timber rights for habitat protection, rather than see them logged.

We strongly urge you to spend ALL of the settlement funds to acquire the private lands within Chugach National Forest, Kenai Fjords National Park, Afognak Island, and Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. Only in this way can the wildlife populations of the region recover.

Sincerely Ken Garber

Sandra Garber

est was to improve the relationship between the community and the municipality and I feel that has improved.

My thanks to you Cordovans who continued to support me in our recent election despite the fact that I was not among those who won.

My congratulations to Jeff Guard and Bob Smith and I hope that they too will have the interest of the whole community as well.

Thank you, Mayor Margy Johnson, for your leadership and effort to draw the community together. A true politician is able to resolve conflict. Keep up the good work.

Thank you to each council member whom I have worked with on the council, I have appreciated all of you.

> Patsy Fisher Cordova

Thanks for buyback

The residents of Kachemak Bay are appreciative of your (Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council's) work to purchase the inholdings of Kachemak Bay state park. Many interest groups worked long and hard to support the park buyback. Thank you for understanding the importance of habitat protection and restoration.

We cannot sit back and rest though. We realize there are many habitat areas in the Exxon Valdez oil spill zones that need aid in the recovery of fish and wildlife species. Just like Kachemak Bay, there are many residents of Cordova and Kodiak that are working together with the community and private land owners to accomplish positive habitat protection. So many Alaskans are concerned about habitat issues. It has been over five years now. We all encourage the trustee council to do everything in their power to expedite and assist in accomplishing habitat protection.

Many of us young Alaskans hope to look back with a sense of accomplishment — knowing we have helped preserve and protect our future — the habitat of Prince William Sound and Kodiak's areas. Shannon McBride Homer

Revisit Capital move

The FRANK initiative is on the November ballot again as Ballot Measure No. 5. Many people have asked me why, since we adopted it in 1978, we have to do so again. To

office.

I have closely followed the track record of Don Young for the past two years. Knowing the tendency of my fellow Alaskans to blank out the news and the reports that have been aired on the young record of Don Young, I am here to refresh your memories.

Don Young stood tall and voted 'No' on the Brady Gun Bill. This is a complete violation of our constitutional rights.

Young stood tall and voted "No" on the North American Free Trade Agreement. This is another violation of the Constitution and a treaty that has brought economic disaster to America.

Young stood tall and voted "No" on the horrendous Crime Bill. A bill that violates every American's Constitutional rights. He damn near spiked it.

Young's firm "No" on the Lobbyist Reform Bill may have raised a few eyebrows ... until one understands the "rider" that was slipped in at the last minute. The rider labeling anyone a lobbyist who calls in their opinions on an upcoming bill to their congressmen or to the White Honse.

Under this lobbyist classification every caller would have to give their name, social security number, address and place of occupation. Failure to do so by the caller could slap he or she with a \$10,000 fine.

Think about this — how many are going to call, voicing their opinion, if they have to face a goon squad, ready to manhandle them to jail or to court? This pure dictatorship is muzzling the freedom of expression.

Don Young's stand on issues is affecting your freedom. Look at it, read it and study it. Then maybe, just maybe, each of you will vote on the facts and not from your opinions. Brooke Adkinson, Sr., a self-described "hermit," resides on Hinchinbrooke Island.

the capital to a site not less than 30 miles from Anchorage or Fairbanks. The exact site was to be chosen from a list prepared by what became known as the Capital Site Selection Commission. In 1976, three sites — Willow, Mt. Yenlo and Larson Lake — all in the Mat-Su Valley, were placed on the ballot and Willow was selected.

No price tag had been tied to Willow or any other site, so in 1977 three Fairbanks residents Carolyn Bushey, Charles B. Bettisworth and Mary A. Nordale, formed the FRANK Committee (then known as the Frustrated Responsible Alaskans Needing Knowledge) to circulate a petition to put the FRANK initiative on the ballot. The petition drive worked and in 1978 the FRANK Initiative and a bond proposition in the amount of \$966 million, part of a financing package prepared by the commission for the capital move, were on the ballot. Voters approved the FRANK Initiative and rejected the \$966 million bond proposition.

The legislature then enacted a bill to set up a Capital Site Planning Commission to develop A plan for the new capital city and determine both the total costs and the bondable costs of the move as required by the FRANK Initiative. That effort resulted in a bond proposition again without a price tag. The FRANK Committee was reactivated to circulate another initiative, almost identical to the first one, to require cost disclosure and voter approval of the move costs if voters approve the move proposition.

Do we want to spend the money to move the capital? Maybe yes, maybe no. We should at least be given a chance to make the choice. The FRANK Initiative guarantees us that choice.

Guarantee your choice. Vote yes on Ballot Measure No. 5.

Mary A. Nordale Juneau

IFQ Alliance needs Cordova fishermen

Cordova fishermen, the Alliance Against IFQs need you. We are in federal court with a strong case awaiting the last phase of oral arguments. How strong a case do we have? Consider what the IFQ and CDQ supporters have been saying and doing.

1) Clem Tillon was quoted in the Kodiak Daily Mirror on June 3, "I've looked at the lawsuit. Maybe it can get the lower court to change the outcome."

2) Seattle based FVOA had their lobbyists scampering in Washington, D.C. trying to attach a rider amendment to a bill specify-



"Cordova shoul no-alcohol becaus one should drink a hol,"

> Sage Bilder first-gr



"I think we're reacting. No one v to be responsibl themselves or actions. I think choice should be le to each person what they can resp bly handle. Now news is telling us glasses of wine a can help preve heart-attack. It cc down to pers responsibility,"

Wolfgang Hag:r ٥١ trucking com

> G Goi

Lacey Berns on behalf of area K Seiners Assoc. Box 26 15.1.) Kodiak, AK. Trustee State ECEIVE86-5091 IAN 1 6 1003 Lo quote mei mei lvans of The ADDit Reform Alliance " "The Exxon Val de ZNIS puls RESOLD a monument to negligence and callousness. Sew will argue That The incident on March 24, 1989 subjected Alashan Waters, wildlife, and communities to an unprecedented nightmare. This neghtmare lingers on for many of us, still affected by the spill, as Exxon manipulates The legal system, to suit its corporate needs. But, That's another story. Few will argue, that Kodiak island was severely impacted, by the onslaught of oil continued for the months ahead, to close our fisheries, bay by bay. Und to Kill our wildlife. We all recall how our community struggled to cope with The disaster, with VECO and EXXon, at The "helm" of our lives, and our livelihoods. Most agree. That The Kodiat salmon seine fleet was among the severely impacted fishing groups in 1989 - In fact, most of us sat glued to our chairs Throughout The long summer, in daily meetings with Exxon, DEC, ADF+ M, waiting for that one ray of hope -- a bay clean enough to conduct a fishery.

well, that didn't happen. And, while others were employed by VECO and EXXON en masse, Kodiat seiners suffered Through a devastating summer of no fishing and no employment. area k Seiners emerged as a group during That unforgettable summer, through an oil containment program. we developed. We have learned some Valuable lessons. Our group has grown and developed since 1989, actively participating in a miguad of issues -forest practices, ocean ecology, sea mammal protection .and others. area K Seiners is extremely interested in how The oil spell funds are spent and in The public process. This is an unparalleled opportunity for affected citizens to be involved in The restoration of the damaged coasts. We have several important recommendations when considering The public input process. • We feel that the Public Adrisory Group must be selected by The interest groups they represent, not appointed by government officials

. The Public Advisory Group must represent many diverse interests : commercial fishing, sport fishing, subsistence j'environmental organizations The Public Advisory Group should have separate subcommittees for the affected areas, which include local people who are not members of the P.A.G. Regarding The oil spill funds, area K Seiners supports first & foremost, fish and wildlife habitat restoration through land acquisition. This is critical, in order to protect and ensure The long-term recovery of the Kodiak archipelago. afognate island is recognized as a "jewel" in The Pacific. It's value to commercial fishing and recreational interests, is obvions. bfognak has natural ecological values which are vital to Kodiak's well-being, and an apparent in its stands of old-growth spruce forests, healthy salmon streams, The hatchery

the scenic beauty, and wildlife habitat for bear, elk, deer, for, otter, lagles, hawks, waterfowl, to name a few While affected by The oil spill itself, Afognak remains open and vulnerable to intensive logging operations unless stringent measures are taken to protect critical areas. A.K.S.A. also supports The acquisition of weer sites on Kodiak, located in several areas. In conclusion, our group recognise The complexity of managing This fund and has many concerns about the process. We feel the Trustees must carefully prioritize all suggestions for The funds, We discourage the use of This money in setting up meneaucracies for administrative parposes; 8 bevorge A for the rampant dispersal toward regnests, which do little for restoration of our damaged natural resources. We will continue to be involved in the process.

Andy Kahutak Chairman Akhiok-Kaguyak Corporation 5028 Mills Dr. Anchorage, AK 99508



EXXON VALUEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL

Please check the appropriate line below.

I am interested in my property and/or property rights being considered in the identification and analysis process.

YES	\succ
NO	

If yes, a legal description and/or map would be appreciated.

Comments:

sis J your 1.mars evalu AKLIOK our 146 an and sent RAY W n We reviewed fa ACCURACY informal submit Lurren

Person to contact for arranging discussions:

Name:

Address:

L. Elusica, President a 5078 mills Dr ANCHORAGE AK 99508

Phone:

907-337-2770

ph I Alushe_ Date: 3/ Signature: Cal Printed Name, Title: RAIPH L. Eluska

News Clippings

Lano aquisitions prove bonanza for borough

By SUE JEFFREY Mirror Writer

The Kodiak Island Borough received \$387,000 last week and about the same amount six months ago as compensation from the federal government for lost tax revenues.

Since 1978, when the Refuge Revenue Sharing Act became law, local governments receive money from the federal government when private land becomes federal property and is removed from the tax roles.

The borough deposits refuge revenue sharing funds, about \$800,000 over the past year, into the general fund budget. But only recently has the law generated much money for the borough, said KIB Mayor Jerome Selby.

"The borough only used to receive \$6,000-7,000 a year, or 25 percent of the total receipts the refuge took in from commercial operators — air taxis, guides and salmon setnet sites — because federal acquisition of private property was minimal until 1993.

"We are receiving more refuge revenue sharing money now — 3/4 of one percent of the market value — because 200,000 acres of private property has become national wildlife refuge land under the Exxon Valdez Trustee Council acquisition program," he explained.

Over the past several years, the council has purchased private parcels in the oil spill region, most of it Native claim lands, to protect wildlife habitat and then transferred title to the state or federal government for preservation.

The council recently purchased 41,750 acres on Afognak Island. The pot of refuge revenue sharing money will likely increase because the council intends to transfer at least 6,200 acres to the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge.

"There's a narrow strip along Blue Fox Bay the council wants to make refuge land so all of Blue Fox Bay would be in the Refuge," said Jay Bellinger, KNWR manager. "And there's another strip between Waterfall Lake and the east boundary of the refuge which would become refuge land."

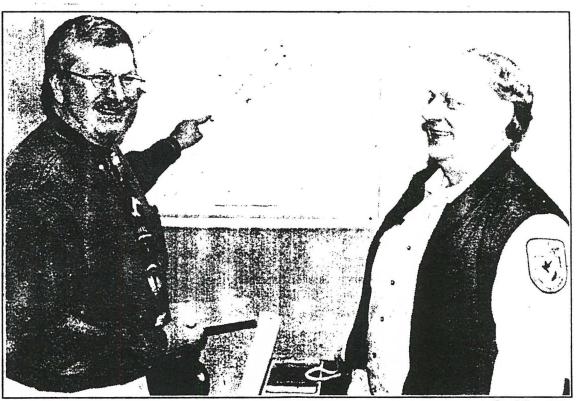
The remainder of the 41,750 parcel will become state property, which the council hopes the Leg-islature will make a state park.

"Making the Afognak parcel a state park has been part of the council's acquisition plan since 1993," said Joe Hunt, spokesperson for the EVOS Trustee Council.

The Afognak purchase is the last of the large parcel acquisitions, he said, but the council is still considering Termination Point and Long Island under its small parcel acquisition program.

"We did the appraisal on Termination Point and the landowner (Leisnoi, Inc.) is reviewing it," he said. "But I don't think an appraisal has been done on Long Island (also Leisnoi property.)"

THE KODIAK MIRROR 5/1/98



Sue Jeffrey photo

Kodiak Island Borough Mayor Jerome Selby, left, and Kodiak National Wildlife Manager Jay Bellinger agree the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council land acquisition program is benefitting local taxpayers and the refuge.



Dissident Akhiok shareholders want \$100,000 payout

ANCHORAGE (AP) — A Kodiak-based Native village corporation with a \$46 million windfall has turned to the courts to stop dissident shareholders demanding a \$100,000a-person payout.

Akhiok Kaguyak Inc. and three of its board members say that agreeing to the payment would put the once-impoverished corporation at financial risk. Akhiok realized the windfall in 1995, when it sold about half of its lands to the federal government.

Dissidents want a dispersal of more than \$15 million, said their lawyer, Richard Jameson. The company says shareholder demands amount to an illegal fight to wrest control of the

A company's board.

Akhiok's trouble is the latest in a series of fights within Alaska Native corporations waged by shareholders frustrated over what they say are meager returns from their companies.

In recent years, shareholders have pressured the timber-rich villages of Southeast Alaska to hand out tens of thousands of dollars to each shareholder. Shareholder revolts prompted Juneau's Goldbelt Inc. to distribute nearly half of its net worth.

Akhiok's dispute will be highlighted Friday when dissidents at the annual shareholder meeting hope to seat three board members favorable to their views.

The company meanwhile has turned to a state court, which on Wednesday is scheduled to decide if votes collected by the dissidents may be used.

Alaska Natives were enrolled as corporation shareholders under federal law in 1971 that settled Native land claims to virtually all of Alaska.

Akhiok and Kaguyak were separate village corporations that merged in 1979. The corporation now has 157 shareholders, company documents show.

Like many village corporations, Akhiok Kaguyak struggled financially for most of its early life.

Most of the company land ac-

May 19, 1997

quired under the federal law fell within the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge and was effectively blocked from development. Two years ago the federal government bought some company land, using part of the \$1 billion in legal settlements paid by Exxon after the 1989 Exxon Valdez oil spill.

Akhiok Kaguyak received \$46 million for the land, pumping \$37 million into a "permanent fund" investment to produce payments for shareholders in years to come, court documents say.

The company's other investments include Anchorage real estate, New Mexico apartments and a timber venture, a corporation financial report shows. The company also handed out about \$30,000 to each shareholder and this year expects to issue dividends worth about \$6,000 to each shareholder, Akhiok lawyer James Wilkens said.

But Clida Leger, a shareholder critical of past dividends, said she collected votes to support the opposition board candidates because she believes 'the shareholders aren't getting that much.''

She said a new slate also would change some company operations.

The group doesn't want to tap the company's permanent fund but it expects to get money by selling most of the company's' \$23 million in other assets.

Hodiak Daily Mirror

Shareholders demand payout

Dissidents battle village corporation

By BRUCE MELZER Daily News reporter

A group of shareholders is pressing their Kodiak Island village Native corporation to hand out about \$100,000 per person, prompting Akhiok Kaguyak Inc. to go to court this week to stop them.

The once-impoverished village corporation landed a \$46 million windfall when it sold about half of its land to the federal government in 1995. Dissidents want \$15.4 million distributed among the shareholders, said their lawyer, Richard Jameson.

Alaska's Natives became shareholders under a 1971 federal law that settled the Native claims to virtually all of Alaska.

Akhiok and Kaguyak were separate village corporations that merged in 1979. The corporation now has 157 shareholders, according to the company's court filings.

Like many village corporations, Akhiok Kaguyak struggled financially for most of its early life. Most of the company land acquired under the federal law fell within the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge and was effectively blocked from development. Two years ago the federal government bought some company land, using

part of the \$1 billion in legal settlements paid by Exxon after the 1989 Exxon Valdez oil spill.

The land was considered prime habitat for a number of species injured by the spill, the council said.

Akhiok Kaguyak received \$46 million for the land, pumping \$37 million into a "permanent fund" invested to produce payments for shareholders in years to come, according to court documents. The company's other investments include Anchorage real estate, New Mexico But Akhiok Kaguyak and a trio of board members charge that pulling out a huge chunk of money could make it insolvent. The dissidents are waging an illegal fight to take control of the company's board and force a massive payout, said company lawyer James Wilkens. At its heart, he said, the battle comes down to one thing: Money.

Akhiok's pay-me-now battle is the latest in a long series of fights within Alaska Native corporations waged

apartments and a timber venture, the corporation financial report shows.

The company also handed out about \$30,000 to each shareholder and this year expects to issue dividends worth about \$6,000 to each shareholder, said Wilkens, the company lawyer.

But Clida Leger, one of the shareholders wanting more money, said she doesn't think much of the company's investment track record. After expenses are paid, "the shareholders aren't getting that much," she said.

She is collecting votes in support of a trio of candidates who pledge to distribute more cash to shareholders and change some of the company operations.

The group doesn't want to tap the company's permanent fund, but they expect to get money by selling most of the company's \$23 million in other assets.

Leger said that if she gets more money from the company, she'll use it to send her two children to college and will invest the rest for retirement. Other shareholders have told her they want the money to buy houses, pay bills or get off welfare, she said. by shareholders frustrated over what they say are meager returns from their companies. In recent years, shareholders have pressured the timber-rich villages of Southeast Alaska to hand out tens of thousands of dollars per shareholder. Shareholder revolts prompted Juneau's Goldbelt Inc. to distribute nearly half of its net worth.

The war between Akhiok and its dissident shareholders is expected to come to a head next week. The company's annual shareholder meeting is Friday, where dissidents are hoping to seat three board members who support their cause. The company is hoping a state judge on Wednesday prevents the dissidents from using, in the Friday meeting, the votes they've collected.

But Akhiok Kaguyak charges that Leger and the candidates she backs are using misinformation to win votes. The candidates are making promises they can't legally deliver, the company said.

Jameson, the dissidents' lawyer, said the material they sent out to solicit proxy votes is "squeaky clean."

The corporation tried unsuccessfully this week to get a temporary restraining order to stop the dissident group and prevent them from voting their proxies during the May 23 annual meeting. A court hearing on the issue is scheduled for Wednesday before state Superior Court Judge Rene Gonzalez.

"We view this really as a last desperate attempt to void the ballot box," said Jameson. "We don't think they'll be successful, either in court or at the ballot box."

(inchorage Waly News) May 17, 1997

Will our wild places dwindle as our population grows:

One day last summer I drove to the river to fish for silvers, but since none were showing I watched people instead. They were widely scattered here and there along the bank, except a small group directly across the river from me.

P.03

Z'/6'/1'/8

 \supseteq

TRUM TRUM

Active reads

Five older gentlemen were standing almost shoulder to shoulder, so close I wondered how they managed to cast. Even though they were all wearing hip boots, they stood at least five feet back from the water. In the background a younger man hovered restlessly between them and a white van.

As I watched one of the men jerked sharply on his rod and began to fight a fish. Before he could land it, another also hooked up. It didn't take long to realize that both fish were dark humpies, and both were snagged.

Neither individual made any cffort to walk to the water's edge to release his fish, but dragged it, flopping and bouncing, across the rocks to their feet. I was startled when each, in turn, stomped on his fish to subdue it. I was outraged when the young man joined them and beloed them remove the hooks and kick the fish hard enough to land back in the river.

Over the next 20 minutes, as long as I could stand to watch, they must have maimed at least ten fish. It was almost as if they were punishing the fish for allowing themselves to be snagged.

Certainly there are regulations --that should have prevented such abuse and waste of fish. I reacted like anyone else to the sorry spectacle: I went looking for a Fish & Wildlife Protection officer.

Abuse of our wild resources is becoming sadly common, but passlaws won't do any good ing i't provide more officers if/



to enforce them. Whether we like it or not, as the number of people goes up, so will the cost of protecting and managing our resources.

So far our people problems are small, however, when you consider some of the other Western states. One of my favorite Montana rivers is renowned worldwide for its rich insect hatches, large brown trout, and wild scenery. As recently as three years ago you could fish almost anywhere on the private land along it.

Today much of the land has been subdivided into 5- to 20-acre "ranchettes," and with the flood of new homes has come a blizzard of NO TRESPASSING signs. If you want to fish that particular river today you had better have a seat in a drift boat, and heaven help you if you need to go ashore for any reason.

The bad news in this pattern of events is this: Within our lifetimes the world population is expected to double. I suspect that we will see more than a doubling of the people -using our wild places

As the population goes up, the acreage of undeveloped (and unposted) private land will continue declining. Where will everyone go for outdoor recreation? Public lands, of course. . .

· I am excited by the recent acquisition of 237,000 acres of land and conservation easements on the south end of Kodiak for the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. The corporations that owned those lands were in the awful economic dilemma of being forced to develop the land to generate revenue and pay taxes, even as their shareholders and the rest of us valued the land undeveloped and preserved in a wild state for future generations. With the income for the sale they can fulfill their economic responsibilities to shareholders, even as the land continues as an unspoiled heritage for future generations.

Over the long term undeveloped land will certainly be worth more and more as the growing population finds fewer and fewer places open to the public. The pressure on resources like our fish and game will be incredible, and it will become harder and harder to protect their habitat. True wilderness experiences will become rare and precious as people flood the dwindling wild places.

An important part of acquiring those lands will be planning how they should be used. We may not be facing such development as in Montana, but at some point we have to ask the question: "Is there such a thing as too many people in a refuge?"

Think about the bus loads of anglers on the road system before you answer that question. In the refuge it could be flocks of float planes and subdivisions of tents.

How many guides should have exclusive rights to any area? One? Two? Thirty? Unlimited access? I'll guarantee that if you have spent lots of money to reach a wilderness, there is certainly a point at which the number of people makes you reconsider your investment.

It is my sincere hope that we can find the way to preserve and protect our undeveloped lands and resources, even as we keep them open to a wide variety of uses. Due to economic pressures, it's certain they won't stay undeveloped in private hands, and private lands won't stay open to the public for long.

Sadly enough, placing the lands on the south end of Kodiak in public hands is no guarantee that the resources will be managed in a way

that we would like. It's going to take active and well informed participation in the public hearings, advisory committees, and development of management plans. It's also going to take money.

Last year some of the money from the Exxon Valdez oil spill court settlement were used by the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustees to buy lands on northern Afognak Island to become Afognak State Park, largely due to public support from Kodiak.

On Nov. 3 the Trustees also made an offer to the corporate land owners to buy an additional 60,000 acres on Afognak outright for public use, as well as a conservation easement on another 56,000 acres. On Dec. 2 the Trustees will meet again, and it will be important that they hear once again that their decision is important.

The proposed purchase has resulted in a debate between traditional pro-development and preservation camps about the effects of logging on wildlife and habitat. Each side can make a convincing case for their viewpoint, but for me there is an even larger issue at stake.

The current landowners will be forced by economics and taxes to develop the land over the short See Hank, Page 12

Hank-

Continued from Page 7

term, even as we are faced over the long term with more and more people and less and less undeveloped land. What is that land going to be worth to all of us 20 years from now? How about 50 years from now?

The money from the oil spill isn't going to hang around forever, and years from now it will certainly cost a lot more to buy the land. For outdoor recreation and the overall economy of Kodiak, the long term value of undeveloped land in public hands extends far beyond the short term income it can generate if developed.

Outdoor enthusiasts of all persuasions face difficult choices now and in the future. I urge you to take an interest in the long term views for our resources and recreation, and to become active in their management. Your views about the proposed Afognak land purchase, pro or con, are important to the Trustee Council (Exxon Valdez Settlement Trustee Council, 625 "G" Street, Anchorage, AK, 99501. Phone: 800-478-7745. Fax: 276-7178).

I know that it's a lot of work to study the issues and develop informed viewpoints. It's even worse to sit through a lot of meetings. Even so, the decisions about acquisition and management of public lands are being made right now, and they will affect us into the distant future.

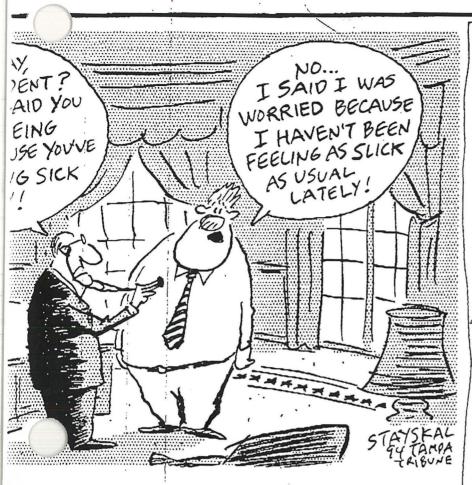
The debate about gun control was driven by people in big cities faced with gun battles in their streets. Those streets are a long ways from Kodiak, but just try to buy a short barreled, high capacity, folding stocked shotgun for reasonable use on Kodiak far from those war zones. What kind of decisions are those distant city dwellers going to make 20 years from now when public lands are overcrowded and fish and wildlife resources are threatened? Look at access to private lands and the management of public lands and fish and wildlife resources near those cities, and you can make an informed guess.

It's time for all of us to get busy, learn as much as we can, and become active in the future of our resources. 11-28-1994 11:33AM FROM

TO

2767178 P.01

tore journalists than themselves what they call "user-friendly." Unofficially this is known as "dumb-



rior, uncivilized savhe hot African climate and Slavers used both suments to justify the million people and the al scores of millions. century, the concept of bed by scientists of the sations into skull sizes clusion that the smallle were inferior to the people. This nonsensigument was also used

century, German and entists used racial rehat the Irish and Jews ses" compared to the books these scientists llers in their day and "scientific" basis for ws.

international research i consensus that there ific about the concept is consensus that there iff, only note that iff, only note that ecause of geowever, this has not scientists of our day and Herrnstein from lers like "The Bell Curve." Though their conclusions are just as erroneous as racist scientists of the past, history shows that a lot of political mileage can be gained from blaming social problems on "race" and skin color. - Lawrence D. Weiss

Land protection wonderful

This is to commend recent land protection settlement actions taken by the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council. The areas now protected include pristine Alaska forests and wildlife habitat in Kachemak Bay, Afognak Island and Kodiak Island that I want my children's children to fish. Much of this land will be protected from logging interests, which directly will benefit much of the wildlife impacted by the spill.

The actions are especially amazing when you consider the parties that negotiated the settlement consisted of three Hickel-appointed and three Clinton-appointed council members and various Native corporations. Maybe there is hope for our hard-earned tax dollars. Several tracts of land within Prince

Several tracts of land within Prince William Sound currently are being considered for protection under trustee action. American Heritage. This article is adapted from a longer version in that magazine.

The tracts within the Sound particularly are qualified for protection considering the Sound has received minimal settlement actions and the wildlife within the Sound has been most impacted by the spill.

One of my favorite spots in all Alaska is included in the areas under consideration. The Knight Pass area in Prince William Sound is a unique and invaluable asset that deserves any protection the council could provide. The local system of lakes and streams hosts one of the largest red salmon populations in the sound. What a great opportunity to set aside a little slice of heaven and protect the sound from commercial exploitation.

Council members, good luck in your Dec. 2 meeting. Compromise is golden when the gains are to be enjoyed forever! — Chris Zetterberg

Genes don't lie

It has been systematically proved numerous times by white-skinned scientists that humanity began within the borders of Africa. In other words, "Adam and Eve" were Africans: read "blackskinned." It has been proven that you can genetically fashion a white-skinned person from a black-skinned person, but you cannot fashion a black-skinned person from a white-skinned person. The science of genetics proves that the genes contained in an African are dominant to the genes contained in a European. The European comes from the African, so this nonsense about I.Q. and race should never be raised - if anything, whites are the ones who are inferior because they entertain such foolishness.

Gregory Poullard

Human spirit alive in Fairview

This is to say that amidst the desperation and ugliness that can be seen in Fairview there beat a few hearts with humanity and kindness.

When my cat got lost in the heart of Fairview and ended up having her new litter under someone else's house, I found nothing but support, help and neighborly kindness from people around me.

Not only did they help me search and find her, but still they are involved in making it possible for her to raise her young and survive this hard time.

I want to thank them all, they know who they are and include the message of no matter how dismal and dark things may seem, the human spirit is alive and kicking in Fairview.

Cornelia Dillinger

pages

To: TRUSTEES please distribute to all Trustees and Mr. Ayersi Thankyon

Spill-area work not enough

Residents of Kachemak Bay are appreciative of the Trustee Council's work to purchase the inholdings of Kachemak Bay State Park. Many interest groups worked long and hard to support the park buyback. We thank them for understanding the importance of habitat protection and restoration.

Anchorage Daily News 10/17/94

We cannot sit back and rest, though. We realize there are many habitat areas in the Exxon Valdez oil spill zones that need aid in the recovery of fish and wildlife species. Just like Kachemak Bay, there are many residents of Cordova and Kodiak who are working together with the community and private land owners to accomplish positive habitat protection. So many Alaskans are concerned about habitat issues; and it has been over five years now. We all encourage the Trustee Council to do everything in its power to expedite and assist in accomplishing habitat protection.

Many of us young Alaskans hope to look back with a sense of accomplishment - knowing that we have helped preserve and protect our future - the habitat of Prince William Sound and Kodiak areas. - Shannon McBride

Homer

Support Kohring for House

I'm writing in support of Vic Kohring, who's the new state House candidate for District 26 (Wasilla and Peters Creek). I've known Vic for many years both personal-ly and professionally, and will vouch that he's a person of many qualities, and one I would be proud to have representing our district.

What's critical to the district is someone who's not afraid of hard work and commitment, and who is willing to go to bat for us in Juneau. We need the capital moved, which Vic enthusiastically supports, but we also need a leader who would be committed to developing our economy and improving our roads and schools, as he has stated, and also one who maintains a conservative viewpoint on the issues. I see Vic as being such a leader.

I urge my fellow voters to support Vic Kohring for state House.

> - Dick Stoffel Wasilla

Rotary, changes positive

Kudos to Shella Toomey for describing whipped-up emotion led to not completion of 4: -



2101114

010 0010 876-7178 Н.И1

24-year-member of the clu these internal changes ma better able to meet Rota: service to the community vancement of international ing, goodwill and peace.

The men and women of toward those goals in co Internationally through the dation - one of the wc foundations - we adminis assistance programs thre world. Here in Alaska, the R exchange program has seen young Alaskan "ambassado study in countries other tha College scholarships from the Rotary clubs total thousand annually. Rotarians citywid in dozens of volunteer and activities throughout our con tary is truly a positive f community and the world. covering this trend-setting tal - Lloyd Morris, p Anchorage

Put a stop to hate

Hate's cozing out of that se "temple" again, poisoning Ar spreading. "Prevo's not inve his creature. Well, there's no

mountains, either. Attacks on homosexuals ugly to vicious. Certainly they