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UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA STATEWIDE SYSTEM

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October 28, 1992

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

RE: *Exxon Valdez* Marine Sciences Endowment

Dear Trustees:

The proposal submitted to you by Senator Arliss Sturgulewski entitled "*Exxon Valdez* Marine Science Endowment" is an excellent framework for pursuing the issues and concerns associated with Prince William Sound restoration and revival.

The long-term approach outlined in Senator Sturgulewski's proposal is similar to a concept proposed in my letter to you of June 4, 1992, and I continue to believe that it is the most responsive and responsible approach that the Trustee's can take. The restoration needs of the Prince William Sound cannot be fully met unless the process is explicitly planned to occur over a longer period than the payments from Exxon. The eight year program first outlined by your group is simply too short a time, given coastal life cycles, to complete a comprehensive analysis of the spills impact.

The State of Alaska has an opportunity to provide world leadership in the emerging area of restoration ecology. The objectives outlined in the Marine Sciences Endowment proposal provide first for the crucial work of damage assessment, monitoring and restoration. In addition, the proposal outlines objectives similar to those included in your Restoration Framework, aimed at assuring that information gained from the *Exxon Valdez* tragedy can be used to mitigate similar events in the future. The ability to carefully study the Prince William Sound ecosystem provides an unprecedented opportunity for generating research information relating to resource damage and restoration.

An endowment is particularly important because it gives the state the opportunity to do the long-term studies that are necessary to adequately monitor changes in the coastal ecosystem. Additionally, the establishment of a foundation to manage the endowment will assure that studies are

coordinated between agencies and, if effectively managed, will assure that political considerations play a minimal role in the restoration and revitalization of Alaska's spill damaged coastal regions.

I urge you to give this proposal your support. I am certain that you have considerable pressure to expend the *Exxon Valdez* settlement for short-term solutions. In addition to the public pressure for land purchase and economic development projects, all of the state and federal agencies involved with research, management, and assessment of the Prince William Sound region are hard pressed for operating funds that might well be supplemented with these settlement dollars. These factors make your task more difficult, but they also dramatize the need for a cautious and far reaching resolution. The creation of the Marine Sciences Endowment will make the maximum use of the settlement monies, and will provide the State of Alaska with the best opportunity to turn the tragedy of the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill into a meaningful legacy of value not only to Alaska, but to all the world's coastal regions.

Sincerely,

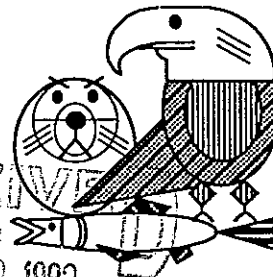


Jerome B. Komisar
President

JBK:dm

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council

645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Phone: (907) 278-8012 Fax: (907) 276-7178



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EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
November 16, 1992 ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Jerome B. Komisar
University of Alaska Statewide System
202 Butrovich Bldg.
Fairbanks, AK 99775-5560

Dear Mr. Komisar:

Thank you for your letter regarding the Marine Science Endowment supported by Senator Arliss Sturgulewski. As you may be aware, a number of other citizens and interest groups are also in favor of placing some or all of the settlement funds into a trust fund or endowment. This idea deserves careful consideration, and will be discussed at some length in the Draft Restoration Plan, which we expect to be distributed for public comment in April 1993.

Your opinions and suggestions, along with those received from other members of the public, will be carefully considered as the Trustee Council makes decisions about the overall restoration program.

We very much appreciate your ideas and concerns. If you have additional comments or questions, please feel free to contact me in care of the address above.

Sincerely yours,

TRUSTEE COUNCIL

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Dave R. Gibbons", is written over the printed name.

By Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council

211-102, # 27 0
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**VALDEZ FISHERIES
DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION INC.**

August 27, 1992

P.O. Box 125
Valdez, Alaska 99686
Phone 835-4874 Fax 835-4831



Curt McVee
Department of the Interior
Office of the Secretary
1689 C Street, Suite 100
Anchorage, Alaska 99501-5151

Dear Mr. McVee:

As the restoration process continues to develop, I am getting more and more concerned about how much qualified restoration is going to take place versus the type of grab bag political arm twisting that took place with the Exxon Criminal Settlement Funds. While I realize that the process is very complex, something seems to be amiss.

We are a partner group of the Cooperative Fisheries and Oceanographic Studies (CFOS) lead by Dr. Ted Cooney of the University of Alaska's Institute of Marine Science. A lot of work has gone into the concept proposal "Establishing an Ecological Basis for Restoring and Enhancing the Mixed-Stock Salmon Resources in Prince William Sound: Early Marine Influences" which I understand that you have rejected. For reasons that I cannot comprehend the incredibly valuable salmon resource of Prince William Sound seems to be receiving a very low priority from the restoration process with which you have been entrusted.

Our consortium (CFOS) is not capable of competing with lobbyist and large groups which are aggressively seeking funding from restoration funds. We are quite simply fisheries professionals trying to facilitate the restoration process in what we perceive to be the most important areas.

As you are reviewing the myriad of proposals ranging from huge land acquisitions to \$10,000 projects, I sincerely hope that you can maintain an adequate focus on the marine resources of Prince William Sound for post spill restoration and research as we continue to try to understand the full impacts of the spill.

*DEDICATED TO THE UTILIZATION, CONSERVATION,
AND REHABILITATION OF ALASKA'S FISHERY RESOURCE
WITHIN THE 200-MILE LIMIT*

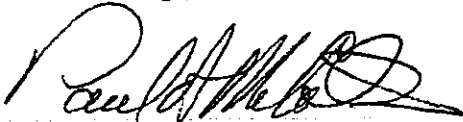
August 27, 1992
Page 2

The following recommendations are for your consideration:

1. Implement a ground zero starting point for reviewing proposals after the Sea Grant meeting in Anchorage when most of us will be getting our first opportunity to understand the real and potential impacts of the spill.
2. Place fifty percent of the total annual funds into an endowment to enable long term interest driven restoration. This will help insure that all the funds are not expended when we just start understanding the true impacts of the spill. This will also enable funds to be available for the inevitable future spills that will occur.
3. Assign P.W.S. Salmon restoration and research with a very high priority based on its importance to the area and the unknown long term impacts.
4. Fund the aforementioned CFOS project which is crucial to our ability to direct responsible and accurate future restoration for the salmon of Prince William Sound.

Thank you for your consideration of these matters. We will be getting much more involved in the restoration process and are looking forward to future meetings and discussions of this very important issue.

Sincerely,



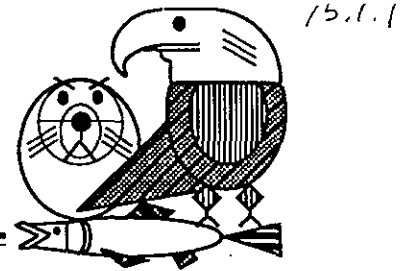
Paul A. McCollum
Executive Director

PAM/dar

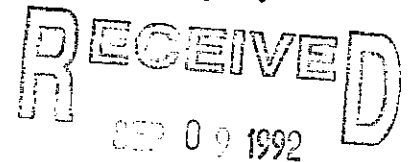
cc: R. Ted Cooney, UAF
John McMullen, PWSAC
Mark Willete, ADF&G
Restoration Team

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council

645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Phone: (907) 278-8012 Fax: (907) 276-7178



September 9, 1992



EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Mr. Paul A McCollum
Valdez Fisheries Development Association, Inc.
P.O. Box 125
Valdez, AK 99686

Dear Mr. McCollum:

Thank you for your letter of August 27 concerning the fishery resources of Prince William Sound. It is very useful for the Trustee Council to receive specific recommendations for restoration of resources and services damaged by the oil spilled from the *Exxon Valdez*.

You expressed concern that the restoration idea you submitted for consideration, "Establishing an ecological basis for restoring and enhancing the mixed-stock salmon resources in Prince William Sound: early marine influences," did not move forward.

Due to the large number of ideas received, and their wide range of topics and detail, the project review process was designed to be systematic using guidelines or screening criteria. The screening criteria used for reviewing all submitted ideas are:

Critical Factors

1. Is there linkage to resources and/or services injured by the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill?
2. Is the project technically feasible?
3. Is the project consistent with applicable federal and state laws and policies?

Damage Assessment Ideas

4. Was the project previously funded for close-out?
5. Was the project a 1993 close-out project?
6. Is this a new project where injury was only recently evident?
7. Is there a need to continue studies to understand the injury?

Restoration Ideas

8. Can a restoration end-point be identified?

9. Does the project have a critical time factor to the recovery of the injured resource/service which must be addressed in 1993?
10. Is the opportunity lost to use specific restoration techniques if the project is not funded in 1993?
11. Is this a long-term project which requires an irreversible commitment of funds for future years?

When the Restoration Team reviewed your idea they determined it met the Critical Factors (criteria 1-3). The idea was not a Damage Assessment Idea, so it was not subjected to screening criteria 4-7. The Restoration Team concluded your idea was a restoration project with a restoration end-point, not involving long-term commitment. However, the idea was rejected since it is not time critical (critical factor #9) and the opportunity to use restoration techniques in the future would not be lost (critical factor #10). The Trustee Council is kept well informed of the actions of the Restoration Team, and has offered input into developing these "idea review guidelines."

The rejection of your idea for the 1993 Work Plan does not exclude it being submitted for consideration again for the 1994 Work Plan. A draft Restoration Plan will be available at that time, offering more guidance into what kinds of projects will and will not be acceptable.

I am pleased that you plan to become more involved in the restoration process and the Trustee Council activities. Thank you again for your letter and the interest of Valdez Fisheries Development Association, Inc. in the restoration program for resources damaged by the oil spill.

Sincerely yours,

TRUSTEE COUNCIL



By Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council

Alaska State Legislature



Senate

SENATOR
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

RECEIVED
AUG 31 1992
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STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801-1182
(907) 465-3818
EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

August 26, 1992

John Sandor
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
410 Willoughby Avenue, Suite 105
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1795

Dear John:

Since I submitted my first proposal to you outlining the *Exxon Valdez* Marine Sciences Endowment over two months ago, I have had the opportunity to do two things. First, I have become more familiar with the goals and philosophy of the trustee council. Second, I have become more conversant with the overall picture of oil spill damage, restoration progress, and future restoration needs. As a result, I am more convinced than ever that my proposal or an endowment similar to it is vital to guide future activity in Prince William Sound and other areas injured by the spill. With this letter, I send a revised version of my June 15, 1992 proposal for the 1993 Work Plan and the Restoration Plan. This version expands on the original, making clearer the form of the endowment and the benefits it will engender.

Misfortune often begets fortune; catastrophe has provided the means to create a lasting legacy for Alaska's marine ecosystems and the people who use them. Certainly the creation of a research endowment will involve substantially more effort than will the typical damage assessment or restoration project. There are some obstacles, but none are insurmountable. I believe that, as guardians of the public trust, you have a wonderful opportunity to treat these challenges as incentives to invest in Alaska's future. The greater the challenge, the greater the return on the investment will be.

Please contact me or Richard Rainery of my staff if you have questions about this proposal.

Sincerely

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Arliss".

Arliss Sturgulewski
State Senator

cc: Restoration Team members

PROPOSED RESTORATION OPTION

Exxon Valdez Marine Sciences Endowment

State Senator Arliss Sturgulewski
State Capitol, Room 427
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182
465-3818

August 24, 1992

I. Purpose

I propose that the 1993 Work Plan or the Restoration Plan include a long-term research endowment. The *Exxon Valdez* Marine Sciences Endowment would be created by diverting a portion of civil settlement funds due the State of Alaska and the United States into a separate fund. The endowment will have two primary objectives. Its basic purpose is as a source of funding dedicated to long-term baseline marine research necessary to:

- monitor and assess the status of ecosystems and resources affected by the oil spill;
- determine how to best effect resource recovery and enhancement where necessary and feasible; and
- identify needs and opportunities to enhance or acquire equivalent natural resources.

The spill has magnified both the opportunity and responsibility for prudent stewardship of Alaska's spill-distressed resources, lands, and waters. The preeminent mission of the endowment is to advance knowledge applicable to resource and habitat management, to speed and improve restoration, and to monitor and assess restoration and revival.

The Restoration Framework states that "(t)he trustees propose to restore natural resources and natural resource services in the areas affected by the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill to their pre-spill condition." Fully half of the potential restoration

options presented in that document¹ are dependent upon the acquisition of currently unavailable marine science data.

A research endowment will be a crucial tool in taking on issues and concerns identified in the Restoration Framework, providing funding for:

- future spill prevention;
- continued clean-up need assessment;
- continued natural resource damage assessment;
- long-term injury research;
- long-term monitoring;
- natural healing capacity study;
- regulatory program evaluation; and
- habitat protection needs assessment.

Damage control and clean-up, restoration, and acquisition will forever change affected ecosystems. The enduring legacy of an endowment is thus appropriate and will engender great benefits. One inevitable and happy corollary will be an improved capacity to respond to Alaska's next maritime calamity. We have already made a substantial investment in healing spill damages. We must protect that investment and reap future dividends from it.

Another benefit is the preservation of the endowment corpus, giving the trustees continued options and time to consider those options. An endowment safeguards a portion of settlement funds from pressures for immediate use. Once a dollar is spent on restoration or acquisition, it is spent. An endowment dollar remains an income spawning resource for the future. This endowment, in its fully funded form, could be the source of funding for about half of the projects, costing over \$6 million, on a preliminary list for the 1993 Work Plan².

¹Restoration Framework, Appendix B.

²"Exxon Valdez Restoration 1993 Project Ideas", July 21, 1992.

For as long as necessary, resources to study and understand spill damages and our attempts to counteract them will be available. Given the infant status of restoration ecology, continual assessment of our efforts to restore Prince William Sound and other areas is essential. Even if the cumulative wisdom gained by establishing a research endowment consists of no more than learning how nature heals itself, that knowledge will be unprecedented and priceless.

II. Endowment Charter and Operations

Endowment Structure: The trustee council will create the *Exxon Valdez* Marine Research Foundation to manage a similarly named endowment. The foundation charter will be based on principles established by the trustees. A board of directors would govern the foundation. There are two choices in establishing a board: 1) the trustee council acts as the foundation board or 2) the trustees create a board distinct from the council. I suggest the second option.

Appointment of an independent board creates the issue of delegation of authority. The civil settlement memorandum of agreement requires that the trustees unanimously approve all "...decisions relating to restoration activities or other use of natural resource damage recoveries...including...allocation of funds."³ Charter principles specifying the mission of the endowment, perhaps abetted by periodic statements of the will of the trustees, would likely satisfy this requirement.

In either case, the trustees must approve the final version of the charter, whether articulated by a separate board under trustee guidance or by the trustees themselves. The Alaska Science and Technology Foundation provides a model that the trustees may find instructive.

Board Composition: An autonomous board would be composed of the principal north Pacific marine research agencies, the University of Alaska, University of Washington, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (Alaska Region). The board would also benefit from expertise in grant evaluation and administration, a logical source being the Alaska Science and Technology Foundation. Finally it would include a number of seats designated for one or more other marine research institutes, resource users, or community representatives.

³Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree, p. 10.

Endowment Life: The endowment will be established, beginning in December 1992, as a trust with a perpetual (or unspecified) existence or as a limited duration sinking fund which will spend itself out of existence by a time certain. An unlimited period of existence is preferable, at least until the duration of tangible effects of the spill has been defined. The time should be sufficient to allow full assessment of long-term damages and recovery and study of alternatives. This will inevitably stretch beyond the point at which damage is no longer measurable and past the day when the last check from Exxon is received.

The Department of Fish and Game's creation of the Frazer Lake sockeye salmon run and its subsequent failure about 20 years later demonstrates that the consequences of resource management initiatives may not be known for decades. Damage assessments to date "...suggest a prolonged, spill-related effect on the western Prince William Sound sea otter population.⁴" Since perhaps as many as half the sound's sea otters died from exposure to spill effluents, this is an understatement. Other species suffering heavy spill mortality, like the common murre, may require decades to recover.⁵

The full extent of injuries to other long-lived, low reproductive rate species such as the orca may not even reveal themselves for years. We do not yet know if anything can be done to help these and other species recover. It is certain that the spill, damage control, restoration, and habitat acquisition have altered and will continue to alter natural systems irreversibly. While these systems will eventually revive, they will not be the same systems they were during the pre-spill era.

Endowment Management: The foundation's operations and research grant program would be outlined in annual plans composed by its board and approved by the trustees. If the foundation's charter is explicit enough, it may not be necessary to compose and approve a new plan annually. Since the focus is long-term research, revising a multi-year program could be appropriate. Trustee approval of board plans would help fulfill previously noted MOA requirements that decisions be made by the trustees.

The endowment would be constructed from annual contributions on a schedule based on the total amount and the fund's structure (options include a perpetual trust or a sinking fund). I prefer the trust option. With the principal inviolate,

⁴Restoration Framework, p.23.

⁵Restoration Following the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill, pp. 43-45.

only annual earnings would be spent on administration, grants, and inflation proofing. \$75 million to \$100 million deposited into a perpetual trust would be sufficient to generate annual income supporting a meaningful grant program (see attached tables). "Front-loaded" contributions generate adequate operating income sooner, freeing the trustees from responsibility for administrative costs, and increasing the amount available for grants.

Financial management should be conservative, on the model of the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation, the objects being to protect the principal from the effects of inflation and provide a predictable annual income stream.

The endowment should be set up outside of the U.S. District Court Registry Investment System (CRIS) where settlement funds currently are invested until the trustees draw upon them. CRIS regulations limiting investments to short-term U.S. Treasury securities make it impossible to earn returns adequate to fund a meaningful program. If the MOA is interpreted to require that funds be deposited in the CRIS, there is provision to change that.⁶ Establishing a separate endowment may require that the trustees obtain relief from U.S. Treasury regulations concerning the reversion of interest on "public funds" to the treasury.

Foundation Operations: Operations costs will be held to a minimum (target - approximately 4% to 5% of funds available annually) by utilizing existing agency resources as much as possible. A small staff will screen proposals and administer grants. The trustees may want to administer the foundation until annual income is sufficient to support operations, the board is appointed and the administrative apparatus is in place. Alternatively, a higher percentage of annual earnings could be devoted to operating costs until the endowment is generating adequate income. At that point, the expense ratio could be decreased to the target.

State law (AS 37.14.420) prohibits state trustees from agreeing to expenditures from the trust established in the MOA to "...a person or entity other than an agency of the state or federal government unless the expenditure is for administrative expenses of the trust" and is consistent with the state procurement code. As a consequence, the MOA may have to be modified as noted in the section on endowment management. Furthermore, research grants to entities other than state or federal agencies will likely have to be contracted through a state or federal agency (the usual practice with damage assessment and restoration projects now) rather than granted directly to the applicant.

⁶Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree, p. 10.

III. Research Grant Program

Purpose: To provide funding for marine ecosystem research, focussing on the food chain, (from the first link to the last) oceanographic systems, and their interrelationships. We must know, as best we can, the fundamental long-term implications of the oil spill for resource management, systematic levels and distribution of environmental and ecological constituents, and standing stocks of biota. The prime objective of each project would be to increase understanding of the structure and dynamics of marine ecosystems affected by the oil spill, including the responses of marine organisms and their interactions with the surrounding environment.⁷ Applicants will be expected to identify and use other applicable funding sources to complement foundation funding where possible.

Proposal Evaluation and Eligibility: While the trustees may choose to provide more specific direction in the foundation charter, there are three basic eligibility criteria:

- A proposal must demonstrate scientific merit and technical feasibility;
- The outcome of a proposal must advance management of injured marine resources or systems or the equivalent of such injured resources or systems;
- A legitimate link between the civil settlement requirements to restore, replace, enhance, rehabilitate, or acquire natural resources injured by the spill or their equivalents and the outcome of a proposal must be established.

Endowment funded research will monitor recovery and assess restoration alternatives. It will permit the identification of hitherto unknown "consequential injuries." The endowment will provide the tools to determine when "full ecological recovery has been achieved," as it is defined in the Restoration Framework.

The proposal review and evaluation process will be based on accepted practice for the sciences. The Alaska Science and Technology Foundation again provides a germane precedent. It will involve three components: 1) initial review by the foundation for purposes of cataloging proposals and identifying those which

⁷This statement of purpose is adopted in modified form from the U.S. Arctic Research Commission's 1991 Arctic Ocean/Bering Sea research goals.

obviously do not meet basic standards; 2) evaluation by relevant peer review committees; and 3) final recommendations/approval for funding by the foundation board. Depending upon the structure of the endowment, the board's decisions may then be forwarded to the trustee council for final concurrence.

Research work should not arbitrarily be limited to the area in which floating oil was detected or to the period of scheduled settlement payments. Since the spill, a learning process has begun. What we learn may suggest that the settlement framework must be modified or transcended.

When the spill occurred, we had only a very incomplete understanding of the status and interrelationships of the resources and habitats of Prince William Sound and the Gulf of Alaska. In restoring spill-injured species and systems to pre-spill conditions, there may be no alternative to conducting research in similar uninjured areas to develop a picture of pre-spill baseline conditions.

The settlement charge to enhance or acquire the equivalent of injured natural resources or reduced or lost services will naturally lead beyond spill boundaries. The resources and systems of Prince William Sound, the Gulf of Alaska, and the Bering Sea are not neatly divisible, but strongly interdependent in many ways.

- Winter atmospheric conditions in the sound, the gulf, and the southeastern Bering Sea are historically very similar and directly linked to salmon harvests, according to a recent hypothesis.⁸
- The oceanographic systems of the three bodies of water are not discrete. The dominant feature of Gulf of Alaska oceanography, the Alaska Current flows along the gulf coast, through Prince William Sound, and then straddles Kodiak Island.⁹ Eventually, some of this same water that carried spilled oil out of Prince William Sound streams through Unimak Pass and other passes into the Bering Sea.

The Subarctic Current system originates in the western Bering Sea. It flows along the Aleutians, then skirts the Gulf of Alaska until it nears the coast of British Columbia. There it bisects, the northern branch becoming one of the primary sources of the Alaska Current.

⁸"Salmonid Fisheries Oceanography of the Northeast Pacific," (Proposal to Washington SeaGrant).

⁹Pacific Salmon Life Histories, p. 72.

- Nor are biota of the three seas discrete. Four of the five salmon species spawning in Alaskan streams frequent both the Bering Sea and parts of the Gulf of Alaska fouled by the renegade cargo of the *Exxon Valdez*.¹⁰ Bristol Bay sockeye, for one, migrate along the south shore of the Alaska Peninsula, within the recorded range of the spill during their third year at sea on their way back to their home streams. Sockeye from Prince William Sound and the entire southern coast swim essentially the length and breadth of the Gulf of Alaska during their three year ocean odyssey.

Pink salmon, both immature and maturing, from southeast and gulf Alaska likewise traverse the entire gulf including the spill zone. So do western Alaska and other chum salmon stocks, in all probability. Central and southeastern bred chinook are thought to be common in the Bering Sea and Bering Sea chinook are found in the western gulf.

- A joint Japanese-U.S. longline survey released tagged sablefish along the continental slope from 1979 to 1987. Recoveries made during the same period show that fish released in various North Pacific Fishery Management Council (NPFMC) regulatory areas ranged widely throughout the Gulf of Alaska, Aleutians, and Bering Sea.¹¹ Table 1 shows recovery sites of tagged sablefish released in the NPFMC Central Gulf of Alaska (which corresponds closely to the *Exxon Valdez* spill area) and Bering Sea regulatory areas.

It appears tagged fish moved freely between the Gulf of Alaska and the Bering Sea. Sablefish from all over the Gulf of Alaska seem to frequent the spill area: over half the releases in the central gulf were recovered in other regulatory areas. Almost one fifth of the mature (large in the table) tagged fish released in the Bering Sea were recovered in the spill zone. It seems sablefish are highly and widely mobile throughout their lifespan. They do not appear to be homebodies, but to spend their lives moving throughout the gulf and Bering Sea. Fish spawned in oiled waters may spend their reproductive years in Bering Sea or Southeast waters. Sablefish are long-lived; thus injuries may not manifest themselves until many years and many miles separate them from the point of exposure to injury.

¹⁰Pacific Salmon Life Histories, pp. 79, 81, 190, 264, 267, and 336.

¹¹"Movement Dynamics of Tagged Sablefish in the Northeastern Pacific," in *Fisheries Research*, 1991, pp. 355-374.

Table 1

Annual Sablefish Movement Estimates
(Percentage by size of fish)

Release Area	Recovery Area				
	E. Gulf	C. Gulf	W. Gulf	Bering Sea	Aleutians
Small Fish					
C. Gulf	19.4	48.4	22.9	4.6	4.6
Bering Sea	1.0	7.3	16.1	71.0	4.7
Med. Fish					
C. Gulf	27.2	47.4	19.8	2.3	2.9
Bering Sea	2.9	16.5	24.6	49.4	6.6
Large Fish					
C. Gulf	46.8	42.3	7.3	1.1	1.7
Bering Sea	9.5	18.1	25.9	28.6	17.8

Source: Heifetz and Fujioka, 1991.

It is overly restrictive to take a map delineating known dispersion of *Exxon Valdez* oil and say that we will look no further than these shores and these waters and at no other than the flora and fauna that inhabit them full-time or begin their lives there. While the foundation's basic philosophy should be the pursuit of legitimate research without arbitrary geographic or temporal restriction, it will remain the burden of applicants to prove the connection between their proposals and settlement guidelines.

Individual/Institutional Eligibility: Any scientist or institution with appropriate credentials in marine research may apply for grants. Most grants will be directed to scientists and institutions in Alaska, in keeping with the spirit of the MOA guideline on natural resource restoration expenditures directing that damage recoveries be expended on resources in Alaska "unless the trustees unanimously

agree that spending funds outside of the state is necessary.¹² The board will develop criteria to ensure this, as well as the objective consideration of all proposals.

Research Coordination: The endowment board will coordinate the projects and programs it funds with those of other north Pacific marine research organizations to promote efficient use of limited research resources. The board will be responsible for ensuring that its research program is consistent with and complementary to other programs to the extent allowable under the MOA.

There are currently five major regulatory agencies, representing state, federal, and international governments, with varying and generally discrete jurisdictions within the area affected by the spill. Another nine entities, from the three levels of government, as well as academic and private non-profit institutions, conduct biological, harvest, or economic research within the spill area.¹³ These institutions pursue their overall missions and individual projects absent a comprehensive coordinating medium.

The *Exxon Valdez* Marine Sciences Endowment board, as proposed, will be well situated to coordinate its research programs with others in the north Pacific. The proposed membership includes both the major research institutions and their associations. Institutions and individuals seeking grants must include with their grant proposals a synopsis of all other current and planned research activities. The endowment board will use this information to construct a marine research needs assessment and comprehensive research plan to guide its funding decisions.

This research plan will be a vital tool in realizing a comprehensive, long-term restoration plan. Ongoing monitoring and assessment will be crucial to interpret and judge the progress and efficacy of restoration. A coordinated research plan will provide this vital element.

IV. Summary

This proposal represents something other than the typical proposal. It is broad and all-encompassing, rather than focussing on a single restoration project. It targets aspects of restoration that are of as great a value as many believe the

¹²Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree, p. 14.

¹³"North Pacific Fisheries Research Organizations," pp. 1 - 11.

preservation of habitat by acquisition to be. The trustees are working with a new sort of science (restoration ecology) in a unique situation (the aftermath of the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill). Ongoing injury assessment and collection of baseline data are imperative for informed management decisions into the future. Wise resource and habitat replacement, enhancement, and acquisition will require more information than we now have.

In all likelihood, the most productive means of restoration at our command will prove to be management of human uses of resources and habitats. Manipulation of affected resources may prove beneficial in some instances, but in many we will discover that we must let nature do its own healing. In any event, the existence of the *Exxon Valdez* Marine Sciences Endowment will ensure that informed choices can be made. Future benefits will include a broader understanding of how to cope with the next marine disaster off Alaska's shores.

The value and utility of knowledge will not end when settlement payments cease. The outcome of many of the projects and programs undertaken in the name of restoration will not be known for years afterward. The long-term must be our horizon and this proposal provides the means to take that approach.

Letters in Support of Endowment

The following is a list of letters supporting either endowments in general, this particular endowment, or acknowledging the importance of the concept.

1. Steve Pennoyer June 10, 1992 and June 26, 1992
Director, Alaska Region
National Marine Fisheries Service
2. Carl Rosier April 7, 1992; April 27, 1992; and June 29, 1992
Commissioner
Alaska Department of Fish and Game
3. John Sandor April 7, 1992
Commissioner
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
4. William Aron June 26, 1992
Science and Research Director
Alaska Fisheries Science Center
National Marine Fisheries Service
5. Donald Rosenberg March 16, 1992
Chairman, Advisory Council
School of Fisheries and Ocean Sciences
University of Alaska Fairbanks
6. Frank Kelty, Mayor March 17, 1992
City of Unalaska
7. Stan Steadman April 20, 1992
Executive Director
Kenai Peninsula Borough Economic Development District
8. Alec Brindle March 30, 1992
Ward's Cove Packing Company

- | | | |
|-----|---|---------------|
| 9. | Dr. Donald O'Dowd
Chairman
United States Arctic Research Commission | June 29, 1992 |
| 10. | Charles E. Cole
Attorney General
Alaska Department of Law | July 29, 1992 |
| 11. | Dave Gibbons
Interim Administrative Director
<i>Exxon Valdez</i> Oil Spill Restoration Team | April 7, 1992 |

EVOS Marine Sciences Endowment

Contributions Totalling \$75 Million

(Thousands of Dollars)

Year	Beginning Balance	Deposits	Earnings	Inflation Proofing	Operations & Grants	Ending Balance
1992	0	25,000	188	77	111	25,077
1993	25,077	15,000	3,607	1,603	2,004	41,680
1994	41,680	5,000	4,201	1,867	2,334	48,547
1995	48,547	5,000	4,819	2,142	2,677	55,689
1996	55,689	5,000	5,462	2,428	3,034	63,117
1997	63,117	5,000	6,130	2,725	3,406	70,841
1998	70,841	5,000	6,826	3,034	3,792	78,875
1999	78,875	5,000	7,549	3,355	4,194	87,230
2000	87,230	5,000	8,301	3,689	4,611	95,919
2001	95,919	0	8,633	3,837	4,796	99,756
2002	99,756	0	8,978	3,990	4,988	103,746
2003	103,746	0	9,337	4,150	5,187	107,896
2004	107,896	0	9,711	4,316	5,395	112,212
2005	112,212	0	10,099	4,488	5,611	116,700
2006	116,700	0	10,503	4,668	5,835	121,368
2007	121,368	0	10,923	4,855	6,068	126,223
2008	126,223	0	11,360	5,049	6,311	131,272
2009	131,272	0	11,814	5,251	6,564	136,523
2010	136,523	0	12,287	5,461	6,826	141,984
2011	141,984	0	12,779	5,679	7,099	147,663
2012	147,663	0	13,290	5,907	7,383	153,570
2013	153,570	0	13,821	6,143	7,678	159,712
2014	159,712	0	14,374	6,388	7,986	166,101
2015	166,101	0	14,949	6,644	8,305	172,745
2016	172,745	0	15,547	6,910	8,637	179,655
2017	179,655	0	16,169	7,186	8,983	186,841
2018	186,841	0	16,816	7,474	9,342	194,315
2019	194,315	0	17,488	7,773	9,716	202,087
2020	202,087	0	18,188	8,083	10,104	210,171

Totals	75,000	304,149	135,171	168,978
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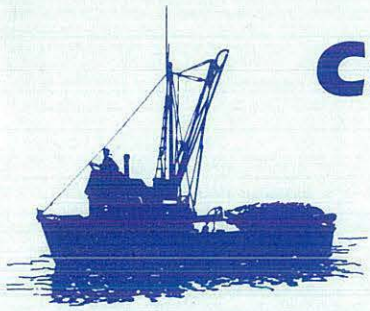
Assumes annual earnings of 9% and inflation of 4%.

1992 represents one month's earnings on balance.

EVOS Marine Sciences Endowment
Contributions Totalling \$100 Million
(Thousands of Dollars)

Year	Beginning Balance	Deposits	Earnings	Inflation Proofing	Operations & Grants	Ending Balance
1992	0	35,000	263	117	146	35,117
1993	35,117	25,000	5,411	2,405	3,006	62,521
1994	62,521	5,000	6,077	2,701	3,376	70,222
1995	70,222	5,000	6,770	3,009	3,761	78,231
1996	78,231	5,000	7,491	3,329	4,162	86,560
1997	86,560	5,000	8,240	3,662	4,578	95,223
1998	95,223	5,000	9,020	4,009	5,011	104,232
1999	104,232	5,000	9,831	4,369	5,462	113,601
2000	113,601	5,000	10,674	4,744	5,930	123,345
2001	123,345	5,000	11,551	5,134	6,417	133,479
2002	133,479	0	12,013	5,339	6,674	138,818
2003	138,818	0	12,494	5,553	6,941	144,371
2004	144,371	0	12,993	5,775	7,219	150,145
2005	150,145	0	13,513	6,006	7,507	156,151
2006	156,151	0	14,054	6,246	7,808	162,397
2007	162,397	0	14,616	6,496	8,120	168,893
2008	168,893	0	15,200	6,756	8,445	175,649
2009	175,649	0	15,808	7,026	8,782	182,675
2010	182,675	0	16,441	7,307	9,134	189,982
2011	189,982	0	17,098	7,599	9,499	197,581
2012	197,581	0	17,782	7,903	9,879	205,484
2013	205,484	0	18,494	8,219	10,274	213,704
2014	213,704	0	19,233	8,548	10,685	222,252
2015	222,252	0	20,003	8,890	11,113	231,142
2016	231,142	0	20,803	9,246	11,557	240,388
2017	240,388	0	21,635	9,616	12,019	250,003
2018	250,003	0	22,500	10,000	12,500	260,003
2019	260,003	0	23,400	10,400	13,000	270,403
2020	270,403	0	24,336	10,816	13,520	281,220
<hr/>						
Totals		100,000	407,744	181,220	226,524	

Assumes annual earnings of 9% and inflation of 4%.
1992 represents one month's earnings on balance.



Cook Inlet Seiners Association

P.O. Box 4311
Homer, Alaska 99603
235-2656

August 11, 1992
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Re: Ideas for Restoration Projects

Dear Trustee Council Members:

We have just learned three significant restoration project proposals submitted by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game-Fish Rehabilitation, Enhancement, and Development Division have been denied funding (See enclosed copies of these proposals.) This news was annoying to say the least; in point of fact, it was almost incredulous. If we do not have baseline studies for Lower Cook Inlet just after the oil spill, this is not a valid reason to refuse to fund vital studies now when it is so obvious that they are desperately needed. Also, just post of the oil spill such a baseline study was initiated for pink and chum; funds were not allocated for its completion.--So here we are again at a similar point, an obvious need for restoration based studies and no one willing to do the funding.

It can not be disputed that The Lower Cook Inlet was ravaged by the oil spill. And, as a result of this devastation, the Land requires restoration through projects of the type that have just been rejected by the Trustee Council. The Lower Cook Inlet is the second most heavily oil spill damaged area in Alaska, second only to Prince William Sound. To graphically make this point, enclosed is a copy of the cover of your "Restoration Framework Supplement", July 1992, indicating The Lower Cook Inlet in general and the specific location of each of the projects, which lie in the heart of this oil damaged region, that were denied funding.

During the past, The Lower Cook Inlet supported healthy salmon fisheries

that have economically benefitted the entire region as well as the state. In the recent past, this has not been the case with runs in gradual decline. Since the calamitous impact of oil spill in 1989, The Lower Cook Inlet has suffered fish failures across almost all species of salmon and throughout most of the region.

The Cook Inlet Seiners Association's concerns have been overlooked by the Alaska legislature and now the Trustee Council is not recognizing and dealing with the area's justifiable and imperative need for studies that facilitate the beginnings of real restoration to a region in need of healing before things become even worse. It is the legal and ethical responsible of the Trustee Council to support and fund these valid and required studies. What will it take to get the "right thing" done?

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Darlene Hilderbrand'.

Darlene Hilderbrand

Cook Inlet Seiners Association

FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

Title of Project: LOWER COOK INLET SOCKEYE SALMON RESTORATION AND
ENHANCEMENT

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Estuaries which sockeye salmon utilize as nursery areas were oiled to various levels during the EVOS. Any direct or indirect sublethal effects from exposure to oil or other events could jeopardize long-term sockeye salmon production, which currently is extremely important to the Lower Cook Inlet (LCI) commercial fisheries.

Description of Project: (e.g. goal(s), objectives, location, rationale, and technical approach)

The major goal of this project involves the support and expansion of the current LCI sockeye salmon enhancement program. The objectives of this program involve the annual stocking of sockeye salmon fry into 8 lake systems in the LCI area. Additionally, two lakes are currently involved in lake enrichment programs through application of liquid fertilizer. Ongoing limnological and biological studies are conducted to determine and maintain optimum sockeye fry stocking density to maximize production. Additional work is needed to investigate the potential for additional lakes to be used in the sockeye enhancement program. The lakes are located in the Kamishak Bay, Outer and Southern Districts of the LCI commercial fisheries management area. The rationale for the inclusion of this sockeye restoration and enhancement project includes not only the mitigation for possible oil related impacts to sockeye smolt survival but also to provide additional terminal commercial harvest areas to provide displacement of fishing pressure from natural pink and chum salmon stocks that may have been affected by the EVOS.

Estimated Duration of Project: FY/93 - FY/98

Estimated Cost per Year: \$120.0

Other Comments:

This project will provide significant benefits to the LCI area commercial fishery. For example, in 1991, a new record LCI sockeye salmon harvest was set with a harvest of 333,000 fish. Over 67% of this harvest originated from 5 sockeye salmon stocking sites.

Name, Address, Telephone:

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle

Alaska Department of Fish & Game

F.R.E.D. Division

3298 Douglas St.

Homer, AK 99603

Oil spill restoration is a public process. Your ideas and suggestions will not be proprietary, and you will not be given any exclusive right or privilege to them.

Title of Project: Lower Cook Inlet Pink and Chum Salmon Restoration Surveys

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Most of the Lower Cook Inlet streams and associated estuaries that were exposed to various degrees of oiling during the EVOS have demonstrated decreasing pink and chum salmon production trends, even prior to the spill. Any further sublethal effects from the EVOS or other events could jeopardize long term salmon production in some Lower Cook Inlet systems.

Description of Project: (e.g. goal(s), objectives, location, rationale, and technical approach)

The goal of this restoration survey involves the identification of impacted areas and determination of the optimal method of restoration in terms of habitat rehabilitation and fishery enhancement aspects. Although we are currently surveying two excellent candidate sites for potential restoration in LCI, this project would allow for further investigation of other equally potential sites.

The objectives of this project include: 1) field survey of documented oil impacted pink and chum salmon streams and nursery areas in the LCI area; 2) based on the results of these surveys, determine the best techniques to restore the potentially damaged pink and chum salmon stocks and/or habitats required for spawning and nursery functions.

The general project locations include the Outer Gulf Coast of the Kenai Peninsula and the Lower Cook Inlet/Kachemak Bay areas. Rationale for this restoration survey would result in an effective analysis of restoration potentials for pink and chum salmon stocks. Assuming this survey would ultimately result in actual habitat rehabilitation work, then increased pink and chum salmon populations would be expected. In some cases, these increased populations levels will provide for additional commercial fisheries harvest.

Estimated Duration of Project: Project initiation FY/93 and completion in FY/94.

*Implementation of the subsequently identified restoration techniques would be requested through a separate project proposal.

Estimated Cost per Year: FY/93 - \$35; FY/94 - \$25; Total = \$60.0

Other Comments: Previous pink salmon enhancement work in LCI has resulted in contribution as high as 90% of the entire annual commercial harvest.

Name, Address, Telephone: (907) 235-8191

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle

Alaska Department of Fish & Game

FRED DIVISION

3293 Douglas St.

Homer, AK 99603

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FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

Title of Project: Lower Cook Inlet - Port Dick Chum Salmon Restoration Site Survey
Windy Bay Pink Salmon Restoration Site Survey

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Important chum salmon areas in Port Dick and pink salmon areas in Windy Bay were heavily oiled during the EVOS. Adult returns to these two locations have been declining since that event.

Description of Project: (e.g. goal(s), objectives, location, rationale, and technical approach)

This project was initiated in FY 91 to identify potential Lower Cook Inlet (LCI) pink and chum salmon restoration sites in areas moderately to severely oiled during the EVOS. Survey work in Port Dick and Windy Bay is currently being conducted. The LCI restoration site surveys are one component of an area wide project that includes Prince William Sound and the Kodiak archipelago. The goal of the site survey portion of this project is to identify potential restoration sites in the oil impacted areas of Lower Cook Inlet as well as to determine the optimal method of restoration through habitat and salmon enhancement techniques.

Field surveys of potential sites are on going to determine various characteristics such as; stream flow characteristics, spawning escapement enumeration and identifying juvenile nursery areas. Also, engineering, water chemistry and hydrological surveys will be conducted. Information obtained during the site surveys will be used to later develop plans for rehabilitation or restoration of the selected areas. Implementation of the selected restoration projects will be requested through a separate proposal.

Estimated Duration of Project: FY 93

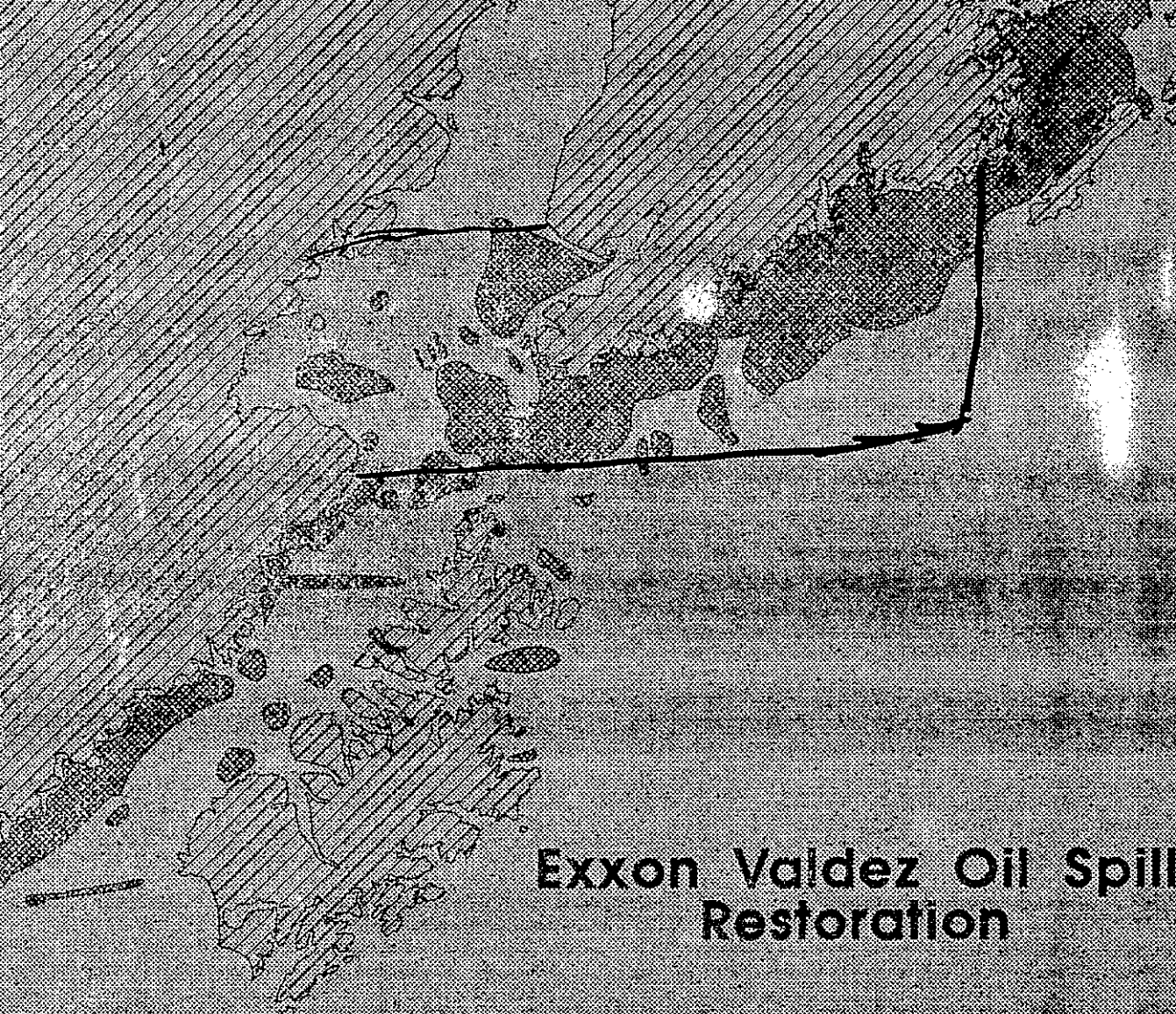
Estimated Cost per Year: \$79,500

Other Comments:

Name, Address, Telephone:

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle
ADF&G F.R.E.D. Division
3298 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603
(907) 235-8191

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Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Restoration

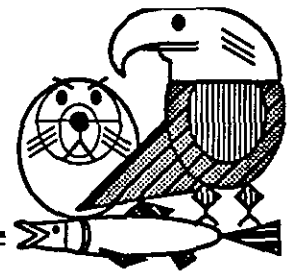
Restoration Framework Supplement

Prepared by:
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustees
1400 E. Street
Anchorage, Alaska
99501
(907) 274-1111

May 1992

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council

645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Phone: (907) 278-8012 Fax: (907) 276-7178



September 2, 1992

RECEIVED
SEP 03 1992

Darlene Hilderbrand
Cook Inlet Seiners Association
P.O. Box 4311
Homer, AK 99603

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Dear Ms. Hilderbrand:

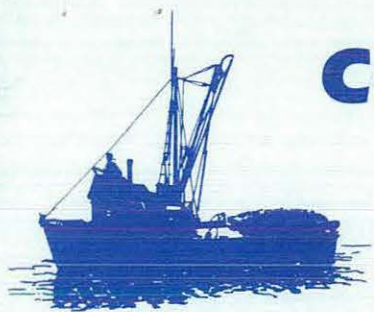
Thank you for your letter of August 11 providing the Cook Inlet Seiners Association point of view on funding for restoration studies dealing with salmon in the lower Cook Inlet.

The rationale behind the Restoration Team's recommendations on all 1993 proposals will be available on rating sheets and other supporting documents which will be available at the Trustee Council meeting scheduled for September 14, 1992. Handout materials relevant to that meeting will be available in Homer at the teleconference site. A copy of the press release announcing the meeting is enclosed for your convenience. If you have additional questions after you've had a chance to review that information, please let me know.

Sincerely yours,

Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council



Cook Inlet Seiners Association

P.O. Box 4311
Homer, Alaska 99603
235-2656

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NOV 02 1992
EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

August 11, 1992

Charles E. Cole
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council Member
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

RECEIVED
OCT 08 1992

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL

Re: Ideas for Restoration Projects

Dear Mr. Cole:

We have just learned three significant restoration project proposals submitted by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game-Fish Rehabilitation, Enhancement, and Development Division have been denied funding (See enclosed copies of these proposals.) This news was annoying to say the least; in point of fact, it was almost incredulous. If we do not have baseline studies for Lower Cook Inlet just after the oil spill, this is not a valid reason to refuse to fund vital studies now when it is so obvious that they are desperately needed. Also, just after the oil spill such a baseline study was initiated for pink and chum salmon; funds were not allocated for its completion.--So here we are again at a similar point, an obvious need for restoration based studies and no one willing to fund them.

It can not be disputed that The Lower Cook Inlet was ravaged by the oil spill. And, as a result of this devastation, the Land, including the waters, requires restoration data through projects of the type that have just been rejected by the Trustee Council. The Lower Cook Inlet is the second most heavily oil spill damaged area in Alaska, second only to Prince William Sound. To graphically make this point, enclosed is a copy of the cover of your "Restoration Framework Supplement," July 1992, indicating The

Lower Cook Inlet in general and the specific locations of these denied projects , which lie in the heart of this oil damaged region.

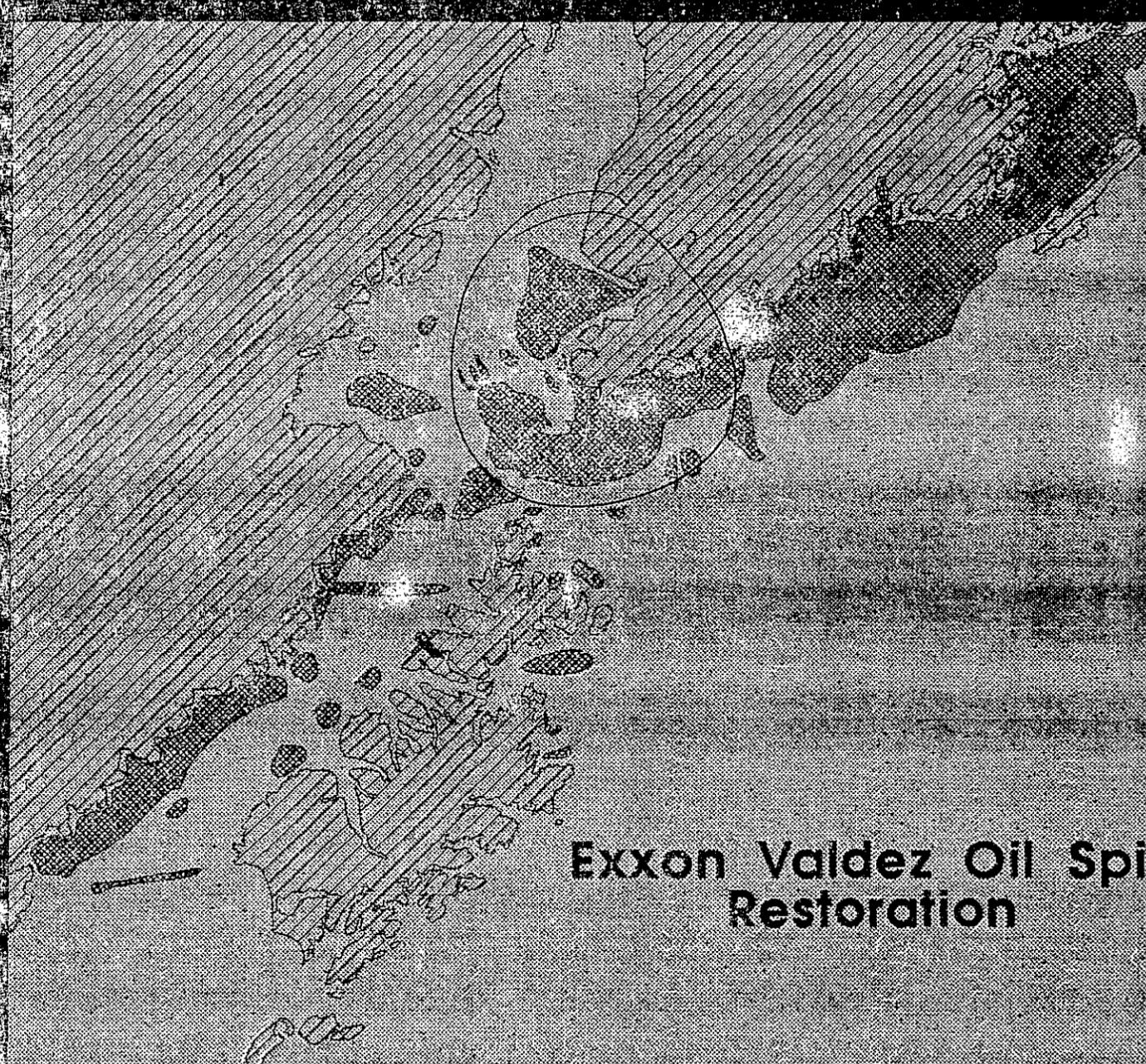
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The Cook Inlet Seiners Association's concerns have been overlooked by the Alaska legislature and now the Trustee Council is not recognizing and dealing with the area's justifiable and imperative need for studies that facilitate the beginnings of real restoration to a region in need of healing before things become even worse. It is the legal and ethical responsibility of the Trustee Council to support and fund these valid studies. What will it take to get the "right thing" done?

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Darlene Hilderbrand', followed by a stylized flourish or set of initials.

Darlene Hilderbrand
Cook Inlet Seiners Association



**Exxon Valdez Oil Spill
Restoration**

**Restoration Framework
Supplement**

Prepared by:
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska
99501
(907) 276-4040

FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

Title of Project: LOWER COOK INLET SOCKEYE SALMON RESTORATION AND
ENHANCEMENT

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Estuaries which sockeye salmon utilize as nursery areas were oiled to various levels during the EVOS. Any direct or indirect sublethal effects from exposure to oil or other events could jeopardize long-term sockeye salmon production, which currently is extremely important to the Lower Cook Inlet (LCI) commercial fisheries.

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Name, Address, Telephone:

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle

Alaska Department of Fish & Game
F.R.E.D. Division

3298 Douglas St.

Homer, AK 99603

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Estimated Cost per Year: FY/93 - \$35; FY/94 - \$25; Total = \$60.0

Other Comments: Previous pink salmon enhancement work in LCI has resulted in contribution as high as 90% of the entire annual commercial harvest.

Name, Address, Telephone: (907) 235-8191

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle
Alaska Department of Fish & Game
FRED Division

3293 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603

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FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

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Estimated Duration of Project: FY 93

Estimated Cost per Year: \$79,500

Other Comments:

Name, Address, Telephone:

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle
ADF&G F.R.E.D. Division
3298 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603
(907) 235-8191

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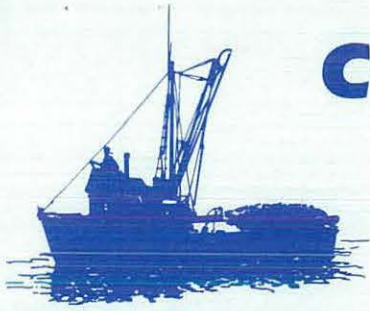


Cook Inlet Seiners Association

P.O. Box 4311
Homer, Alaska 99603



Charles E. Cole
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501



Cook Inlet Seiners Association

P.O. Box 4311
Homer, Alaska 99603
235-2656

August 11, 1992

RECEIVED
OCT 08 1992

Steven Pennoyer
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council Member
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL

Re: Ideas for Restoration Projects

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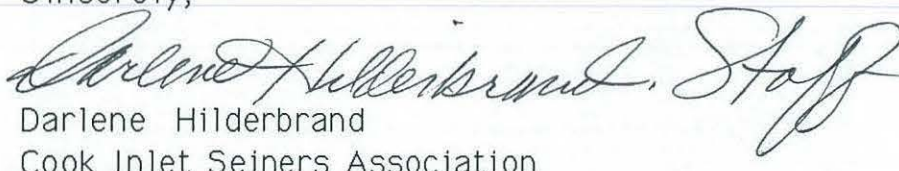
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Sincerely,


Darlene Hilderbrand
Cook Inlet Seiners Association



Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Restoration

Restoration Framework Supplement

Prepared by:
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustees
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska
99501
(907) 274-3012

July 1997

FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

Title of Project: LOWER COOK INLET SOCKEYE SALMON RESTORATION AND
ENHANCEMENT

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Estuaries which sockeye salmon utilize as nursery areas were oiled to various levels during the EVOS. Any direct or indirect sublethal effects from exposure to oil or other events could jeopardize long-term sockeye salmon production, which currently is extremely important to the Lower Cook Inlet (LCI) commercial fisheries.

Description of Project: (e.g. goal(s), objectives, location, rationale, and technical approach)

The major goal of this project involves the support and expansion of the current LCI sockeye salmon enhancement program. The objectives of this program involve the annual stocking of sockeye salmon fry into 8 lake systems in the LCI area. Additionally, two lakes are currently involved in lake enrichment programs through application of liquid fertilizer. Ongoing limnological and biological studies are conducted to determine and maintain optimum sockeye fry stocking density to maximize production. Additional work is needed to investigate the potential for additional lakes to be used in the sockeye enhancement program. The lakes are located in the Kamishak Bay, Outer and Southern Districts of the LCI commercial fisheries management area. The rationale for the inclusion of this sockeye restoration and enhancement project includes not only the mitigation for possible oil related impacts to sockeye smolt survival but also to provide additional terminal commercial harvest areas to provide displacement of fishing pressure from natural pink and chum salmon stocks that may have been affected by the EVOS.

Estimated Duration of Project: FY/93 - FY/98

Estimated Cost per Year: \$120.0

Other Comments: _____

This project will provide significant benefits to the LCI area commercial fishery. For example, in 1991, a new record LCI sockeye salmon harvest was set with a harvest of 333,000 fish. Over 67% of this harvest originated from 5 sockeye salmon stocking sites.

Name, Address, Telephone:

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle

Alaska Department of Fish & Game

F.R.E.D. Division

3298 Douglas St.

Homer, AK 99603

Oil spill restoration is a public process. Your ideas and suggestions will not be proprietary, and you will not be given any exclusive right or privilege to them.

Title of Project: Lower Cook Inlet Pink and Chum Salmon Restoration Surveys

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Most of the Lower Cook Inlet streams and associated estuaries that were exposed to various degrees of oiling during the EVOS have demonstrated decreasing pink and chum salmon production trends, even prior to the spill. Any further sublethal effects from the EVOS or other events could jeopardize long term salmon production in some Lower Cook Inlet systems.

Description of Project: (e.g. goal(s), objectives, location, rationale, and technical approach)

The goal of this restoration survey involves the identification of impacted areas and determination of the optimal method of restoration in terms of habitat rehabilitation and fishery enhancement aspects. Although we are currently surveying two excellent candidate sites for potential restoration in LCI, this project would allow for further investigation of other equally potential sites.

The objectives of this project include: 1) field survey of documented oil impacted pink and chum salmon streams and nursery areas in the LCI area; 2) based on the results of these surveys, determine the best techniques to restore the potentially damaged pink and chum salmon stocks and/or habitats required for spawning and nursery functions.

The general project locations include the Outer Gulf Coast of the Kenai Peninsula and the Lower Cook Inlet/Kachemak Bay areas. Rationale for this restoration survey would result in an effective analysis of restoration potentials for pink and chum salmon stocks. Assuming this survey would ultimately result in actual habitat rehabilitation work, then increased pink and chum salmon populations would be expected. In some cases, these increased populations levels will provide for additional commercial fisheries harvest.

Estimated Duration of Project: Project initiation FY/93 and completion in FY/94.

*Implementation of the subsequently identified restoration techniques would be requested through a separate project proposal.

Estimated Cost per Year: FY/93 - \$35; FY/94 - \$25; Total = \$60.0

Other Comments: Previous pink salmon enhancement work in LCI has resulted in contribution as high as 90% of the entire annual commercial harvest.

Name, Address, Telephone: (907) 235-8191

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle
Alaska Department of Fish & Game
FRED Division
3293 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603

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FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

Title of Project: Lower Cook Inlet - Port Dick Chum Salmon Restoration Site Survey
Windy Bay Pink Salmon Restoration Site Survey

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

Important chum salmon areas in Port Dick and pink salmon areas in Windy Bay were heavily oiled during the EVOS. Adult returns to these two locations have been declining since that event.

Description of Project: (e.g. goal(s), objectives, location, rationale, and technical approach)

This project was initiated in FY 91 to identify potential Lower Cook Inlet (LCI) pink and chum salmon restoration sites in areas moderately to severely oiled during the EVOS. Survey work in Port Dick and Windy Bay is currently being conducted. The LCI restoration site surveys are one component of an area wide project that includes Prince William Sound and the Kodiak archipelago. The goal of the site survey portion of this project is to identify potential restoration sites in the oil impacted areas of Lower Cook Inlet as well as to determine the optimal method of restoration through habitat and salmon enhancement techniques.

Field surveys of potential sites are on going to determine various characteristics such as; stream flow characteristics, spawning escapement enumeration and identifying juvenile nursery areas. Also, engineering, water chemistry and hydrological surveys will be conducted. Information obtained during the site surveys will be used to later develop plans for rehabilitation or restoration of the selected areas. Implementation of the selected restoration projects will be requested through a separate proposal.

Estimated Duration of Project: FY 93

Estimated Cost per Year: \$79,500

Other Comments: _____

Name, Address, Telephone:

Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle
ADF&G F.R.E.D. Division
3298 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603
(907) 235-8191

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Cook Inlet Seiners Association

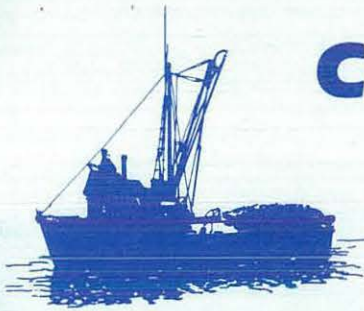
P.O. Box 4311

Homer, Alaska 99603

POSTAGE DUE *23¢*



Steven Pennoyer
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501



Cook Inlet Seiners Association

P.O. Box 4311
Homer, Alaska 99603
235-2656

August 11, 1992

John A. Sandor
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council Member
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Re: Ideas for Restoration Projects

Dear Mr. Sandor:

We have just learned three significant restoration project proposals submitted by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game-Fish Rehabilitation, Enhancement, and Development Division have been denied funding (See enclosed copies of these proposals.) This news was annoying to say the least; in point of fact, it was almost incredulous. If we do not have baseline studies for Lower Cook Inlet just after the oil spill, this is not a valid reason to refuse to fund vital studies now when it is so obvious that they are desperately needed. Also, just after the oil spill such a baseline study was initiated for pink and chum salmon; funds were not allocated for its completion.--So here we are again at a similar point, an obvious need for restoration based studies and no one willing to fund them.

It can not be disputed that The Lower Cook Inlet was ravaged by the oil spill. And, as a result of this devastation, the Land, including the waters, requires restoration data through projects of the type that have just been rejected by the Trustee Council. The Lower Cook Inlet is the second most heavily oil spill damaged area in Alaska, second only to Prince William Sound. To graphically make this point, enclosed is a copy of the cover of your "Restoration Framework Supplement," July 1992, indicating The

EXXON VALDEZ
TRUSTEE COUNCIL

RECEIVED
OCT 08 1992

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL

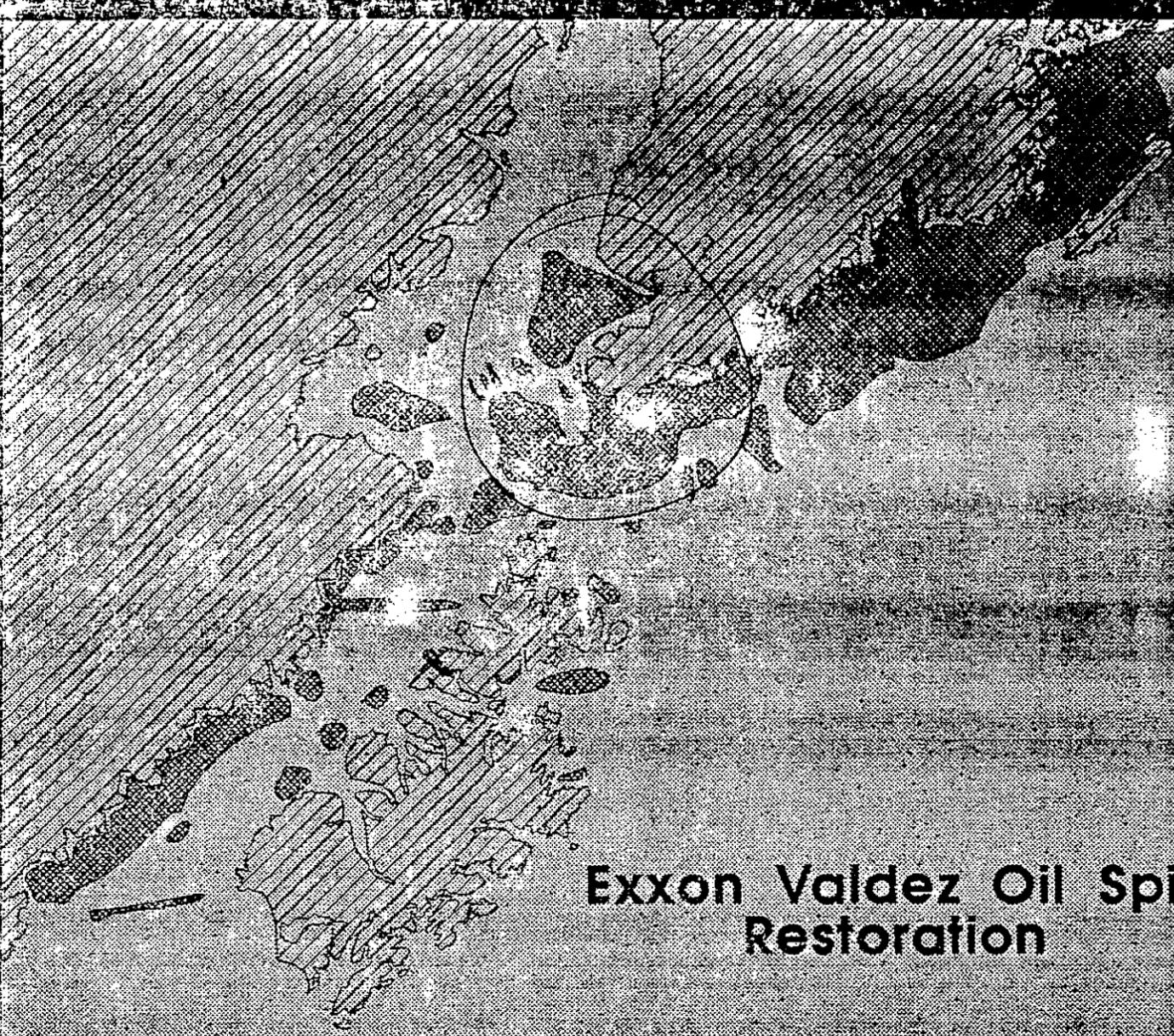
Lower Cook Inlet in general and the specific locations of these denied projects , which lie in the heart of this oil damaged region.

During the past, The Lower Cook Inlet supported healthy salmon fisheries that have economically benefitted the entire region as well as the state. In the recent past, this has not been the case with runs in gradual decline. Since the calamitous impact of the oil spill in 1989, The Lower Cook Inlet has suffered fish failures across almost all species of salmon and throughout most of the region.

The Cook Inlet Seiners Association's concerns have been overlooked by the Alaska legislature and now the Trustee Council is not recognizing and dealing with the area's justifiable and imperative need for studies that facilitate the beginnings of real restoration to a region in need of healing before things become even worse. It is the legal and ethical responsibility of the Trustee Council to support and fund these valid studies. What will it take to get the "right thing" done?

Sincerely,


Darlene Hilderbrand
Cook Inlet Seiners Association



**Exxon Valdez Oil Spill
Restoration**

**Restoration Framework
Supplement**

Prepared by:
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trust
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska
99501
(907) 274-3042

July 1995

FORMAT FOR IDEAS FOR RESTORATION PROJECTS

Title of Project: LOWER COOK INLET SOCKEYE SALMON RESTORATION AND
ENHANCEMENT

Justification: (Link to Injured Resource or Service)

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Homer, AK 99603

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Nick Dudiak/Larry Boyle
Alaska Department of Fish & Game
FRED Division
3293 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603

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Estimated Cost per Year: \$79,500

Other Comments: _____

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ADF&G F.R.E.D. Division
3298 Douglas St.
Homer, AK 99603
(907) 235-8191

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Cook Inlet Seiners Association

P.O. Box 4311
Homer, Alaska 99603

POSTAGE DUE 237



46

John A. Sandoz
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee
Restoration Office
645 "G" Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

RECEIVED
NOV 02 1992

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

September 2, 1992

Darlene Hilderbrand
Cook Inlet Seiners Association
P.O. Box 4311
Homer, AK 99603

Dear Ms. Hilderbrand:

Thank you for your letter of August 11 providing the Cook Inlet Seiners Association point of view on funding for restoration studies dealing with salmon in the lower Cook Inlet.

The rationale behind the Restoration Team's recommendations on all 1993 proposals will be available on rating sheets and other supporting documents which will be available at the Trustee Council meeting scheduled for September 14, 1992. Handout materials relevant to that meeting will be available in Homer at the teleconference site. A copy of the press release announcing the meeting is enclosed for your convenience. If you have additional questions after you've had a chance to review that information, please let me know.

Sincerely yours,

Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council

*Reg, these letters attached are duplicates
of the one(s) to which we generated
this Sept 2 reply. I suggest you just
attach these to the earlier ones.*

LG

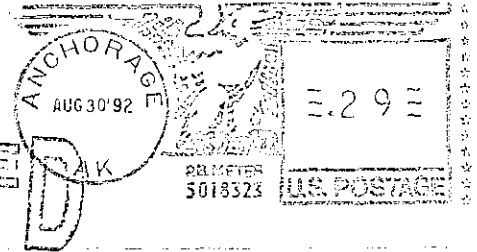
Charles E. McKee
7800 DeBarr Rd E #63
Anchorage, AK 99504

Lodged

8-10-1992

RECEIVED

AUG 30 1992



In the United States District Court
For the District of Alaska

Charles E. McKee et al
PeopleKing, Class suite,
Test suit (Quasi-
Criminal),
Plaintiffs,

vs.

State of Alaska, Executive
Branch, Legislative
Branch, Judicial Branch
State Departments,
Boards and Commissions
et al, 1 to 100

QUI TAM PRO DOMINIC
REGE ET SEQUITUR
PRO SE IPSE
PeopleKing(s)

CLASS SUIT, TEST
SUIT, (QUASI-CRIMINAL)

Case # A90-0061
MISC

APPEAL

APPEAL

I Charles E. McKee appeal this
deuce decision to close this

lodged action, the reasons are

pages as follows
1 of 5

1. It is disrespectful to scorn
our Lord God Tebowha in whom
plaintiff sues, in the name of
the King sues also for himself.
{Please see} Qui Tam pro domino rege
et sequitor pro se ipse. "re" peopleking
"a people as sovereign"

2. A90-0061 misc is in fact a lodged
action on is due a jury trial.

3. Such an action is one brought by
said plaintiff who contends that
he is acting in the public
interest to recover damages

resulting from criminal acts.

The National law (federal)

authorizing such suits was

passed March 2, 1863 and permits

the recovery of double damages

against anyone found guilty

of defrauding the government,

though skillful practice by,

Judges, Twists and Legislators,

"please see" order signed Aug 18, 1992

filed Aug 19, 1992 mailed to the

wrong address Aug 25, 1992 stamp in

received Aug 27, 1992 Chambers of

U.S. District Judge H. Russel

Holland and then mailed to me

Aug 28, 1992 received by me

Charles E. McKee Aug 29, 1992.

4. To criticize my juvenile jurisdiction so harshly is tantamount to harassment by the court, rather than forward said action to the Judicial review of the Supreme Court. "please see" Justice Roberts majority opinion declaring the original Agricultural

Adjustment Act unconstitutional
than see the Organic Act of the
people king of whom made orderly
arrangement of the Organic
Act. Pray tell me isn't
this order acting in favor of
the orderly arrangement
of disorder.

c.c.;

President George Bush
President of the Federal Bar Association
Judge Greene Fairbanks, Alaska
Alaska Superior Court
4FA-82-2208 Civil
Weiss v. State of Alaska
Judge H. Russell Holland U.S. District Court Alaska

pages signed Charles E. McKee Aug 30, 1992
1 of 1 Charles E. McKee Aug 30, 1992

Charles E. McKee
7800 DeBarr Rd. E #63
Anchorage, Alaska 99504

RECEIVED

AUG 14 1992

CLERK, U. S. DISTRICT COURT
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

Honorable Judge H.
Russell Holland
U.S. District Case # A90-0061 Misc.

Thank you for your return letter (order) to me June 21, 1990 and the subsequent letter of revision to me December 13, 1990 by Deputy Clerk Mary Ellen Grohol.

The 10th of August, 1992, I was allowed to lodge my revision (under the filing) only after a clerk told me I had to mark off the et al, next to my name. Then said clerk wasn't even going to stamp it in as received. On page 19 and 20 it is apparent that what we have is a Municipal corporation constitution for statehood, not a trust constitution—say like the state of California. The need to establish order here in Alaska, was also provoked by gold discovery(s).

The U.S. Congress passed the mining law only because of the insistence of the people residing in California, they wanted the law passed first before they relinquished dependency from the National Government and its court of juvenile jurisdiction.

The people of Alaska, also used and lobbied to maintain the 1872 mining law passed by the U.S. Congress, only because of the insistence of the people residing in California at that time before statehood. The people of Alaska were in deed using that U.S. mining law before municipalhood of Alaska.

In contrast, is that why the adherence to the mental health trust by Congress promulgated (for instance) for the purpose of "champerty" by those "legally privileged" who support public officials through contribution in dollar values, then put in trust, none of which has the legal treasury seal to verify the interchangeability of the currency/contract.

Every citizen is legally obligated to report any evidence of a felony(s) (Qui Tam) having been committed which comes to his knowledge please see U.S. District case # A90-0061/misc.

Signed,

Charles E. McKee

8-14-1992

Charles E. McKee

3:12 pm

c.c.: Honorable Judge Greene
Alaska Superior Court
4FA-82-2208 Civil
Weiss v. State of Alaska

1 of 3 please see page 3 next to the X

ALASKA STATE COMMISSION FOR HUMAN RIGHTS
INTAKE QUESTIONNAIRE

RECEIVED
STATE OF ALASKA
HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

APR 18 1990

SOUTHCENTRAL REGION
ANCHORAGE

ASCHR USE ONLY

Questionnaire sent by:

Investigator

Date

Referred by:

Name of Organization

Date

Please answer all of the following questions telling us briefly why you believe you have been discriminated against. If a question does not apply, answer n/a. If you are unsure indicate that you are unsure and an investigator will discuss it with you at a later date. After you have completed this questionnaire and returned it to the office of the ASCHR an investigator will contact you to discuss the answers and/or to schedule an appointment to complete the intake process.

Return completed questionnaire to: Alaska State Commission for Human Rights
800 A Street, Suite 204
Anchorage, AK 99501

Name Charles Edison McKee Date of Birth 9-8-53
(first) (middle) (last)

Address 2201 W 36th av Phone 248-1366
(home) (work)

City Anchorage State Alaska Zip 99517 or 99503

I believe I was discriminated against because of my:

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Race | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sex | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> National Origin | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Age |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Marital Status | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Physical Disability | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mental Disability |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pregnancy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parenthood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Religion | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retaliation |
| <u>NA</u> | | <u>To provoke</u> | <u>To provoke</u> |

☒ Other Political Subdivisions i.e. private public employees and administrative personnel

I was discriminated against in:

- | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Self</u> Employment | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Housing | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>school</u> Public Accommodations | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Financial Institutions |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Practices by the State <u>see other: above</u> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <u>private schools</u> | | |

I was discriminated against by:

Name _____
(Company) (Individual)

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____ Phone _____

What was the most recent date the harm you alleged took place? 4-11-1990

Have you sought assistance from any other governmental agency which handles discrimination complaints (i.e. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Anchorage Equal Rights Commission) or from a private attorney? No ☒ Yes (if answer is yes, complete below)

Name of source of assistance: Alaska Public Offices Commission Date: 4-16-1990

Result, if any: pending review

I have received and read a copy of the ASCHR informational handout entitled "What you should know about filing a charge of discrimination."

Signature Charles McRee Date: 4-18-1990

Please provide the name of an individual at a different address who is in the local area and who would know how to reach you.

Name Bill Cuffel Relationship land lord

Address 3404 Oregon dr Phone 248-2891
(home) (work)

City Anchorage State Alaska Zip 99517

What action was taken against you that you believe to be discriminatory? What harm, if any, was caused to you or others as a result of that action? (If more space is required, use additional sheets).

The motive is to provoke acts of excessive emotional display to embitter one's self into acts of personal and or public maleficence

Law of malfeasance: acts that are not legally justified

ASCHR USE ONLY

Reviewed by: _____ Date: _____

Investigator assigned: _____ Date: _____

Comments: _____

INTHE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALASKA

Charles E. McKee et al., PEOPLE-
KING, CLASS SUITE TEST SUIT (QUASI-
CRIMINAL),

Plaintiffs,

vs.

STATE OF ALASKA, EXECUTIVE BRANCH,)
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH, JUDICIAL)
BRANCH, STATE DEPARTMENT(S),)
BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS, et al.,)
1 TO 100.)

Defendants.)

QUI TAM PRO DOMINO REGE ET SEQUITOR
PRO SE IPSE

People King(s)

CLASS SUIT, TEST SUIT, (QUASI-CRIMINAL)

Case No. A90-0061 MISC

Motion and Order

COMPLAINT

Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska Public Libraries

The U.S. Congress wrote and passed the Alaska Statehood Act in 1958.

Alaska's first Governor, William A. Eagan (D) who deliberately went against New York Life and became our first "freeboater," and ordered shots fired across the bow of the contracted Japanese fishing boats, that had been seen laying nets completely closing the entrance to rivers to entrap the returning salmon. Before this, adherence to a one million acre land trust was created by congress in 1956, to fund mental health programs in Alaska. Our resources were considered high risk, (although in abundance) of which gave us a credit rating of zero and a "callable note." This instrument used to dismantle our "at liberty" of individuality, by master criminals. This sets up the most difficult challenge for posterity of We the People, in Alaska, or anywhere else for that matter. You see, the root of all key transportation systems 'must' be a common carrier available to all! By this time, we had no common carrier, we had credit with interest applied "before" purchase. Is we were to borrow, to "invent" more posterity or, market the new, the transfer of our posterity of our "at liberty" and likewise "peopleking" would be alienated by raw material cartels!!! So our representative government's commit illegal acts through legislation such as, divorcing our

transfer of posterity away from the original Seal of the Treasury of North America where five-pointed stars on the chevron replace the six-pointed star (of David 13 in all) removed the lover's knot and flowers plus blasphemed the United States and its posterity of We the People on, the \$100 dollar. United States Note, series of 1966, also note the change in how the scale of justice is supported from below rather than from above?

Questioning apparent facts of design change, combined with the expressed obligation of the government and the two signatures, "it notarizes" the contract (see Chief Justice John Marshall affirmed claim that the national authority is limited from impairing the obligation of contracts). The Treasury Seal, one would say, is the final stamp of approval that ensures the legality of our currency/contract. The use of symbols by the way is, the oldest educational sequence of our posterity known; so why change? The economic symbols of our reason for being. The utmost educational system of symbols representing Christian character from which our government was formed. Quite deceitful, I must say, in the use of proxies to substitute a Nation.

My primary impetus is to eliminate this paradox; that being some in positions of "rank" authority (meaning not obeying) are refusing to recognize my/our historical need for a free expression of one's shield; bearing designs symbolic of a people and their people of posterity manifesting individual, family and nation. Thereby not being taken in, by part or whole to prurient interest. This endeavor to cause inequality through belief and/or act entrapment is clearly intentional.

The use of position public and private, employment and/or appointment of those who will do their bidding under duress through mental and/or economic entrapment, such as it is, is embarrassing!! It is challenging to wisely spare for justice and protect the economy at the same time!

It can be done considering, that this is not a negotiable indictment.

The flurry of environmental protest is placing this agenda before you. Think of it as a environmental filibuster if you wish, thereby negating all but Lord God Jehovah's Day! Ironically another hazard of living among employed people paid by paper persons (meaning incorporated businesses) is getting introduced to the systematic efforts to affect morals, loyalty etc. especially by large international banks. They call this psychological warfare. Statistics show because of this heathenish weapon, "unchecked," brings about the loss of sole proprietorship, over time and has attributed to the fastest growing mental illness in America today, "Schizophrenia" (and not unfounded).

That is why our roots as a nation go back to the original Seal of the Treasury of North America, why it was designed before the Articles of Confederation with no record of report, to the committee, on the design or creator of the design.

These people knew beforehand about moneys rule; and political and/or religious ideological powers to "sharply" divide man from "being of kindness!"

The U.S. Treasury tried three different times to get back our common carrier in 1928, 1953 and 1963 which some would say was a grueling battle, that involved

1) Time management (insurance), 2) Interest rate of paper "banking" (hollo), 3) War "civil?" (armed conflict in the streets) and 4) Assassination(s) (of Presidents) to name but a few. Then transfer the common gold reserve of "interchangeability" to the World Bank (carteling) by way of a bill authorizing U.S. participation in the international "paper gold" plan, signed by President Johnson June 19, 1968.



The Original Seal of the Treasury of North America

Thereby trying to justify discontinuing the original seal of the Treasury, why the committee "foreordained" its creation outside the powers of political authority, having prior formal knowledge (exact science) between reinsurance (outside the legal authority) local insurance, banking and the nature of corporate association with council(s) of community's and the dual role, a secretary-treasurer to maintain a reserve in gold certificates against deposit liabilities, the change to eliminate that requirement passed congress March 3, 1965.

MOTION

Which brings me to my educational requisition, I Charles E. McKee by right of posterity and in the act of taking, to amplify The Original Seal of the Treasury of North America. By way of the Bill of Rights among them the ninth amendment and conveyance by way of resolution approving the use of force (see eminent domain) by any American nation to prevent a communist takeover, passed by U.S. House of Representative, September 20, 1965 by vote of 312-52. Oh, by the way, did you know, the preamble to the constitution of the World Health Organization, chartered in 1948, defines health as a state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.

The Seal of the Treasury was created through the inspiration of study within a study of liberty hence, the library an instrument of trust conveyance.

The base for this is the foundation, not only for our national government, but the libraries as well, hence our local Z. J. Loussac (Liberty) Library Foundation. What were they constituted to convey? To maintain a reduction of social inequalities perhaps! They gained prominence only in this century, it started in Europe, due to the aftermath of industrialization (warfare) urbanization (banking). Confronted by the contrast of poverty amidst plenty they were pioneered.

Clearly the easiest institution founded to be subject to tarnishment, using the four previously stated, is the educated vote.

Now reflecting for a moment to the point of history where the inspiration is clear, to all who would please read, to is ultima.

We the people of the United States in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessing of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

"Why fragment what is already whole, with "interest" that sounds suspiciously "inflationary!"

As I have written, it is challenging to wisely spare for justice and protect the economy at the same time! It can be done.

Now there is a common word denominator between the Bill of Rights and the Postal System (even though the latter was enacted the former established) "Issue" (to bring forth) our, posterity as freeman.

Concepts that identify the values pursued by government; freedom, order, and equality.

The word omniscient is the common denominator to the Original Seal of the Treasury of North America, a "Republic" Benjamin Franklin "replied" when asked what sort of government the new nation would have "If you can keep it." a Republic! (Not Corporate Cartels under Federalism rule)

for he well knew the implication of the private swearings and other acts that "impeach" the Republic for which it stands that being the omniscient counsel of Lord God Jehovah! The word "freeman" denotes values pursued by every man jack/everyone!

The implication of the private Oligarchy (The federalist few) debasing itself to the point of anarchism (Cartels, a New World Order) lowering down through democracy. The ancient Greeks were afraid of democracy, being evident of the infiltration, by one or more blood oath taking ideologies, who appeals to, and deceives the masses by manipulating their emotions and prejudices.

Having beforehand manipulated the politician(s) to ceremonial swearing (that's why they changed the seal, so when you take the oath of office) you have been deceived!

That fear is evident in the term (from the Greeks) demagoguery!

// For what purpose one needs to know is, the objective. Technically speaking, Anarchism. the discontinued use of the organizational separation of powers and checks and balances, over stepping the legitimate police powers given the national government, one of which is In apportioning, representatives in the House, the population of each state was to be determined by adding "the whole number of free persons, so as "not to be caricaturing" us with numbered chattel, through a census (see actuaries) hollo!

It is not the national government that is doing this. The federal reserve system of government, that includes both national and state political maneuvering, shrouded in mythology and sometimes in conflict, part of, psychological warfare. (See Marbury v. Madison 1 Cranch 137

(1803) judicial power to invalidate an act(s) of Congress) So I enter my proof a copy of a State of Alaska Treasury Warrant and with it copies of a U.S. Note a common carrier without the original seal of the treasury/a Federal Reserve Corporate Note credit with interest applied before purchase, and my Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend application for 1991.

Now there are many illegal acts all prejudicial, for instances if, I Charles Edison McKee see the need, which I do, to file a class action law suit, and the need being to, assemble plaintiffs as such, "The whole number of free persons" from the Preamble of We the people do ordain, the continuity of "thesis" (to be maintained against objection) technically speaking wouldn't that be only the members of congress or those people outside of the census! what of the Alaska Mental Health Trust and the needs of the currency/consumers trust.

The Municipality of Anchorage put to a public vote the proposed sale of the municipally owned A.T.U. (Anchorage Telephone Utility). Why; well too much bound debt, with interest. Now on the ballot for the proposed sale of A.T.U. was an alternative, if you want to call it that, not to sale, (the offerings were \$450,000,000 and \$500,000,000 municipally bond debt, with interest \$50,000,000) but to create an "authority," the authority was approved.

The Municipality of Anchorage is a first-class city, because of that "rating" it legally has to provide utilities, schools, land-use planes and the collection of taxes period!

I for one, knowing that the State of Alaska had to deal with the Alaska Supreme Court ruling in 1985, ordering that the Alaska Mental Health Trust be recreated " as nearly as possible" to the original trust, didn't want to add my vote to this, but wanting to vote, the educated way and couldn't.

The ruling went on to say that the 1978 "legislation" dissolving the trust was in fact illegal. It is as if "the private people in "authority" are not in conveyance with their public "oath" of office!

The linkage here with respect to all parties, is the public trust conveyance, closer to home, the State of Alaska conveyed land to the Municipality of Anchorage, "from" this land trust, some of which A.T.U. uses to provide service to the beneficiaries. (Personal commentary), nothing like being led into moral condemn "nation!" (time management) This generalization of defrauding the public moral right of authority, has to stop!

What is it that I need, "personal equality" towards me "not" any more, "inequality" defrauding me through the use of Postal Service in the U.S. system of conveyance. In this case pre-sorted first class mail from the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Finance Box C, Juneau, Alaska 99811, mailed to me November 15, 1991, Juneau, Alaska. This isn't the first time, involving the Postal Service in the service of defrauding me of my rights "but," the first directly relating to "currency conveyance," do you see the linkage between my long dissertation, and the continued need to use all educational sequences to "ensure maintenance" of "legal history" that is, by the way, obligatory on the part of every man jack, and anything else to this end is obstructive to historical truth!

In summary, "The fruitage of the spirit is love, joy, peace, long-suffering, kindness, goodness, faith, mildness, self-control! Against such things there is no law." Galatians 5:22.23. I have been asking, in other ways by man's law, but first and foremost to Jehovah though Christ Jesus but, always I, encounter obstructions to have my need fulfilled. What is even more pathetic is my needs along with the needs of the beneficiaries are judged not by divine and/or human standards but by obstructive means imposed in many ways by the people who have the gold, "oh," my

assembled plaintiffs "ya" right. As the fifth amendment comes to mind and the need to extradite, did I say pathetic!

ORDER

Now there is more than enough gold within the Turnagain Arm to "entrust" the common carrier/currency of this nation. My plan for extraction will be conducted in a confederated manner just previously stated. There is this matter of conveyance, the need of payment for, local municipal bond debt yours as well, but first. The total amount offered for the purchase of A.T.U. out of which the monies need to extinguish the bond indebtedness will be extracted having the full amount being first transferred through the Z.J. Loussac Foundation the accounting of which will also be transferred to A.T.U. and its accounting department.

ORDER

Full and complete title (legal rights) to substratum(s) and all things therein and upon the surface of the Turnagain Arm, Knik Arm, upper and lower Cook Inlet, a parcel that is owned by the U.S. Small Business Administration, and one owned previously by them with the same legal rights as before stated. The "emphatic" need to merge all the legal rights that I have put forth, is only secondhand to the proof that I have submitted which impacted me directly. The monies for the purchase of A.T.U. in the immediate will come from the State of Alaska, being accredit to my educational examination. In speaking to the psychologist, this is, has been, a complex maneuver to profit while harassing people, and as a state(s) is corrupted the bad laws multiply, the legislative government takes all the, shall we say "heat" and the worst sort of tyranny, "our" dismissal of faith of same, by our own act, hence misdiagnosed Schizophrenia, cosmetically affective, and because its just that, quite frankly, shelters tyranny!

Tyranny in the past has sought out sovereignty sanctuaries for the free man, to infiltrate with their forsworn souls, our founding fathers knew this so they fortified the individual with their posterity

by all that is written, my proof of indictment, the foreordained seal, separation of powers, checks and balances and by adding the whole number of free persons (like me) to be fully educated in such matters by the free and convenient accessibility to legal history, hence, public library.

Sincerely,

Charles E. McKee

Charles E. McKee

Charles E. McKee
8-28-1992

"Amplified"

$E=MC^2$

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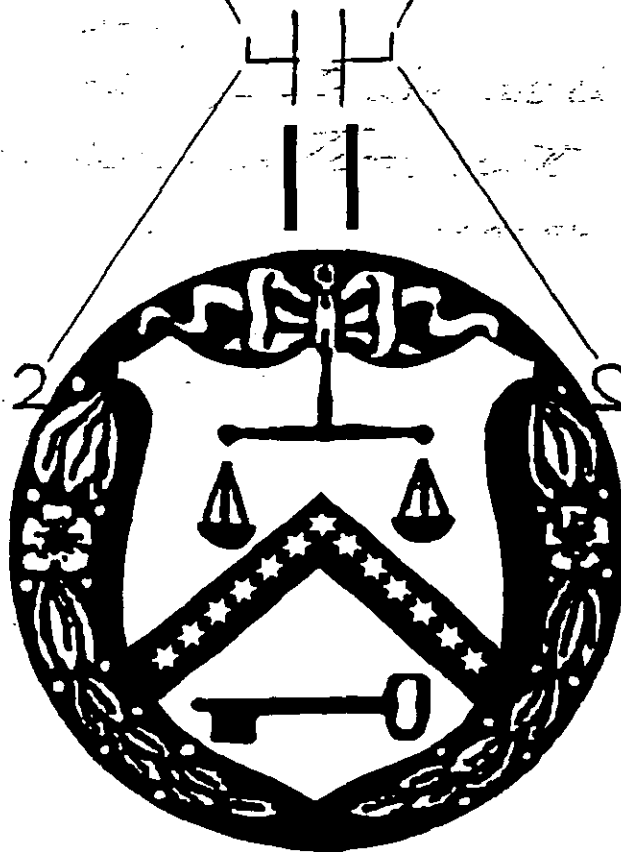
$I=TL$

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$I = Inspired$

$T = Thought$

$L = Light$



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10
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Title of Origin

Charles E. McKee 10 1000

REFERENCE BOOKS

The Challenge of Democracy Government in America by Jandsa, Berry, Golman

When Governors Convene

The Governors Conference and National Politics by Glenn E. Brooks

State Papers and Public Addresses

Akey L. Patteson Twenty-Third Governor of West Virginia 1949 - 1953

Paper Money of the United States by Robert Friedberg page 7

Covering the Courts by Curtis D. MacDougall PH.D. Prentice-Hall, Inc. 1946

Britannica Book of the Year 1975 pages 180, 592, 341, 349 and Drug Abuse, page 242
Chronology of Events pages 51-64 of the years 1966, 1967, 1968 and 1969.

Morals and Dogma of the ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry prepared for the
Supreme Council of the Thirty-third Degree Charleston A.M.: 5641

Holy Bible King James

To best understand the present (November 1981) world crisis, it is necessary to turn history back for almost a century, back to when Edison invented the electric lamp and the direct current generator. J. P. Morgan, Sr., the economic power structure giant, was the first to act upon the realization that: whoever developed, manufactured, installed, and controlled the physical-energy generators and the metered-energy distribution and cut-off system could and would control the national economies into which they were physically introduced. The air we breath was everywhere so plentiful that its availability could not readily be monopolized. There were too many ponds, lakes, rivers, brooks, and wells to make the metered water-supply systems a generally monopolizable business.

When Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone, it had to compete with the post-office conducted mail and required far greater numbers of employees. Morgan saw that the copper mines and the electric equipment manufactured from copper as well as all the power-generating companies involved the least labor participation and the then maximally profitable business.

All of the foregoing required the availability and con-

42 / GRUNCH OF GIANTS

INVISIBLE KNOW-HOW, INC. / 4

trollability of an utterly unprecedented magnitude of physical apparatus and installation of otherwise unemployed monetary wealth. The patents of Edison's inventions and an army of astute lawyers and brokerage house became the pivotal legal-precedent-accepted economic properties and work force in amassing the initial procurement capital of Morgan's power monopoly.

*See Critical Path, "Triangulation Mapping," pp. 184-188.

based on legal fiction

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an it up to 25. Shep-
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ruined his reputation.
was, merely a hanger-on
up to a few months
from the Equitable.
estimates were much
nally published; and
the suggestion of J. G.
a clerk in the Equi-
partment.

Books in One Year

es could never have
evident from the fact

that in 1886, the Equitable had three
separate blue books in the agents' hands.
On January 1, 1886, Hyde issued an entirely
new volume of estimates. This made so
considerable a reduction that the agents
raised a great howl. As a result it was
withdrawn, after having been in circulation
less than a month, and the agents directed
to solicit business on the estimates of 1883.
In the fall, Hyde withdrew this book and
issued another, giving entirely new estimates.
For example, in January the Equitable
informed a prospective \$10,000. policy-
holder, aged forty, that in twenty years his
cash profit would amount to \$3,795.70.
"We can't get business on so low an esti-
mate as that!" shouted the agents. The
Equitable, therefore, authorized the promise
of a cash bonus of \$7,166. In October, the
society split the difference between these
two estimates and placed the figure at
\$5,925.70.

Appealing to the "Tontine Tendencies" of Men.

We must thank William Barnes for one
telling phrase, which in itself sufficiently
explains the Equitable's success. Hyde
had "collected the Tontine tendencies of
men." He had appealed, that is, to their
gambling instinct. Into every hamlet went
his agents with their "blue books," selling
not primarily family protection but pos-
sible prizes in a great insurance lottery.
They always tellingly appealed to the
individual man. "Take a Tontine policy,"
they said. "Look at the enormous returns
if you survive this Tontine period. You
will get not only your own profits, but part
of the profits of all that die! You will not
die; you are strong, in good health — you
will be sure to live. But thousands in your
class will die, and by every one of those
deaths you will profit. Moreover, look
at the enormous number who will lapse
their policies. Do you know that nine out
of every ten who purchase life-insurance
drop out? Under our Tontine scheme
these poor devils won't get a cent; every-
thing they have paid goes into the surplus
to be divided among the survivors. Of
course you won't drop out. You are well-
to-do; and will have no trouble in meeting
all your payments." This appeal took like
wild-fire. As long as human nature retains its
gambling instinct, it always will. Thousands
willingly staked their own chances of living

and paying against the similar chances of their fellow-insurers. They readily risked all their own life-insurance, for a possibility of getting a part of that of their less fortunate associates.

Thus Hyde placed in the hands of hundreds of agents his "blue books" and sent them forth to preach the gospel of Tontine. He raided the leading offices; got away the best men, paying them unheard of commissions—made possible, of course, by this Tontine fund. He astounded the public by his lavish advertisements—the money also drawn from the Tontine fund. Into every state and territory his "blue books" found their way. In the early '70's he invaded Europe. His "blue books" appeared in every English parish and every French and German village. Foreigners opened their eyes at this speculative insurance; and, in spite of the frantic protests of the home companies, purchased Tontine policies by the thousand. Thus in twenty years, by virtue of Tontine, Hyde made the Equitable the biggest life-insurance company in the world. He had accomplished the revenge of his boyhood—had built up a larger company than the Mutual Life. Frederick S. Winston, who shut his door upon young Hyde that eventful March night in 1859, finally died in 1885, disappointed and embittered. At Hyde's own death in 1899, he had accumulated assets of more than \$304,000,000; a surplus of more than \$65,000,000; and had more than a billion dollars worth of insurance in force. He could hardly find a spot on the world's map where the Equitable Society was not known. Americans, Englishmen, Germans, Spaniards, Chinamen, Japanese and Malay Islanders—all entered the mad race for Tontine. He had erected his tremendous monument on the basis of misrepresentations. By this time, too, he had debauched the whole life-insurance system in this country. For how many disappointed lives; how many

desolate homes Henry B. Hyde was responsible; how many millions of dollars he diverted from the hands of their owners into his Tontine pool—these things can never be accurately told. For his influence extended far beyond the Equitable. He corrupted not only his own company but scores of others. He pursued his scheme so successfully; he accumulated such enormous funds which he used in propagating his own ideas, that the great majority of companies were forced to follow his example. Twenty years after he first adopted the Tontine system, four-fifths of all the other companies had followed suit. The New York Life fell into line immediately, in 1871; the Mutual, after attacking for years what it called the "Tontine game," ate its own words after President Winston's death and became a Tontine company itself. The Northwestern of Milwaukee fell into line in 1881; the Penn Mutual about the same time. The smaller New York companies—the Home, the Washington Life, the Manhattan, the Germania—these were all forced; many of them say against their will, to become Tontine companies. Under all sorts of names—reserve dividend, life rate endowment, dividend investment, dividend endowment—Tontine became the predominant idea in American life-insurance. Hyde did not win this great triumph, however, without a hard battle. There were a few companies and a few men who kept the faith; who fought, against overwhelming odds, his demoralizing innovations; and who maintained the old ideals until the end. Only three companies kept themselves entirely free from Tontine; the Mutual Benefit of New Jersey, the Connecticut Mutual of Hartford and the Provident Life and Trust of Philadelphia. How bravely these opponents struggled; what they suffered, how they had to wait, for their complete justification, until this year of grace 1900—this story will be told in the succeeding article.



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doors.

on beams about floods and splendid place. It is high square window, called Duc looks across to Little Lin the place where Jack Cade

As they climbed the at called it the mainmast tree, of Sir Andrew Barton, and it with might and main," as they saw a man sitting on. He was dressed in a plum and tight plum-colored hose busily in a red-edged boot—"Sit ye! Sit ye!" Puc after overhead. "See w beautiful! Master Harry I Hal—says I am the very for a gargoye."

The man laughed and velvet cap to the children, hair bristled out in a stormy old—forty at least—but young, with funny little w them. A satchel of embr hung from his broad belt interesting.



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CTR.

Mr Brian Miller working for Don Young at the D.C. office requested that I Charles Edison McKee, release my right of co-counsel in order for him to be able to fill my claim with the Clerk of court of congress and thier General counsel of same.

His reason being to be able to fill a freedom for information act in my behalf? 6-17-1992 10:7 am Alaska 1-202-225-6065

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Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council Meeting

10 A.M., Monday, July 20
 645 G Street, Anchorage

The next meeting of the Exxon Valdez Restoration Trustee Council will take place on Monday, July 20, beginning at 10 a.m. at the Oil Spill Public Information Center, 645 G Street in Anchorage. The public is welcome to attend.

- This meeting is a continuation to consider unfinished agenda items from the June 29 meeting, including Public Advisory Group membership and the 1993 project idea list and actions.
- There will be no teleconference session during this meeting. A public comment period is scheduled from 1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m., to take place at the Anchorage meeting facility. Written comments may be mailed or delivered to: Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council, 645 G St., Anchorage, AK 99501, or telefaxed to: 907/276-7178.
- To obtain copies of the agenda or other information, contact the Oil Spill Public Information Center, 645 G St., Anchorage, AK 99501, or call Carrie Holba or L.J. Evans at 278-8008 or toll free at 1-800-478-7745.

AOEVIS-91-010

*You Sir, need to reconsider," because
 this is a continuation of your involment
 in the Exxon Valdez oil spill please
 see Alaska Permenent Fund application
 (copy) and State of Alaska Treasury Warrant
 of same Faxed to your office 7-10-92 1:28 pm
 19 pages. signed Charles E. McLee
 7-20-92
 P.S.
 I wrote to Judge Hollande 3.5 Billion*

Kinko's®

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Name: Charles E. McKee

Of: _____

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Phone #: 1-907-337-4144

Fax Phone #: 1-310-550-7693

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counsel that is not a member of the National

Municipal League - from National to Local per their all

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then please read page #1 that is under lined, "are" we just
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then please read page #1 that is underlined by me just
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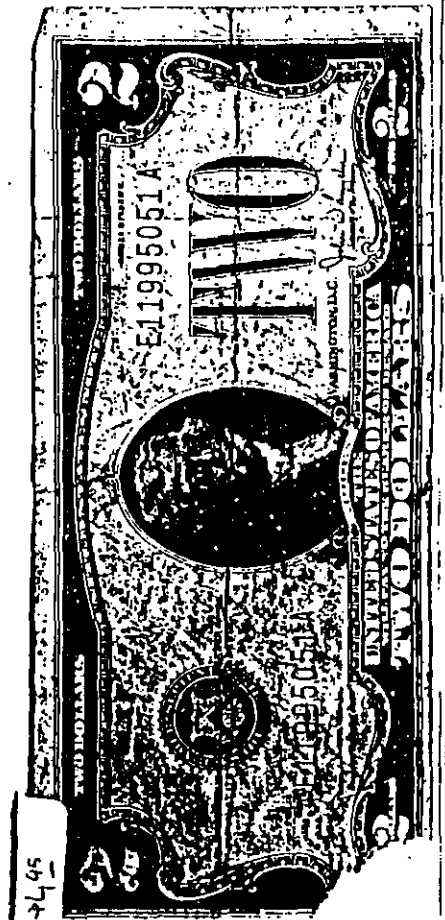
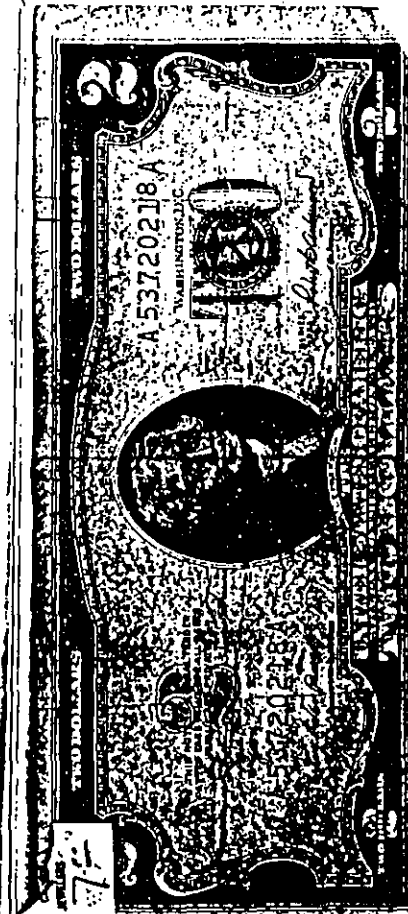
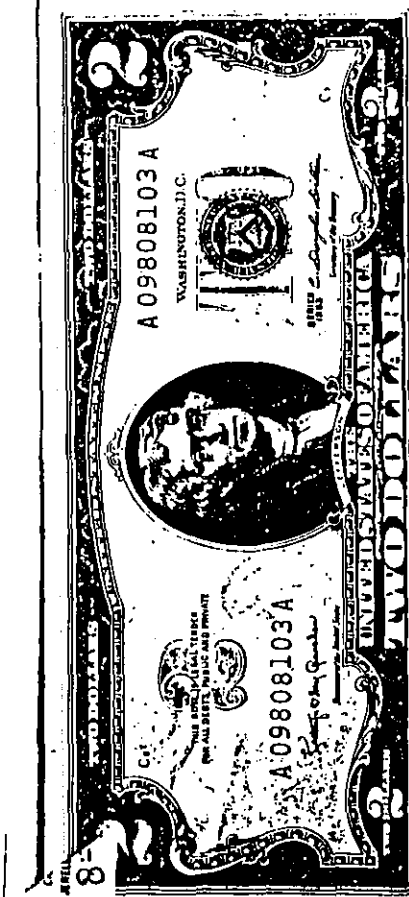
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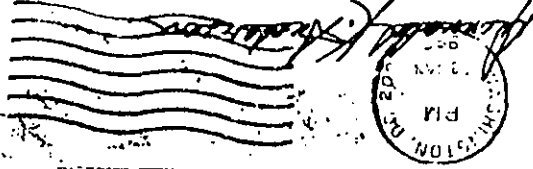
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were included with your correspondence. We
are returning them to you.



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2/6/92

CLERK, U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



6-9-1992 Anch Daily News

OTHER VIEWS

Constitutional convention needed to fix errors of past

By DICK RANDOLPH

FAIRBANKS — Alaska's constitution was written primarily as a means of advancing statehood.

Both Gordon S. Harrison, in his "Citizens Guide to Alaska's Constitution," published in 1982, and Gerald E. Bowkett, in his book "Reaching for a Star," make it abundantly clear that achieving statehood was the primary motivation for convening the convention, the primary focus of the debate and of the final product.

The following is a series of references from Harrison's and Bowkett's works that illustrate this point:

Citizens Guide to Alaska's Constitution, pages 4 and 5:

In the mid-1950s the prospects did not seem good for Congress to grant Alaska statehood. The constitutional convention was conceived as a tactical maneuver in the battle for statehood. Delegates to the constitutional convention were, for the most part, enthusiastic proponents of statehood.

The Alaska Constitutional Convention of the mid-1950s was conceived as a means of advancing the statehood cause.

Reaching For a Star, pages 1-4:

The delegates went to Fairbanks with a sense of mission. First and foremost, they would be advancing the then-languishing statehood cause, showing the nation they were politically mature and fully capable of assuming the responsibilities of statehood.

Most of the delegates, 47 of the 55, were staunch statehood supporters, favoring Alaska's admission to the Union at the earliest possible time.

To succeed at their task, the delegates would have to exercise extraordinary discipline. Partisan politics and sectionalism could have no place at the convention. However hotly they might debate the issues, they would in the end have to stand united.

Now that you know why it was written, you might like to know where Alaska's "model" constitution came from. The answer is the National Municipal League's Model Constitution. In other words, from the political branch of government.

Harrison, on pages 6 and 7 of his Citizens Guide to Alaska's Constitution, said:

In the late 1930's there emerged an active constitutional reform movement in the United States. The role of government in society had expanded tremendously in the first part of the 20th century, and many states found their constitutions standing in the path of progress. These documents were typically the product of the 19th century and its popular distrust of the politicians.

The reform movement came to be centered in the National Municipal League, headquartered in New York City. A major contribution of the league was a publication of the Model State Constitution, which represented the combined efforts at constitutional reform of political scientists, lawyers, and practitioners of government at state and local levels. Underlying the state constitutional reform movement was a positive belief in the potential of government to solve contemporary problems.

Alaska's Constitution . . . embodies the most modern and progressive concepts of state constitutional draftsmanship.

Much of the language used in the constitution was taken directly from the National

Municipal League's model constitution.

In short, much of what is now our state constitution was written in New York City by a bunch of Eastern political scientists, lawyers and practitioners of government.

Clearly the delegates assembled at the university in 1955-56 were striving for statehood. Many knew they were making unwise compromises and made provisions for future Alaskans to re-evaluate their work.

They allowed for a vote on the question — Shall there be a constitutional convention every 10 years? Alaska is the only state, among those that allow this type of vote, to use 10 years; the others all use 20 years.

It's way past time that we vote yes on the constitutional convention question and get on with correcting the results of the bad advice taken and compromises made to get statehood.

☐ Dick Randolph is a former legislator and former candidate for governor.

6-9-1992 Anch Daily News

In any case, independent counsel is needed, please read discernment by Dick Randolph. I Charles E. Miller do not relinquish my right of co-counsel only limited copy right release - the right of release for information, the Freedom of you have. signed by

Charles E. Miller

please see the Smith Act

ous have been
ow occupies 20
the motions
ndant, yet re-

lawyer hired
case, refused
earlier that he
fend the case
the charges
bility to gov-
hree months
hther won the
urn.
ear after the

single director of public safety.

They claimed the council plotted to replace them in retaliation for critical comments the two made about city management.

Superior Court Judge Richard Savell ordered that the legal issues be heard in two trials, and in April, a jury sided with the former chiefs.

Cummings, a member of the police officer's union, took a position as a lieutenant in the department, while Shechter left the fire department and took a job as emergency services coordinator for Fairbanks North Star Borough.

au stay

neau residents will
the Russians.

ost of all we want Ju-
teen-agers to make
friends with them,"
said.

anizers also want the
ns to try things they
do at home — every-
rom community orga-
to computers.

want to get them out
he Alaska environ-
Maier said.

re isn't much empha-
environmental protec-
their country and I
e way to start an
ation for that is to
m out into the envi-
t and let them enjoy

League hires new director

The Associated Press

JUNEAU — The Alaska Municipal League, a group representing Alaska's local governments, has hired a new executive director.

Kent E. Swisher of Olympia, Wash., formerly served as executive director of the Association of Washington Cities and has more than 20 years of management experience with municipal associations.

Adolescent schooling

aska has one of the highest levels of
k students in the country

1991

Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend

Adult Application

If you are filing on behalf of another adult, complete a B Application.

A

Please Print Clearly!

1. Your Social Security Number 5742801682			CAUTION: SSN is optional, but if not provided, 20% of the dividend will be withheld as required by federal law.		
2A. Your Date of Birth Month: 9, Day: 18, Year: 53			2B. State of Birth Oregon		2C. Sex <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> M <input type="checkbox"/> F
3. Your First Name Charles					
Your Mailing Address 901 ATM 216 E 53					
City: Anchorage State: AK Zip Code: 99517					
4. Where Do You Physically Live (Street Address or Physical Location)? I have been made homeless by the collection of the state of Alaska					
5A. Your Home Phone Number none					
5B. Your Work Phone Number none					
6. Your Name as It Appears on Your Birth Certificate (See page 4, #5) First Name: Charles M.I.: E. Last Name: McKee					

7. Did you file for last year's dividend (1990)? If no, complete the Supplemental Schedule, which is included in this booklet. Yes ☒ No ☐
8. Are you a member of the U.S. military? If yes, attach a September, 1990 Leave and Earnings Statement. Yes ☐ No ☒
9. Do you physically live in Alaska? If no, answer Questions 20-23 AND complete the Supplemental Schedule, which is included in this booklet, and attach it to this application. Yes ☒ No ☐
10. Are you a United States citizen? If no, complete Question 19. Yes ☒ No ☐
11. Were you gone from Alaska for more than 30 days in a row during the period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991? If yes, complete Questions 20-23. Yes ☐ No ☒
12. Were you gone from Alaska for more than 180 days cumulative during the period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991? If yes, complete Questions 20-23. Yes ☐ No ☒
13. Do you want to place 50% of your Permanent Fund Dividend in an Educational Trust Fund for yourself or for another person? (See page 8 of the instructions.) Yes ☐ No ☐

Complete Questions 16-18 on the other side.

FILING DEADLINE: June 30, 1991

Your application must be received in the Department or postmarked by the deadline.

Residency Certification by the Applicant

14. Signature: It is important that you read the following statement before signing. If you make any change to this statement you will be denied a permanent fund dividend.

I certify that I am now and intend to remain an Alaska resident, was an Alaska resident for the entire period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991, and have been physically present in the State of Alaska at some time during the period beginning July 1, 1989 and ending on the date that I sign this application.

I understand that a false claim of eligibility to obtain a permanent fund dividend for myself or for another is a criminal offense, that if convicted I will forfeit future dividends, and I must repay all dividends paid to me. I also understand that if I willfully misrepresent, exercise gross negligence, or recklessly disregard a material fact regarding my eligibility for a permanent fund dividend I will forfeit the dividend, be subject to a civil fine of up to \$5,000, and lose my eligibility for the next five dividends. I understand that these penalties are in addition to any Criminal penalties imposed by the State of Alaska.

I authorize the Alaska Department of Revenue to obtain information from any source to verify my claim of residency, and I agree that a copy of this authorization is as valid as the original.

14. Signature: Charles E. McKee Date: 6-20-1991

Residency Verification by Two Adults Who Know You

15. The statement below must be read and signed by two adults who know you, and who can confirm that you are eligible for a permanent fund dividend.

I certify under penalty of unsworn falsification that I have read and understand the residency requirements of the Permanent Fund Dividend program as stated in this booklet, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the person named on this application was an Alaska resident for the entire period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991, and was physically present in the state at some time during the period beginning July 1, 1989 and ending on the date of this application.

I understand that a false claim of eligibility to obtain a permanent fund dividend for myself or for another is a criminal offense, and if convicted I will forfeit future dividends, and that I must repay all dividends that have been paid to me. I also understand that if I willfully misrepresent, exercise gross negligence, or recklessly disregard a material fact pertaining to the eligibility of the person named on this application for a permanent fund dividend I will be subject to a fine of up to \$5,000, and will lose my own eligibility for a dividend for the next five years. I understand that I may be contacted by the Alaska Department of Revenue regarding the eligibility of the person named on this application.

15A. Signature (Spouse, Relative or Friend) Joseph A. Donahue		Date 6/25/91
Printed Name Joe Donahue		Social Security Number 5
Mailing Address 3719 Spennard Rd.		SSN is Optional
City, State, Zip Code Anchorage, AK 99517		Daytime Phone Number (907) 561-4675
15B. Signature (Spouse, Relative or Friend) Harmela Torbica		Date 6/25/91
Printed Name Harmela Torbica		Social Security Number 213-50-3632
Mailing Address 5511 Tanikwood		SSN is Optional
City, State, Zip Code Anchorage, AK 99517		Daytime Phone Number (907) 561-4675

Keep this stub for your tax records. The Department of Revenue reports this information to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). If you fail to report the PF on your Federal income tax return, the IRS may require you to pay a penalty. Report the amount of your PF on IRS form 1040 on the line for "OTHER INCOME".

Federal law requires the Department of Revenue to withhold 20 percent of your PF if you did not give us your Social Security Number, and if the amount of the PF is \$600 or more. If taxes were withheld from your PF, you must report the withheld amount on IRS form 1040 on the line for "FEDERAL TAX WITHHELD". The IRS will issue any refund due you.

FEDERAL BACK UP
WITHHOLDINGIMPORTANT FEDERAL
TAX INFORMATION

*The U.S. Treasury: I found you some other stuff on 7-3-1991
5:34 pm in regard to the Federal Credit Union Oct 17 84
and the P.F. Corporation there
retention is unlawful*

STATE OF ALASKA
DEPT. OF REVENUE
ANCHORAGE INFORMATION OFFICE

NOV 27 1991

STATE OF ALASKA
TREASURY WARRANT

No. 53993062
89-52/1252

ALASKA PERMANENT FUND DIVIDEND

DATE OF ISSUE: 11 12 91

53993062

\$745.07

PAY TO THE ORDER OF:

DOLLARS
*****745.07

CHARLES E MCKEE
7800 E DEBARR #63
ANCH AK 99508

Walter G. Hill
GIVE BY:

*Charles E. McKee does not except the Federal Income tax
withheld \$15.27, due to the presumption of debt to demagogues.
Understand I ask to be collateralized, in main part with Federal Reserve
Note, rather than United States Note 11-21-1991*

NON NEGOTIABLE

No. 53993062

PAYER'S NAME STATE OF ALASKA
FEDERAL ID NO. 92-6001185

1991 PERMANENT FUND DIVIDEND \$ 931.34
FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHELD \$ 186.27-

DATE 11/12/91 BATCH 02557
VOUCHER 476881 DLN 91509801

WARRANT AMOUNT \$ 745.07

APPLICANT'S NAME AND ADDRESS
CHARLES E MCKEE
7800 E DEBARR #63
ANCH AK 99508

Your dividend has been reduced due to:

1. Legislative appropriation to reimburse welfare recipients for the amount their medical and public assistance is reduced when they receive dividends. \$ 28.63
2. Dividend program administrative costs. \$ 8.01

Dividends come from Permanent Fund earnings due to:

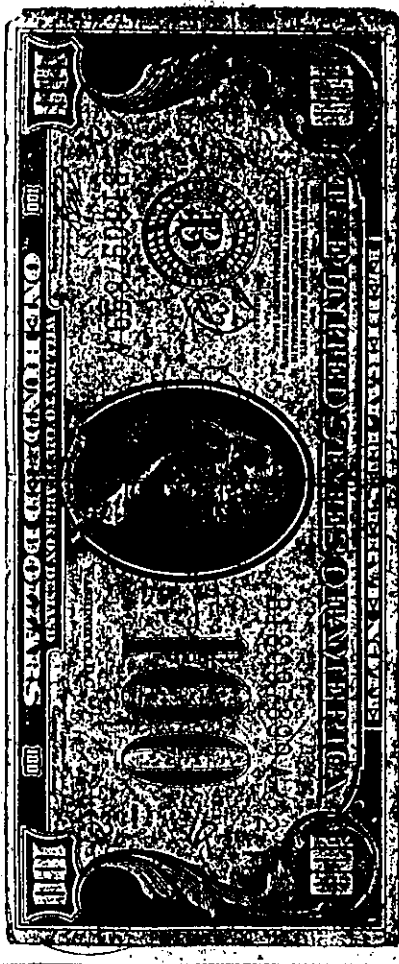
- A. Constitutional dedication to the Permanent Fund. \$359.21
- B. Legislative action:
 1. Statutory inflation proofing of the Permanent Fund. \$223.59
 2. Special legislative appropriations to the Permanent Fund. \$333.56

Increase resulting from:

- A. Reimbursements to the Dividend Fund. \$ 0.00
- B. Unexpended prior year dividend funds. \$ 14.98

Total \$ 36.64

IMPORTANT - This stub contains important tax and other information (see back).



HOODS FOR AN OLD CUSTOM



*please see page #10
the title of Origin*

The Associated Press

A person wearing a hood, or penitente, takes part in an Easter procession Saturday in Seville, Spain. People who wear penitents are lay members of specific churches that walk a specific route in Seville commemorating Holy Week. The hoods date back to the Middle Ages.

Charles E. McKee
2201 W 36th av
Anchorage, Alaska
99512

In the United States District Court
For the District of Alaska

Charles E. McKee et al
Peopleking, class suit
test suit (Quasi-criminal)

Plaintiff(s)

V.S. State of Alaska

Executive Branch

Legislative Branch

Judicial Branch

State Department(s)

Boards and Commission(s)

Defendant(s) et al 1 to 100

A 90-0061 misc
RECEIVED
case #
civil
DEC 03 1990
off of the Gov.
~~EX POST FACTO~~

~~Motion and Order for~~

~~Stay of Eviction as~~

Peopleking(s)
RECEIVED
Department of Law

DEC 03 1990

Complaint

Office of the Attorney General
Anchorage, Alaska
Anchorage, Alaska

Comes Now plaintiff(s) provoked by
undue influence by the Reinsurers
whose interests are Miscellaneous,
by way of Trover and Deceit
Through suppression of Fiduciary
responsibilities.

Motion

1. I am The Forma Pauperis pro-se Plaintiff(s). herein, provoked by undue influence by the Reinsurers(s) for the Nation and the State of Alaska,

2. Request the court(s) of this Nation and Alaska to consider the real and legal needs of Plaintiff(s) due to the suppression of The American Bar Association, The Alaska Bar Association and the Anchorage Bar Association by the Reinsurers(s) through the protocolar doctrine of The Federal Reserve Monetary Unite.

Charles E. Mee
2201 W 36th Ave
Anchorage, Alaska
99517

Order

page 2 of 1

Peopleking Plaintiff(s) having moved
the court(s) to Stay the Eviction
and the court(s) having considered
U.S. District Court case # A87-356 ^{civil} and
case # A88-109 civil and being fully
advised in the premises, It Is
HEREBY ORDERED Peopleking Plaintiff(s)
Motion is granted. Good cause has
been shown, and Peopleking Plaintiff(s)
shall no longer be considered the
Debtor, that, the proper action to
recover specific chattels withheld
from the Peopleking Plaintiff(s) in
case # A87-356 ~~on~~ civil and case # A88-109 civil

Charles E. McRee
2201 W 36th Ave
Anchorage, Alaska
99517

Order

Page 2 of

shall be taken up by the court(s)

within the State of Alaska in a

case of Detinue for Peopleking

Plaintiff(s) in this motion and
order.

Dated: _____

Signed: _____

dated: 6-8-1990
Charles E. McKee

Charles E. McKee
2201 W 36th av
Anchorage, Alaska
99517

1.

(First Cause of Action)

(Failure of Responsibilities)

(Bad Faith)

2.

(Second Cause of Action)

(Negligence)

(of Responsibilities)

3.

(Third Cause of Action)

(Plaintiff realleges and incorporates

The Complaint of Miscellaneous
action to suppress Peopleking.

(Apartheid) dated: 6-8-1990
Charles E. McKee

Your message may be directed to any individual or combination of the following members of the Alaska Legislature.

SENATE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

* ANCHORAGE DELEGATION	X Adams	*X Kelly	*X Barnes	X Goll	X Menard
Indicate House (H)	X Binkley	*X Kerttula	*X Boucher	*X Gruenberg	X Miller
and/or Senate (S)	X Coghill	*X Pearce	X Boyer	X Grussendorf	X Navarre
LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE	X Duncan	*X Pourchot	*X Brown	*X Hanley	*X Pettyjohn
Indicate House (H)	X Eliason	*X Rodey	*X Collins	X Hoffman	*X Phillips
and/or Senate (S)	X Fahrenkamp	*X Sturgulewski	*X Cotten	X Hudson	*X Rieger
Community & Regional Affairs	*X Faiks	*X Szymanski	X Davidson	X Jacko	X Sharp
Finance	X Frank	*X Uehling	X Davis, C.	X Koponen	X Shultz
Health, Education and	X Fischer	X Zharoff	X Davis, M.	X Kubina	X Swackhamme
Social Services	*X Halford		*X Donley	X Larson	X Taylor
Judiciary	X Jones		*X Ellis	X Leman	X Ulmer
Labor & Commerce			*X Finkelstein	X MacLean	X Wallis
Resources			X Foster	*X Martin	*X Zawacki
Rules			*X Furnace		
State Affairs					
X Transportation					
Other: _____					

FROM: _____

TITLE: _____ (H) Phone: _____

HOME ADDRESS: _____ (W) Phone: _____

MAILING ADDRESS: _____ ZIP: _____

M E S S A G E : (50 Words or Less)

PLEASE NOTE: Only those single messages delivered by the signing individual to the Legislative Information Office by telephone, hand-delivered, or written at the Legislative Information Office will be accepted for transmission via electronic mail as a Public Opinion Message. (Legislative Council Policy 6/81)

SUBJECT: _____

TIME	IS	NOT	CULTURAL
1	2	3	4
TRADITIONAL	OR	CUSTOMARY	FOR
5	6	7	8
PEOPLE	TO	BE	INFLUENCED
9	10	11	12
BY	INTERMEDIATE	TRANSFER	OF
13	14	15	16
FUNDS	THROUGH	PENALTY	OF
17	18	19	20
INTEREST	RATES	THAT	IS
21	22	23	24
TIME	ESTABLISHED	BY	THE
25	26	27	28
REINSURER	FOR	IT	IS
29	30	31	32
DECEPTIVE	IN	ALLOCATION	OF
33	34	35	36
SUBSISTANCE	RESOURCES	AND	IS
37	38	39	40
USURY	BY	LAW	INACT
41	42	43	44
A	MORATORIUM	ON	INTEREST
45	46	47	48
PENALTYS	NOW !!		
49	50		

SIGNATURE: _____ TIME: _____ DATE: _____ OPERATOR: _____

House Members and/or House Committees and/or Caucuses
ALL

Senate Members and/or Senate Committees
ALL

Name: CHARLES MCKEE

Title:

Address: 2201 W 36TH AVE

City: ANCH

Phone: N/R -

Bill No: HB 589

Subject: PERMANENT FUND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

Message: TIME IS NOT CULTURAL, TRADITIONAL NOR CUSTOMARY FOR PEOPLE TO BE
INFLUENCED BY INTERMEDIATE TRANSFER OF FUNDS THROUGH PENALTY OF INTEREST RATES
THAT ARE TIME-ESTABLISHED BY THE RE-INSURER. FOR IT IS DECEPTIVE IN NATURE AND
IS USURY BY LAW OF LIMITATION. ENACT A MORATORIUM ON INTEREST PENALTIES NOW!
VTP

PF1 = Help PF3 = Quit

PF4 = Members

PF5 = House Committees

PF6 = Senate Committees

PF7 = Joint Committees

Respond:

Create: YES ENTER YES POMOK => RUN SUCCESSFULL

Pomid: 03164415

Date: 04/11/90

Time: 16:44:15

Lioname: ANCHORAGE LID

House Members and/or House Committees and/or Caucuses

=> Enter = Refresh

=> CICS/OPID = (INN)HHMMSS

=> POMID = (I03)164415

ALASKA STATE COMMISSION FOR HUMAN RIGHTS
INTAKE QUESTIONNAIRE

RECEIVED
STATE OF ALASKA
HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

APR 18 1990

SOUTHCENTRAL REGION
ANCHORAGE

ASCHR USE ONLY

Questionnaire sent by: _____
Investigator _____ Date _____
Referred by: _____
Name of Organization _____ Date _____

Please answer all of the following questions telling us briefly why you believe you have been discriminated against. If a question does not apply, answer n/a. If you are unsure indicate that you are unsure and an investigator will discuss it with you at a later date. After you have completed this questionnaire and returned it to the office of the ASCHR an investigator will contact you to discuss the answers and/or to schedule an appointment to complete the intake process.

Return completed questionnaire to: Alaska State Commission for Human Rights
800 A Street, Suite 204
Anchorage, AK 99501

Name Charles Edison McKee Date of Birth 9-8-53
(first) (middle) (last)
Address 2201 W 36th av Phone 248-1366
(home) (work)
City Anchorage State Alaska Zip 99517 or 99503

I believe I was discriminated against because of my:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Race	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sex	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> National Origin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Age
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Marital Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Physical Disability	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mental Disability
<input type="checkbox"/> Pregnancy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parenthood	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Religion	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retaliation
<u>NA</u>		<u>to provoke</u>	<u>to provoke</u>

☒ Other Political Subdivisions i.e. private public employees and administrative personnel

I was discriminated against in:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Self</u> Employment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Housing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>in school</u> Public Accommodations	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Financial Institutions
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Practices by the State <u>see other above</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <u>private schools</u>		

I was discriminated against by:

Name _____
(Company) (Individual)
Address _____
City _____ State _____ Zip _____ Phone _____

What was the most recent date the harm you alleged took place? 4-11-1990

Have you sought assistance from any other governmental agency which handles discrimination complaints (i.e. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Anchorage Equal Rights Commission) or from a private attorney? No ☒ Yes
(if answer is yes, complete below)

Name of source of assistance: Alaska Public Office Commission Date: 4-16-1990

Result, if any: pending review

I have received and read a copy of the ASCHR informational handout entitled "What you should know about filing a charge of discrimination."

Signature Charles McRee Date: 4-18-1990

Please provide the name of an individual at a different address who is in the local area and who would know how to reach you.

Name Bill Cuffel Relationship land lord

Address 3404 Oregon dr Phone 248-2891
(home) (work)

City Anchorage State Alaska Zip 99517

What action was taken against you that you believe to be discriminatory? What harm, if any, was caused to you or others as a result of that action? (If more space is required, use additional sheets).

The motive is to provoke acts of excessive emotional displays to embitter one's self into acts of personal and or public maleficence.

Law of maleficence: acts that are not legally justified

ASCHR USE ONLY

Reviewed by: _____ Date: _____

Investigator assigned: _____ Date: _____

Comments: _____

Chuck the Fed *Anchor Times*

12-5-1990

Dear Editor:

The number one issue in most elections this year was the budget: local, state and federal. The federal debt is now nearly \$3 billion.

How did this happen?

With the passage of the Federal Reserve Act of 1913, vast powers were transferred to the Federal Reserve System, made up of 12 Federal Reserve Banks, with Chase Manhattan the central controlling bank.

The Federal Reserve is a private organization in violation of the Constitution. Article 1, Section 8, declares only Congress may borrow, coin and regulate the value of money. The power to borrow money on the credit of the United States has been transferred from Congress to the Fed. The idea that we only owe to ourselves is false. The trillions of dollars is a lien against all property in the United States.

The Monetary Control Act, adopted by Congress in 1980, gave the Fed control over all depository institutions, credit unions, savings and loans, and savings banks. Mortgage rates are set by Chase Manhattan Bank. Liens against local property are transmitted to this bank as property evaluation. Mortgage credits are then used to underwrite international loans made by the International Monetary Fund, a part of the International Federal Reserve System.

The Fed bypasses Congress by creating Federal Reserve notes out of nothing, with no gold or silver or anything of value backing them. To meet a debt like our multi-billion dollar deficit, Congress directs the Treasury to print a certain quantity of these notes, which are not interest bearing, for the cost of ink and paper. These notes are then exchanged by the Fed for interest-bearing government bonds.

The bonds go to the 12 Federal Reserve Banks and are never retired. Interest payments on these bonds continue interminably. Today, we have more than \$250 billion due to the Fed in interest payments on our federal debt.

Article 30 of the original Federal Reserve Act provides that it can be repealed by an act of Congress. I know Congress doesn't have the intelligence or guts. The solution is for a sufficient number of sovereign states to pressure Congress into action.

Approximately 18 states have introduced or passed a resolution to repeal the Federal Reserve Act.

So, I would like our congressional Rep. Don Young to sponsor a bill to repeal the Federal Reserve Act, and hold down the budget and pay raises.

Rocky Frank
Anchor Point

Charles McKee
2201 W 36th av
Anch, ak 99517

RECEIVED
Department of Law

JUN 01 1990

In the District Court For the State of Alaska

AT Anchorage

Office of the Attorney General
Anchorage Branch
Anchorage, Alaska

COPY
Original Received

MAY 18 1990

Charles E. McKee

Plaintiff(s)

case #90-04069

v.s. Bill Cuffel

Motion for Stay of

Clerk of the Trial Court

Defendant(s)

Eviction

1. I am the Forma Pauperis pro-se Plaintiff(s) herein, provoked by undue influence by the Reinsurer for the State of Alaska

2. I am asking for a Stay of Eviction, pending appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

5-18-1990 Charles McKee

Order

Charles E. McKee having moved the court to stay the Eviction and the court having considered U.S. District Court case #A87-356 and being fully advised in the premises,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED Charles E. McKee (s) Motion is granted. Good cause has been shown, and Charles E. McKee shall no longer be considered the Debtor, that, the proper action to recover specific chattels withheld (from) the Plaintiff in case #A87-356 shall be taken up by the State of Alaska in a case of Detinue for Plaintiff in this motion and Order.

Dated:

Sign

Defendant Bill Cuffel
3404 Oregon dr
Anchorage, AK

IN THE DISTRICT/SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA
AT Anchorage

Charles E. McKeel et al
Appellant (person bringing appeal)

vs. Bill Cuffel
Judge Wolverton et al
Appellee

Motion and
Ex post facto request
and order, for, Stay
of Eviction

CASE NO. 90-04069

90-4324

REQUEST AND ORDER
FOR: Stay of Eviction

REQUEST

I, Charles McKeel, Appellant/Appellee, request that
~~the order to vacate be stayed, pending the~~
~~appeal to the Superior Court.~~

Reason: (Plaintiff/Appellant) request the courts
of Alaska to consider the real and legal needs
of plaintiff/appellant due to the undue influence
by the Reinsurer(s) whose interests are Miscellaneous!

6-6-1990

Date

I certify that on 6-6-1990
a copy of this request and
Form AP-140 were ☐ mailed
☒ personally delivered
to: Bill Cuffel

Judge Wolverton
By: Charles McKeel

Charles E. McKeel
Signature of Appellant/Appellee

Charles E. McKeel
Print Name and Title (if applicable)

2201 W 36th av
Mailing Address City State ZIP
Anchorage, AK 99517
Home Phone Work Phone

ORDER

☐ Hearing ordered. Date 6-4-90 Time 1:30 pm
Courtroom 12

☐ Request granted. ☐ Request denied because _____

Date
I certify that on _____
a copy of this order was sent
to: _____

Clerk: _____

Judge/Clerk*

Type or Print Name

*Clerk may sign only those orders
authorized by Appellate Rule 612.

Date 7-20-1992
To Mr. Melvin Belli
From Mr. Charles E. McKee Ctr #
Phone Number (907) 337-4144

Number of Pages 1
MBE Corporate Office
FAX # 1-310-550-7693
RECEIVED
JUL 20 1992

FRANCHISE ACTION REQUEST:

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council Meeting 10 A.M., Monday, July 20 645 G Street, Anchorage

The next meeting of the Exxon Valdez Restoration Trustee Council will take place on Monday, July 20, beginning at 10 a.m. at the Oil Spill Public Information Center, 645 G Street in Anchorage. The public is welcome to attend.

- This meeting is a continuation to consider unfinished agenda items from the June 29 meeting, including Public Advisory Group membership and the 1993 project idea list and actions.
- There will be no teleconference session during this meeting. A public comment period is scheduled from 1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m., to take place at the Anchorage meeting facility. Written comments may be mailed or delivered to: Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council, 645 G St, Anchorage, AK 99501, or telefaxed to: 907/276-7178.
- To obtain copies of the agenda or other information, contact the Oil Spill Public Information Center, 645 G St., Anchorage, AK 99501, or call Carrie Holba or L.J. Evans at 278-8008 or toll free at 1-800-478-7745.

AOEVIDS-91-010

*You Sir, need to reconsider," because
this is a continuation of your involvement
in the Exxon Valdez oil spill please
see Alaska Permanent Fund application
(copy) and State of Alaska Treasury Warrant
of same faxed to your office 7-10-92 1:28 pm
19 pages signed Charles E. McKee
7-20-92
P.S.
I wrote to Judge Hollander 3.5 Billion*

Kinko's®

Fax Cover Sheet

Send to:

Sent by:

Name: Mr Melvin Belli

Name: Charles E. McKee

Of: _____

Of: 7800 E DeBarr Rd #63

Phone #: 310-550-6777

Phone #: 1-907-337-4144

Fax Phone #: 1-310-550-7693

Number of Pages Including This Page: 19 .

Special Instructions / Other Messages: I need legal

counsel that is not a member of the National

Municipal League - from National to Local per their all

qualifying, but please read page #9 that is under lined
then please read page #1 that is under lined, "are" we just
raw material to the cartel. ? we incurred the debt,
now they want 2210 E. Northern Lights Blvd. let us pay it!

Anchorage, AK 99508

(907) 276-4228

FAX (907) 276-8357

Kinko's®

Fax Cover Sheet

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Name: Mr. Melvin Belli

Of: _____

Phone #: 310-550-6277

Sent by:

Name: Charles E. McKee

Of: 2800 E. Duane Rd #63

Phone #: 1-907-337-4144

Fax Phone #: 1-210-550-7693

Number of Pages Including This Page: 19

Special Instructions / Other Messages: I need legal

counsel that is not a member of the National
Municipal League - from National to Local they all
qualifying, but please read page #9 that is underlined
then please read page #3 that is underlined. Are we just
now material to the court? we incurred the debt,
now they want 2210 E. Northern Lights Blvd. let us pay it!

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Charles McKee
7800 East Debarr, #63
Anchorage, Alaska 99508

January 14, 1992

Ronald V. Dellums (chair)
District of Columbia
Municipal Affairs of Public Libraries

Re: Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska Public Libraries

The U.S. Congress wrote and passed the Alaska Statehood Act in 1958.

Alaska's first Governor, William A. Egan (D) who deliberately went against New York Life and became our first "freeboater," and ordered shots fired across the bow of the contracted Japanese fishing boats, that had been seen laying nets completely closing the entrance to rivers to entrap the returning salmon. Before this, adherence to a one million acre land trust was created by congress in 1956, to fund mental health programs in Alaska. Our resources were considered high risk, (although in abundance) of which gave us a credit rating of zero and a "callable note." This instrument used to dismantle our "at liberty" of individuality, by master criminals. This sets up the most difficult challenge for posterity of We the People, in Alaska, or anywhere else for that matter. You see, the root of all key transportation systems "must" be a common carrier available to all! By this time, we had no common carrier, we had credit with interest applied "before" purchase. If we were to borrow, to "invent" more posterity or, market the new, the transfer of our posterity of our "at liberty" and likewise "peopleking" would be alienated by raw material cartels!!! So our representative government's commit illegal acts through legislation such as, divorcing our

transfer of posterity away from the original Seal of the Treasury of North America where five-pointed stars on the chevron replace the six-pointed star (of David 13 in all) removed the lover's knot and flowers plus blasphemed the United States and its posterity of We the People on, the \$100 dollar. United States Note, series of 1966, also note the change in how the scale of justice is supported from below rather than from above?

Questioning apparent facts of design change, combined with the expressed obligation of the government and the two signatures, "it notarizes" the contract (see Chief Justice John Marshall affirmed claim that the national authority is limited from impairing the obligation of contracts). The Treasury Seal, one would say, is the final stamp of approval that ensures the legality of our currency/contract. The use of symbols by the way is, the oldest educational sequence of our posterity known; so why change? The economic symbols of our reason for being. The utmost educational system of symbols representing Christian character from which our government was formed. Quite deceitful, I must say, in the use of proxies to substitute a Nation.

My primary impetus is to eliminate this paradox; that being some in positions of "rank" authority (meaning not obeying) are refusing to recognize my/our historical need for a free expression of one's shield; bearing designs symbolic of a people and their people of posterity manifesting individual, family and nation. Thereby not being taken in, by part or whole to prurient interest. This endeavor to cause inequality through belief and/or act entrapment is clearly intentional.

The use of position public and private, employment and/or appointment of those who will do their bidding under duress through mental and/or economic entrapment, such as it is, is embarrassing!! It is challenging to wisely spare for justice and protect the economy at the same time!

It can be done considering, that this is not a negotiable indictment.

The flurry of environmental protest is placing this agenda before you. Think of it as a environmental filibuster if you wish, thereby negating all but Lord God Jehovah's Day! Ironically another hazard of living among employed people paid by paper persons (meaning incorporated businesses) is getting introduced to the systematic efforts to affect morals, loyalty etc. especially by large international banks. They call this psychological warfare. Statistics show because of this heathenish weapon, "unchecked," brings about the loss of sole proprietorship, over time and has attributed to the fastest growing mental illness in America today, "Schizophrenia" (and not unfounded).

That is why our roots as a nation go back to the original Seal of the Treasury of North America, why it was designed before the Articles of Confederation with no record of report, to the committee, on the design or creator of the design.

These people knew beforehand about moneys rule; and political and/or religious ideological powers to "sharply" divide man from "being of kindness!"

The U.S. Treasury tried three different times to get back our common carrier in 1928, 1953 and 1963 which some would say was a grueling battle, that involved

1) Time management (insurance), 2) Interest rate of paper "banking" (hollo), 3) War "civil?" (armed conflict in the streets) and 4) Assassination(s) (of Presidents) to name but a few. Then transfer the common gold reserve of "interchangeability" to the World Bank (carteling) by way of a bill authorizing U.S. participation in the international "paper gold" plan, signed by President Johnson June 19, 1968.



The Original Seal of the Treasury of North America

Thereby trying to justify discontinuing the original seal of the Treasury, why the committee "foreordained" its creation outside the powers of political authority, having prior formal knowledge (exact science) between reinsurance (outside the legal authority) local insurance, banking and the nature of corporate association with council(s) of community's and the dual role, a secretary-treasurer to maintain a reserve in gold certificates against deposit liabilities, the change to eliminate that requirement passed congress March 3, 1965.

Which brings me to my educational requisition, I Charles E. McKee by right of posterity and in the act of taking, to amplify The Original Seal of the Treasury of North America. By way of the Bill of Rights among them the ninth amendment and conveyance by way of resolution approving the use of force (see eminent domain) by any American nation to prevent a communist takeover, passed by U.S. House of Representative, September 20, 1965 by vote of 312-52. Oh, by the way, did you know, the preamble to the constitution of the World Health Organization, chartered in 1948, defines health as a state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.

The Seal of the Treasury was created through the inspiration of study within a study of liberty hence, the library an instrument of trust conveyance.

The base for this is the foundation, not only for our national government, but the libraries as well, hence our local Z. J. Loussac (Liberty) Library Foundation. What were they constituted to convey? To maintain a reduction of social inequalities perhaps! They gained prominence only in this century, it started in Europe, due to the aftermath of industrialization (warfare) urbanization (banking). Confronted by the contrast of poverty amidst plenty they were pioneered.

Clearly the easiest institution founded to be subject to tarnishment, using the four previously stated, is the educated vote.

Now reflecting for a moment to the point of history where the inspiration is clear, to all who would please read, to is ultima.

We the people of the United States in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessing of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

Why fragment what is already whole, with "interest" that sounds suspiciously "inflationary!"

As I have written, it is challenging to wisely spare for justice and protect the economy at the same time! It can be done.

Now there is a common word denominator between the Bill of Rights and the Postal System (even though the latter was enacted the former established) "Issue" (to bring forth) our, posterity as freeman.

Concepts that identify the values pursued by government; freedom, order, and equality.

The word omniscient is the common denominator to the Original Seal of the Treasury of North America, a "Republic" Benjamin Franklin "replied" when asked what sort of government the new nation would have "If you can keep it." a Republic! (Not Corporate Cartels under Federalism rule)

for he well knew the implication of the private swearings and other acts that "impeach" the Republic for which it stands that being the omniscient counsel of Lord God Jehovah! The word "freeman" denotes values pursued by every man jack/everyone!

The implication of the private Oligarchy (The federalist few) debasing itself to the point of anarchism (Cartels, a New World Order) lowering down through democracy. The ancient Greeks were afraid of democracy, being evident of the infiltration, by one or more blood oath taking ideologies, who appeals to, and deceives the masses by manipulating their emotions and prejudices.

Having beforehand manipulated the politician(s) to ceremonial swearing (that's why they changed the seal, so when you take the oath of office) you have been deceived!

That fear is evident in the term (from the Greeks) demagoguery!

// For what purpose one needs to know is, the objective. Technically speaking, Anarchism. the discontinued use of the organizational separation of powers and checks and balances, over stepping the legitimate police powers given the national government, one of which is in apportioning, representatives in the House, the population of each state was to be determined by adding "the whole number of free persons, so as "not to be caricaturing" us with numbered chattel, through a census (see actuaries) hollo!

It is not the national government that is doing this. The federal reserve system of government, that includes both national and state political maneuvering, shrouded in mythology and sometimes in conflict, part of, psychological warfare. (See Marbury v. Madison 1 Cranch 137

(1803) judicial power to invalidate an act(s) of Congress) So I enter my proof a copy of a State of Alaska Treasury Warrant and with it copies of a U.S. Note a common carrier without the original seal of the treasury/a Federal Reserve Corporate Note credit with interest applied before purchase, and my Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend application for 1991.

Now there are many illegal acts all prejudicial, for instances if, I Charles Edison McKee see the need, which I do, to file a class action law suit, and the need being to, assemble plaintiffs as such, "The whole number of free persons" from the Preamble of We the people do ordain, the continuity of "thesis" (to be maintained against objection) technically speaking wouldn't that be only the members of congress or those people outside of the census! what of the Alaska Mental Health Trust and the needs of the currency/consumers trust.

The Municipality of Anchorage put to a public vote the proposed sale of the municipally owned A.T.U. (Anchorage Telephone Utility). Why; well too much bound debt, with interest. Now on the ballot for the proposed sale of A.T.U. was an alternative, if you want to call it that, not to sale, (the offerings were \$450,000,000 and \$500,000,000 municipally bond debt, with interest \$50,000,000) but to create an "authority," the authority was approved.

The Municipality of Anchorage is a first-class city, because of that "rating" it legally has to provide utilities, schools, land-use planes and the collection of taxes period!

I for one, knowing that the State of Alaska had to deal with the Alaska Supreme Court ruling in 1985, ordering that the Alaska Mental Health Trust be recreated " as nearly as possible" to the original trust, didn't want to add my vote to this, but wanting to vote, the educated way and couldn't.

assembled plaintiffs "ya" right. As the fifth amendment comes to mind and the need to extradite, did I say pathetic!

Now there is more than enough gold within the Turnagain Arm to "entrust" the common carrier/currency of this nation. My plan for extraction will be conducted in a confederated manner just previously stated. There is this matter of conveyance, the need of payment for, local municipal bond debt yours as well, but first. The total amount offered for the purchase of A.T.U. out of which the monies need to extinguish the bond indebtedness will be extracted having the full amount being first transferred through the Z.J. Loussac Foundation the accounting of which will also be transferred to A.T.U. and its accounting department.

Full and complete title (legal rights) to substratum(s) and all things therein and upon the surface of the Turnagain Arm, Knik Arm, upper and lower Cook Inlet, a parcel that is owned by the U.S. Small Business Administration, and one owned previously by them with the same legal rights as before stated. The "emphatic" need to merge all the legal rights that I have put forth, is only secondhand to the proof that I have submitted which impacted me directly. The monies for the purchase of A.T.U. in the immediate will come from the State of Alaska, being accredit to my educational examination. In speaking to the psychologist, this is, has been, a complex maneuver to profit while harassing people, and as a state(s) is corrupted the bad laws multiply, the legislative government takes all the, shall we say "heat" and the worst sort of tyranny, "our" dismissal of faith of same, by our own act, hence misdiagnosed Schizophrenia, cosmetically affective, and because its just that, quite frankly, shelters tyranny!

Tyranny in the past has sought out sovereignty sanctuaries for the free man, to infiltrate with their forsworn souls, our founding fathers knew this so they fortified the individual with their posterity

The ruling went on to say that the 1978 "legislation" dissolving the trust was in fact illegal. It is as if "the private people in "authority" are not in conveyance with their public "oath" of office!

The linkage here with respect to all parties, is the public trust conveyance, closer to home, the State of Alaska conveyed land to the Municipality of Anchorage, "from" this land trust, some of which A.T.U. uses to provide service to the beneficiaries. (Personal commentary), nothing like being led into moral condemn "nation!" (time management) This generalization of defrauding the public moral right of authority, has to stop!

What is it that I need, "personal equality" towards me "not" any more, "inequality" defrauding me through the use of Postal Service in the U.S. system of conveyance. In this case pre-sorted first class mail from the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Finance Box C, Juneau, Alaska 99811, mailed to me November 15, 1991, Juneau, Alaska. This isn't the first time, involving the Postal Service in the service of defrauding me of my rights "but," the first directly relating to "currency conveyance," do you see the linkage between my long dissertation, and the continued need to use all educational sequences to "ensure maintenance" of "legal history" that is, by the way, obligatory on the part of every man jack, and anything else to this end is obstructive to historical truth!

In summary, "The fruitage of the spirit is love, joy, peace, long-suffering, kindness, goodness, faith, mildness, self-control! Against such things there is no law." Galatians 5:22.23. I have been asking, in other ways by man's law, but first and foremost to Jehovah through Christ Jesus but, always I, encounter obstructions to have my need fulfilled. What is even more pathetic is my needs along with the needs of the beneficiaries are judged not by divine and/or human standards but by obstructive means imposed in many ways by the people who have the gold, "oh," my

by all that is written, my proof of indictment, the foreordained seal, separation of powers, checks and balances and by adding the whole number of free persons (like me) to be fully educated in such matters by the free and convenient accessibility to legal history, hence, public library.

Sincerely,

Charles E. McKee

Charles E. McKee

E=MC 2

5 C=ME

I=TL

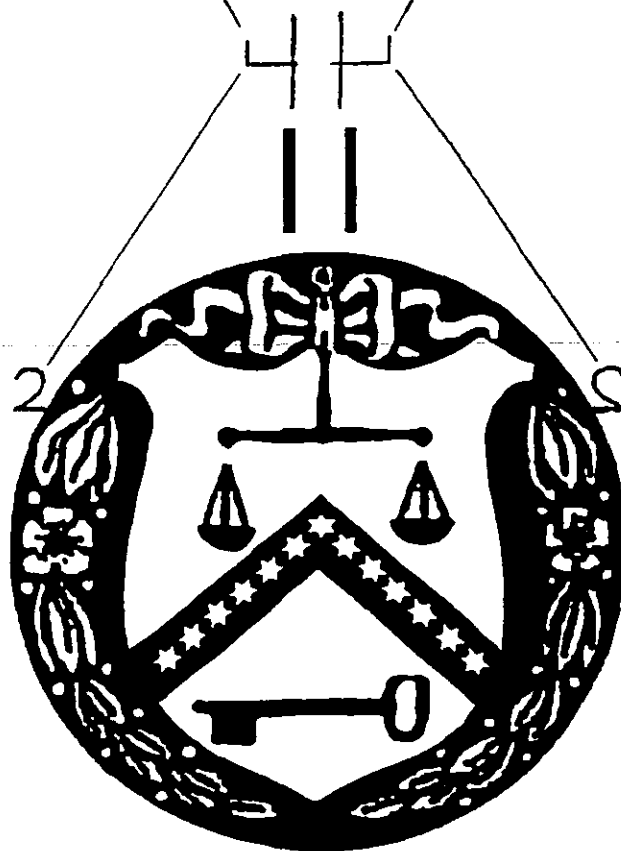
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5 T=I

I= Inspired

T= Thought

L= Light



© 1992

10
11

Title of Origin

Charles E. McKee

5-8-1997

REFERENCE BOOKS

The Challenge of Democracy Government in America by Jandsa, Berry, Golman

When Governors Convene

The Governors Conference and National Politics by Glenn E. Brooks

State Papers and Public Addresses

Akey L. Patteson Twenty-Third Governor of West Virginia 1949 - 1953

Paper Money of the United States by Robert Friedberg page 7

Covering the Courts by Curtis D. MacDougall PH.D. Prentice-Hall, Inc. 1946

Britannica Book of the Year 1975 pages 180, 592, 341, 349 and Drug Abuse, page 242

Chronology of Events pages 51-64 of the years 1966, 1967, 1968 and 1969.

Morals and Dogma of the ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry prepared for the Supreme Council of the Thirty-third Degree Charleston A.:M.: 5641

Holy Bible King James

To best understand the present (November 1981) world crisis, it is necessary to turn history back for almost a century, back to when Edison invented the electric lamp and the direct current generator. J. P. Morgan, Sr., the economic power structure giant, was the first to act upon the realization that: whoever developed, manufactured, installed, and controlled the physical-energy generators and the metered-energy distribution and cut-off system could and would control the national economies into which they were physically introduced. The air we breath was everywhere so plentiful that its availability could not readily be monopolized. There were too many ponds, lakes, rivers, brooks, and wells to make the metered water-supply systems a generally monopolizable business.

When Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone, it had to compete with the post-office conducted mail and required far greater numbers of employees. Morgan saw that the copper mines and the electric equipment manufactured from copper as well as all the power-generating companies involved the least labor participation and the then maximally profitable business.

All of the foregoing required the availability and con-

42 / GRUNCH OF GIANTS

INVISIBLE KNOW-HOW, INC. / 43

trollability of an utterly unprecedented magnitude of physical apparatus and installation of otherwise unemployed monetary wealth. The patents of Edison's inventions and an army of astute lawyers and brokerage houses became the pivotal legal-precedent-accepted economic properties and work force in amassing the initial procurement capital of Morgan's power monopoly.

*See Critical Path, "Triangulation Mapping," pp. 184-188.

based on legal fiction

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from the Equitable.
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e suggestion of J. G.
a clerk in the Equi
artment.

Books in One Year

les could never have
evident from the fact

that in 1886, the Equitable had three
separate blue books in the agents' hands.
On January 1, 1886, Hyde issued an entirely
new volume of estimates. This made so
considerable a reduction that the agents
raised a great howl. As a result it was
withdrawn, after having been in circulation
less than a month, and the agents directed
to solicit business on the estimates of 1883.
In the fall, Hyde withdrew this book and
issued another, giving entirely new estimates.
For example, in January the Equitable
informed a prospective \$10,000. policy-
holder, aged forty, that in twenty years his
cash profit would amount to \$3,795.70.
"We can't get business on so low an esti-
mate as that!" shouted the agents. The
Equitable, therefore, authorized the promise
of a cash bonus of \$7,166. In October, the
society split the difference between these
two estimates and placed the figure at
\$5,925.70.

Appealing to the "Tontine Tendencies" of Men.

We must thank William Barnes for one
telling phrase, which in itself sufficiently
explains the Equitable's success. Hyde
had "collected the Tontine tendencies of
men." He had appealed, that is, to their
gambling instinct. Into every hamlet went
his agents with their "blue books," selling
not primarily family protection but pos-
sible prizes in a great insurance lottery.
They always tellingly appealed to the
individual man. "Take a Tontine policy,"
they said. "Look at the enormous returns
if you survive this Tontine period. You
will get not only your own profits, but part
of the profits of all that die! *You* will not
die; *you* are strong, in good health — *you*
will be sure to live. But thousands in your
class will die, and by every one of those
deaths you will profit. Moreover, look
at the enormous number who will lapse
their policies. Do you know that nine out
of every ten who purchase life-insurance
drop out? Under our Tontine scheme
these poor devils won't get a cent; every-
thing they have paid goes into the surplus
to be divided among the survivors. Of
course *you* won't drop out. *You* are well-
to-do; and will have no trouble in meeting
all your payments." This appeal took like
wild-fire. As long as human nature retains its
gambling instinct, it always will. Thousands
willingly staked their own chances of living

and paying against the similar chances of their fellow-insurers. They readily risked all their own life-insurance, for a possibility of getting a part of that of their less fortunate associates.

Thus Hyde placed in the hands of hundreds of agents his "blue books" and sent them forth to preach the gospel of Tontine. He raided the leading offices; got away the best men, paying them unheard of commissions—made possible, of course, by this Tontine fund. He astounded the public by his lavish advertisements—the money also drawn from the Tontine fund. Into every state and territory his "blue books" found their way. In the early '70's he invaded Europe. His "blue books" appeared in every English parish and every French and German village. Foreigners opened their eyes at this speculative insurance; and, in spite of the frantic protests of the home companies, purchased Tontine policies by the thousand. Thus in twenty years, by virtue of Tontine, Hyde made the Equitable the biggest life-insurance company in the world. He had accomplished the revenge of his boyhood—had built up a larger company than the Mutual Life. Frederick S. Winston, who shut his door upon young Hyde that eventful March night in 1859, finally died in 1885, disappointed and embittered. At Hyde's own death in 1899, he had accumulated assets of more than \$304,000,000.; a surplus of more than \$65,000,000.; and had more than a billion dollars worth of insurance in force. He could hardly find a spot on the world's map where the Equitable Society was not known. Americans, Englishmen, Germans, Spaniards, Chinamen, Japanese and Malay Islanders—all entered the mad race for Tontine. He had erected his tremendous monument on the basis of misrepresentations. By this time, too, he had debauched the whole life-insurance system in this country. For how many disappointed lives; how many

desolate homes Henry B. Hyde was responsible; how many millions of dollars he diverted from the hands of their owners into his Tontine pool—these things can never be accurately told. For his influence extended far beyond the Equitable. He corrupted not only his own company but scores of others. He pursued his scheme so successfully; he accumulated such enormous funds which he used in propagating his own ideas, that the great majority of companies were forced to follow his example. Twenty years after he first adopted the Tontine system, four-fifths of all the other companies had followed suit. The New York Life fell into line immediately, in 1871; the Mutual, after attacking for years what it called the "Tontine game," ate its own words after President Winston's death and became a Tontine company itself. The Northwestern of Milwaukee fell into line in 1881; the Penn Mutual about the same time. The smaller New York companies—the Home, the Washington Life, the Manhattan, the Germania—these were all forced, many of them say against their will, to become Tontine companies. Under all sorts of names—reserve dividend, life rate endowment, dividend investment, dividend endowment—Tontine became the predominant idea in American life-insurance. Hyde did not win this great triumph, however, without a hard battle. There were a few companies and a few men who kept the faith; who fought, against overwhelming odds, his demoralizing innovations; and who maintained the old ideals until the end. Only three companies kept themselves entirely free from Tontine; the Mutual Benefit of New Jersey, the Connecticut Mutual of Hartford and the Provident Life and Trust of Philadelphia. How bravely these opponents struggled; what they suffered; how they had to wait, for their complete justification, until this year of grace 1900—this story will be told in the succeeding article.



Robin Hood

Illustration



RAINY:
Dan and
play pira
Mill. H
rats on
oats in
mill-atti
doors a

on beams about floods and a splendid place. It is light square window, called Duck looks across to Little Lind the place where Jack Cade.

As they climbed the attic called it the mainmast tree, of Sir Andrew Barton, and it with might and main," as they saw a man sitting on it. He was dressed in a plum-colored and tight plum-colored hose busily in a red-edged book.

"Sit ye! Sit ye!" Puck rafter overhead. "See what beautiful! Master Harry D. Hal—says I am the very in for a gargoyles."

The man laughed and r velvet cap to the children, a hair bristled out in a stormy f old—forty at least—but young, with funny little wri them. A satchel of embro hung from his broad belt, interesting.



MAIL BOXES ETC.®



Facsimile Transmission

TO: The General Counsel DEPT. of the office of the Clerk

FAX: 1-202-226-1360

DATE: 6-18-1992

TOTAL
PAGES

17

FROM: Charles E. McKee

CTR.

Mr Brian Miller working for Don Young at the D.C. office requested that I Charles Edison McKee, release my right of co-counsel in order for him to be able to fill my claim with the Clerk of court of congress and then General counsel of same.

His reason being to be able to fill a freedom for information act in my behalf? 6-17-1992 10:?? am Alaska 1-202-225-6065

The information and indictment is what I Charles Edison McKee had Faxed Don Young's office 6-12-1992 at 12:52^{pm} 14 page's

9-11-14 66:14-24

1991

Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend

Adult Application

A

If you are filing on behalf of another adult, complete a B Application.

Please Print Clearly!

1. Your Social Security Number
574280642

2A. Your Date of Birth
Month: 9, Day: 18, Birth Year: 1953

2B. State of Birth
Oregon

2C. Sex
☒ M ☐ F

3. Your First Name
Charles E. McKee

Your Mailing Address
%ATQM 216 E 53

City: Anchorage State: AK Zip Code: 99518

4. Where Do You Physically Live (Street Address or Physical Location)?
I have been made homeless by the collection of the state insurance none

5A. Your Home Phone Number
none

5B. Your Work Phone Number
none

6. Your Name as It Appears on Your Birth Certificate (See page 4, 46)
First Name: Charles M.I.: E. Last Name: McKee

7. Did you file for last year's dividend (1990)? If no, complete the Supplemental Schedule, which is included in this booklet. Yes ☒ No ☐
8. Are you a member of the U.S. military? If yes, attach a September, 1990 Leave and Earnings Statement. Yes ☐ No ☒
9. Do you physically live in Alaska? If no, answer Questions 20-23 AND complete the Supplemental Schedule, which is included in this booklet, and attach it to this application. Yes ☒ No ☐
10. Are you a United States citizen? If no, complete Question 19. Yes ☒ No ☐
11. Were you gone from Alaska for more than 30 days in a row during the period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991? If yes, complete Questions 20-23. Yes ☐ No ☒
12. Were you gone from Alaska for more than 180 days cumulative during the period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991? If yes, complete Questions 20-23. Yes ☐ No ☒
13. Do you want to place 50% of your Permanent Fund Dividend in an Educational Trust Fund for yourself or for another person? (See page 8 of the instructions.) Yes ☐ No ☐

Complete Questions 16-18 on the other side.

FILING DEADLINE: June 30, 1991

Your application must be received in the Department or postmarked by the deadline.

Residency Certification by the Applicant

14. Signature. It is important that you read the following statement before signing. If you make any change to this statement you will be denied a permanent fund dividend.

I certify that I am now and intend to remain an Alaska resident, was an Alaska resident for the entire period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991, and have been physically present in the State of Alaska at some time during the period beginning July 1, 1989 and ending on the date that I sign this application.

I understand that a false claim of eligibility to obtain a permanent fund dividend for myself or for another is a criminal offense, that if convicted I will forfeit future dividends, and I must repay all dividends paid to me. I also understand that if I willfully misrepresent, exercise gross negligence, or recklessly disregard a material fact regarding my eligibility for a permanent fund dividend I will forfeit the dividend, be subject to a civil fine of up to \$5,000, and lose my eligibility for the next five dividends. I understand that these penalties are in addition to any criminal penalties imposed.

I authorize the Alaska Department of Revenue to obtain information from any source to verify my claim of residency, and I agree that a copy of this authorization is as valid as the original.

14. Signature: Charles E. McKee Date: 6-20-1991

Residency Verification by Two Adults Who Know You

15. The statement below must be read and signed by two adults who know you, and who can confirm that you are eligible for a permanent fund dividend.

I certify under penalty of unsworn falsification that I have read and understand the residency requirements of the Permanent Fund Dividend program as stated in this booklet, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the person named on this application was an Alaska resident for the entire period of April 1, 1990 through March 31, 1991, is still an Alaska resident, and was physically present in the state at some time during the period beginning July 1, 1989 and ending on the date of this application.

I understand that a false claim of eligibility to obtain a permanent fund dividend for myself or for another is a criminal offense, and if convicted I will forfeit future dividends, and that I must repay all dividends that have been paid to me. I also understand that if I willfully misrepresent, exercise gross negligence, or recklessly disregard a material fact pertaining to the eligibility of the person named on this application for a permanent fund dividend I will be subject to a fine of up to \$5,000, and will lose my own eligibility for a dividend for the next five years.

I understand that I may be contacted by the Alaska Department of Revenue regarding the eligibility of the person named on this application.

15A. Signature (Spouse, Relative or Friend)
X Joseph A. Donahue Date: 6/25/91

Printed Name: Joe Donahue Social Security Number: 5

Mailing Address: 13719 Spennard Rd. City, State, Zip Code: Anchorage, AK 99517

Daytime Phone Number: (907) 561-4075

15B. Signature (Spouse, Relative or Friend)
X Pamela Tarbico Date: 6/25/91

Printed Name: Pamela Tarbico Social Security Number: 313-50-3632

Mailing Address: 3511 Tanikwami City, State, Zip Code: Anchorage, AK 99517

Daytime Phone Number: 248-1257

Federal law requires the Department of Revenue to withhold 20 percent of your PFD if you did not give us your Social Security Number, and if the amount of the PFD is \$600 or more. If taxes were withheld from your PFD, you must report the withheld amount on IRS form 1040 on the line for "FEDERAL TAX WITHHELD". The IRS will issue any refund due you.

Keep this stub for your tax records. The Department of Revenue reports this information to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). If you fail to report the PFD on your Federal income tax return, the IRS may require you to pay a penalty. Report the amount of your PFD on IRS form 1040 on the line for "OTHER INCOME".

FEDERAL BACK UP
WITHHOLDINGIMPORTANT FEDERAL
TAX INFORMATION

I checked the warrant. Now that I did that the PFD said they don't have the SSN down for fear of losing 20% they did so my money went down. I thought it, it being still readable under magnifying glass. I checked the warrant. Now that I did that the PFD said they don't have the SSN down for fear of losing 20% they did so my money went down.

*the U.S. Treasury: I faxed you some other stuff on 7-3-1991
5:34 pm in regards to the Federal Credit Union Act of 1934
and the P.F. Corporation there
detention is unlawful*

STATE OF ALASKA
DEPT. OF REVENUE
ANCH. INFORMATION OFFICE

NOV 27 1991

STATE OF ALASKA
TREASURY WARRANT
RECEIVED

No. 53993062
89-5211252

ALASKA PERMANENT FUND DIVIDEND

DATE OF ISSUE: 11 12 91

53993062

\$**745.07

PAY TO THE ORDER OF:

*****745.07

CHARLES E MCKEE
7800 E DEBARR #63
ANCH AK 99508

Walter G. Hill
GOVERNOR

*Charles E. McKee does not except the Federal Income tax
withheld P/186.27. do to the presumption of guilt to demand query.
Under these I ask to be collateralize, in main part with Federal Reserve
#53993062 #1252005231*

Note rather than United States Note 11-21-1991

NON NEGOTIABLE

No. 53993062

PAYER'S NAME STATE OF ALASKA
FEDERAL ID NO. 92-6001185

1991 PERMANENT FUND DIVIDEND \$ 931.34
FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHELD \$ 186.27-

DATE 11/12/91 BATCH 02557
VOUCHER 476881 DLN 91509801

WARRANT AMOUNT \$ 745.07

APPLICANT'S NAME AND ADDRESS
CHARLES E MCKEE
7800 E DEBARR #63
ANCH AK 99508

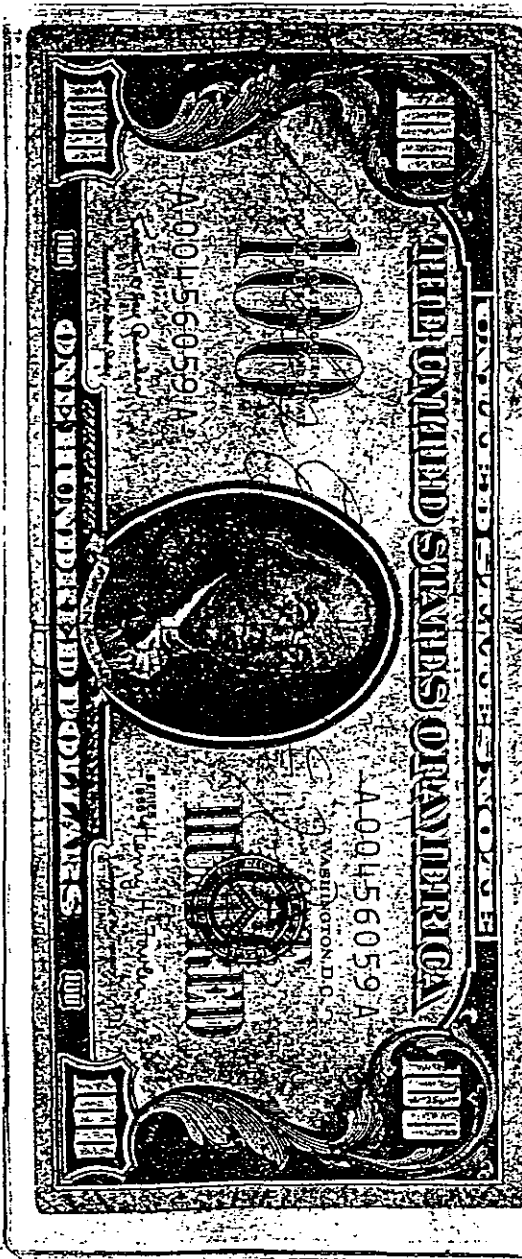
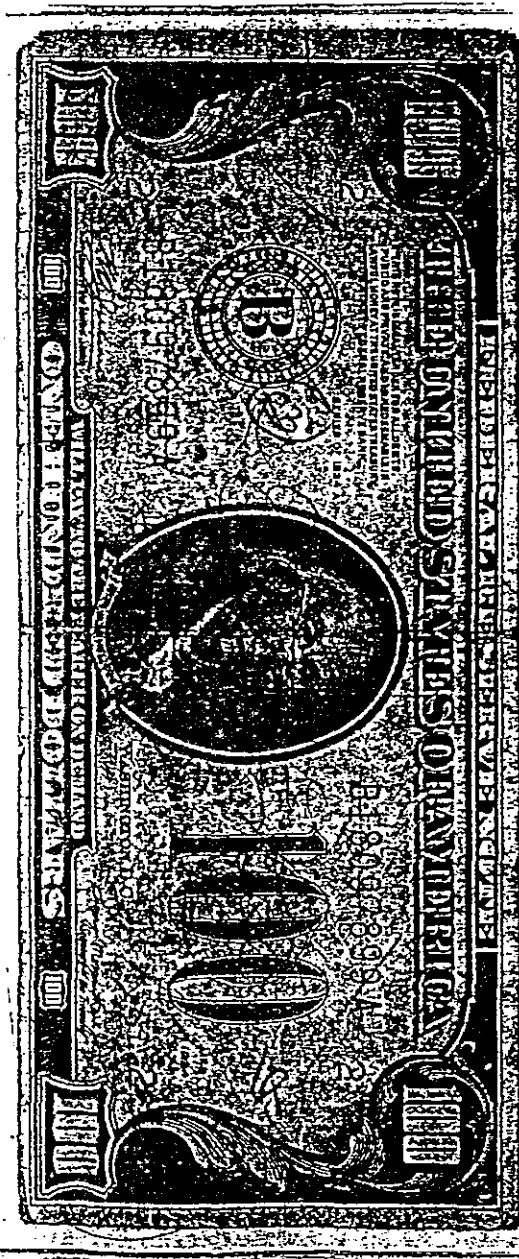
Your dividend has been reduced due to:

1. Legislative appropriation to reimburse welfare recipients for the amount their medical and public assistance is reduced when they receive dividends..... \$ 28.63
2. Dividend program administrative costs..... \$ 8.01

Dividends come from Permanent Fund earnings due to:
A. Constitutional dedication to the Permanent Fund..... \$359.21
B. Legislative action:
1. Statutory inflation proofing of the Permanent Fund... \$223.59
2. Special legislative appropriations to the Permanent Fund..... \$333.56
Increase resulting from:
A. Reimbursements to the Dividend Fund..... \$ 0.00
B. Unexpended prior year dividend funds..... \$ 14.98

Total..... \$ 36.64

IMPORTANT - This stub contains important tax and other information (see back).

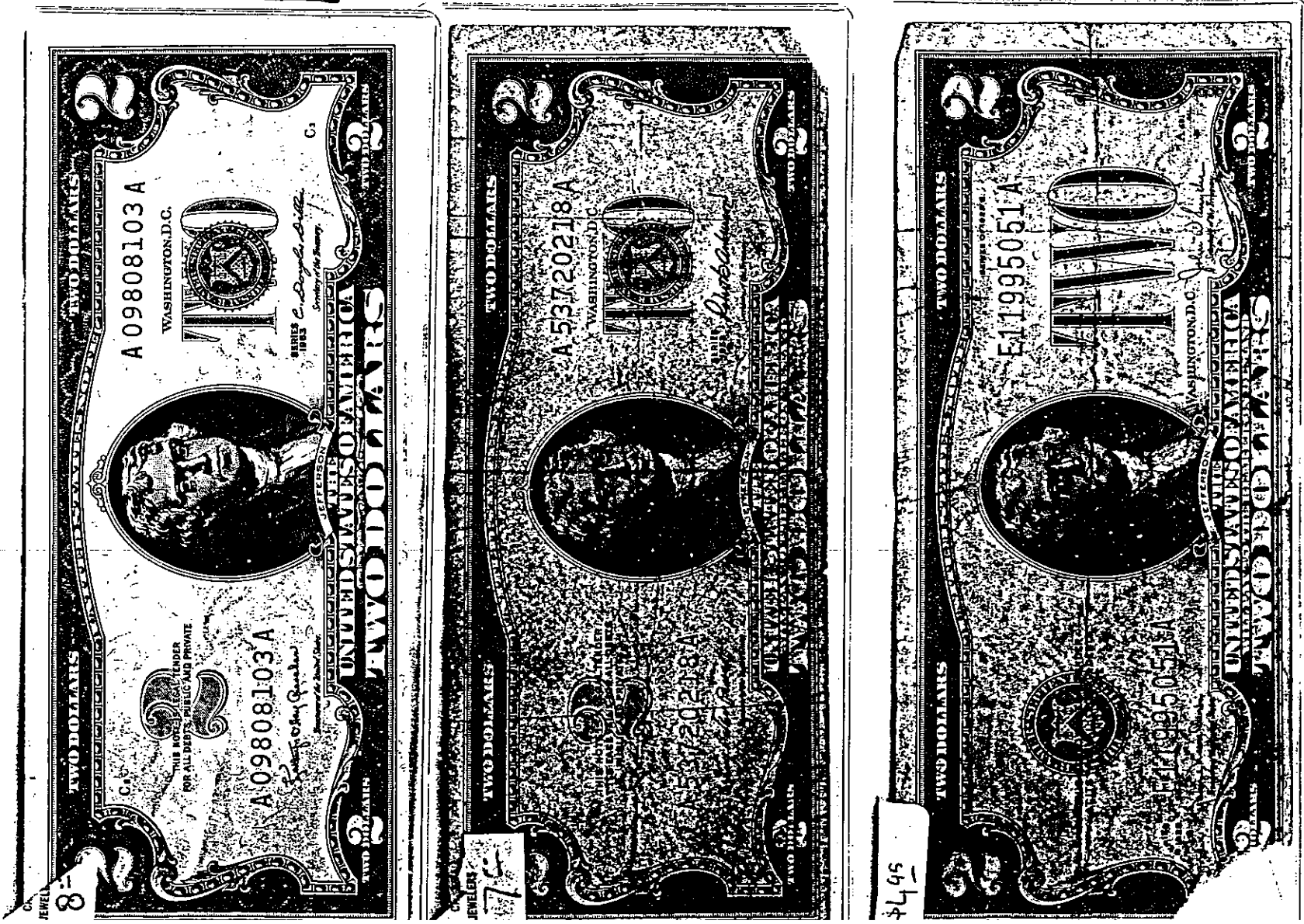


Office of the Clerk
House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

1-28-92

Mr. McKee:

Enclosed are three \$2.00 bills which
were included with your correspondence. We
are returning them to you.



Office of the Clerk
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515-6601
Official Business

2/6/92
2:42 PM



CLERK, U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Constitutional convention needed to fix errors of past

By DICK RANDOLPH

FAIRBANKS — Alaska's constitution was written primarily as a means of advancing statehood.

Both Gordon S. Harrison, in his "Citizens Guide to Alaska's Constitution," published in 1982, and Gerald E. Bowkett, in his book "Reaching for a Star," make it abundantly clear that achieving statehood was the primary motivation for convening the convention, the primary focus of the debate and of the final product.

The following is a series of references from Harrison's and Bowkett's works that illustrate this point:

Citizens Guide to Alaska's Constitution, pages 4 and 5:

In the mid-1950s the prospects did not seem good for Congress to grant Alaska statehood. The constitutional convention was conceived as a tactical maneuver in the battle for statehood. Delegates to the constitutional convention were, for the most part, enthusiastic proponents of statehood.

The Alaska Constitutional Convention of the mid-1950s was conceived as a means of advancing the statehood cause.

Reaching For a Star, pages 1-4:

The delegates went to Fairbanks with a sense of mission. First and foremost, they would be advancing the then-languishing statehood cause, showing the nation they were politically mature and fully capable of assuming the responsibilities of statehood.

Most of the delegates, 47 of the 55, were staunch statehood supporters, favoring Alaska's admission to the Union at the earliest possible time.

To succeed at their task, the delegates would have to exercise extraordinary discipline. Partisan politics and sectionalism could have no place at the convention. However hotly they might debate the issues, they would in the end have to stand united.

Now that you know why it was written, you might like to know where Alaska's "model" constitution came from. The answer is the National Municipal League's Model Constitution. In other words, from the political branch of government.

Harrison, on pages 6 and 7 of his *Citizens Guide to Alaska's Constitution*, said:

In the late 1930's there emerged an active constitutional reform movement in the United States. The role of government in society had expanded tremendously in the first part of the 20th century, and many states found their constitutions standing in the path of progress. These documents were typically the product of the 19th century and its popular distrust of the politicians.

The reform movement came to be centered in the National Municipal League, headquartered in New York City. A major contribution of the league was a publication of the Model State Constitution, which represented the combined efforts at constitutional reform of political scientists, lawyers, and practitioners of government at state and local levels. Underlying the state constitutional reform movement was a positive belief in the potential of government to solve contemporary problems.

Alaska's Constitution ... embodies the most modern and progressive concepts of state constitutional draftsmanship.

Much of the language used in the constitution was taken directly from the National

Municipal League's model constitution.

In short, much of what is now our state constitution was written in New York City by a bunch of Eastern political scientists, lawyers and practitioners of government.

Clearly the delegates assembled at the university in 1955-56 were striving for statehood. Many knew they were making unwise compromises and made provisions for future Alaskans to re-evaluate their work.

They allowed for a vote on the question — Shall there be a constitutional convention every 10 years? Alaska is the only state, among those that allow this type of vote, to use 10 years; the others all use 20 years.

It's way past time that we vote yes on the constitutional convention question and get on with correcting the results of the bad advice taken and compromises made to get statehood.

☐ Dick Randolph is a former legislator and former candidate for governor.

6-9-1992 Anch Daily News

In any case independent counsel is needed, please read discernment by Dick Randolph. I Charles E. McKee do not relinquish my right of co-counsel only limited copy right release - the right of release for information, the Freedom of you have. signed by

Charles E. McKee

please see the Smith Act

6/30/92

David Gibbons
645 G. Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Subject: Exxon \$1 billion settlement

I suggest putting the \$1 billion into a trust fund and spending the interest. With that amount of money there will be many grandiose ideas for spending and waste will result. Also it might discourage the trustees managers and politicians from putting their hands in the "Cookie Jar".

Document ID Number	
920706342	
<input type="checkbox"/>	A-92 WPWG
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	B-93 WPWG
<input type="checkbox"/>	C-RFWG
<input type="checkbox"/>	D-PAG
<input type="checkbox"/>	E-MISC.

Sincerely

Gloria Nowman
2105 S. Cynthia
Apt. # B-322
Mc Allen, TX
78503

Glennie Harmon
2105 S. Cynthia apt. B322
McAllen, TX. 78503

JUL 06 REC'D

Document ID Number

920706342

☐ A-92 WPWG

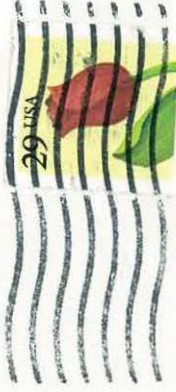
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☐ D-PAG

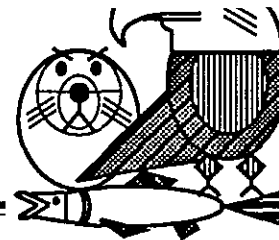
☐ E-MISC.

David Gibbons
Administrative Director
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501



Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council

645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Phone: (907) 278-8012 Fax: (907) 276-7178



July 21, 1992

Glorine Howman
2105 S Cynthia
Apt. #B-322
McAllen, TX 78503

Dear Ms Howman:

Thank you for your suggestions regarding the restoration projects you believe are most important for the Trustee Council to implement following the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill. As you may be aware, a number of other citizens and interest groups are also in favor of placing some or all of the settlement funds into a trust fund.

Your opinions and suggestions, along with those received from other members of the public, will be carefully considered as the Trustee Council makes decisions about the overall restoration program.

We very much appreciate your ideas and concerns. If you have additional comments or questions, please feel free to contact me in care of the address above.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Dave Gibbons". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council

15.1.1

RECEIVED
Mrs. Robert A. Donaldson
816 El Olmo Court
Rio Rancho, New Mexico 87124

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

June 30, 1992

Document ID Number	
920706341	
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<input type="checkbox"/>	E-MISC.

Mr. Dave Gibbons, Administrative Dir.
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Restoration Team
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Dear Sir:

re: Settlement
Money Use.

I suggest that we reclaim
the land so that animal life can be restored
to its original status before the oil
spill. That was the purpose of the set-
tlement, was it not?

Truly yours,


Mrs. Robert A. Donaldson

Document ID Number

920706341

☐ A-92 WPWG

☒ B-93 WPWG

☐ C-RFWG

☐ D-PAG

☐ E-MISC.

JUL 06 REC'D



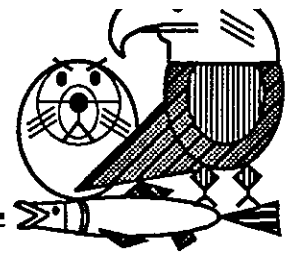
Mr. Dave Gibbons
Administrative Director
Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Restoration Team
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska

99501



Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council

645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Phone: (907) 278-8012 Fax: (907) 276-7178



July 21, 1992

Mrs. Robert A. Donaldson
819 El Olmo Court
Rio Rancho, NM 87124

Dear Mrs. Donaldson:

Thank you for your suggestions regarding the restoration projects you believe are most important for the Trustee Council to implement following the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill. Your opinions and suggestions, along with those received from other members of the public, will be carefully considered as the Trustee Council makes decisions about the overall restoration program.

We very much appreciate your ideas and concerns. If you have additional comments or questions, please feel free to contact me in care of the address above.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Dave Gibbons". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a prominent loop at the end.

Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council

JUN 29 REC'D



ARCTIC RESEARCH COMMISSION

AUG 04 1992

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

1550 La Vista del Oceano
Santa Barbara, CA 93109
(805) 965-4505

Document ID Number

920629331

- ☐ A-92 WPWG
- ☒ B-93 WPWG
- ☐ C-RPWG
- ☐ D-PAG
- ☐ E-MISC.

June 29, 1992

Exxon Valdez Trustee Council
645 G Street
Anchorage, AK 99501

Gentlemen:

It is a pleasure to write in support of a proposal to the Council from Senator Arliss Sturgulewski entitled *Exxon Valdez Marine Sciences Endowment*. The goals and structure of this proposal would add greatly to the base of knowledge from which Prince William Sound can be restored and protected as a priceless sub-arctic marine system. In addition, the knowledge that would be generated by Endowment-supported activities would be a valuable addition to our understanding of arctic marine environments.

I strongly urge you to give careful consideration to Senator Sturgulewski's suggestions and I hope you will see fit to adopt this or a similar structure to fund long-term research in and for Prince William Sound.

Sincerely,

Donald D. O'Dowd
Chairman

no
response
or
consideration
but log
in
per
D. Arliss



RECEIVED
AUG 04 1992

School of Fisheries and Ocean Sciences

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA FAIRBANKS

Fairbanks, Alaska 99775-1080

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
TRUSTEE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Document ID Number

920706344

- ☐ A-92 WPWG
- ☒ B-93 WPWG
- ☐ C-RFWG
- ☐ D-PAG
- ☐ E-MISC.

June 29, 1992

Exxon Valdez Trustee Council
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Gentlemen:

I am writing in support of the proposal submitted by Senator Arliss Sturgelewski for the *Exxon Valdez* Marine Science Endowment. The aftermath of the disastrous spill offers an opportunity not only to restore the damage, but also to learn from the accident. This proposal addresses both, and provides an opportunity to build on the baseline of information acquired during the assessment phase by supporting top quality scientific proposals for future research.

This is an extremely forward-looking, innovative approach to allocating the funds, and I believe that it has the best chance of producing results which will be useful not only on the context of this spill, but also in anticipating and mitigating the impacts of a host of future developmental activities along Alaska's coasts.

I hope that this message reaches you in time to be of help. I have just returned from out-of-state travel.

Yours sincerely,

Vera Alexander
Dean, School of Fisheries and Ocean Sciences
Director, Institute of Marine Science



UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA FAIRBANKS

School of Fisheries and
Ocean Sciences

Fairbanks, Alaska 99775-1080

Document ID Number

920706344

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☒ B-93 WPWG

☐ C-RPWG

☐ D-PAG

☐ E-MISC.

JUL 06 REC'D

Exxon Valdez Trustee Council
645 G Street
Anchorage, Ak. 99501



JUN 26 REC'D

RECEIVED

CITY OF UNALASKA
CITY HALL

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Document ID Number

920626333

- ☐ A-92 WPWG
☒ B-93 WPWG
☐ C-RPWG
☐ D-PAG
☐ E-MISC.

CITY OF UNALASKA

P.O BOX 89

UNALASKA, AK 99685

TELECOPIER LEAD SHEET

TO: Exxon Valdez Marine Sciences FROM: Mayor Kelly
Endowment trustees
SUBJ: Proposed Restoration Plan TO FAX #: _____

DATE: 6/24/92 TIME: _____

NO. OF PAGES (INCLUDING COVER PAGE) _____

no
response
but
SAC

Ben D. Gibbons

SIGNED Frank Kelly

PHONE #: (907) 581-1251

TITLE Mayor

FAX # (907) 581-1417

CITY OF UNALASKA

P.O. BOX 89
UNALASKA, ALASKA 99685
(907) 581-1251
FAX (907) 581-1417

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<input type="checkbox"/>	E-MISC.



UNALASKA, ALASKA

June 26, 1992

Trustees of Exxon Valdez Marine Science Endowment
645 G Street
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Dear Trustees,

I am writing to you today in support of Senator Arliss Sturgulewski's proposed restoration option for 1993 and subsequent work plans.

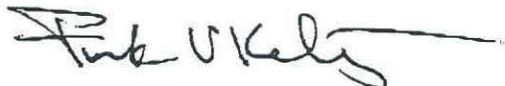
As Mayor of the City of Unalaska/Dutch Harbor, which is located in the middle of the largest and most valuable ground fish and crab resources in the world and the largest and most valuable salmon and herring stocks migrate thru our area into the Bering Sea and Bristol Bay, we are very much concerned about the effects a major oil spill could have on our marine environment. We believe it is very important to monitor and assess the resources affected by the Exxon spill, and determine the best way to restore resources that have been damaged the knowledge gained will be very important if there is another major oil spill in Alaska.

I believe the research grant program, as proposed, is also very important. I agree with Senator Sturgulewski that research shouldn't be limited to the area affected by the Exxon Valdez spill. Many species of fish travel thru the Gulf of Alaska area and into the Bering Sea and vice versa. I have been working in the seafood industry for over 20 years and one of our biggest complaints has been the amount of funding for research that State of Alaska and the federal government has spent on one of our nation's most valuable renewable resources. It is reaching a very critical stage right now. In this past year we had the Bogoslof pollock area closed because of declining stocks. We have a major problem with the serious decline in stocks of marine mammals and seabirds in the Gulf of Alaska and the Bering Sea area that threaten to shut down many of our very valuable fisheries. We've had serious declines of herring and chum salmon stocks in some areas of western Alaska. The crab stocks of Red King crab that crashed ten years ago in the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska still haven't rebounded to anywhere near the levels of 10-15 years ago. Many areas like Kodiak Island, South Peninsula and the Dutch Harbor area haven't had a commercial fishery on Red King crab for ten years.

Research work that will be done in this program would be invaluable to help rebuild our marine resources in the event of a major oil spill.

In conclusion, we believe Exxon Valdez Marine Science Endowment as a proposed by Senator Sturgulewski, has our full support. We believe the information and knowledge that will be gained by this program will be invaluable in dealing with future oil spill disasters off the coastline of Alaska.

Sincerely,



Frank V. Kelty
Mayor, City of Unalaska

Document ID Number	
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<input type="checkbox"/>	C-RPWG
<input type="checkbox"/>	D-PAG
<input type="checkbox"/>	E-MISC.

20 June 1992

Steve Pennoyer
Regional Director
National Marine Fisheries Service
Post Office Box 21668
Juneau, Alaska 99802-1688

RECEIVED
AUG 27 1992

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL
NATIVE COUNCIL
ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Dear Mr. Pennoyer,

My name is Mary Kralovec and I am a biologist working on bald eagles in Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve. Because of my interest in Alaska and bald eagles in particular I have been monitoring the events following the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill. I was recently made aware of the fact that the Exxon settlement monies will be used primarily for restoration projects. As you are probably aware of, there is presently a research project being conducted on bald eagle survival, movement, habitat use, and productivity in Prince William Sound (PWS).

Presently, there are 80 bald eagles in PWS with viable radio-transmitters that will continue to transmit for 2 1/2 years. However, this project is currently not being funded. Valuable information is being lost as these eagles continue to be unmonitored. Apparently, no settlement money was procured to continue this research. It seems irresponsible to not monitor these radio-tagged eagles given the tremendous amount of time and energy that went into capturing and tagging them. It also seems like an investment wasted to not obtain as much data from the transmitters already deployed. I implore you to consider devoting some of the settlement monies to continued research on local and migratory wildlife, especially projects that are currently ongoing; such as the PWS bald eagle study.

Bald eagles are valuable indicators of the environment because of their sensitivity to habitat degradation and human presence. In addition, bald eagles and there nests are intimately tied to the PWS old-growth forests and intertidal ecology. Any monies ~~devoted to restoration of these habitats~~ should, intuitively, include research on the wildlife tied to them. Thank you for hearing me out and I trust any decision made will consider all aspects of the PWS environment.

Sincerely,



Mary L. Kralovec
Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve
Post Office Box 140
Gustavus, Alaska 99826



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Marine Fisheries Service
P.O. Box 21668
Juneau, Alaska 99802-1668

June 30, 1992

Ms. Mary L. Kralovec
Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve
P. O. Box 140
Gustavus, AK. 99826

Dear Ms. Kralovec:

Thank you for your letter supporting continued research of bald eagles in Prince William Sound.

Your letter has been forwarded to Dr. Dave Gibbons, Interim Administrative Director, for further consideration.

Your interest in Exxon Valdez oil spill restoration activities is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Steve Pennoyer
Regional Director

cc: Dave Gibbons (w/letter)





TO
RECEIVED
JUN 30 1992
OIL SPILL OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Marine Fisheries Service
P.O. Box 21668
Juneau, Alaska 99802-1668

RAPICOM TRANSMISSION PAGE

DATE: June 30, 1992

TOTAL NUMBER PAGES: 2

FROM: **Barbara Moultrie**
Receptionist

Tel NO: 907-586-7221

FAX NO: 907-586-7249 (NEW FAX NUMBER)

TO: Byron Morris

PHONE NO: 789-6600

FAX NO: 789-6608

RAPICOM CONFIRMATION: YES NO NAME

RE: Byron, please draft reply for Pennoyer's signature.

Thanks, DWC



ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
OIL SPILL IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND RESTORATION (OSIAR) DIVISION
P.O. BOX 25526
JUNEAU, AK 99802-5526
FAX NUMBER: (907) 586-9612
PHONE NUMBER: (907) 465-4125

TO: L.J. Evans DATE: July 15, 1992

FROM: Monica Wellard

SUBJECT: Log Items #7780
Litigation Sensitive Attorney Work Product

Good Morning L.J.

Here is a copy of the letter Jerome would like you to respond to. Please cc the commissioner and Jerome. I am sorry to add to your pile of work.

Thanks,

Monica Wellard

OSIAR COORDINATOR	PHONE	OSIAR COORDINATOR	PHONE
ROSIER, Carl	465-2332	COLE, Charles	465-2075
BARTON, Mike	586-7840	SANDOR, John	465-2617
MCVEE, Curt	271-4102	PENNOYER, Steven	586-7131

RESTORATION TEAM	PHONE	RESTORATION TEAM	PHONE
MONTAGUE, Jerome	586-9612	BERGMANN, Pam	271-4102
RUTHERFORD, Marty	562-4871	RICE, Ken	276-7178
BRODERSEN, Mark	465-5375	MORRIS, Byron	789-6608

OTHERS	PHONE	OTHERS	PHONE
SULLIVAN, J.	522-3148	Fraker, M.	276-7178
		CACI	

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME HEADQUARTERS

RECEIVED
ADF & G COMM. OFFICE

92 JUN 29 PM 5:07

Route	Sign off	Route	Sign off	Route	Sign off
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE		COMMERCIAL FISHERIES		OSIAR	
<input type="checkbox"/> Commissioner		<input type="checkbox"/> Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Director	
<input type="checkbox"/> Executive Secty.		<input type="checkbox"/> Dep. Dir. Ops		<input type="checkbox"/> Deputy Director	
<input type="checkbox"/> Deputy Comm.		<input type="checkbox"/> Dep. Dir. Fish		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin Officer	
<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		<input type="checkbox"/> Chief Fish Sci		<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dep. Comm./Fish		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin Officer			
<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		<input type="checkbox"/> Comp Services		PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS	
<input type="checkbox"/> Director, EIFA		<input type="checkbox"/> Ext. Jurisdiction		<input type="checkbox"/> Editor	
<input type="checkbox"/> Leg. Asst.		<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		<input type="checkbox"/> Info. Officer	
<input type="checkbox"/> PCS Asst.				<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		FRED		SPORT FISH	
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Director	
ADMINISTRATION		<input type="checkbox"/> Asst. Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Deputy Director	
<input type="checkbox"/> Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Chief T & D		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin. Officer	
<input type="checkbox"/> Data Proc.		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin. Officer		<input type="checkbox"/> Access Coord	
<input type="checkbox"/> Fiscal Officer		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin. Asst.		<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary	
<input type="checkbox"/> Accounting		<input type="checkbox"/> PNP Coordinator		<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Contract		<input type="checkbox"/> Data Coordinator		SUBSISTENCE	
<input type="checkbox"/> Personnel/Pay		<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		<input type="checkbox"/> Director	
<input type="checkbox"/> Supply Section				<input type="checkbox"/> Deputy Director	
<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing		HABITAT		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin Asst.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		<input type="checkbox"/> Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Research Dir.	
BOARDS: Fisheries/Game		<input type="checkbox"/> Deputy Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary	
<input type="checkbox"/> Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Admin Asst.		<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Asst. Director		<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Admin. Asst.				WILDLIFE CONSERVATION	
<input type="checkbox"/> Secretary		LIBRARY		<input type="checkbox"/> Director	
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Librarian		<input type="checkbox"/> Deputy Director	

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BOARDS	<input type="checkbox"/> Recommendation	Due Date 7/16
CF	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reply Direct	Deadline
FRED	Signature: <i>[Handwritten Signature]</i>	Coord w/ <i>[Handwritten Signature]</i>
HABITAT	<input type="checkbox"/> GOV	cc:
OSIAR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CLR	Special Instructions
PCS	<input type="checkbox"/> RS	
SF	<input type="checkbox"/> CM	
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Commissioner's Off.

Mary L. Kralovec
Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve
Post Office Box 140
Gustavus, Alaska 99826

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20 June 1992

Carl Rosier
Commissioner
Alaska Department of Fish and Game
Post Office Box 3-2000
Juneau, Alaska 99802

Dear Mr. Rosier,

My name is Mary Kralovec and I am a biologist working on bald eagles in Glacier Bay National Park and preserve. Because of my interest in Alaska, and bald eagles in particular, I have been monitoring the events following the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill. I have recently become aware of the fact that the Exxon settlement monies will be used primarily for restoration projects. As you are probably aware, there is presently a research project being conducted on bald eagle survival, movement, habitat use, and productivity in Prince William Sound (PWS).

Presently, there are 80 bald eagles in PWS with viable radio-transmitters that will continue to transmit for up to 2 1/2 years. However, this project is currently not being funded. Valuable information is being lost as these eagles continue to be unmonitored. Apparently, no settlement money was procured to continue this research. It seems irresponsible to not monitor these radio-tagged eagles given the tremendous amount of time and energy that went into capturing and tagging them. It also seems like an investment wasted to not obtain as much data from the transmitters already deployed. I implore you to consider devoting some of the settlement monies to continued research on local and migratory wildlife, especially projects that are currently ongoing; such as the PWS bald eagle study.

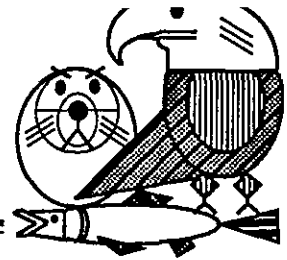
Bald eagles are valuable indicators of the environment because of their sensitivity to habitat degradation and human presence. In addition, bald eagles and their nests are intimately tied to the PWS old-growth forests and intertidal ecology. Any monies devoted to restoration of these habitats should, intuitively, include research on the wildlife tied to them. Thank you for hearing me out and I trust any decision made will consider all aspects of the PWS environment.

Sincerely,

Mary Kralovec
Mary I. Kralovec
Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve
Post Office Box 140
Gustavus, Alaska 99826

Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council

645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Phone: (907) 278-8012 Fax: (907) 276-7178



July 21, 1992

Mary L. Kralovec
Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve
PO Box 140
Gustavus, AK 99826

Dear Ms. Kralovec:

Thank you for your letter regarding bald eagle studies for consideration as part of the *Exxon Valdez* oil spill restoration program. Several proposals for projects relating to bald eagles were received by the group developing a 1993 work plan. The Trustees are scheduled to make decisions regarding the 1993 work plan at their August 31 meeting, which begins at 10:00 a.m. at 645 G Street in Anchorage. Your suggestions, along with those received from other members of the public, will be carefully considered as the Trustee Council makes decisions regarding restoration projects.

We very much appreciate your ideas and concerns. If you have additional comments or questions, please feel free to contact me in care of the address above.

Sincerely yours,

Dave Gibbons, PhD
Interim Administrative Director

cc: Trustee Council