1	EXXON VALDEZ	OIL SPILL
2	TRUSTEE C	OUNCIL
3	Public Med	eting
4	Friday, May	29, 2009
5	9:00 o'clo	ck a.m.
6	441 West 5th Aven	ue, Suite 500
7	Anchorage,	Alaska
8	TRUSTEE COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT	:
9	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,	MR. STEVE ZEMKE for
10	U.S. FOREST SERVICE (Chair)	MR. JOE MEADE, Supervisor
11	STATE OF ALASKA - DEC:	MR. LARRY HARTIG
12		Commissioner
13	STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT	MR. TOM BROOKOVER for
14	OF FISH AND GAME:	Commissioner Lloyd
15	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR:	MR. KIM ELTON
16		Senior Advisor
17	STATE OF ALASKA -	MR. CRAIG TILLERY for
18	DEPARTMENT OF LAW:	MR. RICHARD SVOBODNY
19	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE,	MR. CRAIG O'CONNOR for
20	National Marine Fisheries Svc:	MR. JAMES W. BALSIGER
21		Administrator, AK Region
22	Proceedings electronically reco	rded, then transcribed by:
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1 STAFF PRESENT:

2 ELISE HSIEH Interim Executive Director

3 CHERRI WOMAC Associate Coordinator

4 CATHERINE BOERNER Science Coordinator

5 MICHAEL SCHLEI Data Systems Manager

6 BRENDAN McGEE Analyst Programmer

7 RENEE JAMES Administrative Manager

8 LINDA KILBOURNE Administrative Assistant

9 CARRIE HOLBA ARLIS Librarian

10 DEDE BOHN USGS

11 PETE HAGEN NOAA

12 CAROL FRIES ADNR

13 GINA BELT Department of Justice

14 GARY WHEELER National Park Service

15 NANCY WALSH USF&W Service

16 JENNIFER KOHOUT USF&W Service

17 DOUG MUTTER Department of the Interior

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- 1 PROCEEDINGS
- 2 (Anchorage, Alaska 05/29/2009)
- 3 (On record 9:00 a.m.)
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: It's 9:00 o'clock and I
- 5 want to welcome everybody here to the March -- or March,
- 6 May 29th, 2009 Trustee Council meeting. And to begin with,
- 7 I'd like to, for the record, call roll to establish the
- 8 trustees that are in attendance. So I guess it would be --
- 9 first would be Larry Hartig.
- MR. HARTIG: Here.
- 11 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Be Craig O'Connor.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Here.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Be Craig Tillery sitting
- 14 in for Richard Svobodny.
- MR. TILLERY: Yes, I'm here.
- 16 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Kim Elton.
- MR. ELTON: Here.
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: And then Tom Burkheimer
- 19 [sic] -- or how do you pronounce your last name?
- MR. BROOKOVER: Brookover.
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Brookover.
- MR. BROOKOVER: Here.
- 23 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: For Denby Lloyd. And then Steve
- 24 Zemke sitting in for Joe Meade. I'm chairing today's
- 25 meeting and I'd like to thank everybody for their

- 1 attendance here today and, well, I guess we'll move right
- 2 on to the agenda. So item number two is the consent
- 3 agenda, and the first one is approval of the agenda as
- 4 written. And I can see Elise has her hand up. Yes?
- 5 MS. HSIEH: If we end up having time, I
- 6 would like to suggest adding as a last item a discussion of
- 7 a re-authorization of the funds for the Chokwak to a small
- 8 parcel, a parcel which has already been authorized by the
- 9 Trustee Council but the transactions of which, due to a
- 10 death of the owners, is taking longer than expected,
- 11 so....
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. I think we have
- 13 time for that, unless I hear any objections. Where we
- 14 would like to put that in the agenda? Right after maybe
- 15 item 8, so dealing with all the parcel materials so we can
- 16 move that in as item number 8A or the Chokwak parcel. So
- 17 with that amendment, do I hear any objections to the
- 18 approval of the agenda.
- 19 MR. HARTIG: Move it be approved.
- 20 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, the agenda
- 21 is approved as amended. Moving on to the second item on
- 22 the consent agenda is approval of the meeting notes for May
- 23 13th, 2009.
- MR. HARTIG: I'll move to approve.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Second.

- 1 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Is there any
- 2 discussion on the.....
- 3 (No audible responses)
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Hearing none, then
- 5 I -- and then hearing no objections, the meeting notes of
- 6 May 13th, 2009 are approved as written. Okay. Moving on
- 7 to item number 3, public advisory committee comments. And
- 8 Stacy Studebaker is here to provide us with those. Thank
- 9 you, Stacy.
- 10 MS. STUDEBAKER: I don't think I need a
- 11 microphone. All right. Oh, I do need a microphone.
- 12 REPORTER: Two of them. You've got two of
- 13 them.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: In stereo.
- MS. STUDEBAKER: Okay. Well, good morning
- 16 everybody and I'm Stacy Studebaker, the PAC chair and I
- 17 have some very important business to report this morning
- 18 about a field trip that we took yesterday, which was
- 19 spectacular. We haven't had any business meetings since
- 20 the last Trustee Council meeting, so I don't have any real
- 21 business to report, but I wanted to give you the highlights
- 22 of the field trip yesterday. Some of you were able to make
- 23 it, which I was so glad about, and I'm sorry the rest of
- 24 you didn't make it because it was pouring rain when we
- 25 started out and then we ended up with a sunny day and got

- 1 to all the places that we wanted to. In particular, we got
- 2 the new PAC members to two locations in Prince William
- 3 Sound to feel, smell and experience the lingering oil. Two
- 4 places we visited were Northwest Bay on Eleanor Island and
- 5 the so-called Death Marsh in the Bay of Isles on Knight
- 6 Island, two locations. About 10 PAC members participated
- 7 as well as the trustees members and Doug Mutter and Jeep
- 8 Rice and Mandy Lindeberg were our PI's and scientists that
- 9 came along that did an excellent job in explaining what we
- 10 were seeing and relating that to the non-recovering,
- 11 particularly of sea otters. Very, very interesting.
- 12 So, we got an enlightening, educational,
- 13 and to some, a very emotional experience, particularly at
- 14 the Death Marsh area where it didn't take much to uncover
- 15 the lingering oil. I mean, just basically taking a spoon
- 16 and just scraping off about an inch of sediments and the
- 17 oil pouring in. Sheen as well as oil, and the smell coming
- 18 up in your face. It was a very vivid, good experience, I
- 19 think. It's one thing -- and I've been on the PAC for 14
- 20 years now -- it's one thing to read about the lingering oil
- 21 and all the studies that are done, but to actually get out
- 22 there and put your hand in it and smell it and see it and
- 23 then look around at how it's affecting the intertidal life
- 24 and that kind of thing, as a biologist myself, you know, it
- 25 was pretty -- pretty stark to see this particular area, the

- 1 Death Marsh area, the Bay of Isles.
- 2 So it was a stark reminder that the oil
- 3 spill is far from over, and that was unquestionable among
- 4 all the PAC members who were there. The persistent
- 5 lingering toxicity of the oil continues to impede the
- 6 recovery of various animals, particularly the ones that
- 7 target the intertidal in those heavily oiled areas, the
- 8 otters and the harlequin ducks.
- 9 So the big question I guess on everybody's
- 10 minds after the field trip, we had two hours coming back to
- 11 Whittier, and a lot of good discussion after we had seen
- 12 and felt the oil, the big question on everybody's minds is
- 13 what do we do about this, you know, where do we go from
- 14 here. You know, and that's the big question I think that
- 15 you all face in the coming year of two, is where do we go,
- 16 what do we do with this lingering oil. What are we doing
- 17 to do. A big decision and the PAC looks forward to a
- 18 dialogue in working with you in deciding and charting that
- 19 course. And I hope at some point that we can have a joint
- 20 meeting about this particular issue. I think it would be
- 21 good. We haven't had a joint meeting between the PAC and
- 22 the trustees in many years, so it's hard to pull it off.
- 23 It's hard -- it took four years to pull off this field
- 24 trip, and I hope that we can pull of a joint meeting at
- 25 some point. And that's about all I have to say, unless any

- 1 of you have any questions. I'll be here all day if you
- 2 have questions to ask during your dialogue.
- MR. HARTIG: And I'm glad you were able to
- 4 make the trip. I know I and some of the others went about
- 5 two years ago and I had the same reaction when actually
- 6 seeing it.
- 7 MS. STUDEBAKER: Yeah. There's one thing I
- 8 forgot to say. I wanted to give big kudos to Cherri Womac
- 9 for pulling this -- for nailing down all the details,
- 10 because it was just a seamless trip. I mean, everything
- 11 was just right on time and I've been on other field trips
- 12 that she's organized, and I can't imagine a better person
- 13 to do such a thing. And so anyway, kudos to her and her
- 14 staff for pulling -- helping us pull that off, getting all
- 15 of us from these far-ranging areas to one central point and
- 16 then getting us out there and coming back, and then getting
- 17 everybody home safely and timely. Any other questions?
- MR. O'CONNOR: Stacy.
- MS. STUDEBAKER: Yeah.
- 20 MR. O'CONNOR: How many PAC members went?
- MS. STUDEBAKER: About ten. About eight or
- 22 ten.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Okay.
- 24 MS. STUDEBAKER: So it was good
- 25 participation. Yeah. And a lot of them were new.....

- 1 MR. O'CONNOR: Yeah.
- 2 MS. STUDEBAKER: ....that really needed to
- 3 get out there and see that.
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Any other questions for
- 5 Stacy?
- 6 (No audible responses)
- 7 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none.
- 8 MS. STUDEBAKER: Great.
- 9 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you very much,
- 10 Stacy.
- MS. STUDEBAKER: Thank you.
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I guess Elise, the idea
- 13 about having a joint meeting between the Trustee Council
- 14 and the PAC is a good idea. It's my view and maybe you can
- 15 help facilitate that.
- MS. HSIEH: Stacy and I have been talking
- 17 about the timing.
- MS. STUDEBAKER: Yeah.
- MS. HSIEH: And we're actively working on
- 20 it, so.....
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Thank you. I guess
- 22 now the PAC committee comments are done. Thank you again,
- 23 Stacy, for your comments.
- MS. STUDEBAKER: You bet.
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: And now moving on to

- 1 public comment period. If you'd like to invite first
- 2 members of the audience here who want to make comment on
- 3 any matter, please limit it to three minutes and try to
- 4 stay on task. And then after that I'll move on to the
- 5 phone line and ask for comments there. First, here in the
- 6 audience, anybody who would like to speak?
- 7 (No audible responses)
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, is there
- 9 anyone on the phone line who would like to give public
- 10 comment?
- 11 (No audible responses)
- MS. HSIEH: We'll want to check again at
- 13 10:10 because on....
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Oh.
- MS. HSIEH: .....the agenda -- we had.....
- 16 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Oh.
- MS. HSIEH: .... made the meeting an hour
- 18 earlier, but left the.....
- 19 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Really?
- 20 MS. HSIEH: ....same notice. So we'll
- 21 just check in again at 10:10.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay.
- MS. HSIEH: Thank you.
- 24 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you. Maybe at the
- 25 end of the meeting. Do you think that will be at 10:10?

- 1 No.
- MS. HSIEH: We'll see.
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Anyway. Okay. Thank you
- 4 very much for that comment. Okay. I guess that will end
- 5 this portion of the public comment period and we'll revisit
- 6 it again at 10:10. Now we'll move onto item number 5, the
- 7 investment working group and got Craig Tillery, I guess, is
- 8 going to start that off and then we'll have -- maybe have
- 9 Gary Bader and Bob Mitchell, Department of Revenue, giving a
- 10 PowerPoint presentation. So with that, Craig, can you give
- 11 us a little bit.....
- MR. TILLERY: Yeah, I just read the agenda.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I'm glad you approved that
- 14 before, so.....
- 15 MR. TILLERY: The Investment Working Group
- 16 for -- is basically just a group designed to provide a
- 17 somewhat more streamlined method of looking at the Trustee
- 18 Council investments, make sure that they're being maximized
- 19 consistent with safety principles. The guiding document is
- 20 the investment polices thing, which people might want to
- 21 take a look at, if you haven't, as a Trustee Council
- 22 member. These were adopted by the Trustee Council many
- 23 years ago. It consists of one state, one federal council
- 24 member or designee as determined by the council.
- 25 Appropriate state and federal officials and two investment

- 1 experts who are intended to be independent. Typically that
- 2 will be like the head of the Permanent Fund and state
- 3 investment -- chief state investment officers, the head of
- 4 the pension board, something like that. Every once in
- 5 awhile we've had actually an outside private person doing
- 6 that.
- 7 To figure out what we're kind of doing with
- 8 our investments is probably the most important thing,
- 9 because we had some discussion and this has become
- 10 highlighted by the most recent turmoil in the economic
- 11 markets. And I think virtually everybody has had some
- 12 experience with their retirement plans or some other reason
- 13 to know that things are not going well. Things are also
- 14 not going well for the Trustee Council's investments. But
- 15 to sort of figure out why we are where we are, which is to
- 16 say that we're not just sitting there in government
- 17 treasury securities, you need to have a little bit of
- 18 history, which goes back to the fact that we were
- 19 originally required under federal law to invest in the
- 20 court registry investment system that by investing that we
- 21 were restricted to treasury certificates. We were getting
- 22 a very meager return and we were paying extraordinarily
- 23 high fees for that very meager, safe investment return.
- 24 For a number of years we tried to get authority to invest
- 25 it -- the idea, the funds in a sort of wider investment

- 1 authorization with the idea that the Trustee Council's
- 2 mission was going to be a longer term than was originally
- 3 anticipated. In 1999, through Public Law 106-113, pushed
- 4 by Sen -- then Senator Murkowski, we were allowed to invest
- 5 the joint funds in -- outside of the U.S. Treasury, limited
- 6 to income producing assets classes, debt obligations,
- 7 equities securities and such, that have been determined by
- 8 a unanimous vote of the council to have a high degree of
- 9 reliability and security, and was also -- and this is kind
- 10 of what's important -- was the joint trust fund is to be
- 11 managed and allocated consistent with the resolution of the
- 12 council adopted March 1st, 1999 concerning the restoration
- 13 reserve, which was the money we had been setting aside, is
- 14 more of a long term uses. The -- that resolution says that
- 15 the monies are to be invest -- allocated as follows with 55
- 16 million of the estimated funds remaining after October 1st,
- 17 2002, and the associated earnings thereafter as a long term
- 18 funding source -- with the key emphasis being long term --
- 19 for -- with a sig -- for habitat protection with a
- 20 significant portion to be used for small parcel habitat
- 21 protection. The remaining balance -- which I think at the
- 22 time we had anticipated to about maybe a hundred -- a
- 23 little over a hundred -- between a hundred and 125 million
- 24 was to be managed.
- 25 So the annual earnings adjusted for

- 1 inflation will be used to fund annual work plans that
- 2 include a combination of research monitoring and general
- 3 restoration. Thus, you got kind of a two-fold mandate.
- 4 One of them is arguably a short term liquidity to be able
- 5 to get to the money for habitat restoration purposes. And
- 6 secondly, a long term endowment to generate future income.
- 7 And that is what has essentially guided the investment
- 8 strategy to this date, the need to have an investment
- 9 income that can be inflation-proofed and still leave a
- 10 return of four to five percent for the Trustee Council to
- 11 use on an annual basis. So with that, I'll turn over to
- 12 whoever. Yes, Gary.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you, Craig.
- 14 MR. BADER: Thank you, Mr. Tillery, for the
- 15 introduction. Mr. Chair, for the record, my name is Gary
- 16 Bader. I'm Chief Investment Officer of the Department of
- 17 Revenue, Treasury Division. With me is Bob Mitchell who is
- 18 a senior investment officer in my unit. The Department of
- 19 -- Alaska Department of Revenue manages 30 billion dollars,
- 20 has about 40 accounts that we manage, three of which we
- 21 manage for the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trust Council. Today
- 22 there's roughly 145 million dollars and it is in three
- 23 accounts. Our job is to implement the investment policy
- 24 set by this council. Currently we are invested in an
- 25 investment policy that is roughly -- that is 47 percent

- 1 domestic equities, 20 percent international equities, and
- 2 33 percent fixed income securities. We attempt to stay
- 3 within certain bands approved by the council in the
- 4 management of those monies. In other words, we don't
- 5 invest to that target every day. It drifts back and forth
- 6 depending on the vagaries of the market. But when we get
- 7 outside the bands or very near, close to the bands, getting
- 8 outside the bands, we communicate with the executive
- 9 director and seek director to re-balance. Typically we
- 10 make a suggestion to the executive director and typically
- 11 the suggestion is followed by a direction from the
- 12 executive director to re-balance and to get into -- back
- 13 closer to the target allocation that has been set by the
- 14 board -- by the council and their investment advisors.
- As I said earlier, Mr. Mitchell is a senior
- 16 investment officer in the portfolio section of the
- 17 Department of Revenue. He's a chartered financial analyst.
- 18 He manages fixed income securities for us, the value of
- 19 which may range anywhere from 10 to 16 billion dollars,
- 20 depending upon market conditions. Mr. Mitchell has prepared
- 21 a short presentation for you today. We understand you may
- 22 desire to have some discussion on the -- about the
- 23 investment policies as Mr. Tillery recently laid out, but
- 24 for now, our direction is the policy that is on record and
- 25 Mr. Mitchell will make his presentation.

- 1 MR. MITCHELL: Thank you, Mr. Bader. My
- 2 name is Bob Mitchell and the role that I play is primarily
- 3 as the manager of the fixed income or bond component of the
- 4 asset allocation, which we'll get into in a little more
- 5 detail. There are three main areas I want to cover in my
- 6 presentation. First is to update the board on the
- 7 investment performance of the three funds that are
- 8 entrusted with the Treasury Division. The second is to
- 9 present the 2009 capital market assumptions that have been
- 10 prepared by our general consultant, Callan & Associates.
- 11 And three, is to take those assumptions that we rely on and
- 12 generate a range of -- thank you -- a range of asset
- 13 allocations that demonstrate what various options would
- 14 look like, but then to recommend an asset allocation for
- 15 consideration by the council that would be consistent with
- 16 its policy mandate.
- 17 Page 2 of our presentation provides return
- 18 information as of the end of April 30th over various time
- 19 periods for the three investment accounts as well as for
- 20 the sub-components of those investment accounts. The first
- 21 three items are the three investment funds, the research
- 22 fund, the habitat fund and the Koniag fund. You can see in
- 23 the second column an estimate of the market value as of
- 24 April 30th of this year. My comments are going to focus on
- 25 the one year returns but I'm certainly willing to address

- 1 any other time periods. 2008 was a period of extreme
- 2 negative returns for equity. The fact if you look over a
- 3 200 year period, it's one of the I think three or four
- 4 worst years in terms of equity market performance that the
- 5 markets have experienced. The orientation in terms of
- 6 asset allocation for these three funds is roughly one-third
- 7 bonds, two-thirds of a combination of domestic and
- 8 international equities. Given the exposure to equities, it
- 9 was affected by the performance of the equity markets
- 10 during this time period. You can see that reflected in the
- 11 performance of the three funds. The research fund, for
- 12 example -- basically all three funds had a return that was
- 13 roughly minus 23 percent over the year ending April which
- 14 reflects a lot of -- you know, most of that period was
- 15 during the tumultuous periods in late '08, 2008.
- 16 Touching briefly on the sub-components of
- 17 the asset allocation, the first item is broad market fixed
- 18 income, that is, the bond allocation. That is, they're two
- 19 of the three components that are actively managed, meaning
- 20 they're managed in a way to -- in an attempt to outperform
- 21 relevant benchmark indices over time. The fixed income
- 22 portfolio which I am the portfolio manager for
- 23 underperformed during that period of time, primarily given
- 24 its yield orientation. To touch briefly on that, we manage
- 25 bond portfolios to outperform indexes by out-yielding the

- 1 relevant indexes. And the way we do that primarily is to
- 2 under-weight treasury and government agency securities with
- 3 shorter maturities and substitute those with other
- 4 investment grade bonds. During this period, and it
- 5 actually stretches back from July of 2007 through the end
- 6 of 2008, it was a period of unprecedented under-performance
- 7 of those non-treasury, non-government securities versus
- 8 treasuries and government. So, the investment style that
- 9 we've employed that has essentially out-performed for
- 10 decades under-performed, in our opinion, pretty sharply, in
- 11 unprecedented fashion, particularly as you move through the
- 12 end of the last six months of 2008. As a result, we have
- 13 underperformed during this time period. Having said that,
- 14 since the beginning of 2009, there has been a reversal. So
- 15 we've actually clawed (ph) back some of the under-
- 16 performance through to -- actually, to this day, we
- 17 continue to outperform through May. We're still
- 18 underperforming out index over these time periods, but we
- 19 believe that -- we still believe in our approach and we
- 20 believe that in time that that will -- we will again be
- 21 outperforming the index.
- 22 The second component is an actively managed
- 23 component that -- for international equities. One thing
- 24 I'll mention is the -- though the performance of the three
- 25 portfolios is sharply negative for the year, they've

- 1 outperformed their benchmark indices and it's largely due
- 2 to the results of the active management of the
- 3 international equity component. In this component of the
- 4 asset allocation, the manager is trying to position the
- 5 equity -- international equity portfolio to be different
- 6 from the index in an attempt to outperform over time and
- 7 over this period, outperform by over five percentage
- 8 points. That largely contributed to the out-performance of
- 9 the three EVOS funds versus a target benchmark, which would
- 10 be a weighted benchmark of indexes that are weighted in
- 11 proportion to the target asset allocation.
- 12 The last -- well, the cash component I want
- 13 to touch on as well. The cash component is invested in a
- 14 short term pool, also managed by my team. Year-to-date --
- 15 well, fiscal year-to-date, we are essentially index-like.
- 16 But if you were to look at this report, it would imply that
- 17 we have underperformed by almost 7 percent, and I feel that
- 18 that merits some explanation. The reason for this apparent
- 19 under-performance is due to the timing of cash flows.
- 20 We've experienced additional volatility primarily from
- 21 September through December in performance. And
- 22 unfortunately the times with -- during which EVOS funds
- 23 were invested in cash happened to coincide with those
- 24 downside periods of the volatility. So, as a result, the
- 25 cash component appears to have underperformed dramatically.

- 1 I'll note that, A, the underlying investments that -- the
- 2 underlying fund that this cash is invested in is index-
- 3 like, essentially. And the other thing I would mention is,
- 4 it's a de minimus component of the asset allocation for the
- 5 fund, so it doesn't explain any performance of the
- 6 portfolio.
- 7 The last component is the Russell 3000
- 8 index. This is a -- what we call a passively managed
- 9 component. It is an investment portfolio whose objective
- 10 is to closely match the returns of the underlying index.
- 11 So, you would expect that the performance of this fund
- 12 would largely track the performance of the index over time,
- 13 and indeed that's the case.
- On page 3 is the beginning of two pages of
- 15 presentation that go over the capital market assumptions
- 16 that have been provided by our general consultant, Callan
- 17 Associates. There are a number of asset classes that are
- 18 represented on this sheet, three of which are asset classes
- 19 that the EVOS funds are invested in. Those three asset
- 20 classes are the first one, broad domestic equity. The
- 21 second asset class is international equity. And the last
- 22 asset class is domestic fixed. On this sheet you see two
- 23 of the three components that we rely upon in terms of
- 24 investment assumptions for building portfolio asset
- 25 allocations models. The first of those is return. In the

- 1 middle of the chart you see projected returns and there are
- 2 three columns of information. The first one is arithmetic
- 3 return, which is an estimate of -- a point estimate of
- 4 returns of the data, of that given asset class in one time
- 5 period. The second one is geometric return, which is a
- 6 multi-period estimate. And the reason why it's -- it will
- 7 always be lower than the arithmetic return given the fact
- 8 that you don't have linear performance every year. There's
- 9 volatility about an ex -- a long term performance, and that
- 10 volatility drags down the long term performance of the
- 11 funds. The third column is real return, which is a long
- 12 term geometric return after adjusting for the effects of
- 13 inflation. So, for example, looking at broad domestic
- 14 equity, it has a 10.35 percent arithmetic return assumption
- 15 over a intermediate to long period of time. And we can
- 16 think of that as a five year horizon. It's also been
- 17 talked about as a 10 year horizon. The geometric return
- 18 would be an expectation of what that return would be like
- 19 if you just held the investment over that period of time
- 20 and experiencing the highs and lows of performance over
- 21 time. The third number would be an estimate of what the
- 22 expected return would be after the effects of inflation.
- 23 So in purchasing power terms would be how I'd characterize
- 24 that.
- 25 The second component or input for our

- 1 models is standard deviation. Returns don't go up the same
- 2 amount every year, and that was vividly demonstrated over
- 3 the past year. So in terms of building models, we make an
- 4 estimate for that uncertainty or the variability of returns
- 5 over time, and that is standard deviation. So, for
- 6 example, again, looking at the domestic equities, the
- 7 standard deviation is 16.4 percent, so we would expect that
- 8 over time the long term return would vary if you look at
- 9 one plus or minus, one standard deviation about its
- 10 geometric return of 9.48 percent plus or minus 16.4
- 11 percent. And given the math, it's -- that would -- the
- 12 assumption would be that the long term return would be
- 13 within that corridor two-thirds of the time. So,
- 14 incorporating risk allows us to penalize an asset class for
- 15 that uncertainty. So you're not just looking at the return
- 16 estimate and kind of gravitating towards the ret -- you
- 17 know, the asset classes that have the highest return.
- 18 For comparison purposes, the 2008 capital
- 19 market assumptions -- and by the way, these are produced
- 20 annually by our consultant -- are listed for reference in
- 21 the far right of the sheet. One thing I'll note is the
- 22 return estimates you see for 2008 are geometric returns.
- 23 Risk would be the standard deviation. The difference, by
- 24 comparing the three asset classes, is essentially that the
- 25 equity return estimates have increased between 2008 and

- 1 2009. And that's largely due to the fact that equities
- 2 have had such poor performance, the perspective performance
- 3 going forward has been ratcheted up to reflect the lower
- 4 valuations of equities today than they were when the 2008
- 5 capitol market assumptions were made.
- 6 The -- in terms of risk, the risk is
- 7 slightly lower for domestic equities, very slightly higher
- 8 for international equities, and significantly higher for
- 9 fixed income. I think in part that reflects the increased
- 10 volatility that we've experienced in fixed income over the
- 11 past year and projections that that type of volatility may
- 12 be with us for some time. Are there any questions about
- 13 this sheet?
- 14 (No audible responses)
- MR. MITCHELL: Page 4 is the third
- 16 component. I won't spend a lot of time on this, but I want
- 17 to present it for informational purposes. This shows
- 18 assumed correlations between the asset classes. This is
- 19 the third component that we use in our models and it's an
- 20 assumption of the tendency of asset classes to have similar
- 21 performance or dissimilar performance over time. And
- 22 essentially what this allows us to do is to build in the
- 23 effects of diversification over time. So when you combine
- 24 just asset classes that behave dissimilarly, like stocks
- 25 and bonds, they're going to have a relatively low

- 1 correlation, and that low correlation helps to mitigate the
- 2 volatility of the overall portfolio. So this is an
- 3 important component of the overall inputs that we use for
- 4 our asset allocation process.
- 5 Page 5 shows the results of the work that
- 6 we've done using the 2009 capital market assumptions as the
- 7 input. What we've done is we've taken the return, risk and
- 8 correlation assumptions for the three asset classes. We
- 9 have run 5000 simulations over a 10 year period using those
- 10 inputs and tried to address 11 different objectives that
- 11 you see on this chart. The top box shows the target asset
- 12 allocation that achieves that objective what we call most
- 13 efficiently. For the majority of these cases -- and I'll
- 14 highlight the exceptions -- the objective is to build a
- 15 portfolio that has an expectation for a particular return
- 16 while minimizing the standard deviation of those returns,
- 17 or uncertainty about the future. For example, in -- you
- 18 know, these scenarios are numbered 1 through 11. If you
- 19 look at the first scenario, the allocation of 25 percent
- 20 domestic equities, 12 percent international equities, a 63
- 21 percent bonds would be expected to return seven percent
- 22 over a 10 year period with the expected deviation about
- 23 that estimate of about seven percent. And then below is
- 24 some additional descriptive information that shows the
- 25 probability of a loss or a return of below zero over

- 1 various time periods. As you move from scenario 1 to
- 2 scenario 11, in general the return expectation is
- 3 increasing. And if you focus on the -- just the bond
- 4 component in -- of 63 percent in the first scenario, as you
- 5 increase the required return, that bond component will tend
- 6 to decrease as it gravitates more towards an equity
- 7 orientation to achieve that investment objective. So
- 8 scenarios 1 through 3, and scenario -- essentially all the
- 9 yellow scenarios are targeting a return and minimizing the
- 10 standard deviation of returns and presenting it in a
- 11 recommended asset allocation to achieve it. The blue
- 12 boxes, there are three blue boxes, scenario 4, 7 and 8.
- 13 Scenario 4 is our recommendation to you based on your
- 14 policy to achieve a five percent after inflation return
- 15 over time which would overcome the effects of inflation and
- 16 the five percent spending rule is in place. So that would
- 17 be a change from last year, which is scenario 7. Scenario
- 18 7 shows the existing target asset allocation, which is
- 19 based on 2008 capital market assumptions. We ran that to
- 20 show what the change in assumptions between 2008 and 2009
- 21 would have in terms of the effect on the expected return
- 22 and standard deviation. Incidently, the target return of
- 23 775 is what we would consider to be the expected return
- 24 target we should be shooting for, given an expectation of a
- 25 2.75 percent inflation. And the Callan capital market

- 1 assumptions are essentially built with inflation as the
- 2 foundation with bond and stock returns, return expectations
- 3 as a function of what the underlying inflation expectation
- 4 was. So these returns are consistent with each other and
- 5 with the inflation estimate. So based on that, we can take
- 6 the 2.75 percent, add 5, and get to a 7.75 percent target.
- 7 As you can see in scenario 7, given that
- 8 the equity return expectations have increased, what was a
- 9 775 return target last year, given the new inputs, is now
- 10 expected to return 8.26 percent over the -- you know, the
- 11 intermediate horizon. And the standard deviation that that
- 12 produced last year was 11.32 percent. So not only has the
- 13 expected return increased for the existing asset allocation
- 14 but the uncertainty or variation about that expectation has
- 15 also decreased, relative to last year's capital market
- 16 assumptions.
- 17 In scenario 8, we chose to target the risk
- 18 that the -- our models generated last year, which is 11.32
- 19 percent. And we said, well, what if we froze that and
- 20 tried to maximize the expected return given that risk
- 21 tolerance. And that results in the asset allocation that
- 22 you see in scenario 8. Scenario 7 and 8 are very similar
- 23 to each other in terms of their overall equity orientation.
- 24 The expected return is slightly higher in scenario 8
- 25 however it's -- if you look at scenario 4, which is the

- 1 most efficient portfolio to achieve a five percent real,
- 2 i.e. achieve a five percent inflation adjusted return with
- 3 a minimum of uncertainty, the equity orientation, because
- 4 the capital market assumptions have become higher for
- 5 expected return for equities, is much lower. In fact, it's
- 6 about 11 percent lower. And you can see by just looking at
- 7 the bond allocation that it would go from a current target
- 8 of 33 percent to about 44 percent.
- 9 On page 6 I can tie this all together. The
- 10 council has two driving policies that we utilize the
- 11 establish the expected return. First is to maintain the
- 12 inflation adjusted spending power of the funds over time
- 13 and to overcome the effects of its spending policy which it
- 14 has defined as five percent. So, we utilize the capital
- 15 market assumptions that we get from our general consultant
- 16 to develop an asset allocation that will achieve that with
- 17 a minimum of uncertainty. And based on that, it comes up
- 18 with -- we have developed an asset allocation that has a 38
- 19 percent broad market equity orientation, 18 percent
- 20 international equity orientation, and a 44 percent
- 21 allocation to domestic bonds.
- One last point I'll make is that the three
- 23 funds that we manage have the same objective, and that's
- 24 how we're managing them. And so their asset -- the target
- 25 asset allocations for the three funds remain the same. And

- 1 that concludes my prepared remarks. I'd be happy to
- 2 address any questions that any council member might have.
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Tillery.
- 4 MR. TILLERY: Yeah. So do I understand
- 5 then that the state pension funds are being invested -- or
- 6 you're moving to the allocation number 4?
- 7 MR. BADER: Mr. Tillery, the state pension
- 8 funds are not going to that. One thing that kind of jumps
- 9 out of this methodology is kind of an old saw, buy low/sell
- 10 high. And what this methodology is putting before you is
- 11 you have equities that you buy high and reducing them or
- 12 selling low. The state pension fund -- and what drives
- 13 that? As Mr. Mitchell explained, the change in the
- 14 assumptions about what stocks will earn in the future. And
- 15 you're only trying to get -- you know, we're trying to get
- 16 your policy target of five percent real so you don't need
- 17 as many equities. The recommendation to the Alaska
- 18 Retirement Management Board will not have them paring back
- 19 equities in the same amount, no do I believe the Permanent
- 20 Fund Board would, although they're making a major change in
- 21 their asset allocation. But that's one of the reasons, as
- 22 you recall when the Investment Advisory Committee got
- 23 together, struggled with this. The methodology, the policy
- 24 says try to get five real. And in this environment, after
- 25 the big declines in the market with a projection of higher

- 1 returns for equity by the consultant, Callan Associates,
- 2 drives you to a lower equity allocation. So our
- 3 recommendation is based on your policy, but we feel
- 4 compelled to point out to the council this anomaly between
- 5 where the policy drives you and what the consultants are
- 6 expecting in the market in the future.
- 7 MR. TILLERY: So we could do better if we
- 8 don't change -- if we change our five percent real
- 9 potentially?
- 10 MR. BADER: The -- using the consultant's
- 11 expectations, if you're stuck with your current policy, the
- 12 expectation is that you would do better.
- MR. TILLERY: Okay.
- 14 MR. BADER: But it would not be consistent
- 15 with your policy.
- 16 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yeah, at the same time, it
- 17 would be more projected risk in maintaining that balance?
- 18 MR. BADER: That is correct.
- 19 MR. HARTIG: On that projected risk, is
- 20 most of that going to occur over the next year or is it
- 21 pretty spread out over the five years? Or is there any way
- 22 to predict that?
- 23 MR. BADER: The -- I mean, the odds are
- 24 that over five years there would be less volatility than
- 25 you would experience in one year heading for your target.

- 1 The longer period of time, the more likely that the
- 2 probabilities would even out. But in one year you could do
- 3 far better or far worse. They will converge over time.
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: And I guess a question,
- 5 the projected return is based on a January 1, 2009 kind of
- 6 aspects or the April?
- 7 MR. BADER: Projected return is based on --
- 8 well, we set the model trying to get the projected return,
- 9 which would be five real, okay, using the consultant's
- 10 projections. And so we say to get that 7.75 -- actually,
- 11 it turned out 77 -- but to get that 7.75, what blend of
- 12 assets could we invest, expect to get that return, and have
- 13 the lowest volatility. So that is how that is determined.
- 14 So that's just kind of backwards, saying what do you want
- 15 to the outcome to be, well, how can you get there using the
- 16 assets you have available.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I quess the question is
- 18 kind of the short term return, you know, since January 1st,
- 19 the fund has actually clawed (ph) back some of the losses
- 20 that occurred in the last quarter of '08.
- 21 MR. BADER: Yes.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Now if we converted over
- 23 to this new asset allocation in this point in time we could
- 24 actually have incurred or gained those returns that we've
- 25 got for the first quarter and then the rest of the year we

- 1 would kind of have a more conservative approach and that
- 2 seems like it would take away some of the potential
- 3 volatility that we experienced at least in the very short
- 4 term.
- 5 MR. BADER: Right.
- 6 MR. O'CONNOR: I guess the question that I
- 7 had, Mr. Chairman, do you we need to be more prepared to
- 8 respond to exigent circumstances than we have been? Should
- 9 we be making an annual decision with certain modifications
- 10 that you might recommend at some point along the road or
- 11 should we be more engaged on a regular basis, in
- 12 consultation with you guys?
- MR. BADER: We typically at the Department
- 14 of Revenue have followed the strategic policy that is set
- 15 by boards and our commissioner, and I believe that is the
- 16 same at the Alaska Permanent Fund. Even an event such as
- 17 9/11, you know, when there is a shock to the system,
- 18 markets closed and so on and so forth, the market responds
- 19 and this, we believe, discounts in the changes that
- 20 everybody knows about before you can take action. By the
- 21 time you take action, the market will have discounted in
- 22 everything that you know. And we do not typically take the
- 23 position that we can guess the direction of the market --
- 24 or project it, I guess -- from point A to point B. We will
- 25 say over time we expect this. As Mr. Mitchell explained, we

- 1 did not -- we had no way of seeing that the markets were
- 2 going to seize up the way they did this past year. And
- 3 what that lead to was out-performance of investments in
- 4 treasuries. Everybody wanted treasuries. At one time a
- 5 treasury bill was yielding zero but it was safe and people
- 6 were opting for that over the unknown. That is changing.
- 7 We believe that it will revert to historical norms and
- 8 that's why Mr. Mitchell in his portfolio is pretty much
- 9 trying to stay the course. So we would certainly advise
- 10 the council if something happened in the market that we
- 11 felt changed everything in terms of the strategic direction
- 12 that you advised us to go with. But generally by the time
- 13 you know it, it's too late to act.
- 14 MR. O'CONNOR: So how do we antic -- we
- 15 don't antici....
- MR. BADER: How do know that?
- 17 MR. O'CONNOR: How do we know -- yeah, how
- 18 do we guess better?
- MR. BADER: Well....
- 20 MR. O'CONNOR: I'm being facetious.
- 21 MR. BADER: Yeah. I actually think your
- 22 approaches have been very well relative to other similarly
- 23 situated funds. If you had let's say the decision made
- 24 many years ago which Mr. Tillery referenced where it was
- 25 substantially invested in government securities, it would

- 1 have been a great year last year. But you'd be yielding
- 2 probably less than the rate of inflation right now if you
- 3 stuck with that policy. And for all the intervening years
- 4 you would have been there too. So I think your policies
- 5 have been good. Very few people escaped what happened to
- 6 the market last year. I don't know of any institutional
- 7 funds that can boast about their returns.
- 8 MR. O'CONNOR: At least we're not going to
- 9 jail. The -- I guess my last question at this point is the
- 10 -- do you feel comfortable that we have a reasonable focus
- 11 to our investment strategy and that we're doing -- we're
- 12 responsible for the public first here. It's a small piece,
- 13 but nonetheless we're responsible for it. Do you feel as
- 14 though we're exercising that responsibility appropriately
- 15 given what you as an expert in the financial field would
- 16 think would be an appropriate way to manage? Are you
- 17 comfortable with what we're doing?
- 18 MR. BADER: I can answer that question
- 19 affirmatively and say that what you are doing, regardless
- 20 of which if you decided to change your policy, what you are
- 21 doing are following methodologies used by the largest
- 22 pension funds and by many endowments. You're trying to
- 23 find the most efficient mix of investments that will
- 24 balance your risk and your rate of return. You can take
- 25 more risk and volatility and perhaps -- and likely get a

- 1 higher return, or you can lower your risk and get a lower
- 2 return. The only thing that we would probably offer up is
- 3 just an analogy. I used to teach kids how to drive and one
- 4 of the things that they would tend to do is not look very
- 5 far down the road and oversteer all the time. I think
- 6 having a long term asset allocation and a consistent
- 7 approach will keep from overcorrecting many times along the
- 8 way. So I think an asset allocation or a policy set by
- 9 this council and implemented through your executive
- 10 director to a Department of Revenue staff makes -- I think
- 11 puts you in a very sound fiduciary role.
- 12 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Sure.
- MR. TILLERY: One question is, do you think
- 15 -- and this is a pretty -- would be a pretty dramatic shift
- 16 going back to allocation four. Is that over-steering -- in
- 17 other words, if our -- is our goal driving the asset
- 18 allocation in a way that's not as good?
- 19 MR. BADER: I don't think it's your goal
- 20 that's driving it that way, I think it's the extraordinary
- 21 market that we had last year and the consultant's
- 22 projection that it isn't going to continue that way, which
- 23 is creating the tendency to get down to asset allocation
- 24 four. I think your goal of a five percent real rate of
- 25 return is a very sound goal over time. I wouldn't think in

- 1 the long run that you would want to have it be any higher
- 2 than that. You would be really reaching out further than
- 3 most institutions choose to do. In this case, I think if
- 4 you -- if the council were to say, understanding that four
- 5 is goal and understanding that we have a long term vision
- 6 we choose to approach four in a incremental fashion, would
- 7 be a way that you wouldn't have to make such a large 11
- 8 percent jump in domestic equities, for example. I don't
- 9 know if that was respon -- I hope that was responsive.
- 10 MR. TILLERY: How would you approach it in
- 11 an incremental fashion by not going from seven to four but
- 12 by going from seven to five or something?
- MR. BADER: I'd go from seven to -- well,
- 14 that number six is kind of an anomaly because it jumps up
- 15 there with the equities, which is something I don't believe
- 16 you should be doing. But perhaps going to somewhere
- 17 between seven and probably five.
- 18 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 19 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yes.
- 20 MR. TILLERY: Another thing. I think the
- 21 council has two fundamental questions, one of which is, in
- 22 -- for this, for purposes of our current goals, do we want
- 23 to go to an allocation that I think fits within our long --
- 24 with what we do, it's been our strategy, it's been what
- 25 we've done. It seems to, personally, go against anything I

- 1 think is probably the right thing to do. On a personal
- 2 level, I wouldn't be adopting something like that for my
- 3 own finances, but it does seem to be instit -- so maybe
- 4 perhaps institutionally sound and -- but the other thing we
- 5 have to decide is, do we still have that same goal. Is
- 6 that where the council is headed. And that's not an issue
- 7 that we can, you know, decide here. But it's certainly an
- 8 issue that needs to be considered.
- 9 MS. HSIEH: Ex....
- 10 MR. O'CONNOR: You're talking about the
- 11 five percent?
- MS. HSIEH: Gary.
- 13 MR. BADER: I'm talking about the five
- 14 percent. The idea that we're investing this for a long
- 15 term, steady rate to fund program.
- MS. HSIEH: Except, Gary, weren't you
- 17 suggesting, similar to your driving analogy and similar to
- 18 what the other funds that you mentioned are doing, looking
- 19 over a longer period of time, our current mix might end up
- 20 yielding the 7.75 again? I mean, right now we sort of --
- 21 we swung way back, now we're swinging this way. Over a
- 22 longer term, I mean, is this the time to be overcorrecting,
- 23 it seems to me?
- MR. BADER: Well, we're only looking out
- 25 five to ten years with this. And the current mix, as it is

- 1 demonstrated here, would be expected to reach your goal and
- 2 then some.
- 3 MS. HSIEH: And then some. Okay. So more
- 4 incremental.
- 5 MR. BADER: It would be a more volatile
- 6 trip.
- 7 MS. HSIEH: Okay.
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Hartig.
- 9 MR. HARTIG: Just playing around
- 10 theoretically a little bit, running a couple of other
- 11 scenarios. If we were going to take some portion, you
- 12 know, a substantial portion, 145 million, whatever there is
- 13 on the table now, and spend that, you know, on projects,
- 14 and do that in a more of one to three year time frame, that
- 15 it would be less likely that we would recoup some of that
- 16 loss in 2008, is there a strategic way to approach that so
- 17 that you would minimize that loss, but at the same time not
- 18 going along with what risk you're taking on?
- 19 MR. BADER: I'm sure that we could model
- 20 something like that for the council. The -- I think I
- 21 could say off the top of my head what that would be. The
- 22 current approach is intended to allow you to make five
- 23 percent grants each year and still not -- and still recover
- 24 inflation. And basically earn the grant money back and be
- 25 adjusted for inflation. If you made larger grants the

- 1 asset allocation would be the same, unless you're trying to
- 2 recapture all the money. Made larger grants and trying to
- 3 earn a higher rate of return to get back to where you were,
- 4 then you would need an asset allocation like seven or
- 5 eight.
- 6 MR. HARTIG: And this, again this,
- 7 theoretically we were going to go to the 10 or maybe even
- 8 20 percent, you know, amount that we have there that we're
- 9 going to spend each year, so that eventually we would be
- 10 liquidating down. Has that changed the investment strategy
- 11 significantly?
- MR. BADER: I'm not sure I understand the
- 13 question, but we wouldn't be recommending going to 10 or 11
- 14 because of the....
- MR. HARTIG: No.....
- MR. BADER: .....probability of.....
- 17 MR. HARTIG: ....changing the idea that,
- 18 you know, that if we do intend to liquidate, you know,
- 19 within say a five to ten year period. You know, that
- 20 change is kind of on the premises here -- and again, this
- 21 is theoretical.
- MR. BADER: Uh-huh.
- 23 MR. HARTIG: Say we were going to do that,
- 24 and so that -- but we didn't want to just draw out
- 25 something -- all the first year or, you know, a lump sum in

- 1 any particular year, we're going to gradually work down.
- 2 So we're going to spend 20 percent rather than five percent
- 3 a year. So we're actually spending more than our return on
- 4 our investment and liquidating the principle. Would there
- 5 be -- if we were going to do that, would that change how we
- 6 are invested?
- 7 MR. BADER: I believe it would and I
- 8 believe it would drive you toward a more conservative asset
- 9 allocation because your probability of loss in any one year
  - 10 is less. And if you said -- let's just say we had a 150
  - 11 million dollars and you wanted it all spent -- you know,
  - 12 you wanted to make 50 million dollars a year in
  - 13 distributions, the only way to be sure that that 50 million
  - 14 dollars a year is going to be there, that you won't suffer
  - 15 from a market, is to go more conservative, not more
  - 16 aggressively.
  - 17 MR. HARTIG: Yeah, the other concern I have
  - 18 there is that, you know, we took a big hit in 2008, and if
  - 19 there's an opportunity to recoup that, you know, by saying
  - 20 -- staying invested five years versus, you know, starting
  - 21 to liquidate more of your principal, and you have a choice,
  - 22 you know, would you stay in the market and just delay some
  - 23 of your expenditures and try to recoup that? And would
  - 24 that be -- should that be a factor in our decision making?
  - 25 MR. BADER: Well, I would stay the course.

- 1 I personally think that, you know, if you held on to the
- 2 stocks and you got to the point that you are and the
- 3 investment consultant is saying we think the odds are
- 4 greater that the market is going up than they were last
- 5 year -- and I guess it's not seeing odds on the market, but
- 6 the expected return is greater, I wouldn't be selling those
- 7 equities. I would probably be sticking right with your
- 8 current target and staying the course. But that's not your
- 9 investment policy.
- 10 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Given the way the market
- 11 is moving, would you say by next year we're probably going
- 12 to have the same discussion about whether we want to move
- 13 the asset allocation around? Would figure we'd be at the
- 14 five real again next year with that -- given that we want
- 15 five percent real?
- MR. BADER: Five -- yeah, I think five real
- 17 next year. Hopefully, we'll take more equities, that the
- 18 market will have gone up, and the projection by the
- 19 consultant will be for a less robust equity market and so
- 20 that you probably would be buying equities next year.
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So in some ways that would
- 22 argue that we shouldn't -- we should at least go
- 23 incrementally rather than....
- MR. BADER: Yes.
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: .....completely into the

- 1 new investment scenario. Mr. Elton.
- MR. ELTON: Thanks. I mean, I may be the
- 3 person at the table here who knows the least about the
- 4 numbers and the history, and I may not be the best investor
- 5 either, but I guess the question that I have is that if you
- 6 don't know the numbers and you don't necessarily know the
- 7 history, you really do want to know the consultants upon
- 8 whose advice you're relying. Which brings me to the
- 9 question that troubles me to some extent, and that is that
- 10 Callan has been purchased by Mercer (ph). The state has
- 11 significant issues with Mercer and is seeking significant
- 12 amounts of money back from Mercer. Has there been any
- 13 change in leadership or the management philosophy of Callan
- 14 post the Mercer purchase?
- MR. BADER: Actually, just recently, Mr.
- 16 Elton, they cancelled their merger.
- 17 MR. ELTON: Oh, they did.
- 18 MR. BADER: And so Callan is the same team
- 19 and Mr. O'Leary is the same consultant on the state's team
- 20 as it has been in the past. So it looked like there was
- 21 going to be the change that was announced, got wide
- 22 publicity. The termination of the merger didn't get as
- 23 wide of publicity.
- 24 MR. ELTON: All right. But I consider that
- 25 good news. Thank you, Mr. Bader.

- 1 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I had one other question.
- 2 It might actually be for Ms. Hsieh. The Koniag investment
- 3 fund is somewhat a little different from some of the others
- 4 in that essentially we have a fixed obligation already
- 5 throughout the -- to the end of the fund expenditure. So
- 6 does the 35.7 million dollars that's currently in that
- 7 fund, is that enough to cover the.....
- 8 MS. HSIEH: I'm going to defer to Carol who
- 9 is more familiar with the current numbers.
- 10 MS. FRIES: I think it -- I think that's
- 11 sufficient to cover the annual obligations to maintain that
- 12 easement through 2020.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay.
- 14 MS. FRIES: But then the way the agreement
- 15 is set up, at the end of the term, the Koniag and Fish and
- 16 Wildlife Service have the option to sell and purchase the
- 17 parcel in fee and the purchase price is the amount of money
- 18 remaining in that specific account. So essentially the
- 19 purchase price is fluctuating.
- 20 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yeah, I guess that would
- 21 be the only argument on that one. We might want to go more
- 22 conservative on that account versus others just so that we
- 23 could -- that the funds are sufficient to fully cover that,
- 24 not having to take it out of the other investment accounts,
- 25 but that's just speculation. Okay.

- 1 MR. TILLERY: Well, we wouldn't, Mr.
- 2 Chairman, in terms of the yearly payments. I don't know
- 3 what the numbers are on there but I think Carol's
- 4 suggestion is probably enough. In terms of the final
- 5 payment, you would never have to take it out of any other
- 6 account because the final payment number is simply.....
- 7 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: What's left.
- 8 MR. TILLERY: .....whatever's in the
- 9 account, and they take it or not take it. They would never
- 10 take it from any other account.
- 11 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Right. Resolves my
- 12 concern.
- MR. O'CONNOR: But they're bearing the risk
- 14 of the fluctuation.
- 15 MR. TILLERY: They -- well, actually we've
- 16 got the risk. We're sitting there with the money; they're
- 17 sitting there with the ability to -- instead of bearing the
- 18 risk in the interim, to wait until -- and I think actually
- 19 it's in 2011, would be the first instance, in 2011, to make
- 20 a decision, okay, I want to take it at this price.
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Their risk being just the
- 23 fluctuation and the amount of return each year that they're
- 24 being given.
- MR. TILLERY: Except that they're.....

- 1 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: They're not committed to
- 2 sell.
- 3 MR. TILLERY: They're not getting it.
- 4 They're not actually -- haven't made that decision yet.
- 5 They're sitting on the sidelines and can see what it is
- 6 when (indiscernible simultaneous speech).
- 7 MR. O'CONNOR: But we're making a -- we're
- 8 making an annual payment.
- 9 MR. TILLERY: That's an annual easement
- 10 payment out of the return.
- MR. O'CONNOR: And it's.....
- MR. TILLERY: And that decision....
- MR. O'CONNOR: That fluc.....
- 14 MR. TILLERY: .....would come up.....
- MR. O'CONNOR: That is fluctuating based on
- 16 the value of the property.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: We're probably getting
- 18 off....
- MS. HSIEH: No, the payment.....
- 20 MS. FRIES: The payment is fixed.
- 21 MR. TILLERY: Okay.
- MR. BADER: Mr. Chair.
- 23 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Sure.
- MR. BADER: I was just wondering, Mr.
- 25 Tillery, I think you read the investment policy and if it

- 1 set the target of five percent or five real, but I just
- 2 wonder if the interpretation that you would be consistent
- 3 with your investment policy if you set an objective that
- 4 was in excess of five real. In other words, we tried to
- 5 get right on the number for you. This 7.75 being what we
- 6 consider to be five percent real. But if you kept your
- 7 current asset allocation, you would be in excess of that,
- 8 and I don't know if the interpretation would be that you
- 9 were not consistent with your policy by staying the course
- 10 at your current asset allocation, or if you even have to
- 11 make a change in your investment policy, I guess is what
- 12 I'm suggesting.
- MR. O'CONNOR: It's five percent of cap
- 14 or....
- 15 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: It looks like there's
- 16 about a half a percent difference in expectation. The five
- 17 real under the target, current target at 7.
- 18 MR. BADER: Yes.
- 19 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: At 8.26, and that's
- 20 essentially about .5 percent.....
- 21 MR. BADER: Right.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: ....above what your
- 23 recommendation. But again, a slightly higher risk.
- MR. TILLERY: I think the other thing to
- 25 keep in mind is that the five percent real is the return

- 1 we're looking for. The amount of money that councils
- 2 spends is either four or four and a half with the
- 3 anticipation of there being one percent real growth each
- 4 year; whereas one of them perhaps will grow. So there is a
- 5 little bit of margin in there.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Any other general
- 7 questions?
- 8 MR. BROOKOVER: Just for clarification.
- 9 You may have touched on it in your presentation, but is my
- 10 understanding correct that the allocations presented apply
- 11 to all accounts -- all three accounts?
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Sure.
- 13 MR. MITCHELL: It's been our practices -- my
- 14 understanding is that the objective is the same for all
- 15 three accounts. So we have one recommendation that would
- 16 apply to all three.
- MR. TILLERY: Okay.
- 18 MR. O'CONNOR: Can we go back to what you
- 19 just said about our five percent? What were you suggesting
- 20 by your comments?
- MR. BADER: Well, I think you wanted to be
- 22 consistent with your policies. I would be suggesting, if
- 23 it viewed as consistent with your policy, that you state
- 24 your current asset allocation because it is intended to get
- 25 the five percent yield plus a sum. But we wouldn't want to

- 1 be making a suggestion to you that isn't consistent with
- 2 your policy but it may be that your policy says earn five
- 3 percent, which is not a prohibition against trying to earn
- 4 a little bit more.
- 5 MR. O'CONNOR: And that's my interpretation
- 6 of the policy. Underlying goal. The basement of our goal
- 7 is five percent and anything you want to earn beyond that
- 8 is just hunky dory. Economic terms. Don't feel
- 9 constrained to make money for us.
- 10 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So what I'm hearing is
- 11 your recommendation may be to stay at the current target
- 12 allocation and maybe not go to the five real allocation
- 13 given the current market.
- 14 MR. BADER: It would be that if it is not
- 15 in violation of your policy.
- 16 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman, I would say
- 17 that one -- everything I know tells me that it would be a
- 18 mistake to reduce and go more conservative. I think that
- 19 five percent, the emphasis wasn't -- and I don't think the
- 20 five percent is actually in here. I haven't been able to
- 21 find it anyway. I think the Trustee Council has adopted
- 22 that kind of on a yearly basis, but I think that the five -
- 23 it's not just that we want five percent, it's that at
- 24 least at the time we did it the five percent represented
- 25 the kind of risk that we were willing to take. I mean,

- that's about the level of risk.
- 2 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Further discussion?
- 3 MR. O'CONNOR: What action is necessary on
- 4 this?
- 5 MS. HSIEH: I included a draft resolution
- 6 remixing the allocation to the scenario number 4, however
- 7 it's not my recommendation. Based.....
- 8 MR. O'CONNOR: It's not your
- 9 recommendation, it's simply.....
- 10 MS. HSIEH: It's not my recommendation....
- MR. O'CONNOR: ....it's a piece of
- 12 paper....
- MS. HSIEH: ....I included.....
- MR. O'CONNOR: ....that we can....
- 15 MS. HSIEH: It's a piece of paper in case
- 16 people wanted to use it, but it would be -- my
- 17 recommendation is based on discussions with Gary and Bob
- 18 and my recommendation would be to stay the course, as long
- 19 as it doesn't -- as long as you don't have a stricter
- 20 interpretation of your five percent policy.
- 21 MR. O'CONNOR: And that's your
- 22 recommendation?
- 23 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I guess what I heard
- 24 today, I would -- at least if I -- there was a motion, I
- 25 would probably support staying at our current target

- 1 allocation without making a change. But.....
- 2 MS. HSIEH: The Investment Work Group I
- 3 don't think had met in some time, but we'll keep it on the
- 4 forefront and meet again in a shorter horizon to discuss
- 5 these issues if it's all right with Gary and Bob. It's
- 6 been very helpful having their counsel.
- 7 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So do I hear any motion to
- 8 change our current target allocation?
- 9 MR. O'CONNOR: Do we need a motion to stay
- 10 the course or if we do nothing it stays the way it is?
- 11 MR. TILLERY: I believe we should have one.
- 12 I think the council should go on record as taking a
- 13 position. I think it's the right -- I think that's what
- 14 we're supposed to do.....
- 15 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So are you.....
- MR. TILLERY: ....each year.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: .....proposing to make
- 18 that motion?
- MR. O'CONNOR: I move we stay the course.
- 20 That's the easiest thing I've ever said.
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. So motion is to
- 22 remain at the current target allocation for the funds. Is
- 23 there a second to the motion?
- MR. BROOKOVER: Second.
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: There's a second. I

- 1 guess....
- MS. HSIEH: I believe the.....
- 3 MR. BROOKOVER: Yes.
- 4 MS. HSIEH: Would the motion be to maintain
- 5 the current asset allocation which you signed in resolution
- 6 -- I don't know if it was in January.
- 7 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I guess looking at that,
- 8 the current target allocation of 40 percent, 7 percent in
- 9 equity broad market, 20 percent in international equity,
- 10 and 33 percent in aggregate bonds, which is what we had
- 11 signed this last official meeting. So, with that motion, I
- 12 guess all in favor say aye.
- 13 IN UNISON: Aye.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Opposed?
- 15 (No audible responses)
- 16 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, motion is
- 17 passed. Okay. Thank you very much, Mr. Bader.
- MR. BADER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Thank you.
- 20 MS. HSIEH: Thank you very much.
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. It's now currently
- 22 10:10 and before we move on to the rest of our agenda, we
- 23 will open up for public comment and then after that we'll
- 24 maybe have a break and then move on to the number 6, the
- 25 best small parcel. So given that it's 10:10, opening up

- 1 the public comment period again. And again, here in our
- 2 office, is there anyone that wants to give public comment?
- 3 (No audible responses)
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Seeing and hearing none,
- 5 move on to the phone. Is there anyone on the phone line
- 6 that would like to give public comment to the Trustee
- 7 Council?
- 8 (No audible responses)
- 9 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Hearing none, I'll
- 10 officially close the public comment period and stand down
- 11 and take a break at 10:10, come back at what, 15 minutes or
- 12 10 is good enough?
- 13 MS. HSIEH: Ten.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Ten. 10:20 by the clock
- 15 on -- above the door. Thank you very much.
- 16 (Off record 10:10 a.m.)
- 17 (On record 10:22 a.m.)
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: The trustees are back at
- 19 the table. I'd like to call the Trustee Council meeting
- 20 back in order. But before we move on to the -- number six,
- 21 the best small parcel, I would like to call roll for those
- 22 on the phone. I was remiss in being able to do that.
- MR. TILLERY: Are we muted or something?
- 24 REPORTER: Yeah.
- MR. TILLERY: We're blinking red. Okay.

- 1 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So again, we're in session
- 2 now and would like to call roll for those on the phone. I
- 3 heard several beeps where people came online and I'd like
- 4 to know who's online right now. Hearing -- is there anyone
- 5 online?
- 6 (No audible responses)
- 7 MR. O'CONNOR: Maybe those were bye-bye
- 8 beeps.
- 9 MR. KOPCHAK: Good morning. I think I'm
- 10 online. This is RJ Kopchak at the Prince William Sound
- 11 Science Center. I'm just listening in this morning.
- 12 Thanks.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Thank you, RJ.
- 14 Good to hear from you. Anybody else on the line?
- MR. JONES: Good morning. This is Roy
- 16 Jones. I'll be working with a PowerPoint for Old Harbor
- 17 Native Corporation this morning.
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Thank you, Roy. I
- 19 guess you'll be online for our agenda item number 8, the
- 20 Sitkalidak Island briefing. And then anyone else on the
- 21 line?
- MR. RICHARDSON: Yes. Tim Richardson.
- 23 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Good to hear from
- 24 you, Tim. Anyone else?
- 25 (No audible responses)

- 1 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Hearing none, I
- 2 guess we'll move on then to the best small parcel
- 3 discussion and Carol Fries will be giving that
- 4 presentation. Thank you.
- 5 MS. FRIES: Thank you. My name is Carol
- 6 Fries, F-R-I-E-S, for the record. The best small parcel is
- 7 included in your packet. You'll find a benefits report
- 8 that describes the parcel, which is a small in-holding
- 9 strategically located within Safety Cove State Marine Park.
- 10 And that's located in Day Harbor, just to the south and
- 11 east of Resurrection Bay. This parcel provides important
- 12 habitat for a variety of species injured by the Exxon
- 13 Valdez oil spill, including two species that are not yet
- 14 recovered, Pacific herring and pigeon guillemots. In
- 15 addition, resources that are recovering such as sea otters
- 16 and harlequin ducks also utilize this area. There's
- 17 additional resource information included in your benefits
- 18 report. I won't go over it word for word. In addition,
- 19 the parcel provides the best access to Safety Cove Marine
- 20 Park and provides important recreational services benefits
- 21 in addition to the benefits that are described.
- The appraised value of the parcel is
- 23 \$45,000 and the value supported by very recent sales in the
- 24 immediate area indicating a relatively strong market for
- 25 recreational property. The owner is in a position that he

- 1 is highly likely to sell the parcel should the state not be
- 2 able to purchase it. His desire is the parcel be
- 3 incorporated into
- 4 Safety Cove State Marine Park, but he's not in a position
- 5 to donate the parcel. Should the council authorize this
- 6 acquisition, the Department of Natural Resource, Division
- 7 of Parks and Recreation, will manage the parcel consistent
- 8 with the management objectives of Safety Cove Marine Park,
- 9 which is to maintain the area as a natural zone, which is
- 10 consistent with the EVOS restoration goals and objectives.
- 11 And of course there would be a conservation easement
- 12 overlaid on that that would be held by the United States
- 13 that would further ensure that the restoration benefits are
- 14 protected. Does anyone have any questions? There is a
- 15 resolution authorizing the purchase of the parcel for the
- 16 \$45,000 appraised value included if you would like to
- 17 consider that.
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Tillery.
- 19 MR. TILLERY: Are there other in-holdings
- 20 in the marine park?
- MS. FRIES: No, this is the only in-holding
- 22 and it's sort of at the prime access point to the park.
- 23 It's two acres, relatively small, but it's strategically
- 24 is.....
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I would assume that the

- 1 marine park manager is supportive of.....
- 2 MS. FRIES: Yes.
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: ....management.
- 4 MS. FRIES: Very much so. And we have
- 5 worked with him, yes.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Elton.
- 7 MR. ELTON: And given the fact that the
- 8 state will be managing the forest -- I mean, the United
- 9 States isn't incurring any future management costs.
- 10 MS. FRIES: No.
- 11 MR. ELTON: That will be all bourne by the
- 12 state.
- MS. FRIES: The state would not -- not
- 14 direct. I mean, essentially this is the -- all of the EVOS
- 15 acquisitions have been structured. If the federal
- 16 government, be it Fish and Wildlife Service, Park Service,
- 17 acquires a parcel, the state then holds a conservation
- 18 easement to ensure that we all play by the same rules in
- 19 perpetuity. And likewise in this instance, if the state is
- 20 acquiring it, the federal government holds a corresponding
- 21 conservation easement.
- MR. O'CONNOR: And the deal is that the
- 23 acquiring governmental entity pay all management costs
- 24 associated with that.
- MS. FRIES: Right.

- 1 MR. O'CONNOR: Okay.
- MS. FRIES: We're responsible for managing
- 3 the parcel. You do not incur any day-to-day management
- 4 expenses.
- 5 MR. O'CONNOR: Okay.
- 6 MS. FRIES: I mean, if you would like to
- 7 sue us for some reason, you would incur expenses, but we
- 8 are assuming we won't get there.
- 9 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 10 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Sure. Mr. Tillery.
- MR. TILLERY: Is the authorization for the
- 12 written in such a way that this would become incorporated
- 13 into the park.....
- MS. FRIES: Yes.
- 15 MR. TILLERY: .....or would that require
- 16 legislative action?
- 17 MS. FRIES: No, it is. It is written. And
- 18 the management plan for park recommends -- specifically
- 19 recommends acquisition of this in-holding should the
- 20 sellers be wiling to sell. And so this is a problem that,
- 21 I mean, they've anticipated it and they've structured the
- 22 management plan so that they can accommodate this.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Would you entertain a
- 24 motion, Mr. Chairman?
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yes, I will.

- 1 MR. O'CONNOR: I would move that we
- 2 authorize \$45,000 for the purchase of the Best small
- 3 parcel, which is strategically located within Safety Cove
- 4 State Marine Park. This purchase will help restore lost
- 5 recreational services and provide benefits to a variety of
- 6 injured resources and to Pacific herring, otters, and other
- 7 recovering but not recovered species as identified in the
- 8 benefits report that has been presented to us today.
- 9 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you, Mr. O'Connor.
- 10 Do I hear a second?
- 11 MR. TILLERY: Second.
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: All right, second. Any
- 13 discussion on the motion?
- 14 (No audible responses)
- 15 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I guess hearing none, for
- 16 the motion, all say aye.
- 17 IN UNISON: Aye.
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: All opposed?
- 19 (No audible responses)
- 20 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, the motion
- 21 has passed.
- MS. FRIES: Thank you. The next habitat
- 23 item on the agenda relates to the English Bay acquisition
- 24 package that was authorized by the council in 1997. Dede
- 25 Bohn from the Department of the Interior will present a

- 1 request for a transfer of funds that will allow the Park
- 2 Service to complete this transaction.
- CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: That's what I was going to
- 4 say.
- 5 MS. FRIES: Oh.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you, Carol. Dede.
- 7 MS. BOHN: This is Dede Bohn from USGS.
- 8 The agenda item number 7, English Bay, is a restoration
- 9 item, but only in an administrative sense. In 1997, on
- 10 February 14th, the Trustee Council voted to expend
- 11 \$14,100,000 for some purchase of land within the Kenai
- 12 Fjords National Park and the Alaska Maritime National
- 13 Wildlife Refuge adjacent to the park that was going to be
- 14 conveyed to the English Bay Corporation under ANCSA. The
- 15 resolution confirming this vote states that the purchase
- 16 price was adjustable up or down in accordance with the
- 17 actual acreage ultimately conveyed to the corporation. And
- 18 on May 20th, later that year 1997, DOI, pursuant to the
- 19 Trustee Council's resolution, signed a purchase agreement
- 20 to acquire 32,587 acres of land from the English Bay
- 21 Corporation for a total price of \$15,371,420.22. Of that
- 22 amount, some of the monies were going to come from another
- 23 source, and that source was the restitution funds that the
- 24 government had attained under the criminal settlement. And
- 25 the amount coming from the restitution funds was going to

- 1 be \$1,243,347. So the remaining amount would be paid from
- 2 the Trustee Council's civil settlement monies.
- 3 On September 3rd of 1997, the executive
- 4 director of the council at that notified that the
- 5 conditions under the resolution had been satisfied. So she
- 6 requested that we go ahead and transfer a disbursement of
- 7 funds from the court registry investment system in the
- 8 amount of \$14,128,074.22 and disburse those to the US
- 9 Department of Interior under an order that was dated
- 10 September 5th, 1997 and deposit those in the Natural
- 11 Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration Fund. and that
- 12 fund is administered by DOI, Office of the Secretary.
- Because conveyances are staggered, you get
- 14 a batch of land and then BLM completes the work in
- 15 identifying which acres come next. We've had two previous
- 16 closings. We have had staged closings. So at this point,
- 17 the Park Service has acquired 31,531.79 acres under those
- 18 two previous closings. What's before us now is the third
- 19 and final closing on some 843 acres and we've expecting
- 20 that to happen this summer. The total costs for this third
- 21 and final closing are anticipated at 398,000, which will
- 22 include the land costs, the title insurance, and due
- 23 diligence.
- We already have \$56,254 available from
- 25 those criminal restitution funds. So the remaining amount

- 1 we need to do the third and final closing is \$341,746. Now
- 2 I need to do a little explanation. We had a change in
- 3 staff at that NRDA fund at the DOI department and we had
- 4 some misunderstandings that happened as we inherited job
- 5 capabilities and that happened in around 2002, 2003. At
- 6 that time the NRDA management was asked how many dollars
- 7 are available. He was asked by the executive director.
- 8 And his report included lapsed funds, returned funds, and
- 9 interest earned, as well as the remaining funds from the
- 10 English Bay agreement. And at that time, that was \$414,430
- 11 that were intended to go to the English Bay purchase
- 12 agreement. Instead, since we didn't understand that those
- 13 were included in what we reported, they were used as -- to
- 14 fund some research and monitoring projects under the
- 15 federal portion of the fiscal year 2003 work plan. And
- 16 because the monies that we then used for those research
- 17 projects should have -- or at least \$414,430 that were used
- 18 of the research project should have come instead from an
- 19 investment fund, what we're asking you to do today is to
- 20 restore those funds from the research and investment pot to
- 21 go back to NRDA so that we can complete this closing that's
- 22 coming up. So our request is officially to approve the
- 23 transfer of \$341,746 from the research investment sub
- 24 account of the Exxon Valdez oil spill investment fund
- 25 administered by the Alaska Department of Revenue to the

- 1 Department of Interior for the purpose of restoring the
- 2 habitat funds originally set aside for the purchase of
- 3 those lands identified in the council's February 14th, 1997
- 4 resolution and in the purchase agreement between the US
- 5 Department of Interior and the English Bay Corporation
- 6 dated May 20th, 1997. Any questions?
- 7 (Laughter)
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: That's perfectly obvious
- 9 what happened to it. Mr. Tiller.
- 10 MR. TILLERY: Yeah, Mr. Chairman, I -- my
- 11 sole concern here is where the money comes from. And I
- 12 thought I understood it but I'm less sure that I understand
- 13 it now. We're operating under federal law. Under that
- 14 federal law in 1999, 55 million dollars was set aside for
- 15 habitat purposes. The remainder, anything else, no matter
- 16 where it was located in the NRDA fund, wherever else, was
- 17 set aside for the research, monitoring and investment.
- 18 This money was -- which had been apparently obligated for a
- 19 habitat was sitting in the NRDA-R (ph) and was at that
- 20 point used for research monitoring and investment. And I
- 21 guess it wasn't part of the 55 million, that was separate,
- 22 but I guess what I'm thinking is whatever was already
- 23 obligated for habitat really should -- for any project,
- 24 actually -- should have stayed with that project. So I'm
- 25 not sure where I'm leading. I originally felt this was

- 1 supposed to come from the investment, then I was thinking
- 2 maybe it's supposed to come from the habitat, and I think
- 3 I'm back to the investment now.
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: The investment by.....
- 5 MR. TILLERY: The investment account.
- 6 MS. BOHN: The res....
- 7 MR. TILLERY: Sub account.
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: The research sub.....
- 9 MR. TILLERY: The research sub account,
- 10 yeah. I'm sorry, the research sub account; yes. But I'm
- 11 still kind of confused as to where -- I quess I think that
- 12 so long as the money prior to 1999 was obligated for this
- 13 purpose, that it wasn't part of something that it would
- 14 have had to come from the habitat account. It would
- 15 already be there -- it wouldn't be part of the 55 million,
- 16 it wouldn't be part of the remainder, it would be something
- 17 else that was already obligated. I think that's where.....
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Since it was previous to
- 19 '99, it was obligated.....
- 20 MR. TILLERY: It was actually.....
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: ....before the three
- 22 investment accounts were set up.
- MR. TILLERY: I think that's right.
- 24 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So what is your resolution
- 25 to -- or suggestion?

- 1 MR. TILLERY: Well, my suggestion is that
- 2 Ms. Belt should come up here and tell me if I'm right,
- 3 because I know she had an opinion on this.
- 4 (Laughter)
- 5 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I'll entertain that.
- 6 MS. BELT: For the record, my name is Gina
- 7 Belt from the Department of Justice. I think you're
- 8 correct, Craig, that because these monies were transferred
- 9 to the Department of Interior, they came from the
- 10 undifferentiated pot of settlement monies. And once we
- 11 were obligated to -- or once we chose to split the pot up
- 12 into the three accounts that there was a fixed amount that
- 13 went into habitat and then the remainder had gone into the
- 14 research sub account. And the habitat account specified
- 15 particular sums that were supposed to have reduced the 55
- 16 million dollars and this was not among them. And this
- 17 might be that they -- that this money -- I mean, it wasn't
- 18 evaluated in the legislation because it had already been
- 19 spent in our minds, but I quess, you know, if it had to go
- 20 somewhere, it would have gone into the research account.
- 21 But basically what has happened here is that something that
- 22 was set aside for a habitat purchase was spent instead on
- 23 research monies, and those monies would have otherwise come
- 24 out of the research fund in 2003.
- 25 MR. TILLERY: So is it Department of

- 1 Justice's view that in order to remain true to the -- to
- 2 public law, whatever that was, that we should take this
- 3 money out of the research account?
- 4 MS. BELT: I believe so.
- 5 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Does that answer -- I
- 6 quess that....
- 7 MR. TILLERY: That.....
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: ....fully answers your
- 9 question?
- 10 MR. TILLERY: That I think answers my
- 11 question, because I think that's the right answer.
- 12 (Laughter)
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Are there any other -- are
- 14 you speaking as an attorney or as an trustee?
- MR. TILLERY: As an attorney.
- 16 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: You don't need to answer
- 17 that question. Any other questions for either Ms. Bohn or
- 18 Ms. Belt?
- 19 MR. O'CONNOR: Where did the 22 cents go?
- 20 MS. BOHN: I wondered. I actually went
- 21 back and looked that up. It comes because of the rate we
- 22 had allocated per acre, \$418.64 and 33/1000ths of a penny
- 23 per acre and I think we need to work out the
- 24 computations....
- MR. O'CONNOR: Can I make a motion, Mr.

- 1 Chairman.
- 2 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yes.
- 3 MR. O'CONNOR: Before we bury ourselves
- 4 anymore in this. I move that we approve the transfer of
- 5 \$341,746 from the research investment sub account of the
- 6 Exxon Valdez oil spill investment fund administered by the
- 7 Alaska Department of Revenue to the Department of the
- 8 Interior for the purpose of restoring the habitat funds
- 9 originally set aside for the purchase of those lands
- 10 identified in the Trustee Council's February 14th, 1997
- 11 resolution -- and this spontaneous utterance is just
- 12 driving me crazy -- and in the purchase agreement between
- 13 the United States Department of the Interior and the
- 14 English Bay Corporation dated May 20th, 1997. Is that what
- 15 you need?
- MS. BOHN: Yes. Thank you.
- 17 MR. O'CONNOR: I would move that.
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you, Mr. O'Connor.
- 19 Do I hear a second?
- MR. ELTON: Second.
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Seconded by Mr. Elton.
- 22 Any discussion on the motion?
- 23 (No audible responses)
- 24 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, it would
- 25 call for a vote. All those in favor of the motion say aye.

- 1 IN UNISON: Aye.
- 2 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Opposed?
- 3 (No audible responses)
- 4 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, the motion
- 5 has passed. Thank you. Next on the agenda we'll move to
- 6 the Sitkalidak Island briefing presentation and Carol Fries
- 7 will be leading that off and then further discussion from
- 8 Roy Jones and the Old Harbor Native Corporation. Thank
- 9 you.
- 10 MS. FRIES: As you're aware, the Old Harbor
- 11 Corporation contacted the Trustee Council in 2008 to
- 12 discuss the sale of a conservation easement on Sitkalidak
- 13 Island. And in your packet you will find a benefits report
- 14 prepared by Fish and Wildlife that summarizes the
- 15 restoration benefits of Sitkalidak Island, the potential
- 16 threats the habitat and resource values of the island, the
- 17 current status of discussions with Old Harbor's
- 18 representatives and an estimate of due diligence cost
- 19 required to complete the purchase of a conservation
- 20 easement on Sitkalidak Island. Roy Jones is online and
- 21 will presenting a presentation on Sitkalidak Island. And
- 22 in addition, following the presentation, Gary Wheeler,
- 23 manager of the Kodiak Island National Wildlife Refuge is
- 24 here to speak to and answer questions related to the
- 25 resource values and proposed management of the conservation

- 1 easement. And Nancy Roth (ph), Chief of the Fish and
- 2 Wildlife Service Realty Section is also available to answer
- 3 questions that are related to current discussions with Old
- 4 Harbor, anticipated due diligence efforts, and timing of
- 5 those efforts should the council have any questions in that
- 6 regard. And so with that, Roy, are you online?
- 7 MR. JONES: I sure am.
- 8 MS. FRIES: Okay.
- 9 MR. JONES: You have in the room Carl
- 10 Gatter and Cynthia Berns. I think Carl has an opening
- 11 statement and then I'll go through the PowerPoint
- 12 presentation Mike Otis (ph) cued up, I believe.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: All right. Thank you.
- 14 MR. GATTER: My name is Carl Gatter with
- 15 the Old Harbor Native Corporation. I grew up down in Old
- 16 Harbor and grew up commercial fishing and spent a lot of
- 17 time on the island out here. And we just have some short -
- 18 brief here. I brought with me today Cynthia Berns. She
- 19 works with the Old Harbor Corporation. She has a --
- 20 introduce yourself.
- 21 MS. BERNS: Hi, my name is Cynthia Berns
- 22 and I was born in Old Harbor, Alaska. My mother's family
- 23 is Alaska Native and I grew up commercial fishing.
- 24 Graduated from UAA, now work for the Native corporation. I
- 25 feel we have the responsibility to sustain this land and

- 1 preserve the ecosystem here for our future generations. I
- 2 think it would be beneficial for our people in the world to
- 3 know about the biological diversity here. And on behalf of
- 4 my village, I truly hope that we can collaborate with the
- 5 Trustee Council in order to meet this goal. Thank you.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you.
- 7 MR. GATTER: Thank you for providing this
- 8 opportunity for Old Harbor to brief the council on the
- 9 progress to date for the project initiated last summer to
- 10 work with the Trustee Council on a conservation easement
- 11 for Sitkalidak Island, which is owned by the Old Harbor
- 12 Native Corporation. Sitkalidak Island is a large 87,000
- 13 acre island off the eastern coast of Kodiak Island. It is
- 14 an in-holding in the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife
- 15 Refuge. I lies across the narrow Sitkalidak Strait from
- 16 the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge. In the past, Old
- 17 Harbor expressed its willingness to work with the council
- 18 on conserving this land.
- 19 Several years ago we worked with the State
- 20 of Alaska on a land exchange of approximately 8,000 acres
- 21 for the principle purpose the eventual conservation of
- 22 Sitkalidak Island. Last July Old Harbor notified the
- 23 Trustee Council in a public meeting and in writing of its
- 24 request to have Sitkalidak Island considered for permanent
- 25 conservation through the acquisition of a conservation

- 1 easement by the council. We provided members of the
- 2 council a briefing booklet on the island. Several
- 3 representatives of the council traveled to the island in
- 4 July and in the fall. Later Old Harbor submitted to the
- 5 council the formal Trustee Council parcel nomination form,
- 6 along with supporting natural and cultural resource
- 7 documentation and information, including photographs and
- 8 maps of the island and surrounding areas.
- 9 As you know from the parcel nomination
- 10 form, US Fish and Wildlife Service agreed to serve as the
- 11 partial sponsor. Our representatives have begun work with
- 12 the Fish and Wildlife Service on the conservation easement.
- 13 An update of an appraisal has been initiated and will be
- 14 completed following a working out of the exact language of
- 15 the easement. An inspection visit to the island has been
- 16 arranged for June 8th for the council and staff. We
- 17 welcome all of you able to join us in that visit.
- 18 We prepared a short PowerPoint presentation
- 19 for you this morning on Sitkalidak Island. Roy Jones, a
- 20 long time consultant to the corporation with brief you by
- 21 telephone. Roy is an attorney in DC who worked with
- 22 Congress when ANCSA was drafted and passed, and who
- 23 negotiated and drafted much of the Alaska National Interest
- 24 Lands Conservation. Roy?
- 25 MR. JONES: Thank you, Carl. Thank you,

- 1 Trustee Council members, staff, for letting us have this
- 2 time on the schedule today. We have 20 slides and we will
- 3 go through them as rapidly as we can and try to stay within
- 4 the time frame that you all are shooting for and hope that
- 5 some of you all who have not made plans to travel to the
- 6 island on June 8th will be able to join in and come see it
- 7 for yourself. Do we have the slides cued up, Carl?
- 8 MR. GATTER: Yeah, they are. We're on the
- 9 first slide here.
- 10 MR. JONES: Okay. The first slide,
- 11 opening slide, is of Ocean Beach and Ocean Bay, and this is
- 12 the site of the Ocean Bay culture that dates back 7500
- 13 years. And it's a beach that rivals anything I've ever
- 14 seen in Hawaii or anywhere else and I come from Florida.
- 15 So it's quite something. It's a remarkable place and hope
- 16 that you all will be able to get out there to see it. The
- 17 next slide is just an overview of what you see, what we're
- 18 going to talk about here over the next few minutes in terms
- 19 of location of the island and its resources. The slide is
- 20 -- shows the arch -- the Sitkalidak Island in relation to
- 21 the archipelago. It's of course on the southeastern side
- 22 of Kodiak Island. And one of the reasons I think that it
- 23 is so critical in its natural resources is because of the
- 24 albatross throughout off the coast of Kodiak and the rich
- 25 benthic community that is washed into -- towards Sitkalidak

- 1 Island. It has some irregular shapes, as most of Kodiak
- 2 does, and it captures those and all the fish follow and
- 3 wildlife follows. So it's a veritable biological petri
- 4 dish, I guess, if you will.
- 5 The next slide shows Sitkalidak Island
- 6 itself in relation to the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge.
- 7 As you can see, it's right across Sitkalidak Strait on the
- 8 refuge and -- of Old Harbor. Under the Alaska National
- 9 Interest Lands Conservation Act, because of the designation
- 10 of the island, it is technically within the Alaska Maritime
- 11 National Wildlife Refuge, but for administrative purposes,
- 12 for management some years ago when Walt Stiglich (ph) was
- 13 there in Region 7, they designated the island as being to
- 14 be managed administratively by the Kodiak National Wildlife
- 15 Refuge. So they are much more familiar with it and over
- 16 the past couple of years -- and I think Larry -- Gary
- 17 Wheeler can get into this a little bit more -- but Larry
- 18 Van daele with the Fish and Game of the state and as well
- 19 as the representatives of Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge
- 20 have begun a more in-depth look at the island and in the
- 21 past few weeks I think they've been out there tagging bears
- 22 again.
- 23 The next slide shows a little bit of the
- 24 links to injury. This was just updated recently since some
- 25 of these species are no longer recovering and so forth.

- 1 Right now I think the count is 15 of the species and given
- 2 services injured by the spill. They're not recovering,
- 3 recovering and recovery unknown occur on or are affected by
- 4 Sitkalidak Island on their shore waters.
- 5 The next slide, let's see here -- Carl, how
- 6 are we doing?
- 7 MR. GATTER: Doing good.
- 8 MR. JONES: Are we generally synced, that
- 9 is?
- 10 MR. GATTER: Yeah. The next one shows a
- 11 picture that I took last summer when one of the members of
- 12 the Trustee Council had went out to Sitkalidak Island and
- 13 as we were flying along on the eastern side of the -- of
- 14 Sitkalidak, up on this bluff, there were several bears.
- 15 They were fairly well camouflaged but I could see them on
- 16 the color pictures. And I -- we were trying to determine
- 17 what the reason was that they were there, and apparently
- 18 they were foraging, looking for carcasses to wash on the
- 19 shore since the salmon runs were late last year, as you all
- 20 probably recall.
- The next slide is on seabirds and if anyone
- 22 who has been down to Old Harbor has seen, most of those
- 23 rocks and islands around Old Harbor and Sitkalidak are
- 24 nesting grounds for a number of different seabirds. One of
- 25 the comments there that we have on this chart is the

- 1 largest flock of common murres ever recorded. It was on
- 2 the east side of the Sitkalidak Strait. And then on down
- 3 further that -- has one of the largest -- one of the Kodiak
- 4 Island's highest densities of harlequin ducks.
- 5 The next slide -- and I'm racing through
- 6 this so that -- because we didn't want to jam you all up
- 7 time-wise and then we'll be happy to take questions when
- 8 we're through this. And I think you all have a copy of
- 9 this that -- Carl, were you able to bring that?
- 10 MR. GATTER: Yeah, everybody's got a copy.
- 11 MR. JONES: Council members have that.
- 12 And then our anticipation is, to the council members and
- 13 staff, that when we're down in -- on Sitkalidak Island on
- 14 the 8th of June, a couple of weeks, we will go into
- 15 whatever detail that anyone wants to on the biological
- 16 resources. We'll have Fish and Wildlife Service with us.
- 17 We'll have Larry Van daele from the -- who's been out there
- 18 bear -- tagging the bears or collaring them and so forth.
- 19 So I think it will be a -- we'll also have Patrick
- 20 Saltonstall from the Alutiiq Museum who will be with us and
- 21 will discuss much of the cultural -- and history --
- 22 cultural aspects and history of Sitkalidak Island while
- 23 we're out there on the ground.
- 24 The next slide speaks to the cultural and
- 25 heritage treasure trove it is. And the masks that you see

- 1 there are two that have been on -- at the museum for
- 2 awhile, but as you also may know, there's been a showing
- 3 down at the museum, the Alutiiq Museum, of the pin art (ph)
- 4 collection of masks that were taken from Kodiak area back
- 5 at the turn of the century. And I think that exhibit has
- 6 already gone back to France or is in Anchorage at this
- 7 point. That's something that Sven Haakanson Jr., director
- 8 of the museum, was able to negotiate and bring over from
- 9 France. Its culture from the Ocean Bay culture dates back
- 10 to 7500 years and the reason that people found their way to
- 11 this location clearly was because of the food, the
- 12 plentifulness of the food and other resources there to
- 13 sustain life.
- 14 The next slide, herring, rockfish, clams
- 15 and so forth. Pacific herring around Sitkalidak are among
- 16 the highest scouting populations in the Kodiak Archipelago.
- 17 And given that we've had such a terrible hit up in Prince
- 18 William Sound on herring, I think this may have special
- 19 meaning. I'm not sure that this will help Prince William
- 20 Sound directly, but it's certainly in terms of protecting
- 21 herring resources that Kodiak Island and this area around
- 22 Sitkalidak is very valuable.
- The next slide is on the Russian
- 24 colonization. Some of you all are familiar with the story
- 25 of Refuge Rock. This was a site of artillery shelling of

- 1 Alutiiq women and children and back in August of 1784 they
- 2 were all killed at that point. The rock was -- became a
- 3 hallowed place, but also one that apparently the Native
- 4 people shied away from because it was so traumatic in their
- 5 history. You all remember Rick Knik (ph) who was at one
- 6 time the director of the Alutiiq Museum. He had seen
- 7 etchings and drawings of this rock in history, historical
- 8 documents. He was flying over it one day and he looked
- 9 down and he said, that's Refuge Rock. And when you climb
- 10 up there what you're seeing is the spit, which is exposed
- 11 at low tide. At high tide the water covers that, and so
- 12 the Aluutiq men had put their women and children on the
- 13 rock to protect them from Shelikof and others who had come
- 14 in in the last 1700's and from this concern about
- 15 subjugating the women and children. And so they put them
- 16 there for safety. Unfortunately the Russian troops over
- 17 there or the explorers with them found it and they shelled
- 18 it in an effort to subjugate the Native population.
- 19 Port Hobron is one of the last whaling
- 20 stations on American soil, and that's an in-holding at the
- 21 -- on Sitkalidak Island.
- Next slide, harbor seals. The view you see
- 23 is also Sitkalidak Island, but it's looking north, towards
- 24 Cape Barnabas. I'm aware that there are -- it's a fallout
- 25 area of seals and so forth, as well as Seal Bay, which is

- 1 the bay right beyond the one you're looking at.
- 2 Next slide is on subsistence. Old Harbor
- 3 has historically relied on subsistence as so many villages
- 4 do for their -- to put food on the table. And you can see
- 5 that documents there are the -- the figure of what the
- 6 useable weight per capita is almost 500 pounds of
- 7 subsistence intake before the oil spill. And continues
- 8 today, or very important activity in the fall, is to take
- 9 salmon and smoke it and put it up for the winter. And as
- 10 it is, for many, many Alaska Native villages across the
- 11 state.
- 12 Next slide, recreation and tourism. Having
- 13 hiked this country with two of my sons and fished there,
- 14 it's a remarkable place. I had the good fortune of
- 15 traveling around a good bit in Alaska in connection with
- 16 the Alaska Lands Act, and this one is a very special and
- 17 spectacular place visually as well as resource-wise.
- The next slide is of some of the people of
- 19 Old Harbor because these projects that you all have done
- 20 over the years have tremendous impact on the resources and
- 21 that's the principal reason for them. The ancillary reason
- 22 or the ancillary benefit is to people and hopefully their
- 23 long term capability of surviving in rural Alaska and
- 24 making their way in the world. One of the -- when I first
- 25 went to work in Congress, I worked for the man who -- Jim

- 1 Haley in Florida, who was the chairman of the subcommittee
- 2 on Indian affairs and they were writing the Alaska Lands
- 3 Act. And his concept and the other members and I think the
- 4 Alaska Native community at the time was divide these lands
- 5 and financial resources and hopefully make their way in the
- 6 world and have a future. And as time has gone by the
- 7 projects that you all have done have certainly aided and
- 8 abetted the purposes of ANCSA in that regard. And this is
- 9 -- the people of Old Harbor are good examples. This young
- 10 man on the right you all probably know too, Sven Haakanson
- 11 Jr., who in addition to being disgustingly handsome is also
- 12 a recent genius award winner, MacArthur Foundation, and is
- 13 -- lived in Russia for two years with nomads and he -- the
- 14 picture that I put there of Sven was the 4th of July a
- 15 couple of years ago and he was the master of ceremonies, as
- 16 he usually is, in the village.
- 17 The next slide shows the villagers, dancers
- 18 in Old Harbor, as well as the annual run up the hill that -
- 19 they run up and I think they go around an American flag
- 20 and then roll down the hill. And fortunately live through
- 21 it. But they had several waves the 4th of July that we
- 22 were there, including this wave of young men, but they also
- 23 had smaller kids and they also had women doing that run.
- 24 The next picture is of some kids boxing on
- 25 the 4th of July. I mean, it was just like -- as Old Harbor

- 1 knows, it's nothing new to them, but they -- people hold
- 2 the rope and all the kids get to put these large gloves on
- 3 and get out and have a chance to hit somebody else and have
- 4 a good fight and nobody gets really hurt. The slide 18
- 5 shows some of the faces of Old Harbor, some of the children
- 6 there. Same thing with slide number 19. And then the 20th
- 7 one is over at Fox Lagoon with a commercial fishing boat in
- 8 the shelf and you can see from the green of the island it
- 9 is like so much of Kodiak at that time of year in June and
- 10 July, spectacularly green, and looks like Ireland.
- 11 That's the quick presentation. We look
- 12 forward to seeing as many of you all as we can down on the
- 13 island in June and happy to answer any questions along with
- 14 Carl and Cynthia that we can.
- 15 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Thank you, Roy.
- 16 Are there any questions for Roy from the Trustee Council?
- 17 Mr. Tillery.
- 18 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman, I've got a
- 19 couple. So the -- what's being asked today is to pay for -
- 20 or put money for doing due diligence, I assume hazardous
- 21 waste sort of things, appraisals. Is that what's being
- 22 asked? What's the purpose of the money?
- 23 MR. GATTER: Roy, did you hear that?
- 24 MR. JONES: Craig, were you asking that of
- 25 me?

- 1 MR. TILLERY: I was -- I don't know. I'm
- 2 not sure who I asking it.
- 3 MS. HSIEH: I think Carol Fries can do.....
- 4 MR. TILLERY: I'm thinking.....
- 5 MR. JONES: I'm not sure of.....
- 6 MR. TILLERY: .....Carol or Jennifer.....
- 7 MS. HSIEH: Carol.
- 8 MR. TILLERY: .....may be the people who
- 9 would.....
- 10 MS. HSIEH: Yeah, Carol, do you want to
- 11 come up and....
- MR. TILLERY: Or Jennifer.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Looking at page 5 of 5 in
- 14 the briefing package that's in the book, it talks about an
- 15 appraisal, title insurance, closing fees, and US Fish and
- 16 Wildlife due diligence for a total of 195,000, so.....
- 17 MS. KOHOUT: So, Craig, I'm sorry, your
- 18 question was what are we -- what's on the table at this
- 19 point?
- MR. TILLERY: Yes.
- MS. KOHOUT: The -- what's on the table is
- 22 for the Fish and Wildlife Service's right to initiate the
- 23 appraisal and the steps to look into the purchase of a
- 24 conservation easement.
- 25 MS. FRIES: Essentially what Fish and

- 1 Wildlife Service has done is laid out the anticipated
- 2 expenses with pursuing all of these due diligence
- 3 activities associated with pursuing a conservation easement
- 4 on Sitkalidak Island. And so the resolution before you
- 5 today is drafted, it is a draft resolution. It encompasses
- 6 all of the costs that are laid out here. However, not all
- 7 of those activities take place up front. And so the
- 8 resolution is a draft. It can certainly be modified. I
- 9 think Nancy Walsh from realty at Fish and Wildlife could
- 10 speak to the timing of the various efforts. Closing fees
- 11 of course wouldn't be needed until you actually close an
- 12 acquisition. Typically when we pursue an acquisition, you
- 13 need a preliminary commitment for title insurance so that
- 14 you can evaluate the state of the title, make sure that
- 15 it's clean, and provide that to the appraiser because the
- 16 appraiser needs that information to conduct an appraisal.
- 17 And the appraiser is also going to need to understand fully
- 18 the bundle of rights that are being considered for
- 19 purchase, which would mean they would need a draft
- 20 conservation easement with which to form the opinion of
- 21 that. And so if you're looking at the proposed budget, you
- 22 could start with a portion of that. And Nancy, do you want
- 23 to speak to.....
- MS. WALSH: The timing?
- MS. FRIES: Well, to the timing and portion

- 1 of that that would be needed when.
- MS. WALSH: Thank you. Okay. Yeah, thank
- 3 you. My name is Nancy Walsh. I'm the Chief of the Branch
- 4 of Operations, Division of Realty, Natural Resources with
- 5 the US Fish and Wildlife Service here in Anchorage. I'm
- 6 looking at the proposed budget as Carol said, that lays out
- 7 the entire cost of due diligence and closing. We don't
- 8 need all that up front. We would need to get a preliminary
- 9 commitment for title insurance, appraisal and funding for
- 10 the level one environmental site assessment. Our estimate
- 11 is that we could pare that total down to approximately
- 12 109,000 at this time to get us started.
- 13 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Tillery.
- MR. TILLERY: The other thing is -- which
- 16 that was kind of part of what I was asking -- why I was
- 17 asking this, but the other thing is Carol had mentioned the
- 18 -- as part of an appraisal and really going forward, you
- 19 need to have a sense of what you were buying. How are the
- 20 -- are there discussions about the scope of a conservation
- 21 easement and what is their status?
- MS. WALSH: We have had initial negotiation
- 23 with Old Harbor and Roy Jones was present. And we all went
- 24 through a draft conservation easement, made comments.
- 25 Those comments -- and it's -- are being incorporated into

- 1 that now and we're preparing to set up follow-up
- 2 discussions. So we are negotiating the terms in the
- 3 conservation easement at this time.
- 4 MR. TILLERY: Do we have a sense of where
- 5 that's going or is that still completely open? The terms?
- MS. WALSH: Well, we have a sense of where
- 7 it's going. We're just working out the final details on
- 8 language. And one other issue that we're still discussing
- 9 is the level of public access and how that's going to be
- 10 managed.
- 11 MR. TILLERY: Can you tell us, please?
- MS. WALSH: Roy, do you have any other
- 13 comments on this?
- 14 MR. JONES: Sure. Craig, those are -- we
- 15 had some good initial discussions. We intend to pursue
- 16 those, you know, prior to in that session when they come
- 17 out to Sitkalidak Island. The conservation easement would
- 18 be -- we just took the one that you all had negotiated some
- 19 years ago for people on the island and dusted that off and
- 20 have used that as the template. So I don't think you'll
- 21 see anything new or unusual to speak of about it. But the
- 22 idea is to conserve, you know, conserve the bulk of the
- 23 87,000 acres that we can. There -- the two private parcels
- 24 that are owned by others, we don't have any control over
- 25 that. Those are small parcels which we'll actually look at

- 1 while over-flying when we're out there on June 8th. The --
- 2 we were asked about the cons -- the -- some allotments that
- 3 Old Harbor has purchased from Hal Atees (ph) and whether
- 4 the conservation easements could be worked out for those
- 5 parcels and the response back was, of course, yes. So we
- 6 will be engaged with Fish and Wildlife Service in looking
- 7 at those, working on something there perhaps similar to
- 8 what you all negotiated up in Prince William Sound.
- 9 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 10 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yes.
- 11 MR. TILLERY: That kind of, I guess, brings
- 12 me -- one of the concerns I have is that it seems to me
- 13 like it might be a little bit premature to authorize money
- 14 for these activities without having -- and in fact, I'm not
- 15 even sure the activities can take place without having a
- 16 sense of what would be the outlines of an arrangement. I
- 17 heard conservation easements from other places has ranged
- 18 from ones where we would basically have a conservation
- 19 easement of the entire parcel, to ones where we separated
- 20 out development sites, to ones where we allowed certain
- 21 activities, like even logging, which of course is not going
- 22 to be an issue here, but allow certain activities. So I do
- 23 have some concern that -- you know, I think the -- it's --
- 24 the briefing is very, very helpful to get this thing going
- 25 that actually approving today a -- this amount of money,

- 1 even at the reduced level, would be somewhat premature.
- 2 And if it sounds like the conservation easement may be
- 3 coming together in the next month or so, it might be better
- 4 to wait until that time.
- 5 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you for those
- 6 comments, Mr. Tillery. Any other discussion? Yes, Mr.
- 7 Hartig.
- 8 MR. HARTIG: If I understand this right,
- 9 then the island is 73,454 acres and in '95 there was a
- 10 portion of that purchased, about 28,000 acres. Is that
- 11 correct? And now we're trying to get -- can you explain
- 12 the history of this thing to me so I can get.....
- MS. WALSH: The United States hasn't
- 14 purchased any lands on Sitkalidak Island.
- 15 MS. HSIEH: Larry, Carol can give you the -
- 16 that was a purchase of the refuge across that tied in --
- 17 that had provisions that tied in language about a
- 18 conservation easement on the island.
- MR. HARTIG: Yeah.
- 20 MS. HSIEH: Carol can give you the.....
- MR. HARTIG: If he could back me up, tell
- 22 me what the whole transaction is about, because it's
- 23 obviously huge and I'm worried about authorizing something,
- 24 you know, that's taking us down a path that -- it will be
- 25 some big decisions and I don't know how it all fits

- 1 together.
- MS. HSIEH: It's -- briefly, it's my
- 3 understanding -- and Carol, please correct me if I'm wrong
- 4 -- the 1995, there were about 28,000 acres that were
- 5 purchased in the Kenai [sic] National Wildlife Refuge.....
- 6 MS. WALSH: Kodiak.
- 7 MS. HSIEH: Excuse me, Kodiak. Here's a
- 8 map. Here's Sitkalidak Island and here's -- the purchases
- 9 were made on this side. However, part of that purchase
- 10 agreement, there were provisions and language regarding Old
- 11 Harbor Native Corporation agreeing to convey a conservation
- 12 easement on Sitkalidak Island as part of that purchase
- 13 agreement. There's varying opinions about what that
- 14 language might mean, but that might be what you're
- 15 referring to.
- 16 MR. HARTIG: Okay. So it was part of that
- 17 agreement, the '95 agreement?
- 18 MS. HSIEH: For lands that were purchased
- 19 on the other side.
- 20 MR. HARTIG: But no price?
- MS. HSIEH: No. No price.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: And there was not
- 23 discussion of how many acres the conservation easements
- 24 were going to be. Were they just like 17B easements for
- 25 access into land?

- 1 MS. WALSH: They're -- we will make
- 2 provisions for public access. The details of that are
- 3 still to be worked out. That's one of the items that we're
- 4 still discussing.
- 5 MS. HSIEH: I think you guys are talking
- 6 about two separate things. I don't think Nancy has the
- 7 information with regard to the negotiations in 1995 and I
- 8 think probably that record and the information, meaning
- 9 transcripts and other related documents, will probably have
- 10 to be looked into further by the entities involved with
- 11 regard to the meaning of the language in the 1995 purchase
- 12 agreement.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So certainly does seem
- 14 some uncertainty about what was actually purchased in 1995
- 15 and particularly in regard to whether a conservation
- 16 easement was on Sitkalidak Island. And so in my mind I
- 17 think some of that needs to be answered before we move
- 18 forward and spend significant amounts of money on appraisal
- 19 and due diligence and even other maybe preliminary drafts.
- 20 I'm not sure how -- you know, if indeed some of those
- 21 discussions are about where we are in regards to 1995 and
- 22 where we want to go in 2009 certainly need to kind of come
- 23 together before, at least in my mind, I'd be comfortable
- 24 spending a lot of money towards that purposes.
- MS. HSIEH: That would be my recommendation

- 1 as well.
- 2 MR. O'CONNOR: So what you're saying is we
- 3 may have already bought this.....
- 4 MS. HSIEH: There.....
- 5 MR. O'CONNOR: ....in '95? Is that what
- 6 you're saying?
- 7 MS. HSIEH: There is some -- there's
- 8 varying discussion on the language in the purchase
- 9 agreement. I think it should be looked at more closely.
- MS. KOHOUT: I think that's a question for
- 11 the attorneys to answer and I don't know that we have an
- 12 answer for you now.
- MR. O'CONNOR: But that is the question.
- MS. HSIEH: Yes.
- 15 MS. KOHOUT: The issue -- there was some
- 16 dialogue or some language in the agreement about a
- 17 conservation easement and, yeah, the question is was there
- 18 compensation and, you know, what was anticipated in 1995
- 19 when that language was approved.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Mr. Chairman, I have a
- 21 couple of questions.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Certainly, Mr. O'Connor.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Back in '95 or thereabouts I
- 24 went out to Old Harbor when -- and some folks. And we
- 25 chatted with the Old Harbor elders particularly, but -- and

- 1 there seemed to be at that point a significant tension, if
- 2 you will, with regard to the social issues associated with
- 3 the transfer of properties out of the village corporation's
- 4 control and into government control of some sort and money
- 5 associated with that and the impact of money on the social
- 6 aspects of the Natives. And I'm curious today if you guys
- 7 are in pretty much uniform agreement that this is in the
- 8 best interest of Old Harbor and the folks there to make
- 9 this conveyance and to receive these -- ultimately to
- 10 receive what likely will be substantial compensation for
- 11 that. Are you guys pretty well squared away now that this
- 12 is okay to do?
- 13 MR. GATTER: We are. It's been talked
- 14 about for quite awhile. You know, the idea behind the
- 15 island has always been a near resource for everyone in the
- 16 village. So that was a big concern initially but I think
- 17 that we can certainly -- like you said, with substantial
- 18 dollars that they potentially could receive and also with
- 19 the public access, the way it is now, if that was
- 20 continued, you know, then there's still some maintenance of
- 21 the resources on the island which will be retained by the
- 22 corporation. And so I think that everybody is pretty much
- 23 in agreement that is a good thing going forward if
- 24 everything can be worked out so that it does conserve the
- 25 area.

- 1 MR. O'CONNOR: Excuse me. Mr. Chairman.
- 2 One of the things that I think is important for the
- 3 council's consideration and it reflects back to the
- 4 discussions back in the mid-nineties, and that's the
- 5 utilization of the monies, because part of our strategy, if
- 6 you will, we're trying to restore the lost service in
- 7 particular, human services that were occasioned upon the
- 8 spill. And one of our questions, at least one of my
- 9 questions was to what extent -- (cell phone ringing) --
- 10 excuse me. Are good things flowing from our acquisitions
- 11 as far as the folks are concerned.
- MR. GATTER: Right.
- 13 MR. O'CONNOR: And I have been told that a
- 14 number of very good things came from our earlier
- 15 expenditures and some very positive things. Can you give
- 16 us a little sense as to what was accomplished with the
- 17 money that we gave for the earlier acquisitions?
- 18 MR. GATTER: And I guess you kind of know
- 19 that a lot of the companies that get big dollars they tend
- 20 to distribute large portions. Old Harbor has a great track
- 21 record. We took the dollars that were received from the
- 22 last transaction and we created our settlement trust, which
- 23 is a very I won't say restricted but it's a limited
- 24 investment vehicle. You can buy into a wide variety of
- 25 investments. It provides jobs. We have operating

- 1 companies that we own portions of that are funded by our
- 2 initial purchase. And we also have -- set aside an
- 3 investment account that provides annual dividends to our
- 4 shareholders. We have offices actually and we try to
- 5 employ our shareholders when possible. We actually have
- 6 purchases now in that arena. We own several companies. We
- 7 own hotels. We have real estate properties. All things to
- 8 try and generate a positive future being for our folks.
- 9 We've also created a scholarship account
- 10 for our -- all of our shareholders. We've done -- I don't
- 11 remember what the last count was, several hundred
- 12 scholarships though over the last eight to 10 years, and
- 13 who provide services for our shareholders, get benefits,
- 14 wills, attorney fees if necessary, that type if thing. And
- 15 maybe Roy, do you have any ideas about what else we
- 16 provided with that initial dollars?
- 17 MR. JONES: I think that's the main thing
- 18 and I'm having a hard time hearing you all. Was that Craig
- 19 O'Connor talking? I couldn't hear for sure.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Yes, it was, Roy.
- 21 MR. JONES: Oh hi, Craig.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Hi.
- 23 MR. JONES: To me the benefits have
- 24 occurred across a spectrum. We had the Native corporation
- 25 that really had very little other than the manpower and the

- 1 spectacular lands, but they did not have investments, they
- 2 did not have a way to generate income. This is all on the
- 3 heels of -- about the same time as we saw welfare reform
- 4 occurring and people having -- or people having a harder
- 5 time living in rural Alaska. We -- Old Harbor was at the
- 6 forefront of trying to change the law with respect to the
- 7 settlement trust under ANCSA and working with SEA Alaska
- 8 and ASRC and a host of others. Because I had used some of
- 9 their lands to become empowered or to have some
- 10 capitalization to work with, they were able to help bring
- 11 about that change of the law, which has helped all Native
- 12 corporations to survive during these difficult years in the
- 13 past 20 years or so. So, they have used that funding for,
- 14 as Carl has indicated -- and I couldn't hear everything
- 15 that Carl was saying -- to help produce the company, the
- 16 Kodiak Kenai cable company. This was a company that you
- 17 all may have heard about. It's a subsidiary of Old Harbor
- 18 and Ouzinkie and two years ago, I think it was about two
- 19 years ago, they completed building a marine fiber optic
- 20 cable for live redundancy for Anchorage and for the
- 21 Department of Defense and for the satellite launch facility
- 22 in Kodiak and the Coast Guard by running it down to the --
- 23 to Homer, to Kenai, on down to -- Kenai, Homer, on down to
- 24 Kodiak and back to Seward. And this was a major step
- 25 forward if you talk to the folks in Kodiak, I believe, in

- 1 terms of tele-medicine, in terms of distance learning, in
- 2 terms of economic development over the long term for people
- 3 living there. The effort is underway right now, Craig and
- 4 the other members of the council, to through microwave
- 5 shots to take that same broadband capability on out to each
- 6 of the villages. And the whole idea is that if you're
- 7 going to have rural Alaska, if you're going to have
- 8 villages be able to survive into the future, especially
- 9 with the winds buffeting as they are with the fishing
- 10 industry and so forth, then having this capability, this
- 11 telecommunications capability will allow call centers and
- 12 economic development, marketing and so forth to occur in
- 13 rural Alaska. So there are a host of things. I think
- 14 that's one of the major ones that is occurring even as we
- 15 speak. Part of it is already completed. The cable of
- 16 course is split and working. The next phase is to reach on
- 17 out the villages.
- 18 MR. O'CONNOR: All right.
- 19 MR. JONES: Scholarships, now, you know,
- 20 of course as he -- as Carl mentioned. The main thing to
- 21 me, looking at it a little bit from afar and going back to
- 22 working on the hill at the time ANCSA was drafted was the
- 23 Congress was trying to find a mechanism, a means of helping
- 24 Alaska Natives to fend for themselves and do for themselves
- 25 better than the tribal system worked in the Lower 48. And

- 1 they came up with a corporate structure, for better or for
- 2 worse, and it is just now for a lot of small corporations
- 3 like Old Harbor's, starting to pay benefits, starting to
- 4 work, starting to help provide economic benefits to their
- 5 people. So that's a quick and dirty summary. Craig, I
- 6 hope that's what you were looking for.
- 7 MR. O'CONNOR: It is. And what was told to
- 8 us earl -- before you came on there was -- well, let me
- 9 just sum it up from my standpoint. Thank you for what
- 10 you've done with the money that we spent with you. I very
- 11 much appreciate what's been accomplished by you guys. Now,
- 12 did you get a scholarship for.....
- MS. BERNS: I did.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Oh, good.
- MS. BERNS: It allowed me to go and go
- 16 through school.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I think also in the
- 18 package that Roy disseminated to the Trustee Council back
- 19 last fall discussed many of the similar things that were
- 20 just discussed here and it was a very complete package. I
- 21 guess we need to kind of move along. We've been on this
- 22 for awhile. I guess there's still some major questions, at
- 23 least in my mind, about where we're going with it. I think
- 24 it's the idea about the importance biologically, socially,
- 25 culturally, of the island is without dispute about what

- 1 we're actually intending to do. I guess there's still some
- 2 uncertainty in my mind and I would be a little hesitant, at
- 3 least right at this moment, to support at least the full
- 4 212,000. And I guess even the 109 -- about half of that,
- 5 I'd still have a little question about maybe -- maybe
- 6 consider deferring it rather than -- because of that, maybe
- 7 deferring the proposal rather than voting it up or down.
- 8 But that's just my opinion right now and maybe you'd like
- 9 to hear a little more discussion on that and potentially a
- 10 motion. Any other discussion?
- 11 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman, I guess I kind
- 12 of tend to, for a couple of reasons, tend to agree with
- 13 what you're saying. I don't think we necessarily need a
- 14 motion, but I think that perhaps this one isn't ready to be
- 15 voted on right now. We need a little bit more background
- 16 on what's contemplated and what the current status of the
- 17 land is. The Trustee Council's historical interaction.
- 18 So, I guess I would tend to agree with you that this may
- 19 not be quite ready to be brought up for a vote.
- 20 MR. O'CONNOR: I guess I -- Mr. Chairman, I
- 21 guess I tend to agree with that but simply I perceive that
- 22 to be issues of an administrative nature. Let's figure out
- 23 what it is, where we are, how this is going to be defined
- 24 given the '95 actions and so on. What I don't want to do
- 25 is have our position today being perceived as any hesitance

- 1 with regard to going forward, at least from my standpoint,
- 2 with regard to going forward with the acquisition of the
- 3 habitat -- or of a conservation easement on Sitkalidak
- 4 Island. I think this is of critical importance and to the
- 5 extent that you need any authorization to proceed, I don't
- 6 get the sense you do. I mean, you're negotiating right
- 7 now. The question to me is what am I getting both relative
- 8 to what I already have and what is it that's going to come
- 9 out of this as it is a conservation easement for -- what
- 10 are we buying. I would like to have a sense as to -- in
- 11 order of magnitude in terms of cost to us. Assuming that
- 12 we're starting from scratch, we didn't have an overlay with
- 13 the '95 questions. Are we talking in the order of 10
- 14 million, 20 million, 20 million dollars for the acquisition
- 15 of this conservation easement? Do you have any sense on
- 16 that at this point?
- MS. WALSH: We really don't until we have
- 18 the terms of the conservation easement ironed out. The
- 19 appraiser doesn't know what to appraise without that.
- 20 MR. O'CONNOR: Right. Okay.
- 21 MS. WALSH: So we will continue our
- 22 negotiations upon the conservation easement and bring that
- 23 final draft to the council.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Okay. We want as much as we
- 25 can get and spending the least we have to spend. How's

- 1 that?
- CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Elton, you had a
- 3 question.
- 4 MR. ELTON: Not a question.
- 5 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: A comment.
- 6 MR. ELTON: Just a comment. I just wanted
- 7 to remind members of the council that Mr. Wheeler came down
- 8 from Kodiak and he's available for questions. I don't want
- 9 to extend the meeting, I have not questions of Mr. Wheeler,
- 10 but I wanted to note that he has come up from Kodiak if
- 11 anybody had any questions of him.
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I guess one question. Do
- 13 you have a sense of when you would have the draft done?
- 14 You're talking maybe a month, month and a half?
- MS. WALSH: It could possibly be within the
- 16 next month or two.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. And as far as Mr.
- 18 Wheeler, obviously as sponsoring agency, your position
- 19 would be in favor of purchasing conservation.
- 20 MR. WHEELER: Yes. Yes, that's correct. I
- 21 can't really add more than what Roy has already said, is I
- 22 don't want to take up any more of your time except to say
- 23 it's, you know, it's a spectacular area and resource values
- 24 are very high.
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So I guess with that, I

- 1 think I've come to the conclusion that we're deferring the
- 2 -- any action on it, particularly in lieu of maybe needing
- 3 more administrative information particularly on the
- 4 conservation easement. So with that, I guess we'll move on
- 5 with the agenda to.....
- 6 MR. O'CONNOR: Thank you guys very much.
- 7 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank for your
- 8 presentation.
- 9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.
- 10 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.
- MS. HSIEH: Thank you for coming.
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: The next one is the -- I
- 13 guess we're moving with that, kind of what I called 8A, the
- 14 Chokwak parcel. And then after that we'll move to the
- 15 lingering oil proposals. So on the Chokwak.....
- MS. FRIES: One question though. Do the --
- 17 are you going to lose your....
- MS. BOHN: But go ahead.
- 19 MS. FRIES: Oh.
- 20 (Whispered conversation)
- MS. FRIES: This is just a small
- 22 housekeeping item that we can take care of today if there's
- 23 sufficient time, or we can do it in August or at the next
- 24 meeting. In 2007, resolution 07-04, the Trustee Council
- 25 authorized \$160,000 for the purchase of a Native allotment

- 1 owned by the heirs of Philip Chokwak in the north shore of
- 2 Kiliuda Bay. This is an in-holding that is within the
- 3 lands that the state acquired as part of the exchange with
- 4 Old Harbor. We were making very good progress on this and
- 5 BIA had assigned a realty specialist that had worked with
- 6 us on James Chokwak, Phillip Chokwak's son's allotment.
- 7 Unfortunately BIA moved that realty specialist to another
- 8 position, assigned a new realty specialist who wasn't as
- 9 familiar with the process and the constraints and
- 10 requirements that EVOS has and we became quite delayed.
- 11 And during that time, one of 10 heirs to Phillip Chokwak's
- 12 parcel passed away, unfortunately, and the probate is
- 13 proceeding, but we cannot close the transaction until
- 14 probate is complete and BIA again is able to engage in the
- 15 transaction. James Chokwak, Phillip Chokwak's son has been
- 16 very diligent in pursuing this and I would very much like
- 17 to reauthorized the funds authorized in the 2007 resolution
- 18 so that -- excuse me -- when this is resolved, we can go
- 19 ahead and close this transaction. He's worked very hard to
- 20 pursue this for his family and it would be nice if we could
- 21 re-authorize this and it's just a very simple motion
- 22 re-authorizing \$160,000 that was authorized in resolution
- 23 07-04 for the purchase of the Chokwak II small parcel KAP
- 24 3001.
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: I guess one question.

- 1 Those monies were -- they were never transferred.....
- 2 MS. FRIES: No, they.....
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: ....so.....
- 4 MS. FRIES: We don't -- we leave the money
- 5 in the investment account until we're ready to close
- 6 because in most times they continue to earn interest. I
- 7 think maybe we'd have been smarter to pull them out,
- 8 but....
- 9 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Tillery.
- 10 MS. FRIES: ....we didn't.
- 11 MR. TILLERY: Don't we need -- do we need a
- 12 date to re-authorize to?
- MS. FRIES: Yes. Could we please re-
- 14 authorize to December 2010? I know that sounds quite a
- 15 ways away, but I would -- I would hope we could just do
- 16 this once and not have to come back. And that way there's
- 17 some assurance for the Chokwak family that we are.....
- 18 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: And 2010 would be
- 19 sufficient hopefully.
- 20 MS. FRIES: I hope so.
- 21 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman, I would move we
- 22 re-authorize these monies for the Chokwak parcel until
- 23 December 31st, 2010.
- MR. O'CONNOR: I would second.
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Motion and second. Any

- 1 discussion on the motion?
- 2 (No audible responses)
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, call for the
- 4 vote. All those in favor of the motion, say aye.
- 5 IN UNISON: Aye.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Opposed?
- 7 (No audible responses)
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, the motion
- 9 has passed.
- 10 MS. FRIES: Thank you.
- 11 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Thank you, Carol. So that
- 12 moves us on to item number 9 on the agenda about the
- 13 lingering oil proposal, the CYP1A gene verification study.
- 14 Dede Bohn will give us a complete description.
- MS. BOHN: This is Dede Bohn with USGS.
- 16 The Trustee Council has been funding more than a decade of
- 17 studies to identify the progress towards recovery of the
- 18 sea otter population, particularly in the heavily oiled
- 19 northern Knight Island area, an area of islands. We've had
- 20 studies that have looked at population demographics,
- 21 including the abundance of the animals, the habitat use,
- 22 their survival rates. We've done biological sampling to
- 23 monitor their body condition. We've been looking at blood
- 24 parameters and liver pathologies and CYP1A, which we call
- 25 CYP1A biomarker that is used to determine oil exposure.

- 1 There was a recent 2008 that questioned our lab results
- 2 from that last item, the CYP1A biomarker levels. And in
- 3 this proposal we'd like a chance to reevaluate our previous
- 4 sea otter samples. Basically we have splits on our
- 5 archived sea -- or we've been able to archive sea otters
- 6 samples because we took splits before they were sent to the
- 7 lab and we've had -- we've been storing blood cells and
- 8 liver samples that were collected from both oiled and
- 9 unoiled areas in western Prince William Sound, and those
- 10 samples range from 1996 through 2006.
- In the 1990's, CYP1A was the cutting edge,
- 12 or you might even call it the bleeding edge technology for
- 13 looking at oil exposure, but since then there have been
- 14 considerable developments and technological advances in
- 15 both the analyzing technology and -- but also better
- 16 methodologies in the measurements and we have a heightened
- 17 understanding and ability to identify what we're detecting.
- 18 We've got -- genetic sequencing has expanded our
- 19 capabilities in particular.
- 20 In this proposal we'd like to go back to
- 21 those archived samples and this time look at a suite of
- 22 genes. And we're looking at, hopefully, 15 genes that
- 23 would help us identify immune response, inflammation, tumor
- 24 suppression, and stress response, as well as identified a
- 25 new gene to identify hydrocarbon induction. So basically

- 1 we'd end up with a health panel from the otters on the
- 2 archived samples and we could compare the oiled and unoiled
- 3 area of otters. And we want to look at their exposure to
- 4 xenobiotics, including aromatic hydrocarbon from crude oil.
- 5 And we want to evaluate their stressor injury related to
- 6 that exposure.
- 7 I may have some of the PI's on the phone.
- 8 MS. BOWEN: I'm here. Liz is here.
- 9 MS. BOHN: Okay. How about Brenda?
- 10 MS. BALLACHEY: Yeah, Dede, I'm here as
- 11 well.
- MS. BOHN: And Keith Miles, I think had to
- 13 get on an airplane to go out to the field to do some sea
- 14 otter work, so I think we've lost him.
- MS. BOWEN: He just got on the plane.
- 16 MS. BOHN: Okay. So I'm putting up now the
- 17 first slide and we're going to ask -- perhaps Liz can help
- 18 us a little bit about what we're looking at.
- MS. BOWEN: Okay.
- 20 MS. BOHN: It's the pathway of the Aryl
- 21 hydrocarbon receptor gene, so maybe she could explain what
- 22 this diagram shows a little bit.
- 23 MS. BOWEN: Okay. This slide, it's just an
- 24 illustration of what happens at the cellular level when an
- 25 otter is exposed to oil. And it's a very complex slide.

- 1 There are only three really important things you need to
- 2 remember. Up at the top of the slide you can see a bunch
- 3 of little green balls, which is representative of a
- 4 molecule of oil or polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. And
- 5 it gets transferred through the cell membrane, which is
- 6 that kind of bridge at the top, the rainbow, where it
- 7 directly binds with the Aryl hydrocarbon receptor. It's
- 8 the yellowish molecule in the middle of that bunch there
- 9 that's labeled AHR. So there's a direct effect, a direct
- 10 interaction between the oil and the Aryl hydrocarbon
- 11 adjuster.
- 12 The second important point is that this
- 13 sets off a chain of events where many pathways are
- 14 involved. So it's not just a simple we get the oil and we
- 15 get the Aryl hydrocarbon receptor. We get the oil, the
- 16 AHR, and then many, many other genes and physiological
- 17 systems are affected.
- The third point I wanted to illustrate, is
- 19 if you look at the bottom right corner of the slide, you
- 20 have a bunch of CYP1A-1. CYP, those are the cytochrome
- 21 P450 genes that Dede was talking about. They're at the
- 22 very bottom of this cascade, so there isn't a direct
- 23 relationship between the oil and the cytochrome P450. It
- 24 can be -- its expression can be influenced by a number of
- 25 different pathways. Any questions on that slide?

- 1 (Laughter)
- 2 MS. BOWEN: Sorry.
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: That means no.
- 4 MS. BOHN: Let's go to our second slide.
- 5 We're putting up now actual measurements that have been
- 6 done on an otter showing the -- some of the selective genes
- 7 and the results you can see in the gene expression. Go
- 8 ahead and explain this one, Liz.
- 9 MS. BOWEN: Okay. This is -- we did -- we
- 10 took a sub-sample of the genes in our panel, of our 15
- 11 genes, to illustrate the importance of what we're doing and
- 12 the abilities we have to find pre-clinical perturbations in
- 13 the animal's health or sub-lethal effects from xenobiotics.
- 14 And this was an otter that was oiled in Santa Cruz,
- 15 California. Her name was Olive. The -- well, a wild
- 16 caught otter which they named Olive. The genes in the red
- 17 cycle oxygenate two, which is called COX-2. I think it's a
- 18 pro-inflammatory gene, which I think you've all -- you're
- 19 all familiar with Celebrex, which is an anti-inflammatory
- 20 drug that works directly on the COX-2 gene. So the COX-2
- 21 is up-regulated, more gene expression when you have any
- 22 sort of tissue injury. The blue is the Aryl hydrocarbon
- 23 receptor, which I just described, it increases its
- 24 expression or is up-regulated in response to PAH exposure,
- 25 oil exposure. And then the MX1 gene is in -- its

- 1 expression is increased in association with a virus and a
- 2 viral infection.
- 3 So what we saw in this otter, Olive, she
- 4 was captured and taken into rehabilitation and we have
- 5 three dates of blood samples that we've gotten from her.
- 6 If you just look at the genes in red, which is the COX-2 --
- 7 again, they're up-regulated in response to tissue injury --
- 8 we have relative levels of expression increasing and then
- 9 decreasing again at the time of release. And this is all
- 10 again in relation to oil exposure. the Aryl hydrocarbon
- 11 receptor is increasing as the body assimilates the oil and
- 12 tries to detoxify it, and then decreases again at the time
- 13 of release. The MX1 is the anti-viral gene. And again, at
- 14 the time of capture is low. Its expression increases
- 15 dramatically and then goes down again at the time of
- 16 release. And interestingly, we had called the
- 17 veterinarians when we saw the MX1 level was increasing and
- 18 said that we think the animal has a virus. And they said,
- 19 no, no, no, everything is fine. We're rehabbing the
- 20 animal, it's great. And they called us back in about four
- 21 hours and said, you know, you guys were right, we looked
- 22 more closely and there's a papilloma virus that they
- 23 treated with anti-viral meds. So even the subtle
- 24 perturbation of this oiled animal, the main function gets a
- 25 little off whack and a virus was able to take over and

- 1 infect the animal and they were able to treat it.
- 2 And the other important point about this
- 3 slide is that the oiled animal, you can tell that the oil
- 4 exposure or the processing of the oil is increasing and
- 5 decreasing within about 16 days after the exposure is gone.
- 6 We were able to detect consistent, continued oil exposure
- 7 in these animals. Was that clear?
- 8 MR. O'CONNOR: Yes.
- 9 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yes. I guess we're ready 10 to move.
- 11 MS. BOHN: So I can summarize. What we're
- 12 proposing in this proposal in front of you today is that we
- 13 do a two-phase approach. That the first thing we would do
- 14 is go back to the archived samples from 2003 to 2006, and
- 15 we have both blood and liver samples and we'd like to apply
- 16 these gene expression techniques and see what our results
- 17 can show. And if we get robust, meaningful results, then
- 18 we'd like to implement phase two of the project and go back
- 19 and look at the older, previous samples from 1996 to 2002.
- 20 So the cost in front of you today would be to do the 2009
- 21 phase one portion would be \$75,540, which includes the G&A.
- 22 And in 2010, we'd like to do \$116,959, and in 2011, we'd
- 23 like to receive \$13,236 to write up and complete the final
- 24 analysis and report requirements. Do we have any
- 25 questions?

- 1 MR. BROOKOVER: I guess just to start off
- with, and my sense is that the previous study looked only
- 3 at the red bars basically on this graph. And.....
- 4 MS. BOHN: This CYPIA, which is on the
- 5 previous -- it's on the first slide.
- 6 MS. BOWEN: That is not on this graph.
- 7 MR. BROOKOVER: It's not on this graph.
- 8 MS. BOHN: It's not on the second one, it's
- 9 on the first slide only.
- 10 MR. BROOKOVER: Okay. So I'm just trying
- 11 to congeal the benefits in my mind then. And what I'm
- 12 seeing, I guess, is the continuation would provide us the
- 13 ability to assess the up-regulation in response to tissue
- 14 injury, PAH exposure and viral infection. What did the
- 15 previous study allow us to assess.....
- MS. BOHN: It was.....
- 17 MR. BROOKOVER: ....in compar.....
- 18 MS. BOHN: The CYP1A measurements were
- 19 intended to show that the animal individual had been
- 20 exposed to oil.
- MR. BROOKOVER: In other words....
- MS. BOHN: So these, this much.....
- MR. BROOKOVER: The -- in other words, the
- 24 blue bars or something similar.
- 25 MS. BOHN: Less good than the blue bars.

- 1 This is a new discovery, the ARH receptor as she showed in
- 2 that first diagram, is one of the first things turned on.
- 3 And what we've learned since we did our initial studies is
- 4 that CYP1A had to have all these other things turned on
- 5 before it was actually activated, so it's farther down the
- 6 chain. You're not measuring a.....
- 7 MR. BROOKOVER: Okay.
- 8 MS. BOHN: ....direct response quite as
- 9 clearly as you are with the AHR. So we are changing
- 10 methodologies and looking at a suite of things and learning
- 11 a much larger panel of the health assessment on the
- 12 individuals.
- MR. BROOKOVER: Okay. Thanks.
- MS. BOWEN: The existing genes that we'll
- 15 be doing, many of them are used in human health diagnostics
- 16 right now, as Dede said earlier, they are indicative of
- 17 perturbations to a variety of systems, physiological
- 18 systems within the body. So not just these three that I've
- 19 shown you with Olive's, there are a total of 15 genes there
- 20 that we're looking at.
- MS. BALLACHEY: And I think the -- this is
- 22 Brenda. The other thing that's worth remembering is that
- 23 when we initially started the work 14 years ago the
- 24 function of many of these genes that we now are able to use
- 25 wasn't known, wasn't understood. This field has just

- 1 advanced incredibly quickly.
- 2 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: And you had said that
- 3 after 16 days the levels were probably dropping back down
- 4 to around background levels, so it makes that assumption
- 5 that if the samples show continued elevation of these gene
- 6 markers then they must have been re-exposed over and over,
- 7 you know, particularly since they were 10 to upwards to 15
- 8 years after -- or almost 17 years after the oil spill
- 9 happens.
- 10 MS. BOHN: Continued exposure, yes.
- MS. BALLACHEY: Dede, can you repeat that?
- 12 I couldn't hear the question.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Well, it wasn't a
- 14 question, I guess it was more -- the question was that
- 15 after 16 days the background levels were going back -- or
- 16 levels of the gene markers would show that they were back
- 17 down to near normal levels, so -- yet the samples show
- 18 continued elevation, then it must mean that they are -- the
- 19 otters have experienced continuing exposure.
- MS. BOHN: Yes.
- MS. BALLACHEY: That's correct.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Mr. Chairman, I've got a
- 23 number of questions, if I might ask.
- 24 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. Mr. O'Connor. Go
- 25 ahead.

- 1 MR. O'CONNOR: All right. What I want to
- 2 know is, so what? When we began the discussions a number
- 3 of years ago on CYP1A and as Dede has alluded to here,
- 4 CYP1A elevated levels, the best we can say is that there is
- 5 a response to exposure to oil. The question is, so what?
- 6 The question has always been what, if any, is the adverse
- 7 effect that the animal is experiencing as a result of its
- 8 exposure to the oil?
- 9 MS. BOHN: When I asked that question of
- 10 Keith Miles, who can't be on the phone, his response was if
- 11 you looked at a panel and got these kinds of results, you
- 12 would take that animal immediately to the vet for
- 13 treatment. That you would have concerns about
- 14 survivability long term. And he said, you know, that's
- 15 what they do with humans, you run these kinds of tests and
- 16 you would require some sort of treatment to assist the
- 17 animal.
- 18 MR. O'CONNOR: So what I'm going to know is
- 19 that there -- you're going to do this analysis, we're going
- 20 to determine whether or not other genes have been induced.
- 21 We know today based upon other studies that one gene may be
- 22 indicating that there's a viral reaction going on. Another
- 23 is that there may be an immune problem. Another that there
- 24 may be the potential for cancer there. We have a suite of
- 25 things that if we look at them they're going to tell us

- 1 that this animal is not healthy.
- MS. BOHN: It's compromised.
- 3 MR. O'CONNOR: Meaning -- well, we think
- 4 that means it's compromised. And we're going to be able to
- 5 confirm that through the studies? We may see, you know,
- 6 this same dynamic that we saw in Olive. Maybe they'll be a
- 7 viral infection or maybe there won't. Are we going to be
- 8 able to determine whether or not a particular animal from
- 9 which a sample came that we analyzed has a viral infection
- 10 or has a carcinogenic type of situation going on. Or if
- 11 its immune system is suppressed. What is going on. Are we
- 12 going to know that or are we just going to have further
- 13 indicators that there may be some adverse impact but we're
- 14 not going to be able to determine why the hell the otters
- 15 aren't back in the areas that we're concerned with. Are we
- 16 going to get that out of this, Brenda, or.....
- MS. BALLACHEY: Yeah, let me -- there's two
- 18 things, two approaches I think that will help us to take
- 19 that out of here. One is that we have samples from two
- 20 areas, Knight and Montague, the oiled and the non-oiled
- 21 area, for almost all of the years that we would be looking
- 22 at, and so we can look at averages. Now that doesn't still
- 23 come quite to the question of individual responses. So the
- 24 second historical data set that will help is that on many
- 25 of these animals for which we would like to go back and re-

- 1 analyze the samples, we also know movements of the animals,
- 2 we have information on survival, we have information on
- 3 their health and condition at the time of capture and we
- 4 have blood data. So it's not just the gene panel that will
- 5 allow us to say something about these otters. We have a
- 6 large amount of additional information on each individual.
- 7 Not on all the individuals we sampled because certainly
- 8 there were many that did not receive radios and were never
- 9 seen again but for a good subset we had the radio tracking
- 10 information and for a subset of that, we also have the
- 11 diving information that will give us some indication as to
- 12 how much they used the intertidal areas.
- 13 So this, in conjunction with all of that
- 14 other data, I think it should come together and hopefully
- 15 it will give us the answers that we're looking for.
- 16 MS. BOWEN: We also have a suite of captive
- 17 animals we've been working with and taking blood samples
- 18 from them in conjunction with full health assessments. And
- 19 those we're using as our controls with which to compare all
- 20 the free-ranging animals. We've looked at about a hundred
- 21 California otters so far and we feel that our technique is
- 22 able to indicate full exposure and a variety of other
- 23 health issues that have come up.
- MS. BALLACHEY: And on top of the
- 25 California samples, as sort of an alternate data set for

- 1 comparison, there are plans to capture animals on the
- 2 Alaska Peninsula this summer in the Katmai and the gene
- 3 expression will be determined on all of those. So it's
- 4 another -- basically another reference sample by which to
- 5 compare the -- to which to compare the Prince William Sound
- 6 sample.
- 7 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, one of my other
- 8 questions or concerns is with the age, if you will, of the
- 9 samples that we're going to be looking at. They're old,
- 10 relatively speaking, and I'm assuming that we're
- 11 comfortable with the way they were preserved and that --
- 12 I'll just leave it at that. We're comfortable with the way
- 13 they were preserved, but we are going to be getting fresh
- 14 samples as well, are we not, so that we can be sure that
- 15 what we're doing with the old samples is really relevant.
- MS. BALLACHEY: Yes. The short answer to
- 17 that is yes. We do also have concerns about some of the
- 18 older samples particularly, Craig, and that's why this is
- 19 put forth in a two-phase -- as a two-phase proposal, so
- 20 that in phase one we can really nail down whether or not
- 21 those older samples are going to be valuable and is quite
- 22 confident that for a subset of the 15 genes there will
- 23 certainly be value in all of the old samples, but we will
- 24 have to see which ones are more consistent over time versus
- 25 less consistent. Liz, do you want to add to that?

- MS. BOWEN: No, that was perfect there.
- 2 We're fully certain all the livers were stored at minus 80
- 3 or in liquid nitrogen, which is exactly the way we would do
- 4 it now. And as Brenda said, there are a couple of genes, I
- 5 think three of the genes in our panel that have very short
- 6 half-lives and those are the ones we're concerned about
- 7 with the older blood samples. And we'll be able to make a
- 8 comparison between the livers and the blood and
- 9 historically and today, and determine that. So we'll know
- 10 for sure one way or the other. It won't be a guess.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Was this peer reviewed by
- 12 the science panel?
- MS. HSIEH: This was peer reviewed -- this
- 14 was reviewed by the science panel. The comments came back
- 15 -- several -- many of the science panel said they just
- 16 didn't have the expertise to deal with it.
- 17 MR. O'CONNOR: All right.
- MS. HSIEH: There were four reviewers that
- 19 gave comments and they were generally positive. There was
- 20 no exceptional issue of any sort.
- 21 MR. O'CONNOR: Can you do it any quicker?
- MS. HSIEH: Well, you're getting your....
- MS. BALLACHEY: This analysis?
- MS. HSIEH: .....first phase one results
- 25 are coming in by October 1st. That's pretty darn quick in

- 1 our world.
- 2 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, yeah, I know but those
- 3 of us who are more -- are less patient than others are --
- 4 would like to know some of these answers sooner. All
- 5 right.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Further questions?
- 7 MR. TILLERY: My question actually was
- 8 timing, which he just touched on. So phase one would be
- 9 October 1. When would you have phase two? Assuming you
- 10 move -- you go forward.
- 11 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: It's page 8 and 9 of the
- 12 write up. There's.....
- MS. HSIEH: I believe it was around March
- 14 2010 is what I think I was just looking at.
- MS. BOHN: And we have interpretation of
- 16 phase one and two completed by December 31st of 2010.
- 17 We're doing -- if we proceed with phase two, we would do
- 18 the sample analysis and begin interpreting results, you
- 19 know, prior to that by September 30th so you could have
- 20 some preliminary results.
- 21 MR. TILLERY: December 31st, 2010?
- MS. BOHN: For the complete project.
- MR. TILLERY: Oh.
- MS. BOHN: For phase one you'd start --
- 25 you'd have it by December of next year.

- 1 MS. HSIEH: 2009.
- 2 MS. BOHN: Yeah.
- 3 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay.
- 4 MS. HSIEH: It's on page 8 of the proposal,
- 5 is the time line.
- 6 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Page 8 of the briefing
- 7 packet.
- 8 MR. O'CONNOR: Yeah. This is also going to
- 9 tell me if there's not a problem; right?
- MS. BOWEN: Yes.
- MS. BALLACHEY: This should be able to tell
- 12 you if there's not a problem.
- MS. BOWEN: Yes.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Which is a good answer too;
- 15 right?
- 16 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: It's also not.....
- 17 MR. O'CONNOR: I want to be sure that this
- 18 is -- I mean, this is not a light switch, I realize that.
- 19 This is not a yes or no decision, but we can at least have
- 20 a good, solid sense as to whether or not continued exposure
- 21 to oil is causing problems for these animals. It certainly
- 22 is causing the response, but, you know, they could have had
- 23 a beer and CYP1A would have been elevated. It's not a --
- 24 you know, there are responses and there are responses.
- 25 We're concerned with those that may be adverse and what

- 1 they are, and are they influencing the ability of this
- 2 resource to recover.
- MS. BALLACHEY: I think we should be able
- 4 to tell you that.
- 5 MR. O'CONNOR: All right.
- 6 MS. BALLACHEY: And with the California
- 7 animals that we're looking at right now we can determine
- 8 quite a number of things.
- 9 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Also looking at long term
- 10 protocols from monitoring and this potentially is a --
- 11 seems like a useful protocol that could be used for that
- 12 long term monitoring and it seems like it's a relatively
- 13 efficient way to doing it at a reasonable cost, so I'd be
- 14 tending to support particularly the phasing of the project
- 15 funding as written.
- MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Mr. Tillery.
- MR. TILLERY: Can I ask you, just as a
- 19 procedural matter, what is -- are we being asked to approve
- 20 right now the entire project to 205,000 with it just then
- 21 to be distributed as we go along or is this going to come
- 22 back up for like a new approval? Or how is it -- what's
- 23 the plan?
- MS. HSIEH: I wrote the resolution to
- 25 approve the project total. My only question would be when

- 1 you get the preliminary interpretation of lab results Decem
- 2 -- this December 2009 for phase one, that if there are a
- 3 report or some communication with the executive director
- 4 and the staff here at EVOS could have one so that we could
- 5 be part of the discretionary process of whether the results
- 6 are robust enough to continue on with it. But I have
- 7 written the resolution to -- which we have found easier in
- 8 these multi-year projects to approve the entire project
- 9 total. And if there was a need for a change, then I would
- 10 initiate that shift.
- 11 MR. O'CONNOR: All right. I have a motion
- 12 then. One of those spontaneous motions that I have written
- 13 for me.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Go ahead, Mr. O'Connor.
- 15 MR. O'CONNOR: All right. I would move
- 16 that we approve funding the Miles project 09-0841, CYP1A1
- 17 gene expression verification study, reevaluation of sea
- 18 otter samples from the Exxon Valdez oil spill for FY-2009
- 19 in the amount of 75,540, including G&A of 13,236. Is there
- 20 any other piece that we need in.....
- 21 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: There's still.....
- MR. O'CONNOR: I'll finish the rest of it,
- 23 but....
- 24 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Next page.
- MR. O'CONNOR: ....I want to be sure we've

- 1 got the little details. Yeah, no, I understand that. It
- 2 always seems that in the end we forgot to approve something
- 3 else in the -- okay. FY-2010 in the amount of \$116,959,
- 4 including G&A of 10,527; and 2011 in the amount of 13,236,
- 5 including G&A of 1,192, for a grand total amount of
- 6 \$205,735. I would so move, Mr. Chairman.
- 7 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: As moved, is there a
- 8 second?
- 9 MR. ELTON: Second.
- 10 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: It's been seconded.
- 11 Discussion?
- MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Yes.
- 14 MR. TILLERY: I don't know if this needs to
- 15 be said in the motion or it needs to be amended, but I do
- 16 concur with what the executive director was suggesting,
- 17 which is that it come back to the executive director at the
- 18 end of each phase with a report on how that phase went and
- 19 that the executive director then bring it to the council's
- 20 attention if there is really a need to make a change, to
- 21 not go forward with another phase.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So would you like to put
- 23 that as a friendly -- or an amendment or maybe include it
- 24 in the resolution? We could try -- I think there's
- 25 discussion over here about it. Stand down for a second.

- 1 MR. O'CONNOR: I would -- as the maker of
- 2 the motion, I would accept that as a friendly amendment and
- 3 would furnish an amendment myself, and that would be to try
- 4 to accelerate this as much as we possibly can.
- 5 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So the friendly amendment
- 6 would be to release the funds for phase two upon successful
- 7 completion of phase one or positive result, is essentially
- 8 what I heard.
- 9 MR. TILLERY: Mr. Chairman, I guess -- and
- 10 the more I'm thinking about this and what bothered me to
- 11 begin with is that I really am not sure that this project
- 12 should be funded in fiscal year phases but simply should be
- 13 fund and that we know there are these phases and the before
- 14 proceeding from phase one to phase two, it should come back
- 15 to the executive director who could then come to us. And
- 16 it's kind of what Mr. O'Connor just said. If you were to
- 17 complete the phase one early but you don't want to have to
- 18 sit around waiting for the next fiscal year in order to
- 19 start expending money for phase two.
- 20 MS. HSIEH: I would agree with that as well
- 21 because Jean and I were just having a little sidebar here
- 22 about the fiscal year and when the money is coming in
- 23 September but your report doesn't come out till December
- 24 and the funding. So I think that might be an excellent
- 25 idea.

- 1 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: In the....
- 2 MS. HSIEH: To go ahead and phase the
- 3 entire amount of 205,735 and then add an amendment, just --
- 4 and our resolution will express that as each phase
- 5 completes itself, the PI will communicate with EVOS staff
- 6 and receive approval for the expenditure of the next
- 7 phase's amounts.
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So the motion as presented
- 9 by Craig O'Connor is sufficient to meet that and needs no
- 10 amendment to meet those concerns.
- 11 MS. HSTEH: His motion I believe segmented
- 12 out for fiscal years, so he would actually get to ad lib
- 13 and be spontaneous with a motion approving the entire
- 14 amount of \$205,735 for this project; however, spending on
- 15 the different phases -- phase amounts being dependent upon
- 16 approval by the executive director.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So.....
- MR. O'CONNOR: What she said.
- 19 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: So the motion as amended
- 20 but just take out the individual.....
- MS. HSIEH: Correct.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: .....fiscal years and just
- 23 reference the \$205,000 total with sufficient GA that this
- 24 needs. And that's the friendly motion amendment. And it's
- 25 accepted by Mr. O'Connor. So I guess we'll vote on the --

- 1 for Robert's Rule of Order, I guess we should actually vote
- 2 on the amendment first. All those in favor of the
- 3 amendment say aye.
- 4 IN UNISON: Aye.
- 5 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Okay. All opposed say
- 6 nay.
- 7 (No audible responses)
- 8 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, we go back
- 9 to the original motion. All those in favor of the original
- 10 motion say aye.
- IN UNISON: Aye.
- 12 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Opposed?
- 13 (No audible responses)
- 14 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, the motion
- 15 is passed. So that concludes our regular business. Is
- 16 there any other comments, discussion that we need to go
- 17 through? There is an item 10, a tentative executive
- 18 session. Is there any need.....
- MS. HSIEH: No.
- 20 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: ....to enter into that?
- MR. O'CONNOR: No.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing none, any other
- 23 discussion?
- 24 (No audible responses)
- 25 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Well, I guess with no

- 1 other discussion, I want to thank everybody for their
- 2 attendance and the excellent information and staffing work
- 3 that we got to make this a successful meeting again. And
- 4 thank you very much for the public that did comment.
- 5 Stacy, again. And for the Old Harbor Native Corporations
- 6 individuals that -- and village people that came out to
- 7 give us their insights and information and the refuge
- 8 staff. We really appreciate that. Thanks all.
- 9 MR. O'CONNOR: I move we adjourn. Is that
- 10 what we need to do?
- 11 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing a motion.
- MR. HARTIG: Second.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: Hearing any opposition?
- 14 (No audible responses)
- 15 CHAIRMAN ZEMKE: None. Then the meeting is
- 16 adjourned as of 12:09.
- 17 (Off record 12:09 p.m.)
- 18 (END OF PROCEEDINGS)

1	CERTIFICATE
2	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA )
3	) ss.
4	STATE OF ALASKA )
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6	and for the state of Alaska and reporter for Computer
7	Matrix Court Reporters, LLC, do hereby certify:
8	THAT the foregoing pages numbered 4 through
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10	Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council's Meeting recorded
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17	EXXON VALDEZ TRUSTEE COUNCIL, 441 W. 5th
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19	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska this 8th day of
20	June 2009.
21	SIGNED AND CERTIFIED TO BY:
22	
23	Joseph P. Kolasinski
24	Notary Public in and for Alaska
25	My Commission Expires: 03/12/12