09,21.03

1 EXXON VALDEZ	OIL SPILL	
2 TRUSTEE C	COUNCIL	
3 Teleconference I	Public Meeting	
4 March 9, 2007 - 10:	:37 o'clock a.m.	
5 441 West 5th Aver	nue, Suite 500	
6 Anchorage,	, Alaska	
7 TRUSTEE COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:		
8 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE,	MR. CRAIG O'CONNOR for	
9 National Marine Fisheries Svc:	MR. JAMES W. BALSIGER	
10 (Chairman)	Administrator, AK Region	
11 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,	, MR. STEVE ZEMKE for	
12 U.S. FOREST SERVICE	MR. JOE MEADE	
13	Forest Supervisor	
14	Forest Service AK Region	
15 STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT	MR. DENBY LLOYD	
16 OF FISH AND GAME:	Commissioner	
17 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR:	MR. HANS NEIDIG	
18	U.S. Department of Interior	
19 STATE OF ALASKA -	MR. TALIS COLBERG	
20 DEPARTMENT OF LAW:	Attorney General	
21 STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT	MR. LARRY HARTIG	
22 OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION:	Commissioner	
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1 TRUSTEE COUNCIL STAFF PRESENT:

2 MICHAEL BAFFERY Executive Director

3 DR. KIM TRUST Science Director

4 CHERRI WOMAC Administrative Officer

5 BARBARA HANNAH Administrative Officer

6 MICHAEL SCHLEI Analyst Programmer

7 CATHERINE BOERNER Program Analyst

8 CARRIE HOLBA ARLIS Librarian

9 DEDE BOHN U.S. Geological Survey

10 CRAIG TILLERY Alaska Department of Law

11 RITA LOVETT Alaska Department of Law

12 GINA BELT Department of Justice

13 JENNIFER KOHOUT U.S. Fish & Wildlife Svc.

14 PETE HAGEN NOAA

15 CAROL FRIES ADNR

16 HEATHER GRAHAM ADF&G

17

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- 1 PROCEEDINGS
- 2 (On record 10:36 a.m.)
- 3 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. I'm Craig
- 4 O'Connor. I will be functioning as the Federal Chair this
- 5 time.
- 6 The first item of business, after calling
- 7 us to order, which I just did, is to go over the agenda and
- 8 be sure we're comfortable with what is on the agenda. Does
- 9 anybody have any issues with it? Any changes they'd like
- 10 to propose?
- 11 (No audible responses)
- 12 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Well, are we good?
- MR. BAFFREY: I'm good.
- DR. FRIES: Michael, this is Carol. I
- 15 thought you were going to request a change?
- 16 MR. BAFFREY: Yeah. Thanks, Carol. There
- 17 is a change. The Mineral Creek proposal has been withdrawn
- 18 from consideration.
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay.
- MR. BAFFREY: Thanks, Carol.
- DR. FRIES: Sure. It.....
- 22 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All righty.
- DR. FRIES: We're deferring, yeah.
- MR. BAFFREY: and it's not withdrawn from
- 25 consideration permanently, it's withdrawn from

- 1 consideration until a later time when -- after the April
- 2 30th meeting that the Trustee Council is going to.....
- 3 MS. BRANDON: Michael, it's really hard to
- 4 hear you.
- 5 MR. BAFFREY: Okay. Can you hear me now?
- 6 MS. BRANDON: A little bit better.
- 7 MR. BAFFREY: How about now?
- 8 MS. BRANDON: Even better.
- 9 MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 10 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: We're trying to get
- 11 microphones aligned here.
- MR. BAFFREY: Heather, the -- all I was
- 13 saying about Mineral Creek is it's been deferred from
- 14 today's meeting.
- MS. BRANDON: So not withdrawn, just
- 16 deferred.
- 17 MR. BAFFREY: Correct.
- MS. BRANDON: Thank you.
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. Any other
- 20 changes to the agenda?
- 21 (No audible responses)
- 22 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hearing none, I will
- 23 assume the agenda is approved as modified by the Executive
- 24 Director. We can proceed. The item is the comments from
- 25 the Public Advisory Committee.

- 1 MS. STUDEBAKER: Yes, I'm here, Craig.
- 2 This is Stacy Studebaker, PAC Chair, calling from Kodiak.
- MR. BAFFREY: Stacy, we can barely hear
- 4 you.
- 5 MS. STUDEBAKER: Okay. How's this?
- 6 MR. BAFFREY: That's much better, thanks.
- 7 MS. STUDEBAKER: All right. Good morning,
- 8 ladies and gentlemen.
- 9 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Good morning.
- 10 MS. STUDEBAKER: The PAC, as you know, met
- 11 on March 2nd in a work session to discuss our vision for
- 12 the future of EVOS restoration work and to get a briefing
- 13 on the science related FY-07 pre-proposals. Unfortunately
- 14 our meeting had to be a work session since it was not
- 15 noticed in the Federal Register within the regulated time
- 16 frame.
- To start the visioning session, we
- 18 reviewed, discussed, and edited the mission statement from
- 19 the 1994 restoration plan with the intent of making it a
- 20 more -- a little more reflective of the present restoration
- 21 program and where we hope to go in the future. And we
- 22 offer these comments and suggestions to you and hope you
- 23 will consider them during your retreat and visioning
- 24 session later on in April.
- And here's -- we came up -- we really honed

- 1 in on the mission statement a bit, and this is what we came
- 2 up with:
- 3 The mission of the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill
- 4 Trustee Council is to restore the environment injured by
- 5 the Exxon Valdez oil spill to a healthy, productive
- 6 ecosystem able to contribute to sustainable human uses.
- 7 The following assumption was also added by
- 8 the group:
- 9 Restoration and full recover may take
- 10 decades.
- 11 The following draft text was discussed by
- 12 the group as a preamble to the restoration plan policies,
- 13 which were not discussed in detail:
- 14 Restoration of injured resources and
- 15 services will accomplished by planning activities that
- 16 incorporate ecologically meaningful time frames specific to
- 17 individual species and their habitat. This will be
- 18 accomplished through the development and implementation of
- 19 a comprehensive interdisciplinary recovery and
- 20 rehabilitation program that includes natural recovery,
- 21 monitoring and research, resource and service restoration,
- 22 habitat acquisition and protection, resource and service
- 23 enhancement, replacement, meaningful public participation,
- 24 fiscal accountability, efficient administration. We added
- 25 education and outreach. It was not on the original list.

- 1 And resource management.
- 2 We then brain-stormed a wide-ranging list
- 3 of possible quiding principle and/or questions to consider
- 4 for the future of the restoration program, which could or
- 5 may feed into a rewrite of the restoration plan if the
- 6 Trustee Council wishes. We prioritized them by placing red
- 7 dots by an item. Each person had 10 red dots to distribute
- 8 among the items on the list. The list was also distributed
- 9 to PAC members not in attendance so they could also place
- 10 their dots on the list.
- The entire list is in the minutes from Doug
- 12 Mutter from our meeting for you to review. I won't go over
- 13 the entire list but I'll hit some of the highlights. The
- 14 four items that scored as highest priorities has seven or
- 15 more dots in the following order:
- 16 Measurable recovery criteria should be
- 17 established for those injured resources and services that
- 18 remain not recovered or recovering.
- 19 Keep the priority of restoration of non-
- 20 recovered, including recovering, resources and services.
- 21 Work at public awareness and outreach of
- 22 the lessons learned from the spill and its restoration.
- 23 And the last one is, hold off on issuing
- 24 the FY-2008 invitation for proposals until there's a clear
- 25 vision of where the restoration plan is going.

- And there are many items on this list and
- 2 there were various reasons why some of them on the list
- 3 scored very low or didn't have any dots on them. Some
- 4 items were considered administrative and given, so no one
- 5 really wanted to waste their dots on them. For instance,
- 6 participate in the annual marine science symposium.
- 7 Include a public component to the marine science symposium,
- 8 which is a recommendation of the education and outreach
- 9 committee, if you've seen that. And ensure the Trustee
- 10 Council operates consistently within the public process and
- 11 listens to PAC input. Implement the education outreach
- 12 committee recommendations through future invitations for
- 13 proposals.
- 14 Other items were considered bad ideas,
- 15 inappropriate use of EVOS funds, and not supported by the
- 16 PAC, such as:
- 17 Funding upgrades of sewer and water
- 18 projects in the spill impacted regions. Funding upgrades
- 19 for harbor facilities in the spill impacted regions.
- 20 Provide for community preparedness to know what to do if
- 21 there's another oil spill. And the reason this scored low
- 22 is this is really a function of other organizations, such
- 23 as the RCAC. Brick and mortar projects. Reinstating the
- 24 large parcel habitat protection program. The rest you can
- 25 evaluate yourselves as you have a copy of that list. I

- In the afternoon, Kim Trust briefed us on
- 2 the four proposals remaining to be decided on for the FY-04
- 3 work plan and noted the science panel and her own
- 4 recommendations for each proposal. The general sense of
- 5 the PAC in discussing the addition of yet more projects to
- 6 the FY-07 work plan is one of great reservation. Our
- 7 resolution of last October stated a unanimous preference
- 8 for keeping the annual spending within the interest earned
- 9 on the restoration account. The PAC is committed to fiscal
- 10 responsibility and feel we should not even be reviewing
- 11 projects that would be funded by the principal.
- The PAC doesn't like being put in this
- 13 position again and again and encourages the Trustee Council
- 14 to avoid this piecemeal work plan approach, stick with
- 15 deadlines, and establish a clear limit for future annual
- 16 spending. In addition, the infamous oiled mayor's letter
- 17 last year raised many false expectations in the spill
- 18 region communities that opened a floodgate of many
- 19 inappropriate proposals.
- 20 Since our meeting was a work session and
- 21 not really an official meeting, we could not make
- 22 recommendations, as we did the last time, based on the
- 23 merit of the projects. Instead I offer only our comments.
- 24 The Konar proposal, there were really --
- 25 there were not PAC comments on that.

- 1 The Irons proposal. Tori Baker noted that
- 2 there still were people in Prince William Sound who trap
- 3 mink as part of their living and she wondered what the
- 4 economic impact might be of eradicating the population of
- 5 mink on Naked Island. Fandrei said he liked the proposal,
- 6 although it seemed expensive. Robard said it was a good
- 7 project but thought they could contract with local trappers
- 8 to obtain the minks. Myself and Kopchak said that the
- 9 focus of the removal should be only on the introduced mink,
- 10 not on native ones, if there are such. Kopchak predation
- 11 seemed like a separate topic than feeding pattern. And
- 12 Eilo thought that the project could be put off for a year
- $13 \ \mathrm{since} \ \mathrm{we} \ \mathrm{are} \ \mathrm{already} \ \mathrm{spending} \ \mathrm{more} \ \mathrm{than} \ \mathrm{interest} \ \mathrm{earned}$
- 14 budget level.
- 15 And the next project was the Boufadel
- 16 project. Kopchak said he would not fund this project at
- 17 this time. How does it relate to other crews working in
- 18 the filed. Baker asked about piggybacking this with other
- 19 projects.
- 20 And then the final project was the Mineral
- 21 Creek proposal, which was discussed, but since it was just
- 22 deferred, you can read our comments in the summary of our
- 23 meeting.
- 24 The PAC encourages you to spend the time
- 25 necessary at your April retreat to develop a clear focus

- 1 and balanced set of priorities for the restoration plan
- 2 that is not subject to political whim, that is transparent,
- 3 supported by the public, and practical for our great staff
- 4 to follow. We look forward to working with you on a more
- 5 collaborative relationship. Thank you. Are there any
- 6 questions?
- 7 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Anybody here in the
- 8 room, at the table, have any questions of Stacy on her
- 9 report. Talis? Steve?
- 10 MR. ZEMKE: No.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Let me -- is anybody on
- 12 the phone? Who do we have as trustees on the phone now?
- 13 Is Denby there?
- MR. LLOYD: Yeah, I'm here.
- MR. HARTIG: Yeah, Larry's here.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: And Hans, are you on
- 17 yet?
- 18 (No audible response)
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Not yet. Okay. Well,
- 20 as soon as we have everybody I intend to have everyone
- 21 identify themselves and sort of announce who's in
- 22 attendance as far as the trustees are concerned. Right now
- 23 we're proceeding on the agenda without a full compliment.
- 24 Hans, is that you?
- 25 ANN: This is Ann and Hans is hopefully

- 1 going to be on in hopefully about five more minutes.
- 2 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay.
- 3 ANN: Okay.
- 4 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Thanks, Ann.
- 5 ANN: Uh-huh.
- 6 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Does any -- Denby, do
- 7 you or....
- 8 MR. BAFFREY: Larry.
- 9 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:Larry have any
- 10 questions or comments with regard to Stacy's report on
- 11 behalf of the PAC?
- MR. LLOYD: No, thanks.
- 13 MR. HARTIG: No, this is Larry, I
- 14 appreciate -- I haven't met you, but I appreciate the
- 15 report and it's nice to have it clear and well set out like
- 16 you do when you present it.
- 17 MS. STUDEBAKER: Is -- I have submitted
- 18 written copy of my comments and I kind of do that as a
- 19 general rule. Is that something that the trustees like or
- 20 would like me to continue?
- 21 MR. HARTIG: Yeah, this is Larry. I
- 22 certainly find that helpful.
- 23 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yes. And we got it
- 24 this morning -- or at least I got it this morning and it's
- 25 very clear and concise. I appreciate it myself very much

- 1 and then we....
- MS. STUDEBAKER: Thank you.
- 3 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:have it with us.
- 4 If there are no other questions or comments on the PAC
- 5 report, the next item is public comments and we'll open it
- 6 to that at this point. Anybody in the room on behalf of
- 7 the public have anything that they would like to bring to
- 8 our attention?
- 9 (No audible responses)
- 10 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. Anybody on
- 11 the line that -- the public, that would like to provide us
- 12 with any comments or thoughts that they might have today?
- 13 (No audible responses)
- 14 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: No one on the line has
- 15 anything to say? We are hooked up, right?
- MR. BAFFREY: That must be the first, huh?
- 17 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yeah. Okay. Well, you
- 18 know, I can filibuster just so long for Hans here. All
- 19 right. Well, hearing that there are no public comments, I
- 20 am going to temporarily recess the meeting until we have a
- 21 quorum available to vote on the projects, which is our next
- 22 point of business.
- MR. COLBERG: Mr. Chairman.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Any object -- yes.
- MR. COLBERG: Is it appropriate to vote

- 1 without and then just see what -- polling them afterwards
- 2 what....
- 3 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Well, I don't -- Craig,
- 4 can we do that? I think we have to have the full
- 5 attendance of the trustees at the.....
- 6 MR. TILLERY: Well, there is a provision in
- 7 an emergency where you can poll the trustees individually
- 8 sequentially. The better practice would be to just have
- 9 the trustees, everybody here. He will need to participate
- 10 and listen to the discussion and that sort of thing.
- 11 MR. ZEMKE: Is there an alternate.....
- 12 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Let's let....
- MR. ZEMKE:available for the DOI?
- 14 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I don't believe. I
- 15 asked Hans earlier if we had an alternate. His alternate
- 16 is with him in this conversation with the secretary, so we
- 17 do not have a formerly designated alternate for the
- 18 Department of Interior. So I would propose we take a five
- 19 minute break and come back and we'll proceed when we have
- 20 that -- the appropriate number of trustees here ready to
- 21 go.
- Those of you on the line, if you want to
- 23 just stay on, I think that's fine. I will keep this to
- 24 five minutes and we'll figure out what we're going to do if
- 25 we don't have Hans on at that point.

- 1 MS. KOHOUT: Craig, this is Jennifer
- 2 Kohout. I did -- Hans did stick his head out and thought
- 3 they were winding up, so hopefully he'll be.....
- 4 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay.
- 5 MS. KOHOUT:ready to go in five
- 6 minutes.
- 7 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okie doke. Well, we'll
- 8 just standby for the next five minutes, go get a cup of
- 9 coffee or whatever we have available. I apologize.
- 10 (Off record 10:54 a.m.)
- 11 (On record 11:06 a.m.)
- 12 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: And Larry, are you back
- 13 on?
- 14 MR. HARTIG: This is Larry. I'm here.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. Great. We went
- 16 through, Hans, the approval of the agenda and the public
- 17 comments and the PAC comments. Stacy provided us with a
- 18 blow by blow description of what they discussed, their
- 19 concerns and so on. And we had no public comments and so
- 20 we have been in adjournment until you guys -- you were able
- 21 to join us.
- 22 At this point, what I would like to do is
- 23 have the trustees identify themselves so that we know for
- 24 the record who's on on behalf of each agency. We'll begin
- 25 here. I'm Craig O'Connor with NOAA.

- 1 MR. ZEMKE: Steve Zemke sitting in as
- 2 alternate for Joe Meade, Forest Supervisor, Department of
- 3 Agriculture.
- 4 MR. COLBERG: Talis Colberg, Department of
- 5 Law.
- 6 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: And on the line we
- 7 have?
- 8 MR. NEIDIG: Hans Neidig, Department of
- 9 Interior.
- 10 MR. HARTIG: Yeah, Larry Hartig, DEC.
- 11 MR. LLOYD: Denby Lloyd, Department of Fish
- 12 and Game.
- 13 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Great. Thank you for
- 14 patching in. We're going to try to proceed as quickly as
- 15 we can but without a thorough evaluation -- not without
- 16 thorough evaluation of the proposed projects. One of the
- 17 things that was mentioned this morning, Hans, during the
- 18 discussion of the agenda was that the Mineral Creek project
- 19 had been withdrawn.
- MR. BAFFREY: Deferred.
- 21 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Deferred until further
- 22 consideration of the types of things that we're going to be
- 23 doing after our retreat in April. And so until that time,
- 24 we're not going to be entertaining the Mineral Creek
- 25 presentation.

- 1 At this stage then we have then three
- 2 projects remaining for our consideration today. The
- 3 Boufadel, Irons, and the Konar projects. And I believe our
- 4 science director is going to present to us those projects
- 5 for our consideration. Is that correct, Kim?
- DR. TRUST: Yes.
- 7 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. Would you,
- 8 please?
- 9 DR. TRUST: Sure. Okay. We'll start with
- 10 the Boufadel project. The Boufadel project factors
- 11 responsible for limiting the degradation rate of Exxon
- 12 Valdez oil in Prince William Sound beaches submitted under
- 13 the BAA.
- 14 This project originally came to the
- 15 trustees as one of the deferred projects under Al Venosa.
- 16 It has since switched lead PI's to Michel Boufadel of
- 17 Temple University. This project was reviewed by the
- 18 science panel in January at which time the science panel
- 19 had several questions and concerns about the proposal and
- 20 asked them to go back and address their concerns, at which
- 21 point it came back before the science panel and is now
- 22 before the trustees for funding.
- The premise of this proposal is the PI's
- 24 want to look for causes of the lingering oil that are
- 25 remaining in the subsurface of the intertidal zone out in

- 1 Prince William Sound. And they have two hypotheses for the
- 2 cause of the lingering oil staying out in the environment,
- 3 one of them being that environmental conditions in the
- 4 water are limiting biodegradation. And the other
- 5 hypothesis being that the biodegradable components of the
- 6 oil can't make it to the surface of the oil such that they
- 7 can be degraded by microorganisms. And they start with the
- 8 premise then that biodegradation occurs primarily at this
- 9 oil/water interface.
- 10 And so essentially their first hypothesis,
- 11 the one testing the environmental conditions of the water,
- 12 you need enough nutrients in the water and you need enough
- 13 water flow and you need the correct pH and the correct
- 14 temperature for the microorganisms to have what they need
- 15 in order to biodegrade the hydrocarbons in the oil.
- 16 Their second hypothesis is -- states that
- 17 biodegradation could be limited by the inability of the
- 18 hydrocarbons to actually reach the surface of the oil/water
- 19 interface such that the microorganisms can attack them.
- 20 And they're proposing that that could be caused by some
- 21 sort of a surface skin on the oil and that could either be
- 22 caused by some small but dense layer of minerals from the
- 23 oil that just come to the surface of the oil preventing the
- 24 hydrocarbons then from breaking through that where they're
- 25 available to the microorganisms. Or there could be some

- 1 sort of viscosity, a high viscosity layer at the surface of
- 2 the oil where the hydrocarbons can't break that surface
- 3 tension and then be accessible to the biodegradation by
- 4 microorganisms.
- 5 So what they want to do is go out to Prince
- 6 William Sound and they want to go to six beaches. And this
- 7 was one of the questions that the science panel asked that
- 8 they address. In their original proposal, they had wanted
- 9 to go to two beaches, one high energy beach and one low
- 10 energy beach. And they want to essentially run transects
- 11 on these beaches in areas where there is oil and then where
- 12 -- in areas where there is not oil on the same beach. And
- 13 they want to take all of these environmental measurements
- 14 that they can go into a model which will help them
- 15 determine if bioremediation is actually a feasible project
- 16 in Prince William Sound.
- 17 The science panel came back and did not
- 18 think that two sampling sites was going to be -- give them
- 19 enough geographical inference and was not going to give
- 20 them enough statistical power to validate their models. So
- 21 they asked them to go out and increase their sample size.
- The other thing that they asked them to go
- 23 out and do was go out in the wintertime to identify if any
- 24 of these environmental variables that they were measuring
- 25 were going to be different in the wintertime, such that it

- 1 would influence the way their model operated and then would
- 2 -- could potentially influence how they crafted this
- 3 bioremediation project at the end.
- 4 So the PI's went and did that and came back
- 5 and determined that they needed to go out to six beaches,
- 6 three low energy beaches and three high energy beaches.
- 7 And they also were going to go back out in the wintertime
- 8 and do some of their measurements in the wintertime so that
- 9 they could see how the variables that they measured changed
- 10 their model.
- 11 The result of that change was an increase
- 12 in the proposal by -- oh, I believe it was around
- 13 \$800,000. I think the first proposal came in at \$360,000
- 14 or something like that and this one comes in at 1.2 million
- 15 dollars, which is the addition of those four additional
- 16 sampling sites and going out in the wintertime and
- 17 measuring those variables.
- 18 Scientifically this is a sound proposal.
- 19 The science panel agreed that technically this proposal was
- 20 well written. I think going back and asking them to focus
- 21 their proposal on two specific hypotheses, asking them to
- 22 increase their sampling sites, and also asking them to go
- 23 back and do some of these measurements in winter, made the
- 24 proposal much tighter and much more focused.
- 25 The science panel felt that only one year

- 1 of the study be funded and that you could then use the
- 2 information that they gleaned in the first year of funding
- 3 to determine if a second year was necessary by
- 4 incorporating the information that they get on the first
- 5 year into their model to determine if bioremediation -- if
- 6 you could either alter the environmental conditions or do
- 7 something mechanical to the oil/water interface such that
- 8 you could get some sort of a bioremediation project
- 9 underway on a large geographical scale.
- 10 My opinion on that, I think it would be
- 11 challenging to do this project for one year. First of all,
- 12 the science panel in their original decision decided that
- 13 two sampling sites was not large enough for statistical
- 14 rigor or for large scale geographical inference. The PI's
- 15 came back and addressed that and expanded the project. The
- 16 science panel was a little nervous at the cost of this
- 17 project given the fact that the trustees have already
- 18 funded projects previously in FY-07. So I think in some
- 19 ways they were trying to conserve a little bit of the
- 20 funds.
- 21 The other issue about separating this
- 22 project out into only one year of funding is they're going
- 23 to go out this summer, they're going to put their transects
- 24 along the beaches, do all their measurements. Then they're
- 25 going to actually leave those transects in place so that

- 1 they can go out in the wintertime and make their winter
- 2 measurements, which would happen in December.
- 3 The Trustee Council technically makes their
- 4 recommendations usually in August or September for the
- 5 following fiscal year, so determining whether this project
- 6 gets funded in '08 normally happens in August or September,
- 7 which would be before these guys would even go out and make
- 8 any of their sampling in the wintertime.
- 9 So I think just logistically it would be
- 10 very challenging to divide this project up into one year
- 11 and have them incorporate all of their measurements and
- 12 then determine if they need to go back out. I don't
- 13 disagree that that information needs to be incorporated
- 14 into the project as they progress, but I think in order to
- 15 get that geographical scale of inference that we're looking
- 16 for, determining if a bioremediation project is feasible
- 17 across the Sound and having it be statistically rigorous
- 18 enough to validate their model, I think that we need to
- 19 support the original science panel conclusion, which was
- 20 that the number of sampling sites needs to be increased and
- 21 we should support their desire to go back out in the
- 22 wintertime and make some of their measurements.
- 23 So ultimately what this project will lead
- 24 to is a determination if it would be cost effective to do a
- 25 bioremediation project and if it is actually technically

- 1 feasible to do it, given the conditions out in Prince
- 2 William Sound in those beaches with lingering oil.
- 3 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Michael, did you want
- 4 to comment? You have your.....
- 5 MR. BAFFREY: I have my comments. I was
- 6 more paralleling the science panel's recommendations. They
- 7 did -- they were very responsive to the questions that we
- 8 asked and I was pretty happy with the original proposal. I
- 9 wanted to find out if in fact bioremediation was feasible
- 10 and this was going to give us that indication. So I really
- 11 wanted that question answered before we moved forward.
- 12 I believe -- yeah, and also believe that
- 13 winter sampling is valuable. It's a matter of scale for
- 14 me. And if they can only do summer sampling this fiscal
- 15 year then the alternative is to fund this program from '08
- 16 on. It's a three year program and start the funding, give
- 17 a -- the first year of funding starting in '08 and allow
- 18 them to do the summer and winter sampling then. That's one
- 19 alternative.
- 20 I just believe that we need to know if this
- 21 is actually going to be feasible or not before we go ahead.
- 22 Another alternative would be to approve the project and
- 23 then fund FY-07 similar to what we did with some of the
- 24 herring projects and then assess where they're at at the
- 25 end of this fiscal year and then go ahead with the

- 1 programs.
- I do believe it's a valid program. There's
- 3 a valid proposal. I do recommend funding at some level to
- 4 get this going. It's going to give us what I believe we
- 5 need to know.
- 6 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Any of the trustee
- 7 members on the line have any questions for either Kim or
- 8 Michael?
- 9 MR. HARTIG: This is Larry. I'm still
- 10 thinking through this in terms of timing. It sounds like
- 11 everybody -- there's a consensus that it's a good project,
- 12 tells us something that we need to know regarding the
- 13 lingering oil and the feasibility of bioremediation and the
- 14 cost effectiveness of that. But on timing, as I understand
- 15 it, we can -- if we commit to the full project now, the
- 16 full funding, then they would go out and stake the area
- 17 that they need for -- would it -- what -- they would start
- 18 work immediately.....
- DR. TRUST: Yes.
- 20 MR. HARTIG:and go out and identify
- 21 the sites and stake those. Is that -- measure those -- is
- 22 that what they would do first?
- DR. TRUST: Yeah, the.....
- 24 MR. HARTIG: And then next summer they
- 25 would start actual field work?

- DR. TRUST: No, this summer they would go
- 2 out and they would do the full compliment of measurements
- 3 on two beaches, one high energy beach and one low energy
- 4 beach.
- 5 MR. HARTIG: Okay.
- DR. TRUST: And then what they would do,
- 7 they would leave those transects in place, go out in
- 8 December, make their winter measurements on water table and
- 9 nutrients and pH and temperature and things that they
- 10 needed to put into their model. And then next summer they
- 11 would actually expand the study, do the same things on four
- 12 additional beaches so that you would get an increased
- 13 sample size and you would have a wider geographical scale
- 14 of inference.
- MR. HARTIG: Okay. So when we say -- and
- 16 I'm trying to figure out how the fiscal years fall, the
- 17 seasons fall, and you know, how complete one year would be.
- 18 You know, whether at the end of one year, whatever one year
- 19 means here, whether it's into the fiscal year or into their
- 20 -- or the work season, into the summer, I guess, whether
- 21 they would really have enough information to tell us what
- 22 we need to say whether this project should continue or not.
- 23
- DR. TRUST: Right. I think that was a
- 25 stumbling block for me as well, logistically how would that

- 1 work, because the fiscal year ends in September yet they
- 2 would still need to go back out in December of next fiscal
- 3 year to collect their wintering samples. So the break
- 4 would not occur at the end of the Federal fiscal year, so I
- 5 suppose if one entire year of the project needed to be
- 6 funded and then the Trustee Council made a decision on the
- 7 rest of the project, it would probably occur, you know,
- 8 sometime again March or April of next year. And then they
- 9 run into the same problem, which I think they're going to
- 10 run into this year, which is scheduling boats and charters
- 11 and getting people onboard to do the work. And again, the
- 12 other thing that they're going to need to do is hire their
- 13 staff, their biotechs and things to go out in the field for
- 14 the life of the project. And so if they bring on folks for
- 15 say the next six months to do the field work, then they
- 16 have to let them go until the Trustee Council makes a
- 17 decision on the next year. And then do they hire them
- 18 again and are they able to get boats and things like that.
- 19 It -- I perceive it to be a pretty big logistic
- 20 challenge....
- 21 MR. HARTIG: Right. And that was kind....
- DR. TRUST:if it gets broken that
- 23 way.
- 24 MR. HARTIG:of the follow-up
- 25 question. If we are just concerned about the 1.2 million

- 1 and we want to phase it, is there a way of casting their
- 2 proposal in a different way to phase it, you know, that
- 3 would be more logical. You know, splitting it up so that
- 4 it may take longer to do the project but we wouldn't waste
- 5 money on doubling on logistics or -- you know, if you were
- 6 saying we want a phased project, could they rewrite it and
- 7 do it in a way that wouldn't increase the cost of it. It
- 8 may extend the time of it but it would give us the
- 9 opportunity to evaluate the first phase of it before
- 10 committing funding for the second phase.
- DR. TRUST: My personal opinion is that I
- 12 think that the original questions that the science panel
- 13 had were valid. I think if we only have two sites and we
- 14 don't have winter sampling that the ability for them to
- 15 tell us what we need to know is going to be stunted. And
- 16 they actually agreed with that. The reason that they had
- 17 only originally put in for two sampling sites and doing the
- 18 sampling in the summer was because they were concerned that
- 19 if they put in a project for a million dollars that it
- 20 wasn't going to be funded just because it was too
- 21 expensive.
- MR. HARTIG: So why then was the science
- 23 panel even entertaining, you know, just doing a first year
- 24 of funding? Was it the methods that are being used rather
- 25 than the statistics to validate....

- DR. TRUST: No.
- 2 MR. HARTIG:the data or.....
- 3 DR. TRUST: No, I think the science panel
- 4 quite frankly just has a little trouble with how much money
- 5 has already been spent this year and they're trying to be
- 6 fiscally responsible. I don't know, Michael, you were
- 7 sitting in on that meeting. Did you have another opinion
- 8 about that?
- 9 MR. BAFFREY: No, I actually -- yeah, that
- 10 was part of it, I think. The other part was, they just --
- 11 they wanted to get some basic answers before they moved
- 12 forward to see if this was actually going to work.
- MR. HARTIG: I mean it seems to me on the
- 14 funding question -- and again being so new to this, you
- 15 know, maybe speak with a lot of ignorance here -- but we
- 16 don't know what amount -- you know, if we wanted it to be a
- 17 sustaining fund, then you need to know how much money you
- 18 need to generate each year, you know, and you have to
- 19 forecast, you know, what your rate of returns are on all of
- 20 that. And it seems -- I don't know of anybody that's done
- 21 that. Maybe they have. It seems like that's more of a
- 22 question we're going to get in April.
- 23 So if we're going to fund -- spend money
- 24 now, it seems like if later we determine oh, we need more
- 25 money in the principal to have him out, kick off each year

- 1 that we'll need in the future, why don't we just spend less
- 2 the next year, you know, until we get to the right amount
- 3 of principal we want. You know, let it build up again, the
- 4 total amount.
- 5 And so I -- I quess I don't have as much
- 6 heartburn about spending the money if we see a need right
- 7 now.
- BR. TRUST: Yeah, I think -- I mean, this
- 9 is not a scientific perspective at all but it seems to me
- 10 one of the fundamental questions here for this particular
- 11 project is if the Trustee Council believes that they may go
- 12 down the road of bioremediation, the answers that this
- 13 proposal will provide are going to be necessary at some
- 14 point.
- MR. HARTIG: Uh-huh, right.
- DR. TRUST: So if actual cleanup and
- 17 bioremediation is not a consideration, then you probably
- 18 don't need this project.
- MR. HARTIG: Well and what I was hearing I
- 20 think at one -- at the earlier meeting is that, you know,
- 21 if you're trying to do something on this lingering oil in
- 22 the beach and it's hit you, then you -- there's not a lot
- 23 of options. You're not going to do something mechanical.
- 24 Is that correct? I mean, is it -- that we're ready -- that
- 25 in other words bioremediation is the most likely

- 1 option....
- DR. TRUST: Righ.....
- 3 MR. HARTIG:for lingering oil on
- 4 these -- some of these beaches?
- 5 DR. TRUST: Right. When Jackie Michel went
- 6 out and did her project a couple of years ago, trying to
- 7 identify those different alternatives that could be done in
- 8 some environmentally conscientious way, bioremediation
- 9 seemed to be -- that or the do nothing alternative, you
- 10 know, just natural attenuation were the two alternatives
- 11 that she came back with. Recognizing that there needed to
- 12 be a lot of scoping work done if bioremediation was going
- 13 to be considered.
- 14 MR. HARTIG: Okay. No, I didn't have any
- 15 other questions at this point.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Denby, do you have any?
- 17 MR. LLOYD: No. Thanks, Craig.
- 18 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hans?
- 19 MR. NEIDIG: No, I'm good at this point.
- 20 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. Do either of you
- 21 gentlemen have any questions?
- 22 MR. ZEMKE: I had one question. There was
- 23 this -- for the PAC comment about ability to piggyback on
- 24 another project, and I know that Short and Michel are out
- 25 in the Sound this summer looking at beaches. It would be

- 1 possible that they could piggyback together to be able
- 2 to....
- 3 DR. TRUST: Short and Michel are actually
- 4 -- they're not co-PI's, they're collaborators on.....
- 5 MR. ZEMKE: Uh-huh.
- 6 DR. TRUST:and these guys are working
- 7 closely -- I talked to Jeff about that specifically and
- 8 they are -- they have contacted him about locations and
- 9 things like that. I think that the way that Michel and
- 10 Short's project are traveling around and the way these guys
- 11 have to travel around, the logistics wouldn't be such that
- 12 they could, for example, be on the same vessel. But they
- 13 are collaborating.....
- MR. ZEMKE: Okay.
- DR. TRUST:with each other.
- 16 MR. ZEMKE: Well, unless they could get --
- 17 be on the same vessel, there probably wouldn't be a
- 18 significant savings of costs. I guess that was a question
- 19 then, if that's the case then I guess that's probably --
- 20 the other one is kind of NEPA. If there's going to be
- 21 significant amounts of activity out there, probably need to
- 22 at least be able to address that.
- MR. BAFFREY: All of our projects will have
- 24 to have NEPA requirements.
- 25 MR. ZEMKE: And if there's going to be

- 1 significant upland activity, then need to be able to
- 2 coordinate with the Forest Service Land Management to make
- 3 sure that they know that this is going to occur and where
- 4 and when and how much.
- DR. TRUST: I think they make a comment in
- 6 here about their permits and -- kind of back in the
- 7 personnel section of the budget justification or something.
- 8 They talk about permits and things like that.
- 9 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Anything else, Steve?
- 10 MR. ZEMKE: No, that's it for now.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I have a couple of
- 12 questions.
- DR. TRUST: I knew that you would.
- 14 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I'm sorry?
- DR. TRUST: I said I knew that you would.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. I am concerned
- 17 at this point that for better or for worse we have created
- 18 a monster of our own in the way we've gone about making our
- 19 decisions for funding projects, soliciting projects, and I
- 20 feel that being out of sync with the normal budgeting and
- 21 requests for proposals, whatever we call our process, has
- 22 created a tension and a potential detriment to our
- 23 effecting reasonable scientific endeavors. And I am very
- 24 concerned that we not continue to screw around with this
- 25 system in such a way that we jeopardize the effective

- 1 implementation of one of the if not the highest priority
- 2 undertakings by this council. And that is, to address the
- 3 issue of lingering oil. What is it? Where is it? Why is
- 4 it? And how do we deal with it?
- 5 And with that sort of predicate to my
- 6 comment, I want to be sure of two things. The first is
- 7 that the project be monitored and that the Science
- 8 Director, you pay careful attention to what's going on, and
- 9 to be sure that we're getting our money's worth, if you
- 10 will. And I'm responding directly to Michael's concerns
- 11 that we're writing big checks or we're committing big
- 12 amounts of money to projects that may or may not be
- 13 worthwhile. I happen to think this one is of critical
- 14 importance, but let's be fiscally responsible. I want to
- 15 be sure that we don't say, all right, the check for a
- 16 million three or a million two or whatever it is, go forth,
- 17 do good, call us when you're done. And I don't think
- 18 that's our protocol.
- 19 And just, I personally as a trustee member,
- 20 trust too the work of Trust, Kim, to make sure that things
- 21 are going the way they should and that the money is being
- 22 spent as effectively and as efficiently as it should be.
- The second comment I have or question I
- 24 have is, are we, by this project, suggesting that there are
- 25 a number of limiting factors at play, potential limiting

- 1 factors? Whether it's the surface tension issue; whether
- 2 it's the oxygenation; whether it's the absence of
- 3 microorganisms; whether it's the encapsulation in such a
- 4 way that the normal hydraulic processes that are occurring
- 5 on a beach are not getting to this oil and sufficiently
- 6 weathering it through natural processes. We need to find
- 7 out the why, why is it there. And this addresses the why.
- 8 But his project also seems to say
- 9 regardless of the why, the what we're going to do about it
- 10 is one of two things, nothing or bioremediation. And I
- 11 don't know that I'm necessarily comfortable with that
- 12 decision at this stage. And it seems to be implicit in
- 13 this project that it's either bioremediation or it's
- 14 nothing. I would think -- and I'm not a scientist -- but I
- 15 would think that if the limiting factor is the surface
- 16 tension issue that maybe there's a way that we can address
- 17 that that doesn't necessarily mean we fertilize the area.
- 18 We bioremediate. We may have to do something different
- 19 than that.
- 20 And if this project is not going to give us
- 21 an adequate amount of information to actually formulate a
- 22 decision with regard to the appropriate restoration,
- 23 restorative action, then I want to be sure that it does.
- 24 Because I don't want to spend a million three and I
- 25 wouldn't want to spend the next two or three years looking

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- 1 at not all of the issues that we need to be looking at.
- 2 So to the extent that we might -- and I
- 3 guess this is reacting perhaps to some of the comment -- to
- 4 the extent that we are focusing ourselves or it could be
- 5 perceived to focus ourselves on bioremediation as the only
- 6 solution, I think we are being shortsighted. And I want to
- 7 not take an action that is going to close the door on other
- 8 potential alternatives. I know the front loader going out
- 9 and digging up the beach and causing all kinds of
- 10 environmental harm is probably not in the suite of options
- 11 that we would entertain, but I have heard discussions with
- 12 regard to other potential activities, including the
- 13 injection of water, the movement of things in a -- rocks
- 14 and boulders and all sorts of different things. In a way
- 15 that could perhaps surgically address the problems. And I
- 16 want to be sure that we're staged to do that. And I think
- 17 this project gives us the background information but I'm
- 18 not convinced that we should be focusing solely and
- 19 exclusively on bioremediation. And I want to be sure
- 20 that's not part of this.
- Do we have an -- so that's my statement.
- 22 Do you have a response to....
- DR. TRUST: I do.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:my concerns?
- DR. TRUST: I'd like to address your first

- 1 comment about giving them sort of a check for a million two
- 2 and saying to go forth and do good things and hopefully
- 3 we'll get an answer at the end. We have a series of checks
- 4 built into our process. They -- at the end of the first
- 5 year, they must come and present or come to our marine
- 6 science symposium. So they have to have at least enough
- 7 information to give some sort of an update at the marine
- 8 science symposium. We also have an annual reporting
- 9 requirement, that they had to produce the results of their
- 10 first year so that we can evaluate what we've done. And
- 11 then also the Trustee Council does come back, even if you
- 12 guys agree to fund the million two, every year you come
- 13 back and you reevaluate the projects. I mean, it's not a
- 14 blank check for 1.2 million dollars. You'll give them
- 15 \$400,000 this year and at any point along the way, if
- 16 you're not comfortable with what they're doing, I mean, you
- 17 can pull the plug technically.
- The second thing that I want to address
- 19 about your comments, this project doesn't address
- 20 mechanical removal as an option. I mean, that's not within
- 21 their purview and I don't think we should make it their
- 22 responsibility because that wasn't the project that they
- 23 came forth with. They came forth with a project to see if
- 24 bioremediation was feasible because that is likely the
- 25 least environmentally damaging of the alternatives that are

- 1 out there. And that is what Jackie Michel came back with,
- 2 with her conclusions from the other project that we funded.
- But it does, it does address some of things
- 4 that you were referring to in that if it is a water flow
- 5 issue, if it is a -- if it is some sort of hydrodynamic
- 6 issue on the beach, they will be able to identify that. I
- 7 mean, it would be great if they just said, well, the
- 8 nutrients aren't getting there, so all we have to do is
- 9 inject nutrients. But it's a more complex of a project
- 10 than that in that they will, if there is some sort of beach
- 11 hydrology that needs to be manipulated, and it's possible
- 12 to do that with the technology that we have today, I
- 13 believe from this project they'll be able to address that
- 14 as well.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I think that exhausts
- 16 my -- exhausts me, so do we have a resolution or do we have
- 17 a motion from the floor for our consideration? Let me
- 18 rephrase the question. Do any of the trustees want to
- 19 propose that we approve this project?
- 20 MR. HARTIG: This is Larry Hartig. I'll
- 21 move to approve.
- 22 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Do I hear a second?
- MR. NEIDIG: Second.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right.
- MR. BAFFREY: So the motion is to fund the

- 1 entire project.....
- 2 MR. HARTIG: That's correct.
- 3 MR. BAFFREY:as proposed? The motion
- 4 also needs to include \$4,900 for project management in
- 5 addition to the funds that you see being proposed.
- 6 MR. HARTIG: Okay. Well, I'll include that
- 7 in my motion. This is Larry.
- 8 MR. ZEMKE: Is that per year or.....
- 9 MR. BAFFREY: Well, this -- for FY-07.
- 10 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: And we're -- that's the
- 11 project management and the project management will be by
- 12 what agency?
- 13 MR. BAFFREY: Is this one shared? Is this
- 14 one shared between NOAA and USGS?
- MS. HANNAH: No, this was just NOAA.
- MR. BAFFREY: This is NOAA.
- 17 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Oh, okay. Okay. And
- 18 that amendment is acceptable to the seconder of the motion?
- MR. NEIDIG: Yes.
- 20 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Does anybody have any
- 21 further questions before I call for the question on the
- 22 motion?
- 23 (No audible responses)
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I have one, and that's
- 25 of legal counsel. Do you ladies feel comfortable with the

- 1 way this motion is cast so that you can proceed to the
- 2 court and get us the money?
- 3 (No audible responses)
- 4 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I apologize for not
- 5 telling you I was going to do that to you, but I want to be
- 6 sure that we're all comfortable, because there have been
- 7 some bumps in the road.
- 8 Hearing no further comments, did anyone
- 9 call for the question?
- 10 MR. ZEMKE: Call for the question.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. The
- 12 question has been called for. I'll do a roll call because
- 13 we don't have folks here. Denby?
- MR. LLOYD: Yes.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Larry?
- MR. HARTIG: Yes.
- 17 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hans?
- MR. NEIDIG: Yes.
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Talis?
- MR. COLBERG: Yes.
- 21 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Steve?
- MR. ZEMKE: Yes.
- CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: O'Connor, yes.
- MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 25 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: We have approved the

- 1 project as presented for the period of time presented in
- 2 the project, full funding. And in addition to that, we
- 3 have added four thousand some dollars as project management
- 4 costs that will be for for FY-07. Thank you.
- 5 Moving right along. See Michael the
- 6 beatings pay off sometimes. Tell me what to do, I will try
- 7 to do it. All right, Kim. The next project.
- 8 DR. TRUST: Okay. The next project is by
- 9 David Irons and Dan Roby, pigeon guillemot restoration
- 10 research in Prince William Sound. I am going to describe
- 11 this project for the Trustee Council but I cannot make
- 12 recommendations for funding because I'm on detail from the
- 13 Fish & Wildlife Service and I have to recuse myself from
- 14 making any funding recommendations because one of the PI's
- 15 also works for Fish & Wildlife Service.
- And I would also like to point out to the
- 17 council that one of the PI's, David Irons, is in the
- 18 audience. So I will describe the project to the best of my
- 19 ability and then when I say something wrong, I will ask the
- 20 PI to make sure I got everything correctly. But if the
- 21 Trustee Council has questions directly about the project, I
- 22 would encourage you to ask the PI about them.
- 23 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: David, would you come
- 24 up to the table here, please?
- MR. ROBY: And Dan Roby is on the phone,

- 1 too.
- DR. TRUST: Oh. All right. Hi Dan.
- 3 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. Good.
- 4 MR. ROBY: Hi.
- 5 DR. TRUST: Dan Roby is the other PI on
- 6 this project. All right. So briefly this project is a
- 7 project to look at the influence of mink predation on
- 8 pigeon guillemots in the Naked Island archipelago out in
- 9 Prince William Sound.
- 10 Pigeon guillemots are one of the resources
- 11 that are not recovered, we consider not recovered from the
- 12 effects of the spill, and this project proposes to do three
- 13 things to address that issue. The first thing they propose
- 14 to do is look at nest predation by mink and also to
- 15 identify the source of the mink, whether the mink on the
- 16 island are introduced or are they native.
- 17 Prior to the spill there was no records of
- 18 mink being on Naked Island, and in the late 1990's, when
- 19 there was quite a bit of research going on on pigeon
- 20 guillemots, the predation rate on pigeon guillemot nests by
- 21 mink was very high, as high as 80 percent in some
- 22 instances.
- 23 The last thing that they want to do -- the
- 24 second thing that they want to do is look at the diet of
- 25 pigeon guillemots in and around the Naked Island

- 1 archipelago. In the late 1990's they did guite a bit of
- 2 forage fish work and determined that the diet of pigeon
- 3 guillemots at that time was a very low quality forage fish
- 4 and that that was also influencing the ability of the birds
- 5 to be reproductively successful.
- 6 And then finally the third leg of this
- 7 project then would be to develop a restoration plan based
- 8 on what they find from this study, which would in -- which
- 9 would possibly include a plan to eradicate mink or at least
- 10 diminish the number of mink on the island, perhaps increase
- 11 nesting success by putting up some sort of predator proof
- 12 nest box regimen. But essentially give the Trustee Council
- 13 a restoration plan for pigeon guillemots in Prince William
- 14 Sound.
- They're focusing on the Naked Island
- 16 archipelago because that has the highest number of nesting
- 17 pigeon guillemots in the spill area. I believe it's
- 18 upwards of 33 percent of the birds in Prince William Sound
- 19 nest in and around Naked Island.
- The science panel, their recommendation was
- 21 essentially to fund the mink genetics part of this study.
- 22 So in other words, instead of worrying about identifying
- 23 the amount of predation by mink and by eliminating the
- 24 forage fish component of the project, at least in the
- 25 initial stages, if we could go out and just identify the

- 1 genetic source of the mink, then we could tell whether they
- 2 were introduced or whether they were native.
- 3 My comment to that is that would be an
- 4 interesting thing to know but that would not lead us down
- 5 the road to restoration. In order to understand the impact
- 6 that mink predation is currently having on pigeon
- 7 guillemots and to understand holistically what's still
- 8 keeping the pigeon guillemots population numbers low in
- 9 Prince William Sound, looking at the issue from a top down,
- 10 the forage -- or the predation issue on a bottom up, the
- 11 forage fish issue would allow the PI's to present a more
- 12 comprehensive restoration plan to the Trustee Council.
- So the science panel essentially
- 14 recommended funding one year of the project and focusing
- 15 primarily on trapping mink and trying to determine their
- 16 genetic makeup, if you will. I have opinions, but I can't
- 17 give them.
- 18 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: But your squirming is
- 19 telling us a lot.
- 20 DR. TRUST: Yeah. So I guess at this point
- 21 I'll turn it over to Michael. Unless anybody has any
- 22 questions about what the science panel recommended, I can
- 23 try and clarify that.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Can you answer
- 25 questions about the project? Are you allowed to do that

- 1 given your relationship with the agency?
- DR. TRUST: I think I can. If I'm
- 3 uncomfortable with it, I'll defer to David.
- 4 MR. BAFFREY: But I would think with both
- 5 the PI's online and in the room that they would be a good
- 6 source of those answers also.
- 7 DR. TRUST: Yeah. And it would let me off
- 8 the hook. Then I would be sure that I was clear in my line
- 9 of....
- 10 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Wouldn't want you to go
- 11 to jail. It just ruins lunch.
- DR. TRUST: Thank you.
- 13 MR. NEIDIG: Mr. Chairman, this is Hans.
- 14 Can I ask him a question....
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Please.
- MR. NEIDIG:about the science panel?
- 17 Kim....
- 18 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yes.
- 19 MR. NEIDIG:why does the science
- 20 panel recommendation not include what seems to be a key
- 21 component, the availability of key prey in the forage fish?
- DR. TRUST: Their opinion was that that
- 23 work has already been done and it wouldn't add to the body
- 24 of knowledge that we have. My answer to that is that work
- 25 has -- was done 10 years ago and we don't really know what

- 1 they're feeding on right now.
- 2 MR. NEIDIG: So your sense is that by
- 3 getting that information we'd be able to actually see some
- 4 trends in, perhaps, in the prey fish?
- DR. TRUST: Yeah, one of the.....
- 6 MR. NEIDIG: Pro -- you know, positive or
- 7 negative.
- 8 DR. TRUST: Yeah, one of the comments that
- 9 the science panel made or one of the reviewers made was
- 10 that two years of sampling would -- you know, does not a
- 11 trend make. But I think the PI's or Dan did a good job in
- 12 answering that particular point in saying that that's
- 13 correct, two years of sampling does not a trend make.
- 14 However, there's been so much work done on pigeon guillemot
- 15 forage behavior and diet from the mid-90's and even
- 16 previous to that in the '80s when Kathy Kuletz was out
- 17 there, that there's a good amount of data to compare the
- 18 information to help, you know, whether the forage -- the
- 19 diet of the birds has actually changed substantially since
- 20 the late '90s.
- 21 MR. NEIDIG: Okay. Thank you.
- MR. BAFFREY: And Hans, I think Dan Roby
- 23 can also answer the question about the studies that he did
- 24 in conjunction -- well, it was EVOS funded, but with the
- 25 SeaLife Center in terms of harvesting eggs, incubating

- 1 them, and feeding the chicks, a diet. So Dan, can you
- 2 address what your conclusions were with that?
- 3 MR. ROBY: Yeah, one of the main
- 4 conclusions of that study at the SeaLife Center was that
- 5 depending on what type of forage fish, and specifically the
- 6 lipid content of the forage fish that were feed to captive
- 7 guillemot chicks that had a large effect on their growth
- 8 rates and the size at which they attained a fledging
- 9 condition and were able to go to sea. And that in turn
- 10 influences their post-fledging survivalship.
- So with regard to the results of that study
- 12 at the SeaLife Center and Naked Island work that was done
- 13 by Dave Irons and Greg Golet and others at the Fish &
- 14 Wildlife Service, I think it's pretty clear that sandlance
- 15 is a key forage fishery source for Naked Island guillemots
- 16 and it certainly was back in the '80s when Karen Oakley and
- 17 Kathy Kuletz were working there. And after the spill,
- 18 there was less sandlance in the diet and I think there's a
- 19 good chance that the sandlance have recovered by now, but
- 20 if they haven't, I think the guillemots on Naked are
- 21 probably still food limited.
- MR. BAFFREY: Okay. Hans, does that help
- 23 you? Hans?
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hans, did you hear
- 25 that?

- 1 MR. NEIDIG: I did, thank you.
- CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. Do any of the
- 3 other trustees on the line have any questions with regard
- 4 to the science panel's report, recommendation?
- 5 MR. HARTIG: Yes. This Larry Hartig. I
- 6 just had a very basic question here on the pigeon
- 7 guillemots on Naked Island. Does that population stay on
- 8 Naked Island but -- or if you increase the population
- 9 there, would that translate into larger populations in the
- 10 area, you know, where they would move into other areas and
- 11 -- because I'm wondering if, you know, the objective on
- 12 this study is to raise the population in the area or just
- 13 on Naked Island.
- MR. IRONS: I'll take a whack at that.
- 15 Basically if you increase the guillemot population on Naked
- 16 Island, there used to be about almost 10 times as many
- 17 guillemots on Naked Island as there are now, so that
- 18 assumption that there's 10 times more nesting area
- 19 available on Naked Island -- although maybe not predator-
- 20 free nesting area from the mink -- so there's probably a
- 21 fair vacuum on Naked Island that they can take a lot more
- 22 guillemots if they have food and predator-free area. So
- 23 the population would probably increase dramatically on
- 24 Naked Island before it would increase many other places.
- 25 That said, there is, you know, a factor of

- 1 the population that will go off and recruit to other
- 2 islands, whether Naked Island is at carrying capacity or
- 3 not. So I imagine you'd see the effect much stronger in
- 4 the Naked Island complex with Peak and Storey, and then
- 5 eventually it could flow to other islands also.
- 6 MR. HARTIG: Thanks. Because I was
- 7 wondering if maybe that's why the science panel was wanting
- 8 to look at the mink first because if they are limiting the
- 9 population on Naked Island, you can't get rid of the mink,
- 10 then you can't use that as a source for recruitment there
- 11 or in the area. And that then you would look at other
- 12 options.
- But the other question I had is, was I
- 14 understood part of this proposal would be looking at, even
- 15 if the mink are genetically distinct and -- or I guess it's
- 16 the other way around -- aren't genetically instinct, in
- 17 other words, they're indigenous to the island, then maybe
- 18 you could screen them somehow, prevent them somehow from
- 19 reaching some of the nesting site areas. And so if that --
- 20 if I was hearing that correct, then maybe it's not that
- 21 important whether you can be able to eradicate the mink or
- 22 not as long as you can keep them from some of the nesting
- 23 area to increase the population. Is that correct?
- 24 MR. IRONS: Yeah, let me clarify that a
- 25 little bit. Generally that's correct. I think if either

- 1 we cannot determine if the mink were introduces or --
- 2 versus native or if they were in fact native, then there
- 3 would, you know, probably be -- it would be less likely to
- 4 eradicate the mink from the entire archipelago.
- 5 However, if it's unknown where they came
- 6 from or again if they were native, there have been several
- 7 management actions taken by the US Fish & Wildlife Service
- 8 and taken by the State Department of Fish & Game, that when
- 9 one species is in trouble, they have, you know, reduced the
- 10 predation pressure of other species to allow that species
- 11 to recoup. And so that could still -- even if they weren't
- 12 introduced or we couldn't determine if they were, you can
- 13 still -- of course it would be up to the Trustee Council,
- 14 but there's precedence for, you know, temporarily reducing
- 15 the predation pressure to a species to allow it to recover.
- 16 And so that's one avenue.
- 17 The other avenue is to provide more
- 18 predator-free nest areas by putting nest boxes out there.
- 19 The difficulty with that is, as we said earlier, there's
- 20 probably maybe 10 percent of the guillemots out there that
- 21 were out there 30 years ago. And so there's no shortage of
- 22 nest box -- or nesting areas. So if you put some predator-
- 23 free ones out, the guillemots are out there have to be
- 24 smart enough to go to the predator free ones rather than
- 25 just another natural crevice. And we've done some of this

- 1 in the past and we've had some success with the nest boxes,
- 2 but it's -- it was, you know, a low percentage of nest
- 3 boxes got filled.
- 4 And again, with a declining population,
- 5 that's probably what you'd predict. If you had an
- 6 increasing population, then you'd be more likely to have
- 7 the nest boxes being filled. Does that answer you
- 8 questions?
- 9 MR. HARTIG: Yeah. No, that's fine.
- 10 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Denby, did you have any
- 11 questions?
- MR. LLOYD: No thanks, Craig.
- 13 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. Talis, do you
- 14 have -- on the science panel?
- MR. COLBERG: No.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Steve?
- MR. ZEMKE: Maybe a question for David.
- 18 What are the populations throughout Prince William Sound
- 19 doing? Are they at the same kind of low level of
- 20 productivity as Naked Island?
- 21 MR. IRONS: Well, of course we had all the
- 22 data for everything all the time and we don't. After the
- 23 spill, of course, there was several studies on the pigeon
- 24 guillemots and we looked at productivity in the oiled area
- 25 and outside the oiled area. We did studies after the spill

- 1 on populations using data from before the spill and we
- 2 showed an oil spill effect, basically the spill -- the
- 3 population in the spill area was reduced more than the
- 4 population outside the spill area. But, so we -- and we
- 5 showed, you know, effect on reproductive success and the
- 6 fact that quillemots were eating more oil in the spilled
- 7 area, so we showed several definite oil spill effects.
- 8 That said, there's been a decline in the
- 9 Sound, throughout the entire Sound. You know, probably
- 10 before the spill and after the spill. The guillemots are
- 11 declining inside the spill and outside the spill. We have
- 12 not done other productivity studies outside the spill,
- 13 other than the ones that were associated with the spill and
- 14 during the APEX years, the late '90s that I just spoke of.
- 15 We don't normally monitor pigeon guillemot productivity in
- 16 the Sound. And so the only work that's been done there,
- 17 except in the early '80s when there was some work done
- 18 there but -- so we don't have information on productivity
- 19 -- well, we haven't had any information on anywhere in the
- 20 Sound since 1999, since the APEX study terminated.
- 21 MR. ZEMKE: So if you wanted to institute
- 22 say a mink control program or nest box or kind of program
- 23 to kind of keep the predation levels down, would you need
- 24 new studies from the rest of the Prince William Sound area
- 25 where my -- I guess my understanding is pigeon guillemot

- 1 populations are still down, that you would need to come
- 2 back and do further studies?
- MR. IRONS: Well, obviously, like I say,
- 4 the Naked Island complex is about 60 miles of shoreline and
- 5 there's about 4,000 in the Sound. So it's a very small
- 6 proportion of the shoreline, but yet historically, you
- 7 know, about a third of the guillemots nest on that complex.
- 8 So the guillemots really like the Naked Island complex.
- 9 And so we feel like if we can go in and have an effect on
- 10 restoration on the Naked Island complex, that's certainly
- 11 the first place to do it. And then depending on success,
- 12 the Trustee Council could decide to go to other islands
- 13 that were impacted and have -- try to do similar, you know,
- 14 restoration.
- But I think the Naked Island complex would
- 16 certainly be the place to work first and see if you could
- 17 be successful.
- MR. ZEMKE: All right. That's all I had.
- MR. BAFFREY: I have couple of questions.
- 20 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Well, okay, I didn't
- 21 mean to cut you off, because.....
- MR. BAFFREY: No, that's.....
- 23 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:you have your
- 24 thoughts on this as well.
- MR. BAFFREY: This is fine. The survey

- 1 that we have funded you for FY-07, that you have done, I
- 2 think FY-05 was your last survey?
- 3 MR. IRONS: Yes.
- 4 MR. BAFFREY: Does that also do a count on
- 5 pigeon guillemots.....
- 6 MR. IRONS: Yes.
- 7 MR. BAFFREY:in the spill area? So
- 8 I'm assuming that would be your metric of success over the
- 9 long term if these -- assuming these surveys will continue
- 10 on into the future?
- 11 MR. IRONS: Well, again, it's all a matter
- 12 of scale. That survey that we're out there trying to do
- 13 right now -- with the weather it's been -- is a randomly
- 14 selected survey and there is like 300 transects randomly
- 15 selected throughout the Sound, and by random chance, about
- 16 four of them are at Naked Island. Where there are about,
- 17 you know, 45 transects, about 30 transects on Naked Island,
- 18 we only sample four on that -- with that survey.
- MR. BAFFREY: Uh-huh.
- 20 MR. IRONS: So it gives a good idea of what
- 21 the entire Sound is doing. If you try to ask how is Naked
- 22 Island doing, you really need to go out and survey the
- 23 entire shoreline, which isn't a big deal, it takes a day or
- 24 two, you know, of Naked Island to measure success there.
- 25 MR. BAFFREY: And that could be a part of

- 1 the ongoing study?
- 2 MR. IRONS: Sure.
- 3 MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 4 MR. IRONS: Yeah.
- MR. BAFFREY: The one thing that would have
- 6 helped me in your proposal -- and I'm disappointed it's not
- 7 there, and I'm not blaming you because I think it's as much
- 8 the fault as the council -- I would have liked to have seen
- 9 you bring in other research, especially direct restoration.
- 10 I know that there's been fox removed with the Alaska
- 11 Maritime National Wildlife Refuge.
- I had a conversation with Steve Everett,
- 13 which -- knows you very well. I still don't have a sense
- 14 of the success of that program. I also, and this goes to
- 15 you, Dan, I don't have the sense of the success -- although
- 16 I read your annual report, where of the chicks that you
- 17 released back into the wild, you have some reference, I
- 18 think 61 percent success rate. Those are both to direct
- 19 restoration, you know, efforts. What is the success there?
- 20 What -- you know, can you give me some indication of will
- 21 this actually work?
- 22 MR. IRONS: Okay. I'll address the fox
- 23 removal and then Dan can address.....
- MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- MR. IRONS: Okay. So, well one thing, the

- 1 Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge, the Aleutian
- 2 Islands had foxes introduced virtually to all the islands
- 3 in western central Aleutians. And so 30 years ago, the
- 4 refuge started removing foxes as a restoration technique
- 5 for seabirds. And when they did that, they went out and
- 6 they had surveyed the seabirds and get what the population
- 7 level was, and then they'd remove the foxes, and then
- 8 they'd go back and resurvey and resurvey and resurvey and
- 9 document the effects. And they did that on several
- 10 islands. And in fact, when you remove foxes from islands,
- 11 ground nesting seabirds and crevice nesting seabirds
- 12 increase dramatically because foxes definitely have an
- 13 impact on....
- MR. BAFFREY: Which pigeon guillemots are
- 15 crevice nesting seabirds.
- 16 MR. IRONS: And which pigeon guillemots are
- 17 crevice nesting. So they have demonstrated that over and
- 18 over again. They're still removing foxes from islands and
- 19 they're not doing the work to show that every island they
- 20 remove foxes from has seabirds increase. They've done it
- 21 enough times that they can say, we're sure this is going to
- 22 have an effect.
- 23 Now the Exxon Valdez Trustee Council
- 24 funded, as a direct restoration, funded them to go out to
- 25 the Shumagin islands and remove foxes from two islands for

- 1 restoration of pigeon guillemots and restoration of black
- 2 oyster catchers. Which black oyster catchers are a ground
- 3 nesting shorebird that was, of course, prime prey for fox.
- 4 And then they went back years later, they surveyed before
- 5 the populations there, they had surveys on other islands.
- 6 They demonstrated that the islands with the foxes had much
- 7 lower densities of guillemots and oyster catchers than
- 8 nearby islands that were fox-free, that they had already
- 9 removed the foxes on. And then years after they removed
- 10 these foxes, they went back and the populations had
- 11 increased and so they demonstrated again that that had a
- 12 positive effect by -- on seabirds, on the pigeon guillemots
- 13 and black oyster catchers by removing the foxes.
- 14 There are also studies, not in Alaska, but
- 15 in the '30s the great old US imported or exported our big
- 16 hefty minks to Europe because they wanted them over there
- 17 for -- because our mink were bigger than their mink. And
- 18 so they imported mink to Europe and Great Britain and
- 19 Scotland. And then of course these mink got out to these
- 20 islands where the seabirds were and wreaked havoc. And so
- 21 there's been several removals in Scotland and England of
- 22 islands bigger than Naked for mink, specifically for mink,
- 23 that they've been successful removing them and the
- 24 populations have come back when they've removed them.
- 25 So....

- 1 MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 2 MR. IRONS:does that answer that part
- 3 of the question?
- 4 MR. BAFFREY: It does. Now, I'm pretty
- 5 convinced that these are either genetically not distinct or
- 6 they are introduced mink. So assuming that and assuming
- 7 that a mink eradication, whatever terminology you want to
- 8 use is an appropriate restoration technique, can that be
- 9 successful on an island like Naked Island, which is
- 10 forested? You know, the fox studies were done on treeless
- 11 islands, and they're a little bit bigger target.
- MR. IRONS: Well, again, I'm no mink
- 13 expert, I've started to talk to some, but my understanding
- 14 of mink from whenever I've talked to people is, that their
- 15 home range is usually within 200 meters of the shoreline.
- MR. BAFFREY: Uh-huh.
- MR. IRONS: And especially in a place like
- 18 Prince William Sound that gets 12 feet of snow and that
- 19 entire interior becomes just nothing but snow.
- MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 21 MR. IRONS: Their food is mostly from the
- 22 intertidal, especially in the wintertime. And so the
- 23 shoreline, I think is a very important habitat for the mink
- 24 in Prince William Sound. And so I think, you know, if in
- 25 fact the pigeon guillemots had enough food out there to

- 1 make it go out and reproduce and if mink are in fact
- 2 holding them down, if we remove the mink, I think it would
- 3 certainly have an effect. But the food question is not a
- 4 small question, it's -- you know, we've seen large changes
- 5 in food supplies in the northern Gulf of Alaska and in the
- 6 Bering Sea over the last 30 years. And we've seen many
- 7 different species of seabird populations go down and marine
- 8 mammal populations go down, fish populations go down. And
- 9 so it's not a small issue, that needs to be addressed too.
- MR. BAFFREY: Well, I'm in agreement with
- 11 the science panel on that. I don't believe that we're
- 12 going to get anything new from the food study.
- Dan, can you help with that, with the
- 14 reintroduction of captive bird into the wild as part of
- 15 your study?
- MR. ROBY: I'm sorry, I'm having a really
- 17 hard time hearing the gentleman that's asking me a
- 18 question.
- MR. BAFFREY: I just wanted you to address
- 20 my other question about the, you know, the reintroduction
- 21 of the captive -- of the chicks that you had raised.
- MR. IRONS: And this is Michael Baffrey,
- 23 the Executive Director.
- MR. ROBY: Oh, okay. All right. Well,
- 25 that never -- I mean, the chicks that we raised at the

- 1 SeaLife Center which was oh, probably close to 250, were
- 2 successfully raised. There was very little mortality
- 3 during their captive rearing time. And then they were
- 4 released at the SeaLife Center and they were essentially
- 5 fledged from the SeaLife Center out into Resurrection Bay.
- 6 And after that, we have virtually no data on their returns.
- 7 The artificial nest sites that have been set up were not
- 8 maintained. There was no one at the SeaLife Center who was
- 9 making a concerted effort to re-site these chicks that had
- 10 been raised there. All of them were banded. And the
- 11 individual that was responsible for banding the chicks and
- 12 monitoring them never completed a final report, and so I'm
- 13 afraid we don't know what the answer is.
- MR. BAFFREY: All right.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Did we.....
- MR. ROBY: We know that -- we know just
- 17 from anecdotal accounts that some of the chicks that were
- 18 raised and released at the SeaLife Center did in fact
- 19 survive. We know that at least one bird survived for at
- 20 least six years because it was sighted there six years
- 21 after that research was done at he SeaLife Center.
- MR. BAFFREY: Okay. Thanks, Dan.
- 23 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Do any of the trustees
- 24 have any other questions? Steve.
- 25 MR. ZEMKE: I guess I have one. Do we know

- 1 whether mink populations were there on Naked Island during
- 2 the early '80s when Kuletz was doing her studies, when it
- 3 appeared that pigeon guillemot populations were pretty
- 4 robust?
- 5 MR. IRONS: Well that's what -- it's very
- 6 interesting that there -- like as you say, many more
- 7 quillemots on Naked Island in the '80s than there are now
- 8 or even after the spill. And Kathy Kuletz and Karen Oakley
- 9 both did their master's thesis there and had many nests
- 10 that they were monitoring and they never saw any indication
- 11 of mink predation. That does not mean that there are no
- 12 mink there but they were not depredating guillemot nests or
- 13 eating guillemot adults. It may have been there were no
- 14 mink there or it may have been there was so much sandlance
- 15 around that they just ate sandlance and didn't bother the
- 16 birds. So that's a question we'll never know for sure, but
- 17 we do know that there's no predation pressure on guillemots
- 18 on Naked Island in the late '70s and early '80s.
- MR. BAFFREY: would it be an assumption
- 20 that if they were introduced that they would introduced
- 21 when you the Fish & Wildlife Service introduced mink on
- 22 Montague Island? Would it be that same period, back in the
- 23 '50s?
- MR. IRONS: I don't think it was us that
- 25 did that.

- 1 MR. BAFFREY: Yes, it was.
- 2 MR. IRONS: It was?
- 3 MR. BAFFREY: Yeah.
- 4 MR. IRONS: Oh.
- MR. BAFFREY: Yeah, 24 of them, as a matter
- 6 of fact.
- 7 MR. IRONS: Well, again, we -- the
- 8 introduct....
- 9 MR. LLOYD: And the Alaska Department of
- 10 Fish & Game.
- 11 MR. BAFFREY: Yeah. Yeah. I didn't read
- 12 that part, but I do not doubt it. Okay.
- MR. IRONS: We haven't gotten into it yet,
- 14 but as far as determining if they're introduced, I think,
- 15 you know, there's several tools. And one is the DNA; one
- 16 is the records of introduction, as you just brought up.
- 17 MR. BAFFREY: I just want to know if they
- 18 were introduced, it would have been back in the '50 era.
- 19 So they would have.....
- 20 MR. IRONS: Well....
- MR. BAFFREY:been there if they would
- 22 have been introduced back in the '80s.
- MR. IRONS: Well, there's other records
- 24 that when the -- there's at least 14 fox farms, good
- 25 records of fox farms in the early 1900's in Prince William

- 1 Sound. And we know who applied for the permit and what
- 2 island they were on. And they were on Naked Island and
- 3 Peak Island and Storey Island and 10 other islands within
- 4 20 miles of that, of Naked Island. There are all these
- 5 small islands out in the little sound and they made these
- 6 fox farms.
- 7 And that's documented in Jim and Nancy
- 8 Lethcoe's book, The History of Prince William Sound.
- 9 Unfortunately he wasn't so good about documenting what
- 10 happened when the fox farms declined except he said when
- 11 many of the fox farms declined, mink and martin were
- 12 replaced.
- MR. BAFFREY: Oh.
- 14 MR. IRONS: And so -- but he didn't say
- 15 they were replaced on which fox farms and which islands.
- MR. BAFFREY: Uh-huh.
- 17 MR. IRONS: So that would have been back in
- 18 the '20s, '30s or '40s. That he's saying that mink were
- 19 brought into the Sound at that time to replace -- these fox
- 20 farmers brought them in because their foxes died out, and
- 21 so they were going to try mink now. And so that's -- if we
- 22 could find those records, you know, of which islands they
- 23 were brought in, that would be an even earlier link than
- 24 the 1952 link to Montague Island.
- MR. BAFFREY: Thanks.

- 1 MR. IRONS: Uh-huh.
- 2 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Any other questions?
- 3 MR. NEIDIG: Mr. Chairman, this is Hans
- 4 Neidig. I have a question. I'm not sure who to address it
- 5 to. Perhaps a scientist, perhaps to Kim. It seems to me
- 6 that the pigeon guillemots are a DOI trust resource that's
- 7 still not recovering, right?
- 8 DR. TRUST: Yes.
- 9 MR. NEIDIG: So I guess my question then
- 10 is, is there some -- is there a better avenue or is there a
- 11 better opportunity to address their population and get them
- 12 to a point of recovery? Is there something else out there
- 13 that we're not seeing or is this a slice of it or is this
- 14 the way that we address these populations?
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: While you're thinking
- 16 about that answer, I had a similar....
- DR. TRUST: Dave has an answer. Good.
- 18 MR. IRONS: I'll go for that, Hans.
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay.
- MR. NEIDIG: Thank you.
- 21 MR. IRONS: Unfortunately or fortunately
- 22 through whatever, I've been around since the oil spill. I
- 23 was working out in the Sound before the spill and so I've
- 24 watched this whole process go through and all the different
- 25 trustee councils and different executive directors and

- 1 science directors, and certainly one of the frustrations
- 2 for the last 17 years has been how to restore these
- 3 populations. Because as we all know today, it's not easy.
- 4 And lots of times there is no direct restoration.
- 5 And that's why the Trustee Council was
- 6 willing to fund a fox removal project way, way, way down on
- 7 the Shumigans, which wasn't very close to Prince William
- 8 Sound because we could actually get some direct
- 9 restoration. And it's always been a challenge. And, you
- 10 know, not more has been done because there's -- it's
- 11 difficult to do. And so I guess I see this as it is, a
- 12 potential opportunity to, you know, make more guillemots.
- 13 And the reason for that is, is because there are predators
- 14 out there that maybe shouldn't be there and may be holding
- 15 them down artificially.
- MR. ROBY: And not just pigeon guillemots
- 17 but a number of other injured species as well, like black
- 18 oyster catchers.
- MR. IRONS: All right. And so it's very
- 20 difficult to come up with good direct restoration projects
- 21 and people have struggled and struggled for the last 17
- 22 years on that. And so I know of no other better way to
- 23 restore pigeon guillemots and to remove predators on Naked
- 24 Island.
- MR. NEIDIG: Okay. Thank you. That helps.

- 1 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. Any other
- 2 questions? Comments? Concerns?
- 3 MR. ZEMKE: Well....
- 4 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Let's see if I can
- 5 summarize where we are. The proposal basically is to go
- 6 out and make a number of determinations, focused
- 7 principally on the issue of why haven't pigeon guillemots
- 8 recovered in the Naked Island area. We know that they were
- 9 adversely affected as a result of the spill. The
- 10 population declined coincident with that. That population
- 11 has not recovered to some level. It certainly remains
- 12 very, very low. The determination by the Trustee Council
- 13 through our status of resources evaluation was that pigeon
- 14 guillemots have not recovered.
- 15 At this stage you are proposing to look at
- 16 two issues that may be influencing the pigeon guillemot
- 17 recovery. The first is the effect of predators,
- 18 particularly mink that may or may not have been introduced
- 19 onto the island by man. And the second is to make a
- 20 determination or evaluation with regard to the food supply
- 21 for the pigeon guillemots, both in terms of quantity and
- 22 quality of the food supply. Do they have enough fish and
- 23 is the lipid level in the fish that they are consuming at
- 24 an adequate level so that they're -- can survive once they
- 25 have fledged.

- 1 If the answer to the second is yes the
- 2 problem is food supply, do you antic -- no, if the answer
- 3 to the second is the quality or quantity of food supply,
- 4 there likely is nothing we can do about it. If the issue
- 5 is mink predation, there likely is something we can do,
- 6 assuming that we have the legal authority and the political
- 7 ability to remove mink from Naked Island and perhaps other
- 8 places.
- 9 Your study is proposing to evaluate those
- 10 issues and you're asking for a certain amount of money to
- 11 do that. And failing to undertake your proposal, we will
- 12 continue to remain in the condition of not knowing,
- 13 continuing to wonder, and not doing anything about pigeon
- 14 guillemots, which we clearly have indicated we need to do
- 15 something about or at least reach the conclusion that there
- 16 is nothing we can do because it's beyond our control or our
- 17 influence.
- 18 My sense is that your proposal, your
- 19 project, will answer two of the most critical questions,
- 20 and if we come out of the other end and we throw up our
- 21 hands, then the Trustee Council is going to have to answer
- 22 the question, are we going to say enough is enough with
- 23 regard to pigeon guillemots. Hopefully you will have come
- 24 back with a recommendation as to a specific restoration
- 25 proposal, which would be the removal of predators that are

- 1 influencing the survivability of pigeon guillemots.
- That is what this is all about. Am I
- 3 correct in my description? Do I have a motion? Do I hear
- 4 a motion with regard to this particular proposal?
- 5 MR. NEIDIG: Mr. Chairman, this is Hans
- 6 Neidig. I would move that we fund this proposal in full.
- 7 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Do I hear a second to
- 8 that?
- 9 MR. ZEMKE: I'll second.
- 10 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. At this point I
- 11 would add a little bit more dialogue, a little bit more
- 12 monologue. One of the important considerations is that you
- 13 interface effectively with the Forest Service, because
- 14 we're dealing in a wilderness area. And if this project is
- 15 approved, there are a number of permutations to what you're
- 16 proposing to do that will have to be coordinated. And that
- 17 has to do with this being a wild -- a wilderness area. And
- 18 we need to be sure that what you're doing is consistent
- 19 with the parameters with the Forest Service in the
- 20 management of this area.
- Does anybody have any comments, questions,
- 22 anything to add to the discussion before we vote?
- 23 (No audible responses)
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hearing nothing, does
- 25 anybody want to call for the question?

- 1 MR. HARTIG: Question.
- 2 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: The question has been
- 3 called for. Roll call vote. Denby?
- 4 MR. LLOYD: Yes.
- 5 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Larry?
- 6 MR. HARTIG: Yes.
- 7 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hans?
- 8 MR. NEIDIG: Yes.
- 9 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Talis?
- 10 MR. COLBERG: Yes.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Steve?
- 12 MR. ZEMKE: Yes.
- 13 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: O'Connor is yes. This
- 14 proposal has been approved.....
- MR. BAFFREY: Wait.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:as presented.....
- MR. BAFFREY: Just as second. I forgot to
- 18 add the -- is there an assumption there that the \$4,900 is
- 19 going to be in project management funds also? Is part of
- 20 the action?
- 21 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I was going to fill in
- 22 that blank for you.
- MR. BAFFREY: Thank you.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay.
- 25 MR. ZEMKE: I guess that's the appropriate

- 1 amount since it's not dual.....
- 2 MR. BAFFREY: Yes.
- 3 MR. ZEMKE:agency.
- 4 MR. BAFFREY: And that's Fish & Wildlife
- 5 Service this time.
- 6 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yes.
- 7 MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 8 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: This is approved
- 9 subject to understanding that the appropriate project
- 10 management funds, whatever they are, will be part of that
- 11 approval. We don't know the exact amount.
- MR. BAFFREY: Yes, we do.
- 13 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Do we? What is that
- 14 amount?
- MR. BAFFREY: \$4,900.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: \$4,900. And are the
- 17 lawyers comfortable that we have adequate direction with
- 18 regard to this project?
- 19 (No audible responses)
- 20 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Moving right along.
- 21 The remaining project for our consideration -- and I don't
- 22 intend to break for lunch.
- MR. BAFFREY: That's good because there is
- 24 none.
- 25 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Good. And -- but I do

- 1 intend to get done by 12:30, so let's proceed. Kim, you're
- 2 slowing us down.
- 3 DR. TRUST: Thank you, David and Dan.
- 4 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yes, thank you guys.
- 5 DR. TRUST: The final proposal is by Brenda
- 6 Konar, recovery of shallow subtidal communities 18 years
- 7 after the Exxon Valdez oil spill. Brenda was funded by the
- 8 Trustee Council a couple of years ago to go out and
- 9 essentially do an inventory of plant and animal species in
- 10 the subtidal areas of Prince William Sound. She did a
- 11 random sampling across the Sound. In some of her points
- 12 she was in or near oil spill area and in many of her
- 13 points, she was not.
- 14 So building on this essentially list of
- 15 plants and animals in the subtidal, she has come back and
- 16 put forth a study in which she would be going out to oiled
- 17 areas of the Sound and unoiled areas of the Sound and
- 18 running transects at similar depths in the subtidal area
- 19 and identifying plants and animal communities at different
- 20 points along the transect line and then coming back and
- 21 determining whether or not those communities were similar
- 22 and then by proxy saying that there is or there is no
- 23 longer an effect of the oil spill on the subtidal
- 24 communities.
- 25 The Trustee Council has determined that the

- 1 subtidal communities are in an unknown category with
- 2 regards to effects of the oil spill at this time. This
- 3 proposal, although scientifically sound, there was no
- 4 problem that the science panel or I had with the technical
- 5 merits of this study, however, the general consensus was at
- 6 this point, given the methods that she was going to use, it
- 7 would be very difficult to determine if there were any
- 8 effects of the oil spill remaining in the subtidal
- 9 community. Not that you couldn't necessarily determine
- 10 that there would be differences in plant and animal
- 11 assemblages, just that then -- what's the word I'm looking
- 12 for here -- determining that it was because of the oil
- 13 spill would be difficult.
- 14 So when Jeff Short has gone out previously
- 15 and he has done some sampling in the subtidal zone and in
- 16 the areas that he has looked, he has not been able to find
- 17 any lingering oil in the subtidal areas, given that it's
- 18 not -- it was not a comprehensive sampling of the subtidal
- 19 zone, he just did it serendipitously when he could, when he
- 20 has been out there.
- 21 And so I think because there would be no
- 22 way to identify or no way to correlate the fact that these
- 23 differences in plant and animal species could be linked to
- 24 original injury of the spill nor to lingering oil because
- 25 it's doubtful that it's -- there is any out there, it's

- 1 probably not a project that would give us any answers with
- 2 regard to the current state of the subtidal community as it
- 3 relates to the spill.
- 4 And even if there were differences and even
- 5 if you could say that there was some injuries still related
- 6 to the spill, it would be very difficult in the subtidal
- 7 community to identify what types of direct restoration
- 8 activities we could do because of it.
- 9 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: And your rec.....
- 10 DR. TRUST: So the recommendation from the
- 11 science panel, and I concur with them, is that this project
- 12 not get funded at this point. However, there was
- 13 discussion among the science panel during their meeting
- 14 that in the future, when the Trustee Council decides on a
- 15 future direction of the program, that maybe some monitoring
- 16 of the subtidal community should be incorporated into any --
- 17 some kind of long term restoration program.
- 18 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: All right. And
- 19 Michael's comments were to the effect that, don't fund it,
- 20 proposal doesn't lead to restoration. It's questionable
- 21 whether the findings will add to our existing knowledge.
- 22 Are there any questions by the trustees to Kim with regard
- 23 to her comments and her recommendation?
- MR. LLOYD: Craig, this is Denby.
- 25 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yes, sir.

- 1 MR. LLOYD: I guess I just want to ask
- 2 clearly whether or not this project has any potential to
- 3 help us understand a change in status of the subtidal
- 4 community. So are you saying that this study would not
- 5 help us change status from recovering to recovered, for
- 6 example?
- 7 DR. TRUST: It's my -- I don't think that
- 8 it would. Back in the mid-'90s when Dean and Jewett went
- 9 out and they did similar work to what is being proposed
- 10 here, they came back with fairly equivocal findings. They
- 11 were -- you know, some things, some animals and plants were
- 12 similar between oiled and unoiled areas. Some things were
- 13 not similar between oiled and unoiled areas. Because there
- 14 was no monitoring prior to the spill in these areas, it was
- 15 very difficult to determine whether these differences were
- 16 the result of the spill or just natural differences that
- 17 occurred because of physical and biological conditions in
- 18 those areas at this time.
- 19 So like I said, it would -- we would be
- 20 able to identify that there may or may not be differences
- 21 but it would be difficult to ascribe a reason for those
- 22 differences that we were seeing.
- MR. LLOYD: Thank you.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Larry or Hans, do you
- 25 have a question or comment?

- 1 MR. HARTIG: No, I don't. This is Larry.
- 2 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hans?
- 3 MR. NEIDIG: And this is Hans. I don't
- 4 either.
- 5 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Talis?
- 6 MR. COLBERG: No.
- 7 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Steve?
- 8 MR. ZEMKE: No.
- 9 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I read your comments
- 10 into the record while you were gone.
- MR. BAFFREY: Thanks.
- 12 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: If you'd like to add
- 13 anything to them.
- MR. BAFFREY: I feel well represented.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Well, I can read.
- 16 That's about the extent of my abilities.
- 17 MR. HARTIG: Mr. Chairman, are we making
- 18 motions in the affirmative?
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Well, I was going to
- 20 solicit a motion in the affirmative. If anybody would like
- 21 to move the approval of this project.
- MR. HARTIG: I'll move to approve.
- 23 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: And do we have a
- 24 second?
- DR. TRUST: You are approving the project?

- 1 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: The motion is to
- 2 approve....
- 3 DR. TRUST: Oh.
- 4 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:the project. I
- 5 will second the motion for purposes of advancing it. Do we
- 6 have any comments?
- 7 MR. ZEMKE: I guess -- well, this -- some
- 8 of the information here may be of value, particularly in
- 9 future monitoring and given our need to maybe look at
- 10 fiscal austerity and kind of some of the discussions that
- 11 maybe the science panel or the Public Advisory Committee
- 12 talked about. I would say that probably shouldn't fund it
- 13 at this period of time. So I'm not going to vote in the
- 14 affirmative.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Any other comments from
- 16 trustees members? I'll do a roll call vote. Denby?
- MR. LLOYD: No.
- 18 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Larry?
- MR. HARTIG: No.
- 20 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I don't think we have
- 21 to go much further....
- MR. BAFFREY: No.
- 23 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR:but just out of
- 24 proforma, does anybody else want their vote recorded?
- 25 (No audible responses)

- 1 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hearing no one else
- 2 wanting their vote recorded, we'll consider that the motion
- 3 failed. We have one administrative item that needs to be
- 4 attended to and I have not been apprised of the need for an
- 5 executive session, so we'll be assuming we have none. So
- 6 at this point, all that remains on the agenda, Mr.
- 7 Executive Director, I believe is simply an administrative
- 8 matter with regard to the Michel project and adjournment.
- 9 Is that correct?
- 10 MR. BAFFREY: That's correct.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. Back to the
- 12 issue of project management fees, one of the -- this seems
- 13 to be a complicated area and we need to get this worked out
- 14 because this is a frustration for us. We need to be sure
- 15 when we approve a project that we are approving an
- 16 appropriate amount of money for the management of that
- 17 project. And the management goes to a state or federal
- 18 agency.
- 19 The Michel project, which we approved at
- 20 the last meeting, we did not do that. The project, once
- 21 again, has project management fees in the amount of \$4,905.
- 22 And we need to approve that money for the management of
- 23 that project. Do I hear a motion accordingly from any
- 24 mem....
- MR. COLBERG: I so move.

- 1 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Do I hear a second?
- 2 MR. LLOYD: Second.
- 3 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Are there any
- 4 questions?
- 5 REPORTER: Who was the second.....
- 6 MR. BAFFREY: Larry.
- 7 REPORTER:please?
- 8 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Oh, I'm sorry. Who
- 9 seconded that?
- MR. LLOYD: Denby.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Denby, that's.....
- 12 REPORTER: Thank you.
- 13 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. I'm sorry. Are
- 14 there any questions by any of the Trustee Council members?
- MR. NEIDIG: Craig, this is Hans.
- 16 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Yes, sir.
- MR. NEIDIG: If we are approving the 49 are
- 18 we approving the formula that I have a copy of here? Or
- 19 are we just approving the 49 to be able to let the
- 20 appropriate agencies figure out how to split that, those
- 21 funds?
- 22 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I believe it's the
- 23 latter.
- MR. BAFFREY: Right.
- 25 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: We know how much we

- 1 need, the formula was run, and this is the answer. You
- 2 guys are comfortable -- Gina, Rita -- that we are in good
- 3 shape?
- 4 (Nods affirmatively)
- 5 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I will call -- someone
- 6 call for the question.
- 7 MR. COLBERG: I'll call.
- 8 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Okay. Roll call.
- 9 Denby.
- MR. LLOYD: Yes.
- 11 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Steve.
- MR. ZEMKE: Yes.
- 13 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Larry.
- MR. HARTIG: Yes.
- 15 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Hans.
- MR. NEIDIG: Yes.
- 17 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Talis.
- MR. COLBERG: Yes.
- 19 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: O'Connor votes yes.
- MR. BAFFREY: Okay.
- 21 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: I would entertain an
- 22 motion to adjourn at this point.
- MR. NEIDIG: Move to adjourn.
- 24 CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Do we have a second to
- 25 that motion?

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MR. COLBERG: Second.

CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: Anybody opposed to adjourning?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN O'CONNOR: The meeting is adjourned. Thank you all very much.

(Off record - 12:29 p.m.)

(END OF PROCEEDINGS)
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)
3) ss.
4	STATE OF ALASKA)
5	I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in
6	and for the state of Alaska and reporter for Computer
7	Matrix Court Reporters, LLC, do hereby certify:
8	THAT the foregoing pages numbered 4 through
9	80 contain a full, true and correct transcript of the
10	Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council's Meeting recorded
11	electronically by me on the 9th day of March 2007,
12	commencing at the hour of 10:37 a.m. and thereafter
13	transcribed under my direction and reduced to print:
14	THAT the Transcript has been prepared at
15	the request of:
16	EXXON VALDEZ TRUSTEE COUNCIL
17	451 W. 5th Avenue, Suite 500
18	Anchorage, Alaska 99501;
19	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska this 20th day of March
20	2007.
21	SIGNED AND CERTIFIED TO BY:
	\mathcal{L}
22 23	Joseph P. Kolasinski
24	Notary Public in and for Alaska
25	My Commission Expires: 03/12/08