## EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL

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TRUSTEE COUNCIL MEETING Wednesday, August 6, 1997 10:30 o'clock a.m.

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Fourth Floor Conference Room 645 G Street Anchorage, Alaska

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## TRUSTEE COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR:

MS. DEBORAH WILLIAMS
Special Assistant to the
Assistant Secretary
(Chair)

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STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT OF LAW:

MR. CRAIG TILLERY
Trustee Representative
for the Attorney General

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STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME: (Telephonically)

MR. FRANK RUE Commissioner

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - U.S. FOREST SERVICE

MR. JIM WOLFE for PHIL JANIK Regional Forester

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE - NMFS: (Telephonically)

MR. STEVE PENNOYER
Director, Alaska Region

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STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION: (Telephonically)

MS. MICHELE BROWN Commissioner

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Proceedings electronically recorded then transcribed by: Computer Matrix, 3520 Knik Ave., Anchorage, AK - 243-0668

1	TRUSTEE COUNCIL STAFF PRESENT:	
2	MS. MOLLY McCAMMON	Executive Director EVOS Trustee Council
3 4	MS. TRACI CRAMER	Director of Administration EVOS Trustee Council
5	MS. REBECCA WILLIAMS	Executive Secretary EVOS Trustee Council
6 7	MS. GINA BELT	Department of Law
	DR. BOB SPIES	Chief Scientist
8	MR. STAN SENNER	Science Coordinator
9 10	MR. ALEX SWIDERSKI	State of Alaska Department of Law
11	MR. BUD RICE	National Park Service
12	MS. MARIE LISOWSKI	U.S. Forest Service
13	MR. STEVE SHUCK	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
14 15	MR. JOE HUNT	Communications Coordinator EVOS Trustee Council
16	MS. CLAUDIA SLATER	Alaska Department of Fish and Game
17	MS. SANDRA SCHUBERT	EVOS Staff
18	MR. BILL HOUSER	Alaska Department of Fish
19		and Game
20	MR. KEN HOLBROOK	U.S. Forest Service
21	MS. VERONICA CHRISTMAN	EVOS Staff
22	MR. DOUG MUTTER	Department of Interior
23	MR. MARK KUWADA	Alaska Department of Fish and Game
24 25	MR. ROB BOSWORTH (Telephonically)	Alaska Department of Fish and Game

1	TRUS	TEE	COUNCIL	STAFF	PRESENT	(Con	tinued)			
2	MR.	DAN	MOORE			,	Alaska Depa and Game	rtment	of	Fish
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## PROCEEDINGS

(On record - 10:39 a.m.)

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Good morning. I would like to call to order the August 6th, 1997 of the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council. We have with us today the following six trustees. Here in Anchorage we have Jim Wolfe representing the Forest Service. We have Craig Tillery representing the Department of Law. I am Deborah Williams representing the Department of Interior. We also have with us in Juneau, fogged in or they would be here physically, Steve Pennoyer representing NOAA/NMFS; Frank Rue representing the Alaska Department of Fish and Game; and Michele Brown representing the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation. Thank you all very much, Trustee Council members, for joining use this morning.

I'd also like to welcome and thank the members of the public and staff members who are with us today.

The first item of business is the approval of the agenda. Are there any recommended additions or corrections to the agenda? Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, I have two changes to the agenda. First of all for the Public Advisory Group report, I'll be giving that report. Mr. Andrews has just returned from a vacation. And then secondly, Item Number 8, the discussion on investments, I will briefly touch on this

during my Executive Director's Report, but at this time we're not prepared to do this until probably September. 2 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. 3 MS. McCAMMON: And then also under Item 7, the 4 discussion on archaeology, this will include a presentation on 5 proposal that's being submitted by Chugach Alaska Corporation 6 7 at that time. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. 8 Any additional corrections other than those submitted by Molly 9 McCammon? 10 11 (No audible responses) CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do I hear a motion to 12 approve the agenda? 13 14 MR. TILLERY: So moved. 15 MR. PENNOYER: So moved. I'll take yours as a 16 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: second, Steve, since Craig beat you. It's been moved by 17 Mr. Tillery, seconded by Mr. Pennoyer to approve the agenda as 18 19 modified. Are there any objections? 20 (No audible responses) 21 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, the motion passes. Second of item of business is the approval of 22 23 the July 2nd, 1997 meeting notes. 24 MR. RUE: Deborah, before we move to that, can

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I note one issue on the agenda?

	Chairwowan D. Williams: les, please, riank.			
2	MR. RUE: I've got a meeting at 11:45 that I			
3	can't miss, so if the executive session that's scheduled for			
4	noon needs someone to sit in on it, I'll have Rob Bosworth			
5	replace me.			
6	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Good, we would			
7	appreciate having Mr. Bosworth there in your place.			
8	MR. RUE: All right, I'll make sure that's			
9	possible.			
10	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Frank.			
11	Okay. Are there any recommended additions or corrections to			
12	the meeting minutes of July 2nd?			
13	(No audible responses)			
14	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do I hear a motion to			
15	approve the minutes?			
16	MR. WOLFE: So moved.			
17	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do I hear a second?			
18	MS. BROWN: Second.			
19	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by			
20	Mr. Wolfe, seconded by Michele Brown to approve the meeting			
21	minutes of July 2nd, 1997 as written. Are there any objection			
22	to the motion?			
23	(No audible responses)			
24	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, the			
25	minutes are passed.			

The next item of business is the Executive Director's Report. Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: Thank you, Madam Chair. In the packet in the red binder you will find a copy of the latest financial report as of June 30th giving the balances in both the liquidity account and in the restoration reserve. I had hoped today to have a report to submit to you from the Alaska State Department of Revenue with some suggested proposals for your consideration about other alternatives for investing both the liquidity account and the reserve account. That report, I received a draft late last week and it needs some modifications still, so I don't think it will be ready until September.

However, I would like just to bring you up to speed on what we are doing. The State is very interested in having the Council consider using the State as the investor of both the liquidity account and the reserve account. They have a number of funds that they do similar kinds of investment strategies for. They have an excellent record in terms of their rate of return. They have a wide variety of investment scenarios to meet different issues, such as the amount of risks the Council wants to have, what kind of liquidity the account needs and various things. And I will be presenting that to you for further discussion in September.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Molly, have you been coordinating with the Department of Justice on this issue at

this preliminary stage in order to find out what our flexibility is given the court order?

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MS. McCAMMON: Given our court order it would require -- to do something different than what we're doing now would require a change in Federal law. And the indications from the Department of Justice from Bill Brighton has been to go ahead and look at various alternatives and that he would be supportive of changing Federal law to allow for this.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, very good. Any other questions for Molly on this item?

MS. McCAMMON: I should mention with this though that I would like to see what it would take in terms of changing Federal law and what kind of a provision we need to add, and I'm sure that we could get either Senator Stevens or Senator Murkowski's staff to help us with that. But I think this is something that if we could do in the next six months it would be really to our advantage to get these funds into something -- into some kind of an account that doesn't charge such high fees especially.

MR. PENNOYER: Deborah.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Steve.

MR. PENNOYER: Yeah, Molly, I'm sorry I missed the question because both what we're going to do with the decision and then after that change in Federal law may take some time, did you have a forecast (indiscernible - phone cut

out)....

MS. McCAMMON: For the time change?

MR. PENNOYER: No, when we would get this all

done, potentially?

MS. McCAMMON: My goal would be to try to have this accomplished by January.

MR. PENNOYER: Okay, thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, any other

questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: I'd also like to bring you up to date on the public information activities that the Council has undertaken this summer, especially with the assistance of Joe Hunt, our Communications Director. Alaska Coastal Currents, the radio program, has been renewed for the next six months. It's now playing statewide from Juneau to Dillingham. We'll be reviewing kind of the results of this effort after this next six month period and seeing whether it should be continued again. At that time, I believe, we'll have 18 months worth of radio programs and it may be time where we can recycle those and use them for the next year and a half. It's unclear whether we need to do another show -- another series after this, but it will be on for the next six months.

And in conjunction with the radio show we're also doing

newspaper columns that Jody Seitz who produces the radio series has also done, edited by Joe Hunt here on our staff. And those have appeared in the Peninsula Clarion, the Eagle River/Chugiak Star, the Valdez Vanguard, the Cordova Times and the Valdez Star. And you have copies under news clips of where those articles have appeared. And I think this has been another way of getting information about the Restoration Program and the research activities out into the general public. And again we'll be checking on those as time goes by to see what the response is and to see whether this is a worthwhile effort.

As most of you can tell we're being filmed right now by the documentary crew which is doing the documentary for the Trustee Council.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: The Juneau people look good.

MR. RUE: I have two cameras in my office.

MS. McCAMMON: I've been told that you're going

to be morphed in.

But they've been out in the field extensively this summer and fortunately we've had a fabulous summer, so they're on schedule, on track. They've been able to film all of the research projects and the habitat acquisitions that have been scheduled thus far. I think they have one major field trip left to go this summer. The source reel which is a reel for use by commercial stations or non-profit groups or the agencies

themselves will be available September 30th and this will be approximately three hours of raw footage for folks to use for various purposes.

As well as a smaller one to be used for supplementing news stories. If CBS News, for example, wants some back up film for a news story then we would have the video to provide to them for that. And in addition we'll have still photographs also for all these areas. We've had both a videographer and a still photographer going on all of these trips so we should have it in both mediums.

The promotional video talking about the Council and the purpose of the Council and describing what the Council's efforts are is due December 31st. And then the full documentary is due September 30th, 1998. And so this winter we'll be working a lot on a script and getting that pulled together.

But the good news is that so far it's going very well. The filming has been exactly on time, they've been able to get everywhere. They've gotten great shots of Kenai Fjords, of Jackpot, Eshamy, the Chenega lands. They've been to Shuyak Island, to Afognak, Kodiak. I think they've got the eastern portion of Sound still to do, Eyak, Tatitlek.

In addition Joe has been working on developing a major exhibit at the SeaLife Center about the Council's restoration efforts and that exhibit would open next May when the full

facility opens and be there probably until about January of '99. At that time we're trying to find a place for it to come and be in Anchorage, perhaps the museum here, some other location. And that would be through the 10th anniversary. And then following that we have to make a decision about whether it's worthwhile to send the display traveling elsewhere through the country or what to do with it after that.

In addition Joe is putting together and developing small traveling exhibits for the spill area communities, focusing on the restoration, research, the results of the Council's efforts, the Habitat Acquisition Program, and things of that nature, so that's being put together too.

Another kind of new event is that a private commercial manufacturer is creating a puzzle from the Council's ecosystem poster, and I know we don't have a copy of the poster here, but it will be used as an educational poster and there will be information that the Council provides in the box describing the resources and the status of those resources.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do we get any proceeds from that?

MS. McCAMMON: No. That's a private contractor who's doing that and he's working with the creator, the artist, who did the poster on that. But the Council will be acknowledged in it and recognized.

And then finally we're working on a book for the 10th

anniversary, and as you know we've discussed this in the past, 1 how the book would look and how extensive it would be. 2 coming down, I think, to being a more extensive, full color 3 annual report, so instead of maybe 40 or 50 pages it would 4 probably be something like 100-110 pages, bound, using nice 5 glossy paper, four color photographs and reporting on the Council's efforts to date, not just the results for the past 7 year. And we'll be passing around to all the agencies and the work force for review in the next month or so various outlines 9 of that and different ways of going about that. We're looking 10 at -- one of the options is having -- hiring a private writer 11 to do some essays in it, to bring it more as feature -- to give 12 it more of a feature style. Another option would be making it 13 more of a report style, so we're going back and forth with 14 different options there. 15

And then finally you're probably seen the newsletter, it's an ongoing project, it goes out approximately every six to eight weeks and we have another one coming out probably next week is the next newsletter and so.....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions or comments for Molly on the public outreach efforts?

MR. PENNOYER: Molly, on the book itself, Bruce is here with me, I understand you are, at some point, get around to us kind of an in depth outline for discussion?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

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MR. PENNOYER: Great. Thank you.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes. And this is a book that would used -- most likely it would go to all of the participants in the 10th anniversary symposium and then possibly be available and we haven't decided whether it's something that should be sold or just handed out, it depends on what the final cost is.

MR. PENNOYER: Great, thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or

comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: Restoration reserve planning. Somewhere in all the materials, supplemental materials that you've received, you should have both a time line and a draft issue paper that was put together for the Public Advisory Group. And I just wanted to note for your attention here that we have embarked on a major planning effort for the restoration reserve. We had our first discussion with the Public Advisory Group in July. That wasn't a very extensive discussion, however, we plan a more lengthy one to two day meeting on this.

I think it should be in this part here. There it is.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Oh. Do the Council members in Juneau have this? It's entitled "Scheduled for Restoration Reserve Planning".

MR. PENNOYER: Yes.

MR. RUE: Yes, I do.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Did you find it Council members here? Okay, very good. Go ahead.

MS. McCAMMON: But just to go through the time line real briefly with you, the next couple of months we plan on, and we have already started this meeting with various groups, with the Public Advisory Group. The PAG especially ask that we contact the University of Alaska and ask them to appoint a representative, a contact person, during this planning process, so they're more closely involved in the planning effort with the community facilitators and with others discussing the various options for use of the reserve. The PAG intends to conduct a work session, probably one to two days, in early November, approximately November 5th and 6th. The staff by that time would have put together a draft options paper and they'll be commenting on that and responding.

In December the Council itself would decide which options to consider further and actually go out for further discussion and further review. After that staff would prepare a brochure similar to the brochure that was done for the restoration planning effort nearly five years ago now.

These options -- this would also be a topic of discussion at the workshop on January 29th and 30th. And then in February and March we would hold public workshops and

meetings on the various options in the spill area communities and also in Fairbanks, Anchorage and Juneau. And it would be our goal to go to all of the communities in the spill area, so this would be a very intensive -- we'd probably have several teams going out so that we could make sure we covered all of the communities.

The close of the comment period on those options would be in May, after that we would prepare a report on those comments, the Public Advisory Group would review them and make a recommendation in July. Following that recommendation the Council would make a preliminary decision on the reserve and distribute that for public comment. The Public Advisory Group would again, following additional public comment, would have a chance to review and comment with the final decision by the Council in October of 1998.

So if anyone has -- this kind of a schedule is definitely a working document as we go through, and if there are any suggestions in terms of additional groups to contact or comments in terms of the time line here just let me know at any time.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Molly, I have one question and I would anticipate other Council members do also. I noticed down here May '98 it says close of public comment period. I don't see where the comment period is officially opened and so when does this activity agenda suggest that the

comment period would be officially opened?

MS. McCAMMON: It would be in December of '97 with the brochure and that would be distributed to our entire mailing list and the opening of the public comment period.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. And so in terms of getting public comment before a December meeting on which options to consider further, we are not soliciting -- officially soliciting public comment on that?

MS. McCAMMON: We'll have comment from the Public Advisory Group on which options. And the idea of this, and maybe the Council would like to do it differently, but the idea was rather than having it completely open ended, actually trying to put a few parameters or sideboards in terms of what possibilities the Council is really seriously considering instead of having it completely wide open at that time.

reaction right now, and I'll be anxious to hear other people's comments. This is, you know, just an inclination, rebuttable presumption, but that is to ask the public some time in maybe early October to just present options and not have to go into great detail on the options, but I would like -- maybe there are options out there we're not considering that the PAG would like to be aware of, that we would like before us in September, but with the idea that there would be a call for public comments on options in early October and then when PAG meets in

November they could have that public input which I think would assist them in developing their recommendations and then would assist us. That's just a....

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Steve.

MR. PENNOYER: Yeah, you got -- I guess that's sort of like what happens in 1998, and I guess the December '97 sideboards are what of most concerns here. It looks to me like staff and university and PAG are doing some scoping before we get to that point and then that what we send out ought to be broad enough to garner public comment without people thinking this is sort of an already done deal, which in my mind it certainly not, and then that public response in some detail, maybe including additional options, is what comes into us by mid-'98, so I think have you not sort of moved that '98 spring focus back to this fall and Molly's really allowing for more time than that then this, or am I missing something?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Pennoyer, yes, we are -this is similar to a scoping process. I guess my fear about
just going out with "anybody with your idea come forward", is
we could get a whole gambit of -- it may give people the
feeling that it is totally open and that basically there's a
pot of money out there that could be used for any purpose.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, I guess -- my point was, what I remember options as sort of categories of options

that would be considered, like we're not going to consider anything out of the spill area; we're not going to have to tie it to restored species; we got to provide for certain monitoring requirement; things like that, rather than us very specifically getting down to this pot of money for this and this pot of money for that. I thought that's what you intended, Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: That's correct.

was suggesting, Steve, was if we were to ask for public comment on options in October, we make it very clear the kind of types or categories of options we're interested in soliciting public comment on, so it would be completely a open-ended call for public comment on options. We'd say somewhat similar, and hopefully you have the restoration reserve fund PAG issue paper, revised. It has issues. It has a series of questions, purpose of fund, financial management, and so we could ask the public to give comment on those questions. We could specify a series of questions that we're really seeking public comment on.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, is not the intent that the PAG do that for us. I'm not -- maybe I don't understand what the PAG is proposing to do here.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: I guess that's one question, whether the PAG would like to solicit those public

comments so that they would have greater comfort, that they had, you know, the full spectrum of options in front of them that they would then recommend to us.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, what we could do is we're planning to have this as one of the articles in our next newsletter and we could do something a little more expansive in that and actually call for public comments in the newsletter regarding this issue. And actually have it as a formal comment period with get your comments in by a certain deadline and the Public Advisory Group will take these into account when they formulate their recommendations. And that this won't be the first opportunity but the initial at the very beginning of the planning process.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

MS. McCAMMON: So we can easily incorporate that into the newsletter and then have a public comment period in that fashion.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right. I would recommend and endorse that.

Any other Trustee comment?

MR. WOLFE: Yes.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Jim.

MR. WOLFE: Just an observation. To me this needs to tier to the Restoration Plan some how or other because we do have a plan on the table and this needs to step down or

go one step further or supplement the plan to some degree. So if we build that into your newsletter or whatever it is that you're putting together to start kicking this off, I think it might help focus some of what Deborah is talking about.

MR. RUE: I think that that was one of the questions, wasn't it, Madam Chair? This is Frank.

MS. McCAMMON: Well it is one of the questions as to whether this actually does require revision of the Restoration Plan, whether it's just basically another form of implementation, a supplement or whichever, but that is a big question.

MR. RUE: Right. I thought it was good to have the question out there, Jim, rather than predisposing folks, you know, are we still following the Restoration Plan; would you propose that we do or could this be used for a different or a narrower purpose.

MR. WOLFE: Yeah, I....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: And, Jim, that is one of the questions that is raised here as you may know.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yeah. And I was taking a position, I was just saying does it tier or does it supplement.....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

MR. RUE: But different from.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

MS. McCAMMON: I think some of it depends on 1 what the Council ends up actually wanting to do with the 2 Restoration Plan. It could be just a -- basically a further 3 implementation of the existing plan. 4 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. 5 MR. RUE: Right. 6 MR. WOLFE: So it would tier. 7 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right. I think we 8 could certainly recommend that commenters reacquaint themselves 9 10 with the Restoration Plan so they can answer that question more 11 thoughtfully. 12 MR. RUE: Okay, as long as we're not taking a position at this point. 13 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: 14 That's right. 15 MR. RUE: Good. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: 16 I think that's absolutely right. I do think that's appropriate to leave that 17 open-ended. 18 19 MR. RUE: Good. 20 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or comments on the proposed plan -- on the proposed schedule? 21 (No audible responses) 22 23 MS. McCAMMON: And, Madam Chair, we'll be working real closely with the Trustee agencies and with the 24

Public Advisory Group and the attorneys as we go through

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developing the various options here and the information that's given to everyone for consideration.

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Good. And who made the trip to the Anchorage Daily News Editorial Board?

MS. McCAMMON: This was months ago giving a status report on the program. It was surprising.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Molly, next issue.

MS. McCAMMON: The next issue is habitat protection and in your packet are two updated reports on the Small Parcel Program and the Large Parcel Program. We continue to make progress on the acquisitions in the Small Parcel Program, those acquisitions that are currently under consideration. The number that we're currently working on is actually fairly small. The Kenai Native Association package is still not complete. Overlook Park and Ninilchik have some final details to be done before those can be complete acquisitions. KAP 91, the Adonga Parcel, I've been told is complete and ready to go to the court for funds and we'll be doing that shortly.

Other than that the Salamatof Parcels in the Kenai Refuge are being reappraised. There's some issues regarding the Homer Spit Parcels that require some additional title work and probably some additional survey work, so those are probably a couple of weeks away. Those in particular do have a time

constraint attached to them because they have options that will be expiring and I believe they've already expired once and have had to been renewed. So the proposers of those parcels, once the appraisals have gone through all the various reviews and if they do get approved would like the Council to consider them in a fairly timely fashion just because of those options expiring.

And then in addition Valdez Duck Flats and Jack Bay are still on the table and we're trying to get those completed.

But if you look at the number of parcels that have been under consideration there's been a lot of movement made in terms of cleaning these up and getting them completed.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MR. PENNOYER: Molly, I forget, when do the Homer Spit options expire?

MS. McCAMMON: Well a number of them have already expired and they've had to renew them.

MR. PENNOYER: I was wondering when the next option expires.

MS. McCAMMON: I believe it expires in early September. What they are hoping is if the title work and the survey work gets done in the next two weeks that the Council could consider it in early to mid-September. So if it's acceptable to the Council what we would probably do is have a teleconference meeting if there were some other items to

discuss at that time.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or comments on small parcels?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: Large Parcel Program, there's not too much new to report. We do have an executive session scheduled at noon, there are some issues regarding the Tatitlek acquisition and Afognak Joint Venture that we'll be discussing in executive session. And the only other thing I guess I have to report is that there will be a meeting with Koniag later in August, but otherwise there's nothing new to report there.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Any questions or comments on Large Parcel Acquisition Program?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: The next item I wanted to bring to your attention was the project status report and again this was in a packet that was sent down to Juneau last night and the Council members should have it here as part of their separate packet. As of June 30th, 1997 a total of 170 project reports have been peer reviewed and accepted by the Chief Scientist. Of these, 129 are available to the public through OSPIC and other libraries around the state. And as you can see there's about 40-41 project reports that although they've been approved

they haven't been finalized, and that's our next task is to make sure that once all the final approvals get done that these get a fairly quick turnaround so that they can be available to the public.

A couple of months ago, probably more than a couple of months ago, you asked for a recommendation on what to do with the NRDA reports, those that had not been completed or in some cases never done. We're still in the process of developing a recommendation and budget for finalizing these. We're very close to finishing that, there's just some final information we need to get from Fish and Game in order to do that. We did include some additional funds in the administration budget to allow for some additional staff time to finalize these project reports and also for copying and printing costs. And I'll go through that when we go through the 100 budget.

In addition we've been working with the Chief Scientist because not only do the PIs have a responsibility for the reporting process but the Chief Scientist does too in terms of coordinating peer review. And the backlog of reports that are undergoing peer review has been substantially improved and we're down now to only about eight reports that are on the Chief Scientist backlog and it's our goal to get these done in the next few months so that those are also caught up.

So I think overall we've made good progress on the reports. I do have some concern with those reports that are in

Attachment B, these are the reports that we consider to be egregiously overdue. In many cases they were never submitted. In some cases the PI is no longer there and in some cases the work has been undertaken by someone else in the agency, but someone who is not funded to do this work, so they're doing these kinds of reports in addition to their other duties, kind of on any extra time that they have. And I do have concern about trying to get these additional reports completed and any assistance from the Trustees in doing so would be greatly appreciated.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: A lot of things here in (phone cut out). In general you're going to tie this into the '98 project request at some point then? And I forget, some of these that obviously are not ongoing, the project ended, the people left, they're obviously not seeking new funds for '98. How do we deal with that?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Pennoyer, that is the problem. I think we've been pretty successful at making sure that no new funds are given to those PIs who have late reports or who have not made arrangements for turning in late reports. In some cases there's data that's missing or it's contingent on getting some sample analysis from another lab and they've been having problems getting that and so these are understandable

acceptable justifications for a delay in a report.

The ones in B, for the most part, we've just had a real problem getting them. And if they aren't seeking additional funds we don't have much of a hammer over these individuals.

MR. PENNOYER: Are the agencies in these cases seeking funds for similar work though, do you know if somebody else is doing it?

MS. McCAMMON: Well the agencies are seeking funds for other kinds of research work, often somewhat related.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Trustee Council members, I can say this because DOI has, unfortunately, two projects on here. How about if we all commit, the Trustee Council members who have projects on Attachment B commit to having either ourselves or the primary PI report to Molly on the status of the report in let's say the next month?

MR. PENNOYER: Yeah, NOAA's got one on there too. I can do that. I'm not -- and maybe that then tells you something about where we need to go from there.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

MR. PENNOYER: It's an update status type thing and then (phone cut off) better idea. Thank you. Sure.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Frank, you....

MR. RUE: Madam Chair, I missed Steve's comments, the phone just sort of blanks out sometime.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: I think Steve was in

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general concurrence.

MR. RUE: Where we would have the individual staff members who are tardy tell us why?

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, and either report directly to Molly or through us.

MR. RUE: All right. I don't have a problem with that.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: So that by the end of -- well, let's say by the end of August unless there is some field reason they can't do so. Molly would have explanations and hopefully time lines for each of these projects.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, I guess the decision on what do about that should be based on some better information (phone cut out) reasons (phone cut out) we may have a lot of this already but maybe we do need just a summary discussion of some form.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. And then I think Molly at the next meeting could bring back any information that she's gotten from the primary PIs or from us on each of these projects.

MR. RUE: Actually, Madam Chair, if I could add something. I think that it would be useful for each of the agencies to sit down with Molly and go over these projects so that we understand what the problem is individually and still give the report you're suggesting, but I think we also -- I

reports I plan to sit down with Molly and go through these and 2 find out from her perspective what's been going on and then 3 I'll have to meet with individuals within the Department. Yes, that would be CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: 5 I'm just trying to get a commitment that we'll try and 6 do this this month. 7 MR. RUE: Yeah. 8 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, do all the 9 Trustee Council members, there's just DOI, ADF&G, DEC and NOAA, 10 do the four of us concur with that? 11 Yes, Madam Chair. 12 MS. BROWN: 13 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. All right, thank you. 14 Thank you, I think that will be 15 MS. McCAMMON: 16 helpful. Any other questions or 17 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: comments on the progress report? 18 (No audible responses) 19 20 Okay, Molly. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: 21 MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, the only other item 22 that I did want to bring up today was just real briefly on the

Chenega Clean Up Project. Just to let you know that the

project did end, the workers, clean up workers, are out of the

field as of July 18th, I believe. Following the completion of

need to sit down since ADF&G has the large majority of the

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the clean up the NOAA team was back in the Sound taking samples from those sites that had been cleaned. They were there in May before the clean up occurred. They went again in July after the clean up had been undertaken and then they will go back again a year from now, I think next May or June, and also do samples at that time.

And they are taking samples for two purposes. One is to test the biological effects of the clean up. From their observations and early analysis of some of the samples they believe that the biological effects are subtle if at all, so they believe that basically just from their preliminary look at things that there was not biological effect from the clean up.

They'll also be testing for the effectiveness of the clean up, taking a look at before and after sites to see how much oil they thought was picked up and the effectiveness of the use of the treatment procedure.

And I do have some photos here, and those in Juneau won't be able to see them, but there are some photos taken in May and July of before and after sites of both the oiling and also of the vegetation and I think they're pretty informative. And there's additional ones in the packet there. And we can make sure that those of you in Juneau get a chance to look at these too.

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: There was a pretty rigorous monitoring plan put together for this. Is there going to be follow-up report of some sort that comes out for us?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes, they will have a more extensive report, I think, for the December meeting on the results of the monitoring for this year. But what NOAA has told me is that really the truth will be a year from now with the monitoring that they do in a year. But we would have a preliminary report by the December meeting.

MR. WOLFE: Okay. And one final question then.

This was a two phase, started out as a two phase but I

understand that they finished all of the work in the first

phase, all the clean up work in the first phase.

MS. McCAMMON: There were eight beach segments that were determined to be high priority. Because of how much funding was available and just getting into the field a couple of days late they were able to complete clean up on five of those segments. However, it was satisfactory to the community of Chenega that the other three were not cleaned.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: There was one that they couldn't get to, the landing craft couldn't get to because of reef-type shelf opposite the beach so they weren't able to actually physically get on to that portion of the beach. And the other two had very small amounts of oil and people felt comfortable

with the fact that they didn't get to those.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or comments about the Chenega beach clean up?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, that concludes my report for today.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you very much.

Any other questions or comments of Molly at this time?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, we'll then move into the next agenda item which is the Public Advisory Report and as Molly informed us previously she'll be giving the report.

MS. McCAMMON: The Public Advisory Group met here in Anchorage on July 16th, we had excellent representation, there were only a couple of members of the Advisory Group who were not able to attend. The primary purpose of the meeting was to review the draft Work Plan and provide comments to the Council on the draft Work Plan.

We did have the opportunity though to discuss a number of other items. One was the restoration reserve and we did have some preliminary discussion on that. The PAG is very interested in actively participating in the planning process in this and they would like to schedule a one to two day work

session in November to really focus on this. They've already been spending a lot of time thinking about it and I think have some good ideas.

In addition we talked a little bit about the archaeology planning project and there was some discussion among the PAG members about that. I talk to them about the fact that we hadn't received any new information from the villages concerning their plans for individual repositories. There were various views expressed about the importance of either having communities have their own repositories or of looking further at the possibility of a regional repository just given the difficulty in financing them.

The actual recommendation concerning the Work Plan was to approve the draft recommendations that were submitted to them for their review with a few exceptions. And these exceptions were on an individual basis, they were not done by the entire PAG. So overall the entire PAG supported the draft Work Plan. Torie Baker did not approve of not funding the herring spawn deposition study. Stacy Studebaker asked for more information on the handling of live otters at the Alaska SeaLife Center. Chip Dennerlein wanted immediate funding for the human use wildlife study project. And Pam Brodie also wanted the Mariner Park Project funded as soon as possible.

In addition they did have some discussion, and this is back to the reserve, about asking the University of Alaska to

prepare a plan for how they would spend the reserve funds. And after much discussion the PAG not to -- they did not vote on that, but they asked I contact the university and have them identify a contact so that they were actively involved in our planning discussions.

And the only final item on the Public Advisory Group is that we do have a field trip to Kodiak scheduled for September 10th and 11th. We plan on going the morning of the 10th flying over Shuyak Island and Afognak Island, touring the Alutiiq Museum, the fisheries, Tech Center, Near Island, seeing Termination Point and Long Island and doing all that and having a public meeting all on the first day. And then the second day splitting up into three separate groups, going out to three of the villages, having meetings in those communities, visiting with folks in those communities and then on the way back flying over the Southern Kodiak lands. So this is all weather permitting of course.

But that is planned and as in the past we've had a number of agencies participate in it. We're trying not to have a boat trip planned for this one because we have bad luck with boat trips. We seem to get bad weather with them so we'll try to stay in the air this time and on foot.

And that, I think, pretty much concludes their report.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions or comments on the PAG report?

1	(No audible responses)
2	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, hearing none, I
3	believe we're ready to begin our public comment period. Could
4	we start by identifying what remote sites are on line.
5	MR. MEACHAM: Juneau is on line.
6	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right.
7	REPRESENTATIVE HODGINS: Kenai is on line.
8	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: And Juneau and Kenai,
9	do you have anyone there who wishes to testify?
10	MR. MEACHAM: This is Chuck Meacham and there's
11	nobody here other than myself. I do have one request though
12	and that is that the time line for restoration reserve fund
13	planning be faxed to the Juneau LIO, please.
14	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, we will do that.
15	Rebecca.
16	MS. R. WILLIAMS: Yes.
17	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. And, Chuck, do
18	you wish to testify any further?
19	MR. MEACHAM: No, I don't, thank you.
20	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, thank you. Do
21	we have anyone at Kenai that wishes to testify?
22	REPRESENTATIVE HODGINS: This is Representative
23	Mark Hodgins and we have one other person here but they don't
24	wish to testify at this time, thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Representative, do you

1 wish to testify yourself? No, I do not. REPRESENTATIVE HODGINS: 2 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, thank you very 3 much. Do we have any other remote sites on? 4 HOMER LIO: Homer is on, Pamela Brodie, 5 however, she doesn't wish to testify but she would like a copy 6 of that time line. 7 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. We'll sent 8 that to Homer also. And we'll send it to Kenai also. 9 there's no one then at Homer that wishes to testify? 11 HOMER LIO: Right. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, I will check --12 we're a little early, we announced that this would start at 1.3 11:30 so I'll check back with each of the remote sites before 14 15 we close the public comment period. Any other remote sites? 16 17 COOPER LANDING LIO: Yes, Cooper Landing is on. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. And is 18 there anyone in Cooper Landing that wishes to testify? 19 20 COOPER LANDING LIO: There are two people, Nina Cornett and Charles Brooks. 21 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Excellent. All right. 22 I'm just trying to take assessment right now of what we have. 23 Any other remote sites. All right, it looks like we have 24

several public members here in Anchorage, but it's unclear

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very large intrusive nature of the project has not been reduced and the design will, in fact, block disabled people from fishing the river. That was my first point.

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Concerning the second point. We were told Monday that we were the only people who object to the project. Many of you may have been told that in fact. We think it's important to dissuade you of this notion, so Monday afternoon we spent two or three hours collecting signatures here in Cooper Landing and we got about 25 signatures in that time. And that number may not seem like a lot to you but as a percentage of population that's like collecting 10,000 signatures in Anchorage. I wanted to mention to you, too, that the signers have two things in common. First of all they have been involved, lived in or being involved with Cooper Landing for a very long time and they all know the Russian River very well.

My third point has to do with the Alaska Fish and Game involvement. We understand that their role in the project has been curtailed. We were told Monday that the funding route is being revised to exclude Fish and Game and that Alaska Statute 16 is not applicable. The rationale on Statute 16 was that the Forest Service has only two metal gratings into river under this plan and if they were removed Fish and Game would have no jurisdiction. Now there are already more than two gratings in the river, but anyway, that argument completely misses the point.

The Forest Service is going to funnel all the fishermen into the river through 25 entry points, just 25. That funneling process will totally change fishermen traffic patterns on the actual bed of the river for more than a mile up and down the river. That, along with the rest of the project, is going to have an impact that of a lot more important than two metal gratings. You know this is the Russian River we're talking about here and we think it's really at risk and whatever the issues, the merits of funding pads or Statute 16 applicability, we think it's just absolutely essential that Fish and Game have an oversight role in this.

I'd like to recap those three points. And this first one, and we can't emphasize it too much, is it's important to have full Fish and Game involvement. Secondly, there is significant opposition to this project, we are really not the only people who are concerned. And finally and most important, the project is just bad for the river. None of the concerns have been accommodated and we strongly recommend that you not fund the project in its present form.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you very much for your testimony, Ms. Cornett. Are there any Council questions?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: I do have one. We did receive a fax copy of your testimony, thank you for sending

that. I do not believe that we have received a copy of your petition and signatures. Can you tell us, Ms. Cornett, what the preface on the petition stated?

MS. CORNETT: Yes. Just a moment while I get that.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you.

MS. CORNETT: We would certainly be happy to fax that later, but the preface says: The undersigned request that the Russian River Angler Trail Project be reduced to essential erosion control and habitat restoration work and that the following parts of the project be eliminated. The electric tram, the toilet on the river flood plain, the widening and graveling of the fisherman's trail, much of the board (phone cut out) and the wide trail from the bluff to the river which (phone cut out) such all terrain vehicles and snowmachines. And then what we have is signatures and addresses and in a few cases phone numbers.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Are there other questions and comments?

MR. RUE: Yeah, this is Frank, I think I have a question.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Frank.

MR. RUE: Ms. Cornett, have you discussed an alternative that you think would work both physically and beyond sort of the minimum restoration and access, and/or a

process that you think could bring people together and perhaps come up with a project that folks felt maintained the values of the river but also allowed for public access?

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MS. CORNETT: Well, first of all let me -- yes, to some extent we have done that. And I'd like to come back to the public access thing. We met with the project manager, Deidra Saint-Louis, down on the river and we walked the river. And we had the opportunity not only to look at what she wanted to show us but also to show her the very great habitat damage that was caused this year by the Forest Service's installation of what they call the White Trail, which is in fact the not yet finished but in place version of a trail from the bluff down to the river, and we sent pictures to the Council. And she told us that she would reconvene a working group and that she had some ideas about how to change things. And we in turn made some suggestions about places where they might use flat rubber matting, which they have in one place on the river now, instead of the intrusive boardwalk, and some things like that.

And we hope and anticipate that we'll be a part of this working group but so far we have heard informally that there may be a meeting on the 18th of August, but we haven't been formally contacted or invited to come. We think that it would be -- we think that it's likely that we could work very well with Ms. Saint-Louis and that we probably could get together and do something for the good of the river. And, you know, we

would certainly like the opportunity to do that, but unfortunately if, you know, if the vote is over today, you know, that opportunity may be lost, so we're worry about that.

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I'd like to come back to access to the river, too. One of the things that we're really worried about is the fact that the basic problem with the river already is too much access. You know we watched it since '62 and as each new access comes in, all the facilities on the top of the bluff and then the boardwalks that kept people from having to wade through sloughs or detour around them, that kind of a thing, that this traffic has gotten heavier and heavier along the river and, of course, that's the major part of the reason for the damage for the river so when we say permit access I guess I would say that we would want to be extremely cautious about increasing access because I think we would increase the problems for the river. But within those parameters, yes, we think that probably we could work together to work something out. We have some other people who are interested in that.

MR. RUE: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are there any other questions or comments from the Council?

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: Molly, would you key us specifically to this project and the action required on it?

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Pennoyer, would 3 you like any further explanation? 4 MR. PENNOYER: Perhaps when we get to it, yes. 5 MS. McCAMMON: We'll have further discussion 6 7 once we get to it in the discussion this afternoon. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. 9 MR. PENNOYER: Thank you. 10 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or 11 comments? 12 (No audible responses) 13 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. Cornett, thank you 14 very much. 15 MS. CORNETT: I appreciate the opportunity. And I have some additional statement. If you'll permit me 16 17 another 30 seconds there is one thing that I'd like to add. 18 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Certainly. MS. CORNETT: On Monday we were told that 19 20 basically whether the EVOS Council funds this or not the Forest Service has plenty of money, it'll go forward. And I just have 21 two comments on that one. One is that because someone else 22 23 might be willing to fund a bad project it doesn't mean I think that the EVOS Council would necessarily want to. 24 25 second one it that the question comes up in my mind that if the

MS. McCAMMON:

98180 and it's in the Work Plan under Habitat Improvements.

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Madam Chair, that's Project

Forest Service indeed has all kinds of money, as I think the phrase was to us on Monday, I wonder why they are asking for Council money when there are so very many good causes that need that money and that don't have other sources for funding.

And with having said that then I'm going to turn the phone over to Mr. Brooks and let him await his turn.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. Cornett, I usually don't ask witnesses to name names but who made that statement on Monday?

MS. CORNETT: In each of these references in the testimony to being informed on Monday, all those refer to a phone call we had with Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Well, I would like to correct the record on a lot the things that she said here.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Please, Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: First of all, what I stated was that I'd been told that this was a small portion of the project and that if the Council did not fund this portion that the other portions of the project were going to go ahead anyway because the substantial funding, the majority of the funding, came from other sources.

MS. CORNETT: And indeed I agree with you. You would be funding about one-third of that and that's correct.

But you did also mention, I believe, that the Forest Service had lots and lots of money as a result of the -- you said flood

money and I assume that's a result of the '95 flood, but I don't really want to state that as a fact because I'm not sure what was referred to when you....

MS. McCAMMON: I'm not sure I said lots and lots of money but I know that they did receive funding as a result of damage to the various systems from the flood and I assume it was in 1995. I don't think I called it lots and lots of money but that that was the primary source of their additional funding for it.

In addition what I had said is that thus far you had been the only people that we had heard from with the exception of one other individual regarding the project.

MS. CORNETT: Actually what you said was.....

MS. McCAMMON: I don't really think we need to get into this.....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. Cornett, I do not want to debate this back and forth.

MS. CORNETT: Of course not.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you.

MS. McCAMMON: And the only other item that I would like to clarify on though is on Fish and Game's role.

And again what I had told her is that there were two views of this issue that I had been hearing from both Fish and Game and the Forest Service and I was trying to give her a little bit of the discussion that I had heard from the Forest Service as well

as from Fish and Game. And that I was hearing two different perspectives on the whole issues of Title XVI.

MS. CORNETT: And I appreciate that and I tried to make that clear. And you had, in fact, given the Forest Service rationale for that, why it was felt that that was not applicable. And the thing that I am trying to do here is to say whatever the individual pros and cons of either of those two issues, this is a very important river and it's probably the premier salmon river in terms of usage in Alaska. And it's very important that Fish and Game have a role in this thing. And that is not meant as a criticism. You and I had, in fact, you know, did not (phone cut out) by mentioning your name to suggest that in a pejorative way, I just simply wanted to counter what seemed to be some prevalent beliefs and comments out there.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you,

Ms. Cornett. Any....

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MS. McCAMMON: You want to correct the record

too?

MR. WOLFE: I normally try not to react to some of these, but I think I also need to state our position on the record also and that's that any substantive requirements that Fish and Game has we, the Forest Service, would do our best to

try to comply with those, so I don't think that is an issue.

There are some administrative procedures which we have

differing opinions on but substantive requirements we will try

to comply with to the extent that we can.

The other thing is, is this project did go through an extensive public involvement, NEPA process, an EA was prepared, a decision was made and the whole project was not appealed during the appeal process, and so all of these positions that are coming up at this point in time are inconsistent with all the comments that were gathered during the NEPA process.

The one thing that we do know is that this process is considered to be consistent with the Kenai River Management Plan, which includes some things, particularly as it relates to the boardwalks, that we feel is probably over-designed for that particular site. But to be consistent with the plan the Forest Service is trying to incorporate that into and has incorporated that into the their design, so while we don't totally disagree with Ms. Cornett over some portions of it, there are some portions of it where a boardwalk of some sort is appropriate.

I guess as far as the access is concerned, we didn't change the access, all we're trying to do is to improve the access that is already there. The ability for people to get to the river is outside of our control to a great extent, but once we get to the river we want to be able to minimize and provide facilities, a trail primarily, and limit the areas where they

can go into the river to minimize the damage to the stream banks. So the access issue, I have a hard time understanding that concern.

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The toilet, you know, there's some comment about the toilet that's being included in this. We're talking about several thousand people along the river with no access to restroom facilities without walking, in some cases, about a half a mile. We find that as totally unacceptable and it was a consensus and one of the highest priorities for the folks that were involved in the scoping process and directing -- this is public people, that were directing the Forest Service and providing us with advise and counsel during the project. So while the Cornetts may disagree with it, the majority of the folks that worked with the Forest Service during the NEPA process in developing this project felt that it was an extremely high priority item of work.

And to accommodate that does require a lift, it's called a tram, it's a very small lift is what really is and it provides us with the ability to manage or maintain that toilet facility given the isolated location it's in. Without that it wouldn't be possible.

And then there's reference to widening the trail, what we're talking about is a four foot wide trail for the most part, so this is not a road as it has been referred to by

Ms. Cornett in some of her discussions previously.

So I will just stop at that point, but we are extremely concerned about public involvement. We have done a significant amount of public involvement in the process of going through the NEPA process. So I guess we have a differing opinion over how we should proceed at this point.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. RUE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Commissioner.

Now bearing in mind that I anticipate that when we get to this project in the Work Plan we will as a Trustee Council discuss it further.

MR. RUE: Have discussion, absolutely. That's what I was going to say.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. All right.

MR. RUE: I have to leave right now, but I'm going to be having Rob Bosworth take my place and I'll be back after about 1:00 o'clock. But I do want to discuss this, it isn't a simple one, we've had some very difficult discussions about the whole Russian River issue.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MR. RUE: Talk to you later.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you.

MR. RUE: Rob is here.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you,

Commissioner, return leisurely.

Okay, I believe we're ready for our next witness and that is Mr. Charles Brooks. Mr. Brooks.

MR. BROOKS: My name is Charles Brooks and I appreciate you giving me the opportunity to speak to you today about the Russian River Anglers Trail Project. There are many parts of the project I oppose but I am here to talk to primarily today about the impact it will have on disabled or handicapped persons fishing the river. I have a mobility handicap, but I've worked out ways to fish the river on -- in specific -- in spite of that. But they are dependent on fishing at specific places and I have -- so I have direct access to the river in those places.

If the Forest Service is able to proceed with their plan to restrict entry to the river to only 25 entry points, some 100 feet apart, they would require fishermen to enter the river at one of those specific points and wade up or down the river from those points. The bottom of the river is very rocky and unstable and I and other people with my limitations will not be able to wade the river for long distance except in specific areas. And if the Forest Service is able to proceed with their plans they will effectively block me and other persons to be able to fish the river in the future. And I request that you not fund the project unless other problems are fixed and -- so essentially that's my statement and I appreciate you giving me the opportunity. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Brooks, thank you very much. Are there any questions or comments from the Trustee Council for Mr. Brooks?

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Brooks, you know, I would encourage you to visit with the project leader for this project because they are trying to accommodate to some degree people with disabilities and we don't want to preclude that. So I would encourage you to visit with them, maybe there's some way that it could be accommodated in the design later.

MR. BROOKS: In regards to that statement, I'm talking primarily -- I do not want to be limited to a boardwalk or some area, like on the Kenai -- like they done on the Kenai River, I want to be able to fish the Russian River. I fish nothing but the Russian River and I know you can't make specific plans for a given group of people but I think we should have access to the Russian River and be able to fish it, that's all I'm trying to say.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Mr. Brooks.

Any other questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: We greatly appreciate your testimony.

MR. BROOKS: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: The next person that has indicated an interest in testifying is Sheri Buretta, and the Trustee Council members know, Sheri is a member of the Public Advisory Group. Sheri, please come to the microphone.

MS. BURETTA: Hello. I'd just like to make a statement regarding the archaeological repository. I work for Chugachmiut and I'm a tribal development coordinator, I work with the tribes in the region. And we've been working with them regarding this over the last year, two years.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, that testimony is cutting very badly here.

MS. McCAMMON: You need to turn on that mic down there, Craig. Yes, thank you.

MS. BURETTA: I'm also a Tatitlek shareholder and Native land owner. And I just wrote a brief letter here to the Chugach Tribal Councils and the local community facilitators dated July 15th, after the Public Advisory Group meeting that was held the last time. And I'd just like to read it to you.

At the Public Advisory Group meeting held July 16th at the EVOS offices in Anchorage the following issues were discussed:

The archaeological repository issue was discussed during Executive Director's Molly McCammon's report. Molly noted that she was disappointed at the vagueness of the recent

letter she received from the communities. I reminded her of a letter dated April 2nd requesting a brief letter describing the project in general terms and that if she wanted something more in depth that that communities would accommodate.

At present the communities only replied to what was requested. I also noted that the communities were still interested in local repositories which was discussed in a local community facilitators' meeting held at CRRC July 9th, 1997. Chuck Totemoff stated that he felt the Trustee Council would not fund local repositories and that Chenega Corporation along with Chugach Alaska Corporation had begun writing a proposal for a regional repository. He also stated that they have support from other communities within the region.

I asked if he had talked to any tribal councils and he said no. He went on to address the profitability of a regional repository and stated that local repositories would cost money to operate and maintain. I noted that the reason that local repositories are so important to the communities has nothing to do with corporations and profitability, although they are well aware of the need for secure operations and management.

Molly noted that the Alutiiq Museum in Kodiak, funded by EVOS, has difficulty operating a regional repository. I replied that local facilities with closer ties to the communities would have more local support and reduce this problem. I continued to stress that the most important reason for local repositories is to plant a seed in each community and build upon the idea that the archaeological remains are a key to the heritage and history that belong to the Native peoples of the region. I noted that I would be interested in looking at Chenega COC's proposal.

Molly added that the Trustees want a regional repository. I said that it was obvious that the EVOS staff supported this idea but that the spill affected communities do not. The Trustees have not publicly decided whether they will fund any repository, local or regional.

The other issue that was discussed at the meeting was the restoration reserve. I have attached a copy of a letter that I read to the PAG regarding the issue. Veronica Christman handed out a five page memo describing in detail what the reserve is about, see attached.

Molly said the Council is interested in any ideas or proposals and welcomes them from anyone.

So I just wanted to bring that to your attention that as far as I can see where I've been working with the communities and the tribal councils, they are still strongly in support of repositories in their communities, local repositories, and I just wanted to make that point.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you very much,

Ms. Buretta. Any questions or comments from the Trustee

Council?

1	(No audible responses)
2	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. Buretta, we do
3	have in our package the Chugach Alaska proposal. Have the
4	tribal organizations had a chance to review that?
5	MS. BURETTA: No.
6	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. All right. Any
7	other questions or comments?
8	(No audible responses)
9	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you very much
10	for your testimony.
11	MS. BURETTA: Thank you.
12	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Let us go
13	around the remote sites to see if there are any additional
14	public members who would like to testify. Is there anyone in
15	Juneau who would like to testify?
16	MR. MEACHAM: No, there's not.
17	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Juneau.
18	Anyone in Kenai who would like to testify?
19	KENAI LIO: Not at this time, thank you.
20	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Anyone in
21	Homer who would like to testify?
22	HOMER LIO: No, thank you.
23	CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you very much.
24	Anyone else in Cooper Landing that would like to testify?
25	(No audible responses)

MR. PENNOYER: I concede.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Seconded by Michele
Brown that we go into executive session for purposes of
discussing habitat acquisition issues. Do I hear any objection
to that?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, the motion passes and we will now go into executive session.

(Off record comments - lunch brought in)

(Off record - 11:57 a.m.)

(On record - 1:20 p.m.)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Good afternoon, I would like to reconvene the public portion of the August 6th Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Council Meeting. The Trustee Council did meet in executive session and we confined our discussion solely to habitat acquisition issues. We are now back in public session.

The next item of business is to review the fiscal year '98 draft Work Plan. Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, first of all I wanted to kind of refresh your memories on the process that we used to get to this point. It begins in January with our three day workshop, bringing in all the principal investigators into Anchorage for a workshop where they share their results from their prior field season. We have all of the core peer

reviewers present, they comment on these and have an interaction at that time.

We also have detailed more technical review sessions on specific areas, specific projects. For example, all of the ecosystem projects have very detailed technical review sessions. And on this basis, from this, we develop the invitation to submit restoration proposals. And this was a yellow document that was sent out in mid-February, February 15th. That invitation describes for each resource cluster the various strategies that the Council is using for restoration for these resources. In essence this is our ongoing science plan that gets modified on a very frequent basis.

It also identifies any new projects that the Council is looking for, any obvious information gaps. And then, of course, invites other proposals that anyone is able to submit that they feel meets some kind of a restoration need.

So from this was generated a large number of project proposals. These proposals then go through various reviews. They're reviewed by the Chief Scientist and the core peer reviewers in an intensive session in May. They're reviewed by staff for various budget issues and also to see how they adhere to the Council's policies and also to the Restoration Plan. They receive legal review. It goes through a number of reviews.

The Public Advisory Group met in late May and helped

develop the draft plan. The draft plan then was put together in mid-June of '97, it went out for public comment. Following this the Public Advisory Group in mid-July also met to develop their final recommendations on the draft plan. In addition you have copies in your packet of all of the public comment received to date. And I know we received a number of letters this morning, we received some yesterday. And so they've been coming in, kind of dribbling in, and I hope everyone has copies of all of the letters received. And we go through the individual project I'll try to note those that we've received public comment on because they didn't all get into on packet there.

But the kinds of materials that you have before you to look at today is, first of all, two spreadsheets. There is a number spreadsheet and you should have a revised version of that dated 8/5/97.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: That was passed out this morning?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes, that was passed out this morning and that should be over here in this part.

MR. TILLERY: Is that the same though?

MS. McCAMMON: It's the same spreadsheet but it has a few revisions to it.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do the Trustee Council members in Juneau have that revised spreadsheet?

MR. PENNOYER: Yes, we do. I do.

MR. BOSWORTH: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: Okay, it was sent down yesterday so it's dated 8/5, so there's the numbers only spreadsheet. There is also -- and this is by resource cluster. There is also the text spreadsheet and that one is dated 7/28/97. And there are a couple of revisions to that text and it's primarily some of the fund contingents are now funds, are the primary changes. But any changes in the text or any additional restrictions on the funding or issues that you would like to add to it will be added to the text and modified as part of your overall motion. So these are the two spreadsheets that we'll be working from. The text spreadsheet, and this is based on a request from last year, is in numerical order, so you should be able to find it just by the number of the project. The numbers only one is by resource cluster.

In addition we also have -- and then we have all of the public comments received on....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. McCammon, Mr. Tillery has a question.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

MR. TILLERY: I'm confused. You passed out this morning six pages, five pages.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes, those are the actual revisions so far that we made into the spreadsheet. And most

of them are just a change from fund contingent to fund.

MR. TILLERY: These should be substituted in for specific pages, but otherwise this is still valid?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

MR. TILLERY: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes, that's correct. In addition there's a request for some additional information. It was requested for a break down of the subprojects of the three major ecosystem projects, Nearshore Vertebrate Predator, the SEA Project and the APEX Project. So you should have some additional information on the subprojects of those three.

In addition there was a request for the history of project costs for individual projects and resource clusters. And so there's also a spreadsheet that was passed out that should be on your table with information, for example, that shows the total spent on pink salmon, as well as the total spent on the otolith project, the coded-wire tagging project since FY92, since the Council's inception. So there's that information for you.

In addition, in the public comment section we included a transcript of the public meeting that was held in July. Any phone calls that have been received on any projects, we included those, any responses to letters about any projects we've attached those in that section. So it should be fairly inclusive, although things have been -- we've been getting

comments even up until this morning.

But the two major documents that we're working on would be the numbers spreadsheet and the text spreadsheet. And as you'll recall our target for the Work Plan this year is \$14,000,000.00 in projects. And the recommendations, and these numbers are probably a little bit changed here, is approximately \$13,000,000.00 in the fund contingent category with approximately 900,000 deferred pending the fall review of the awaiting a review of this summer's field results. And then an addition \$321,700.00 deferring a decision depending the availability of funds. And that brings the total to approximately 14.3 million. So somehow between now and December we will whittle that down and hopefully some of the questions that are still out there will be answered and we will definitely be able to get to our \$14,000,000.00 target.

In addition there are three other projects that the Council needs to take action on today. One is the 98100 budget which is the admin budget. The second one is the habitat support costs, 98126. And the third is the deposit into the restoration reserve. So those all three also need action.

Dr. Spies and Stan Senner are here now to go through, cluster-by-cluster, and do a quick overview of what new projects are there, what continuing projects and answer any questions on individual projects.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Any

questions or comments before we proceed with Dr. Spies and Stan's presentation?

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, no. Molly, I just want to express my appreciation, you turned out particularly a lot of information on this historical funding by project and the breakdown of the major ecosystem projects very quickly and that -- thank you.

MS. McCAMMON: You're welcome.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you,

Mr. Pennoyer. All right, Dr. Spies.

I did emphasize with Dr. Spies that we don't have very much time and that the Trustee Council members and I believe the public are really pretty familiar with most of these projects since most of them are in their second, third or fourth year of funding, and so we'd ask you to be as brief as appropriate.

DR. SPIES: Thank you. Well, I'm not known as terribly loquacious, so this may work out. Let me just open with just a couple of comments about the state of the ecosystem, things that are new and then some observations that are coming in from the field. It's kind of an unusual season in a way in the field and the Trustees might find and other people here might find that of interest.

As many of you know there was a herring fishery in Prince William Sound this spring, both the sac roe and a pound

fishery for eggs on kelp. The biomass based on a preseason estimate by hydroacoustics was about 37,000 tons and the fisheries harvested approximately a little less than 5,000 tons of that. So it was nice to see the herring season open again after several years.

Also in relation to herring this year there's been quite a bit of growth compared to last year. We're measuring these 0+H class herring trying to understand the conditions that allow their survival and growth and successful recruitment. And last year in June the herring were about 30 to 40 millimeters long, this year they're 60 to 80 millimeters long, so they're growing very fast. Whether this is due to an increased food supply or whether the El Nino which is now very apparent in terms of warm water is accelerating their growth is another question. But an interesting observation nonetheless.

The pollock stocks that were discovered during the SEA Program hydroacoustic work, particularly in Northern Prince William Sound, in surprising large numbers, first in '94, persisted in '95 and began to decline recently and that trend continues so that the pollock that's been fished on fairly aggressively by fishermen in the Sound are apparently declining.

Also the sand lance, another forage fish that we're very interested in because of its importance to some seabirds, has been very plentiful around Naked Island. If you'll

remember the success of the pigeon guillemots back in the '70s and early '80s, the nesting success on Naked Island appeared to be due to the abundance of sand lance. And they have returned locally to Naked Island and so we'll be interested to what the birds in that area are doing in terms of productivity this season.

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And also in terms of pink salmon, a very prominent part of our program in Prince William Sound. We're now looking this fall at the fourth of four successive years of surveys of the egg mortality and oil versus unoiled streams and, of course, for the last three years we haven't seen any differences and we're hoping that this is the fourth year and this will, in fact, be the last piece of the puzzle in terms of recovery of that species.

The seabirds are having kind of a mixed season in Prince William Sound, the kittiwakes and gulls, which are surface feeders, are probably having, you know, average or below average success. They're tending to fly long distances down into Montague Strait to find their food, so we'll have to see what that all means, but I thought that you'd be at least interested in hearing some of those highlights in Prince William Sound.

Kind of in a broader picture in the Gulf of Alaska the large El Nino that the oceanographers have been tracking for some time which has been building unusually early in the season

has made its presence felt in Alaska and we got surface water temperatures a degree centigrade above normal on the surface. And Tom Winegardener and the University of Alaska-Fairbanks station, oceanographic station, in the mouth of Resurrection Bay shows at 200 meeter about a half a degree centigrade elevation. So this is very significant. If you remember in 1978 changes of that magnitude were associated with large changes in the ecosystem. Now whether this will result in anything like that is purely speculation at this point, but an interesting trend.

I was talking to John Piatt last week about the general situation in the Gulf of Alaska, he's been tracking some of the surface water infrared data from the satellites and you can see the warmer water moving up and then kind of disappearing kind of in the central/outer Cook Inlet where the Barren Islands are, so we continue to have very strong upwelling cold water there bringing nutrients and maybe it explains the millions of seabirds that we see out in the Barren Islands. It's a continually productive area and it has been for quite some time irrespective of other things that have kind of changed around it.

So this is just a few highlights from kind of the news from the ecosystem, if you will, and why don't we move on then to clusters of the different projects that we have. Stan Senner is going to help me here and Stan and the staff may jump

in at appropriate points. There's been a tremendous amount of 1 staff work that's gone on..... MS. McCAMMON: Bob, you're to far away, you're 3 going to have to talk to this box here because that's our 4 teleconference box. 5 DR. SPIES: Okay, I don't have a..... 6 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: And, Trustee Council 7 members, I propose we do what we've done the last several years 8 and after each cluster we take questions. 9 DR. SPIES: Okay? 10 (Off record comments - getting microphone and speaker 11 phone, et cetera situated) 12 DR. SPIES: Let me just talk, just briefly 13 about -- make most of my comment relevant to the new projects. 14 We have this whole series of research that's under -- that 15 has.... 16 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: You know, Bob, I hate 17 say it, but what might work is if you sort of stood here 18 19 because when you're looking at that then your voice would be 20 caught here. 21 DR. SPIES: Okay. (Off record comments - further arranging speaker and 22 equipment) 23 24 DR. SPIES: Okay. Under pink salmon we've got

a number of strategies. And we have been, of course, as I

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mentioned earlier, tracking under 191 the oil related mortality. And there are some other projects here that continue, such as 076, the affects on straying and survival, as well as 194, which is closing out this year. And there's a whole series of studies, of course, that Exxon has done. And so what we would like to do, and this has been submitted by NOAA Auke Bay Laboratory, is to synthesize all this toxicological work for the 10th anniversary of the spill. So Project 329 is being recommended to carry out that function.

In the next cluster, which is to provide more managing information for pink salmon, particularly in Prince William Sound, we're closing out the coded-wire tag recovery program a year early. PISWAC, because of the economic constraints, it hasn't enabled them to participate. But we will be continuing for another year the otolith thermal mass marking program which the Trustees -- this is our recommendation, the Trustees have funded up to this time and we have a plan that phases that ADF&G funding out.

And continue 190, which is a genetic linkage map. And that project's making good progress in its first full year, and also the genetic stock structure. We've had some review of that project and we're satisfied that that is making good progress.

Finally, under supplementation, closing out 139A,
Little Waterfall Barrier Bypass and continuing the Port Dick

spawning channel work. So that is the pink salmon cluster.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions about the pink salmon cluster from the Trustee Council?

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, just one. Bob, your comment on 188, the otolith thermal mass marking is "routine." I guess basically it's not routine exactly because at some point we expect this to change. This (phone cut out)

evaluation of that is a technique, is that correct?

DR. SPIES: I didn't hear your full comment,

Steve, but I take it that it goes to the point of transitioning
this to the Agency as a completed technique that the Trustee

Council has funded?

MR. PENNOYER: Yeah, that was my question.

That's what that -- when you said routine, it's not really routine. This is just the last part of the evaluation, correct?

DR. SPIES: Right, it is. And I probably misspoke. And we're very optimistic that this is working very well now and we've committed to this another year. I think we need just to make sure that everything is working well, is this final year would be appropriate.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions from the Trustee Council?

MR TILLERY: Yeah.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: The problem I have is that I've made notes on these things in their order and so I'm having to go through and sort of search back and forth through here to try to find my notes. And so it's going to take a second.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. Okay.

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: You want the text in clusters next year?

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: I went right to 188.

I liked it. But we'll give Mr. Tillery a moment. Any other questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. We'll give

Mr. Tillery just a few moments to see if he has any additional

comments.

MR. TILLERY: I do have some -- I have some comments, but....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: No, go right ahead.

We always have plenty of time for Trustee Council comments and questions.

MR. TILLERY: Okay. I have a couple of questions. On the 076, in your recommendation, Dr. Spies, you talk about how it's possible the high variance in estimates of straying will limit the utility of the measures, but the risk was known when it was initiated. And it kind of sounds like you're saying that we started it and since then we found out

we're really not going to learn very much out of this, but we knew that there was a chance we might not learn much out of But it seems to me -- is it possible we should just cut off funding at this point? DR. SPIES: Well, we're just saying is that we don't know the straying rate before we actually measure it, but we think we have a fairly good sampling program in place, given the resources that are available to do the sampling on the returning fish. We're just saying there's a chance that it may not give us the full power that we hoped, but I'm sure it'll be a very, very good study and the results will be useful. MR. TILLERY: But this is the fourth year and we still don't know whether it's worth continuing? DR. SPIES: Well, the real telltale year is.... MR. TILLERY: Is this year? ....the return this summer and DR. SPIES: early fall. Okay. On -- what was the other MR. TILLERY: one, 188, who is going to pay for this in the future? What is the plan for -- is this going to keep going after we stop funding it? What is the plan? CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Commissioner Rue, do

MR. BOSWORTH: Deborah, Frank's not here.

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you know the answer to that?

This

is Rob Bosworth and I don't know the answer to that.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Molly or Stan?

MS. McCAMMON: It's a combination of funding by

MS. McCAMMON: It's a combination of funding by the Aquaculture Association and the Department of Fish and Game. So it's matched funding between those two. And they have agreed to fund it in the future. So the main part of the Council's contribution early on, the most expensive part, was for the equipment, and that's already in place. It's being used by the hatcheries, so it's relatively inexpensive to actually do the marking itself. The big expense is in the recovery and the use of it in their management. And the Department is committed to doing that.

MR. TILLERY: And what we're paying for right now is this proving time while we still have both of them going to confirm that otolith works?

DR. SPIES: Right. And they've overlapped for a year and the coded-wire is a good back-up for the otolith thermal mass marking, but the first year of returns show that the marks that they put in the otoliths are very, very distinct and it's working extremely well. So, you know, the second year of overlap we don't feel is necessary.

MR. TILLERY: And then we'll do proposals to do otolith this summer and the following summer?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

DR. SPIES: It's going to be this summer and

. SPIES: It is going to be this summer and

let me see, I think Stan's looking at '99.

MR. SENNER: The FY99 is the last year of funding on the otolith project. And that would include all the close-out and report writing of that project. So it'd be we would propose to support that. Or I should say the Department proposes that the Trustees support it through FY98 and '99. But the overlap with the coded-wire tag, that will end a year early.

MR. TILLERY: That's all I had.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: I think Craig raises an excellent point. I think, Molly, we've talked about this before. There are a whole lot of areas here. For example, as we get down to the sockeye salmon, all of a sudden there are very few projects worth not much money when it used to be a very big item in both the Sound, Cook Inlet and Kodiak.

And the question of what actually happened here relative to sort of the discussions we had early on with all of our various agencies as to the utility of some of these methods and whether they would be carried on or not, and whether they actually were effective in improving management should be part of our retrospective we're doing in our book or whatever.

So I think this is a -- without going back into it in

detail, for example, on sockeye, what is actually being done in Kodiak, Cook Inlet and the Sound; different now or improved now or continuing now compared to what it was after we've done this work and spent this funding? What type of impact has it had? So it's an excellent question, both in terms of what people think is going to be done now and then actually looking back and deciding whether some of these things have paid off.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Any other questions or comments on pink salmon?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Dr. Spies, let's proceed to the herring.

DR. SPIES: Okay. We have one new start in the herring, which is Project 311, which is a project that grew out of the SEA Project that is now kind of winding down. This has been proposed to be carried on and the reviewers feel that this is a very important project. What it is doing essentially is looking at the stable isotope ratios of carbon and nitrogen in plankton and young herring and adult herring as well in and outside of the Sound. And it provides kind of information that's not easily obtainable in any other way that shows where the carbon is coming from that's in the herring. Since the herring is a key part of the ecosystem, this provides insight into the interlink between Gulf oceanographic conditions and the Sound, and for that reason it is recommended.

have a question?

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MR. PENNOYER: Well, I just was sort of -- the comment was people thought it should be closed out. I just wanted to get Bob's comments on why, relative to the presentation we had on it being continued.

DR. SPIES: Yeah. Basically the reviewers felt that there are two things that were being proposed by Fish and Game at one time or another. One was the hydroacoustic assessment as usually done in the fall, and then the spawn deposition that's done in the spring at the time of spawning it helps forecasts, along with some other measures that the Department does with miles of spawn and the test fishery helps forecasts the subsequent years spawning biomass.

The reviewers felt that the hydroacoustics is probably the better of the two projects. And since the Department was funding that and was coming to the Trustee Council only for the spawn deposition, it was not felt that the spawn deposition is really that valuable in terms of some of the other priorities that we have. Not that it isn't necessarily a good program on its own merits. But that was the basis of their recommendation.

MR. PENNOYER: Bob, I guess your comments say as well that there's probably little likelihood of Fish and Game getting the funding and I guess they agree with that, to continue that project in the future, the spawn deposition.

DR. SPIES: Yeah. That was one of the reasons also that from an administrative standpoint, going back to the question of whether the management tool would be used, in conversations with the Commissioner, he'd indicated that due to the fiscal situation of the Department, that it was going to be very difficult for the Department to pick that up on its own and fund it once the Trustee Council had completed its part of the work here.

MR. PENNOYER: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or comments on herring?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Let's proceed to the SEA and related projects.

DR. SPIES: Under the Sound ecosystem assessment of course we have the main project, Project 320. It's now kind of been winding down in '97 and it's got a reduced field season in '98. It's mainly data analysis and report writing and publications. So we're recommending that the herring TEK portion of this is deferred, pending a little bit further review, but we're recommending that the bulk of the 320 go forward.

Project 297 is being recommended as a new start. This is the oceanography of Prince William Sound's bays and fjords.

This is integral to supporting the herring work that's started (

under the Sound ecosystem assessment and it goes directly to assessing what about the oceanography of these bays and fjords that might relate to retention of the larvae and provide the conditions under which larval growth and metamorphosis takes place into juvenile herring.

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And the other start that's being recommended is Project 98340, which is the long term oceanographic monitoring. is a project that's based on that oceanographic station off Seward that University of Alaska-Fairbanks, has maintained for approximately 35 years. And they came to us and asked for partial funding for this. They also have applied and subsequently received money from the National Science Foundation GLOBEC Program. We consider if we're going to do any kind of long term monitoring as a follow-up on the science program that we're maintaining now, that this oceanographic buoy that really takes the pulse of the Alaska coastal current is going to be basic to that program. So we saw an opportunity to help support this ongoing great database that's there and help take the pulse of the ocean out there, and at the same time we get the advantage of a partnership with GLOBEC, which I think is a very valuable partnership to develop in the future for a number of different reasons.

And then under developing monitoring techniques, the pristine monitoring and mussels, which also is likely to be something that we will be looking at very carefully in terms of

any long term monitoring, will continue -- is being recommended for continuation.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions or comments from the Trustee Council on this cluster?

MR. PENNOYER: Yes, Deborah, if I might.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: Coming back to the 340 Project, Bob, is this funding the entire oceanographic buoy or what percent are we funding, or how is that going to work out over time?

DR. SPIES: It's essentially matching funds.

Stan has been working closely with representatives from GLOBEC and also Dr. Winegardener from the University of Alaska.

Perhaps he comment a little further on it.

MR. SENNER: Mr. Pennoyer, this would pick up half of the visits, half of 12 monthly visits to service the buoy in Resurrection Bay. The other half of those visits would be picked up by NSF and NOAA through the GLOBEC program. In addition, it would assist with the upgrading of some of the equipment that's on that buoy and follow through with the data analysis of the data from the buoy.

The GLOBEC project that Bob is referring to is a project that's on what's called I guess the Seward Transect.....

DR. SPIES: Line.

MR. SENNER: .....or Seward Line, which is something that will be done from a vessel in the Gulf of Alaska and they'll stop at the buoy on their way, you know, on these cruises and gather the data. So this ties the buoy into the GLOBEC Oceanography Project.

I think the other thing to say, just to add to what Dr. Spies said, is that the data from this buoy are complimentary data to what is being gathered by the SEA Project in Prince William Sound. And it's between what we're doing in the SEA Project and the data set from Resurrection Bay. It is giving us a real good picture of the Gulf of Alaska oceanography.

MR. PENNOYER: Thank you, Stan. And then one other question. And, believe me, I like this and this might be one of those things (phone cut out) a long term restoration monitoring proposal when we come up with one. I notice that you have funding on the proposal for '99 and 2000, 2001 and 2002. So I presume that's sort of (phone cut out) I don't know where this thing cuts off.

MR. SENNER: The proposers, of course, always ask for multiple years of support. And we have shown those numbers here so that you would be aware of what the possible out-year commitments would be. Certainly the Trustees make their decisions year by year. And if this does not work out that there's a transition into a longer term monitoring

program, whether or not the Trustees would want to continue supporting this particular buoy is a decision you'd have the opportunity to make.

MR. PENNOYER: Thank you. One other question, Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: One of the projects in this cluster is the SEA Project, and of course it's a 2.3 million dollar cluster and represents a total project of \$20,000,000.00 or something on. And that's actually a composite of about what, eight, nine separate projects. Bob, did you want to comment just briefly on that? I know we (phone cut out) and your views on this. And we had separate discussions, but it might be (phone cut out) for us to mention what's in here and the fact that we have the table that was sent out to us.

DR. SPIES: Right. There's I believe 16 different projects that constitutes the SEA Program, and they include such things as salmon growth and mortality, predation, salmon predation, phytoplankton and nutrients, zooplankton, stable isotopes, information systems. And, by the way, the stable isotopes project here would not overlap what's being proposed under 311. Fry release, physical oceanography. And again this is, as Stan mentioned, complimentary to what we might be supporting to the University of Alaska's effort on the buoy in the mouth of Resurrection Bay: Necton (ph) and

plankton acoustics, avian predation on spawn herring, on the herring spawn trophodynamic modeling, juvenile herring growth and habitat, the herring TEK, which I mentioned is recommended deferred, somatic energetics, predation rates on hatchery fry and synthesis and integration. So you're correct, it is quite a large and comprehensive program.

MR. PENNOYER: My other question, Bob, on it is the zero/zero estimate shows funding in FY '99 and it going away in the year 2000. My presumption is that at that point we're going to have something that we can say about all of this. And do you have any feeling from the way it's going on whether we really are closing this whole thing out in '99 and what happens at that point?

DR. SPIES: Yes. That's a good question. And I think there's a couple of concepts floating around. One is that some of the things that have been measured in SEA may well be worth continuing. We may be able to recommend a limited number of measurements based on the outcome of SEA and its application to management not only in the Sound, but in the Gulf of Alaska. And there's this whole question of whether the Trustee Council might undertake an area wide monitoring program at that time. It's a little unclear exactly what direction this whole thing will head, but I'm sure there are lots of people interested in pursuing some of these questions in a coordinated form.

MR. PENNOYER: And, Madam Chair, generally in the ecosystem related type of studies and the overall kind of all agency, everyone evaluation of the general global warming trends and indeed El Nino, this will also fit in in the discussions we have this next spring and what not and there will be I presume an (phone cut out).

DR. SPIES: Yeah. I think we're trying to cast our net as widely as possible and we're doing such things as attending the GLOBEC coordination meetings and we plan to talk to quite a few different scientists about their ideas about where this whole thing should head in the future. So we're very opened to all other efforts that are going on.

And I think where the Trustees may fit in is trying to understand what happens to the fisheries on shore and close to shore where a lot of the damage was done. I think that that may be the interface, but I don't want to kind of pre-guess where this whole thing is going to go.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, I would assume then since this shows cut-off in '99 on our chart anyway, next year you'll probably be able to give us a better summary of where this stands?

DR. SPIES: Absolutely.

MR. PENNOYER: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Any other questions? Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: Dr. Spies, the Executive
Director's description of the 340 describes it as a project
will continue in the existing 27 year time series of studies.
Normal agency management, it's a hard to define term and you
don't always know it when you see it, but I actually when I
read this thought I knew -- normal agency management when I saw
it. I mean 27 years of doing something -- we're going to
continue what's been done for 27 years. Why isn't this
something somebody's -- is it going to not happen if we don't
fund it? Why are we involved in this after 27 years?

DR. SPIES: Well, this has been funded from a variety of sources, including internal funds, the University of Alaska, NOAA and now to some extent NSF. And they have provided kind of -- they've kind of patched this thing together, but I think there is no particular agency that's behind this and committed to it. And our judgment was that it would form something I think that the Trustees would be very interested in supporting. It doesn't really fulfill the goals of any particular management agency. I think it probably comes closest to NOAA, but still they don't have a commitment to take this kind of basic oceanographic data at that particular spot.

MR. TILLERY: Is the idea just kind of it's our turn to chip in? I mean why now? And what happens after four years?

MR. SENNER: In fact, Mr. Tillery, that was the

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problem, is that they really had no funds identified to continue this work beyond the end of the current fiscal year. And what attracted us was the importance and the opportunity to help sustain something that we thought was going to be contributing a really valuable piece of the puzzle to what El Nino, for example, is doing in the Gulf of Alaska ecosystem and how that bears on recovery from the oil spill. And that if the Trustees chose not to step in, that in fact there was a chance that the data gathering would cease all together.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Have we used this data in the past in any of our projects?

MR. SENNER: Yes. Ted Cooney at University of Alaska as part of the SEA Program. Dave Eslinger and others are making use of these data and it is providing a comparative database that compliments what we're doing in Prince William Sound with the SEA Project.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: That may be the answer, Mr. Tillery.

> MR. TILLERY: It is our turn.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Um-hum. If we've been using this data, then it's probably our turn.

> MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: This must be the project that we all focused on because that's the project I had my comments on. MR. SENNER: You've been waiting your turn over there.

MR. WOLFE: Yeah. And I've been waiting my turn, and most of the questions have been answered. But if we do another year or up to four years of additional data, that's only 10 percent additional data to what's already on the table. Is that significant and would we be better off if we defer this decision to fund this project or a portion of this project for discussion for long term recovery monitoring efforts and make that decision in a bigger context, rather than just as a very small portion of it?

DR. SPIES: Well, Mr. Wolfe, there in fact is no other source of funding for this particular project next year. I think the deadlines have passed for the NOAA funding for this particular project. And in my opinion it's likely that they'll miss a year of data during what I consider a fairly crucial time in the series of ecosystem projects that we have.

MR. SENNER: If I could just add, the other issue here -- and we've been asking this of our PIs in other projects, like APEX, and that is are we positioned with our projects in the Gulf and in Prince William Sound to detect what El Nino is doing in the ecosystem that we've been working on now for a decade. And it's data from buoys like this one that are really a crucial piece of that.

And so were we to back off and not do it, say for a couple of years, and then decide again, we'll miss two of the most important years in the life of the ecosystem that we're interested in.

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: I recognize the El Nino significance here, but beyond that I have some concern that we're going to have 28 years of one year's worth of information. But I'll let it go at that for now.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: My other question was I read somewhere, and I don't think it's right here in this stuff, but also somebody alluded to the fact that we're to some extent buying some new equipment to go on the buoy. Is that related to some specific project we're doing?

MR. SENNER: What it is, Mr. Tillery, is that the equipment on the buoy now is rather old in terms of the technological changes and improvements that are being made in this kind of equipment and it is, my understanding, like 20 year old equipment. And so there's a one time purchase here and I don't have the figure in my head but it's about 25,000 out of I think an \$80,000.00 budget. I'm rounding here. That is, it's not outfitting the buoy all over again, but it is upgrading some of the equipment on the buoy that would allow

better measurements and more frequent measurements, add multiple depths. And so it is a request to increase the capability and the data gathering from that buoy.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MS. McCAMMON: Related to our projects.

MR. SENNER: Well, yes, it is related. I'm

sorry, I missed the.....

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Punch line.

Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: I think we're going along with this project but just a point that I had earlier and thought I'd drop it, now I'll bring it up since Craig brought the point up. And that's the cost projected for '99 and out years goes up, not down. And so does this mean that we're going to buy new equipment -- I don't want all the answers, but we need to look at the costs in out years because if this year's is high because of equipment, then the out years should go down somewhat.

MR. SENNER: Yes. And there is at least a partial answer to that that I think will help you, and that is that those out year projections were made without the assumption of any of this shared support from GLOBEC. So now that they know they've got shared support from GLOBEC, you

should see those numbers come down somewhat in those out years. 1 MR. WOLFE: Thank you. 2 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions on 3 this project cluster? 4 (No audible responses) 5 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. 6 Dr. Spies, 7 sockeye salmon. DR. SPIES: As you recall, Delight and Desire 8 Lakes restoration is a feasibility study to see about whether 9 10 it's feasible to fertilize these lakes. And the '98 close-out would, in fact, just close out this project. 11 It's not a commitment by the Trustee Council to go ahead with the 12 fertilization, only just to complete the feasibility study. 13 And that's all that's left on the sockeye of what was a little 14 bit more robust cluster in past years. 15 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: 16 I have one quick question on this perhaps to Molly. Did we not expect last year 17 that the amount of money we allocated to this project would 18 cover the close-out report or did we anticipate that we would 19 20 have to fund the close-out report in this upcoming fiscal year? 21 MS. McCAMMON: We anticipated that we'd have to

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, no. Just one

fund the close-out, yes.

other questions on sockeye salmon?

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observation again. As brought up by Craig earlier on another 1 project, this is an area where we've spent seven or 2 \$8,000,000.00 over this process and we're down to the last 3 12,000. And, Bob, I don't know where do we get the 4 (indiscernible - music). My comments weren't worth quite that 5 6 musical interlude. Anyway, Bob, at some point it seems that 7 some of these clusters the time is approaching to do that sort of retrospective summary of where we're at and what's being 8 done now. 9 DR. SPIES: I think we would agree and we were 10 actually considering and starting to make plans as to how that 11 process would proceed and what sort of steps would be 12 appropriate.

> MR. PENNOYER: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or comments on sockeye salmon?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Dr. Spies, cutthroat trout, Dolly Varden, rockfish and pollock.

MR. PENNOYER: I think, Madam Chairmanship, this next cluster is interesting from an ecosystem or a taxonomic (ph) standpoint.

> CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: It's called other fish.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

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DR. SPIES: These are non-salmon. Let's see, under research of marine populations there's a close-out of 145 which is the study of the life histories of Dolly Varden and cutthroat trout, anadromous and resident forms, that's progressing well. Project 043, the supplement populations is a continuation being recommended and that's a habitat improvement monitoring. The reviewers were very strong on continuing to monitor for one more year the affect of this habitat improvement because they feel that so often these things are done and we really don't know the outcomes. So that there's a strong recommendation to do another year of monitoring there to see what affect it has on the Dolly Varden, cutthroat trout populations.

Under developing restoration strategies there's a close-out of Project 302, which is an inventory of Dolly Varden and cutthroat trout streams in Prince William Sound to be added to the anadromous stream catalog. And finally under providing management information it's recommended to start Project 252, which is genetic investigations of rockfish and pollock to be conducted at the Alaska SeaLife Center.

And that is that cluster.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. Questions, comments. Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: The difference, I think, between the previous version of this and the current version in the

Executive Director's recommendation is the first one noted funds would be contingent upon further review of the funds requested for purchasing equipment for use at the Alaska SeaLife Center. Has that issue been resolved? What is the issue and has it....

MS. McCAMMON: The issue was how much the bench fees for use of the SeaLife Center would be and that issue has been resolved. When it was first -- I think the original, the first number that we were working with was approximately 250,000, and I think now for the total of the suite of projects there's a total of 94,000/95,000.

MR. TILLERY: Yeah. The original notes 26,400 for bench fees, and now it's 13,200. So we got a 50 percent break or something, or we're using less equipment or what?

MS. McCAMMON: No.

MR. SENNER: Through continued discussions with the PI's and the SeaLife Center we were able to refine everyone's understanding of exactly what spaces and services were required. And so we were able to reduce that cost. The other item here, specifically in regard to equipment, is that when the Trustee Council approved the, what, 724,000 in equipment purchases for the SeaLife Center, part of your guidance was that equipment and durable goods for FY98 projects needed to be paid for out of that sum of money, rather than in the projects themselves. So we were able to remove, oh, 13 --

I'm looking at Sandra, sort of 13,000 or so dollars in equipment that was in 252, and that that will now be picked up by the SeaLife Center through their equipment purchase.

MR. TILLERY: I think that's what I wanted to know.

MR. SENNER: Yes. And so your guidance on that was helpful in us bringing down the project costs here.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Other questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Clearly 252 represents one of the most significant commitments to out year funding or expected commitments to out year funding in terms of a new project or any project. And when you read particularly, Dr. Spies, your notes on this, your recommendation, you talk about, you know, basic information on their stock structures, meaning, of course, rockfish and pollock is lacking.

I guess I'll go back to the question that Craig raised with respect to the buoy monitoring project. This appears a little bit like normal agency activity. Why should EVOS fund this project? Why wouldn't this be something we would normally expect State fish managers to do?

DR. SPIES: Well, I can answer at least for the rockfish. The rockfish is one of the species that the Trustee Council has indicated was injured by the spill. There were

some dead rockfish found after the spill and we have some

evidence for some tissue damage in some of the rockfish, it's

not rock solid. But we've not been able to do much for them

since the damage assessment. And so this is an opportunity to

do something for the rockfish resource that not only probably

suffered some damage, but was also fished on fairly heavily as

a replacement fishery after the spill when the pink salmon

weren't available in Prince William Sound.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: And how will this translate into doing something for the species?

DR. SPIES: I think that the rockfish are thought to be fairly long-lived and have high fidelity to a particular reef and so forth. So the question is, you know, what is a stock here? Is it just one reef as an area, is it a larger area? So those questions of the structure of the stock and how the population in the spill area is put together is a complete unknown. And those are the basic questions when it comes to how are you going to manage the species.

MR. RUE: Madam Chair, this is Frank Rue.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, go ahead, Frank.

MR. RUE: I'm sorry, I didn't hear you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Commissioner, did you wish to say something?

MR. RUE: Well, actually, I just rejoined you and so you're catching me cold. But I would just suggest if

Bill Houser or Claudia Slater are in the audience they might be able to speak to the issue, if you have more questions.

MR. SENNER: Commissioner Rue, this is Stan, I can also add here that the Department of Fish and Games does not, I think, by its own acknowledgement does not have a strong management program for rockfish. And one of the difficulties with the fact that it's been considered an injured species is that short of spending millions and millions of dollars reinventing the wheel for rockfish, we have not found kind of a cost effective opportunity for the Trustees to contribute to rockfish recovery and management.

This genetics work, although it's not inexpensive, is a cost effective way to gather some information that should have an immediate payoff for their management programs. And I want to be clear that the Trustee's money would not enable Fish and Game to prepare a management plan, for example. That is their job, that's normal agency management. But this genetics research would provide a basis for them to, on their own, proceed with development of that plan.

The other thing here is as we alluded to on the oceanography project where the PIs might envision multi-year funding at a rather substantial level, this project in its first two years, FY98 and '99, would basically allow for work on pollock and two species of rockfish. And the PIs envision a series of work on other species. Perhaps there are a number of

species of rockfish, they'd like to go on to herring and others. It would be entirely appropriate for the Trustees to review this of course annually and decide whether you continue to find the kind of, you know, investment that you're looking for.

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Commissioner, I'm satisfied with those answers.

MR. RUE: Okay. Thank you.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MR. PENNOYER: I think what Stan said is clearly correct. There are literally -- rockfish was "an injured species." There are dozens of species of rockfish we manage in the various embayments and off the Coast of Alaska that vary dramatically in ecosystem relationships from rock pile fish to pelagic stocks that school out in the Gulf. it's going to be interesting to follow this and particularly on some of the rockfish species in the Sound, if that's what's intended. And then perhaps in the pollock species stock as well because it's not just a question of embayments within the Sound, there's a major question as to whether the pollock stock in the Sound is separate from the pollock in the Gulf of Alaska or simply a transitory oceanographic feature. So if this helps get some of those answers that will be helpful, but we want to look at it as we (phone cut out). Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Any other questions or comments on miscellaneous fish?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Marine mammals.

DR. SPIES: Okay. All the marine mammals work comes under research and monitor populations. Includes the close-out of 001, the harbor seal condition; continuation of the killer whale investigations, 012; recommendation for the continuation of 064, the Harbor Seal monitoring; habitat tropics and defer some of the broader objectives of the PI proposed until we can have a review this fall of the Harbor Seal work to date and understand what Cathy Frost has done and Mike Castellini with the population and health studies respectively.

And then the next project 170, is the close-out of the work that Don Schell, University of Alaska, has done on the isotope ratio studies and marine mammals. And there is one start here, Project 341. That project would feed harbor seals under control conditions different diets of pollock, herring or salmon and look at some of the blood parameters that have been looked at in the field and seem to indicate some changes that might be related to diet.

And this is a test of that hypothesis under controlled conditions at the Alaska SeaLife Center, but also has the

opportunity using the animals that are in rehabilitation there that are picked up off the beach to kind of define what the levels of health -- what the blood panels look like for healthy and sick harbor seals. So we think that that is a component, feeds back in our general understanding of what's happening with the harbor seal populations in the Sound, which we know are continuing to experience problems.

And that's the marine mammal cluster.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions or comments on the marine mammal cluster?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Let's proceed to nearshore ecosystem.

DR. SPIES: Okay. This includes the NVP project, the third of the large ecosystems projects that will be in its fourth year in '98. The first year being just kind of a development period. The next project is 161, the differentiation interchange of harlequin ducks. Project 290, the continuation of the hydrocarbon database. And this needs to be reviewed as well. And finally the start of Project 348 which is again another project where animals that have been noted to have some potential indicators of contaminant effects from the spill would be brought into the SeaLife Center and looked at under controlled conditions. This we don't expect to result in any sick or to have to sacrifice otters or space

strictly on blood sampling. River otters exposed to low levels of oil contamination and we expect them to fully recover from this sort of thing.

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We did get a project last year that included some lethal sacrifice and we rejected it before it got to this stage. So that's kind of the sub-culture under research into the mechanisms living in recovery.

And then in the research and monitoring sub-category there is a project that we're recommending at this time for deferral that we think we want to eventually do, and this is to bring us up to date on the status of the black oystercatchers, which is one of the species that was injured after the spill. There were some reproductive problems with that, as well as some dead birds found. So there was an effect on oystercatchers and this is to revisit that species now eight years after the spill to see where it is.

And finally the start of Project 325 which would simply be an effort to draw together the tremendous amount of information that we gathered on intertidal and subtidal communities. It's been put mostly into reports now, but this is to support for manuscript preparation from all those studies. And we think it's a very worthwhile thing to get all this information a little bit further analyzed, greater interpretation and get it into the opened scientific literature.

And then the last project here is 427, which is a close-out of the harlequin duck monitoring project. A really fine project that is contributing to our understanding of harlequin ducks in Prince William Sound.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Questions by the Council members on nearshore ecosystem cluster?

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: Again, Bob, out of this total of \$2,000,000.00, 1.7 million is in one area, nearshore vertebrate predators, and that has been the subject of separate reviews, I understand, but it's also a cluster of really about eight projects, any one of which is probably more costly, or most are more costly than any of the ones you've reviewed. And the total amount spent in this area is about \$18,000,000.00 by the time we get done with it and it shows a complete phase out of the Nearshore Vertebrate Predator Project in the year 2000, with funding for '99. Do you have any comment on the composition of this and where it's going relative to its close-out concept or any other observations on it?

DR. SPIES: Yes. This is reviewed in detail along with the SEA Project and the APEX Project earlier in the year. Some of the components of this project include the work on sea otter populations, what's limiting their recovery and their health, indications of any possible continuing oil

exposure, a similar project with river otters and pigeon guillemots, harlequin duck study, and then those are all the nearshore vertebrate predators that are included here. And then looking at some of their prey items in terms of the is it food hypothesis, the clams, muscles, sea urchins and then the avian cove predators, which is a project to look at cove predators, that this needed to be done to assess the food hypothesis. And finally there's a project management composite to this.

The project came out of the review quite well. It's very well organized, a series of very clear hypothesis. It's being managed extremely well by Leslie Holland-Bartels and her staff at the Department of Interior, and the project is on track for meeting its goals within the projected time.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Are there any additional questions?

(No audible responses)

we've received several comments about 348. And one thing I would like the public to know is that several of us have had extensive discussions with you and others about 348, that we have given it a great deal of attention, given the public concern that was reached.

I think it bears having you state on the public record a little bit more about why you think it is necessary to

proceed with 348 as proposed.

DR. SPIES: Certainly. I'd be happy to do that. The story goes back a few years when the Trustees were in the damage assessment phase and looking at the possible impact of the spill on river otters. And at that time river otters were studied in a number of different aspects and one of those was some sort of indicator of health. And samples of blood were analyzed for some compounds called haptoglobin. And haptoglobin are what are called acute phase proteins that respond to insult to organs and essentially prevent the loss of important components from the body at the time of injury.

And they do respond to toxic insult. The problem was in interpretation of that data, is that we don't have any laboratory -- very little laboratory information as to what exactly can induce these markers that we're seeing respond in the river otters, neither in the river otters, nor in similar species. So in order to really understand if the spill had an effect in terms of induction of these haptoglobin, which by the way are still induced, we need to be able to expose river otters to low levels of hydrocarbons which they may be experiencing in the field right now and to see if we get these being induced in the laboratory.

And, again, I re-emphasize that this does not involve any sacrifice of animals. We're giving them low doses and it's proposed to give them low doses in the SeaLife Center, take

blood samples and we expect that they will fully recover from that treatment.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Any further questions or comments on nearshore ecosystems cluster?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Let's move on then to seabird, forage fish and related projects.

DR. SPIES: Two sub-clusters here. First research of the mechanisms that may be limiting recovery. And again this includes the large APEX predator experiment. This the third of the large ecosystem projects that we'll be discussing today that the Trustees have started back in '95 and are continuing support this year in the field. That is a sizeable cluster. I'll come back to the sub-components to that because I know that Dr. Pennoyer will want to get the details on that. Well, here they are.

We have actual forage fish assessment as one component. Some of the bird/fish interactions is a second component. Fish diet overlap that looks at the overlap of diet of various forage fish species. Puffins as samplers, black wicked -- kittiwake studies, pigeon guillemot studies, which are by the way different than the pigeon guillemot studies and have different objectives than those that are being covered by NVP.

Energetic studies on the energetics of the food, use of food and requirements for reproduction, proximate composition

of the forage fish in terms of lipid protein and carbohydrate content, support for the project leader, Dave Duffy, who manages this whole complex investigation, and finally some work on murres and kittiwakes in the Barren Islands. So that is Project 163, which is being recommended for continuation.

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Project 169, which the Trustees are funding in 1997, is studies of seabird genetics, including common and thick billed murres, pigeon guillemots and murrelets, both marbled and I believe there are some ancient murrelets and Kittlitz's murrelets in here maybe.

Project 306, which is a general study of sand lance ecology in outer Cook Inlet, it's being undertaken by a graduate student. A very important forage fish and they are contributing to our basic knowledge of its ecology. Not much is known about this. And in terms of its importance, that's definitely a gap in our understanding of forage fish and the reliance on forage fish by seabirds and marine mammals for that as well.

Project 327 is the pigeon guillemot research, it's a new start that's being proposed to the Alaska SeaLife Center. This is another example of a species for which we're trying to understand the effects of oil. So part of this project is directed towards understanding the response particularly in the blood of pigeon guillemots that are exposed to low levels of petroleum. This will also have components that will be

establishing an experimental pigeon guillemot colony near the SeaLife Center on the sea wall and old pier out in front of the SeaLife Center, provide a good source of animals for this sort of research in the future. There was a colony, as a matter of fact, the Monterey Aquarium, so they take quite well to this sort of situation, we think.

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A recommendation for deferral of 338, which is the adult murres and kittiwake survival study. Two new starts, Project 346, which is a small request for money to publish a bibliography on the sand lance. It's separate from this effort here at 306. I think this is only like \$5,000.00. And then Project 347, which is a very interesting project growing out of some of the harbor seal work that's been done in the several years and indicates that fatty acids in the blubber of harbor seals are in fact good tracers of diet if they're analyzed in a very sophisticated way. And so this is an effort to extend this analysis to understand how forage fish populations, particularly in Prince William Sound, vary from season to season and year to year, and this would start out looking at the herring in particular.

The second part of this cluster is the research and monitoring. This includes continuation of Projects 142 on the status and ecology of Kittlitz's murrelets that the Trustees are currently sponsoring and Project 144 which is the common murre population monitoring. And this would be going back to

the Chiswell Islands, which we haven't visited for some time, and looking at a little wider picture on the common murre population monitoring.

The common murres -- Molly and I and Craig all visited the Barren Islands a couple of weeks ago and the murres are definitely on the come-back at the Barrens Islands. There's maybe 10 or 20 percent increase in many of the plots this year. We've got to analyze the data in detail but the murres are on their way back both in terms of the total population and the breeding phrenology at the Barrens Islands. And this is an attempt to go back and take a wider perspective and include the Chiswell Islands and see if, in fact, those have a wider basis through the Gulf of Alaska.

And finally Project 159, which is the marine bird surveys, which is our basic survey of how the seabirds are doing in Prince William Sound, this combines looking at sea otters and seabirds from boats.

And that's the seabird/forage fish package.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions or comments from the Trustee Council on this cluster?

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair. Only one, Bob.

Thank you for presenting some of the detail on the APEX

Project. There was actually a second page that contained some projects on jellyfish in the ecosystem, which I think is fairly innovative and new, looking at the total ecosystem out there

and also the model. 1 DR. SPIES: I was quite aware of those. I'm 2 just trying to move along. Deborah wanted to get through this. 3 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Dr. Spies. 4 DR. SPIES: Okay. 5 MR. PENNOYER: Thank you, Dr. Spies. 6 7 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Tillery. 8 MR. TILLERY: Yeah. Dr. Spies, on 144A and B, 9 I'm trying to understand the chart here, but 144B talks about it being a two year project, this being the first year. 10 11 \$12,000.00 for this year and then nothing for any succeeding years, which, of course, would be a very cheap project. 12 recommendation is that it be combined. I would notice that A started out at 50 and then was revised to 57. Is the 12,000 in 14 B combined with that 57? Is it in there? MR. SENNER: 16 Yes. 17 MS. McCAMMON: Yes. I'm going to have to defer to Stan. 18 DR. SPIES: 19 MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS

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CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Well, the answer appears to be yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. SENNER: Yes.

MR. TILLERY: And there is a second year funding component also that's included in that 23 in FY99 for

the Chiswell Islands, which we haven't visited for some time, and looking at a little wider picture on the common murre population monitoring.

The common murres -- Molly and I and Craig all visited the Barren Islands a couple of weeks ago and the murres are definitely on the come-back at the Barrens Islands. There's maybe 10 or 20 percent increase in many of the plots this year. We've got to analyze the data in detail but the murres are on their way back both in terms of the total population and the breeding phrenology at the Barrens Islands. And this is an attempt to go back and take a wider perspective and include the Chiswell Islands and see if, in fact, those have a wider basis through the Gulf of Alaska.

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funding component also that's included in that 23 in FY99 for

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B?

MR. SENNER: Yes. And that's a very small piece. Really what it amounts to is the work gets done in '98 on that manuscript, the page charges probably show up in '99 and that's like a thousand or so dollars.

MR. TILLERY: Okay.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Any other questions?

(No audible responses)

chiming in as appropriate.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Thank you,
Dr. Spies. I assume Molly or someone else will be doing
archaeology or, Dr. Spies, are you doing archaeology?

MS. McCAMMON: He'll start it and the next
clusters, actually since we all kind of work on them, we'll be

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Very good. Archaeological resources.

DR. SPIES: Project 007A under monitoring, this is the site index monitoring that the Trustees have been doing for some time. It's being recommended for continuation. There was a separate proposal for another monitoring of some sites on newly acquired land and that was recommended that combine these two things together, 007C and 007A. And then a recommendation to continue Project 149, the Archaeological Site Stewardship Program.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are there any questions? Yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: On A, this is the fourth year of an eight year project. It says the project will end in '99 if monitoring shows no continuing injury. What has it shown to date? Has it shown injury to date?

DR. SPIES: There has been some evidence of vandalism but my understanding is in recent years that that has decreased and perhaps there have been very few if any indications.

MR. TILLERY: Is there any thought that it would be appropriate just to close it out now and not do another year of it?

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: As in not fund this year in '98?

MR. TILLERY: This year.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah. I think it wasn't the agency's desire just to get one year with no vandalism, but also to get a couple of years. And what they do with the index site monitoring is actually alternate. They rotate through a series of sites. So not every site is visited every year. So perhaps you visit it one year and then not visit it again for two or three years. So the idea is to go back after a couple of years to see if any vandalism had occurred in the interim.

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And the idea with the new sites, there were, oh, I think 30 or so sites that were proposed by the agencies to do some additional monitoring on lands that would be recently acquired by the Council. We narrowed that down to those sites that were actually discovered or affected by the spill. And these were all sites that had been discovered basically during the clean-up phase. They are not oiled sites. They are sites that were discovered primarily by clean-up workers. And those new sites are on the Chenega Lands, on Shuyak Island and then near Old Harbor and Sitkalidak Island. So there's 15 new sites that would be rolled into that index monitoring.

So these would be looked at over a sequential period of Their index is to see if in that general location there seems to be evidence of vandalism. And then also if there's any indication of additional erosion.

> MR. TILLERY: But we....

MS. McCAMMON: But then after two to three years then those sites would be pulled off and then as you go through the whole list of sites the program would be phased out.

MR. TILLERY: But we currently anticipate only this year and next year, and then the project is over, unless there is some showing of injury?

MS. McCAMMON: Veronica, do you want to respond to that? You probably need

MR. SENNER: You probably need to come up here.

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah, I don't know if you can come up there. Veronica Christman has been working most closely with the archaeologists of the agencies on this.

MS. CHRISTMAN: Actually in FY96 there was some evidence of damage that was discovered. And had I known that you were going to ask the question I would know exactly which sites, but I'm afraid I can't tell you that, but it is in their annual report. So there was some evidence of additional damage which raises concerns.

But the plan was to -- the recommendation of Don Dumont, who is the peer reviewer, was to monitor these sites for 10 years to get evidence of what occurs to those sites both in terms of vandalism, new damage, as well as migration of oil into the cultural materials over a 10 year period because one year isn't sufficient. And what the agency, DNR, has recommended is that after five years of finding very little damage it may be sufficient to just terminate the program. And five years would be in 1999.

MR. TILLERY: And these new sites, it sounds like we're probably only going to look at them one time.

MS. CHRISTMAN: The plan was to look at them and have this first year be, oh, they had a term for it, like a recordation. You would actually record the extent of the damage, et cetera. And then at that point decide whether or

not it warranted incorporating into the monitoring program. It may be as a result of what we find out this coming year that few if any of these sites would need future monitoring.

Depends on what's found this first year. So this is like an assessment year.

MS. McCAMMON: And to keep costs down, what we did was combine it with the site monitoring rather than fund an additional assessment of all of those sites in one year to keep costs down. We said go back and choose a few of those sites to visit this year, incorporate it into your monitoring just to keep the overall cost reduced.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any other questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Subsistence.

DR. SPIES: Just let me focus your attention on some of the new starts and defers. Under enhancing and replacing injured resources, Project 131, which is the Clam Restoration Project which the Trustees have been sponsoring for some time, those are recommended for deferral, possibly provide some interim funding. The Department of Fish and Game, the Chugach Regional Resources Commission and the City of Seward are continuing to have discussions about this project and what's possible in terms of getting into the new hatchery, which is key in the reviewer's opinion into really achieving a

successful and established program for aquaculture of clams.

It has been pursued with some limited success up to this time in the program.

Moving on to Project 263, the Port Graham Stream improvements, this is being recommended for deferral until we can get the results from '97 to see what's been uncovered in the first year of this project. Project 273, which is recommended for a start, is responding to concerns of the village that harlequin ducks which we've studied because of a number of different reasons was something that they don't put a lot of value on in terms of a source of food, that they're more interested in ducks like the sea ducks, like the surf scoter. It's an attempt to respond to that. So it's a project to look at the life history and ecology of surf scoters. And although this is not on our injured species list, there were definitely scoters injured by spill and we had carcasses in the morgue to show that.

The second sub-cluster here is to increase involvement of subsistence users in the project. And I just might drop down to 274, which is the herring nearshore documentary. As you recall the Trustee Council sponsored development of a video on the harbor seal. It was based out of Tatitlek. I think it was very successful and very popular with the communities and definitely a good tool for trying to re-establish the cultural values of foods in those communities and achieve some sort of

restoration of subsistence uses in that way. And it is recommended for a start.

And Project 286, the Elder/Youth Conference, is being suggested for deferral until a revised DPD can be submitted and considered by staff and reviewers.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: If I could just add two additions to Dr. Spies' comments. First of all, on the clam project, Project 98131, I hope those in Juneau were able to receive this, but we did receive comments today from the project proposer, Patty Brown-Schwalenberg, and I think everyone here should have a copy of it from Chugach Regional Resources Commission. And just to summarize I think real briefly, she is relating some of the results from the field season this year that we have not had the opportunity to review and won't until this fall.

And what I think she is asking for here is that if they do not get into the new hatchery, that the Council not completely terminate the project. They believe that they have had success in the grow-out phase of the project and that they would like to be able to continue doing that with Trustee Council funding. At this point -- I think in our recommendation we had to terminate the project completely if they do not get into the new hatchery. But at this point just

to recommend funding for the next three months until some of these issues get worked out, who will be the contractor for the new hatchery and to review the results of this year's field season with the grow-out phase of it and then come back in December with a recommendation on what to do in the future with this project. But I did want to note that.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: And then also on the herring video, I wanted to just mention a couple of things on that one in terms of its restoration value. And I know there's been some questions about it. The video actually is only the product of what will end up being a year's worth of ongoing effort, collecting local knowledge and involving subsistence users in developing how they use the herring resources and also other intertidal nearshore resources. That information is then used by Fish and Game as part of their overall herring management efforts and will also be passed on to the Nearshore Vertebrate Predator Project, to the Harlequin Duck Project, the Black Oystercatcher Project, if it were to get funded, and others.

And I think one of the major benefits that you can see in a project like this, and I think it comes from the Harbor Seal Project too, is that it promotes greater awareness, understanding and appreciation of the value of these resources for subsistence use, which hopefully over the long term

translates into a greater appreciation and stewardship of those 1 resources and actually restoration over the long term. just wanted to make those two points. CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Are there 4 any other questions or comments? 5 6 (No audible responses) 7 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: I'm trying to find the letter from Eyak. Was that..... 8 9 MS. McCAMMON: That came in, there was a question. There were two letters from Eyak. 10 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yeah, they're two. 11 MS. McCAMMON: One was about the Harbor Seal 12 Commission. 13 14 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right. MS. McCAMMON: There it is right there. 15 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: And what is our 16 response to some of the concerns they raised about the Harbor 17 Seal Commission? 18 19 MS. McCAMMON: The major question about the Harbor Seal Commission, this is a letter from Bob Henrichs from 20 Eyak Village Council was objecting to -- was a statement that 21 22 it was not representative of the tribes, that the way the membership was elected was not -- they were not elected by the 23 tribes. 24

And I guess how I'd respond to that is that this

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project does have a lot -- substantial village support. Many of the members on the Harbor Seal Commission are nominated, elected by the tribes and appointed to the council that way. Not in a hundred percent all cases, but it does receive, I think, significant support locally. I think it's been a very effective tool in working with managers and with local people. And I'd recommend that the Council continue to fund it. I think there are some local internal issues that need to be resolved, that the Harbor Seal Commission itself needs to resolve, but I don't think it's necessarily the purview of the Council to resolve those for them. And I don't know, the

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Could you though ask the Harbor Seal Commission or at least send us a cc of their response to this letter or....

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: One other project. Bob, would you spend about -- Spies, maybe you should do this, but the Port Graham Pink Salmon Subsistence Project, 225. Reading the explanation and the recommendation, would you give me just about two (phone cut out) Bob, you can have three words for that. The strategies or increased management surveillance and increasing (phone cut out) hatchery produced pink salmon.

Those sound like very typical things we sort of do every where.

I'm not clear what the difference is here versus other places.

DR. SPIES: This is I think more of a enhancement or replacement action than anything else in that they've got some depressed salmon runs around Port Graham, which I think they view as a result of the spill. And this is an attempt to provide more salmon locally in terms of pink runs and of course the hatchery out of Port Graham plays a role in that. I don't know if that answers your question or not.

MR. PENNOYER: Well, Bob, it sort of does and then again (phone cut out) by Craig, it doesn't exactly because these are two strategies that are probably common in any salmon fishery, methods to increase hatchery survival of salmon releases and increasing surveillance, which I presume is some type of (phone cut out) activity. And I wasn't exactly (phone cut out) this project from normal agency or (phone cut out) activity. I mean I understand the difference between (phone cut out) I understand the depressed nature of the stocks in outer Cook Inlet. So the resource ties of something that happened is not so much the question as whether what we're doing is different or deserving a special project status under the spill funding.

MS. McCAMMON: I think, just to sum up, the question is the way we have reviewed and considered this project is as a replacement project for a subsistence fishery.

However, in the project abstract as proposed by the proposer, 1 there is indication of two additional strategies. 2 Mr. Pennoyer would like clarification on those two strategies 3 as described in the project abstract. MR. RUE: Molly.... 5 MS. McCAMMON: As I'm looking towards the back 6 of the room. 7 Who is in the back of the room? MR. RUE: 8 MS. McCAMMON: Bill, Joe and Dan. 9 MR. RUE: Okay. Bill, who wants to do it? 10 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: They're all pointing 11 their fingers at the other guy. 12 MR. RUE: Oh, okay. Well, one of you pick. 13 DR. SPIES: We got three chairs in the corner. 14 15 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: No one's jumping up, Commissioner. 16 17 MR. RUE: All right. Well if we don't have an 18 explanation we should probably defer the funding. 19 CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: No, here we go. 20 MR. MOORE: This is Dan Moore. I'll give you a The abstract defines the two strategies as being shot at this. 21 increasing management surveillance. And what that means is 22 that the people in Port Graham are actually going out into the 23 Port Graham River and counting fish as they go up the stream. 24

Fish and Game is not doing that. And increasing the marine

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survival is what Mr. Pennoyer referred to, and they are raising the fish to a larger size to increase the marine survival and get more adults back in a shorter period of time.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: Yeah, I understand that. So it's just a normal activity that we would -- it's funding an actual process, not just looking at methodology. And, yeah, I understand that. That's fine. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Sure. Any other questions on subsistence?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Let's move to habitat improvement.

DR. SPIES: There are three projects in this.

Project 180, which recently got a fairly intensive review. And

I think that we're satisfied now that we understand exactly

what's proposed in '98 in a little bit more detail and appears

to be a satisfactory expenditure of funds to assist in the

Kenai habitat restoration area.

And two deferrals, Project 314, Homer Mariner Park and Project 339, human use and the wildlife disturbance model. I haven't been involved directly in the Homer park issue, but I can say for Project 339 that the reviewers felt that the human use and wildlife disturbance model, at least in a preliminary review of this proposal this year was a real opportunity for

the Trustee Council to do something in terms of contributing to management of resources other than fish.

And that with the development of the road to Whittier, that we're going to see a tremendous increase in human usage and this is an attempt to deal with that before it happens in terms of modeling what that usage might be and identifying particular resources or areas that we may need to protect or control the use of in advance of what we consider a pretty big influx of people into Prince William Sound, where we've put so much of our effort over the last eight or 10 years.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Questions on this cluster? Commissioner Rue?

MR. RUE: You're asking me if I have a question, is that right?

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Questions or comments, yeah. You told us you were going to on 180.

MR. RUE: Right. Okay.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: By the way, Rebecca is just faxing to you a letter we just received from the Alaska Center for the Environment on 180, specific to the Russian River component?

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Specific to the Russian River Angler Trail Project.

MR. RUE: Actually, perhaps before I ask a

question, if the executive director could perhaps describe her recommendation and what new points that were raised in the executive director's recommendation to looks like defer part of it or something. Could you explain that a little bit, Molly?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes. We had received -- just to put this in kind of a historical perspective, the Council funded the first year of this project in '96 with basically overall planning effort and a solicitation for projects. These were rated and reviewed by an interdisciplinary team which included Department of Fish and Game, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of Natural Resources and the U.S. Forest Service.

A number of project then were selected to go forward.

Once there projects were selected to go forward, then they went to the design phase. And a number of the projects when they were approved initially were approved at a very conceptual stage. And once they started working with the engineers at actually designing them, a number of them changed substantially from their original concept.

And so part of kind of the discussion that we've had is these changes that have occurred from when a project was first proposed, to what it actually was looking like once the engineers and design folks went to work over it. But since the Council originally did the funding without approving specific projects, and since the annual report that was received in the

spring was lacking in significant detail on a number of these, we did hold a review session on this project in July and we did have staff here, we had an outside peer reviewer at that session, we had all of the agency folks and basically we had presentations on the project.

And based on our discussions there, we did recommend that the project go forward, but that it have several caveats with that funding. And basically that the funding for each individual project, once it came down to the individual project stage, be funded contingent on, one, formal endorsement of the project design by the Kenai River Advisory Board. And we felt that this was important because we were hearing from a number of members of the public disagreeing with various projects and it seemed important to us that there be some public group that formally endorsed the individual projects. And I think thereby having an indication that there was substantial public support for these.

Now, these projects all went through a NEPA process and environmental assessment, which includes all of the public involvement aspects of that, but this was just one additional layer of ensuring that there was public support from a group that has heavy involvement with management of these areas. And in addition that we at the staff office here receive a detail budget specifying the design, engineering, labor, equipment and materials costs so that we could actually review each project

on an individual basis. And these recommendations were consistent with the two scientists review memo.

MR. RUE: Does this change the process of all the past ones so that any agency or any entity proposing a project under this thing does not need to necessarily get ADF&G, DNR, Parks, Forest Service, whatever the group was that approved it before; it won't have to go to those folks but instead will go to the Advisory Board?

MS. McCAMMON: No. They would have to do both.

MR. RUE: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: So in essence it keeps the same kind of oversight or cooperation among all the agencies in terms of reviewing all of the projects, but it adds an additional layer of oversight from the Kenai River Advisory Group.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair. Molly, do.....

MS. McCAMMON: It also would allow, since one of the projects is being done by a Trustee agency, rather than having the funding go through a State agency with additional general administration, it would have the funding for that particular project go directly to that agency. But the project design would still be reviewed by the Department of Fish and Game and the Department of Natural Resources who are the project leaders and it would still be required to have an endorsement from the Kenai River Advisory Group.

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MR. RUE: Can that go for all the Trustee agencies, or if -- so if Department of Interior has the project, or if Fish and Game has the project, can we do it that way?

MS. McCAMMON: Well Fish and Game is currently doing it that way. The money now currently all goes to Fish and Game.

> Not to DNR? MR. RUE:

MS. McCAMMON: Not to DNR.

MR. RUE: Okay.

MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: Molly, in both (phone cut out) the Chief Scientist and yours, you talk over several places about the individual projects being designed and carried out, and monitoring plan for each individual project. Do we have lists of these projects somewhere, their relative costs to this total packet?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes. And we received this -actually, Department of Natural Resources put this together and we received it and we just got it about a half an hour ago and have not been able to send it down to you. But there are a number of projects and we can go through those individually right now, or we can just send this down to you, Mr. Pennoyer.

MR. PENNOYER: So the approval of a place

holder contingent on further evaluation and coming back to us?

I'm not sure what we're looking at here.

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MS. McCAMMON: Well, the recommendation would be to go ahead and fund, but with these contingencies. And in all cases once the Council takes action on funding, the authorization to spend doesn't occur until a letter is received from our office saying that all of the preconditions have been met. And so the approval to actually spend would be dependent on meeting these caveats.

MR. PENNOYER: For example, what part of this project is the contro (phone cut out) at least the thing we received public testimony on the Russian River? What part of the total for 91 as composed is that?

MS. McCAMMON: It's about \$68,000.00.

MR. RUE: Does the Advisory Board want to do this? Have they said they would do this?

MS. McCAMMON: Well, in our discussion in the review session we asked if they'd been involved in this process and we were told by the project managers that they were briefed on a regular basis and were very supportive of the project.

MR. RUE: Right. I'm just.....

MS. McCAMMON: So we haven't asked them whether they would do this. No, we haven't.

MR. RUE: It could be sort of a headache. I'm not sure they want it. But maybe they do. I mean I don't have

a problem if they've said they would shoulder the burden, I quess I don't have a problem with it.

MR. SENNER: Mr. Rue, this is Stan. Our information from people who were involved directly in the Advisory Group is that they thought that the group would welcome this opportunity and it would not be an additional burden on them. But Molly is right, we have not formally asked the Advisory Group if they're willing to do this and we certainly can make that request of them.

MR. RUE: And if they turn us down then we would just do it as we do now?

MR. SENNER: Well, or we'd have to come back to you for additional guidance. Yeah, an alternative recommendation.

MS. McCAMMON: With another recommendation.

MR. SENNER: Yeah. An alternative recommendation. We did feel and the reason this came out of the review was probably one of the central points that although there's been public participation in settling on the various projects, especially through the preparation of environmental assessments, we were all leery of and concerned about the fact that some of these get to the implementation phase and then questions still arise from members of the public. And so the idea was that the Advisory Board, it's a 17 member board, it has stakeholders from public agencies and private landowners

and fishing interests and others, and that that would be a good forum to take these to. So that was the logic there.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, I have two comments. I had the opportunity with Mr. Wolfe yesterday to go down to the Russian River and look at the site and I was impressed by several things. One, is some of the substantial differences between the Russian River and the Kenai River. So the significant difference we saw in terms of stream hydrology, stream bank physiology between the Kenai and the Russian. And I was impressed with how well the Forest Service has managed the Russian and, you know, what good shape much of the Russian River vegetation and bank was in. They've really done some excellent management, public education and other activities.

I was also impressed in talking with Deidra on the way down at the extensive public process they had. Nonetheless, there are two issues that I think need further clarification on the Russian River Project, and one is, particularly given, you know, our restoration responsibilities. One is the impact of the proposal on wild animal passage, particularly, with the railings on the boardwalks. And I would just like more confidence that the proposal either should be modified to better address wild animal passage or that there is not going to be an impact, and an examination of other possible, either boardwalk decking options or other trail treatment options.

We did see an example of fiberglass perforated decking.

I did not see any vegetation particularly under that decking. There has been public testimony that that doesn't promote vegetation growth. And Forest Service did contend that this type of decking was literally required by ADF&G. I think we all need to step back and say, is this really the best and most appropriate trail treatment for this area? Does this best advance our restoration goals, taking into account some of the other goals that have been addressed.

So I would be interested, Mr. Wolfe, assuming you don't object to those two further inquiries....

MR. WOLFE: One minor correction.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, please.

MR. WOLFE: One is the grid, the geo grid was light penetrating, it was a part of....

MR. RUE: I can't hear Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Oh, I'm sorry. We had muted my microphone. In either case my concern was Deborah related that Fish and Game required the grid, the light penetrating grid and my understanding from yesterday was that that was required by the Kenai River Management Plan for trails within 25 foot of the stream bank. So I'm not sure it's totally a Fish and Game requirement.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. I may have misspoken. But whoever requires it, you know, step back.....

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: .....and look at whether 1 2 that really is..... That's correct. MR. WOLFE: 3 4 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: ....in the best restoration interest of this area to use that material. 5 MR. WOLFE: Okay. 6 7 MR. RUE: Yeah, if I might, I think the key there is to look at the situation, whether it's been designed 8 to allow enough light through it. I know it has -- I've seen it work where it literally looks like a flattop, vegetation 10 growing through the boardwalk and your feet trimming it. Say 11 it's a matter of case by case designing it correctly. 12 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: And that may be it. 13 That's right. 14 MR. WOLFE: 15 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It may be that this might work in some places, but where you have this kind of 16 17 elevation it may not be..... 18 MR. RUE: Oh, no, you got to look at it, you're right. 19 20 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. I really think we 21 have to look a little more carefully to see whether a couple aspects of this are, particularly, the wildlife passage and the 22 23 deck treatment are in the best interest of our restoration 24 objectives.

MR. RUE:

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Madam Chair, I have one other

question. 1 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, please, 3 Commissioner. MR. RUE: Yeah, just very quickly. I guess I 4 would be interested in the reaction of the project applicants to -- or what their plans are for another group of folks to 6 work on this project as a perhaps a subset of the advisory board or the advisory board itself or another public working group that seem to be in the making and that seemed like a fairly positive approach. Is that the intent? 10 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe. 11 MR. WOLFE: I don't know is there was any 12 intent, but I suspect that's what will develop, Frank. 13 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: But are you comfortable 14 with that, Mr. Wolfe? 15 16 MR. WOLFE: Oh yes. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. Mr. Wolfe's 17 comfortable with that, Frank. 18 MS. McCAMMON: But apparently there is a 19 steering group that was developed during the environmental 20 assessment.... 21 MR. WOLFE: That's correct. 22 .....part of the project that 23 MS. McCAMMON: 24 included a number of public members that met fairly frequently

and the idea is that they may be brought together again in the

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near future to talk about the next phase of this project? That's correct. MR. WOLFE: 2 MS. McCAMMON: Okay. 3 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: And that's.... 4 And it's -- Madam Chair.... MR. WOLFE: 5 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: No, no, please, 6 Mr. Wolfe. 7 MR. WOLFE: And a lot of what they're working 8 on right now is the prioritization of what we work on next on 9 the Russian River. But, yes, the group is still intact and 10 still meeting periodically. 11 MR. RUE: I guess I have one final question and 12 this might be -- if that's all right? 13 Yes, Commissioner. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: 14 15 MR. RUE: Yes. Jim, when you did the EIS and you looked at the overall project, have you looked at an 16 assessment of the carrying capacity of that area and whether --17 at some point, I think we all acknowledge the Kenai River, the 18 Russian River is going to -- is or has reached capacity, and 19 where do we want to go? Did you all look at that sort of more 20 global question as you thought about the project? 21 MR. WOLFE: And, Frank, I can't answer that 22 question for you. I suspect they looked at it to some degree, 23

but I don't know the answer. We can get you an answer.

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MR. RUE: Well, I don't know, maybe it's

something we need to think about in the future.

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: We'd be happy to do that, although, I could see it presenting a lot of management problems down the line if we start having to try to control the use of that area for those short periods. But that's another question.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are there any other questions or comments?

MR TILLERY: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: I was most concerned with the implication that the Department of Fish and Game rules may not be being followed. The Council has, on a number of occasions, imposed conditions that certain requirements be followed even though they may not be sort of required by law. So I guess my question is for Commissioner Rue, whether he is satisfied that the Department of Fish and Game has all the tools it needs to make sure that what it feels needs to be done on these projects is being done or whether it would be helpful to have the Council impose a condition, for example, that no funds may be expended unless Title XVI has been complied with or something like that? Do you have any comments on that?

MR. RUE: Mr. Tillery, thanks for putting me on the spot, I'm sure.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: That's what lawyers are for.

MR. RUE: Oh, I have no problem discussing that the Forest Service and the Department have disagreed on the extent of the Department's statutory authority over the Forest Service. And actually I think the Russian River is navigable, so it's probably State anyway, so it's maybe a moot point. I don't know if that official declaration is made by BLM.

But anyway, I think, you know, our jurisdiction -- my sense is our jurisdiction for Title XVI, there shouldn't be an argument. It's ordinary high water and below on the Russian River, and I believe it's navigable. And if that's the case, then I don't think we need anything in particular to make our statutory responsibilities apply to this project.

The other question is the debate we've had over the year or years about the individual merits of the projects and the disagreements the Department's had and the Forest Service has had and the negotiations and discussions that have gone on there. I guess I can't tell on that front whether we've lost any ability to influence the final designs, depending on how the board interacts. I've heard Jim Wolfe say we'd be getting the plans and would be -- they'd try and -- I can't remember the exact words, try and accommodate all our major concerns or something like that. It sounded like no veto.

I guess at this point, I'm probably and I think the

Staff, who reviewed this were willing to segregate this project from the other batch of them partly out of frustration to be honest with you, and just let it go. So I'm not sure if I want a veto on this one.

MR. TILLERY: Well, again, I guess my question was not only for this one, but for this whole group of projects, is there any merit to putting any conditions upon the use of the funding? That it comply with any particular laws or policies?

MR. RUE: Well, I personally think they should comply with restoration and/or maintenance or, you know, words to that effect of fish habitat. That we shouldn't work counter to the interests of the injured species and/or the fish and wildlife in the area. And I think some of Deborah's concerns were very good in that area.

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are you done

Commissioner?

MR. RUE: Yep.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Maybe I can bring this to closure. The Forest Service and the Department of Fish and Game, Frank and his folks, are working right now on an MOU dealing with this whole Title XVI issue. So I think that we're in the process. We even have a draft MOU that was put together by

Fish and Game about a week and a half ago and we are working on it. So I think we're coming to closure aren't we, Frank?

MR. RUE: Yeah. The for the last -- yeah, for a long time we....

MR. WOLFE: Yes.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Asmatotically (sic),

right?

MR. WOLFE: Yes.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Okay, well, Mr. Wolfe, if you would feel comfortable, I would then like to add the two conditions with respect to the wild animal passage and taking another look at the most appropriate trail treatment and decking. That you would do, you know, additional review and then report to the executive director, perhaps, on those two issues so that you're satisfied that we're achieving our restoration goals with the design that is selected, if you feel comfortable with that.

MR. WOLFE: I certainly feel comfortable with that, except that what I heard yesterday from our project leader is that we're trying to comply with the Kenai River Management Plan requirements and that part of what you're referring to is a part of those requirements. And so this is a bigger issue than just us, the Forest Service, looking at it for our portion of it, this would apply on all the Kenai River projects.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right. But we obviously have to be satisfied that those requirements make restoration sense.

MR. WOLFE: Right.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: And if they don't, then to, you know, work with that group in modifying them.

MR. WOLFE: I concur wholly.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR. WOLFE: The concern that I'm expressing here though is our reluctance, maybe not concern. Reluctance is that this could be a major issue to get all of the parties involved in the Kenai River Management Plan to address those issues and bring to closure that, you know, whatever is an acceptable approach. But let us look at it, explore it, and see if we can come back to the Council and/or at least to Molly and get the information to all of you and how we can proceed with meeting your objectives.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right, thank you.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

MR. RUE: I guess one thing I would add, Madam Chair, is I was only somewhat facetious when I made my previous comment. I think there are things the Department -- parts of this that the Department would like to be assured of. One is, I think the wildlife passage issue is a very good one that you raised. And I think our endorsement that it's been designed to

maximum wildlife passage would be an endorsement the Forest Service should get from the Department. And I guess the only other piece is, I wouldn't want to necessarily be -- have some special status or have any kind of a measure review on whether you need X numbers of roads or access points above the river. But I think it would be important for the Department to speak to the issue of the habitat, whether or not the habitat has been maintained or put into a productive state with the project, the fish habitat. And not necessarily speak to the issues of adequate access, whether, you know, some of the other questions that may be involved with this project. But I think those two questions would be ones that the Department, as Mr. Tillery and/or others have suggested in public comment, that the Department should be required to sign off on. And I'd be wondering -- I wonder if Mr. Wolfe could respond to that? CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe.

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MR. RUE: What do you feel, would that be all right? Would that work?

MR. TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe, one way to perhaps do that would be to have some kind of a condition that this MOU, which I assume, would take that into account needs to be completed before this goes forward.

MR. RUE: I think that might be tough, Craig.

I think that actually is a statewide issue and that's kind of the in-stream work.

MR. TILLERY: Oh, okay.

MR. RUE: I wouldn't want to hang it on that.

I think it's more....

MR. WOLFE: I guess, Frank, philosophically we don't have any problem with what you're proposing, we agree.

Our objectives and your objectives are not counter in this -in my opinion in this whole effort. So I would say that we should be able to work that out between us.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Mark, did you want to say something?

MR. KUWADA: Yes, just a brief comment.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MR. KUWADA: I just wanted to respond to your one issue about the boardwalks at Russian River. One of the reasons that they appear the way they do or the problem that we're having designing them sort of a function of three different factors. One is the Forest Service has certain safety requirements that they have to adhere to. Those safety requirements are that you have to have fairly sturdy boardwalks for the amount of traffic you're going to get. The other is that we have ADA compliance. And that requires that the separation, the distance between the slats on the boardwalk can only be a certain distance. And then the third factor we have is the habitat benefits, the elevated walkway is supposed to provide. So trying to integrate all three of those components

is sort of the art involved in how these things are designed and decided.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

MR. KUWADA: So....

encouraged by one thing and I'll make one more comment and then hopefully I'm done with 180. I am very encouraged by the fact the Forest Service is intending to continue with the public dialogue and public process and will be continuing to talk with the Cornetts, and of course, Mr. Wolfe, you encouraged Charles Brooks to participate in the process. And I think that will assist a great deal in implementing this then and Forest Service's willingness to keep the public involved and to respond to public comments that come up is very encouraging.

With respect to the boardwalks, as I said earlier, I was very impressed with the public education that is going on down there; the stream watch program and the impacts. I think in designing, for example, the boardwalks and making the decision on whether you need railings on the boardwalks so that the public won't jump off the boardwalks every five feet and make paths down to the trail, I think you can, you know, maybe try no railings and public education and see if it works, if in fact, the railings would pose a problem for habitat. I really do believe in the power of public education and an occasional well placed sign, please do not, you know, leave boardwalks,

and let's give the public a chance to show that they can act responsibly if, in fact, something like a railing would pose an animal passage problem. So let's give the public the benefit of the doubt, at least, going into this.

MR. KUWADA: I guess I have less optimism than you do. But I agree in the sense that we can probably and we should design some of those boardwalks without railings. And in fact, talking to Deidra a couple of weeks ago when we were on the site, we thought as the trail is rerouted and the boardwalking is rerouted, you could take down railings in areas where it goes through heavily wooded sections of the river, just the fact that they're dense and wooded are going to prevent people from trying to crash through them. Anyway, that's one solution.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: (Indiscernible)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Yes, Molly.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, some clarification here then. Would it be, and I know you're not voting yet, but would it be the Council's intent that the funding for this project be approved today with these caveats, so that authorization to spend are subject to these conditions?

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, I believe that's where we are.

MS. McCAMMON: But it also should be noted that

the FY97 money has already been approved and authorization to spend has already been given. And so that includes \$85,000.00 for Phase I of the Russian River. And in our discussion, since that's already been approved, in our discussion with the Department it was our intent to go ahead and transfer those funds to the Forest Service and they would go ahead with that. So those funds do not have these conditions upon them. So I guess I would ask for some additional clarification and how to proceed with that.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Well, Mr. Wolfe, I ask you a very hard question, are you willing to put those conditions, expost facto, on the funds that have already been approved?

MR. WOLFE: Yeah. I don't think that there's any problem with that. The one question mark I would have would be whether or not we can get the Advisory Board, at this stage, to buy in on it. And especially since we haven't even asked them if they're willing to do it at this point in time.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR. WOLFE: But I would say that we would certainly be willing to go to them and present our case and see what kind of reactions they have. And my guess is that they probably won't have any different reactions than you have had at this point in time.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, very much,

Mr. Wolfe. That's really very helpful on the part of the Forest Service.

MR. RUE: Madam Chair, one final question for a second.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Rue.

MR. RUE: What were the conditions that are now on it?

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: We have the two conditions that are specified in executive director's recommendation. And then we have the two additional conditions that I recommended, that this be reexamined for wild animal passage repercussions and modifications made as necessary and that the decking treatment and general trail treatment be reexamined to see if it is in the best -- if we do have a proposal that is in the best interest of restoration or whether there might be an alternative proposal that would have better restoration implications. And we had -- and then did we pickup what the Commissioner and/or you said, Craig?

MR. TILLERY: I think we just ended up with a vague promise from the Forest Service that they will work with Fish and Game; is that correct?

MR. WOLFE: Oh, we are working on a formal MOU and we do intend, it's not a vague promise, we do intend to work with Fish and Game.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Commissioner, did you

think you had a condition?

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MR. RUE: Well, I think the MOU is -- I don't think we need to deal with that issue, I think that's sort of taking care of itself. The only one I guess I would ask is, that the habitat values be confirmed, you know, habitat -- that, in fact, the restoration functions as good fish habitat or useful fish habitat, I don't know, pick the term of art, ought to be confirmed by the Department.

MR. TILLERY: So that the -- to go ahead with the project it would be a condition that the Department of Fish and Game would have to confirm that it is consistent with restoration goals and objectives; is that kind of what I'm hearing?

MR. RUE: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe, was that your understanding?

MR. WOLFE: Yeah. That's kind of an awkward position that we put on it but....

MR. TILLERY: It would certainly be difficult to argue against it being consistent with restoration goals.

MR. WOLFE: But we're not going to be -- right, yeah.

MR. RUE: I'll tell you what, here's -- I can maybe make it simpler and I don't want to belabor it.

MR. WOLFE: Yeah.

MR. RUE: 1 the Kenai River that allows you to apply for a tax credit or a 2 tax exemption if you're doing a project that maintains habitat 3 or restores habitat on the river. To get that tax exemption, the Department has to say, yep, you're project is friendly to 5 fish, they don't use the word, friendly to fish. 6 7 thinking of something along those lines. I don't want to give an overall approval of this is good access or this, you know, 9 et cetera, et cetera, but are the restoration of the banks of the river, do they, in fact, function as fish habitat and are 10

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MR. WOLFE: And it is always the Forest Service's intent to maintain and enhance habitat.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS:

therefore good fish habitat, that's what I'm talking about.

But there's a tax exemption bill on

And so I'm

MR. RUE: Okay.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, it sounds like then we have five conditions. Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, there's actually I hate to say this, but what we didn't do -- what -- we referenced the Chief Scientist's review memo that the project should be implemented consistent with that, and there were a number of other little things in there such as showing how you would monitor this over time using your regular agency management functions to see that it was working. And that in the case of the Forest Service project that, even though the

1	funds would be provided directly to the Forest Service, the
2	Forest Service should consult and coordinate with the project
3	managers, Fish and Game and DNR, in regard to their detailed
4	project designs and seek the endorsement of the Advisory Board.
5	And then we go into administrative and accounting procedures
6	and some other things like that. So this would be considered
7	additional conditions.
. 8	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe.
9	MR. SENNER: Not just on the Forest Service,
10	though?
11	MS. McCAMMON: On all of the projects.
12	MR. SENNER: Right.
13	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right, all of the
14	projects.
15	MS. McCAMMON: Right.
16	MR. WOLFE: That's what I was fixing to say,
17	it's fine if it applies to everybody on every project.
18	MS. McCAMMON: It applies to every project,
19	yes.
20	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.
21	MR. WOLFE: Yes.
22	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.
23	MR. WOLFE: All right.
24	DR. SPIES: Not being singled out.
25	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Thank you,

Mr. Wolfe. Anything else?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. And when we make the motion on this package, let us assume that that will be part of the motion.

MS. McCAMMON: Done.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

DR. SPIES: Which should come up soon.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Let me see, anything

else on habitat improvement?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Let's move to ecosystem synthesis then.

DR. SPIES: Two projects here that are related. As you recall, under 97300 that's been instituted this year by the Trustee Council, this is to look at synthesis scientific findings. Part of this effort, a major part of the effort this year, has been to, in fact, hold a workshop to look at the application of certain kinds of ecological models to synthesizing information available through the large amount of studies the Trustee Council implemented over the last -- since late 1989 after the spill.

So we, in fact, had a workshop and started to implement some of the ideas and get participation by many PIs that are going to have to cooperate, that was a successful workshop held

this spring. And the start that's recommended here for Project 1 98330 would be the implementation of a mass balance model of trophic fluxes that would be a collaboration between Stewart 3 Pimm of the University of Tennessee and Daniel Pauly at the 4 University of British Columbia Fisheries Institute, two of the 5 leading modelers for this sort of modeling in marine ecosystems 6 in the world. And so those -- that's how these two are related 7 and how the start is related to what's happening in 97300. 8 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions on 9 10

ecosystems synthesis cluster?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right.

Madam Chair. MR. WOLFE:

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

I hate to do this, but I need to go MR. WOLFE: back to the habitat improvement to make a comment.

> CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Certainly.

MR. WOLFE: And it has nothing to do with the Russian River terrain.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good.

MR. WOLFE: That one is done and then some. Given all the work that you've added to our plate, even with the Kenai Habitat Restoration Project. We do have one project, Human Use. and Wildlife Disturbance Model that was proposed and it's been deferred. It had significant support in the Public

Advisory Group and we think has a lot of value, particularly given the potential impacts that may be coming to the Sound in the very near future, particularly when the road to Whittier is completed and would be -- the model would be a benefit to all of us. And I guess our question is that we would like to see the funding for that model proceed as quickly as possible. And so that was my only point at this point in time.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. McCammon, do you want to talk about your deferral recommendation?

MS. McCAMMON: Thank you, Madam Chair. There were actually two projects that received very favorable reviews, one, was the Homer Mariner Park, Project 98314 and then also 98339, the Human Use and Wildlife Disturbance Model. These received very favorable reviews and, in fact, I think in our draft work plan we had recommended a fund. But when we started putting together the package of projects, trying to reach the 14,000,000 target, it became -- it seems like we needed some more flexibility during the December meeting among the suite of projects, and these two seemed to be ones that could be deferred. That they weren't absolutely critical to be done this year.

MR. SENNER: Same for the oystercatcher.

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah, that's the same for the Black Oystercatcher Project also. But in order to give the Council more flexibility, there are some projects that we're

waiting results from the field season that may or may not go forward, and we hope to have those answers by then. And so these were just two that we chose as either lower priority or ones that could be done in other years. But they were both very favorably reviewed.

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe, I will say my reaction to this was based on two reactions. Those of us who were at the annual conference heard from several speakers the need to have the restoration efforts focus a little bit more on human impact, and I think those comments were well taken. I read this proposal, my reaction was this seemed more like a road impact than a general spill area human use impact analysis. And what I would hope could happen between now and December is that people at DOI, DNR, and anyone else who wishes to, can talk with your project proposers to see if it would make sense to broaden the review. So for example, should Kenai Fjords be part of this human impact analysis and I would offer Bud Rice to you to talk about the appropriateness of including that, should Kodiak be included, and if not, how could we design this to help us most with those other areas, to make it maybe a little less pure road impact as opposed to the broader characterization of increased human use and human impact. we look forward to working with your proposers in the next several months to see if that makes sense.

But I certainly agree with the premise that, I think,

with a properly designed proposal, Trustee Council money could be well spent to look at impacts of increased human use.

MR. WOLFE: That's fine.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Any other questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. And thank you again, Mr. Wolfe. Any questions about ecosystem synthesis?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right, that brings us to project management.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, this is a request for \$560,100.00 for project management. This is basically the additional work done by the agencies to support all of the individual projects. It is, I think, we always recognize that we ask more from the agencies in terms of their oversight of EVOS projects than of other kinds of projects with other sources of funding in terms of accountability to the public, reporting requirements, and things of that nature. And this budget reflects the cost that the agencies would incur for implementing these projects.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Any questions about project management budget?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right.

Ms. McCammon, should we go forward with habitat protection at 1 this time? 2 MS. McCAMMON: Unless you wanted a short break? 3 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do the Trustee Council 4 5 members want a short break? Short break? MR. WOLFE: Yes. 6 7 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Let's take a five minute break. 8 MS. McCAMMON: Okay, we won't hang up, but we 9 will mute the Juneau participants. 10 11 (Off record - 3:40 p.m.) 12 (On record - 3:50 p.m.) CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Let's begin by going 13 14 through the admin budget. Molly. 15 MS. McCAMMON: Okay. Madam Chair, in your packet you have a copy of Project 98100, which is the 16 Administration Science Management and Public Information 17 Budget. The total requested for this year is \$2,796,300.00. 18 This is a reduction of five percent from below the fiscal year 19 20 '97 budget, and consistent with our target of \$2.8 million. The main difference is largely attributable to reductions in 21 22 the contractual line within the operations component, although 23 these have been offset somewhat because of the increase in personnel costs due to primarily the State health care costs. 24

Total travel costs are comparable to last year,

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although there have been reductions in several areas. But then these were offset by an increase due to the changes in the PAG membership. We now have more members from Juneau and Kodiak, which means our PAG costs are much higher. And in addition, we included funds for all of the community meetings for the restoration reserve planning of that.

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On the OSPIC portion of the budget, the OSPIC budget has been reconfigured to reflect the merger with ARLIS. Although total costs attributable to the OSPIC/ARLIS component are down nearly \$120,000.00, these reflect savings as a result of the transition, and also a transfer of the microcomputer technician position to the operations component. So right now in OSPIC we have three people, two librarians and one library technician. Jeff Lawrence's position has been upgraded to a microcomputer technician. He is the person who is responsible for the local area network in this office. He's doing all of the work with all of the accessing over the Internet, responding to all of the Internet requests for information. His position will stay here, he'll actually move upstairs when OSPIC merges with ARLIS and moves out of the building. This is anticipated to happen during the month of September with the final transition by October 1st.

In addition, the Information Management Project initiated by the Department of Natural Resources has concluded this fiscal year and there is no anticipated additional cost

for the next fiscal year. This included development of both the CD-Rom that includes the geographic information from all of the research projects, and then also includes the bibliography that's currently on the Internet.

The operations budget includes funds for planning meetings for the 10th anniversary effort, which is scheduled for March of '99. It includes funds to complete the NRDA reports, and includes the funds for the reserve planning effort.

I guess my only comment about the budget overall is that as we get further along in the process and approach the 10th anniversary, the demands for additional publications, outreach to the public, synthesis documents, things of that nature, where we had thought we would see reduction in costs, as those requests for additional information, additional documents, additional synthesizing of the information that's being gathered over time is making it increasingly difficult to reduce our costs.

But I'd be happy to answer any questions about this particular budget.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are there any questions from Trustee Council members? And I understand, Steve, you've joined us?

MR. PENNOYER: Yes, I have been listening for a while, Deborah, thank you.

1 questions about administration? 2 (No audible responses) 3 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Molly, should I make my 4 very quick motion, OSPIC motion, now? 5 Can I ask a question, Madam Chair? MR. WOLFE: 6 7 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe. And it has to do with the OSPIC, MR. WOLFE: and that's, it looks like we've got things moving towards resolution of the OSPIC. And what I wasn't sure about was the 10 two people that we're sending over..... MR. RUE: Jim, I'm sorry, I can't hear you. 12 I don't know if you muted your mic, sorry. 13 MR. WOLFE: Craig keeps muting me over here. 14 MR. RUE: Thank you, Craig. 15 16 MR. WOLFE: Pay him later, huh. Anyway, the two people that would be going over with the OSPIC material, 17 what time frame -- do we continue to pay this indefinitely or 18 -- that wasn't clear in here? 19 MS. McCAMMON: Well, the Council is funding 20 certainly on an annual basis. But the indications that we've 21 given to them is that it would be appropriate for the Council 22 to consider paying for two full-time librarians for the next 23

two fiscal years.

MR. WOLFE:

Okay.

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, thank you.

MS. McCAMMON: And for one librarian after that through fiscal year 2001.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: Through the last payment from Exxon. And after that it would be an open question.

MR. WOLFE: That's fine. Very good.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do the Trustee Council members in Juneau have this resolution?

MS. McCAMMON: They may not.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. We'll wait for a moment then. Are there any other questions about the administration budget?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Let's move ahead and discuss the restoration reserve.

MS. McCAMMON: Do you want to do 126 first?
CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Oh, yes.

MS. McCAMMON: Okay. The 126 budget, 98126, and let me get to it, is a request for \$781,400.00. And this provides all of the support costs for the Habitat Protection and Acquisition Project. It includes funding for services such as title reports, appraisals, hazardous materials surveys, timber cruises, reviews, all of the logistical support to ensure that the acquisitions go forward.

These costs are substantially reduced from this year's

funding level, and the way these budgets are put together, they are charged off of as needed. So if, for example, a certain acquisition does not go forward then these funds would be lapsed for that acquisition. And the only major -- there were no major changes, I think, from prior budgets. Department of Natural Resources, their prior responsibility at this point is for the Afognak acquisition and for small parcels. And then also completing the State's participation in the Eyak and Tatitlek acquisitions. The Department of Fish and Game has some funding, two months biologists funding, to provide information on Kenai River projects, on Afognak projects and others that require information on habitat and restoration value of those areas. The Department of Interior, National Park Service has two months of personnel time to provide information on potential protection of park lands in the spill area. Fish and Wildlife Service's highest priorities now are completing the Kenai Native Association's acquisition, completing the last, I believe it's Akhiok-Kaguyak portion of that acquisition, the Sitkalidak land exchange, and then also some small parcels.

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: And Koniag Phase II?

MS. McCAMMON: And Koniag Phase II. Department

of Agriculture Forest Service's priorities now are to complete

the Tatitlek and Eyak acquisitions and in addition a couple of

small parcels.

And I'd be happy to answer any questions about this project.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Any questions from Trustee Council members on habitat acquisition expenditures?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right.

MS. McCAMMON: And then the last project proposal is the restoration reserve, and I do have a motion for that, too, when we get to a motion. But again, the issue before the Council is whether or not to put into to approve the transfer of \$12,000,000.00 from the liquidity account to the reserve fund. As happened last year, I'm asking that if the transfer is not completed by September 15th, because we need those funds for ongoing restoration activities, that the interest -- that these funds, plus the interest against these funds shall also be transferred. And this actually happened this year because we didn't know when the -- if the Afognak acquisition would be completed this year and we needed those The actual transfer to the reserve didn't occur until, funds. I believe June or early July, and so it was approximately \$450,000.00 of additional interest that was transferred with that \$12,000,000.00 to reserve fund. I'm also asking because we're currently looking at the investment policy for both the liquidity account and the reserve fund that they be invested

pursuant to the investment policy for the reserve fund, and I would anticipate that by the time it's actually transferred that we will have looked at that and come up with a new investment policy for the reserve fund.

So I do have a draft motion on that also, and this should have gone to the -- the Juneau folks should have a copy of this, it should have been in your packet yesterday.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Any questions or comments about the restoration reserve? And do the Trustees in Juneau have the resolution -- or motion?

MR. PENNOYER: Yeah, we've got it.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR TILLERY: Madam Chair.

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: I guess what I'm most concerned about is that this resolution is sufficient for me to go to the court and to get a transfer. As I understand this, the concept is that the investment method is not fixed right now. In the past we've usually specified lattered strip securities and so forth?

MS. McCAMMON: That's right.

MR. TILLERY: What we're saying is we're not going to do that now, it's going to be whatever is certified by the executive director?

MS. McCAMMON: It's whatever the Council has as

2 MR. TILLERY: Based on this discussion, we're not going to have the date, we're probably going to have a 3 September or something? If it were to be September 15th, 5 MS. McCAMMON: 6 which I don't anticipate, because I think we're going to have to do it later in the year, but if it were to be September 7 15th, it would be under the current policy of the lattered 9 strip securities. MR. TILLERY: 10 Okay. So if it's going to be different we'll probably have to have a Council meeting, I'll 11 probably have to have supplemental resolution, I suspect? 12 MS. McCAMMON: Well, it would be -- the 13 investment policy would have been changed, so it's whatever 14 investment policy is currently in place. 15 16 MR. TILLERY: Right. Okay. MS. McCAMMON: Unless you would like to clarify 17 this further? 18 19 MR. TILLERY: No, I think that that explanation is adequate. 20 21 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Any other 22 questions or comments? 23 (No audible responses) 24 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: And Trustee Council

members, we have passed out, and hopefully in Juneau you have

policy at the time the transfer is made.

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received by fax, a resolution regarding OSPIC. It is something that our attorneys say we need to do just to clarify that the money will be designated to the BLM -- or that BLM will be designated as the lead agency for purposes of administration, management and contracting. And so I will read the resolution -- now -- yeah, I'll read the resolution and then I think after we vote on the Work Plan, we will do a vote on both this resolution and on the restoration reserve resolution.

This resolution says: In order to effectuate the consolidation of the Oil Spill Public Information Center into the Alaska Research Library and Information Services Center, we hereby designate the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, as lead agency for purposes of administration, management and contracting pursuant to Oil Spill Public Information Center effective September 1, 1997. We hereby authorize that in accordance with the annual budget the sum of \$51,400.00 be withdrawn from the registry of the district court and transferred to the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management to be used for this purpose. This resolution does not effect the lead agency for purposes of employment of staff to the Oil Spill Public Information Center.

All right. I think then we have three motions or are to have three motions in front of us. I will now entertain a motion on the Work Plan.

MS. McCAMMON: And there is, Madam Chair, a

draft motion in your packet that looks like that and it is in Juneau.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. I'll read the draft motion. Move the Trustee Council adopt the recommendations for fiscal year '98 projects as outlined in Spreadsheet A, the date is August 5, 1997, and Spreadsheet B, dated August 28th, 1997, in addition to today's changes with the following conditions: One, if the principal investigator has an overdue report from a previous year, no funds may be expended on a project involving the principal investigator unless the report is submitted or scheduled for submission as approved by the executive director. And two, a projects lead agency must demonstrate to the executive director the requirements of NEPA are met before any project funds may be expended, with the exception of funds spent to prepare NEPA documentation. The funds approved for Project 98180, Kenai Habitat Restoration and Recreation Enhancement for capital projects and do not lapse on September 30th, 1998.

MR. PENNOYER: So moved.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, thank you,

Mr. Pennoyer, is there a second?

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MS. BROWN: Second.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, it's been moved by Mr. Pennoyer and seconded by Commissioner Brown that the motion as read be presented to the Council. Is there any discussion

1	of the motion?
2	MR. RUE: Madam Chair.
3	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Commissioner Rue.
4	MR. RUE: I assume what we mean here is if
5	otherwise required NEPA review. I mean we aren't now required
6	to do a NEPA because of this resolution, right?
7	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: That's correct.
8	MR. RUE: Good, thank you.
9	MS. McCAMMON: Well, NEPA is required on all
10	projects funded by the Council.
11	MR. RUE: It is? On every one? I'm talking on
12	every single one?
13	MS. McCAMMON: Yes.
14	MR. RUE: Right. I stand corrected. I don't
15	worry anymore.
16	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Any other
17	questions or comments on the motion?
18	(No audible responses)
19	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. I will then take
20	a vote on the motion. All those who approve the motion
21	indicate by saying aye.
22	IN UNISON: Aye.
23	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Those opposed indicate
24	by saying nay.
25	(No opposing responses)

1	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, the motion
2	passes unanimously. I would now like to take the second
3	resolution, which is the OSPIC resolution.
4	MS. McCAMMON: We also need a motion on the 100
5	budget.
6	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Oh, we need a separate
7	motion on the 100 budget?
- 8	MS. McCAMMON: Yes.
9	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Do we have a motion on
10	the 100 budget?
11	MS. McCAMMON: It's just to move.
12	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Well, let's do
13	OSPIC next since we have that in front of us. Do I hear anyone
14	willing to make a motion as previously stated?
15	MR. PENNOYER: Madam Chair, I move the motion
16	as you previously read into the record regarding OSPIC.
17	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Is there a
18	second?
19	MR. WOLFE: Second.
19 20	MR. WOLFE: Second.  CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by
20	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by
20 21	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by Mr. Pennoyer and seconded by Mr. Wolfe that the Trustee Council
20 21 22	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by Mr. Pennoyer and seconded by Mr. Wolfe that the Trustee Council adopt the resolution regarding OSPIC. Is there any discussion?

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, the 1 resolution passes. Let us do the restoration reserve. 2 Mr. Tillery. 3 MR. TILLERY: Yes, thank you, Madam Chair. I 4 would move that the Trustee Council approve the transfer of 5 6 \$12,000,000.00 from the liquidity account to the Exxon Valdez 7 Oil Spill settlement account, to its reserve fund. event the transfer is not completed by September 15th, 1997, interest against these funds shall also be transferred. 10 Interest shall be accrued from September 15, 1997 until the time it transfers from the liquidity account, interest shall be 11 calculated at the rate of five percent. These funds shall be 12 invested pursuant to the investment policy of the reserve fund. 13 The executive director shall certify when funds are available 14 15 for transfer and the applicable investment policy approved by the Trustee Council. That's slightly different from what was 16 17 written. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: 18 Okay. MR. TILLERY: It is just intended to make it 19 clearer to the court that this is what we intend. 20 21 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good. Is there a

Second.

Mr. Tillery and seconded by Ms. Brown. Is there any discussion

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS:

MS. BROWN:

second on that motion?

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It's been moved by

of the motion? 1 (No audible responses) 2 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Would anyone like 3 Mr. Tillery to read his modification again or does everyone 4 feel comfortable with that? 5 MR. PENNOYER: Comfortable with it. 6 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. All those in 7 favor of the motion indicate by saying aye. 8 IN UNISON: 9 Aye. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Those opposed indicate 10 11 by saying nay. (No opposing responses) 12 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: The motion passes 13 14 unanimously. Ms. McCammon, would you like to give the Trustee Council wording on a motion regarding 98100? 15 16 MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair, I think the motion would be to approve \$2,796,300.00 for Project 98100, the admin 17 and science management and public information budget. 18 19 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Is it so moved? MR. WOLFE: So moved. 20 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: 21 It's been moved by 22 Mr. Wolfe, do I hear a second? 23 MR. PENNOYER: Second. - 24 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Seconded by Mr. Pennoyer to approve the 98100 budget. Is there any discussion of the 25

1	motion?
2	(No audible responses)
3	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: I'll just simply say
4	that I believe the money we spend on administration for the
5	Trustee Council is money well spent. Any further discussion?
6	(No audible responses)
7	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, all those
- 8	in favor indicate by saying aye.
9	IN UNISON: Aye.
10	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Opposed?
11	(No opposing responses)
12	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: The motion passes
13	unanimously.
14	MS. McCAMMON: And one last motion on the 126
15	budget.
16	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, Ms. McCammon.
17	MS. McCAMMON: Project 98126, a motion for
18	\$781,400.00 for habitat protection and acquisition support.
19	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Is anyone willing to
20	make that motion?
21	MR. PENNOYER: So moved.
22	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by
23	Mr. Pennoyer, is there a second?
24	MR. WOLFE: Second.
25	MS. BROWN: Second.

Second by Mr. Wolfe that CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: 1 2 we approve the 98126 budget at \$781,400.00. Any discussion of the motion? 3 (No audible responses) CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All those who agree with 5 the motion indicate by saying aye. 6 7 IN UNISON: Aye. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Opposed indicate by 8 9 saying nay. (No opposing responses) 10 11 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: The motion passes unanimously. Ms. McCammon, is there any additional actions 12 that we need to take at this time? 13 14 MS. McCAMMON: No. Trustee Council members 15 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: any addition discussion or any additional action you believe we 16 need to take at this time before we go into our last agenda 17 item? 18 (No audible responses) 19 20 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, we are ready to proceed with our last agenda item, which is discussion 21 22 on archaeology. Madam Chair, while folks are getting 23 MR. RUE: 24 ready to do that, can I just say one quick thing?

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Please, Commissioner

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Rue.

MR. RUE: I'd like to thank the Staff, not only my own, but the staff there in Molly's office for all the good work they did in putting this whole thing together, it's great. And the support you gave to the tough questions I couldn't answer.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Any additional accolades that Trustee Council members would like to spread forth.

MR. RUE: I was on the spot more than they were.

MR. PENNOYER: I'll second that motion.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: And I particularly commend the excellent work of the staff. And I'm very pleased that you put the projects in numerical order, I found that an excellent way to proceed. Outstanding work as always.

Ms. McCammon, would you like to introduce the discussion on archaeology, please.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes. Madam Chair, in your packet under the archaeology tab, you have a copy of one of the letters that I sent out at your request and at the request of the Public Advisory Group to the communities who have expressed interest in developing individual repositories in the eight communities within the spill area that we've been working with on this project. And the letter is actually a copy of one sent

to Mr. Gary Kompkoff, president of the Tatitlek IRA Council. And in that letter we asked for additional information in terms of what kind of facility and program they would envision for their individual community and how that would restore archaeological resources injured by the spill. What kind of artifacts that are currently part of the public collection they would expect to be transferred to the community. The estimated cost of construction of whatever facility they have planned and how they would plan to secure the necessary funds. description of their vision of a regional repository organization. Estimated cost of operations and how they would plan to secure the necessary funds for long-term operation and maintenance. I also have included following that letter the responses that we have received to date as a result of that request.

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And as, I think Sheri Buretta relayed in her testimony to you earlier today, in looking at the responses I had to admit that I was disappointed in the level of information that was requested even though we had required brief letters, I think we've been pretty specific in asking for fairly detailed information. And I think actually with the exception of the response from Qutekcak, the responses were fairly general.

All through this planning process, I think, from day one, the Council has indicated to me and I have indicated to those that we have been working with that it would be the

Council's preference to work with some kind of a regional solution to this issue for Prince William Sound and the Lower Kenai Peninsula similar to what was done with the Alutiiq Museum in Kodiak. The communities have responded with a very strong statement that they strongly support individual repositories in the community, and they have not wavered from that position. It's been very strongly put forward.

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Since that time, just yesterday, in fact, Chugach Alaska Corporation has submitted formally to the Council for their consideration a regional facility. And since this is the only regional proposal that we've received, they have asked to make a short presentation to the Council on their proposal. Following that, there would be some time for questions and discussion. At that time, since the Public Advisory Group, the community facilitators, really no one has -- the staff here, no one has had an opportunity to review it, I would hope that we would have over the next month or so to review that proposal and get feedback from the various parties involved and then be able to make a recommendation to the Council on that. And so with your permission, what I would recommend is that we have Jim Hutton with Chugach Alaska Corporation and if you need assistance, describe the proposal that they have. And I believe that they have actual copies of the proposal to distribute.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are there any Trustee

questions or comments before we proceed with Mr. Hutton's presentation? Yes, Mr. Tillery.

MR. TILLERY: I think it's just based on comments I heard earlier that suggested that the Council had already sort of decided that they want a regional one, and the comment was made but they haven't publicly voted on that. And I think I want to make clear that, at least, from my perspective, not only have we not publicly voted on it, but we have not privately voted on it, and I have not publicly or privately or any other way made up my mind about whether it's going to be regional or local. And I think the implication that there is some kind of a decision, even on an individual basis, at least, as far as I'm concerned is incorrect.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Are there any other questions or comments?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: All right. Then

Mr. Hutton, if you're ready, we would be pleased to hear your

presentation.

MR. HUTTON: Thank you. First of all I'd like to thank you for hearing us on such short notice. But we'd like to begin construction yet this year and we thought it was important to get in here and talk to you briefly on this project as quickly as possible. So we asked Molly if we could make a short presentation, and I'll try to keep it as brief as

possible.

We are aware of.....

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Juneau, can you hear Mr. Hutton fine?

MR. RUE: Yes, we can now.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, one moment.

COURT REPORTER: There's a microphone there that you can clip right on, if you would Mr. Hutton.

MR. HUTTON: All right.

COURT REPORTER: Thank you.

MR. HUTTON: How's that, any better?

COURT REPORTER: That's great, thank you.

MR. HUTTON: Okay. As Molly indicated Chugach Alaska Corporation is a regional corporation and they are aware that the individual villages have requested individual repositories. However, the regional corporation has decided they should take the lead on this since it seems to be going nowhere fast and we're proposing kind of a compromise to both the regional and the individual approach and that's what I'd like to talk to you about today.

If I could, I'd like to just use the overhead here. I guess I better get on the other side of the table. I'd also like to send Michael Brown's regrets, he's the President and CEO of Chugach Alaska Corporation, he's out of town on business and he asked me to stand in for him today. I'm acting as the

project manager on this project and I actually work for Chugach Engineering, which is a subsidiary of the regional corporation.

This might be a little hard to read. This is just briefly a slide on Chugach Alaska Corporation. Chugach Alaska Regional Corporation has over 1,900 shareholders, their land encompasses all the way from Port Graham up beyond Cordova and it's basically the land -- these are the peoples whose land and lifestyles were most affected by the spill. So it's basically the tribal village council of Eyak, Valdez, Tatitlek, Chenega, English Bay, Nanwalek, Qutekcak and Seldovia.

As I said earlier, we are proposing a regional repository located in Seward. And Seward was selected primarily for a couple of reasons. Number one it's accessible by land, by rail, by air and by water, so it's accessible by ferry system from all the villages and we feel it's in a very central location. But one of the big drawing cards that Seward has is as you all are aware of, painfully, I'm sure, the SeaLife Center. SeaLife Center is going to attract, in the first year, they're projecting 275,000 visitors. And this we feel is a good tourism base that we can also take advantage of, so that will make our archaeological repository self-sustaining.

Some time ago the City of Seward asked for proposals for the renovation of the old railroad depot building. Chugach Alaska Corporation in conjunction with Qutekcak submitted a

proposal which was accepted by the City of Seward and we're now negotiating a lease on that. What we propose to do is utilize the old Seward depot building. It's listed on the National Historical Register. We intend to maintain it as a historic building, to totally renovate it and restore it. And then add a repository that will meet the required standards for the transfer of artifacts. The property is directly adjacent to SeaLife Center. We've been talking extensively with SeaLife Center about combined educational programs and things of that nature, they're very receptive to that. We do, as I said earlier, believe that we can generate enough tourist revenue to completely self-sustain the program once we have it in place.

In addition to the central repository, we are also proposing to have traveling displays that will be made available to all the villages that have a facility within the village. And as part of our proposal, we're including \$100,000.00 for each village that can meet the qualifications. We would regrant that back to them through either a Federal or a State agency, and that would permit them to provide facility upgrades within their individual villages which will house these traveling displays. As part of the regional center, we would have a full-time curator who would be in charge of the traveling displays and also come up with educational programs. And of course, all the facilities would meet the Federal standards that are required for artifacts.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Hutton, I've not really had a chance to look at the proposal. Of the \$2.3 million, how much of that would be devoted to village facility upgrades?

MR. HUTTON: \$100,000.00 per village, 700,000.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR. HUTTON: The actual -- the regional center would be slightly over a million dollars and then \$700,000 for the villages and the rest is in educational programs, repository furnishings and things of that nature.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay

MR. HUTTON: As I said, we believe that because of its location adjacent to SeaLife Center, the revenue generated from admission fees, both to our cultural center and a gift shop that we're proposing would make the repository self-sustaining after the initial funding. Included in your proposal are financial models that are based on both the Alaska SeaLife Center and also demographics from Federal and State agencies.

Any profits which would be generated from the center would be used for a continuing long-term care of artifacts for educational outreach programs within the villages, for additional archaeological digs throughout Prince William Sound and for a heritage program, such as the Nuuciq Island Spirit Camp. For those of you who don't know about Nuuciq Island,

it's an island that's adjacent to -- I just drew a blank here. Help me out ladies.

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Hinchinbrook Island.

MR. HUTTON: Hinchinbrook, right adjacent to Hinchinbrook Island. It's a very old archaeological site. At one time they thought there may have been a Native settlement there close to seven or 8,000 people.

Chugach Alaska Corporation has taken the initiative here in the last couple of years. They've been holding a spirit camp there for their children, any child within Chugach Alaska Corporation is eligible. They go there, they learn about the cultural ways. They learn subsistence living. They learn things of this nature to maintain the culture of the Chugach people.

The regional repository itself will be responsible for cataloging, inventory, recording and displaying new finds. It would create a professional environment for both shareholders and researchers to study the collection that Chugach has. It would present an opportunity to transfer the various Chugach artifacts that are now housed in various locations around the State into one central location. And again, it would provide an ongoing heritage program.

The regional repository has obtained wide community support from the individual agencies that you can see here, including the City of Seward, Department of Interior,

Department of Agriculture, SeaLife Center and so on. It's been very well received everywhere we've talked to about it, including the villages. The villages of Chenega and Tatitlek have expressed a very high interest in it. We are currently talking with the other villages about it. All the villages, by the way, would have the opportunity to participate in this through -- I'll show you on the floor plans here, what we plan to do is have a demonstration area for artisans to come and display their crafts and to sell them in addition to the archaeological repository.

So we see the benefits for funding this proposal would be, number one, create a regional repository that would house centrally all the archaeological finds. And additionally, to provide traveling displays to the various seven villages and that would hopefully fulfill the requirements of scenario one. And lastly, it would provide public information about the progress of the restoration efforts that have been ongoing for the last number of years, since 1989.

And if I could, I'd like to just very briefly show you some plans that we have. We're about 95 percent complete on our design at this present time.

MR. TILLERY: Mr. Hutton.

MR. HUTTON: Yes.

MR. TILLERY: On those villages, is Eyak,
Cordova -- they were not listed among the villages?

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Juneau.

MR. HUTTON: Yes.

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Cordova and Eyak?

MR. HUTTON: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: Eyak and Cordova was listed.

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: They're the same.

MR. TILLERY: I know, but are they in there?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

MR. HUTTON: This is going to be real hard to see for you folks, maybe just holding it might be the easiest, rather than using the easel.

MS. McCAMMON: Especially for the folks in

MR. HUTTON: Yeah, I'm sorry about the folks in Juneau, I guess they won't see it.

This is the old Seward railroad depot. Some of you may or may not recognize it. We don't propose to do anything -- we can't do anything to maintain its place on the Historic Register, we can't do anything to the exterior other than to restore it to its original condition, which we intend to do.

But the first floor plan, the building basically has two main areas inside it. On this side is the, what was the old waiting room for the trains and what we've proposed to do in there is turn that into an artisan center where artisans can come in from the village and practice their crafts and demonstrate to visitors how they perform their crafts. And

then there's a sales are in the center here where their crafts could be sold. There's a central administrative area. And then the other portion, the big room at the end over here which used to be the old baggage room, will be turned into a -- I don't want to call it a theater, but it would be a small performing room where it'd hold up to 40 people. We have a stage area where we would have performers come in and maybe dance or drum or tell stories, tell about the people of Chugach. That's basically the first floor. It's very, very simple.

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And then down in the lower area, the lower level, the basement, would be where the repository would be. And it's down in the lower area because it's more private down there and it's not open to the public. But we're limited in the amount of size we can put down there because of fire codes so it would take up the central portion of the basement and it would be a repository, everything would be stored in fireproof files and storage cabinets. Now, this -- the artifacts that would be down here would be rotated out to the villages or stored there permanently or -- I forgot to mention on the first floor here, in the exhibit performance room, we have exhibit cases on the perimeter walls here that would also house the artifacts.

And that about summarizes it.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Questions, comments from Trustee Council members?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRWOMAN D. WILLIAMS: I have several.

Mr. Hutton, looking at your proposed budget, I'd just like to walk through that a little bit.

MR. HUTTON: All right.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: I don't know if you want it in front of you or whether you have it memorized.

MR. HUTTON: No, I don't. Actually that's why
I have the ladies who actually wrote this grant proposal for us
here. But let me get a copy and I'll try to struggle through
it.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. It's on Page 11 of my copy.

MR. HUTTON: All right.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Many of my questions are going to be the same and that is, what percentage contribution for the total effort are you seeking from the Trustee Council? So in terms of purchase of the building, what is the purchase price of the building, in other words, what percentage does \$275,000.00 represent?

MR. HUTTON: We don't know at this time. We had an appraisal done. Right now we have only been talking with the city about leasing the building, that was the original proposal that the city put out was for a lease. All right? We believe that this should be a permanent structure and so we

went and had an appraisal done. But right now it only appraises at \$275,000.00.

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: So you're asking that the Trustee Council pay for the entire building?

MR. HUTTON: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. What percentage of your total construction costs are you asking for from the Trustee Council?

MR. HUTTON: I guess all of your questions would probably be the same, Madam Chairman, and basically this is the total amount, these are the amounts and we're asking for anything that the Council would be willing to contribute.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: Madam Chair.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: Does this include the funds that CAC has already invested in the project in terms of design?

MR. HUTTON: Well, those are included in the design. But it's my understanding that any funds expended up to the point where a contribution would be made by the Council would not be recoverable. So we are probably \$100,000.00 into it at this time, which probably are not recoverable. So I guess to backtrack and answer your question, Madam Chair, that \$100,000.00 is probably of the total design and construction is the regional corporation's share at this point if my

understanding is correct, I think as Molly indicated that at one time.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Um-hum. And so the amount in the far right column represents 100 percent of your future costs for this effort?

MR. HUTTON: That's correct. That's total cost of the entire project.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Did you discuss among yourself whether that was appropriate to ask for 100 percent funding from the Trustee Council for this effort?

MR. HUTTON: I've not really been involved, and I'm not trying to dance around this, I've been involved more in the day-to-day management of this and Mr. Brown would probably be more appropriate to talk to about that.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. What is your plan for working with Chugachmiut from today forward in coming to an agreement on this approach or a modification of this approach?

MR. HUTTON: With Chugachmiut?

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yeah.

MR. HUTTON: I know that -- well, let me just say that the regional board of directors had a meeting last week and unanimously approved this, or not unanimously, I'm sorry, it was overwhelmingly approved, 8 to 1, approved our proposal. I know that they are also talking to Chugachmiut as well as the villages. I don't know the outcome of any of that

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at this point, we're still in the preliminary stages there.
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                    CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: When do you think you'd
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   be prepared to report back to us on your discussions?
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                    MR. HUTTON: I would hope by your next meeting,
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   by the public meeting, which is in September; is that correct?
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                    MS. McCAMMON: There's no meeting scheduled at
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   this point, but whenever the Council wanted to have the next
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   meeting.
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                    MR. HUTTON:
                                 I see.
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                    CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: But you think in
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   September?
                   MR. HUTTON:
                                 Sure.
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                    CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Other Trustee
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   Council questions? Yes, Mr. Tillery.
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                    MR. TILLERY: Okay. So on your operating
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   expenses, as I understand it you're projecting, say expenses of
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   865,000, then that is basically paid for by your revenues.
   Those operating expenses, do they include money going out to
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   the villages, money for the spirit camps and those sorts of
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    things?
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                    MR. HUTTON: Yes, yes.
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                    MR. TILLERY: Okay. So you would be paying for
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    those sort of cultural programs out of the proceeds?
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                    MR. HUTTON: That's correct.
                    MR. TILLERY: Okay. And what kind of
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commitment, I guess I'd be curious to know, in terms of time, 1 would you intend to fund that? Is that something you intend to 2 fund sort of in the indefinite future? MR. HUTTON: Oh, yes, yes. We're only asking 4 for a one-time commitment by the Council, and after that we 5 anticipate this would be a self-sustaining. 6 7 MR. TILLERY: So what you're basically saying is for -- if we will invest in the capital expenses, then you will, over the years going..... 9 MR. HUTTON: That's correct. 10 11 MR. TILLERY: .....well, in the future will be committing a whole lot of money to these kinds of programs? 12 MR. HUTTON: That's correct. 13 MR. TILLERY: What about the total profits 14 line, that's outside of the 865, which would include spirit 15 camps and stuff; would that also be reinvested in the cultural 16 17 programs or is that something..... 18 MR. HUTTON: That's correct. 19 MR. TILLERY: Well, what kind of things will that go for? 20 Well, that would still involve the 21 MR. HUTTON: 22 spirit camps, that would involve the educational outreach 23 programs, that kind of thing. 24 MR. TILLERY: Okay. So none of the sort of

profit component of this would actually go back into

shareholder dividends or.... 1 No, sir. MR. HUTTON: 2 MR. TILLERY: ....other kinds of things? 3 That's not the intent, no. MR. HUTTON: 4 MR. TILLERY: 5 Okay. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Anything else 6 7 Mr. Tillery? MR. TILLERY: No. 8 9 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Wolfe, do you have questions? 10 MR. WOLFE: Not at this point. 11 12 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Did you want to talk 13 about the Alutiig Museum situation? 14 MR. WOLFE: Well, I'm not sure this is the time 15 to talk about it, but we could, Madam Chair. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. 16 17 Some of the questions that have MR. WOLFE: come out is, you know, what artifacts would go into the site, 18 where would they come from, you know, if they come off of the 19 20 State or public lands and that would be appropriate. But if they come off of private lands, then it's viewed that that 21 <sup>'</sup>22 should be your share of the cost. And what I'm hearing you say 23 is that you didn't talk about that at all. MR. HUTTON: No, that really has not been 24

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addressed.

MR. WOLFE: Part of this whole discussion about Alutiiq facility down at Kodiak is they, we thought, were going to house the artifacts that were at Fairbanks, University at Alaska-Fairbanks at this point and apparently that hasn't happened. So that raises a whole new question about what do we do with those if we can't put them down there.

MR. HUTTON: Our intent was to try to recover the Chugach artifacts from like I know that the Park Service has some in Portage, for example, places of that nature. To bring them all into one central repository.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Artifacts that were recovered during the oil spill or any artifacts that have been recovered?

MR. HUTTON: Both actually, but preferably during the oil spill.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Ms. McCammon, this is something that I have heard indirectly and that is, is the Alutiiq Museum storing and displaying the spill related artifacts from the Kodiak area?

MS. McCAMMON: The short answer is no. This was not written in as a precondition or a condition of their grant for whatever reason. And I wasn't working at the Council at that time, but it was not written as a condition of the grant. After the museum was constructed, I know that -- and I don't know if Veronica's still here or she's left -- I know

that there was contact made with the University and there was 1 some efforts made to get the artifacts to the Alutiig Museum at 2 I think there was some conflicts and I know part of 3 it was because of accreditation, you know, whether it was I think there were also some accredited at the time. 5 personality problems. There was also some questions about 6 splitting up the collection, there were a number of items. I believe, it was pursued for a short time and not successfully 8 and they made no further efforts. Frankly, I don't think the 9 museum really wants the artifacts. They aren't from -- for the 10 most part, from the Kodiak region, they're not interested in 11 them, they have more interesting artifacts on the island that 12 they would rather display. And since it wasn't a condition of 13 the funding, they don't have them there. 14 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Juneau, do you 15

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay. Juneau, do you have questions?

(No audible responses)

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Frank, Michele, Steve?

MR. PENNOYER: We're here. I'm listening

Deborah, but no I don't have any questions.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Very good.

MR. PENNOYER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Steve. I actually have a couple additional questions. Going back to Mr. Tillery's inquiry about ongoing expenses and Chugach

Alaska's commitment to paying those. It looks, to me, from page 13, that you're not anticipating that Chugach Alaska is going to have to make any contributions to revenues in the future, rather that admission fees and retail sales will cover all expenses. Am I correctly interpreting?

MR. HUTTON: Yes, we're hoping that, yes.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MR. HUTTON: There's no guarantee, of course.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right.

MR. HUTTON: But we're hoping with SeaLife Center right adjacent to it.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right. Would you be prepared to obtain and display the spill related artifacts from the Chugach area in this center?

MR. HUTTON: Oh, absolutely.

MR. TILLERY: Assuming you can get them, I

assume?

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CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Right. Can you describe a little further how the \$100,000.00 per community would be expended?

MR. HUTTON: Well, that would be -- every community would have the opportunity to, as I say, apply for this regrant of \$100,000.00 to upgrade a facility. Obviously we don't -- we wouldn't like to have these -- these artifacts will be sent out in special cases that we would have

constructed, and they would require a certain amount of support for these cases. So we would have to have facilities in the villages that would be capable of supporting the cases, you know, power, air conditioning, whatever. And so that's how that money would be intended to be spent, either taking an existing facility they have and upgrading it or perhaps adding on to an existing community center or a school or something of that nature. That's what we would see that for. But what we would.....

## CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Mr....

MR. HUTTON: Excuse me, let me continue there. What we would do is we would ask each village to submit a proposal to like I say, either a State or Federal agency with a cost estimate and that State or Federal agency would decide if it was appropriate or not. And if it was then we would do the regrant through that State or Federal agency.

MR. TILLERY: You had talked about curators in the village -- were you talking about sending a curator out to the villages or actually employing someone in the village?

MR. HUTTON: No. What we intend would be the central repository would have a curator.

MR. TILLERY: Okay.

MR. HUTTON: And they would setup some type of a rotational display in the villages or whatever, educational programs. They would actually go out to the village. But they

would not be in the village all the time.

MR. TILLERY: And there wouldn't be anybody employed in the village through this program.....

MR. HUTTON: No.

MR. TILLERY: ....to interpret or curate or anything like that?

MR. HUTTON: No. I just don't think there are that many people available that have this kind of knowledge.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Is Chugach Alaska committed to going forward with this project, perhaps a slightly different configure, but going forward with a cultural center even if the Trustee Council does not contribute to the effort?

MR. HUTTON: Yes.

CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair, you may have gotten to what I was after, and that's that the portion that we would probably have some interest in would be the repository, not the display area or those kinds of things. So my question was, you know, did you all do any discussion or could you, at least, before we get together next time discuss what portion of the cost that would represent?

MR. HUTTON: Sure, we can do that. That would be the curator probably and there are certain requirements for, as you're probably aware, for Federal artifact repositories

that we have to meet, including staffing and that type of 1 thing. 2 When you say, display, are you 3 MR. TILLERY: talking about the performance areas? Are you talking about 4 those display cases and the traveling village displays? 5 MR. WOLFE: Madam Chair. 6 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Wolfe. 7 MR. WOLFE: I was thinking of the areas where 8 they would display their arts and crafts. 9 MR. TILLERY: Right, okay. You're -- talking 10 11 about the repository displays? 12 MR. WOLFE: No, no, no, I separate that. 13 MR TILLERY: All right. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Okay, are there any 14 15 other questions or comments for Mr. Hutton? Juneau? 16 MR. PENNOYER: No Deborah, thank you. CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Yes. 17 Mr. Hutton, thank 18 you very much for presenting this to us. And we'll look forward to reviewing this with greater care. We'll also very 19 20 much look forward to your report on your discussions with Chugachmiut, the village tribal councils and the village 21 corporations. 22 23 I thank you for the opportunity. MR. HUTTON: 24 CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Thank you.

All right. Is there any additional business that the

1	Trustee Council should bring forward at this time?
2	(No audible responses)
3	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, I would
4	entertain a motion to adjourn.
5	MR TILLERY: (Inaudible)
6	MR. WOLFE: I second.
7	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: It's been moved by
8	Mr. Tillery and seconded by Mr. Wolfe that the Trustee Council
9	adjourn at this time. Is there any objection?
10	(No audible responses)
11	CHAIRMAN D. WILLIAMS: Hearing none, the
12	meeting is adjourned. Thank you very much.
13	(Off record - 4:47 p.m.)
14	(MEETING ADJOURNED)
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## CERTIFICATE 1 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA 2 SS. STATE OF ALASKA 3 I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in and for the 4 State of Alaska and Owner of Computer Matrix do hereby certify: 5 THAT the foregoing pages numbered 5 through 195 contain a full, true and correct transcript of the Exxon Valdez Oil 6 Spill Trustee Council's Teleconference Meeting recorded electronically by me on the 6th day of August 1997, commencing at the hour of 10:39 a.m. and thereafter transcribed by my firm to the best of our knowledge and ability. THAT the Transcript has been prepared at the request 9 of: 10 EXXON VALDEZ TRUSTEE COUNCIL, 645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501; 11 DATED at Anchorage, Alaska this 20th day of August 12 1997. 13 SIGNED AND CERTIFIED TO BY: 14 15 16 Notary Public in and for Alaska 17 My Commission Expires: 04/17/00 18 19 20 21 22

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