## EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE COUNCIL

DECEIVE TRUSTEE COUNCIL MEETING Friday, December 6, 1996 10:00 o'clock a.m.

EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL TRUSTEE GOUNGIL 709 West 9th Street, Room 445C Federal Building Juneau, Alaska

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## TRUSTEE COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:

STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR:

(Telephonically from Anchorage)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE -

STATE OF ALASKA -1.1 DEPARTMENT OF LAW:

OF FISH AND GAME:

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE - NMFS:

U.S. FOREST SERVICE

STATE OF ALASKA - DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION: MR. CRAIG TILLERY (Chair) Trustee Representative

for the Attorney General

Bruce Botelho

MS. JANET KOWALSKI for Frank Rue

Commissioner

MS. DEBORAH WILLIAMS Special Assistant to the

Assistant Secretary George T. Frampton

MR. JIM WOLFE for Phil Janik Regional Forester

MR. BILL HINES

for Steve Pennoyer Director, Alaska Region

MS. MICHELE BROWN

Commissioner MR. AL EWING

Proceedings electronically recorded then transcribed by: Computer Matrix, 3520 Knik Ave., Anchorage, AK - 243-0668

1	TRUSTEE COUNCIL STAFF PRESENT:	
2	MS. MOLLY McCAMMON	Executive Director EVOS Trustee Council
3 4	MR. ERIC MYERS	Director of Operations EVOS Trustee Council
5	MS. TRACI CRAMER	Director of Administration EVOS Trustee Council
6 7	MS. REBECCA WILLIAMS	Executive Secretary EVOS Trustee Council
8	MS. VERONICA CHRISTMAN (Telephonically from Anchorage)	EVOS Staff
9	DR. BOB SPIES (Telephonically from California)	Chief Scientist
11	MR. STAN SENNER	Science Coordinator
12	MR. DAVE GIBBONS	U.S. Forest Service
13	MR. BYRON MORRIS	U.S. Forest Service
14	MS. MARIA LISOWSKI	U.S. Forest Service
15 16	MR. BARRY ROTH	Attorney-Advisor Conservation & Wildlife Division
17		Department of the Solicitor
18	MS. TAMI YOCKEY (Telephonically from Anchorage)	EVOS Staff
19	MS. GINA BELT (Telephonically from Anchorage)	
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## PROCEEDINGS

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3	(On record - 10:00 a.m.)	
4	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: This is the December 6th,	
5	1996 meeting, continuation meeting of the Exxon Valdez Truste	
6	Council. We are, most of us, located in Juneau, Alaska.	
7	Present are Craig Tillery from Department of Law, I'll be	
8	serving as the Chair at this meeting because there's going to	
9	be a little turmoil and turnover in the Forest Service	
10	representation through the meeting, as I understand it. Bill	
11	Hines with NOAA, Janet Kowalski with Fish and Game, Michele	
12	Brown with the Department of Environmental Conservation, Jim	
13	Wolfe with the Forest Service and Deborah Williams is on line	
14	in Anchorage with the Department of Interior.	
15	Deborah, are you there?	
16	MS. D. WILLIAMS: Yes, I am, Chairman.	
17	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. The first order of	
18	business is approval of the agenda. Is there a motion or any	
19	amendments to the proposed agenda?	
20	MS. D. WILLIAMS: So moved.	
21	MS. BROWN: Second.	
22	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Are there amendments?	
23	MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, yes, there is a	
24	new agenda with a time of 9:17 a.m. this morning and that is	
25	the agenda before everyone now.	

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: And there are some changes to it from the one that was out earlier.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Are there any objections to the agenda, the 9/17 draft? Hearing none, the agenda is approved.

Next the Trustee Council meeting notes from the November 8th meeting; is there a motion?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: So moved.

MR. HINES: Second.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Moved and seconded by Bill Hines. Is there any discussion? Is there any objection to approval of the November 8th meeting notes? Hearing none, those meeting notes are approved.

The next item on the agenda would be the Public

Advisory Group report. I don't know if Vern is in Anchorage

or....

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, the Public Advisory Group Chair, Vern McCorkle, was not able to be here this morning and he asked if I would just relay a summary of his report for you.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Please, go ahead.

MS. McCAMMON: In your packet you have a copy of a report on field trip for the Public Advisory Group that went to Homer, Port Graham, Seldovia, Nanwalek and -- actually

we didn't go to Nanwalek, September 18th through 19th and kind of a summary of the meetings that were held there and some of the comments that were received by members of the public. In addition, I believe you should have had passed out to you a summary of a briefing that was held on December 3rd with the Public Advisory Group. There were 11 members of the PAG that were able to attend this. Since this was not noticed in the Federal Register this was not a formal meeting and they were not able to take formal action.

But the summary here is basically a summary of kind of the thinking or consensus or just some of the thoughts of individual PAG members at that briefing session and we wanted to make sure that you had the benefit of that as we go through the various items on the agenda today, in particular some of their thinking on the deferred project for FY97, the traditional ecological knowledge protocols, data ownership. There was substantial discussion on the archeological repository invitation, the restoration reserve planning. And I can bring these up individually as we go through the various items. Might be more preferable.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is that it for the report?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. The next item of business will the Executive Director's Report. Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, also in your packet are a number of items for your information. There is a monthly financial statement as of October 31st. In addition, there's a quarterly statement as of September 30th, 1996 reflecting the status of the various Trustee accounts. There are a number of items, also, I wanted to bring to your You also should have had distributed to you a copy attention. of the Restoration Office tentative meeting schedule, which looks like this, and it's an agenda of all the various review sessions that are scheduled for this winter. This includes the annual workshop in January, the SEA modeling review session, there's an ecological modeling workshop, the review of the near shore vertebrate predator project, a review of the sea herring project, APEX review and a harlequin duck review.

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These are all scheduled for January and February, they're part of our ongoing adaptive management process of reviewing projects, especially the three major ecosystem projects. And these are intended to do any fine tuning or modification in advance of the spring and summer field seasons.

And you're more than welcome at any time, these are open to the public if anyone wants to attend these or if you'd like more information or a detailed agenda on these, I'd be happy to provide them to you.

In addition we've been busy working on getting ready for the workshop in January. Do we have copies of the agenda?

MS. R. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: We have copies of the draft agenda, this is scheduled to go from January 23rd to the 25th. I think one of the highlights this year will be our keynote speaker who is Dr. Kai Lee, Director for the Center for Environmental Studies in Williams College, he's very well known in the area of sustainable economical development, adaptive management. He was extensively involved in power development issues in the Pacific Northwest in salmon issues. He is one of the leaders, I think, in ecosystem management and I think it's a real honor actually that -- to have him at that workshop.

The theme at this year's workshop is addressing ecosystem management and taking an ecosystem approach to research. And there's several panels that will be addressing that throughout the session. In addition, we have kind of a new feature this year that we're doing as an experiment and on Saturday afternoon we're putting together a session that's specifically geared towards the public and this will be a two to three hour session, Saturday afternoon, on the 25th, that will be covering kind of overall the Restoration Program, we'll have some presentations from a number of the researchers, not just focusing on the results of their research projects but also talking about how they do their work. For example, how do researchers find marbled murrelets. And they will be there with full climbing gear and demonstrating how they actually do

it. We'll probably have some of the harlequin duck researchers who use kayaks to round up harlequin ducks and then use them for vari -- do some of the tests that way. And we're hoping to gear it towards kids, general public and extensively advertise it, so it'll be kind of an experiment as to what kind of a response from the public we get on that.

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There's also a number of areas that the Trustees are welcomed to participate or give a presentation, if any of you would like to talk at the general public session. And also we have at the very beginning of the session, on Thursday, January 23rd, we have a commitment already from Phil Janik to speak on behalf of the Federal Trustees, but we don't have a commitment from the State Trustees yet, so if anyone -- if this fits into your schedule we would appreciate having that participation.

In addition, we're continuing our work on preparation for the 10th anniversary in 1999. Extensive work has already been done, we have the spaced booked at the Egan Convention Center, we're sharing it with the dog show in 1999.

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: With the pony show?

MS. McCAMMON: Not the pony show, just the dog show. And after extensive discussions, kind of internally what most of the staff and committee are looking at, instead of having a scientific symposium and then publishing the results in a proceedings book a year to two years after the workshop -- the symposium is held, we've talked about actually getting

synthesized papers put together in advance of the actual workshop, the actual symposium itself, and having those published in book form and released at the same time as the workshop. So it would be available March of 1999 also.

In order to pull this off it means we have to start putting out a call for papers, probably this spring, getting the abstract back, getting them through the peer review process, so it's going to be a lot of work to pull this together since it's only about just a little over two years away. But a lot of time and effort has already gone into this and I really thank all of the staff people who are putting a lot of work into this, but I think we're well underway in terms of planning.

The big question seems to be how you -- a major interest of the public is on the response and prevention side and we have been coordinating things with the Prince William Sound Regional Citizens Advisory Council and others and there will be some aspects of that issue, too. And how extensive that is, I think, is still a little bit up in the air.

In addition to those workshops you'll also see in your packet a copy of the research bibliography that the Oil Spill Public Information Center and Stan Senner have put together.

This is in draft form and we consider this kind of a dynamic document. As more papers get into the peer-reviewed literature this will get revised and we'll keep an updated copy at the

Restoration Office in Anchorage. The current version includes 163 citations. You can see by topic there's a preponderance of marine mammal papers, a lot of this is because of the marine mammal proceedings book that was published recently, in the last year and a half or so. And, by type, 69 percent of the articles were symposium proceedings, 28 percent appeared in the open journals and three percent were others, such as these. I think over time this will change and there will be more articles appearing on the state of oil on birds, on fish, and more of these will be appearing in the open journals, so I think those percentages will change dramatically in the next year.

But this gives you an idea that a lot of the work that the Council has sponsored is now starting to find its way into the scientific journals and it's something we're strongly encouraging and the principal investigators have been very responsive.

MR. HINES: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Yes, Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: Just a quick question about this extensive bibliography. Are we doing anything on the Internet or anything like that? Or to increase exposure of these projects and results?

MS. McCAMMON: This bibliography will end up on the Internet on our web page. It isn't there right at the

moment but it will be within the next few months, yes.

Also in your packet you will find a copy of a report on the status of crab and shrimp. This was done at the request of the Council. During a number of trips that we held last year in Kodiak, in particular, we heard from a number of community residents asking for the status of crab and shrimp and what had been learned during Trustee Council sponsored research and why wasn't the Council doing more on these two resources. And as a result of hearing of that interest I did ask Stan Senner and Bob Spies to compile the existing information on oil spill impacts and the current status of restoration research and management activities. That is all included in this memo. We do intend to take this memo and then put it into a one or two page, more easily understandable document and distribute it to the general public.

I think the -- kind of the key to sum up what is included in here is that there was very little -- there was work done early on, on both crab and shrimp, but it was very difficult to find any significant oil spill impacts on those two species. Not much is known about the biology and population dynamics of these two resources, and as a result it would be hard to develop specific restoration or enhancement type activities without knowing a lot of the basic biology of these resources.

One thing that is clear is that one of the projects

that the Council has funded in the past through the APEX Project is summarizing all of the various trial surveys that are done both by National Marine Fishery Service and Fish and Game and these have proven to be very effective in showing long term trends of these resources. In fact, it shows very dramatically that in around 1979-1980 there was a dramatic decline of both shrimp and crab. This also is about the same time as there was a two-degree increase in ocean temperature. Whether the two are directly connected is hard to tell, but there does seem to be a major environmental change occurring at that same time. So I think in order to see kind of what the long term trends are it's important to encourage that these trial surveys continue to go forward.

And Stan is here if there are any other questions about this particular report.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Are there any questions about the crab and shrimp?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, one other item that's also in here is regarding the NRDA reports. There is a memo on this. At the last Council meeting, I believe, it might have been the one before that, you asked staff to put together information on the status reports for the Natural Resource Damage Assessment Studies and also a recommendation on what it would take to complete a final report on each of these studies.

Staff did look through all of those reports, there were

75 studies funded in 1989, 1990 and 1991. All but 22 have a final report or are near completion in having a final report. And those final reports are tracked within our Project Status Summary and they are in our quarterly report system. Of the 22 reports of projects that don't have a final report, all but four of these have a draft report that is on file at OSPIC as well as 19 other libraries around the state and in Washington, D.C. and they're accessible through the Western Library Network.

There apparently was a decision in 1992 not to provide funding for final reports on these projects, most of them appear to be on topics that it was determined not worthwhile to continue further study at that time. After looking through these studies, staff recommended that four options be considered. One would be to require that a final report be prepared on each of these 22 studies, this would involve identifying someone to take on the responsibility of completing the report and in many cases the original PIs have long departed and are no longer part of the EVOS process. Funds would be needed to pay for the PI's time for peer review and for printing and copying of the final report.

The second option would be to bring the existing graph reports into our current system, put a cover on them, have a disclaimer that they have not been peer reviewed. This raises some questions also about having not complete consistency in

terms of the quality and thoroughness of these reports, some contain confidential information or perhaps include scientific conclusions that would not be -- kind of make it through the peer review process.

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The third option is just to maintain the status quo, just keep the existing draft report available to the public where they are, although they wouldn't be into our actual project reporting system.

And the fourth option, which is the one that we recommend, is a combination of the above. And what we recommend is that we have a committee made up of Stan Senner, Bob Spies and the relevant liaison for each study and actually look at each individual study, see what some of the issues are regarding that study and determine whether it's worthwhile to actually get a final report on it. What we'd like to do is to have staff do that in the next couple of months, see what the cost is to bring some closure to these 22 reports and then come back to you if there is a request for additional funds.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is this....

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I move that the Council adopt option four with simply the proviso that we ask that

Ms. McCammon report back to us on the status of each study and the recommendations on each study within six months.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there a second.

MS. BROWN: Second.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: There is a second,

Ms. Brown. Mr. Hines, do you have a -- is there other comment?

5 MR. HINES: No.

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Any questions? Is there any objection to the motion? Hearing no objection, the motion passes as described by Ms. Williams.

MS. McCAMMON: Also wanted to mention at this time, Mr. Chairman, there have been a number of questions to me from various Trustees and other agency folks about the status of the Chenega Oiling Project and I did want to report that we've had extensive discussions with staff on this, there have been a number of issues raised on this project. currently a NEPA process underway with an environmental assessment and we have outlined a schedule for completing the environmental assessment and addressing some of the questions and issues that have been raised. And, if through that process, it's determined that there is significant impact as a result of this project that would trigger going to a full environmental impact statement. At this time we can't really decide if that's what will happen but I did want to report that that assessment is underway and if anyone has questions on that, either the project leader, Dianne Munson, at the Department of Environmental Conservation or Ken Holbrook with

the Forest Service who is leading the NEPA review would be responding to those.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I do have a few questions about this issue. First of all, Ms. McCammon, it may be in the folder and I may not have seen it, what is the proposed time frame for the environmental assessment at this time?

MS. McCAMMON: At this point it's expected that a final decision would be made in either mid to late April on that. They're currently going through some preliminary scoping, contacting other interested public members and letting them know about the project and getting public comment on that. The actual environmental assessment would probably go out for public review and comment around mid-January or February 1st. It goes out for 30-day comment period and then those comments have to be responded to, then following agency review we would expect some kind of a decision some time in April, mid to late April, possibly sooner. At this point the project -- under the current time frame, the project is expected to start May 1st, so it's a very tight time line.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: One option that seems to be getting a lot of comment lately is, given some concerns about PES-51 would be to do a test beach this summer and have some of the concerns about PES-51 scrutinized in the context of a test

beach. Molly, do you know if that's one of the things that DEC and Forest Service are looking at in the environmental assessment?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, at this point what they do in the environmental assessment is identify all of the issues and certainly the impact of use of -- the potential use of PES-51 is a definite issue. And I think it depends on what kind of information and questions are raised about it and whether those can be adequately addressed. If there's a feeling that those have been adequately addressed for the full project then I would expect the full project would go forward, but it would -- it kind of depends on what comes out through the review process.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: And, Mr. Chairman, the last thing I did want to emphasize was that it sounds as if it's built in, but I think it is really important to have the local residents fully understand some of the potential issues here because we certainly don't want to either surprise or dismay anyone with whatever protocol we end up using, so what kind of -- is there going to be quite active public outreach to Chenega and the surrounding communities about the protocols that are being looked at, Molly?

MS. McCAMMON: That's correct. A summary of the project and some of the issues raised by the project will be going out, I believe, next week hopefully or by December

of the communities in Prince William Sound. It would include things like the Fish and Game Advisory Committees, the hatcheries, city councils, village councils, it's a fairly extensive community type group. And we do have staff putting together that mailing list and if your agency or any others have some suggestions on any others to be added to that mailing list if you'll just get them to our office we'll make sure they're on it.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: And do you think there'll be public hearings?

MS. McCAMMON: Under the process I don't believe there is a formal public hearing.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: In addition, as part of the NEPA process, the residual oiling workshop that was held by the Council more than a year ago also is included as part of the original public involvement and public outreach and there was extensive public participation, especially from the community of Chenega at that time.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: All right. I think everyone on the call appreciates that the focus right now is on PES-51 and we just want to make sure that people either feel comfortable or if they feel uncomfortable with the use of that substance that they have the opportunity to express it and that

we come up with a protocol that advances restoration in both the short and long term by this activity.

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe, did you have a comment about that process from the Forest Service perspective?

Yeah, I'll go ahead and comment. MR. WOLFE: We could deal with some kind of a prototype testing as an alternative in the EA or EIS, whatever it turns out to be, if that's the desire of the Council, that could be just treated as an alternative approach. Although it's best to let that fall out as a recommendation based on all the scoping and other process that they go through normally. And the same thing goes for a public hearing, we can set up a public hearing if we see that there's enough interest and concern about it. I think that would trigger one so, Deborah, I guess we, too, share your interests for making sure that everybody is on board with the use of the chemicals proposed because we don't want to create more problems by doing the clean up than we're leaving on the ground already out there. So that's.....

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Jim.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there any further discussion on the Chenega Oiling Project? Okay. Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Under administrative issues,
Mr. Chairman, I did want to report that we have not received a
final opinion back from Judge Holland regarding a refund of the

court registry investment system fees. The judge has asked the court system for additional information and given them a response deadline of December 10th, so hopefully we'll get a final response from the judge within the next month or so.

Under habitat protection I would like to report on the status of a number of activities under that area. You do have in your packet under habitat protection the current status reports. Under large parcels I would like to report the results of the shareholder vote by Chenega Corporation on the Chenega acquisition. And it was approved by the shareholders by 81.5 percent of the shareholders and two-thirds vote approval was required for this to go forward and it was an 81 percent vote, so we're very pleased with the results of that vote. That acquisition, all of the documents are now back in Washington, D.C. awaiting final Department of Justice approval. Once that is received then we can do the final details and go to closing sometime in January.

On Tatitlek, we do have scheduled later in the day action on an amendment to the Tatitlek resolution that was adopted in August. This would deal with the final agreement between Tatitlek and Citifor and also result in the addition of a timber only conservation easement for Sunny Bay. That amendment is still pending final signatures on the agreement between Citifor and Tatitlek where we've gotten all but one, we're expecting the last signature sometime this morning. So

we'll have that later today.

On the appraisal for Afognak Joint Venture, this is going forward now, the draft appraisal is a little bit behind schedule, however, it's expected that the final appraisal will be close to being on time which is in late December. And we're hoping to have a -- depending on comments back from the landowner we're hoping to have a final appraisal sometime in January on that.

I also wanted to call your attention, and you should have a copy of this document, of a letter to Walt Ebell from Craig Tillery and Barry Roth and this is regarding a request for a hydroelectric project on Old -- formerly Old Harbor Native Corporation fee lands that were purchased by the United States. And Craig is here....

MS. R. WILLIAMS: It was handed out this morning.

MS. McCAMMON: It was handed out this morning, so it's not in your packet.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, do we have that here in Anchorage, do you know?

MS. R. WILLIAMS: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: You should.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Can you locate it?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: We'll try.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The project -- the proposal

by Old Harbor is to do a hydroelectric project in a stream that comes down essentially through the village, I believe, between the old and new villages. And it would move water from one stream into a different drainage and would generate hydroelectric power and it would replace oil -- for the most part, oil burning, I believe it's oil burning generators right now. There are currently some studies being conducted to determine the impacts on natural resources and other potential impacts.

The problem that has come up with this is this is on fee land that has been purchased by the Trustee Council under the terms of the purchase that that use of the land would not be permissible. Had it been on the conservation easement lands it would have been because of the way the easement was drafted with the concurrence of the refuge manager. But because it's on fee lands it's not permissible and there's no way in which it sort of can be done through those terms by any kind of review or anything like that. So the proposal would be to amend the -- I guess it would be to amend the deeds in this instance to permit this particular project.

That is what is contemplated and would be legally permissible the way we have structured these acquisitions because each of the -- when -- the Trustee Council does not acquire these lands, the Trustee Council gives money to government agencies to acquire them and after that, subject to

the terms of the deeds or the conservation easements, those agencies manage the lands. However, there is nothing that would prohibit those agencies from changing the terms under which that land had been taken. However, the Department -- and the State of Alaska and Department of Interior are sort of the relevant agencies to this and it was our view and certainly has been discussed, I believe, with other Trustees that even though the Trustee Council doesn't have a role, a legal role, in making such changes that it should have a role at least as long as the Trustee Council is in existence.

Therefore, a response was sent back to the proponents of this project indicating that any modification would first have to be considered by the Trustee Council and concurred in by the Trustee Council so long as it does remain in existence. Again, it's not a legal requirement but it's one that at least these agencies, the State and Department of Interior, would intend to abide by.

Any questions about this process.

MR. WOLFE: You know, Mr. Chairman, this puzzles me a little bit because I thought the intent was that we were putting these properties basically into a protective -- or status in perpetuity subject to the conditions of the purchase agreement. And a change from that, I didn't think the agency had the authority to go away from that unless we all agreed or some provision was made to allow for that.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: No, legally the agencies -the governments can't change those agreements, they are the
parties in interest on those agreement, they are the signators
(sic) to those agreements.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: They can just make the changes but as sort of as a matter of comedy it would seem appropriate, as long as the Trustee -- and you would want it that way because the Trustee Council will not be in existence forever....

MR. WOLFE: I understand that.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: .....and therefore -- and things will change and you will want to be able to adapt those so for that reason we built -- as many protections as possible have been built in into each of these. There are covenants in the deeds that would restrict activities, there are conservation easements given to the other government, there are covenants that run to the land -- the original landowner, so there's about as many protections as we can do, but when everybody agrees that it would be appropriate to make a change.....

MR. WOLFE: Okay. No problem.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: ....then that is what this process is all about.

MR. WOLFE: Okay. And I guess my question

then, my follow-up question to that would be that we do have the other protective covenants in place, do we not? Is there not a conservation easement to the other government back in this case?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: That is correct.

MR. WOLFE: And so if the owning agency or the managing agency decided to do something in this case without concurrence from the other involved, at least the other government, it would trigger that conservation easement, would it not?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: That's correct.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

MR. ROTH: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Roth.

MR. ROTH: Yes, it would take the consent, in this case, of the other government for its easement, it would also take the consent of the grantor, in this case Old Harbor Native Corporation, would all have to agree it's appropriate.

I also want to clarify that the Old Harbor that's proposing the project, the hydroelectric project, is not the Native corporation from whom we brought the land, it's the municipal entity of Old Harbor, so it's not that Old Harbor came to us themselves -- they came to us, their council approached us but it was in the context of the village not in context of the corporation that we dealt with, so it's a slightly different

entity, but we can only reform the deeds with the consent of both governments and the grantor there. And at this point this is primarily information because neither the State nor the Federal agencies who are looking -- who are doing the studies and looking at the results of those studies yet, without the results can even make a recommendation whether it would be environmentally favorable to do this.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: Mr. Chairman, the letter does mention that there's a necessity to undertake certain studies to determine the potential impacts on fish, wildlife and the habitat, when do you anticipate or when -- do we have an idea of when these studies will be concluded?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Janet, you're the.....

MS. KOWALSKI: No, not really at this point,

it's just too early in the process to be able to give an

definitive answer.

MR. HINES: So what next in the process?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: My understanding is that these studies are ongoing and they are being done right now and I don't know when they will be completed though. The next step, as I understand the process, is that there will be -- the studies will be completed and then they will go to the various agencies essentially to get their views and decision of whether it's appropriate and then it'll come back. As I understand it

it would come back to the governments, the governments would sort of make a decision, they would look to the Council for concurrence and if all worked, then we would reform the deeds and the conservation easement as required.

Mr. Roth.

MR. ROTH: Mr. Chairman, except since the -- we would -- assuming it was denied, we would only do that reformation after the FDRC license was granted and incorporated the necessary terms and conditions or safeguards that was felt, so it would be some time before, my guess is, that the end result of reformation could be before the Council and I would expect the earliest the studies would be completed this coming field season, but again like ADF&G, I don't have any particular knowledge of the exact status at this point.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Are there any further questions about the Old Harbor Project? Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, in the small parcel portion of the Habitat Protection Program there are two parcels that have had appraisals reviewed and approved that will be before you for possible action today, and we can talk about those later on the agenda, but they're Prince William Sound 11, Horseshoe Bay and KAP 114, which is the Johnson parcel on Kodiak Island.

In addition staff have been doing some of the preliminary work to respond to your request for a longer term

proposal for the Small Parcel Program. We would expect to have that ready to present to the Council in either late January or early February. And that would include also a plan for additional work on the Kenai River.

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The next item in my report is the invitation for Archaeology Project proposals and in your packet you have a memo that summarizes the results of our planning effort and gives a proposed schedule for further review and a time line on We took this memo and time line to both the Public Advisory Group and to a meeting of the community facilitators on Wednesday and both groups strongly advise to extend the review period, include meeting in the eight communities and follow a different time line than what we had originally proposed. Both groups believe that this was a very important topic that deserved extensive deliberation and they were concerned that the original time line I proposed was too tight. And so passed out to you today you should see two additional documents, one with the revised time line and one with a proposed budget for the cost of the public outreach, additional public outreach on this issue.

But just to summarize this, and I would like to have a little bit of discussion from the Council on this, in FY96 the Council approved Project 96154, to develop a comprehensive community plan for restoring archaeological resources in Prince William Sound and lower Cook Inlet, including strategies for

within the spill area. We do have that final report now and I believe you all received copies of it in your packet, it has a green cover on it, Comprehensive Community Plan. And there are two parts, two key parts of that report. Part one which is pages 70 to 100 describes and evaluates eight alternatives for storing and displaying artifacts in the project area. And part two, pages 13 to 20 estimate the cost of each alternative.

I do have Veronica Christman, who is at the Anchorage office, who has been extensively involved with this and if you would like I could have Veronica kind of walk through, briefly, the eight alternatives that were discussed and then we could have a little bit of discussion about the proposed schedule and the proposed budget.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is this the wish of the Council? Why don't you proceed.

MS. McCAMMON: Okay. Veronica, are you there?

MS. CHRISTMAN: Yes, I am.

MS. McCAMMON: If you could briefly describe the purpose of the planning project and then a little bit about the eight alternatives.

MS. CHRISTMAN: The purpose of the planning project was to address community interest in having a role in restoring archaeological resources within Prince William Sound and the lower Cook Inlet. And, of course, the reason for

addressing those two regions, and not Kodiak, is that I believe in 1993 the Council assumed funding for the Alutiiq

Archaeological Repository with the understanding that that would provide for community involvement in restoration of archaeological resources in Kodiak. So we then focused on Prince William Sound and lower Cook Inlet and we approved the Project 96154 and the Forest Service contracted with the Chuqach Development Corporation to develop that project.

And as a result of the work that's been done over the past year we -- the Chugach Development Corporation produced the green covered reports that you all have. And the focus of that report was to look at all aspects of community initiatives addressing restoration of archaeological resources. And they developed eight alternatives and these are the alternatives that need to be further discussed. And each time we discuss them, as Molly said, with the Public Advisory Group and the community facilitators we pretty quickly come up with a few more alternatives, so this is definitely an item that requires more deliberation. And the alternatives that were developed do focus on different ways of storing artifacts and displaying them.

And one of the things we did require in the contract is to have a complete inventory of artifacts so we're able to document how many artifacts there are, where they currently are located, a description of all of them and I think that was a

major accomplishment, none of us knew the answer to that before this project was done. We also asked and have received information on those communities most closely associated with these artifacts.

And the eight alternatives that are described in your memo are -- the first two address constructing local repositories, and the idea there would be that the artifacts would be returned to the community in those two areas, Prince William Sound and lower Cook Inlet. The first alternative would consist of constructing eight repositories, one in each of the communities within the study area. And the second alternative would consist of constructing local repositories in the three communities most closely associated with the artifacts in question. And those are Chenega Bay, Port Graham and Nanwalek, and those are the three communities, of course, that were in the path of the spill trajectory. And then part of alternative two is to have display facilities, that is an area to display artifacts in the other communities, but not to have repositories in the other communities.

And then the third alternative is the status quo, as I recall, which is to leave the artifacts exactly where they are. One of the interesting aspects of this study was that whereas we had gone into this project thinking that all of the artifacts were stored at the University of Alaska Museum, in fact, the University of Alaska Museum has a very small

proportion of the artifacts, most of the artifacts are still in either Forest Service offices, both in Anchorage, also in Juneau, the National Park Service has (phone cut out) for some of these artifacts they're still being studied and analyzed and the decision has yet to be made as to where to store them. So the status quo is actually not very stable. That is, eventually these artifacts will need to have a permanent home.

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The fourth alternative is to continue -- or is to use the University of Alaska Museum in Fairbanks as the repository for spill-related artifacts from the Chugach region. This fourth alternative would be at no cost to the Trustee Council. It has a benefit of consolidating all of the collections related to the oil spill in one place which, of course, provides even access by researchers (phone cuts out) scholars, but the down side of having that -- them stored outside of the spill area.

The fifth alternative is to use one or two existing museums in the project area. That might be the Pratt Museum in Homer, Valdez Museum in Valdez, Cordova Museum. There's a museum in Seward, Resurrection Bay Historical Society, I believe is the name, and there's also the Tatitlek Museum. At present none of those museums is really capable of serving as a repository, so if any of those museums are considered for the final resting place, so to speak, of these artifacts they would require some kind of upgrading. I may add that one aspect of

this is that although museums that are mentioned have expressed some interest in serving this function, one consideration is that at least up to this point none of those museums have had a very active program in terms of Native cultures and this is a factor of some importance, however, that is an alternative.

The sixth is the one or two new facilities in the study area, and the one that was submitted last year is the Chenega repository proposal and that's a fairly large facility that proposed. One of the things we did ask for on this study is to estimate (phone cut out) that would be required to store the artifacts and, in fact, the store -- only for storage it's actually quite small, about hundred and (phone cut out) square feet, plus additional space would be needed for work space and curation (sic).

Alternative seven is use of the Alutiiq Cultural Center Kodiak for the storage of artifacts from the Chugach region.

And we also both (phone cut out) received a proposal to do just that and the price tag was approximately a half a million dollars. While this alternative has a number of advantages, et cetera, the artifacts would, in fact, be within the spill area, what we still need to discuss is the chance of the community in the Chugach region for having the artifacts associated with their communities in the Alutiiq Museum. However, that is an option and a modification of an existing restoration project.

And then the final alternative that is addressed is

that of developing a traveling exhibit. We call it a traveling exhibit but it actually may be one or two displays of artifacts that would include some interpretive material. Most of the artifacts we're talking about are lithics or rocks that do require suitable interpretation for the idea of this eighth alterative. But some organizations that could be (indiscernible - cough) the University of Alaska Museum, there are a number of groups who come for arctic studies. The Alaska Native Heritage Center, anyone of those groups might be able to develop interpretative displays. And my understanding is they could be put into glass cases (phone cut out) and displayed in the communities to be used by school groups, et cetera.

And another aspect of this is the possibly of making short term loans to villages. And this last alternative could, of course, be explored in conjunction with any of the other alternatives that address repositories. And so what we have are eight alternatives. Quite frankly when we discussed this, additional suggestions, such as, why not find out a facility in Anchorage because after all that Anchorage is more the hub for the areas that we're looking at and all of these options do need further discussion and we are planning to have workshops in the communities with groups that have an interest in this.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you, Veronica. I know there is some discussion about this, but we're running a little bit late to begin our public comment period, so what I would

propose to do is to begin the public comment period now and get 2 back to this after the comment period is over, if there's no 3 objection. My understanding is that we have on the line Anchorage, 4 Cordova and Kenai, are there any additional sites? 5 (No audible response) 6 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. If I could first --7 8 I'm sorry, was that -- did somebody say something? (No audible response) 9 10 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. If we could first -is there anyone in Cordova who wishes to comment? 11 12 CORDOVA LIO OPERATOR: No, not at this time. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there anyone in 13 14 Kenai who wishes to comment? KENAI LIO OPERATOR: (Indiscernible) 15 16 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I'm sorry, could you speak up again? 17 KENAI LIO OPERATOR: Not at this time! 18 19 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you. Is there anyone in Anchorage who wishes to comment? 20 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, we do have one, 21 two, three, four, five, six people signed up. 22 23 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. 24 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Seven people who would like to testify. 25

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Just a second, is there anyone in Juneau who wishes to testify?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Well, it looks like all of our testifying will come from Anchorage. Could you go ahead and begin in whatever order is appropriate down there, please be sure that you state you name and I guess spell your last name would help the recorder here.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Very good, Mr. Chairman, I'll go ahead and read the names off as they appear on the sign-up sheet and we can just use that microphone for particular testimony. Let me begin by asking one question. The first person didn't indicate whether they wanted to testify or not. Dave Dean, do you wish to testify?

MR. DEAN: No.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Fine. The first person who indicated they wish to testify was Monica Riedel.

MS. RIEDEL: Hi, my name is Monica Riedel and I'm a tribal member of the Native village of Eyak and over the course of a couple of years I've also been co-PI for the Alaska Native Harbor Seal Commissions Project in cooperation with the ADF&G Subsistence Division on the Harbor Seal stamping project. And I just have a couple of things that I would like to --comments that I would like to make. Number 1, I believe the Native community is still concerned that there is no Native

Trustee on the Trustee Council.

And number 2, I would like to comment on some of the PAG members. I would like to see that Sheri Buretta stays with the PAG and also I would like to support the nomination for Nancy Yeaton and also Rich Haines, Brenda Schwantes and add Paul Panamarioff.

Then I'd like to say that I really believe that the community involvement project has served us well and I'd like to support that project, Martha Vlasoff has done a great job in gathering the Native leaders and I believe that needs to stay intact and be continued.

I thank you for your time. That's all I have to say.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you. Are there questions for Ms. Riedel?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you, Monica.

Who's next?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, the next person who has signed up is Bob Henrich.

MR. HENRICH: My name is Bob Henrich, I'm

President of the Native Village of Eyak Traditional Council.

I'm a little puzzled here where we fit in this, the United

States recognized our tribes in Alaska, yet the State of Alaska doesn't recognize us, they still have their head buried in the sand. Yet the Federal Trustees seem to be going on and voting

on things without consulting us. Prince William Sound is under 1 the jurisdiction of our tribe for our traditional lands and 2 waters, the Federal government has accepted money for damages of our lands and waters yet they don't have clear title to the outer continental shelf waters. The tribes in the Chuqach region own them, from Icy Bay to Cook Inlet. Much of the oil passed through these waters and damaged them and they are our The United States accepted money from damage to them, they don't have a clear title to them and I ask the Federal 10 Trustees as a representative of the Native Village of Eyak to stop everything right now until we get this settled. 11 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there additional 12 comments, Mr. Henrich? 13 MR. HENRICH: No, that'll do it. 14 15 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you very much. Are there questions or comments by Council members? 16 (No audible response) 17 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you very much. 18 19 Who is the next person that would like to comment? MS. D. WILLIAMS: 20 Mr. Chairman, the next person signed up is Lillian Elvass. 21 22 MS. ELVASS: No, I'm not going to testify. MS. D. WILLIAMS: Oh, she has chosen not to 23 24 testify. The next person who signed up is Nancy Yeaton from

Nanwalek.

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HOMER LIO OPERATOR: Homer also has someone.

MS. YEATON: Hi, my name is Nancy Yeaton

(pronunciation)....

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MS. D. WILLIAMS: Oh, excuse me.

MS. YEATON: ....and I'm from Nanwalek, I'm the community facilitator in Nanwalek and I'm just starting to understand a tad bit about being the oil spill community facilitator. With what I can understand I'm just a little frustrated at how the monies are being spent. It seems the communities that were affected by the spill are not being heard of in these restorations. While we are not too trusting of our subsistence foods we still gather very zealously, for our bodies crave the richness of our land. During the spill we did what we needed to save our lifestyle, little did we know how much of a sacrifice we made until years later. So many of us were introduced to a very materialistic way of life in a whirlwind, there was satellites, you name it, it was here. Just prior to the spill we were becoming a sober village that quickly changed. Soon we were indulging and many of us had new drugs. Oh, what a wicked web we have wove. Anyway, we are sort of recovering in a very sweet way.

As we move forward trying to recapture what we've given up that we may fulfill our materialistic dream. We are in a financial -- in pursuit of regaining some of our cultural ways, how ironic this has become once again dealing with Exxon money.

I truly think it is very important for archaeological invitations for the communities to be able to restore and retrieve their ancestral history. This is pertinent to regain harmony and piece of mind for the communities. A partnership with the westernized scientist and traditional knowledge specialists to understand the effects of the spill. What a creative combo. There really should be more Natives on the Trustee Council, how else will the Trustees understand what impacted communities are going through.

Thank you, that's it.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. Are there comments or questions from Council members?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there anyone else in Anchorage who wishes to testify?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Chairman, we have quite a few additional people who wish to testify. The next person who wishes to testify is Molly Burton from Seward.

MS. BURTON: My name is Molly Burton, I represent the Qutekcak Native Tribe for Seward. I'd like to endorse Nancy Yeaton for service on the Public Advisory Group. We need people who are able to bring the viewpoints from the villages. Although I have just recently met Nancy, she seems to be a dedicated individual with enthusiasm for the job. I heard a quote this morning from Robert Frost about work. There

are two kinds of people in the world, those that want to work and those that will let them. We have a good opportunity to have Nancy work towards our common goal to do her best work regarding the oil spill affected communities.

I also want to see Brenda Schwantes maintain her seat as subsistence representative. Why would you want to fix something that is not broken? If she's willing to stay on then (indiscernible - cough). I'm also endorsing the traditional ecological knowledge protocol. The Qutekcak Native Tribe has passed a resolution supporting the TEK protocol, this is definitely needed to make sure the projects that arise are handled in a respectful manner.

Lastly I want to endorse the need for the Native

Trustee to serve on EVOS Trustee Council. The lands that have
been affected are Native lands, whether they are owned by the

Trustee Council, the State or Federal government or the

villages they have been in and will remain Native lands in the

traditional sense. You cannot know something that you have not

experienced, each ethnic group holds their world view. We must
have equal representation on the Trustee Council level also.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you, Molly.

Are there questions or comments from Council members?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Before we proceed

more in Anchorage, did I understand there was someone from Homer who wishes to testify?

HOMER LIO OPERATOR: Yes, Pamela Brodie.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Pam, could you go ahead.

MS. BRODIE: Yes, thank you, Mr. Chairman and members of the Trustee Council. I just want to say that many people are celebrating the shareholders of Chenega's vote recently. Alaskans who live in Prince William Sound, Alaskans who fish in Prince William Sound, Alaskans and other Americans who visit and enjoy Prince William Sound and conservationists around the country and the world. We also believe that because of this agreement Chenegans (sic) are facing a very promising future with opportunities for tourist development and necessary cash.

I hope that we will soon see a similar reason to celebrate with English Bay. I understand that the Trustee Council and English Bay Corporation are very close to an agreement and have been very close to an agreement for a long time now. It's getting very late in the year, I still have hopes that a deal can be completed this year and I encourage you to move forward on that. But I am also confident that there will be an agreement with English Bay. I am more worried about some other areas, Eyak and Afognak, and particularly with Afognak Joint Venture, if there is not an agreement within the

1	first few months of next year we are going to see irreplaceable
2	habitat loss, so again I would like to encourage the Trustee
3	Council to move aggressively towards negotiations with Afognak
4	Joint Venture.
5	Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you, Pam. Are there
7	questions or comments from the
8	COURT REPORTER: Can she spell her last name.
9	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Pam, could you spell your
LΟ	last name, please?
L1	MS. BRODIE: B-r-o-d-i-e.
12	COURT REPORTER: Thank you.
L3	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. Are there any
L4	questions or comments from Council members?
L5	(No audible response)
16	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there anyone else
17	outside of Anchorage on the conference that would like to
1.8	speak?
L9	(No audible response)
20	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Hearing none, could
21	we go back to Anchorage then and whoever is the next person.
22	MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, the next persor
23	who wishes to testify is Della Cheney from Seward.
24	MS. CHENEY: (Speaking Tlingit) I introduced

myself through my mother, her name is Kut-ka-qui (ph).

father is of the Killer Whale people. My name is Kut-sa-wa (ph), Tlingit name is Kut-sa-wa (ph), my Haida name is Bak-talis (ph). I've recently taken and accepted a job with the Qutekcak Native Tribe in Seward, Alaska as a tribal administrator. And I realized the effect of the EVOS Project and how they involve the lives of a community. In our case the Qutekcak Native Tribe has been directly affected by intrusion on a Lowell family site which the Sealife Center is close to being built on top of.

In our recent correspondence we are proposing, and I'll read the letter written to John Hendricks of the Sealife Center which may clarify how and why the Native community is commenting to you today. Where will these collections of artifacts be held? I heard some of your plans from Veronica this morning. We recommend that the, I guess you call the collections of artifacts, collections involving the writings of the archaeological history of those artifacts not just the pieces but also the history of those pieces and how they happen to be in that place.

And I'll read the letter to John Hendricks and I guess I'm proposing that the EVOS Commission help us in getting some recognition at the Sealife Center. It's to John Hendricks, Alaska Sealife Center.

The Qutekcak Native Tribe would like to discuss two important issues that involve the Native people in Alaska that

is centered in the Sealife Center. First we are dismayed about the damage to the Lowell Homestead Site. The second issue is how the Center will portray the Native people of Alaska and their way of life.

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We are aware of the communications which have taken place between Deborah Williams, Special Assistant to the Secretary for Alaska, Department of the Interior, Judith E. Bittner of the State's Historic Preservation Officer (sic), Natural Resources, Office of History and Archaeology, Ted Birkedal and also Gary Somers of the National Park Service and we do appreciate their concerns and know that they are aware of the need to keep us abreast of any developments concerning the mitigation plan for the Lowell Homestead Site. The site and now the collections are an important addition to the history of the Resurrection Bay area, and the people who lived here before the western settlement. This homesite of our ancestors involves our history which cannot be taken lightly and without participation of the Qutekcak Native Tribe or other Natives in the area.

The importance of techniques and rituals of subsistence to the Native people in Alaska involve the sealife that will be housed in your Center. The importance of the rituals used to honor the animals are felt before harvesting, hunting, eating and processing the resource is all a part of our way of life. That's every day.

In order to introduce the types of tools, clothing, food, shelter and gifts made from the natural resources a respectful consideration of the Alaskan Natives way of life must be understood.

The Qutekcak Native Tribe, being the recognized Native entity in this area and after considering what has happened and is being planned, requests that a special committee be formed for the purpose of assisting the Sealife Center produce a respectful and accurate representation of the traditional heritage of Alaskan Native culture in your effort to -- this was a quote from John Hendricks in his -- I guess you have a newsletter or something called Restoration Update. To include Alaska's past and its Native people because the people are really interesting too.

This committee would include the following representatives: from Qutekcak Native Tribe Board and their staff, Della Cheney, Tribal Administrator and Molly Burton, Community Facilitator/Natural Resources; Sealife Center Board; and the following individuals, Lora Johnson, Chugachmiut; Martha Vlasoff, EVOS Restoration Office; John Johnson, Chugach Heritage Foundation and invite the Village Council/Tribes from Tatitlek, Port Graham Village, Nanwalek, Eyak, Valdez and Chenega Bay.

We look forward to discuss this important issue with you.

And I've been Anchorage all week and I hope I have a message from John Hendricks when I return home, but I appreciate the time to comment to you in regards to a community, a Native Community who is being directly affected and is reaching out for some type of participation and able to share with you our beliefs and our way of life.

Thank you again.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you, ma'am.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, I have a question/comment.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. But first, could you spell your last name for the benefit of the court reporter here?

MS. CHENEY: Yes, it's C-h-e-n-e-y.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Yes, Chair, I guess I have a motion for the Board's consideration. I would move that the Trustee Council support the request for the creation of a special committee to discuss the very important issues raised by the letter that was read and that we ask the Seward Sealife Center, together with representatives from the special committee to report back to us in no less than six months on their progress.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there a second?

MS. BROWN: I'll second.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Second the motion. Is there discussion about the motion? Mr. Wolfe.

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MR. WOLFE: I'm not totally clear what we're asking them to do at this point in time, could you tell us your vision of what you would expect, Deborah?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Well, what I would expect is that the Seward Sealife Center meet with the tribes, discuss the creation of a special committee, I am not suggesting it has to be absolutely the membership that you described, that could be part of the discussion, but that a special committee be created to discuss how and -- I wish I had your letter because you had such a good phrase in there. The letter is being passed down to me so I can pick up this really good phrase from the letter. Precisely as described in the letter, for the purpose of assisting the Sealife Center to produce a respectful and accurate representation of the traditional heritage of Alaskan Native culture in your effort to include Alaskans' past and its Native people because the people are very interesting too. And that last, of course, was part of the quote from John Hendricks, so again the purpose of the committee would be to assist the Sealife Center in producing a respectful and accurate representation of the traditional heritage of Alaska Natives in the -- Alaska Native culture as part of the Sealife Center.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Deborah, would it be

possible to fax a copy of that letter up here? I'll fax a copy of the 2 MS. D. WILLIAMS: letter, yes. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: If that would be appropriate. And am I correct in understanding that your 5 motion is that for the Council to.... MS. D. WILLIAMS: We have a little bit of 7 transition noise here so we're not hearing you good. ahead, Craig, the purpose of my motion, go ahead. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is that the Council would 10 urge the Sealife Center to form a committee composed of 11 appropriate representatives to look into how to do an accurate 12 depiction of Alaskan Natives and their history? 13 MS. D. WILLIAMS: A respectful, yes, depiction. 14 Yes, that is essentially it. Consistent with the letter that 15 was just read. 16 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there further --17 is there additional discussion? MR. WOLFE: Yes, Mr. Chairman. 19 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe. 20 21 MR. WOLFE: Deborah, would it be more appropriate for the lead Federal agency for that project to 22 take the initiative of working with the Seward Sealife Center 23 24 to put together this study and this commission? 25 MS. D. WILLIAMS: I don't think so, I think it

can be done between the Seward Sealife Center and the tribe and creation of a special committee, I don't think we have to be in the middle of this right now, I think it is appropriate for the Trustee Council, given an extraordinary investment in the Center, to make a recommendation that the special committee be created and that they report back to us in no less than six months. We request that they report back to us in no less than six months on their progress.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there additional comment?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Obviously this in the form of a recommendation.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Ms. McCammon.

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, I guess I'm kind of -- I would want to add is that I know that there have been discussions by the Sealife Center staff with various members of the Native community.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, we did not hear Molly McCammon, we're all on mute now though, so we can hear. If Molly would start over again we'll hear you.

MS. McCAMMON: Okay. Mr. Chairman, it's my understanding that the Sealife Center staff have met several times with the Native community of Seward. In addition the Park Service in Seward has been meeting with the Native community of Seward to discuss as the new Visitor's Center gets developed. And it would seem to me that, as both new

facilities get developed, that where certain displays or interpretation is most appropriate, I'm not sure the Council wants to lock into necessarily setting up something that -- I'm not sure a committee like this trying to do something specifically at the Sealife Center is necessarily where the entire community after further discussion would necessarily want it to be. So I'm not sure if a committee or just urging the Sealife Center to work more closely with the Native community and to have more input into the development of their displays and working with the Park Service in Seward might be a way to go, I'm not sure.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. Is there other....

MR. HINES: This is a friendly amendment, I take it?

MS. McCAMMON: Well, it's just an observation.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there....

MR. HINES: Mr. Chairman, I guess I don't have the luxury of being able to see the letter, we're just being made aware of this particular situation, I would like to have a little bit more discussion about it, if possible, or possibly table this in executive session or something along those lines and maybe follow up with this at another time.

MS. McCAMMON: You'd table it till the next meeting.

I don't think it's really an appropriate subject for executive session, it seems to me this is an open issue, I don't see any basis for it. But I, too, I think from what heard that I agree with this motion, but I would like to read the letter and I'd like to have the benefit of the opportunity to talk to

Ms. Cheney or to others about it to make sure we don't lock ourselves into something that perhaps people don't even want because we don't understand exactly what we're doing and so it's -- Mr. Wolfe.

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MR. WOLFE: I've got a suggestion that we ask the Sealife Center to tell us what progress they've made in trying to address the concerns of Native community at this point and then give us a chance to look at the letter and have some additional dialogue and take this up probably maybe next month when we have our next Trustee Council meeting because I really don't feel like I totally understand what's on the table here at this point in time. And I do not disagree with where Deborah is going, I just don't understand it fully at this point.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is that.....

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, I don't think this is very complicated, I think this is just very simple. A lot of people -- and I must admit I have had the benefit of other people discussing this with me this week at the

Provider's Conference and AITC Conference, several people came up to me with this idea. And actually when I was in Fairbanks, Wednesday, I was chatting with some university people and raised this whole notion in more generic way, but people seem very enthusiastic about doing this. There is a request from the tribe to create a committee, I think that's a good idea, I think getting a group of people together, an appropriate group of people together, and again I think that can be discussed between the tribe and the Sealife Center, but getting a group of people together to talk about this very important issue and then have a report back from the special committee and the Sealife Center in less than six months is just simply all that my motion reflects. I think all of the Trustee Council members want to be sure that the Sealife Center does deal in a respectful manner with subsistence and the -- like the Natives in the area, as well as, and this is focusing, obviously, Alaska Natives and subsistence, it may be in their discussion that it expands or that's one of the issues in addition to local history and so forth, but I do think that given the investment we've made and given the importance of this issue to the community and Alaska Natives in the area that encouraging the Sealife Center to form a committee to address this and report back to us is all that this motion reflects.

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there other additional comments from Council members? Mr. Wolfe, were you offering a

motion or Mr. Hines?

MR. HINES: Well, Mr. Chairman, just to go back with what Ms. Williams said, she said to encourage the -- we're not telling them to go ahead and form a committee, we're just encouraging them to have more dialogue, more discussion, form a committee, if possible, is that what you're saying, Deborah?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Yeah, that we recommend that they form a committee. We can't require them to form a committee but we can just lend the weight of our recommendation to this discussion.

an expression of interest, at least in the people here in Juneau to receive a copy of the letter and have a chance to review it. There certainly seems to be fairly broad support of the concept here but a lack of familiarity with the subject matter. People -- this is not something that had been brought to anyone's attention and my perception is that people would like an opportunity to perhaps review the letter and perhaps after, at a later time during the meeting, after lunch or something, to revisit this and take up your motion then which I suspect would mean someone would need to table the motion for.....

MS. McCAMMON: Postpone.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Postpone the mo -- is that

25 the....

MR. WOLFE: I would move to table the motion 1 until after lunch. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there a second. 3 MS. BROWN: I'll second. 4 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Second. 5 Is there any discussion on that motion to table or postpone? 7 MS. McCAMMON: It has to be agreeable to the sponsor. 8 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, we have faxed 9 10 the letter to you. 11 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is that motion agreeable to you, Deborah? 12 13 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Certainly, I -- there's no objection to discussing the motion after you've seen that 14 letter. 15 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. With no objection 16 17 then we will postpone the further discussion on the motion until after -- sometime after lunch in the afternoon part of 1.8 the session. 19 Okay. I think we're -- is there anyone else in 20 Anchorage who wishes to comment? 21 22 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Yes, the next person who indicated the right of comment is Theresa Obermeyer. 23 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. Ms. Obermeyer. 24 25 MS. D. WILLIAMS: She's making her way to the

microphone.

MS. OBERMEYER: I just wanted to say hello, Mr. Tillery, and how are you today, sir?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I'm fine, thank you.

MS. OBERMEYER: You know, I commend the efforts of the Committee, I feel so uninformed when I come to a meeting like this when I realize the rich heritage of Alaska Native people and all that has come to bear for centuries. And I just wanted to compliment the Native people of Alaska and the people that are involved in this and work with them more and more. And that was my only comment. Thank you so much.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you so much. Are there any questions or comments from Council members?

(No audible response)

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, the next individual who's indicated his right to testify is Pat Norman from Port Graham.

MR. NORMAN: Good morning. My name is Pat
Norman and the President for the Port Graham Village
Corporation. What I'd like to comment on is on one of the
projects that was recommended by executive director on -- to be
deferred or not funded for 1997 which is the Delight and Desire
Lakes Restoration Project. Our comments are that Port Graham
Corporation, we strongly support this project here, it has been
supported by us since the early '80s when my corporation

selected the land around Delight and Desire Lakes. In the past Delight and Desire Lake have provided commercial fishing opportunities for Port Graham's local fleet, along with the rest of the lower Cook Inlet seiners in that area. There's an early red salmon run. In light of the rest of the lower Cook Inlet's salmon production the last few years the focus of the fisheries being in the Tutka Bay and the China Poot Bay area which are enhanced runs. We need to look at other areas to see if we can enhance the natural run and I think the focus of this project here is to see if Delight and Desire Lakes will take to a fertilization program, which would enhance the natural run here, it wouldn't be a hatchery run, it's been -- enhances the natural ability of that lake to produce more salmon.

I know in the proposal it's targeted more at the commercial fishing fleet and sport fishermen but there is a subsistence tie -- subsistence cultural tie to that area by our people from Port Graham. We are over 40 miles away from that area but just recently we connected up a road system from Port Graham to Windy Bay which is on the outer coast of the lower Cook Inlet area. And what that's done is given our local people about a five hour closer run now to the Kenai Fjord area and its Delight and Desire Lake, so in the future here we do have the ability or we would like to have the ability for our people to go down to Delight and Desire Lake, like our ancestors did in the past and use these resources from that

lake as a subsistence food source.

So from our perspective at Port Graham we strongly support this project, we believe it has potential to benefit the whole lower Cook Inlet seine fleet, sport fishermen, tourists, our subsistence and we urge your reconsideration of it and to make it a high priority.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you, Mr. Norman. Are there comments or questions from the Council members?

Ms. Kowalski.

MS. KOWALSKI: Yeah. Mr. Norman, this study that you're referring to is at this point just a feasibility study and I'm wondering if the fishermen have had any discussions about if the study turns out to show positive results, if the fishermen have discussed the fact that in order to conduct a fertilization project there would be costs associated with it and if you all had had discussions about your willingness or ability to help pay for that?

MR. NORMAN: I'm not familiar what the current thoughts are on that. I know in the past that the company we were talking with on the Port Graham Corporation side was the Cook Inlet Aquaculture Association, they had initially came to us for permission to do fertilization studies and such on Delight and Desire. We supported it but since we didn't have title to the property we couldn't actually give them permission

that would go forward. Any current plans past fertilization studies, the Cook Inlet Aquaculture Association I know in the past has expressed interest in doing a program down there and I'm not familiar what Fish and Game's internal thinking would be on that.

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MS. KOWALSKI: Thanks.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Are there further questions or comments from Council members?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you,

Mr. Norman. Are there additional people in Anchorage who wish to testify?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, the last person on the list who's indicated an interest in testifying is Walter Meganack from Port Graham

MR. MEGANACK: My name is Walter Meganack, I'm a community facilitator, I'd like to express my support of the project Pat was just talking about, reseeding or fertilization of Desire and Delight Lakes. And also I'd like to express my support of (phone cut out) PAG Committee.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: PAG Committee.

MR. MEGANACK: (Phone cut out) one of the things I support. Also I'd like to see tribal government on the Trustee Board, not just a tribal one, the State has three,

the Federal has three and I think the Native Tribal government should have three trustees on there as well. Because these people -- we are the people that were impacted more so than anybody else and I think we got a strong say in what and how this money is being spent.

I also would like to make a comment in the project that you put in for a skiff boat, that -- we seen that as giving us the ability to go further up field for doing some of our subsistence gathering and given the resources, the natural resources, that we are impacting, you know, give them a chance to recover on their own within our immediate area. I see there is -- I see that as being more toward a natural resource type restoration. I see more important restoration than I see in a project that you might fund, like an oversee park in Homer where they've never seen a drop of oil or parcels of land up in the upper region of the Kenai River which have never seen a drop of oil.

Additionally I'd like to comment on your so-called buy back land -- land buy-backs, there's people celebrating the fact EVOS Trustees bought back Chenega lands. Were you guys celebrating the devastation that of the people that live in Chenega itself, how devastated they are. There's many people we've -- our strength comes from our land, our specific resources, our spiritual cultural, it all ties in, you know. You take our land, you take our ability to survive. With us as

Native people we could survive most any disaster that's faced as long as we have our land and our sea and water around it, we will survive it, I don't care what you put up to us. But you take our lands away you directly affect how -- our ability to survive anything.

And that's just my comment and I'd like to close at that.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you,

Mr. Meganack. In the beginning of your commentary I think that
you said that you were supporting someone for the Public

Advisory Group, but I didn't catch the name.

MR. MEGANACK: Nancy Yeaton.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Nancy Yeaton, okay, thank you. Are there additional -- are there comments or questions from Council members?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you,

Mr. Meganack. Is there anyone in Anchorage who would like to
testify?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, there doesn't appear to be. Oh, Claudia Slater would like to clarify something.

MS. SLATER: Yeah, I just -- in response to the question about implementation of Delight and Desire, if the feasibility study shows the likelihood, I just wanted to

mention that Cook Inlet Aquaculture has expressed interest in 1 picking up implementation of project. They cannot guarantee, of course, that they will have funds to do it at some future 3 date, but they would like to pursue that project. 5 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you. questions? 6 That appears to complete the 7 MS. D. WILLIAMS: testimony in Anchorage, Mr. Chairman. 8 9 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you. Is there anyone in Cordova now who would like to testify or comment? 10 (No audible response) 11 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there anyone in Kenai who 12 would like to comment? 13 (No audible response) 14 15 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Anyone in Homer? 16 (No audible response) 17 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Anybody in Juneau? (No audible response) 18 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there anyone who I don't 19 know that they're on the network that would like to comment? 20 (No audible response) 21 22 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you. close the public comment period at this time. It's about 10 23 24 minutes to 12:00. Would the Council like to try to finish up

the archaeological repositories before we break for, I assume,

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lunch and an executive session?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I would, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Thank you. If you could proceed, Ms. McCammon. I believe we had left off with Veronica made her presentation and we were looking for -- you were, seemingly, looking for some specific guidance. Could you give us an idea what you're looking for?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, in the original memo that you have in your packet we had a time line suggested that would basically have this document go out for some public review and discussion. Discussion by the Public Advisory Group, by the community facilitators and then basically have the Council adopt a preferred alternative that would then set the sideboards or parameters for going out for proposals in the FY98 invitation. That invitation is scheduled to be -- to actually go out to the public on February 15th which means it needs to go to the printer a week to 10 days before that.

After discussion with the Public Advisory Group and with the community facilitators we have a revised schedule that would include distributing the green report to the project participants, which includes village councils, cities, museums and agencies, to the community facilitators, to the Public Advisory Group, to agency attorneys, to anyone who has expressed interest in this area to have comments come back to the Council, to the Restoration Office, by February 14th. Also

during this interim we would set up a work session with the Public Advisory Group in early to mid-January. The Public Advisory Group has also expressed an interest in having a joint work session with the community facilitators, that would occur a day before the January Restoration Workshop. We would also have public workshops in the eight lower Cook Inlet and Prince William Sound communities.

Based on the public comment, based upon review by legal counsel, we would then come back to the Council for some kind of guidance in terms of what would be the alternative that the Council would be pursuing. That then would go into a special invitation for project proposals that would be on a separate track from our regular funding cycle. We would like to have it, if at all possible, distributed in early March just because that would give a couple of months before the summer fishing and subsistence season occurred in order to get project proposal back and get them through the review process.

Now in order to implement this kind of an outreach program, there are additional costs to this. Under the original Archaeology Planning Project the Forest Service had planning money within that budget but it was for FY97 only. That money has lapsed, so we are requesting new money in order to get this immediately under way and get the printing of the additional reports done and get them mailed out. We've looked and believe that it would be most expeditious to have the money

come to the Department of Fish and Game through the administration budget. And so I am requesting at this time additional funds to total \$12,100.00 which would include printing and postage for the report and then also money for three people to travel to the communities and hold public meetings.

So at this time I would like your blessing with this proposal. There had been some discussion by some staff people earlier about the Council at this time trying to kind of pare down the alternatives and focus on just a few of them at this point. My recommendation would be, due to the large amount of public interest in this, that we go with the full array of alternatives and actually just in the discussion people think up new alternatives, so I would suggest that we go out with the report and have full discussion and then come back with a recommendation.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I move that we adopt the proposed schedule and also the additional budget items as set forth by Ms. McCammon.

MS. BROWN: Second.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Brown has seconded that

24 motion. Is there discussion?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: All in favor of the motion 1 2 say aye. IN UNISON: Aye. 3 4 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed? (No opposing votes) 5 6 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Hearing no one oppose, the Is that -- is there anything additional on -motion passes. with respect to archaeology? 8 MS. McCAMMON: No. 9 10 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. How long -- we've got 11 five minutes, how long is the Restoration Reserve Planning presentation going to take? 12. MS. McCAMMON: I don't believe it will take 13 that long. 14 1.5 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Then why don't we go ahead and see if we can do that and we'll then be on schedule. 16 17 MS. McCAMMON: Okay. Mr. Chairman, in your packet there is also a memo describing a proposed time line for 18 beginning the planning and discussion for future uses of the 19 restoration reserve. This was put together at the request of 20 21 the Trustee Council at several meetings back. Thus far the Council has approved \$48,000,000.00 in 22 23 deposits into the reserve. If annual deposits of 24 \$12,000,000.00 in each of the five years remaining occurred,

that would bring the total of the reserve to \$108,000,000.00

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plus interest. At this point the Council has made no decisions about the long term management or use of the reserve fund. What we have proposed here is a time line that would bring about a decision about the future management and use of the reserve no later than March 1999, at the time of the 10th anniversary of the spill.

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What we're suggesting is that this winter, staff brainstorm with interested parties, with the Public Advisory Group, the community facilitators, with a number of members of the public that have expressed a lot of interest and ideas in the future use of the reserve. Identify issues, develop options, get some preliminary legal review of those options. Next December the Trustee Council would look at the array of options and decide which options warrant further consideration and more extensive public review. At that time staff would conduct the in depth research and legal review required and prepare for public workshops. Those workshops could occur either that spring or the following fall depending on how far along we are in planning efforts. Public workshops, public notification, notice in our newsletter and other forms of public outreach throughout the spill area and in Anchorage, Fairbanks and Juneau.

This would lead up to the Council's ability to make a decision about the future by March 1999. It could certainly be sooner than that if all things were in place but that basically

by the time of the 10th anniversary the Council would be prepared to make some decision on that. This would allow a couple of years before the last payment from Exxon comes in the fall of 2001, if whatever the Council decided required any changes and either court orders, in legislation, any administrative changes, that would give some period of time to go forward with those activities.

And so at this point what I would like from the Council is just a basic endorsement to go forth and begin to plan.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there discussion or questions from Council members?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I have one comment on it. I guess I am concerned that whatever we do will require interaction with the court and possibly with the Congress and that I think that that decision needs to be made at the earliest time possible and I guess I'm kind of wondering on this schedule if it's not possible to compress this so that we can pick up a little more time, perhaps, by maybe doing a little bit less brainstorming at the beginning and maybe trying to have a Trustee Council decision perhaps as early as fall and winter of '98, just again to try to give us more time to implement this before 2001 or 2002.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Obviously there's a tradeoff here between what you just described and, on the other hand, having full public comment and also having the benefit of as much time as possible. I think we have before discussed this and concurred with the proposition that the closer to 2001 that we make our decision, arguably the better. I certainly agree though that the -- I concur with the schedule and I think the real target here is that we have our decisions by the 10th anniversary because I think the public is going to want to know on the 10th anniversary what's going to happen to Restoration Reserve, so I guess I would say that we have between, then, March '99 to September 2001, that's a fair bit of time, that's two and a half years to implement the recommendations. I think this -- I concur with the schedule, I think it represents the right balance.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there additional discussion?

(No audible response)

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. I don't think this is an action item, so I guess the gist of what the Council is telling you is that....

MS. McCAMMON: Go forth.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Go forth and do good. Okay
At this time we're ready to, I believe, break. The plan is to
have lunch from 12:00 -- and how long do you think this will

take, Ms. McCammon? 1 2 MS. McCAMMON: 1:00 until 1:30. 3 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Until 1:30. Okay. break from noon until 1:30. For those of you who are on teleconference, this will be a working lunch, it will be an executive session, assuming I have a motion to go into 7 executive session, and we'll be back on line at..... MS. McCAMMON: Those who are participating in 8 the executive session stay on line and the off -- not the Anchorage, the Juneau sites, all of those sites would drop off 10 is my understanding how they do this. Is that correct? 11 MS. R. WILLIAMS: Right. Seward and all the 12 13 other.... MS. McCAMMON: Seward, Homer, Kenai.... 14 15 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: And they will be reconnected at approximately 1:30 or.... 16 17 MS. R. WILLIAMS: They'll call back in the 1-800 number (indiscernible - away from microphone). 18 19 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. I think everybody 20 understands that. Is there a motion? MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair. 21 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe. 22 23 MR. WOLFE: I make a motion that we adjourn -or recess to an executive session to discuss habitat protection 24

issues that are on the table at this time, Public Advisory

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Group nominations and the reopener clause.

MS. McCAMMON: And the executive director's evaluation of the proper....

MR. WOLFE: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: And is there a.....

MS. BROWN: Second.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: There's a second. Anyone opposed? If not, the motion passes and we will adjourn into executive session. Thank you.

(Off record - 12:04 p.m.)
(On record - 1:35 p.m.)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Well, let us reconvene the public session of the December 6th Trustee Council meeting. We have come out of executive session. And at the executive session, as mentioned at the motion going into it, we discussed habitat acquisition issues, the Public Advisory Group nominations and the issues relating to the reopener clause.

At this time we are -- I guess we're at the Public Advisory Group nominations. This is a continuation of a process that was begun at the last meeting, there has been substantial, I think, discussion of the nominations. Does anyone have a preference as to how we proceed or wish to make any kind of a motion, either for the nomination of individuals or perhaps if there is a group someone wishes to come forward with.

MR. HINES: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: Yes, I propose that -- I make a motion that we adopt the Public Advisory Group recommendations by a list. We've had some discussions about that and if we can just adopt the list, if possible.

efficient way to proceed. Does anybody have -- is there a motion to adopt a -- I guess what would be appropriate if someone has a -- would be to just list the groups and the individuals that they wish to nominate and we can see if there is consensus.

MS. McCAMMON: Do you want mine?

MR. HINES: Yes. Yes, Mr. Chairman, if you want me to just read down the list on the individuals, I'll do so at this time.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Sure, if you have a.....

MR. HINES: Yes, Mr. Chairman. For Aquaculture we have Mary McBurney; for Commercial Fishing, Ms. Torie Baker; Commercial Tourism, Eleanore Huffines; Conservation, Chip Dennerlein; Environmental, Pam Brodie; Forest Products, Howard Valley; Local Government, Dave Cobb; Native Landowner, Chuck Totemoff; Recreation Users, Stacey Studebaker; Sport Hunting and Fishing, Rupert Andrews; Subsistence, Nancy Yeaton; Science/Academic, Mr. Chuck Meacham; Public at Large, five

members to consist of Mr. Chris Beck, Mr. Vern McCorkle, 1 Ms. Sheri Buretta, Mr. Jim King, Ms. Brenda Schwantes from Kodiak. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. Is there a 4 second to those nominations? MR. EWING: Second. 6 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It has been moved and 7 Is there discussion on those nominations? seconded. 8 (No audible response) CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Looking at the list you have 10 11 proposed I think those are some excellent choices. 12 looked at the list of applicants there are a number of highly qualified applicants in addition to these that have been 13 14 proposed. I think there's a number that could have been 15 substituted for some of these but I think the list that you 16 propose is a good one. I think it provides a good diversity, 17 both of geography and of interests and abilities and we'd certainly support your proposal. 18 Is there additional comment? 19 20 (No audible response) 21 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Then all in favor of the motion say aye. 22 23 IN UNISON: Aye. 24 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed.

(No opposing votes)

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The motion is carried and those recommendations, I gather, will be forwarded to the Secretary of the Interior.

Okay. The next item on the agenda is the traditional ecological knowledge protocols. Ms. McCammon, is there a presentation on this one?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, attached you'll find draft protocols for including traditional ecological knowledge or indigenous knowledge in the EVOS restoration process. As you know the Council funded in August the beginnings of a Traditional Ecological Knowledge Project as part of our community involvement project. Two TEK specialists were recently hired as part of that project, Dr. Henry Huntington and Dr. Pam Colorado. They will begin their work in January, they were here in -- they were in Anchorage this week meeting with the TEK Advisory Group and with community facilitators yesterday. They will be meeting with the restoration workshop in January.

In anticipation of this project gearing up further this year, at a workshop last April the community facilitators, some restoration work force members, principal investigators and staff from the Restoration Office put together protocols for including indigenous knowledge into the process. It begins with an introduction, purpose and objectives to clarify why these are being done and then goes through a series of

protocols which, in essence, are guidelines and items for consideration when some form of research dealing with indigenous knowledge is being done in the communities.

This has also gone out to the villages for their consideration and adoption. One community, the Seward Tribal Council, has already adopted these. The others -- most of them have it before them during the month of December, so I would anticipate we'll be hearing from more of them. However, it's the recommendation of the community facilitators to go forward and have the Council adopt these.

Since these have been out for review I have some minor changes that have been recommended by various attorneys, primarily. There's some minor clarification that I don't believe are substantive changes and I don't think change the thrust of these protocols at all. And I could go through these now and would recommend that these be rolled into the final version.

On page one of the draft protocol, the third to the last line, just a technical, practitioners of TEK can provide western biologists, since we've already done two parentheticals on it. On page three, there's a recommended change on three. The language we have now, whose proposed research is likely to affect subsistence. There's a recommendation to change that to, whose proposed research directly affects subsistence activities. On page four, section d there was a recommendation

or an observation that the intent of what we were trying to say on this wasn't said very clearly and so the recommendation is just to rewrite it to say, costs for incorporating TEK in a research proposal to be reflected in the budget. Which is a more direct way of what we were saying.

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On page five, section i, the recommendation was to insert the phrase, in oral communications between Alaska Native language and whenever English is the second language. So the protocol would be to use the local Alaska Native language in oral communications whenever English is the second language. There was some concern that we might be supporting the writing of all the reports and things like that in a traditional language. So this would be in oral communication.

And those are the only comments and recommended changes that I received through this review process. This is something that is very important to the Native community, they have worked closely with us in developing these and I would hope that the Council would adopt them today.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I move that the Council adopt the guidelines as amended by Ms. McCammon.

MR. EWING: Second.

MR. HINES: Seconded.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It's been seconded by

Mr. Hines. Is there further discussion or are there questions regarding these?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there anyone opposed to the adoption of these protocols?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Hearing none, the motion passes.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I want to underscore that the group that worked this should be commended. I do think that this is an excellent product and one that can be use nationally and internationally.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. And I would echo that. This is well done.

The next item on the agenda has to do with data ownership and archiving policy.

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to ask
Stan Senner to come up here, too, since he helped draft this,
but just to put this into perspective, the Council already has
an existing policy that relates to this, and that's Policy
Number 20 in the Restoration Plan adopted in November of '94.
That restoration must request public ownership of the process
by timely release and reasonable access to information and

data. It goes on to say that information from restoration projects must be available to other scientists and to the general public in a form that can be easily used and understood. An effective restoration program requires the timely release of such information. This policy underscores the fact that, since the restoration program is funded by public money, the public owns the results.

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In addition, item number 5 under professional services contracts in the Trustee Council procedures, adopted in August of '96, states that all notes and other data developed by the contractor shall remain the sole property of the contracting agency. In the past year we have had a number of questions arise that we believe has given us the feeling it would useful to amplify and clarify this policy. And basically to highlight it and underscore that the Council really believes that the data it is funding to be gathered does belong to the public domain.

We do have a proposed clarification, then, to the Council's existing policy. This has been out for review the last week and there are some small modifications to this. This clarification actually addresses two issues. One is the question of data ownership and I think we've had comments primarily on that aspect. It also deals with the aspect of data archiving and we want to be very clear and up front that this is not the last you will hear of the issue of data

archiving. This is really not the final solution on what to do over the long term with all of the data information and products that the Trustee Council has funded through its efforts.

This gives us kind of an interim way of tracking where data is. If principal investigators should move or transfer, so that we have a contact and an ability to track down that data. This is not the long term solution for archiving and we will, I'm sure, be coming back to you in the next few years with a longer term solution to this.

So with that I turn it over to Stan on some of the comments that we've received.

MR. SENNER: Yeah, you've pretty well covered it, Molly. We did send this around to legal counsel for review a couple of times and what you have in front of you sort of initially passed muster and then upon closer examination there have been more comments and questions raised. And I'll be the first to point out I'm a biologist and not an attorney. Thank goodness.

MS. McCAMMON: Proud of it.

MR. SENNER: So the intent, though, here is not to go beyond what's in existing State or Federal law and to simply make clear that any data to which the Trustee Council has contributed financially, that that's really a matter of being available to the public, it's part of the public domain.

We have a definition that data means recorded information, regardless of form or the media on which it was recorded, and that comes out of Federal acquisition regulations. going to come back to the computer program, software part of it The last statement that begins, each final in just a moment. report on a restoration project shall -- and then it goes on, is what Molly was referring to about data archiving and is simply a way to try to leave a paper trail of where this stuff resides. And so that scientists and the public in general can have a chance to track it down. It definitely isn't a long term solution to that but when we scratch the surface of the archiving question it gets daunting fairly quickly and possibly also expensive and we keep sort of pulling back from it a little bit and unwilling to fully tackle that one but we need to be doing that.

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I think Barry Roth is going to jump in here but kind of the legal question, as I understand it here, is that Barry and perhaps others believe that it's fine for data to very clearly to be a part of the public domain, but when you talk about other products, and those might include computer programs and software, that legally that gets into a little more of a difficult matter and so, Barry, would you want to just jump in on that?

MR. ROTH: I'm not sure that the proper terminology is that the software program would be in the public

domain or not. I think the key principles from the Council's point are any software programs so developed by the Council funding belong to the appropriate government and that that other government will make sure that the -- that government will make sure that the other government can freely use that material. And beyond it we're looking generally to what State and Federal law is there, but the key is it's not the contractor's property to see fit, it's the government's to use further and to make available to the public in accordance with its own State or Federal other laws.

MR. SENNER: So do you have a suggestion of how you would want to modify what's here?

MR. ROTH: I think if we just exclude either other products or the computer programs at this point, the general thrust, and just look to see what the proper terminology would be for both the computer programs -- or the programs themselves or even any technology that we would have invented, we just probably have that as a separate policy.

MR. SENNER: So you -- just one example, then, would be to after -- in the first line after any data strike, or other products. And then dropping down to the fifth line that begins, recorded, just put a period after recorded and strike, include computer programs, databases....

MR. ROTH: Yes.

MR. SENNER: .....and software?

MR. ROTH: Yes.

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MR. SENNER: But you need to discuss whether this is the direction you want to go, but just so it's on the table then what kind of the issue is.

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. McCammon.

MS. KOWALSKI: Mr. lawyer.

MS. McCAMMON: I understand the issue that Mr. Roth has put forward. However, the whole reason for having this before you is because of an issue dealing with computer programs and software. And I believe if we delete those specifically then we have not addressed some of the concerns that has generated this policy coming before you. And I would rather -- rather than deleting this at this time I would rather take this off the table now and work on that and come back to you with a revised version at your next meeting rather than delete that at this point.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I understood the proposal to be to kind of take this off the table for while and not to delete the reference -- I mean to delete the reference to software out of this paragraph and create another paragraph that deals just with it, is what I understood to be the intent of your suggestion.

MR. ROTH: That was mine, it was only -- and that would cover both computer programs or if the Council's

paid for a new technology or machine to be developed it would seem to fall -- it wouldn't be data, per se, but the principles are the same.

MS. McCAMMON: It would still be my preference to do it, I believe, all together in one policy and have it just clarified at that time rather than doing it piecemeal.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Is there some urgency that made you bring this to the table at this point in time that we need to address or do we have adequate time to go ahead and address the computer software end of it.

MS. McCAMMON: I believe we have adequate time, there's already existing language that exists in contracts and this would clarify it. I think it would be helpful to have this to go out in our FY98 invitation to have this clarification, which would be the middle of February, so I would say by the time of the next meeting if we could have that clarified.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chairman, what's being proposed for clarification, I think, is consistent with where we -- where all along and particularly in setting up the Oil Spill Public Information Center and the databases, to me, were a part of that all along. Not withstanding any legal questions, I believe the intent of our -- of the Council all along was in

line with what's being proposed, so hopefully we can get that taken care of as quick as possible and then bring it back to the Council because, you know, we really do believe that that information should get out to the public, including -- you know, I'm not concerned about hardware but certainly databases should be made available.

MR. ROTH: I guess I -- these are out to the public, there's no question, we're not holding anything back from the public, are we?

MS. McCAMMON: No, no, these are available to the public.

MR. ROTH: Yeah, these are out.

MR. WOLFE: Okay. But why the pur -- well it is, but why the need for the clarification if that's the case then?

MS. McCAMMON: The issue was to highlight that this is the Council's policy and to make it very explicit.

MR. WOLFE: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: And also to clarify on software and computer programs which is in the area that the most recent question has risen.

MR. WOLFE: I see. Okay.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there any further questions or discussion on this one? Okay. Unless someone wants to bring it to a head now then we'll move on to the next

agenda item.

MR. WOLFE: Do we need to table this?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: No, there's no motion to table I don't believe.

The next item on the agenda are the FY97 deferred projects. Does someone want to go through these?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, you have before you two tables, one of them consists of numbers and one is text. In August the Council took action on \$15,390,300.00 worth of projects for FY97. At that time the Council deferred action on a number of projects totalling over a million and a half dollars. They were deferred for a number of reason. Some of them were awaiting the results of the summer field work, some of them were awaiting a fall peer review session and some were considered technically good projects, but a final decision needed to be made in terms of where they stood in terms of priorities and trying to achieve the \$16,000,000.00 target figure for the work plan.

Based on the information that has come to us this fall, and with a lot of cooperation from the principal investigators and the restoration work force members, we have before you a proposal on these deferred projects that total \$609,200.00. This brings the total of the work plan for FY97 to

\$15,999,500.00, slightly under 16 million. It represents funding for 69 projects including the three large ecosystem projects, 50 other continuing projects and 16 new projects.

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The table that you have before you includes a lot of It starts out with a '97 revised request for numbers. particular projects, what was already funded at the August meeting, how much was deferred and what my recommendation is for that portion of it. It also includes the estimates for the project for FY98, FY99 and then a total estimate for FY97 to the year 2002. If the Council were to take action on these recommendations as approved, this would -- for ongoing projects next year, if they were to be funded at the level that is being considered, now that would total about \$12,000,000.00. So if next year our target for the work plan is 14 million, trying to do that ratcheting down every year, we would be, in essence, not committing yet because it's still pending review and final Council action, but probably about \$12,000,000.00 worth of ongoing projects, leaving about two million for new projects.

And Stan Senner is here. We have Dr. Spies on line and what we propose doing is just going through each one very briefly and seeing if there are any questions and any comments on various recommendations.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I think that's a good approach. If you could go through and then after your discussion of a project just ask for questions at that time.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman. 1 2 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams. MS. D. WILLIAMS: I think since we've been 3 through all these project before, I would emphasize very 4 briefly, I would hope we could do most of these in one or two 5 sentences. MS. McCAMMON: Why don't you go and then I'll fill in where..... 8 MR. SENNER: Okay. Dr. Spies, are you on the 9 10 line? DR. SPIES: Yes, I am. 11 MR. SENNER: Okay. One question before you 12 begin, do you want to go in the order that they're on the 13 table, which is by cluster or do you want to go by the book, 14 which is numerical? Craig's pointing at the book. 15 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: That's the way I'm going to 16 17 be following, otherwise I'm going to be rattling a lot of paper. 18 19 MR. SENNER: You are the Chairman, so we will follow suit. 20 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Well, I'm part of the wish 21 of the group, but..... 22 23 MR. SENNER: Okay. If that's the case then 24 we're looking at the text descriptions and the first project is 012, Killer Whales. All right? Okay, everyone's on the same

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Okay. This continues work on killer whales that's been page. pretty much ongoing since the spill. We completed a review session with outside peer reviewers and Dr. Spies here earlier in November and we believe that this work is continuing to document a very interesting story about the fate of killer whales since the oil spill. We are recommending essentially full funding of this request and with the caveat, however, that we are definitely at a point where we need a very clear game plan for phasing -- for winding down the current program and getting those objectives down and time table down to conclude this work. That it has gone -- it has continued this long because it tells an interesting story following the oil spill and there's high public interest, but it is time for a clear plan to phase it down.

MS. McCAMMON: Next.

MR. SENNER: Okay.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Any questions?

(No audible response)

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay.

MR. SENNER: All right. The second one is 025 which is -- the only question here is a small addition to the Nearshore Vertebrate Predator Project. The request -- the amount deferred was 115,000, however, the executive director's recommendation is only an additional increment of \$30,500.00. This is for the sole purpose of looking at predation by

glaucous-winged gulls, on blue mussels, on Montague Island in Prince William Sound and we basically need to know more about the number and especially the size classes of mussels that are being taken because this is very important to our interpretation of what's happening to the sea otter.

This amount of money, the 30.5 includes the data gathering and the subsequent final report on this component would be included in the existing NVP project cap in the following year.

Questions?

MS. McCAMMON: We should also note that the report on 320Q has been received.

MR. SENNER: That's right. And there is a request to collect glaucous-winged gulls to carry out this work and the Public Advisory Group has reviewed that and had no objection, although it was not in a formal session.

Okay. No questions? All right. The next one is 026, close out integration of microbial and chemical sediment data, 15 thousand point 1. This is just a clean up of money that was previously allocated due to some changes in fiscal years and what kind of money can carry over. It's necessary to reappropriate this amount, an equal amount was lapsed in the prior year, so this is just clean up to finish up the project.

Ouestions?

(No audible response)

MR. SENNER: Okay. Number 159, close out. This is, again, a project that had been approved previously, this is for an additional \$15,000.00 to make sure that we have -- or that the Fish and Wildlife Service has the services of a statistician to help in doing a really rigorous analysis of these data and to get this out in our peer review publication as quickly as possible. This is one of the fundamental papers from work in the damage assessment and that has continued into the Restoration Program and it's really key to get this done in a really proper way.

#### Questions?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The chief scientist recommendation suggested there should be a stipulation attached to this funding that the results be published in the open peer review scientific literature which is not necessarily contained in the executive director's recommendation. Would that stipulation be a part of the....

MR. SENNER: We would certainly add that and the Fish and Wildlife Service has every intent of doing exactly that.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay.

MS. McCAMMON: We can do that.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I'm just thinking the procedure we might adopt, is to adopt the executive director's recommendations, you know, with maybe and exception or

something but that would include that.

MS. McCAMMON: Okay.

MR. SENNER: Okay. Thank you. All right.

Number 166 on Pacific herring. The amount approved in August was \$200,000.00, there is a request for an additional 140 thousand point 3. This would enable the Department of Fish and Game to continue doing their spawn deposition surveys which is one way that they estimate the biomass of spawning herring, that was the money approved in August. And then the money, the increment approved up -- to be considered now would include two pieces. One is hydroacoustic surveys and then secondly the completion of a model on herring recruitment and egg loss, which is being done at the University of Alaska, Juneau.

And the recommendation of the chief scientist and the executive director is to go ahead and fully fund this request this year. However, the Council has previously said that they do want to see a transition of this project to full funding by the Department of Fish and Game and other non-Trustee Council sources. And we, of course, agree with the Council on that and would add the proviso that in FY98, in other words, this next fiscal year that, in fact, the Trustees would only support one survey technique. In other words, rather than continuing both spawn deposition and the hydroacoustics, it's time to make a choice and we believe this is an appropriate step to be taking down and phasing out the Trustee Council support.

I do want to stress, this is an important time for the herring in Prince William Sound. The Department of Fish and Game's recent survey work has suggested that they now can allow some commercial harvest again. This winter and next spring, this will be the first since 1993 when it was shut down in season. And that's good news for the herring, but it also suggests to us that we want to make sure that they've got every tool this coming spring to fully evaluate that biomass and make sure they know exactly what they're doing, which I'm sure they do, but we want to make sure they got the resources. But in the following year we really need to start ratcheting this down in a specific way.

Questions?

(No audible response)

MR. SENNER: Okay, 169, genetic study to aid in restoration of murres. This would be a new project, a three year project, total of 234,000, 59,000 of that in the first year. This responded to a request in the FY97 invitation that encouraged genetics work on sea birds. One of the very practical benefits of this is it will enable us to get a much better handle on the area of sea bird -- or the sea bird populations actually affected by the spill, which probably, in fact, go beyond the geographic boundary of the spill area. And, over the long run, has a number of implications for the way the Department of the Interior approaches their management

of marine birds. So we are recommending approval of that.

There initially were some concerns about methods but those were fully resolved over the summer and fall.

Questions?

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(No audible response)

MR. SENNER: All right. Number 230, Valdez Duck Flats Restoration Project. This started out as a much more substantial request for, I believe, more than \$200,000.00. It was deferred in August so that we could look at overall funding priorities. And the recommendation now is to go ahead with the project at 67.8 thousand. What this would do is look at the duck flats, the injured resources there. Look at what, by all accounts, is increasing visitor use of the duck flats. And there is much concern that that increased visitor use will compromise habitats important to injured species. And then will allow development of -- at least conceptual development of kind of a plan or a strategy for minimizing and mitigating those impacts. There was some concern earlier on, in August I guess, that the status of the land parcels, the small parcels on the duck flats was not resolved and that that would be an important part of this exercise but the feeling is now that there is at least progress being made on those parcels and, even though their final status is not resolved, we could go ahead with the planning effort that looks at the whole duck flats and that could go forward, even though the final

resolution of the habitat parcels is not complete.

Probably the final word on this is that the initial proposal would have sort of gone quickly from A to Z and built a boardwalk and some other things out there to mitigate these visitor uses. We strongly encourage them to -- not to enter into this with the preconceived notion that the boardwalk was the thing to do, that they need to step back and look at it conceptually first and see what makes sense. And that is what they have done with the revised proposal.

### Questions?

MS. McCAMMON: I should also say here that the city of Valdez strongly supports this and I think one of the other ideas for having a conceptual plan was to get greater community involvement in developing this kind of a plan or strategy for the flats.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Stan, how does this relate to this -- like this news story that we have about the flushing project, our flushing project in Valdez, for the duck flats?

MR. SENNER: The harbor flushing? Homer is talking about a tidal flushing of Mariner Park, is that what we're -- that I don't know, Craig, I've not....

MS. McCAMMON: No, that's not us.

MR. SENNER: .....not read everything in your notebook, I guess. Molly, can you help me on that?

MS. McCAMMON: I haven't seen that one.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Well, it's talking about 1.25 million dollars for allowing sea water from the duck flats area to flush out the sea polluted water and so forth. -- I assume we'd be integrated in anything like that? I would (indiscernible)..... MS. McCAMMON: That would only make sense and I MR. SENNER: mean, this proposal is coming to us with the full blessing of the city and local planning authority so I'd have to assume and hope, I guess, that they're on top of that, Mr. Chairman, but I don't know specifically. MS. McCAMMON: Would you like some specific statement? MR. SENNER: Do you want us to -- do you want to take provisional action and have us just come back to you and prepare a memorandum to just follow up on it or I don't know you'd want to..... MS. McCAMMON: Would you just like us to report back? CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I would just -- my own view would be that this could be approved, subject to the executive director making sure that this is integrated with the other projects that are going on in the duck flats area. MR. SENNER: That would be, I think, very appropriate. Okay. Other comments or questions on that one?

(No audible response)

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MR. SENNER: Okay. Moving on then to number 239, salmon carcasses, juvenile chinook salmon production on the Kenai. This was one that was deferred in August so that we could see overall how many -- how much money was available and sort reassess our priorities. It got very good remarks from the scientific review panel, it's a created proposal from a PI who has been exceptional in the quality of his work. There was some concern that the project focused rather narrowly on the chinook salmon aspect and that perhaps it could be broadened to address sockeye escapements. One of the problems with that is if the project were to be broaden out, it would also become a great deal more expensive. And our view has been that although this is a good project and it seems to have some interest and support in it, that, as a matter of priorities in FY97, that we can't recommend that it go forward.

Questions on that?

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MR. HINES: Just one remark, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: There's always been salmon carcasses in the Kenai River from sockeyes. I mean, what type of information are we going to get out of this? I mean, that we may have to remove some salmon carcasses or put more in there for secondary production purposes or....

MR. SENNER: The poss -- and someone -- and if you really need to know about that, someone from Fish and Game

maybe able to help. But the possible outcome is that you would want to take into account in setting your allocations and escapements so that you are getting a number of carcasses in the river that contribute in the best possible way to future production.

MR. HINES: Thank you.

MR. SENNER: Janet, was I -- okay.

MS. KOWALSKI: That was accurate.

MR. SENNER: All right. Moving right along, number 247, Kametolook River Coho Salmon Subsistence Project. This is one that has had some funding out of the State's share of the criminal settlement money. It was not acted upon in August because they were still doing some field work and some feasibility planning with that State criminal money. Department of Fish and Game has now completed that and the recommendation is now to go forward. And this is a small scale, local coho supplementation project, it's got excellent community support and although it goes for several years, six years, you can see that after the initial amount of 31,000 in the first year then the annual increments drop down to about \$13,000.00 a year, so it is an inexpensive project that has good community support. And it does, I should add, meet our supplementation criteria and it has the participation and blessing of ADF&G's fisheries geneticists.

Questions?

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## (No audible response)

MR. SENNER: Okay. Number 248 is again related to Pacific herring. This addresses collection of historical data and local environmental knowledge. The request is for \$40,000.00 and the executive director's recommendation is, in fact, to continue deferring action on this because we have under 052B, the Traditional Ecological Knowledge Project, is really just getting underway and it only seems appropriate to give that project time to get up to speed and full implementation before we decide whether it's necessary for additional work on traditional knowledge in herring. So this is, I guess, one we would simply continue to defer, rather than concluding right now that it's a do not fund.

# Questions?

### (No audible response)

MR. SENNER: Okay. On that same page is number 251, a close out for the Akalura Lake sockeye salmon. This is a continuation and conclusion of the work relating to overescapement at Akalura Lake which has been a part -- it's kind of been a hidden -- not a hidden, it's been overshadowed by the Kenai River sockeye work, but the Akalura part of it has been part of the Kenai work all along. Akalura Lake, of course, is on Kodiak Island. This would basically put people out on weirs to count out migrating smolts for one more season and this 43,000 requested would include the final report

preparation on this project, so it's not that there would be another year beyond this, this would have the final weir counts and the final report.

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, I should add here that at one point we had last year as the recommendation as the final year of funding on this project. At the request of Fish and Game in Kodiak, I did send out Stan Senner and Dr. Spies out to Akalura Lake to meet with Fish and Game out there to review the project. And after their review and on-site visit they determined that this would be appropriate for one more year. They were convinced.

MR. SENNER: Questions?

(No audible response)

MR. SENNER: Okay. Number 254, Delight and
Desire Lakes. This one may take a little more discussion and
there was testimony on this this morning, you may recall from
Mr. Pat Norman and then a Mr. Meganack also mentioned this.
Delight and Desire Lakes are on the outer Kenai coast, McCarty
Fjord, I believe. They're within sort of the external boundary
of the Kenai Fjord National Park but the landowner around
Delight and Desire Lakes themselves would be the Port Graham
Corporation.

And this project is for a feasibility or prefertilization study. The ultimate goal would be a multi-year fertilization project to enhance the sockeye salmon

run there and that this would be justified as a replacement fishery. I want to be clear that there really is no convincing or direct evidence of injury to this fishery due to the oil. It also is not a situation like the Kenai, where there was an overescapement phenomenon, that's not the case here because this fishery actually was kept open during the early days of the oil spill. So this would be a replacement fishery.

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From a technical standpoint the limnological work which is really all that would happen in the first year is technically feasible and the Department of Fish and Game is very good at doing that kind of work and there are no problems There have been some questions raised about sort of do there. we want to get into another fairly large scale fertilization project, some discussion about how appropriate that is. was quite an exchange of letters back and forth between the National Park Service and Department of Fish and Game on that subject. Most of those questions concern the ultimate one of do you want to fertilize or not. They were not questions about the prefertilization study itself where everyone pretty much agrees that there would be some useful limnological data that would come out of there regardless of what you think about fertilization or not down the road.

The decision on -- or recommendation on this project back in August was to defer it again because the feeling was that we wanted to see how much money was available and to be

able to put this in the context of other priorities here at the end of the year. And the executive director's recommendation has been, and what is before you, is to do not fund, that is it a lower priority. And certainly one of the issues raised here is there's lots of changes going on with the economics of commercial fishing and, you know, what makes sense as a good investment down the road. In that context, another question is that the proposal puts forth the possibility that if fertilization were actually to go forward that perhaps the fishing interests and others might pick up the cost of that fertilization. We would also point out, though, that if a decision is made to fertilize -- there's also been a commitment -- someone's going to make to monitor the results of that and it could be a rather expensive multi-year commitment and so we want you to be aware of that possibility.

I don't -- I didn't go back and look at how much was spent on Coghill Lake over the life of the project but we're talking 250-300,000 a year, we're talking \$1,000,000.00 plus for the Coghill work and so the concern would be here that although this is just a prefertilization study, once you start down that road it starts to get harder to change course and the more money is spent, the more momentum there is to follow through. So those are the kinds of issues that are on the table.

MS. McCAMMON: The only thing I'd like to add,

Mr. Chairman, is that we did receive a letter last summer from the Cook Inlet Seiners Association supporting this. We have not received any comments from any members of the public up until a couple of days ago when I did receive a call from Mr. Norman. At that time he told me that there is a cannery that the Port Graham Corporation has operating in Port Graham and they would like to see, in the future, sockeye from this fishery be used in their cannery. Certainly that would be a long term kind of deal since with fertilization, it would take a year for studying, then five or six years before you saw the results of the fertilization. Today was the first time I had heard any discussion of this as a subsistence fishery, we have viewed this always as a replacement fishery for commercial fishing. I had not -- this was the first time it had been described as the possibility of a subsistence fishery.

He also said that to do work there we're looking for -we're interested in this because it was a natural run, that
once fertilized, hopefully it would be natural where a lot of
the commercial fishing in lower Cook Inlet are enhanced fish
that are not naturally produced. They're from a hatchery and
there was concern about the future viability of that hatchery.
The hatchery is operated by Cook Inlet Aquaculture Association,
which is the same group that we would be looking to hopefully
to fund the actual fertilization work, so there are a lot of
questions in my mind that still exist out there and I -- you

know, after the additional information that was received this week we had a lot of discussion about the recommendation and whether it should change or not and I think at this point my recommendation would be to try to gather additional information in this next spring and summer and then if the proposal was submitted again next fall look at it again next fall. But if the Council wanted to do otherwise, we'd be happy to.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Questions?

MR. SENNER: We might ask Dr. Spies, do you have anything you'd want to add to any of that?

DR. SPIES: No, I think, you know, in looking closely at the history of that fishery and the amount of spawning habitat available and so forth is an important aspect of this and I think that once we got into the Coghill Lake situation and (indiscernible) because of the life cycle of sockeye, four, five or six years that we're going to be looking at a kind of protracted project, so I think that needs to be looked at carefully before we commit.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Are there questions or comments?

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: The only concern I have is, we are doing work on the stocking on another project that we're going to discuss later on for subsistence purposes and it disturbs me

a little bit that we may have information at this point in time indicating that this is the -- Delight and Desire Lakes are also for subsistence use and that does make it look a little awkward for us.

MS. McCAMMON: Although, Mr. Chairman, and,
Stan, correct me, but the stocking project is considerably less
expensive than fertilization project over the long term, is my
understanding.

MR. WOLFE: Yeah, it is.

MR. GIBBONS: It's had public support all the way along. The Chenega Bay....

MR. WOLFE: Yeah, it's about half or third.

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah.

MR. SENNER: Yeah, the -- just to follow up,
Mr. Wolfe, there are some differences. One is the Solf Lake
had always been proposed in the context of those subsistence
fishery and as the executive director said, the subsistence
aspect of Delight and Desire was the first we heard of it
today, so there's that. Secondly, the Solf Lake stocking -because it is a stocking we see a more direct and likely
prospect of success and we know there were lots of sockeye in
there before the earthquake, they've done the limnological
work, they know it can support those fish, so we think that the
return on investment is probably more likely there. And then
lastly, the total cost is undoubtedly less, although we don't

know what the total cost of Delight and Desire would be, we're only sort of by analogy assuming that it's in the order of \$1,000,000.00.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Coghill was a success, wasn't it?

MR. SENNER: Coghill was successful in that the plankton levels were restored and there was some increase in the fish produced in the lake, that's right.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Wasn't it open this year for fishing, commercial fishing?

MR. SENNER: Yes, it's been -- yes, yes.

kind of -- when I went through this the first time, actually even before the testimony today, I was looking at this one as one I wasn't quite sure that -- and I certainly wouldn't kind of characterize it as a low priority. I think the idea of looking at it again and maybe trying to get some more information about the potential use of the fish would be a good one. I guess my only -- I would question whether we should wait until next round of proposals or whether that's something that can be done even sooner than that. If there's additional information that could be gathered or does this thing have to get out now or wait?

MS. McCAMMON: I would assume that if you were to start the work this summer that there would have to be a

decision made by at least early in the spring. So it would be up to you.

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Is there some field work that needs to occur before we get additional information on what we believe needs to occur there?

MS. McCAMMON: No, I don't think additional field work, this would be just some additional information the.....

MR. WOLFE: Yeah, data gathering.

MS. McCAMMON: .....data gathering.

MR. SENNER: Perhaps the importance of the subsistence aspect of it, and I think if you really want us to look at this further, some guidance on whether this is something the Trustee Council would want support only in the feasibility stage and then not in implementation or whether it is something one would want to get into at the implementation level, because that would have a big -- it would make a difference.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Part of the information I would want to know would be if we set this up, will somebody else implement it? I would -- I mean, that would be a very -- that could make a pretty compelling case for us to do some of the preliminary work on it, I would think.

MS. McCAMMON: A more significant commitment at

this time would help.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Yes, would help certainly and obviously getting more information about the variety of uses that would be made of these fish would help.

MR. SENNER: So you're essentially recommending that we continue to....

MS. McCAMMON: Defer.

MR. SENNER: .....defer this rather than a do not fund. And that we gather that additional information.

Let's just be clear on the -- whether there would be support for the implementation phase and then, secondly, on what the different uses would be, especially the importance to subsistence.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is that -- Jim?

MR. WOLFE: I concur.

MR. SENNER: Okay, any additional comment or question on that?

(No audible response)

MR. SENNER: All right. Moving right along, number 256A is sockeye salmon stocking at Columbia Lake. The short answer is that the Forest Service explored the feasibility of this and concluded it wasn't feasible and essentially the proposal was withdrawn.

However, 256B is the stocking at Solf Lake which we just addressed and probably doesn't need much more said. This

area had a significant sockeye fishery pre-earthquake, it's very close to Chenega Bay, it's had strong support from the Chenega community all along for subsistence resources, also has some connection to sport fishing. The Forest Service has done the feasibility work in cooperation with ADF&G and the limnological people. The conclusion is that it will support restocking and you see that the price tag over seven years is about \$450,000.00.

MR. HINES: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: I just had a question. It says habitat improvements were made in '78, 80 and '81 to provide access for anadromous fish, but yet -- and still there's no fish there. What does that mean?

MR. SENNER: I believe what that means is that some initial work was done on a fish pass but it was not maintained in good condition....

MR. HINES: Right.

MR. SENNER: .....and essentially has not been operational and some of the initial expenditure in this case is simply to go back in and re-engineer that, Dave?

MR. GIBBONS: Yeah, there was a channel excavated, I visited it this summer. And it's kind of out of repair so there's no access now to that channel, to the lake, so what we have to do is put a little check dam, do a little

work in the channel to modify it some and then open it back up again, so we'll have access.

MR. HINES: Why is it necessary to be a seven year project if you can go ahead and fix that particular pathways for the fish, restock it, would it still necessitate a seven.....

MR. GIBBONS: Well, stocking of the sockeye won't take place this year. What we're going to do this year is the modification and the NEPA work and the modification to the channel. The stocking doesn't start for -- till '98.

MR. SENNER: The concern, Mr. Hines, is that for the stocking to be successful, in fact, takes three or seasons of the stocking and they're conservative about it and this is the way Department of Fish and Game wants to approach it as well. They're conservative in that they stock not at full 100 percent level but some lesser percentage and they make -- they do the limnological work to make sure that all the fry they're putting in aren't -- haven't totally eaten up the food supply. And then if all of that is positive, then you can continue and complete you stocking effort.

DR. SPIES: I might mention that -- Stan and Mr. Chairman, that the '97 there's going a limnological effort as Stan referred to and also development of the stocking plan and consideration of any concern about mixed stock fishery interactions or genetic issues in that part of Prince William

Sound.

MR. SENNER: But we should stress that with the support of the Trustee Council, the initial feasibility work was done and both the Forest Service and ADF&G are confident that the feasibility is not in doubt.

Okay. Just the last few here. Number 275, Rural Development Applied Field-Based Research Program. This was deferred in August. At that time, we were particularly eager to have the proposers obtain commitments from some of the project PIs that they would actually incorporate this student research into their work. They, the proposers, have not been able to obtain those kind of commitments. It is possible, I guess, they might do that in the future and want to come back and try again, but right now those kind of commitments haven't been obtained and we recommend simply that we do not fund this.

Ouestions?

MS. McCAMMON: I should mention here that the Public Advisory Group supported this proposal and urged reconsideration next year if commitments could be obtained from researchers.

MR. SENNER: Number 277 is on the archaeological repository and I think you heard from the executive director and Veronica this morning about the archaeological work, so there's action proposed here on this project.

Okay. Number 281, habitat improvement through redesigned forest workshops. Again, in August, this was deferred in part to see whether the proposers could obtain commitments for financial sponsorship by some of the stakeholders including, for example, the Chugach Alaska Corporation. We do have a letter of support from Eyak.

Molly, do you want to take over on that?

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah, we did receive a letter from Eyak Corporation. One of the recommendations are in terms of deferring it was based on trying to get support and participation of Eyak Corporation, Chugach Native Corporation and other landowners, managers in Prince William Sound. To date, there's been no formal agreement to support or participate in this by any of the corporations, with the exception of Eyak Corporation. The letter of support that they gave said that they were not willing to contribute any money towards it but that any information that would be generated through a workshop like this would be useful in their land use planning effort. So, at this point, based on the response that we received, I still continued with a do not fund recommendation.

MR. SENNER: Questions on that? Molly, do you want to do the television program while you're there?

MS. McCAMMON: Yeah, 97301 was a proposal by KAKM TV to do a one hour pilot program. They would like to do

a series on science in Alaska and they wanted to do the pilot program on Trustee Council research and then use it to try to get a National Science Foundation grant to do other science programs for their TV -- I guess for that -- for KAKM.

We've had a lot of discussion about the actual video needs of the Trustee Council and this kind of a proposal anyway would have had to go out to competitive bid, so there was not guarantee that KAKM would have received the bid anyway for a one hour show. In addition, we've had a lot of need and this was, I think, most exemplified in October when the Federal Trustees did a presentation in Washington D.C. for raw video footage, high quality raw video footage to be used by CNN, CBS, others when we do have news stories that are of national significance. In addition for a number of presentations that we make to groups and individuals it would be very useful to have a short 10 minute video. And then as we look towards the 10th anniversary, a longer video or something of a half an hour or an hour scale seems to be more appropriate.

And what I would like to do is to come back to you, probably in late January, early February. The Public Advisory Group is very interested in this and they would like to be involved in developing a proposal that would look at a variety of uses of raw video footage and also some kind of produced package. And so I would like to recommend you not funding this particular proposal but taking elements of this and putting

together a new proposal for consideration later in the year.

MR. SENNER: Any questions?

(No audible response)

MR. SENNER: Okay. Last one, number 305, monitoring response of seabirds to changing prey using stable isotope analysis. This is recommended as a do not fund, not because it's a bad idea, it's a good idea and a good PI. However, we have the capability under another project, 170, to have this kind of isotope work done. And until that capacity at the University of Alaska, Fairbanks is fully used, there's no reason to fund an additional study along these lines. So basically this work can be accomplished through another avenue and it is recommended that we not fund it.

That's it, Mr. Chairman, unless Molly's.....

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, there's one more proposal project that was inadvertently left off of here and that is project number 97151, which are improvements to the Prince William Sound Science Center. This was a deferred project from August, it was taken up at the October 15th meeting. At that time, there was discussion and the Trustee Council asked staff to get additional information from the Science Center, specifically to examine that project in light of the role that the Oil Spill Recovery Institute funds, what role they could play in support of the Council's Restoration Program.

Following the October 15th meeting, I did send a letter to the executive director, Gary Thomas, asking for his assistance in exploring this avenue and have received no response from him as of yet. So at this point it's still a defer unless the Council would like to see it at this point as a do not fund.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Your recommendation, though, is defer?

MS. McCAMMON: Yes.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: Yes, Mr. Chairman, along those same lines, I also thought we agreed that we're going to look at the MOU supposedly we have with the Prince William Sound Science Center. Wasn't that discussed at one of the meetings that Mr. Wolfe chaired here in Juneau?

MR. WOLFE: I....

MR. HINES: And we're supposed to formulate some committee about that.

MR. WOLFE: I don't remember an MOU, but what I do remember is that we did agree to have a committee or staff liaison people work with the Science Center to see if there was, you know, a way to come up with a project there that would partially support their request.

MS. McCAMMON: This letter was the introduction to.....

MR. WOLFE: Yeah. MS. McCAMMON: .....discussing the possibility 2 of some kind of an MOU and we've received no response. 3 MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe. 5 MR. WOLFE: I think defer status is still 6 7 appropriate and I think we still need to pursue that and I'm puzzled by Mr. Thomas's non-responsiveness at this point, but in either case, I think it's to our benefit to continue to explore that. 10 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. 11 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, I move that the 12 Council adopt the recommendations made by the executive 13 director with respect to the deferred projects in FY1997 work 14 plan and that we commend the executive director and everyone 15 who worked on this for keeping us under the \$16,000,000.00 16 budget cap. 17 MR. EWING: Second. 18 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It's been moved and 19 20 seconded. Is there any further discussion? (No audible response) 21 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: All in favor? 2.2 IN UNISON: 23 Aye. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed? 24

(No opposing responses)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The motions carries. 1 if I can figure out what I just did with my agenda. 2 MS. McCAMMON: Tatitlek. 3 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ah. The next item on the 4 agenda is habitat acquisition and the two proposals before us 5 are -- well, there's more than two, I guess. There's Tatitlek, 6 Horseshoe Bay, KAP 114, which is the Johnson parcel and the KNA amendment. How do you -- do you have a proposal or should we just proceed in order? 9 MS. McCAMMON: I think we should start with 10 Tatitlek. 11 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: All right. Would you 12 present it or do you want..... 13 MR. WOLFE: Molly, would you do it? 14 MS. McCAMMON: I'd be happy to if you want me 15 16 to. MR. WOLFE: You're more familiar with it than I 17 18 am. 19 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: You want to do it? 20 MS. McCAMMON: Yes. 21 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Ms. McCammon, would 22 you bring us up to date with the status of Tatitlek? 23 MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, the Council passed a resolution agreeing to purchase various interests in 66,600 24

acres from Tatitlek Corporation for a total of \$33,000,000.00,

if such an offer was made by Tatitlek. On October 15th
Tatitlek did make an offer to convey to the Trustee Council the
lands and interests in lands described in resolution dated
August 29th, 1996 as well as interests in some additional land.
And that specifically was a timber only conservation easement
on the Sunny Bay parcel. And I believe you should have a copy
of a map that shows the Sunny Bay parcel. And it's the portion
of Port Fidalgo at the very upper end across from Waylen Bay,
to the north of Waylen Bay. And this would extend the timber
only conservation easement all along what is currently Tatitlek
owned lands on the north side of Port Fidalgo.

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In exchange for this, they would also agree to a moratorium on timber harvesting on any Tatitlek lands by Citifor from May 1st, 1997. The timber only conservation easement consists of approximately 2,445 acres of land, it has been appraised at over \$2,000,000.00, the timber only rights on those lands.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Approximately 2,000,000.

MS. McCAMMON: Approximately \$2,000,000.00.

The resolution that -- since the August meeting there have been discussions between Citifor, which owns a portion of the timber rights -- have been sold a portion of the timber rights by Tatitlek Corporation and by Tatitlek. They have now reached agreement on their package, between those two interests and this would conclude or be the final conclusion of the Tatitlek

package that began in August. And so what you have before you is a resolution that would respond to the formal offer that has been made by Tatitlek Corporation. And I do have an agreement that was received today that is signed by all of the various parties. And I would view this as primarily a technical amendment to the original resolution that was passed in August.

21.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: This is -- I think Council members should have a resolution in front of them. And if I could just sum it up. The original purchase price was 33,000,000 plus some amount of money to deal with the deferred payment aspects of this for certain interests in land.

Tatitlek came back with an offer that included the 33,000,000 plus they raised the ante really to 33,800,000 and for that additional \$800,000.00, which does not include a deferred payment consideration in it, but this is -- you know, it would be 400,000, 400,000 in the two final payments.

Tape 3 of 3

For that the Council would receive timber valued at 1.9 million as well as -- Tatitlek has secured a moratorium on timber harvesting on any Tatitlek lands by Citifor and Seward Forest Products until May 1 of '97 and in essence the Council would get the benefit of that moratorium. I guess it would be granted that moratorium if necessary.

Does that summarize where we are on this?

MS. McCAMMON: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there a motion?

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair.

motion.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: I'd like to make one statement. I think that the addition of the timber moratorium or the timber conservation easement on the Sunny Bay area does really, truly enhance and make the Tatitlek package a much improved package, for it now puts all of the Fidalgo Bay area in to some level of protective status which is a significant achievement in my opinion. And I guess on that basis and given the fact that the timber value is estimated at roughly \$2,000,000.00 the cost to the Trustees would only be 800,000. I think it's a heck of deal, especially since it's a timber conservation easement in perpetuity if I understand it right, so I would make a motion that we pass the resolution as presented and proceed from there.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there a second?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chair, I second the

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. Is there discussion about the motion, questions as to how this works? I know several people might not have been here during the first Tatitlek motion and, therefore, it might make less sense exactly what we're doing, but is there any questions that need to be answered?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chair, my only question is whether May 1, 1997 is enough time?

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I think that that's as much time as we could get. There is a provision in the moratorium that would allow Citifor to extend it from month to month essentially if they felt a deal was close. We believe that is enough time, it's essentially the time that's required to see if a deal can be struck between Citifor and Mental Health, so.....

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Jones is on line, if we need him, if there are any questions.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Yeah. If -- Mr. Roy Jones who represents Tatitlek is on line if there are any questions that you would like direct to him. And perhaps, Roy, you might tell us whether in your view that May 1 is, first of all, adequate, and secondly, if not as much as you could get. Roy?

MS. McCAMMON: He was on line.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Well, he may not be on line. Anyway, but I think that is -- I had some conversations with him yesterday about that and I believe that -- you always want more time but sometimes the negotiations expand to fill whatever time you give.

Are there additional questions about this?

MR. HINES: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Hines.

## CERTIFICATE

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2	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ) ) ss.
3	STATE OF ALASKA )
4	I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in and for the State of Alaska and Owner of Computer Matrix do hereby certify:
6 7 8	THAT the foregoing pages numbered 4 through 139 contain a full, true and correct transcript of the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council's Meeting recorded electronically by me on the 6th day of December 1996 and thereafter transcribed by me to the best of my knowledge and ability.
9	THAT the Transcript has been prepared at the request of:
10	EXXON VALDEZ TRUSTEE COUNCIL, 645 G Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99501;
11 12	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska this 13th day of December 1996.
13	GIGNED AND GEREITED TO DA
14	SIGNED AND CERTIFIED TO BY:
15	Loep Plolosinsh
16   17	Jošeph'P. Kolasinski Notary Public in and for Alaska My Commission Expires: 04/17/00
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MR. HINES: Just very briefly, on point number 10, is just Tatitlek has to sell a timber only conservation easement on the lands and a moratorium on the timber harvest on any Tatitlek lands by Citifor until May 1st, so in terms of the easement, a conservation easement, there is not going to be any logging at all on those lands identified the easements is what you're saying, but the other lands.....

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Anywhere.

MS. McCAMMON: Anywhere.

MR. HINES: Okay.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Any Tatitlek lands.

MR. HINES: Right.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: That capital L lands is

Sunny Bay, the little I lands is all the lands.

MR. HINES: Okay. Thank you.

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Maybe partially in response to Deborah's concerns, if the May 1 isn't enough time and it did trigger some timber harvest then the whole deal would be back on the table for us to look at again. So it doesn't proceed, but it does keep a deal on the table though even if harvest does occur, it just would change significantly and we would have a chance to revisit the deal.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: That is correct. If there

is harvesting then this deal comes back. 1 MR. WOLFE: Yeah. 2 MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, we should know by 3 February whether this deal is going to go forward as..... MR. WOLFE: As desired. 5 MS. McCAMMON: .....described and as we desire 6 and at that time we would take appropriate action. MR. WOLFE: Yeah. 8 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Are there any further 9 questions. 10 MR. WOLFE: Call for the..... 11 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: All in favor of the 12 resolution as presented say aye. 13 IN UNISON: 14 Aye. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed? 15 (No opposing responses) 16 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The resolution carries. 17 next item of business would be Horseshoe Bay, a small parcel. 18 Is -- Ms. McCammon, you going to do that or.... 19 20 MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, you should have a 21 copy -- you're getting it right now, which includes a map of this parcel. This was one that was submitted in the original 2.2 process a couple of years ago, Prince William Sound 11. This 23 parcel contains 1,600 feet of Horseshoe Bay frontage, it 24

includes the mouth of an anadromous stream. Part of the parcel

is an inholding in the Horseshoe Bay State Marine Park and the rest of it lies immediately adjacent to the park. Public ownership of the parcel will protect habitat for pink salmon and recreation tourism by preventing further development on this parcel. Acquisition will also insure public access to the uplands and historic sites on Latouche Island via existing trails.

If the parcel is not acquired, future development of the adjacent uplands could result in user conflicts between the public and private property owners. One of the key habitat and other attributes of the parcel include the pink salmon spawning stream and recreation tourism. The best anchorage in the bay is immediately adjacent to this parcel.

The State and Federal review appraisers have reviewed the most recent appraisal and the final appraised value of this parcel is \$475,000.00.

We do have a resolution also before you for this parcel.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there a motion on this parcel?

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair, I make a motion....

MS. KOWALSKI: I'll second.

MR. WOLFE: ....to acquire the Horseshoe Bay parcel that's as described.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: And seconded by

Ms. Kowalski. Are there any -- is there any questions or 1 discussions about the motion? (No audible response) 3 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I would like to add to that 4 that having been there in that area a number of times it is a 5 critical area, it is in the heart of the spill, it is near Chenega, it's the area where -- certainly Chenega is part of the deal that we're working on with them, that I think wants to develop some tourism that would be serviced -- well a lot of the tourism there might be serviced out of Chenega. very high priority for State parks and DNR and I think it fits 11 12 well into the general acquisition scheme in the Prince William Sound area. 13 Are there additional comments to be made? 14 (No audible response) 15 16 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. All in favor of the resolution say aye. 17 IN UNISON: Aye. 18 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed? 19 20 (No opposing responses) CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The motion carries. 21 next item of business would be KAP.... 22 MS. McCAMMON: 114. 23 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: ....114, the Johnson 24

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parcel.

MS. McCAMMON: Yes. Mr. Chairman, this is a 55 acre parcel located within Uyak Bay, approximately eight miles south of the village of Larsen Bay. The property encompasses the head of a protective cove on the west side of the bay. This cove is popular with local mariners as a sheltered anchorage, especially during north and westerly winds. The protective beach on this property is used as a staging site for subsistence activities, primarily by residents of Larsen Bay. Residents harvest salmon, water fowl, shellfish, deer, they pick berries on or adjacent to the parcel. It is routinely used by sport hunters in the fall and it provides key access for subsistence and recreational uses on the surrounding public lands.

It also has a bald eagle nesting on the parcel, pigeon gillemots, common murres, marbled murrelets, black oystercatchers are found in seasonal concentrations within the cove. There's a rocky intertidal beach containing large musselbeds and providing herring spawning habitat. River otter use of the area is high with probable denning on the site. It's also likely to contain evidence of historic and prehistoric use.

Overall, the acquisition of KAP 114 would greatly enhance the restoration investment already made in this region of Kodiak Island. The parcel has been appraised, that appraisal has been reviewed and approved by both the State and

Federal review appraisers, the appraised value is \$154,000.00. 1 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman. 2 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Yes, Ms. Williams. 3 MS. D. WILLIAMS: I move the Trustee Council 4 5 authorize the United States Fish and Wildlife Service to purchase the KAP 114 parcel for the appraised value of 6 7 \$154,000.00. MR. HINES: Seconded. 8 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It's been moved and seconded 9 by Mr. Hines. Is there -- are there questions or comments on 10 the motion? 11 (No audible response) 12 13 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Hearing none, all in favor of the motion say aye. 14 15 IN UNISON: Aye. 16 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed? 17 (No opposing responses) CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The motion carries. 18 that leaves us in habitat acquisition with a proposed 19 resolution, I gather, relating to the KNA small parcels. 20 Is that Mr. Roth or Deborah? 21 22 MS. McCAMMON: Deborah. 23 MR. ROTH: Deborah. 24 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Chairman, I would -- two

things I'm going to just briefly bring the -- before Council up

to date on KNA and then I'm going to ask Barry to review the amendment that we need at this time. I believe the Council is all aware that Congress did pass legislation that was necessary for us to go forward with the acquisition that the Trustee Council has approved. At this point there is one additional step and that is that the KNA Board of Directors needs to approve the acquisition now that the outsizing legislation has been enacted and signed by the President.

But Steve Shuck and I traveled to Kenai yesterday to present to the KNA Board of Directors the offer. It was very well received, they are going to be going to their shareholders for an advisory vote on the offer and then hope to make a board decision on the offer in February or March. We will, of course, report to the Board as soon as we get the results from that board.

There is, however, a small amendment we need to make at this time and I'll let Mr. Roth describe that.

MR. ROTH: Yes, thank you. Mr. Chairman, when the Council approved the KNA -- or funding for a portion of the KNA acquisition by the United States, and that was in the amount of \$4,000,000.00, and it's part of a larger package that involves both lands that Interior currently owns. Additional money that will come from the Federal restitution dollars -- so forth. The cash component is a little over 4.4 million dollars, I believe.

It was before the Council had adopted the policy of the reciprocal enforcement easements by the non-acquiring government, so there's no reference in the KNA resolution itself to a conservation easement being granted to the State. Subsequently by the policy announcement that that -- later on that that was to happen, we have a resolution. Here what the United States is actually buying with the \$4,000,000.00 of joint funds is two properties which have been conveyed by the United States to KNA already, that's the Stephanka tract, and that I think many of the Council members have seen along the river, and the Moose River patented tract.

There's also selected acreage that KNA is entitled to receive, the conveyance has not been completed and the legislation instead provided that KNA would relinquish that selection and, in fact, KNA will relinquish under the legislation additional selections. The legislation also makes clear when these relinquishments take place that totally fulfills their ANCSA entitlement. They won't be able to replace the lands they're giving up in that way anymore, so that they -- all the lands that they will be entitled to within the refuge and under ANCSA will have been completed and, in fact, the lands that KNA will now own Congress has redrawn the boundaries of the refuge and they're outside the refuge under the bill once the transactions take place.

As a result of the legislation and as a result of the

fact that on this selected parcel of the Moose River, the KNA will never take title to it. As a result KNA cannot convey a conservation easement to the State of Alaska nor can the United States -- has any authority to convey a conservation easement to the State of Alaska. So that consistent with the actions the Council has done before in a certain limini cases where they've not applied the requirement of an easement, where it was impractical or created particular problems -- Interior would request that the conservation easement requirement only extend to the two parcels that are currently owned by KNA.

We don't anticipate any problems in managing the third parcel to compliment the restoration program and think it will be very secure, but we are unable to otherwise provide a conservation easement.

And so the purpose of this motion today is to clarify that with respect to KNA acquisition, which is partially funded by the Council, the State is to receive conservation easements only with respect to the Stephanka and Moose River patented tracts.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there a motion?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I move do to precisely what

Mr. Roth just stated.

MR. EWING: Second.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there discussion about

this?

(No audible response)

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CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I just note -- I mean on behalf of the State, we've kind of looked at this and realized that this is a situation where an exception is warranted for it, so we have no problems with it.

Okay. If no further discussion, all in favor of the motion signify by saying aye.

IN UNISON: Aye.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed?

(No opposing responses)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: The motion carries. And that brings us, I believe, to the last item that would be before us which would be to revisit the issue of the Sealife Center and its affect. The letter that has been written by the Native people in the Seward area with respect to how the Native people will be portrayed by the Center. We appreciate getting a copy of that letter, it is an extremely well written and informative document. Is there some — would someone like to lead off or does someone have a proposal to make at this time or is there further discussion?

MR. HINES: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Hines.

MR. HINES: I just want -- just asking a question. If we've had a response from Mr. Hendricks, if he's responded to this particular person who wrote the letter? To

Ms. Hatch? 1 MS. D. WILLIAMS: My understanding is he has 3 not. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: This -- should just note, 4 the letter was November 26th, so it hasn't been that long since -- I suppose it was -- is a -- Mr. Hines, is there something 6 else? 7 (Shakes head in the negative) MR. HINES: 8 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Is there any other -- is 9 10 there more discussion or questions? Mr. Chair. MR. WOLFE: 11 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe. 12 I would ask Deborah to restate her MR. WOLFE: 13 motion that she made earlier for us now that we've had a chance 14 to look at the letter and talk about it a little bit more. 15 MS. McCAMMON: Or does she have a revised 16 motion? MR. WOLFE: Do you have a revised motion, 18 19 Deborah? 20 MS. D. WILLIAMS: My initial motion was simply to state that we recommended that the Seward Sealife Center 21 review this letter carefully and consider creating a committee 22 23 to address -- to assist the Sealife Center in producing a respectful and accurate representation of the traditional 24

heritage of the Alaska Native cultures. I would be happy to

with either that motion or an alternative motion.

An alternative motion would be something like this: the letter from the -- I should know how to pronounce their name with -- Qutekcak, no, that's not right.

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Outekcak.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Qutekcak, and I apologize, Qutekcak Tribe to the executive director of the Sealife Center raises legitimate concerns. The Trust Council recommends the executive director of the Seward Sealife Center work closely with the local Native community on the issues described in the letter, including consideration of the request for formation of a committee or other working group for the purpose of assisting the Sealife Center in producing a respectful and accurate representation of the traditional heritage of Alaska Native culture. That would be an alternative resolution.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Yeah, I guess we -- is there -- talks about that -- or need to identify the motion, do I assume then that the second motion is a substitute for your original motion? Is that correct?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I'm sorry, Mr. Tillery.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Should we treat the motion that you just articulated as a substitute motion for the original motion?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Whichever the Trustee Council likes better is fine by me.

MR. EWING: I would second the second motion.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: There has been a seconding of the second motion.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: I'm happy to substitute the second motion if that is the will of the body.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It is a substitution for the original motion, it has been seconded. Is there discussion on this motion?

MR. WOLFE: I....

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: I figure that we need to understand what actions and to address the concerns of the Native community in Seward and I believe what Deborah in her second motion has done addresses that. It's our concern -- or my concern that we don't get to the point of telling the executive director for the Sealife Center to do things for us. That when we get to that point it will be us working and directing what we do rather than asking them to take charge of it and deal with it, but I clearly feel like there is some merit to pursuing the issue and there are some legitimate concerns on the part of the Native community, so I'm okay with where we're at at this point in time. I support Deborah's proposal or resolution.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Are there other comments?

(No audible response)

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Hearing no additional 1 comments, all in favor of the motion say aye. 2 3 IN UNISON: Aye. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Opposed? 4 (No opposing responses) 5 6 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: There is none opposed, the motion passes. And that will be -- the executive director can 7 convey the sentiments of the Council to.... MS. McCAMMON: Yes. 9 10 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there any additional business that needs to be brought before the Council 11 at this time? MS. D. WILLIAMS: Oh, yes, Mr. Tillery. 13 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Yes, ma'am. 14 15 MS. D. WILLIAMS: Inquiring minds want to know, has our letterhead changed? 16 17 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I wondered that myself. Ms. McCammon, we seemed to have gotten into a new age 18 letterhead here, can you tell us this? 19 20 MS. McCAMMON: Yes, our letterhead has changed, although we're still using the old letterhead until it's all 21 used up, but yes. 22 MR. WOLFE: Tell me more. 23 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Look at these things here. 24

We have an artsy (sic) logo now.

MS. McCAMMON: This was taken from last year's 1 2 annual report. MS. D. WILLIAMS: Inquiring minds want to know, 3 what is the bird? CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Looks like a Canadian goose. 5 MS. McCAMMON: It's a harlequin duck. 6 7 UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: An oiled duck. CHAIRMAN TILLERY: An oiled duck, apparently. 8 MR. ROTH: With an eagle's beak. 9 MR. WOLFE: Oh, it is? 10 CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Okay. Is there anything 11 further to be brought before the Council? 12 13 (No audible response) CHAIRMAN TILLERY: I would note that there is 14 at least -- Ms. McCammon, can you tell us when you anticipate 15 1.6 the next meeting? 17 MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, the month of January we have the Restoration Workshop from January 23rd to 18 25th, I anticipate trying to schedule a meeting either the last 19 20 week of January or in early February. And at that time I would hope that we -- I would have a proposal on the Small Parcels 21 22 Program at that time. Hopefully we'll have additional information on the Delight and Desire Lakes Project. And then 23

of course if there's any additional activity on either of the

large parcel front or on the small parcel -- the ones that are

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already in the works, we'd have action on that, too.

MS. D. WILLIAMS: Mr. Tillery, one issue we didn't raise was the status of Eyak deliberations. Can Ms. McCammon or someone give us an update on that?

MS. McCAMMON: Mr. Chairman, we've still been working with Eyak, I would consider that we are in active negotiations at this point. We're doing preliminary appraisal work that, optimistically, would be completed in January sometime. I'm getting a shaking of the head at the end of the table. That's very optimistic apparently.

MR. WOLFE: Yes.

MS. McCAMMON: February is probably more likely. And that's even -- now, I'm optimistic, I'm shooting for February on that. And that hopefully we would have a proposal to bring to the Council mid-February. I know that if I say mid-February, hopefully it'll be done before summer.

MR. WOLFE: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Mr. Wolfe.

MR. WOLFE: Could I have a little bit -- we are optimistic that Eyak is going to move towards a deal in the very near future and we are doing some preliminary work, what we can. But we have agreed with the negotiators that there are two other projects that are higher priority and that once we get those off the table for those folks well then we will hit Eyak with both feet running. And so those other two are

Chenega and Tatitlek, and once we get Tatitlek behind us -- I feel like we're getting close on Chenega and once we get Tatitlek wrapped up here shortly then we expect to really be moving on the Eyak package. And the only other thing that may slow us down on that is we have the same appraiser working on the land portion of this as is working on the AJV, so there may be some overlap there, but we are moving ahead. And we are optimistic, right.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Ms. Williams, does that answer your question?

MS. D. WILLIAMS: That does, thank you very much. And, Mr. Chairman, my last comments for the meeting are to again thank and commend the EVOS staff, the Public Advisory Committee and the agency staffs for putting together another wonderful series of materials and booklet and everything else -- continuing to do such outstanding work. And I wish them all a very happy holiday.

CHAIRMAN TILLERY: Thank you. And I would like to note that there is at least a possibility that we may need a very quick teleconference meeting before we would likely have another full Council meeting to deal with some of the small parcels and for that reason, I guess, I would prefer that we recess this meeting rather than adjourn it.

MR. WOLFE: Does this mean you're still the Chair?

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1	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: No, I think it goes back to
2	you.
3	MS. D. WILLIAMS: I move, Mr. Chair, that we
4	recess the meeting.
5	MS. BROWN: Second.
6	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It's been moved and
7	seconded. All in is there anyone opposed?
8	(No audible response)
9	CHAIRMAN TILLERY: It is recessed.
10	(Meeting recessed - 3:17 p.m.)
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