MOUNTAIN CARIBOU MOVEMENTS IN
RELATION TO THE PROPOSED GAS PIPELINE OF FOOTHILLS PIPELINES (SOUTH YUKON), KLUANE LAKE REGION

## State of Alaska

 Office ofPipeline Coordinator

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The objective of this study was to monitor the movement of mountain caribou (Rangifer tarandus caribou) of the Burwash Uplands and surrounding area in relation to the proposed gas pipeline route of Foothills Pipelines (South Yukon) Ltd. in the general area from Burwash Landing to the Donjek River bridge, Yukon Territory for a period from September, 1978 to July, 1979. This study was to provide information concerning three questions:

1. Did caribou of the Burwash Uplands area cross the proposed pipeline route and/or did they occupy habitat near that route for a relatively long period of time?
2. If caribou crossed the proposed pipeline route, at what times of the year did such crossings occur?
3. If caribou crossed the proposed pipeline route, where in relation to that route, did they cross?

## STUDY AREA

The monitoring program was conducted within a study area of approximately $1292 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ bordering to the northwest of Kluane Lake, Yukon Territory (see Figure 1). Approximate boundaries to the study area are the Alaska Highway and a portion of the Ruby Range to the north; the Brooks Arm of Kluane Lake to the east; Halfbreed Creek and a portion of the Donjek Range to the south; and, the Donjek River to the west. These boundaries include the Burwash Uplands, a rolling plateau-like expanse of tundra about $100 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ in area (ranging from $1220 \mathrm{~m}-1525 \mathrm{~m}$ in altitude), six mountain peaks rising to a maximum of 2350 m , large areas of lowland terrain covered by boreal forest, streams and ponds, and an upland tundra plateau of about 31. $\mathrm{km}^{2}$ north and west of the Brooks. Arm of Kluane Lake (ranging from 1220 m 1525 m ). Oosenbrug (1976) ${ }^{2}$ has provided a detailed description of the geomorphology and physiography of the area.

Hoefs (1973) ${ }^{2}$ has described three major vegetation types for the southwest Yukon: boreal forest; subalpine vegetation and arctic-alpine tundra.

1. S.M. Ossenbrug. 2976. Raveremotiontips and popuiation dymmics of the Bumoni: 4 intas nuribou herd. M.So. Thesis,

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The boreal forest zone is generally restricted to areas up to about 1200 m and is characterized by white spruce (Picea mariana) in climax stands and aspen (Populus tremuloides) in sub-climax stands. Birch (Betula glandulosa) and willows (Salix sp.) constitute the understorey. Within the study area forest cover occurs adjacent to the Alaska Highway, Kluane River and Brooks Arm, and in lowland valleys of the Donjek and Duke Rivers. Widely distributed throughout the study area in a zone between 1220 m to 1525 m erect shrubs are generally the dominant form of vegetation with an understorey of heaths and prostrate shrubs. Above 1525 m heaths, prostrate shrubs and herbs predominate.

Oosenbrug (1976) has recorded four ungulate species in addition to caribou found within the study area: Dall sheep (Ovis dallii); moose (Alces alces); mountain goat (Oreamnus americanus); and, black-tailed deer (Odocoileus hemionus). Predatory mammals include grizzly bear (Ursus arctos), wolf (Canis lupus), coyote (Canis latrans), red fox (Vulpes vulpes), wolverine (Gulo gulo), and lynx (Lynx canadensis).

The study area to the south and west of the Alaska Highway lies within the Kluane Game Sanctuary which is administered by the Yukon Territorial Government, and the southern edge of this segment lies within Kluane National Park. Placer-gold mining is conducted on Burwash Ck., and Tatamagouche Ck. and has been carried out in the past on Quill Ck., and Arch Ck. Vehicle access is possible via road systems up Burwash Ck., Quill Ck., Nickel Ck., and Tatamagouche Ck. The study area north and east of the Alaska Highway lies outside of the Kluane Game Sanctuary and National Park and wildlife are subject to trapping and sport and game hunting regulated by the Yukon Wildlife Branch. Vehicular access into this area is possible only by snowmobile in the winter.

## METHODS

Capture and Tagging
Caribou were located by aerial search using a Hughes 5000 helicopter. Individual caribou were immobilized by a mixure of atorphine (img) und acepromazine maleate administered by means ri induction using cep-Gim:
equipment.* After administration of the drug, the caribou were kept under observation until they became immobile, at which time they were blindfolded and placed in sternal recumbancy (Photo 1). Each caribou was monitored for heart rate (Photo 2), respiration, body temperature and eructation. Mineral oil was applied to the eyes if needed. Wounds were treated by flushing with a mixture of bridine and ringer's solution and application of an antibiotic ointment. Animals were also treated with a long-acting penicillin (Photo 3). Body and antler measurements were taken (Photos 4 and 5) and color-coded ear-tags attached (Photo 6). A brightly colored collar containing a VHF radio-unit transmitting a specific signal in the $171.902-172.122 \mathrm{Mhz}$ (electrical life 1-3 years) was attached to each animal (Photos 7 and 8). The blindfold was then removed and the antidote, diprenorphine, was administered intravenously. Animals were allowed to rise of their own accord as the field crew waited quietly at some distance away from the animal (Photos 9 and 10).

Relocation
Relocations of radiocollared caribou were conducted from both fixed-wing aircraft (Heliocourier; Cessna 185) and helicopter (Jet Ranger). Sufficient funding allowed a maximum of eleven flights, two of which were also used to census caribou in the study area. No monitoring filights were conducted in December or February.

For tracking radio-equipped caribou a directional yagi antenna was attached to the aircraft being used and connected inside to a portable receiver. On some flights two yagi antennas were used. Two observers were used on each flight in addition to the radio-receiver operator. The usual tracking technique was to fly at 305 m to 975 m elevation in a predetermined flight pattern throughout the study area until the study area had been covered or until all radio-collared animals had been located.

When a signal was received, the aircraft was directed in the

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PHOTO 9

approximate direction of the source until the signal strength reached a peak. A $90^{\circ}$ turn was then made in the direction the signal seemed strongest. These maneuvers were repeated until a visual confirmation of the radio-collared animal was achieved or the search area was confined to as narrow an area as possible. Data on caribou numbers, activity, sex and age classes (when possible), time of day, topography and miscellaneous information were collected. Locations were plotted on topographic map "Kluane Lake 175G and 115F (E $\frac{1}{2}$ )" (1:250,000) and universal trans-mercator (UTM) grid coordinates used to describe locations. Incidental observations of unmarked caribou were also recorded in a similar manner.

## Ground Reconnaissance

Ground reconnaissance of caribou in the areas of the Burwash Uplands, Tatamagouche Creek, Quill Creek and Maple Creek were conducted at intervals over the period of September, 1978 to July, 1979. Data were recorded on caribou observed as described above.

## Census

Helicopter surveys were conducted in March and June, 1979 by the Yukon Wildilfe Branch. Three observers were used. Due to the topographic variability in the study area, ridge and mountainous terrain were surveyed by flying at a constant elevation following contours, while plateau areas were surveyed in line transects approximately $1.2-1.6 \mathrm{~km}$ apart at an elevation of 305 m . All caribou observed were recorded for the data described above.

## RESULTS

Number of Caribou Radio-collared
Over the three day period of September 6, 7 and 8, 1978, 10 mountain caribou ( 3 adult bulis, 7 adult does) were captured in the study area. One adult doe died as a result of the capture procedure. The remaining 9 radio-collared animals were aerially relocated 78 times from September, 1978 through July, 1979. Visual contact was more frequent during November to fiach ( $72 \%$ ) than diring the periods of October and April to July ( $19 \%$ ). We ats-rbute the gmanlly ion overall manomo of visual contacts to
the great difficulty of spotting mountain caribou (particularly when stationary or among tall vegetation) from fixed-wing aircraft, and the seasonal variation in visual contacts to the white background provided by snowcover during November to March. All nine radio-collars remained active over the period of this study and are still transmitting as of the date of this report.

Locations of Caribou Observed During the Study
Tables 1 through 21 provide summaries of locational information for all observations recorded during the study periods and Figures 2 through 11 show the locations of all collared caribou according to each survey flight. Figures 12 through 20 show the location of each radio-collared caribou according to all survey flights. The straight-line shortest distance to the proposed pipeline route for each caribou observation was calculated.

Table 22 provided an analysis of that data for all survey and census flights. The closest distance of caribou to the proposed pipeline route measured during aerial surveys was 4 km (May and June) while the farthest distance was 21 km (November and April). The mean minimum distance of caribou varied from a high of approximately 14 km (November-April) to a low of approximately 10 km (May and June). These mean valves show that caribou were on the average located 12 km from the proposed pipeline route during September and part of October; distances then increased to an average of approximately 74 km after the rut and throughout the winter months until the beginning of May; the caribou then moved, on the average, closer to the pipeline route ( 10 km ) during the calving period and then began to move further away ( $12-14 \mathrm{~km}$ ) during the latter part of June and into July.

Coefficients of variation of the distance of caribou from the proposed pipeline route were calculated for each survey flight. These coefficients provide a measure of the degree of dispersal of caribou both in relation to the pipeline and, when coefficients are compared, between individual groups of caribou. Low coefficients of variation suggest that corbou soups are distributed at similar distances from
the proposed pipeline route and our direct observations of caribou groups indicate that when that occurs caribou are also closely grouped. High coefficients of variation suggest that caribou groups widely vary in their distances from the proposed pipeline route, and, again, direct observations of caribou groups indicate that they are then widely dispersed in relation to one another.

The coefficients of variation listed in Table 21 show an increase in the variability of distances of caribou from the pipeline route during the fall, which leveled off in late fall and then declined sharply between November and January. The low coefficient for January suggests that the caribou observed during the January flight were at similar distances from the pipeline, i.e. were more closely grouped than during previous flights. After January, the coefficients indicate a dispersal of caribou to a fluctuating level (17.4-22.5) which reached a peak in the calving period of late May ( $49.5 \%$ ) and early June ( $42.1 \%$ ). By mid-June variations in distances of caribou from the proposed pipeline route decreased indicating a re-grouping of animals.

Period of Crossing of Caribou through the Proposed Pipeline Route
During the course of this study, 5 out of 9 caribou radio-collared on the Burwash Uplands and in its vicinity were recorded to have crossed the proposed pipeline corridor to the Brooks Arm plateau and to have returned again to the Burwash Uplands. We have no evidence to suggest that multiple crossings by any of the radio-collared caribou occurred. Table 23 provides a record of the periods in which crossings of radiocollared caribou occurred.

The data from this table show that radio-collared caribou commenced crossing to the Brooks Arm plateau no earlier than September 8, 1978 (the last date of the collaring operation) and no later than January 27, 1079 (after this date no new radio-collared caribou were found on the Brooks Arm plateau). 3 of the 5 caribou to cross made the journey in the period be ween November 22, 1978 and January 27, 1979. Between January 27, 1979 and ;iarch 3, 19/9, 2 of these 3 radio-collared caribou returned to the Bumash dphans. Botwen March 3, 7979 and April 29, 1979, one more radio-
collared animal made the recrossing. Interestingly these first 3 out of 5 caribou to make the recrossing were adult does. Between June 9, 1979 and July 10, 1979 the last two radio-collared caribou (both adult bulls) made the recrossing to the Burwash Uplands.

Location of Crossing of Caribou through the Proposed Pipeline Route
Despite extensive ground searching no visual sighting of caribou crossing the proposed pipeline route or finding of tracks was recorded in the fall of 1978. Multiple caribou tracks crossing the Alaska Highway were observed on March 21, 1979 less than 1 km southeast of the Hudsons Bay Mining and Smelting Company (approximate kilometer 1777 on the Alaska Highway). These tracks were observed to have originated from the Brooks Arm plateau. They crossed the Alaska Highway at the point indicated and fanned out into the area of Quill Creek and the lower slopes between Quill Creek and Burwash Creek. On March 30, 1979 caribou tracks indicating 2-3 animals were observed crosifing the Alaska Highway near kilometer post 1792 (less than 2 km west of Swede Johnson Creek). Two observations by local residents of caribou crossing the Alaska Highway were reported: an observation of one adult caribou approximately 2 km northwest of Burwash Landing on April 24, 1979; and, one observation of one adult caribou approximately 2 km southeast of Quill Creek on May 6, 1979.

Population Numbers and Density of Caribou Within the Study Area
Two census flights were conducted during this study by the Yukon Wildiffe Branch. $82 \%$ of the study area or $1060 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ was surveyed on the flight of March 3, 1979. 242 caribou were counted, yielding a density in the census area of 1 caribou per $4.4 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$. The majority of these animals were distributed basically in 2 ranges within the census area: 1) 114 animals were found in the region of Arch Creek and Maple Creek, i.e. $5.3 \%$ of the census area, and 2) 122 animals were found in the area of the Brooks Arm plateau, i.e. $3.5 \%$ of the census area. On the census flight of June 17, 1979, $70.5 \%$ of the study area or $911 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ was surveyed. 197 caribou were counted, yielding a density in the census area of 1 caribou per $4.6 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$. Unlike the highly aggregated distribution of caribou found on iarch 3 , caribou grops on he hen flisht were found to be Widely atomimated in smalur grome.

1. Mountain caribou of the Burwash Uplands region cross the proposed gas pipeline route.
2. The movement of caribou through the proposed pipeline route occurs over a broad period of time, although the actual crossing may be of short duration.
3. The majority of movement from the Burwash area to the Brooks Arm area may occur in a period from mid-October into January, although much more detailed substantiation of this is required.
4. The return crossing of caribou may occur as early as late-January and continue to as late as early-July.
5. In crossing the proposed pipeline route and approaching either the Brooks Arm area or Burwash area, caribou groups may fan out from their point of departure and cross the proposed pipeline route along a wide front.
6. Within this front the Quill Creek drainage may be a major and recurrent area of crossing for caribou (this is supported by a report of a local resident who saw 25 caribou cross the Alaska Highway near Quill Creek on October 10, 1977).
7. Very few, if any, caribou occupy habitat for any lengthy period of time within a distance of less than 4 kilometers from the proposed pipeline route. Further substantiation of this is required.
8. The majority of caribou within the study area occupy habitat, on a seasonal basis, within a radius of 4 to 21 km from the proposed pipeline route.
9. Caribou groups were more greatly dispersed in relation to the proposed pipeline route in the fall (October-November) and late spring (late MayJune) than at other times during the study period.
10. Caribou groups were at their chosest to the proposed pipeline route in late spring (calving period), and that these groups tended to be adult does with newborn calves.
11. A number of calying sites vere within 5 kilometers of the proposed pipeline route.
12. Many rutting groups gather in the vicinity of Tatamagouche Creek during the rut (October-November).
13. Caribou which do not cross to the Brooks Arm area winter in the area of Arch Creek, Wade Creek and Maple Creek.
14. Caribou which do cross to the Brooks Arm area winter on the Brooks Arm plateau.

It should be clear that these conclusions must be considered preliminary to the consideration of the potential impacts of the proposed gas pipeline upon the caribou within the study area. We are still beset by quite a number of unknowns.

1. We do not know the number or composition of caribou from the Burwash herd that cross to the Brooks Arm plateau. We do not know what factors determine their route selection, or why some animals stay on the Burwash side and some move to the Brooks Arm plateau. We do not know if allanimals that cross from the Burwash Uplands return. We do not know if there is reproductive exchange between the Burwash herd and the suspected Brooks Arm herd.
2. We suspect a resident population of mountain caribou in the area of the Brooks Arm plateau but we do not know its number and composition, nor do we have any information about recruitment or factors regulating its numbers. We do not know if individuals of this suspected resident population move onto the Uplands or whether they move into other areas on a seasonal basis.
3. We do not know the qualities of winter range occupied by these caribou.
4. We do not know if the nonexistent recruitment reported for the Burwash herd from 1974-1975 by Oosenbrug (1976) is continuing. In this regard it should be of concern to Foothills Pipelines Ltd. that calving sites for the Burwash herd have been reported within 5 km of the proposed pipeline route.
5. We do not know the extent and importance of mortality factors operating on these herds.

It is of paramount inportance in the consideration of the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline that research efforts be directed to the efferts of pipetine construction and maintenance activities on reproductive
success and survivorship within the population. Mountain caribou exhibit low reproductive rates. Females are monoparous. It has been shown from studies in other areas that mountain caribou show very little phenotypic plasticity (particularly in relation to other cervids) in relation to their reproductive strategies that might vary and affect populations and population growth. Given these factors and the realization that we know very little about the extent and importance of natural mortality factors operating on these herds, we must be concerned about the potential additional impact resulting from pipeline construction and maintenance activities. It is essential that key mortality factors to the population be assessed if accurate predictions of impact disturbances are to be made. To this end research efforts should be directed toward the following areas:

- accurate estimates of population numbers on a seasonal basis.
- reproductive rates of populations.
- occurrence and extent of inter-population breeding.
- distribution of individuals by age and sex within each population.
- mortality factors and their importance.
- survivorship by age and sex classes.
- timing and duration of calving and location of calving sites.
- distribution of local populations in the vicinity of the proposed pipeline corridor.
- seasonal movement behaviour.
- movement routes through the pipeline corridor.
- numbers and composition of caribou moving through the pipeline corridor.
- factors initiating and controlling movement.
- timing of movements.

I have briefly described the limited information we have available in a few of the above areas. It is inadequate at this time in meeting the predictive needs of Foothills Pipelines Ltd., and that agency would be in error to proceed as if it were. Further research is required in the areas I have outlined. Since construction is not planned in this area until 1982, the time frame exists in which to continue gathering the required informaion.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I extend my sincere appreciation to Dr. John Theberge for his continued advice and support.

I thank the staff of the Technical Section of the Yukon Wildife Branch for their help, particularly Dr. Manfred Hoefs and Mr. Doug Larsen who were instrumental in the success of the caribou capture and collaring operation.

Andy Williams, Wynn Muss, George McKias, Ron Eland and Barry Watson performed the piloting duties over the course of the study. Their skill added immeasurably to the study.

I also thank the many individuals who assisted as very able observers in both aerial and ground reconnaissance. My debt of gratitude to my wife, Rita, for her unfailing encouragement and support grows every day.

Table 1 - Selected information on collared caribou from the mountain caribou capture project in the Burwash Uplands and surrounding area, September 6 and 7, 1978.
(Aiso see Figure 2 and Appendix 1)

| aribou unber | Capture Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Sex | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTM7VET8397 | 18 | 1678;northeast | Female | In a group of 2 does and 2 calves. Other doe is Caribou \#2. |
| 2 | UTM7VET8499 | 16 | 1678;northeast | Female | In a group of 2 does and 2 calves. Other doe is Caribou \#1. |
| 3 | UTM7VEU8705 | 10 | 1678; south | Male | In a group of 2 males, 4 does and 2 calves. |
| 4 | UTM7VEU9101 | 10 | 1678;east | Female | In a group of 2 does and 2 calves. Other doe is Caribou \#5. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU9102 | 8 | 1525; open terrain | Femaie | In a group of $2^{-}$does and 2 calves. Other doe is Caribou \#4. |
| 3 | UTMTYEU8901 | 10 | 1678;north | Female | Observed alone. |
| \% | UTMTVEUE207 | 13 | 1678;west | Male | In a group of 2 males; 3 females and 1 calf. Caribou \#8 also in group. |
| 8 | UTH7VEUE207 | 13 | 1678;west | Female | In a group of 2 males, 3 females and 1 calf. Caribou \#7 also in group. |
| 9 | UTM7VEU8306 | 13 | 1830;north | Male | Observed alone. |

Table 2 - Suminary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, September 6, 7 and 8, 1978.

| rwher of Iaribou in Een Group | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | UTM7VET8397 | 18 | 1678;northeast | 2 adult female caribou with 2 calves. The 2 adults were collared as Caribou \#1 and \#2. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU8705 | 10 | 1678; south | 2 bulls with 4 does and 2 calves. One of the bulls was collared as Caribou \#3. |
| 4 | UTMTVET9199 | 11 | 1372;creek bottom | 4 adult female caribou. |
| $4^{4}$ | UTh7VEU9101 | 10 | 1678;east | 2 does with 2 calves. The 2 does were collared as Caribou \#4 and \#5. |
| 1 | UTM7VEU8901 | 10 | 1678;north | 1 doe; collared as C̄aribou \#6. |
| $\therefore$. | リス4veu8207 | 13 | 1678;west | 2 bulls with 3 does and 1 calf. 1 bull and 1 doe collared as Caribou \#7 and \#8 respectively. |
| 5 | UTMTVEU8307 | 12 | 1754;northwest | 5 bull caribou. One was collared as Caribou \#9. |
| 1. | UTMTVFu0322 | 12 | 1449;upland plateau | 4 bull caribou with 5 does and 4 calves. |

Table 3 - Sumnary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, October 14, 1978. (Also see Figure 3).

| Caribou waber | Location |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTMTVEU3306 |
| 2 | UTM7VEU7802 |
| 3 | UTM7VEU8406 |
| 4 | UTM7VEU8512 |
| 5 | UTM7VEU8606 |
| 6 | UTMTVEU8203 |
| 7 | UTH7VFIJO414 |
| \% | UTM7VEU8106 |
| 9 | UTMTVEJS71? |


| Approximate Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Pipeline (km) | Approximate <br> Minimum Distance <br> Moved Since <br> Original Captüre (km) | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 11 | 1678;southwest | In a |
| 19 | 6 | 1525 ;open terrain | In a group of 2 does and 2 calves. |
| 13 | . 5 | 1678;south | No visual confirmation. |
| 8 | 13 | 1830;south | No visual confirmation. |
| 12 | 4 | 1830; upland plateau | In a group of 33-35 caribou. |
| 16 | 4 | 1372;flat terrain | No visual confirmation. |
| 8 | 23 | 1144;south | Caribou \#7 was found at this location on October 9, 1978. |
| 15 | 2 | 1525; southwest | No visual confirmation. |
| 7 | 6 | 1830; south | No visual confirmation. |

Table 4 - Summary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, October 14, 1978.
Humber of
Caribou in
each group Location

9 | UTM7VEU8306 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 | UTMTVEU7802 |
| $33-36$ | UTMTVEU8606 |
| 1 | UTMTVEU8909 |
| 25 | UTMTVEU7907 |

| Approximate |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum Distance | Altitude |
| from Proposed | (meters) |
| Pipeline (km) | and Aspect |
| 13 | 1830;southwest |
| 19 | 1525;open terr |
| 12 | 1830;up7and plateau |
| 6 | 1678;northwest |
| 16 | 1525; southwest |

Table 5 - Sumary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, Novenber 22, 1978. (Also see Figure 4).

| Caribou dumber | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline ( km ) | Approximate Minimum Distance Moved Since Last Sighting (km) | ```Cumulative Total of Distance Moved Since Original Capture (km)``` | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTMTVEU7505 | 20 | 7 | 18 | 1525;f1at terrain | Caribou \#1 and \#2 were together; each with one calf |
| 2 | UTM7VEU7505 | 20 | 2 | 8 | 1525;flat terrain | See above. |
| 3 | UTM7VEU7308 | 21 | 12 | 17 | 1068; flat terrain | No visual confirmation. |
| 4 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 21 | 34 | 1449;upland plateau | Found together wit Caribou \#7 in a mixed group of 40 caribou. |
| 5 | Not located | - | - | - | - . - | - |
| 6 | UTMTVFTO397 | 7 | 20 | 24 | 1449;west facing | Found in a mixed group of 28 caribol |
| 7 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 10 | 33 | 1449;upland plateau | See comments for Caribou \#4. |
| 8 | UTM7VEU8509 | 10 | 5 | 7 . | 1525; south | No visual confirmation. |
| 9 | UTM7VEU8104 | 15 | 8 | 14 | 1372;flat terrain | No visual confirmation. |

Table 6 - Summary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, November 22, 1978.

| Number of Caribou in each group | Location |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 | UTM7VFU0223 |
| 40 | UTM7VFU0224 |
| 25 | UTM7VEU7708 |
| 8 | UTPTVEU7508 |
| 10 | UTM7VEU7807 |
| 4 | UTM7VEU7505 |
| 6 | UTM7VFT0298 |
| 28 | UTM7VFT0397 |

Approximate

| Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Pipeline $(\mathrm{km})$ | Altitude <br> (meters) |
| :--- | :--- |

1525;upland
plateau
1449;upland
plateau
1220;northwest

1068;north

1372;west

1525 ;north
1372;west
1449;northwest

## Comments

Group of bulls. No collared caribou present.
Mixed group of bulls, does, calves, yearlings. Caribou \#4 and \#7 present.
Mixed group of bulls, does, calves, yearlings. No collared caribou present.
Group of bulls. No collared caribou present.
Mixed group of bulls, does, yearlings. No collared caribou present. 2 does (Caribou \#1 and \#2) and 2 calves.
Does and calves. No collared caribou present.
Mixed group of bulls, does, calves, yearlings. Caribou \#6 present.

Table 7 - Sumnary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, January 27, 1979. (Also see Figure 5).

| Caribou Wunber | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Approximate Minimum Distance Moved Since Last Sighting (km) | Cumulative <br> Total of Distance <br> Moved Since <br> Original Capture (km) | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTMTVFU0224 | 13 | 32 | 50 | 1372 ;upland plateau | In a group of 31 caribou with Caribou \#3, \#4, and \#7. |
| 2* | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 3 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 34 | 51 | 1372;upland plateau | See Comments for Caribou \#1. |
| 4 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 0 | 34 | 1372;upland plateau | See Comments for Caribou \#1. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU8013 | 13 | Unknown | Unknown | 1220;valley bottom | In a group of 28 caribou. |
| 6 | UTM7VETJ7614 | 15 | 30 | 54 | 1525 ; south | In a group of 9 caribou. |
| 7 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 0 | 33 | 1372;upland plateau | See Comments for Caribou \#1. |
| 8* | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9 | UTM7VEU8104 | 15 | 0 | 14 | 1372;flat terrain | No visual confirmation. |

[^1]Table 8 - Summary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, January 27, 1979.


10
31
$6 \quad$ UTNTVEU9829

3 UT:ATVEU8013
$\begin{array}{rr}20 & \text { UTMTVEU7412 } \\ 7 & \text { UTMTVEU7612 } \\ 3 & \text { UTMTVEU7614 }\end{array}$

Approximate
Minimum Distance Altitude from Proposed (meters) Pipeline (km) and Aspect 13

13

12

13

17
16
1513

|  | Approximate <br> Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Location <br> Pipeline $(\mathrm{km})$ |
| :--- | :--- |


| Altitude |
| :--- |
| (meters) |
| and Aspect |
| $1220 ;$ upland plateau |
| $1372 ;$ upland plateau |
| 1525 ;northeast |
| 1220 ;valley bottom |
| $1525 ;$ south |
| 1372 ;northeast |
| 1525 ;northwest |

Comments
No collared caribou present. Mostly adult female.
On approach by plane this herd broke up into one herd of 16 and one of 15 . Caribou \#1 and \#3 were in the former herd; Caribou $\# 4$ and \#7 were in the latter.
No collared caribou present. All antlered females.
When first seen 28 were out on a small lake; 7 were in the trees. Caribou \#5 was yisually confirmed among the group on the lake.
No collared caribou present.
No collared caribou present.
Caribou \#6 visually confirmed.

Table 9 - Sumnary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, March 3, 1979. (Also see Figure 6).

| Caribou Runtrer | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTM7VEU7806 | 18 |
| 2 | UTMTVEU7614 | 15 |
| 3 | UTMTVFU0224 | 13 |
| 4 | UTMTVFIJO224 | 13 |
| 5 | UTM7VEU7613 | 15 |
| 6 | UTM7VEU7614 | 15 |
| 7 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 |
| 8 | UTM7VEU7711 | 15 |
| 9 | UTM7VEU3104 | 15 |

## Approximate Cumulative Minimum Distance Total of Distance Moved Since Last Moved since <br> Altitude <br> (meters)

 Original Capture (km)81
Unknown
and Aspect Comments
1372;flat No yisual terrain confirmation
1525; northwest In a mixed grou of 29 caribou with Caribou \#6
1372;upland In a mixed groul plateau of 16 caribous
1372; upland plateau

In a mixed groul of 6 caribou.
Unknown Unknown

54

33

Unknown

14

In a mixed groul of 8 caribou.
1525; northwest See Comments fol Caribou \#2.
1372;upland In a mixed grou plateau of 16 caribou.
1220; valley In a mixed groul bottom

1372;flat terrain
of 8 caribou.
No visual confirmation.

Table 10 - Sumnary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, March 3, 1979.

| number of Caribou in esch oroup | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | UTM7VEU7319 | 15 | 1678; Southwest | 5 females, 2 calves. No collared caribou present. |
| 9 | UTATVEU7315 | 18 | 1372;south | 1 bull, 8 females and yearlings. No collared caribou present. |
| 15 | UTM7VEU7314 | 17 | 1525;west | 12 females and yearlings, 3 calves. No collared caribou present. |
| 36 | UTM7VEU7614 | 15 | 1525;northwest | 29 adults, 7 calves. Caribou \#6 and \#2 present. |
| 25 | UTM7VEU7714 | 14 | 1525;northeast | 24 females and yearlings, 1 calf. No collared caribou present. |
| $\varepsilon$ | UTM7VEU7711 | 15 | 1220;valley bottom | 5 females and yearlings, 1 calf. Caribou \#8 present. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU7216 | 18 | 1525;north | 4 females and yearlings, 1 calf. No collared caribou present. |
| 8 | UTM7VEU7613 | 15 | 1372;south | 6 females and yearlings, 2 calves. Caribou \#5 present. |
| 3 | UTM7VFU0220 | 11 | 1220;upland plateau | 3 bulls. No collared caribou present. |
| 16 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 1372 ;upland plateau | 12 females and yearlings, 4 calves. Collared caribou \#3 present. |
| 2 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 1 female, 1 calf. No collared caribou present. |

Table 10 continued....

| Nunber of Caribou in each oroup | Location | Approximate <br> Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | UTMTVFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 4 females and yearlings, 2 calves. Caribou \#4 present. |
| 2 | UTMTVFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 1 female, l calf. No collared caribou present. |
| 5 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | All adults. No collared caribou present. |
| 6 | UTMTVFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 5 females, 1 calf. No collared caribou present. |
| 6 | UT,MTVFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 5 females, 1 calf. No collared caribou present. |
| 3 | UT:17VFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 13 adults, 3 calves. Caribou \#7 present. |
| 15 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 13 adults, 3 calves. No collared caribou present. |
| 37 | UTH7VEU9731 | 12 | 1525;northeast | 30 adults, 7 calves. No collared caribou present. |
| 10 | UTM7 VFU0727 | 19 | 1525;east | 7 adults, 3 calves. No collared caribou present. |
| 4 | UTM7VEU7821 | 8 | 1372;north | 3 adults, 1 calf. No collared caribou present. |
| $\therefore$ | UTM7VEU7806 | 17 | 1220;valley bottom | 2 adults. No collared caribou present. |

Table 11 - Summary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaisance, April 29, 1979. (Also see Figure 7).

| Caribou number | Location | Approximate Minimum Disțance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Approximate <br> Minimum Distance <br> Moved Since Last <br> Sighting (km) | ```Cumulative Total of Distance Moved Since Original Capture (km)``` | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTM7VET9297 | 12 | 17 | 98 | 1220; flat terrain | No visual confirmation. |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8702 | 12 | 16 | Unknown | 1372; flat terrain | No visual confirmation. |
| 3 | UTMTVFU0125 | 12 | 0 | 52.5 | 1525; upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 4 | UTM7VET8899 | 13 | 26 | 60 | 1449;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU8802 | 12 | 17 | Unknown | 1372;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 6 | UTMTVEU7702 | 21 | 13 | 67 | 1830;north | No visual confirmation. |
| 7 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 0 | 33 | - 1449 ;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 8 | U147VET8003 | 18 | 11 | Unknown | 1525;north | No visual confirmation. |
| 9 | UTHTVEU8104 | 15 | 0 | 14 | 1372;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |

Table 12 - Summary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, May 15, 1979. (Also see Figure 8).

| Caribou iumber | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Approximate Minimum Distance Moved Since Last Sighting (km) | Cumulative <br> Total of Distance <br> Moved Since <br> Original Capture (km) | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTMTVEU8211 | 12 | 18 | 116 | 1372;northeast | No visual confirmation. |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8108 | 15 | 9 | Unknown | 1525;northeast | No visual confirmation. |
| 3 | UTM7VFU0125 | 12 | 0 | 52.5 | 1525;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 4 | UTM7VEU9104 | 8 | 6 | 64 | 1220;upland plateau | In a group of 3 female adult caribou. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU8705 | 10 | 5 | Unknown | 1525;southeast | No visual confirmation. |
| 6 | UTM7VEU8706 | 10 | 13 | 80 | 1600;northeast | No visual confirmation. |
| 7 | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 0 | 33 | 1449;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 8 | UTM7 VEU8904 | 10 | 10 | Unknown | 1220;upland plateau | In a group of 2 adult caribou. |
| 9 | UTM7VEU8104 | 15 | 0 | 14 | 1372;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |

Table 13 - Sunmary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, May 15, 1979.

| Number of <br> Caribou in <br> each group | Location | Approximate <br> Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Pipeline $(\mathrm{km})$ | Altitude <br> (meters) <br> and Aspect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Table 14 - Summary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, May 31, 1979. (Also see Figure 9).

| Caribou Number | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline ( km ) | Approximate Minimum Distance Moved Since Last Sighting (km) | Cumulative <br> Total of Distance <br> Moved Since <br> Original Capture (km) | Altitude (meters) and Aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTM7VEU9307 | 5 | 12 | 128 | 1449;east | No visual confirmation. |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8304 | 14 | 5 | Unknown | 1372; south | No visual confirmation. |
| 3 | UTM7VFU0125 | 12 | 0 | 52.5 | 1525;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 4 | UTM7VEU8912 | 5 | 8 | 72 | 1449;northeast | No visual confirmation. |
| 5 | UTM7VEU8707 | 9 | 1 | Unknown | 1678;upland plateau | In a mixed group of 10 caribou. |
| 6 | UTMTVEU8909 | 6 | 3 | 83 | 1678;west | No visual confirmation. |
| 7 | UTM7VFU022.4 | 13 | 0 | 33 | 1449;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 3 | UTMTVEU7604 | 19 | 12 | Unknown | 1525;north | No visual confirmation. |
| 9 | UTM7 VEU8104 | 15 | 0 | 14 | 1372;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |

Tabie 15 - Summary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, May 31, 1979.

| Number of caribou in each group | Location |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | UTMTVET9999 |
| 8 | UTMTVET9299 |
| 3 | UTM7VEU9605 |
| 4 | UTM7VEU9406 |
| 2 | UTM7 VEU8804 |
| 1 | UTM7VEU7802 |
| 11 | UTM7VEU8306 |
| 10 | UTM7VEU8707 |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8808 |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8603 |
| 3 | UTM7VEU8815 |


| Approximate |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum Distance | Altitude |
| from Proposed | (meters) |
| Pipeline (km) | and Aspect |
| 5 | 1220;upland plateau |
| 10 | 1372;upland |
|  | plateau |
| 4 | 1220;upland plateau |
| 4 | 1220;upland plateau |
| 11 | 1372;upland plateau |
| 19 | 1525;north |
| 13 | 1678;southwest |
| 9 | 1678;upland plateau |
| 8 | 1372;southwest |
| 13 | 1372;upland plateau |
| 4 | 1068; northeast |

Comments
1 adult female with calf.
6 adult caribou with 2 calves.
2 adult female caribou with
1 calf.
4 adults and yearlings.
2 adult caribou.
1 bull caribou.
8 adult and yearling caribou
with 3 calves.
6 adult and yearling caribou
with 4 calves. Caribou \#5
present in this group.
2 adult caribou.
2 adult caribou.
2 adult female caribou with
1 calf.

Table 16 - Summary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, June 9, 1979. (Also see Figure 10).

| Caribou Wunber | Location | Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTM7VEU9500 | 8 |
| 2 | UTM7VEU7706 | 18 |
| 3 | UTM7VFU0125 | 12 |
| 4 | UTMTVEU8809 | 6 |
| $\because$ | UTM7VEU7606 | 19 |
| 6 | ITTMTVEU9801 | 5 |
| . | UTM7VFJ0224 | 13 |
| 9 | UTHTVEU9500 | 8 |
| 9 | UTM7VEU8104 | 15 |


| Approximate |
| :--- |
| Minimum Distance |
| Moved Since Last |
| Sighting (km) |


| Approximate | Approximate |
| :--- | :--- |
| Minimum Distance | Minimum Distance |
| from Proposed .. | Moved Since Last |
| Pipeline $(\mathrm{km})$ | Sighting $(\mathrm{km})$ |

7

9

0

3
12

13
0
20

0

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Cumulative } & \\ \text { Total of Distance } & \text { Altitude } \\ \text { Moved Since......... } & \text { (meters). } \\ \text { Original Capture }(\mathrm{km}) & \text { and Aspect }\end{array}$
and Aspect Comments

$135 \quad$| 1220 ;upland |
| :---: |
| plateau |

Unknown
52.5

75

Unknown

96

33

Unknown

14
Original Capture (km)

| 1220; upland | In a group of 8 |
| :---: | :--- |
| plateau | caribou with |
|  | Caribou \#8. |

1220;upland

No visualplateau

1525; upland plateau
1525; west
1372;upland plateau
1068;upland plateau
1449;upland plateau
1220;upland plateau
1372;upland plateau

In a group of 8 Caribou \#8. confirmation.
No visual confirmation.
No visual confirmation.
No visual confirmation.
No visual confirmation.
No visual
confirmation.
See Comments for Caribou \#1.
No visual confirmation.

Table 17 - Summary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, June 9, 1979.

| Nunber of caribou in each group | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | UTMFT0199 | 5 | 1220;upland plateau | 1 adult female caribou with yearling. |
| 1 | UTM7VET9895 | 10 | 1068;valley bottom | 1 adult caribou. |
| 2 | UTM7VET9397 | 12 | 1372;valley bottom | 1 adult female caribou with calf. |
| 6 | UTM7VET9598 | 9 | 1144;upland plateau | 6 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 8 | UTM7VEU9500 | 8 | 1068;upland plateau | 5 adult and yearling caribou with 3 calves. Caribou \#l wàs present. |
| 13 | UTM VEU8702 | 12 | 1372;upland plateau | 13 adult and yearling caribou with 1 calf. |
| 11 | UTATVEU8503 | 13 | 1372;upland plateau | 5 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 6 | UTMTVEU8105 | 15 | 1372;southwest | 8 adult and yearling caribou with 3 calves. |
| 6 16 | UTMTVEU8302 | 16 | 1449;upland plateau | 6 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 16 | UTM7VEU8407 | 12 | 1830;upland ridge | 11 adult and yearling caribou with 5 calves. |
| 2 | UTMVEU85T3 | 8 | 1830;upland ridge | 4 adult and yearling caribou with 2 calves. |
| 2 | UTMIVEU9209 | 4 | 1220;northeast | 1 adult female caribou with calf. |
| 30 | UTMTVEU9902 | 4 | 1068;upland plateau | 25 adult and yearling caribou with 5 calves. |

Table 18 - Summary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, June 17, 1979.

| Nuben of Caritou in ach group | Location | Approximate <br> Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | UTMTVEU9901 | 5 | 1220;upland plateau | 1 adult female caribou with calf. |
| 9 | UTMTVET9098 | 13 | 1449;east | 9 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 5 | UTMTVET9298 | 12 | 1372;upland plateau | 5 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 2 | UTM7VET8999 | 12 | 1372;upland plateau | 1 adult female caribou with yearling. |
| 5 | UTMTVET9399 | 10 | 1372;upland plateau | 5 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 3 | UTM7VEU7505 | 20 | 1449;upland plateau | 3 adult caribou. |
| 71 | UTMTVEU8803 | 11 | 1372;upland plateau | 58 adult and yearling caribou with 13 calves. |
| 10 | UTMTVEU8007 | 75 | 1525;upland plateau | 8 adult and yearling caribou with 2 calyes. |
| 3 | UTMTVEU8408 | 11 | 1525;northeast | 3 adult and yearling caribou. |
| 22 | UTMTVEU8208 | 13 | 1678;northeast | 16 adult and yearling caribou with 6 calves. |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8706 | 9 | 1525;northeast | 1 adult female caribou with calf. |
| 4 | UTM7VEU8610 | 8 | 1678;west | 2 adult female caribou with 2 calves. |

Table 18 continued....

| number of Caribou in each group | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8109 | 13 |
| 9 | UTM7VEU8415 | 9 |
| 1 | UTMTVEU7416 | 16 |
| $i$ | UTMTVEU9918 | 7 |
| 1 | UTMTVEU9921 | 9 |
| $?$ | UTM7VEU9524 | 7 |
| 3 | UTH7VFU0131 | 15 |
| \% | UTM7VFU0728 | 19 |


| Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1525;upland plateau | 2 adult caribou. |
| 1678; upland ridge | 5 adult and yearling caribou with 4 calves. |
| 1525;north | 1 adult female caribou. |
| 1068;upland plateau | 6 bull caribou. |
| 1220;upland plateau | 1.adult female caribou. |
| 1220;upland plateau | 8 bull caribou. |
| 1830;south | 21 adult and yearling caribou with 10 calves. |
| 1525;southeast | 1 bull caribou. |

1220;upland

1830; south
1525; southeast

[^2]Taile 19 - Summary of locations of collared caribou monitored by aerial reconnaissance, July 10, 1979. (Also see Figure 11).

| riribou number | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Approximate Minimum Distance Moved Since Last Sighting (km) | Cumulative <br> Total of Distance <br> Moved Since <br> Original Capture (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UTMTVEU7910 | 14 | 19 | 154 | 1372;west | No visual confirmation. |
| 2 | UTM7VEU8306 | 16 | 6 | Unknown | 1525; 50uth | No visual confirnation. |
| 3 | UTM7VET9498 | 9 | 24 | 76.5 | 1220;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 4 | UT17) | 18 | 13 | 88 | 1678; north | In a group of 60 caribou with $\stackrel{\text { L }}{\mathrm{N}}$ Caribou \#7. |
| 5 | UTH7VEU0702 | 12 | 12 | Unknown | 1372;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |
| 6 | Hot Located | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | UTATVET8497 | 18 | 32 | 65 | 1678;north | See Comments for Caribou \#4. |
| 8 | LTM7VEU8505 | 11 | 11 | Unknown | 1678;south | No visual confirmation. |
| 9 | UTHTVEU8104 | 15 | 0 | 14 | 1372;upland plateau | No visual confirmation. |

Table 20 - Sunmary of caribou observations by aerial reconnaissance, July 10, 1979.

|  |  | Approximate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rumber of |  | Minimum Distance | Altitude |  |
| Caribou in |  | from Proposed | (meters) |  |
| each group | Location | Pipeline (km) | and aspect | Comments |
| 60 | UTM7VET8497 | 18 | 1678;northeast | 47 adults and yearlings, 13 calves. Caribou \#4 present. |
| 35 | UTM7VEU9926 | 12 | 1525;east | 24 adult and yearling caribou with 2 calves. |

Table 21 - Sunmary of caribou observations by aerial and ground reconnaissance; Septomber, 1978 - July, 1979.


Table 21 continued....


Table 21 continued....

| Date | Number of Caribou in each group | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance from Proposed Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 21, 1979 | 43 | UTM7VFU0125 | 12 | 1525;upland plateau | Mixed group of adults and yearlings with Caribou \#3 present. |
| March 21, 1979 | Multiple caribou tracks crossing the Alaska Highway at approximate km 1776. |  |  |  |  |
| March 21, 1979 | - | UTM7VFU0224 | 13 | 1449;upland plateau | Caribou \#7 received by radio signal: no visual |
| March 30, 1979 | 26 | UTM7VEU9826 | 10 | 1525; upland plateau | confirmation. <br> Adults and yearlings. |
| Warch 30, 1979 | Caribou tracks observed 30 meters south of Kilometer Post 1792 on the Alaska Highway. One caribou observed crossing the Alaska Highway at Kilometer Post 1752 (approximately 2 kilometers northwest of Burwash Landing). |  |  |  |  |
| 4pril 24, 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 29, 1979 | See Table 11. |  |  |  |  |
| May 6, 1979 | One caribou observed crossing the Alaska Highway at Kilometer Post 1776 (approximately 2 kilometers southeast of Quill Creek). |  |  |  |  |
| May 15, 1979 | See Tables 12 and 13. |  |  |  |  |
| May 16, 1979 | 7 | UTM7VEU8603 | 10 | 1373;north | Adults and yearlings. |
| May 16, 1979 | 3 | UTM7VEU8104 | 16 | 1373;south | Adults and yearlings. |
| May 16, 1979 | 6 | UTM7VEU8903 | 10 | 1373;upland plateau | Adults and yearlings. |
| May 16, 1979 | 3 | UTM7VEU8702 | 12 | 1373;upland plateau | Adults and yearlings. |
| May 17, 1979 | 4 | UTM7VEU8104 | 16 | 1373;south | Adults and yearlings. |

Table 21 continued....

| Date | Number of Caribou in each group | Location | Approximate Minimum Distance <br> from Proposed <br> Pipeline (km) | Altitude (meters) and aspect | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May 17, 1979 | 1 | UTM7VEU8504 | 13 | 1220;upland plateau | Adul.t. |
| May 17, 1979 | 1 | UTM7VEU8704 | 11 | 1220;upland plateau | Adult. |
| May 17, 1979 | 6 | UTM7VEU8903 | 10 | 1296;upland plateau | Adults and yearlings. |
| May 17, 1979 | 4 | UTM7VEU8803 | 10 | 1296;upland plateau | Adults and yearlings. |
| Way 24, 1979 | $\dagger$ | . UTM7VEU8802 | 11 | 1373;upland plateau | Adult caribou. |
| 10y 24, 1979 | 1 | UTM7VEU8804 | 10 | 1373;upland plateau | Adult caribou. |
| 23\% 84, 1979 | 1 | UTM7VEU8806 | 9 | , 1525 ;southeast | Bull caribou. |
| 4y 26.1979 | 5 | UTM7VEU8902 | 11 | 1400;upland plateau | 3 does with 2 yearlings. |
| 89826, 1979 | 1 | UTMTVEU9502 | 6 | 1220;upland plateau | Bull caribou. |
| 4\% 37, 1979 | See Tables | and 15. |  |  |  |
| June 9, 1979 | See Tables | and 17. |  |  |  |
| Sune 17, 1979 | See Table 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Wuy 2, 1979 | 2 | UTM7VEU8303 | 14 | 1373;upland plateau | 1 doe with yearling. |
| JuTy 2, 1979 | 115 | UTM7VEU8302 | 15 | 1440;upland plateau | Adults, yearlings and calves. |

Table 21 continued....


Table 22 - Analysis of data on the minimum distance of caribou from the proposed pipeline, (data taken from Tables 1-20).

```
Date
```

September 6 and 7, 1978 October 14, 1978
Hovember 22, 1973
January 27, 1979
Harch 3, 1979
April 29, 1979
May 15, 1979
May 31, 1979
dune 9, 1979
June 17, 1979
July 10, 1979

Mean Minimum Distance (km) of Caribou From Proposed Pipeline ( $\pm$ standard deviation)
12.2
$\pm 2.9$
12.1
14.3
14.0
14.4
14.2
12.0
9.9
10.7
11.7
13.9

Range of Distances (km)
8-18

6-19
5-21
12-17
8-19
12-21
8-16
4-19
4-19
5-20
9-18

Sample Size
(Number of Observations)

Coefficient of Variation (\%)
23.8
35.5
35.0
10.7
17.4
22.5
18.3
49.5
42.1
33.3
22.3

Table 23 - Record of radio-collared caribou crossing the proposed pipeline route.

```
Caribou
Nunver.
7(addlt bull)
4 (adult doe)
1 (adult doe)
3(adu7t bu71)
2 (adult doe) or
3 (ciult doe)
```


## Period of First Crossing

Sept. 8, 1978 - Oct. 14, 1978
Oct. 14, 1978 - Nov. 22, 1978
Nov. 22, 1978 - Jan. 27, 1979
Nov. 22, 1978 - Jan. 27, 1979
Nov. 22, 1978-Jan. 27, 1979

Period of Return Crossing

June 9, 1979 - July 10, 1979
March 3, 1979-April 29, 1979
Jan. 27, 1979 - March 3, 1979
June 9, 1979 - July 10, 1979
Jan. 27, 1979 - March 3, 1979

## FIGURES

(Pages 41-60)











> dates:
> $1-$ September 6 and 7, 1978
> $2-$ October 14, 1978
> $3-$ November 22, 1978
> $4-$ January 27, 1979
> $5-$ March 3, 1979
> $6-$ Apri1 29, 1979
> $7-$ May 15, 1979
> $8-$ May 31, 1979
> $9-$ June 9, 1979
> $10-$ July 10, 1979

Figures 12-20: The following figures show locations of individual collared caribou according to the following flight











## A P P E NDIX

(Pages 61-73)

Date: September 6, 1978
Aircraft: Shirley Helicopters - Gazelle
Pilot: W. Eng
Crew: M. Hoefs
D. Larsen
D. Pitt-Brooke
D. Gauthier

Weather: $60 \%$ overcast, cool, calm
Observations: The following groups of animals were observed between Amphitheatre Mtn. and Tatamagouche Creek: 2\%8, 2 calves
 29\%, 2 calves, $-\%$ \#248, $\%$ \#250

Five animals (4\%\%, 10) were collared
D.1.

YEXON GAFE BRANCH CARIBUU LNVLOA」Una＋U＂

Location of investigation（population）：Burwash ．Uplands
$r$ ce of investigation：．September．6．9． 1978.
Caprure location：West．side．Qf Amphitheatよe．MF：
Type of animal（species，sex，age）：\＆．caribou．and．calf．（young cow）
Weight of animal：．104．42．kg
Heart girth：．．．．．．．114．30 cm

Total length：
193．04 cm
Ear length：．．．．．．．．．．．13．02．cm
Tail length：．．．．．．．．．7．78．．．．．．．．．．．．
Hindfoot length：．．．52：07． 0.0
Shoulder height：．．106．68．cm
Chest height：
68.58 cm

Antlers：length of main beam：left：39．37cm．right：38．10．cm number of points：left：．．2．．．．．right：．．．2．．．．．

If female（young at heel，or lactating）？：．calf．．．lactating．
Amount of tranquilizer given（M－99）？：．3mg．（2 darts．first．probably．didn＇t take）
Time between adminiscration of tranquilizer
and animal down？（reaction time）：．．．．．．．60．minutes（2nd probably．took，time unknown）
Amount of antidore（M－50／50）administered？：．．4mg ．4．4．8mg
Reaction time？：
10 minutes（estimate）．
Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations：．．orange．．orange right ear ？：\＃14．
left ear ？：非3．．．．．．．．Opt．
Erequency of Eransuitter？： Setting．Band 1 Ch． 2 Ereg． 1 Colour and type of collar attached？： Additional inforwarion： Total．29． 2. ．．．
wide colige． 1243.
Temp：$-41.4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Heミx5．Rajs． 56


Location of investigation (population):. Burwast yplands
Date of investigation:.... September. 6. 2978
Capture location: . Amphitheatre Mr.
Type of animal (species, sex, age): ㅇ.. caribou.and. cal,f
Weight of animal:. 118.04. kg
Heart gixth:.......124.46. cm
Total length: .....207.01. cm

Ear length:
13.65 cm

Tail length:
15.24.cm

Hindfoot length:...52.07..cm
Shoulder height:...114.30...m
Chest height:
63.50 cm

Antlers: length of main beam: left:30:48cm. right: 32.0.7. . cm number of points: left:spike... right:. 2......

If female (young at heel, or lactating) ?:....yes
Amount of tranquilizer given ( $M-99$ ) ?:........3.3g
Time between administration of tranquilizer and animal down? (reaction time):
. 11 minutes.

Amount of antidote ( $M-50 / 50$ ) administered?:.....4.gg
Reaction time?:
1 minute, 45 .seconds.

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:...blue. .. blue right ear ?: !17.
left ear ?:サ15....... Opt.
Setting. Band I. Ch. Ereq]
Frequency of transmitter?:
Colour and type of collar attached?: \#252 narrow collar.
Adcitional information: ...Old o... Light.in colour. Note this. was the other Emate vitu H?



YUKON GAYE EPANCH CARIBOU INVESTIGATION DATA SHEET

Location of investigation (population):...Burwash. Up. 1 ands. Date of investigation:.... September 6, 1978

Capture location: On ridge. south of Tatamagoucbe. Creek
Type of anfmal (species, sex, age): S.
Weight of animal:... 136.20.kg. $\qquad$
Heart girth:..........127.00 cm
Iotal length: ........224:79. cm.
Ear length:..............14.29. cm.
Tail length:............21.59. cm.
59.69.cm

Hindfoot length:
Shoulder height:..... 127.00 cm.
Chest height:
71.12.cm

Antlers: length of main beam: left:73.66cm right: 72. 39 cm number of points: left:..6. right: . 8......

## If female (young at beel, or lactating)?:

Amount of tranquilizer given ( $M-99$ )?:...4mg
Time between administration of tranquilizer and animal down? (reaction time):

16 minutes (estimate)
Amount of antidote ( $M-50 / 50$ ) administered?: . 6mg Reaction time?:.................22 minutes.

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:. yellow - yellow. right ear ?:.\#2ó left ear ?: $\# ? 27$

Opt.
Setting . Bend I Ch Freq. 3. 5
Frequency of transmitter?:
Colour and type of collar attached?:. Collar $1 / 245$

Heary race 30
Tun

YLEOON GAME BRANCH CARIBOU INVESIIGAIIUI עNAG m....

Locarion of investigation (population): Burwash. Yplands
Date of investigation:....September 6. 1978

Capture location:
flats east of Burwash. Creek

Type of animal (species, sex, age):.. (it. had. falf)
Weight of animal:. 131:66.kg.

Heare girth:

$$
124: 46 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

Total length:
I98.12 cm

Ear length:...........13.97. cm
Tail length:...........18.10.cm.
Hindfoot length:
54:61.cm.

Shoulder height:...106:68....
60:96 cm.
Chest height:
Anclers: length of main beam: left:52.07.9m right:.48.26. cm number of points: left:...5.... right:... 5....

If female (young at heel, or lactating)?:...calf
Amount of tranquilizer given ( $\mathrm{M}-99$ )?:
3 3ng

Time between administracion of tranquilizer and animal down? (reaction time):

17 minutes

Amount of antidote (M-50/50) administered?:. 4mg Reaction time?:

1. minute, 15 .seconds.

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:. white. . white right ear ?:. \#18 left eat ?:.\#19

Frequency of transaiterer?
Opt.
Setting. Band 1. Cn. Freq. 0:25.

Colour and type of collar attached?:. Collar . 248



3anp. $42.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Date: September 7, 1978
Aircraft: Shirley Helicopters - Gazelle

Pilot: W. Eng
Crew: M. Hoefs
D. Larsen
D. Pitt-Brooke
D. Gauthier

Weather: overcast, rainy, cool
Observations: The following groups were observed between Amphitheatre Mtn. and Tatamagouche Creek:

2\%영 2 calves - 9 accidentally killed
19- $\%$ \# 244
20才, 3\%9, 1 calf -
$4 \% \%$
$50^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$
589, 1 calf
19
$5 \%$

Four animals were collared (2ở, 299)

One old $\%$ was paralized from the dart puncturing the spinal column and was later destroyed.
D.L.

YUKON GANE BRANCH CARIBOU INVESIIGATION DATA SHEET

Locarion of investigation (population): Burwash Uplands
Date of investigation:...September 6. 1978

## Capture location: Between Amphitheatre and Burwash Greek

Type of animal (species, sex, age):..!: with. çalf
Weight of animal:..133:93. kg.
124.46 cm

Heart girth:

$$
213.36 \text { cm }
$$

Total lengrh

Tail length:...........18:41.cm
57.15 cm

Hindfoot length:
111.76 cm

Shoulder height:
60.96 cm

Chest height:
Antlers: length of main beam: left:54.61cm right: 54.6.6. cm
number of points: left:..5..... right:.3.
If female (young at heel, or lactating)?: with one calf
Amount of tranquilizer given (M-99)?:........3mg...2. dajts. (fjrst. pay not have taken)

Tlme between administration of tranquilizer and animal down? (reaction time):

2nd dart - 9 minuties

Amount of antidote (M,50/50) administered?: 5mg. and 4 mg . . Total. 9 mg Reaction time?: . 10 minutes. until. 2nd. shot: . ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ min. from. 2nd. shot

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:. red. on fed. only right ear ?:...引16
left ear ?:.......... Opt.

Colour and zype of coliar attached?: Co?lar "230).

Adoitional inforazan:
2nd 3 from , sua sran as :

YUKON GANE BRANCH CARIBOU INVESTIGATION DATA SHEET
location of investigation (population): Buruash Uplands
die of investigation:. September 7. 1978
Capture location: : Flats east of Burwash. Creek
Type of animal (species, sex, age):. (no.calf) very old, tefth. dowo.to gum line
Weight of animal:..115.77. kg
Heart girth: ........115.57........
Toral Iength: ......193.04. cm
Ear length: . . . . . . . 12. 70. . cm
Tail length: ......... 20.32. cm
Hindfoot length:....49.53. cm
Shoulder height:... 106.68 cm
Chest height:.......63.50 cm
Antlers: length of main beam: left: 43.18 cm right: 44.45 cm number of points: left:l. (spike)right:.3.(gfowth at base)

If female (young at heel, or lactating) ?:..... na.
Amount of tranquilizer given (M-99) ?: 3mg:
Ttwe between administration of tranquilizer
and animal down? (reaction time):...3?. minutes after. 1s.t. shpf..l. second after second shot
Amount of antidote ( $M-50 / 50$ ) administered?:
Reaction time?:
Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:
right ear ?: yellow.
left ear ?: orange. (no numbred metal tags used)

Frequency of transwitter?:........ Setins. . Band. . . . . . Yrec.



- animal destage
beart rate $\therefore 82$. . . . . body ano 42.

YUKON GAME BRANCH CRRIBOU INVESIIGAIION DATA SHEET

Location of investigation (population): Burwash Uplands ate of investigation:. . September 7., 1978

Capture location:... Flats.east . qf Burwash. Creek
Type of anfal (species, sex, age): .?
Height of animal:....113.50.kg. $\qquad$
Heart girch: 121.92 cm

Total length: 176.53 cm

Ear length: 12.38 cm

Tail length:.............20.32. cm
Hindfoot length:.......53.97 cm
Shoulder height:......101.60 cm
Chest height: 60.96 cm.

Antlers: length of main beam: left:39.37cm right: 36.83cm number of points: left:..4..... right:. . $4 . . .$.

If female (young at heel, or lactating) ?:no calf.- not. lactating.
Amount of tranquilizer given (M-99) ?: . 3mg
Time between administration of tranquilizer
and animal down? (reaction time): 11. min. from. 2 nd shot. -20 . min. from. 1 st shot to 2nd shot
Amount of antidote ( $M-50 / 50$ ) administered?:...4mg

## 

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations: no numbered. 上ags. right ear ?: blue.
left ear ? red
Opt.
Setting Eand. Ch Eren.
Frequency of tiathrivter?:
Colour and type of collar attached?:.... 1244.

 $\therefore$ goras yrget year 19ascata $\quad 90$


Location of investigation (population): Burwash Lplands
Tate of investigation:
Sep.temper. 7.. 1978
Capture location: head of .Tatamogouche. Creerk
Type of animal (species, sex, age): \$. (mfddle.age).
Weight of animal:
181.60 kg.

Heart girth:
134.62 cm

Total length:...........160.02 cm
Ear length: ..............13.97. cm.
Tail length: 19.05 cm

Hindfoor length:.......55.88 cm
Shoulder height:......124.46... cm

$$
71.12 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

Chest beight:
Antlers: length of main beam: left:111.76cmight:104.1.4cm number of points: - left: ll..... right:. 17.

If female (young at heel, or lactating)?:
Amount of tranquilizer given (M-99)?:.. 5罗g.
Time between administration of tranquilizer
and animal down? (reaction time) ? 8 . minutes after. last. dart. (3.darts)...
Amount of antidote ( $\mathrm{M}-50 / 50$ ) administered? :. .66 mg ,
Reaction time?:.
Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:... yellow. =. white. right ear ?: 44. 5 yellow
left ear ?: 42. - white
Frequency of transwitter?: \#246...Setting. Aend 1. Ch. Fred. 0.5
Colour and type of collar attached? : $12+6$ - wide band
Additional iafomacion:..........5?

$$
\text { temp }-42
$$

YUKOI GAFE ERANCH CARIBOU INVESTIGATIQN DATA SHEET

Location of investigation (population):..Burwash
3te of investigation:..September. 7.. 1978
Caprure location:... Head. of .Tatamagoushe. Creek

Type of animal (species, sex, age):... with. calf...faicly old
Weight of animal: nil

Heart girth:........121.92.kg
Total length:......149.86......
Ear length:.............72.70. cm
Tail length:..........77:46.cm
Hindfoot length:....53:34.cm.
Shoulder height:...109.22 cm
Chest height:......60.96. cm
Antlers: length of main beam: left:39.37cm right: 40.64cm number of points: Ieft:. 5...... right:........

If female (young at heel, or lactating) ?:. yes. calf. at. heel.
Amount of tranquilizer given (M-99)?:... 3mg
Time between administration of tranquilizer and animal down? (reaction time):

14 minutes

Amount of antidote ( $M-50 / 50$ ) administered?:....6mg.
Reaction time?:

1. minute

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations: $\qquad$
right ear ?: \#20. - yellow
left ear ?:? = red.
Frequency of transaituex?:........Sntring. . Bngd I. Ch. Freq. 0.5
Colour and type of collax attached? . M24. nartow collar

Tegs: $\because$

Location of investigation (population):
Date of investigation: .... September 7, 1978

## Capture location: <br> Head of Tatamagouche CFegk

Type of anfmal. (species, sex, age): . . of $_{\text {(old }}$
Weight of animal:...213.38. kg $\qquad$
Heart girch:......... 152.40 cm
Total length: . : . . . 238.76. cm
Ear lengrh:...............9.9. cm
Tail lengrh:
17.78 cm

Hindfoot length:...... 58.42. cm
Shoulder height:.... 119.38 cm
Chest height:
60.96 cm

Antlers: length of main beam: left:115.57cm right:111.76cm number of points:

1eft: 18
right: ${ }^{12}$

If female (young at heel, or lactating)?:
Amount of tranquilizer given ( $M-99$ )?:.....4.4g
Time between administration of tranquilizer and animal down? (reaction time):

8 minutes

Amount of antidote ( $M-50 / 50$ ) administered?:. $\mathrm{A}^{6}$. (up. with . 6 I.V.)
Reaction time?: 2. minutes

Numbers of ear tags and colour combinations:. orange. =orange right ear ?: ! 22 $\therefore$ orange left ear ? flizo. orange

Frequency of transmitter?: Opt. Setimb. Band. Ch. Freq. Colour and type of collar artachec? : , f265. collar. on fairly loose Additional information:. animal ?izhy in rolour
 We berpravor: $4120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Date: September 8, 1978

Aircraft: Shirley Helicopters - Gazelle
Pilot: W. Eng
Crew: M. Hoefs
D. Larsen
D. Pitt-brooke
D. Gauthier

Weather: overcast :
Observations: Two groups were observed on Flats N.W. of Brooks Arm (5\%\%, 2 calves, $8 \% \%$ and calves, $4 \delta^{\circ}$ )

Two attempts were made to immobilize a $\delta$ and a $\%$. Both attempts failed.
D.L.


[^0]:    * For a detined descmptim of the vetarinay aspasts of the capture
    
    
    

[^1]:    * A signal was received at UTM7VFU0124 ( 1449 m;flat terrain) not corresponding to any expected signal. It must belong to either Caribou \#2 or \#8. This location is 11 km from the proposed pipeline route.

[^2]:    Comments

    2 adult caribou.

    5 adult and yearling caribou with 4 calves.
    1 adult female caribou.
    6 bull caribou.
    1 adult female caribou.

    21 adult and yearling caribou with
    1 bull caribou.

