

2005-2006 Alaska Hunting Regulations

Governing general, subsistence, and commercial uses of Alaska's wildlife

EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2006

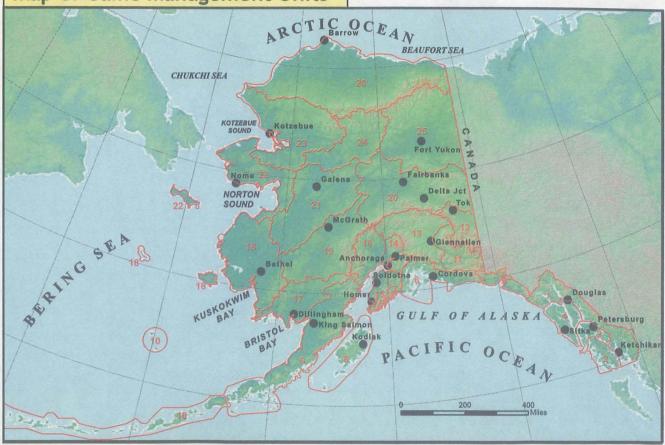




The regulations in this publication are taken from Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code and Title 16 of Alaska Statutes, both available for inspection at any Alaska Department of Fish and Game office. Other sections of Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code are included in the following publications: Miscellaneous Game Regulations, Trapping Regulations, and Waterfowl Regulations. These publications are also available at all Alaska Department of Fish & Game offices.

If an Alaska State Trooper, police officer, Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement Trooper, or authorized Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) employee asks to see your license, tags, harvest tickets, permits, game, or any equipment used to take game, you must show any or all of these items.

Map of Game Management Units



On the front cover: Codie Wood, 12, of North Pole (center) took this 55" moose in 2002, during the Delta Bison Range Youth Moose hunt in Unit 20D. Wood was accompanied by her father, Randy, left, and younger brother, Austin, right, and Randy's hunting partner, Steve Geraghty, who took this photo. Austin took his first moose in 2003, at the age of 10.

Photographs seen throughout this publication have been used with permission from the owners, who submitted them by email or by mail to Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Wildlife Conservation, Information Management Division, at 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, AK 99518 for the departments consideration for use in this and other wildlife conservation publications. Photographs submitted cannot always be used and must be accompanied by an accurate hunt description that can be verified, and permission from the photographer for their use. Photos will not be returned, but may be picked up in Anchorage if arrangements are made in advance.

This publication released by the Alaska Department of Fish & Game was produced at a cost of \$0.38/copy to provide hunting regulations to the public, and was printed by the Anchorage Daily News. (AS 44.99.210). Comments or questions regarding this publication may be emailed to wchuntregs@fishgame.state.ak.us or mailed to Suzan Bowen, Alaska Dept of Fish and Game, 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, AK 99518-1599.



Dear Hunter,

You are holding in your hands one of the most important tools available to a person wanting to hunt in Alaska. As we plan our hunts and venture into the outdoors we usually focus on hunting implements, gear, and transportation arrangements, but in truth this regulations summary book is indispensable in preparing for a hunt and something no hunter should be without when actually afield.

It is no secret that as demand for our wildlife resources has increased so have the number and complexity of game regulations. Over time, as the Board of Game has worked to improve wildlife populations and distribute hunting opportunity among users, the result has been additional hunt requirements, finer-grained boundary descriptions, and variations between areas. As a result, this booklet has grown too, and is no longer the pamphlet that fit into my hip pocket when I first arrived in the state. This publication is our way of providing you with the information you need in order to hunt game according to the rules set in state law.

Each winter the Division of Wildlife Conservation convenes a staff committee to re-work this regulations summary in order to give you hunting information you can rely on. This group consists of selected Wildlife Conservation employees from around the state who are familiar with hunt management in each of our regions and who have experience in helping the public understand our hunting rules. The committee makes sure that new or changed hunts resulting from Board of Game meetings are included in the new booklet and also revises the explanation of statewide regulations and various other regulatory requirements. Each year much effort goes into making these as clear and understandable as possible.

Perhaps the most significant change this year is the inclusion of better maps of the state's game management units. Long a goal of ours, we believe that this is a big step in presenting our information in a way that helps hunters. I hope you find the entire regulations summary book informative and helpful in getting organized for the hunting season. The hard work that goes into making this booklet should help you improve your chances for a successful experience.

Be safe!

Matt Robus Director



STATE OF ALASKA

Dear Hunter,

Like many Alaskans, I learned to hunt at an early age. As a result, I have many treasured memories and wonderful tales that I enjoy sharing with my children, grandchildren, and friends. Hunting continues to be an important tradition in my family and an activity that I look forward to each year.

Alaska's hunting opportunities are unmatched. The prospects of harvesting caribou, muskox, dall sheep, brown bear, and moose offers many hunters a once-in-a-lifetime experience. For others, the seasonal game harvest is an important family activity or cultural tradition, and may be a principal source of food.

Our hunting heritage is deeply embedded in the spirit and history of Alaska and remains central to our economic and social well-being. We can preserve this important heritage by practicing safe, respectful, and responsible hunting techniques and by becoming active in wildlife management efforts toward habitat access, enhancement, and conservation.

Every hunter is responsible for knowing current regulations and bag limits, which may change from year to year. Please do not depend on a friend, guide, or family member to know the rules. We are all personally responsible for knowing and following the regulations affecting our hunts.

Please also consider a Hunter Education course for yourself, family member, or friend. Courses that provide training in firearms safety and wildlife conservation, and teach respect for our natural resources, landowners, and other hunters are available regularly throughout Alaska and the lower 48 states. We have conclusive evidence that shows Hunter Education dramatically reduces hunting-related firearm accidents. These courses have also brought about positive change in hunter skills, attitudes, and behavior.

In closing, I want to thank you for your interest in hunting and encourage your continued support of an important Alaska heritage. By purchasing a hunting license in Alaska, you are directly contributing to wildlife management in our state. Together we can enhance, protect, appreciate, and share the many wonderful hunting opportunities available in Alaska today and preserve them for future generations.

Best wishes for a safe and enjoyable hunt.

Sincerely yours,

Frank H. Murkowski

Test 14. yearles

Governor





GOVERNOR OF ALASKA Frank H. Murkowski



COMMISSIONER OF FISH AND GAME McKie Campbell

DIRECTOR OF
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION
Matt H. Robus

ADF&G BOARD OF GAME MEMBERS

Aniak
nchorage
Sitka
Wasilla
airbanks
Juneau
Soldotna

This publication is an interpretive summary of the Alaska Hunting Regulations and contains rules which affect most hunters which have been simplified for your convenience. It is not a legal document and it is not quoted verbatim from state law. For further details, consult your local Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G), Division of Wildlife Conservation representative:

Anchorage	(907) 267-2137	Ketchikan	(907) 225-2475
Barrow	(907) 852-3464	King Salmon	(907) 246-3340
Bethel	(907) 543-2979	Kodiak	(907) 486-1880
Cordova	(907) 424-3215	Kotzebue	(907) 442-3420
Delta Junction	(907) 895-4484	McGrath	(907) 524-3323
Dillingham	(907) 842-2334	Nome	(907) 443-2271
Douglas	(907) 465-4265	Palmer	(907) 746-6300
Fairbanks	(907) 459-7206	Petersburg	(907) 772-3801
Galena	(907) 656-1345	Sitka	(907) 747-5449
Glennallen	(907) 822-3461	Soldotna	(907) 262-9368
Homer	(907) 235-8191	Tok	(907) 883-2971

Alaska Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement Troopers in the Department of Public Safety enforce the hunting regulations outlined in this summary booklet. If you have witnessed a violation and want to report it. Call the office nearest you from the list below:

Anchorage	(907) 269-5952	Homer	(907) 235-8573
Aniak	(907) 675-4352	Iliamna	(907) 571-1534
Bethel	(907) 543-5955	Juneau	(907) 465-4005
Big Lake	(907) 892-3474	Ketchikan	(907) 225-5111
Cantwell	(907) 768-4050	King Salmon	(907) 246-3307
Coldfoot	(907) 678-5211	Kodiak	(907) 486-4762
Cordova	(907) 424-3184	McGrath	(907) 524-3222
Craig(Klawock)	(907) 755-2291	Nome	(907) 443-2429
Delta Junction	(907) 895-4681	Palmer	(907) 745-4247
Dillingham	(907) 842-5351	Petersburg	(907) 772-3983
Dutch Harbor	(907) 581-1432	Seward	(907) 224-3935
Fairbanks	(907) 451-5350	Sitka	(907) 747-3254
Galena	(907) 656-1634	Soldotna	(907) 262-5312
Girdwood	(907) 783-0970	Talkeetna	(907) 733-2256
Glennallen	(907) 822-3263	Tok	(907) 883-4471
Haines	(907) 766-2533	Valdez	(907) 835-4307
Hoonah	(907) 945-3620	Wrangell	(907) 874-3215

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game administers all programs and activities free from discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, religion, marital status, pregnancy, parenthood, or disability. The department administers all programs and activities in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. If you believe you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility, or if you desire further information please write to ADF&G, P.O. Box 25526, Juneau, AK 99802-5526; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4040 N. Fairfield Drive, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 or O.E.O., U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington DC 20240. For information on alternative formats for this and other department publications, please contact the department ADA Coordinator at (voice) 907-465-4100, (TDD) 907-465-3646, or (FAX) 907-465-2332.

Major changes in 2005-2006 regulations

This is a summary of some of the more significant regulation changes adopted by the Alaska Board of Game during the past year. This is NOT a complete list of all the changes. It is your responsibility to read this book carefully before going afield.

Black Bear

Unit 6D, shorten season to end June 10. Bear baiters will be required to complete a bear hunter clinic before obtaining a bear bait permit in the area next spring.

Unit 14B, increase bag limit to 3 bears.

Brown Bear

Unit 3, open registration permit hunt for residents only, Mar. 15 - May 31.

Units 6A, 6B, and 6C, eliminate 7 day, in-unit sealing requirement. Bears can now be sealed anywhere in the state, within 30 days of kill.

Unit 16A, outside Denali State Park, liberalize bag limit to one bear a year-does NOT count against the one bear every 4 year bag limit in other areas of the state.

Unit 16B, increase bag limit to 2 bears per year--does NOT count against the one bear every 4 year bag limit in other areas of the state.

Units 21B and 21C, reinstate resident tag fee requirement.

Unit 17, align and lengthen season unit-wide, Sept. 10 -May 25.

Caribou

Unit 9D, restrict resident bag limits—1 bull Aug. 10 -Sept. 30, 1 antlerless caribou remainder of the season, Nov. 15 - March 31.

Unit 17B, establish new nonresident closed area along river corridors. The area extending two miles on either side of, and including, the following rivers is CLOSED to nonresident hunting for caribou:

- 1) Nushagak River beginning at the southern Boundary of Unit 17B and extending north to Chichitnok River, and including Harris Creek, Klutaspuk Creek, King Salmon River and the Chichitnok River
- 2) Mulchatna River upstream to mouth of Chilchitna
- 3) Nuyakuk River extending west up to the falls
- 4) Koktuli River up to the mouth of the Swan River,
- 5) Stuyahok River to the confluence of the North/South Forks

Deer

Units 1-5, all unused deer harvest tickets must be carried while hunting deer and must be validated in sequential order, beginning with harvest ticket number one.

Unit 2, all hunters will be required to obtain an additional harvest report form at the time they obtain deer harvest tickets.

Elk

Unit 3, establish late season registration hunt, Nov. 15 -Nov. 30, in same area as drawing hunts DE318 and DE321 and DE323, Etolin and Zarembo Islands.

Moose

Unit 6B, create new controlled use area for moose hunting. The area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle for moose hunting until after 3:00 a.m. on the day following the day which any motorized vehicle is used for transportation, beginning Sept. 5 and ending Oct. 31.

Unit 17B, establish new nonresident registration permit hunt area along river corridors (listed under caribou) with limited number of permits. Season dates remain the same, Sept. 5 - Sept. 15.

Mountain Goat

Units 6, 8, 11, and 14, prohibit the taking of nannies with kids. The prohibition was already in place for goat hunts in Units 7, 13, and 15.

Wolves

Units 1, and 3-5, extend hunting season, August 1 - April 30.

Unit 9, extend hunting season, August 10 - May 25.

Ptarmigan

Units 13A, 13B, and 13E, reduce bag limit during the Dec. 1 - March 31 portion of the season to 5 per day, 10 in possession.

Miscellaneous

Units 1-4, require a wounded black or brown bear to count against the bag limit of the hunter for the year.

Unit 13B, Clearwater Creek Controlled Use Area, extend the season for use of motorized vehicles for hunting bears, wolves, and small game to March 15 - June 30.

Registration permits will to be denied to people who have failed to previously report harvest in any other permit hunt, This is now a mandatory requirement.

NEW Look for this symbol throughout the book. It indicates changes made since the last regulation book was published.

Table of contents analysis and a 2002-2002

Hunting seasons, types of hunts, other resources7	
Know who owns the land where you plan to hunt8	
Resident licenses and tags9	
Nonresident licenses and tags	
Guide information	
Military licenses and tags11	
Disability provisions	
Proxy hunting	
General seasons, harvest tickets and reports	
Permit hunts	
Drawing permits	
Tier II subsistence permits	
Community harvest permits	
Registration permits	
Bag limit	
Hunter education	
General hunting restrictions (Methods and Means)	
Big game hunting restrictions	
Fur animal and furbearer restrictions	
Restricted weapons hunts regulations17	
Salvage and possession of game18	
Evidence of sex	
Antler salvage18	
Salvage of furs and hides18	
Meat salvage	
Transporting requirements	
Transfer of possession	
Illegally taken game19	
Road kills19	
Marked or tagged game19	
Sealing	
Exporting meat or other wildlife parts	
State export permits	
Federal export permits	
Transporting to or through Canada	
Use of game	
Emergency taking of game	
For food and dire emergency	
In defense of life and property	
Definitions	
Information for bear hunters	
Tag requirements	
Sealing requirements	
Evidence of sex	
Brown/Grizzly Bear bag limits	
Brown Bear subsistence hunt areas	
Other bear regulations	
Black bear baiting requirements	

identifying a legal raffi	
Identifying a legal caribou	29
Identifying a legal muskoxen	29
Identifying a legal moose	
Firearms transporting restrictions	32
How Alaska's hunting regulations are changed	
Management of predator populations	
Seasons/Bag Limits by Game Management Unit	(GMU) with maps
Alaska map showing GMUs	34
How to use the Unit Pages	35
Unit 1	36
Unit 2	40
Unit 3	42
Unit 4	44
Unit 5	46
Unit 6	48
Unit 7	
Unit 8	
Unit 9	
Unit 10	
Unit 11	
Unit 12	
Unit 13	
Unit 14A&B	
Unit 14C	
Unit 15	
Unit 16	
Unit 17	
Unit 18	
Unit 19	
Unit 20	
Unit 21	
Unit 22	
Unit 23	
Unit 24	
Unit 25	
Unit 26	
Oriit 26	105
Statewide Fur Animals/Small Game/Unclassified	d and led at g g E
Game and Deleterious Exotic Wildlife	108
Rabies Information	
Transfer of Possession Form	
Hansier Of Fossession FORM	

Hunting seasons, types of hunts, other resources

Hunting seasons and bag limits for big game are listed by unit on pages 34-107 of this book. Other game seasons and bag limits are listed in the back of the book (pages 108-110). Look up the species you want to hunt, check for an open season, and if it is listed as open, you may hunt it. If the species is not listed, you may NOT hunt that species.

Sometimes seasons need to be changed on short notice. When this happens, ADF&G issues Emergency Orders to protect a wildlife resource. Emergency Orders are as legally binding as regulations adopted by the Board of Game and statutes adopted by the legislature. Emergency Orders are posted at all ADF&G offices and on our web site at: http://hunt.alaska.gov/regulations/orders.cfm.

Not familiar with this book?

First, read the statewide general information on pages 7-33. This information applies statewide.

Game Management Unit (unit) descriptions for each area of the state are listed beginning on page 34. In each unit listing, you will find the big game species you can hunt as well as the bag limits and seasons for each species. A map of each unit is included for your reference.

At the beginning of each set of unit pages, or on the map for that unit, restricted areas are clearly listed. Here you will learn which areas of that unit have restrictions or are closed to hunting, or where methods of access are controlled by state Board of Game regulation. Remember, these restrictions are in addition to any restrictions imposed by landowners (e.g., private or federal).

Statewide seasons and bag limits for fur animals, small game (except waterfowl), unclassified game, and deleterious exotic wildlife are on pages 108-110.

Make your hunt a legal hunt

When planning a hunt, you should determine the following details and be certain you understand the ADF&G definition of each, as all these components play a factor in ensuring your hunt is legal.

Who is going to hunt? (Are you a resident, nonresident, or nonresident alien, a youth hunter, or disabled?)

Where do you plan to hunt? (Which unit, which subunit? Is your hunt in a restricted area?)

How are you going to hunt? (Are there weapons restrictions or access restrictions?)

What species do you want to hunt? (Is there an open season for that species in the area you wish to hunt?)

When do you plan to hunt? (Seasons)

Types of hunting seasons

There are hunting seasons for residents and nonresidents. Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless otherwise noted.

Nonresidents are allowed to hunt when there is enough game to allow everyone to participate. When there isn't enough game, nonresident hunters are restricted or eliminated first. If more restrictions are necessary, seasons and bag limits may be reduced or eliminated for some residents.

Types of hunts

There are four types of hunts. Complete information on each type of hunt can be found on the following pages:

 General Season 	page 12
 Drawing 	page 13
 Registration 	page 13
• Tier II	page 13

Reporting your harvest

To protect, conserve, and enhance our wildlife populations in Alaska, ADF&G needs to know how many animals are taken by hunters. Therefore, ADF&G collects harvest information using a variety of methods:

Harvest reports are used in some general season hunts, permit reports are used in permit hunts, harvest surveys are used for deer, and sealing information is collected for other species.

ADF&G asks hunters to return harvest and permit reports even when no game was taken in order to help measure hunting pressure and hunter effort.

You can find more information regarding harvest and permit tickets and reports on pages 12 and 13.

Other information sources

Each spring and fall, we publish additional information regarding Drawing and Tier II Hunts in a separate supplement which can be found at ADF&G offices and vendors statewide. For more information on these hunts, see pg. 13.

Waterfowl regulations are available in mid-August at license vendors or ADF&G offices. To take waterfowl, if you are 16 years of age or older, you must have a hunting license, state and federal duck stamps, and follow the seasons and bag limits, and methods and means permitted.

Marine mammal harvest is controlled by the federal government. Contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service at (907) 786-3311 for information on hunting walrus, polar bears, and sea otters. Contact the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Marine Fisheries Service at (907) 586-7235 for information on hunting seals, sea lions, and beluga whales.

See page 8 for information on obtaining a copy of the federal subsistence regulations.

Remember, ignorance is no excuse --you must know the law!

Read and understand these hunting regulations before you hunt.

If you violate a game law, you are responsible for your actions.

Know who owns the land where you plan to hunt

Land ownership and public access information

The Alaska Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and the U.S. Bureau of Land Management (BLM) maintain general land status records. Both agencies also maintain records indicating the availability of public access routes (roads, trails, campsites) that can be used to reach public lands and waters. Access and use of the State of Alaska's navigable and public waters is protected under the state constitution and statutes. Use of these waters, below the ordinary high water mark, does not require a permit from the upland owner. For more information on land status and access contact: DNR Public Information Center (Anchorage) 269-8400; BLM Public Information Center (Anchorage) 271-5960.

State lands

State lands are open to hunting unless they are closed by state, local, or municipal laws.

State Park lands

Parts of the state park system are open to hunting, but the laws about the discharge of firearms vary from park to park. For information, call the DNR Public Information Center at (907) 269-8400.

State Refuge lands

Most state refuge lands are open to hunting, but there may be access or registration requirements. For more information call the ADF&G office nearest the refuge where you plan to hunt.

Federal public lands

Subject to federal restrictions and closures, most federal public lands are open to hunting under these regulations; however, National Parks and National Park Monuments are closed to hunting under these regulations. Additionally, a indicates other federal lands that may have been closed or restricted by federal subsistence regulations. If you are planning to hunt on federal lands, consult the Subsistence Management Regulations for Federal Public Lands in Alaska for details. Calling federal agencies is also advised as in-season closures can occur

at any time and may not be reflected in their annual regulatory publication.

For more information or a copy of the federal regulations, contact: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Subsistence Management, (800) 478-1456, e-mail: subsistence@fws.gov, or on the web at http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/home.html.

You may also contact the following agencies by phone:

For National Parks and Preserves: National Park Service (907) 644-3534 or 644-3533

For National Wildlife Refuges: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (800) 478-1456

For National Recreation Areas: Bureau of Land Management (907) 271-5960

> For National Forests: U.S. Forest Service (907) 586-8806

Military lands

Civilians are allowed to hunt on some military lands; an access fee may be charged. Basic Hunter Education is required for all hunters on Army lands. Because of unexploded ammunition or military operations, civilians must check in with the military before hunting on their lands.

Military contact information

Ft. Greely	873-1615
Ft. Wainwright	353-9685
Ft. Richardson	384-3046
Eielson AFB	377-5182
Elmendorf AFB	552-2436

Local restrictions

Local, municipal, or federal governments may prohibit the discharge of firearms or access to an area. Check with the agency with jurisdiction for more information.

Private lands

State hunting regulations apply to private land, but do not guarantee access. Most of Alaska's land is in public ownership and managed by federal or state agencies. However, a significant portion of the state is in individual or corporate ownership. If you intend to hunt on private lands in Alaska, make sure you have permission from the land owner. If you will be hunting with a guide or using the services of a transporter, they should have a working knowledge of land ownership in the area where you will hunt. For additional information go to our hunting web site: http://www. wildlife.alaska.gov/hunt trap/hunting/ sources.cfm#private.

Regional Native Corporation lands

The largest private landowners in the state are the Native village and regional corporations. If you wish to hunt on these private lands, you must contact the appropriate land management office to determine if a land use permit and/or fees are required. Some of these lands are closed to use by non-stockholders. Use of private lands without the landowner's permission, other than those legally reserved for public access easements, is trespass.

Native corporation lands contact information

Unit	Corporation	Phone
1-5	Sealaska	(907) 586-1512
6-7	Chugach	(907) 563-8866
8	Koniag	(907) 486-2530
9, 17	Bristol Bay	(907) 278-3602
10	Aleut	(907) 561-4300
11-13	Ahtna	(907) 822-3476
14-16	Cook Inlet	(907) 274-8638
18	Calista	(907) 279-5516
12,19-21 & 24-25	Doyon	(907) 459-2030
22	Bering Strait	(907) 443-5252
23	NANA	(907) 442-3301
26	Arctic Slope	(907) 852-8633

Alaska resident licenses and big game tags

Tags, not to be confused with harvest tickets (shown on page 12), are numbered metal locking objects that must be purchased prior to hunting and placed on the animal upon harvest. Resident tags are not required for all species. In areas where a tag is required, it must be affixed, attached, or locked on the animal (skull or hide) immediately after the kill and must remain there until the animal is prepared for storage, consumed or exported.

Resident license requirements:

If you are	you will need
15 or under	no license required
16-59	license required
60 or over	free permanent ID

Alaska residents ages 15 years or younger are not required to possess a license to hunt. Alaska residents ages 16 years or older must possess a valid license to hunt. Alaska residents ages 60 years or older may apply for a free permanent identification card in lieu of a license. In addition to a license, all hunters must carry any required harvest tickets, permits, tag(s) and/or duck stamps while hunting. Children under 10 years old are not allowed to have their own harvest tickets or permits. (See bag limit, page 14.)

Resident licenses

\$25
\$15
\$39
\$39
\$53
\$5
\$5

Resident tags

Residents are required to purchase tags only when hunting brown bear & muskox:

brown/grizzly	bear	\$25
muskox		

nuskox	
Nunivak Island, 22E, 26B East	
bull	.\$500
cow	\$25
Nelson Island	
bull or cow	\$25
Fier II hunts for muskox	
Unit 22, 23, and 26	

bull or cowno charge

Resident tags

Residents hunting for most species do not require a tag, but may require a harvest ticket. Residents must possess a locking tag before hunting brown/grizzly bears in most locations (see page 24), and before hunting muskoxen. Residents with a drawing or registration permit hunting muskoxen in Units 18, 22E, or 26B East must pay the appropriate tag fee. Residents hunting muskoxen in Tier II hunts in Units 22, 23, and 26 do not have to pay

the tag fee, but must possess a tag while hunting. This subsistence tag is available from ADF&G offices in Fairbanks, Barrow, Kotzebue and Nome.

An Alaska resident is...

- a person (including an alien) who is physically present in Alaska with the intent to remain indefinitely and make a home here, has maintained that person's domicile in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license, and is not claiming residency or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency in another state, territory, or country; **OR**
- a member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has been stationed in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license; **OR**
- a dependent of a resident member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has lived in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license. A person who does not otherwise qualify as a resident may not qualify by virtue of an interest in an Alaska business. (AS 16.05.415).

If you have any questions about your residency call your local Alaska Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement (telephone numbers are listed on page 4).

Buying your licenses and tags

Licenses and big game locking tags must be purchased and are available from most license vendors (sporting goods stores, etc.) at http://www.state.ak.us/adfg/admin/admhome.htm, by calling (800) 478-2376 or (907) 465-2376, or by mail from ADF&G's Licensing Section, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802. Hunting licenses and big game tags are valid from date of purchase through December 31 of that year (AS 16.05.350).

Low income licenses

You can buy a low income license for \$5 if your family earned less than \$8,200 (before taxes) for the preceding year, or if you obtained assistance during the preceding six months under any state or

federal welfare program. If requested, you must show proof of your income or welfare support. The \$5 license is for hunting, trapping and sport fishing; it is not a "subsistence" license -- you must still obtain any required harvest tickets, permits, or tags.

Special circumstances licenses Older Alaska residents

Resident hunters 60 years or older may obtain a free, permanent identification card. This replaces the annual sport fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses, and with this permanent ID, king salmon and state duck stamps are no longer required. However, any required harvest tickets, tags and permits are still needed.

Disabled veterans

Disabled veterans who are Alaska residents may qualify for a free hunting and fishing license. To receive this license you must have been honorably discharged from military service, be eligible for a loan under AS18.56.101, and be certified by the US Veteran's Administration as having incurred a 50 percent or greater disability during military service. Written proof from the VA is required at the time of application.

Other disabled residents can purchase a disabled license at the regular price. A disabled license pre-qualifies you for a proxy. The applicant must provide written proof that they receive at least 70% disability compensation from a government agency for a physical disability, or provide a written affidavit signed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in Alaska certifying that the person is at least 70% physically disabled.

Applications for special circumstances licenses are available at any Fish and Game office, but must be mailed to Alaska Department of Fish & Game Licensing Division, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802-5525 for processing. These licenses can **only** be issued by the Licensing Division in Juneau.

Nonresident/nonresident alien licenses and tags

Big game tags, metal locking objects that must be purchased and placed on the animal upon harvest, are required for all big game species. Harvest tickets may also be required. (See list below.)

A nonresident...

- is anyone who is not a resident of Alaska, but is a U.S. citizen.
- Nonresidents who hunt for sheep, goat, or brown bear must be accompanied in the field by a licensed guide or resident relative. See guide information at right.

A nonresident alien...

- is a citizen of a foreign country who is not a resident of the United States.
- Nonresident alien hunters must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide to hunt any big game animal.

All nonresidents, regardless of age, must have appropriate licenses. All nonresidents 10 years or older must also have appropriate tags and harvest reports. Nonresidents under the age of 10 will not be issued tags and harvest reports. (See *bag limit*, page 14.)

Nonresident big game tags

Nonresident and nonresident alien hunters must buy the appropriate locking tag before hunting a big game animal. Immediately after the kill, the tag must be locked on the animal. The tag must remain on the animal until the animal is prepared for storage, exported, or consumed. For animals such as bear, in units where the meat is not required to be salvaged, tags must be locked on the hide.

A big game tag may be used for a species of equal or lower value. For example, if you purchase a \$500 brown bear tag, but do not take a brown bear, and take a moose instead, you may use the bear tag on the moose, since the moose has a lesser tag value. You must then complete a harvest report for the moose, which requires that you obtain a harvest ticket before you hunt. However, you may not use a tag for an animal of a species you have already taken, unless the bag limit for that species is greater than one. A tag may not be used more than once, and two or more tags cannot be used on one animal.

Nonresident licenses

0.9
35
50
00

Nonresident tags

(Prices are for one tag each)

	black bear	\$225
76	* brown/grizzly bear	\$500
	bison	\$450
	caribou ¹	\$325
a	* Dall sheep1	\$425
	deer	\$150
	elk	\$300
	moose ¹	\$400
p	* mountain goat	\$300
	muskox	\$1,100
	wolf ²	\$30
	wolverine	\$175

Nonresident alien tags:

(Prices are for one tag each)

əje	black bear	\$300
2/6	brown/grizzly bear	\$650
	bison	
1/4	caribou ¹	\$425
aje	Dall sheep ¹	\$550
	deer	
1/4	elk	\$400
冰	moose ¹	\$500
*	mountain goat	\$400
	muskox\$	
	wolf ²	
	wolverine.	

- * guide required
- 1 harvest report required
- ² a tag is not required for wolves in Units 12, 13, 16, 19, and 20; however, a guide is still required for nonresident aliens.

Vendors: You may issue harvest tickets whether or not a locking tag has been purchased for a particular species. Contact any ADF&G office if you have questions.

Guide information

Nonresidents who hunt brown bear, Dall sheep or mountain goats must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide or be accompanied in the field by an Alaska resident 19 years or older who is within the second-degree of kindred. This means he or she, if not a registered guide, must be your: father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grand-child, brother/sister-in-law, son/daughter-in-law, father/mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson, or stepdaughter.

Nonresident aliens (non-U.S. citizens) hunting any big game must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide.

Hunters should be aware that except for a registered or master guide it is illegal for anyone to provide for compensation any supplies, equipment, or services (other than transportation) to a big game hunter in the field. In other words, transporters and individuals cannot legally provide for compensation vehicles, fuel, bear bait and/or stations, camping, hunting, or game processing equipment or any hunting services such as cleaning of game, glassing, packing, etc. from a permanent or nonpermanent structure in the field or on a boat on saltwater. Licensed transporters may provide transportation services and accommodations (room and board) only at a personally-owned permanent structure in the field, or on a boat on saltwater. It is illegal for a transporter to accompany or remain in the field at a nonpermanent structure with a big game hunter who is a client of the person except as necessary to perform transportation services. Unlicensed individuals cannot legally provide transportation service or accommodations for compensation.

A current list of licensed guides, transporters, and general information on guiding is available on the web site at http://www.commerce.state.ak.us/occ/pgui.htm or may be obtained by mail for \$5 from Alaska Department of Community & Economic Development, Division of Occupational Licensing, P.O. Box 110806, Juneau, AK 99811-0806, (907) 465-2543.

Military licenses and tags

All military personnel must comply with all Alaska regulations, regardless of where they hunt. License and tag requirements are explained below; however, harvest tickets or permits are also required, no matter where they hunt.

Resident military personnel

Active duty members of the military stationed in the state for the preceding 12 months, and their dependents living in the state for the preceding 12 months are considered residents. They must have appropriate resident licenses, harvest tickets, permits and tags to hunt anywhere in Alaska.

Nonresident military personnel hunting on military land

For the first 30 days, military personnel and their dependents must have a nonresident license and appropriate nonresident locking tags for big game hunting, regardless of where in Alaska they hunt. Active duty members of the military (not including dependents) who have been on duty at an installation or facility within Alaska for more than 30 days but less than 12 months may hunt big game on military land open to hunting without a license or nonresident tags.

Nonresident military personnel hunting off military land

Active duty members of the military, and their dependents, who have been on duty for more than 30 days but less than 12 months and are permanently stationed in Alaska, are nonresidents

for purposes of hunting anywhere other than military land in Alaska. In order to hunt big game, they must purchase a nonresident hunting license at full price and appropriate tag(s) at half of the nonresident rate. To hunt small game only, they must purchase a nonresident small game license.

Guide requirement: All nonresidents, including military personnel and their dependents hunting brown/grizzly bear, Dall sheep or mountain goat are required to be accompanied in the field by a registered guide or a relative within second-degree of kindred who is 19 years or older and an Alaska resident (See page 10.)

Disabled and elderly Alaskans

Definition of "70-percent disabled" - a person who presents to ADF&G either written proof that the person receives at least 70-percent disability compensation from a government agency for a physical disability or an affidavit signed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state, stating that the person is at least 70-percent physically disabled.

Proxy hunting for deer, caribou and moose

An Alaska resident (the beneficiary) may obtain an authorization allowing another Alaska resident (the proxy) to hunt deer, caribou, or moose for them if they are blind, 70-percent physically disabled, or 65 years of age or older.

Both beneficiary and proxy must have obtained licenses, regardless of age, and any necessary harvest tickets and/or permits, before applying for a Proxy Hunting Authorization at any ADF&G office or other issuing location. In addition, a written statement signed by an Alaska-licensed medical doctor stating the percentage of the disability is required if the beneficiary only qualifies due to disability. Either party may obtain the proxy hunting authorization form to be completed and signed by both parties.

Once validated, this authorization will allow the proxy to hunt for the beneficiary. As a proxy, you may hunt for the beneficiary and yourself at the same time, as long as the appropriate licenses, harvest tickets and/or permits for both hunters are in your possession. The beneficiary cannot hunt while the proxy is hunting for them, however, the beneficiary may fish while the proxy is hunting for them, with a copy of the appropriate fishing license.

A resident may not proxy hunt for more than one beneficiary at the same time. Likewise, a beneficiary may not have more than one person proxy hunting for them at the same time. A resident who is proxy hunting for another resident must have possession of the proxy form (validated by an authorized representative), the beneficiary's hunting license, permit, and all other documents issued to the beneficiary that are required by law as a condition of taking game for that hunt and species. In addition, the proxy hunter must also have a current hunting license and carry all the documents required by law as a condition of taking game for that hunt. For example, if a person wants to proxy hunt in an archery-only area, both the proxy and the beneficiary must have successfully completed a department-approved bow hunting education course (IBEP or equivalent).

The beneficiary is responsible for all harvest and permit reporting, whether or not the proxy is successful. The proxy is responsible for providing the beneficiary with the information necessary for the beneficiary to properly report. The proxy hunting authorization may not be used in federal subsistence registration hunts. Complete details of proxy hunting are available at ADF&G offices.

Other disability provisions

Those who are at least 70-percent physically disabled qualify for the special provisions outlined below:

A person with physical disabilities may take big game from a boat in Units 1-5, and may take black bear from a boat in Unit 6D, if they obtain a disability permit. Applications are available at the ADF&G office nearest the hunt area.

A person with physical disabilities may shoot game from a motorized vehicle in portions of Units 7 and 15 within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge. This person must require a wheelchair for mobility, obtain a permit from ADF&G and be in compliance with Kenai National Wildlife Refuge regulations. ADF&G may require that the permit holder be accompanied by another hunter with a valid hunting license capable of assisting with the retrieval of game taken by the permit holder. For more information on acquiring a permit to hunt within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge, contact the ADF&G office in Soldotna at (907) 262-9368.

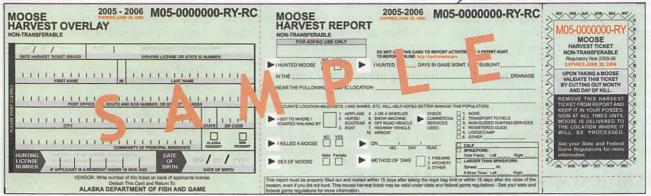
For further information on disability provisions, contact the ADA coordinator at (907) 465-4100.



General season hunts, harvest tickets and reports

General season hunts are the least restrictive hunts. These hunts are generally open to most people and require less pre planning than permit hunts. They are not managed as conservatively as permit hunts and are subject to fewer emergency closures. These hunts are indicated in the Unit sections with the word "Harvest" in the "permit/ticket required" column Reporting your harvest is mandatory for most big game species. You must submit a harvest report for every harvest ticket you possess (except deer), even if you did not hunt. The following information explains how to complete harvest tickets and reports.

Use this number when referencing your harvest reports.



This portion stays with the vendor and is returned to Fish & Game for hunt administration.

Complete and return this portion, after your hunt. You may also report online at http://hunt.alaska.gov.

Complete this portion in the field if your hunt is successful.

Harvest tickets

Harvest tickets are required in general season hunts for deer, moose, caribou and sheep, and are available free from license vendors and ADF&G offices. They are valid from the date issued through the following June. Each harvest ticket number must be written on the back of your hunting license. The numbers of harvest tickets issued the previous calendar year which are still valid must be transferred to the back of a new hunting license.

Harvest tickets are not required for hunts where drawing, registration, or Tier II permits are required.

Your harvest ticket(s) must be carried in the field and must be validated by cutting out the month and day immediately upon taking game. You must keep each validated harvest ticket(s) in your possession until that animal has been delivered to the location where it will be processed for consumption. 5, you must use your harvest tickets in sequential order, and you must carry any unused tickets on your person whenever you are hunting.

Hunters under 10 years old at the start of the hunt cannot have their own big game bag limit, so they cannot have a harvest ticket. The young hunter is allowed to hunt only on behalf of an adult harvest ticket holder, and under the direct immediate supervision of that adult. The adult harvest ticket holder must be a licensed hunter, 18 or older, and is responsible for ensuring all legal requirements are met. (See *bag limit*, page 14.)

Harvest reports

Harvest tickets (except for deer) come with harvest reports attached to them. The report portion need not be carried in the field, but must be mailed or delivered within 15 days of taking the bag limit, or within 15 days after the close of the season, even if you did not hunt or did not take an animal. For deer, random surveys are mailed to hunters to gather harvest data.

Reporting online

In many cases, hunters may now report their hunting activities online at http://hunt.alaska.gov.

Filing your hunt reports electronically has many advantages over reporting by mail. Using this system, you can be sure we have received your report. Online reporting allows you to verify which reports you have filed and which you have not.

When you file online, you will immediately see a confirmation number, and you will receive a certified receipt by e-mail. If there is ever a question, we will accept this receipt as proof that you filed your report. There is no need to mail in reports for those hunts you have already reported online. And when you file electronically, you'll help save printing, postage, and labor costs. Not all hunts have this option available.

If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized license vendor within the area.

If you give false information when applying for a license, permit, tag, or harvest ticket, these documents are void and you have broken the law. It is illegal to alter, change, loan, or transfer any license, permit, tag, or harvest ticket issued to you, and you may not use anyone else's license, tag, or harvest ticket. There is an exception provided for those who are blind, disabled, or 65 or older. (See *proxy hunting*, page 11.) (AS 16.05.405(a)). A person who has had hunting license privileges revoked/suspended in any other state may not purchase an Alaska license during the period of the revocation/suspension. (AS 16.05.330(d)).

Permit hunts

Hunters under 10 years old at the start of the hunt cannot have their own bag limit and cannot obtain a permit. (see bag limits, pg 14.)

When hunter demand is higher than a game population can sustain, harvest is often restricted by permits. Four kinds of permit hunts are used: drawing, registration, Tier II and community harvest. Each type of hunt is described below:

Drawing permit hunts

These hunts limit harvest by restricting the number of hunters. Hunters apply for permits (in May or November) and pay a nonrefundable application fee. Permits are selected by random lottery.

Prior to application for drawing permits, the applicant must obtain or have applied by mail or internet for the appropriate hunting license. If you have a hunting license, the license number must appear on the drawing permit application or the application will become void. This license requirement does not apply to nonresident military applying to hunt on military land or residents under the age of 16.

Details about permit hunts and applications are included in the Drawing Permit Hunt Supplements, available at hunting license vendors and ADF&G offices or online at http://wildlife.alaska.gov/license form/permit/pmthunt.cfm.

Two drawing hunt periods are held each year. Spring hunt supplements are available in early May with an application deadline of May 31 and Winter hunt supplements are available in November with an deadline of December 6.

Registration permit hunts

These hunts do not usually limit the number of permits, although a few registration hunts limit the number of permits on a first-come-first-serve basis. Seasons will be closed if a harvest goal is met, Registration permit hunts are listed in this book and permits are issued at ADF&G offices and at limited locations in or near the hunt area. In most cases you must apply in person, but some hunts allow application by mail or online. Registration hunts have very specific hunt boundaries.

NEW! Note: a person may be limited to one big game registration permit at a time in Units 1, 17 and 20 E.

For Residents Only: Tier II Subsistence permit hunts

These hunts are held when there isn't enough game to satisfy all subsistence needs. Hunters must answer questions on the application concerning their dependence on the game for their livelihood and availability of alternative resources. Applications are scored based on responses to the questionnaire and permits are issued to those with the highest scores. Details about Tier II sub-

sistence permit hunts and applications are included in a Tier II Permit Supplement which is available in early May at license vendors and ADF&G offices or online at http://wildlife.alaska.gov/license_form/permit/pmthunt.cfm. The application period for Tier II hunts is the month of May.

Community harvest permits

These permits may be issued to groups of people to hunt big game where the Board of Game has established a community harvest hunt area, and they are available only to Alaska residents. This type of permit accommodates local hunting practices and creates a group bag limit, rather than an individual bag limit. Hunters who sign up for a community harvest permit during a given regulatory year cannot also hunt for the same species under other regulations during the same regulatory year covered by the community harvest permit, except in specific circumstances. Other people can hunt in a Community Harvest Area; however, they will have an individual bag limit. There are currently two designated community harvest areas: Chalkyitsik and Yukon Flats.

Maps of hunt areas are available online at www.wildlife.alaska.gov/gis/index.cfm and the ADF&G office nearest to the hunt area.

Permit harvest tickets and reports

Hunters who receive a permit in one of the above hunts agree to specific conditions and reporting requirements. Permits will to be denied to people who have failed to previously report harvest in any other permit hunt. This is now a mandatory requirement. The following conditions and procedures apply to permit harvest tickets and reports for all permit hunts:

- · A permit harvest ticket is not valid until you sign it.
- · You must carry the permit harvest ticket while hunting.
- You may not transfer your permit to another hunter (except by proxy authorization and community harvest).
- You may apply for a permit as an Alaska resident only if you qualify as a resident by the start date of the hunt.
- You must validate the permit harvest ticket by cutting out the month and day immediately upon taking game.
- You must keep the validated permit harvest ticket in your possession until the animal has been processed for consumption.
- Everyone issued a permit must complete and return the permit harvest report, including those who did not hunt, those who were unsuccessful, and those who were successful. If you fail to return the report, you will be ineligible for any permits the following regulatory year.
- You must complete and return the permit harvest report to ADF&G within the time period specified on the permit.



Complete this in the field if your hunt is successful.

Complete and return this portion, after your hunt. You may also report online at http://hunt.alaska.gov for some hunts.

Bag limit (the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take during a regulatory year)

Bag limits are assigned by unit or portions of units. A bag limit applies to a regulatory year (July 1 - June 30) unless otherwise specified, and includes animals taken for any purpose, including subsistence.

You may hunt a species if the bag limit in your hunt area is greater than the number of animals of that species you have already taken anywhere in the state. If the limit is greater, you may take the number of animals needed to reach the limit. For example: if you took one black bear from Unit 6 (which has a limit of one black bear) and then go to Unit 9 (which has a limit of three black bears), you may take up to two more black bears in Unit 9. But if you hunt in Unit 9 first (limit of three black bears) and kill one black bear, you may

not hunt black bear in Unit 6 (limit of one black bear) within the same regulatory year because you have attained the bag limit for that unit. When there is a hunting season and a trapping season for the same species, the bag limit under hunting regulations is separate from the bag limit for trapping. For example, the hunting bag limit in Unit 23 is two lynx. The trapping bag limit is three lynx. If you buy both a hunting and trapping license, you may take five lynx, two by hunting and three by trapping. Hunting bag limits are listed by unit in this book. Otherwise, see trapping regulations.

Animals disturbed while hunting do not count against your bag limit; however, a person who has wounded game should make every reasonable effort to retrieve and salvage that game.

Big game taken by a youth hunter is counted against the bag limit of the adult supervising their hunt.

A hunter who is younger than 10 may take big game only under the direct, immediate supervision of a licensed adult at least 18 years old. The animal taken must be counted against the adult's bag limit. The adult is responsible for ensuring that all legal requirements are met. Individuals must comply with big game tag requirements, if applicable, and adults must validate their harvest tickets or permits. (See harvest tickets, page 12.)

Hunter Education in Alaska --- it's not just for kids

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game offers three types of Hunter Education Courses: Basic Hunter Education, Bowhunter Education (IBEP), and Muzzleloader Education.

ADF&G courses are taught by volunteer instructors in many areas of the state. These courses are popular and fill up quickly. Do *not* wait until the last minute to sign up. Call the nearest ADF&G office, visit the Hunter Education web site at www.huntereducation.alaska.gov, or call 907-267-2187 for information.

Requirements for young hunters intending to hunt in Units 7, 13, 14, 15, and 20:

If you are under 16 years of age, you must have either successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course or be under the direct immediate supervision of a licensed hunter who has successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course.

If you are 16 or older, and were born after January 1, 1986, you must have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course before you hunt.

If you have successfully completed a hunter education course elsewhere, check to see if it you need to attend the Alaska course. ADF&G recognizes approved hunter education courses from other states.

Requirements for all hunters:

All hunters must successfully complete a Basic Hunter Education course before hunting in the following areas:

- Eagle River Management Area (14C) for black bear and small game
- Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge
 (14C -- shotgun hunters only)
- Mendenhall Wetlands State Game Refuge (1C); 15 years old or younger must be accompanied by an adult, or must have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course
- All Army lands
- Palmer/Wasilla Management Area (shotgun for big game)
- Hunter education is mandatory in all lower 49 states as well

Hunters wishing to hunt in a weapons restricted area (archery, muzzleloader, or shotgun) must successfully complete a course for the weapon with which they will be hunting. Certain Alaskan archery and muzzleloader drawing permit hunts also require the successful hunter to be in possession of a Basic Hunter Education card. Weapons certification does not satisfy the Basic Hunter Education course which may also be required, and Basic Hunter Education does not satisfy archery or muzzleloader certifications. Be sure to read your drawing permit application and *do not* wait until the last

minute to attend a Basic Hunter Education class. There are sufficient classes offered, but you must plan ahead.

Hunter Education contact numbers:

Southeast 907-586-4101 Southcentral 907-267-2373 Interior/Arctic 907-459-7375

Hunter Education volunteers

Each year, ADF&G trains volunteer instructors to provide quality training and education to thousands of Alaskans, teaching Basic Hunter Education, Archery and Muzzleloader Certification courses.

Common themes taught in each of these courses are hunter responsibility, ethics, wildlife conservation, management and the safe handling of firearms, muzzleloaders and archery equipment.

In 2004, these volunteers donated hundreds of hours of their time teaching 189 classes to nearly 3,000 students. Without their dedication, Alaska would not have a state Hunter Education program.

Thanks to their hard work, hunters of all ages, and especially young people, have received the solid foundation that will ensure the future of Alaska's rich hunting heritage.

General hunting restrictions and applications and applications and applications are sent and applications and applications are sent and applications

You MAY NOT take game by:

- Shooting on, from, or across the driveable surface of any constructed road or highway.
- Driving, herding, harassing, or molesting game with any motorized vehicle such as an aircraft, snowmachine, motor boat, etc.
- Pursuing with a vehicle an animal that is fleeing.
- Taking game from a motorized land vehicle. You must be off or out of any motorized vehicle before shooting, EXCEPT:
- -- You may take game from a snow-machine if the motor has been shut off and the snowmachine is not moving.
- -- In Units 22 and 23, you may use a snowmachine to position caribou to select an animal for harvest provided that animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine.
- -- A snowmachine may be used to take a wolf in areas where wolf control implementation plans have been adopted by the Board of Game (BOG) or in Unit 19, and on non-federal lands in Unit 18, provided the animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine.
- Snowmachines and ATVs may be used to take wolves in Units 9B, 9C, 9E and 17, provided that animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine or ATV. This is not allowed on any National Park Service or National Wildlife Refuge lands unless approved by the federal agencies.
 - -- In Units 7 and 15 with a permit (see page 11).
 - Shooting animals from a moving snowmachine, EXCEPT
 - -- A snowmachine may be used to take a wolf in areas where wolf control implementation plans have been adopted by the Board of Game (BOG) as long as the moving snowmachine is not used to drive, harrass, herd, or molest a wolf (resulting in the animal altering its behavior).
 - Taking game from a motor-driven boat if the boat is still moving because of the motor, EXCEPT caribou may be taken from a moving motor-driven boat in Units 23 and 26.

- Shooting big game in Units 1-5 or black bear in Unit 6D from a boat, unless you have obtained a disability permit (see page 11).
- Using a helicopter for hunting or for transporting hunters, hunting gear, game meat, trophies, or any equipment used to pursue or retrieve game, EXCEPT helicopter use may be authorized to rescue hunters, gear, or game in a life-threatening situation.
- Using poison or other substances that temporarily incapacitate wildlife, without written permission from the Board of Game.
- Using a crossbow in a restricted weapons hunt, EXCEPT you may use a crossbow in any hunt that does not restrict weapons.
- Using a bow that shoots more than one arrow at a time.
- Using a machine gun, set gun, or shotgun larger than 10 gauge.
- Using a pit, fire, artificial light, laser sight, electronically-enhanced night vision scope, radio communication, cellular or satellite telephone, artificial salt lick, explosive, expanding as arrow, bomb, smoke, or chemical, EXCEPT:
 - Scent lures may be used with a black bear baiting permit, or for ungulates.
 - Rangefinders and electronic calls may be used.
 - Communications equipment may be used for safety; however, they may not be used to aid in the taking of game.
 - -- Artificial light may be used only in conjunction with a single, leashed dog in tracking and dispatching a wounded big game animal.
- Using a trap or a snare to take big game, fur animals, waterfowl, cranes or snipe, EXCEPT you may take grouse, hare, ptarmigan, or unclassified game with a snare (see definitions of fur animals and unclassified game, pages 22-23).
- Intentionally or negligently feeding moose, bear, wolf, fox, or wolverine, or intentionally leaving food or garbage in a manner that attracts these animals.

Some common violations

Leaving the kill site for any reason without first validating your harvest ticket or permit (see *Harvest tickets* on page 12 and *Permits* on page 13).

Failing to salvage all meat of big game animals (except wolves and wolverines) and wildfowl for human consumption. Some restrictions apply to bears taken at certain times of the year in specific areas. If you don't want all of the meat, contact someone in the nearest community and offer them the meat. You may legally transfer the meat to another person. (See Salvage, page 18, Transfer of Possession, page 19, and Definition of Edible Meat on page 22.)

Failing to leave evidence of sex naturally attached to the meat when the hunt is restricted to one sex. Antlers are not proof of sex, except for deer when the antlers are naturally attached to an entire carcass with or without the viscera. Horns are proof of sex for Dall sheep; both horns must be salvaged. In most units, the evidence of sex must remain attached to bears (See Evidence of sex, page 24).

Transporting antlers or horns to the departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.,) before bringing out the meat. Antlers or horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat (See Furs, hides, skulls, page 19).

Leaving any part of a harvested animal on a public road or right-of-way is littering and is illegal. Leave guts, hides, etc., in the field, out of sight of roads and trails.

Driving a motorized land vehicle across or through a stream in which salmon, steelhead, sea run cutthroat, Dolly Varden, Arctic Char, sheefish, or whitefish spawn, rear, or migrate. Protected streams are listed in the Anadromous Waters Catalog and Atlas which may be viewed at DNR Habitat Management offices.

Big game hunting restrictions

Big game means black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Dall sheep, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskox, wolf, and wolverine.

In addition to the general hunting restrictions listed on page 15, big game <u>MAY NOT</u> be taken by the following methods:

- Using a rimfire firearm EXCEPT you may use .22 caliber rimfire cartridges to take swimming caribou from a boat in Units 23 and 26.
- Shooting big game animals while they are swimming EXCEPT caribou in Units 23 and 26.
- Hunting big game with a muzzleloading rifle, unless it is at least .45 caliber or larger.
- Hunting big game with a muzzleloading rifle equipped with a scope during any special season for muzzleloading firearms only.
- · Hunting big game with a bow, unless
- (a) the bow is at least:
 - (1) 40 pounds peak draw weight when hunting blacktailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep, and caribou;
 - (2) 50 pounds peak draw weight when hunting mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox, and hison:
 - (b) the arrow is tipped with a broadhead, at least 20 inches in overall length, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
 - (c) the broadhead is:
 - (1) a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade type broadhead when taking black-tailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep and caribou;
 - (2) a fixed or replaceable blade type broadhead for taking mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox and bison; and
 - (3) not barbed
- Use of electronic devices or light attached to a bow, arrow, or arrowhead with the exception of a non-illuminating camera or the use of a lighted nock on the end of the arrow.
- Use of scopes or other devices attached to the bow or arrow for optical enhancement.
- Use of any mechanical device that anchors a nocked arrow at full or partial draw unaided by the bowhunter.
- Hunting with the aid or use of a dog, EXCEPT dogs may
 be used to hunt black bears under a nontransferable permit, issued to an individual who qualifies under the permit
 conditions established in 5 AAC 92.068; and a single,
 leashed dog may be used in tracking and dispatching a
 wounded big game animal.

- Taking a cub bear or a sow accompanied by cub(s). Cub bear means a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.
- Use of bait, EXCEPT for black bears under specific conditions (see Baiting requirements, page 27, and the definition of bait, page 22).
- Shooting big game in Units 1-5 or black bear in Unit 6D from a boat, unless you have a permit for a physical disability (see Disability provisions, page 11).

Same day airborne:

It is against the law to hunt or help someone else take big game until 3:00 a.m. the day following the day you have flown. This does not apply if you have flown on a regularly scheduled commercial or commuter airplane.

You may hunt deer the same day airborne. You may hunt caribou the same day you have flown, Jan 1 - Apr 15 in Units 9B, 17B, that portion of 17C east of the Nushagak River, Unit 22 (where caribou season is open). You may hunt caribou in Unit 8 throughout the year, provided you are 300 feet from the airplane.

Communication equipment may not be used in the taking of game, or to aid in the taking of game.

Fur animal hunting restrictions

Fur animals means beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, flying squirrel, ground squirrel, and red squirrel.

Fur animals <u>MAY NOT</u> be taken under the hunting regulations by the following methods:

- with a dog, trap, snare, net, or fish trap.
- by disturbing or destroying dens.
- the same day you have been airborne, unless you are at least 300 feet from the airplane.
- with a nonresident small game license.

Furbearer restrictions

River otter, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, or marmot are furbearers and may be taken only under trapping regulations with a trapping license.

Restricted weapons hunts regulations

Bow and arrow or muzzleloaders may be used to hunt during any open season unless otherwise restricted. "Certified bowhunters only" or "bow and arrow only" or "muzzleloader only" hunts or areas specifically exclude the use of other weapons, including crossbows.

Archery/Bow and Arrow

In any hunt or area specifically restricted to bow and arrow only, you MAY NOT:

- · hunt with a crossbow
- hunt with a bow designed to shoot more than one arrow at a time
- · hunt with expanding gas arrows, or
- hunt using chemicals or poisons or substances that temporarily incapacitate wildlife.

Equipment:

You **MAY NOT** hunt big game with a bow, *unless*:

- (a) the bow is at least:
 - (1) 40 pounds peak draw weight when hunting black-tailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep, and caribou;
 - (2) 50 pounds peak draw weight when hunting mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox, and bison;
- (b) the arrow is tipped with a broadhead, at least 20 inches in overall length, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
- (c) the broadhead is:
 - a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade-type broadhead when taking blacktailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep and caribou;
 - (2) a fixed or replaceable blade type broadhead for taking mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox and bison; and
 - (3) not barbed.

You MAY NOT use electronic devices or lights attached to the bow, arrow, or arrowhead with the exception of a non-illuminating camera or a lighted nock on the end of the arrow.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> use scopes or other devices attached to the bow or arrow for optical enhancement.

You MAY NOT use any mechanical device that anchors a nocked arrow at full or partial draw unaided by the bowhunter.

Muzzleloader

You **MAY NOT** use a muzzleloading rifle:

- to hunt big game unless such a firearm is at least .45 caliber or larger.
- equipped with a scope during any permitted, registered, or special season hunt for muzzleloading rifles only.

Definitions:

"Bow" means a longbow, recurve bow or compound bow; that is, a device for launching an arrow which derives its propulsive energy solely from the bending and recovery of two limbs. The device must be hand-held and hand-drawn by a single and direct pulling action of the bowstring by the shooter with the shooter's fingers or a hand-held or wrist-attached release aid. The energy used to propel the arrow may not be derived from hydraulic, pneumatic, explosive or mechanical devices, but may be derived from the mechanical advantage provided by wheels or cams so long as the available energy is stored in the bent limbs of the bow. No portion of the bow's riser (handle) or an attachment to the bow's riser may contact, support or guide the arrow from a point rearward of the bowstring when strung and at rest. "Bow" does not include a crossbow or any device which has a gun-type stock or incorporates any mechanism that holds the bowstring at partial or full draw without the shooter's muscle power;

"Broadhead" means an arrowhead with two or more sharp cutting edges having a minimum cutting diameter of seven-eighths (7/8) inch;

"Bow peak draw weight" means the peak poundage at which the bow is drawn through or held at full draw by the shooter at the shooters draw length;

"Mechanical or retractable broadhead" means a broadhead with cutting edges that are retracted during flight and open upon impact to a minimum cutting diameter of not less than seven-eighths inch (7/8") and does not lock open after impact to create fixed barbs;

"Barbed" means an arrowhead with any fixed portion of the rear edge of the arrowhead forming an angle less than 90 degrees with the shaft when measured from the nock end of the arrow.

License requirements:

You must be in possession of a resident or nonresident hunting license and appropriate harvest ticket, permit and locking tag for all restricted weapons hunts. No special license or stamp is required.

Education requirements

Bowhunters:

An IBEP or equivalent certification is required to:

- hunt big game with a bow and arrow in any weapons restricted hunt.
- apply for drawing permits restricting the taking of big game by archery.
- hunt black bears over bait with a bow and arrow in Units 7 and 14-16.

ADF&G currently offers the International Bowhunter Education Program (IBEP) course through volunteer instructors. The course includes a shooting proficiency test. Names of instructors and course dates are available at regional ADF&G offices.

Muzzleloaders:

You may not hunt with a muzzleloading rifle in any hunt or area with weapon restrictions for the taking of big game unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G-approved muzzleloader hunter education course that includes ballistic limitations of muzzleloading weapons and a proficiency test.

Shotgunners:

You may not hunt for big game with a shotgun in a restricted weapons hunt unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G-approved basic hunter education course.

Salvage and possession of game

(Salvage of meat means to transport the edible meat to the location where it will be processed or consumed. See page 23.)

Successful hunters must validate their harvest ticket or permit immediately upon taking game. Once you have validated your harvest, you can begin to salvage. Edible meat in all cases must be salvaged, and the following information will help you understand what other requirements may be necessary for salvaging game.

Evidence of sex

Hides of all brown bears, and of black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, 19D, and 20 must have the penis sheath or vaginal orifice naturally attached during transport or until sealed. (See *definitions*, pages 22-23).

If you kill a big game animal (other than a sheep) where the bag limit is restricted to one sex, you must keep enough of the sex organs (penis, scrotum, testicles, udder, teats, vaginal orifice) naturally attached to part of a rear quarter to show the sex of the animal. Antlers are not proof of sex, except for deer when the antlers are naturally attached to an entire carcass with or without the viscera.

Horns are evidence of sex for Dall sheep, and they must be kept with sheep meat until it is butchered or processed for storage. Horns may be transported simultaneously with the final load of meat.

Antler salvage

Antlers must be salvaged where there are antler restrictions. Antlers must remain naturally attached to the unbroken/uncut skull plate if the required number of brow tines aren't present.

In all big game hunts with antler restrictions, you may not possess or transport the animal unless both antlers accompany the final load of meat.

Salvage of furs and hides

You must salvage the hide of a wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, or lynx. You must also salvage either the hide or meat of beaver and ground squirrel.

You must salvage the entire hide (including claws attached) and skull of a brown/grizzly bear unless it was taken in (and not removed from) one of the subsistence hunt areas under a subsistence registration permit (see page 25). Salvage requirements for black bear are listed on page 26.

Meat salvage

Wanton waste of big game meat is an extremely serious offense punishable by a fine of up to \$5,000 and 1 year in jail.

You must salvage all of the meat of moose, caribou, sheep, mountain goat, wild reindeer, deer, elk, bison, muskox, spring black bear, and small game birds for which seasons and bag limits exist. You must also salvage either the hide or meat of beaver and ground squirrel; for birds, the breasts must be salvaged.

Big game meat you must salvage (excluding black bear) includes meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock), and meat along the backbone between the front and hind quarters. It does not include meat of the head, guts, bones, sinew, and meat left on the bones after close trimming, or meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the bullet or arrow.

When the salvage of black bear meat is required, you must salvage the meat of the front quarters and hindquarters and meat along the backbone (backstrap). (See *bear information*, pages 24-27.)

Edible meat in all cases must be salvaged, however in some units meat must be left on the bone prior to Oct 1. Where meat of moose and/or caribou must be left on the bone, quarters may be cut into pieces, provided the meat remains naturally attached to the bone.

Meat that must be left on bone when salvaged

FQ= front quarters HQ=hindquarters R = ribs

Unit	Caribou	Moose
9B	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
17	FQ, HQ,	FQ, HQ
18	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
19A, Holitna/Hoholitna CUA		
	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
19B	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
21A	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ, R
21B, C, D, E		
	None	FQ, HQ, R
23	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
24	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R

You must salvage meat unless it has been stolen, taken or destroyed by a wild animal, lost to unanticipated weather conditions or other acts of God, or given to someone who accepts responsibility for salvaging and removing the meat from the field.

You may not possess the horns or antlers of a big game animal unless you also salvaged and removed the meat of the animal from the field. You may possess horns or antlers if they were given to you by someone who salvaged and removed the meat from the field, or if you have already eaten the meat of the animal you killed.



Hunters: help fight hunger in Alaska

Hunters have donated thousands of pounds of wild meat to charitable organizations in recent years. Such donations of unprocessed meat are legal and can represent a significant contribution to their programs. Hunters are encouraged to consider donating surplus or unneeded moose, caribou, or deer carcasses to Food Bank of Alaska. With prior

notification, some air carriers will fly donated carcasses to Anchorage at no cost to the hunter. Check with air carrier(s) in your hunt area before taking the carcass to an airport for flight information and other details. Food Bank of Alaska will pay for processing costs in Anchorage. The finished product will be donated to shelters, soup kitchens and more than 250 other agencies serving the needy statewide. Use the Transfer of Possession form on the inside back cover of this publication or create your own to donate the meat to Food Bank of Alaska. For further information on donating unprocessed game, call 907-272-3663.

Transporting requirements

You must transport all meat to your departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.,) before transporting antlers or horns from the kill site. Antlers and horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat. After leaving the field, antlers or horns being transported must be accompanied by all edible meat unless possession of the meat has been transferred to and accepted by someone else (see Transfer of Possession below).

Field means an area outside established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other developments usually associated with a city, town, or village. Field does not include permanent hotels or road houses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

Transfer of possession

Transfer of possession form can be found on the inside back cover of this publication.

Unprocessed meat and other game parts may be transferred to others permanently (given as a gift) or may be transferred temporarily for the purpose of transport. In doing so, both you and the person taking possession must be able to provide a signed statement that includes: both of your names and addresses, when and where the game was taken, and what specific game or parts of game changed hands. You must show this statement and the meat to an ADF&G representative if asked. The statement may be created at the time of the request.

It is your responsibility to make sure that game is legally taken before you accept or transport it. If you accept game or parts of game from someone else, either permanently as a gift or temporarily in order to transport that game, it becomes your responsibility to salvage all edible meat for human consumption.

Illegally taken game

Any game animal taken illegally is the property of the state. If you mistakenly take an animal you thought was legal, you should salvage the meat and/or the hide and skull if required.

You may transport game taken illegally only if your purpose is to salvage and transport the game to the nearest office of ADF&G or Alaska Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement to surrender it to an authorized representative.

If you comply with this regulation, you will not be prosecuted for illegally possessing the animal, and you are less likely to be punished severely for illegally taking the animal.

You may not possess, transport, give away, receive, or barter any illegally taken game or game parts.

Road kills

Any wildlife killed or injured by a vehicle belongs to the state. If your vehicle hits and injures or kills a big game animal, you must notify the Alaska State Troopers, Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement, as soon as possible.

Marked or tagged game

If you take an animal that has been marked or tagged, you must notify the department when and where you took it. If sealing is required, any tag, collar, tattoo, or other identification must be retained with the hide until someone from the department has sealed it. In all cases, this identifying material must be returned to the department.

Sealing requirements

Sealing means having an authorized ADF&G representative place a locking seal on an animal hide and/or skull.

Hunters must present the required items **unfrozen** (hide and skull for bears; hide only for lynx, wolf, and wolverine; ram horns attached to the skull plate for sheep) in person. The sealing officer asks questions about when, where and how the animal was taken, and may measure the skull and take some biological samples.

The seal must remain on the hide and/or skull until it has been transported from Alaska or until tanning process has begun.

If you are unable to bring in an animal for sealing within the required time, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form so another person can have the animal sealed. This form must be presented at the time of sealing.

Where sealing is required, wolves, wolverine, lynx, sheep, brown bears, and black bears must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. (See *bear information*, pages 24-27).

Sealing is required for:

- brown/grizzly bears except those taken in and not removed from the brown bear subsistence areas under a subsistence registration permit (see *Bear hunting information*, pages 24-27)
- black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20
- black bear hides taken in Unit 19D between Jan 1-May 31, if removed from Unit 19.
- any untanned bear hide or skull transported or exported from Alaska
- sheep rams taken in areas with horn restrictions in Units 7, 9, 11-16, 19, 20, and 23-26
- · lynx, wolf, and wolverine

Check the information relative to your particular hunt to see if there are sealing requirements.

Remember, all hides and skulls must be unfrozen at the time of sealing.

Exporting meat or other wildlife parts

State export requirements: Raw furs

If you ship a raw skin of a beaver, coyote, fox, lynx, squirrel, wolf, or wolverine from Alaska, you must first obtain a raw fur export permit/report. The blue permit (shipping tag) with attached export report (postcard) is available from ADF&G, post offices and commercial cargo carriers. The raw fur export tag must be filled out and attached to any package containing raw fur. The post office or cargo carrier may not accept raw skins unless an export permit is attached. The preaddressed report card portion must be filled out and mailed.

Federal export requirements: Shipping between states

If you ship any wildlife parts between states, packages must be conspicuously marked on the outside with both the name and address of the shipper and consignee, and an accurate list of the package contents by species and number of each species. As a courtesy, shipping tags that will satisfy the federal requirement of marking packages shipped between states are available from all ADF&G and Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement offices. While the shipping tags are not required, the information they request is required.

Shipping outside the United States

As well as the above requirements if you ship any wildlife parts or products out of the United States, federal regulations require that you complete a "Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife" (Form #3-177), available online at www.le.fws.gov/pdffiles/3-177-1.pdf. In addition, if you ship hides, skulls, meat or products of brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters out of the United States, you must first obtain a federal "CITES Export Permit". These forms are not available through ADF&G, but are available at the US Fish and Wildlife offices listed at right.



Captain Mel Grove of Elmendorf Air Force Base took his first black bear with a bow while hunting in Prince William Sound GMU 6D out of Valdez with his son, Seth.

Transporting to or through Canada

If you take any wildlife parts or products out of the United States, federal regulations require that you complete a "Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife" (Form #3-177) available online at www.le.fws.gov/pdffiles/3-177-1.pdf. In addition, if you transport hides, skulls, meat, or products of brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters you are required to have either a CITES permit or a "Personal Effects Exemption Certificate". This certificate will allow you to transport these items as noncommercial items accompanying personal baggage without a CITES permit into or through Canada to other states. For further information and forms, contact:

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Import/Export Office in Anchorage (907) 271-6198

Law Enforcement Offices

in Fairbanks (907) 456-2335 in Ketchikan (907) 225-2254

or

Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge in Tok (907) 883-5312

"Personal Effects Exemption Certificates" are also available at ADF&G offices in Juneau, Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, Haines, Soldotna, and Tok.

What's Happening and When?

January New hunting licenses, bear tags, nonresident tags needed

February Plan your hunting trip, call for information

Winter Drawing permits awarded

March Spring Board of Game meeting

May Spring Drawing and Tier II permit materials available. Applications due by end of month.

June Spring Drawing and Tier II permit

applications processed

July New hunting regulation book available

Spring Drawing and Tier II permits awarded New harvest tickets for the regulatory year

Aug-Sept Most fall hunting seasons begin. Proposals

due for Fall Board of Game meeting

November Fall Board of Game meeting.

Winter Drawing permit materials available.

December Winter Drawing permit applications due Dec 6. Proposals due for Spring Board of

Game meeting.

Use of game

Game taken under a hunting license MAY NOT be used for the following purposes:

(exceptions noted)

Buying, selling, or bartering of game meat, EXCEPT hares; caribou meat may be bartered in Units 22-26, but the bartered caribou meat cannot be taken out of these units.

Buying, selling, or bartering of any part of a black or brown/grizzly bear, EXCEPT an article of handicraft made from the fur of a bear. (See definition of handicraft, page 22).

Buying, selling, or bartering of any untanned, unsealed beaver (EXCEPT in Units 12, 18-26), lynx, wolf, or wolverine pelt.

Buying, selling, or bartering of any big game animal skulls taken under a hunting license.

Buying, selling, or bartering horns or antlers, UNLESS they have been

naturally shed or have been completely removed from any part of the skull. However, in Unit 23, you MAY NOT remove caribou antlers from the skull and buy, sell or barter them, UNLESS they have been transformed into a handicraft (see definitions, page 22).

In Unit 23, you may buy, sell, or barter naturally shed, unmodified caribou antlers, AS LONG AS the pedicel is still attached to the antler.

In Unit 23, you may remove caribou antlers from the skull for your own use, but you MAY NOT sell them before they are transformed into a handicraft.

Buying, selling, bartering, advertising, or otherwise offering for sale or barter a big game trophy, including any trophy made from any part of a big game animal. Using the meat of game as bait or food for pets and livestock. However, you MAY use the following as bait or food for pets or livestock:

• the skin, guts, heads, or bones of game legally taken or killed by vehicles, after the salvage of edible meat,

• brown bear meat (EXCEPT that taken under a subsistence brown bear management permit),

 black bear meat taken June 1 - Dec 31 (as long as the black bear hide was salvaged),

• the skinned carcasses of furbearers and fur animals, and the meat from small game (other than birds) and unclassified game, and

• game that died of natural causes MAY be used as bait, AS LONG AS the game is not moved from the location where it was found. Natural causes does not include death caused by man.

Emergency taking of game

In Defense of Life or Property

You may kill game animals in defense of your life or property if you did not provoke an attack or cause a problem by negligently leaving human or pet food or garbage in a manner that attracts wildlife and if you have done everything else you can to protect your life and property.

Property means your dwelling, means of travel, pets or livestock, fish drying racks, or other valuable property necessary for your livelihood or survival.

The meat of a game animal that you have legally taken becomes your property, but you may not kill another wild animal to protect the meat unless the meat is necessary for your livelihood or survival. In this situation you still must do everything possible to protect the meat (i.e., proper storage, scaring the scavenger, etc.,) before you may kill the scavenger.

Game animals taken in defense of life or property belong to the state. If you kill a brown/grizzly bear, black bear, wolf, wolverine or coyote, you must salvage the hide (in the case of a brown bear, the hide and the skull) and surrender them to the state. All bear hides must include the attached claws.

A surrendered bear hide and skull must have been completely removed from the carcass. If you kill any other big game animals in defense of life or property, you must salvage the meat.

You must also notify ADF&G or Alaska State Troopers, Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement immediately and you must surrender what you salvaged and fill out and submit a questionnaire concerning the circumstances within 15 days.

For Food in a Dire Emergency

If you are in a remote area and unintentionally run out of food and cannot expect to get food from another source soon enough, you may kill wildlife for food to save your life or prevent permanent health problems. If this happens, you must salvage all meat and surrender what is left to the state after your rescue. You will be asked to fill out a statement about the circumstances.

Hunter Harassment Law

It is against state law (AS 16.05.790) to intentionally obstruct or hinder another person's lawful hunting, fishing, trapping or viewing of fish and game. Illegal activities include positioning one's self in a location where human presence may alter the behavior of fish or game another person is pursuing. It is also illegal to create a sight, sound, smell, or physical stimulus to alter the behavior of fish and game another person is attempting to take.

The law does not prohibit lawful competitive practices among hunters, fishermen, or trappers.

Violators of this statute are subject to a fine of up to \$500 and/or up to 30 days in jail.

Definitions

airport - an airport listed in the Federal Aviation Agency Alaska Airman's Guide and Chart Supplement.

antler - the annually cast and regenerated bony growth originating from the pedicle portion of the skull in members of the deer family.

antlerless - the absence of antlers.

ATV (all terrain vehicle) - a motorized tracked vehicle, or a vehicle with four or more wheels operated on land weighing less than 1,000 lbs. dry weight, except for snowmachines.

bag limit - the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take in the unit or portion of a unit in which the taking occurs. Animals disturbed in the course of legal hunting do not count toward the bag limit.

bait - any material, excluding scent lures, placed to attract an animal by its sense of smell or taste; bait does not include those parts of legally taken animals that are not required to be salvaged as edible meat if the parts are not moved from the kill site.

big game - black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mt. goat, moose, muskoxen, Dall sheep, wolf, and wolverine.

boat - a vehicle, vessel, or watercraft operated in or on water deep enough to float it at rest and includes hovercraft, airboats, personal watercraft, and amphibious vehicles.

bow and arrow - *see* bow hunting equipment definitions, *page 17*.

brow tine - is a tine emerging from the first branch or brow palm on the main beam of a moose antler and projecting forward; the brow palm is separated from the main palm by a wide bay; a tine originating in or after this bay is not a brow tine; see pages 30-31.

brown bear - Ursus arctos, including grizzly bears; the terms brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

buck - a male deer

bull moose - a male moose

calf - a moose, caribou, elk, muskox, or bison less than 12 months old.

cub bear - a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.

dire emergency - a situation in which a person:

- (A) is in a remote area;
- (B) is involuntarily experiencing an absence of food required to sustain life;
- (C) will be unable to perform the functions necessary for survival, leading to high risk of death or serious and permanent health problems, if wild game food is not immediately taken and consumed; and
- (D) cannot expect to obtain other food sources in time to avoid the consequences described in (C) above.

domestic mammals - muskoxen, bison, elk, and reindeer, if they are lawfully owned.

domicile - the true and permanent home of a person from which the person has no present intention of moving and to which the person intends to return when the person is away.

drainage - the area of land drained by a creek, stream, or river unless further defined in regulation.

drawing permit - a permit issued to a limited number of people selected by means of a lottery held for all people submitting valid applications for such permits and who agree to abide by the conditions specified for each hunt.

edible meat - Big game (except black bear): the meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock), and the meat along the backbone between the front and hindquarters;

black bear: the meat of the front quarters and hindquarters and meat along the backbone (backstrap);

wildfowl: the meat of the breast;

However, edible meat of big game or wildfowl does not include: meat of the head, meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the method of taking; bones, sinew, and incidental meat reasonably lost as a result of boning or a close trimming of the bones; or viscera.

field - an area outside of established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other

developments usually associated with a city, town, or village; "field" does not include permanent hotels or roadhouses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

front quarter - the front leg and shoulder, including the scapula, as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna.

full curl horn - see page 28.

fur animal - beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, squirrel, that has not been domestically raised; fur animal is a classification of animals subject to taking with a hunting license.

furbearer - beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, river otter, squirrel, marmot, wolf, or wolverine; furbearer is a classification of animals subject to taking with a trapping license.

game - any species of bird, reptile, or mammal, including a feral domestic animal, found or introduced in the state, except domestic birds and mammals; game may be classified by regulation as big game, small game, furbearers or other categories.

grizzly bear - the terms brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

handicraft - a finished product in which the shape or appearance of the natural material has been substantially changed by skillful use of hands, such as sewing, carving, etching, scrimshawing, painting, or other means and which has substantially greater monetary and aesthetic value than the unaltered natural material alone.

harass - to repeatedly approach an animal in a manner which results in animal altering its behavior.

hide - see skin

highway - the driveable surface of any constructed road.

hindquarter - means the hind leg, excluding the pelvis, as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock).

household - that group of people domiciled in the same residence.

hunting area - that portion of a game management unit where a season and a bag limit for a species are set.

inboard motor - any motor located within the confines of the boat.

Definitions (continued)

meat-on-bone - meat remains naturally attached to the bone. Requirements vary by area or type of hunt. Check specific hunt requirements.

moose antler - see the illustrations on page 30.

motorized land vehicle - any motorized vehicle operated on land; includes hovercraft and airboats.

naturally shed antler - any portion of an antler which has the base (burr) intact and has not been physically removed by cutting, sawing, or breaking from the skull.

nonresident - a person who is not a resident of the state.

nonresident alien - a person who is neither a citizen nor a permanent resident of the United States.

peace officer - a police officer of the state or a person authorized by the Commissioner of Fish and Game.

permit hunt - a hunt for which permits are issued on a drawing, registration, or Tier II hunt basis.

processed for human

consumption - prepared for immediate consumption or prepared in such a manner, and in an existing state of preservation, as to be fit for human consumption after a 15-day period.

registration permit - a hunting permit issued to a person who agrees to the conditions specified for each hunt; permits are issued in the order applications are received and are issued:

- (A) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing throughout the season, or until the season is closed by emergency order when a harvest quota is reached;
- (B) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing until a predetermined number of permits have been issued.

regulatory year - July 1 through June 30 of the following calendar year:

resident - a resident is:

• a person (including an alien) who is physically present in Alaska with the intent to remain indefinitely and make a home here, has maintained that person's domicile in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license, and is not claiming residency or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency in another state, territory, or country; or

- a member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has been stationed in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license; or
- a dependent of a resident member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has lived in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license. A person who does not otherwise qualify as a resident may not qualify by virtue of an interest in an Alaska business.

salvage - to transport the edible meat, skull or hide, as required by statute or regulation, of a game animal or wildfowl to the location where the edible meat will be consumed by humans or processed for human consumption in a manner which saves or prevents the edible meat from waste, and preserves the skull or hide for human use.

sealing - the placement of an official marker or locking tag (seal) by an authorized representative of the ADF&G on an animal hide and/or skull, and may include:

- (A) collecting and recording biological information concerning the conditions under which the animal was taken;
- (B) measuring the specimen submitted for sealing;
- (C) retaining specific portions of the animal for biological information, such as a pre-molar tooth from a bear.

second-degree of kindred - a father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother-or sister-in-law, son- or daughter-in-law, father- or mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson, or stepdaughter.

skin, hide, and pelt - are all the same, and mean any untanned external covering of any game animal's body; but do not include a handicraft or other finished product; skin, hide, or pelt of a bear means the entire external covering with claws attached.

small game - all species of grouse, hares, rabbits, ptarmigan, and waterfowl, cranes, and snipe.

snowmachine - a motor vehicle of 850 pounds or less gross vehicle weight, primarily designed to travel over snow, and supported, in part by skies, belts, or tracks; snowmachine and snowmobile are equivalent terms.

take - taking, pursuing, hunting, fishing, trapping, or in any manner disturbing, capturing, or killing or attempting to take, pursue, hunt, fish, trap, or in any manner capture or kill fish or game.

three-quarter curl horn - see illustrations on page 28.

Tier II - when the board has identified a game population that is customarily and traditionally used for subsistence and where, even after non-subsistence uses are eliminated, it is anticipated that a reasonable opportunity to engage in the subsistence use cannot be provided to all eligible residents.

tine or point - see page 31.

transport - shipping, carrying, importing, exporting, or receiving or delivering for shipment, carriage, or export.

trophy - a mount of a big game animal, including the skin of the head (cape) or the entire skin, in a lifelike representation of the animal; trophy also includes a "European mount" in which the horns or antlers and the skull or a portion of the skull is mounted for display.

unclassified game - all species of game not otherwise classified in these definitions.

unit - one of the 26 geographical areas listed under Game Management Units in the codified hunting and trapping regulations and the Game Unit Maps of Alaska.

year - calendar year unless another year is specified.

Note: Some of these definitions appear elsewhere in this book, where they are most needed for reference. The form shown in other parts of the book may be slightly different if the editors felt a word change would help the reader better understand the intent of the language.

Important information for all bear hunters

Tag requirements

Nonresidents must purchase a locking tag in addition to their license to hunt either a black or brown/grizzly bear.

Resident hunters do not need a tag to take black bears, but must possess a \$25 locking tag if they want to hunt brown/grizzly bear in most areas of the state. No such locking tag is required in Unit 11, 13 (except Denali State Park), 16B, 19D, 20D, in that portion of Unit 20E outside of Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve, 21D, 22, 23, 25D, and in the brown bear subsistence hunt areas (see subsistence hunt areas on page 25) when hunting under state subsistence regulations. Big game tags are valid from the date of purchase through December 31 of that year.

Where tags are required, they must be locked on the hide immediately after the kill and must remain there until the hide is processed or exported.

Bear tags may not be transferred to another hunter. A nonresident bear tag may be used for any other species for which the tag fee is of equal or lesser value, but you must have a harvest ticket for that species.

A hunter less than 10 years old is not allowed to kill a bear, except under direct, immediate supervision of a licensed adult at least 18 years old. The bear would then be counted against the adult's bag limit. (See *bag limit*, pg. 14.)

Evidence of sex

If you take a brown/grizzly bear anywhere in the state or a black bear in Units 1-7, 11-17, 19D, or 20, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain attached to the hide until it is sealed.

In Units 1-4, a black or brown bear wounded by a hunter counts as the bag limit for the regulatory year. "Wounded" means there is sign of blood or other sign that the bear has been hit by a hunting projectile.

Nonresident brown/grizzly bear hunters must be accompanied in the field by a guide/outfitter or a resident relative within second-degree of kindred (See Guide Information, page 10).

Sealing requirements

Sealing means taking the skull and skin (with claws and evidence of sex attached) of the bear you killed to an officially designated "sealing officer." The skull must be skinned from the hide and both must be unfrozen.

The sealing officer asks questions about when, where, and how the bear was taken, measures the skull and may pull a small tooth or take other biological samples. Then the officer locks a metal or plastic seal on the hide and on the skull. The seal must remain on the skin until the tanning process begins and on the skull unless it is cleaned for display.

Part of the sealing requirement is that you sign the sealing certificate. If you can't get your bear to a sealing officer in person, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form available from the department. You must also make sure that someone takes the bear and the temporary certificate to the sealing officer within the time required.

If you are a nonresident and kill a brown/ grizzly bear while on a guided hunt or while hunting with a resident second- degree kindred relative, both you and your guide or resident relative must sign the sealing certificate or temporary sealing certificate. Black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20 must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. In Unit 19D East, black bears must be sealed.

In the remainder of Unit 19D, black bears taken Jan 1 - May 31 need not be sealed unless removed from Unit 19. Black bears taken by nonresidents on Kuiu Island, in Unit 3, must be sealed within 14 days of kill and must not be removed from Units 1-4 until sealed.

All brown/grizzly bears must be sealed. Brown/grizzly bears taken in most units must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. Special sealing requirements apply within the brown bear subsistence hunt areas when bears are taken under a subsistence registration permit (see *subsistence hunt areas* on page 25). Any of these time limits can be shortened by ADF&G.

If you kill a brown/grizzly bear in Unit 8 you may not take the bear out of that unit until it has been sealed. If you kill a brown/grizzly bear in Unit 20E you may not take the bear out of that unit, except to Tok, until it has been sealed.

You may not transport or export from Alaska any untanned bear skin or skull until it has been sealed.



Seth Grove, 15, of Big Lake, with his first black bear taken while bow hunting in Prince William Sound in 2003 with his father, Capt. Mel Grove.

Brown/grizzly bear bag limits

Depending on where you hunt, brown/grizzly bear bag limits are either one bear every four regulatory years, one bear every regulatory year, or two bears every regulatory year (A regulatory year is July 1 through June 30).

One bear every four regulatory years

If you kill a bear in any of these "one bear every four regulatory years" areas: Units 1-5, 6D, 7-10, and the portions of 13E and 16A that are within Denali State Park, 14, 15, and 22C, you may kill a bear in any "one bear every regulatory year" area during the next regulatory year, but you may NOT kill a bear in any "one bear every four regulatory year" area for four regulatory years.

One bear every regulatory year

If you kill a bear in any of these "one bear every regulatory year" areas in Units 6A, 6B, 6C, 11,12, 13 and 16A (except the portions of 13E and 16A that are within Denali State Park), 17-21, 22A, 22B, 22D, 22E, 23-26, you may kill a bear in any legal area of the state during the next regulatory year.

Two bears every regulatory year

You may kill two bears every regulatory year in Unit 16B or 20E. Additionally, if you kill a bear in any other legal area of the state, you may kill one more bear in Unit 16B or 20E during the same regulatory year. You may kill a bear in any legal area of the state during the next regulatory year.

Attention All Hunters:

You may not hunt brown/grizzly bears over bait or scent lures.

In units with a brown/grizzly bear bag limit of one bear every four regulatory years

If your last successful hunt was

Your next opportunity to hunt is

fall 01 - spring 02.......fall 05 - spring 06 fall 02 - spring 03.......fall 06 - spring 07 fall 03 - spring 04......fall 07 - spring 08 fall 04 - spring 05......fall 08 - spring 09 fall 05 - spring 06......fall 09 - spring 10

Brown/grizzly bear subsistence hunting

Resident hunting by subsistence registration permit for brown/grizzly bears used for food is allowed in Unit 9B, all drainages in Unit 9E that drain into the Pacific Ocean between Cape Kumliun and the border of Unit 9E and 9D, Unit 17, Unit 18, that portion of Units 19A and 19B downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage, Unit 21D, Unit 22, all drainages in Unit 23 except for the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle, Unit 24, and Unit 26A. Hunters may hunt under an alternate set of regulations adopted to better allow subsistence use of brown bears. General brown bear hunting seasons remain in effect in these areas.

In these registration subsistence hunts, the bag limit is one bear every regulatory year under a subsistence registration permit. Taking a brown bear in one of these areas under a subsistence permit does not count in the one bear every four regulatory years bag limit restriction in other units.

The following information compares the requirements of the subsistence versus general regulations within the brown bear subsistence areas:

Subsistence hunting

- · one bear per regulatory year
- meat must be salvaged for human consumption
- no tag required but you must register to hunt
- hide and skull need not be sealed unless removed from subsistence area or presented for commercial tanning; if sealing is required it must be completed by an authorized sealing agent; at the time of sealing the skin of the head and front claws are removed and kept by ADF&G.
- no use of aircraft for subsistence hunting in Units 21D, 22, 23 except the Baldwin Peninsula, 24, and 26A.
 See units for season dates.

General hunting

- \$25 tag required
- · see units for seasons
- · see units for bag limits
- hide and skull must be sealed by an authorized sealing agent statewide
- meat need not be salvaged

See unit pages (34-107) for information on where subsistence permits are available. For specific information on hunts listed in unit pages, please call the ADF&G office in or nearest the subsistence area where you want to hunt.

Important information regarding the use of snowmachines:

You may not drive, harass, herd, or molest a bear with any motorized vehicle such as a snowmachine. While you may use a motorized vehicle to locate a bear, you may not use a motorized vehicle to pursue a bear that is fleeing. In addition, you cannot use a snowmachine to drive a bear to another hunter.

Other bear regulations

You MAY NOT take black or brown/grizzly bear cubs or sows accompanied by cubs. Cub bear means a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.

You **MAY NOT** buy, sell, or barter any part of a bear except an article of handicraft made from the fur of a bear.

You MAY NOT hunt or kill brown/grizzly bears within one-half mile of garbage dumps or landfills (AS16.05.782).

You MAY use the carcass of a skinned brown/grizzly, or a black bear taken June 1 - Dec 31, as animal food or bait. (See *Use of game*, page 21).

Except in the Brown Bear Subsistence Areas, you are not required to keep the meat of a brown/grizzly bear. If you take a brown/grizzly bear in any of these subsistence areas under a registration permit for subsistence purposes, you are required to salvage all meat for human consumption; salvage of the hide or skull is optional.

If you wish to hunt black bears with dogs, you must first obtain a permit from the ADF&G office nearest the area you wish to hunt. You cannot hunt brown/grizzly bears with dogs.

Bears killed in defense of life or property must be skinned and the hide (with claws and evidence of sex attached) turned over to the state.

In the case of a brown/grizzly bear the skull must also be turned over to the ADF&G representative (see *Emergency taking of game*, page 21).



Eric Jennings, 11, of Eagle River, with his first black bear, taken in Unit 7 in spring of 2004.



You MAY NOT hunt black bears over bait or scent lures, except under a bait station permit.

Estimated Maximum Weights of Some Alaska Big Game Species

This table is an estimate of the maximum weight that the hunter might expect to handle and transport from the field for Alaska big game animals.

species	live adult	carcass	boned-out
	weight	weight	carcass
	lbs.	lbs.a	lbs.b
moose	1650	990	564
caribou	500	300	171
bison	2000	1200	684
elk	1350	810	462
mt. goat	280	168	96
Dall sheep	230	138	79
muskox	800	480	274
Sitka black-tailed deer	200	120	68
black bear	350	210	120
brown bear	1250	750	428

a
Weight following removal of viscera, head, hide, and lower legs.
Weight of carcass meat after all bones are removed.

Salvage of Black Bears

From Jan 1 - May 31, in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20 the hide, skull, and meat must be salvaged and removed from the field; from June 1 - Dec 31, the hide and skull must be salvaged and removed from the field.

From Jan 1 - May 31, in Units 9-10, 18, 19 (except 19D), and 21-26, the meat must be salvaged and removed from the field; from June 1 - Dec 31 either the hide or meat must be salvaged and removed from the field. Bears taken Jan 1 - May 31 may not be used for pet food or bait.

For Unit 19D: In 19D-East the hide and skull must be salvaged and sealed. In the remainder of 19D either the hide or meat must be salvaged.

Black bear baiting requirements

You may establish bait stations for black bears in certain areas after obtaining a permit from the department (see chart on this page.) Black bear baiting is subject to the following restrictions:

You must be at least 16 years old to obtain a bait station.

Before you set up a bait station, you must register at an ADF&G office. You will get a sign to post at your station. If you choose not to use this sign, you must place some other sign that clearly identifies the site as a "Black Bear Bait Station," and displays the bear baiting permit number assigned by ADF&G, your hunting license number and hunting license numbers of others who hunt over that bait station.

You may register your bait station 15 days before the start of the season; however, bait may not be present until the season is open.

You MAY NOT register a bait station in Units 6D, 7, 14A, 14B, 15, 16A, or 20B unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G approved bear baiting clinic.

Bowhunters wishing to hunt black bears over bait in Units 7 and 14-16 are required to complete an IBEP or equivalent course.

ADF&G may prohibit black bear baiting in local areas.

You may place bait at only two bait stations at the same time. All bait must be biodegradable. The parts of fish and game that may be legally used as bait are heads, bones, guts, skin, or other parts of legally taken game not required to be salvaged. (See page 21). You may also use scent lures with a baiting permit. In addition, for Units 7 and 15, fish or fish parts may not be used for bait.

You MAY NOT set up a bait station within one-quarter mile of a publicly maintained road, trail, the Alaska Railroad, the Unit 14 shorelines of the Susitna River and Little Susitna River south of the Parks Highway bridge; the Unit 16 shorelines of the Susitna River, Yentna River below the confluence with the Skwentna River, the Deshka River (Kroto Creek) below the confluence with Trapper Creek, and Alexander Creek; or Unit 7 or 15 shorelines of the Kenai River, Kasilof River, and Swanson River.

You MAY NOT set up a bait station within one mile of a house (including your own home), or other permanent dwelling including seasonally occupied cabins, a developed recreational facility or campground.

You MAY NOT use bait in Unit 1D, that portion of the Chilkat Peninsula south of the Haines Highway, and within 1 mile of the Haines Highway, Lutak Road, the Porcupine Mine road to the confluence of the Porcupine and Klehini rivers, and the Chilkat Lake road from the Porcupine Bridge to Chilkat Landing on the Tsirku River.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> take money, bartered goods, or services from someone who uses your bait station. This does not apply to licensed guides who personally accompany clients at the bait station site.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> intentionally obstruct or hinder a bait station registrant's feasibility of taking game by using the station without the registrant's written permission.

In areas where the bag limit is greater than one, ADF&G may limit the number of bears taken over bait as a condition of registration.

You must remove bait, litter, and equipment from the bait station site when hunting is completed. This includes any contaminated soil.

Areas open for bear baiting

Bait Area Date of Use Requirements Units 1A, 1B, a portion of 1D, 2, 3, 5, 6A, 6B, 6C, 11, 13 (except in Denali State Park), and 17: April 15 - June 15 Unit 6D: April 15 - June 10 P, BBC Unit 7 (except Resurrection Creek and tributaries), Unit 14A and 14B, 15, and Unit 16A (except in Denali State Park): April 15 - June 15 P/BBC/IBEP Unit 12, 16B, 19 (except 19D East), 20 (except 20B), 21, 24, and 25 (except 25D): April 15 - June 30 P Unit 19D East: April 15 - June 30 P Sept 1 - Sept 30 P Unit 20B: April 15 - June 30 P/BBC Unit 21D and 24 within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: April 15 - June 30 P P Sept 1 - Sept 25 Unit 25D: April 15 - June 30 P

P= permit required

BBC = bear baiting clinic required. In order to obtain a registration permit in these areas the applicant must have attended a bear baiting clinic.

August 1 - Sept 25

IBEP=bowhunter education required In order to hunt with a bow and arrow and obtain a registration permit in these areas, bowhunters must be IBEP certified.

P

Identifying a legal ram

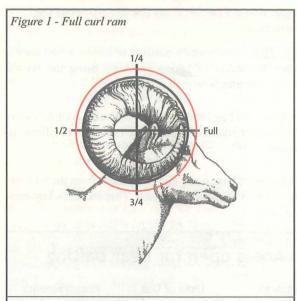


Figure 3 - Annual horn rings

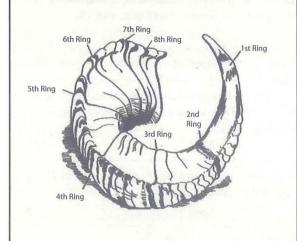
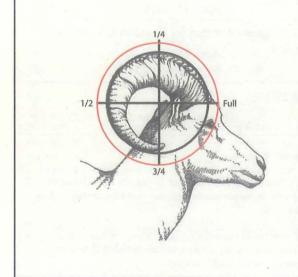


Figure 4 - 3/4 curl ram



A legal ram under a full-curl regulation is:

A full curl ram, whose tip of at least one horn has grown through 360° of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side (see figure 1).

A ram with the tips of both horns broken, or broomed (see figure 2).

A ram at least 8 years old as determined by counting annual horn rings and segments (see figure 3). Because of false annuli, and narrow horn segments on older rams, it is difficult and risky to age a ram in the field by counting horn rings. If a ram's horns are not legal based on degree of curl or broken tips, you are responsible for counting at least 8 true annuli before attempting to take the ram.

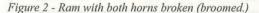
A legal ram under a three-quarter curl regulation is:

A three-quarter curl ram, whose tip of at least one horn has grown through 270° of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side (see figure 4).

Ram horn sealing requirements:

Horns from rams harvested in areas with horn restrictions (see yellow box below) must be sealed. The horns, along with the harvest or permit report, must be presented to an ADF&G representative for sealing within 30 days of the date of kill, or sooner if permit requires. Horns must be attached to the skull plate for sealing purposes.

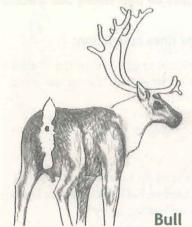
Sheep rams taken in areas with horn restrictions in Units 7, 9, 11-16, 19, 20, and 23-26 must be sealed.





Identifying a legal caribou altha ni azoom Isgal a galvilinabi

The caribou bag limit is restricted to one sex for at least a portion of the season in part or all of Units 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, and Units 18 through 26.



Caribou Hunters:

Know Your Targets
Cows and young bulls
may look alike when
their tails are down.



- 1. The best method to identify bulls is to determine the presence of a penis sheath. On young bulls (one to three years old) the sex organs are less apparent. The white rump patch is narrower on bulls than cows.
- 2. Antlers are well developed (3+ feet) in mature bulls. Young bulls typically have smaller antlers with relatively small brow tine/shovel development, and often can not be distinguished from a cow using antler development alone.
- 1. The vaginal opening (the lower and larger of two dark oval areas) is apparent when viewed carefully from the rear. The white rump patch is wider on cows than bulls.
- 2. The antlers of cows are smaller than those of most bulls, with the exception of many yearling bulls and a small percentage of 2-year-old bulls.

Most cow caribou have antlers from June through April of the following year. Bull caribou have antlers from May through part of the winter. The oldest bulls drop antlers first, sometimes as early as November, while young bulls (yearlings and 2-year-olds) may not drop their antlers until April.

Special meat salvage requirements:

Edible meat must be salvaged. In addition, caribou taken before October 1 in Unit 9B, Unit 17, Unit 18, those portions of Unit 19A within the Holitna/Hoholitna Controlled Use Area, Unit 19B, Unit 21A, and Unit 23, the edible meat of the front quarters and hindquarters must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption, and in Unit 24 the edible meat of the ribs also must remain naturally attached to the bone. (See Salvage, page 18.)

Identifying a legal (mature) muskoxen

Adult Cow

- horn bases are small, partially hidden by light-colored hair
- little or no horn visible above the eyes
- · small horn diameter
- only the 'hooks' of the horn are easily seen
- body size is 10 to 30% smaller than a bull



Adult Bull

- large prominent 'boss' covering the forehead
- little or no hair between horn bases
- overall, horns are much more massive than a cow
- horns may be broomed or broken
- old bulls often solitary or found in pairs

Caution: Black horn tips are common on bulls, but may also be present on cows.

Under some light conditions, the white hair on a cow forehead can be mistaken for a 'boss' on a bull.

For tips on hunting muskox, visit http://www.wildlife.alaska.gov.

Identifying a legal moose in antler restricted hunts

In many units regulations restrict the harvest of bull moose to a specific antler size or configuration. The accompanying illustrations provide general assistance to hunters in field identification of moose antler size and configuration. It must be emphasized, however, that moose antlers vary considerably, and each hunter is responsible for determining that a moose is legal before attempting to take it.

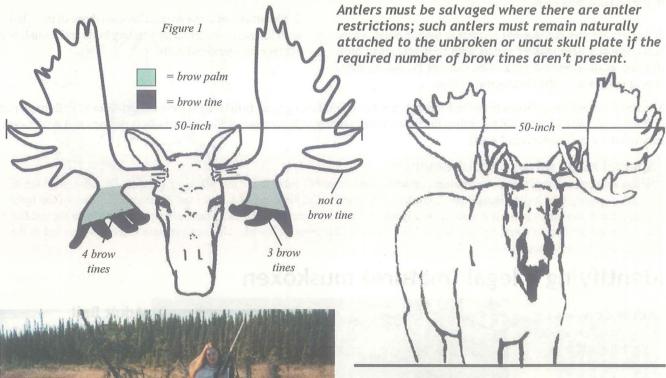
Legal bull moose in areas with a 50-inch antler OR number of brow tines restriction:

Antler restrictions are defined by both an antler spread and a brow tine restriction. The brow tine portion of the 50-inch antler restriction is intended to help verify a legal moose if the hunter is uncertain about antler spread. If uncertain about the antler spread, count brow tines. If uncertain about the number of brow tines, don't shoot!

50-inch antlers means the antlers of a bull moose with a spread of 50 inches or more measured in a straight line perpendicular to the center line of the skull. (See figure 1 below.)

In some areas of the state, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide are legal if they have at least 3 brow tines on EITHER side. In other areas, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide must have at least 4 brow tines on EITHER side to be legal. Be sure to check the regulations for the brow tine minimum requirement in the area you are hunting.

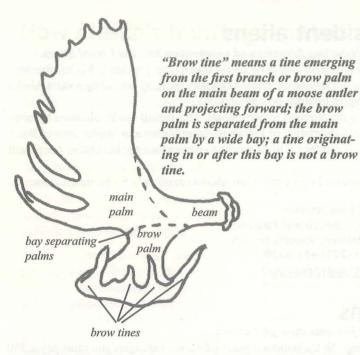
However, if the antlers are 50 or more inches wide, it doesn't matter how many brow tines are present, the moose is legal. Likewise, if the moose has the required number of brow tines, it is legal regardless of the antler spread.



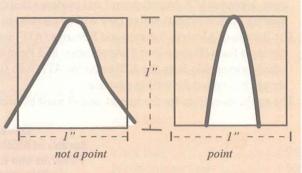


Natalie Palmer, then 18, of Palmer, took this 3 brow-tine moose with a 43" rack while hunting with her father, Dave Palmer, in Unit 16A in September 2001.

To accurately identify and count brow tines, bulls must be viewed from the front; viewing from the side runs a risk of counting main palm points as brow tines. On bulls with substantially less than 50-inch antler spreads, distinguishing legal brow tines can be difficult. Brow tines emerge from the brow palm or from near the base of the antler and typically project forward.



Identifying a point or tine:



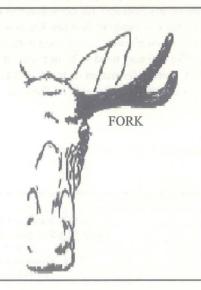
A point or tine is an antler projection at least one inch long, and longer than it is wide, with the width measured one inch or more from the tip.

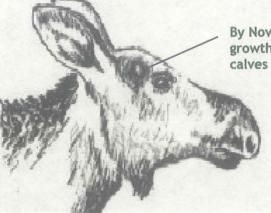


Legal bull moose in areas with a spike-fork restriction

A bull is legal if it has one antler on either side that is a SPIKE (1 point) or a FORK (2 points). The antler on the other side can be any configuration.

Bulls with palmated antlers (paddles) seldom are legal under the "spike or fork" requirement.





By November, some male calves have a small amount of antler growth (1-2 inches) covered with hair and skin. These are still calves and are not legal in a spike-fork hunt.

To better understand the spike-fork 50-inch antler restriction, check out the video 'Is This Moose Legal?' at your nearest ADF&G office.

For some hunts, viewing of this video is required prior to hunting.

Special meat salvage requirements: Edible meat must be salvaged. In addition, moose taken before October 1 in Unit 9B, Unit 17, Unit 18, those portions of Unit 19A within the Holitna/Hoholitna Controlled Use Area, Unit 19B, and Unit 23, the edible meat of the front quarters and hindquarters must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption, and in Units 21 and 24 the edible meat of the ribs also must remain naturally attached to the bone. (See Salvage, page 18.)

Firearms advisory for nonresident aliens

New federal regulations are now in effect for temporarily importing firearms and ammunition into the United States.

- 1. Non-resident aliens (someone who is neither a citizen nor a permanent resident of the United States) must provide U.S. Customs with a pre-approved U.S. import permit and evidence that they fall into an exemption category (e.g., by providing a valid Alaska hunting license/permit) before they will be allowed to import firearms or ammunition.
- 2. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) issues the required import permit. This permit can be obtained by completing a form (Form 6 Part 1, Application and Permit for Importation of Firearms, Ammunition and Implements of War), which is available from the ATF or on the ATF Web site. It can take 6 to 12 weeks to process the application so the permit should be applied for well in advance.
- 3. The application form for the import permit must be accompanied by a copy of an Alaska (or other U.S.) hunting license.

Contact Information:
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms
Firearms and Explosives Imports Branch
Telephone: (202) 927-8320
Web site: www.atf.treas.gov/

Canadian firearms restrictions

New Canadian laws significantly restrict transportation of firearms through Canada

Canadian transport policy for firearms requires prior planning. To transport a regular rifle and/or shotgun you must pay a \$50 fee (Canadian) and fill out a firearms declaration form. You may now receive an "Authorization to Transport" (ATT) permit to transport a handgun through Canada. This permit must be authorized BEFORE you arrive at the border. If not, your handgun may be confiscated. The handgun cannot have a barrel length shorter than 4 1/4 inches (105 mm), cannot fire a .25 or .32 caliber bullet and may need to be in a locked case. An ATT permit is free, however you will still have to register and pay the \$50 fee. For more information or to order a copy of the Firearms Act, its regulations, application forms and other Canadian Firearms Centre publications, contact them at:

1-800-731-4000 (Ext. 9026) or www.cfc.gc.ca e-mail: canadian.firearms@justice.gc.ca

Mel Cheek of Anchorage took his first caribou about 80 miles south of Bethel. Mel and his hunting partner were both successful on this hunt, although weather delayed their return to Bethel by several freezing, windy days.





11 year-old Kelsey Brush of Soldotna waits with her father, Greg Brush, for pick-up on a Kodiak Island beach after her first harvest, a fork-horn Sitka Blacktail deer.

How Alaska's hunting regulations are changed

Alaska has a very public process of setting hunting regulations. The Board of Game determines the hunting regulations and meets at least twice a year. The board does not have time to consider every topic in the regulations at every meeting, so it deals with topics on a rotating basis. After the agenda for the next meeting is set, the board issues a "Call for Proposals," which is sent to various agencies, groups, and individuals and is published in Alaska newspapers.

Advisory committees were created to provide a local forum to discuss and make recommendations on fish and wildlife issues before the board. There are currently 81 local fish and game advisory committees. Advisory committees typically meet sometime prior to the call for proposal deadline and develop proposals relating to the committee's concerns. Advisory committees meet after proposals are published to comment and provide reasons opposing or supporting proposals.

Any individual or group in the state can propose a change in a hunting regulation. If you wish to propose a change in a regulation, please do the following:

- When possible, use the printed proposal form available at local ADF&G offices or boards support section.
- Use clear, concise wording on your proposal.
- State the Alaska Administrative Code number (for example, 5 AAC 92.990) for the regulation you want to change, or provide the general heading and page number in the present regulation book. (See *defini*tions, pages 22-23 for an example).
- State the problem you are trying to correct and list the reasons why you want the regulation changed.
- Submit your proposal before the deadline and be sure to allow sufficient time for mailing.
- Questions? Call Boards Support at (907) 465-4110 or (907) 267-2354.

The following list references the species listed in this book and the Alaska Administrative Code that specifically addresses each species, 5 AAC 85.xxx, where .xxx is the species under consideration. For example, 5 AAC 85.015 details seasons and bag limits pertinent to black bear.

black bear	(.015)
brown/grizzly bear	(.020)
bison	(.010)
caribou	(.025)
deer	(.030)
elk	
goats	
moose	70
muskoxen	
Dall sheep	
wolf	
wolverine	
fur animals	
small game, unclassified ga	
deleterious exotic wildlife	
deletered of the tribule	(.070)

Management of predator populations

The wolf is one of the world's most fascinating and well-studied animals. Alaskans are fortunate to have an estimated 7,700-11,200 wolves in our state. Wolves have never been threatened or endangered in Alaska, and inhabit all of their traditional range except within the largest cities.

Wolves and bears are very effective and efficient predators of caribou, moose, deer and other wildlife. In most of Alaska, humans also rely on the same species for food. In Alaska's Interior, predators kill more than 80 percent of the moose and caribou that die during an average year, while humans kill less than 10 percent. In most of the state, predation holds prey populations at levels far below what could be supported by the habitat in the area. Predation is an important part of the ecosystem, and all ADF&G wolf management programs, including control programs, are designed to sustain wolf populations in the future.

When the Board of Game determines that people need more moose and/or caribou in a particular area, and restrictions on hunting aren't enough to allow prey populations to increase, predator control programs may be needed. Hunting and trapping rarely reduce wolf numbers enough to increase prey numbers or harvests.

Wolf control is NOT a form of hunting and trapping. The state authorizes selected applicants to remove wolves using aerial and/or same-day-airborne methods to reduce predation pressure upon depleted moose and caribou populations. In these areas, wolf numbers will be temporarily reduced, but wolves will not be permanently eliminated from any area. Successful programs will result in increased human harvests of moose and caribou and will allow healthy wolf populations to continue to thrive across the state.

The following wolf control programs are underway on about 6% of Alaska's total land area.

Unit 13 - area consists of all lands (except federal lands) within Units 13A, 13B, 13C, and that portion of 13E east of the Alaska Railroad.

Unit 16B, mainland - area consists of all non-federal lands within Unit 16B excluding Kalgin Island.

Units 19A and 19B, Central Kuskokwim - area consists of all non- federal lands in Units 19A and 19B.

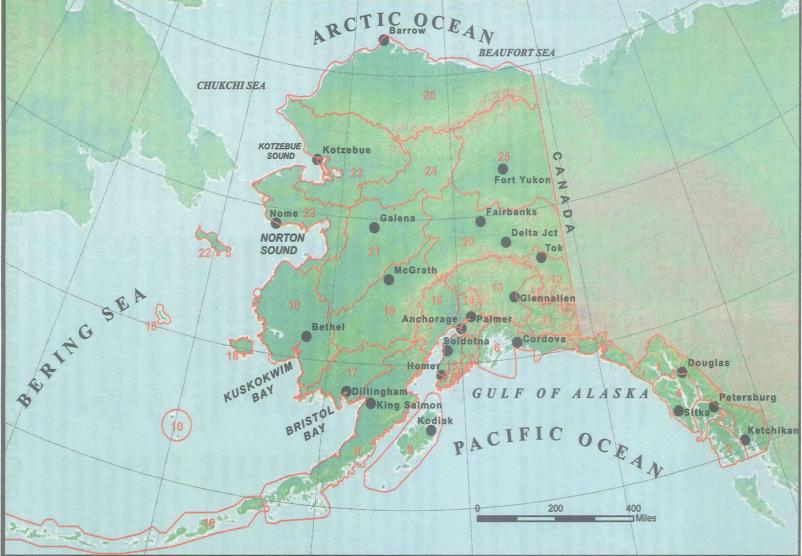
Unit 19D, East - area consists of that portion of Unit 19D upstream from, but not

including, the Selatna River drainage and the Black River drainage.

Unit 20A area consists of Unit 20A, except for the following areas: the Fort Wainwright and Fort Greely Military Reservations, Clear Air Force Station, and that portion of Unit 20A south and west of a line beginning at the east end of the Moody Bridge where it intersects with the Unit 20A boundary, then north along the boundary of Unit 20A to a point exactly one mile east of the George Parks Highway, then south on a line paralleling the George Parks Highway at a distance of one mile, to the southern boundary of Unit 20A.

Unit 20D area consists of Unit 20D except for the portions of Unit 20D within the Ft. Greely Military Reservation and that portion including the Goodpaster drainage upstream from and including Central Creek, the entire drainage of the South Fork of the Goodpaster River, the Healy River drainage, and Billy and Sand Creeks.

Units 12 and 20E area consists of all of Units 12 and 20E but does not apply to any National Park Service or National Wildlife Refuge lands not approved by the federal agencies.



About the Unit maps on the following pages:

This Game Management Unit map of Alaska and the individual unit maps found throughout the following section on seasons and bag limits are included to help you determine the area in which a regulation applies.

These maps are not intended to reflect exact unit or restricted area boundaries. For exact boundaries, please refer to the written description at the beginning of each unit, and consult a large-scale topographical map of the area. Not all roads, streams, and geographical features are illustrated because of the small scale.

Hunters are advised that additional restrictions may be imposed by the land owner. Visit the web site at http://www.wildlife.alaska.gov/hunt_trap/hunting/sources.cfm#private.

See page 4 for phone numbers of ADF&G offices in the communities noted on these maps.

Maps of permit hunt areas and state restricted areas are available online at http://www.wildlife.alaska.gov/gis/index.cfm

How to Use The Unit Pages

Use this guide to help you identify the information being provided on the following pages.

Game Management Unit

area description of the

unit and any subunits

Unit 17 Bristol Bay

Unit 17: drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham and all islands between these points, including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17A: the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17B: the Nushagak River drainage upstream from and including the Mulchatna River drainage and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley:

Unit 17C: the remainder of Unit 17; See map on page 74 for State restricted areas in Unit 17.

State restricted areas in the unit can be found either on the unit map or at the beginning of the unit text. (Red numbers in text correspond with red numbers on map).

> Bag limits are listed in red by hunt area

species name and reference to other statewide requirements can be found in this vellow box.

Registration permits have specific pickup locations and dates they are available. This information can be found in the hunt description, as shown.

> Red star indicates that federal restrictions exist. Check federal regulations.

Each hunt area lists bag limits and seasons for residents and nonresidents. Hunts are open to both unless noted.

species / bag limits	and nonresidents unless noted.	required*	open season
Black Bear	 Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. See pages xx-xx for bear information and salvage requirements. 		
Unit 17: Residents: Tw	o bears		Aug 1-May 31
Nonresidents: One bea	r		Aug 1-May 31

Hunts are open to both residents

Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

- · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

Unit 17: One bear every regulatory year NEW! Sept 10-May 25 In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations for residents only listed on page 25 apply

to the following hunt: Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit available at King Salmon or Dillingham beginning July 1

.. RB500 Sept 1-May 31

In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.

· Meat taken in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the frontquarters and hind quarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. Caribou • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex: "bull" means a male caribou.

· For Mulchatna Herd information, call 907-267-2308.

In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 17A, all drainages east of Right Hand Point: Residents: up to Five caribou		no open season
Unit 17A: Nonresidents:		no open season
Remainder of Unit 17A: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)	Harvest	Aug 1-Mar 31
Unit 17B, that portion in the Unit 17B Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season
Remainder of Unit 17B and that portion of Unit 17C east of the Wood River and		100 mm
Wood River Lakes: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 15
Nonresidents: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 15
Remainder of Unit 17C: Residents: up to Five caribou	Harvest	may be announced
Nonresidents:		no open season

NEW

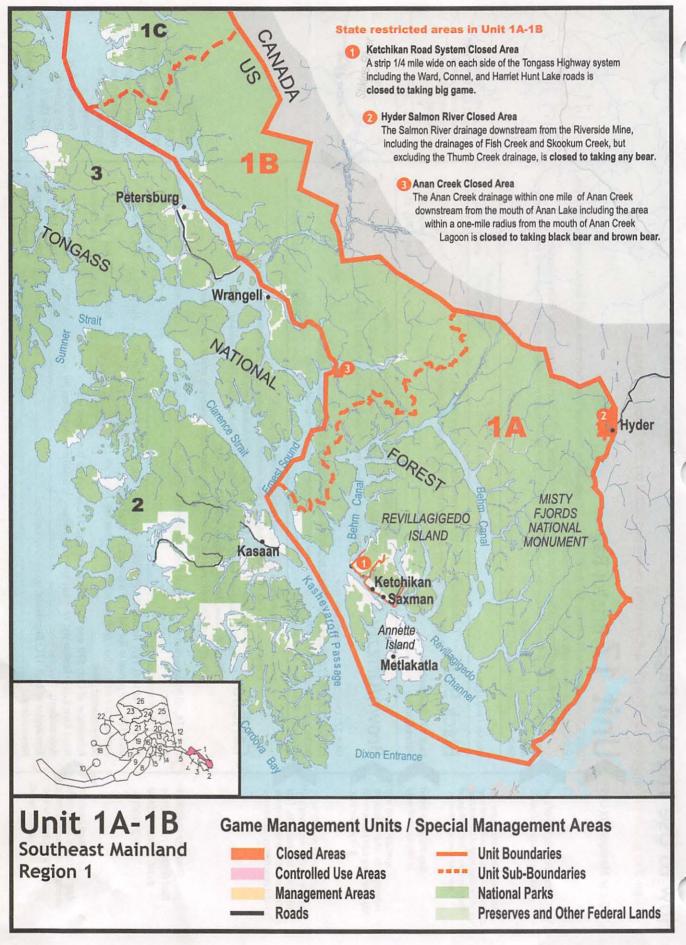
This symbol identifies changes that have been made since the last regulation book was published.

open season dates

RB500

type of hunt/ticket or permit required column: where a permit hunt number appears, the first letter determines which type of permit is required:

R=registration D=drawing T=Tier II Harvest=general season



Unit 1 Southeast Mainland

Unit 1: all mainland drainages from Dixon Entrance to Cape Fairweather, and those islands east of the center line of Clarence Strait from Dixon Entrance to Caamano Point and all islands in Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Taku Inlet;

Unit 1A: all drainages south of the latitude of Lemesurier Point, including drainages into Behm Canal and excluding drainages into Ernest Sound;

Unit 1B: all drainages between the latitude of Lemesurier Point and the latitude of Cape Fanshaw, and including all drainages of Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay, and including the islands east of the center lines of Frederick Sound, Dry Straits (between Sergief and Kadin Islands), Eastern Passage, Blake Channel (except Blake Island), Ernest Sound and Seward Passage;

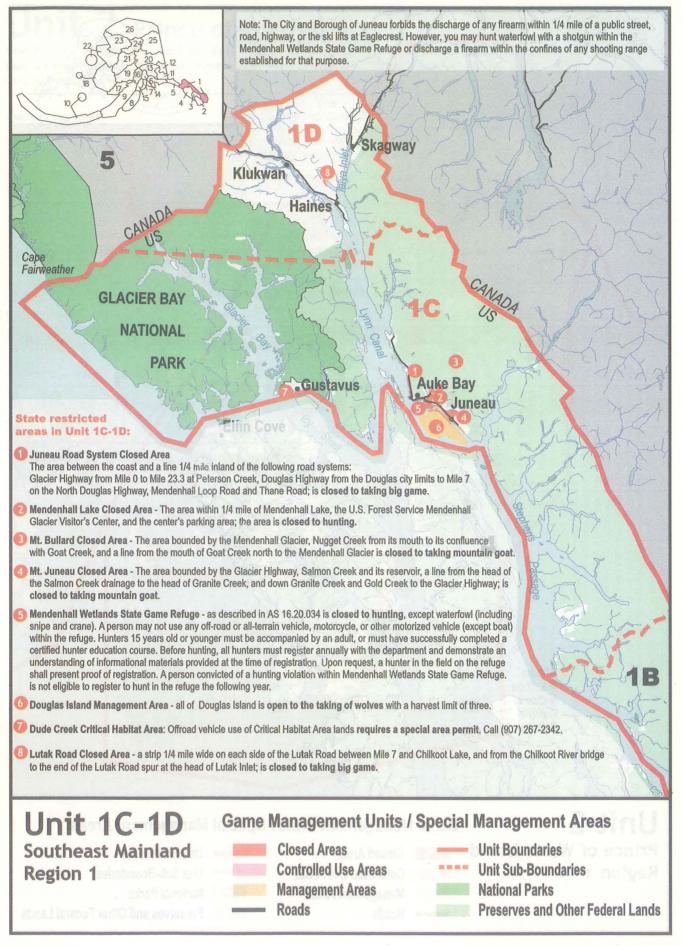
Unit 1C: that portion draining into Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Cape Fanshaw and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Berners Bay, Sullivan Island, and all mainland portions north of Chichagof Island and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, and excluding drainages into Farragut Bay;

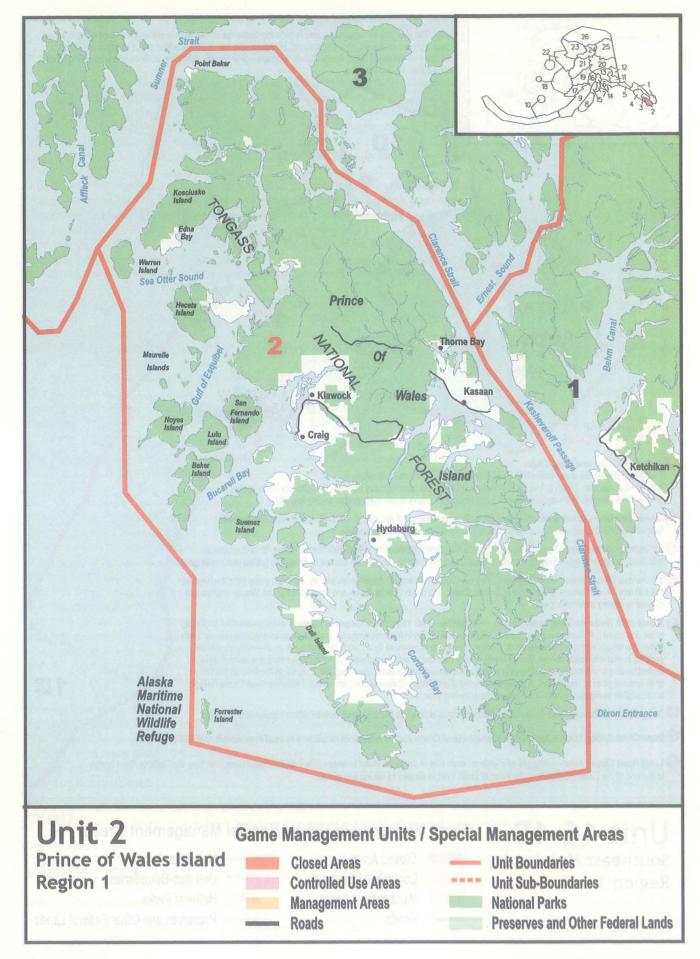
Unit 1D: that portion lying north of the latitude of Eldred Rock, excluding Sullivan Island and the drainages of Berners Bay. See maps on pages 36 and 39 for state restricted areas in Unit 1.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Black Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to hide. · A white-colored bear may not be taken in Unit 1C Nonresidents: One bear Sept 1-Jun 30 Brown/Grizzly Bear . Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to hide. Unit 1A,B,C: One bear every four regulatory years by permit, available in person in Douglas, Unit 1D: One bear every four regulatory years by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines, · Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. Deer . In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat, or antlers must remain attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera. NEW! Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. Unit 1A: Four bucks Harvest Aug 1-Dec 31 Unit 1B: Two bucks Harvest Aug 1-Dec 31 Any deer Harvest Sept 15-Dec 31 Unit 1D: ________no open season Elk · Report to Petersburg (907-772-3801) within five days of taking an elk. Unit 1: One elk Aug 1-Dec 31 · Taking of males is encouraged. Goat · Information on sex identification available with permits. · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see page 10). Unit 1A: Revillagigedo Island, except that portion west of Carroll Inlet and Creek, west of the divide between Carroll Creek and the south fork of Orchard Creek, south of Orchard Creek, Orchard Lake, Shrimp Bay & Gedney Pass: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Unit 1B, that portion north of Bradfield Canal and the north fork of the Bradfield River: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or Unit 1A and 1B, that portion on the Cleveland Peninsula south of the divide between

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.

pecies / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Goat continued			Commence of the Commence of th
	goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines,		
	from Ketchikan beginning July 16	PG001	Aug 1-Dec 31
		KG001	Aug 1-Dec 31
	Canal and Stephens Passage between Antler River and		
	it available in person in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg,	DC013	Oct 1 Nov 20
r by mail from Douglas beginning July	16	RGU1Z	OCE 1-NOV 30
	nens Passage between Eagle Glacier/River and the mouth		70 0000 00000
	' d d	••••••	no open seasor
	into the south bank of Little Sheep Creek, Gastineau		
	phens Passage, and Taku Inlet between the mouth of Little		
	t by bow and arrow only by permit available in	DCO44	NAME A May 20
	from Douglas beginning July 16	RG014 NEW	HAUG 1-NOV 30
	south of the south bank of the Endicott River: One goat	DCOAF	5 t 4 N 20
	Petersburg, or by mail from Douglas beginning July 16	KG015	Sept 1-Nov 30
	permit available in person in Douglas, Haines,	DCCALO	1 111 20
	inning July 16	RG013	Aug 1-Nov 30
	ni River/Chilkat River and that portion south of the		
	ailable in person in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg, or	Historical course	th for ceptilenist
	et/River and White Pass & Yukon Railroad		no open seasor
	e Chilkat River and west of the Ferebee River/Glacier:		
	in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg, or by mail from		Alterated t
		RG023	Sept 15-Nov 15
	permit available in person in Douglas, Haines,		
etersburg, or by mail from Douglas beg	inning July 16	RG024	Sept 15-Nov 30
	person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell 3 16	RM022	Sept 15-Oct 15
	9-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on		Jepe 10 occ 15
	erson in Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka,		
	beginning Aug 16beginning Aug 16	RM038	Sept 15-Oct 15
	DEGITITING THE TO		
	ne bull by permit		
	part, including all Port Houghton drainages:		
	lers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one		
	uglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or Wrangell,		
	ing 16	RM038	Sept 15-Oct 15
	rth of Icy Passage (Gustavus hunt area):		
	in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or by mail		
rom Douglas heginning Aug 16	Douglas, Helenman, Telenbourg, Sinca, er by man	RM049	Sept 15-Oct 15
	NEW		
	permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan,		10 000 10
	as beginning Aug 16	RM046	Sept 15-Oct 15
Init 1D: Residents ONLY One hull	with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3		Jape 15 oct 15
or more brow tines on at least one side	by permitby	TM059	Sept 15-Sept 3
	oy permit		
Init 1D: Nonresidents:		VIII	Their section
. 11: 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	ain 20 days of hill		
· Hides must be sealed with	nin 30 days of kill. Island must be reported within 48 hours, and sealed withi	n 5 days.	
*Hides must be sealed with Wolves taken on Douglas		All the state of t	Aug 1-Apr 30





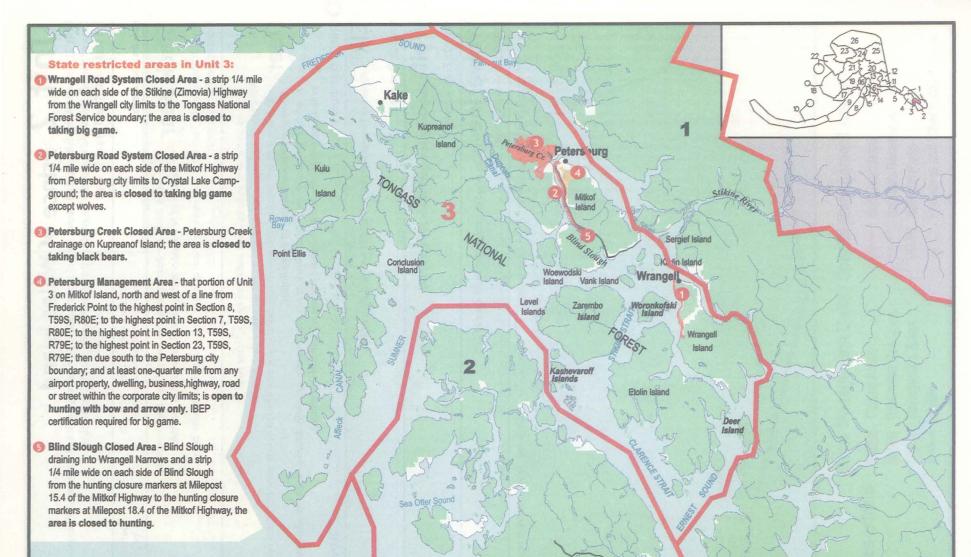
Unit 2 Prince of Wales Island

Unit 2: Prince of Wales Island and all islands west of the center lines of Clarence Strait and Kashevarof Passage, south and east of the center lines of Sumner Strait, and east of the longitude of the westernmost point of Warren Island.

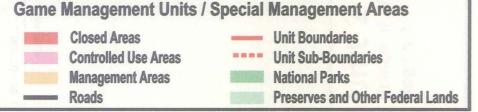
No state restricted areas in Unit 2. Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket and nonresidents unless noted. species / bag limits required* open season • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Federal restrictions exist in areas indicated by a 😂 (see page 8). NEW! Harvest report forms are required for all Unit 2 deer hunters. NEW! Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. · Same-day airborne hunting of deer allowed. In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera, Elk • Report to Petersburg (907) 772-3801 within 5 days of kill. Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 2: One wolverine Nov 10-Feb 15



Unit 3 Petersburg-Wrangell Region 1



11t 3 Petersburg-Wrangell

Unit 3: All islands west of Unit 1B, north of Unit 2, south of the center line of Frederick Sound, and east of the center line of Chatham Strait, including Coronation, Kuiu, Kupreanof, Mitkof, Zarembo, Kashevarof, Woronkofski, Etolin, Wrangell, and Deer islands.

See map on page 42 for State restricted areas in Unit 3.

species / bag limits

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.

permit/ticket required*

open season

- See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.
- Black Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.
 - Nonresidents must report to Petersburg (907) 772-3801 within 5 days of taking a black bear on Kuiu Island.

Nonresidents: One bear Sept 1-Jun 30

Brown/Grizzly Bear

- See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.
- · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

Unit 3: Residents: One bear every four regulatory years by permit available in person at Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka and Wrangell, or by mail from Petersburg beginning Mar. 1...... RB075......... Mar 15-May 31 Nonresidents: no open season

NEW! Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt.

- · Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera.

Elk • Report to Petersburg (907) 772-3801 within 5 days of kill for hunts in Remainder of Unit 3.

Unit 3, bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of Sumner Strait and Clarence Strait, running southeast following the midline of Clarence Strait, down the midline of Snow Passage, then east of the Kashevarof Islands back to the midline of Clarence Strait down to its intersection with Ernest Sound, then northeast following the midline of Ernest Sound, excluding Niblack Islands, to its intersection with Zimovia Strait, then northwest following the western shoreline of Zimovia Strait to its intersection with Chichagof Passage, then west along the midline of Chichagof Passage to its intersection with Stikine Strait, then northerly along the midline of Stikine Strait, west of Vank Island, to its intersection with Sumner Strait, then northwest along the midline of Sumner Strait back to the point of beginning: One bull by permit, bow and arrow only DE318 DE3

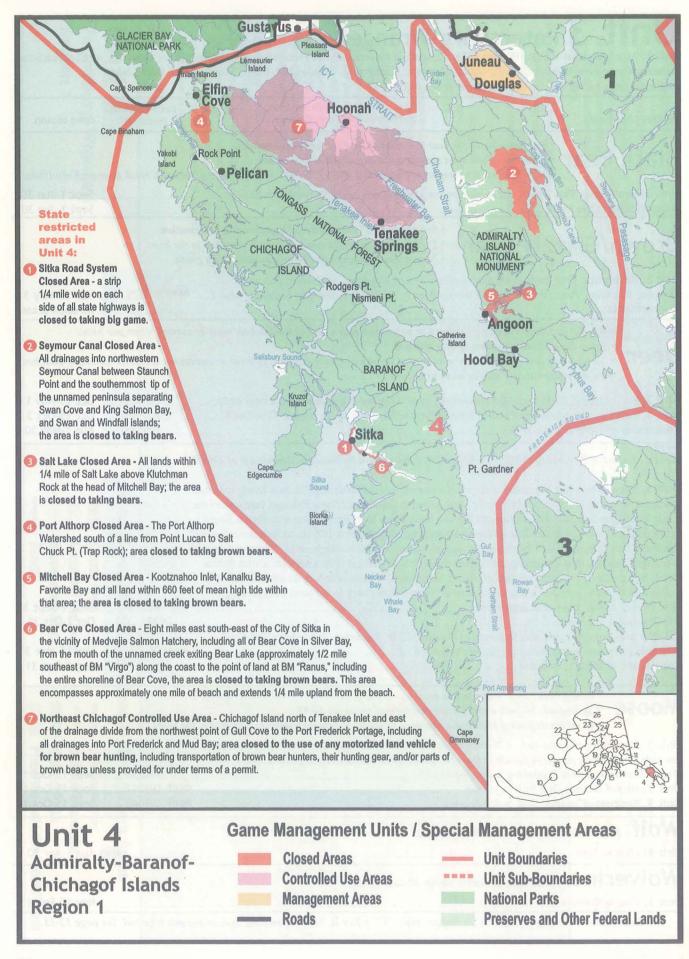
OR One bull by permit available in person at Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka and

- · In bag limit "bull" means male moose.
- MOOSE Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers/brow tine defined on pages 30-31.
 - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 3: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, available by permit in person in Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, and Unit 3, Mitkof Island: One bull by permit. Sept 15-Oct 15

Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.



1it 4 Admiralty-Baranof-Chichagof Islands

Unit 4: All islands south and west of Unit 1C and north of Unit 3, including Admiralty, Baranof, Chichagof, Yakobi, Inian, Lemesurier, and Pleasant islands. See map on page 44 for State Restricted Areas in Unit 4.

Brown/Grizzly Bear

species / bag limits

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.

permit/ticket required*

open season

- See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.
- · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

Unit 4: (outside drainages) Chichagof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Rock Point (58° N. lat., 136°21' W. long.), to Rodgers Point (57°35' N. lat., 135°33' W. long.), including Yakobi and other adjacent islands; Baranof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Nismeni Point (57°34' N. lat., 135°25' W. long.), to the entrance of Gut Bay (56°44' N. lat., 134°38' W. long), including the drainages into Gut Bay, Kruzof Island, and other adjacent islands:

One bear every four regulatory years, by permit, available in person in Douglas,

Remainder of Unit 4: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit, available in person in

NEW Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt.

- · Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera.

Unit 4, Chichagof Island east of Port Frederick and north of Tenakee Inlet including all drainages into Tenakee Inlet: Three deer total: Bucks Harvest Harvest

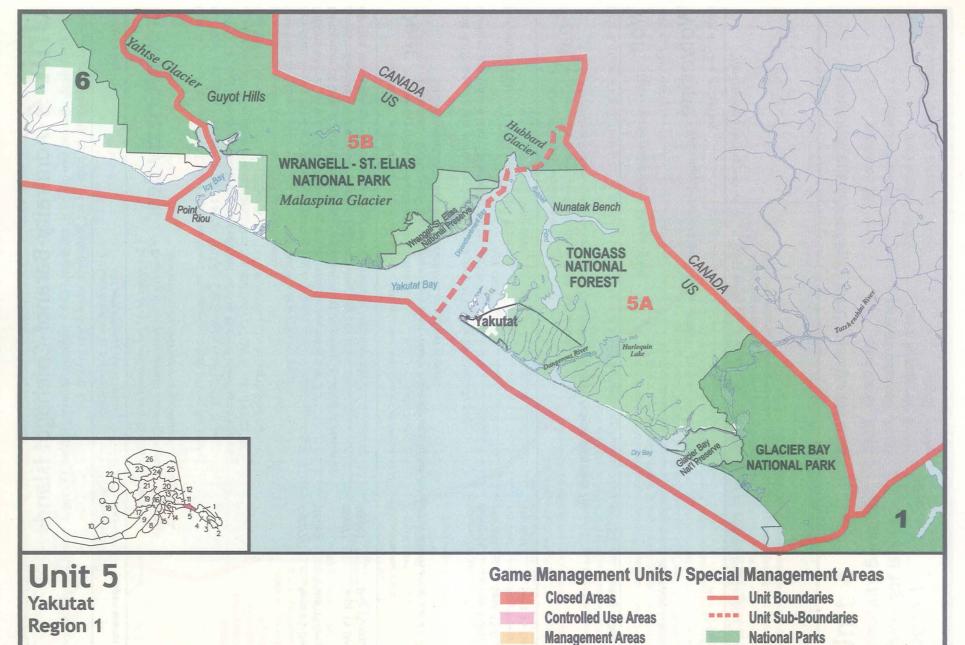
Any deer Sept 15-Dec 31

- · Taking of males is encouraged.
- · Information on sex identification available with permits.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 4: One wolverine Nov 10-Feb 15



- Roads

Preserves and Other Federal Lands

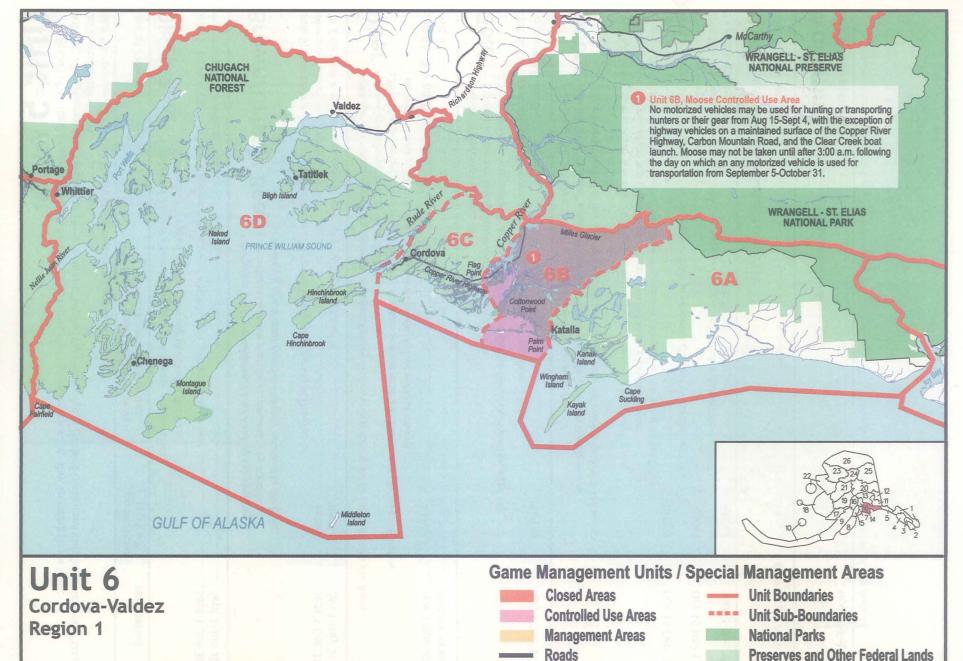
Unit 5 Yakutat

Unit 5: Gulf of Alaska drainages and islands between Cape Fairweather and center line of Icy Bay, including Guyot Hills;

Unit 5A: all drainages east of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay, and the eastern edge of Hubbard Glacier, and includes the islands of Yakutat and Disenchantment Bays;

Unit 5B: the remainder of Unit 5. No state restricted areas in Unit 5

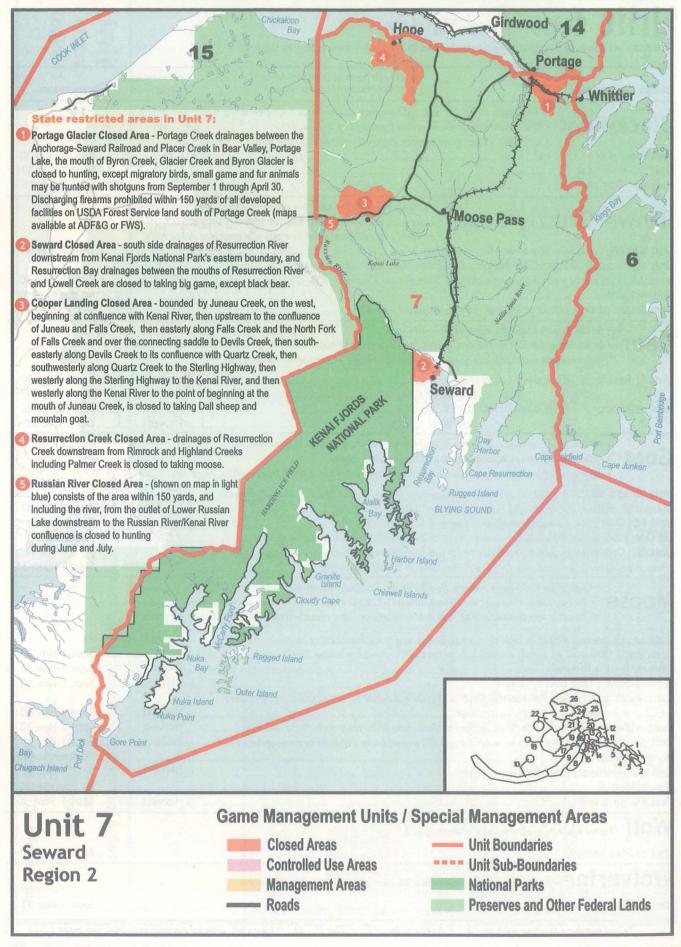
Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Black Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Nonresidents: One bear Sept 1-Jun 30 · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Unit 5: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit, available in person in Douglas or NEW! Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. Deer · Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera. · Taking of males is encouraged. Goat · Information on sex identification available with permits. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). Unit 5: One goat, available in person in Douglas or Yakutat or by mail from Douglas • In areas indicated by a © Federal restrictions exist, see page 8. MOOSE • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 5A, that portion south of Wrangell-St. Elias National Park, north and east of Russell and Nunatak Fiords, and east of the east side of East Nunatak Glacier to the Canadian Border (Nunatak Bench): One moose by permit, available in person in Douglas or Yakutat or by mail from Remainder of Unit 5A: One bull by permit, available in person in Douglas or Yakutat or Unit 5B: One bull, by permit, available in person in Douglas or Yakutat or by mail from Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.



Unit 6 Cordova-Valdez

See map on page 48 for Unit descriptions and state restricted areas in Unit 6.

pecies / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Plack Poor See pages 24	1-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. may not be taken from a boat in Unit 6D.	Deput modulate co	Column a volum
	sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.		A 20 has 20
Jnit 6D: One bear			sept 1-Jun 10
Brown/Grizzly Be	 See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting in Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached 	a guide.	
Jnit 6A, 6B, and 6C: One bear ever	y regulatory year		Sept 1-May 31
	s: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit		
available in person in Anchorage or Cor	dova or by mail from Cordova (424-3215) beginning Aug	1 RB100	Oct 15-Nov 30
Remainder of Unit 6D: One bear even	ery four regulatory years		Oct 15-May 25
Same-day-airborne hunti	ing of deer allowed.	may may all the	sist to week to
Deer • In all hunts limited to one	e sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to tached to the entire carcass with or without viscera.	the meat or antlers	
Unit 6: Residents: Five deer total:	Bucks	Harvest	Aug 1-Sept 30
	Any deer	Harvest	Oct 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents: Four deer total:	Bucks	Harvest	Aug 1-Sept 30
	Any deer		
NEW! Taking of nannies with	h kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged.	or Marie 18 May 1017	AND ADDITION WHEN
Goat • Information on sex ident	ification available with permits. t be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, p.	age 10).	
Unit 6A and 6B: One goat, by permit	available in person in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks,		
	z beginning Aug 1	RG202-226	Aug 20-Jan 31
	e in person in Cordova on Oct 7		
	ov. 4, up to 20 permits for each of the two hunts		
	e in person in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks,		
Glennallen, Palmer, Soldotna, and Valde	z (Hook Line & Sinker) beginning Aug 1	RG242-266	Sept 15-Jan 3
• Spike-fork, 50-inch a. • In bag limit, "moose"	ntlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. I means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male m I one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attache	oose.	
Unit 6A, all drainages into the Gulf of A	Alaska, from Cape Suckling to Palm Point:		
	ble in person in Cordova beginning Aug 1	RM160	Sept 1-Nov 30
	ore in person in Coracra cogning 110g 1		
	One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers		
	e side	Harvest	Sept 1-Nov 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. a.	ntlers or 3 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Nov 30
	nit available in person in Cordova beginning Aug 1		
	nit		
Wolf · Hides must be sealed within	n 30 days of kill.		Chinu
	ill and broid		Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine	sealed within 30 days of kill.		Region 2
VVOIVCI IIIC Hides must be			
			Sept 1-Mar 31



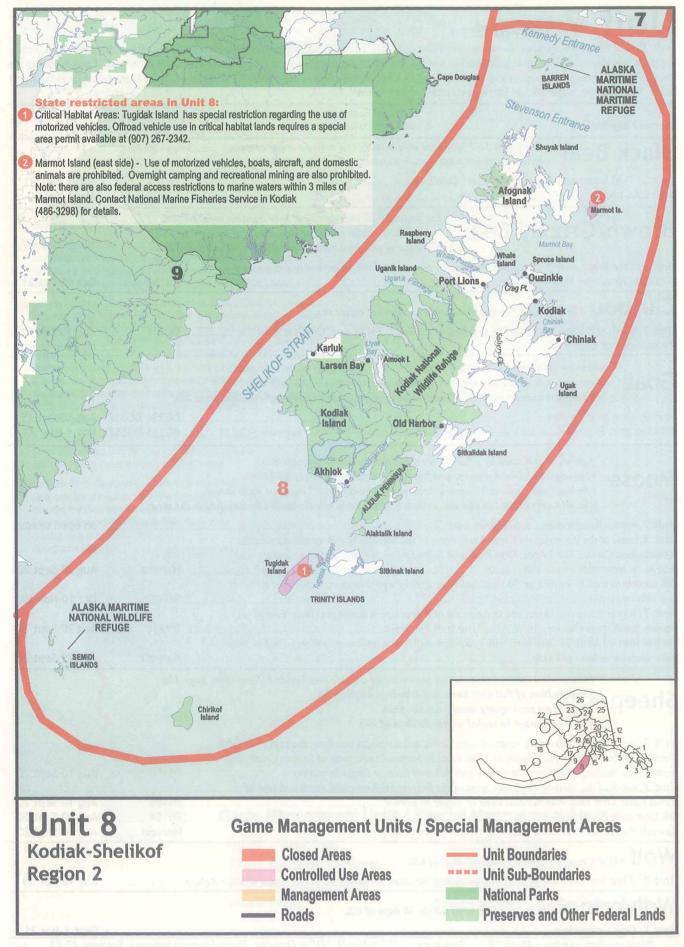
nit 7 Seward

Unit 7: Gulf of Alaska drainages between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, including the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages, and including the Kenai River drainage upstream from the Russian River, the drainages into the south side of Turnagain Arm west of and including the Portage Creek drainage, and east of 150° W. long., and all Kenai Peninsula drainages east of 150° W. long., from Turnagain Arm to the Kenai

pecies / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	7 for bear information and salvage requirements. must remain naturally attached to the hide.	Supposite and a labor	and bed at turnels T
Jnit 7: Two bears per regulatory year	: One bear		
Brown/Grizzly Bear	 See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting in Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached 	a guide.	
	ears by permit available in person in Anchorage,	RB160	Oct 15-Oct 31
Caribou · In bag limit "caribou"	means an animal of either sex.		
Jnit 7, north of the Sterling Highway and	west of the Seward Highway: One caribou		
Goat . Maps and information on se.	ds is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. xx identification available at ADF&G offices. e accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, p	page 10).	
	orage, Palmer, Soldotna, or Homer beginning Oct 28		
	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moos	se.	
• In bag limit, "moose" me • In all hunts limited to on Init 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Init 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Trace Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull To r more brow tines on one side	eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moos be sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attache Area il, north of the Sterling Highway and outside the with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with	ed to the meat.	
• In bag limit, "moose" me • In all hunts limited to on Init 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Init 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Tra: Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull To r more brow tines on one side OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch and one side by permit Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por outside the Portage Glacier Closed Area: Or	eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moostle sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached Area. It north of the Sterling Highway and outside the with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with the sters or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on more brow tines on the bull by permit.	Harvest	Aug 20-Sept 20
• In bag limit, "moose" me • In all hunts limited to on Unit 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Unit 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Trac Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull Is or more brow tines on one side OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch and one side by permit Unit 7, Placer River drainages, and that por outside the Portage Glacier Closed Area: Or Remainder of Unit 7: One bull with spike	eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moostle sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached. Area	Harvest	Aug 20-Sept 20 Oct 10-Nov 10 Aug 20-Sept 30
• In bag limit, "moose" me • In all hunts limited to on Init 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Init 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Trace Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull It or more brow tines on one side OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch and one side by permit Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por outside the Portage Glacier Closed Area: Or Remainder of Unit 7: One bull with spike or ow tines on at least one side Nonresident hunters must	eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached here. Area	Harvest	Aug 20-Sept 20 Oct 10-Nov 10 Aug 20-Sept 30
In bag limit, "moose" me In all hunts limited to on Init 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Init 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Trace Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull Is or more brow tines on one side In one bull with spike-fork or 50-inch and Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por Init 7, east of Unit 7: One bull with spike Init 7, east of Fuller Lake trail, south of Diceek, east through the divide south of Troughorth of the Sterling Highway; One ram with full curl horn of Init 7, south of the Sterling Highway, west Init 8, Init 10,	cans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached here. Area. il, north of the Sterling Highway and outside the with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with method in the spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers (Bear Valley) The bull by permit method in the source of Dike at Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek, and with full-curl horn or larger by permit to the Seward Highway, and north and east of r larger by permit	DM522	Aug 20-Sept 20 Oct 10-Nov 10 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20
In bag limit, "moose" me In all hunts limited to on Init 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Init 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Trace Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull Is or more brow tines on one side In all hunts limited to on Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull Is or more brow tines on one side In or more brow tines on one side In or more brow tines on one side Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por Init 7 one bull with spin Init 7 one bull with spin Init 7 one bull with spin In or with sealed Init 7, east of Fuller Lake trail, south of Dicreek, east through the divide south of Trout Inorth of the Sterling Highway; One ram with full curl horn of Init 7, south of the Sterling Highway, west Init 7, south of the Sterling Highway west Init 7, south of Init 7, so	eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moon be sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached. Area. il, north of the Sterling Highway and outside the with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with sters or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on artion of Placer Creek drainages (Bear Valley) The bull by permit where or antlers with 3 or more see the accompanied by a guide (see Guide Information thorn and drawings on page 28. The action of the field. It within 30 days of kill. The creek and a straight line from the source of Dike at Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek, and with full-curl horn or larger by permit to the Seward Highway, and north and east of a larger by permit. The curl horn or larger.	DM522	Aug 20-Sept 20 Oct 10-Nov 10 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20
In bag limit, "moose" me In all hunts limited to on Init 7, within Resurrection Creek Closed A Init 7, west of the Resurrection Creek Trace Resurrection Creek Closed Area: One bull Is or more brow tines on one side In one bull with spike-fork or 50-inch and Init 7, Placer River drainages, and that por Init 7, east of Unit 7: One bull with spike Init 7, east of Fuller Lake trail, south of Diceek, east through the divide south of Troughorth of the Sterling Highway; One ram with full curl horn of Init 7, south of the Sterling Highway, west Init 8, Init 10,	eans animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moon be sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached. Area. il, north of the Sterling Highway and outside the with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with sters or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on artion of Placer Creek drainages (Bear Valley) The bull by permit where or antlers with 3 or more see the accompanied by a guide (see Guide Information thorn and drawings on page 28. The action of the field. It within 30 days of kill. The creek and a straight line from the source of Dike at Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek, and with full-curl horn or larger by permit to the Seward Highway, and north and east of a larger by permit. The curl horn or larger.	DM522	Aug 20-Sept 20 Oct 10-Nov 10 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13. www.wildlife.alaska.gov Alaska 2005-2006 Hunting Regulations

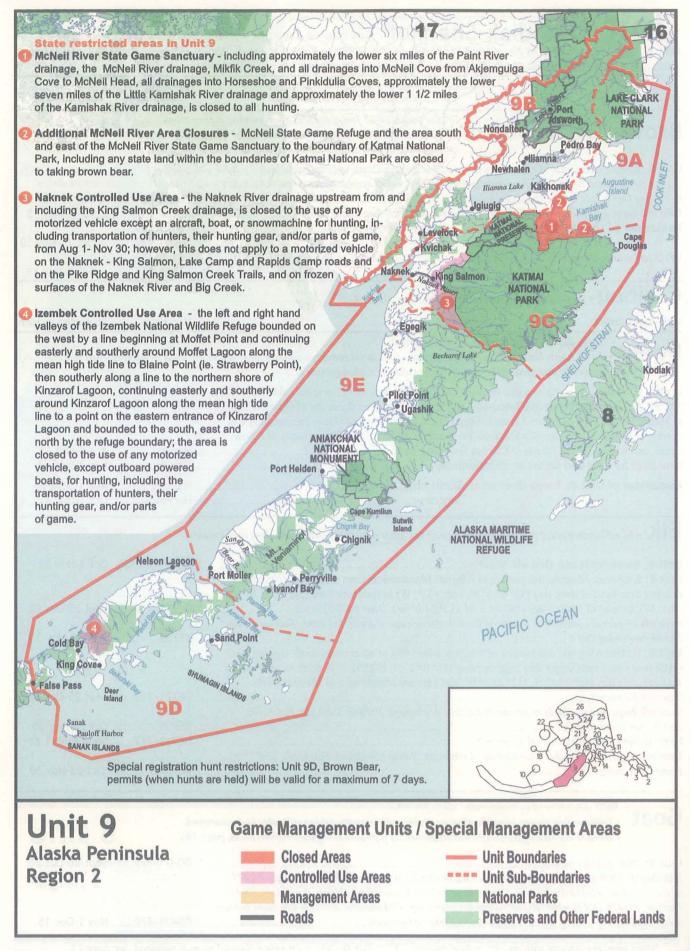
51



11t 8 Kodiak-Shelikof See map on page 52 for State restricted areas in Unit 8.

Unit 8: All islands southeast of the centerline of Shelikof Strait, including Kodiak, Afognak, Whale, Raspberry, Shuyak, Spruce, Marmot, Sitkalidak, Amook, Uganik, and Chirikof islands, the Trinity Islands, the Semidi Islands, and other adjacent islands.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Unit 8, Kodiak Island east of a line from the mouth of Saltery Creek to Crag Point, and Spruce Island: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit available in person in Kodiak DB201-229..... Oct 25-Nov 30 DB231-259...... Apr 1-May 15 Caribou · Same-day-airborne hunting of caribou allowed. · Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera. Unit 8: Kodiak Island north of a line from the head of Settlers Cove to Crescent Lake (57°52' N., 152°58' W.) including Peregrebni Peninsula, and east of a line from the outlet of Crescent Lake to Mount Ellison Peak and from Mount Ellison Peak to Pokati Point at Whale Passage, and that portion of Kodiak Island east of a line from the mouth of Saltery Creek to the mouth of Elbow Elk • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 8, Southwest Afognak, that portion of Afognak Island and adjacent islands south and west of a line from head of Back Bay (58° 05.3' N, 152° 45.7' W) to Hatchery Peak (58° 07.2' N, 152° One elk by permit available in person in Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, and Unit 8, Eastern Afognak, that portion of Afognak Island east of main north-south logging road (1100 road) from the Danger Bay logging camp (58° 08.2' N, 152° 32.9' W north to its terminus at Discoverer Bay (58° 19.6' N, 152° 21.8' W) and adjacent islands west of Marmot Strait: One elk by permit available in person in Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, One elk by permit available from Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, and NEW! Shooting of nannies with kids is prohibited. • Information on sex identification available with permits, taking of males is encouraged. Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). Residents: One goat by permit, avalable Oct 14-Oct 22 in person as follows: Permit RG471-471-Port Lions; RG474-Port Lions, Larsen Bay; RG475-Larsen Bay, Akhiok, Port Lions, Old Harbor; RG476-Old Harbor; RG477-Akhiok, Larsen Bay, Old Harbor; RG 478-479 (bow hunters



11t 9 Alaska Peninsula

Unit 9: The Alaska Peninsula and adjacent islands, including drainages east of False Pass, Pacific Ocean drainages west of and excluding the Redoubt Creek drainage, drainages into the south side of Bristol Bay, drainages into the north side of Bristol Bay east of Etolin Point, and including the Sanak and Shumagin islands;

Unit 9A: that portion of Unit 9 draining into Shelikof Strait and Cook Inlet between the southern boundary of Unit 16 (Redoubt Creek) and the northern boundary of Katmai National Park and Preserve;

Unit 9B: Kvichak River drainage;

Unit 9C:Alagnak (Branch) River drainage, Naknek River drainage, and all land and water within Katmai National Park & Preserve;

Unit 9D: all Alaska Peninsula drainages west of a line from the southernmost head of Port Moller to the head of American Bay, including the Shumagin Islands and other islands of Unit 9 west of the Shumagin islands;

Unit 9E: the remainder of Unit 9. See map on page 54 for State restricted areas in Unit 9.

species / bag limits

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.

permit/ticket required*

open season

Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.

Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

- · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

L12.1-1166-1-1062-1-10-119-119-119-119-119-119-119-119-11		
Unit 9A: One bear every four regulatory years		October 1-21*
OR One bear every four regulatory years		
Unit 9B: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept 20-Oct 21*
OR One bear every four regulatory years		May 10-25*
Unit 9C, Naknek River drainage: One bear every four regulatory years by permit available in		
person in King Salmon beginning Aug 27 (Aircraft not allowed).	RB361	Sept 1-Oct 31
OR One bear every four regulatory years by permit beginning Apr 25 (Aircraft not allowed)		
Remainder of Unit 9C: One bear every four regulatory years		
OR One bear every four regulatory years		
Unit 9D: south and west of a line from Moffett Point to the eastern side of the eastern entrance of		
Kinzarof Lagoon, and north of a line from the base of Cape Glazenap to Frosty Peak to the mouth		
of Old Man's Lagoon: One bear every four regulatory years. (permits only valid for seven days)	RB362	October 1-21*
OR by permit beginning April 25 (permits only valid for seven days)		
Remainder of 9D: One bear every four regulatory years		
OR One bear every four regulatory years		May 10-25*
Unit 9E: One bear every four regulatory years		October 1-21*
OR One bear every four regulatory years		
*Bear hunts above open only in fall of odd-numbered years and spring of even-numbered years		
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations listed on page 25 apply to		
the following hunts: Unit 9B: Residents ONLY: One bear every year by permit available in		
King Salmon or Dillingham beginning July 1.	RB500	Sept 1-May 31
Unit 9E, all drainages into the Pacific Ocean between Cape Kumliun and border of Unit 9E		
and 9D: Residents ONLY: One bear every year by permit available in King Salmon or		
Dillingham July 1	RB500	Nov 1-Dec 31

Caribou

- In areas indicated by a 😯 Federal restrictions exist, see page 8.
- In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou,
- Meat taken in Unit 9B prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 9A and that portion of Unit 9C within the Alagnak River drainage:		
Residents: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 1-Mar 31
Nonresidents: One bull	Harvest	Aug 1-Mar 31
Unit 9B: Residents: Five caribou total, however, only one bull may be taken July 1-Nov 30	Harvest	July 1-Apr 15
Nonresidents: One caribou See page 16. "same day airhorne" for Unit 9B. caribou	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 15
Unit 9C, that portion north of the Naknek River and south of the Alagnak River drainage:		
Residents: One caribou by permit	TC505	Aug 10-Sept 20
OR	TC505	Nov 15-Feb 28
OR up to Three caribou by permit during winter season.	RC504	to be announced

	to both residents ts unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Caribou continued			
Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull by permit OR One bull by permit Nonresidents: Unit 9D: Residents: One bull OR One antlerless caribou NEW Nonresidents: One bull Unit 9E: Residents: One bull by permit OR One bull by permit		Harvest Harvest Harvest TC505	Nov 15-Feb 28 no open seasor Aug 10-Sept 30 Nov 15-Mar 31 Sept 1-Sept 30 Aug 10-Sept 20
 In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions ex Meat taken in Unit 9B, prior to Oct 1 must remain until removed from the field or is processed for hu 	on the bones of the front	quarters and hindqu	uarters,
 In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31. remain naturally attached t	o the meat.	
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31, remain naturally attached t	o the meatHarvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31, remain naturally attached t	o the meat. Harvest Harvest Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15 Dec 15-Jan 15
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31, remain naturally attached t	o the meat. Harvest Harvest Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15 Dec 15-Jan 15
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River:	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31. remain naturally attached t	o the meat. Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15 Dec 15-Jan 15 Sept 5-Sept 15
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or m Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31. remain naturally attached t	o the meat. Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1! Dec 15-Jan 15 Sept 5-Sept 1! Sept 1-Sept 1!
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull OR One bull	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31. remain naturally attached t	o the meat. Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1! Dec 15-Jan 15 Sept 5-Sept 1! Sept 1-Sept 1! Dec 1-Dec 31
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either so 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to some side on one side one brow tines on one side	HarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvest	Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 5-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Dec 1-Dec 31Sept 5-Sept 1!
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male n 0-31. remain naturally attached t	HarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvest	Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 1-Dec 31 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull OR One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to some side on one side no one side no one side no one side no one side	HarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvestHarvest	Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 1-Dec 31 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either so 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to no one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1Sept 15-Jan 15Sept 5-Sept 1Sept 1-Sept 1Dec 1-Dec 31Sept 5-Sept 1Sept 1-Sept 1Sept 1-Sept 1
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n least one side.	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to the second seco	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 1-Dec 31 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 5-Sept 1
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n least one side. Unit 9D: Residents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to no one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on at	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 1-Dec 31 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 15-Jan 15
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n least one side. Unit 9D: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to no one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on at	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 1-Dec 31 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 15-Jan 15
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n least one side. Unit 9D: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to no one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on at no one one one one one one one one one	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 15-Jan 15 Sept 5-Sept 1 Dec 1-Dec 31 Sept 5-Sept 1 Sept 1-Sept 1 Dec 15-Jan 15 Sept 5-Sept 1 Dec 15-Jan 20 Dec 15-Jan 20
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or m Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or m Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or m least one side Unit 9D: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or brow tines on at least one side	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to no one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on at no one side no one brow tines on at no one one one one one one one one one	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 5-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 1-Dec 31Sept 5-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Sept 1-Sept 1!Dec 15-Jan 15Sept 5-Sept 1!Dec 15-Jan 20
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either s • 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 3 • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must Unit 9A: One bull Unit 9B: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or n Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n Remainder of Unit 9C: Residents: One bull OR One bull Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or n least one side. Unit 9D: Residents: One bull Nonresidents: One bull	sex; "bull" means a male no 0-31. remain naturally attached to no one side no one brow tines on one side no one brow tines on at no one side no one brow tines on at no one one one one one one one one one	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 1Sept 1-Sept 1Sept 5-Sept 1Sept 1-Dec 31Sept 5-Sept 1Sept 1-Sept 1Sept 1-Sept 1Dec 15-Jan 15Sept 5-Sept 1Dec 15-Jan 20Sept 10-Sept 1Sept 10-Sept 1

Sheep

- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10)
- · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

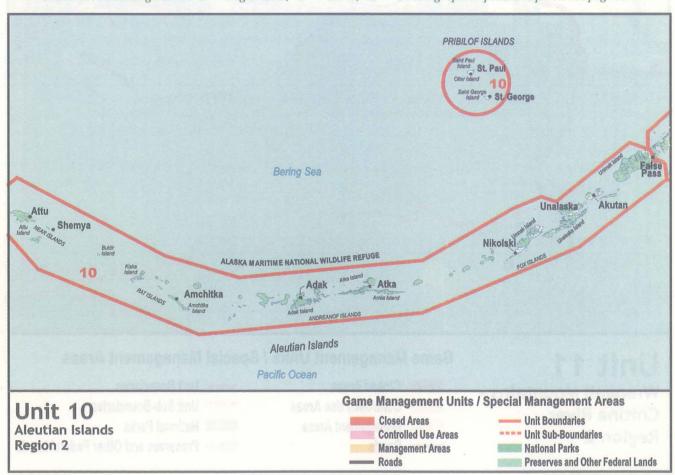
Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

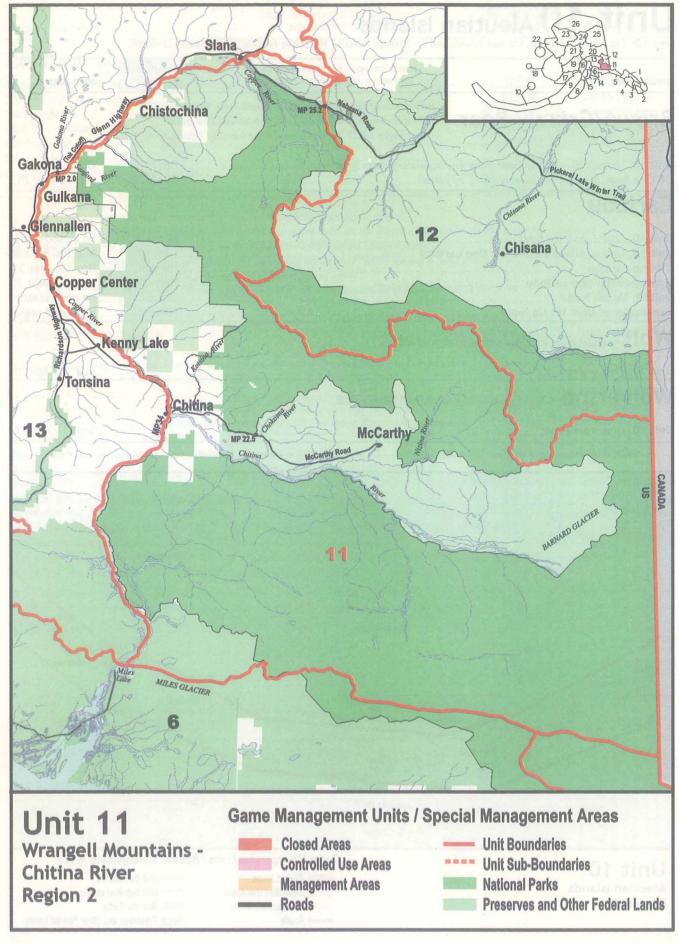
Unit 10 Aleutian Islands

Unit 10: The Aleutian Islands, Unimak Island, and the Pribilof Islands. No state restricted areas in Unit 10.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. **Brown/Grizzly Bear** · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Caribou Unit 10, Unimak Island: Residents: One caribou Harvest Aug 10 - Sept 30 OR One caribou Harvest Nov 15 - Mar 31 Remainder of Unit 10: No limit Harvest Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Unit 10: Five wolves Aug 10 - Apr 30 Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 10: One wolverine. Sept 1 - Mar 31



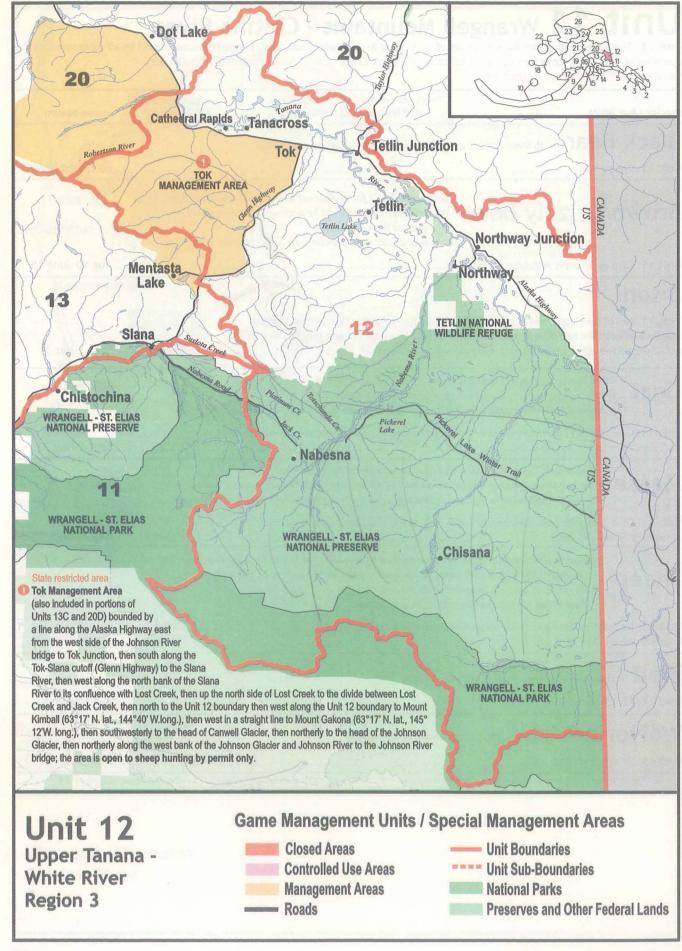


Unit 11 Wrangell Mountains - Chitina River

Unit 11: That area draining into the headwaters of the Copper River south of Suslota Creek and the area drained by all tributaries into the east bank of the Copper River between the confluence of Suslota Creek with the Slana River and Miles Glacier.

No state restricted areas in Unit 11.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season Black Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Unit 11: Three bears _______ no closed season · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · No resident tag required. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Bison Unit 11, east of the Copper River, south of the Nadina River, Nadina Glacier, and Sanford Glacier and west of a line from Mount Sanford to Mount Wrangell to Long Glacier, west of NEW! Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. Goat · Information on sex identification available with permits. · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). Unit 11: One goat by permit available in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, or Glennallen, or by • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on page 30-31. MOOSE • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. . In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 11: One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10) · See definition of full-curl horn, three-quarter curl, and drawings on page 28. Sheep · Horns must accompany meat from the field. · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Unit 11: Five wolves Aug 10-Apr 30 Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Unit 11: One wolverine. Sept 1-Jan 31



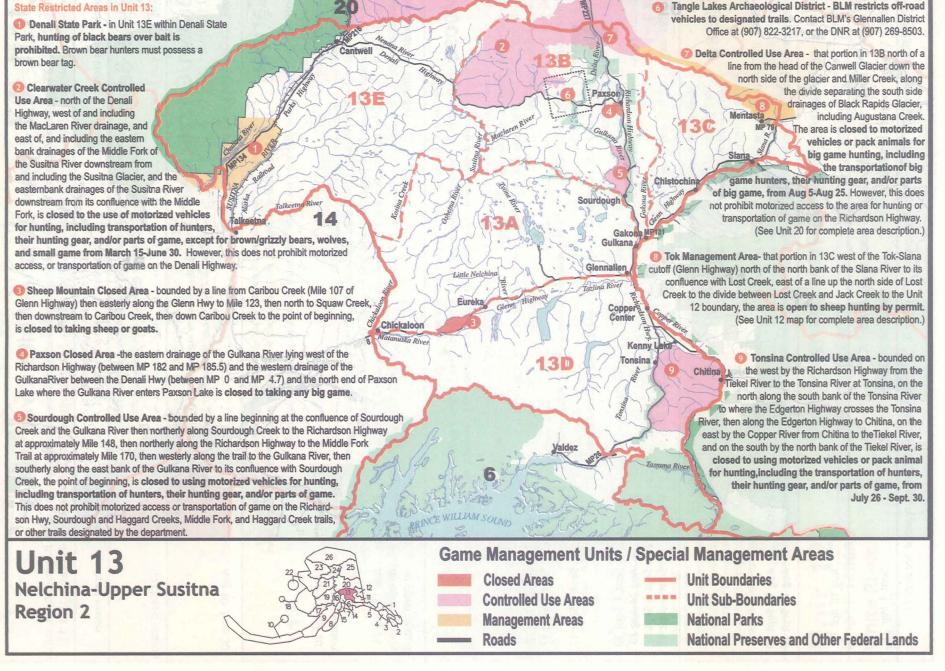
2005

Vicki

Unit 12 Upper Tanana-White River

Unit 12: Tanana River drainage upstream from the Robertson River, including all drainages into the east bank of the Robertson River, and the White River drainage in Alaska, but excluding the Ladue River drainage. See map page 60 for State restricted areas in Unit 12.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Black Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Unit 12: Three bears no closed season · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Brown/Grizzly Bear . Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Caribou · In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 12, west of the Glenn Highway (Tok Cutoff) and south of the Alaska Highway within the Tok River drainage: Residents: One bull Harvest Sept 1-Sept 20 Nonresidents: no open season Unit 12, west of the Glenn Highway (Tok Cutoff) and south of the Alaska Highway excluding the Tok River drainage (Macomb Herd) Residents: One bull by permit available online at Nonresidents: no open season Remainder of Unit 12: _______ no open season • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. Moose . In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose, In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 12, that portion drained by the Little Tok River upstream from and including the first eastern tributary from the head-waters of Tuck Creek: Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow OR One bull Harvest Sept 8-Sept 17 Nonresidents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines Unit 12, east of the Nabesna River and south of the winter trail running southeast from Pickerel Lake to the Canadian border: Remainder of Unit 12: Residents: One bull Harvest Aug 24-Aug 28 OR One bull Harvest Sept 8-Sept 17 · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28. Sheep · Horns must accompany meat from the field. · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Unit 12, the Tok Management Area: One ram with full curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit _______ DS102 _____ Aug 10-Sept 20 Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.



Unit 13 Nelchina-Upper Susitna

Unit 13: That area westerly of the east bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier and including the Slana River drainages north of Suslota Creek; the drainages into the Delta River upstream from Falls Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; the drainages into the Nenana River upstream from the southeast corner of Denali National Park at Windy; the drainage into the Susitna River upstream from its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainage into the east bank of the Chulitna River upstream to its confluence with Tokositna River; the drainages of the Chulitna River (south of Denali National Park) upstream from its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages into the north bank of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River between its confluence with the Talkeetna and Chulitna Rivers; the drainages into the north and east bank of the Talkeetna River and including the Talkeetna River, to its confluence with Clear Creek, the eastside drainages of a line going up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that unnamed creek to lake 4408, along the northeast shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River; the drainages into the east bank of the Chickaloon River below the line from lake 4408; the drainages of the Matanuska River above its confluence with the Chickaloon River;

Unit 13A: bounded by a line beginning at the Chickaloon River bridge at Mile 77.7 on the Glenn Highway, then along the Glenn Highway to its junction with the Richardson Highway, then south along the Richardson Highway to the foot of Simpson Hill at Mile 111.5, then east to the east bank of the Copper River, then northerly along the east bank of the Copper River to its junction with the Gulkana River, then northerly along the west bank of the Gulkana River to its junction with the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then westerly along the west bank of the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its source, an unnamed lake, then across the divide into the Tyone River drainage, down an unnamed stream into the Tyone River, then down the Tyone River to the Susitna River, then down the southern bank of the Susitna River to the mouth of Kosina Creek, then up Kosina Creek to its headwaters, then across the divide and down Aspen Creek to the Talkeetna River, then southerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Chickaloon River bridge, the point of beginning;

Unit 13B: bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of the Copper River and the Gulkana River, then up the east bank of the Copper River to the Gakona River, then up the east bank of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier to the boundary of Unit 13, then westerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Susitna Glacier, then southerly along the west bank of the Susitna Glacier and the Susitna River to the Tyone River, then up the Tyone River and across the divide to the headwaters of the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then down the West Fork of the Gulkana River to the confluence of the Gulkana River and the Copper River, the point of beginning;

Unit 13C: Unit 13 east of the east bank Gakona River and Gakona Glacier;

Unit 13D: Unit 13 south of Unit 13A;

Unit 13E: the remainder of Unit 13. See map on page 62 for State restricted areas in Unit 13.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Black Bear • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Unit 13: Three bears _______no closed season · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear * Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

· No resident tag required, except in Denali State Park,

Bison

Caribou

- A youth resident hunter 12-17 years old, who has successfully completed a Basic Certified Hunter Education Course, may hunt on behalf of an adult Unit 13 Tier II permit holder, under the direct immediate supervision of the permit holder, who is responsible for insuring that all legal requirements are met.
- · In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.
- Nelchina Herd information (phone: 267-2304)

OR One caribou by permit TC566. Oct 21-Mar 31

Goat

- · Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged.
- · Information on sex identification available with permits.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

Nonresidents: ________no open season

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Moose

- Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

A youth resident hunter 12-17 years old, who has successfully completed a Basic Certified Hunter Education Course, may hunt on behalf of an adult Unit 13 Tier II permit holder, under the direct immediate supervision of the permit holder, who is responsible for insuring that all legal requirements are met.

Unit 13: Residents: One bull by permit	. TM300 Aug 15-Aug 31
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines	
on at least one side	. HarvestSept 1—Sept 20
Nonresidents:	no open season

Sheep

- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 13, that portion within the Tok Management Area:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit	DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 13, that portion within the Delta Controlled Use Area:		in a readed survival
One ram with full card horn or larger by normit	DS203-204	Aug 10_Sept 20

One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit.	DS203-204Aug	10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 13: One ram with full curl horn or larger	HarvestAug	10-Sept 20

AA	Oll	• Hides mu	st be sealed	within 30	days of kill.	
100						

No nonresident tag required.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 13: One wolverine Sept 1—Jan 31

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

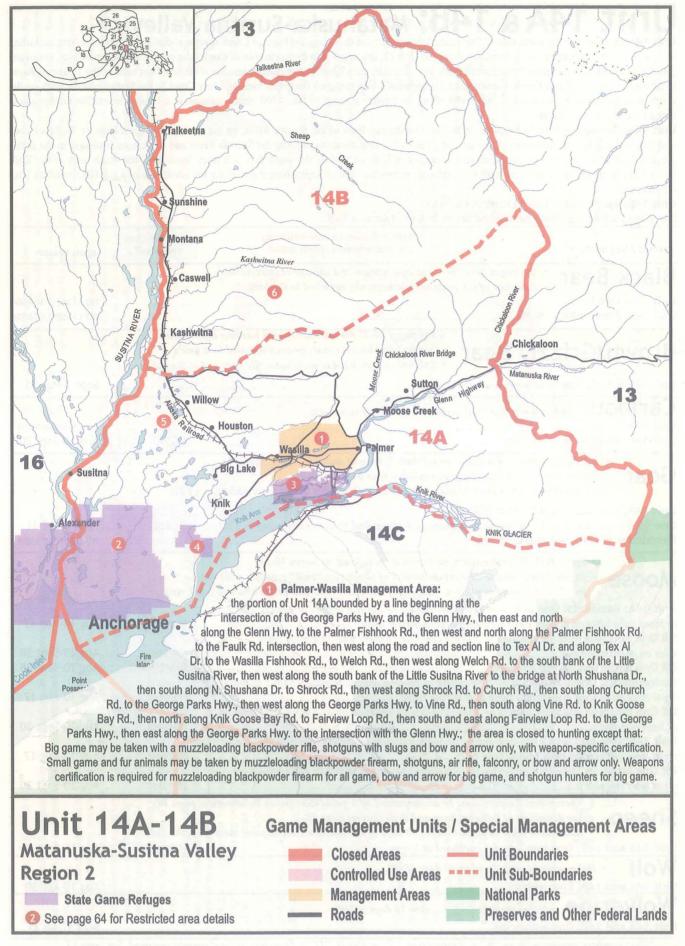
Unit 14A & 14B: Matanuska-Susitna Valley

See page 66 for 14A and 14B boundary descriptions. State restricted areas:

- 1 Palmer-Wasilla Management Area see map page 65.
- 2 Susitna Flats Game Refuge has several restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats, and aircraft. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all lands Nov 9 Mar 31, provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots, but used only on existing graveled roads and within 1/8 mile of mean high tide April 1 Nov 8. You cannot use a motorboat May 15 Aug 31 on the Theodore River upstream from private parcel USS#3956. Aircraft landing or take-off is prohibited in the designated waterfowl habitat zone along the coast from April 1 through May 15 (map available at (907) 267-2342).
- 3 Palmer Hay Flats State Game Refuge has restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats and aircraft. No off-road vehicles may be used within one-half mile of the Glenn Hwy. Off-road vehicles (including snowmachines) weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW may be used on the rest of the refuge only Nov 9-March 31, provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. In addition, ice cover on wetlands or other water bodies must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. Off road vehicles may also be used in a posted 100-yard wide corridor extending from Cottonwood Creek on the western edge of

the refuge along the north bank of Palmer Slough and Knik Arm to a sign at the end of the trail Aug 15-Nov 15. Motorized watercraft are allowed year round on the Knik River, the Matanuska River and on Knik Arm. On Wasilla Creek (Rabbit Slough) motorized watercraft can be used year-around except on week-ends from July 15-Aug 15. On all other refuge waters, you may use a motorized watercraft with a motor of 20 h.p. or less Aug 16-Mar 31. Aircraft landing or take-off is prohibited Apr 1-Nov 9.

- 4 Goose Bay State Game Refuge has special restrictions regarding the use of motorized vehicles. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all refuge lands Nov 9-Mar 31, provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. In addition, ice cover on wetlands or other water bodies must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle and on established trails located within the electrical transmission line right-of-way Aug 31-Nov 8 (AS 16.20.030).
- 5 Nancy Lake State Recreation Area has special restrictions regarding the use of firearms and off-road vehicles.
- 6 Willow Mountain Critical Habitat Area has special restrictions regarding the use of motorized vehicles. For more information call (907) 267-2342.



Unit 14A & 14B: Matanuska-Susitna Valley

Unit 14: drainages into the north side of Turnagain Arm west of and excluding the Portage Creek drainage, drainages into Knik Arm excluding drainages of the Chickaloon and Matanuska Rivers in Unit 13, drainages into the north side of Cook Inlet east of the Susitna River, drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River downstream from the Talkeetna River, and drainages into the south and west bank of the Talkeetna River to its confluence with Clear Creek, the westside drainages of a line going up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that unnamed creek to lake 4408, along the northeast shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River;

Unit 14A: drainages in Unit 14 bounded on the west by the east bank of the Susitna River, on the north by the north bank of Willow Creek and Peters Creek to its headwaters, then east along the hydrologic divide separating the Susitna River and Knik Arm drainages to the outlet creek at lake 4408, on the east by the eastern boundary of Unit 14, and on the south by Cook Inlet, Knik Arm, the south bank of the Knik River from its mouth to its junction with Knik Glacier, across the face of Knik Glacier and along the north side of Knik Glacier to the Unit 6 boundary;

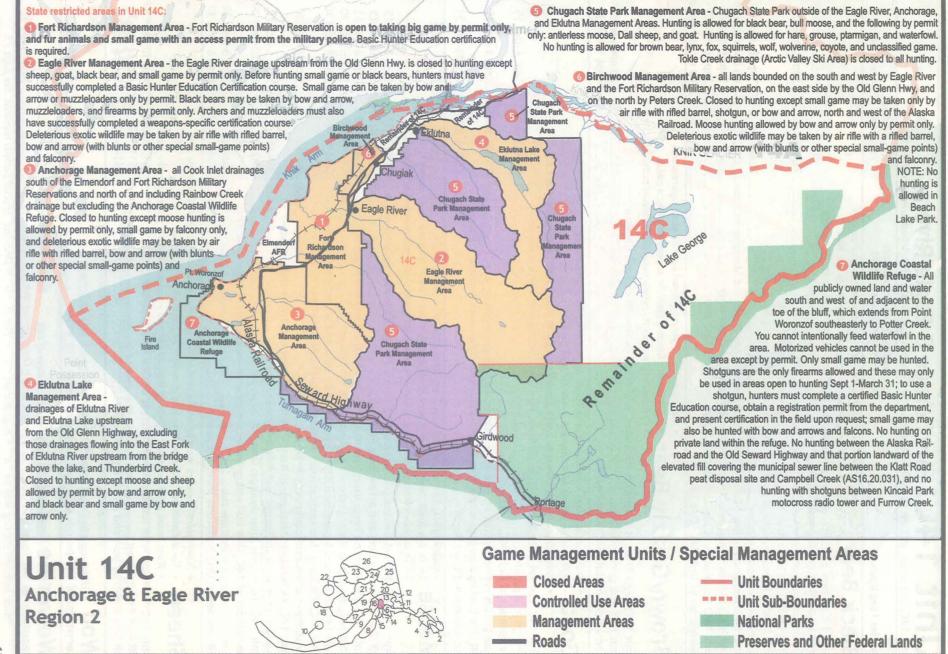
Unit 14B: that portion of Unit 14 north of Unit 14A;

See pages 64-65 for State restricted areas in Unit 14A and 14B. Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Black Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Unit 14A: One bear no closed season Unit 14B: Three bears NEW! no closed season See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Caribou • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex. Unit 14A: _______no open season • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. · Information on sex identification available with permits. Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). Unit 14A, south and east of the Matanuska River: Remainder of Unit 14A and Unit 14B: no open season Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose, In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 14A: Residents: One bull, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 **OR One bull**, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow Nonresidents: One bull, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more OR One bull, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on **Unit 14B:** One bull, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines **OR One bull**, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28. Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and must accompany meat from the field. · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Alaska 2005-2006 Hunting Regulations

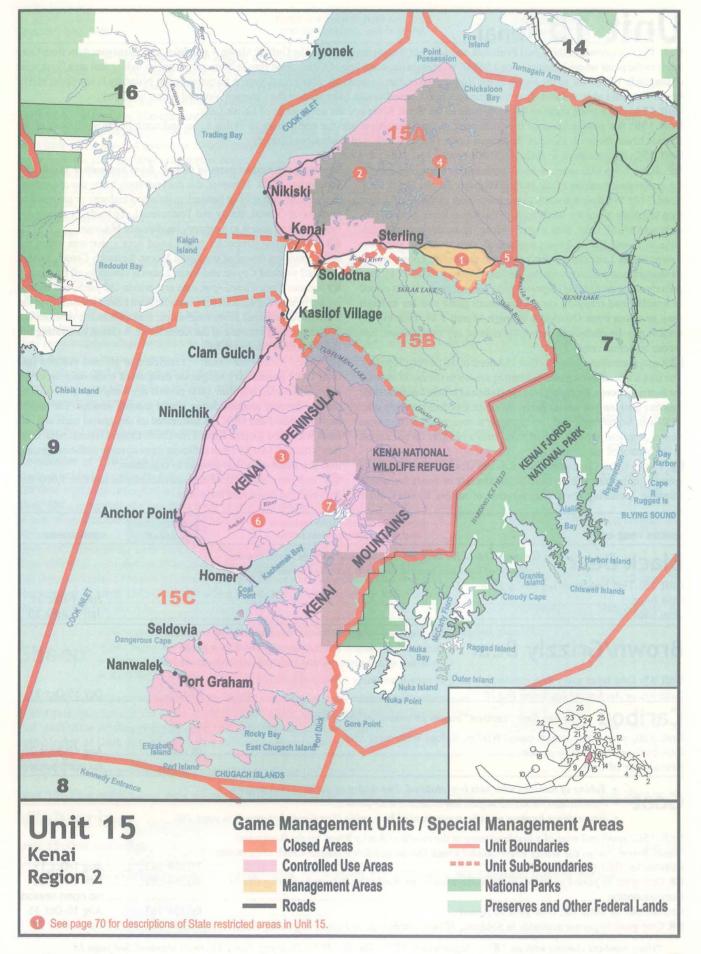
Effective July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006



Unit 14C: Anchorage & Eagle River

	-		-							
Unit	14C:	that po	ortion c	of Unit	14 sout	h of Unit 14A.	See page	67 for State	restricted	areas in Unit 14C.

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.	16 夏南西岛	19 31 3 3 X
Unit 14C: Lower Eagle River Valley: One bear by bow and arrow and muzzleloaders only by permit available in person in Anchorage and Palmer beginning Aug 22. Basic hunter education and weapons certification required	RL450	Sept 6-May 31
Unit 14C: Upper Eagle River Valley, including a portion of Chugach State Park: Doe bear by permit available in person in Anchorage and Palmer beginning Aug 22. Basic hunter education required. Juit 14C: Remainder of Eagle River, Fort Richardson, Anchorage, Birchwood Management Areas		
Unit 14C: Eklutna Management Area: One bear by bow and arrow only Unit 14C: Remainder of Chugach State Park Management Area: One bear Remainder of Unit 14C: One bear		Sept 6-May 31
See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a general Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to	uide.	
Unit 14C: Eagle River, Ft Richardson, Elmendorf, Anchorage, Eklutna, Birchwood, Chugach State Park Management Areas Remainder of Unit 14C: One bear		
 Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. Information on sex identification available with permits. Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 1) 	ge 10).	
Unit 14C, east fork of Eklutna River, Eagle River, Bird Creek, and Glacier Creek drainages: One goat by permit	DG852-858	Sept 6-Oct 15
One goat by permit available in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 22 OR One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 22		
 Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male more in all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to 	oose.	
Unit 14C, Fort Richardson Management Area: One moose by muzzleloader only by permit OR One moose by bow and arrow only by permit Unit 14C, Elmendorf Air Force Base: One moose by bow and arrow only by permit Unit 14C, Ship Creek drainage above Fort Richardson: One moose Unit 14C, Birchwood Management Area: One moose by bow and arrow only by permit Unit 14C, Anchorage Management Area: Residents only: One anterless moose	DM422-423 DM424-425/427 DM428-430 DM446-447 DM448-449	Sept 6-Jan 15 Sept 6-Nov 15 Sept6-Sept 30
by shotgun or muzzleloader only by permit. Unit 14C, Eklutna Lake Management Area: One bull by bow and arrow only by permit available in person in Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 20.	., DM666	
Unit 14C, Twentymile River drainage: One bull by permit	DM210	Aug 20-Sept 30
OR Residents: One antierless moose by permit		
Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28. Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and must accompany meat fro Init 14C: One ram with full-curl horn or larger or One ewe by permit	<i>m the field.</i> DS124-139 DS111-120	Aug 23-Oct 31
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Remainder of 14C (outside of special management areas): Five wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.	TERRET.	194554
Remainder of 14C (outside of special management areas): One wolverine		Comb d Inn 24



Unit 15 Kenai

Unit 15: that portion of the Kenai Peninsula and adjacent islands draining into the Gulf of Alaska, Cook Inlet, and Turnagain Arm from Gore Point to the point where longitude line 150°00' W. crosses the coast line of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm, including that area lying west of longitude 150°00'W. to the mouth of the Russian River, thence southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake west of the Chugach National Forest boundary;

Unit 15A: that portion north of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake;

Unit 15B: that portion south of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake, and north of the north bank of the Kasilof River, the north shore of Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek, and Tustumena Glacier;

Unit 15C: the remainder of Unit 15. State restricted areas in Unit 15:

Skilak Loop Management Area - bounded by a line beginning at the easternmost junction of the Sterling Highway and the Skilak Loop Road (Mile 58), then due south to the south bank of the Kenai River, then southerly along the south bank of the Kenai River to its confluence with Skilak Lake, then westerly along the north shore of Skilak Lake to Lower Skilak Lake campground, then northerly along the Lower Skilak Lake campground road and the Skilak Loop Road to its westernmost junction with the Sterling Highway (Mile 75.1), then easterly along the Sterling Highway to the point of beginning, is closed to hunting and trapping except that small game and fur animals may be taken from October 1 through March 1 by firearms (no firearm may be discharged within 1/4 mile of any campground) and moose by permit only.

2 Kenai Controlled Use Area - Unit 15A north of the Sterling Highway. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of moose hunters, their hunting gear, and/or moose parts. However, this does not apply after 12:01 a.m. September 11 and does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose parts by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.

3 Lower Kenai Controlled Use Area - the area is closed to anyone using a motorized vehicle (except an aircraft or boat) for moose hunting, including the transportation of moose hunters, their

hunting gear, and/or parts of moose, from September 11-14, and September 17-20. However, this does not apply to the use of a motorized vehicle on a state or borough maintained highway or on graveled portions of Oilwell, Brody and Tustumena Lake roads, or driveways used for direct access to a primary residence or business.

4 Kenai Moose Research Center Closed Area - that area within the outer boundary fences of the Kenai Moose Research Center, located west and south of Coyote and Vixen Lakes is closed to all hunting.

5 Russian River Closed Area - the area within 150 yards, and including the river, from the outlet of Lower Russian Lake downstream to the Russian River/Kenai River confluence, then continuing downstream 700 yards along the bank of the Kenai River, is closed to hunting for the months of June and July.

6 Anchor River/Fritz Creek - restricted to offroad vehicles less than 1,000 pounds dry weight on designated trails only, however off road vehicles less than 1000 pounds dry weight may be used to retrieve downed animals during lawful hunting seasons. The use of snow machines and ORV's is authorized on designated trails and all lands within the Anchor River Fritz Creek Critical Habitat Area from Nov 1 through Mar 31 when sufficient snow cover or sufficient ground frost is present to prevent damage to vegetation.

Fox River Flats - restricted to offroad vehicles less than 1,000 lbs. dryweight on designated trails only.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	for bear information and salvage requirements. The same is a salvage requirement and salvage remain naturally attached to the hide.	in a supplied	
Unit 15: Two bears per regulatory year. One bear			
	 See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting info Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached 	guide.	
Unit 15: One bear every four regulatory year Soldotna, or Anchorage beginning Oct 10	s, by permit available in person in Homer;	. RB160	Oct 15-Oct 31
Caribou • In bag limit "caribou" n	neans an animal of either sex.		
Unit 15B, within the Kenai National Wildlife I One bull may be taken by permit		. DC608	Aug 10-Sept 20 no open season
Goat · Information on sex identification	prohibited. The taking of males is encouraged. On available with permits. Cocompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, pa	ge 10).	8
Residents: One goat by permit	t the mouth of Rocky River, up the Rocky and Creek Divide and down Jakolof Creek to its mouth: Homer, Anchorage or Palmer beginning Oct 28		
	Homer, Anchorage or Falmer beginning Oct 28		

OR One goat by permit available in Soldotna, Homer, Anchorage or Palmer beginning Oct 28 RG354-363.......Nov 1-Nov 30

permit/ticket required*

open season

Moose

species / bag limits

- Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- . In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

 Calf moose means a moose less than 12 months old. 		
Unit 15A, Skilak Loop Management Area:		no open season
Unit 15A, east of Mystery Creek Road and the Pipeline Road, and north of the Sterling Hwy:		
One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines		
on at least one side, by bow and arrow only	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17
OR One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow		galen Att palle to top.
tines on at least one side	Harvest	Aug 20-Sept 20
OR One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on		Balsia (se prodif
at least one side by permit	DM522	Oct 10-Nov 10
Remainder of Unit 15A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more		
brow tines on at least one side, by bow and arrow only	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or three or more brow tines		17,307 1
on at least one side	Harvest	Aug 20-Sept 20
Unit 15B, that portion bounded by a line running from the mouth of Shantatalik Creek on		abto yie the birt in
Tustumena Lake, northward to the headwaters of the west fork of Funny River; then down-		
stream along the west fork of Funny River to the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge boundary;		
then east along the refuge boundary to its junction with the Kenai River; then eastward along the		
north side of the Kenai River and Skilak Lake; then south along the western side of Skilak River,		
Skilak Glacier, and Harding Icefield; then west along the Unit 15B boundary to the mouth of		
Shantatilak Creek: One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at		
least one side by permit	DM530/532/534	
least one side by permit		Sept 1-Sept 20
OR One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		
or one buil with 30-in, uniters or uniters with 3 or more brow thes on at least one side by permit		Sept 26-Oct 15
Remainder of 15B: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow	UN(337733	зерг 20-ост 13
tines on at least one side, by bow and arrow only	Harvoort	Aug 10, Aug 17
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or 3 or more brow tines on at least one side		
Unit 15C, southwest of a line from Point Pogibshi to the point of land between Rocky and	паг vest	Aug 20-3ept 20
Windy Bays: Residents: One bull by permit	TALE 40 ME	Mr. Aug 20 Copt 20
Nonresidents:		
Unit 15C, south of the south fork of the Anchor River and northwest of Kachemak Bay:		iio open season
The state of the s	Hanvort	Aug 20 Sont 20
One bull with spike-fork or 50-in. antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side.		
OR One antierless moose by permit; taking of calves or cows accompanied by calves prohibited	DINI349	Aug zu-sept zu
Remainder of Unit 15C: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow	Hantoet	Aug 20 Copt 20
tines on at least on one side	nai vest	Aug zu-sept zu

Sheep

- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

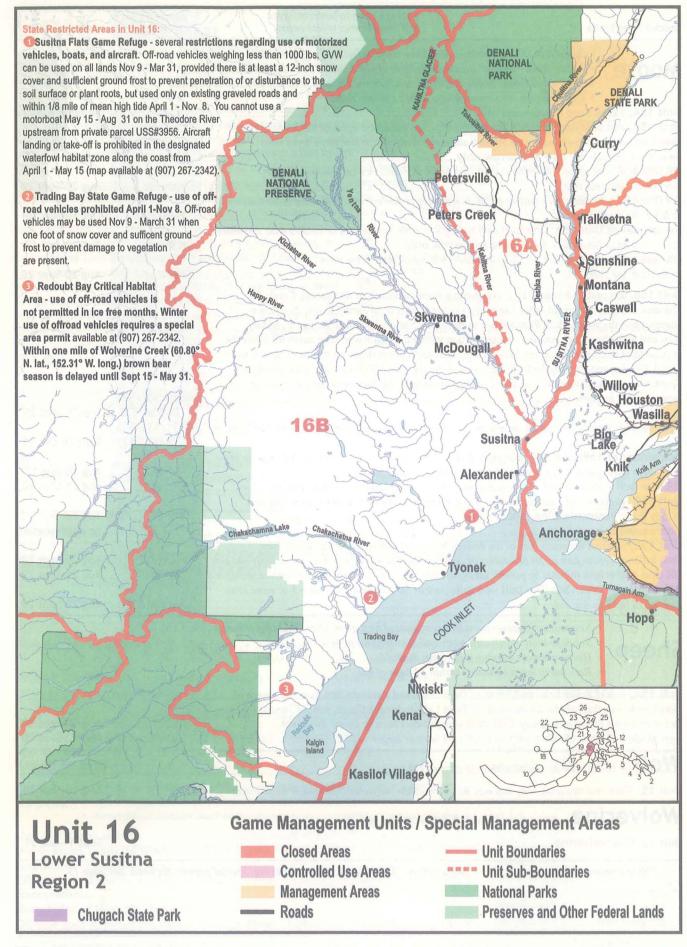
Unit 15A, east of Fuller Lake trail, south of Dike Creek and a straight line from the source of Dike Creek, east through the divide south of Trout Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek and north of the Sterling Highway: One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit..... Remainder of Unit 15: One ram with full-curl horn or larger

DS150Aug	10-Sept 20
HarvestAug	10-Sept 20

Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

· Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 15: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31



Unit 16 Lower Susitna

Unit 16: The drainages into Cook Inlet between Redoubt Creek and the Susitna River, including Redoubt Creek drainage, Kalgin Island, and the drainages on the west side of the Susitna River (including the Susitna River) upstream to its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainages into the west side of the Chulitna River (including the Chulitna River) upstream to the Tokositna River, and drainages into the south side of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; including the drainage of the Kanikula Glacier;

Unit 16A: that portion of Unit 16 east of the east bank of the Yentna River from its mouth upstream to the Kahiltna River, east of the east bank of the Kahiltna River, and east of the Kahiltna Glacier;

Unit 16B: the remainder of Unit 16; See m	nap on page 72 for State restricted areas in l	Jnit 16.	
species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
black Deal . Evidence of sex	for bear information and salvage requirements. must remain naturally attached to the hide.		no closed seaso
Brown/Grizzly Bear	See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting in Special Restrictions in Redoubt Bay Critical E No resident tag required in 16B.	nformation. Iabitat Area. a guide.	
Remainder of Unit 16A: One bear every Unit 16B, within one mile of Wolverine Cred Two bears every regulatory year	ear every four regulatory years		Sept 1-May 31 Sept 15-May 31
	one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally at		Aug 40 Sant 30
• In all hunts limited to on Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-in on at least one side by bow and arrow on	eans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male se sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attact such antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines sly	hed to the meat.	Aug 10-Aug 17
least one side Unit 16B, Kalgin Island: One moose by p Homer, and Palmer beginning Aug 1	permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna,		
or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at lea OR One bull by permit	bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers ast one side	TM565-69	Nov 15-Feb 28
Nonresident hunters must	be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information horn and drawings on page 28. The part of the field.		Account to a
Unit 16: One ram with full curl horn or lan	rger.	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Wolf • No nonresident tag required. • Hides must be sealed within.	30 days of kill.	A STATE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Unit 16: Ten wolves			Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides must be sed	aled within 30 days of kill.	1 22131	RIGITAL
Unit 16A: One wolverine			

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Dillingham

Koliganek

Ekwok

New Stuyahol

19

Lake Beverley

Koktuli River

State Restricted Areas in Unit 17: Walrus Islands State Game Sanctuary - Round, Summit, High, and Crooked Islands, Black Rock, and the Twins and the waters within 3 miles of those islands. All the islands are closed to trapping. All islands and waters within 1/2 mile of them are closed to hunting, except for the Twins. Access to Round Island is by permit only and special restrictions apply. Upper Mulchatna Controlled Use Area - all of Unit 17B. The area is closed to the use of motorized vehicles (except aircraft and boats), for hunting big game, including the transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game from Aug 1 to Nov 1. Motorized vehicles may be used to transport within legal hunting camps. 10 Unit 17B Nonresident Closed Area: The following areas are closed to the taking of caribou by nonresidents in the portions extending two miles on either side of, and including, the following rivers: Nushagak River, beginning at the southern boundary of Unit 17B and extending north to the Chichitnok River, and including Harris Creek, Klutuspak Creek, King Salmon River and the Chichitnok River; Mulchatna River upstream to the mouth of the Chilchitna; Nuyakuk River extending west up to the falls; Koktuli River up to the mouth of the WILDLIFE Swan River; and Stuyahok River to the confluence of the North/South Forks. REFUGE Twin Hills



Unit 17 Bristol Bay

Unit 17: drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham and all islands between these points. including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17A: the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17B: the Nushagak River drainage upstream from and including the Mulchatna River drainage and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley;

Unit 17C: the remainder of Unit 17; See map on page 74 for State restricted areas in Unit 17.

species / bag limits

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.

permit/ticket required*

open season

Black Bear

- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.
- See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.

Unit 17: Residents: Two bears Aug 1-May 31

Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

- · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations for residents only listed on page 25 apply to the following hunt: Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit available at King

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8. · Meat taken in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the frontquarters and hind quarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- Caribou . In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.
 - For Mulchatna Herd information, call 907-267-2308.
 - · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.
- Nonresidents: no open season Unit 17A: Nonresidents: no open season Remainder of Unit 17A: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30) Harvest....... Aug 1-Mar 31 Unit 17B, that portion in the Unit 17B Nonresident Closed Area: Nonresidents: NEW no open season Remainder of Unit 17B and that portion of Unit 17C east of the Wood River and Nonresidents: One caribou Harvest Aug 1-Apr 15 Remainder of Unit 17C: Residents: up to Five caribou Harvest may be announced Nonresidents: no open season

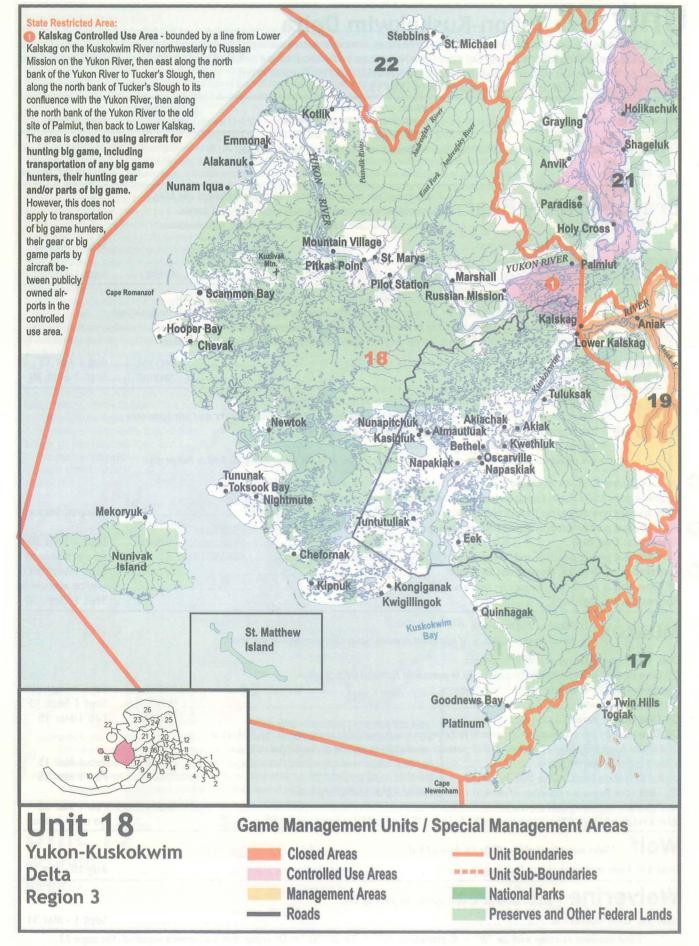
- Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on page 30-31.
- · Meat taken in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- . In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 17A: Residents: One bull by permit available in person in Togiak beginning Aug 15	RM573	Aug 25-Sept 20
OR One antlered bull, up to a 14-day season may be announced Dec 1- Jan 31 by permit available in person in Togiak, Dillingham and Manakotak Nonresidents:	RM575	may be announced
Unit 17B, all drainages of the Mulchatna River upstream from and including the Chilchitna River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available in person in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages July 15-Aug 31		
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-in. antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side		Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side (Nonresident orientation requirement, see page 80)	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Moose continued	the death, San become faith Point and Cape Note.	bus yes Provide con	Lait 17 integral
Unit 17B, that portion in the Unit 17B No	onresident Closed Area:		
Residents: One bull by permit available			
River villages July 15-Aug 31		RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
	ntlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on		democrat 1941 PM
		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
	n in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages	DMERE	Dan 4 Dan 24
		KM383	Dec 1-Dec 31
	atlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on		
at least one side by permit in person in Dil	lingham July 15-Aug 31 page 80)	DM587	Sent 5-Sent 15
	ne bull by permit available in person in Dillingham	NEW! ION307	sept 3-sept 15
and Nuchagak Piver villages July 15 Aug	31	RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
OR One bull with a spike-fork or 50-inch	antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines		Aug 20 Sept 15
on at least one side	uniters of antiers with 5 of more brow times	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
	n in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages		sept 1 sept 15
heainning Oct 25	The Dillingham and Trushagan Iteret vinages	RM585	Dec 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch an			distribution legal
tines on at least one side. (Nonresident or	ientation requirement, see page 80)	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
	drainage, Sunshine Valley, and all lands west of	ukiji sebilabbah y	mean hyperall hearth of
	and east of Killian Creek, Nunavaugaluk Lake, and	Contraction of	
	rmit available in person in Dillingham and Nushagak		
		RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
	l-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines		distribution of
			Sept 1-Sept 15
	eek, Nunavaugaluk Lake, and Snake River:		
Residents: One antlered bull by permi	t	RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
	inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines		
		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
One antlered bull, up to a 14-day season	n may be announced Dec 1-Jan 31 by permit		
available in person in Togiak, Dillingham	and Manokotak	. NEWI RM575	may be announce
			no open season
	ne bull by permit available in person in Dillingham		
and Nushagak River villages July 15 - Aug	31	RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
	antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines		may be estimated
on at least one side		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
	n in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages		mill of heart wards
beginning Oct 25		RM585	Dec 1-Dec 31
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within	20.1 (19)		The second section of the section of
Unit 17: Ten wolves per day	i 30 days of kui.		Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides must be s		Commented with	9200M
	euteu within 30 auys of kit.		Sept 1.Mar 24

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



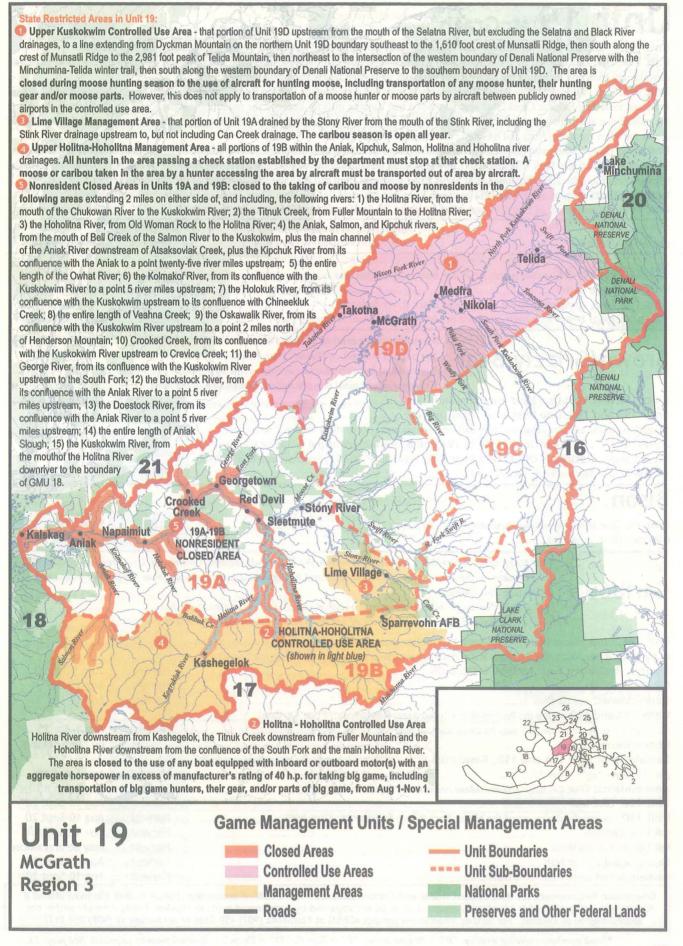
Unit 18 Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta

Unit 18: That area draining into the Yukon and Kuskokwim rivers downstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut and the drainages flowing into the Bering Sea from Cape Newenham on the south to and including the Pastolik River drainage on the north; Nunivak, St. Matthew, and adjacent islands between Cape Newenham and the Pastolik River;

See map on page 77 for State restricted areas in Unit 18.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Unit 18: Three bears no closed season · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. Caribou . Meat taken prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Nonresidents: One bull. Harvest Sept 1-Sept 30 • In areas indicated by Federal restrictions exist. See page 8. · Meat taken prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters Moose until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. · In bag limit, "bull" means a male moose. · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 18, Lower Kuskokwim Closed Area: easterly of a line from the mouth of the Ishkowik River to the closest point of Dall Lake then to easternmost point of Takslesluk Lake then along the Kuskokwim Unit 18, that portion south of the Eek River drainage and north of the Goodnews River drainage: Residents: One bull Harvest Sept 1-Sept 30 Remainder of Unit 18: Residents: One bull Harvest Sept 1-Sept 30 Nonresidents: One bull. Sept 1—Sept 30 Muskox tag required.

In all hunts evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 18, Nunivak Island: one bull by permit OR One cow by permit (5 permits available) in person in Bethel ADF&G office beginning Aug. 23, 8 a.m. RX060. Sept 1-Sept 30 OR One bull by permit DX001...... Sept 1-Sept 30 OR One bull by permit DX003..... Feb 1-Mar 15 OR One cow by permit (number of permits to be announced) available in person at the Mekoryuk City Office beginning Jan. 27, 8 a.m. and (5 permits available) in person at the Bethel ADF&G office beginning Jan 24, 8 a.m. RX061...... Feb 1-Mar 15 **OR One cow** by permit (number of permits to be announced) available in person in Nightmute beginning Jan 20, 8 a.m. RX071 Feb 1-Mar 25 Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.



Unit 19 McGrath

Unit 19: All drainages into the Kuskokwim River upstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut.

Unit 19A: That area drained by the Kuskokwim River downstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage on the north bank and downstream from and including the Stony River drainage, excluding that portion listed in Unit 19B.

Unit 19B: Unit 19 drained by the Aniak River upstream from and including the Salmon River; that area drained by the Holitna River upstream from and including Bakbuk Creek; that area south of a line running directly between the mouth of Bakbuk Creek on the Holitna River and the radar dome at Sparrevohn Air Force Base including that area drained by the Hoholitna River upstream from that line; and the drainage of the Stony River upstream from and including the drainage of Can Creek.

Unit 19C: Unit 19 south and east of a line from Benchmark M1.26 (approximately 1.26 miles south of the northwest corner of the original Mt. McKinley National Park Boundary) to Lone Mountain, and thence due west to Big River; the drainage of Big River upstream from the intersection of this line; and the drainage of Swift River upstream from and including the drainage of the North Fork.

Unit 19D East: the portion of Unit 19D upstream from, but not including, Selatna River drainage and Black River drainage.

Unit 19D: The remainder of Unit 19. See map on page 79 for State restricted areas in Unit 19.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear · See pages 2	24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.	Cylneid Into E of A	and and the sometime
Unit 19: Three bears			no closed season
Jnit 19D-East, upstream from the Sel			
Two additional bears by permit avai	lable in McGrath or by mail beginning July 1	RL338	no closed seasor
Brown/Grizzly Be	 No resident tag required in Unit 19D. See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting inform Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a gu Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to 	11101	The control of the co
Inits 19A and 19D: One bear even	regulatory year		Aug 10-June 30
	regulatory year		
	nits 19A and B, downstream of and including the Aniak		
	bear every regulatory year by permit available in Galena,		
	y 1	RB601	Aug 10-June 30
• Meat taken prid must remain of for human com • In bag limit "co	aribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male o	ontrolled Use Ar noved from the fic caribou.	ea, and Unit 19B,
	nited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attac	nea to the meat.	
	Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouth		
	River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek		
	otal: Bulls		
		Harvest	Aug 10-Mar 31
Jnits 19A and 19B within the Nonres	sident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou		Barrier Period
	taken Aug 1 - Nov 30		
			no open season
	Residents: Five caribou; however, no more than one bull		refer to devote the first
	sident orientation requirement, below)		
	Nixon Fork River: Residents: One bull		
	2500 401 5000		
Damada day of Hada 400, One built		Laurench	A 40 Camt 20

Orientation Requirement for Nonresident Moose and Caribou Hunters in Unit 19B - A nonresident hunter in Unit 19B must attend a department-approved hunter orientation course or must be accompanied by a registered guide or resident family member within the second-degree of kindred. For further information contact ADF&G at Fairbanks (907) 459-7206 or Anchorage at (907) 267-2137.

Remainder of Unit 19D: One bull Aug 10-Sept 20

- · Meat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Controlled Use Area, and Unit 19B must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human Moose . 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on page 30-31. consumption.

 - · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
 - · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 19A, Lime Village Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouth of the Stink River, including the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek		1 10.5 25
drainage: Residents: Two antiered bulls by permit		
OR Two antiered bulls by permit	IM004	Nov 20-mar 31
Remainder of Unit 19A: Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in person in all	D147.40	C 4 C 20
villages within 19A, July 11 - Aug 26		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 19B, within the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: One antlered bull by permit		
available in person in all villages within 19A, July 11 - Aug 26	RM640	Sept 1-Sept 20
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Remainder of Unit 19B: Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in person in		
all villages within 19A, July 11 - Aug 26	RM640	Sept 1-Sept 20
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-in. antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		
on at least one side. (Nonresident orientation requirement, see page 80)	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 20
Unit 19C: Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more		
brow tines on at least one side.	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
OR One bull by permit available in person in McGrath and Nikolai beginning Dec 30.		
Aircraft not allowed Jan 1 - Feb 28	RM655	Feb 1-Feb 28
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
Unit 19D: Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from the Selatna and Black river drain-	ridi vese	sept 1 sept 20
ages, excluding Takotna River drainage upstream of Takotna village:		
Residents: One antiered bull by permit available in McGrath, Nikolai, Medfra and Takotna		
July 11-Aug 26	DIMES	Comt 4 Comt 25
		The second secon
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 19D: Takotna River drainage upstream of Takotna village:		
Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in McGrath, Nikolai, Medfra and Takotna		
July 11-Aug 26		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit19D that portion between and including Cheeneetnuk and Gagaryah river drainages,		
excluding that portion within 2 miles of the Swift River: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
Remainder of Unit 19D: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents:		no open season

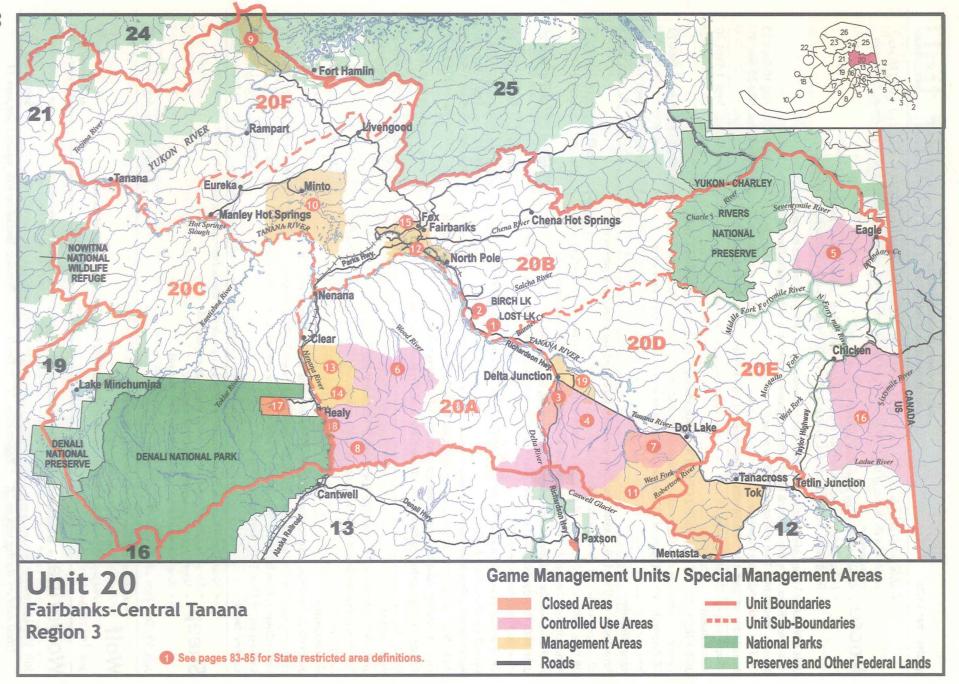
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

- · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.
- · No nonresident tag required.
- For wolves taken in 19D East report to McGrath (524-3323) within 10 days of the kill.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 19: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



Unit 20 Fairbanks - Central Tanana

Unit 20: the Yukon River drainage upstream from and including the Tozitna River drainage to and including the Hamlin Creek drainage, drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage, the Ladue River and Fortymile River drainages, and the Tanana River drainage north of Unit 13 and downstream from the east bank of the Robertson River;

Unit 20A: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the south by the Unit 13 boundary, bounded on the east by the west bank of the Delta River, bounded on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Delta River downstream to its confluence with the Nenana River, and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River (Seventeenmile Slough);

Unit 20B: drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from and including Hot Springs Slough upstream to and including the Banner Creek drainage;

Unit 20C: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Nenana River and on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River downstream from the Nenana River;

Unit 20D: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Robertson River and on the west by the west bank of the Delta River, and drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Robertson River downstream to, but excluding, the Banner Creek drainage;

Unit 20E: drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage and the Ladue River drainage;

Unit 20F: the remainder of Unit 20. See map on page 87 and the following three pages for State restricted areas in Unit 20.

1 Lost Lake (Mile 306.1 Richardson Highway) - the area within 1/2 mile of the lake is closed to the taking of big game with firearms and crossbows.

2 Birch Lake (Mile 306 Richardson Highway) & Harding Lake (MP 319 Richardson Highway)- the area within 1/2 mile of these lakes is closed to taking big game.

3 Delta Junction Management Area - Unit 20D bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of Donnelly Creek and the Delta River, then up Donnelly Creek to Richardson Highway (MP 238), then north along the east side of the highway to the "12-mile crossing trail" (Mile 252.4) then east along the south side of the "12-mile crossing trail" and across Jarvis Creek to the 33-mile loop road, then northeast along the 33-mile loop road to the intersection with the Alaska Highway (MP 1414), then southeast along the north side of the Alaska Highway to the bridge at Sawmill Creek (MP 1403.9), then down the west bank of Sawmill Creek to its confluence with Clearwater Creek and down the south bank of Clearwater Creek to its confluence with the Tanana River, then down the Tanana River to its confluence with the Delta River, and upstream along the east bank of the Delta River to the point of beginning at Donelly Creek, the area is open to moose hunting by permit only.

4 Delta Controlled Use Area - beginning at the confluence of Miller Creek and the Delta River then west to Vertical Angle Bench mark (VABM) Miller, then west to include all drainages of Augustana Creek and Black Rapids Glacier, then north and east to include all drainages of McGinnis Creek to its confluence with the Delta River, then east in a straight line across the Delta River to the east bank of the Delta River, then north along the east bank to a point opposite the intersection of the Alaska and Richardson Highways then east in a straight line to the intersection of the Alaska and Richardson Highways, then east along the Alaska Highway, to the west bank of the Johnson River, then south along the west bank of the Johnson River and Johnson Glacier to the head of the Canwell Glacier, then west along the north bank of the Canwell Glacier, and Miller Creek to the Delta River. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle or pack animal for big game hunting, including the transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, Aug 5-25. However, this does not prohibit motorized access to the area for hunting, or transportation of game on the Richardson Highway, or the use of aircraft at the Charlie Boyd airstrip (63°29'30" N.lat., 144°50'45" W. long.) along the Johnson River.

Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area - Unit 20E bounded by a line beginning at mile 140 of the Taylor Hwy, then north along the highway to Eagle, then west along the cat trail from Eagle to Crooked Creek, then from Crooked Creek southwest along the west bank of Mogul Creek to its headwaters on North Peak, then west across North Peak to the headwaters of Independence Creek, then southwest along the west bank of Independence Creek to its confluence with the North Fork of the Fortymile River, then easterly along the south bank of the North Fork of the Fortymile River to its confluence with Champion Creek, then across the North Fork of the Fortymile River to the south bank of Champion Creek and easterly along the south bank of Champion Creek to its confluence with Little Champion Creek, then northeast along the east bank of Little Champion Creek to its headwaters, then northeasterly in a direct line to mile 140 on the Taylor Highway. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting, including transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from Aug 5-Sept 20. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Taylor Highway.

6 Wood River Controlled Use Area Unit 20A bounded on the north by the south side of the Rex Trail beginning at its intersection with the east bank of the Totatlanika River, then easterly along the Rex Trail to Gold King airstrip, then from Gold King airstrip along the trail's extension along the north side of Japan Hills to the Wood River; bounded on the east by the east bank of the Wood River, including the Wood River drainage upstream from and including the Snow Mountain Gulch Creek drainage; bounded on the south by the divide separating the Yanert River drainage from the drainages of the Healy Creek, Moody Creek, Montana Creek, and the Wood River; and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from the divide separating the drainage of the Yanert River and Montana Creek north to Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters, then along a straight line to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along the east bank of Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, and then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. The area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle, except aircraft for big game hunting including the transportation of any big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, Aug 1-Sept 30; however, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Parks Highway.

Macomb Plateau Controlled Use Area Unit 20D, south of the Alaska Highway, draining into the south side of the Tanana River between the east bank of the Johnson River upstream to Prospect Creek, and the east bank of Bear Creek (Mile 1357.3). The area is closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from August 10-Sept 30 except for a floatplane on Fish Lake, and motorized

vehicles, including aircraft, to, from, and on the Dry Creek Airstrip at Mile 1379 Alaska Highway.

(3) Yanert Controlled Use Area - Unit 20A drained by the Nenana River upstream from and including the Yanert Fork drainage. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle, except aircraft, for big game hunting, including transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, and transportation of game on, the Parks Highway.

O Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area (DHCMA) - Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway, including the driveable surface of the Dalton Highway, from the Yukon River to the Arctic Ocean, and including the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area. The area within the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area is closed to the taking of big game; the remainder of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area is closed to hunting; however, big game, small game, and fur animals may be taken in the area by bow and arrow only. Aircraft and boats may be used to transport hunters, their gear, or parts of game within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. A snowmachine may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game across the management area from land outside the management area to access land on the other side of the management area. No motorized land vehicle may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game, within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area, EXCEPT licensed highway vehicles may be used on the following designated roads: 1) Dalton Highway; 2) Bettles Winter Trail during periods when BLM and the City of Bettles announce that the trail is open to winter travel; 3) Galbraith Lake road from the Dalton Highway to the BLM campground at Galbraith Lake, including the gravel pit access road when the gate is open; 4) Toolik Lake Road, excluding the driveway to the Toolik Lake Research Facility; 5) The Sagavanirktok River access road two miles north of Pump Station 2; 6) any constructed roadway or gravel pit within 1/4 mile of the Dalton Highway. Any hunter traveling on the Dalton Highway must stop at any check station operated by the department within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.

Minto Flats Management Area - Unit 20B bounded by the Elliott Highway beginning at Mile 118, then northeasterly to mile 96, then east to the Tolovana Hotsprings Dome, then east to the Winter Cat Trail, then along the Cat Trail south to the Old Telegraph Trail at Dunbar, then westerly along the trail to a point where it joins the Tanana River three miles upstream from Old Minto, then along the north bank of the Tanana River (including all channels and sloughs except Swan Neck Slough*), to the confluence of the Tanana and Tolovana Rivers and then northerly to the point of beginning. (*Note: The area between Swan Neck Slough and the Tanana River is within the Minto Flats Management Area.) Aircraft or airboats may not be used for moose hunting or to transport moose, moose hunters or moose hunting equipment within the Management Area.

Tok Management Area - (also included in portions of Units 12, 13C and 20D) bounded by a line along the Alaska Highway east from the west side of the Johnson River bridge to Tok Junction, then south along the Tok-Slana cutoff (Glenn Highway) to the Slana River, then west along the north bank of the Slana River to its confluence with Lost Creek, then up the north side of Lost Creek to the divide between Lost Creek and Jack Creek, then north to the Unit 12 boundary then west along the Unit 12 boundary to Mount Kimball (63°17' N.lat., 144°40' W.long.), then west in a straight line to Mount Gakona (63°17' N.lat., 145°12' W.long.), then southwesterly to the head of Canwell Glacier, then northerly to the head of the Johnson Glacier, then northerly along the west bank of the Johnson Glacier and Johnson River to the Johnson River bridge; the area is open to sheep hunting by permit only.

Fairbanks Management Area - that portion of Unit 20B bounded by a line from the confluence of Rosie Creek and the Tanana River, northerly along Rosie Creek to the middle fork of Rosie Creek through section 26 to the Parks Highway, then east along the Parks Highway to Alder Creek, then upstream along Alder Creek to its confluence with Emma Creek, then upstream along Emma Creek to its headwaters, then northerly along the hydrographic divide between Goldstream Creek drainages and Cripple Creek drainages to the summit of Ester Dome, then down Sheep Creek to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then easterly along Goldstream Creek to Sheep Creek Road, then north on Sheep Creek Road to Murphy Dome Road, then west on Murphy Dome Road to Old Murphy Dome Road, then east on Old Murphy Dome Road to the Elliot Highway, then south on the Elliot Highway to Davidson Ditch, then southeasterly along the Davidson Ditch to its confluence with the tributary to Goldstream Creek in Section 29, then downstream along the tributary to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then in a straight line to First Chance Creek, then up First Chance Creek to the summit of Tungsten Hill, then southerly along Steele Creek to its intersection with the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way, then southeasterly along the easterly edge of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way to the Chena River, then along the north bank of the Chena River to the Moose Creek dike, then southerly along the Moose Creek dike to its intersection with the Tanana River, and then westerly along the north bank of the Tanana River to the point of beginning. The area is open to moose hunting by bow and arrow. B Ferry Trail Management Area - Unit 20A bounded on the north by the Rex Trail; bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from its intersection with the Rex Trail south to the divide forming the north boundary of the Lignite Creek drainage; bounded on the south by that divide easterly and southerly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak, then along a southwesterly line to the confluence of Healy Creek and Coal Creek, then upstream easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters; bounded on the east by a straight line from the headwaters of Healy Creek to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, then

to caribou hunting by permit only.

Healy-Lignite Management Area - Unit 20A that includes the entire Lignite Creek drainage, and that portion of the Nenana River drainage south of the Lignite Creek drainage and north of a boundary beginning at the confluence of the Nenana River and Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to its confluence with Coal Creek, then northeasterly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak. Open to hunting by bow and arrow only.

down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. Open

(5) Creamer's Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge - In this portion of Unit 20B hunting and trapping are allowed by registration only. The department may use its discretionary authority to implement the management plan for the refuge. Weapons restrictions apply.

16 Ladue River Controlled Use Area - Unit 20E bounded on the west by the east bank of the Dennison Fork of the Fortymile River from the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway to the confluence with the unnamed creek that drains north from Son Mountain, then south along the east bank of this creek to the top of Son Mountain; on the south by a straight line east from the top of Son Mountain to the north bank of the Ladue River, then along the north bank of the Ladue River to the Alaska-Canada border; on the east by the Alaska-Canada border; and on the north by the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway; the area is closed to the use of any motorized land vehicle for hunting, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, Aug 24-Sept 30. However, this does not prohibit motorized access or transportation of game on the Nine Mile and Liberty Creek trails, Alaska-Canada border, the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor

Highway, or other trails designated by the department.

Stampede Closed Area - Unit 20C, west of Savage River bounded by Denali National Park is closed to the taking of wolves.

B Nenana Canyon Closed Area - Units 20A and 20C: those portions bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of the Units 20A and 13E boundary and a point exactly one mile east of the George Parks Highway, then southwest along the Units 20A and 13E boundary to the boundary of Denali National Park and Preserve, then north along the boundary of Denali National Park and Preserve to its intersection with the west bank of the Nenana River at Moody Bridge (MP242.9), then across the Moody Bridge to the Unit 20A boundary, then north along the boundary of Unit 20A to a point exactly one mile east of the George Parks Highway, then south on a line paralleling the George Parks Highway at a distance of one mile, to the point of beginning, is closed to the taking of wolves.

Bison Range Youth Hunt Management Area - the area consists of 2 field complexes within the Delta Junction Bison Range in Unit 20D as follows: (i) the Panoramic Field hunting area is located 3/4 mile

Unit 20D, north of the south bank of the Tanana River (Fortymile herd):

Residents: One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok,

OR One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction,

south of the Alaska Highway between Milepost 1404.0 and 1407.6, and bounded by a line beginning at the northeast corner (latitude/longitude 63°53.299"/145°14.714"), then northwest 3.5 miles to 63°54.956"/145° 20.767", then southwest 2.4 miles to 63° 53.206"/145°23.232", then southeast 1.5 miles to 63° 52.537"/145° 20.758", then northeast 1.0 mile to 63° 53.301"/145°19.659", then southeast 2.0 miles to 63° 52.330"/145°16.075", then northeast 1.0 miles to the beginning point; and (ii) the Gerstle Field hunting area is located 34 mile south of the Alaska Highway between MP1394.1 and 1396.8, and bounded by a line beginning at the northeast corner (latitude/longitude 63°48.984"/ 144°57.766"), then northwest 2.9 miles to 63°50.242"/145°02.874", then southwest 1.1 miles to 63°49.102"/145°04.197", then southeast 2.3 miles to 63°48.239"/145°00.339", then northeast 1.6 miles to the beginning point. The area is open to moose hunting by permit only and is closed to motorized vehicles for hunting July 1-Sept 30, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear or parts of game, in the management area.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requiremen dence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.	ts.	
Unit 20: Three bears			no closed seaso
Brown/Grizzly	 See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting Nonresident hunters must be accompanied Evidence of sex must remain naturally atta No resident tag required in Unit 20D and 20E Rivers National Preserve, Bears taken in Unit 20E must be sealed in Unit 20E 	by a guide. ched to the hide. Coutside of the Yukon-Cl	harley
Unit 20D: <mark>One bear</mark> every regul Unit 20E: <mark>Two bears</mark> every regu	latory yearlatory yearlatory yearlatory yearlatory year every regulatory year		Aug 10-June 30 Aug 10-June 30
Bison			2 de maldirenne
Unit 20D: One bison every five	regulatory years by permit	DI403-404	Oct 1-Mar 31
Caribou · Fortymile	it "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means of herd information 267-2310. mited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally at		
Unit 20B, south and east of the S	teese Highway (Fortymile herd): mit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok,	DC827	Aug 10-Sept 20
OR One caribou by permit avail	Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2 able online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, Delta		altitude has con
	entral beginning Nov 16	RC867	Dec 1-Feb 28
Name and death of the built ?			
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks,	mit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2 Steese Hwy, north and east of the Elliott Hwy to its inter-	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 20
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Unit 20B, north and west of the Section with the Dalton Hwy, and	nit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	Harvest	The Laborator of All

Remainder of Unit 20B: One bull Harvest Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20C no open season

Hunt	s are	open	to b	oth re	esidents
and	nonr	eside	nts L	ınless	noted.

permit/ticket required*

species / bag limits

open season

Caribou continued

Nonresidents: One bull by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20D, south of the Tanana River (Macomb herd): Residents: One bull by permit available		
online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Delta Junction, Tok, and Fairbanks beginning Aug 2 Nonresidents:		
Unit 20E (Fortymile herd): Residents: One caribou by permit available online at		et addada e en en e
hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 30
OR One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta		
Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, and Central, beginning Nov 16	RC867	Dec 1-Feb 28
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20F, east of the Dalton Highway and south of the Yukon River (White Mtn herd): One bull	Harvost	Aug 10-Sept 20
OR One caribou by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Fairbanks and	riai vest	Aug 10-3ept 20
Central beginning Nov 16	RC879	Dec 1-Mar 31
Unit 20F, west of the Dalton Highway and south of the Yukon River: One bull	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20F, north of the Yukon River: Residents*: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 10-Mar 31
Nonresidents: One caribou		

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

Moose

- Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on page 30-31.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 20A, the Ferry Trail Management Area, Wood River Controlled Use Area, Healy-Lignite		
Management Area and the Yanert Controlled Use Area: Residents: One bull with spike-fork		
or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
OR One antlerless moose by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in		
Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Anchorage, and Soldotna beginning Aug 17	RM764	Sept 1-Dec 10
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side by muzzleloader only by permit	EWI .DM766	Nov 1-Nov 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
OR One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
by muzzleloader only by permit	EWI. DM766	Nov 1-Nov 30
Remainder of Unit 20A: Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers		
with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side.	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
OR One antlerless moose by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person		
in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Anchorage, and Soldotna beginning Aug 17	RM764	Sept 1-Dec 10
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		a commission and that the
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
Unit 20B, Fairbanks Management Area:		
One bull with spike-fork or greater antlers by bow and arrow only	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 30
OR	Harvest	Nov 21-Nov 27
OR One antierless moose by bow and arrow only by permit. However, no person may take		arco il penticui rol
calf or cow accompanied by a calf	DM788	Sept 1-Sept 30
OR by permit	DM788	Nov 21-Nov 27
OR Unit 20B, Creamer's Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge: One antlerless moose		
by muzzleloading rifle only by permit. However, no person may take a calf or cow		
accompanied by a calf	DM789	Nov 21-Nov 27
Unit 20B, Minto Flats Management Area: Residents: One moose by limited permit		
available in person in Minto and Nenana on Aug 16 and Jan 4. One permit per household	RM775	Sept 1-Sept 25
OR		Jan 10-Feb 28
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers, or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		5011 10 1 00 20
least one side	Harvest	Sept 11-Sept 25
Nonresidents:		
		no open season

species / bag limits Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Moose continued	Telefon Services	W. T. Warrand
Unit 20B, the drainage of the Middle (East) Fork of the Chena River and the Salcha		
River drainage upstream from and including Goose Creek: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
OR One bull by bow and arrow only		
Remainder of Unit 20B: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents: One bull		
Unit 20C: Residents: One bull; however, white-phased or partial albino (more than 50	101 7 0 3 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Jepe J Jepe 15
percent white) moose may not be taken	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One bull; however, white-phased or partial albino (more than 50		эсре 1 эсре 20
percent white) moose may not be taken	Harvost	Sont 5 Sont 15
	Пат vest	sept 3-sept 13
Unit 20D, south of the north bank of the Tanana River and east of the west bank of		
the Johnson River, except that portion within the Robertson River drainage south of the		
confluence of east and west forks, and within 1 mile west of the west fork:	19,200	
Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 20D, within the Robertson River drainage south of the confluence of east and west		
forks, and within 1 mile west of the west fork: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers, or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 20D, south of the north bank of the Tanana River and west of the west bank of the		
Johnson River, except the Delta Junction Management Area and the Bison Range Youth Hunt		
Management Area: Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with		
	Linuxant	Cont 1 Cont 1E
4 or more brow tines on at least one side.	narvest	зерт 1-зерт 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		6 1 5 6 1 45
least one side	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 20D, within the Bison Range Youth Hunt Management Area: One bull with spike-		
fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side; One bull		
per lifetime by permit	DM792	Sept 1-Sept 30
Unit 20D, within the Delta Junction Management Area:		
Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		
on at least one side by permit	DM790	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side by permit	DM790	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 20D, within the Healy River drainage:		
Residents: One spike-fork bull	Harvest	Aug 15-Aug 28
OR One bull		
Nonresidents; One bull		
Remainder of Unit 20D: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Unit 20E, draining into the Middle Fork of the Fortymile River upstream from and		
including the Joseph Creek drainage: Residents: One bull		
OR One bull	Harvest	Sept 8-Sept 17
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 8-Sept 17
Remainder of Unit 20E: Residents: One bull by permit available in person in Tok, Delta		
Junction, Eagle, and Fairbanks beginning Aug 17; may not possess RC860 at same time as RM865	RM865	Aug 24-Aug 28
OR		
OR One bull by permit in the Ladue River Controlled Use Area		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one		1107 1 1107 50
side, by permit available in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle and Fairbanks beginning Aug 17;	DMOCE	Cont 9 Cont 17
may not possess RC860 at same time as RM865.		sehr o-sehr 17
Unit 20F, drained by the Yukon River downstream from but not including the Hess Creek	(Interest	Comt 4 C - 1 00
drainage and excluding the Tanana River drainage: Residents: One bull		
OR One bull		
Nonresidents:		
Unit 20F, drained by the Tanana River: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 20F: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents:		

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

Sheep

- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 20, within the Tok Management Area:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit	DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20, within the Delta Controlled Use Area:		a solice a mobile and
One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit	DS203/204	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20D north of the Alaska Highway and that portion of Unit 20E encompassing		
Mt. Harper south of Joseph Creek and the headwaters of the Charley River:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit	DS206	Aug 10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 20: One ram with full curl horn or larger		

Wolf No nonresident tag required.

Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 20: Five wolves ______ Aug 10-Apr 30

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 20: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

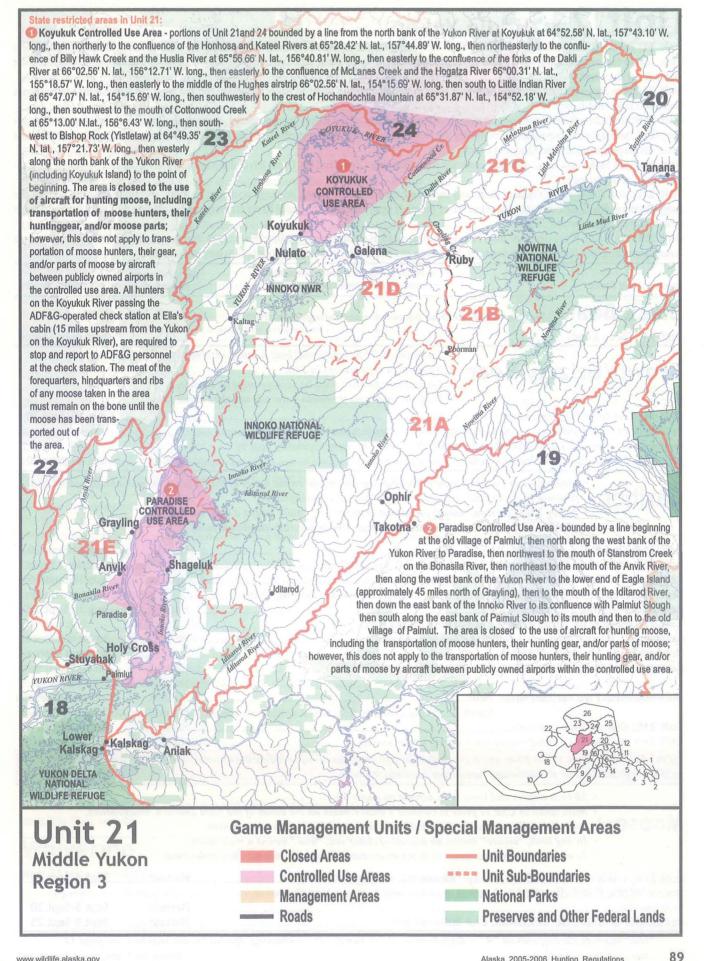
*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



Travis B. Smith, 14, harvested this bison in November 2004 near Delta Junction, Alaska. The bison, part of the Delta herd, was over 10 feet long with tail, and weighed about 1200 pounds.



Mary LeFebvre with a forked horn bull taken in Fall 2003 during the archery season on the Kenai Peninsula.



Unit 21 Middle Yukon

Unit 21: Middle Yukon drainages into the Yukon River upstream from Paimiut to but not including the Tozitna River drainage on the north bank, and to but not including the Tanana River drainage on the south bank, and excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage;

Unit 21A: the Innoko River drainage upstream from and including the Iditarod River drainage, and the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River;

Unit 21B: the Yukon River drainage upstream from Ruby and east of the Ruby-Poorman Road, downstream from and excluding the Tozitna River and Tanana River drainages, and excluding the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River, and excluding the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek;

Unit 21C: the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek, and the Dulbi River drainage upstream from and including the Cottonwood Creek drainage;

Unit 21D: the Yukon River drainage from and including the Blackburn Creek drainage upstream to Ruby, including the area west of the Ruby-Poorman Road, excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage, and excluding the Dulbi River drainage upstream from Cottonwood Creek;

Unit 21E: the Yukon River drainage from Paimiut upstream to but not including the Blackburn Creek drainage, and the Innoko River drainage downstream from the Iditarod River drainage. See map on page 89 for State restricted areas in Unit 21.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. open season required* Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Unit 21: Three bears no closed season · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · No resident tag required in 21D. · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations also apply to the hunt below: (see special requirements on page 25) Unit 21D: Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by Meat taken in Unit 21A prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. · In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou. In hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to meat. Unit 21A: One bull Harvest Aug 10-Sept 20 Remainder of Unit 21B: One caribou Aug 10-Sept 30 Unit 21C, Dulbi River drainage and Melozitna River drainage downstream from Big Creek......no open season Unit 21D, north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk River: Nonresidents: no open season Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls no closed season Unit 21E: One caribou Harvest Aug 10-Sept 30

Moose

• 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.

register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

- Meat taken in Unit 21 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports but you must

Unit 21A, within the Nowitha River drainage: Residents: One antiered buil	. Harvest Sept 5-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at	
least one side	. Harvest Sept 5-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 21A: Residents: One antiered bull	. Harvest Sept 5-Sept 25

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

presidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at a tone side. It 218: Residents: One bull by permit, available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at ms vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value be destroyed. One bull by permit	. RM834	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 20 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
residents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at it one side. it 21B: Residents: One bull by permit, available online at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at mase vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value be destroyed One bull by permit The sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at it one side by permit. The sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at it one side by permit available will be destroyed. One bull by permit and license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks inning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at it one side by permit. The sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at it one side. It 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit. The sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit. The sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull by permit available on line at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull by permit available on line at hunt, alaska, gov or in person at license vendors by permit. The sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antle	. RM834	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 20 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
tt 21B: Residents: One bull by permit, available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at mee vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value be destroyed	. RM834	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 20 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
nse vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value be destroyed One bull by permit	DM802/DM806/DM808 DM802/DM805/DM808 RM834 DM812 Harvest	. Sept 5-Sept 25
One bull by permit. The destroyed	DM802/DM806/DM808 DM802/DM805/DM808 RM834 DM812 Harvest	. Sept 5-Sept 25
One bull by permit	DM802/DM806/DM808 DM802/DM805/DM808 RM834 DM812 Harvest	. Sept 5-Sept 25
it 21C, the Dulbi River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available online at t. alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks inming Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed	/DM808	. Sept 5-Sept 20 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
to ne side by permit	DM802/DM805/DM808	. Sept 5-Sept 20 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
It 21C, the Dulbi River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available online at talaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks inning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed	. RM834	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
it 21C, the Dulbi River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available online at t.t.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks inning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed	. RM834	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
tt 21C, the Dulbi River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available online at tt alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks inning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed	. RM834	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
A calaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks inning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed	. DM812	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
One bull by permit	. DM812	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
One bull by permit	. DM812	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
One bull by permit	. DM812	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at at one side by permit. nainder of Unit 21C: Residents: One bull nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at at one side at 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one aby permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. One bull by permit. One bull by permit. Sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at at one side by permit. Sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	. DM812	. Sept 5-Sept 25 . Sept 5-Sept 25
nainder of Unit 21C: Residents: One bull presidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at a st one side to 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one aby permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. One bull. One bull by permit. Sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at at one side by permit. Sidents: One bull by permit. Sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	. Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
nainder of Unit 21C: Residents: One bull nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at sit one side it 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one be by permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at sit one side by permit. It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	. Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Aresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at sit one side It 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull by permit. One bull mresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. One bull. One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at sidents: One bull by permit. One bull by permit. Sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	. Harvest	- 1 m
It 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull In residents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull by permit One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at at one side by permit It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit.	. RM834 . DM820	. Sept 5-Sept 25
it 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull mith 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull	. RM834 . DM820	. Jope 5 Jope 20
Sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit	. DM820	
Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one et by permit It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull mith 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at set one side by permit It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit	. DM820	
One bull by permit. One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. In residents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at set one side by permit. It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	. DM820	Sont 5 Sont 25
One bull nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at stone side by permit. It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.		
nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one by permit. It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. In residents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at set one side by permit. It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	. narvest	
e by permit It 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Isidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit One bull Inresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at set one side by permit It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Isidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit		Dec 1-Dec 10
it 21D, that portion north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit. One bull. One sidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at st one side by permit. It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.	D11020	C+ E C+ 3E
Sidents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit	. DM820	Sept 5-Sept Z5
Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed and the bull by permit and the bull by permit. In the side by permit by permit by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.		
One bull by permit	DUIDO	
One bull nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at st one side by permit. It 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed. One bull by permit.		
nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at st one side by permit		
st one side by permit	. Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 10
it 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit		
sidents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyedOne bull by permit	. DM815	Sept 5-Sept 25
inning Aug 26. No aircraft allowed and trophy value will be destroyed One bull by permit		
One bull by permit		
	. RM832	Aug 27-Sept 20
One bull		
	. Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 10
nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least		
side by permit		
	DM827/829	Sept 5-Sept 25
mainder of Unit 21D: Residents: One bull	. Harvest	. Sept 5-Sept 25
One bull	. Harvest	. Dec 1-Dec 10
nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		
at least one side	. Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
it 21E: Residents: One antlered bull		
nresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		rational and
at least one side	. Harvest	. Sept 5-Sept 25
olf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of the kill.		
		Aug 40 4 20
it 21: Five wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
olverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of the kill.		
it 21: One wolverine		

Unit 22 Seward Peninsula and Southern Norton Sound

Unit 22: the Seward Peninsula and adjacent mainland drained by all streams flowing into Norton Sound: Unit 22 consists of Bering Sea, Norton Sound, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage in southern Norton Sound to, but not including, the Goodhope River drainage in southern Kotzebue Sound and all adjacent islands in the Bering Sea between the mouths of the Goodhope and Pastolik rivers:

Unit 22A: Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage to, and including, the Ungalik River drainage, and Stuart and Besboro islands;

Unit 22B: Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Ungalik River drainage to, and including, the Topkok Creek drainage;

Unit 22C: Norton Sound and Bering Sea drainages from, but excluding, the Topkok Creek drainage to, and including, the Tisuk River drainage, and King and Sledge islands;

Unit 22D: that portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering Sea north of but not including the Tisuk River to and including Cape York, and St. Lawrence Island;

Unit 22E: Bering Sea, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from Cape York to, but excluding, the Goodhope River drainage, and including Little Diomede Island and Fairway Rock. **No state restricted areas in Unit 22.**

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required* open season Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Unit 22: Three bears ________no closed season · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · No resident tag required. · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. In addition the following subsistence regulations apply in Unit 22, (See requirements on page 25) Unit 22 (except 22C) Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Unit 22C: Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in • In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist. See page 8. Caribou • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou. · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 22A and 22B; Residents; Five caribou per day; Bulls Harvest no closed season Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 Unit 22D, that portion in the Kougarok, Kuzitrin, Pilgrim, American, and Agiapuk River (see shaded box page 12) Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 Unit 22E, that portion east of and including the Sanaguich River drainage: Residents: Five caribou per day: Bulls Harvest no closed season (see shaded box page 12) Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls Harvest no closed season Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 Nonresidents: Five caribou totalmay be announced

ter with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports but you must regis-

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Alaska 2005-2006 Hunting Regulations

Moose

permit/ticket

required*

• In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist. See page 8.

• 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.

• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 22A, that portion north of and including the Tagoomenik and Shaktoolik River		
drainages: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Aug 1-Sept 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 14
Unit 22A, that portion in the Unalakleet River drainage and all drainages flowing into		
Norton Sound north of the Golsovia River drainage and south of the Tagoomenik and		
Shaktoolik river drainages: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Aug 15-Sept 25
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 22A: Residents: One bull		
OR One antiered bull		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 30
Unit 22B, that portion east of the Darby Mountains, including the drainages of the		in sope i sope so
Kwiniuk, Tubutulik, Koyuk, and Inglutalik rivers: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Aug 1-Sept 30
OR One antiered bull		
	nai vest	Nov 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		N - 4 D - 24
least one side	Harvest	Nov 1-Dec 31
Remainder of Unit 22B: Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov		
or in person in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Aug 1.		
Season will be closed by emergency order when 23 bulls are taken.	RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
OR One antlered bull by permit available in person at ADF&G in Nome or at license vendors in		
Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Dec 1	RM849	Jan 1-Jan 31
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 22C: Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at		Manage London
ADF&G in Nome beginning Aug 1 at 9 a.m. Season closed by emergency order when 40 bulls taken	RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
OR One antlerless moose by permit up to 5 permits available in Nome on July 14 at 9 a.m		
OR by permit; up to 15 permits available in person in Nome on July 14 at 9 a.m: permits issued		in our to our to
first-come first-served, one permit per household	RM852	Sent 15-Sent 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		3ept 13-3ept 30
	DM940	Cont 1 Cont 14
least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome beginning Aug 1	RM040	зерт 1-зерт 14
Unit 22D, that portion within the Kougarok, Kuzitrin, and Pilgrim River drainages:		
Residents: One bull by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person at ADF&G in Nome		
or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Aug 1. Season will be closed by		
emergency order when 33 bulls are taken	RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
OR One antlered bull, season may be announced Jan 1-Jan 31 by permit available in person at		
ADF&G in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Dec 1	RM849	may be announce
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 22D, Southwest, that portion west of the Tisuk River drainage, west of the west bank of the		
unnamed creek originating at the unit boundary opposite the headwaters of McAdam's Creek to		
its confluence with Canyon Creek, and west of the west bank of Canyon Creek to its confluence		
with Tuksuk Channel: Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or		
in person at ADF&G in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain and Golovin		
beginning Aug 1. Season closed by emergency order when 8 bulls are taken	DMS40	Cont 1 Cont 14
	RVN040	зерс 1-зерс 14
OR One antiered bull, season may be announced Jan 1-Jan 31 by permit, available ADF&G	D11040	will programme
office in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Dec 1		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Remainder of Unit 22D: Residents: One bull		
OR One bull		
OR One moose, however no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf		
OR One antiered bull	Harvest	Jan 1-Jan 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least		
Nonresidents: One built with 50-inch antiers or antiers with 4 or more brow tines on at least	The second secon	Cont 1 Cont 14
	RM842	Sept 1-Sept 14
one side by permit; 6 permits available at Nome ADF&G beginning July 1, 9 a.m		

Muskox

- · No open muskox hunting season for nonresidents.
- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- · Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in Tier II hunts.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.
- Tag fee waived for Tier II hunting. Tier II muskox tag required.

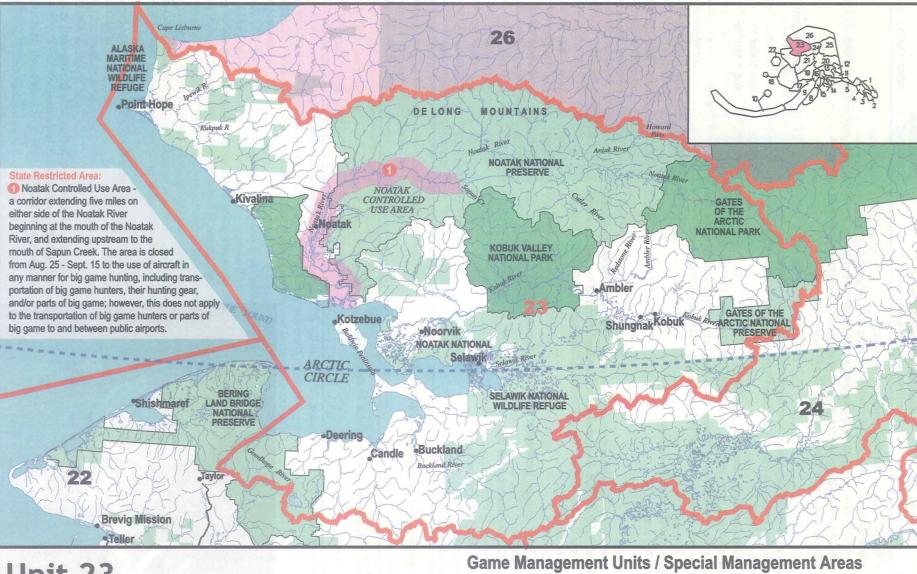
Unit 22A:		no open season
Unit 22B, within the Fox River drainage upstream of the Fox River bridge, and within one mile of the Fox River bridge, and within one mile of the Council Road east of the Fox River bridge:		
Residents: One bull by permit		
Unit 22C, west of the west bank of the Bonanza River, north of the north bank of Bonanza Channel and Safety Sound, east of the east bank of the flowage connecting Safety Sound with the confluence of the Eldorado and Flambeau rivers, and east of and including the Eldorado River drainage:		
Residents: One bull by permit	1X100	Aug 1-Sept 30
Unit 22C, west of the west bank of the Sinuk River: Residents: One bull by permit		no open season
Remainder of Unit 22C:		no open season
Unit 22D Southwest, west of the Tisuk River drainage, west of the west bank of the unnamed creek originating at the unit boundary opposite the headwaters of McAdam's Creek to its confluence with Canyon Creek, and west of the west bank of Canyon Creek to its confluence with Tuksuk Channel:		
Residents: One bull by permit	TX103	Sept 1-Mar 15
OR One muskox by permit		
Unit 22D, the Pilgrim River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit		
OR One muskox by permit		
Remainder of Unit 22D: Residents: One bull by permit		
OR One muskox by permit		
Unit 22E: Residents: One bull by permit		
OR One muskox by permit		
OR One bull 4 years old or older by permit		
Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 22: Five wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
Welverine	Shi est h	

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



After about 45 minutes of calling, Mike Harrington of Eagle River took this 53" bull moose in Unit 13 during the fall of 2002.



it 23 Kotzebue

Unit 23: Kotzebue Sound, Chukchi Sea, and Arctic Ocean drainages from and including the Goodhope River drainage to Cape Lisburne. See map on page 96 for State restricted areas in Unit 23.

species / bag limits

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.

permit/ticket required*

open season

Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.

Unit 23: Three bears no closed season

Brown/Grizzly Bear : No resident tag required. Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

- · See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- · No resident tag required.
- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

Unit 23: Residents: One bear every regulatory year		Aug 1-May 31
Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit		
OR by permit		
In addition to the above regulations, subsistence regulations also apply in all drainages in Unit 23		
except for the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle (see special requirements on p. 25)		
Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Barrow, Bethel,		
Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	RB700	Aug 1-May 31

Caribou

- · In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.
- Meat taken in Unit 23 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 23: Residents*: Five caribou per day: Bulls	Harvest	no closed season
Cows	Harvest	July 1-May 15
Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls	Harvest	no closed season
Cows	Harvest	July 1-May 15

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

• 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.

- · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- Moose Meat taken in Unit 23 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
 - · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 23, north of and including Singoalik River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available in person at license vendors within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15 RM880 July 1-Oct 31 OR One moose by permit; however, no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf. Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at Remainder of Unit 23: Residents: One bull by permit available in person at license vendors within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15 RM880 Aug 1-Oct 31 OR One moose by permit however, no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf. **Nonresidents:** One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing, Special permits required. See page 13.

Muskox

- · No open muskox hunting season for nonresidents.
- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in Tier II hunts.
- · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.
- · Tag fee waived for Tier II hunting. Tier II muskox tag required.

Unit 23: the Seward Peninsula west of and including the Buckland River drainage:			
Residents: One bull by permit	. TX106	Aug 1-Mar 15	
OR One muskox by permit	. TX106	Jan 1-Mar 15	
Unit 23: that portion north and west of the Noatak River: Residents: One bull by permit	. TX107	Aug 1-Mar 15	
Remainder of Unit 23:		no open season	

Sheep

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill, except registration hunts in Unit 23.
- Sheep hunting may be shortened or closed by emergency order, please contact ADF&G before hunting.

Unit 23, north of Rabbit Creek, Kiyak Creek and the Noatak River, and west of Aniuk River		
("De Long Mountains") Residents: One sheep by permit available at ADF&G offices in		
Barrow, Kotzebue & Unit 26A vendors		
OR One ram with full curl horn or larger	DS384	Aug 10-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One ram with full curl horn or larger	DS384	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 23, south of Rabbit Creek, Kiyak Creek and Noatak River, and west of Cutler and Redstone		
Rivers ("Baird Mountains")		
Remainder of Unit 23, ("Schwatka Mountains"): Residents: One ram full curl or larger		
OR Three sheep by permit, available at ADF&G offices in Barrow and Kotzebue	RS389	Aug 1-Apr 30
Nonresidents: One ram with full curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
	THE REAL PROPERTY.	

Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 23: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Rabies information

Rabies is a viral disease of the central nervous system which occurs in wild animal populations and is nearly always fatal. Humans can become infected through the bite of a rabies-infected animal (generally a fox, wolf, or dog) or through exposure of an open cut or scratch to saliva of an infected animal. For this reason, plastic or rubber gloves should be worn when skinning foxes or wolves.

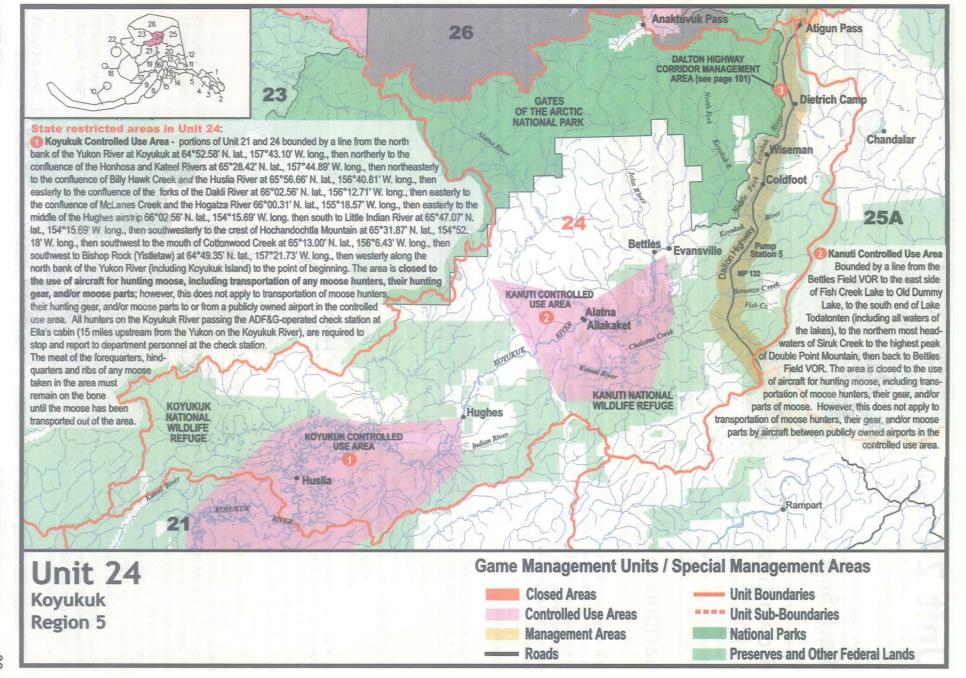
Most diseased animals act strangely; being unnaturally withdrawn, overly friendly or "mad." The latter action, one in which the animal will bite or attack anything including other animals, people or objects, is most often associated with rabies. "Dumb" rabies also occurs, however, and should be recognized as being equally dangerous. Paralysis, usually of the lower jaw, is its first recognizable symptom.

If you are bitten by an animal suspected to be rabid, wash the wound thoroughly with copious amounts of soap and water and seek medical aid immediately. If exposed or bitten by a domestic animal suspected of being rabid, the animal should be confined for a minimum of 10 days—if it shows signs of disease, local health officials should be notified. To confirm presence of rabies in a wild animal, send the frozen, undamaged head to a virology laboratory, using the following procedures: (1) Wear plastic or rubber gloves when handling animals; (2) Wrap head in absorbent materials and place in plastic bag—secure bag. (3) Place plastic bag in leak-proof container with some refrigerant material; (4) Remove gloves and wash hands—burn gloves; (5) Wrap package and freeze immediately if possible. Call the number listed below for information on mailing. When mailing, mark package PERISH-ABLE and ship prepaid via fastest means to laboratory. Call laboratory and notify as to flight and arrival time.

Specimens from animals suspected to be rabid should be sent to:

Alaska State Virology Laboratory Arctic Health Research Bldg., Room 239 University of Alaska Campus Fairbanks, AK 99775 Telephone: 907-474-7017 Questions regarding treatment to human exposures should be immediately referred to: Department of Health and Social Services

Section of Epidemiology
(907) 269-8000 or 1-800-478-0084
Rapid reports Message 1-800-478-1700



Unit 24 Koyukuk

Unit 24: Koyukuk River drainage upstream from but not including the Dulbi River drainage.

See map on page 99 for State restricted areas in Unit 24.

species / bag limits

Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.

permit/ticket required*

open season

Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.

Unit 24: Three bears no closed season

Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

- See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

In addition to other restrictions, subsistence regulations apply to the following hunt in Unit 24 (see special requirements on page 25) Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by

Caribou

- · In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.
- Meat taken in Unit 24 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 24, south of the south bank of the Kanuti River, upstream from and including that portion of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River drainage, bounded by the southeast bank of the Kodosin-Nolitna Creek, then downstream along the east bank of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River to its confluence with the Kanuti

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Meat taken in Unit 24 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.

- MOOSE Brow tines and 50-inch antlers defined on page 30-31.
 - In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
 - · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 24, west of the Hogatza River drainage and west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area:

Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed..... RM834...... Sept 5-Sept 25 Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one

side by permit DM892 Sept 5-Sept 25 Unit 24, east of the Dakli River drainage and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area, and west

of the Kanuti Controlled Use Area, the Tanana-Allakaket Winter trail and the Alatna River drainage:

Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed RM834................... Sept 5-Sept 25

Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one

side by permit DM896 Sept 5-Sept 25 Unit 24, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area:

Residents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin, Huslia, or Hughes beginning Aug 26.

OR Residents: One bull Harvest Dec 1-Dec 10

Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on

DM827/829...... Sept 5-Sept 25

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required, See page 13.

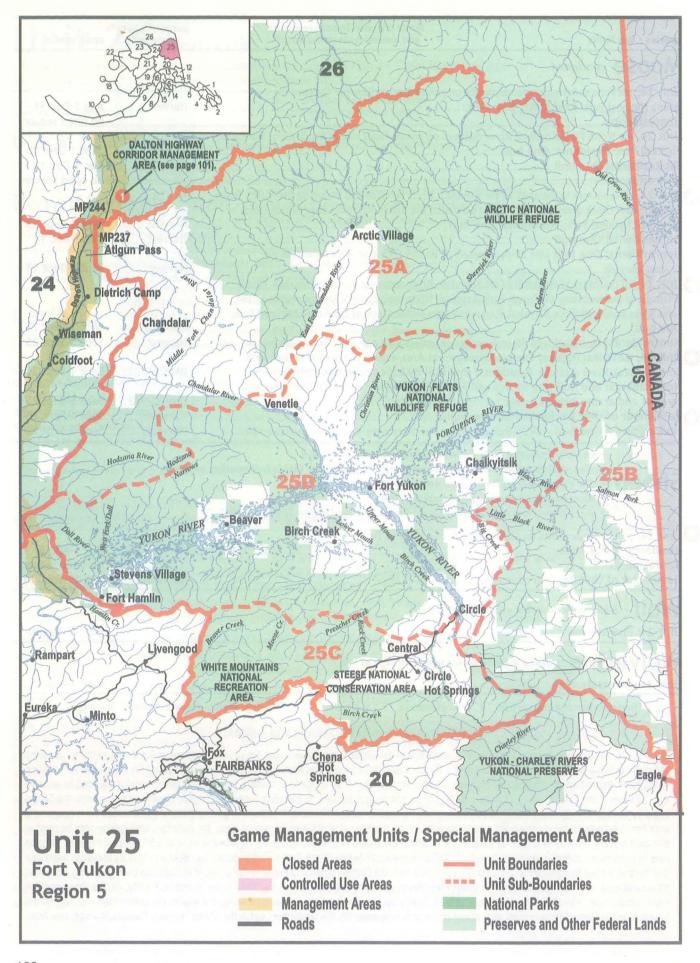
species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required* op	en season
Moose continued			
Arctic National Park: Residents: One	nages on private lands within the Gates of the		
National Park: Residents: One bull OR Residents: One bull	r drainage on private lands within the Gates of the Arct	Harvest Se Harvest De	c 1-Dec 10
Unit 24, all drainages to the north of the and Henshaw Creek drainages, except the Arctic National Park: Residents: OR Residents: One bull with 50-inch Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch	e Koyukuk River between and including the Alatna River portion of the Alatna River drainage within Gates of one bull	ver, f HarvestSe Harvest De	pt 1-Sept 25 cc 1-Dec 10
Unit 24, all drainages to the north of th drainage, to and including the North For John River and North Fork Koyukuk Riv	e Koyukuk River upstream from the Henshaw Creek k Koyukuk River drainage, except that portion of the ver drainages within Gates of the Arctic National Park:		100 400
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch Unit 24, the Dalton Highway Corridor Fork Koyukuk River drainage: Residen	antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side. Management Area, except that portion in the North its: One bull by bow and arrow only by permit antlers or 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	de Harvest Se	pt 5-Sept 25
by bow and arrow only by permit Remainder of Unit 24: Residents:	One bull	Harvest Se	pt 1-Sept 25
Sheep Nonresident hunters See definition of full- Horns must accompa	Federal restrictions exist see page 8. must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information of the companied by a guide (See Guide Information of the companied of the compa		
Nonresidents:	of the Arctic National Park: h full-curl horn or larger	No	open season
Wolf · Hides must be sealed with	in 30 days of kill.	Established a	
Unit 24: Five wolves		Au	g 10-Apr 30
\A/= 1		Coopean -	transacti .

***Wunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area (DHCMA)

Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway, including the driveable surface of the Dalton Highway, from the Yukon River to the Arctic Ocean, and including the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area. The area within the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area is closed to the taking of big game; the remainder of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area is closed to hunting; however, big game, small game, and fur animals may be taken in the area by bow and arrow only. Aircraft and boats may be used to transport hunters, their gear, or parts of game within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. A snowmachine may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game across the management area from land outside the management area to access land on the other side of the management area. No motorized land vehicle may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game, within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area, EXCEPT licensed highway vehicles may be used on the following designated roads: 1) Dalton Highway; 2) Bettles Winter Trail during periods when BLM and the City of Bettles announce that the trail is open to winter travel; 3) Galbraith Lake road from the Dalton Highway to the BLM campground at Galbraith Lake, including the gravel pit access road when the gate is open; 4) Toolik Lake Road, excluding the driveway to the Toolik Lake Research Facility; 5) The Sagavanirktok River access road two miles north of Pump Station 2; 6) any constructed roadway or gravel pit within 1/4 mile of the Dalton Highway. Any hunter traveling on the Dalton Highway must stop at any check station operated by the department within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.



Unit 25 Fort Yukon

Unit 25: The Yukon River drainage upstream from but not including the Hamlin Creek drainage, and excluding drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from the Charley River;

Unit 25A: the Hodzana River drainage upstream from the Narrows, the Chandalar River drainage upstream from and including the East Fork drainage, the Christian River drainage upstream from Christian, the Sheenjek River drainage upstream from and including the Thluichohnjek Creek, the Coleen River drainage, and the Old Crow River drainage;

Unit 25B: the Little Black River drainage upstream from but not including the Big Creek drainage, the Black River drainage upstream from and including the Salmon Fork drainage, the Porcupine River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Coleen and Porcupine rivers, and drainages into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle, including the islands in the Yukon River;

Unit 25C: the drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle to the Unit 20E boundary, the Birch Creek drainage upstream from the Steese Highway bridge (MP 147), the Preacher Creek drainage upstream from and including the Rock Creek drainage, and the Beaver Creek drainage upstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage;

Unit 25D: the remainder of Unit 25.

See map on page 102 for state restricted areas in Unit 25.

register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

species / bag limits	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.	Tanada I I I	eng of the broad
Unit 25, except 25D: Three bears Unit 25D: Residents: Three bears OR Three bears by permit Nonresidents: Three bears	Community	no closed seasor no closed seasor
• No resident tag required in Unit 25D. • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting inf • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached	guide.	
Unit 25A and 25B: One bear every regulatory year		Sept 1-May 31 July 1-Nov 30 Mar 1-June 30 Sept 1-Nov 30
		mai i baile ib
	ıle caribou.	and round to
In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a mage Im all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached Units 25A and 25B: Residents: Ten caribou*	ile caribou. I to the meat. Harvest Harvest	July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30
In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a maintain of either sex; "bull" means a maintain of either sex; "bull" means a maintain all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached units 25A and 25B: Residents: Ten caribou* Nonresidents: Five caribou Unit 25C: west of the east bank of the mainstem of Preacher Creek to its confluence with American Creek, then west of the east bank of American Creek (White Mtn. herd): One bull OR One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at Fairbanks and Central beginning Nov 16.	ile caribou. I to the meat Harvest Harvest Harvest	July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 Aug 10-Sept 20
In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a mage In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached Units 25A and 25B: Residents: Ten caribou* Nonresidents: Five caribou Unit 25C: west of the east bank of the mainstem of Preacher Creek to its confluence with American Creek, then west of the east bank of American Creek (White Mtn. herd): One bull OR One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at Fairbanks and Central beginning Nov 16. Remainder of Unit 25C (Fortymile herd) Residents: One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	ile caribou. I to the meat Harvest Harvest Harvest	July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 Aug 10-Sept 20 Dec 1-Mar 31
In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a maintail of extra long with a maintail of either sex; "bull" means a maintail of either sex; "bull" means a maintail of extra long with each of extra long with	le caribou. I to the meat. Harvest Harvest RC879 RC860	July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 Aug 10-Sept 20 Dec 1-Mar 31 Aug 10-Sept 30 Dec 1-Feb 28
In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a mage In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached Units 25A and 25B: Residents: Ten caribou* Nonresidents: Five caribou Unit 25C: west of the east bank of the mainstem of Preacher Creek to its confluence with American Creek, then west of the east bank of American Creek (White Mtn. herd): One bull OR One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at Fairbanks and Central beginning Nov 16. Remainder of Unit 25C (Fortymile herd) Residents: One caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas,	Ile caribou. I to the meat Harvest Harvest RC879 RC860 RC867	July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 Aug 10-Sept 20 Dec 1-Mar 31 Aug 10-Sept 30 Dec 1-Feb 28 Aug 10-Sept 20

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See pages 12-13.

Moose

- In areas indicated by a 🛇 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 25A, within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:		Cont 4 Cont 25
Residents: One bull by bow and arrow only by permit		Sept 1-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one		
side by bow and arrow only by permit		
Remainder of Unit 25A, Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in, antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side.	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Unit 25B, within the Porcupine River drainage upstream from, but excluding the		services division
Coleen River drainage: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 10-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
Remainder of Unit 25B: Residents: One bull		
OR.		the state of the s
OR One bull by permit		
OR	CM001	Dec 1-Dec 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		Mustage Church
least one side		
Unit 25C: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 25D, lying west of a line extending from the Unit 25D boundary on Preacher Creek, then		
downstream along Preacher Creek, Birch Creek, and Lower Mouth Birch Creek to the Yukon River,		
then downstream along the north bank of the Yukon River (including islands) to the confluence of		
the Hadweenzik River, then upstream along the west bank of the Hadweenzic River to the con-		
fluence of Forty and one-half Mile Creek, then upstream along Forty and one-Half Mile Creek to		
	TH040	Aug 25 Ech 20
Nelson Mountain on the Unit 25D boundary: Residents: One bull by permit		
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 25D: Residents: One bull		the second secon
OR		
OR One bull by permit	CM001	Sept 10-Sept 20
OR by permit	CM001	Feb 18-Feb 28
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 10-Sept 20

- In areas indicated by a 🚷 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

Sheep

- · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill except registration hunt in Unit 25A.

Unit 25A, east of the Middle Fork Chandalar River:		
Residents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
OR Three sheep by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Ft.		
Yukon and Kaktovik beginning Sept 23. The use of aircraft for access to hunt sheep and to transport		
harvested sheep is prohibited in this hunt except into and out of the Arctic Village and Kaktovik		
airports. No motorized access from the Dalton Highway	RS595	Oct 1-Apr 30
Nonresidents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 25A: One ram with full-curl horn or larger		
Remainder of Unit 25: One ram with a full curl horn or larger		

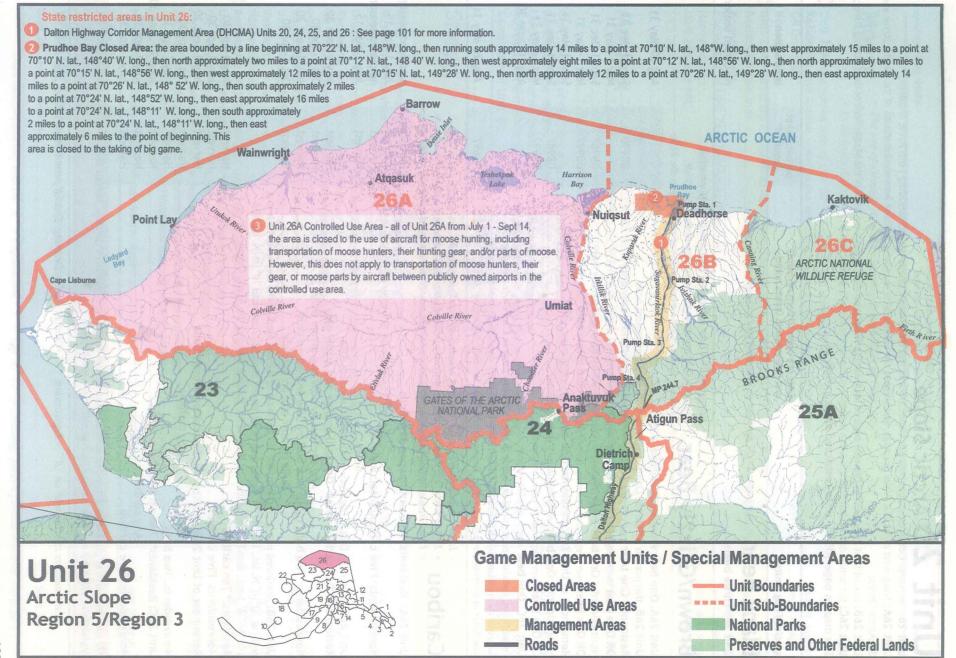
Wolf . Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 25 except 25C: Ten wolves	Aug 10-Apr	30
Unit 25C: Five wolves	Aug 10-Apr	30

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 25: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See pages 12-13.



Unit 26 Arctic Slope

Unit 26: the Arctic Ocean drainages between Cape Lisburne and the Alaska-Canada border, including Firth River drainage;

Unit 26A: lying west of Itkillik River drainage, and west of the east bank of the Colville River between the mouth of the Itkillik River and the Arctic Ocean;

Unit 26B: east of Unit 26A, west of the west bank of the Canning River, and west of the west bank of the Marsh Fork of the Canning River; Unit 26C: the remainder of Unit 26.

See map on page 105 for state restricted areas in Unit 26.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear · See pages	24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.		
Jnit 26: Three bears			no closed seaso
Brown/Grizzly Be	 See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting in Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a Evidence of sex must remain attached naturall 	a guide.	
Jnit 26A: One bear every regulatory	year		Aug 20-May 31
Residents: One bear every regulator	on Highway Corridor Management Area: ry year by permit by bow and arrow only	DB990	Sept 1-Dec 31
OR One bear every regulatory year by	y bow and arrow only		Mar 1-May 31
	latory year by permit by bow and arrow only		
	y permit by bow and arrow only		
	: One bear every regulatory year		
	latory year by permit		
	y permit		
Jnit 26C: One bear every regulatory	y year		Aug 10-June 30
	oply to the following hunt in Unit 26A: (see page 25,		
subsistence regulations): Residents U	NLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit,		
		DR607	Aug 20-May 31
• In areas indicate Caribou In bag limit "ca	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1ed by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8. The particular in the second seco	aale caribou.	Aug 20-May 31
• In areas indicate • In bag limit "ca • In all hunts limit	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1ed by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.	nale caribou. urally to the meat.	
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1ed by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8. uribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a mited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached nature of the company of th	nale caribou. urally to the meat. Harvest Harvest	no closed seaso July 1-May 15
In areas indicate In all hunts limi Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total:	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1ed by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8. withou' means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a mited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached nature of the company of th	nale caribou. urally to the meat	no closed seas July 1-May 15 no closed seas
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou total:	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	nale caribou. urally to the meat	no closed seas July 1-May 15 no closed seas
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	nale caribou. urally to the meat. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest.	no closed seas July 1-May 15 no closed seas July 1-May 15
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total:	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	nale caribou. urally to the meat. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest.	no closed seaso July 1-May 15 no closed seaso July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total:	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	nale caribou. urally to the meat. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest. Harvest.	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: One Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: On Any Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bul	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: On Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bul Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed seas July 1-May 15 no closed seas July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: On Any Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bul Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed seas July 1-May 15 no closed seas July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: One Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bull Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed seas July 1-May 15 no closed seas July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30
In areas indicate In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: One Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bull Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: Or Any Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bull Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea Residents:* Ten caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: Or Any Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bull Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea Residents:* Ten caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed seaso July 1-May 15 July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: Or Any Nonresidents: Two bulls total: Or Bul Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea Residents:* Tive caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: Or Any Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bul Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea Residents:* Ten caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents Nonresidents: Two bulls	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed sease July 1-May 15 no closed sease July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Apr 30
In areas indicate In bag limit "ca In all hunts limit Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Residents*: Two caribou total: Or Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One Bul Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long 149°56' W. long., then following the ea Residents:* Ten caribou Nonresidents: Five caribou Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents Nonresidents: Two bulls Unit 26C: Residents*: Ten caribou Unit 26C: Residents*: Ten caribou	Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	Harvest	no closed seaso July 1-May 15 no closed seaso July 1-May 15 July 1-Sept 30 Oct 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Apr 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Sept 30 July 1-Apr 30

^{*}Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.

*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must

register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

Moose

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- The use of aircraft for moose hunting is prohibited in Unit 26A
- · In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.

Unit 26A, that portion west of 156° 00' W. longitude and north of 69° 20' N. latitude:		
Residents: One moose, a person may not take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf;		
OR One bull.		
Nonresidents		no open season
Unit 26A, that portion in Colville River drainage downstream from and including Chandler River:		
Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents		
Remainder of Unit 26A: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 14
Nonresidents		no open season
Unit 26B and 26C		no open season

· Aircraft may not be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in Tier II and registration hunts.

Sheep

- Muskox . No access by ORVs or snowmachines from the Dalton Highway.

 Trophy value of muskox skulls taken in Tier II and registration hunts will be destroyed if removed from the Unit.
 - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.
 - Tag fee waived for subsistence hunting. Muskox tag required.

Unit 26A, east of 153° W. longitude, and Unit 26B west of the Dalton Highway:		
Residents: One muskox by permit	TX108	Aug 1-Mar 31
Unit 26B, east of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:		
Residents: One muskox by permit, available in Nuiqsut and Kaktovik beginning Jan 2	RX110	to be announced
Remainder of Unit 26:		no open season

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.

 Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill in full-curl horn restricted 	hunts.	
Units 26A, west of the Etivluk River (DeLong Mts): Residents: One sheep by permit, available at ADF&G offices in Barrow and Kotzebue Nonresidents:		
Unit 26A, east of Etivluk River excluding Gates of the Arctic National Park (Schwatka Mts): Residents: One ram with full curl horn or larger		on it it is also
OR Three sheep by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or at ADF&G offices in Barrow and Kotzebue		THE STATE STATE OF THE STATE OF
Nonresidents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Residents: Three sheep	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 30
Remainder of Units 26A and Unit 26B: One ram with full curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 26C: Residents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger OR Three sheep by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Fairbanks, Ft. Yukon, and Kaktovik beginning Sept 23		
The use of aircraft for access to hunt sheep and to transport harvested sheep is prohibited in this hunt except into and out of the Arctic Village and Kaktovik airports. No motorized access from the Dalton Highway.		The second secon
Nonresidents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Unit 26: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

Fur Animals, Small Game, Unclassified Game and Deleterious Exotic Wildlife

If you want to take mink, marten, muskrat, weasel, marmot, or river otter you must buy a trapping license and follow trapping regulations. You may take beaver, wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, lynx, or squirrels under either a hunting license or a trapping license, but you must follow the seasons, bag limits, and methods and means permitted by that license.

Fur Animals · See fur animal restrictions, page 16.

Species, Unit and bag limits	open season
Beaver • Either the meat or hide of beaver must be salvaged.	on estdents
Jnits 1-17, 19-21 (except 21E), and 24-26: Jnits 18, 22, and 23: No limit Jnit 21E: No limit	no closed seaso
Coyote · Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.	N John
Jnits 1-5, 18, 22, 23, and 26A: Two coyotes	Sept 1-Apr 30
Jnits 6-11, 13, 14, 15-17, 21, 24, 25, 26B and 26C: Ten coyotes	Aug 10-Apr 30
Jnits 12, 19, and 20: Ten coyotes per day	
Arctic Fox · Including white and blue phases	mesors and haven't
Jnits 9, 17, 18, and 22-26: Two foxes	
Jnit 10: No limit	
Red Fox • Including cross, black, and silver color phases. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G	lemidents! One mus.or lemainder of Unit 25;
Jnit 1-7, and 15	no open season
Jnits 8-10, 14, 16, and 17: Two foxes	Sept 1-Feb 15
Jnits 11-13 and 18-26: Ten foxes, however no more than 2 foxes may be taken before Oct 1	Sept 1-Mar 15
Lynx hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.	The Market Commence
Jnits 1-6, 8, and 10:	no open season
Jnits 7, 11, 13, and 15: Two lynx	Nov 10-Jan 31
Jnits 9 and 17: Two lynx	Nov 10-Feb 28
Jnits 12 and 20E: Two lynx	
Jnits 14 and 16: Two lynx	Jan 1-Jan 31
Jnit 18: Two lynx	
Jnits 20A, 20B, 20D, and that portion of 20C east of the Teklanika River: Two lynx	
Remainder of Unit 20 and Unit 25C: Two lynx	
Jnits 19, 21, 24, and remainder of 25: Two lynx	
Jnits 22, 23, and 26: Two lynx	Nov 1-Apr 15
 Including red, ground, and flying squirrel. Either the meat or hide of a ground squirrel must be salvaged. Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF& 	G.

Unit and bag limits

open season

- · Including spruce, blue, ruffed, and sharp-tailed grouse
- Grouse · Area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.
 - · Season begins later -- the day after Labor Day -- in Unit 14C.

Units 1-6: Five per day, ten in possession.	Aug 1-May 15
Units 7 and 15: Ten per day, twenty in possession; of which not more than one per day and two in	SS 557351 OF 893
possession may be ruffed grouse	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 8 and 10:	
Units 9, 17-19, 21-24, and 26: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	
Unit 11: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 13, 14, and 16: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession of which not more than two per day	
unit 20D, that portion lying west of the east bank of the Johnson River and south of the north	Aug 10-Mar 31
bank of the Tanana River: Ten per day, by falconry only, ten in possession, provided that not more than	
two per day and two in possession may be sharp-tailed grouse	Aug 10-Aug 24
Fifteen per day, thirty in possession, provided that not more than five per day and ten in possession	Landa Charl
	Aug 25-Mar 31
Units 12, remainder of Unit 20, and Unit 25: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	Aug 10-Mar 31

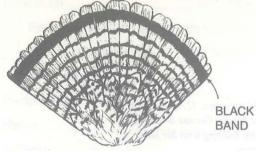
- · Snowshoe and arctic hare
- Hare · Area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.
 - · Season begins later -- the day after Labor Day -- in Unit 14C.

Unit 1-5: Five per day	. Sept 1-Apr 30
Units 6-13, 14B, 15-26: No limit	. no closed season
Unit 14A, 14C: Five per day	. no closed season

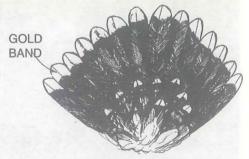
- · Willow, rock, and white-tailed ptarmigan
- Ptarmigan · Area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.
 - · Some seasons begin later -- the day after Labor Day -- in Unit 14C.

Unit 1-6 (except 6D): Twenty per day, forty in possession	Aug 1-May 15
Units 6D, 7, 11, 13C, 13D, 14,15, and 16: Ten per day, twenty in possession	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 13A, 13B, and 13E: Ten per day, twenty in possession	Aug 10-Nov 30
Five per day, ten in possession	Dec 1-Mar 31
Units 8-10, 17-19, 21, 24-25 (except 25C), and in Unit 26B, the Dalton Highway Corridor and	
Prudhoe Bay Closed Area: Twenty per day, forty in possession	Aug 10-Apr 30
Units 12, 20 and 25C: Twenty per day, forty in possession	
Five per day, ten in possession	
Unit 22: Twenty per day, forty in possession	Sept 1-Apr 30
Unit 23 and 26 (except in Unit 26B, within the Dalton Highway Corridor and Prudhoe Bay Closed	
Fifty per day one hundred in possession	Aug 10- June 15

Identifying Ruffed and Spruce Grouse



RUFFED GROUSE mottled gray/brown bird with black tail band



SPRUCE GROUSE dark brown to black bird with gold band on tip of tail





Christopher Harrington, 11, of Eagle River, harvested this Spruce Grouse in Unit 13 in Fall 2003 while hunting with his father, Mike Harrington.

Hunter's Copy

Transfer of Possession Form5 AAC 92.135(a) for both permanent (given as a gift) or temporary transfer for the purpose of transport

Hunter's Information		
Name:	License number:	
Address:	City:	State Zip
Species taken:	Specific Parts Transfe	erred:
Moose	Front Quarters	Hind Quarters:
Sheep	Ribs	Neck
Caribou	Brisket	Back strap
Bear	Horns/Antlers	Other:
Other:		
Date of kill: Kill location:		
Recipient to retain permanent possession of mea	at and/or other game parts	
Recipient to transport and then return possessio	n to hunter	
Hunter's Signature:		_ Date
Recipient's Information:		
Name:		
Address:	City:	State Zip
Recipient's Signature:		_ Date
Transfer of Possession Form 5 AAC 92.135(a) for both permanent (given as a gift) Hunter's Information	or temporary transfer for th	Recipient's C ne purpose of transport
Name:	License number:	
Address:	City:	State Zip
Species taken:	Specific Parts Transf	ferred:
Moose	Front Quarters	Hind Quarters:
Sheep	Ribs	Neck
Caribou	Brisket	Back strap
Bear	Horns/Antlers	Other:
Other:		
Date of kill: Kill location:		
Recipient to retain permanent possession of me	at and/or other game parts	
Recipient to transport and then return possession	on to hunter	
Hunter's Signature:		Date
Recipient's Information:		
Name:	rros a mandante de	
Address:	City:	State Zip
Recipient's Signature:		Date

Alaska Fish and Wildlife Safeguard

Alaska's Fish and Wildlife Safeguard pays cash for information on poachers.



How can you help?

Call 800-478-3377

If you see or hear of a fish or wildlife violation, call the toll-free number above to report it.

You can also contribute to the reward fund which makes the program possible.

Contributions are tax deductible.

Checks should be made payable to Alaska Fish and Wildlife Safeguard and mailed to: 5700 Tudor Road, Anchorage, AK 99507