

Alaska State Hunting Regulations Effective Dates July 1, 1994-June 30, 1995

Governing recreational, subsistence, and commercial uses of Alaska's wildlife

NOTICE TO HUNTERS: For hunts on federal lands, check Federal Regulations to see if you are qualified to hunt.



DON YOUNG

January

New hunting licenses, bear tags, nonres. tags needed.

February

Plan your hunting trip, call for information.

Mar.-Apr.

Spring meeting of the Board of Game, adjusts seasons & bag limits for reg. year beginning July 1.

May

Permit materials available. Applications due by end of month.

June

Drawing and Tier II permit applications processed.

July

New hunting reg. book available. Drawing and Tier II permits awarded.

Aug.-Sept.

Most fall hunting seasons begin. New harvest tickets for this reg. year.

November

Fall meeting of Board of Game, adjusts game regulations.

December

Proposals for the spring Board of Game meeting due.

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Alaska Department of Fish & Game



July 19, 1994

Brown Bear Season in Error

DOUGLAS--The opening date for the brown bear season on Admiralty, Baranof, and Chichagof islands was published incorrectly in the 1994/95 Registration Permit Supplement.

The correct opening date for the brown bear hunt in Game Management Unit 4 is September 15, the same as it has been for many years. The season closes December 31.

Brown bear hunters in GMU 4 must have a registration permit and a metal locking tag in their possession. The regulation permits are available at Alaska Department of Fish and Game offices throughout Southeast Alaska. Metal locking tags are available wherever hunting licenses are sold.

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NOTICE

THIS SUMMARY OF REGULATIONS IS NOT COMPLETE NOR QUOTED VERBATIM FROM STATE LAW. IT IS SIMPLIFIED FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE.

For further details, consult your local Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Wildlife Conservation, (ADF&G) representative in:

Anchorage	Douglas	Juneau	Nome
Barrow	Fairbanks	Ketchikan	Palmer
Bethel	Galena	King Salmon	Petersburg
Cordova	Glennallen	Kodiak	Sitka
Delta Junction	Homer	Kotzebue	Soldotna
Dillingham		McGrath	Tok

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This book of regulations includes the parts of Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code as set by the Board of Game, that pertain to subsistence and general hunting, other recreational uses and commercial uses of Alaska's wildlife.

Other sections of 5 AAC that control or affect other uses of game (such as marine mammal management, control of predation by wolves, raptor regulations, permit procedures for McNeil River State Game Sanctuary, disposal of muskoxen, importation of exotic game, etc.) are included in a separate booklet entitled **Miscellaneous Game Regulations**, available at all department offices.

Refer to the **Alaska Game Management Unit** maps section of this book to identify the boundaries of the units and subunits and to locate areas having special restrictions.

HOW TO USE THIS BOOK

- 1) First read the statewide general information on pages 5 through 19.
- 2) Determine which Game Management Unit you wish to hunt. A map is inserted with each unit for reference. In each Unit you will find the big game species you can take as well as the bag limits and seasons. Statewide seasons and bag limits for small game (except waterfowl) and fur animals are provided in the back on pages 106-107. Waterfowl regulations are provided in a separate booklet available in August.
- 3) Please read all statements to the right of the species heading printed in bold and designated with a "•". The bag limit appears just below and you will find the dates for the open season to the right as well as a symbol indicating whether you will need a harvest ticket or permit to hunt. When seasons or bag limits differ for various types of hunter, read under either Resident Hunter or Nonresident Hunter, depending on which category is appropriate for you.
- 4) Restricted Areas are listed at the beginning of each Unit. Here you will find areas in your chosen unit where hunting is closed or restricted, or methods of access are controlled by state regulation. Remember that these restrictions are in addition to any restrictions imposed by landowners (eg. private or federal).

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Alaska Board of Game
Alaska Department of Fish and Game



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MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR

Do you ever contemplate just what hunting really means to you? Some of my fondest memories are of New England "partridge" hunts with my father, waiting out an old whitetail buck from our hide in an abandoned maple sugar shack and being shown my first bear track in fresh fallen snow. The lessons, values and hunting traditions I learned at an early age have served me well for a lifetime.

Hunting is a time honored ritual which annually reaffirms the role of humans as a part of nature. The hunting is an ancient one steeped in tradition, family and group values and beliefs. The youth of today need good role models to nurture and refine their hunting instincts. Without a steady hand to guide them, our young people will never learn to be competent hunters respectful of the natural resources upon which all mankind depends.

Please think about our hunting heritage as you prepare for this fall's hunting activities. Consider inviting your sons, daughters or even one of their friends to come along. Join them in enrolling in an Alaska Hunter Education course so they may learn safe firearm handling and the basics of wildlife conservation. Then help them build upon the basics by sharing your lifetime of hunting knowledge and traditions with them.

Did you know that over half of all Alaskans over 16 years old have purchased a hunting license within the past 5 years? That Alaskan families obtain over 10 times more nutritious meat from hunting wild game than from in-state livestock production? That hunters, shooters and archers will provide over 95 percent of all funding to support Alaska's wildlife conservation programs this year? That no species of wildlife managed by the State of Alaska is listed as threatened or endangered here? Alaska's hunters have much to be proud of.

I wish all of you a safe and enjoyable hunting season. Perhaps I'll see some of you when I'm afield this fall with my daughter, Becky, and my good friends' son, Brent, who will be hunting for the first time.

Sincerely,


Dave Kelleyhouse

MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN, BOARD OF GAME

This regulatory year started with a Board of Game meeting in early July 1993 in which we approved a limited ground-based wolf control program in unit 20A. About 100 wolves were removed by Alaska Department of Fish and Game in this area during the winter and trappers took about 30 more. The program was expensive, it did not allow removal of complete packs, and a few non-target species were taken accidentally. A report on the first year's effort will be available at our fall 1994 board meeting.

During the fall 1993 Board of Game meeting in Fairbanks the board reviewed recommendations presented by the McNeil River Advisory Committee concerning a management plan for the McNeil and Paint River system. Based on all the information presented, the board established a drawing permit hunt with a two-bear a year bag limit.

This fall two proposals regarding same day airborne hunting of caribou in the Western Arctic and Mulchatna caribou herds will be discussed. These proposals were drafted by the board during the past spring meeting but we did not act on them because we concluded more public input was needed. Except for deer, we do not allow same day airborne hunting of big game, so if the board adopts this amendment into regulation it will be a major departure from the past. The Mulchatna caribou herd is over 130,000 and increasing by 17 percent a year with an annual harvest of 5,000 animals. The Western Arctic herd contains about one-half million animals and continues to grow even with a year-long season in some units. These two proposals would restrict harvesting to the winter when bulls do not have antlers. The winter aircraft hunt would allow a hunter to harvest caribou without having to camp overnight in the winter. The board would appreciate receiving your comments.

Please remember to review these regulations thoroughly before you go hunting. The board makes many changes each year and the "rules" where you traditionally hunt just may have changed.

I hope you enjoy your time spent hunting.

Sincerely,

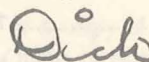

Dick Burley

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General Information

Ignorance Is No Excuse - You Must Know The Law!

If you violate a game law you are responsible for your actions even if you didn't intend to break the law. (5 AAC 92.002)

You may hunt for any species which is listed under the Game Management Unit you wish to hunt. Game Management Units with seasons and bag limits are on pages 29-107 of this book. If the species is not listed, you may not hunt it.

If you want to take beaver, mink, marten, muskrat, weasel, marmot or land otter, you must buy a trapping license and follow trapping regulations. You may take wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, lynx or squirrels under either a hunting license or a trapping license, but you must follow the seasons, bag limits, methods and means permitted by that license.

Marine mammal harvest is controlled by the federal government. Contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service at (907) 786-3311 for information on hunting walrus, polar bear, and sea otter. Contact the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Marine Fisheries Service at (907) 586-7640 for information on hunting seals, sea lions, and beluga whales.

If an Alaska State Trooper, Fish and Wildlife Protection Trooper, or deputized Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) employee asks to see your license, tags, harvest tickets, permits, game, or any equipment used to take game, you must show them.

Sometimes seasons need to be changed on short notice. When this happens, the department issues Emergency Orders to protect a wildlife resource. Emergency Orders are as legally binding as regulations set by the Board of Game and statutes set by the Legislature.

Types of Hunting Seasons

There are hunting seasons for residents and nonresidents. Some resident hunts are restricted to subsistence users who must obtain a Tier II permit before hunting.

Nonresidents are allowed to hunt when there is enough game to allow everyone to participate. When there isn't enough game, nonresident hunters are restricted or eliminated first. If more restrictions are necessary, seasons and bag limits may be reduced or eliminated for some residents.

Where to Hunt?

State Lands. State lands are open to hunting unless they are closed by state, local, or municipal laws.

State Parks. Parts of the state park system are open to hunting, but the laws about shooting firearms vary from park to park. For more information, call the Department of Natural Resources, Outdoor Recreation, Division of State Parks at (907) 762-2617.

Local Restrictions. Local or municipal governments may prohibit the discharge of firearms or access to an area. Check with the local government for more information.

Private Lands. State hunting regulations apply to private land, but don't guarantee you access. Some private landowners (individuals or corporations) have chosen to deny access to their property. Check with landowners before entering or hunting on their land.

Federal Public Lands. Most federal public lands are open to hunting under these state regulations. Specific areas have been closed or restricted by federal regulations. Consult the Subsistence Management Regulations for Federal Public Lands in Alaska for details concerning who can hunt, where, and when.

For more information or a copy of the federal regulations, contact: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Subsistence Management, (800) 478-1456 or the following agencies:

* For National Parks and Preserves: National Park Service (907) 257-2646.

Where to Hunt? (con't.)

* For National Wildlife Refuges: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (800) 478-1456.

* For National Recreation Areas: Bureau of Land Management (907) 271-5960.

* For National Forests: U.S. Forest Service (907) 586-8806.

Military Lands. Civilians are allowed to hunt on some military lands in Alaska, but these areas usually require a permit from military authorities. Because of unexploded ammunition or military shooting practices, hunters must check with the military before going on these lands.

Some Common Violations

Shooting on, from, or across the driveable surface of any constructed road.

Failing to validate your harvest ticket or permit before moving the game from the kill site. (See Harvest Tickets/Reports and Permits page 9.)

Intentionally feeding moose, bear, wolf, fox, or wolverine, or intentionally leaving food or garbage to attract these animals. It is legal to use bait to hunt black bears if you register with the department (see Baiting Requirements on page 22).

Failing to salvage all edible meat of big game animals (except bears, wolves, and wolverines) and wildfowl for human

consumption. If you don't want all of the meat, contact someone in the nearest community and offer them the meat. (See Wanton Waste, page 14, and Transfer of Possession, page 15.)

Failing to leave evidence of sex attached to the meat when the hunt is restricted to one sex. Antlers are not proof of sex "Evidence of sex attached" is not required for sheep, but both horns must be salvaged.

Transporting antlers or horns to the departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.) before bringing out the meat. Antlers or horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat (see Possession and Transportation, page 15).

Leaving any part of a harvested animal on a public road or right-of-way is littering and is illegal. Leave guts, hides, etc. in the field out of sight of roads and trails.

Driving a motorized land vehicle across a stream in which salmon, trout, sheefish, or whitefish spawn. Contact the ADF&G, Habitat and Restoration Division in Anchorage (907) 267-2285, Fairbanks (907) 451-6192, or Juneau (907) 465-4290, for more information.

License, Harvest Ticket and Tag Information

All Alaska residents 16 years or older must possess a license to hunt. All nonresident hunters, regardless of age, must possess a hunting license. (5AAC 92.012).

Harvest tickets or registration/drawing permits are required for most big game species. (See Harvest Tickets, page 9, and Permits, page 10.) Nonresidents must have a metal locking tag for all big game species. Residents must have a tag for brown/grizzly bears and muskoxen.

Hunters must carry a valid license, harvest tickets, permits and tag(s) while hunting.

Licenses, harvest tickets, and big game locking tags are available from any license vendor (most sporting goods stores) or by mail from ADF&G Licensing Section, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802. (907) 465-2376.

Hunting licenses and big game tags are valid from the date of purchase through December 31 of that year (AS 16.05.350). Harvest tickets are valid from the date issued through the following June.

License, Harvest Ticket and Tag Information (con't.)

If you give false information when applying for a license, permit, tag or harvest ticket, these documents are void and you have broken the law. It is illegal to alter, change, loan or transfer any license, permit, tag or harvest ticket issued to you, and you may not use anyone else's license, tag, or harvest ticket. There is an exception provided for blind persons, disabled people and persons 65 or older. (See Proxy Hunting, page 11). (AS 16.05.405(a))

A person who has had hunting license privileges revoked/suspended in any other state may not purchase an Alaska license during the period of the revocation/suspension. (AS 16.05.330 (d))

Resident Licenses and Tags

A resident is a person who has continually maintained a permanent home and a voting residence in Alaska for the preceding 12 consecutive months. (AS 16.05.940(26))

Members of the military service and their dependents stationed in the state for the preceding 12 consecutive months are residents.

Citizens of foreign countries who have lived in and maintained a permanent home in Alaska for the preceding 12 consecutive months are considered residents.

Resident hunters 60 years or older may obtain a free, permanent identification card issued by the department. The I.D. card replaces your sport fishing, hunting, and trapping license.

Resident disabled veterans may qualify for a free resident hunting license which is available only from ADF&G Licensing Section, PO Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802.

To receive this license you must:

- * have been honorably discharged from military service;
- * be eligible for a loan under AS 18.56.101; and
- * be certified by the United States Veteran's Administration as having incurred a 50 percent or greater disability during military service.

Resident Tag Fees

Residents must possess a metal locking tag before hunting brown/grizzly bears or muskoxen. The only exception is if you plan to hunt a brown/grizzly bear for food in the Western Alaska, Chignik Alaska, or Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Areas. In these areas, you will need to register with an ADF&G office or authorized license vendor within the area to hunt a brown/grizzly bear. In areas where a tag is required, it must be locked on the animal immediately after the kill and must remain there until the animal is prepared for stor-

age, consumed or exported (5 AAC 92.012(c)). In some units you may need a registration or drawing permit in addition to the tag.

Brown/Grizzly bear	\$25
Muskox	
Nunivak Island	
Bull	\$500
Cow	\$25

Nelson Island,	
Unit 26B and 26C	
Bull	\$25
Cow	\$25

Resident License Fees

Hunting	\$25
Trapping	\$15
Hunting and trapping	\$40
Hunting, trapping and sport fishing	\$55

Low income license. You can buy a low income license for \$5 if your family earned less than \$8,200 (before taxes) for the preceding year or you obtained assistance during the preceding six months under any state or federal welfare program. You must show proof of your income or welfare support, upon request. The \$5 license is for hunting, trapping and sport fishing; it is not a "subsistence" license and you must still obtain any required harvest tickets, permits or tags.

Alaska Duck Stamp Fee

Resident waterfowl hunters must possess a state duck stamp unless you:

- * qualify for a \$5 license.
- * are under 16 years old or at least 60 years old.
- * are a disabled veteran eligible for a free license.

You must validate the stamp by signing it across the face and carry it with your license while hunting.

State duck stamps are available for \$5 from any license vendor (most sporting goods stores) or by mail from ADF&G Licensing Section, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802. (907) 465-2376. Federal duck stamps are available for \$15 from U.S. Post Offices and some license vendors.

NOTE: All waterfowl hunters 16 years of age or older must also attach a current, validated federal duck stamp to their license.

Nonresident Military Licenses and Tags

Members of the military service who have lived in Alaska less than 12 consecutive months are nonresidents.

Active duty military personnel, not including dependents, may hunt big game without a hunting license or tags on military property which is open to hunting. You must obey the Alaska hunting regulations. A harvest ticket is required. If you hunt brown bear, Dall sheep, or mountain goat, you must have a guide.

Nonresident military hunters stationed in Alaska must buy a regular nonresident hunting license and appropriate big game tags to hunt big game. Big game tags are available at one half the normal nonresident cost.

Members of the military on active duty who are permanently stationed in the state, and their dependents who are living in the state and are not yet Alaska residents, may buy special nonresident military small game hunting licenses for \$25. They may buy combination small game hunting and sport fishing licenses for \$40.

Nonresident military hunters must possess both state and federal duck stamps if they want to hunt waterfowl.

License Fees

Hunting	\$ 85
Hunting and trapping	250
Hunting and sport fishing	135
Small game hunting	20
Alien hunting license	300

Nonresident and Nonresident Alien Licenses and Tags

This section applies to nonresidents (US Citizens) and nonresident aliens

Big Game Tags:

Nonresident and nonresident alien hunters must buy the appropriate metal locking tag before hunting a big game animal. The tag must be locked on the animal immediately after the kill and must remain there until the animal

is prepared for storage, consumed or exported. Bear tags must be locked on the hide.

A big game tag may be used for another species of equal or lower value, but a tag may be used only once.

Nonresident Big Game Tag Fees

Black bear	each	\$225
* Brown/grizzly bear	each	500
Bison	each	450
Caribou	each	325
* Dall sheep	each	425
Deer	each	150
Elk	each	300
Moose	each	400
* Mountain goat	each	300
Muskox	each	1,100
Wolf	each	175
Wolverine	each	175

* Guide required.

Nonresident Alien Big Game Tag Fees:

*Black bear	each	\$300
*Brown/grizzly bear	each	650
*Bison	each	650
*Caribou	each	425
*Dall Sheep	each	550
*Deer	each	200
*Elk	each	400
*Moose	each	500
*Mountain Goat	each	400
*Muskox	each	1,500
*Wolf	each	250
*Wolverine	each	250

*Guide required.

Alaska Duck Stamp Fee

All nonresident waterfowl hunters must possess a state duck stamp. You must validate the stamp by signing it across the face and carry it with your license while hunting.

State duck stamps are available for \$5 from any license vendor (most sporting goods stores) or by mail from ADF&G Licensing Section, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802. (907) 465-2376. Federal duck stamps are available for \$15 from U.S. Post Offices and some license vendors.

NOTE: All waterfowl hunters 16 years of age or older must also have a current, validated federal duck stamp attached to their license.

Guide/Outfitter Information

Nonresidents (U.S. citizens) who hunt brown/grizzly bear, Dall sheep or mountain goat must hire an Alaska licensed guide/outfitter or be accompanied by an Alaska resident over 19 years of age who is within the second degree of kindred. This means he or she, if not a registered guide/outfitter, must be your: father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother- or sister-in-law, son- or daughter-in-law, father- or mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson or stepdaughter. (5 AAC 92.990)

Nonresident alien hunters (not U.S. citizens) must hire an Alaska licensed professional guide/outfitter to hunt any big game animal.

A current list of licensed guide/outfitters and general information on guiding/outfitting are available for \$5 from:

Dept. of Commerce & Economic Development
Division of Occupational Licensing
Big Game Commercial Services Board
P.O. Box 11806, Juneau, AK 99811-0806
Telephone (907) 465-2534

Harvest Tickets/Reports

To protect, conserve and enhance wildlife populations in Alaska, ADF&G must learn how many animals are taken by hunters. Reporting your harvest is mandatory for most big game species.

Harvest tickets are required in most areas to hunt deer, moose, caribou and sheep (Harvest tickets are not required in areas where drawing, registration or Tier II permits are required (see Permits, page 10).

The harvest ticket must be carried in the field and must be validated by cutting out the month and day before the hunter leaves the kill site. You must keep the validated harvest ticket in your possession until the animal has been delivered to the location where it will be processed for consumption. (5AAC 92.010(e))

Attached to most harvest tickets are harvest report cards. The report card need not be carried in the field, but must be mailed or delivered within 15 days of taking the bag limit or within 15 days after the close of season, regardless of whether or not you take an animal.

Harvest tickets are available free from license vendors and ADF&G offices. Each harvest ticket number must be written on the back of your hunting license. The numbers of harvest tickets issued the previous calendar year which are still valid must be transferred to the back of a new hunting license.

People who live and hunt caribou north of the Yukon River do not need harvest ticket/reports, but must register with ADF&G or an authorized license vendor within the area. Anyone hunting Dall sheep in GMU 23 (except in Gates of the Arctic National Park) must register with ADF&G.

Permits

When hunter demand is higher than a game population can sustain, harvest is often restricted by permits. Three kinds of permit hunts are used: drawing, registration, and Tier II. **In all cases the permit/report takes the place of the harvest ticket/report.**

Hunters who receive a permit must agree to specific conditions and reporting requirements for each hunt.

The following conditions and procedures apply to all permit hunts:

1. You must carry the permit while hunting.
2. If you get a permit, you must buy the appropriate hunting license and big game tag (if required) before you hunt.
3. A permit may not be transferred to another hunter.
4. You may apply as an Alaska resident if you will qualify as a resident when you go hunting.
5. You must validate the permit by cutting out the month and day before you leave the kill site. You must keep the validated permit in your possession until the animal has been processed for consumption.

Drawing Permits

Drawing permit hunts limit harvest by restricting the number of hunters. Hunters apply for permits (usually in May) and pay a non-refundable application fee. Permits are selected by random lottery.

Details about drawing permit hunts and applications are included in the Drawing Permit Hunt Supplement (newspaper) which usually is available in early May at license vendors and ADF&G offices. The application deadline is usually the end of May.

Conditions and procedures:

1. The application form must be completed truthfully. If there is false information on the form, the application is void.
2. You may apply for up to three different permits for each species. If you apply for more than three hunts for one species, or for the same hunt more than once, all your applications are void. You may receive only one drawing permit per species per regulatory year.
3. After harvesting an animal, or if unsuccessful after the season ends, the permit report must be completed and returned to ADF&G within the time period specified on the permit. If you fail to return the report, you will not be allowed to apply for any drawing permit hunts during the following regulatory year. If you miss the reporting deadline through unavoidable circumstances, you may write to the Commissioner of ADF&G within 180 days of the end of the hunt and ask for a hearing to appeal your ineligibility for a permit next year.

Registration Permits

Registration permits are issued to hunters on a first-come, first-served basis at an ADF&G office in or near the hunt area. A few registration hunts limit the number of hunters; most allow an unlimited number. If an unlimited number of permits is issued, the season is closed by emergency order if the harvest goal is met.

Details about registration permit hunts and applications are included in the Registration Permit Hunt Supplement (newspaper) which usually is available in early May at license vendors and ADF&G offices.

Conditions and procedures:

1. You must sign the permit form. If you give false information when applying for a permit, the permit is void. In most cases you must apply in person, but some hunts allow applying through the mail. Check the Registration Permit Hunt Supplement (newspaper) for details.
2. After harvesting an animal, or if unsuccessful after the season ends, the permit report must be completed and returned to ADF&G within the time period specified on the permit. If you fail to return the report, you will be issued a citation.

Tier II Subsistence Permits

Tier II subsistence permits may be issued when there isn't enough game to satisfy subsistence needs. Hunters must answer questions on the application concerning their dependence on the game for their livelihood, residence and availability of alternative resources. Applications are scored based on responses to the questionnaire and permits are issued to those with the highest scores.

Details about Tier II subsistence permit hunts and applications are included in a Tier II Permit Supplement (news-paper) which usually is available in early May at license vendors and ADF&G offices. Application deadline is usually the end of May.

Conditions and procedures:

1. You must sign the application. If you give false information when applying for a permit, the permit is void and you may be issued a citation.

2. You may apply for more than one hunt, but must complete a separate Tier II application for each hunt.

3. An applicant for a Tier II permit hunt must be an Alaska resident at least 12 years old. No more than one Tier II moose permit or more than three Tier II caribou permits may be issued per household and no individual may have more than one Tier II permit for any one species.

4. After harvesting an animal, or if unsuccessful after the season ends, the permit report must be completed and returned to ADF&G within the time period specified on the permit. If you fail to return the report, you will be denied any Tier II permits the following year. If you miss the reporting deadline through unavoidable circumstances, you may write to the Commissioner of ADF&G within 180 days of the end of the hunt and ask for a hearing to appeal your ineligibility for a permit next year.

Proxy Hunting

A resident hunter (the proxy) who holds a valid hunting license may take moose, caribou and deer for another resident (the beneficiary) who is blind, physically disabled or 65 years or older and who has been issued a special hunting license (AS 16.05.403). Forms to apply for these special hunting licenses are available at ADF&G.

Before hunting, the proxy hunter and beneficiary must obtain copies of an authorization form. After the form is completed and turned into the local ADF&G office, a proxy may hunt for up to 15 days for the beneficiary, including the time needed to deliver game to the beneficiary.

No person may be a proxy for more than one beneficiary at a time. A proxy hunter is required to obey all conditions and requirements that would apply to the beneficiary if the beneficiary hunted in person.

Reporting requirements are spelled out on the proxy authorization form.

No person may give or receive money to obtain, grant, or influence the granting of a proxy authorization. Complete details of proxy hunting are available from ADF&G offices.

The proxy hunting authorization may not be used in federal subsistence hunts.

Special Disability Provisions

A person with physical disabilities may shoot game from a motorized vehicle in portions of Units 7 and 15 within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge (AS16.05.940). This person must require a wheelchair for mobility, obtain a permit from the department, and be in compliance with the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge regulations. The department may require that the permittee be accompanied by another hunter with a valid hunting license capable of assisting the permittee in retrieving game taken by the permittee. (5 AAC 92.080)

Big game may be taken from a boat in Units 1-5 if you have a permit for a physical disability (see Big Game Hunting Restrictions page 13).

General Hunting Restrictions (Methods and Means)

Any game may be taken by any method except:

You may

- * NOT shoot on, from or across the driveable surface of any constructed road or highway.
- * NOT use poison without written permission from the Board of Game.
- * NOT use a helicopter for hunting or for transporting hunters, hunting gear, game meat or trophies, or any equipment used to pursue or retrieve game. Helicopter use may be authorized to rescue hunters, gear or game in a life threatening situation.
- * NOT take game from a motorized vehicle on land if the engine is running or the vehicle is moving, except that a snowmachine may be used to take caribou in Unit 23.
- * NOT take game from a motor-driven boat if the boat is still moving because of the motor, but caribou may be taken from a moving motor-driven boat in Units 23 and 26.
- * NOT drive, herd or molest game with any motorized vehicle such as an aircraft, snow machine, motor boat, etc.
- * NOT use a machine gun, set gun, or shot gun larger than 10 gauge.
- * NOT use a pit, fire, light (other than sunlight or moonlight), radio communication, artificial salt lick, explosive, barbed arrow, bomb, smoke, or chemical.
- * NOT use a snare to take big game, fur animals, waterfowl, cranes or snipe. (However, you may take grouse, hare, ptarmigan or unclassified game with a snare. See Definitions of fur animals and unclassified game pp. 18, 19.)
- * NOT use a crossbow in any hunt restricted to archery.

Any fur animal may be taken by any method except:

You may

- * NOT hunt coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, or red squirrel the same day you have been airborne, unless you are at least 100 feet from the airplane.
- * NOT hunt coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, or red squirrel with a dog, trap, snare, net, or fish trap.
- * NOT hunt coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, or red squirrel by disturbing or destroying dens.
- * NOT hunt beaver, land otter, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, flying squirrel, ground squirrel, or marmot. (These are furbearers and may be taken only under trapping regulations.)

Big game means black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Dall sheep, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskox, wolf and wolverine.

Big Game Hunting Restrictions

In addition to those outlined above, the following additional restrictions apply to big game hunting:

You May

- * NOT use a rimfire weapon, except .22 caliber rimfire cartridges may be used to hunt swimming caribou from a boat in Unit 23 and Unit 26.

Big Game Hunting Restrictions (con't.)

- * NOT hunt brown/grizzly bear, black bear, moose, bison, elk, muskox or mountain goat with a muzzle loading rifle unless it is .54 caliber or larger, or at least .45 caliber with a 250 grain or larger elongated slug.
- * NOT hunt with a muzzleloading rifle equipped with a scope during any special season for muzzleloading rifles only.
- * NOT hunt with a long bow, recurve bow or compound bow unless it can cast a broadhead-tipped arrow at least 175 yards horizontally. Arrows must be tipped with broadheads at least 7/8 inch wide. Arrow and broadhead together must weigh at least one ounce (437.5 grains) (see definition of broadhead, page 18).
- * NOT hunt with the following archery equipment in archery only areas:
 - electronic devices including lights attached to the bow or arrow with the exception of unlighted video or SLR cameras.
 - scopes or other devices attached to the bow and designed for optical magnification or enhancement.
 - any mechanical device which anchors a notched arrow at full or partial draw unaided by the bowhunter.
- * NOT hunt in any area restricting the taking of big game to archery only unless the hunter has successfully completed a department approved bow hunting course.
- * NOT hunt with the aid or use of a dog, except that dogs may be used to hunt black bears under a permit issued at the discretion of the department; the department may issue a nontransferable permit to an individual who qualifies under the permit condition established by the department in (5 AAC 93).
- * NOT hunt a cub bear or a sow accompanied by cub(s) (see definition of cub, page 18).
- * NOT use bait except for black bears under specific conditions (see Baiting Requirements, page 22, and the definition of bait, page 18).
- * NOT hunt big game animals while they are swimming (except caribou in Units 23 and 26).
- * NOT hunt big game from a boat in Units 1-5 unless you have a permit for a physical disability (See Special Disability Provisions, page 11.)
- * NOT hunt or help someone else take big game until 3:00 a.m. the day following the day you have flown. This section does not apply if you have flown on a regularly scheduled commercial or commuter airplane. (You may hunt deer the same day you have flown.)

Bag Limits

Bag limit means the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take. Bag limits are assigned by Game Management Unit or portions of units. A bag limit applies to a regulatory year (July 1-June 30) unless otherwise specified.

You may hunt for a species if the bag limit in your hunt area is greater than the number of animals of that species you have already taken anywhere in the state. If the limit is greater, you may take up to the number of animals you need to reach the limit.

For example: if you took one black bear from Unit 6 (which has a limit of one black bear) and then go to Unit 9 (which has a limit of three black bears), you may take up to two more black bears in Unit 9. But if you hunt in Unit 9 first (limit of three black bears) and kill one black bear, you may not hunt black bear in Unit 6 (limit of one black bear) within the same regulatory year.

The bag limit for subsistence and resident seasons are not separate. That means if you reach the bag limit of a species under a resident season, you may not take more animals under the bag limit for a subsistence season.

When there is a hunting season and a trapping season for the same species, the bag limit under hunting regulations is separate from the bag limit for trapping. For example, the hunting bag limit in Unit 11 is one wolverine. The trapping bag limit is two wolverines. If you buy both a hunting and trapping license, you may take three wolverines, one by hunting and two by trapping.

Hunting bag limits are listed by Game Management Unit in this book.

Salvage and Wanton Waste

Meat

You must salvage all of the edible meat of moose, caribou, sheep, mountain goat, wild reindeer, deer, elk, bison, or muskox and small game birds for which seasons and bag limits exist.

Edible meat of big game includes meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock) and that portion of the animal between the front and hind quarters. It does not include meat of the head, guts, bones, sinew, and meat left on the bones after close trimming, or meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the bullet or arrow.

For birds, edible meat means the breast.

You must salvage and keep the edible meat unless it has been stolen, has been taken or destroyed by a wild animal, lost to unanticipated weather conditions or other acts of God, or given to someone who accepts responsibility for salvaging and keeping the meat.

Wanton waste of edible meat is an extremely serious offense punishable by a fine of up to \$5,000 and one year in jail. (AS 16.30.010)

Furs, hides, and skulls

You must salvage the hide of a wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox or lynx.

You must salvage the hide and skull of a black bear taken in Units 1-7, 11-17 and 20. If you take a black bear in some other unit, you must salvage either the hide or the edible meat.

You must salvage the entire hide and skull of a brown/grizzly bear unless it was taken in and not removed from one of the three brown bear management areas under a subsistence registration permit (see Bear Hunting Information, page 21).

Any game animal taken illegally remains the property of the state. If you mistakenly take an animal you thought was legal, you must salvage all of the edible meat and/or the hide and skull if required. You must immediately transport what you salvage to the nearest office of ADF&G or Fish and Wildlife Protection and surrender it to a department representative. If you comply with this regulation, you will not be prosecuted for illegally possessing the animal, and you are likely to be punished less severely for illegally taking the animal.

(Note: See Evidence of Sex, below and definition of salvage, page 19, for more details.)

Evidence of Sex

If you kill a big game animal (other than a sheep) where the bag limit is restricted to one sex, you must keep enough of the sex organs (penis, scrotum, testicles, udder, teats, vaginal orifice) attached to part of a rear quarter to show the sex of the animal. Antlers are not proof of sex.

In all sheep hunts, you must keep the horns with the meat until the meat is butchered or processed for storage.

In moose hunts with antler restrictions, you must keep the antlers attached to the skull (with an unbroken or uncut skull plate that keeps the antlers together) if either antler lacks the required number of brow tines. In addition a sex organ must remain attached to the meat.

The hides of all brown/grizzly bears, and of black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17 and 20 must have either the penis sheath or vaginal orifice naturally attached during transport or until sealed.

Possession and Transportation of Game

You may not possess the horns or antlers of a big game animal that you killed unless you also salvaged the edible meat of the animal. You may possess horns or antlers if they were given to you by someone who salvaged the edible meat or if you have already eaten the meat of an animal you killed.

You must bring out the meat from the kill site to your departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.) before transporting antlers and horns from the kill site. At the departure point, possession of the meat may be transferred to someone else. After leaving the field, antlers or horns being transported must be accompanied by all edible meat unless possession of the meat has been transferred to and accepted by someone else. (In both cases, antlers and horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat.) Field means an area outside established year-round dwellings, businesses or other developments usually associated with a city, town or village. Field does not include permanent hotels or road houses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

You may not possess, transport, give away, receive or barter any illegally taken game or game parts. It is your responsibility to make sure that game is legally taken before you take or transport it. You may transport game taken illegally if your sole purpose is to salvage and surrender the game to a representative of the state.

Transfer of Possession

Meat and other game parts may be given to others. If you want to give away unprocessed meat or other parts of game animals or have someone transport unprocessed meat or other game parts for you, the person transporting the meat must be able to provide a signed statement including both of your names and addresses, when and where the game was taken, and what specific game or parts of game changed hands. The person receiving the meat must show this statement to a peace officer if asked. When you accept game or parts of game from someone else, it becomes your responsibility to salvage the edible meat for human consumption.

Sealing

Sealing is required for:

brown/grizzly bears except those taken in and not removed from the three brown bear management areas under a subsistence registration permit, (see Bear Hunting Information, page 21).

black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17 and 20.

lynx, wolf and wolverine.

Sealing means having an authorized ADF&G representative place a locking seal on an animal hide and/or skull. The hunter must present the hide and/or skull in person. The sealing officer asks questions about when, where and how the animal was taken, and may measure the skull and take some biological samples. The seal must remain on the hide and/or skull until it has been transported from the state or until the hide is tanned.

Wolves taken in Unit 15A must be sealed within five days of the kill. Wolves taken in all other units, and wolverine, lynx, brown and black bears must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. (see Bear Hunting Information, page 21.)

The sealing deadlines for wolf, wolverine and lynx may be shortened by an ADF&G representative.

If you are unable to bring in an animal for sealing within the required time, you can complete and sign a temporary sealing form so that another person can present the animal for sealing later.

State Export Permits

Raw Furs

If you plan to ship a raw skin of a coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, red squirrel, wolf or wolverine from the state, you must first obtain a raw fur export permit/report. The blue permit (shipping tag) with attached export report (postcard) is available from ADF&G, post offices and commercial cargo carriers. The export permit must be filled out and attached to any package containing raw fur. The post office or cargo carrier may not accept raw skins unless an export permit is attached.

The pre-addressed report card portion must be filled out and mailed.

Big Game Trophies

If you plan to ship or transport a big game trophy (raw unprocessed or unmounted horns, antlers or cape of any big game animal or the hide of a black or a brown/grizzly bear) out of Alaska, you must first obtain a red big game trophy export permit (shipping tag). The permit must be attached to the package containing the trophy or to the antlers or horns if they are not in a package. This red tag must remain attached until the trophy is received for processing or use. Persons who send or receive a trophy must let state or federal officers look at the trophy if asked.

Big game trophy export permits are available from ADF&G, Fish and Wildlife Protection and from many commercial cargo carriers.

Federal Export Permits

If you plan to ship the hides, skulls, meat or products of brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters, out of the United States, you must first obtain a federal CITES export permit. For further information, contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in Anchorage at (907) 271-2828 or (907) 786-3311, in Fairbanks at (907) 456-0255, and in Ketchikan at (907) 225-9691.

If you are transporting any of the above hides or skulls through Canada as non-commercial items accompanying personal baggage, you will need a "Personal Effects Exemption Certificate." It is available at ADF&G offices in Juneau, Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, Haines, Tok and Fairbanks.

There is a fee for a CITES permit but the Personal Effects Exemption Certificate is free.

If you plan to take any other wildlife parts (including meat, hides, skulls, trophies and birds) or products out of the United States, federal regulations may require that you complete a Declaration for Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife, Form #3-177. These forms are available at U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Law Enforcement offices in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Ketchikan, Nome or at the Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge office in Tok.

Use of Game

You may

- * NOT buy, sell, or barter game meat except hares and rabbits; caribou meat may be bartered in Units 22-26 but the bartered caribou meat cannot be taken out of these units.
- * NOT buy, sell, or barter any part of a black or brown/grizzly bear.
- * NOT buy, sell, or barter any untanned, unsealed lynx, wolf or wolverine from any unit.
- * NOT buy, sell, or barter any big game animal skulls (except wolves and wolverines), horns, or antlers (including any prepared big game trophies) unless they have been naturally shed or have been permanently removed from the skull. You may buy, sell or barter antlers of caribou harvested in Unit 23 if they are substantially changed into art or handicraft.
- * NOT use most kinds of game meat as dog food or bait. Dog food or bait may include the skin, guts, heads or bones of legally taken game, or meat of bears, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, or red squirrel, and meat from small game (other than birds) and legally taken unclassified game. Game that died of natural causes may be used as bait so long as the game is not moved from the location where it was found ("natural causes" does NOT include death caused by human). Brown/grizzly bears taken for subsistence in the three brown bear management areas may not be used for dog food or bait. (See Bear Hunting Information, page 21).

Emergency Taking of Game

For Food in a Dire Emergency

If you are in a remote area and have unintentionally run out of food and cannot expect to get food from any other source soon enough, you may kill wildlife for food to save your life or prevent permanent health problems. If this happens, you must salvage all of the edible meat and surrender what is left to the state after your rescue. You will be asked to fill out a statement about the circumstances.

In Defense of Life or Property

A game animal may be legally killed in defense of life or property, if that animal was not provoked to attack or a problem was not created by leaving food or garbage lying around and if everything else possible has been done first to protect life and property.

Property means your dwelling, means of travel, pets or livestock, or other valuable property necessary for your livelihood or survival. The meat of a game animal that you have legally taken becomes your property, but you may not kill another wild animal to pro-

tect the meat unless the meat is critical for your livelihood or survival. In this situation you still must do everything possible to protect the meat (i.e. proper storage, scaring the scavenger, etc.) before you may legally kill the scavenger.

Game animals taken in defense of life or property without a hunting license and/or where the season is closed belong to the State. If you kill a brown/grizzly bear, black bear, wolf, wolverine or coyote, you must salvage the hide (and the skull of a black bear in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20, and the skull of a brown/grizzly bear taken anywhere) and surrender them to the state. All bear hides must include the attached claws. A surrendered bear hide and skull must have been completely removed from the carcass. If you kill any other big game animals in defense of life or property, you must salvage the edible meat. You must also notify Fish and Game and Fish and Wildlife Protection as soon as possible and you must surrender what you salvaged and fill out and submit a questionnaire concerning the circumstances within 15 days.

Road Kills

A big game animal killed or injured by a vehicle belongs to the state. If your vehicle hits and injures or kills a big game animal, you must notify the Alaska State Troopers, Division of Fish and Wildlife Protection as soon as possible.

Definitions

In addition to the definitions in the Alaska Statutes (**AS 16.05.940**), the following definitions are found in the Alaska Administrative Code (**5 AAC 92.990**). Some of these definitions appear elsewhere in this book where they are most needed for reference. The form shown in other parts of the book may be slightly different if the editors felt a word change would help the reader better understand the intent of the language.

Airport - means an airport listed in the Federal Aviation Agency Alaska Airmans Guide and Chart Supplement.

Animal - means those species with a vertebral column (backbone).

Bag limit - means the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take in the unit or portion of a unit in which the taking occurs.

Bait - means any material including a scent lure that is placed to attract an animal by its sense of smell or taste; however, those parts of legally taken animals that are not required to be salvaged and which are left at the kill site are not considered bait.

Big game - means black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskoxen, Dall sheep, wolf, and wolverine.

Bow - means a long bow, recurve bow, or compound bow, but not crossbow.

Broadhead - means an arrowhead with two or more steel cutting edges having a minimum cutting diameter of not less than seven-eighths inch.

Brow tine - means a tine on the front portion of a moose antler, typically projecting forward from the base of the antler toward the nose.

Bull moose - means any male moose.

Brown bear - means *Ursus arctos*, including grizzly bears; the term brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

Closed season - means the time when game may not be taken.

Cub bear - means a brown/grizzly bear in its first or second year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in its first year of life.

Dire emergency - means a situation in which a person

(A) is in a remote area;

(B) is involuntarily experiencing an absence of food required to sustain life;

(C) if wild game food is not immediately taken and consumed, will be unable to perform the functions necessary for survival, leading to high risk of death or serious and permanent health problems;

(D) cannot expect to obtain other food sources in time to avoid the consequences described in (C) of this paragraph.

Domicile - means the location of a person's primary residence; evidence of domicile may include, but is not limited to, the following:

(A) statements made to obtain a license to drive, hunt, fish, or engage in an activity regulated by a government entity;

(B) affidavit of the person, or other persons who may know of that person's domicile;

(C) place of voter registration;

(D) location of residences owned, rented, or leased;

(E) locations of storage of household goods;

(F) location of business owned or operated;

(G) residence of spouse and minor children or dependents;

(H) governments to which taxes are paid; and

(I) whether the person has claimed residence in another location for the purpose of obtaining benefits provided by the governments in that location.

Drainage - means the area of land drained by a creek, stream, or river unless further defined in regulation.

Drawing permit - means a permit issued to a limited number of people selected by means of a lottery held for all people submitting valid applications for such permits and who agree to abide by the conditions specified for each

hunt.

Edible meat - means, in the case of big game animals, the meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal end of the tibia-fibula (hock), and that portion of the animal between the front and hindquarters; in the case of wild fowl, the meat of the breast; however, **edible meat** of big game or wild fowl does not include: meat of the head, meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the method of taking; bones, sinew, and incidental meat reasonably lost as a result of boning or a close trimming of the bones; or viscera.

Falconry - means the sport of taking game by means of trained raptors.

Full curl horn - of a male (ram) Dall sheep means

(A) that the tip of at least one horn has grown through 360 degrees of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn as viewed from the side.

(B) that both horns are broken; or

(C) that the sheep is at least eight (8) years of age as determined by horn growth annuli.

Fur animal - means a coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, or red squirrel, that has not been domestically raised; **fur animals** is a classification of animals subject to taking with a hunting license.

Furbearer - means a beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, land otter, red squirrel, flying squirrel, ground squirrel, marmot, wolf, or wolverine; **furbearer** is a classification of animals subject to taking with a trapping license.

Hide - see "skin".

Highway - means the driveable surface of any constructed road.

Household - means that group of people domiciled in the same residence.

Hunting area - means that portion of a game management unit where a season and a bag limit for that species are set out in (**5 AAC 85**).

Moose antler description:

(A) **spike-fork** moose antler means the antler of a bull moose with only one or two tines on either antler; male calves are not spike-fork bulls;

(B) **36-inch moose antler** - means the antlers of a bull moose having a spread of 36-inches or more measured in a straight line perpendicular to the center line of the skull;

(C) **50-inch moose antler** - means the antlers of a bull moose with a spread of 50-inches or more, measured in a straight line perpendicular to the center line of the skull.

Motorized vehicle - means motor driven land, water, or air conveyance.

Naturally shed antler - means any portion of an antler which has the base (burr) intact and has not been physically removed by cutting, sawing, or breaking from the skull.

Open season - means the time when game may be taken; each period prescribed as an open season includes the first and last days of the period prescribed.

Peace officer - means a police officer of the state or a person authorized by the Commissioner of Fish and Game.

Pelt see "skin".

Permit hunt - means a hunt for which permits are issued on a drawing, registration, or Tier II hunt basis.

Person - means a natural person and does not include a corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, organization, business trust, or society.

Poison - means any substance which is toxic or poisonous upon contact or ingestion.

Registration permit - means a hunting permit issued to a person who agrees to the conditions specified for each hunt; permits are issued in the order applications are received and are issued:

(A) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing throughout the season, or until the season is closed by emergency order when a harvest quota is reached;

(B) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing until a

predetermined number of permits have been issued.

Regulatory year - means July 1 through June 30 of the following calendar year.

Salvage - means to transport and prepare or preserve the edible meat of a big game animal or wild fowl so as to save or prevent the edible meat from waste.

Sealing - means the placement of an official marker or locking tag (seal) by an authorized representative of the ADF&G on an animal hide and/or skull, and may include:

(A) collecting and recording biological information concerning the conditions under which the animal was taken;

(B) measuring the specimen submitted for sealing;

(C) retaining specific portions of the animal for biological information, such as a pre-molar tooth from a bear.

Second degree of kindred - means a father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother- or sister-in-law, son- or daughter-in-law, father- or mother-in-law, step-father, step-mother, step-sister, step-brother, step-son, or step-daughter.

Seven-eighths curl horn of a male (ram) Dall sheep - means the tip of the horn has grown through seven-eighths of a circle (315 degrees), described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side, or with both horns broken.

Skin, hide, and pelt - are all the same thing and mean any tanned or untanned external covering of any animal's body; skin, hide, or pelt of a bear means the entire external covering with claws attached.

Small game - means all species of grouse, hares, rabbits, ptarmigan, and waterfowl, cranes, and snipe.

Snowmachine - means a motor vehicle of 850 pounds or less gross vehicle weight, primarily designed to travel over snow, and supported, in part by skis, belts, or tracks; snowmachine and snowmobile we consider equivalent terms.

Take - means taking, pursuing, hunting, fishing, trapping, or in any manner disturbing, capturing, or killing or attempting to take, pursue, hunt, fish, trap, or in any manner capture or kill fish or game.

Tine or point - means an antler projection which is at least one-inch long, and which is longer than it is wide as measured one-inch or more from the tip.

Transport - means shipping, carrying, importing, exporting, or receiving or delivering for shipment, carriage, or export.

Trophy - means a mount of a big game animal, including the skin of the head (cape) or the entire skin, in a lifelike representation of the animal; trophy also includes a "European mount" in which the horns or antlers and the skull or a portion of the skull is mounted for display.

Unclassified game - means all species of game not otherwise classified in these definitions.

Unit - means one of the 26 geographical areas listed under game management units in the codified hunting and trapping regulations and the Game Unit Maps of Alaska (5 AAC 92.450).

Year - means calendar year unless another year is specified.

Information for Bear Hunters

Brown/Grizzly Bag Limits

Depending on where you hunt, brown/grizzly bear bag limits are either one every regulatory year (July 1 through June 30) or one every four regulatory years. Regardless of where you hunt, no more than one brown/grizzly bear may be taken in one regulatory year.

In Units 12, 20D north of the Tanana River, and 20E, the bag limit is one brown/grizzly bear every regulatory year. Taking a brown/grizzly bear in one of these three areas does not count in determining when you may hunt brown bear in units having a bag limit of one bear every four regulatory years.

In the Chignik Alaska Brown Bear Management Area, the Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area and the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area there is also a bag limit of one bear every regulatory year under a subsistence registration permit (see Brown Bear Management Areas p. 21). Taking a brown bear in one of these three areas under a subsistence permit does count in the one bear every four regulatory years restriction.

Example: If you want to hunt brown/grizzly bear during the fall of 1994 or spring of 1995 in a unit with a bag limit of one bear every four regulatory years, you must not have taken a brown/grizzly bear after June 30, 1991, unless that bear was taken in Units 12, 20D North, or 20E.

Example: If you want to hunt brown/grizzly bear during the fall of 1994 or spring of 1995 in Units 12, 20D north of the Tanana River, 20E, or in the Chignik, Western, or Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Areas, you may do so as long as you take only one brown/grizzly bear statewide between July 1, 1994 and June 30, 1995. In the rest of the state, the bag limit is one brown/grizzly bear every four regulatory years.

In units with a brown/grizzly bear bag limit of one every four regulatory years

If your last successful hunt was	Your next opportunity to hunt is
fall 90 - spring 91	fall 94 - spring 95
fall 91 - spring 92	fall 95 - spring 96
fall 92 - spring 93	fall 96 - spring 97
fall 93 - spring 94	fall 97 - spring 98
fall 94 - spring 95	fall 98 - spring 99

Tag Requirements

Nonresidents must purchase a locking tag in addition to their license to hunt either a black or brown/grizzly bear.

Resident hunters must buy a locking tag if they want to hunt brown/grizzly bear in most areas of the state. Big game tags are valid from the date of purchase through December 31 of that year.

The tag must be locked on the hide immediately after the kill and must remain there until the hide is processed or exported (5 AAC 92.012(C)).

Resident hunters do not need a tag to take black bears but they do need a hunting license.

Bear tags may not be transferred to another hunter. A nonresident tag issued and not used for a bear may be used to satisfy the tagging requirement for any other species for which the tag fee is of equal or lesser value.

Sealing Requirements

Sealing means taking the entire hide and skull of the bear you killed to an officially designated "sealing officer." The bear, including the skull must be skinned and unfrozen. The sealing officer will ask questions about when, where, and how the bear was taken. You must answer the questions truthfully. The sealing officer will measure the skull and may pull a small tooth or take some other biological samples. Then the officer locks a metal or plastic seal on the hide and on the skull (5 AAC 92.990. The seal must remain on the skin until the tanning has commenced and on the skull unless it is cleaned for display.

Black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20 and brown/grizzly bears taken in any unit (except those taken in the brown bear management areas under a subsistence registration permit) (see Brown Bear Management Areas below) must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. This time limit can be shortened by ADF&G. You may not transport or export from Alaska an untanned bear skin or skull until it has been sealed.

Brown Bear Management Areas

Residents hunting brown/grizzly bears primarily for food in the Chignik Alaska Brown Bear Management Area (Unit 9E), the Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area (Units 17A, 17B, 18, 19A, 19B) or the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area (Units 23, 24, and 26A) may hunt under an alternate set of regulations adopted to better allow subsistence use of brown bears. General hunting remains unaffected in the three areas.

The following compares the requirements of the general versus subsistence regulations within the brown bear management areas.

General Hunting

- \$25 tag required
- see units for seasons
- one bear every four regulatory years
- hide and skull must be sealed
- meat need not to be salvaged

Subsistence hunting

- no tag required but you must register to hunt
- Sept. 1-May 31 season in the Western and Northwest Alaska Area and Nov. 1-Dec. 31 in the Chignik Area.
- one bear per regulatory year
- hide and skull need not be sealed unless removed from management area; the skin of the head and front claws would then be taken by ADF&G
- meat must be salvaged for human consumption

Additionally, restrictions on use of aircraft for subsistence hunting apply in the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area. For further information please call an ADF&G office in or near the management areas.

Brown/grizzly bears taken by a resident hunter under a subsistence registration permit in the Chignik Alaska Brown Bear Management Area must be sealed by an ADF&G representative in King Salmon if it is to be removed from the management area. Such bears taken in the Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area must be sealed in Bethel, Dillingham, or McGrath and similar bears taken in the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area must be sealed in Barrow, Fairbanks, Galena, or Kotzebue.

In the brown bear management area, at the time of sealing, an ADF&G representative shall remove and retain the skin of the skull and the front claws of brown/grizzly bears taken under a subsistence registration permit.

If you kill a brown/grizzly bear in Units 8, 12, 20D north of the Tanana River, or 20E you may not take the bear out of those units until it has been sealed; however, you may take brown/grizzly bears killed in Unit 20D north of the Tanana River or in Unit 20E to Tok for sealing.

Part of the sealing requirement is that you sign the sealing certificate. If you can't get your bear to a sealing officer in person, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form available from the department and make sure that someone takes the bear and the temporary form to the sealing officer within 30 days of the kill.

If you are a nonresident and kill a brown/grizzly bear while on a guided hunt or while hunting with a resident second degree kindred relative, both you and your guide or resident relative must sign the sealing certificate or temporary sealing form.

If you intend to export a black or brown/grizzly bear skin or skull from the U.S. or transport the skin or skull through Canada to the lower 48 states, you must get a CITES permit or Personal Effects Exemption Certificate. CITES tags must remain on the hide and skull until these items have reached their destination country (see Federal Export Permits page 16).

Evidence of Sex Requirement

If you take a brown/grizzly bear anywhere in the state or a black bear in Units 1-7, 11-17, or 20, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain attached to the hide until it is sealed. Accurate sex ratio information in the harvest is very important in assessing the general welfare of bear populations.

Baiting Requirements

You may not hunt brown/grizzly bears over bait. You may establish bait stations for black bears in certain areas after registering with the department. Black bears may be taken with the use of bait only as follows: in Unit 14A between April 15 and May 25; Unit 14B between April 15 and May 31; in Units 1A,B,D,2,3,5,6,7 (except Resurrection Creek and its tributaries), 11, 15, 17, and 16 (except Denali State Park) between April 15 and June 15; and in Units 12, 19-21, 24, and 25 between April 15 and June 30.

Baiting of black bears is subject to the following restrictions (5 AAC 92.085):

- Before you set up a bait station, you must register at an ADF&G office. You will get a sign to post at your station.
- If you choose not to use this sign, you must place another that clearly identifies the site as a "Black Bear Bait Station," and displays your hunting license number and a bear baiting permit number assigned by the department.
- You may place bait at only two bait stations at the same time. All bait must be biodegradable. The only parts of fish and game that may be legally used as bait are heads, bones, guts, or skin.
- You may not set up a bait station within one-quarter mile of a publicly maintained road or trail.
- You may not set up a bait station within one mile of a house or other permanent dwelling, a developed recreational facility or campground.
- You may not take money, bartered goods, or services from someone who uses your bait station. This does not apply to licensed guide/outfitters or their assistants who accompany clients to the bait station site.
- You may not take a black bear over bait in Units 14, 15, and 16 with a bow and arrow unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G approved bowhunting course.
- You must be at least 16 years old to register a bait station (5 AAC 92.085).
- In areas where the bag limit is greater than one, ADF&G may limit the number of bears taken over bait as a condition of registration.
- ADF&G may prohibit black bear baiting in local areas to avoid localized overharvest of bears.
- You must remove bait, litter, and equipment from the bait station site when hunting is completed.

Other Requirements and Restrictions

You may not hunt or kill brown/ grizzly bears within one-half mile of garbage dumps or landfills. The department may authorize killing a problem bear at a garbage dump if necessary to protect the public (AS16.05.782).

In Alaska you cannot sell any part of any bear (see Use of Game, page 17.)

Except in the Chignik, Western, and Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Areas, you are not required to keep the meat of a brown/grizzly bear. If you take a brown/grizzly bear in either of these three management areas under registration permit for subsistence purposes, you are required to salvage all edible meat for human consumption; salvage of the hide or skull is optional.

You must salvage either the hide or the meat of a black bear in those units that do not require sealing.

Many hunters save and eat bear meat. You can also use a skinned bear carcass as animal food. See Game as Animal Food or Bait, and Salvage of Game Meat, Fur and Hide sections under Use of Game, page 17.

You may not take black or brown/grizzly bear cubs or sows accompanied by cubs. See definition of Cub, page 18.

If you wish to hunt black bears with dogs, you must first obtain a permit from ADF&G. You cannot hunt brown/ grizzly bears with dogs.

Nonresident brown/grizzly bear hunters must be accompanied by a guide/outfitter or a resident relative within second degree of kindred. See Guide/Outfitter Information section, page 9, and the definition of Second Degree of Kindred, page 19.

Bears may be killed in defense of life or property. If you do, the bear must be skinned and the hide (with claws attached) and skull must be turned over to the state. See Emergency Taking of Game section, page 17, regarding requirements, and protection of game meat from bears.

Snowmachines

If you are using a snowmachine to reach spring bear hunting areas, you may locate an animal, but you may not pursue with your machine an animal that is trying to escape. In addition, you cannot use your snow machine to drive a bear to another hunter.

Moose Antler Conformation

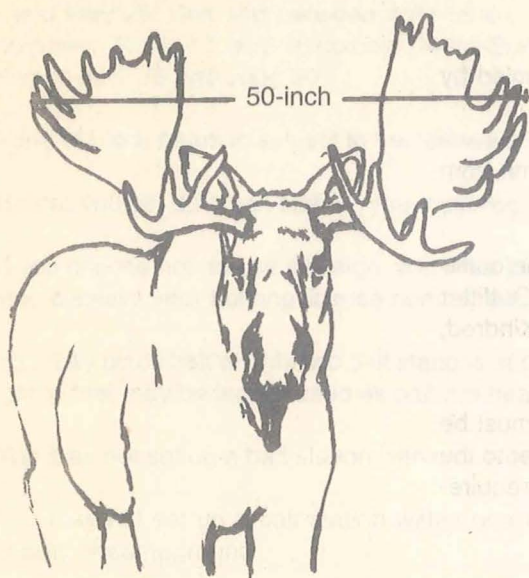
In many units regulations restrict the harvest of bull moose to a specific antler size or configuration. The accompanying illustrations provide general assistance to hunters in field-identification of moose antler size and configuration. It must be emphasized, however, that moose antlers vary considerably, and each hunter is responsible for determining that a moose is legal before attempting to take it. IF UNCERTAIN, DO NOT SHOOT.

Legal Bull Moose with a 50-Inch Antler Restriction

50-inch Antlers means the antlers of a bull moose with a spread of 50 inches or more measured in a straight line perpendicular to the center line of the skull.

In some areas of the state, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide are legal if they have at least three (3) brow tines on EITHER side. In other areas, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide must have at least four (4) brow tines on EITHER side to be legal. Be sure to check the regulations for the brow tine minimum requirement in the area you are hunting.

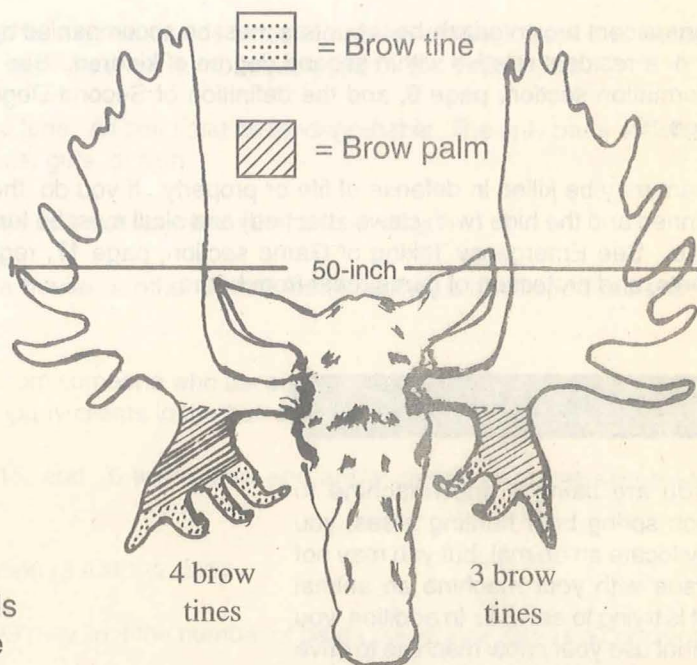
However, if the antlers are 50 or more inches wide, it doesn't matter how many brow tines are present.



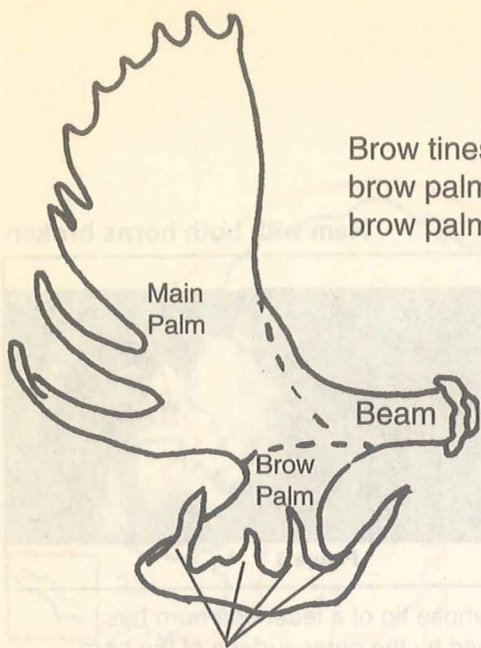
Caution

To accurately identify and count brow tines, bulls must be viewed from the front; viewing from the side runs a risk of counting main palm points as brow tines.

On bulls with substantially less than 50 inch antler spreads, distinguishing legal brow tines from odd tines can be difficult. On such bulls it is especially important to accurately identify and count brow tines.

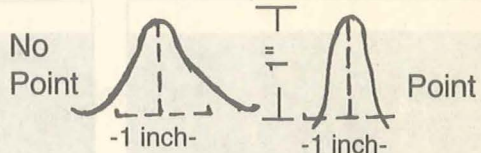


The brow tine portion of the 50-inch antler restriction is intended to help hunters uncertain about antler spread. If uncertain, count brow tines. If also uncertain about the number of brow tines, DON'T SHOOT.



Brow tines project off the brow palm or where the brow palm normally forms.

Brow tines



A "point" or "tine" is an antler projection at least 1 inch long, and longer than it is wide 1 inch or more from the tip.

LEGAL BULL MOOSE IN AREAS WITH A SPIKE-FORK RESTRICTION

SPIKE (1 point)



A bull is legal if it has one antler on either side that is a SPIKE (one point) or a FORK (two points). The antler on the other side can be any configuration.

Bulls with palmated antlers (paddles) seldom are legal under the "spike or fork" requirement.

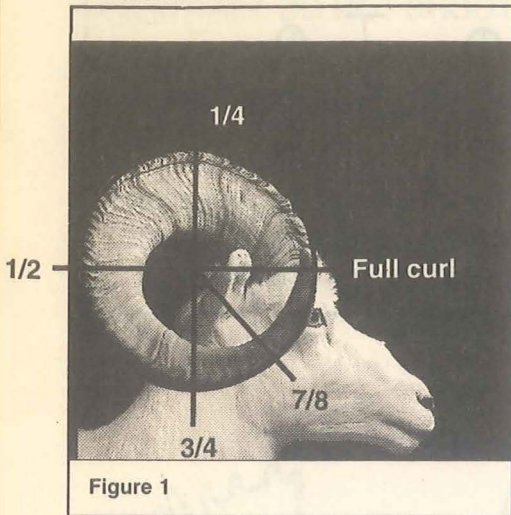
Male calves (in the first year of life) do not qualify as a spike or a fork and are illegal under this regulation.

FORK (2 points)

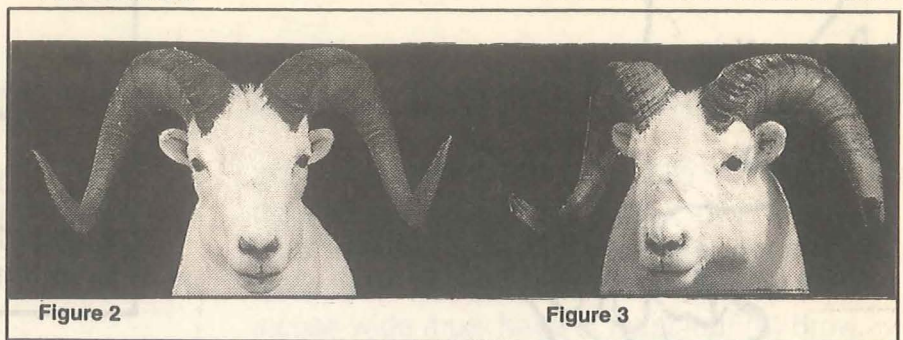


IDENTIFYING A LEGAL RAM

Full curl ram



Full curl ram



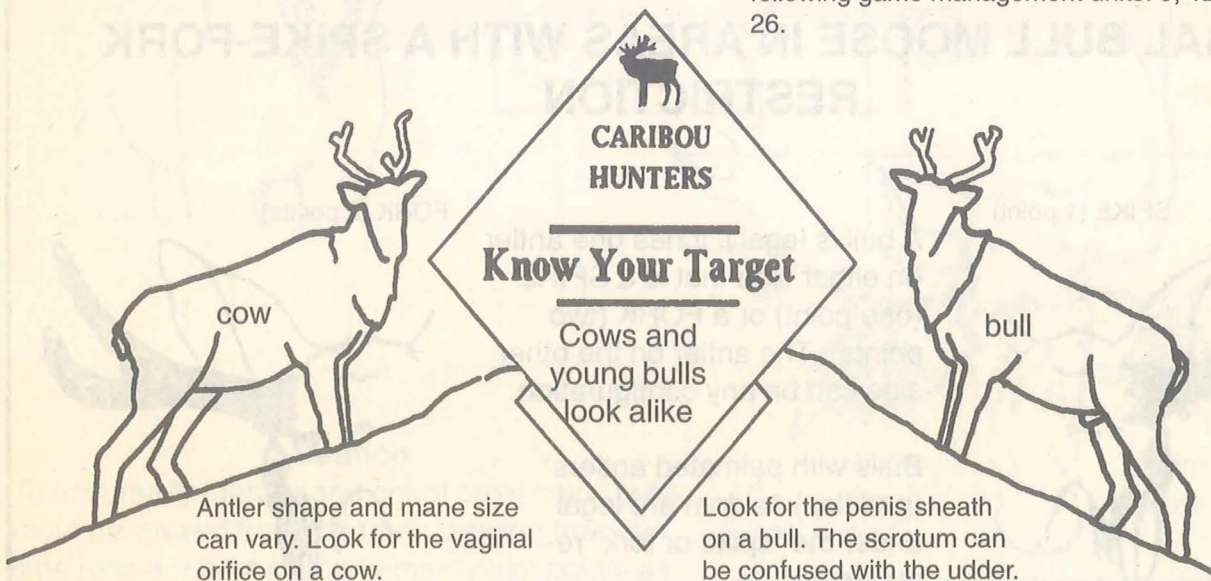
Ram with both horns broken



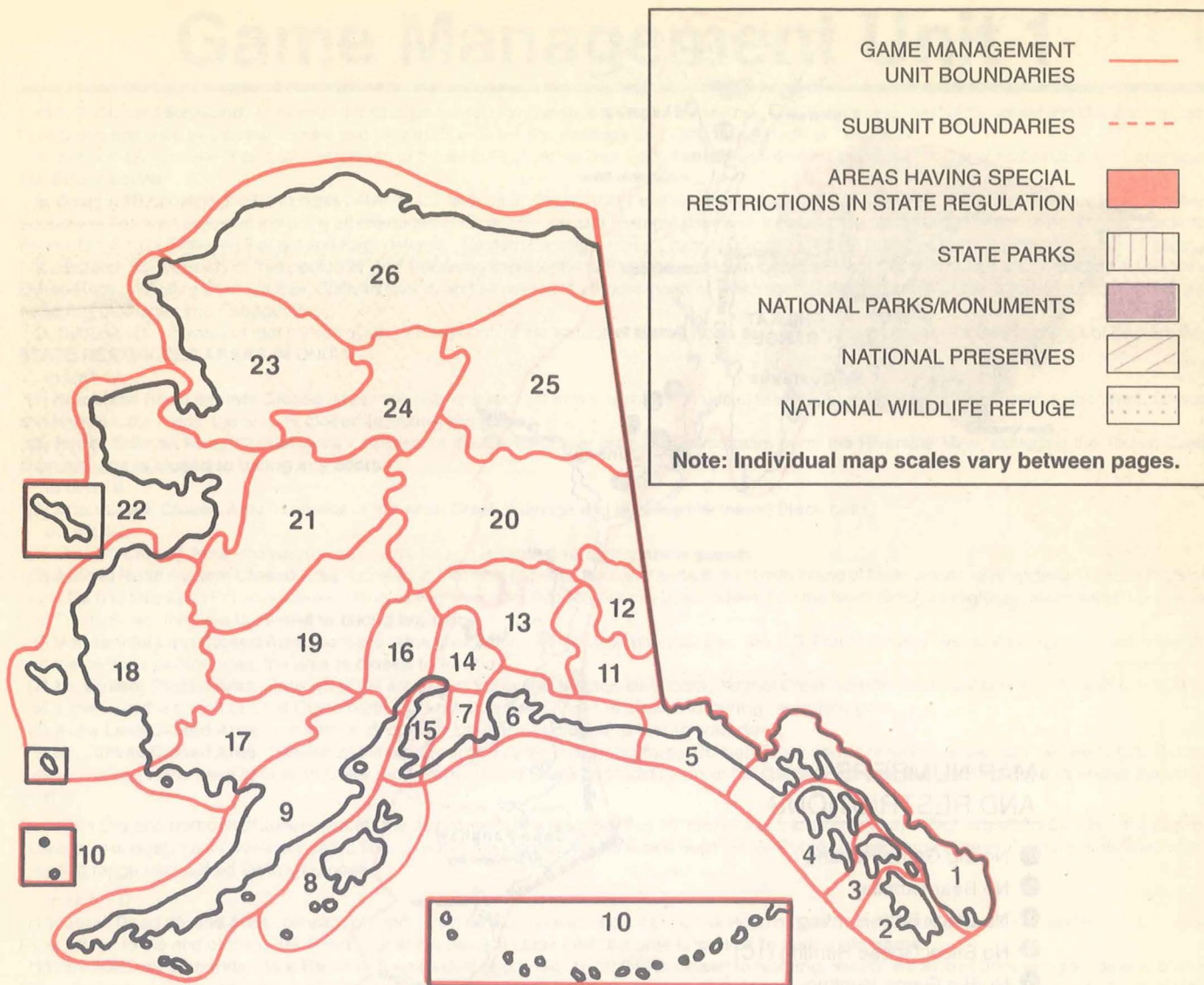
- A LEGAL RAM IS:
1. A full curl ram, whose tip of a least one horn has grown through 360° of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side (figures 1 and 2).
 2. A ram with the tips of both horns broken (broomed) (figure 3).
 3. A ram at least 8 years old as determined by counting annual horn rings/segments.

IDENTIFYING A LEGAL CARIBOU

The caribou bag limit is restricted to one sex for at least a portion of the season in part or all of the following game management units: 9, 12, and 16 thru 26.



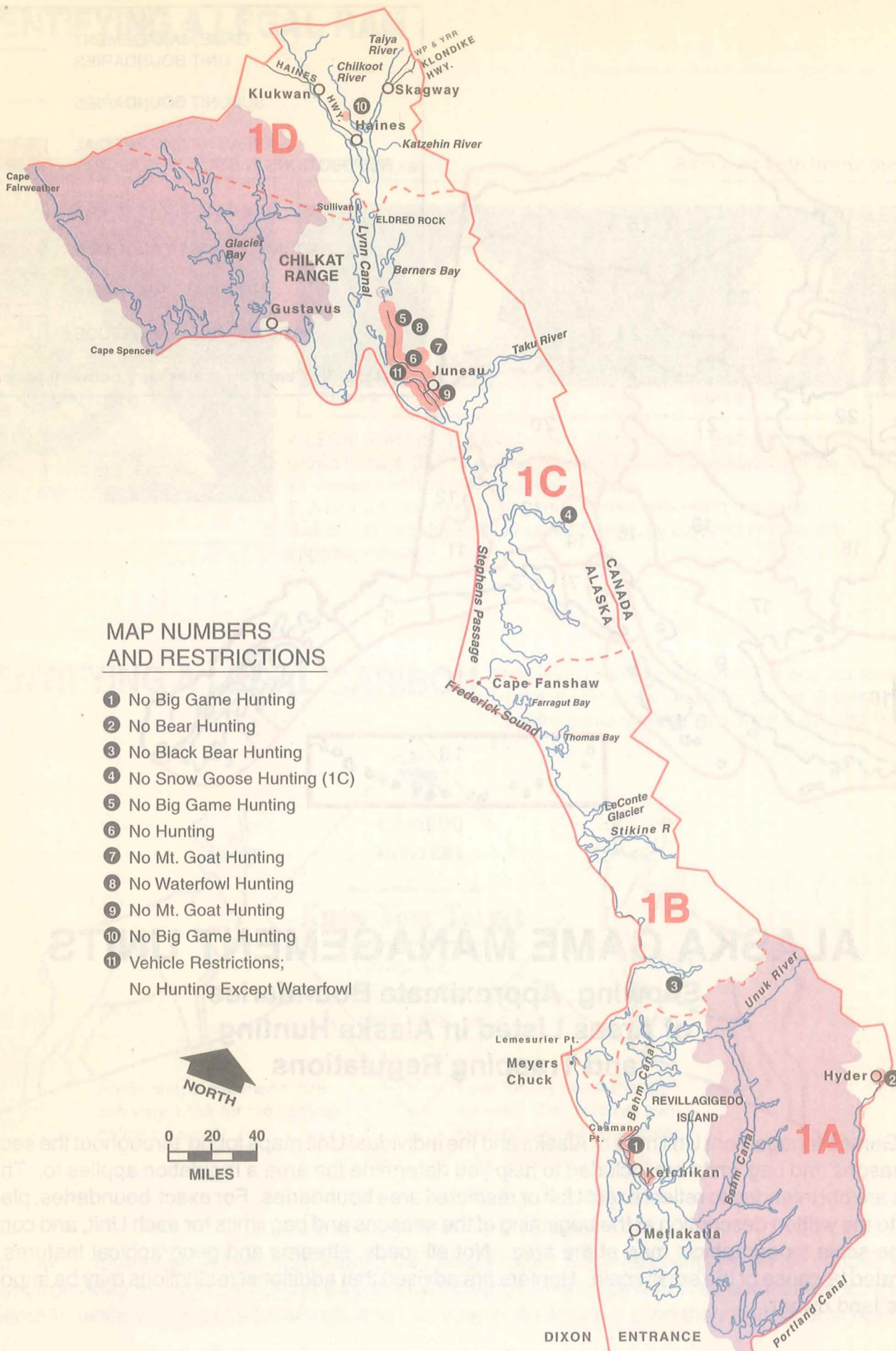
Most cow caribou have antlers from early June through April of the following year. Bull caribou have antlers from May through part of the winter. The oldest bulls drop antlers first, sometimes as early as December, while young bulls (yearlings and two-year-olds) may not drop their antlers until April.



ALASKA GAME MANAGEMENT UNITS

Showing Approximate Boundaries of Areas Listed in Alaska Hunting and Trapping Regulations

This Game Management Unit map of Alaska and the individual Unit maps found throughout the section on seasons and bag limits are included to help you determine the area a regulation applies to. These maps are not intended to reflect exact Unit or restricted area boundaries. For exact boundaries, please refer to the written description at the beginning of the seasons and bag limits for each Unit, and consult a large-scale topographical map of the area. Not all roads, streams and geographical features are illustrated because of the small scale. Hunters are advised that additional restrictions may be imposed by the land owner.



Game Management Unit 1

Unit 1, Southeast Mainland: All mainland drainages from Dixon Entrance to Cape Fairweather, and those islands east of the center line of Clarence Strait from Dixon Entrance to Caamano Point and all islands in Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Taku Inlet;

A. Subunit 1A-consists of all drainages south of the latitude of Lemesurier Point, including all drainages into Behm Canal and excluding all drainages into Ernest Sound;

B. Subunit 1B-consists of all drainages between the latitude of Lemesurier Point and the latitude of Cape Fanshaw, including all drainages into Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay, and including all drainages of Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay, and including the islands east of the center lines of Frederick Sound, Dry Straits (between Sergief and Kadin Islands), Eastern Passage, Blake Channel (excepting Blake Island), Ernest Sound and Seward Passage;

C. Subunit 1C - consists of that portion of Unit 1 draining into Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Cape Fanshaw and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Berner's Bay, Sullivan Island, and all mainland portions north of Chichagof Island and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, and excluding drainages into Farragut Bay;

D. Subunit 1D - consists of that portion of Unit 1 lying north of the latitude of Eldred Rock, excluding Sullivan Island and the drainages of Berners Bay.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 1

In Unit 1A:

(1) **Ketchikan Road System Closed Area** - consists of a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of the Tongass Highway system including the Ward, Connel, and Harriet Lake roads; the area is closed to taking big game;

(2) **Hyder Salmon River Closed Area** - consists of the Salmon River drainage downstream from the Riverside Mine, excluding the Thumb Creek drainage, and is closed to taking any bears.

In Unit 1B:

(3) **Anan Creek Closed Area** - consists of the Anan Creek drainage and is closed to taking black bear.

In Unit 1C:

(4) **Unit 1C Closed Area** - consists of all of Unit 1C and is closed to taking snow geese;

(5) **Juneau Road System Closed Area** - consists of that area between the coast and a line 1/4 mile inland of the following road systems: Glacier Highway from Mile 0 to Mile 24 at Peterson Creek, Douglas Highway from the Douglas city limits to Mile 7 on the North Douglas Highway, Mendenhall Loop Road and Thane Road; the area is closed to taking big game.

(6) **Mendenhall Lake Closed Area** - consists of the area within 1/4 mile of Mendenhall lake, the U.S. Forest Service Mendenhall Glacier Visitor's Center, and the center's parking area; the area is closed to hunting.

(7) **Mt. Bullard Closed Area** - consists of the area bounded by the Mendenhall Glacier, Nugget Creek from its mouth to its confluence with Goat Creek, and a line from the mouth of Goat Creek north to the Mendenhall Glacier is closed to taking mountain goat.

(8) **Auke Lake Closed Area** - consists of all of Auke Lake and is closed to taking waterfowl.

(9) **Mt. Juneau Closed Area** - consists of the area bounded by the Glacier Highway, Salmon Creek and its reservoir, a line from the head of the Salmon Creek drainage to the head of Granite Creek, and down Granite Creek and Gold Creek to the Glacier Highway; the area is closed to taking mountain goat.

Note: The City and Borough of Juneau forbids the discharge of any firearm within 1/2 mile of a public street, road, or highway or the ski lifts at Eaglecrest. However, it is legal to hunt waterfowl with a firearm within the Mendenhall Wetlands State Game Refuge or discharge a firearm within the confines of any shooting range established for that purpose.

In Unit 1 D:

(10) **Lutak Road Closed Area** - consists of a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of the Lutak Road between Mile 7 and Chilkoot Lake, and from the Chilkoot River bridge to the end of the Lutak Road spur at the head of Lutak Inlet; the area is closed to taking big game.

(11) **Mendenhall Wetlands State Game Refuge** as described in AS 16.20.043 is closed to hunting, except waterfowl (including snipe and crane). No person may use any off-road or all-terrain vehicle, motorcycle, or other motorized vehicle (except a boat) within the refuge. Hunters 15 years old or younger must be accompanied by an adult, or demonstrate upon request, completion of a certified hunter safety and waterfowl identification course before hunting in the refuge.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) • See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 1: Resident Hunters: Two bears, not more than one of which may be a blue or glacier bear.		Sept. 1—Jun. 30	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear			Sept. 1—Jun. 30
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 1: One bear every four regulatory years; by permit only.....	R	Sept. 15—Dec. 31	Sept. 15—Dec. 31
		Mar. 15—May 31	Mar. 15—May 31
DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 1A: Four antlered deer	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Unit 1B: Two antlered deer	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Unit 1C, that portion including Douglas, Lincoln, Shelter, and Sullivan Islands: Four deer; however antlerless deer may be taken only from Sept. 15—Dec. 31.	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Remainder of Unit 1C: Two antlered deer.	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Unit 1D		No open season	No open season
ELK (5 AAC 85.035)			
Unit 1		No open season	No open season
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged. • Information on sex identification available with permits. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
Unit 1A, Revillagigedo Island, except that portion west of Carroll Inlet and Creek, west of the divide between Carroll Creek and the South Fork of Orchard Creek, south of Orchard Creek, Orchard Lake, Shrimp Bay, and Gedney Pass: One goat; by permit only.	R	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Unit 1A, remainder of Revillagigedo Island		No open season	No open season
Unit 1B, that portion north of Bradfield Canal and the north fork of the Bradfield River: One goat; by permit only. However, the taking of kids or nannies accompanied by kids, is prohibited.	R	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Remainder of Units 1A and 1B: Two goats; by permit only.	R	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Unit 1C, that portion draining into Lynn Canal and Stephens Passage between Antler River and Eagle Glacier and River: One goat; by permit only.	R	Oct. 1—Nov. 30	Oct. 1—Nov. 30
Unit 1C, that portion draining into Stephens Passage and Taku Inlet between Eagle Glacier and River and Taku Glacier, and all drainages of the Chilkat Range south of the Endicott River		No open season	No open season
Remainder of Unit 1C: One goat; by permit only.	R	Aug. 1—Nov. 30	Aug. 1—Nov. 30
Unit 1D, that portion between Taiya Inlet and River and White Pass and Yukon Railroad		No open season	No open season
Unit 1D, that portion lying north of the Katzeihin River and northeast of the Haines Highway: One goat; by permit only.	R	Sept. 15—Nov. 30	Sept. 15—Nov. 30
Remainder of Unit 1D: One goat; by permit only.	R	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19 . • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 1A and Unit 1B south of LeConte Bay and Glacier: One bull; by permit only.	R	Sept. 15—Oct. 15	Sept. 15—Oct. 15
Unit 1B, north of LeConte Bay and Glacier: One bull; by permit only; with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	R	Oct. 1—Oct. 15	Oct. 1—Oct. 15
Unit 1C, Berners Bay drainages only: One moose; by permit only. Up to 20 permits will be issued.	D	Sept. 15—Oct. 15	Sept. 15—Oct. 15
Remainder of Unit 1C: One bull; by permit only.	R	Sept. 15—Oct. 15	Sept. 15—Oct. 15
Unit 1D: One bull; by permit only; with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side. Up to 200 permits may be issued	T	Oct. 1 —Oct. 15	No open season
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

**HUNT
TYPE**

**RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON**

**NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON**

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.
 • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
 • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.
 • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 1: Five wolves Aug. 1—Apr. 30 Aug. 1—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
 • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.
 • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).
 • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 1: One wolverine. Nov. 10—Feb. 15 Nov. 10—Feb. 15

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

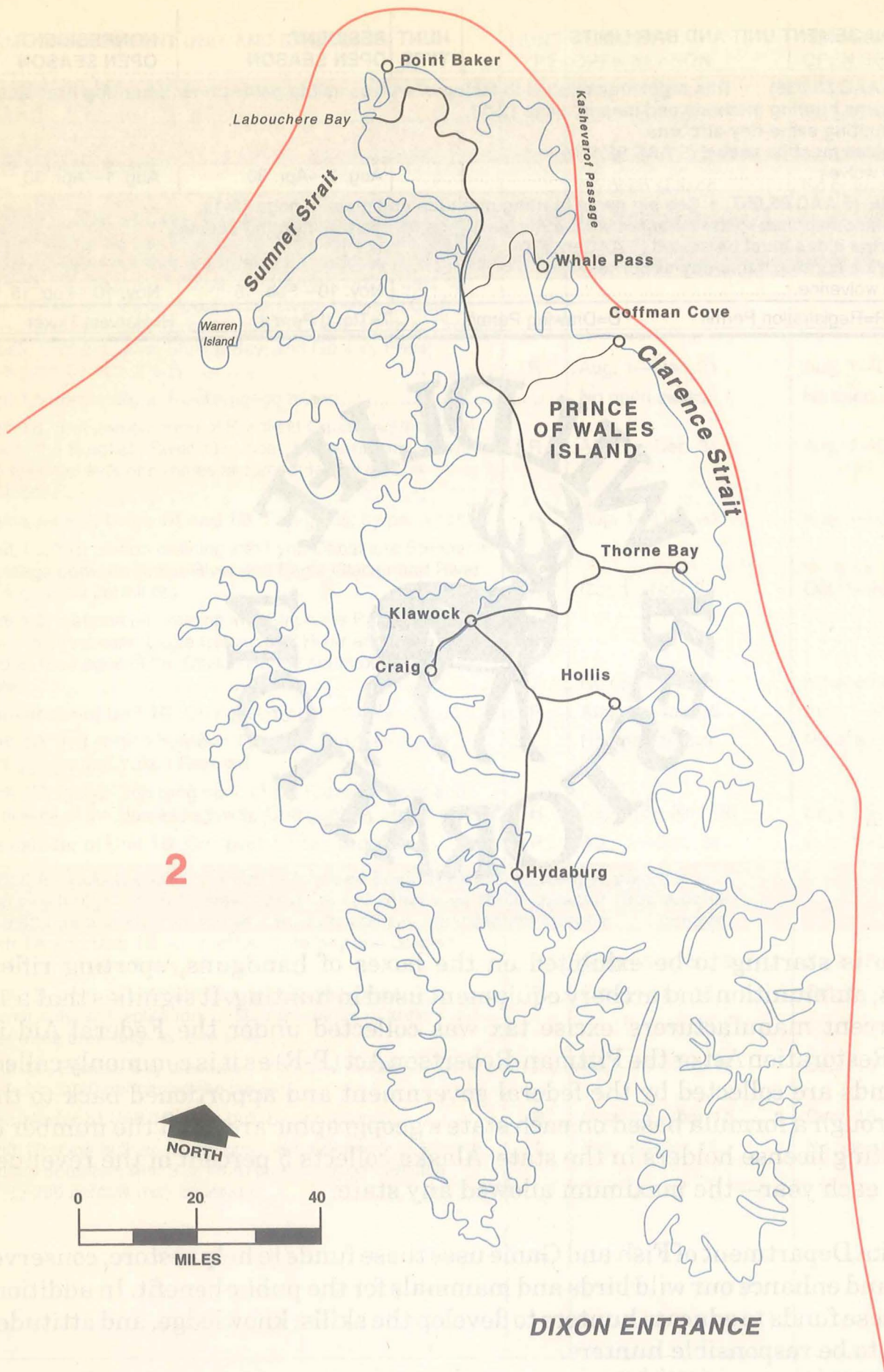
T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



This logo is starting to be exhibited on the boxes of handguns, sporting rifles, shotguns, ammunition and archery equipment used in hunting. It signifies that a 10 or 11 percent manufacturers' excise tax was collected under the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act or the Pittman-Robertson Act (P-R) as it is commonly called. These funds are collected by the federal government and apportioned back to the states through a formula based on each state's geographic area and the number of paid hunting license holders in the state. Alaska collects 5 percent of the revenues collected each year—the maximum allowed any state.

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game uses these funds to help restore, conserve, manage and enhance our wild birds and mammals for the public benefit. In addition, we use these funds to educate hunters to develop the skills, knowledge, and attitudes necessary to be responsible hunters.

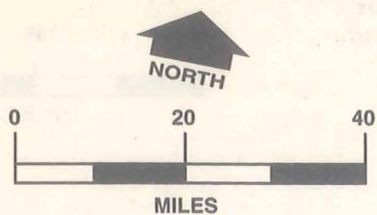
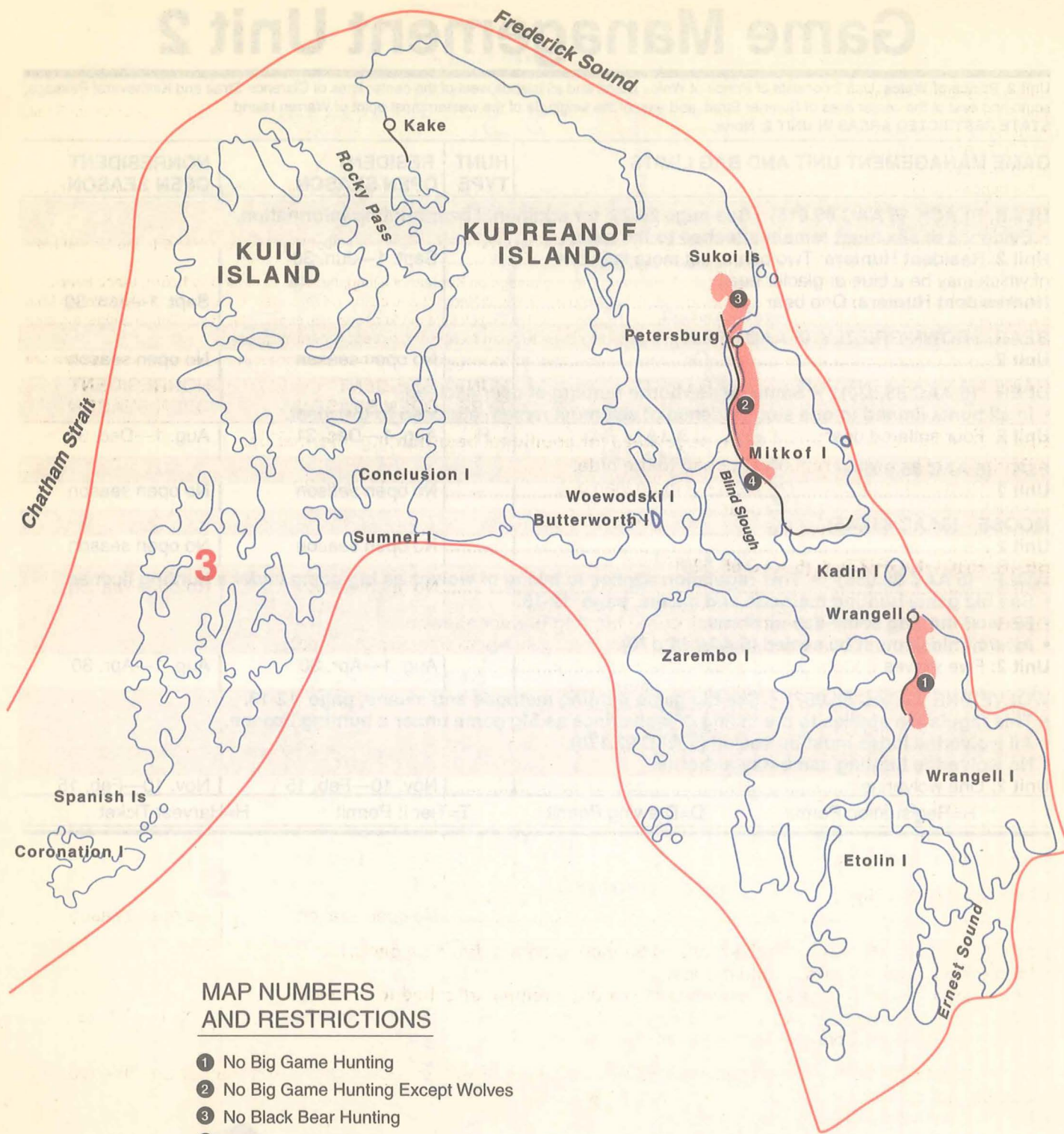


Game Management Unit 2

Unit 2, Prince of Wales: Unit 2 consists of Prince of Wales Island and all islands west of the center lines of Clarence Strait and Kashevarof Passage, south and east of the center lines of Sumner Strait, and east of the longitude of the westernmost point of Warren Island.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 2: None

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 2: Resident Hunters: Two bears, not more than one of which may be a blue or glacier bear.		Sept. 1—Jun. 30	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear			Sept. 1—Jun. 30
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020)			
Unit 2		No open season	No open season
DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 2: Four antlered deer	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
ELK (5 AAC 85.035)			
Unit 2		No open season	No open season
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045)			
Unit 2		No open season	No open season
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 2: Five wolves		Aug. 1—Apr. 30	Aug. 1—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 2: One wolverine.		Nov. 10—Feb. 15	Nov. 10—Feb. 15
R=Registration Permit	D=Drawing Permit	T=Tier II Permit	H=Harvest Ticket



Game Management Unit 3

Unit 3, Petersburg-Wrangell

Unit 3 consists of all islands west of Unit 1B, north of Unit 2, south of the center line of Frederick Sound, and east of the center line of Chatham Strait, including Coronation, Kuiu, Kupreanof, Mitkof, Zarembo, Kashevarof, Woronkofski, Etolin, Wrangell, and Deer islands.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 3

In the Wrangell area:

(1) **Wrangell Road System Closed Area** - consists of a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of the Stikine (Zimovia) Highway from the city limits to mile 9; the area is closed to taking big game.

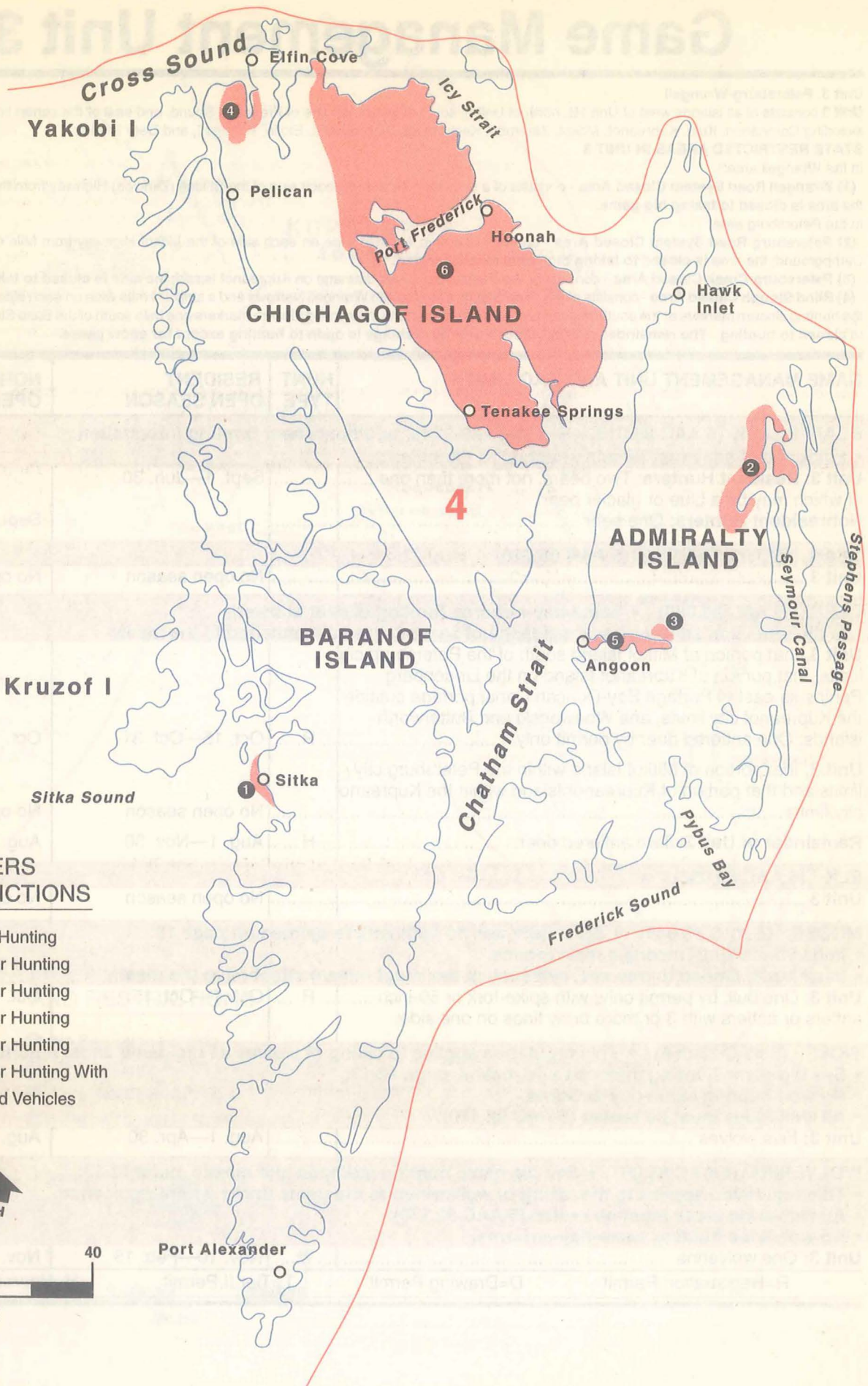
In the Petersburg area:

(2) **Petersburg Road System Closed Area** - consists of a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of the Mitkof Highway from Mile 0 to the Crystal Lake Campground; the area is closed to taking big game except wolves.

(3) **Petersburg Creek Closed Area** - consists of the Petersburg Creek drainage on Kupreanof Island; the area is closed to taking black bears.

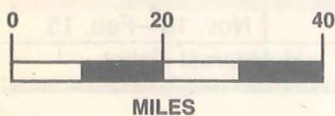
(4) **Blind Slough Closed Area** - consists of the Blind Slough draining into Wrangell Narrows and a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of Blind Slough from the hunting closure markers at the southernmost portion of Blind Island to the hunting closure markers one mile south of the Blind Slough bridge; the area is closed to hunting. The remainder of Blind Slough and its drainage is open to hunting except for snow geese.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 3: Resident Hunters: Two bears, not more than one of which may be a blue or glacier bear.		Sept. 1—Jun. 30	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear			Sept. 1—Jun. 30
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020)			
Unit 3		No open season	No open season
DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 3 , that portion of Mitkof Island south of the Petersburg city limits, that portion of Kupreanof Island on the Lindenberg Peninsula east of Portage Bay-Duncan Canal portage outside the Kupreanof city limits, and Woewodski and Butterworth islands: One antlered deer by permit only.	R.....	Oct. 15—Oct. 31	Oct. 15—Oct. 31
Unit 3 , that portion of Mitkof Island within the Petersburg city limits and that portion of Kupreanof Island within the Kupreanof city limits		No open season	No open season
Remainder of Unit 3: Two antlered deer.	H.....	Aug. 1—Nov. 30	Aug. 1—Nov. 30
ELK (5 AAC 85.035)			
Unit 3		No open season	No open season
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 3: One bull; by permit only; with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	R.....	Oct. 1—Oct. 15	Oct. 1—Oct. 15
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.			
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.			
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 3: Five wolves		Aug. 1—Apr. 30	Aug. 1—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.			
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 3: One wolverine.		Nov. 10—Feb. 15	Nov. 10—Feb. 15
R=Registration Permit	D=Drawing Permit	T=Tier II Permit	H=Harvest Ticket



MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Big Game Hunting
- ② No Brown Bear Hunting
- ③ No Brown Bear Hunting
- ④ No Brown Bear Hunting
- ⑤ No Brown Bear Hunting
- ⑥ No Brown Bear Hunting With Motorized Land Vehicles



Game Management Unit 4

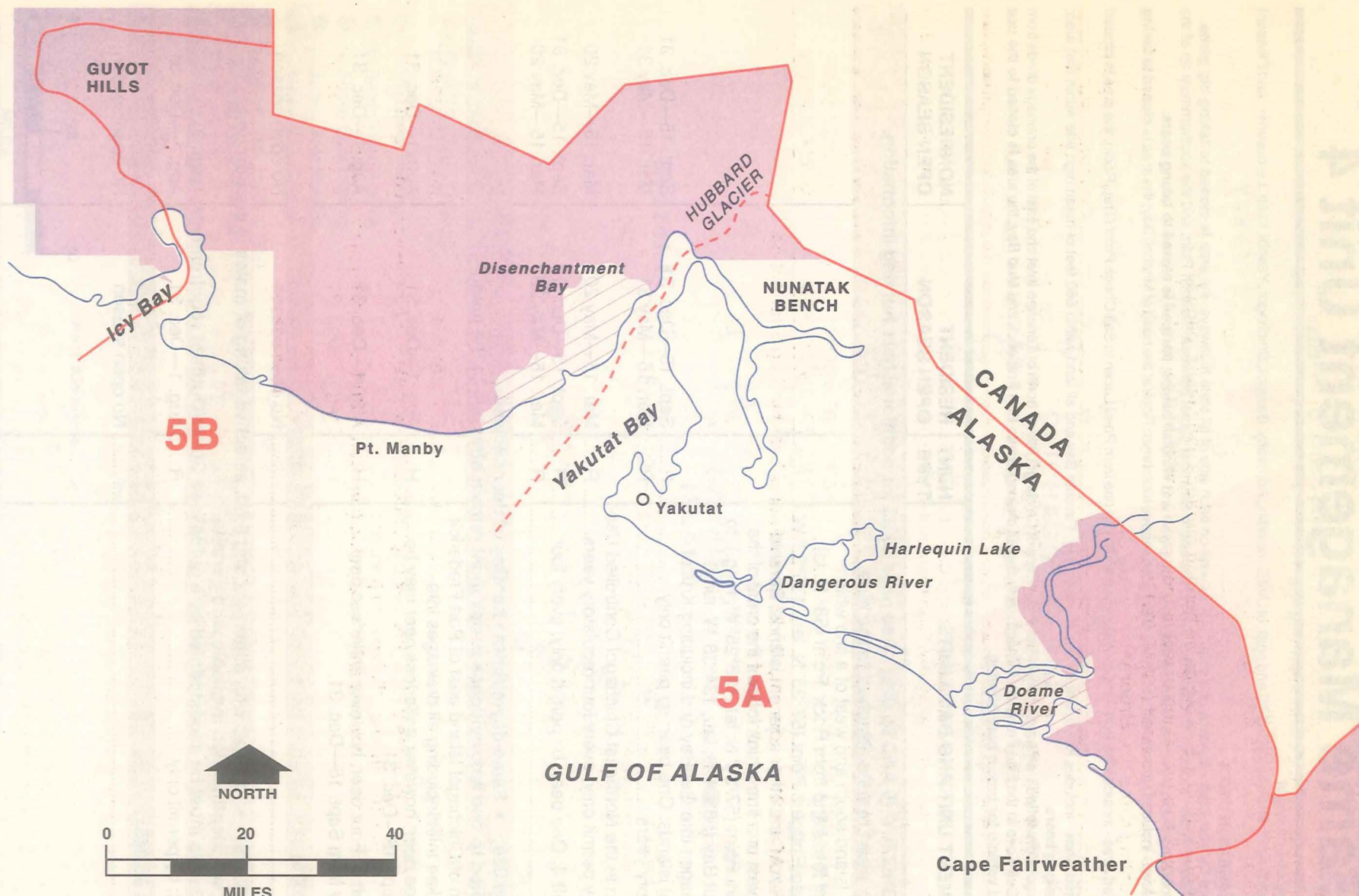
Unit 4, Admiralty-Baranof-Chichagof

Unit 4 consists of all islands south and west of Unit 1C and north of Unit 3, including Admiralty, Baranof, Chichagof, Yakobi, Inian, Lemesurier, and Pleasant islands.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 4

- (1) **Sitka Road System Closed Area** - consists of a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of all state highways; the area is **closed to taking big game**.
- (2) **Seymour Canal Closed Area** - includes all drainages into northwestern Seymour Canal between Staunch Point and the southernmost tip of the unnamed peninsula separating Swan Cove and King Salmon Bay, and Swan and Windfall islands; the area is **closed to taking bears**.
- (3) **Salt Lake Closed Area** - includes all lands within 1/4 mile of Salt Lake above Klutchman Rock at the head of Mitchell Bay; the area is **closed to taking bears**.
- (4) **Port Althorp Closed Area** - includes the Port Althorp Watershed south of a line from Point Lucan to Salt Chuck Point (Trap Rock); the area is **closed to taking bears**.
- (5) **Mitchell Bay Closed Area** - includes Kootznahoo Inlet, Kanalku Bay, Favorite Bay and all land within 660 feet of mean high tide within that area; the area is **closed to taking bears**.
- (6) **Northeast Chichagof Controlled Use Area** - consists of that portion of Chichagof Island north of Tenakee Inlet and east of the drainage divide from the northwest point of Gull Cove to the Port Frederick Portage, including all drainages into Port Frederick and Mud Bay; the area is **closed to the use of any motorized land vehicle for brown bear hunting**.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 4: Chichagof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Rock Point (58° N. lat., 136°21' W. long.), to Rodgers Point (57°35' N. lat., 135°33' W. long.), including Yakobi and other adjacent islands; Baranof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Nismeni Point (57°34' N. lat., 135°25' W. long.), to the entrance of Gut Bay (56°44' N. lat., 134°38' W. long), including the drainages into Gut Bay and including Kruzof and other adjacent islands: One bear; by permit only; R	Sept. 15—Dec. 31	Sept. 15—Dec. 31	
every four regulatory years R	Mar. 15—May 31	Mar. 15—May 31	
Unit 4, that portion in the Northeast Chichagof Controlled Use Area: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years. R	Mar. 15—May 20	Mar. 15—May 20	
Remainder of Unit 4: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years. R	Sept. 15—Dec. 31	Sept. 15—Dec. 31	
..... R	Mar. 15—May 20	Mar. 15—May 20	
DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 4, that portion of Chichagof Island east of Port Frederick and north of Tenakee Inlet including all drainages into Tenakee Inlet: Three deer; however antlerless deer may be. H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	
taken only from Sept. 15—Dec. 31. H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	
Remainder of Unit 4: Four deer; however antlerless deer may be taken only from Sept. 15—Dec. 31. H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	
ELK (5 AAC 85.035)			
Unit 4	No open season	No open season	
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.			
• Information on sex identification available with permits.			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9)			
Units 4: One goat; by permit only. R	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045)			
Unit 4	No open season	No open season	
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

HUNT
TYPE

RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 4: Five wolves Aug. 1—Apr. 30 Aug. 1—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 4: One wolverine. Nov. 10—Feb. 15 Nov. 10—Feb. 15

Game Management Unit 5

Unit 5, Yakutat.

Unit 5 consists of all Gulf of Alaska drainages and islands between Cape Fairweather and the center line of Icy Bay, including Guyot Hills;

(A) Unit 5A consists of all drainages east of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay, and the eastern edge of Hubbard Glacier, and includes the islands of Yakutat and Disenchantment Bays;

(B) Unit 5B consists of the remainder of Unit 5.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 5: None

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

HUNT
TYPE

RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.

• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.

Unit 5: Resident Hunters: Two bears, not more than one Sept. 1—Jun. 30
of which may be a blue or glacier bear.

Nonresident Hunters: One bear Sept. 1—Jun. 30

BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.

• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.

Unit 5: One bear every four regulatory years. Sept. 1—May 31 Sept. 1—May 31

DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 5A: One antlered deer. H Nov. 1—Nov. 30 Nov. 1—Nov. 30

Unit 5B No open season No open season

ELK (5 AAC 85.035)

Unit 5 No open season No open season

GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.

• Information on sex identification available with permits.

• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).

Unit 5: One goat; by permit only. R Aug. 1—Dec. 31 Aug. 1—Dec. 31

MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • In bag limit "bull" means a male moose.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 5A, except Nunatak Bench: One bull; by permit only. R Oct. 15—Nov. 15 Oct. 15—Nov. 15

Up to 60 bulls may be taken; the season will be closed in that portion west of the Dangerous River when 30 bulls have been taken in that area.

NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in Unit 5A are closed to moose hunting from Oct. 15—Oct. 21, except by residents of Unit 5A. For information on the location of these federal public lands, contact Tongass National Forest, Chatham Area Office (907) 747-6617.

Unit 5A, Nunatak Bench No open season No open season

Unit 5B: One bull; by permit only; up to 25 bulls may be taken. R Sept. 1—Dec. 15 Sept. 1—Dec. 15

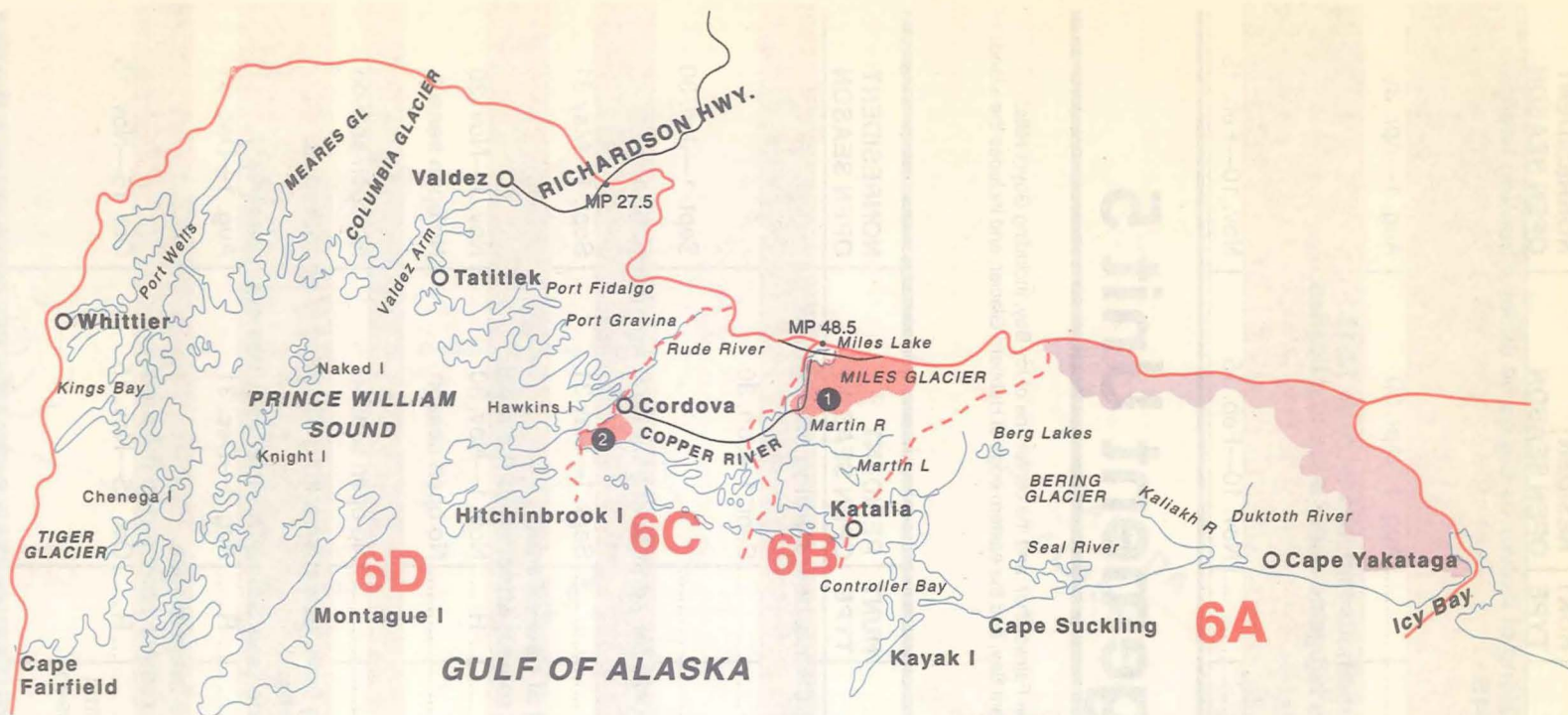
See Federal Regulations for people qualified to hunt in National Parks and Monuments.

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

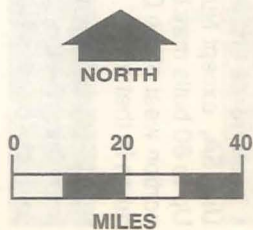
T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Goat Hunting
- ② No Goat Hunting



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS
**HUNT
TYPE**
**RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON**
**NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON**
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.

• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.

• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.

• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 5: Five wolves Aug. 1—Apr. 30 Aug. 1—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.

• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.

• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 5: One wolverine. Nov. 10—Feb. 15 Nov. 10—Feb. 15

Game Management Unit 6

Unit 6, Cordova-Valdez.
Unit 6 consists of all Gulf of Alaska and Prince William Sound drainages from the center line of Icy Bay (excluding the Guyot Hills) to Cape Fairfield, including Kayak, Hinchinbrook, Montague, and adjacent islands, and Middleton Island, the Millior Dollar Bridge on the Copper River Highway, and Childs Glacier, but excluding the Copper River drainage upstream from Miles Glacier, and excluding the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages.

(A) Unit 6A consists of Gulf of Alaska drainages east of Palm Point near Katalla, including Kanak, Wingham, and Kayak islands;

(B) Unit 6B consists of Gulf of Alaska and Copper River Basin drainages west of Palm Point near Katalla, east of the west bank of the Copper River, and east of a line from Flag Point to Cottonwood Point;

(C) Unit 6C consists of drainages west of the west bank of the Copper River, and west of a line from Flag Point to Cottonwood Point, and drainages east of the west bank of Rude River and drainages into the eastern shore of Nelson Bay and Orca Inlet;

(D) Unit 6D consists of the remainder of Unit 6;

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 6

The following areas are closed to taking goats:

 (1) **Goat Mountain Goat Observation Area** - bounded on the north by Miles Lake and Miles Glacier on the south, and east by Pleasant Valley and Pleasant Glacier, and on the west by the Copper River.

 (2) **Heney Range Goat Observation Area** - south of the Copper River Highway and west of the Eyak River.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS
**HUNT
TYPE**
**RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON**
**NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON**
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.

• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.

Unit 6: One bear Sept. 1—Jun. 30 Sept. 1—Jun. 30

BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.

• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.

Unit 6A, 6B, and 6C: One bear every four regulatory years. Sept. 1—May 31 Sept. 1—May 31

Unit 6D, Montague Island No open season No open season

Remainder of Unit 6D: One bear every four regulatory years. Oct. 15—May 15 Oct. 15—May 15

DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 6: Four deer; however, antlerless deer may be taken H Aug. 1—Dec. 31 Aug. 1—Dec. 31
only from Nov. 1—Dec. 31.

GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.

• Information on sex identification available with permits.

• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 7).

Unit 6 One goat; by permit only. R Aug. 20—Jan. 31 Aug. 20—Jan. 31

MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 6A, that portion from Cape Suckling to Palm Point:

 One moose; by permit only; up to 30 bulls may be taken by R,D Sept. 1—Oct. 5 Sept. 1—Oct. 5
registration permit and up to 30 drawing permits will be issued
for antlerless moose.

Remainder of Unit 6A: One moose; however H Sept. 1—Dec. 31 Sept. 1—Dec. 31
antlerless moose may be taken only from Nov. 15—Dec. 31

R=Registration Permit

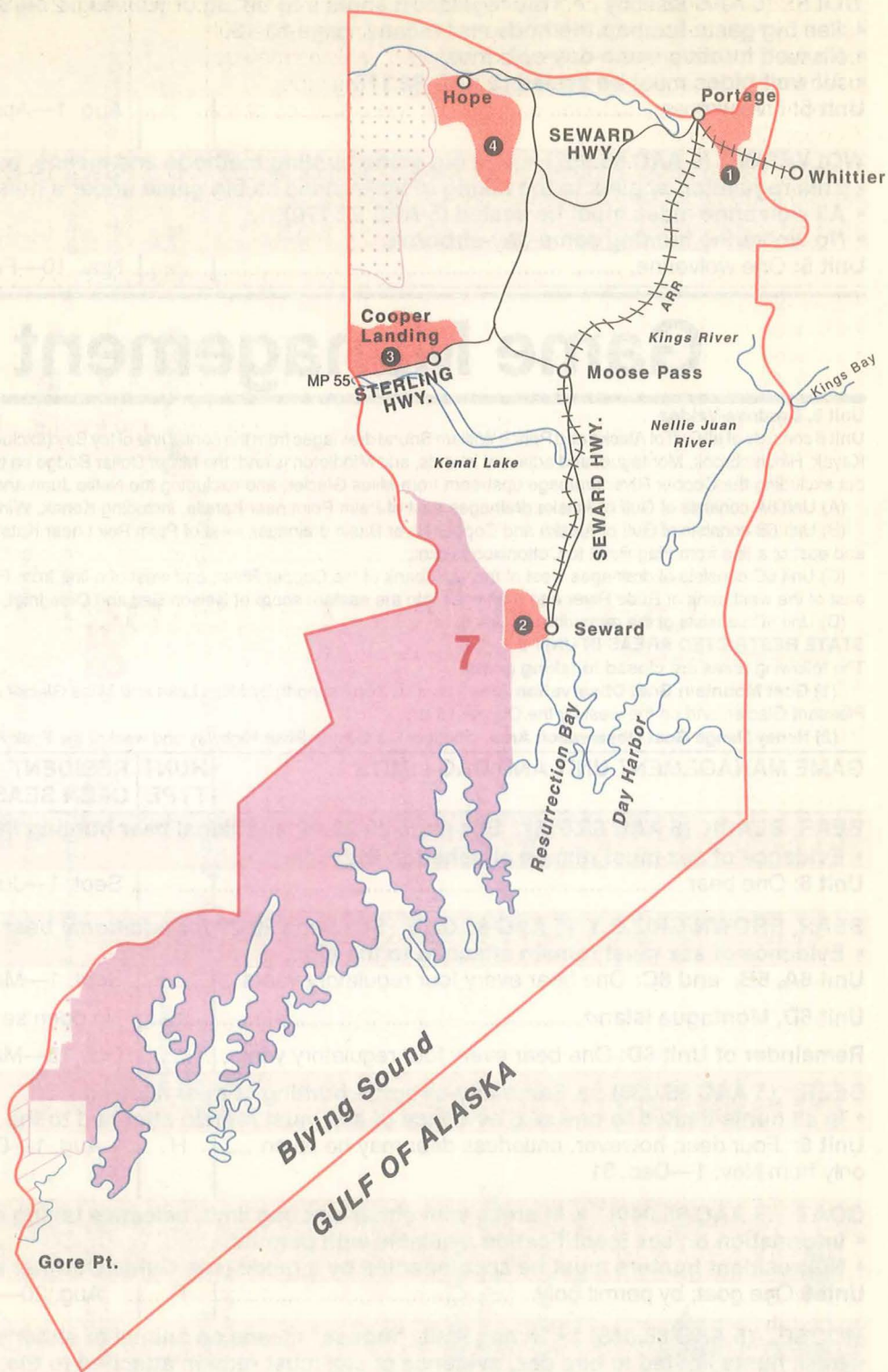
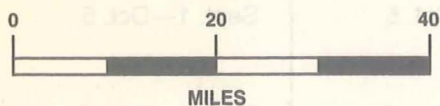
D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① Migratory Bird and Small Game Hunting With Shotguns Only
- ② No Big Game Hunting
- ③ No Sheep and Goat Hunting
- ④ No Moose Hunting



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 6B: One moose; by permit only. Up to 30 bulls may be taken by registration permit only. Up to 30 drawing permits will be issued for antlerless moose. No motorized vehicles may be used for hunting moose from Aug. 27—Aug. 31 with the exception of highway vehicles on the maintained surface of the Copper River Highway.	R,D	Aug. 27—Sept. 30	No open season
Unit 6C: One moose; by permit only. Up to 20 permits for bulls and up to 20 permits for antlerless moose will be issued.	D	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	No open season
Unit 6D: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	Sept. 1—Sept. 30

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.

- See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
- No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.
- All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 6: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
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WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.

- This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.
- All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).
- No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 6: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31
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Game Management Unit 7

Unit 7, Seward

Unit 7 consists of Gulf of Alaska drainages between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, including the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages, and including the Kenai River drainage upstream from the Russian River, the drainages into the south side of Turnagain Arm west of and including the Portage Creek drainage, and east of 150° W. long., and all Kenai Peninsula drainages east of 150° W. Long., from Turnagain Arm to the Kenai River.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 7

(1) **Portage Glacier Closed Area** - the Portage Creek drainages between the Anchorage-Seward Railroad and Placer Creek in Bear Valley, Portage Lake, the mouth of Byron Creek, Glacier Creek and Byron Glacier is open to hunting only migratory birds and small game with shotguns after September 1.

(2) **Seward Closed Area** - the south side drainage of the Resurrection River downstream from the Kenai Fjords National Park's eastern boundary, and Resurrection Bay drainages between the mouth of the Resurrection River and the mouth of Lowell Creek is closed to taking big game.

(3) **Cooper Landing Closed Area** - bounded by a line from the junction of the Sterling Highway and the Chugach National Forest boundary, then along the national forest boundary to Thurman Creek, then southeasterly along Thurman Creek and the northeast side of Trout Lake, then to the confluence of Juneau Creek and Falls Creek, then easterly along Falls Creek and the North Fork of Falls Creek and over the connecting saddle to Devils Creek, then southeasterly along Devils Creek to its confluence with Quartz Creek, then southwesterly along Quartz Creek to the Sterling Highway and then to the point of beginning is closed to taking Dall sheep and mountain goat.

(4) **Resurrection Creek Closed Area** - the drainage of Resurrection Creek downstream from and including the drainage of Rimrock and Highland creeks (including Palmer Creek) is closed to taking moose.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 7: Two bears; however only one bear may be taken July 1—Dec. 31 and one bear may be taken Jan 1—June 30		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 7: One bear every four regulatory years		Oct. 1—Oct. 25 May 10—May 25	Oct. 1—Oct. 25 May 10—May 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
Unit 7, north of the Sterling Highway and west of the Seward Highway: One caribou; by permit only. Up to 250 permits may be issued.	D	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 7:		No open season	No open season

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

Cook Inlet



SHELIKOF STRAIT

Shuyak I

Afognak I

Raspberry I

Afognak Lake

Marmot I

Afognak

Marmot Bay

Ouzinkie

Port Lions

Kodiak

Chiniak Bay

Uguk Bay

Kiliuda Bay

Sitka Strait

Old Harbor

Akhlok

Alitak Bay

Sitkinak Strait

Tugidak I

Sitkinak I

TRINITY ISLANDS

Karluk

Larsen Bay

Olga Bay

Akhlok

Alitak Bay

Sitkinak Strait

Tugidak I

Sitkinak I

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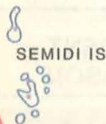
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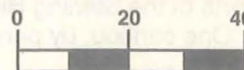
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PACIFIC OCEAN

MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Canada Goose Hunting



MILES

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged. • Information on sex identification available with permits. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
Unit 7, that portion south of the Kenai Fjords National Park:			
One goat by Tier II subsistence permit only in Aug. 1—.....	T	Aug. 1—Sept. 30	No open season
Sept. 30 season or one goat by registration permit only during the Oct. 15—Nov. 30 season.	R	Oct. 15—Nov. 30	No open season
Remainder of Unit 7: One goat by drawing permit only in Aug. 10—Sept. 30 season; up to 500 permits will be issued; or one goat by registration permit only during the Oct. 15—Nov. 30 season.	D	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
	R	Oct. 15—Nov. 30	Oct. 15—Nov. 30
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 7, that portion drained by Resurrection Creek downstream from and including Rimrock and Highland Creek drainages (including Palmer Creek).		No open season	No open season
Unit 7, the Placer River drainages, and that portion of Placer Creek drainages (Bear Valley) outside the Portage Glacier Closed Area: One moose; by permit only. Up to 60 permits for bulls and up to 70 permits for antlerless moose will be issued.	D	Aug. 20—Oct. 10	Aug. 20—Oct. 10
Remainder of Unit 7: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9) • See definition of full-curl horn, page 18. • The sheep pictures on page are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 7: One ram with full curl horn or larger	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 7, that portion within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge:			
Two wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
Unit 7, that portion outside of the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 7: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31
R=Registration Permit	D=Drawing Permit	T=Tier II Permit	H=Harvest Ticket

Game Management Unit 8

Unit 8, Kodiak-Shelikof

Unit 8 consists of all islands southeast of the centerline of Shelikof Strait, including Kodiak, Afognak, Whale, Raspberry, Shuyak, Spruce, Marmot, Sitkalidak, Amook, Uganik, and Chirikof islands, the Trinity Islands, the Semidi Islands, and other adjacent islands.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 8: (1) Unit 8 is closed to taking Canada Geese.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 8, that portion of Kodiak Island east of a line from the mouth of Saltery Creek to Crag Point, and Spruce Island: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years	R	Oct. 25—Nov. 30 Apr. 1—May 15	Oct. 25—Nov. 30 Apr. 1—May 15
Remainder of Unit 8: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years.	D	Oct. 25—Nov. 30 Apr. 1—May 15	Oct. 25—Nov. 30 Apr. 1—May 15
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025)			
Unit 8: No limit	H	No closed season	No closed season
DEER (5 AAC 85.030) • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 8: that portion of Kodiak Island north of a line from the head of Settlers Cove to Crescent Lake (57°52' N., 152°58' W.), and east of a line from the outlet of Crescent Lake to Mount Ellison Peak and from Mount Ellison Peak to Pokati Point at Whale Passage, and that portion of Kodiak Island east of a line from the mouth of Saltery Creek to the mouth at Elbow Creek, and adjacent small islands in Chiniak Bay: One deer; however, antlerless deer may be taken only from Oct. 25—Oct. 31.	H	Aug. 1—Oct. 31	Aug. 1—Oct. 31
Unit 8, that portion of Kodiak Island and adjacent islands south and west of a line from the head of Terror Bay to the head of the south-westernmost arm of Ugak Bay: Four deer; however, antlerless deer may be taken only from Oct. 1—Dec. 31.	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
Remainder of Unit 8: Four deer; however, antlerless deer may be taken only from Oct. 1—Dec. 31; no more than one antlerless deer may be taken from Oct. 1—Nov. 30.	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	Aug. 1—Dec. 31
ELK (5 AAC 85.035)			
Unit 8, Raspberry Island: One elk by permit only. Up to 300 permits will be issued.	D	Oct. 10—Nov. 25	Oct. 10—Nov. 25
Unit 8, that portion of Afognak Island west of Tonki Bay and west of a line from the head of Tonki Bay to Pillar Cape and south and east of a line from the head of Discoverer Bay to the head of Malina Bay and south of Malina Bay: One elk by drawing permit only; up to 500 permits will be issued.	D	Oct. 10—Oct. 31	Oct. 10—Oct. 31
One elk by registration permit only.	R	Nov. 5—Nov. 25	Nov. 5—Nov. 25
Unit 8, that portion of Afognak Island east of Tonki Bay and east of a line from the head of Tonki Bay to Pillar Cape		No open season	No open season
Remainder of Unit 8: One elk by permit only.	R	Oct. 10—Nov. 25	Oct. 10—Nov. 25
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.			
• Information on sex identification available with permits.			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9)			
Unit 8: One goat by permit only; up to 150 permits will be issued.	D	Sept. 1—Oct. 31	Sept. 1—Oct. 31
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045)			
Unit 8		No open season	No open season
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

HUNT
TYPE

RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.
 • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
 • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.
 • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 8: Five wolves Aug. 10—Apr. 30 | Aug. 10—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
 • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.
 • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).
 • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

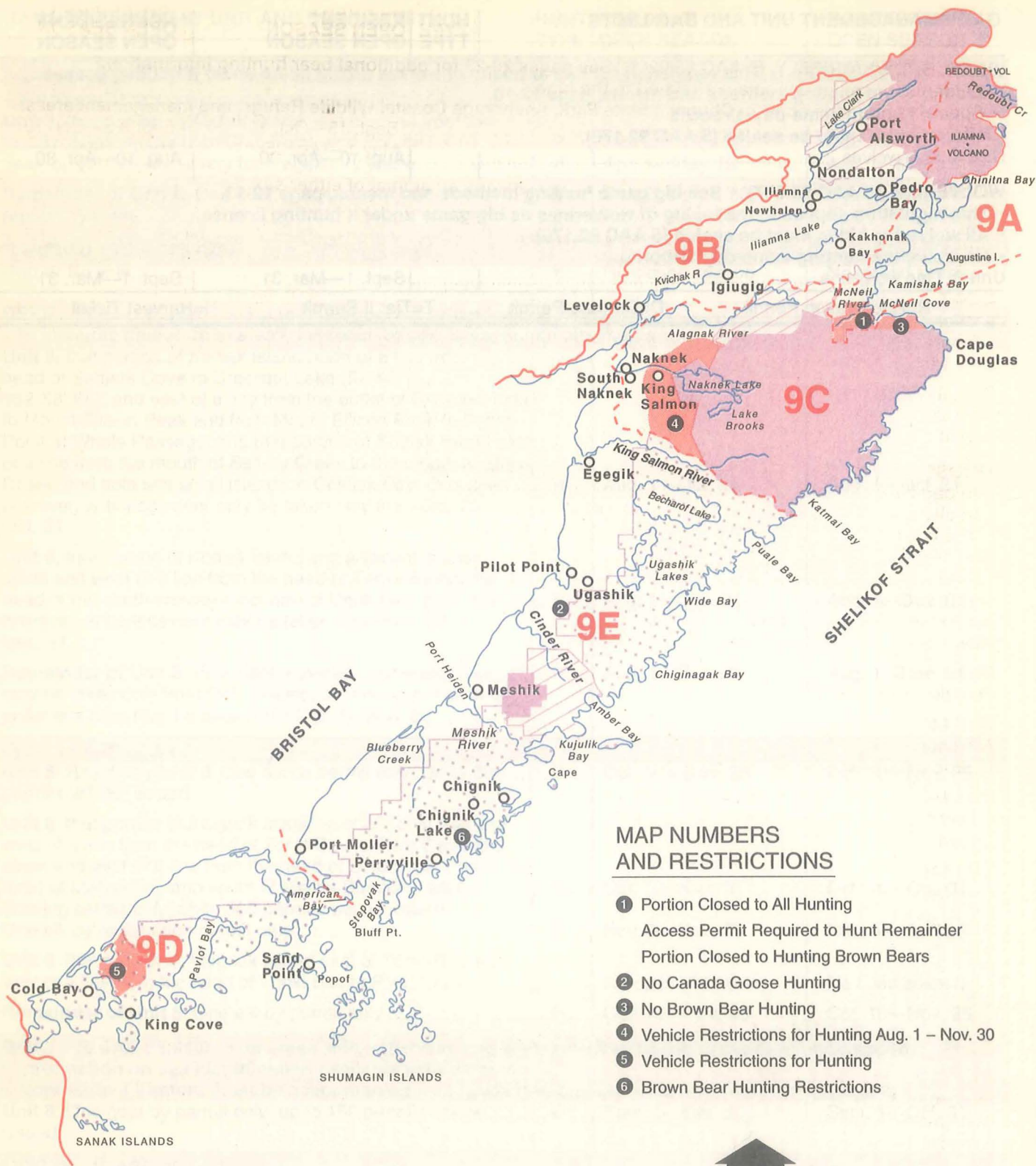
Unit 8: One wolverine. Sept. 1—Mar. 31 | Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



Game Management Unit 9

Unit 9, Alaska Peninsula.

Unit 9 consists of the Alaska Peninsula and adjacent islands, including drainages east of False Pass, Pacific Ocean drainages west of and excluding the Redoubt Creek drainage, drainages into the south side of Bristol Bay, drainages into the north side of Bristol Bay east of Etolin Point, and including the Sanak and Shumagin islands;

(A) Unit 9A consists of that portion of Unit 9 draining into Shelikof Strait and Cook Inlet between the southern boundary of Unit 16 (Redoubt Creek) and the northern boundary of Katmai National Park and Preserve;

(B) Unit 9B consists of the Kvichak River drainage;

(C) Unit 9C consists of the Alagnak (Branch) River drainage, the Naknek River drainage, and all land and water within Katmai National Park and Preserve;

(D) Unit 9D consists of all Alaska Peninsula drainages west of a line from the southernmost head of Port Moller to the head of American Bay, including the Shumagin Islands and other islands of Unit 9 west of the Shumagin islands; E Unit 9E consists of the remainder of Unit 9;

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 9

(1) **McNeil River State Game Sanctuary** - including approximately the lower six miles of the Paint River drainage, the the McNeil River drainage, Mikfik Creek, and all drainages into McNeil Cove from Akjemguiga Cove to McNeil Head, all drainages into Horseshoe and Pinkidulia Coves, approximately the lower seven miles of the Little Kamishak River drainage and approximately the lower 1 1/2 miles of the Kamishak River drainage, is **closed to all hunting**.

(2) **Unit 9E is closed to taking Canada Geese.**

(3) **Additional McNeil River Closed Area** - consists of the area south and east of the McNeil River State Game Sanctuary to the boundary of Katmai National Park and Preserve, including any state land within the boundaries of Katmai National Park and Preserve, and is **closed to taking brown bear**.

(4) **Naknek Controlled Use Area** - the Naknek River drainage upstream from and including the King Salmon Creek drainage, is **closed to the use of any motorized vehicle except an aircraft, boat, or snowmachine weighing less than 850 pounds for all hunting**, including transportation of a hunter or game parts, from August 1 through November 30; however, this does not apply to a motorized vehicle on the Naknek - King Salmon, Lake Camp and Rapids Camp roads and on the Pike Ridge and King Salmon Creek Trails, and on frozen surfaces of the Naknek River and Big Creek.

(5) **Izembek Controlled Use Area** - the left and right hand valleys of the Izembek National Wildlife Refuge bounded on the west by a line beginning at Moffet Point and continuing easterly and southerly around Moffet Lagoon along the mean high tide line to Blaine Point (ie. Strawberry Point), then southerly along a line to the northern shore of Kinzarof Lagoon, continuing easterly and southerly around Kinzarof Lagoon along the mean high tide line to a point on the eastern entrance of Kinzarof Lagoon and bounded to the south, east and north by the refuge boundary; the areas is **closed to motorized vehicles, except outboard powered boats, for hunting, and transportation of hunters and or game parts**.

(6) **Chignik Brown Bear Management Area** - consists of all drainages in Unit 9E that drain into the Pacific Ocean between Cape Kumliun and the border of Unit 9E and 9D. The area is **open to brown bear hunting under regulations governing Unit 9E except that a resident hunter may obtain a registration permit in place of a resident brown bear tag before hunting; brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear registration permit is open from November 1 - December 31 for one bear per regulatory year**.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) • See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 9: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 9C, Naknek River drainage: One bear by permit only; R		Sept. 1—Oct. 31	Sept. 1—Oct. 31
every four regulatory years. R		May 1—June 30	May 1—June 30
Unit 9E, that portion within the Chignik Brown Bear Management Area: One bear by permit only; every four.. R		Nov. 1-Dec. 31	No open season
regulatory years. Hunters must register to hunt; see page 52		(Subsistence hunt only)	
Unit 9A*, 9B*, 9D*, and the Remainder of Unit 9C* and 9E*		No open season	No open season
*NOTE: These areas which are open only in the fall of odd numbered years and the spring of even numbered years, will next be open for brown bear hunting in the fall of 1995 and the spring of 1996.			
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Units 9A and 9C: Resident Hunters: Four caribou; H		Aug. 10—Mar. 31	
however, no more than two caribou may be taken Aug. 10—			
Aug. 31; no more than one caribou may be taken Sept. 1—			
Nov. 30, and only by a hunter who has taken no caribou in the			
state from July 1—Aug. 31.			
Nonresident Hunters: One caribou	H		Aug. 10—Mar. 31
Unit 9B: Resident Hunters: Five caribou; however, no	H	Aug. 1—Apr. 15	
more than two may be bulls.			
Nonresident hunters: Two caribou	H		Aug. 1—Apr. 15

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 9D: One bull.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Sept. 10—Sept. 30
.....	H	Dec. 1—Mar. 31	
Unit 9E, the Pacific drainages southwest of Seal Cape only: Resident Hunters: Four caribou; however, only bulls may be taken July 1—Aug. 9, no more than two caribou may be taken July 1—Aug. 31; no more than one caribou may be taken Sept. 1—Nov. 30, and only by a hunter who has taken no caribou in the state from July 1—Aug. 31; no more than two caribou may be taken Apr. 1—Apr. 30. Nonresident Hunters: One caribou .....	... H	July 1—Apr. 30	
Remainder of Unit 9E: Resident Hunters: Four caribou; however no more than two caribou may be taken Aug. 10—Aug. 31; no more than one caribou may be taken Sept. 1—Nov. 30 and only by a hunter who has taken no caribou in the state from July 1—Aug. 31; no more than 2 caribou may be taken Apr. 1—Apr. 30. Nonresident Hunters: One caribou .....	... H	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Mar. 31
.....	H		Aug. 10—Mar. 31
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 9A: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 9B: Resident Hunters: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull; with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 9C, that portion draining into the Naknek River Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull; with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands draining into the Naknek River from the south are closed to moose hunting from Dec. 1—Dec. 31, except by residents of Units 9A, B, C, and E. For information on the location of these federal public lands contact Becharof National Wildlife Refuge(907) 246-3339.			
Remainder of Unit 9C: Resident Hunters: One moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only from Dec. 1—Dec. 31	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull; with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 9D		No open season	No open season
Unit 9E: Resident Hunters: One bull; however, moose taken from Sept. 10—Sept. 20 must have 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Sept. 10—Sept. 20	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull; with 50-inch antlers or antlers 3 with or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 10—Sept. 20
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9) • See definition of full-curl horn, pages 18. • The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 9: One ram with full curl horn or larger	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

HUNT
TYPE

RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 9: Five wolves Aug. 10—Apr. 30 | Aug. 10—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 9: One wolverine. Sept. 1—Mar. 31 | Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



Illustration by R.T. Wallen

RABIES INFORMATION

Dept. of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health

Rabies is a viral disease of the central nervous system which occurs naturally in wild animal populations and is nearly always fatal. Humans can become infected through the bite of a rabies-infected animal (generally a fox, wolf, or dog) or through exposure of an open cut or scratch to saliva of an infected animal. For this reason, plastic or rubber gloves should be worn when skinning foxes or wolves.

Most diseased animals act strangely; being unnaturally withdrawn, overly friendly or "mad." The latter action, one in which the animal will bite or attack anything including other animals, people or objects, is most often associated with rabies. "Dumb" rabies also occurs, however, and should be recognized as being equally dangerous. Paralysis, usually of the lower jaw, is its first recognizable symptom.

If you are bitten by an animal suspected to be rabid, wash the wound thoroughly with copious amounts of soap and water and seek medical aid immediately.

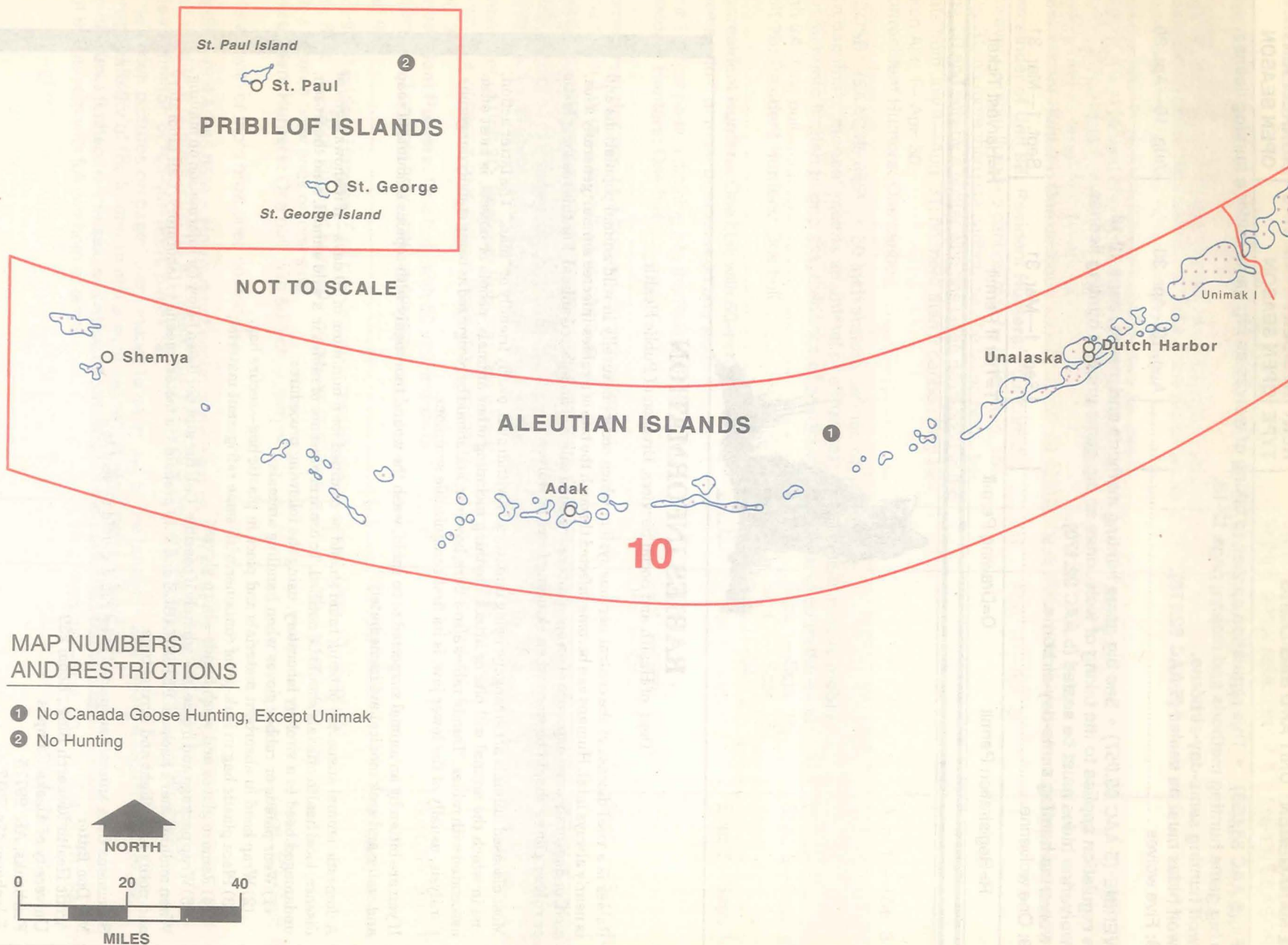
A domestic animal suspected of being rabid should be confined for a minimum of 10 days—if it shows signs of disease, local health officials should be notified. To confirm presence of rabies in a wild animal, send the frozen, undamaged head to a virology laboratory, using the following procedures:

- (1) Wear plastic or rubber gloves when handling animals;
- (2) Wrap head in absorbent materials and place in plastic bag—secure bag.
- (3) Place plastic bag in leak-proof container with some refrigerant material;
- (4) Remove gloves and wash hands—burn gloves;
- (5) Wrap package and freeze immediately if possible. Call the number listed below for information on mailing.

When mailing, mark package PERISHABLE and ship prepaid via fastest means to laboratory. Call laboratory and notify as to flight and arrival time.

Specimens from animals suspected to be rabid should be sent to:

Mr. Don Ritter
Arctic Health Research Bldg., Room 239
University of Alaska Campus
Fairbanks, AK 99775
Telephone: 474-7017



Game Management Unit 10

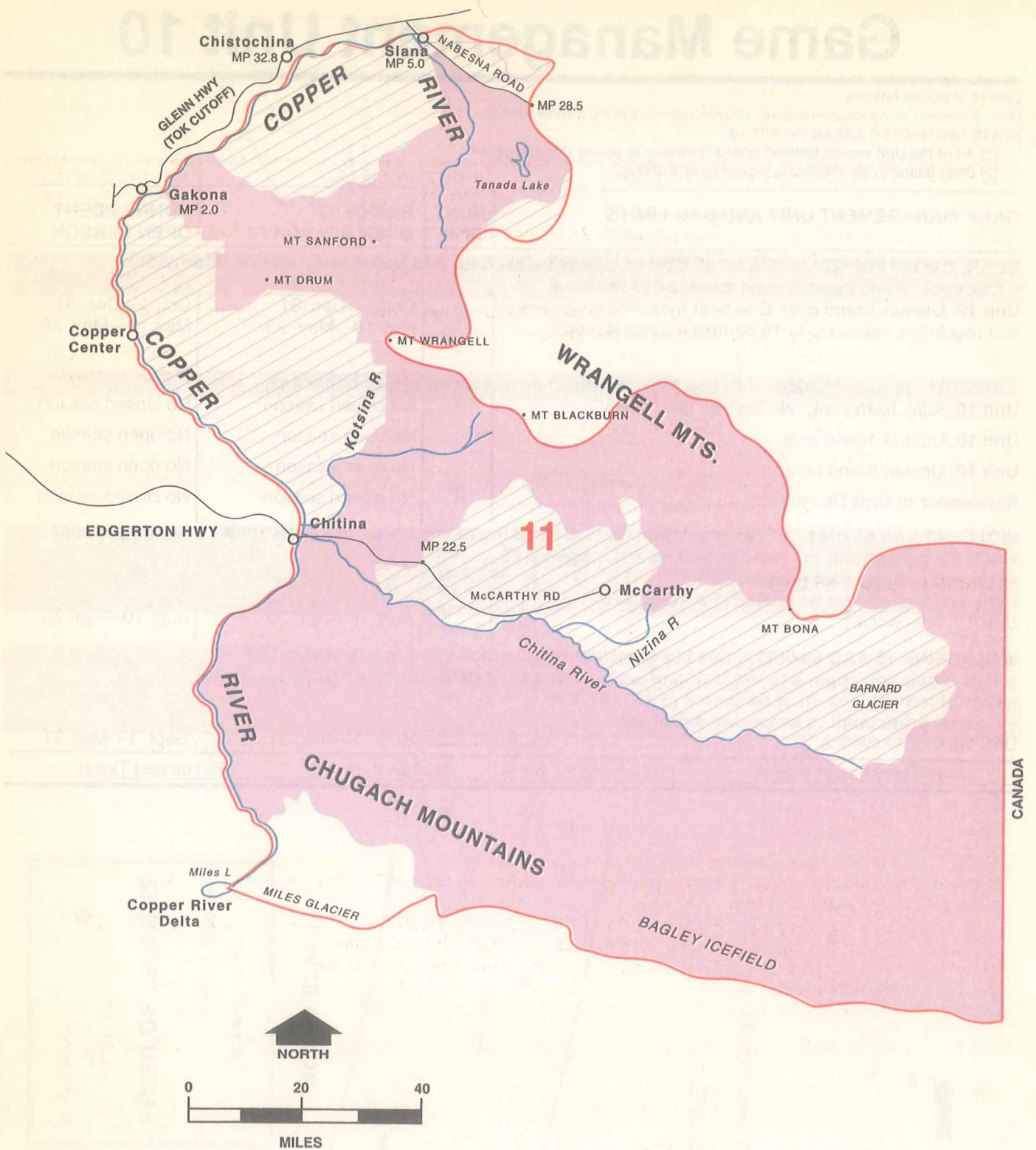
Unit 10, Aleutian Islands

Unit 10 consists of the Aleutian Islands, Unimak Island, and the Pribilof Islands.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 10

- (1) All of the Unit except Unimak Island is closed to taking Canada geese.
- (2) Otter Island in the Pribilofs is closed to all hunting.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 10: Unimak Island only: One bear by permit only; every four regulatory years. Up to 15 permits may be issued.	.... D D	Oct. 1—Dec. 31 May 10—May. 25	Oct. 1—Dec. 31 May 10—May. 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
Unit 10: Adak Island only. No limit; by permit only.	.... R	No closed season	No closed season
Unit 10, Unimak Island only	.....	No open season	No open season
Unit 10, Umnak Island only	.....	No open season	No open season
Remainder of Unit 10: No limit.	.... H	No closed season	No closed season
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.			
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.			
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 10: Five wolves	.....	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.			
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 10: One wolverine.	.....	Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31
R=Registration Permit	D=Drawing Permit	T=Tier II Permit	H=Harvest Ticket



Game Management Unit 11

Unit 11, Wrangell Mountains-Chitina River

Unit 11 consists of that area draining into the headwaters of the Copper River south of Suslota Creek and the area drained by all tributaries into the east bank of the Copper River between the confluence of Suslota Creek with the Slana River and Miles Glacier.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 11: NONE

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 11: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 11, One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—Oct. 31	Sept. 1—Oct. 31
		Apr. 25—May 31	Apr. 25—May 31
BISON (5 AAC 85.010)			
Unit 11, drainages of the Chitina River east of the Chakina River and south and east of the Nizina River.		No open season	No open season
Unit 11, east of the Copper River, south of the Nadina River, Nadina Glacier, and Sanford Glacier, and west of a line from Mount Sanford to Mount Wrangell to Long Glacier, and west of the Kotsina River.		No open season	No open season
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025)			
Unit 11		No open season	No open season
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.			
• Information on sex identification available with permits.			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
Unit 11: One goat by permit only.	R	Sept. 1—Nov. 30	Sept. 1—Nov. 30
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 11: One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
• See definition of full-curl horn, page 18.			
• The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat			
Unit 11: Resident Hunters: One sheep.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	
Nonresident Hunters: One ram; with full curl horn or larger	H		Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.			
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.			
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 11: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.			
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 11: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Jan. 31	Sept. 1—Jan. 31

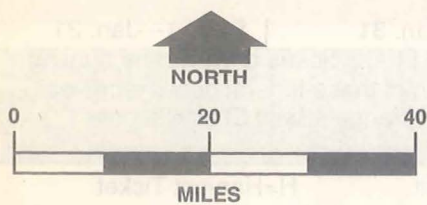
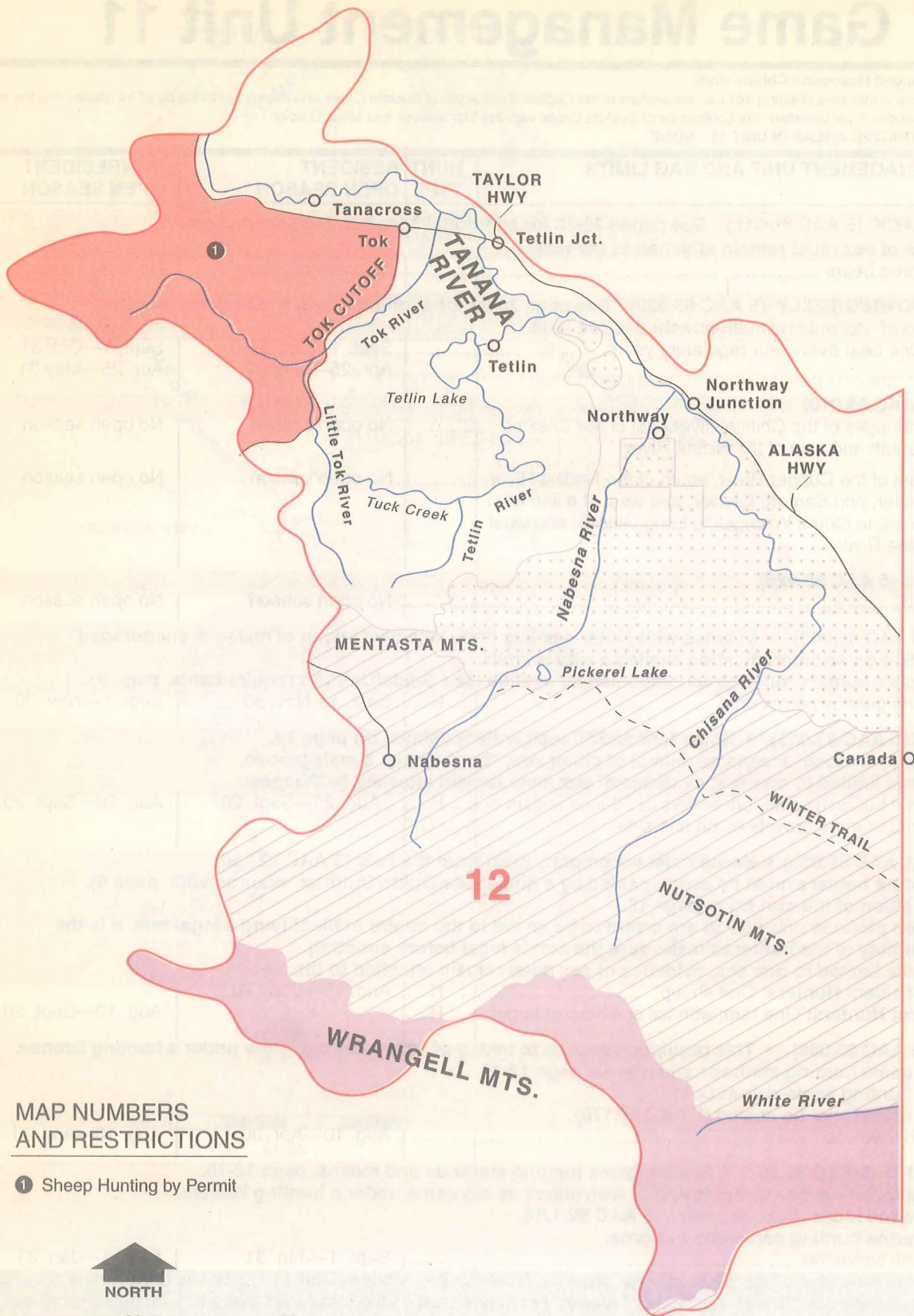
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in Unit 11 are closed to wolverine hunting except by federally-eligible rural residents of Alaska. For information on the location of these federal public lands or communities and areas determined to be rural by the federal government, contact Wrangell-Saint Elias National National Park and Preserve (907) 822-5234 for Unit 11.

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



Game Management Unit 12

Unit 12, Upper Tanana-White River

Unit 12 consists of the Tanana River drainage upstream from the Robertson River, including all drainages into the east bank of the Robertson River, and the White River drainage in Alaska, but excluding the Ladue River drainage.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 12

(1) **Tok Management Area** - (also included in portions of Units 13C and 20D) bounded by a line along the Alaska Highway east from the east side of the Johnson River bridge to Tok Junction, then south along the Tok-Slana cutoff (Glenn Highway) to the Slana River, then west along the north bank of the Slana River to its confluence with Lost Creek, then up the north side of Lost Creek to the divide between Lost Creek and Jack Creek, then north to the Unit 12 boundary then west along the Unit 12 boundary to Mount Kimball (63°17' N.lat., 144°40' W.long.), then west in a straight line to Mount Gakona (63°17' N.lat., 145°12' W.long.), then southwesterly to the head of Canwell Glacier, then northerly to the head of the Johnson Glacier, then northerly along the east bank of the Johnson Glacier and Johnson River to the Johnson River bridge; the area is **open to sheep hunting by permit only**.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 12: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 12: One bear every regulatory year. A bear taken in this unit does not count against the one bear every 4 years bag limit in other units; however, no person may take more than one bear statewide per regulatory year.		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 12, west of the Nabesna River within the drainages of Jack Creek, Platinum Creek, and Totschunda Creek.		No open season	No open season
Unit 12, that portion east of the Nabesna River and south of the winter trail from the Nabesna River to Pickeral Lake to the Canadian border: One bull; by permit only; the season will be closed when 20 bulls have been taken.	R	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	Sept. 1—Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 12: Resident Hunters: One bull; however one caribou may be taken by permit only during a winter season to be announced by emergency order; up to 300 Nelchina caribou and 50 Mentasta bulls may be taken. Hunt boundaries and harvest quota will be announced when the season is opened.	R	winter season to be announced	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 20
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040)			
Unit 12		No open season	No open season
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 12, that portion drained by the Little Tok River upstream from and including the first eastern tributary from the headwaters of Tuck Creek: One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 12, that portion lying east of the Nabesna River and south of the winter trail running southeast from Pickerel Lake to the Canadian border: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	Sept. 1—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 12: Resident Hunters: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15

R=Registration Permit

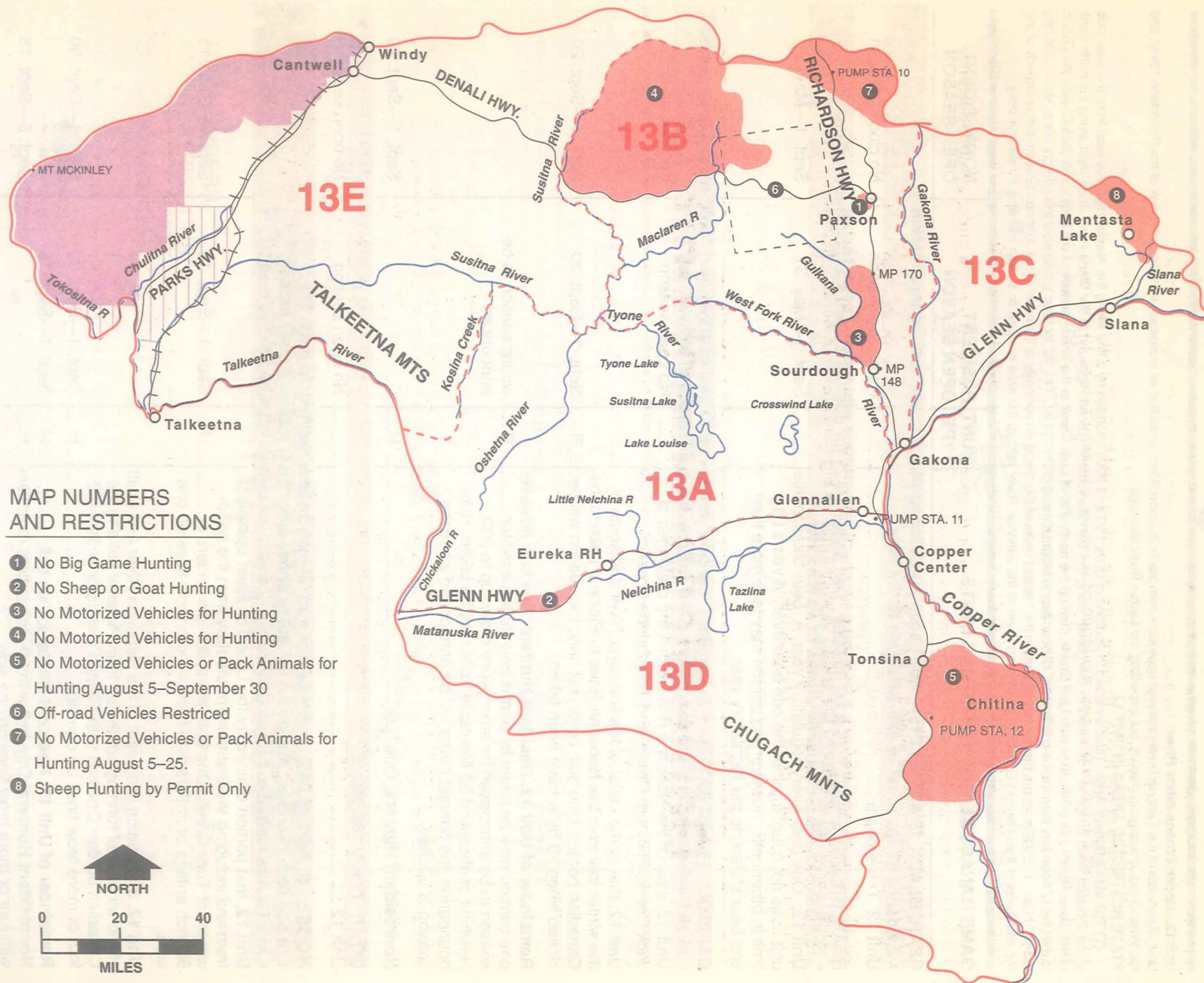
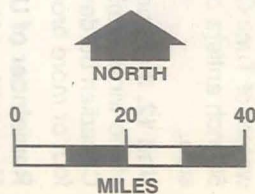
D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- 1 No Big Game Hunting
- 2 No Sheep or Goat Hunting
- 3 No Motorized Vehicles for Hunting
- 4 No Motorized Vehicles for Hunting
- 5 No Motorized Vehicles or Pack Animals for Hunting August 5–September 30
- 6 Off-road Vehicles Restrictred
- 7 No Motorized Vehicles or Pack Animals for Hunting August 5–25.
- 8 Sheep Hunting by Permit Only



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9). • See definition of full-curl horn, pages 13. • The sheep pictures on page 17 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat. 			
Unit 12 , those portions known as the Tok Management Area:	.... D ...	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
One ram with full curl horn or larger, every four regulatory years. Up to 120 permits may be issued.			
Remainder of Unit 12: One ram with full curl horn or larger..	..... H ...	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). 			
Unit 12: Five wolves .....	.....	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne. 			
Unit 12: One wolverine. ....	.....	Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

Game Management Unit 13

Unit 13, Nelchina-Upper Susitna

Unit 13 consists of that area westerly of the east bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier and including the Slana River drainages north of Suslota Creek; the drainages into the Delta River upstream from Falls Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; the drainages into the Nenana River upstream from the southeast corner of Denali National Park at Windy; the drainage into the Susitna River upstream from its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainage into the east bank of the Chulitna River upstream to its confluence with Tokositna River; the drainages of the Chulitna River (south of Denali National Park) upstream from its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages into the north bank of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River between its confluences with the Talkeetna and Chulitna rivers; the drainages into the north bank of the Talkeetna River; the drainages into the east bank of the Chickaloon River; the drainages of the Matanuska River above its confluence with the Chickaloon River;

(A) **Unit 13A** consists of that portion of Unit 13 bounded by a line beginning at the Chickaloon River bridge at Mile 77.7 on the Glenn Highway, then along the Glenn Highway to its junction with the Richardson Highway, then south along the Richardson Highway to the foot of Simpson Hill at Mile 111.5, then east to the east bank of the Copper River, then northerly along the east bank of the Copper River to its junction with the Gulkana River, then northerly along the west bank of the Gulkana River to its junction with the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then westerly along the west bank of the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its source, an unnamed lake, then across the divide into the Tyone River drainage, down an unnamed stream into the Tyone River, then down the Tyone River to the Susitna River, then down the southern bank of the Susitna River to the mouth of Kosina Creek, then up Kosina Creek to its headwaters, then across the divide and down Aspen Creek to the Talkeetna River, then southerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Chickaloon River bridge, the point of beginning;

(B) **Unit 13B** consists of that portion of Unit 13 bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of the Copper River and the Gulkana River, then up the east bank of the Copper River to the Gakona River, then up the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier to the boundary of Unit 13, then westerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Susitna Glacier, then southerly along the west bank of the Susitna Glacier and the Susitna River to the Tyone River, then up the Tyone River and across the divide to the headwaters of the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then down the West Fork of the Gulkana River to the confluence of the Gulkana River and the Copper River, the point of beginning;

(C) **Unit 13C** consists of that portion of Unit 13 east of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier;

(D) **Unit 13D** consists of that portion of Unit 13 south of Unit 13A;

(E) **Unit 13E** consists of the remainder of Unit 13.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 13

(1) **Paxson Closed Area** - consists of the eastern drainage of the Gulkana River lying west of the Richardson Highway and the western drainage of the Gulkana River between the Denali Highway and the north end of Paxson Lake where the Gulkana River enters Paxson Lake and **is closed to taking any big game.**

(2) **Sheep Mountain Closed Area** - bounded by a line from Caribou Creek (Mile 107 of Glenn Highway) then easterly along the Glenn Highway to Mile 123, then north to Squaw Creek, then downstream to Caribou Creek, then down Caribou Creek to the point of beginning, **is closed to taking sheep or goats.**

(3) **Sourdough Controlled Use Area** - bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of Sourdough Creek and the Gulkana River then northerly along Sourdough Creek to the Richardson Highway at approximately Mile 148, then northerly along the Richardson Highway to the Meiers Creek Trail at approximately Mile 170, then westerly along the trail to the Gulkana River, then southerly along the east bank of the Gulkana River to its confluence with Sourdough Creek, the point of beginning, **is closed to using motorized vehicles for hunting.** However, this does not prohibit motorized access or transportation of game on the Richardson Highway, Sourdough and Haggard Creeks, Meiers Lake trails, or other trails designated by the department.

(4) **Clearwater Creek Controlled Use Area** - north of the Denali Highway, west of and including the MacLaren River drainage, and east of, an including eastern bank drainages of the Middle Fork of the Susitna River downstream from and including the Susitna Glacier, and the eastern bank drainages of the Susitna River downstream from its confluence with the Middle Fork, **is closed to using motorized vehicles for hunting**. However, this does not prohibit motorized access, or transportation of game on the Denali Highway.

(5) **Tonsina Controlled Use Area** - bounded on the west by the Richardson Highway from the Tiekkel River to the Tonsina River at Tonsina, on the north along the south bank of the Tonsina River to where the Edgerton Highway crosses the Tonsina River, then along the Edgerton Highway to Chitina, on the east by the Copper River from Chitina to the Tiekkel River, and on the south by the north bank of the Tiekkel River, **is closed to using motorized vehicles or pack animals for hunting from August 5 to September 30**.

(6) **Tangle Lakes Archaeological District** - Bureau of Land Management restricts off-road vehicles to designated trails. Contact BLM's Glennallen District Office, Glennallen, Alaska (907) 822-3217.

(7) **Delta Controlled Use Area** - See UNIT 20.

(8) **Tok Management Area** - See UNIT 12.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 13: Three bears .....	.....	No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 13E, that portion west of the Alaska Railroad: One bear .....	.....	Sept. 10—May 31	Sept. 10—May 31
every four regulatory years.			
Remainder of Unit 13: One bear every four regulatory years .....	.....	Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
Unit 13: One caribou; by permit only; up to 6,500 permits will be issued. Season will be closed when 4000 caribou have been taken. Caribou may not be taken within one-half mile of the Alaska Pipeline. During the Jan 5—Mar. 31 season only .....	..... T	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	No open season
antlered caribou may be taken and only in Unit 13 except for that portion of Unit 13 within one-half mile of the Alaska Pipeline, and except for that portion of Unit 13C south of the Glenn (Tok Cutoff) Hwy.	..... T	Jan. 5—Mar. 31	
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.			
• Information on sex identification available with permits.			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
Unit 13D: One goat by permit only; up to 35 permits will be issued; the taking of kids with a horn length of 3" or less or nannies accompanied by kids is prohibited.	..... D	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 13 .....	.....	No open season	No open season
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 13A, that portion between Kosina Creek and the Oshetna River: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side; however, one antlerless moose maybe taken ; by permit only; during Sept. 1—Sept. 15; up to 25 permits will be issued.	..... H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
	..... D	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 1—Sept. 15
Unit 13A, that portion between the Oshetna River, and the Little Nelchina River, and west of the Lake Louise Road, Lake Susitna, and Tyone River: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side; however, antlerless moose may be taken by permit only. during Sept. 1—Sept. 15; up to 25 permits will be issued.	..... H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
	..... D	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 1—Sept. 15
Unit 13A, that portion between the Little Nelchina River and the Chickaloon River, and that portion within the Talkeetna River drainage south of Aspen Creek: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side; however one antlerless moose may be taken by permit only during Sept. 1—Sept. 15; up to 25 permits will be issued.	..... H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
	..... D	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 1—Sept. 15

R=Registration Permit

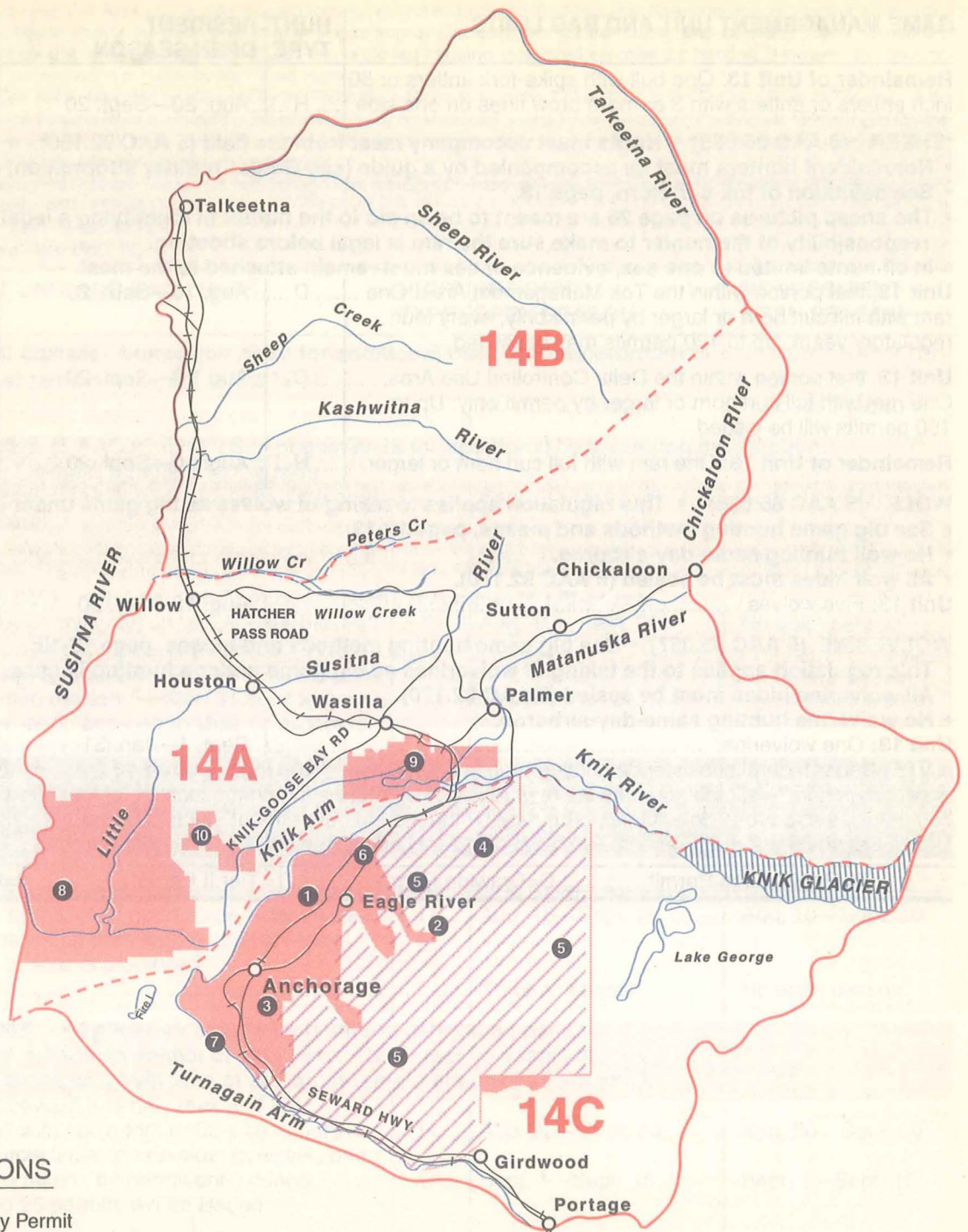
D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

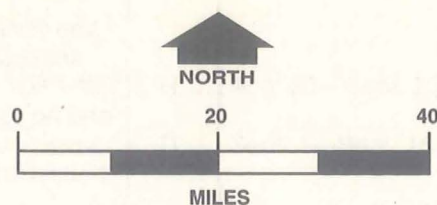
GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Remainder of Unit 13: One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50 inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side. H		Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9). • See definition of full-curl horn, page 18. • The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat. 			
Unit 13, that portion within the Tok Management Area: One D		Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
ram with full curl horn or larger by permit only, every four regulatory years. Up to 120 permits may be issued.			
Unit 13, that portion within the Delta Controlled Use Area: D		Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit only. Up to 150 permits will be issued.			
Remainder of Unit 13: One ram with full curl horn or larger. H		Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). 			
Unit 13: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne. 			
Unit 13: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Jan. 31	Sept. 1—Jan. 31
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in Unit 13 are closed to wolverine hunting except by federally-eligible rural residents of Alaska. For information on the location of these federal public lands or communities and areas determined to be rural by the federal government, contact Bureau of Land Management and Denali National Park and Preserve (907) 822-3217 for Unit 13 .			
R=Registration Permit	D=Drawing Permit	T=Tier II Permit	H=Harvest Ticket



MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① Big Game Hunting by Permit
Small Game Hunting by Access Permit
- ② Sheep Hunting Only by Permit
- ③ Moose Hunting by Permit
Small Game and Waterfowl by Falconry
- ④ Additional Hunting Restrictions
- ⑤ Additional Hunting Restrictions
- ⑥ Bow Hunting Only, Moose and Small Game
- ⑦ Small Game Hunting Only
Additional Hunting Restrictions
- ⑧ Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑨ Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑩ Vehicle Restrictions



Note: A detailed version of the western half of 14C follows

Game Management Unit 14

Unit 14, Anchorage

Unit 14 consists of drainages into the north side of Turnagain Arm west of and excluding the Portage Creek drainage, drainages into Knik Arm excluding drainages of the Chickaloon and Matanuska rivers in Unit 13, drainages into the north side of Cook Inlet east of the Susitna River, drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River downstream from the Talkeetna River, and drainages into the south bank of the Talkeetna River;

(A) **Unit 14A** consists of drainages in Unit 14 bounded on the west by the Susitna River, on the north by Willow Creek, Peters Creek, and by a line from the head of Peters Creek to the head of the Chickaloon River, on the east by the eastern boundary of Unit 14, and on the south by Cook Inlet, Knik Arm, the south bank of the Knik River from its mouth to its junction with Knik Glacier, across the face of Knik Glacier and along the north side of Knik Glacier to the Unit 6 boundary;

(B) **Unit 14B** consists of that portion of Unit 14 north of Unit 14A;

(C) **Unit 14C** consists of that portion of Unit 14 south of Unit 14A.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 14

(1) **Fort Richardson Management Area** - consists of the Richardson Military Reservation and is open to taking big game by permit only and small game with an access permit from the military police.

(2) **Eagle River Management Area** - consists of the Eagle River drainage upstream from the Old Glenn Highway and is closed to hunting except sheep and black bear by permit. Before hunting black bear or archery - only sheep, a person must complete a certified hunter education course.

(3) **Anchorage Management Area** - consists of all Cook Inlet drainages south of the Elmendorf and Fort Richardson Military Reservations and north of and including Rainbow Creek drainage but excluding the Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge. Hunting is allowed only for moose (by permit only), small game and waterfowl (both by falconry only, except that waterfowl may not be taken in the Ship Creek drainage west of Post Road).

(4) **Eklutna Lake Management Area** - consists of the drainages of Eklutna River and Eklutna Lake upstream from the Old Glenn Highway, excluding those drainages flowing into the East Fork of Eklutna River upstream from the bridge above the lake and Thunderbird Creek. Only bow hunting is allowed in this area and only for moose by permit only and the following species from the day after Labor Day: small game through April 30; one black bear through May 20; and sheep by permit only through September 30.

(5) **Chugach State Park Management Area** - consists of Chugach State Park outside of the Eagle River, Anchorage, and Eklutna Management Areas. Regulations for Unit 14C generally apply except that hunting is allowed for one black bear from the day after Labor Day through May 20; one bull moose from the day after Labor Day to September 20; one antlerless moose by permit only; one Dall sheep by permit only; and two lynx from December 15 to January 15. No hunting is allowed for brown bear, goat, squirrels, wolf, wolverine, coyote, and unclassified game. Hunting is allowed for hare, grouse, ptarmigan, and waterfowl, except in the Arctic Valley Ski Area (Tokle Creek drainage).

(6) **Birchwood Management Area** - consists of all lands bounded on the south and west by Eagle River and the Fort Richardson Military Reservation, on the east side by the Old Glenn Highway, and on the north by Peters Creek. Only bow hunting is allowed and only for small game (north and west of the Alaska Railroad) and for moose by drawing permit.

(7) **Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge** - consists of all land and water south and west of and adjacent to the toe of the bluff, which extends from Point Woronzof southeasterly to Potter Creek. You cannot intentionally feed waterfowl in the area. Motorized vehicles cannot be used in the area except by permit. Only small game may be hunted. Shotguns are the only firearms allowed and these may only be used in areas open to hunting from September 1 through March 31; to use a shotgun, hunters must complete a certified hunter education course, present certification in the field upon request, and obtain a registration permit from the department; small game may also be hunted with bow and arrows and falcons. No hunting by any means is allowed between the Alaska Railroad and the Old Seward Highway and that portion landward of the elevated fill covering the municipal sewer line between the Klatt Road peat disposal site and Campbell Creek (AS16.20.031).

(8) **Susitna Flats Game Refuge** - has several restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats, and aircraft. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all lands from November 9 through March 31, but used only on existing graveled roads and within 1/8 mile of mean high tide from April 1 through November 8. You cannot use a motorboat from May 15 through August 31 on the Theodore River upstream from private parcel USS#3956. Aircraft landing or take-off is prohibited in the designated waterfowl habitat zone along the coast from April 1 through May 15 (map available at ADF&G). The department may issue a permit allowing motorized vehicle or boat use not allowed in this section for access by people with physical impairments (please allow 90 days for processing application), for moving equipment or supplies, or to enhance or facilitate refuge administration and management (5AAC 95.515).

(9) **Palmer Hay Flats State Game Refuge** - has special restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats and aircraft. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all lands from November 10 through March 31 except within 1/2 mile of either side of the Glenn Highway, but used only in a posted 100-yard wide corridor extending from Cottonwood Creek on the western edge of the refuge along the north bank of Palmer Slough and Knik Arm to Wasilla Creek from August 15 through November 15. Motorboats are allowed year round on the Knik River, the Matanuska River and on Knik Arm. On Rabbit Slough motorboats cannot be used on weekends from July 15 through August 15, and on all other refuge water not listed here, motorboats are prohibited except that you can use an outboard of 20 h.p. or less from August 16 through March 31. Aircraft landing or take-off is prohibited in the refuge from April 1 through November 9. The department may issue a permit allowing motorized vehicle or boat use not otherwise allowed in this section for access by people with physical impairments (please allow 90 days for processing application), for moving equipment or supplies, or to enhance or facilitate refuge administration and management (5AAC 95.505).

(10) **Goose Bay State Game Refuge** - has special restrictions regarding the use of motorized vehicles. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all refuge lands from November 9 through March 31 and on established trails located within the electrical transmission line right-of-way from August 31 through November 8 (5AAC 95.420 and 95.770).

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Special restrictions apply in Chugach State Park, Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge, and management areas.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 14A: One bear		Sept. 1—May 25	Sept. 1—May 25
Remainder of Unit 14: One bear		No closed season	No closed season

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

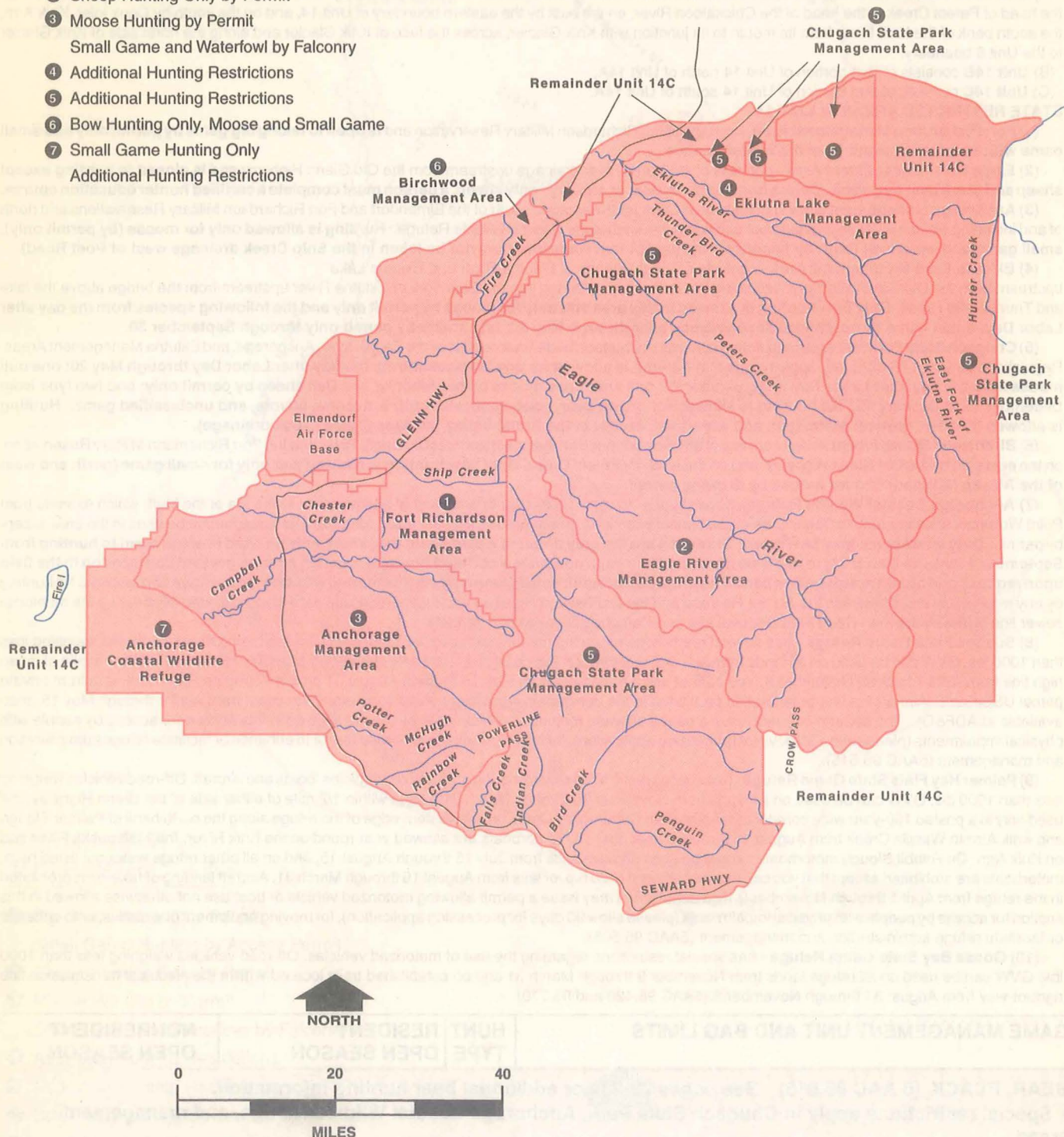
T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① Big Game Hunting by Permit
Small Game Hunting by Access Permit
- ② Sheep Hunting Only by Permit
- ③ Moose Hunting by Permit
Small Game and Waterfowl by Falconry
- ④ Additional Hunting Restrictions
- ⑤ Additional Hunting Restrictions
- ⑥ Bow Hunting Only, Moose and Small Game
- ⑦ Small Game Hunting Only
Additional Hunting Restrictions

Western half of 14C



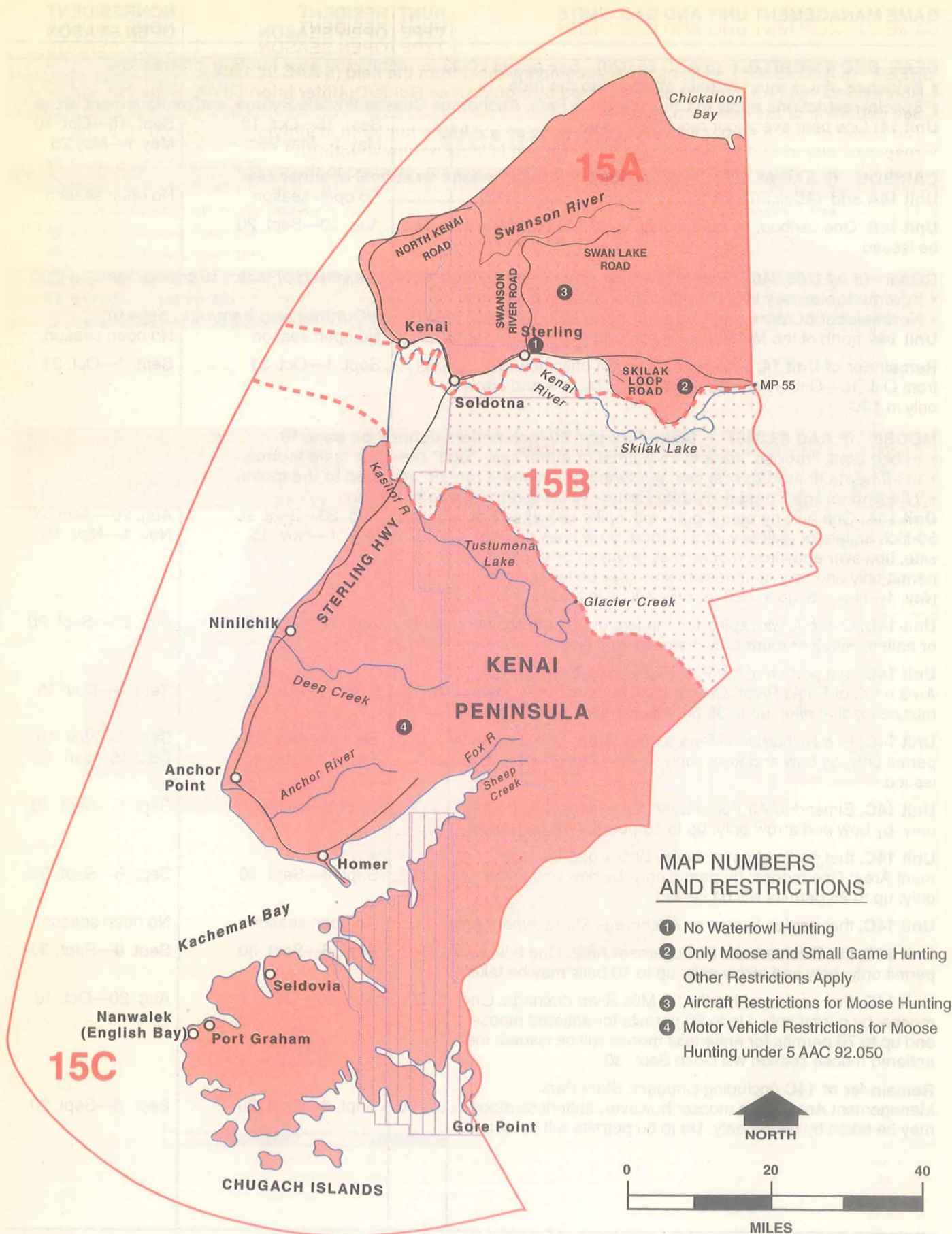
GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide. • Special restrictions apply in Chugach State Park, Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge, and management areas.			
Unit 14: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 15—Oct. 10 May 1—May 25	Sept. 15—Oct. 10 May 1—May 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
Unit 14A and 14C:		No open season	No open season
Unit 14B: One caribou; by permit only; up to 100 permits will be issued. D	D	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged. • Information on sex identification available with permits. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
Unit 14A north of the Matanuska River, and 14B:		No open season	No open season
Remainder of Unit 14: One goat; by permit only; however, from Oct. 16—Oct. 31 goats may be taken by bow and arrow only in 14C. R	R	Sept. 1—Oct. 31	Sept. 1—Oct. 31
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat. • The Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge is closed to moose hunting.			
Unit 14A: One bull; by permit only; with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side; however antlerless moose may be taken by drawing permit only and only antlerless moose may be taken from Nov. 1—Nov. 15; up to 600 permits will be issued. H,D	H,D	Aug. 20—Sept. 20 Nov. 1—Nov. 15	Aug. 20—Sept. 20 Nov. 1—Nov. 15
Unit 14B: One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side. H	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
Unit 14C, that portion of the Fort Richardson Management Area north of Eagle River. One moose; by permit only, by muzzle loading rifle; up to 35 permits will be issued. D	D	Sept. 6—Nov. 15	Sept. 6—Nov. 15
Unit 14C, Fort Richardson Management Area: One moose; by permit only; by bow and arrow only; up to 125 permits will be issued. D	D	Sept. 6—Nov. 15 Dec. 15—Jan. 15	Sept. 6—Nov. 15 Dec. 15—Jan. 15
Unit 14C, Elmendorf Air Force Base: One moose, by permit only; by bow and arrow only; up to 15 permits will be issued. D	D	Sept. 6—Sept. 30	Sept. 6—Sept. 30
Unit 14C, that portion known as the Birchwood Management Area: One moose; by permit only, by bow and arrow only; up to 25 permits will be issued. D	D	Sept. 6—Sept. 30	Sept. 6—Sept. 30
Unit 14C, that portion known as Anchorage Management Area		No open season	No open season
Unit 14C, the Eklutna Lake Management Area: One bull; by permit only; bow and arrow only; up to 10 bulls may be taken. R	R	Sept. 6—Sept. 30	Sept. 6—Sept. 30
Unit 14C, that portion within the 20 Mile River drainage: One moose; by permit only. Up to 60 permits for antlered moose and up to 70 permits for antlerless moose will be issued; the antlered moose season will close Sept. 30. D	D	Aug. 20—Oct. 10	Aug. 20—Oct. 10
Remainder of 14C (including Chugach State Park Management Area): One moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken by permit only. Up to 60 permits will be issued. H,D	H,D	Sept. 6—Sept. 20	Sept. 6—Sept. 20

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter information, page 9). • See definition of full-curl horn, page 18. • The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat. 			
Unit 14A and 14B: One ram with full curl horn or larger.....	H.....	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Unit 14C, Eklutna Management Area: One sheep; however, by bow and arrow only; by permit only; up to 25 permits may be issued.	D.....	Sept. 6—Sept. 30	Sept. 6—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 14C: One sheep by permit only; up to 240 permits will be issued.	D.....	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
One sheep by permit only; up to 80 permits will be issued for bow and arrow only.	D.....	Oct. 1—Oct. 10	Oct. 1—Oct. 10
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • Special restrictions apply in Chugach State Park. 			
Unit 14: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne. • Special restrictions apply in Chugach State Park. 			
Unit 14: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Jan. 31	Sept. 1—Jan. 31

Game Management Unit 15

Unit 15, Kenai

Unit 15 consists of that portion of the Kenai Peninsula and adjacent islands draining into the Gulf of Alaska, Cook Inlet, and Turnagain Arm from Gore Point to the point where longitude line 150°00' W. crosses the line of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm, including that area lying west of longitude 150°00' W. to the mouth of the Russian River, thence southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake west of the Chugach National Forest boundary;

- (A) **Unit 15A** consists of that portion of Unit 15 north of the Kenai River and Skilak Lake;
- (B) **Unit 15B** consists of that portion of Unit 15 south of the Kenai River and Skilak Lake, and north of the Kaslof River, Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek, and Tustumena Glacier;
- (C) **Unit 15C** consists of the remainder of Unit 15.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 15

(1) **Moose River Closed Area** - consists of that area on and within 1/4 mile of the Moose River between the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge boundary and the Sterling Highway and is closed to waterfowl hunting.

(2) **Skilak Loop Management Area** - bounded by a line beginning at the eastern most junction of the Sterling Highway and the Skilak Loop Road (Mile 58.1) then due south to the south bank of the Kenai River, then southerly along the south bank of the Kenai River to its confluence with Skilak Lake, then westerly along the north shore of Skilak Lake to Lower Skilak Lake then westerly along the north shore of Skilak Lake to Lower Skilak Lake Campground then northerly along the Lower Skilak Lake Campground Road and the Skilak Loop Road to its westernmost junction with the Sterling Highway (Mile 75.1), then easterly along the Sterling Highway to the point of beginning, is closed to hunting and trapping except that small game may be taken from October 1 through March 1 by bow and arrow only and antlerless moose by permit only.

(3) **Kenai Controlled Use Area** - consists of Unit 15A north of the Sterling Highway. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of a moose hunter, or moose parts. However, this does not apply after 12:01 a.m. September 11 and does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose parts by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.

(4) **Lower Kenai Controlled Use Area** - consists of all Unit 15C. The area is closed to anyone using a motorized vehicle (except an aircraft or boat) for hunting or assisting in hunting moose from September 11-14, and September 17-20, including transportation of persons, equipment, provisions or moose parts. However, this does not apply to the use of a motorized vehicle on a state or borough maintained highway or on graveled portions of Oilwell and Brody Roads. This means that during the period from September 11-14 and 17-20, a person who travels by motorized vehicle on the Unit 15C highway system and then leaves and travels off that highway system in that motorized vehicle may not hunt, harvest, or assist in hunting moose, transport moose hunters, moose parts, or big game hunting gear or equipment, or in any other manner initiate or participate in moose hunting activities until after the person returns the motorized vehicle to the Unit 15C highway system; upon returning the motorized vehicle to that highway system, the person may initiate or participate in legal moose hunting activities so long as the person leaves the motorized vehicle on the Unit 15C highway system.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 15: Two bears; however only one bear may be taken July 1—Dec. 31 and one bear may be taken Jan. 1—June 30.		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 15: One bear every four regulatory years.		Oct. 1—Oct. 25 May 10—May 25	Oct. 1—Oct. 25 May 10—May 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou"			
Unit 15A		No open season	No open season
Unit 15B, that portion south and west of Killey River in the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge: One caribou; by permit only; up to 25 permits will be issued.	D	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 15		No open season	No open season
GOAT (5 AAC 85.040) • In areas with either-sex bag limit, selective taking of males is encouraged.			
• Information on sex identification available with permits.			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter requirements, page 9).			
Unit 15C, that portion south and west of the Kenai Fjords National Park, the creek draining Southern Glacier and Tutka Bay: One goat by Tier II subsistence hunting permit only in Aug. 1—Sept. 30 season; one goat by registration permit only during Oct. 15—Nov. 30 season.	T R	Aug. 1—Sept. 30 Oct. 15—Nov. 30	No open season No open season
Remainder of Unit 15: One goat by drawing permit only in the Aug. 10—Sept. 30 season; up to 500 permits will be issued, or one goat by registration permit only Oct. 15—Nov. 30 season	D R	Aug. 10—Sept. 30 Oct. 15—Nov. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30 Oct. 15—Nov. 30
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
• Calf moose means a moose in its first year of life.			
Unit 15A, the Skilak Loop Wildlife Management Area: One antlerless moose; by permit only; up to 30 permits will be issued. The taking of calves and females accompanied by calves is prohibited.	D	Sept. 21—Sept. 30	Sept. 21—Sept. 30
Unit 15B, that portion bounded by a line running from the mouth of Shantatalik Creek on Tustumena Lake, northward to the west fork of Funny River; then downstream along the west fork of Funny River to the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge boundary; then east along the refuge boundary to its junction with the Kenai River; then eastward along the south side of the Kenai River and Skilak Lake; then south along the western side of Skilak River, Skilak Glacier, and Harding Icefield; then west along the Subunit 15B boundary to the mouth of Shantatalik Creek: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side; by permit only; up to 100 permits will be issued.	D D	Sept. 1—Sept. 20 Sept. 26—Oct. 15	Sept. 1—Sept. 20 Sept. 26—Oct. 15
Unit 15C, that portion southwest of a line from Point Pogibshi to the point of land between Rocky Bay and Windy Bay: One bull; by permit only.	T	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	No open season
Remainder of Units 15A, 15B, and 15C: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

HUNT
TYPE

RESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT
OPEN SEASON

SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).

• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter information, page 9).

• See definition full-curl horn, page 18.

• The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 15A, that portion east of Fuller Lake trail and south of Dike Creek: One ram with full-curl horn or larger, however, one ewe may be taken by permit only; up to 50 permits will be issued.

..... H,D .. Aug. 10—Sept. 20

Aug. 10—Sept. 20

Remainder of Unit 15, One ram with full curl horn or larger. H..... Aug. 10—Sept. 20

Aug. 10—Sept. 20

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.

• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.

• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.

• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 15, outside the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge: Five Aug. 10—Apr. 30

Aug. 10—Apr. 30

Unit 15, within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge: Two Aug. 10—Apr. 30

Aug. 10—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.

• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.

• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 15: One wolverine. Sept. 1—Mar. 31

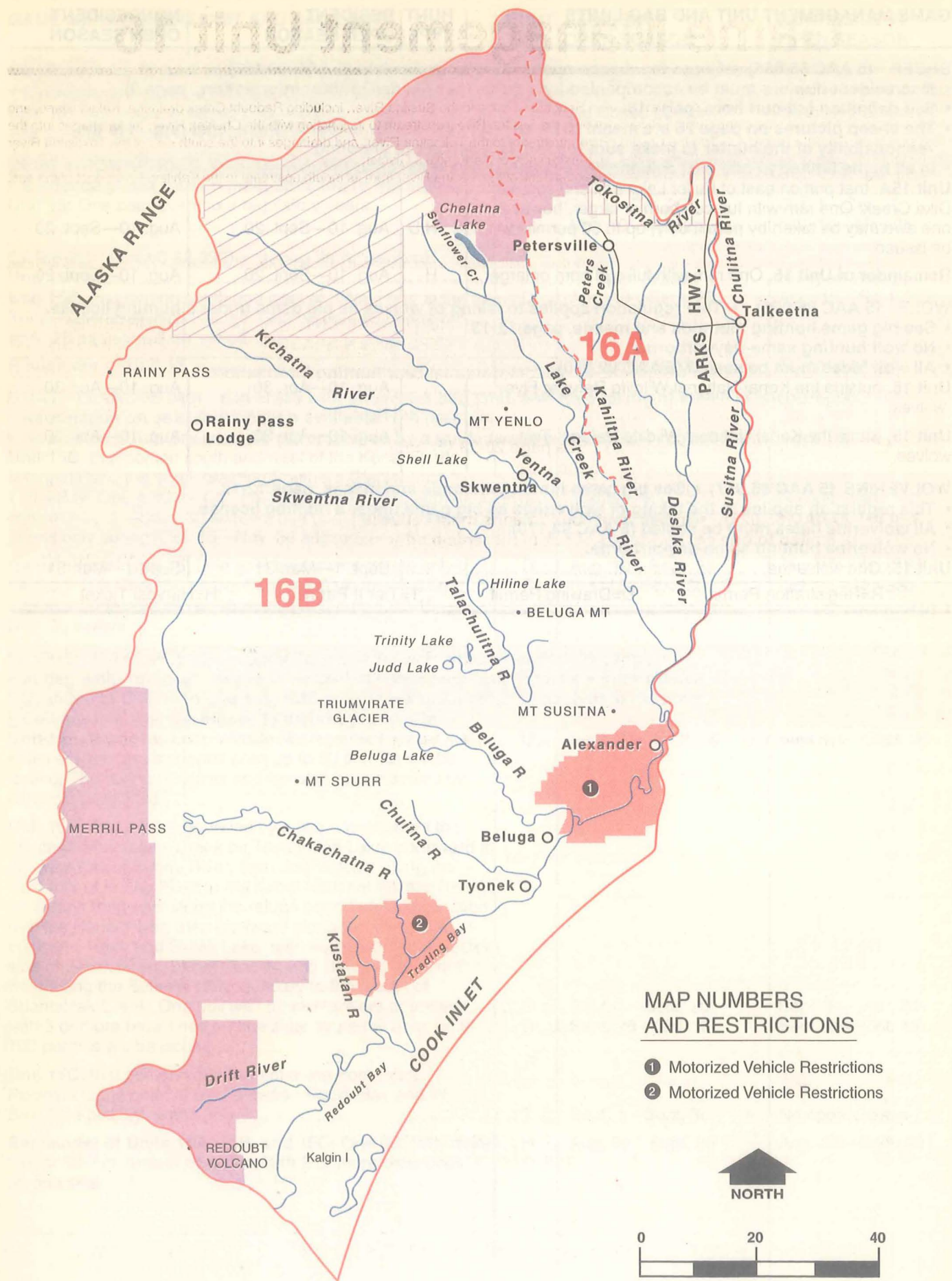
Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



Game Management Unit 16

Unit 16, Lower Susitna

Unit 16 consists of the drainages into Cook Inlet between Redoubt Creek and the Susitna River, including Redoubt Creek drainage, Kalgin Island, and the drainages on the west side of the Susitna River (including the Susitna River) upstream to its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainages into the west side of the Chulitna River (including the Chulitna River) upstream to the Tokositna River, and drainages into the south side of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier, including the drainage of the Kanikula Glacier;

(A) Unit 16A consists of that portion of Unit 16 east of the east bank of the Yentna River from its mouth upstream to the Kahiltna River, east of the east bank of the Kahiltna River, and east of the Kahiltna Glacier;

(B) Unit 16B consists of the remainder of Unit 16;

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 16

(1) Susitna Flats State Game Refuge - see Unit 14.

(2) Trading Bay State Game Refuge - has special restrictions regarding the use of motorized vehicles. Offroad vehicle use on refuge lands requires a special area permit available from ADF&G.

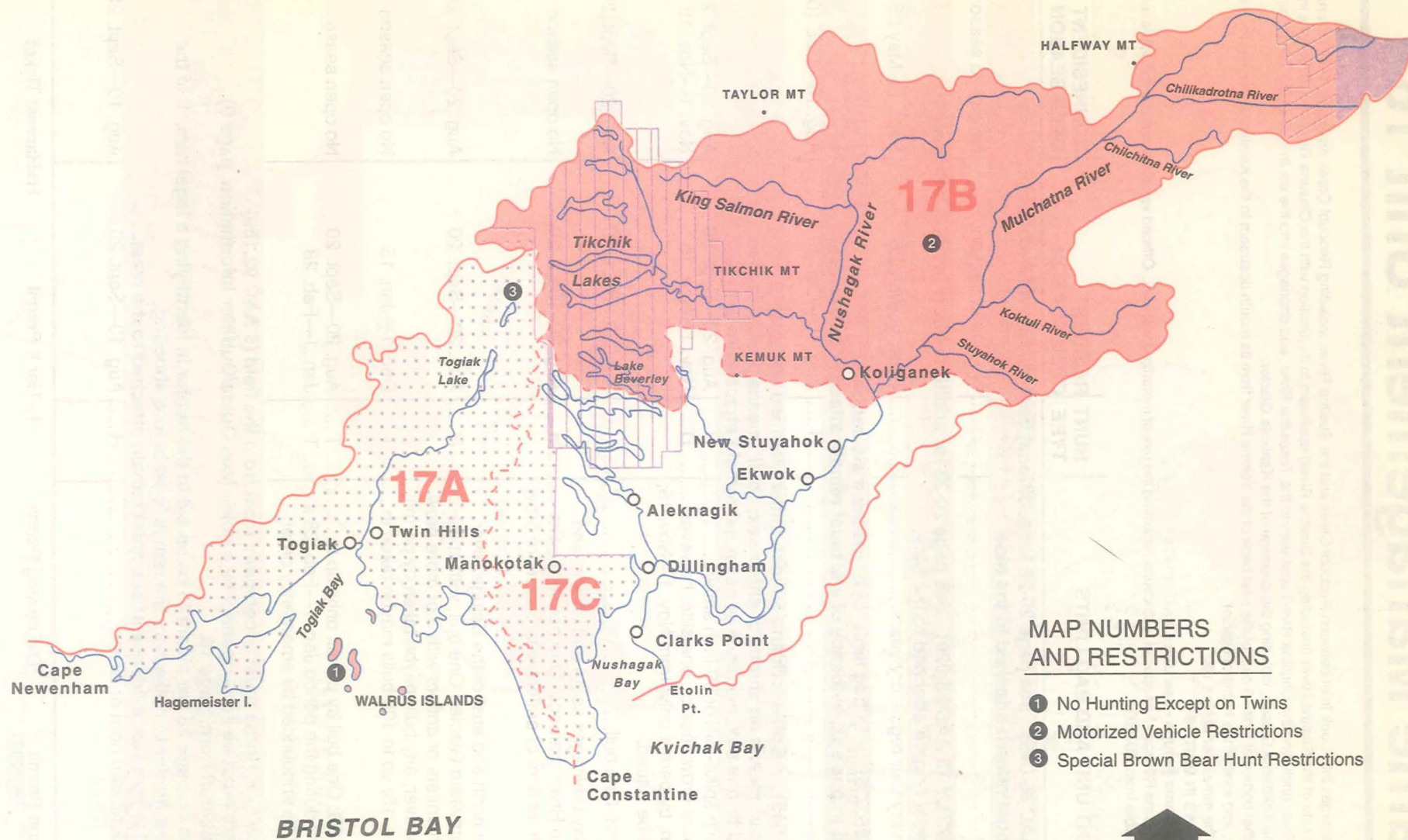
GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 16: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 16 : One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—May 25	Sept. 1—May 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "bull" means male caribou.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 16: One bull.	H	Aug. 10—Oct. 10	Aug. 10—Oct. 10
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side, however,	D	Nov. 1—Nov. 15	Nov. 1—Nov. 15
any bull may be taken, by permit only; from Nov. 1—Nov. 15; up to 200 permits will be issued.			
Unit 16B, Kalgin Island: One bull.	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
Unit 16B, Redoubt Bay drainages south and west of and including the Kustatan River drainage: One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	No open season
Unit 16B, that portion north and east of the Beluga River, Beluga Lake and Triumvirate Glacier: One bull, with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side; however, any bull maybe taken by permit only from Dec. 1—Jan. 15; up to 100 bulls maybe taken in the winter hunt.	H	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	Aug. 20—Sept. 20
	T	Dec. 1—Jan. 15	No open season
Remainder of Unit 16B: One bull by permit only; up to 20 bulls may be taken; during the period Jan. 1—Feb. 28 a two-week season will be announced by emergency order.	T	Aug. 20—Sept. 20	No open season
	T	Jan. 1—Feb. 28	
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9).			
• See definition of full-curl horn, page 18.			
• The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 16: One ram with full curl horn or larger.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 16: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 16A: One wolverine		Sept. 1—Jan. 31	Sept. 1—Jan. 31
Unit 16B: One wolverine		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

Game Management Unit 17

Unit 17, Bristol Bay.

Unit 17 consists of drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham and all islands between these points, including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

(A) Unit 17A consists of the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

(B) Unit 17B consists of the Nushagak River drainage upstream from and including the Mulchatna River drainage and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley;

(C) Unit 17C consists of the remainder of Unit 17;

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 17

(1) **Walrus Islands State Game Sanctuary** - consists of Round, Summit, High, and Crooked Islands, Black Rock, and the Twins and the waters within 3 miles of those islands. **All the islands are closed to trapping.** All the islands and the waters within 1/2 mile of them are closed to hunting, except for the Twins. Access to Round Island is by permit only and special restrictions apply.

(2) **Upper Mulchatna Controlled Use Area** - consists of all of Unit 17B. **Motorized vehicles (except aircraft, boats, and vehicles in legally permitted hunting camps), are prohibited from transporting big game hunters, their gear and/or parts of big game within this area from August 1 to November 1.**

(3) **Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area** - consists of Unit 17A that portion of 17B draining into Nuyakuk and Tikchik Lake, Unit 18, and that portion of Units 19A and B downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage. The area is **open to brown bear hunting under regulations governing Units 17, 18 and 19 except that resident hunters may obtain a registration permit in lieu of a resident brown bear tag prior to hunting.** Brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear registration permit is open from September 1 through May 31 and the bag limit is one bear per regulatory year.

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 17: Resident Hunters: Two bears		Aug. 1—May 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear			Aug. 1—May 31
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Units 17A and 17C: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 10—Oct. 10 May 10—May 25	Sept. 10—Oct. 10 May 10—May 25
Unit 17B: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 20—Oct. 10 May 10—May 25	Sept. 20—Oct. 10 May 10—May 25
Units 17A and 17B, those portions in the Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area: One bear every regulatory year. Hunters must register to hunt; see page 52.		Sept. 1—May 31 (subsistence hunt only)	No open season
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 17A and that portion of Unit 17C west of the Nushagak River		No open season	No open season

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 17B and that portion of 17C east of the Nushagak River:			
Resident Hunters: Five caribou; however, no more than two may be bulls.	..... H	Aug. 1—Apr. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: Two caribou .....	..... H		Aug. 1—Apr. 15
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 17A		No open season	No open season
Unit 17B , that portion which includes all drainages of the Mulchatna River upstream from and including the Chilchitna River drainage: Resident Hunters: One bull by permit only; however, during the period Sept. 1—Sept. 15 a spike-fork bull or a bull with 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines on one side may be taken with a harvest ticket.	..... R H	Aug. 20—Sept. 15 Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines on one side .....	..... H		Sept. 1—Sept. 15
Remainder of Unit 17B: Resident Hunters: One bull by permit only; however, during the period Sept. 1—Sept. 15 a spike-fork bull or a bull with 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brown tines on one side may be taken with a harvest ticket.	..... R R H	Aug. 20—Sept. 15 Dec. 1—Dec. 31 Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side. ....	..... H		Sept. 1—Sept. 15
Unit 17C , that portion including the lowithla drainage, Sunshine Valley, and all lands west of Wood River and south of Aleknagik Lake: One bull by permit only; however, during the period Sept. 1—Sept. 15 a spike-fork bull or a bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side may be taken by harvest ticket.	..... R H	Aug. 20—Sept. 15 Sept. 1—Sept. 15	No open season
Remainder of Unit 17C: One bull by permit only; however, during the period Sept. 1—Sept. 15 a spike-fork bull or a bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side may be taken by harvest ticket.	..... R R H	Aug. 20—Sept. 15 Dec. 1—Dec. 31 Sept. 1—Sept. 15	No open season
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9).			
• See definition of full-curl horn, page 18.			
• The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 17: One ram with full curl horn or larger. ....	..... H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.			
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.			
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 17: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.			
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 17: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

How Alaska's Hunting Regulations Are Made

Alaska has a very public process of setting hunting regulations. The Board of Game determines the hunting regulations and usually meets twice each year. The board doesn't have time to consider every topic in the regulations at every meeting, so it deals with topics on a rotating basis. After the agenda for the next meeting is set, the board issues a "Call for Proposals" which is sent to various agencies, groups, and individuals and is published in Alaska newspapers.

Any individual or group in the state can propose a change in a hunting regulation.

If you wish to propose a change in a regulation, please do the following:

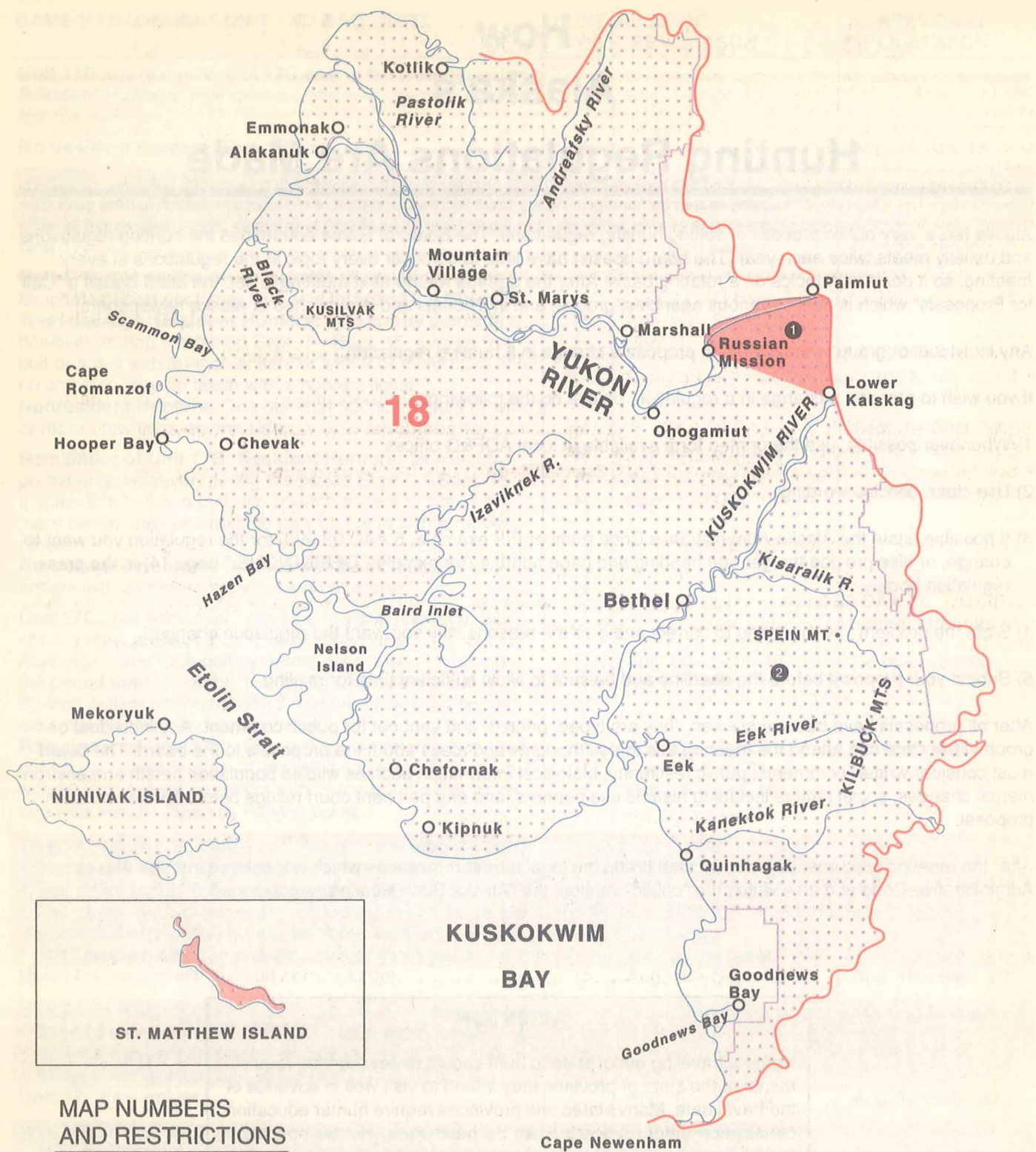
- 1) Whenever possible, use the printed form available at local ADF&G offices.
- 2) Use clear, concise wording.
- 3) If possible, state the Alaska Administrative Code number (for example, 5 AAC 92.990) for the regulation you want to change, or else provide the general heading and page number (for example, "DEFINITIONS," page 14) in the present regulation book.
- 4) State the problem you are trying to correct and give the reasons why you want the regulation changed.
- 5) Submit your proposal before the deadline and be sure to allow sufficient time for mailing.

After all proposals have been reviewed, they are typed, printed, and sent out for public comment. Any individual or group in the state can attend the meeting to express thoughts and ideas about the proposals to the board. The board must consider written comments, public testimony, biological information such as wildlife population health and environmental changes, social factors including historic use patterns, and any pertinent court rulings before it votes on each proposal.

After the meeting adjourns, department staff drafts the legal format regulations which are entered into the Alaska Administrative Code and also writes the "public" version, the "Alaska State Hunting Regulations."

ATTENTION

Hunters traveling out of state to hunt should review hunting requirements of the state or province they intend to visit well in advance of the travel date. Many states and provinces require hunter education certification before a license can be purchased. Hunter education certification is voluntary in Alaska, so arrangements must be made with a volunteer instructor. Last minute requests are often difficult to accommodate. Don't wait until the week before you leave! Plan now to take a course if the locale you're heading for requires it. For the location of the nearest instructor, call any ADF&G office, or in Anchorage call (907) 267-2236.



Game Management Unit 18

Unit 18, Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta

Unit 18 consists of that area draining into the Yukon and Kuskokwim rivers downstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut and the drainages flowing into the Bering Sea from Cape Newenham on the south to and including the Pastolik River drainage on the north; Nunivak, St. Matthews, and adjacent islands between Cape Newenham and the Patolik River;

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 18

(1) **Kalskag Controlled Use Area** - bounded by a line from Lower Kalskag northwesterly to Russian Mission to the old site of Paimuit, then back to Lower Kalskag. The area is closed to using aircraft for hunting big game, including transportation of any big game hunter, and big game part. However, this does not apply to transportation of a big game hunter or big game parts by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.

(2) **Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area** - See Unit 17.

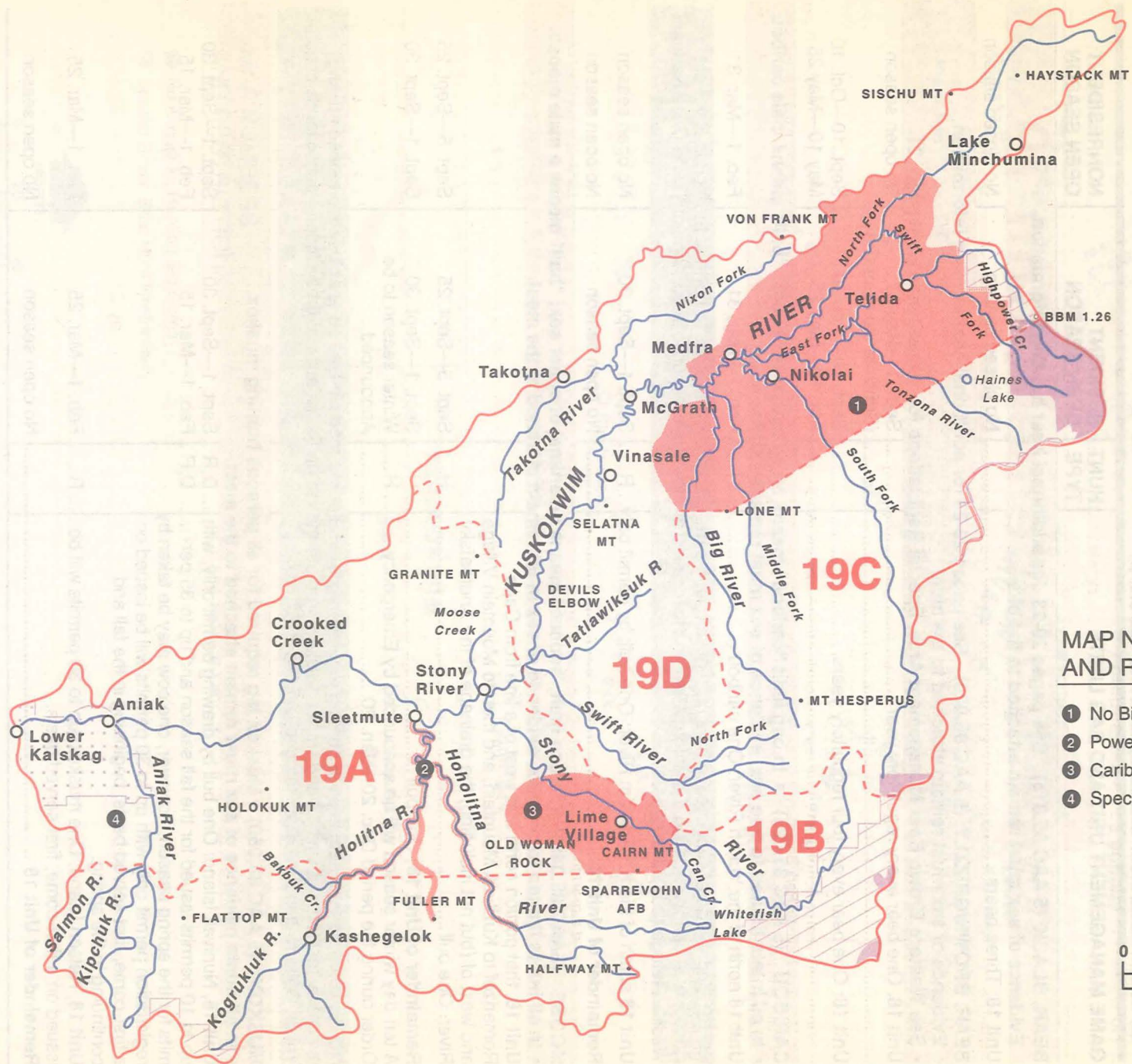
GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 18: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
• See Western Brown Bear Management Area, Special Regulations for Subsistence Hunt page 21.			
Unit 18: One bear every regulatory year		Sept. 1—May 31 (Subsistence Hunt Only)	No open season
Unit 18: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 10—Oct. 10 Apr. 10—May 25	Sept. 10—Oct. 10 May 10—May 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain with the meat.			
Unit 18 north of the Yukon River: One caribou	H	Feb. 1—Mar. 31	Feb. 1—Mar. 31
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in Unit 18 north of the Yukon River are closed to all caribou hunting. For information on the location of these federal public lands contact Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge (907) 543-3151.			
Unit 18 south of the Kuskokwim River: One bull; by permit only. . .	R	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	No open season
Remainder of Unit 18		No open season	No open season
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 18, that portion north and west of a line from Cape Romanzof to Kuzilvak Mountain, and then to Mountain Village, and west of (but not including) the drainage of the Andreafsky River: One bull	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25	Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Remainder of Unit 18: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	Sept. 1—Sept. 30
A ten-day winter season will be announced by Emergency Order during the period Dec. 20—Jan. 20.	H	Winter season to be Announced	
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in Unit 18 are closed to moose hunting, except by residents of Unit 18 and Upper Kalskag. For information on the location of these federal public lands contact Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge(907) 543-3151.			
MUSKOX (5 AAC 85.050) • Muskox tag required for all persons hunting muskox.			
• In all hunts evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 18, Nunivak Island: One bull by drawing permit only, with up to 10 permits issued for the fall season and up to 35 permits for the spring season; however, one cow may be taken by registration permit only with up to 30 permits will be issued on a first-come, first-served basis, beginning in the fall and continuing in the spring.	D, R	Sept. 1—Sept. 30 Feb. 1—Mar. 15	Sept. 1—Sept. 30 Feb. 1—Mar. 15
Unit 18, Nelson Island: One muskox; up to 30 permits will be issued on a first-come, first served basis.	R	Feb. 1—Mar. 25	Feb. 1—Mar. 25
Remainder of Unit 18		No open season	No open season

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 18: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 18: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

Game Management Unit 19

Unit 19, McGrath

All of the drainages into the Kuskokwim River upstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut.

Subunit 19A-That area drained by the Kuskokwim River downstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage on the north bank and downstream from and including the Stony River drainage, excluding that portion listed in Subunit 19B.

Subunit 19B-That portion of Unit 19 drained by the Aniak River upstream from and including the Salmon River; that area drained by the Holitna River upstream from and including Bakbuk Creek; that area south of a line running directly between the mouth of Bakbuk Creek on the Holitna River and the radar dome at Sparrevohn Air Force Base including that area drained by the Hoholitna River upstream from that line; and the drainage of the Stony River upstream from and including the drainage of Can Creek.

Subunit 19C-That portion of Unit 19 south and west of a line from Benchmark M1.26 (approximately 1.26 miles south of the northwest corner of the original Mt. McKinley National Park Boundary) to Lone Mountain, and thence due west to Big River; the drainage of Big River upstream from the intersection of this line; and the drainage of Swift River upstream from and including the drainage of the North Fork.

Subunit 19D-The remainder of Unit 19.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 19

(1) **Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area** - consists of that portion of Unit 19D upstream from the mouth of Big River including the drainages of Big River Middle Fork, South Fork, East Fork, and Tonzona River, bounded by Denali National Preserve boundary on the east north and west along that boundary to its intersection with the Minchumina-Telida winter trail, then west to the crest of Telida Mountain, then north along the crest of Munsatli Ridge to elevation 1610, then northwest to Dyckma Mountain and following the crest of the divide between the Kuskokwim River and the Nowitna drainage and the divide between the Kuskokwim River and the Nixon Fork River to Loaf bench mark on Halfway Mountain, then south to the west side of Big River drainage, the point of beginning. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or moose parts. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose parts by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.

(2) **Holitna - Hoholitna Controlled Use Area** - consists of the Holitna River downstream from Kashegelo, the Titruk River downstream from Fuller Mountain and The Hoholitna River downstream from the confluence of the South Fork and the main Hoholitna River. The area is closed to the use of any boat equipped with inboard or outboard motor(s) with an aggregate horsepower in excess of manufacturer's rating of 40 h.p. for taking big game, including transportation of big game, hunters, big game parts, or big game hunting gear or equipment during the period August 1 to November 1.

(3) **Lime Village Management Area** - that portion of Unit 19A drained by the Stony River from the mouth of the Stink River, including the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek drainage. The caribou season is open all year.

(4) **Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area** - See Unit 17

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 19: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 19A and 19B those portions within the Western Alaska Brown Bear Management Area: One bear every regulatory	R	Sept. 1—May 31 (Subsistence hunt only)	No open season
year. Hunters must register to hunt, see page 52.			
Units 19A, 19C, and 19D: One bear every four regulatory		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31
years.			
UNIT 19B: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 10—May 25	Sept. 10—May 25

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BISON (5 AAC 85.010)			
Unit 19: One bison; by permit only; every five regulatory years. Up to 100 permits will be issued.	D	Aug. 22—Sept. 30	Aug. 22—Sept. 30
	D	Mar. 1—Mar. 31	Mar. 1—Mar. 31
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 19A that portion within the Lime Village Management Area			
Resident Hunters: Four caribou; however cows with calves may not be taken from April 1—Aug. 9.	H	July 1—June 30	
Nonresident Hunters: One caribou	H		Aug. 10—Mar. 31
Unit 19A north of the Kuskokwim River: One caribou	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
	H	Nov. 1—Feb. 28	
Unit 19A south of the Kuskokwim River (except the Lime Village Management Area) and Unit 19B .			
Resident Hunters: Five caribou; however, no more than two may be bulls.	H	Aug. 1—Apr. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: Two caribou	H		Aug. 1—Apr. 15
Unit 19C: One bull	H	Aug. 10—Oct. 10	Aug. 10—Oct. 10
Unit 19D south and east of the Kuskokwim River and North Fork of the Kuskokwim River: One caribou	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
	H	Nov. 1—Jan. 31	
Remainder of Unit 19D: One caribou.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 19A , that portion within the Lime Village Management Area: Two moose; by permit only; up to 28 moose may be taken; up to 14 permits will be issued.	T	Aug. 10—Sept. 25	No open season
	T	Nov. 20—Mar. 31	
Unit 19(A) , that portion of the Kuskokwim River upstream from but not including the Kolmakof River drainage and south of the Kuskokwim River upstream but not including the Holokuk River drainage:			
Resident Hunters: One moose, however antlerless moose may be taken only during the Feb. 1-Feb. 10 season	H	Sept. 1-Sept. 20	
	H	Nov. 20-Nov. 30	
	H	Feb. 1-Feb. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 1-Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 19A: Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	
	H	Nov. 20—Nov. 30	
	H	Feb. 1—Feb. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 20
Unit 19B and 19C: Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 25
Unit 19D , that portion of the Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area within the drainage of the North Fork upstream from the confluence of the South Fork to the mouth of the Swift Fork			
Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 25

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 19D , remainder of the Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area			
Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Feb. 28	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 25
Remainder of Unit 19D: Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 25
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9). • See definition of full-curl horn, pages 18. • The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached with the meat. • Either a harvest ticket or permit is required on all hunts.			
Unit 19: One ram with full curl horn or larger.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 19: Five wolves .....	.....	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 19: One wolverine. ....	.....	Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

Game Management Unit 20

Unit 20, Tanana River Drainage, Middle Yukon River Drainage.

Unit 20 consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream from and including the Tozitna River drainage to and including the Hamlin Creek drainage, drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage, the Ladue River and Fortymile River drainages, and the Tanana River drainage north of Unit 13 and downstream from the east bank of the Robertson River;

(A) Unit 20A consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the south by the Unit 13 boundary, bounded on the east by the west bank of the Delta River, bounded on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Delta River downstream to its confluence with the Nenana River, and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River;

(B) Unit 20B consists of drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from and including Hot Springs Slough upstream to and including the Banner Creek drainage;

(C) Unit 20C consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Nenana River and on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River downstream from the Nenana River;

(D) Unit 20D consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Robertson River and on the west by the west bank of the Delta River, and drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Robertson River downstream to, but excluding, the Banner Creek drainage;

(E) Unit 20E consists of drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage and the Ladue River drainage;

(F) Unit 20F consists of the remainder of Unit 20.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 20

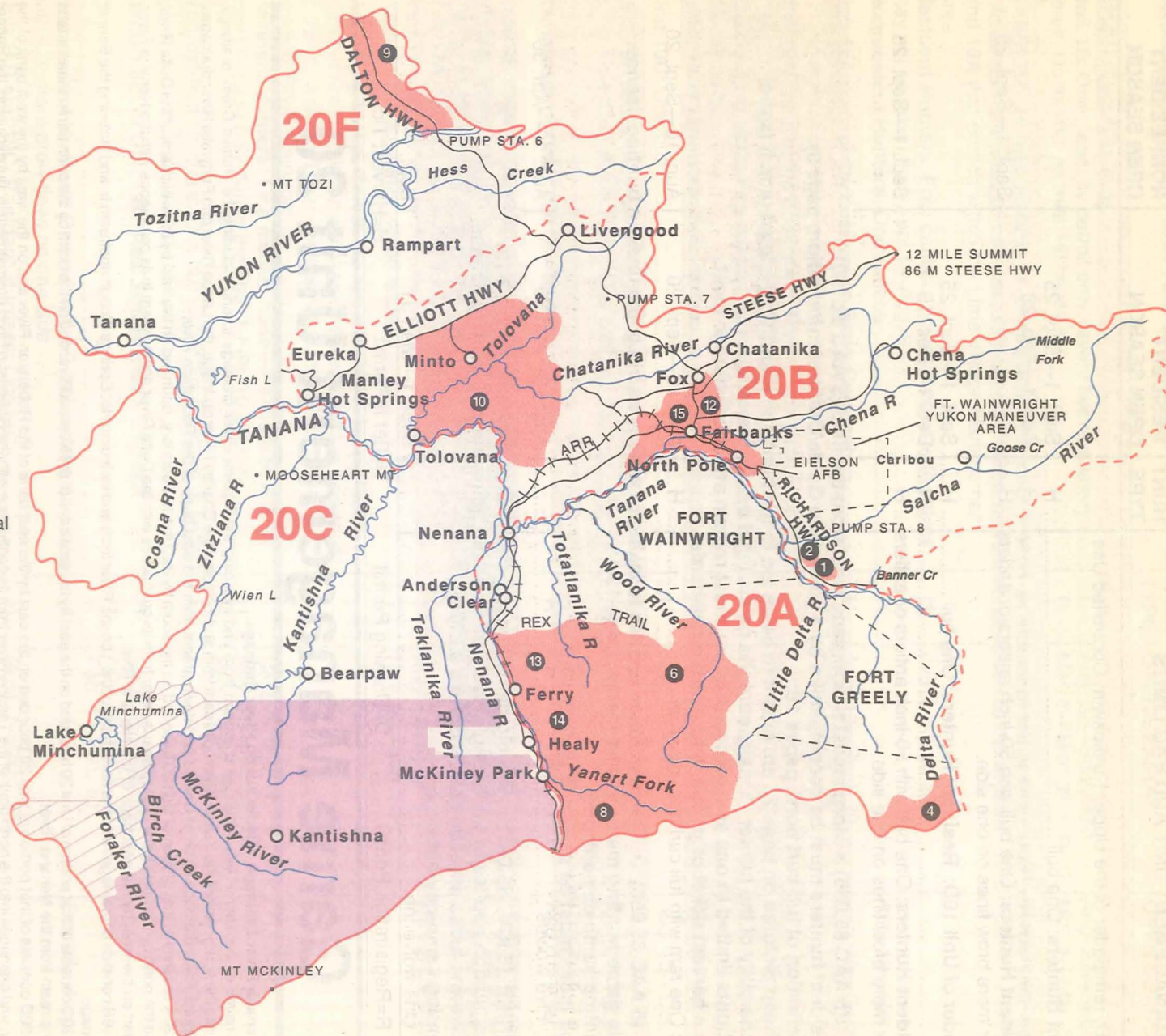
(1) **Birch Lake and Lost Lake** (Mile 56 Richardson Highway) - the area within 1/2 mile of these lakes is closed to taking big game.

(2) **Harding Lake** (Mile 44 Richardson Highway) - the area within 1/2 mile of the lake is closed to taking big game.

(3) **Delta Junction Closed Area** - bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of Donnelly Creek and the Delta River, then up Donnelly Creek to Richardson Highway (Mile 238), then north along the east side of the highway to the "12-mile crossing trail" (Mile 252.4) then east along the south side of the "12-mile crossing trail" and across Jarvis Creek to the 33-mile loop road, then northeast along the 33-mile loop road to the intersection with the Alaska Highway (Mile 1414), then southeast along the north side of the Alaska Highway to the bridge at Sawmill Creek (Mile 1403.9), then down the west bank of Sawmill Creek to its confluence with Clearwater Creek and down the south bank of Clearwater Creek to its confluence with the Tanana River, then down the Tanana River to its confluence with the Delta River, and upstream along the east bank of the Delta River to the point of beginning at Donnelly Creek, is closed to the taking of moose;

MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Big Game Hunting
- ② No Big Game Hunting
- ④ Motorized Vehicle and Pack Animal Restrictions
- ⑥ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑧ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑨ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑩ Moose Hunting Only by Permit
- ⑫ Moose Hunting by Bow and Arrow Only
- ⑬ Caribou Hunting by Permit
- ⑭ Bow and Arrow Only
- ⑮ Hunting and Trapping by Registration Permit



(4) Delta Controlled Use Area - beginning at the confluence of Miller Creek and the Delta River then west to Vertical Angle Bench mark (VABM) Miller, then west to include all drainages of Augustana Creek and Black Rapids Glacier, then north and east to include all drainages of McGinnis Creek to its confluence with the Delta River, then east in a straight line across the Delta River to Mile 236.7 Richardson Highway, then north along the Richardson Highway to its junction with the Alaska Highway to, then east along the Alaska Highway, to the west bank of the Johnson River, then south along the west bank of the Johnson River and Johnson Glacier to the head of the Canwell Glacier, then west along the north bank of the Canwell Glacier, and Miller Creek to the Delta River. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle or pack animal for hunting, from August 5 through August 25. However, this does not prohibit motorized access to the area for hunting, or transportation of game on the Richardson Highway, or the use of aircraft at the Charlie Boyd airstrip (63°29.5'N.lat., 144°50.7' W. long.) along the Johnson River.

(5) Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area - consists of that portion of Unit 20E bounded by a line beginning at mile 140 of the Taylor Highway, then north along the highway to Eagle, then west along the cat trail from Eagle to Crooked Creek, then from Crooked Creek southwest along the west bank of Mogul Creek to its headwaters on North Peak, then west across North Peak to the headwaters of Independence Creek, then southwest along the west bank of Independence Creek to its confluence with the North Fork of the Fortymile River, then easterly along the south bank of the North Fork of the Fortymile River to its confluence with Champion Creek, then across the North Fork of the Fortymile River to the south bank of Champion Creek and easterly along the south bank of Champion Creek to its confluence with Little Champion Creek, then northeast along the east bank of Little Champion Creek to its headwaters, then northeasterly in a direct line to mile 140 on the Taylor Highway. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting, from August 5 to September 20. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Taylor Highway or airport.

(6) Wood River Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 20A bounded on the north by the south side of the Rex Trail beginning at its intersection with the Totatlanika River then easterly along the Rex Trail to Gold King airstrip, then from Gold King airstrip along the trail's extension along the north side of Japan Hills to the Wood River; on the east by the Wood River, including the Wood River drainage upstream from and including the Snow Mountain Gulch Creek drainage; on the south by the divide separating the Yanert River drainage from the drainages of the Healy Creek, Moody Creek, Montana Creek, and the Wood River; and on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from the divide separating the drainage of the Yanert River and Montana Creek north to Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters, then along a straight line to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, and then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. The area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle, except aircraft, for big game hunting and transportation of any big game part, from August 1 through September 30.

(7) Macomb Plateau Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 20D south of the Alaska Highway, draining into the south side of the Tanana River between the east bank of the Johnson River upstream to Prospect Creek, and the east bank of Bear Creek (Mile 1357.3). The area is closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting or transportation of any game part from August 10 through September 30 except for a floatplane on Fish Lake, and motorized vehicles, including aircraft, to, from, and on the Dry Creek Airstrip at Mile 1379 Alaska Highway.

(8) Yanert Controlled Use Area - consists of that portion of Unit 20A drained by the Nenana River upstream from and including the Yanert Fork drainage. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle, except aircraft, for big game hunting and transportation of any big game part. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, and transportation of game on, the Parks Highway.

(9) Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area - consists of those portions of Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway from the Yukon River to the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area. The area is closed to hunting; however, big game, small game, and fur animals may be taken in the area by bow and arrow only. No motorized vehicle, except aircraft, boats and licensed highway vehicles, may be used to transport game or hunters within the area and any hunter traveling on the Dalton Highway must stop at any check station operated by the department within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.

(10) Minto Flats Management Area - consists of that portion of Unit 20B bounded by the Elliott Highway beginning at Mile 118, then northeasterly to mile 96, then east to the Tolovana Hot Springs Dome, then east to the Winter Cat Trail, then along the Cat Trail south to the Old Telegraph Trail at Dunbar, then westerly along the trail to a point where it joins the Tanana River three miles upstream from Old Minto, then along the north bank of the Tanana River (including all channels and sloughs except Swan Neck Slough), to the confluence of the Tanana and Tolovana Rivers and then northerly to the point of beginning. The area is open to moose hunting by permit only.

(11) Tok Management Area (See Unit 12)

(12) Fairbanks Management Area consists of the Goldstream subdivision (SE 1/4 SE 1/4 Section 28 and Section 33, Township 2 North, Range 1 West, Fairbanks Meridian) and that portion of Unit 20B bounded by a line from the confluence of Rosie Creek and the Tanana River, northerly along Rosie Creek to the divide between Rosie Creek and Cripple Creek, then down Cripple Creek to its confluence with Ester Creek, then up Ester Creek to its confluence with Ready Bullion Creek, then up Ready Bullion Creek to the summit of Ester Dome, then down Sheep Creek to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then easterly along Goldstream Creek to its confluence with First Chance Creek, then up First Chance Creek to Tungsten Hill, then southerly along Steele Creek to its intersection with the Trans-Alaska Pipeline, then southerly along the pipeline right-of-way to the Chena River, then along the north bank of the Chena River to the Moose Creek Dike, then southerly along Moose Creek Dike to its intersection with the Tanana River, and then westerly along the north bank of the Tanana River to the point of beginning. The area is open to moose hunting by bow and arrow only.

(13) Ferry Trail Management Area - consists of that portion of Unit 20A bounded on the north by the Rex Trail; on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from its intersection with the Rex Trail south to the divide forming the north boundary of the Lignite Creek drainage; on the south by that divide easterly and southerly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak, then along a southwesterly line to the confluence of Healy Creek and Coal Creek, then upstream easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters; on the east by a straight line from the headwaters of Healy Creek to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, and then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. The area is open to caribou hunting by permit only.

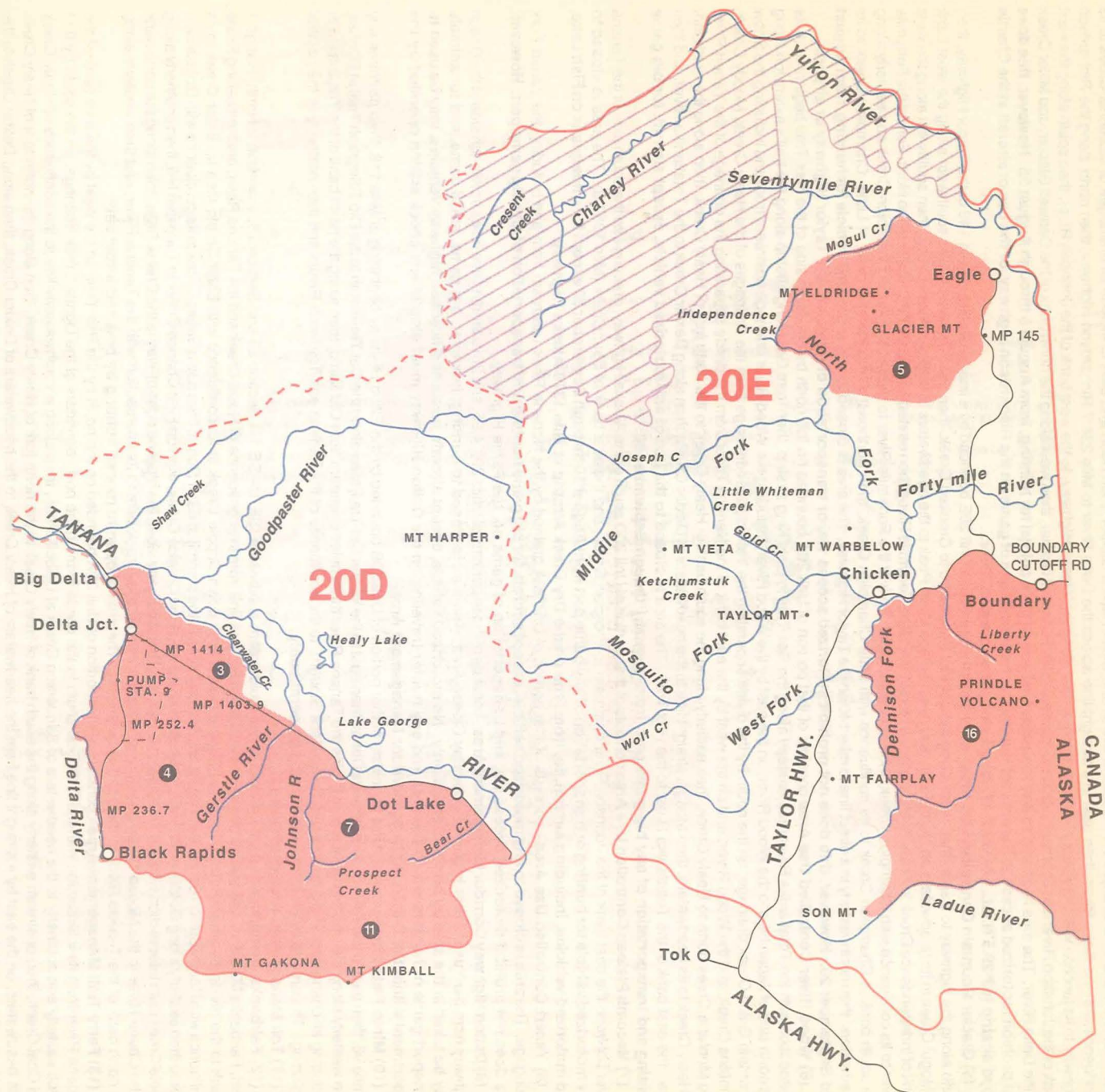
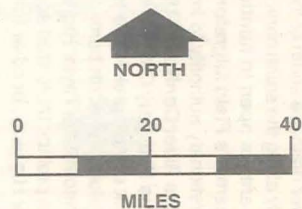
(14) Healy-Lignite Management Area - consists of that portion of Unit 20A that includes the entire Lignite Creek drainage, and that portion of the Nenana River drainage south of the Lignite Creek drainage and north of a boundary beginning at the confluence of the Nenana River and Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to its confluence with Coal Creek, then northeasterly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak. The area is open to hunting by bow and arrow only.

(15) Creamer's Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge - In Unit 20B hunting and trapping are allowed by registration permit only. The department may use its discretionary authority to implement the management plan for the refuge.

(16) Ladue River Controlled Use Area - consists of that portion of Unit 20E bounded on the west by the east bank of the Dennison Fork of the Fortymile River from the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway to the confluence with the unnamed creek that drains north from Son Mountain, then south along the east bank of this creek to the top of Son Mountain; on the south by a straight line east from the top of Son Mountain to the north bank of the Ladue River, then along the north bank of the Ladue River to the Alaska-Canada border; on the east by the Alaska-Canada border; and on the north by the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway; the area is closed to the use of any motorized land vehicle for hunting between September 1-30. However, this does not prohibit motorized access or transportation of game on the Nine mile and Liberty Creek trails, Alaska-Canada border, the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway, or other trails designated by the department.

MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ③ No Moose Hunting
- ④ Motorized Vehicle and Pack Animal Restrictions
- ⑤ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑦ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
- ⑪ Sheep Hunting Only by Permit
- ⑯ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 20: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 20 (except 20A, 20E, and 20D north of the Tanana River): One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31
Unit 20A: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 10—May 31	Sept. 10—May 31
Unit 20D north of the Tanana River and Unit 20E: One bear every regulatory year. A bear taken in either unit does not count against the one bear every 4 years bag limit in other units; however, no person may take more than one bear, statewide per regulatory year.		Aug. 10—June 30	Aug. 10—June 30
BISON (5 AAC 85.010)			
Unit 20D: One bison; by permit only; every five regulatory years. Up to 150 permits may be issued	D	July 20—Mar. 31	July 20—Mar. 31
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 20A		No open season	No open season
Unit 20B, that portion south and east of the Steese Highway and Unit 20D, that portion north of the south bank of the Tanana River: One bull; by permit only; up to 50 bulls may be taken.	R	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Units 20B and 20F, and 25C those portions north and west of the Steese Highway, north and east of the Elliott and Dalton Highways and south of the Yukon River: One caribou; however, only bull caribou may be taken during Aug. 10—Sept. 20 and caribou may be taken by drawing permit only between Feb. 15—Mar. 15, up to 150 permits will be issued	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
.....	D	Feb. 15—Mar. 15	
Remainder of Unit 20B: One bull	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Unit 20C		No open season	No open season
Unit 20D south of the Tanana River: One bull; by permit only;	R	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	No open season
.....		up to 50 bulls may be taken.	
Unit 20E and the Remainder of 25C: One bull; by permit only; up to 450 bulls maybe taken	R	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	No open season
.....	R	Dec. 1—Feb. 28	
Unit 20F, south of the Yukon River and west of the Dalton Highway. One bull.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Unit 20F, Tozitna River drainage: Resident Hunters: One caribou; however only bull caribou may be taken during the Aug. 10—Sept. 30 season.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 10	
.....	H	Mar. 1—Mar. 15	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull	H		Aug. 10—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 20F: One bull.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	;Aug. 10—Sept. 30
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 20A, the Ferry Trail Management Area and the Yanert Controlled Use Area: One bull with a spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	Sept. 1—Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 20A: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	Sept. 1—Sept. 20

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 20B , that portion within the Fairbanks Management Area: One bull by bow and arrow; by permit only.	R	Sept. 1—Sept. 30	Sept. 1—Sept. 30
.....	R	Nov. 21—Nov. 27	Nov. 21—Nov. 27
Unit 20B , that portion within the Minto Flats Management Area: One bull; by permit only; up to 250 permits will be issued.	T	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	No open season
.....	T	Jan. 10—Feb. 28	
Unit 20B , the drainage of the Middle Fork of the Chena River and that portion of the Salcha River drainage upstream from and including Goose Creek. One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	Sept. 1—Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 20B : One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 20C : One bull; however, white-phased or partial albino (more than 50 percent white) moose may not be taken.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 20	Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 20D , that portion lying west of the east bank of the Johnson River and south of the north bank of the Tanana River, except the Delta Junction Closed Area:			
Resident Hunters : One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
Nonresident Hunters : One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 20D , that portion lying south of the north bank of the Tanana River and east of the east bank of the Johnson River: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	No open season
During Jan. 1—Feb. 15; one bull; up to five bulls may be taken.	T	Jan. 1—Feb. 15	
Unit 20D , that portion known as the Delta Junction Closed Area		No open season	No open season
Remainder of Unit 20D : One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 1—Sept. 15
Unit 20E , that portion drained by the Ladue, Sixty-mile, and Forty-mile Rivers (all forks) from 91/2 to 145 mile Taylor Highway, including Boundary Cutoff Road:			
Resident Hunters : One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	
Nonresident Hunters : One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Remainder of Unit 20E, Resident Hunters : One bull.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25	
Nonresident Hunters : One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 20F , that portion drained by the Yukon River excluding the Tanana River drainage downstream from the drainage of Hess Creek: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	No open season
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 10	
Remainder of Unit 20F : One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	No open season

SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).

- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9).
- See definition of full-curl horn, page 18.
- The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 20 , that portion known as the Tok Management Area: One ram with full curl horn or larger; by permit only, every four regulatory years. Up to 120 permits may be issued.	D	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Unit 20D that portion known as the Delta Controlled Use Area: One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit only, up to 150 permits will be issued.	D	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20

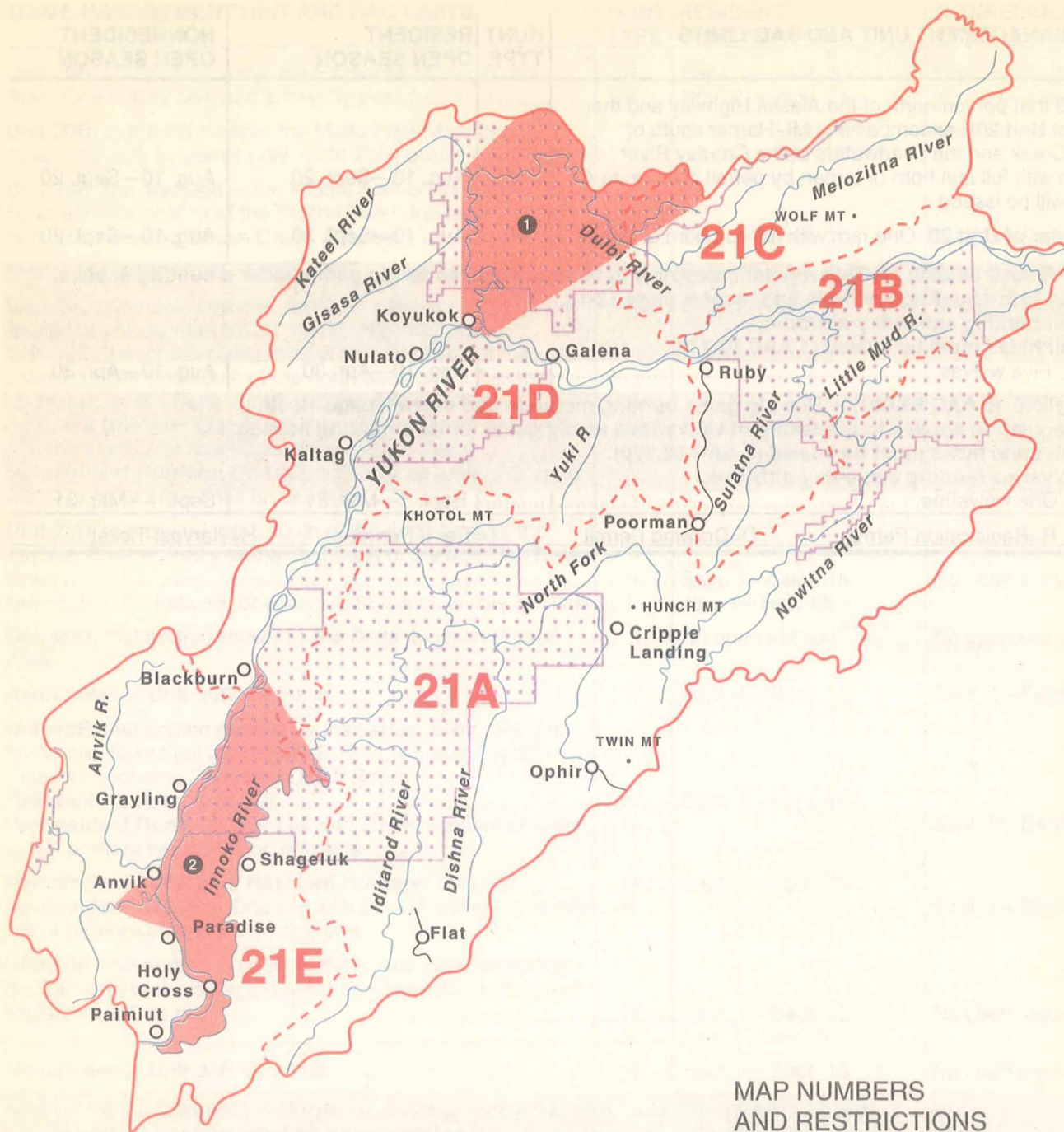
R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

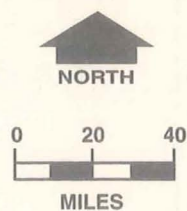
H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 20D that portion north of the Alaska Highway and that portion of Unit 20E encompassing Mt. Harper south of Joseph Creek and the headwaters of the Charley River. One ram with full curl horn or larger; by permit only; up to 4 D permits will be issued.		Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
Remainder of Unit 20: One ram with full curl horn or larger. H		Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 20: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 20: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			



MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Moose Hunting with Aircraft.
Moose Cannot be Boned Out
Hunters Must Stop at Check Station
- ② No Moose Hunting with Aircraft



Game Management Unit 21

Subunit 21, Middle Yukon.

Unit 21 consists of drainages into the Yukon River upstream from Paimiut to but not including the Tozitna River drainage on the north bank, and to but not including the Tanana River drainage on the south bank, and excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage;

(A) Unit 21A consists of the Innoko River drainage upstream from and including the Iditarod River drainage, and the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River;

(B) Unit 21B consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream from Ruby and east of the Ruby-Poorman Road, downstream from and excluding the Tozitna River and Tanana River drainages, and excluding the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River, and excluding the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek;

(C) Unit 21C consists of the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek, and the Dulbi River drainage upstream from and including the Cottonwood Creek drainage;

(D) Unit 21D consists of the Yukon River drainage from and including the Blackburn Creek drainage upstream to Ruby, including the area west of the Ruby-Poorman Road, excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage, and excluding the Dulbi River drainage upstream from Cottonwood Creek;

(E) Unit 21E consists of the Yukon River drainage from Paimiut upstream to but not including the Blackburn Creek drainage, and the Innoko River drainage downstream from the Iditarod River drainage;

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 21

(1) **Koyukuk Controlled Use Area** - bounded by a line from the north bank of the Yukon River at Koyukuk, then northerly to the confluence of the Honhosa and the Kateel Rivers, then northeasterly to the confluence of Billy Hawk Creek and the Huslia River (65° 57' N. lat., 156° 41' W. long.), then easterly to the south end of Solsmunket Lake, then east to Hughes, then south to Little Indian River, then southwesterly to the crest of Hochandochlia Mountain, then southwest to the mouth of Cottonwood Creek, then southwest to Bishop Rock, then westerly along the north bank of the Yukon River (including Koyukuk Island) to the point of beginning. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunters or moose parts; however, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose part to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area. All hunters on the Koyukuk River passing the Department of Fish and Game operated check station at Ella's cabin (15 miles upstream from the Yukon on the Koyukuk River), are required to stop and report to department personnel at the check station. The meat of the hindquarters and ribs of any moose taken in the area must remain on the bone until the moose has been transported out of the area.

(2) **Paradise Controlled Use Area** - bounded by a line beginning at the old village of Paimiut, then north along the west bank of the Yukon River to Paradise, then northwest to the mouth of Stanstrom Creek on the Bonasila River, then northeast to the mouth of the Anvik River, then along the west bank of the Yukon River to the lower end of Eagle Island (approximately 45 miles north of Grayling), then to the mouth of the Iditarod River, then down the east bank of the Innoko River to its confluence with Paimiut Slough then south along the east bank of Paimiut Slough to its mouth and then to the old village of Paimiut. The area is closed during moose hunting seasons to the use of aircraft in any manner for hunting moose, including transportation of moose hunters or parts of moose; however, this does not apply to the transportation of moose hunters or parts of moose by regularly scheduled flights to and between villages by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area.

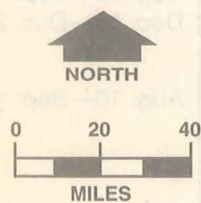
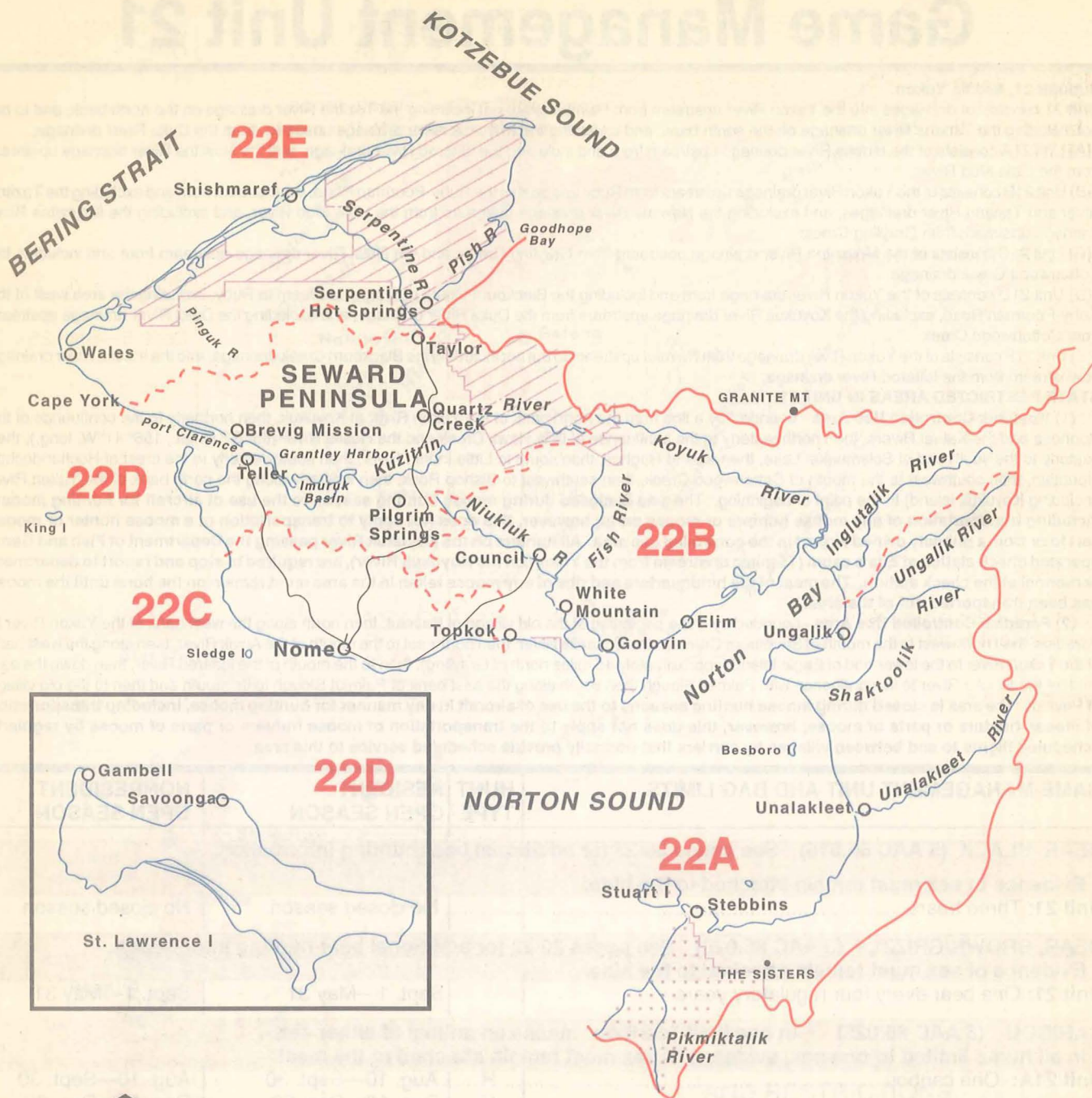
GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 21: Three bears .....	.....	No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 21: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 21A: One caribou.	H.....	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
.....	H.....	Dec. 10—Dec. 20	Dec. 10—Dec. 20
Units 21B, 21C, and that portion of 21D north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk River and Unit 21E: One caribou, however two additional caribou may be taken during a winter season to be announced.	HorR..... HorR.....	Aug. 10—Sept. 30 Winter season to be announced.	Aug. 10—Sept. 3
Remainder of Unit 21D: Resident Hunters: Five caribou per day; however cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.	H.....	July 1—June 30	
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.	H.....		July 1—June 30

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 21A, Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25 Nov. 1—Nov. 30	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 21B: Resident Hunters: One bull.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 21C: One bull.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25	Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 21D: Resident Hunters: One moose; antlerless moose may be taken only from Sept. 21—Sept. 25 and Feb. 1—Feb. 10. Moose may not be taken within 1/2 mile of the Yukon River, below Bishop Rock, or within 5 miles of the Yukon River during the Feb. 1—Feb. 10 season.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25 Feb. 1—Feb. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 21E: Resident Hunters: One moose, however, antlerless moose may be taken only from Feb. 1—Feb. 10; moose may not be taken within 1/2 mile of the Yukon River during the February season.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25 Feb. 1—Feb. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 21: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 21: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

Game Management Unit 22

Unit 22, Nome. That part of the Seward Peninsula and adjacent mainland drained by all streams flowing into Kotzebue Sound consists of Bering Sea, Norton Sound, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage in southern Norton Sound to, but not including, the Goodhope River drainage in southern Kotzebue Sound, and all adjacent islands in the Bering Sea between the mouths of the Goodhope and Pastolik rivers;

(A) Unit 22A consists of Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage to, and including, the Ungalik River drainage, and Stuart and Besbro islands;

(B) Unit 22B consists of Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding the Ungalik River drainage to, and including, the Topkok Creek drainage;

(C) Unit 22C consists of Norton Sound and Bering Sea drainages from, but excluding, the Topkok Creek drainage to, and including, the Tisuk River drainage, and King and Sledge islands;

(D) Unit 22D consists of that portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering Sea north of but not including the Tisuk River to and including Cape York, and St. Lawrence Island;

(E) Unit 22E consists of Bering Sea, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from Cape York to, but excluding, the Goodhope River drainage, and including Little Diomed Island and Fairway Rock.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 22: NONE

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 22: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 22A: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 Apr. 15—May 25	Sept. 1—Oct. 31 Apr. 15—May 25
Unit 22B: Resident Hunters: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 Apr. 15—May 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years. Up to 20 permits may be issued in combination with Unit 22C.	D		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 Apr. 15—May 25
Unit 22C: Resident Hunters: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 May 10—May 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years. Up to 20 permits may be issued in combination with Unit 22B.	D		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 May 10—May 25
Remainder of Unit 22: Resident Hunters: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 Apr. 15—May 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years. Up to 5 permits may be issued.	D		Sept. 1—Oct. 31 Apr. 15—May 25
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 22A and 22B: Resident Hunters: Five caribou per day; however cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.	H	July 1—June 30	
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.	H		July 1—June 30
Units 22C, 22D, and 22E		No open season	No open season
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 22A, Resident Hunters: One bull.	H	Aug. 1—Sept. 30 Dec. 1—Jan. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H		Aug. 1—Sept. 30
Unit 22B: Resident Hunters: One moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only from Dec. 1—Dec. 31. No person may take a cow accompanied by a calf.	H	Aug. 1—Jan. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H		Aug. 1—Jan. 31
Unit 22C: Resident Hunters: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 14	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 1—Sept. 14
Unit 22D: Resident Hunters: One moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only from Dec. 1—Dec. 31. No person may take a cow accompanied by a calf; only antlered moose may be taken Jan. 1—Jan. 31.	H	Aug. 1—Jan. 31	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	H		Aug. 1—Jan. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 22E: Resident Hunters: One moose. No person may take a cow accompanied by a calf. Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with four or more brow tines on one side.	.... H....	Aug. 1—Mar. 31	Aug. 1—Mar. 31
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 22: Five wolves .....	.....	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 22: One wolverine. ....	.....	Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			



Game Management Unit 23

Unit 23, Kotzebue Sound.

Unit 23 consists of Kotzebue Sound, Chukchi Sea, and Arctic Ocean drainages from and including the Goodhope River drainage to Cape Lisburne.
STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 23

(1) **Noatak Controlled Use Area** - consists of a corridor extending five miles on either side of the Noatak River beginning at the mouth of the Noatak River, and extending upstream to the mouth of Sapun Creek. The area is **closed for the period August 25 to September 15 to the use of aircraft in any manner of big game hunting**, including transportation of big game hunters or parts of big game; however, this does not apply to the transportation of big game hunters or parts of big game by regularly scheduled flights to communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled air service.

(2) **Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area** - consists of all drainages in Unit 23 except for the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle, Unit 24 west of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area, and Unit 26A. The area is **open to brown bear hunting under regulations governing Units 23, 24, and 26 except that a resident hunter may obtain registration permit in lieu of a resident brown bear tag prior to hunting and aircraft may not be used in any manner for brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear registration permit**, including transportation of hunters, bears, or parts of bear. However, this does not apply to transportation of bear hunters or bear parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation by aircraft to or between publicly owned airports, **brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear registration permit is open from September 1 through May 31 for one bear per regulatory year.**

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

HUNT TYPE

RESIDENT OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON

BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.

• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.

Unit 23: Three bears No closed season No closed season

BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.

• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.

Unit 23: Resident Hunters: One bear every four regulatory years. Sept. 1—Oct. 10
Apr. 15—May 25

Nonresident Hunters: One bear; by permit only; every four regulatory years; up to 25 permits may be issued. D Sept. 1—Oct. 10
Apr. 15—May 25

Unit 23, those portions in the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area. One bear every regulatory year. Hunters must register to hunt; see page 52. Sept. 1—May 31
(Subsistence hunt only) No open season

CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 23: Resident Hunters: Five caribou per day; however cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30. HorR July 1—June 30

Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30. H July 1—June 30

MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • Spike-fork and 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.

• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.

• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.

Unit 23, that portion in the Noatak drainage:

Resident Hunters: One moose, however, antlerless moose may be taken only from Nov. 1—Mar. 31; no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf. H Aug. 1—Sept. 15
H Oct. 1—Mar. 31

Nonresident Hunters: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side. H Sept. 1—Sept. 15

Remainder of Unit 23: Resident Hunters: One moose; no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf. H Aug. 1—Mar. 31

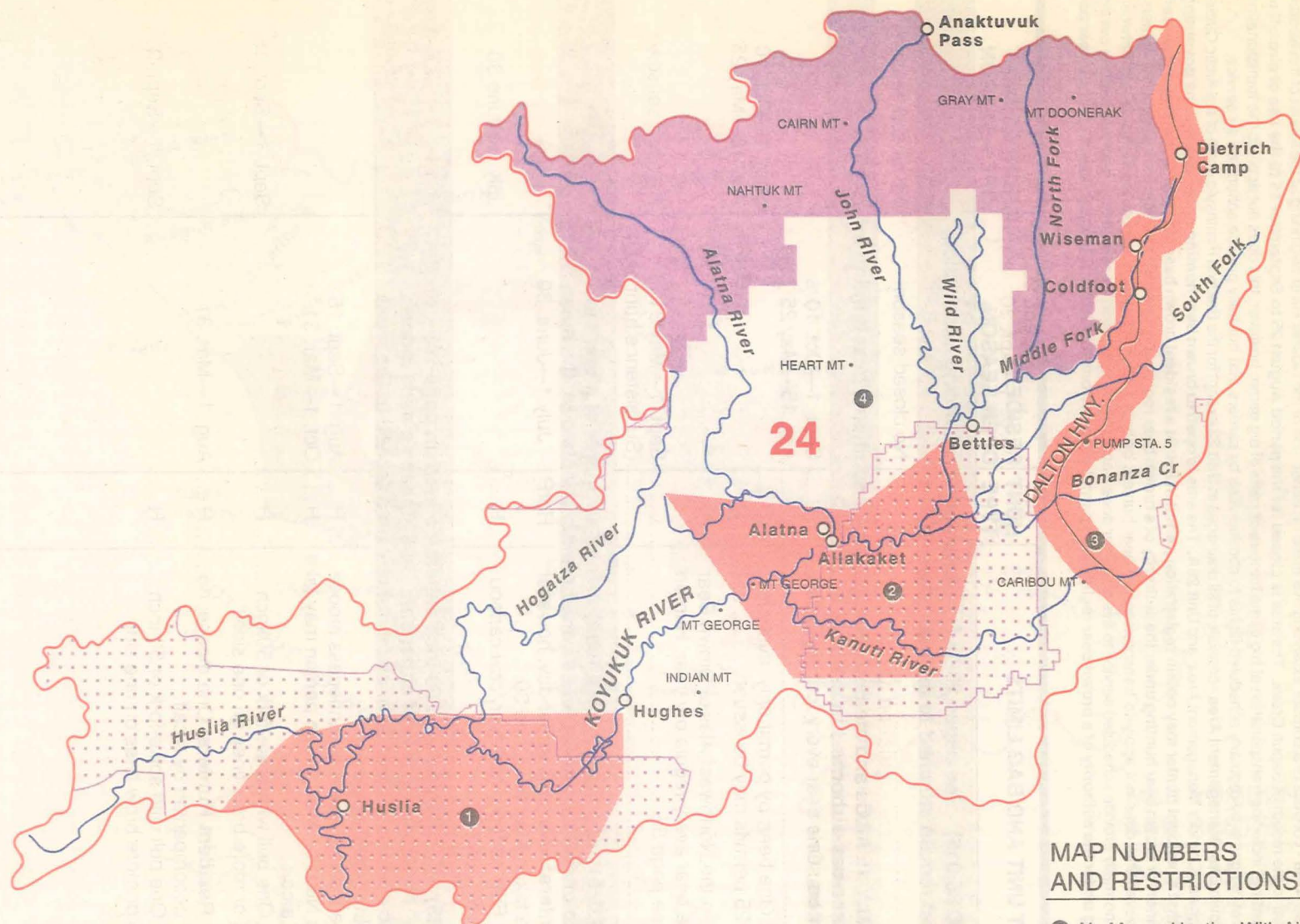
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side. H Sept. 1—Sept. 20

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

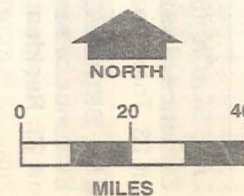
T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Moose Hunting With Aircraft
Moose Cannot be Boned Out
Hunters Must Stop at Check Station
- ② No Moose Hunting With Aircraft
- ③ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
Bow and Arrow Only
- ④ Brown Bear Hunting Restrictions



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter information, page 9). • See definition of full-curl horn, pages 18. • The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 23 , that portion south and east of the Noatak River, and west of the Cutler and Redstone Rivers (excluding the Upper Noatak River Canyon/Sekuiak Bluffs): All Hunters: One ram with full curl horn or larger; the harvest ... R Aug. 10—Sept. 20 quota will be announced before the hunt. Resident Hunters: One sheep; season will be closed when R Oct. 1—Apr. 30 up to 30 sheep have been taken.			
Remainder of Unit 23 , excluding Gates of the Arctic National Park: All Hunters: One ram with full-curl horn or larger Aug. 10—Sept. 20 Resident Hunters: One sheep Oct. 1—Apr. 30			
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in Unit 23 are closed to sheep hunting from Oct. 1—April 30, except by residents of Unit 23 living north of the Arctic Circle. For information on the location of these federal public lands contact National Park Service, Kotzebue (907) 442-3890.			
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 23: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 23: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

Game Management Unit 24

Unit 24, Koyukuk.

Unit 24 consists of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from but not including the Dulbi River drainage.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 24

- (1) Koyukuk Controlled Use Area - see Unit 21
- (2) Kanuti Controlled Use Area - bounded by a line from the Bettles Field VOR to the east side of Fish Creek lake to Old Dummy Lake, to the south end of Lake Todalonten (including all waters of these lakes), to the northern most headwaters of Siruk Creek to the highest peak of Double Point Mountain, the back to Bettles Field VOR. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or moose parts. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose part by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.
- (3) Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area - see Unit 20
- (4) Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area - see Unit 23

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 24: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 24: those portions in the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area. One bear every regulatory year. Hunters R must register to hunt; see page 52.		Sept. 1—May 31 (Subsistence hunt only)	No open season
Unit 24: One bear every four regulatory years.		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain with the meat.			
Unit 24, the Kanuti River drainage upstream from the Kanuti River, Chalatna Creek confluence, and the Fish Creek drainage, including Bonanza Creek: One bull.	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 24: Residents Hunters: Five caribou per day; however cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.	H	July 1—June 30	
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.	H		July 1—June 30
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain with the meat.			
Unit 24, that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area:			
Resident Hunters: One moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only during the periods Sept. 21—Sept. 25, Dec. 1—Dec. 10, and Mar. 1—Mar. 10.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25 Dec. 1—Dec. 10 Mar. 1—Mar. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 24, that portion of the John River drainage within the Gates of the Arctic National Park: One moose.	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	No open season
Unit 24, all drainages to the north of the Koyukuk River upstream from, and including the Alatna River to, and including the North Fork of the Koyukuk River, except that portion of the John River drainage within the Gates of the Arctic National Park.			
Resident Hunters: One moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only during the periods Sept. 21—Sept. 25 and Mar. 1—Mar. 10.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25 Mar. 1—Mar. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Remainder of Unit 24: Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 25	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 5—Sept. 25
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in the Kanuti Controlled Use Area are closed to moose hunting except by residents of Unit 24, Anaktuvuk Pass, Koyukuk, and Galena. For information on the location of these federal public lands, contact Kanuti national Wildlife Refuge (907) 456-0329.			
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150). • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9). • See definition of full-curl horn, pages 18. • The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain with the meat.			
Unit 24: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license. • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • No wolf hunting same-day-airborne. • All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 24: Five wolves		Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13. • This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license. • All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170). • No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 24: One wolverine.		Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

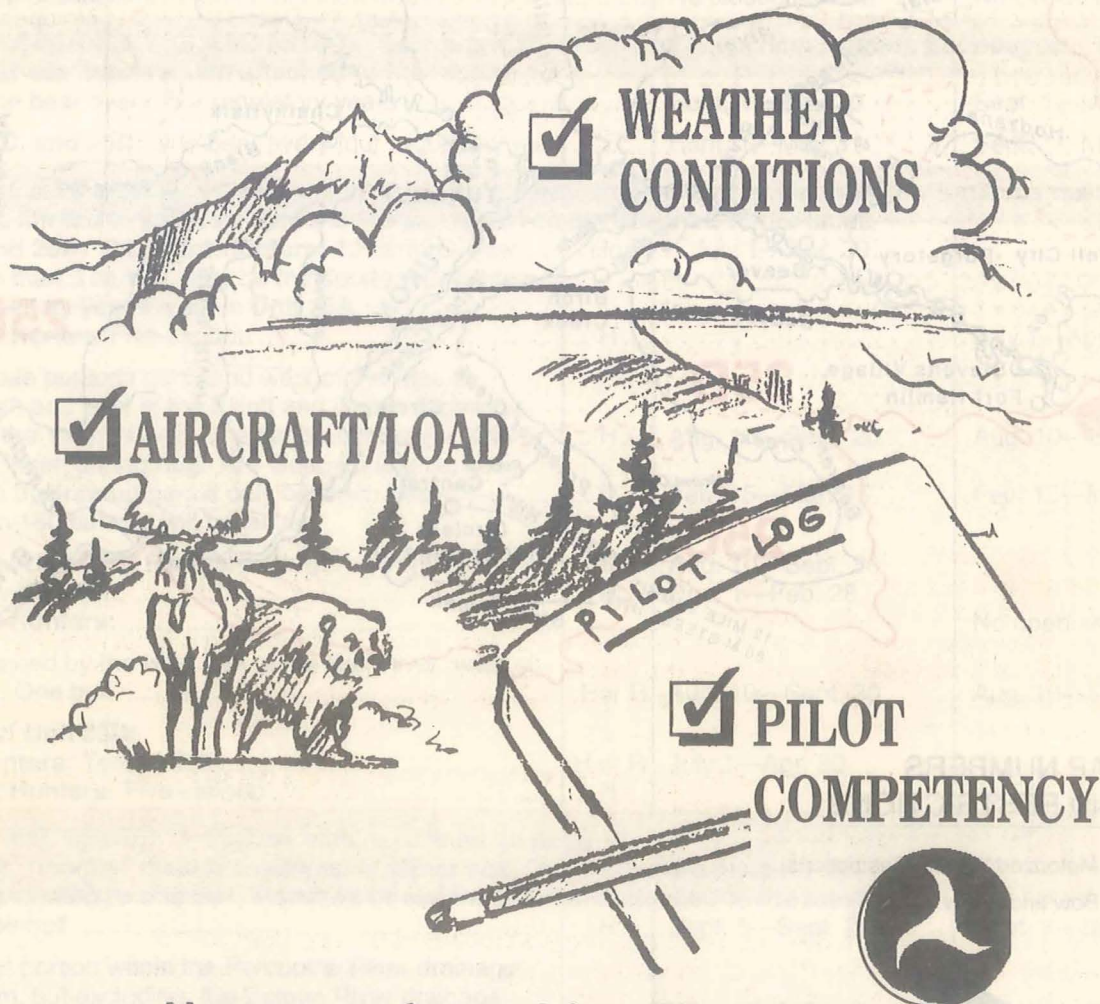
T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

PILOTS

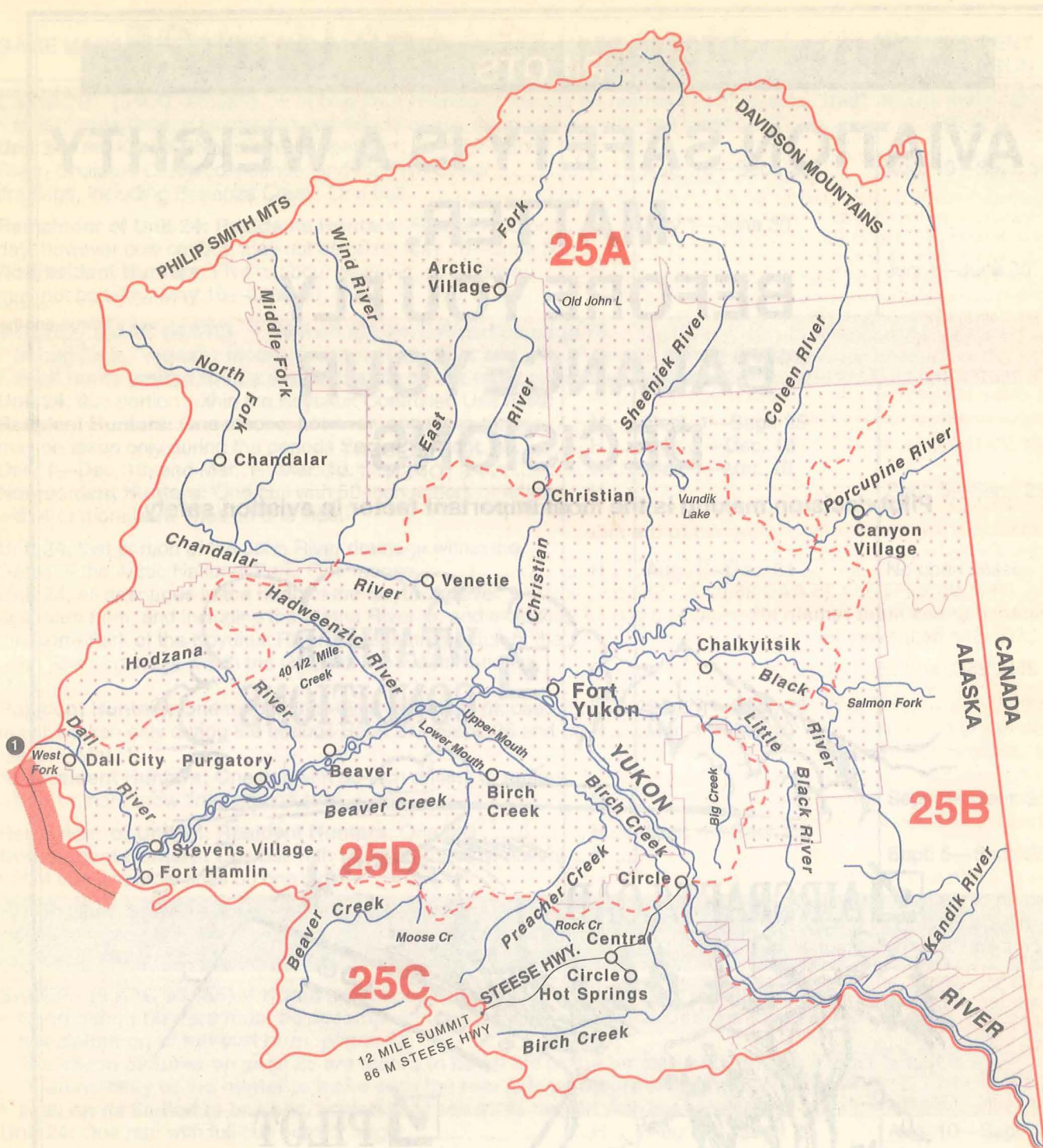
AVIATION SAFETY IS A WEIGHTY MATTER, BEFORE YOU FLY BALANCE YOUR DECISIONS

Pilot decision making is the most important factor in aviation safety



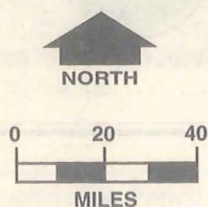
Have a safe and fun-filled trip!





MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
Bow and Arrow Only



Game Management Unit 25

Unit 25, Fort Yukon.

Unit 25 consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream from but not including the Hamlin Creek drainage, and excluding drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from the Charley River;

(A) Unit 25A consists of the Hodzana River drainage upstream from the Narrows, the Chandalar River drainage upstream from and including the East Fork drainage, the Christian River drainage upstream from Christian, the Sheenjek River drainage upstream from and including the Thluichohnjek Creek, the Coleen River drainage, and the Old Crow River drainage;

(B) Unit 25B consists of the Little Black River drainage upstream from but not including the Big Creek drainage, the Black River drainage upstream from and including the Salmon Fork drainage, the Porcupine River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Coleen and Porcupine rivers, and drainages into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle, including the islands in the Yukon River;

(C) Unit 25C consists of drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle to the Subunit 20(E) boundary, the Birch Creek drainage upstream from the Steese Highway bridge (milepost 147), the Preacher Creek drainage upstream from and including the Rock Creek drainage, and the Beaver Creek drainage upstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage;

(D) Unit 25D consists of the remainder of Unit 25.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 25

(1) Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area - see Unit 20

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 25: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See pages 20-23 for additional bear hunting information.			
• Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 25A: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 1—May 20	Sept. 1—May 20
Unit 25B, 25C, and 25D: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 31
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Units 25A and 25B: Resident Hunters: 10 caribou; however no more than 5 caribou may be transported from these units per regulatory year except in Unit 26A .	HorR	July 1—Apr. 30	
Nonresident Hunter: Five caribou	H		July 1—Apr. 30
Unit 25C: those portions north and west of the Steese Highway, north and east of the Elliott and Dalton Highways and south of the Yukon River: One caribou; however, only	H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20
bulls may be taken during Aug. 10—Sept. 20 and caribou may be taken by drawing permit only between Feb. 15—	D	Feb. 15—Mar. 15	Feb. 15—Mar. 15
Mar. 15; up to 150 permits will be issued.			
Remainder of Unit 25C, Resident Hunters: One bull: up to 450 bulls may be taken.	R	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	
	R	Dec. 1—Feb. 28	
Nonresident Hunters:			No open season
Unit 25D, drained by the west fork of the Dall River, west of 150° W. long: One bull.	Hor R	Aug. 10—Sept. 30	Aug. 10—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 25D:			
Resident Hunters: Ten caribou.....	H or R	July 1—Apr. 30	
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou	H		July 1—Apr. 30
MOOSE (5 AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19.			
• In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 25A, One bull.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25	Sept. 5—Sept. 25
Unit 25B, that portion within the Porcupine River drainage upstream from, but excluding, the Coleen River drainage: One bull.	H	Sept. 20—Sept. 30	Sept. 20—Sept. 30
Remainder of Unit 25B: One bull.	H	Sept. 5—Sept. 25	Sept. 5—Sept. 25
	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 15	

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

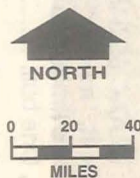
T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket



MAP NUMBERS AND RESTRICTIONS

- ① No Moose Hunting With Aircraft
- ② Brown Bear Hunting Restrictions
- ③ Motorized Vehicle Restrictions
- ④ No Big Game Hunting



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 25C: One bull.	H	Sept. 1—Sept. 15	Sept. 5—Sept. 15
Unit 25D: that portion lying west of a line extending from the Unit 25D boundary on Preacher Creek, then downstream along Preacher Creek, Birch Creek, and Lower Mouth Birch Creek to the Yukon River, then downstream along the north bank of the Yukon River (including islands) to the confluence of the Hadweenzik River, then upstream along the west bank of the Hadweenzik River to the confluence of Forty and One-half Mile Creek, then upstream along Forty and One-Half Mile Creek to Nelson Mountain on the Unit 25D boundary. One bull; up to 125 permits will be issued.			
.....	T	Aug. 25—Sept. 25	No open season
.....	T	Dec. 1—Dec. 10	
.....	T	Feb. 18—Feb. 28	
Remainder of Unit 25D: Resident Hunters: One bull	H	Sept. 10—Sept. 20	
.....	H	Dec. 1—Dec. 10	
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	H		Sept. 10—Sept. 20

SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).

- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter information, page 9).
- See definition of full-curl horn, page 18.
- The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.

Unit 25A: Resident Hunters: One ram with full-curl horn or larger may be taken only from Aug. 10—Sept. 20; up to three sheep by registration permit Oct. 1—Apr. 30.

Nonresident Hunters: One ram with full-curl horn or larger Aug. 10—Sept. 20

NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in that portion of **Unit 25A** established as the Arctic Village Sheep Management Area are closed to sheep hunting except by residents of Arctic Village, Venetie, Fort Yukon, Kaktovik, and Chalkytsik. For information on location of these federal public lands, contact Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (907) 456-0250.

Remainder of Unit 25: One ram with a full curl horn or larger. Aug. 10—Sept. 20 | Aug. 10—Sept. 20

WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.

- See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.
- No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.
- All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).

Unit 25: Five wolves Aug. 10—Apr. 30 | Aug. 10—Apr. 30

WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.

- This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.
- All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).
- No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.

Unit 25: One wolverine. Sept. 1—Mar. 31 | Sept. 1—Mar. 31

R=Registration Permit

D=Drawing Permit

T=Tier II Permit

H=Harvest Ticket

Game Management Unit 26

Unit 26, Arctic Slope.

Unit 26 consists of Arctic Ocean drainages between Cape Lisburne and the Alaska-Canada border, including the Firth River drainage within Alaska;

(A) Unit 26A consists of that portion of Unit 26 lying west of the Itkillik River drainage, and west of the east bank of the Colville River between the mouth of the Itkillik River and the Arctic Ocean;

(B) Unit 26B consists of that portion of Unit 26 east of Unit 26A, west of the west bank of the Canning River, and west of the west bank of the Marsh Fork of the Canning River;

(C) Unit 26C consist of the remainder of Unit.

STATE RESTRICTED AREAS IN UNIT 26

(1) **Unit 26A Controlled Use Area** - consists of all of Unit 26A and from August 1 through August 31 and January 1 through March 31, the area is closed to using aircraft for moose hunting, including transportation of moose hunters or parts of moose. No hunter may take or transport a moose, or part of a moose in Unit 26A after having been transported by aircraft into the unit. However, this does not apply to transportation of moose hunters or moose parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between villages by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation by aircraft to or between publicly owned airports.

(2) **Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Management Area** - see Unit 23.

(3) **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area** - see Unit 20.

(4) **Prudhoe Bay Closed Area.**

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
BEAR, BLACK (5 AAC 85.015) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 26: Three bears		No closed season	No closed season
BEAR, BROWN/GRIZZLY (5 AAC 85.020) See page 20-23 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
Unit 26A, east of 159° W. long: Resident Hunters: One		Sept. 1—May 31	
bear every four regulatory years			
Nonresident Hunters: One bear; by permit only; every four	D		Sept. 1—May 20
regulatory years; up to 12 permits may be issued.			
Unit 26A, west of 159° W. long.: Resident Hunters: One		Sept. 1—May 31	
bear every four regulatory years.			
Nonresident Hunters: One bear; by permit only; every four	D		Sept. 1—May 20
regulatory years; up to 22 permits may be issued.			
Unit 26A, within the Northwest Alaska Brown Bear Manage- ment Area. One bear every regulatory year. Hunters must	R	Sept. 1—May 31 (Subsistence hunt only)	No open season
register to hunt; see page 52.			
Unit 26B: Resident Hunters: One bear every four		Sept. 1—May 31	
regulatory years			
Nonresident Hunters: One bear every four regulatory years; ...	D		Sept. 1—May 20
up to 10 permits may be issued.			
Unit 26C: One bear every four regulatory years		Sept. 1—May 31	Sept. 1—May 20
CARIBOU (5 AAC 85.025) • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 26A: Resident Hunters: Five caribou per day;.....	H or R	July 1—June 30	
however cow caribou may not be taken May 16—June 30.			
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou; however, cow caribou	H		July 1—June 30
may not be taken May 16—June 30.			
Unit 26B: that portion north of 69°30' and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a point at 70°10' N. lat. 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 149°56' W. long. then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean.			
Resident Hunters: Ten caribou.....	H or R	July 1—Apr. 30	
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou	H		July 1—Apr. 30
Remainder of Unit 26B: Resident Hunters: Two caribou;	H or R	July 1—Apr. 30	
however only one caribou may be taken from July 1—Sept. 30, and cow caribou may be taken only from Oct. 1—Apr. 30.			
Nonresident Hunters: One bull.	H		July 1—Apr. 30
Unit 26C Resident Hunters: 10 caribou; only bull caribou	H or R	July 1—Apr. 30	
may be taken June 23—June 30.			
Nonresident Hunters: Five caribou	H		July 1—Apr. 30
MOOSE (5AAC 85.045) • 50-inch antlers defined on page 19. • In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Unit 26A, that portion in the Colville River drainage upstream from and including the Chandler River drainage:	H	Aug. 1—Mar. 31	
Resident Hunters: One moose no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf.			
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers ...	H		Sept. 1—Dec. 31
with 4 or more brow tines on one side.			
Remainder of Unit 26A: Resident Hunters: One moose;	H	Aug. 1—Dec. 31	
no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf.			
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers ...	H		Sept. 1—Dec. 31
with 4 or more brow tines on one side.			
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

	HUNT TYPE	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
Unit 26B , that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side; by bow and arrow only.			
..... H	Sept. 5—Sept. 15	Sept. 5—Sept. 15	
Remainder of Units 26B and 26C: Resident Hunters:			
..... H	Sept. 5—Sept. 15		
One bull	Nov. 1—Dec. 31		
Nonresident Hunters: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.			
..... H		Sept. 5—Sept. 15	
MUSKOX (5 AAC 85.050) • Evidence of sex must remain attached to the hide.			
• Muskox tag required.			
Unit 26B: One bull; by permit only; up to two muskoxen may be taken.			
..... T	Oct. 1—Oct. 31	No open season	
..... T	Mar. 1—Mar. 31		
Remainder of Unit 26			
.....	No open season	No open season	
SHEEP (5 AAC 85.055) • Horns must accompany meat from the field (5 AAC 92.150).			
• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (see Guide/Outfitter Information, page 9).			
• See definition of full-curl horn, pages 18.			
• The sheep pictures on page 26 are meant to be an aid to the hunter in identifying a legal ram. It is the responsibility of the hunter to make sure the ram is legal before shooting.			
• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to the meat.			
Units 26A and 26B: One ram with full curl horn or larger.			
..... H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	Aug. 10—Sept. 20	
Unit 26C: Resident Hunters: One ram with full curl horn or larger may be taken only from Aug. 10—Sept. 20; up to three sheep by registration permit Oct. 1—Apr. 30			
..... H	Aug. 10—Sept. 20		
Nonresident Hunters: One ram with full curl horn or larger			
..... H		Aug. 10—Sept. 20	
NOTE: Under federal subsistence hunting regulations, federal public lands in that portion of Unit 25A established as the Arctic Village Sheep Management Area are closed to sheep hunting except by residents of Arctic Village, Venetie, Fort Yukon, Kaktovik, and Chalkytsik. For information on the location of these federal public lands, contact Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (907) 456-0250.			
WOLF (5 AAC 85.056) • This regulation applies to taking of wolves as big game under a hunting license.			
• See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• No wolf hunting same-day-airborne.			
• All wolf hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
Unit 26: Ten wolves			
.....	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	
WOLVERINE (5 AAC 85.057) • See big game hunting methods and means, page 12-13.			
• This regulation applies to the taking of wolverines as big game under a hunting license.			
• All wolverine hides must be sealed (5 AAC 92.170).			
• No wolverine hunting same-day-airborne.			
Unit 26: One wolverine.			
.....	Sept. 1—Mar. 31	Sept. 1—Mar. 31	
R=Registration Permit D=Drawing Permit T=Tier II Permit H=Harvest Ticket			

STATEWIDE

SMALL GAME, FUR ANIMALS, & UNCLASSIFIED GAME

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
COYOTE (5 AAC 85.060) • See fur animal restrictions, page 12.		
Units 1–26: Two coyotes.	Sept. 1–Apr. 30	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, ARCTIC (5 AAC 85.060) • Including white and blue phases. • See fur animal restrictions p 12.		
Units 9, 17, 18, 22, 23, and 26: Two foxes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
Unit 10: No limit	No closed season	No closed season
FOX, RED (5 AAC 85.060) • Including cross, black, or silver color phases. • See fur animal restrictions p 12.		
Unit 1–7, 14, and 15	No open season	No open season
Units 8–11, 13, 16, and 17: Two foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 15	Sept. 1–Feb. 15
Units 12 and 18–26: Ten foxes, however no more than 2 foxes may be taken before Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
LYNX (5AAC 85.060) • See fur animal restrictions p 12.		
Units 1–8, 10, and 14–16:	No open season	No open season
Units 11 and 13: Two lynx	Nov. 10–Jan. 31	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
Units 9 and 17: Two lynx	Nov. 10–Feb. 28	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 11, 13, 22, and 26: Two lynx	Nov. 1–Apr. 15	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
Units 12 and 20E: Two lynx	Nov. 1–Jan. 31	Nov. 1–Jan. 31
Unit 18: Two lynx	Nov. 10–Mar. 31	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Remainder of 20 and Unit 25C: Two lynx	Dec. 1–Jan. 31	Dec. 1–Jan. 31
Unit 23: Two lynx	Dec. 1–Jan. 15	Dec. 1–Jan. 15
Units 19, 21, 24, and remainder of Unit 25: Two lynx	Nov. 1–Feb. 28	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
SQUIRREL (5AAC 85.060) • See fur animal restrictions, page 12 . • Including red, ground, and flying squirrel		
Units 1–26: No limit.	No closed season	No closed season
GROUSE (5AAC 85.065) • Including spruce, blue, ruffed, and sharp-tailed grouse.		
Units 1–6: Five per day, ten in possession	Aug. 1–May 15	Aug. 1–May 15
Units 7, 11, 12, 15, Remainder of 20 and 25: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession.	Aug. 10–Mar. 31	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
Units 8 and 10	No open season	No open season
Units 9, 17–19, 21–24, and 26: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
Units 13, 14A, 14B, and 16: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession of which not more than 2 per day and 4 in possession may be ruffed grouse.	Aug. 10–Mar. 31	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
Unit 14C: Five per day, ten in possession of which not more than 2 per day and 4 in possession may be ruffed grouse.	Sept. 6–Mar. 31	Sept. 6–Mar. 31
Unit 20D, that portion south of the Tanana River and west of the Johnson River: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession, provided that not more than five per day and ten in possession may be sharp-tailed grouse. Between Aug. 10-Aug. 24 grouse may be taken by use of a falcon under a falconry permit, the daily bag and possession limit is 10 per day but only 2 can be sharp-tailed grouse.	Aug. 25–Mar. 31	Aug. 25–Mar. 31

GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

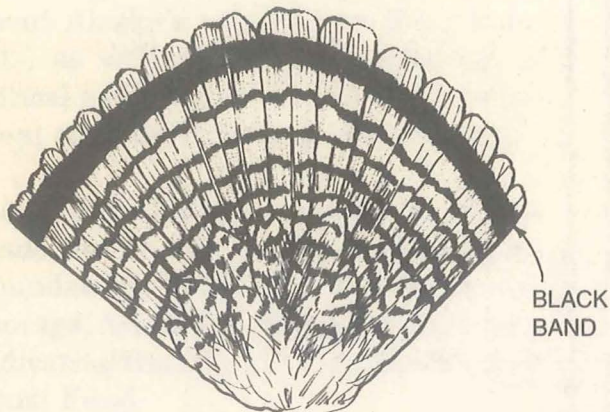
	RESIDENT OPEN SEASON	NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON
HARE (5AAC 85.065) • Snowshoe and arctic hare.		
Unit 1-5: Five per day	Sept. 1—Apr. 30	Sept. 1—Apr. 30
Units 6-26, except 14A and 14C: No limit	No closed season	No closed season
Unit 14A: Five per day	No closed season	No closed season
Unit 14C: Five per day	Sept. 6—Apr. 30	Sept. 6—Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN (5AAC 85.065) • Willow, rock, and white-tailed ptarmigan.		
Unit 1-6: Twenty a day, forty in possession	Aug. 1—May 15	Aug. 1—May 15
Units 7, 11, 14B, 15 (except 15C), and 16: Twenty per day, forty in possession.	Aug. 10—Mar. 31	Aug. 10—Mar. 31
Units 8-10, 12, 17-19, and 21-25 (except 25C): Twenty per day, forty in possession.	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
Unit 20 and 25C, those portions within five miles of AK Route 6 (Steese Hwy.) and AK Route 5 (Taylor Hwy. both to Eagle and the Alaska-Canada boundary) and that portion of Alaska Route 4 (Richardson Hwy.) south of Delta Junction: Twenty per day, forty in possession.	Aug. 10—Mar. 31	Aug. 10—Mar. 31
Remainder of Units 20 and 25C: Twenty per day, forty in possession.	Aug. 10—Apr. 30	Aug. 10—Apr. 30
Units 13 and 14A: Ten per day, twenty in possession	Aug. 10—Mar. 31	Aug. 10—Mar. 31
Unit 14C: Ten per day, twenty in possession	Sept. 6—Mar. 31	Sept. 6—Mar. 31
Unit 15C: Twenty per day, forty in possession	Aug. 10—Dec. 31	Aug. 10—Dec. 31
Five a day, ten in possession	Jan. 1—Mar. 31	Jan. 1—Mar. 31
BAT, SHREW, RAT, MOUSE, PORCUPINE, RACCOON, STARLING (5 AAC 85.070)		
Unit 1-26: No limit	No closed season	No closed season

Attention GMU 14 Grouse Hunters

The Department of Fish & Game is in the third year of a program to establish Ruffed Grouse in the Mat-Su Valley. Given Sufficient survival and reproduction by the introduced birds a huntable population could be available in 3-5 years.

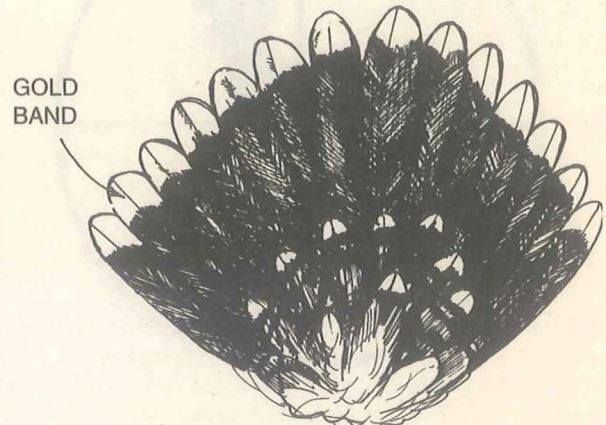
RUFFED GROUSE

mottled grey/brown with black tail band



SPRUCE GROUSE

dark brown to black bird with gold band on tip of tail



GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT AND BAG LIMITS

RESIDENT OPEN SEASON

NONRESIDENT OPEN SEASON

CORMORANT (5 AAC 85.070)

Units 10, 17, 18, 22, and 23

No closed season
(Subsistence hunt only)

No open season

No limit; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird may be sold or offered for sale.

CROW (5 AAC 85.070)

Unit 1-9 and 15: Forty per day

Mar. 1-Apr. 15
Sept. 1-Nov. 17

Mar. 1-Apr. 15
Sept. 1-Nov. 17

Unit 10-14 and 16-26

No open season

No open season

SNOWY OWL (5 AAC 85.070)

Units 17, 18, 22, and 23

No closed season
(General hunt only)

No open season

No limit; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird may be sold or offered for sale.

MAGPIE (5 AAC 85.070)

Unit 1-26

No open season

No open season

RAVEN (5 AAC 85.070)

Unit 1-26

No open season

No open season



Give to the Alaska Watchable Wildlife Conservation Trust

The Alaska Watchable Wildlife Conservation Trust was cooperatively established in 1991 by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game and the Alaska Conservation Foundation. The objective of the trust is to expand wildlife conservation efforts in Alaska by broadening public support for conserving Alaska's unique wildlife resources. The trust provides funding for interpretative, research, and educational programs about Alaska's wildlife and their habitats, as well as for the acquisition of critical wildlife habitat and the development of wildlife viewing opportunities.

Tax deductible gifts and checks can be made out to the Alaska Conservation Foundation, 430 W. 7th Ave. #215, Anchorage, AK 99501. Please include a note indicating that the gift is for the Wildlife Trust Fund.

ALASKA HUNTER EDUCATION: TRAINING TOMORROW'S HUNTERS

Training safe, responsible hunters is the mission of the Alaska Hunter Education program. Not just for young people, this program offers training in safe firearms handling, wildlife conservation and hunting ethics for hunters of any age. Alaska's hunter education certificate is honored in other states and provinces with mandatory hunter education requirements.

For information on a class near you, call:

Anchorage and Southcentral Alaska
(907) 267-2347

**Fairbanks and Interior/Arctic/Coastal
Alaska**
(907) 456-5156

Juneau and Southeast Alaska
(907) 465-4265



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Anchorage and Southcentral Alaska
(907) 257-2347

Fairbanks and Interior/Alaska Coastal
Alaska
(907) 452-5152

Juneau and Southeast Alaska
(907) 462-4252



Give to the Alaska Watchable Wildlife Conservation Trust

The Alaska Watchable Wildlife Conservation Trust was cooperatively established in 1991 by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game and the Alaska Conservation Foundation. The objective of the trust is to expand wildlife conservation efforts in Alaska by providing public support for conserving Alaska's unique wildlife resources. The trust provides funding for interpretive, research, and educational programs about Alaska's wildlife and their habitats, as well as for the acquisition of critical wildlife habitat and the development of wildlife viewing opportunities.

Tax deductible gifts and checks can be made out to the Alaska Conservation Foundation, 430 W. 7th Ave., 3rd Floor, Anchorage, AK 99501. Please include a note indicating that the gift is for the Wildlife Conservation Trust Fund.

ALASKA

HUNTING REGULATIONS

Section 1. The Department of Game and Fish, Alaska, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above subject.

Section 2. The Department of Game and Fish, Alaska, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above subject.

Section 3. The Department of Game and Fish, Alaska, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above subject.

Section 4. The Department of Game and Fish, Alaska, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above subject.

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ALASKA HUNTER EDUCATION

"Teaching Tomorrow's Hunters"

Hunter Education training includes:

- ☒ Hunting ethics and responsibility
- ☒ Wildlife conservation and management
- ☒ Firearms, bowhunting, & outdoor safety

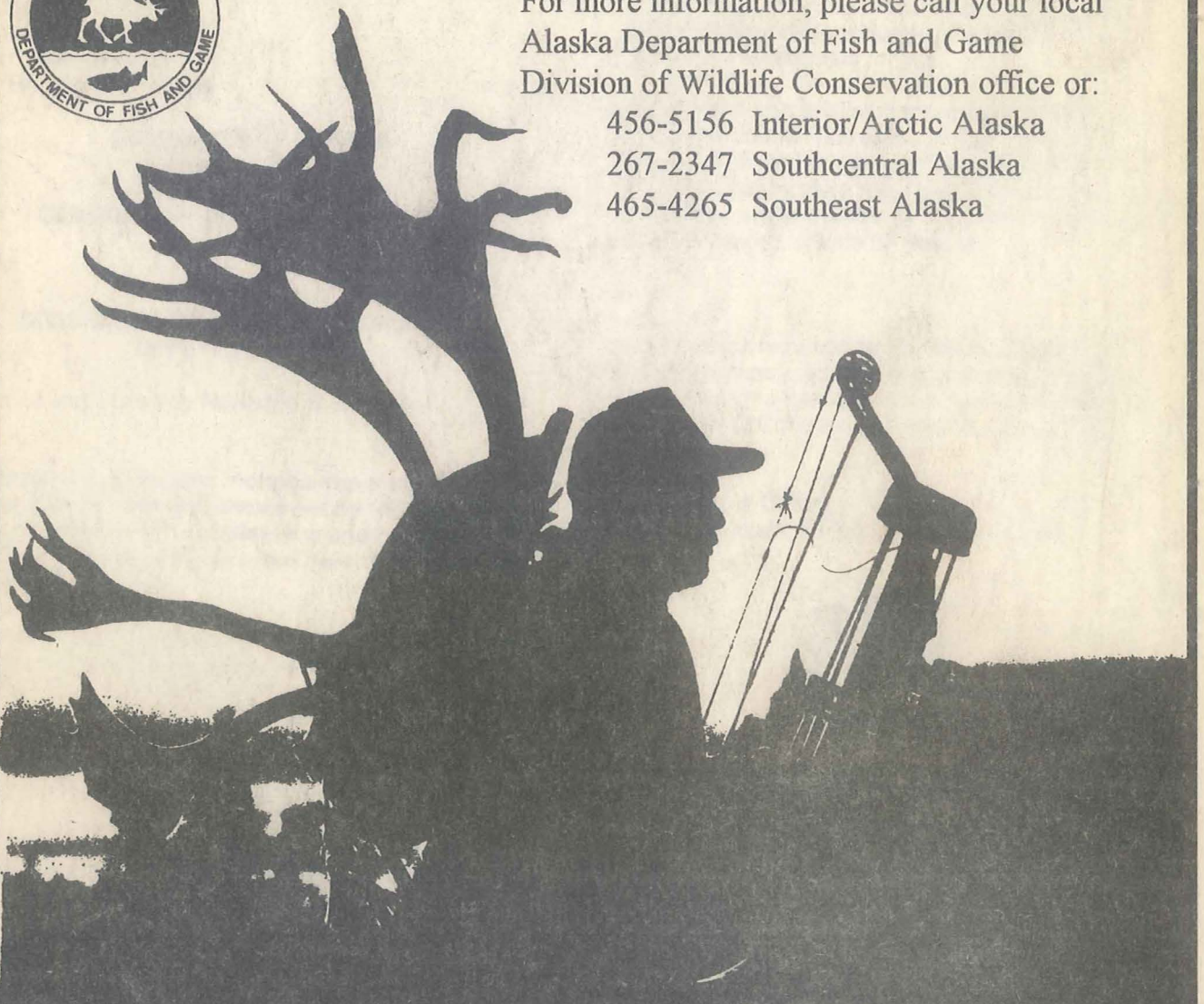


For more information, please call your local
Alaska Department of Fish and Game
Division of Wildlife Conservation office or:

456-5156 Interior/Arctic Alaska

267-2347 Southcentral Alaska

465-4265 Southeast Alaska



Hunter Education is a program of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and is supported by Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration.
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