

# **Source Water Assessment**

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for Yukon Ventures Public Drinking Water System, Yukon River Crossing, Alaska PWSID # 360379.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION REPORT 1811

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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### DRINKING WATER PROTECTION REPORT 1811

The Drinking Water Protection (DWP) section of the Drinking Water Program is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the DWP staff at the following toll-free number 1-866-956-7656.

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### Source Water Assessment for Yukon Ventures Source of Public Drinking Water, Yukon River Crossing, Alaska

# **Drinking Water Protection Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation**

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The public water system for Yukon Ventures is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system consisting of one well located on the north bank of the Yukon River at the Dalton Highway and the Alyeska Pipeline crossing. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aguifer received a susceptibility rating of Low. Combining these two ratings produces a **High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for Yukon Ventures public drinking water source include: an assumed septic system, a road, and an oil pipeline. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the public water sources for Yukon Ventures received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for all three contaminant categories. This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Yukon Ventures to protect public health.

# YUKON VENTURES PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Yukon Ventures public water system is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system. The system consists of one well located on the north bank of the Yukon River at the Dalton Highway and the Alyeska Pipeline crossing, about 94 miles northwest of Fairbanks, Alaska (see Map A in Appendix A).

According to the well log (06/17/1974), the well extends approximately 240 feet below the ground surface and is completed in a confined aquifer.

This system operates from April through October and serves 4 residents and 45 non-residents through two service connections.

# YUKON VENTURES DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the drinking water protection area. The drinking water protection area is the area circling the well (the area influenced by pumping) and also the area upgradient of the well, usually forming a parabola shape. Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

There are many different methods for calculating the size of protection areas. Drinking Water Protection (DWP) uses a combination of two simple groundwater flow equations, the Thiem and uniform flow equations for all groundwater wells screened in unconsolidated material. The orientation of the protection zone is then drawn using a water table elevation map (if available) or a land surface elevation map of the area. The protection zone calculated by DWP is an estimate using the available information and resources, and may differ slightly from the actual capture zone. Because of uncertainties and changing site conditions, a factor of safety is added to the protection zone to form the drinking water protection area for the well.

The parameters used to calculate the shape of this protection zone are general for the whole alluvial plain and were obtained from various United States Geological Survey (USGS) reports, area well logs, and the Groundwater textbook by Freeze and Cherry (Freeze and Cherry, 1979).

The protection areas established for wells by the DEC are usually separated into two zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the protection area. The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the two protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition					
A	Several months time-of-travel					
В	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel					

The drinking water protection area for Yukon Ventures was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A and B (see Map A in Appendix A).

# INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

DWP has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Yukon Ventures drinking water protection area. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, the following three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried:

- Bacteria and viruses:
- Nitrates and/or nitrites;
- Volatile organic chemicals

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

### RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low;
- Medium;
- High; and
- Very High.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

# VULNERABILITY OF YUKON VENTURES DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural Susceptibility; and
- Contaminant Risks.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility of the well is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0-25 Points)
+
Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0-25 Points)
-

Natural Susceptibility of the Well (0-50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings						
gh						

Factors contributing to the susceptibility of the wellhead are: whether the sanitary seal is in place, protection from flooding, and if the well casing is properly grouted.

The wellhead for the Yukon Ventures received a **Very High** susceptibility rating, due to its location within a flood plain. The most recent sanitary survey (6/21/2001) indicates that a sanitary seal is not installed on the well and the land surface is not sloped away from the well. It is fitted with a concrete pad, which is broken. Sanitary seals prevent potential contaminants from entering the well, while sloping of the land surface away from the wellhead provides adequate surface water drainage, and concrete or grouting around the wellhead helps to prevent potential contaminants from traveling down the outside of the well casing. Additionally, the wellhead lies within a floodplain, which is the main contributing factor to the susceptibility rating for this system.

Factors contributing to the susceptibility of the aquifer are: whether the aquifer is confined or unconfined, whether the well is completed in unconsolidated or fractured bedrock, whether wells and bore holes are penetrating the aquifer and, if applicable, the confining layer.

The Yukon Ventures system draws water from a confined aquifer overlain by 94 feet of frozen soils. It received a **Low** susceptibility rating because of its deep nature and thick confining layers. Deeper aquifers are more protected from surface contaminants while thicker confining layers provide greater protection from any contamination that does manage to penetrate to that depth.

Table 2 summarizes the Susceptibility scores and ratings for the Yukon Ventures system.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the	25	Very High
Wellhead		
Susceptibility of the	8	Low
Aquifer		
Natural Susceptibility	33	High

Contaminant risks are derived from an evaluation of the routine sampling results of the water system and the presence of potential sources of contamination.

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type and distribution of contaminant sources. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings							
40-50 pts	Very High						
30 to < 40 pts	High						
20 to < 30 pts	Medium						
< 20 pts	Low						

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants for the Yukon Ventures system.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	12	Low
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	19	Low
Volatile Organic Chemicals	25	Medium

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score: Natural Susceptibility (0-50 Points)

+
Contaminant Risks (0-50 Points)

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0-100 Points)

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings							
80-100 pts	Very High						
60 to < 80 pts	High						
40 to < 60 pts	Medium						
< 40 pts	Low						

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0-100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants for the Yukon Ventures system.

Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

**Table 4. Overall Vulnerability** 

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	45	Medium
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	50	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	55	Medium

#### **Bacteria and Viruses**

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Low** with a septic system and a road contributing to the risk to the drinking water well.

Coliforms (a bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and while not necessarily a direct health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically fecal coliforms and E. coli. These bacteria only come from human and animal fecal waste and can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, and other symptoms (EPA, 2008).

Only a small number of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected in the water within the last 5 years of sampling at Yukon Ventures (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

### **Nitrates and Nitrites**

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Low** with a septic system and a road contributing to the risk to the drinking water well.

The sampling history for Yukon Ventures well indicates that nitrates have been detected in the water within the last 5 years of sampling, with the highest concentration of 1.45 mg/l detected on 06/07/2007 (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

### **Volatile Organic Chemicals**

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Medium** with a septic system, a pipeline, and a road contributing to the risk to the drinking water well.

The drinking water at Yukon Ventures has not recently been sampled for volatile organic chemicals (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

### **Using the Source Water Assessment**

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Yukon Ventures to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of Yukon Ventures drinking water source.

### **REFERENCES**

Alaska Department of Commerce, Community and Economic Development (ADCCED), Accessed 2009 [WWW document]. URL: http://www.commerce.state.ak.us/dca/commdb/CF\_COMDB.htm

Freeze, R.A. and Cherry, J.A., 1979. Groundwater. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Accessed 2008 [WWW document]. URL: http://www.epa.gov/safewater/contaminants/index.html.

# APPENDIX A

# Yukon Ventures Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)

### Public Water Well System for PWS #360379.001 Yukon Ventures



## **APPENDIX B**

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Yukon Ventures (Tables 1-4)

### Table 1

# Contaminant Source Inventory for Yukon Ventures

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	A	С	1 assumed septic system
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	A	C	1 road
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	A	С	1 oil pipeline
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	В	С	1 oil pipeline

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# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Table 2

## Yukon Ventures Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	A	Low	С	1 assumed septic system
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	A	Low	C	1 road

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# Table 3 Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Yukon Ventures Source of Niturities

# Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	A	Low	С	1 assumed septic system
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	A	Low	C	1 road

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### Table 4

## Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Yukon Ventures Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	A	Low	С	1 assumed septic system
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	A	Low	C	1 road
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	A	Medium	C	1 oil pipeline
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	В	Medium	С	1 oil pipeline

### **APPENDIX C**

# Yukon Ventures Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

### Public Water Well System for PWS # 360379.001 Yukon Ventures **Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination**



**Legend** 

Class B Public Water System Well

**Groundwater Protection Zones** 

Zone A Protection Area - Several Months Travel Time



Zone B Protection Area - 2 Years Travel Time

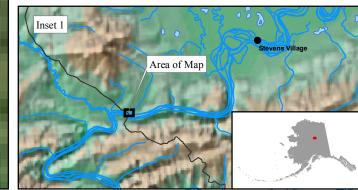
**Data Sources:** 

Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data: Alaska Statewide Digital Mapping Initiative (SDMI)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.







Feet 750 1,500 3,000

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Appendix C Map C