



Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Drinking Water System,
Napakiak, Alaska

PWSID # 262319.001

May 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1066
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1	INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING	
PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM	1	CONTAMINANT SOURCES	2
DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA	2	RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS	2
		VULNERABILITY OF DRINKING WATER	
		SYSTEM	3

TABLES

Table 1. Definition of Zones	2
Table 2. Susceptibility	3
Table 3. Contaminant Risks	4
Table 4. Overall Vulnerability	4

APPENDICES

APPENDIX	A. Napakiak WS Central Well Drinking Water Protection Area (Map A)
	B. Contaminant Source Inventory for Napakiak WS Central Well (Table 1)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Napakiak WS Central Well
	– Bacteria and Viruses (Table 2)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Napakiak WS Central Well
	– Nitrates/Nitrites (Table 3)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Napakiak WS Central Well
	– Volatile Organic Chemicals (Table 4)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Napakiak WS Central Well
	– Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals (Table 5)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Napakiak WS Central Well
	– Synthetic Organic Chemicals (Table 6)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Napakiak WS Central Well
	– Other Organic Chemicals (Table 7)
	C. Napakiak WS Central Well Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential
	and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)
	D. Vulnerability Analysis for Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
	Napakiak WS Central Well Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1 – 14)

Source Water Assessment for Napakiak WS Central Well of Public Drinking Water, Napakiak, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Napakiak WS Central Well has one Public Water System (PWS) well. The well (PWS No. 262319.001) has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in 1985.

The well is a Class A (community and non-transient/non-community) water system located approximately 1,000 feet south of the Napakiak Slough in Napakiak, Alaska. Available records indicate that there is water storage with a combined capacity of 6,720-gallons, and that the drinking water source is treated with calcium hypochlorite. This system operates year round and serves approximately 340 residents through one service connection. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **Very High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **Very High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well.

Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the public drinking water source include: a gasoline station, Laundromats, motor/motor vehicle repair shops, domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons, honey bucket disposal areas, landfills, aboveground fuel tanks, an ADEC recognized contaminated site, water supply wells, cemeteries, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, boat yards and marinas, roads, electric power generation, firehouses, medical/veterinary facilities, and an airport. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for the bacteria and viruses, nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Napakiak WS Central Well is a Class A (community/non-transient/non-community) public water system. The system is located approximately 1,000 feet south of the Napakiak Slough in Napakiak, Alaska (Sec. 17, T7N, R72W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Napakiak is located on an island between the Kuskokwim River and Johnson's Slough. The village is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, about 15 miles southwest of Bethel. The community has a population of 380 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation for Napakiak is 16 inches, including approximately 50 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range from 59 to 62°F in summer and 11 to 19°F in winter. Temperatures can be as extreme as -46 to 86°F.

The community of Napakiak obtains most of their water supply from a community well. Most households are served by a flush/haul system (ADCED, 2003). Napakiak receives electrical power from Napakiak Ircinraq Power Company. Power generating facilities are fueled by diesel. Refuse is collected by the City of Napakiak and transported to the landfill (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the Napakiak WS Central Well PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 163 feet below the ground surface, and the well is screened in an unconfined aquifer based on available construction details. The well is located within a floodplain.

Information acquired from a February 2003 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the land surface was sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces the potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The sanitary survey indicates that the well is grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

The Bethel area is near the southern border of the continuous permafrost zone and most of the area west of the Kuskokwim River appears to be underlain with permafrost. The permafrost generally extends to a depth of at least 300 feet bgs, with depths of over 600 feet bgs recorded in some areas. The geology in the area consists primarily of unconsolidated floodplain alluvium, silt deposits, and reworked silt. The Bethel area consists of poorly drained wetlands that have permanently ponded water in local depressions. Sloughs, small lakes, ponds, and marshes in meander scars surround the area (Dames & Moore, 1996).

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the Napakiak WS Central Well PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time -of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time -of-travel
B	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
C	Less Than the 5 year time -of-travel
D	Less than the 10 year time -of-travel

The DWPA for the Napakiak WS Central Well PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Napakiak WS Central Well DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals,
- Heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals,
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low,

- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only “Very High” and “High” rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well. Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)
(0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

The Napakiak WS Central Well water well is in an unconfined aquifer. Unconfined aquifers are more susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	20	Very High
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	25	Very High
Natural Susceptibility	45	Very High

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	50	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	50	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	50	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	45	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	50	Very High
Other Organic Chemicals	50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Vulnerability of the} \\
 \text{Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).}
 \end{array}$$

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings	
80 to 100 pts	Very High
60 to < 80 pts	High
40 to < 60 pts	Medium
< 40 pts	Low

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	95	Very High
Nitrates and Nitrites	95	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	95	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	90	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	95	Very High

Other Organic Chemicals 95 Very High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons, honey bucket disposal areas, and a landfill located in Zone A (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

A positive bacteria count has not been reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Very High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of domestic wastewater treatment disposal ponds/lagoons, honey bucket disposal areas, and a landfill located in Zone A (see Table 3 – Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that nitrates have not been detected in recent sampling events (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **Very High**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a gasoline station, a landfill, an ADEC recognized contaminated site, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, and an airport located in Zones A and B. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

Detectable concentrations of trihalomethanes were reported in sampling events for this public water system. However, the detectable concentrations of trihalomethanes reported in 1998 were well below the MCL of 0.08 mg/L. Trihalomethanes are considered

byproducts of the water treatment process and are not from the source waters. Since the reported concentration of TTHM's in recent sampling events did not exceed the applicable MCLs, risk points were not retained.

Aside from being byproducts of the drinking water treatment process, possible sources of volatile organic chemicals include facilities with automobiles, residential areas, fuel tanks, roads, and airports. See Table 4 in Appendix B for a complete listing.

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a landfill in Zone A (see Table 5 – Appendix B).

Based on review of recent sampling records for this public water system, moderate levels of copper and arsenic have been detected, but have not exceeded their respective MCLs of 1.3 mg/L and 0.05 mg/L (see Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a landfill in Zone A (see Table 6 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for the Napakiak WS Central Well (See Chart 11 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Other Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a landfill, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, and electric power generation in Zone A. Several other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 7 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for the Napakiak WS Central Well (See Chart 13 – Contaminant Risks for Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for other organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of the community of Napakiak to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

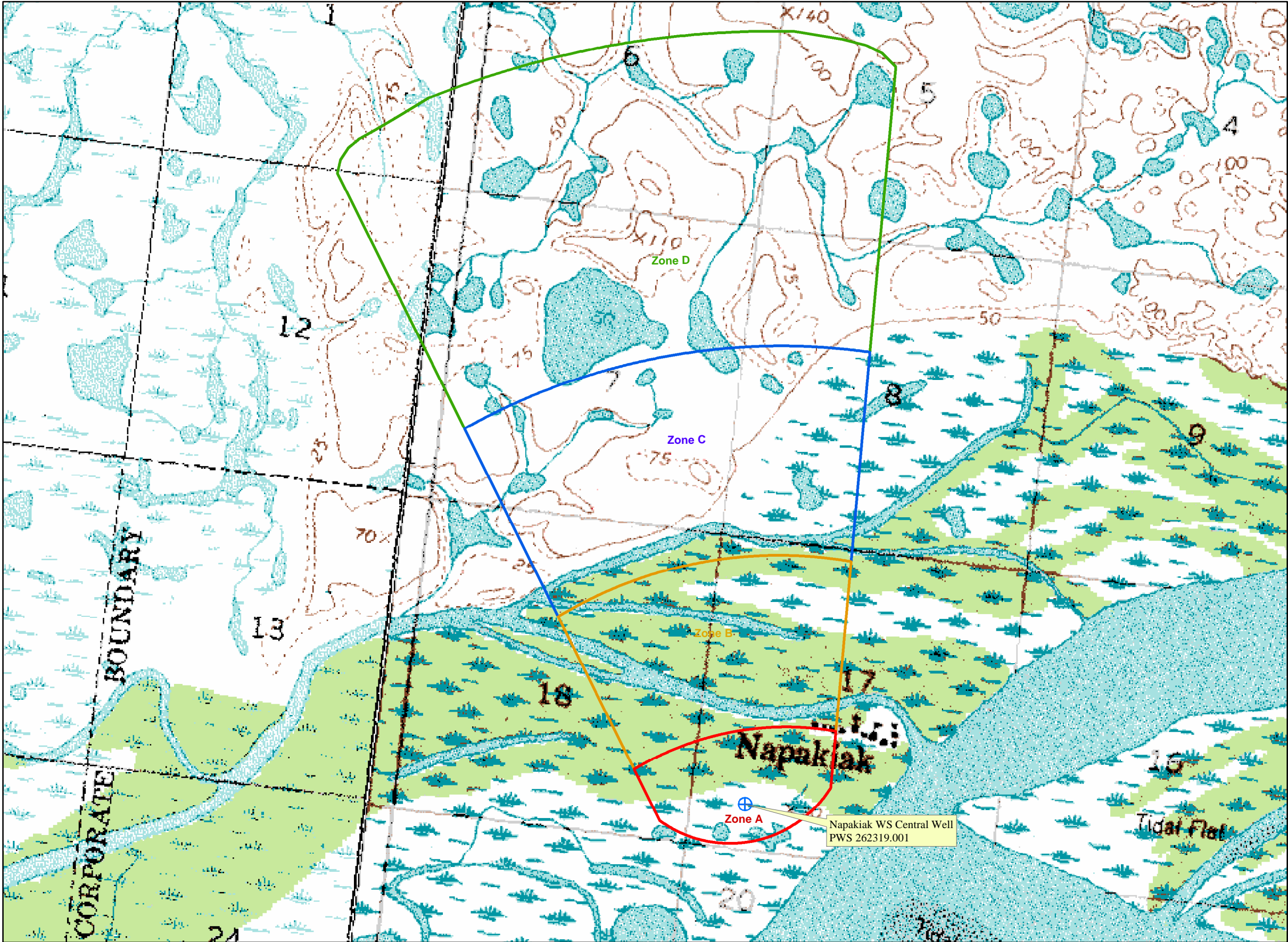
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APPENDIX A

Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)

Public Water Well System for PWS #262319.001 Napakiak WS Central Well



LEGEND

Public Water System Well

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area- Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area- 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area- 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area- 10 Years Travel Time

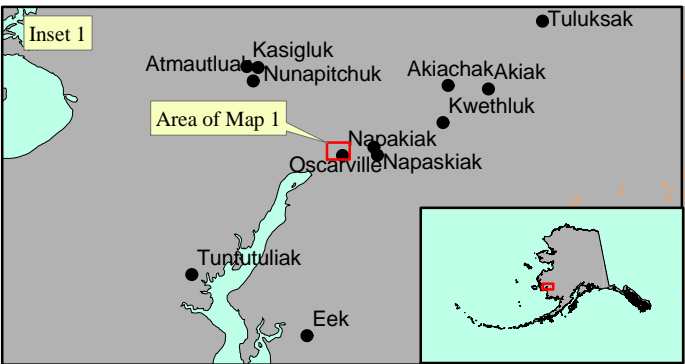
Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

All other data:
United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking
Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A
Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or
validity of the data provided.



Napakiak WS Central Well
PWS 262319.001

Appendix A Map A

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)

Table 1

**Contaminant Source Inventory for
Napakiak WS Central Well**

PWSID 262319.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Gasoline stations (without repair shop)	C15	C15-01	A	C	
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	C	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	C	City Garage
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	C	
Honey bucket disposal areas (community)	D07	D07-01	A	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	C	
Tanks, diesel (above ground)	T06	T06-01	A	C	School Generator & Water Treatment Facility
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	C	Clinic
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	C	Jungs Trading Post
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	A	C	Teachers Quarters 1
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	C	Teachers Quarters 2
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-06	A	C	UUT
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-07	A	C	Moravian Church
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-08	A	C	Fire Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-09	A	C	National Guard Armory
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-10	A	C	City Offices
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-11	A	C	IRA Council Bldg.
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-12	A	C	Police Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-13	A	C	School Satellite
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-14	A	C	UUT Satellite
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-15	A	C	LKSD

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	C	AKARNG Napakiak FSA, RecKey #1995250113601, Status: Active, petroleum contamination at site, no further information available from ADEC Contaminated Sites database.
Water supply wells	W09	W09-01	A	C	1 water supply well in Zone A
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	C	Power Facility
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	C	Gas Station
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-04	A	C	LKSD
Boat yards and marinas	X15	X15-01	A	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	A	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	C	Clinic
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-16	B	C	Naparyalruar Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-17	B	C	Teacher Housing
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-18	B	C	Village Corp & IRA Council Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-19	B	C	Post Office
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	B	C	Clinic

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	High	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	High	C	
Honey bucket disposal areas (community)	D07	D07-01	A	High	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	High	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Medium	C	Clinic
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	B	Medium	C	Clinic

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	High	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	High	C	
Honey bucket disposal areas (community)	D07	D07-01	A	High	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	Very High	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Medium	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	Clinic
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	B	Low	C	Clinic

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Gasoline stations (without repair shop)	C15	C15-01	A	High	C	
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	Low	C	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	Medium	C	City Garage
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Honey bucket disposal areas (community)	D07	D07-01	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	High	C	
Tanks, diesel (above ground)	T06	T06-01	A	Medium	C	School Generator & Water Treatment Facility
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	Low	C	Clinic
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	Low	C	Jungs Trading Post
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	A	Low	C	Teachers Quarters 1
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	Low	C	Teachers Quarters 2
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-06	A	Low	C	UUT
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-07	A	Low	C	Moravian Church
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-08	A	Low	C	Fire Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-09	A	Low	C	National Guard Armory
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-10	A	Low	C	City Offices
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-11	A	Low	C	IRA Council Bldg.
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-12	A	Low	C	Police Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-13	A	Low	C	School Satellite
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-14	A	Low	C	UUT Satellite
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-15	A	Low	C	LKSD

Table 4 (continued)

**Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals**

PWSID 262319.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	High	C	AKARNG Napakiak FSA, RecKey #1995250113601, Status: Active, petroleum contamination at site, no further information available from AIC Contaminated Sites database.
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Very High	C	Power Facility
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	Very High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	Very High	C	Gas Station
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-04	A	Very High	C	LKSD
Boat yards and marinas	X15	X15-01	A	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	A	Low	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	Clinic
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-16	B	Low	C	Naparyalruar Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-17	B	Low	C	Teacher Housing
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-18	B	Low	C	Village Corp & IRA Council Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-19	B	Low	C	Post Office
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	High	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	B	Low	C	Clinic

Table 5

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals*

PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Gasoline stations (without repair shop)	C15	C15-01	A	Low	C	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	Medium	C	City Garage
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	High	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	Low	C	Clinic
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	Low	C	Jungs Trading Post
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	A	Low	C	Teachers Quarters 1
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	Low	C	Teachers Quarters 2
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-06	A	Low	C	UUT
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-07	A	Low	C	Moravian Church
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-08	A	Low	C	Fire Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-09	A	Low	C	National Guard Armory
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-10	A	Low	C	City Offices
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-11	A	Low	C	IRA Council Bldg.
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-12	A	Low	C	Police Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-13	A	Low	C	School Satellite
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-14	A	Low	C	UUT Satellite
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-15	A	Low	C	LKSD
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	Low	C	AKARNG Napakiak FSA, RecKey #1995250113601, Status: Active, petroleum contamination at site, no further information available from AIC Contaminated Sites database.
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Low	C	

Table 5 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals*

PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Low	C	Power Facility
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	Low	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	Low	C	Gas Station
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-04	A	Low	C	LKSD
Boat yards and marinas	X15	X15-01	A	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	A	Low	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	Clinic
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-16	B	Low	C	Naparyalruar Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-17	B	Low	C	Teacher Housing
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-18	B	Low	C	Village Corp & IRA Council Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-19	B	Low	C	Post Office
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	B	Low	C	Clinic

Table 6

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	Very High	C	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	Low	C	AKARNG Napakiak FSA, RecKey #1995250113601, Status: Active, petroleum contamination at site, no further information available from AIC Contaminated Sites database.
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Medium	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Low	C	Power Facility
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	Low	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	Low	C	Gas Station
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-04	A	Low	C	LKSD
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	Clinic
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	Medium	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	B	Low	C	Clinic

Table 7

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Napakiak WS Central Well
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

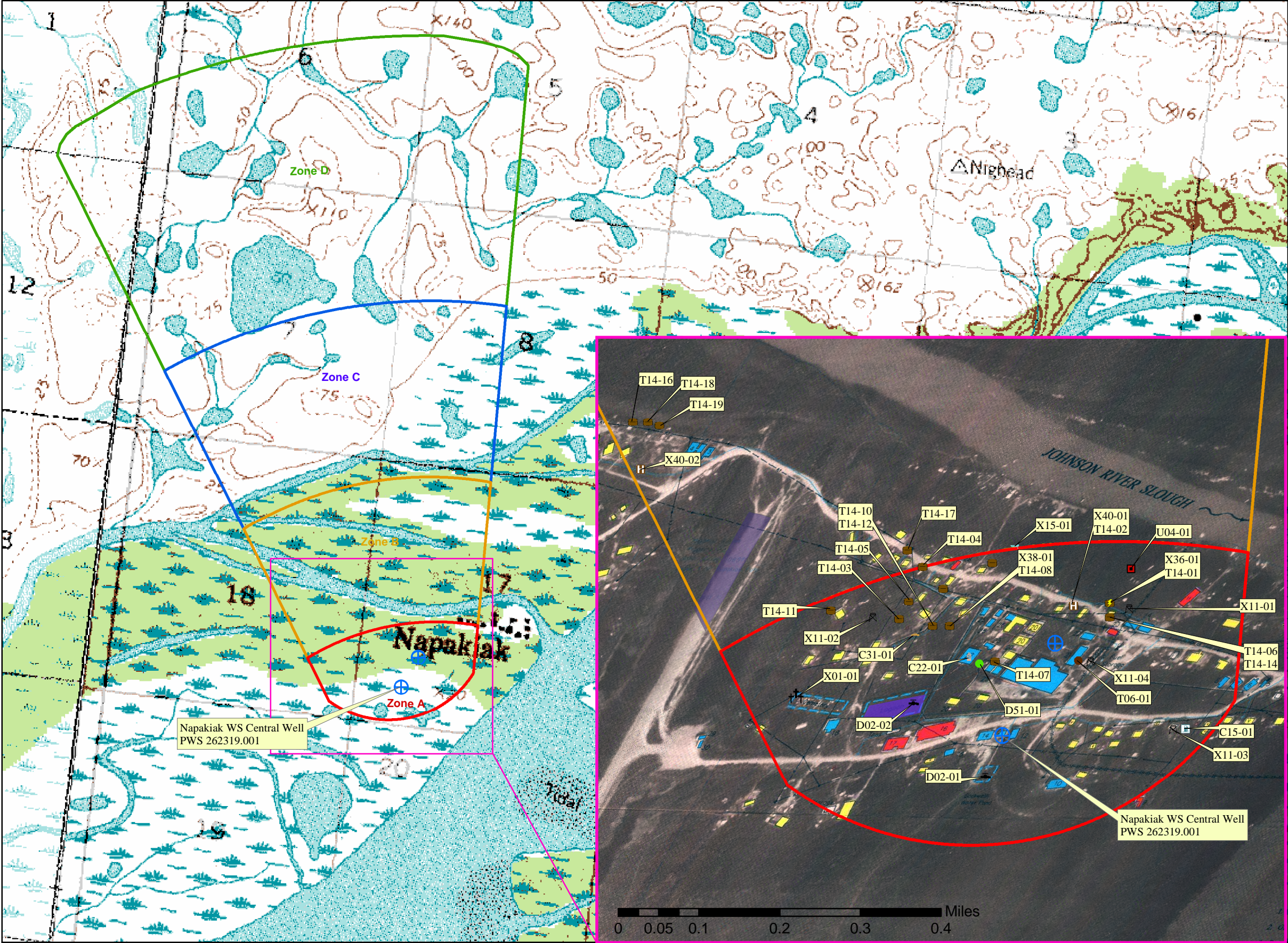
PWSID 262319.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Gasoline stations (without repair shop)	C15	C15-01	A	Low	C	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	Medium	C	City Garage
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	Very High	C	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	Low	C	AKARNG Napakiak FSA, RecKey #1995250113601, Status: Active, petroleum contamination at site, no further information available from AIC Contaminated Sites database.
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	High	C	Power Facility
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	High	C	Gas Station
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-04	A	High	C	LKSD
Boat yards and marinas	X15	X15-01	A	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	High	C	Village Corp. Power Plant
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	Medium	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B

APPENDIX C

Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS #262319.001 Napakiak WS Central Well
Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



LEGEND

Public Water System Well

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area— Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area— 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area— 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area— 10 Years Travel Time

Existing or Potential Contaminant Sources

- Gasoline station (C15)
- Laundromat without dry cleaning (C22)
- Motor vehicle repair shop (C31)
- Domestic wastewater treatment disposal lagoon (D02)
- Landfills (municipal; Class III) (D51)
- Aboveground diesel tank (T06)
- Nonresidential aboveground heating oil tank (T14)
- Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA (U04)
- Cemetery (X01)
- Petroleum product bulk station/terminal (X11)
- Boat yards and marinas (X15)
- Electric power generation (fossil fuels) (X36)
- Firehouse (X38)
- Medical/veterinary facilities (X40)
- Airports/landing strips (X14)

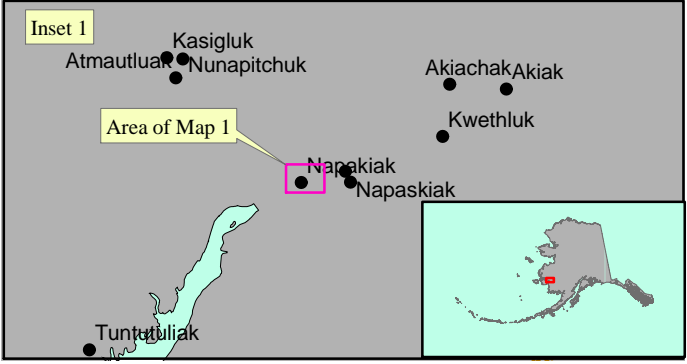
Data Sources:

Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)
Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

All other data:

United States Geological Survey (USGS)
Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



Napakiak WS Central Well
PWS 262319.001
Appendix C Map C

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001)

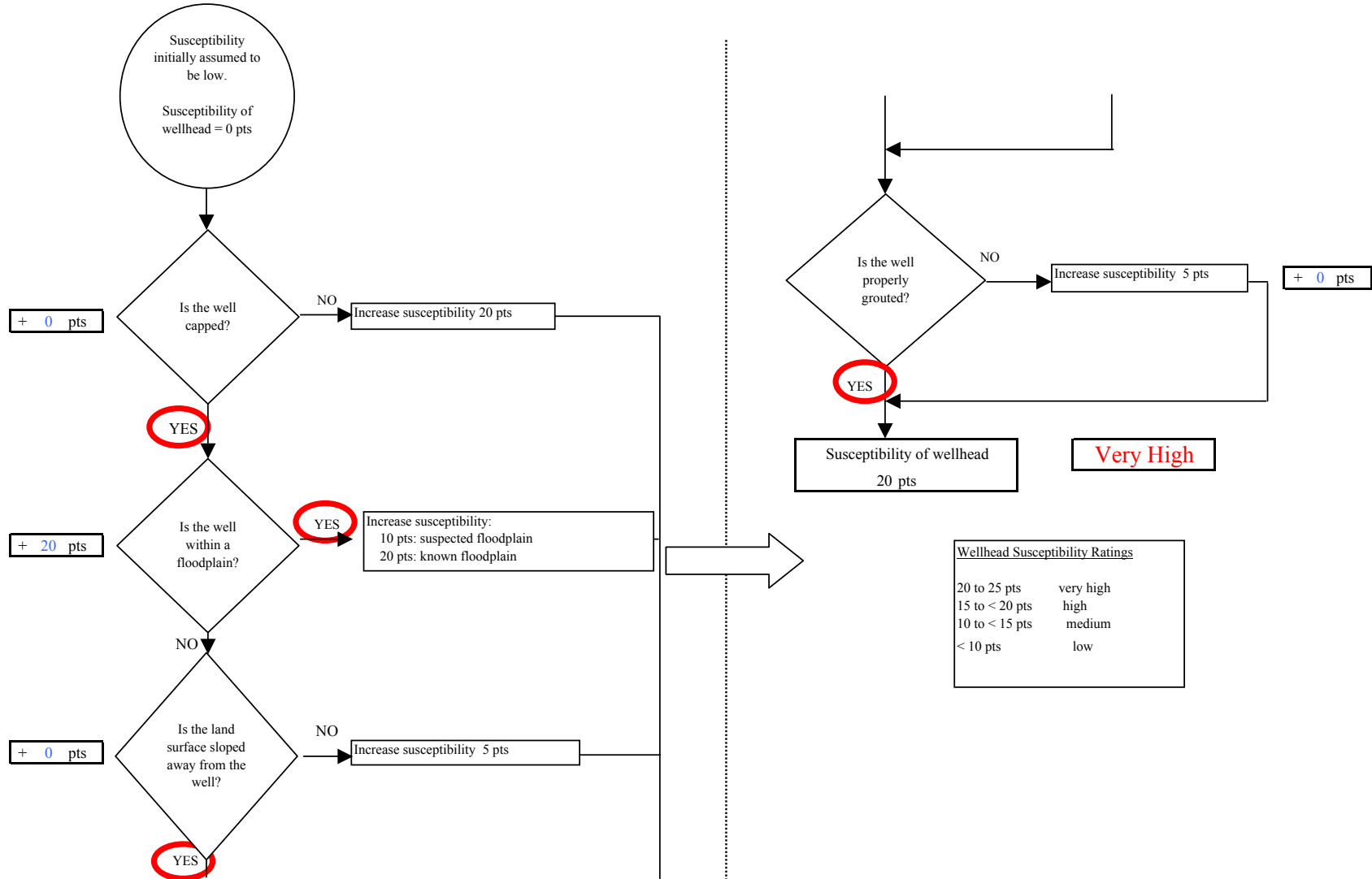


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001)

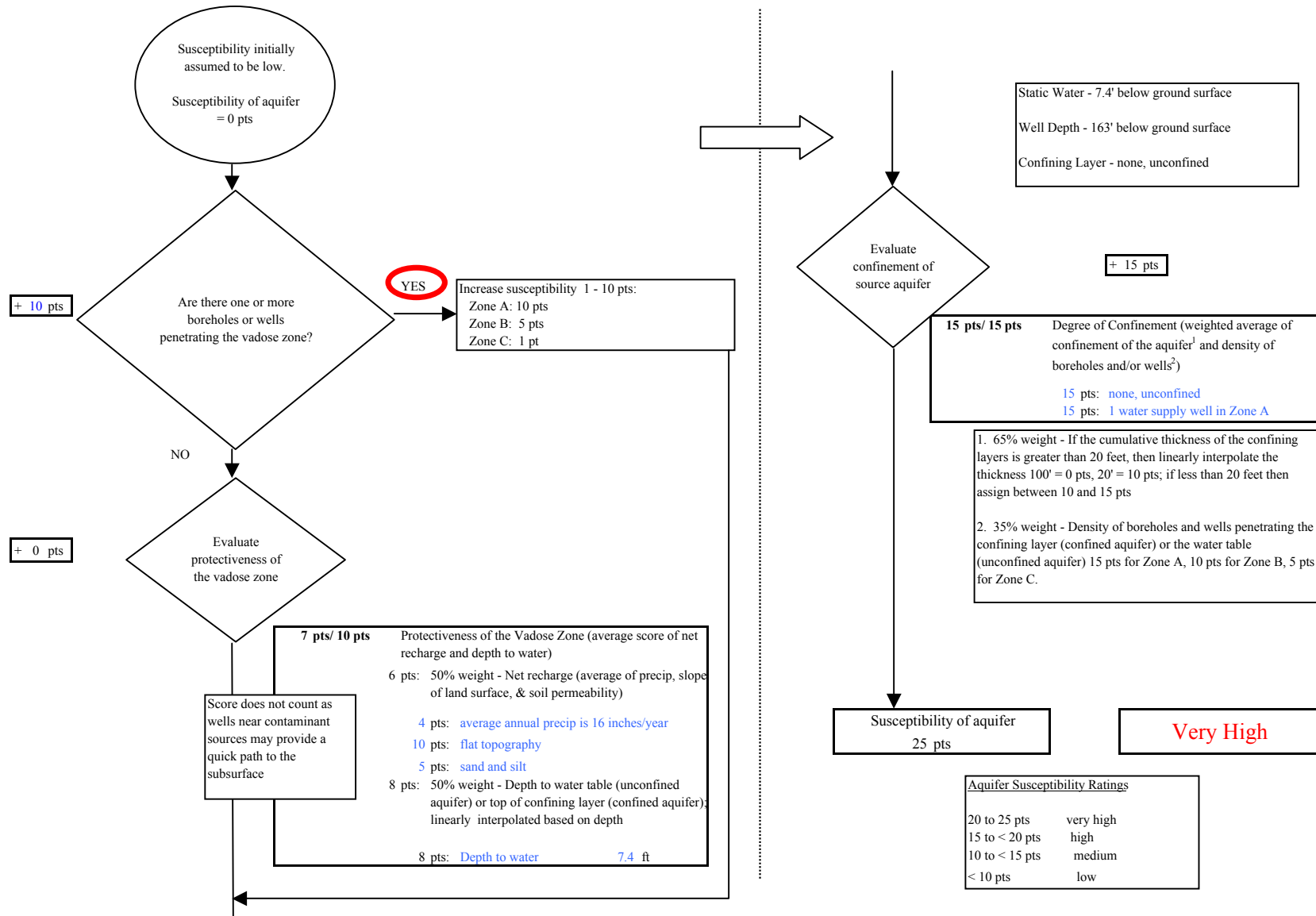


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

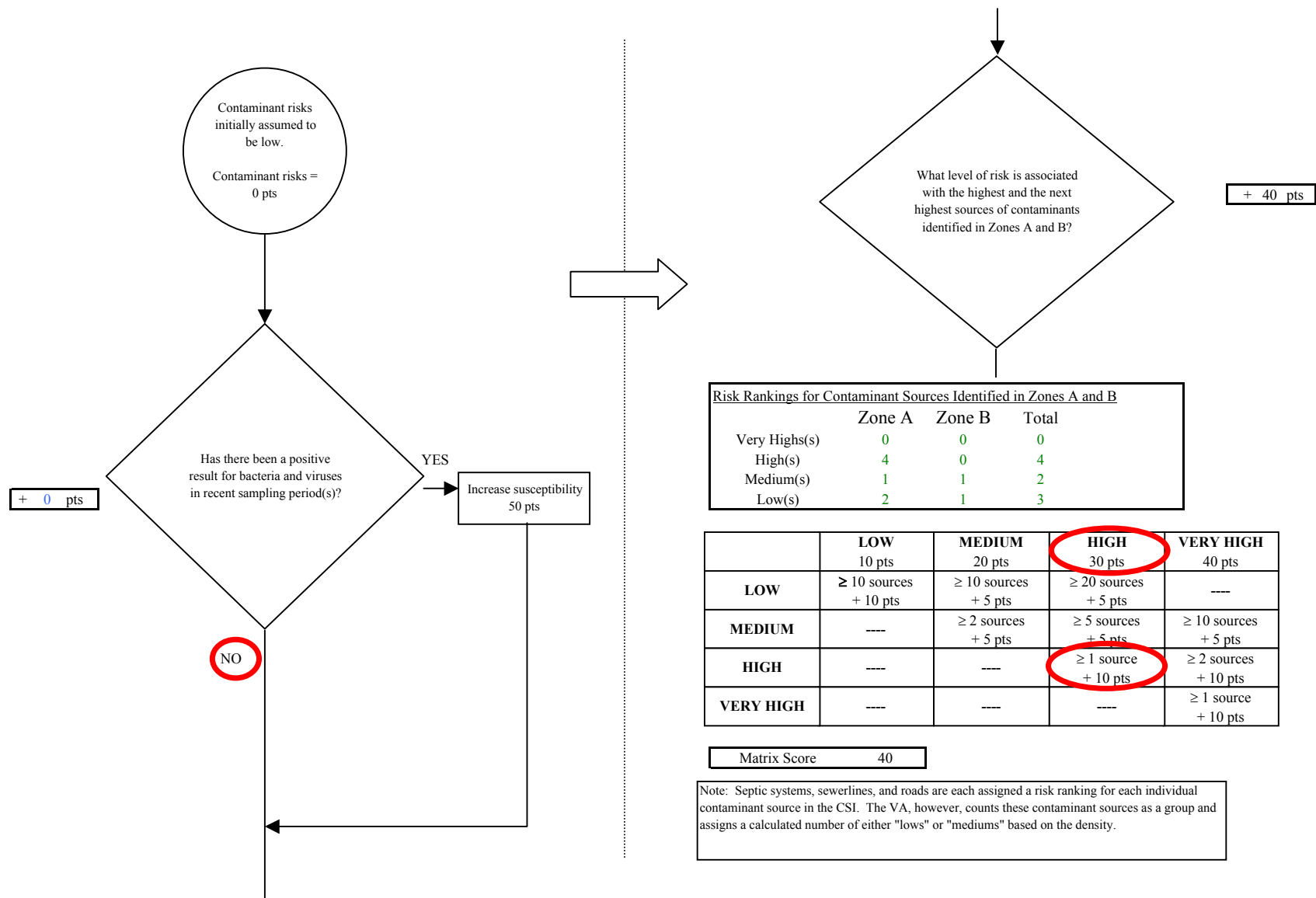


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

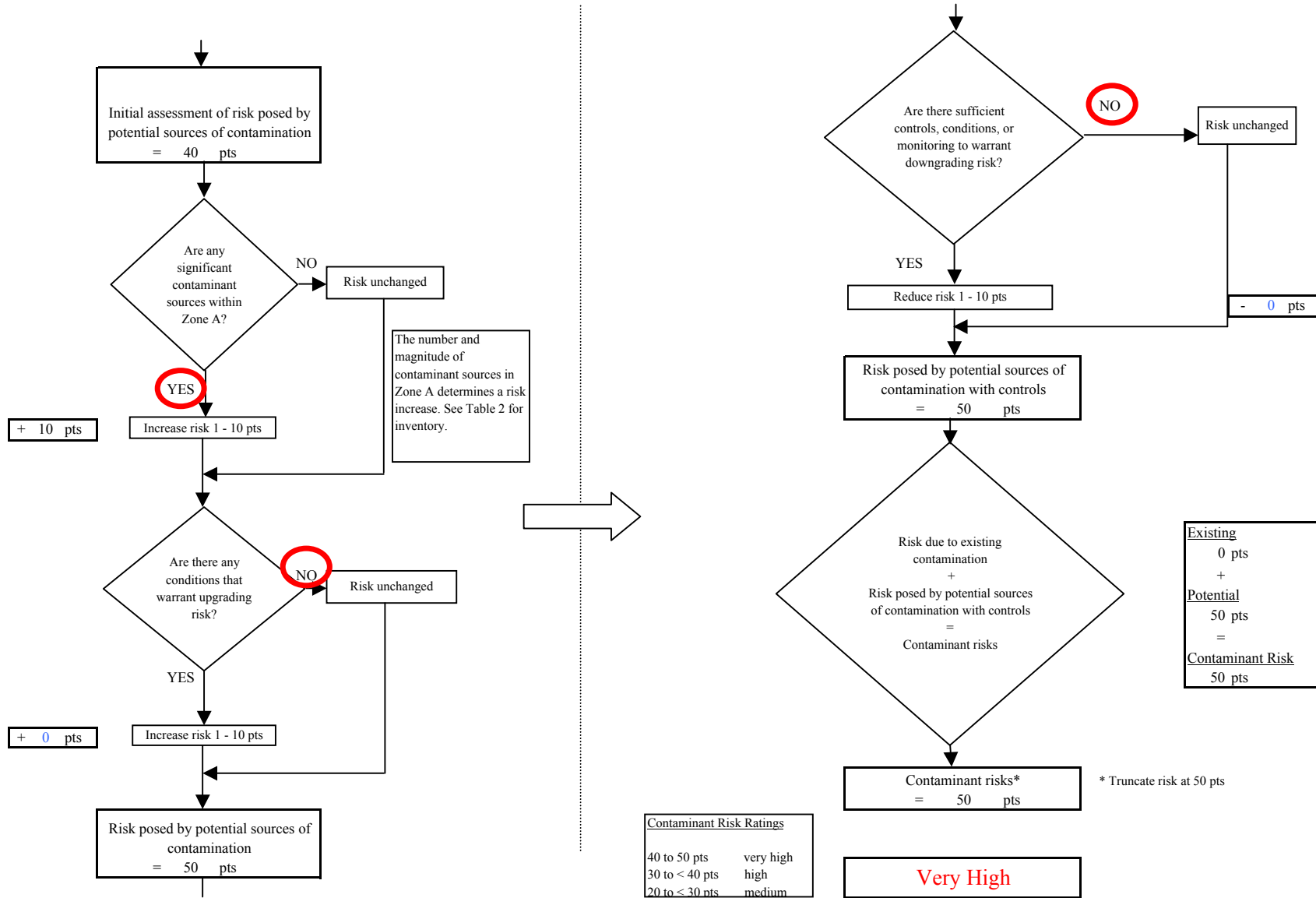


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

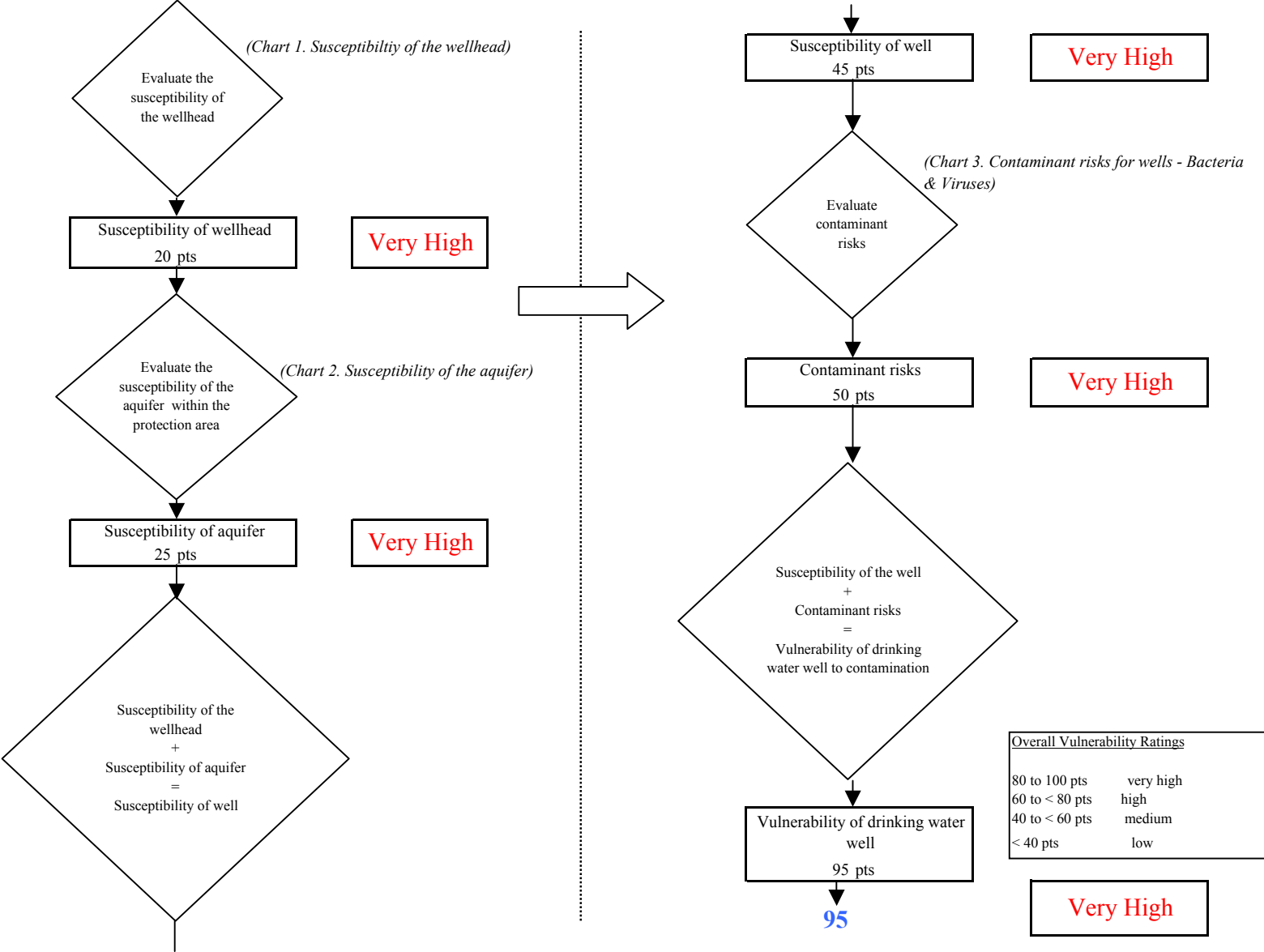


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

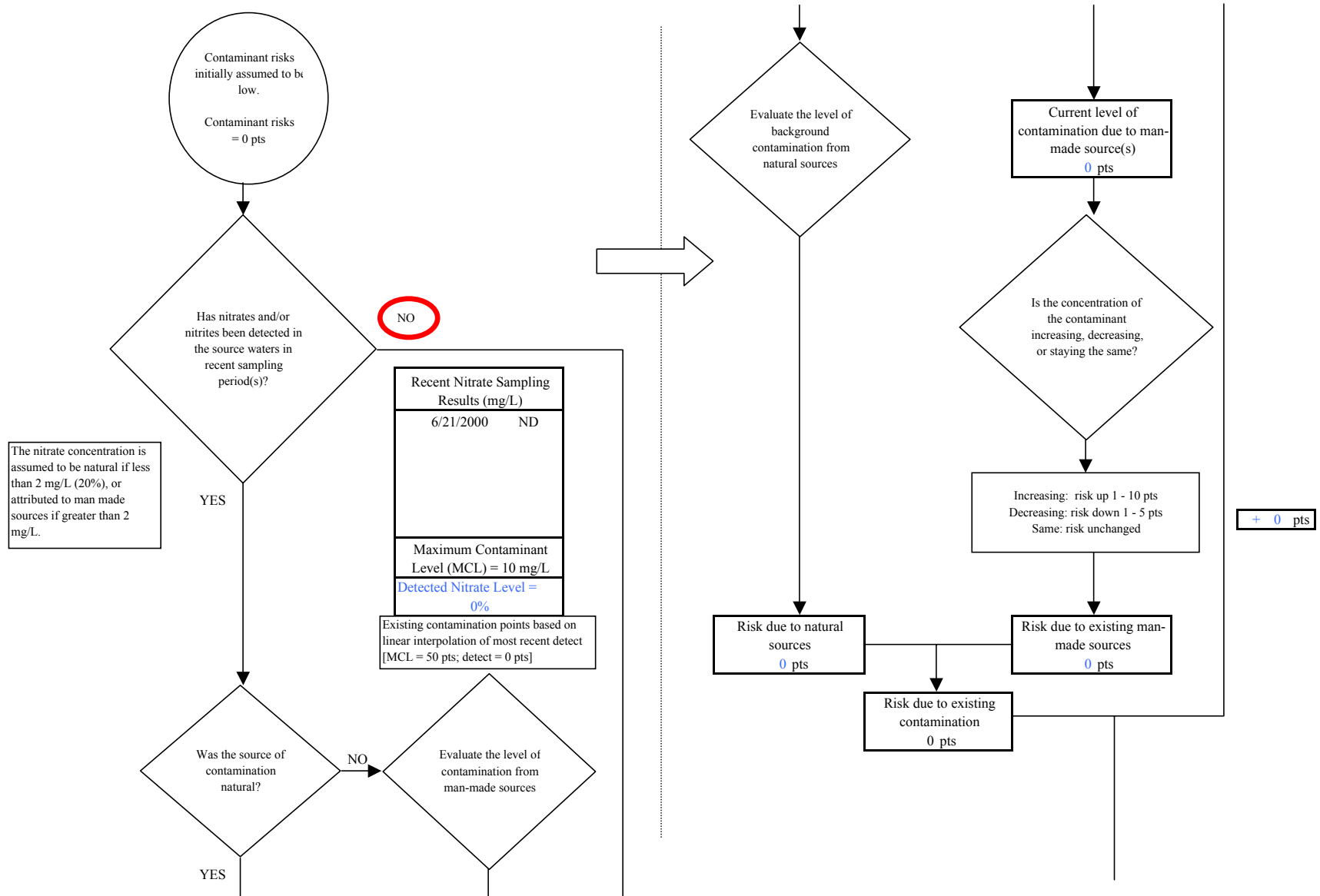


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

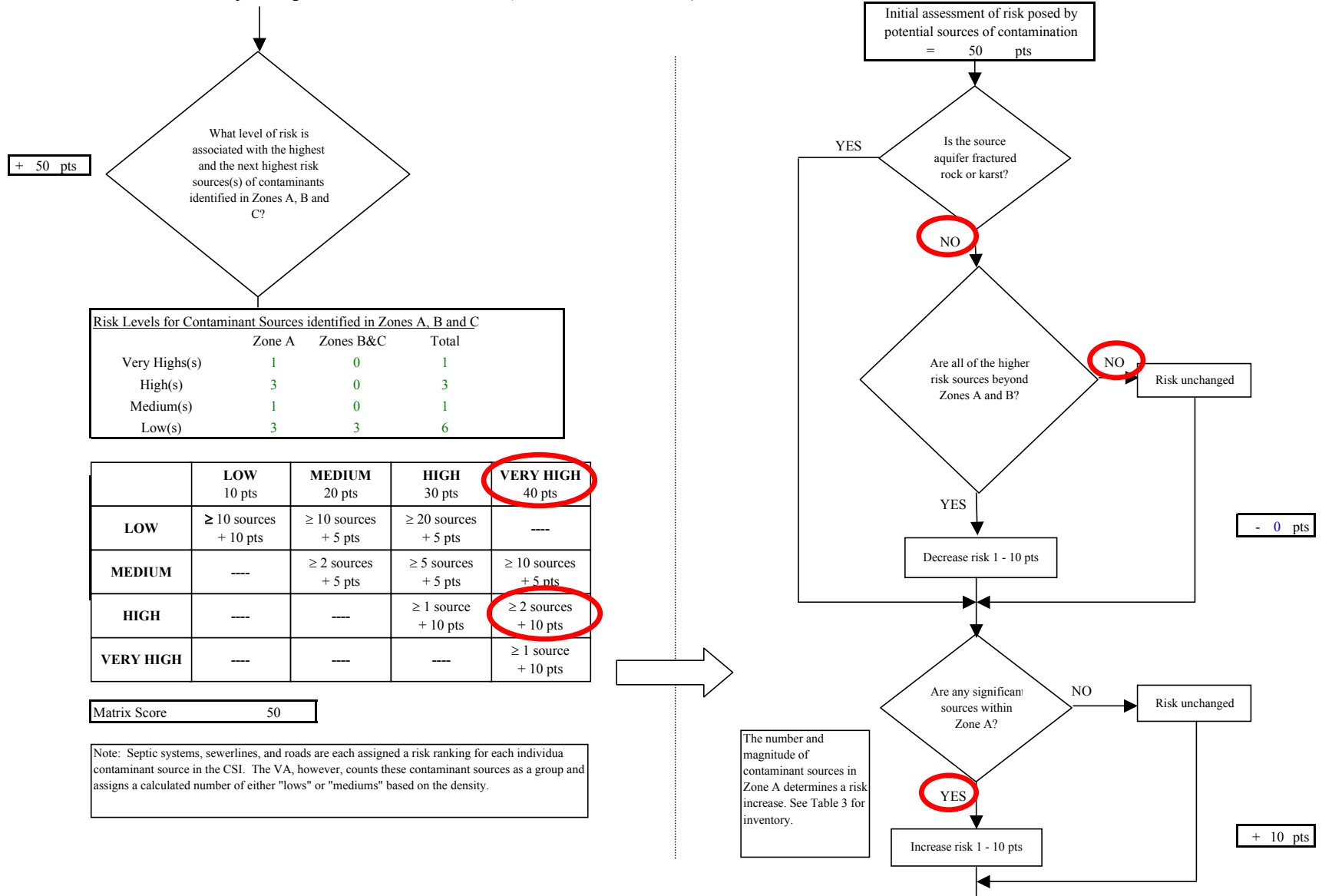


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

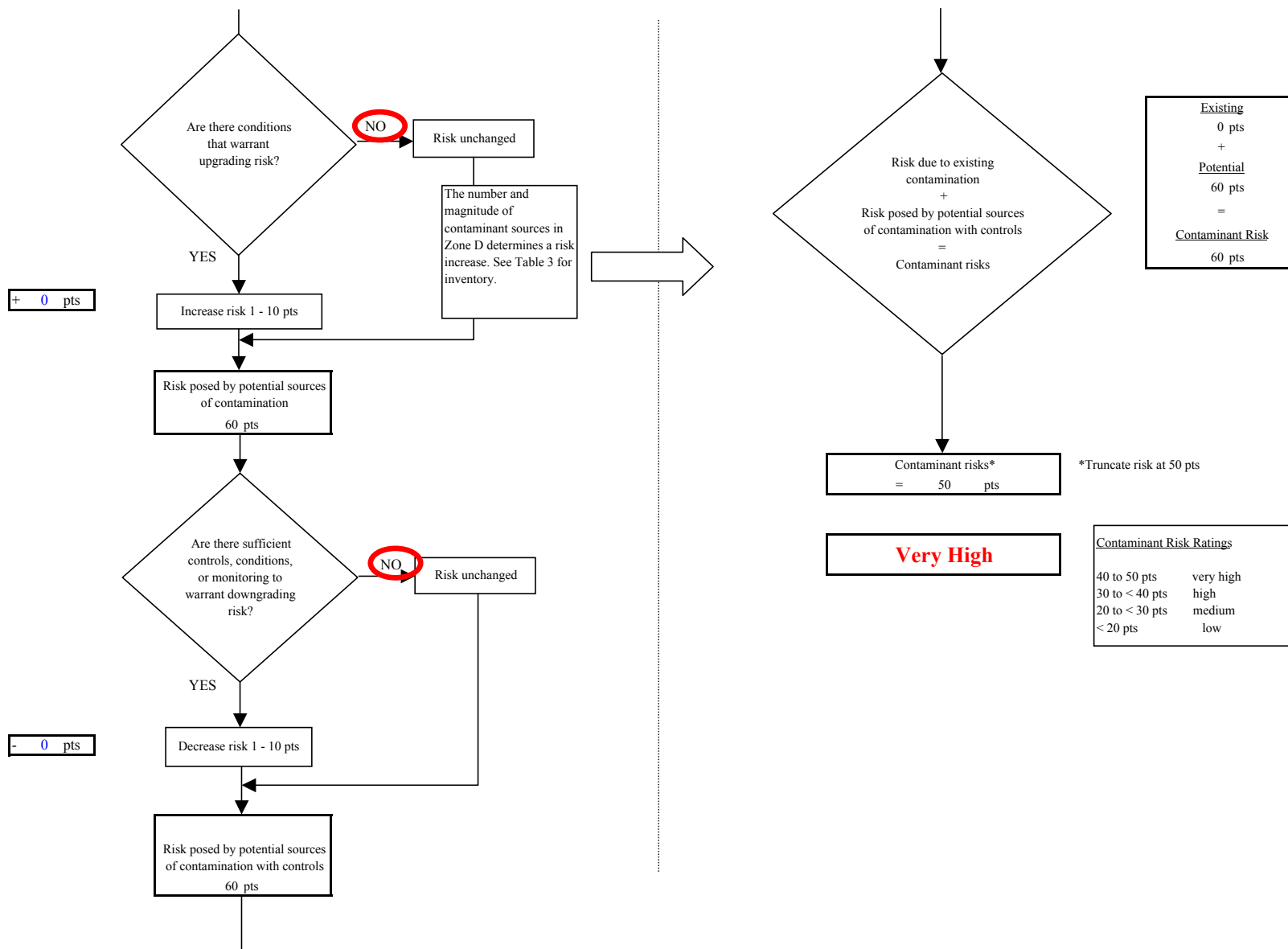


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

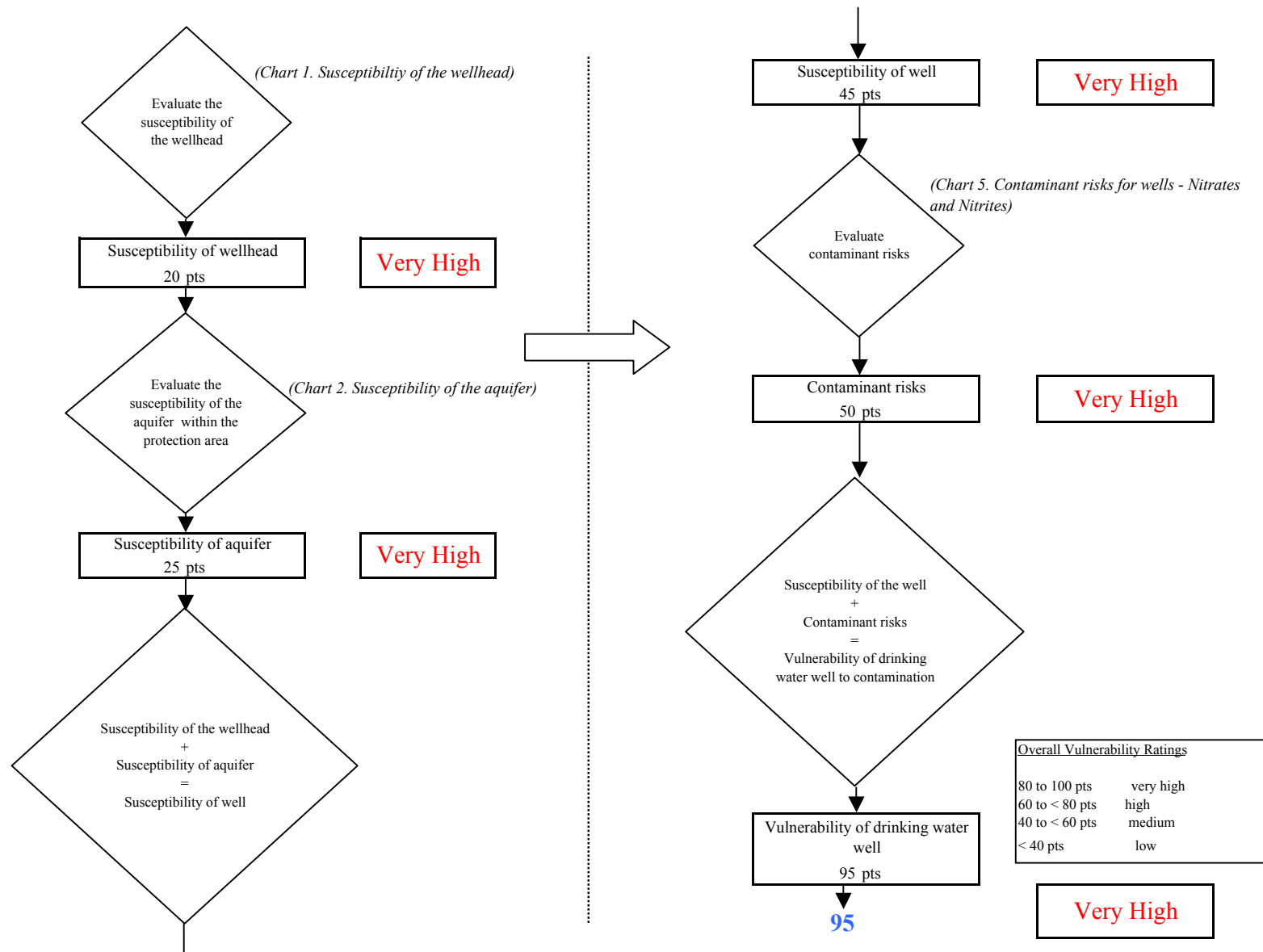


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

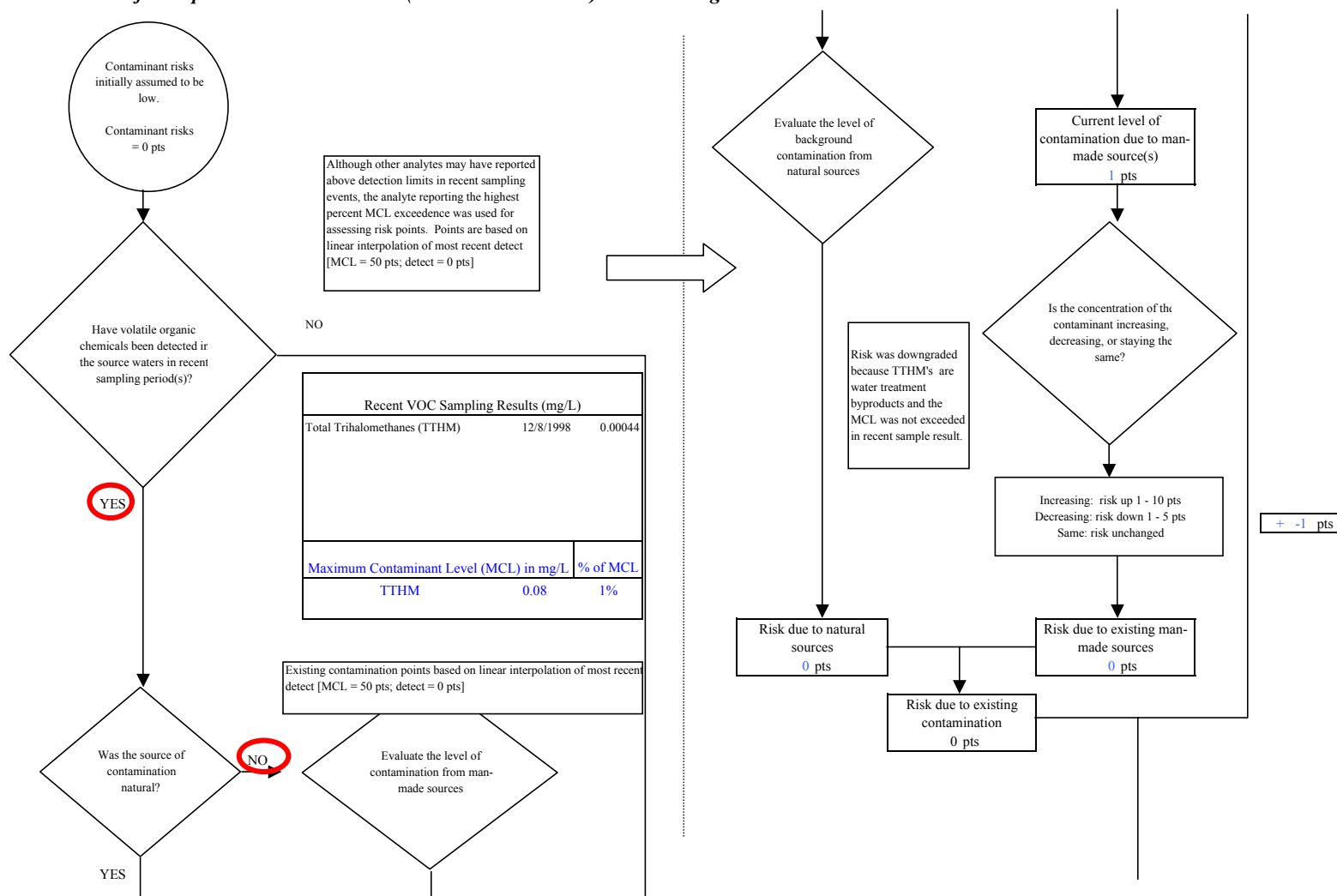


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

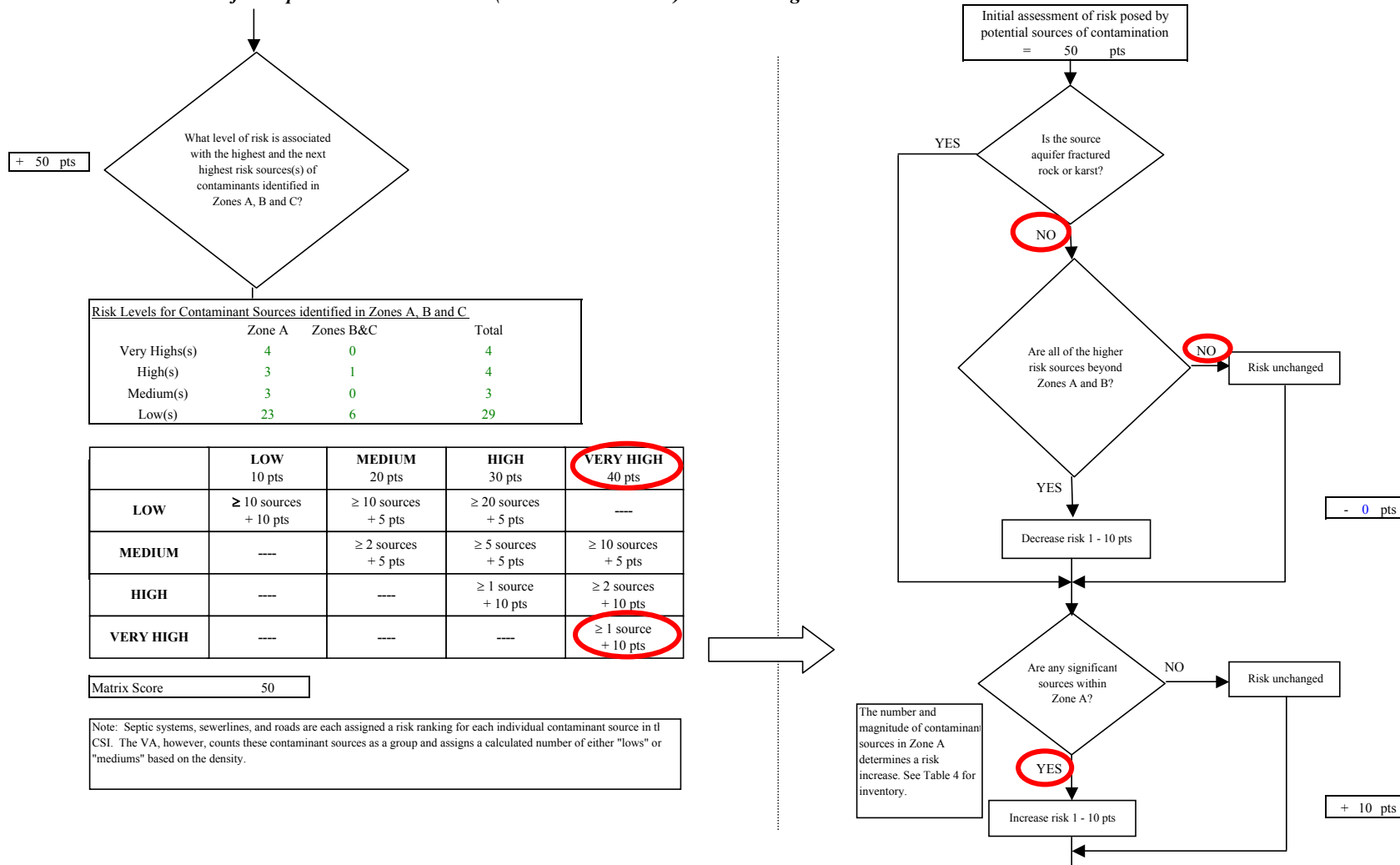


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

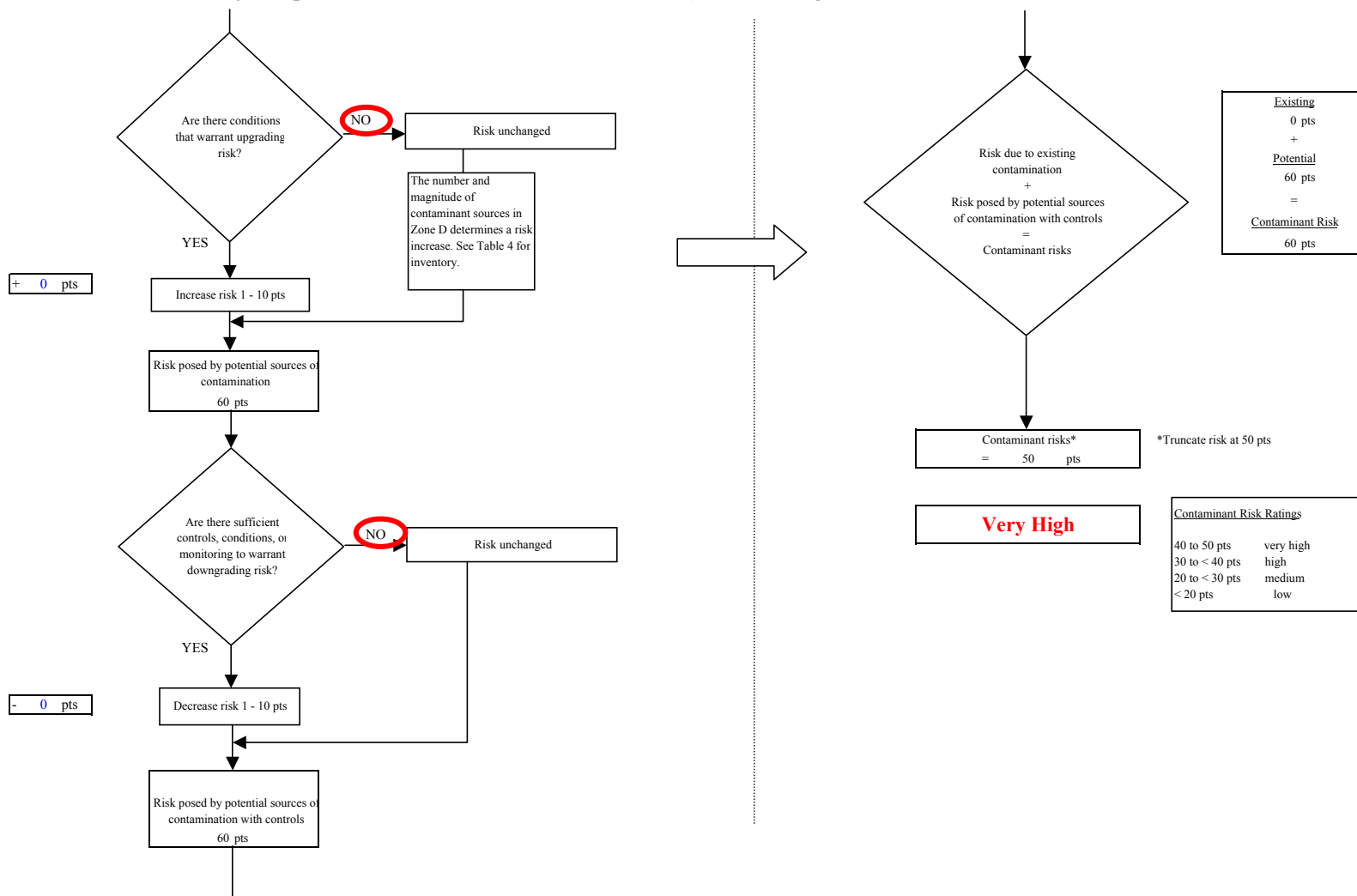


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

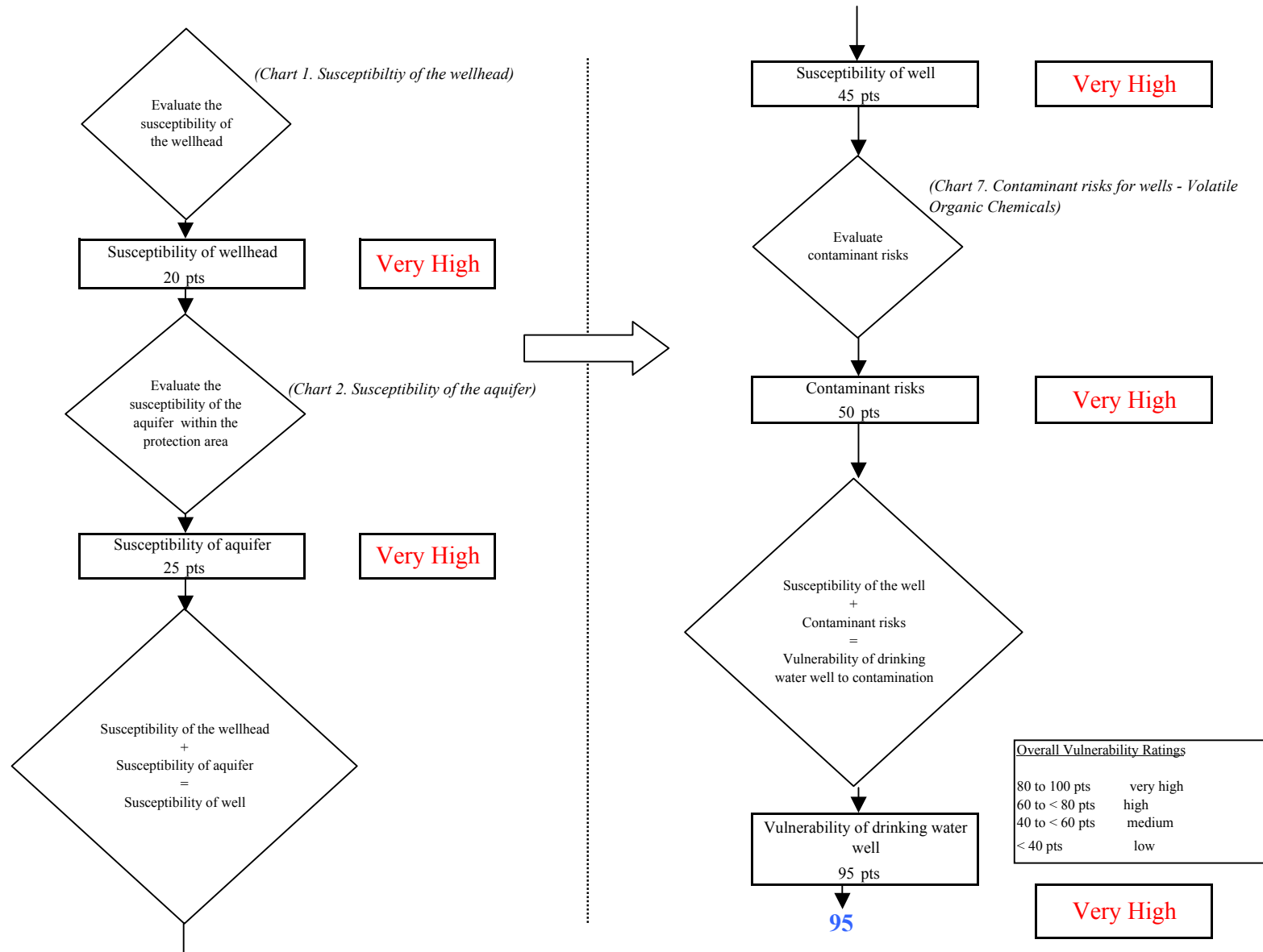


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

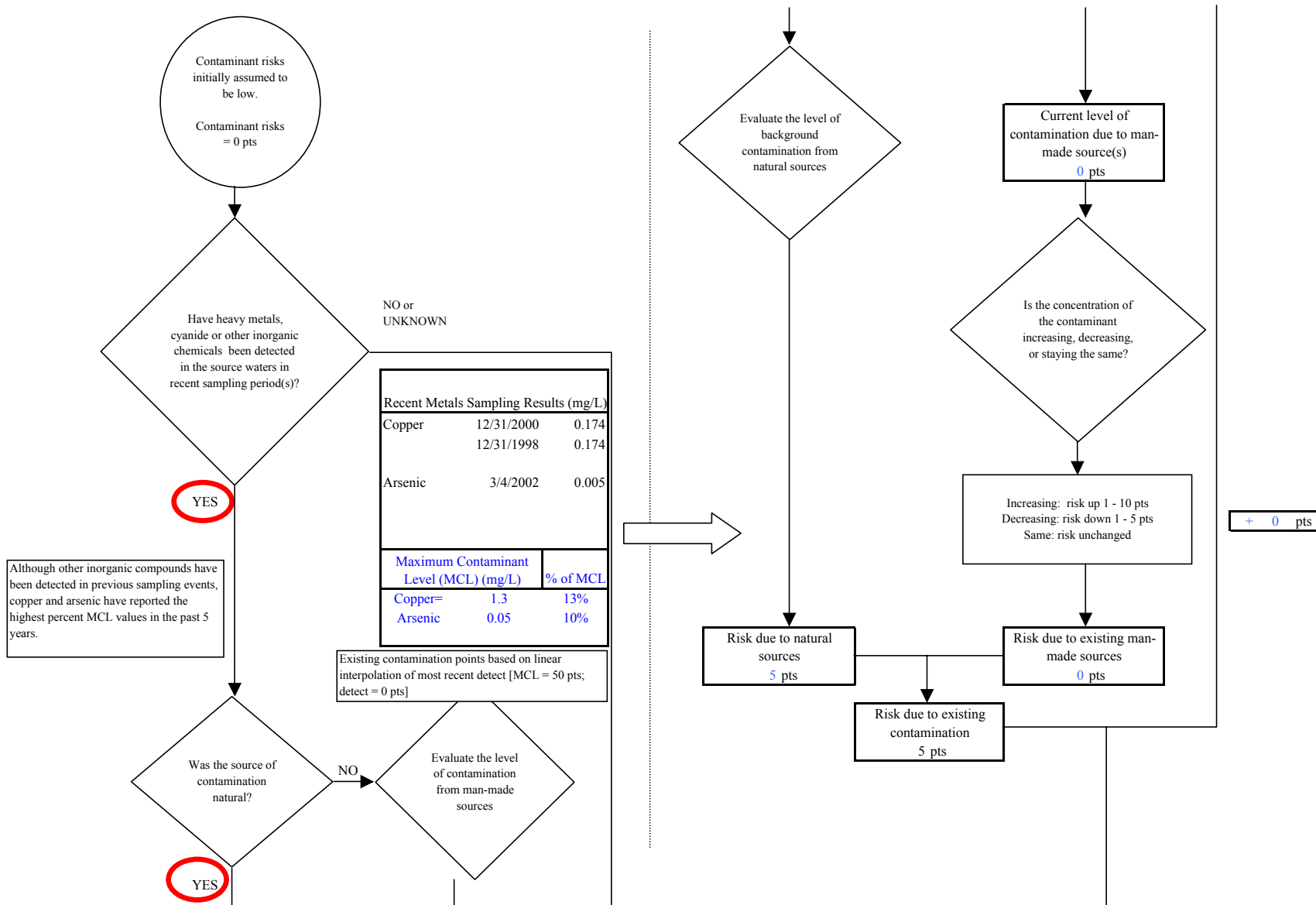


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

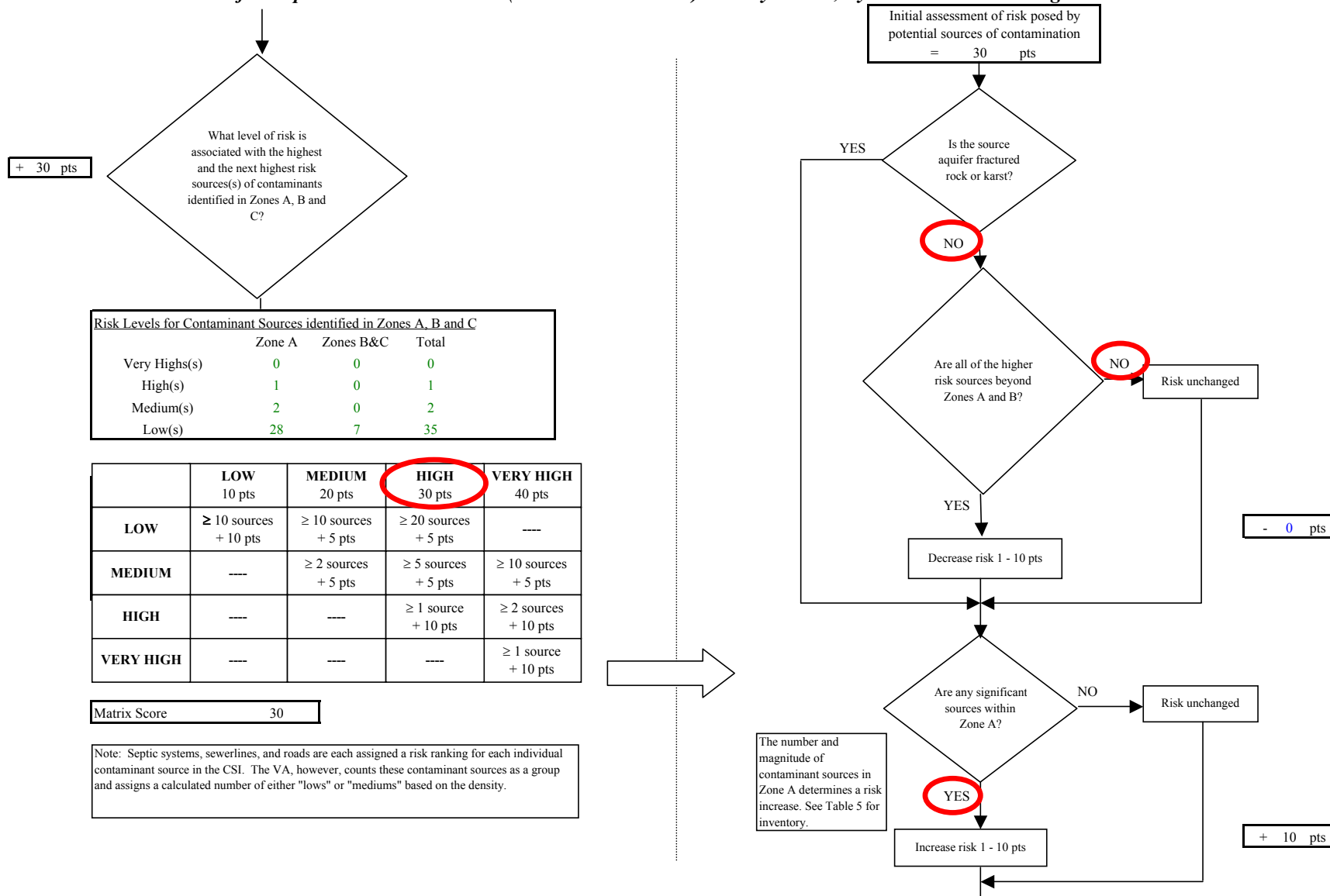


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

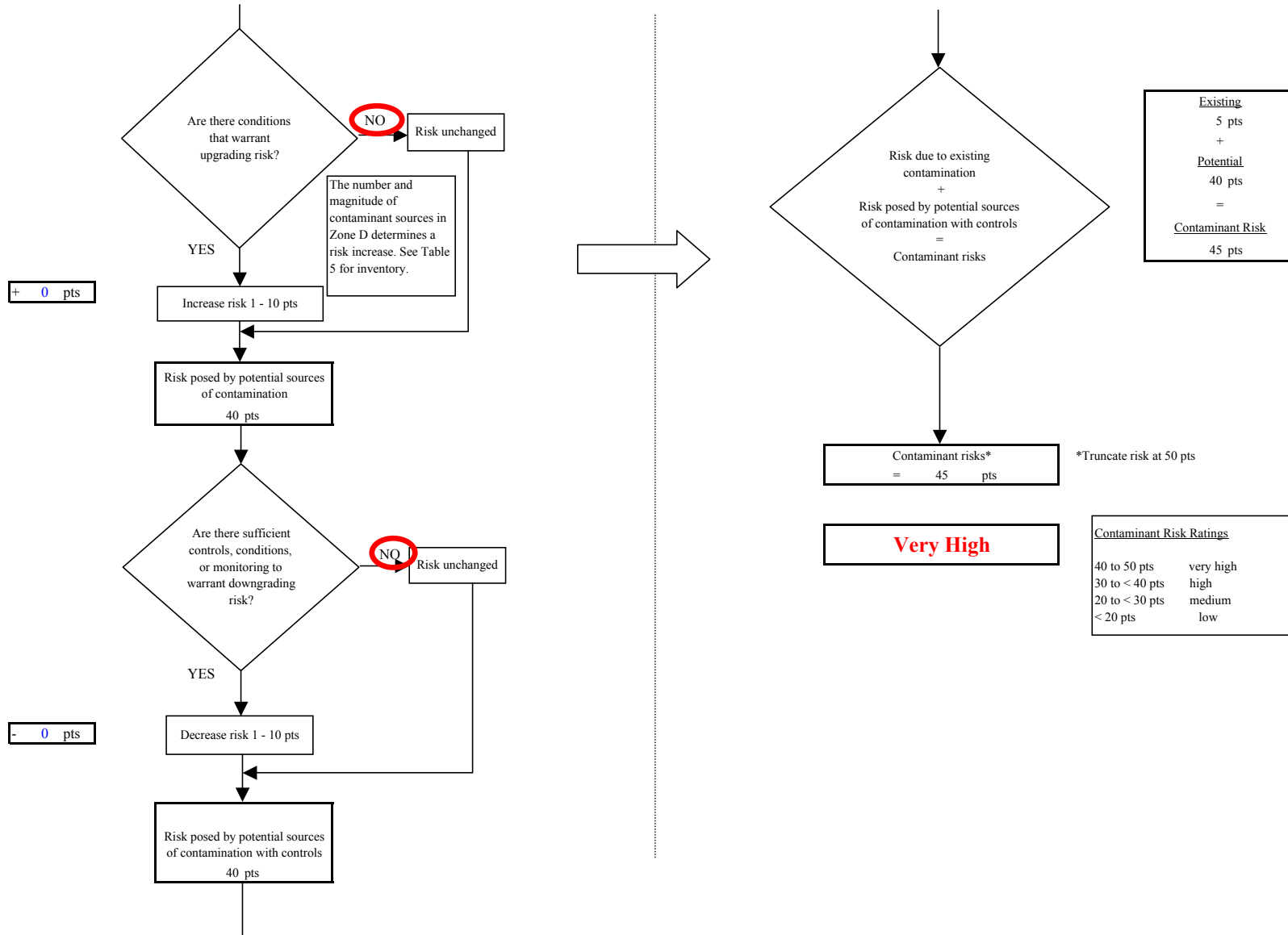


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

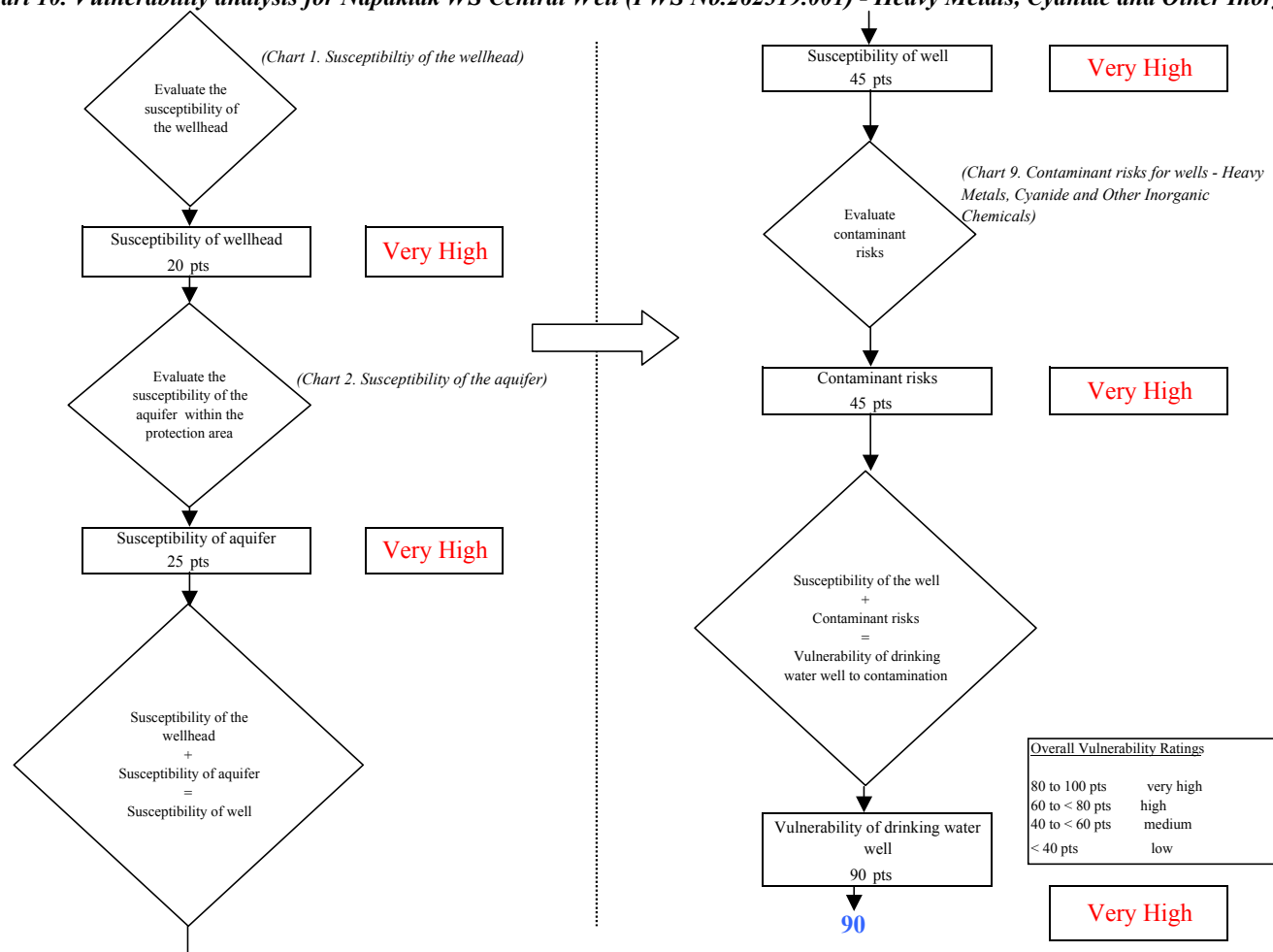


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

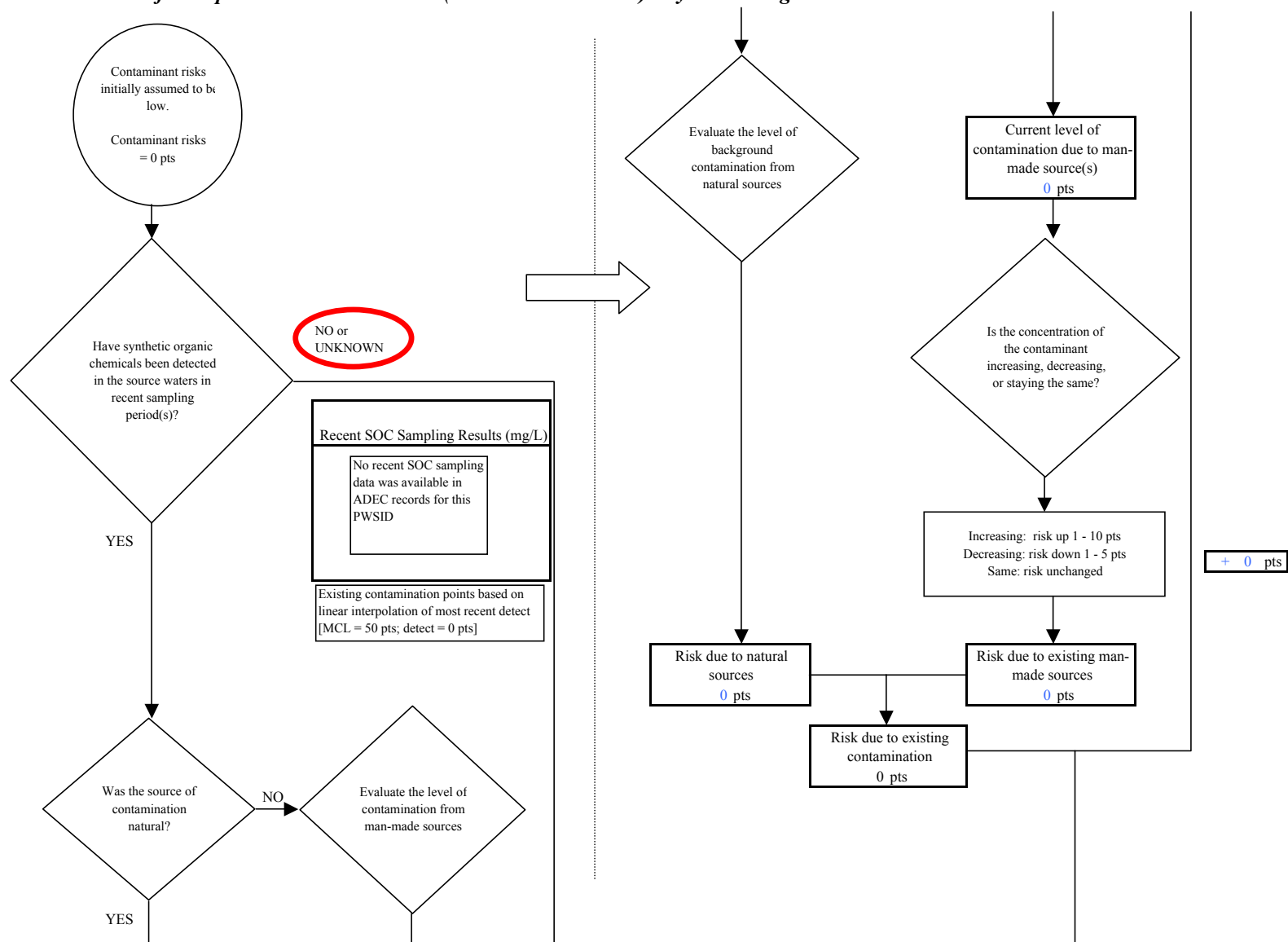


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

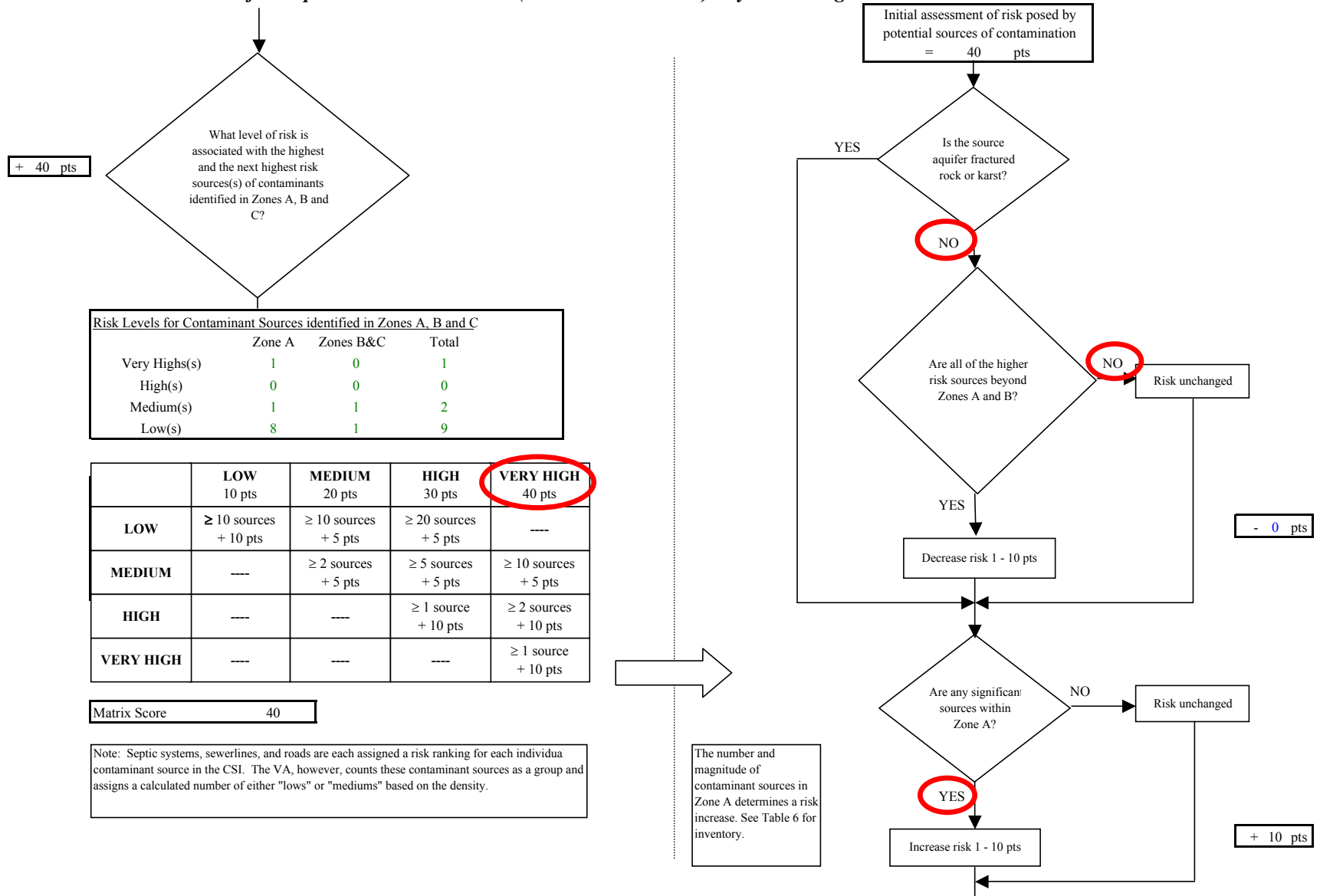


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

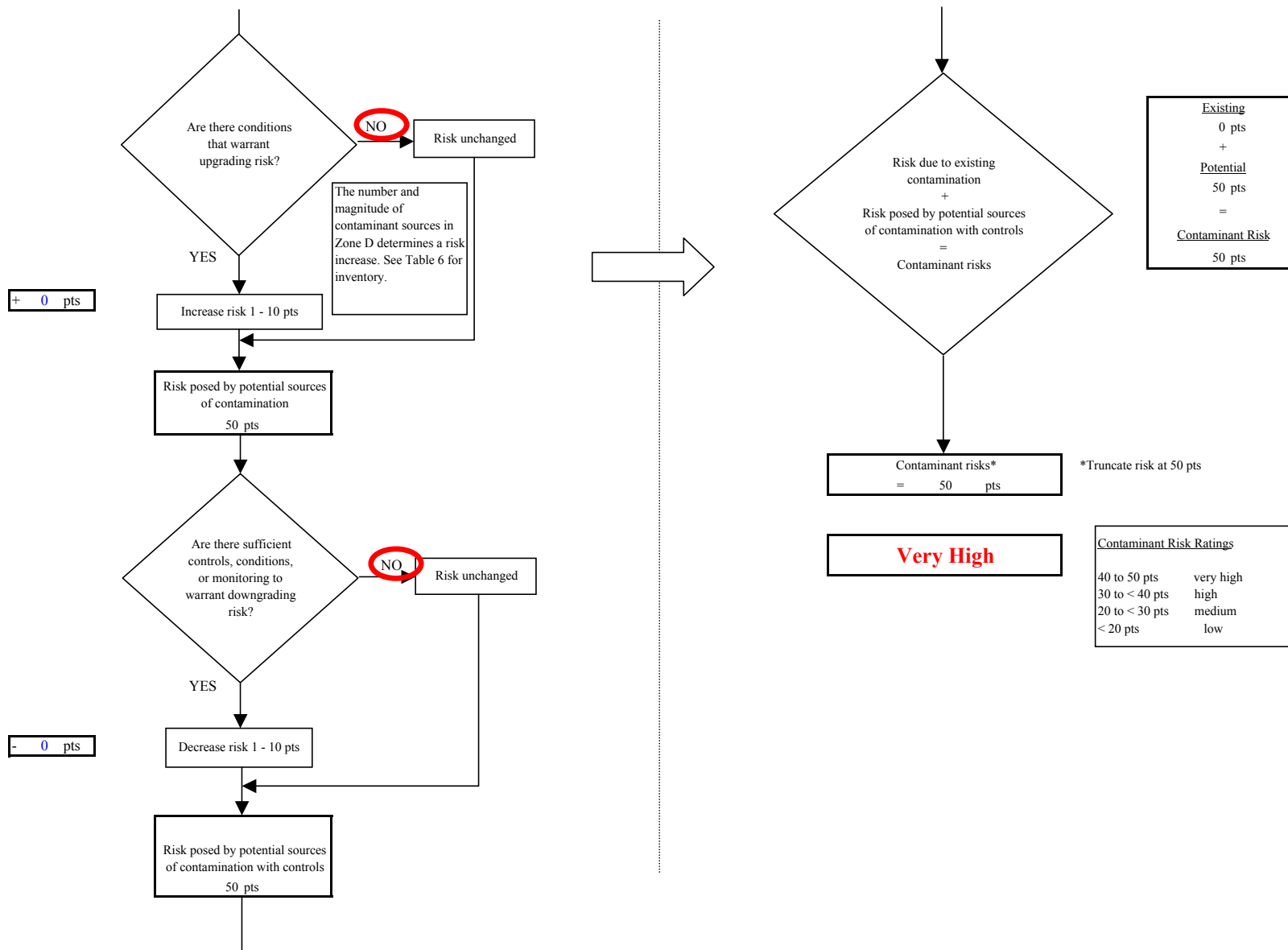


Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

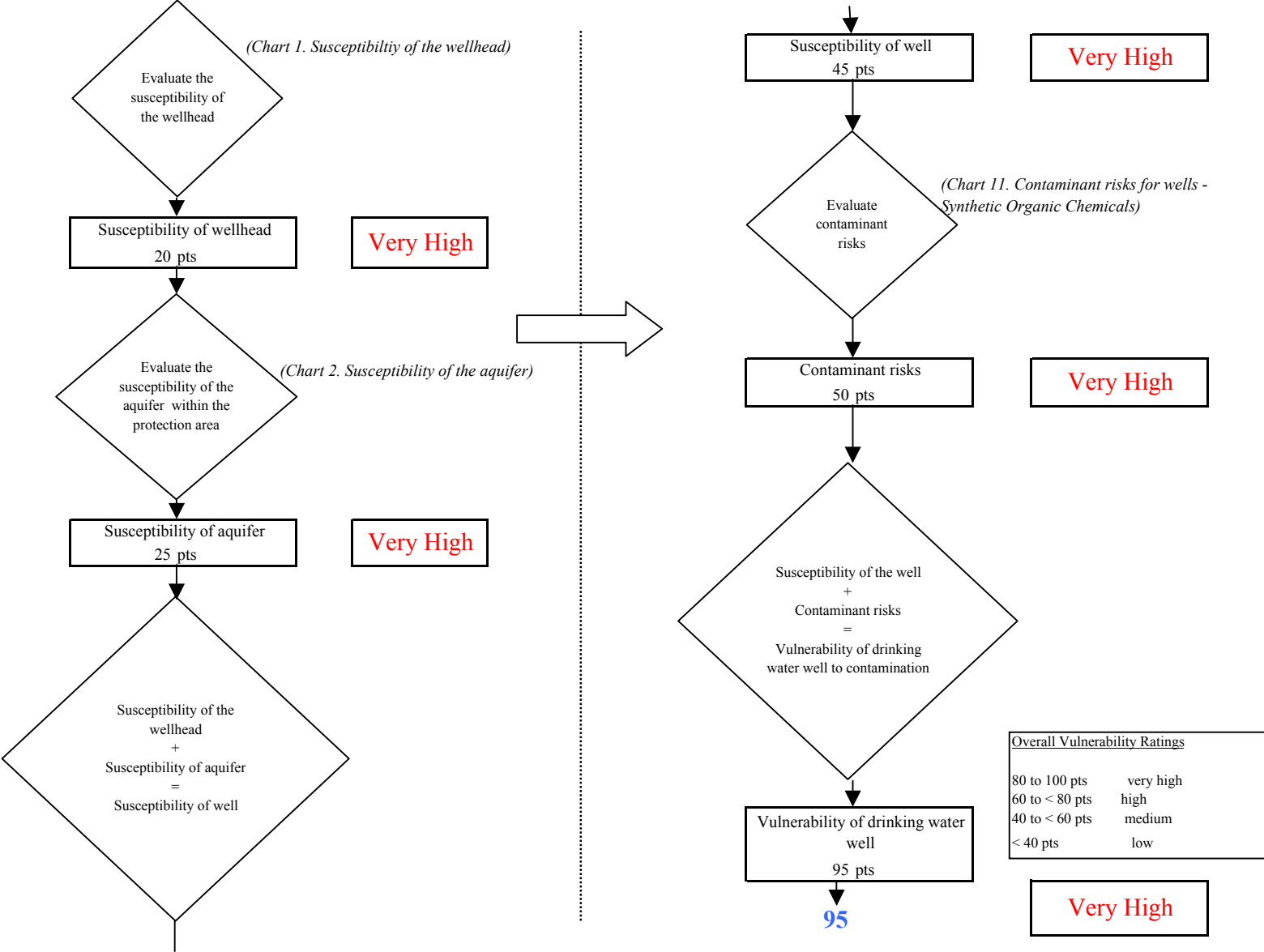


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

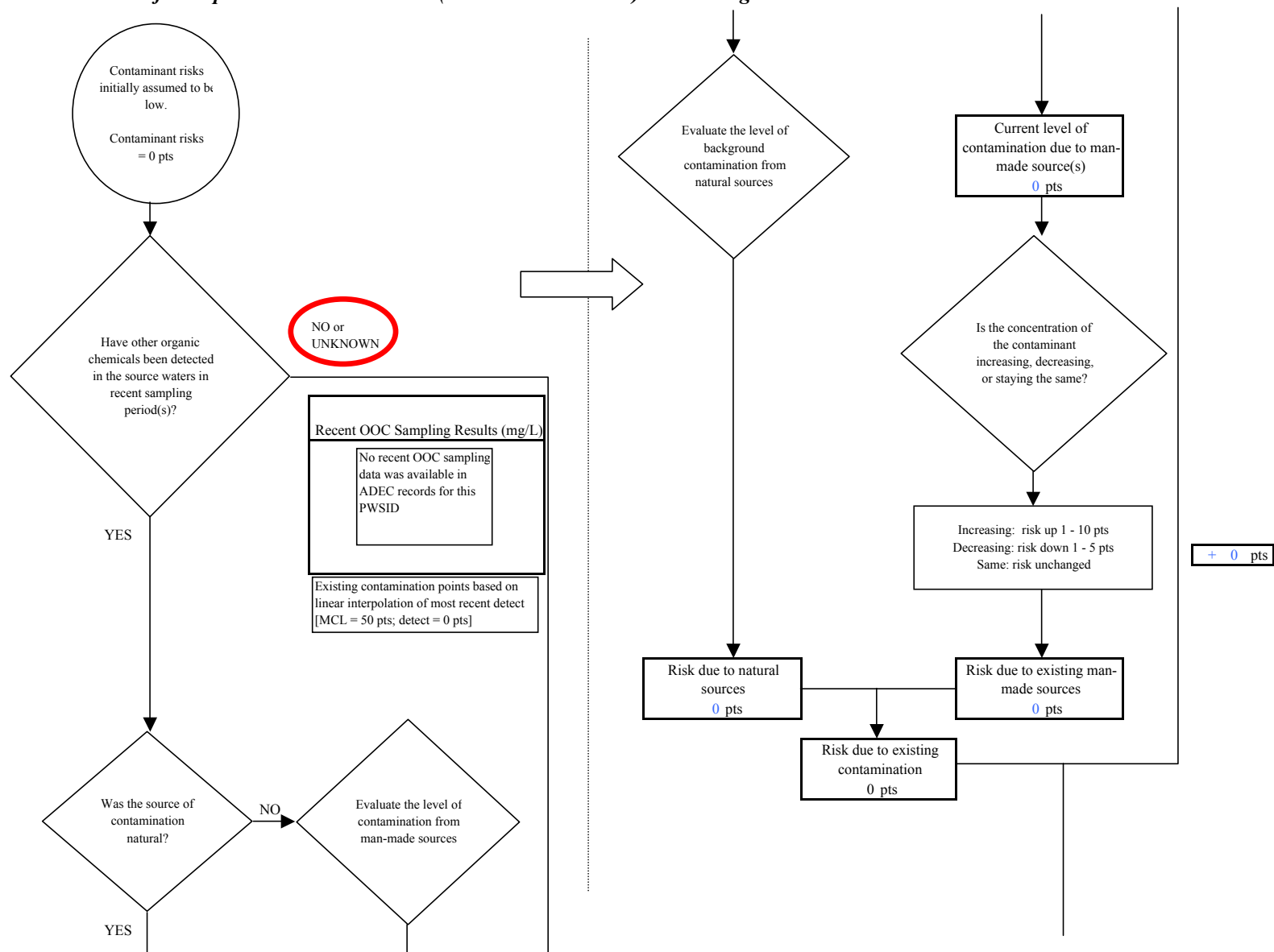


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

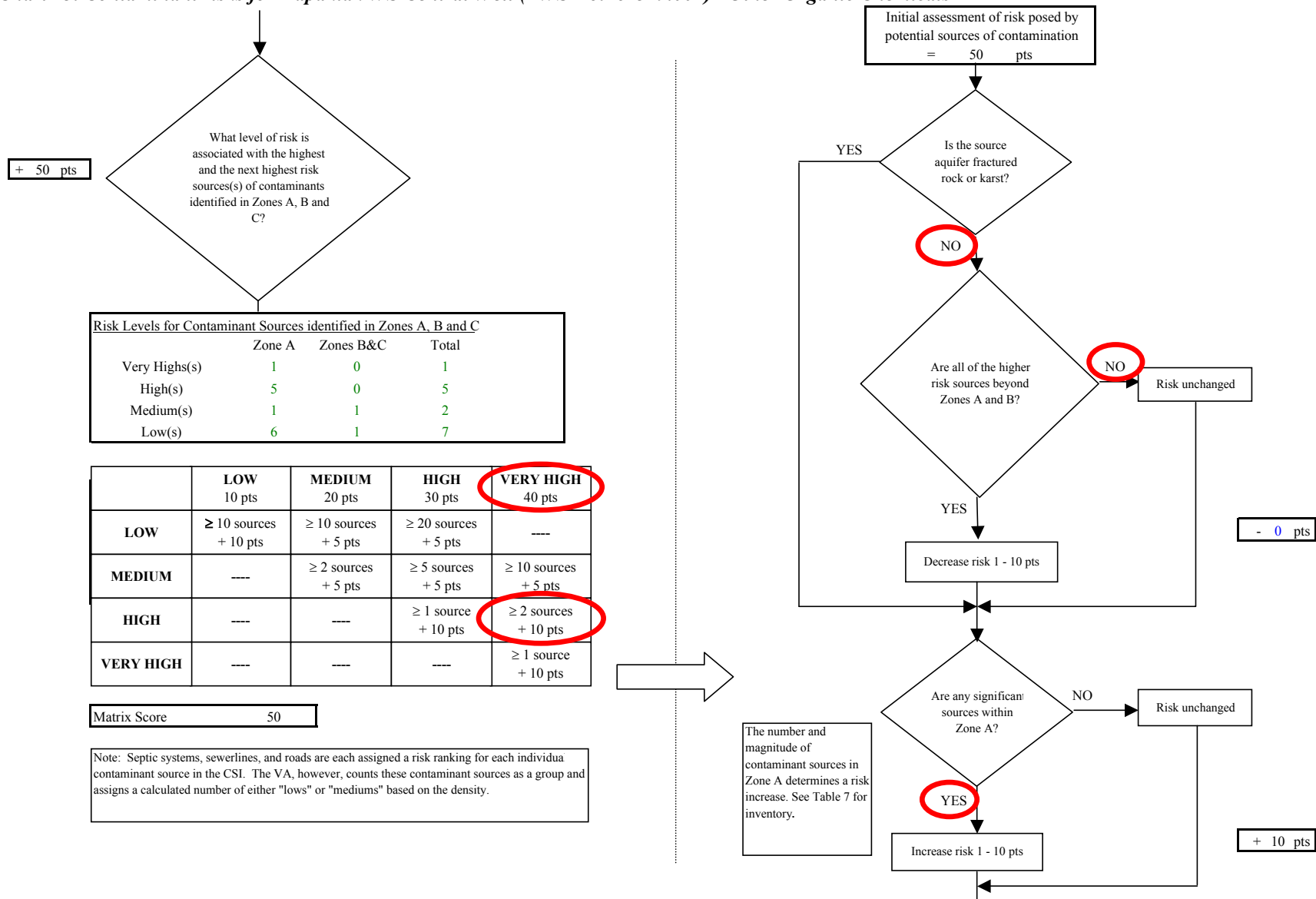


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

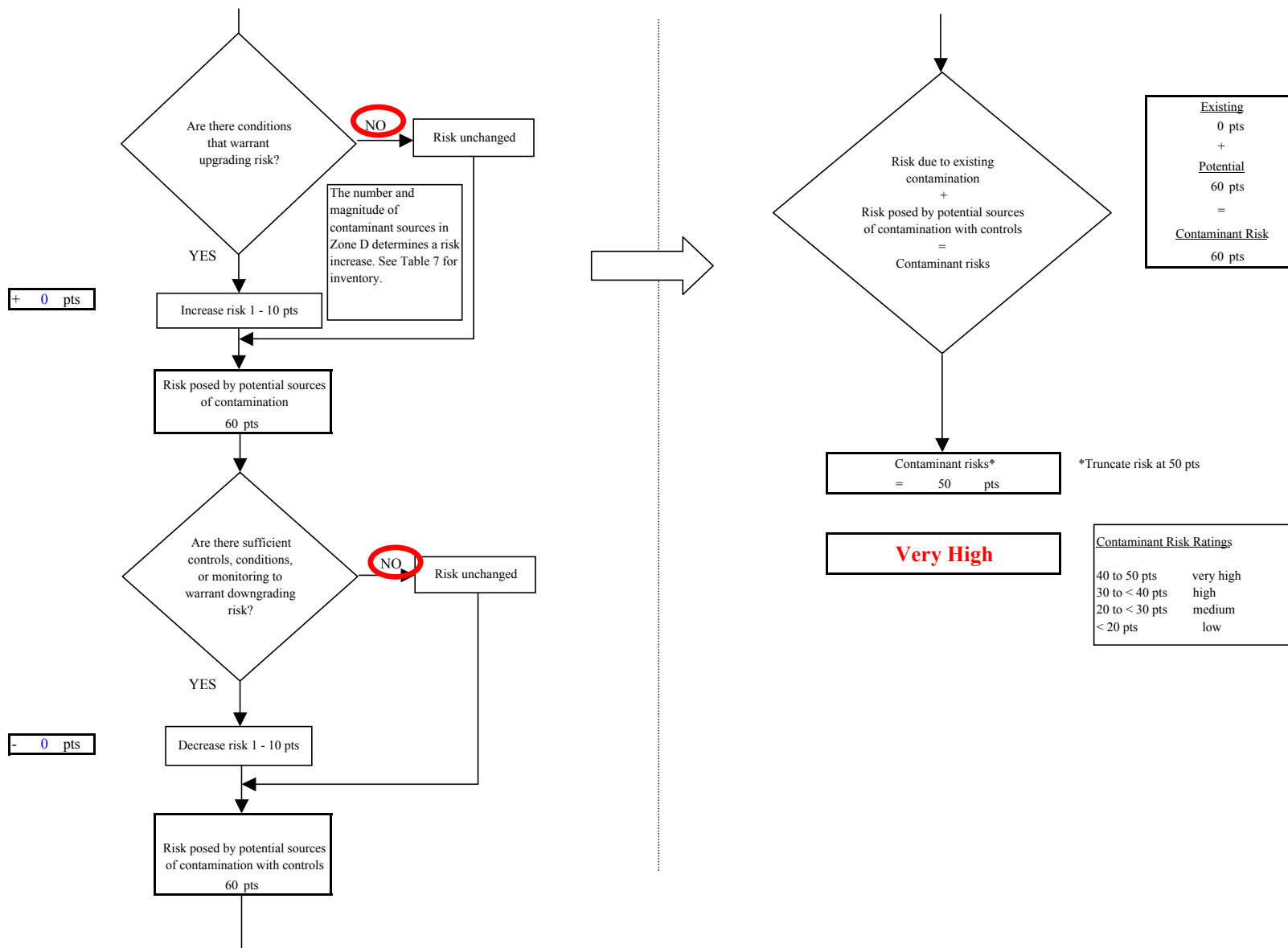


Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Napakiak WS Central Well (PWS No.262319.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

