Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for Trident Seafoods - Naknek Drinking Water System, Naknek, Alaska

PWSID # 261274.001

March 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1177
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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Source Water Assessment for Trident Seafoods – Naknek Source of Public Drinking Water, Naknek, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Trident Seafoods – Naknek has one Public Water System (PWS) well. The well (PWSID# 260935.001) has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in 1988. The well is located north of the Naknek River at the Trident Seafoods – Naknek facility. This system operates May – August and serves approximately 400 people through 13 service connections. Well water is disinfected with chlorine and stored in two tanks near the well. The combined volume of the storage tanks is 100,000 gallons. Treated water is piped throughout the facility.

The well is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system located near the Naknek River just east of the City of Naknek, Alaska. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the primary public drinking water source include: sewer lines, septic systems, aboveground fuel tanks, bulk fuel terminals, roads, power generating facilities, and airports. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for the bacteria and viruses, a vulnerability rating of **High** for nitrates and nitrites, and a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for volatile organic chemicals contaminant categories.

TRIDENT SEAFOODS – NAKNEK PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Trident Seafoods – Naknek water well is a Class B (transient/non-community) public water system. The system consists of one well located at the Trident Seafoods – Naknek facility on Mile ½ of the Alaska Peninsula Highway in Naknek, Alaska (Sec. 03, T017S, R047W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Naknek is the primary fishery center in Bristol Bay, located about 12 miles northwest of King Salmon and 300 miles southwest of Anchorage. The community has a population of 642 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation in Naknek is 20 inches, including approximately 45 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range from 42 to 63°F in summer and -4 to 16°F in winter. Temperatures can be as extreme as -46 to 88°F.

The community of Naknek gets most of their water supply from individual wells. Most households are served by the piped sewage collection system and the remaining households have individual septic tanks (ADCED, 2003). Naknek receives electrical power from the Naknek Electric Association operated by the REA Cooperative. Power generating facilities are fueled by diesel. Refuse is collected by the Patterson Sanitation Company and trucked to the landfill located five miles outside of the community (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the Trident Seafoods – Naknek PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 300 feet below the ground surface and is likely screened in a confined aquifer based on available data for PWSIDs in the local area. Confined aquifers are likely less susceptible to groundwater impacts resulting from the downward migration of surface contaminants. Based on available data for surrounding PWSIDs, the well is assumed to be screened in a sandy material. The well is not located in a floodplain.

Information acquired from a May 1999 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the land surface was sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. It is assumed that the well is not grouted according to ADEC regulations because of the date of installation (1988). Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

Naknek is located in an area that has been mapped as being underlain by isolated masses of permafrost; predominantly fine-grained deposits. Permafrost is usually found either at a considerable depth as relict permafrost or near the surface as thin lenses of small extent where ground insulation is high or low. The terrain in this area consists of low hills with many shallow lakes. The lakes resulted from the delayed melting of buried ice blocks (ADOT&PF, 1982).

TRIDENT SEAFOODS – NAKNEK DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the Trident Seafoods – Naknek PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel
B	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
C	Less Than the 5 year time-of-travel
D	Less than the 10 year time-of-travel

The DWPA for the Trident Seafoods – Naknek PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Trident Seafoods – Naknek DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low,
- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and

Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF TRIDENT SEAFOODS - NAKNEKDRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 8 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites and volatile organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)
(0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

Trident Seafoods - Naknek's water well is in a confined aquifer. Confined aquifers are less susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the Susceptibility scores and ratings for both wells in this PWS.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	15	High
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	18	High
Natural Susceptibility	33	High

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	25	Medium
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	30	High

Volatile Organic Chemicals	50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the
Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings	
80 to 100 pts	Very High
60 to < 80 pts	High
40 to < 60 pts	Medium
< 40 pts	Low

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	55	Medium
Nitrates and Nitrites	60	High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	80	Very High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Medium**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of sewer lines in Zone A and partially due to private septic systems and roads (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

No positive bacteria counts were reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination remains **Medium**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of sewer lines in Zones A and B and partially due to septic systems, airports, and roads in Zones A, B, and C (see Table 3 – Appendix 3).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that no nitrates have been detected in recent sampling events. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

Nitrate levels are often derived from the decomposition of organic matter in soils. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **High**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a bulk fuel terminal and airports in Zones A, B, and C and partially attributed to many other potential contaminant sources (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for Trident Seafoods – Naknek (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Trident Seafoods – Naknek and the community of Naknek to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

REFERENCES

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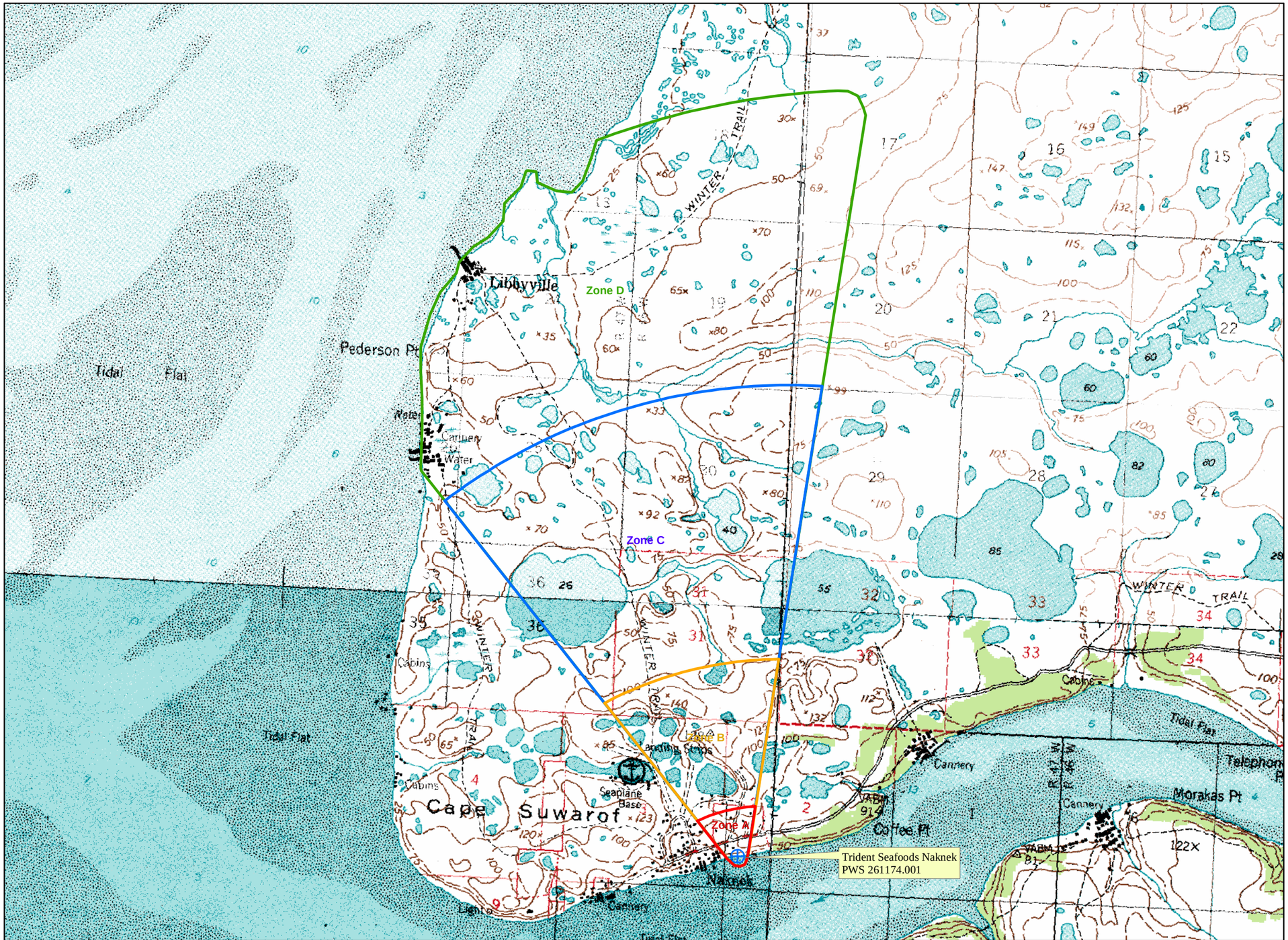
APPENDIX A

Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map
(Map A)

Public Water Well System for PWS #261274.001 Trident Seafoods Naknek



LEGEND

- Public Water System Well

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)
- Road Ferry Crossing

Groundwater Protection Zones

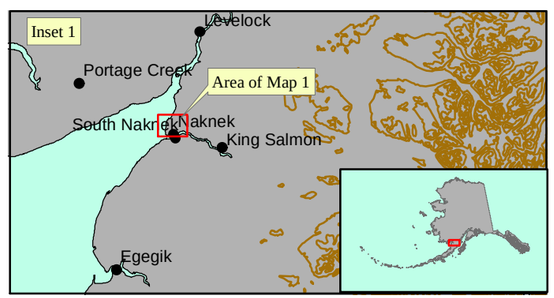
- Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area– 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area– 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area– 10 Years Travel Time

Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data:
United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



0 0.25 0.5 1 1.5 2 Miles

Trident Seafoods Naknek
PWS 261274.001

Appendix A Map 1

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Rankings (Tables 1-4)

Table 1

Contaminant Source Inventory for ***Trident Seafoods Naknek***

PWSID 261274.00

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stati	D01	D01-01	A	C	Assumed that 11-20 sewer lines are located in Zone A
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone A
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	A	C	Assumed that 50 or less residential above ground heating oil tanks are locatec Zone A
Tanks, diesel (underground)	T08	T08-01	A	C	Assumed that 1 above ground diesel tank is located in Zone A for processing facility support services
Tanks, gasoline (above ground)	T10	T10-01	A	C	Assumed that 1 above ground gasoline tank is located in Zone A for processi facility support services
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	C	Assumed that 1 above ground heating oil tank is located in Zone A for processing facility support services
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	C	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stati	D01	D01-02	B	C	Assumed that 1-10 sewer lines are located in Zone B
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone B
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	B	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-02	B	C	Assumed that 30 or less residential above ground heating oil tanks are locatec Zone A
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	B	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	B	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	B	C	
Water supply wells	W09	W09-01	B	C	
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	C	
Airports	X14	X14-02	B	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone B

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Airports	X14	X14-03	C	C	
Highways and roads (winter)	X26	X26-01	C	C	2 winter trails located in Zone C
Water supply wells	W09	W09-02	D	C	
Water supply wells	W09	W09-03	D	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	D	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone D
Highways and roads (winter)	X26	X26-02	D	C	8 winter trails located in Zone D

Table 2

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Trident Seafoods Naknek Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

PWSID 261274.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Medium	C	Assumed that 11-20 sewer lines are located in Zone A
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone A

Table 3

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Trident Seafoods Naknek Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

PWSID 261274.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Medium	C	Assumed that 11-20 sewer lines are located in Zone A
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone A
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	B	Medium	C	Assumed that 1-10 sewer lines are located in Zone B
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone B
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	B	Low	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone B
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	Low	C	
Airports	X14	X14-02	B	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone B
Airports	X14	X14-03	C	Low	C	
Highways and roads (winter)	X26	X26-01	C	Low	C	2 winter trails located in Zone C

Table 4

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Trident Seafoods Naknek
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

PWSID 261274.001

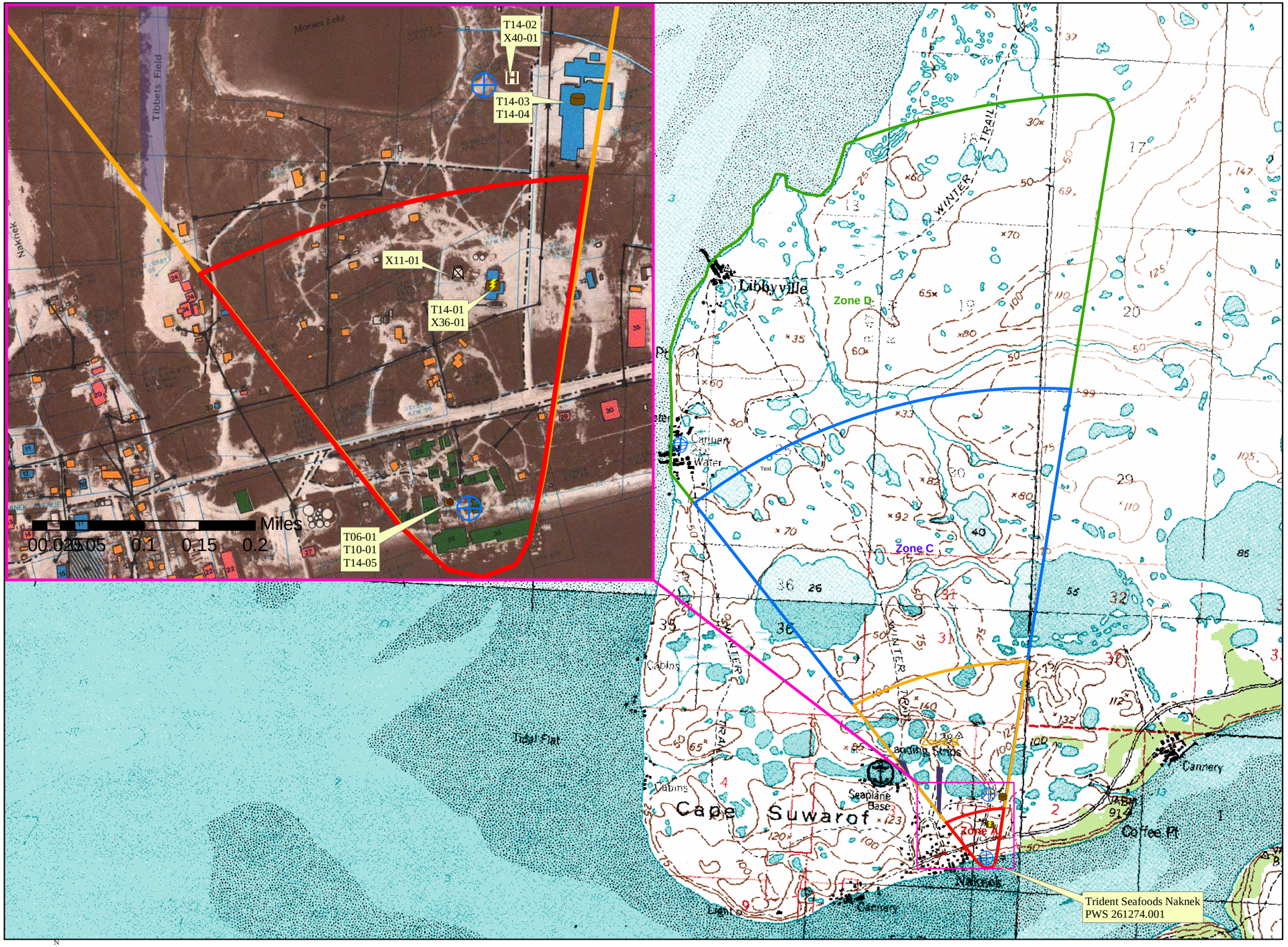
Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Low	C	Assumed that 11-20 sewer lines are located in Zone A
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone A
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	A	Medium	C	Assumed that 50 or less residential above ground heating oil tanks are locat in Zone A
Tanks, diesel (underground)	T08	T08-01	A	High	C	Assumed that 1 above ground diesel tank is located in Zone A for processin facility support services
Tanks, gasoline (above ground)	T10	T10-01	A	Medium	C	Assumed that 1 above ground gasoline tank is located in Zone A for proces facility support services
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	Low	C	Assumed that 1 above ground heating oil tank is located in Zone A for processing facility support services
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Very High	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	C	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	B	Low	C	Assumed that 1-10 sewer lines are located in Zone B
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 50 residential acres in Zone B
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	B	Low	C	Assumed to be 10 or less homes with septic systems in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-02	B	Medium	C	Assumed that 30 or less residential above ground heating oil tanks are locat in Zone A
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	B	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	B	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	B	Low	C	
Airports	X14	X14-01	B	High	C	
Airports	X14	X14-02	B	High	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assumed to be less than 20 roads in Zone B

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Airports	X14	X14-03	C	High	C	
Highways and roads (winter)	X26	X26-01	C	Low	C	2 winter trails located in Zone C

APPENDIX C

Drinking Water Protection Area
and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources
(Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS #261274.001 Trident Seafoods Naknek
Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



LEGEND

- Public Water System Well

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)
- Road Ferry Crossing

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area– 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area– 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area– 10 Years Travel Time or Watershed Boundary

Existing or Potential Contaminant Sources

- Tanks, Diesel (above ground) (T06)
- Tanks, Gasoline (above ground) (T10)
- Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (T14)
- Petroleum product bulk station terminals (X11)
- Electric Power Generation (X36)
- Medical/veterinary facilities (X40)
- Airport/Landing Strip (X14)

Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data:
United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

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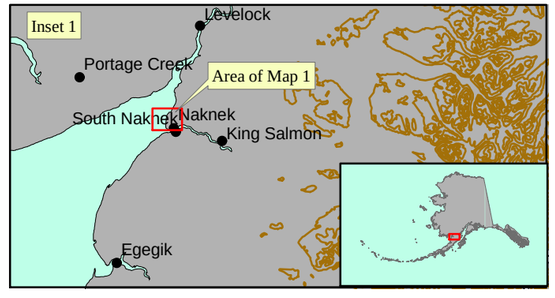


Trident Seafoods Naknek
PWS 261274.001

Appendix C Map C

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-8)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001)

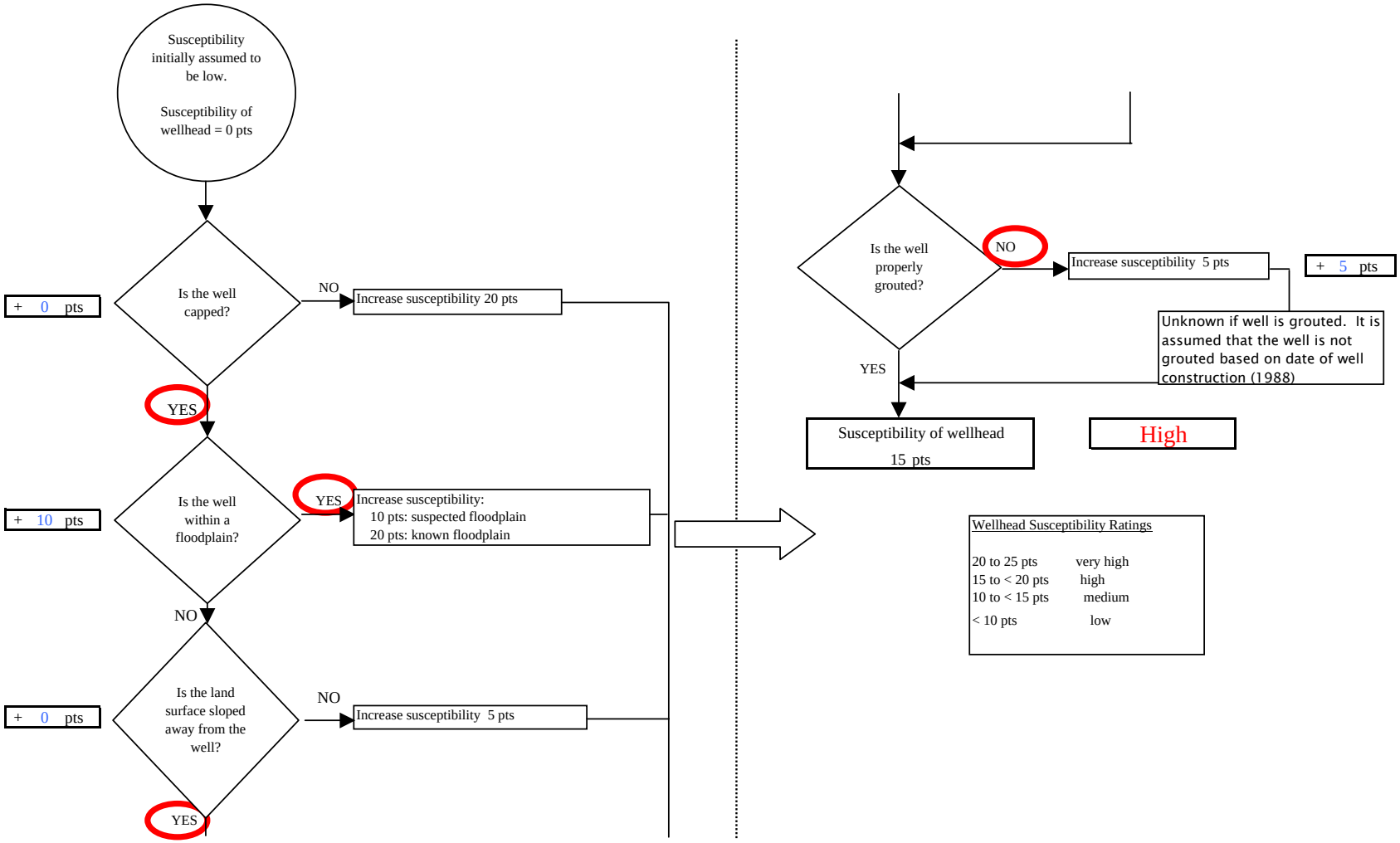


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001)

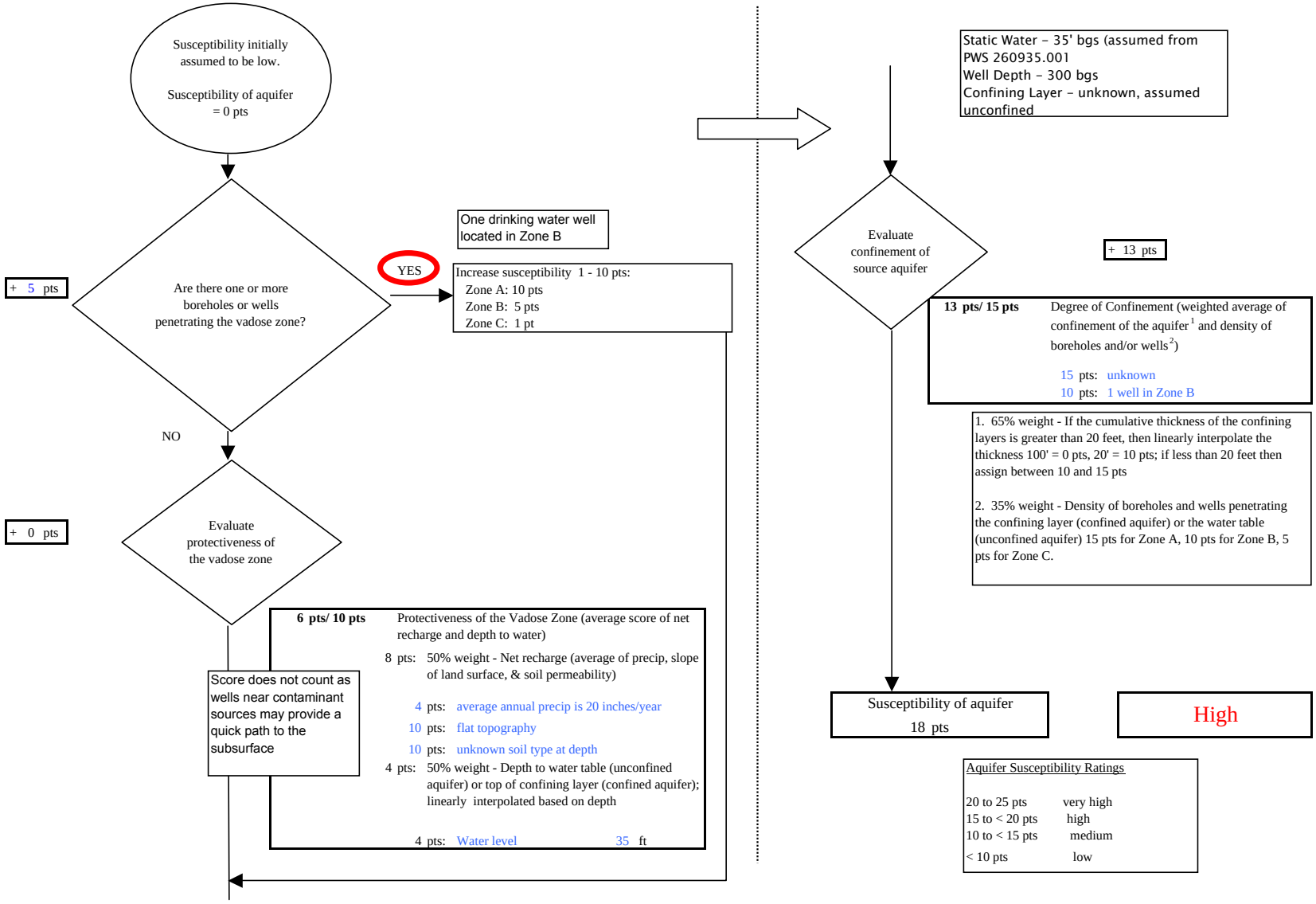
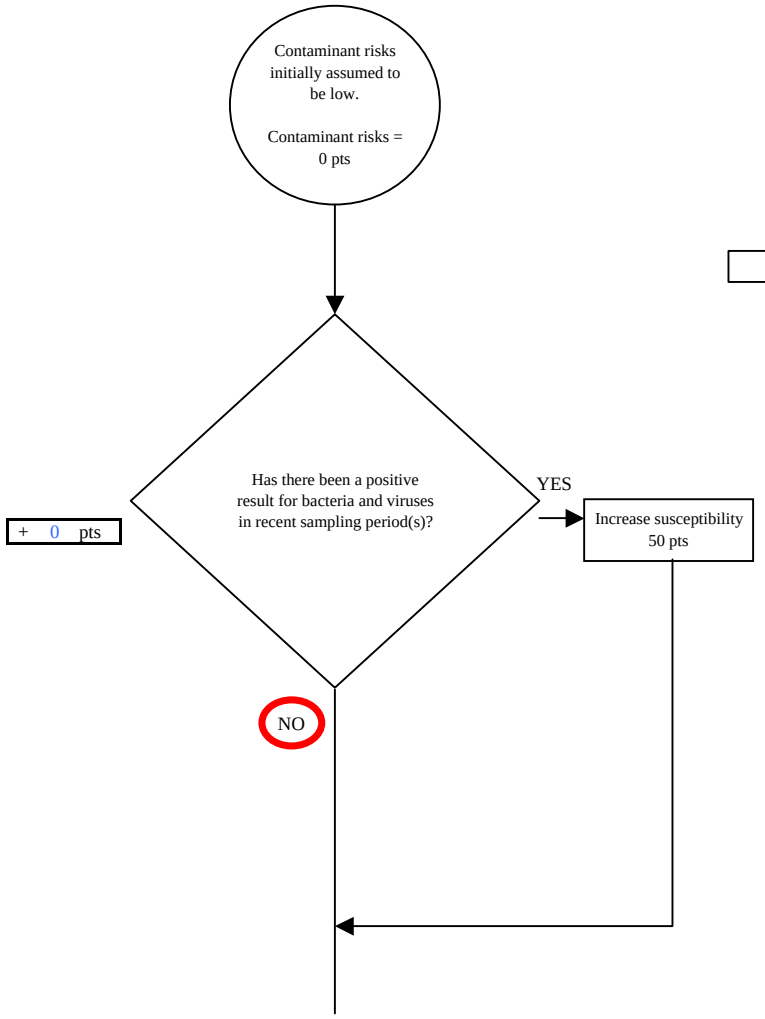
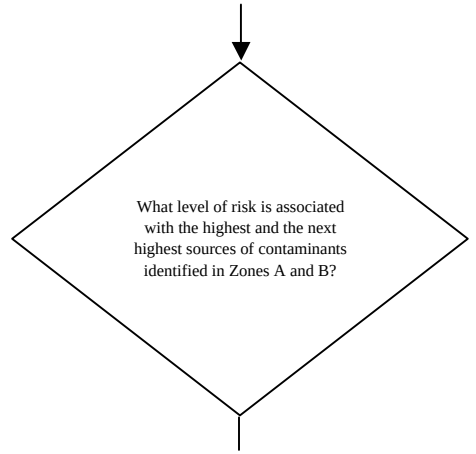


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Bacteria & Viruses





+ 20 pts

Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B

	Zone A	Zone B	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	1	0	1
Low(s)	3	0	3

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	**≥** 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 20

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

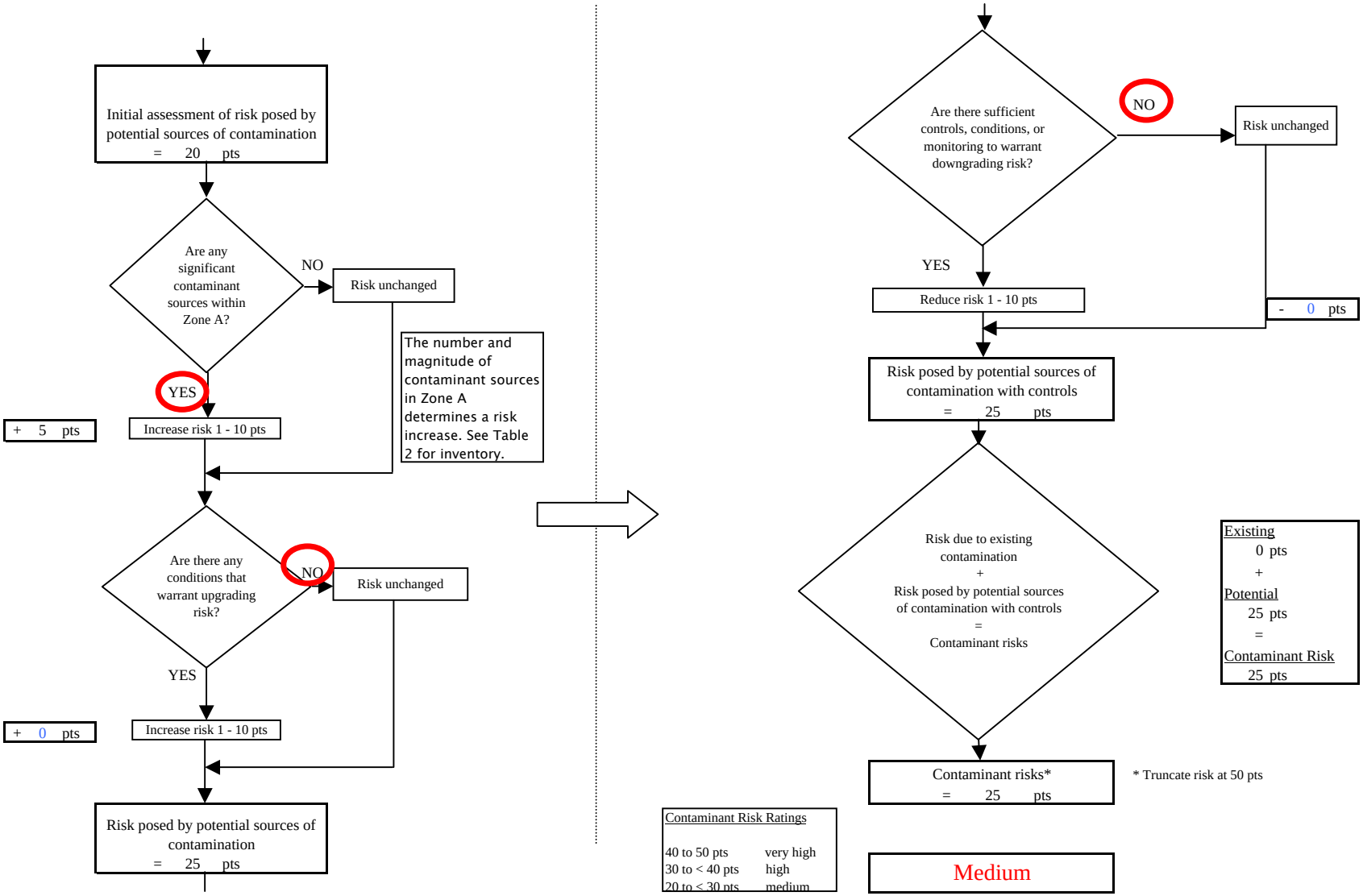


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

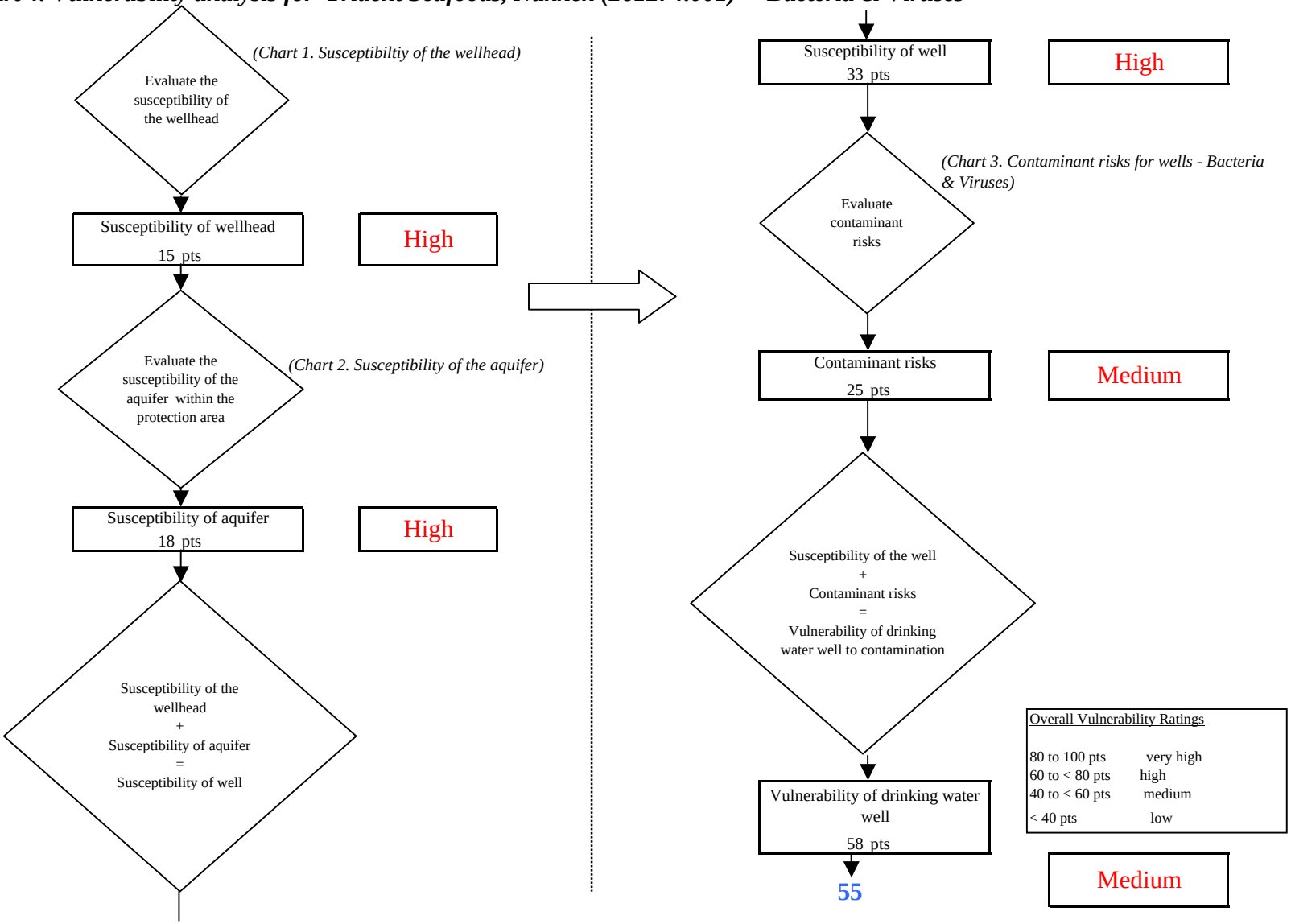


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

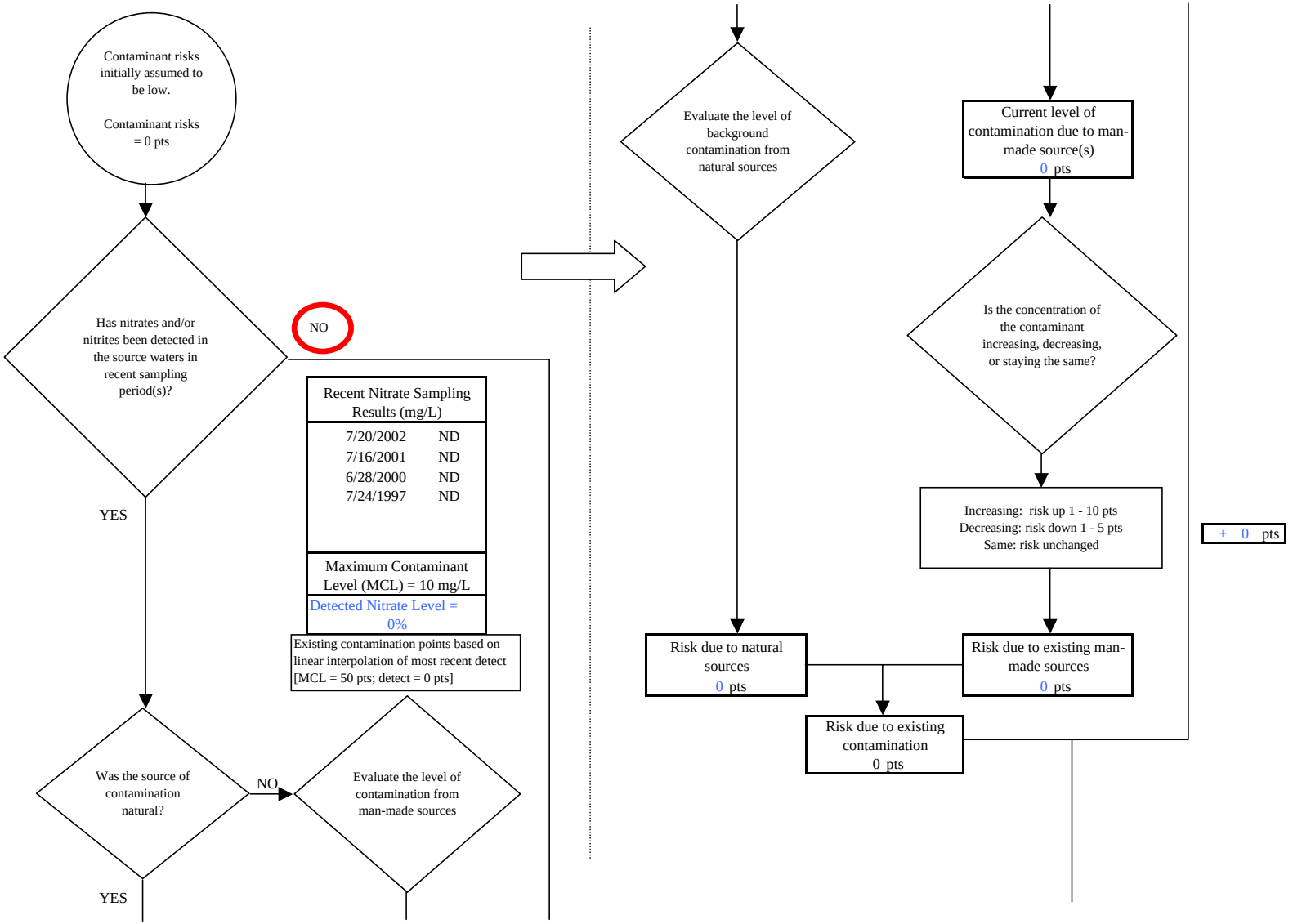


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

+ 25 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	1	0	1
Low(s)	3	7	10

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 25

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

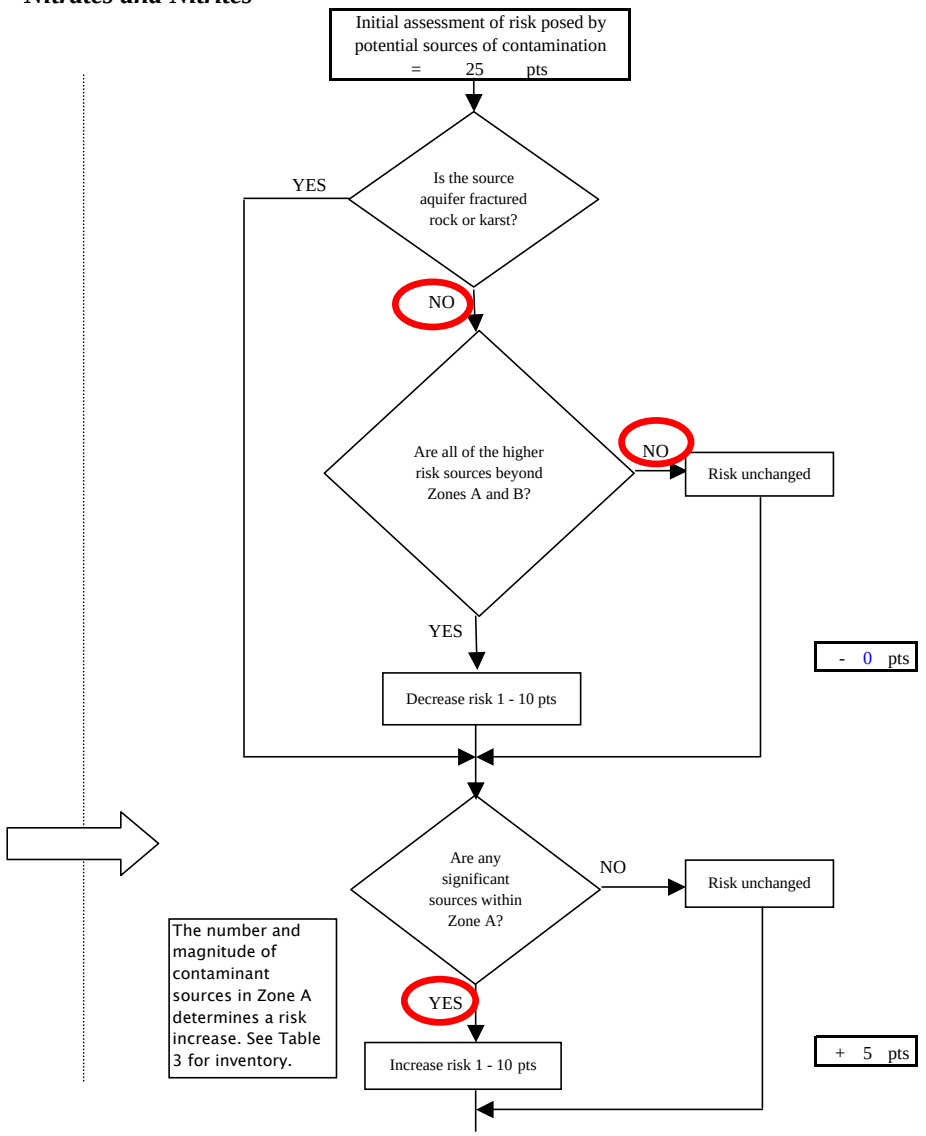


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

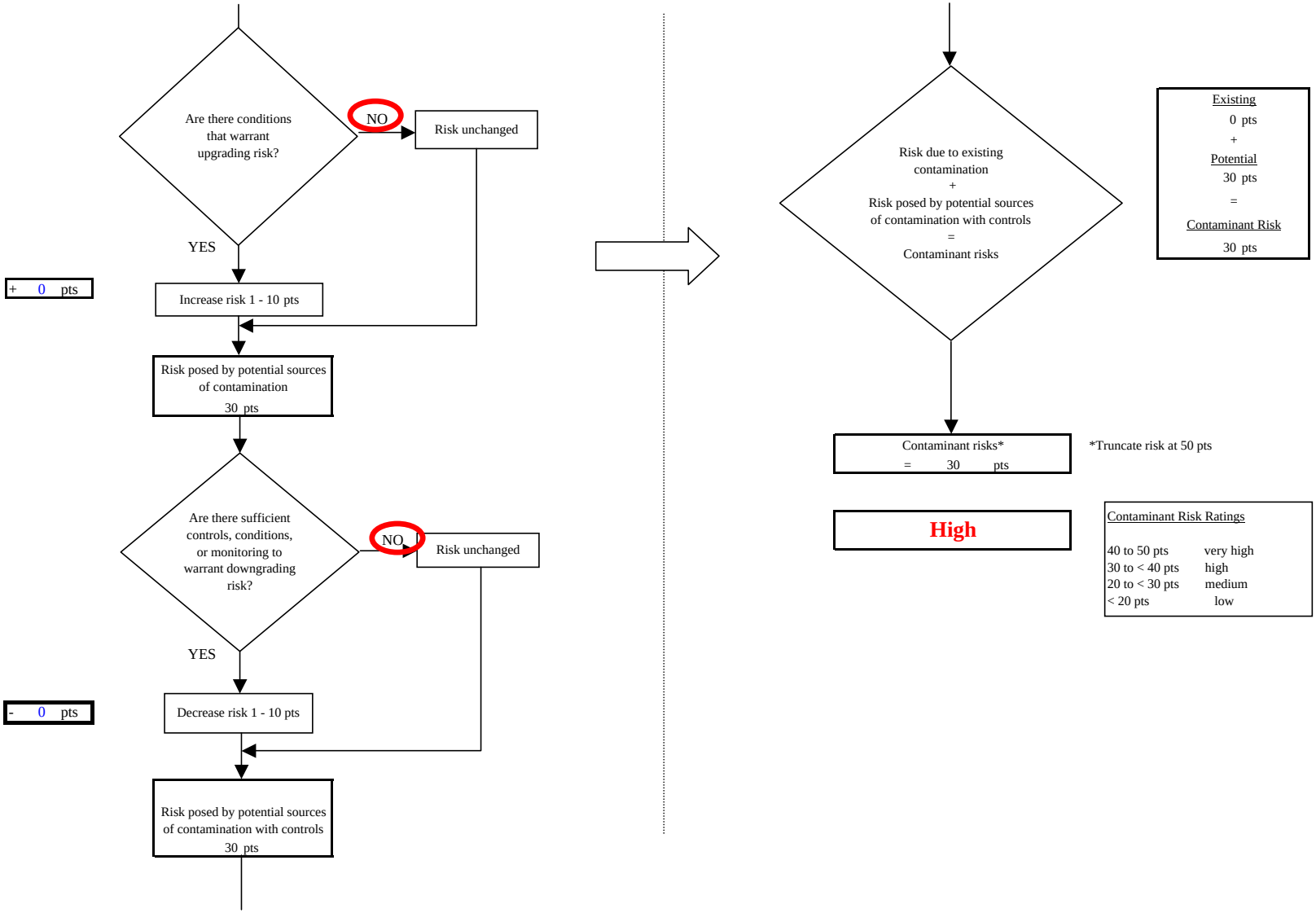


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

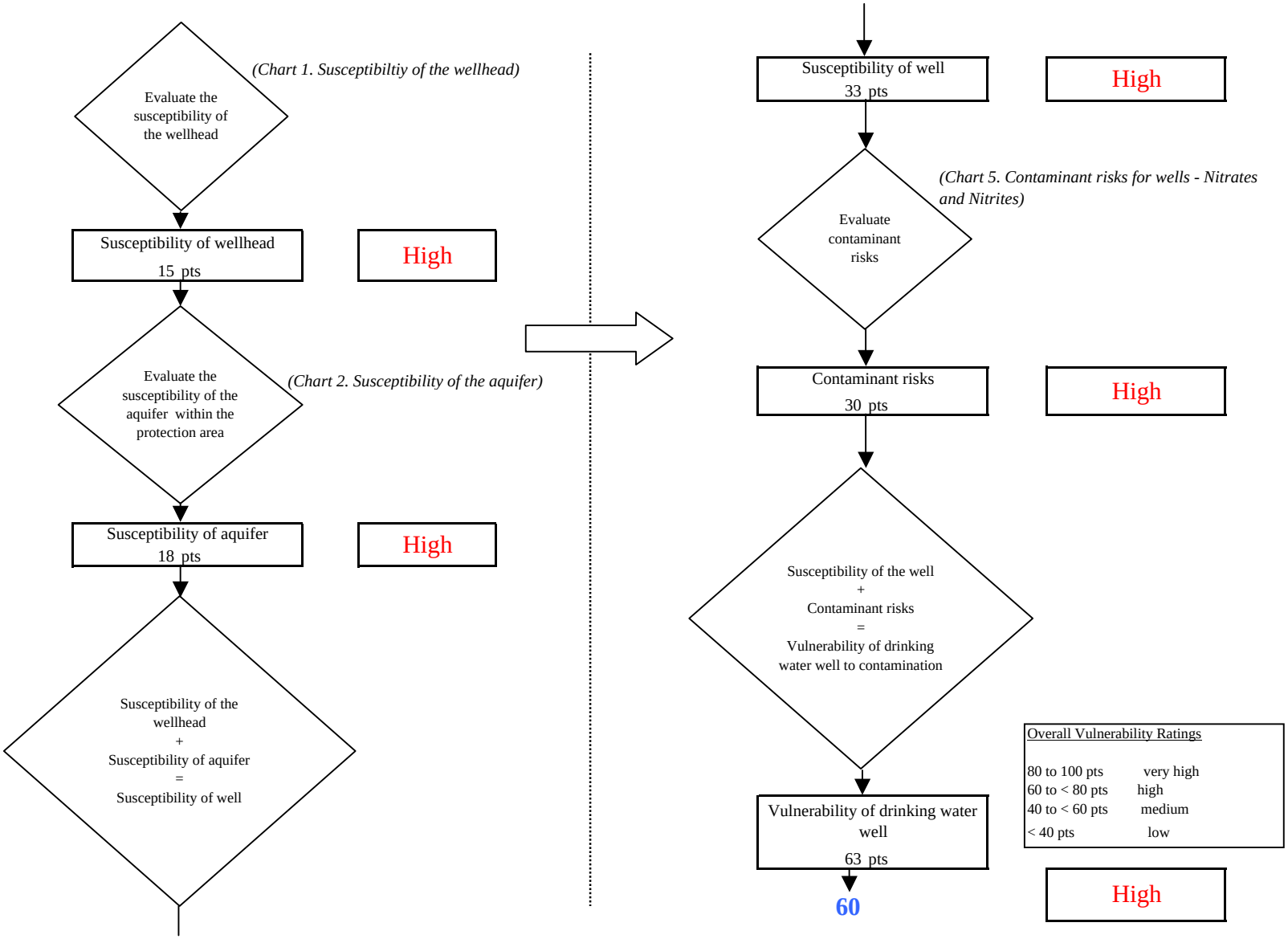


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

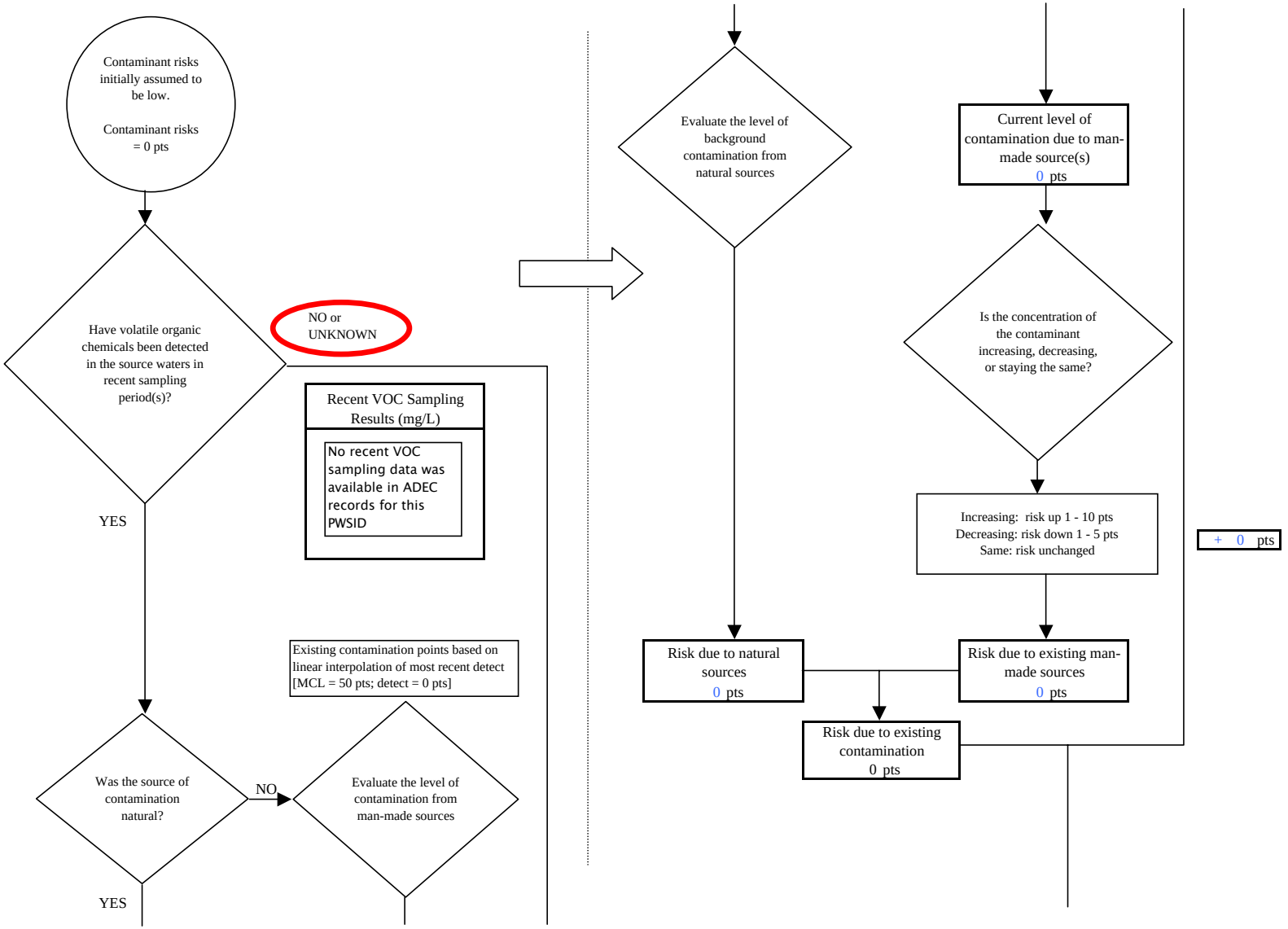


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

+ 50 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	1	0	1
High(s)	1	3	4
Medium(s)	3	1	4
Low(s)	6	7	13

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination = 50 pts

Is the source aquifer fractured rock or karst?

YES

NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

- 0 pts

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

+ 10 pts

The number and magnitude of contaminant sources in Zone A determines a risk increase. See Table 4 for inventory.

Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

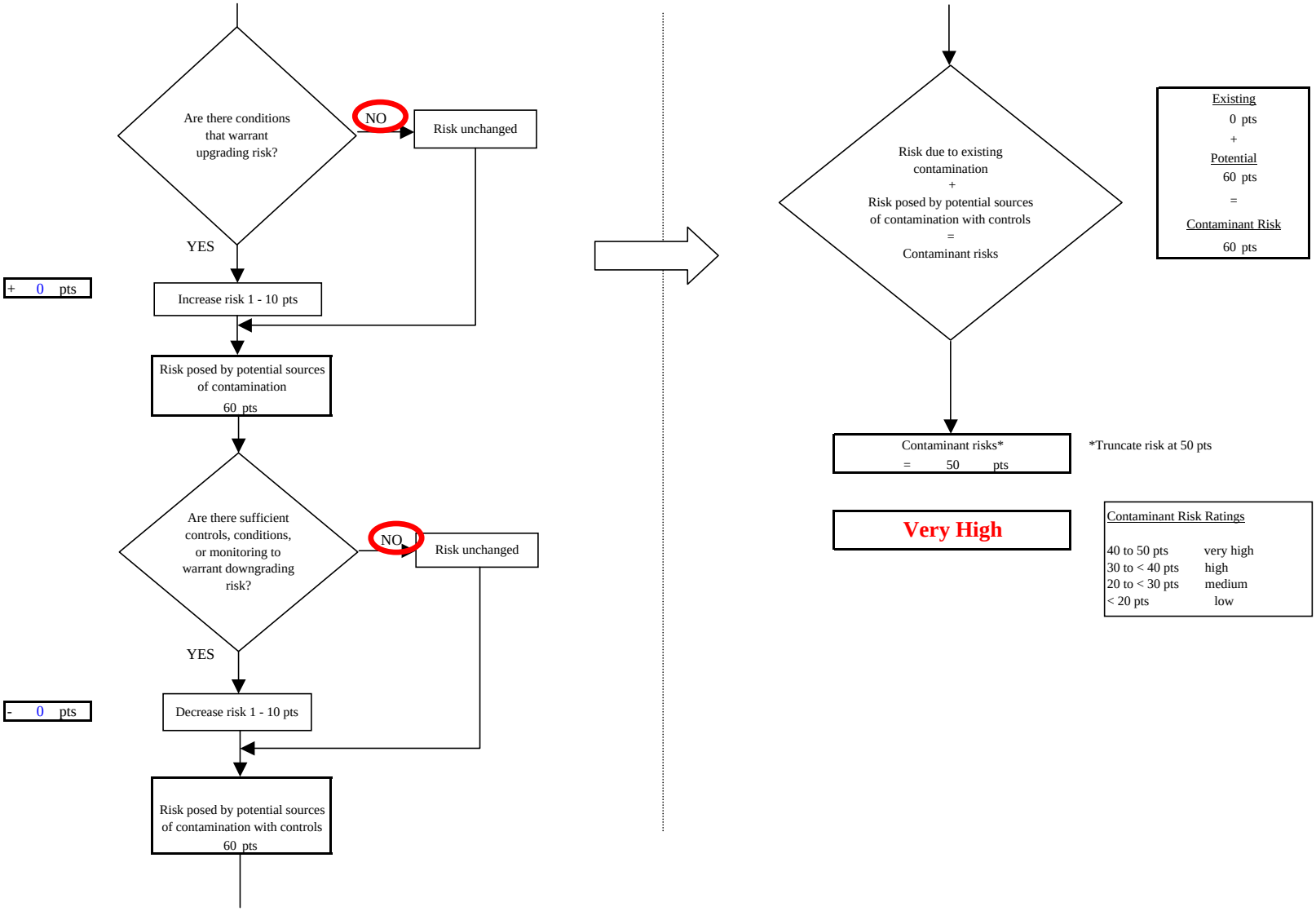


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Trident Seafoods, Naknek (261274.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals