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# Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and  
Vulnerability Assessment for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Drinking Water System,  
Kodiak, Alaska

PWSID # 250265.001

June 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1449  
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

# Source Water Assessment for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. Drinking Water System Kodiak, Alaska

PWSID # 250265.001

## DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1449

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

## CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	1	INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING	
DHR KODIAK INVESTORS, INC. PUBLIC		CONTAMINANT SOURCES .....	2
DRINKING WATER SYSTEM .....	1	RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS .....	2
DHR KODIAK INVESTORS, INC. DRINKING		VULNERABILITY OF DHR KODIAK	
WATER PROTECTION AREA .....	2	INVESTORS, INC. DRINKING WATER	
		SYSTEM .....	3

## TABLES

Table 1. Definition of Zones .....	2
Table 2. Susceptibility .....	3
Table 3. Contaminant Risks .....	3
Table 4. Overall Vulnerability .....	4

## APPENDICES

APPENDIX	A. DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. Drinking Water Protection Area (Map A)
	B. Contaminant Source Inventory for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (Table 1)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. –
	Bacteria and Viruses (Table 2)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. –
	Nitrates/Nitrites (Table 3)
	Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. –
	Volatile Organic Chemicals (Table 4)
	C. DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential
	and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)
	D. Vulnerability Analysis for Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
	DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1 – 8)

# Source Water Assessment for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. Source of Public Drinking Water, Kodiak, Alaska

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## Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. has one Public Water System (PWS) well. It is assumed that the well (PWSID# 250265.001) has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in approximately 1984.

The well is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system located in the Womens Bay area of Kodiak Island, Alaska. Available records indicate that there is no secondary storage of drinking water, other than a pressure tank, and that the untreated drinking water source is derived directly from the wellhead. This system operates year round and serves approximately 50 non-residents and 0 residents, through one service connection. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **Very High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **Very High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the primary public drinking water source include: orchards or nurseries, motor vehicle repair shops, pet groomers, large-capacity septic system, landfill, quarry, water supply well, and roads. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for the bacteria and viruses, a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for nitrates and nitrites, and a vulnerability rating of **High** for volatile organic chemicals contaminant categories.

### DHR KODIAK INVESTORS, INC. PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. well is a Class B (transient/non-community) public water system. The well is located in the Womens Bay area of Kodiak Island, Alaska (Sec. 21, T028S, R020W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. is located in the Womens Bay area,

which is on the east coast of Kodiak Island, 8 miles south of the City of Kodiak. The community has a population of 667 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation in the Womens Bay area is 60 inches. Temperatures range from 39 to 76°F in summer and 14 to 46°F in winter.

The community of Womens Bay obtains most of their water supply from individual wells. Most households have individual septic tanks while the remaining households utilize outhouses (ADCED, 2003). Womens Bay receives electrical power from Kodiak Electric Association, which is operated by a REA Co-op. Power generating facilities are fueled by hydro and diesel sources. Neither refuse collection nor storage information is available (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 50 feet below the ground surface and the well is screened. Based on well construction details for surrounding wells in the area, it is assumed that the well is unconfined. Unconfined aquifers are more susceptible to groundwater impacts resulting from the downward migration of surface contaminants. The well is located in a suspected floodplain.

Information acquired from a May 2000 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the land surface was not sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The well is grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

Glaciers formerly covered most of Kodiak Island and the topography of the island is representative of a postglacial area with rugged peaks and fjord coastlines. Soils information is limited. Streams occupy the glacial valleys and have deposited alluvial silt, sand, and gravel in depressions and at the mouth

of streams. The alluvial deposits tend to be coarse grained toward the shore and fine grained in the floodplains. The soils have thick, dark surface horizons, and normally no horizon of clay (Chiniak Community Forum, et. al 1987).

## DHR KODIAK INVESTORS, INC. DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

**Table 1. Definition of Zones**

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel
B	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
C	Less Than the 5 year time-of-travel
D	Less than the 10 year time-of-travel

The DWPA for the DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, and D to the limits of the watershed boundary (See Map A of Appendix A).

## INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

## RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low,
- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only “Very High” and “High” rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

## VULNERABILITY OF THE DHR KODIAK INVESTORS, INC. DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 8 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites and volatile organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)  
(Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)  
(Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)  
(0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

### Natural Susceptibility Ratings

40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

The DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.’s water well is in an unconfined aquifer. Unconfined aquifers are more susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

**Table 2. Susceptibility**

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	20	Very High
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	25	Very High
Natural Susceptibility	45	Very High

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

### Contaminant Risk Ratings

40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

**Table 3. Contaminant Risks**

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	40	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	41	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	25	Medium

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Vulnerability of the} \\
 \text{Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).}
 \end{array}$$

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings	
80 to 100 pts	Very High
60 to < 80 pts	High
40 to < 60 pts	Medium
< 40 pts	Low

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

**Table 4. Overall Vulnerability**

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	85	Very High
Nitrates and Nitrites	85	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	70	High

### Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a large-capacity septic system located in Zone A (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

Coliforms (a bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliforms and E. coli, which only come from human and animal fecal waste. Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2003). Positive samples increase the overall vulnerability of the drinking water source,

indicating that the source is susceptible to bacteria and virus contamination.

No positive bacteria counts have been reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

### Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Very High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of a large-capacity septic system in Zone A (see Table 3 – Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that low levels of nitrates have been detected in recent sampling events. However, the reported concentrations of nitrates do not exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

Nitrate levels are often derived from the decomposition of organic matter in soils. Although the nitrate source is unknown, such occurrences may be attributed to septic systems or other sources. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **Very High**.

### Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Medium**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a motor vehicle repair shop located in Zone A. Some other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

### **Using the Source Water Assessment**

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. and the surrounding community to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.



## REFERENCES

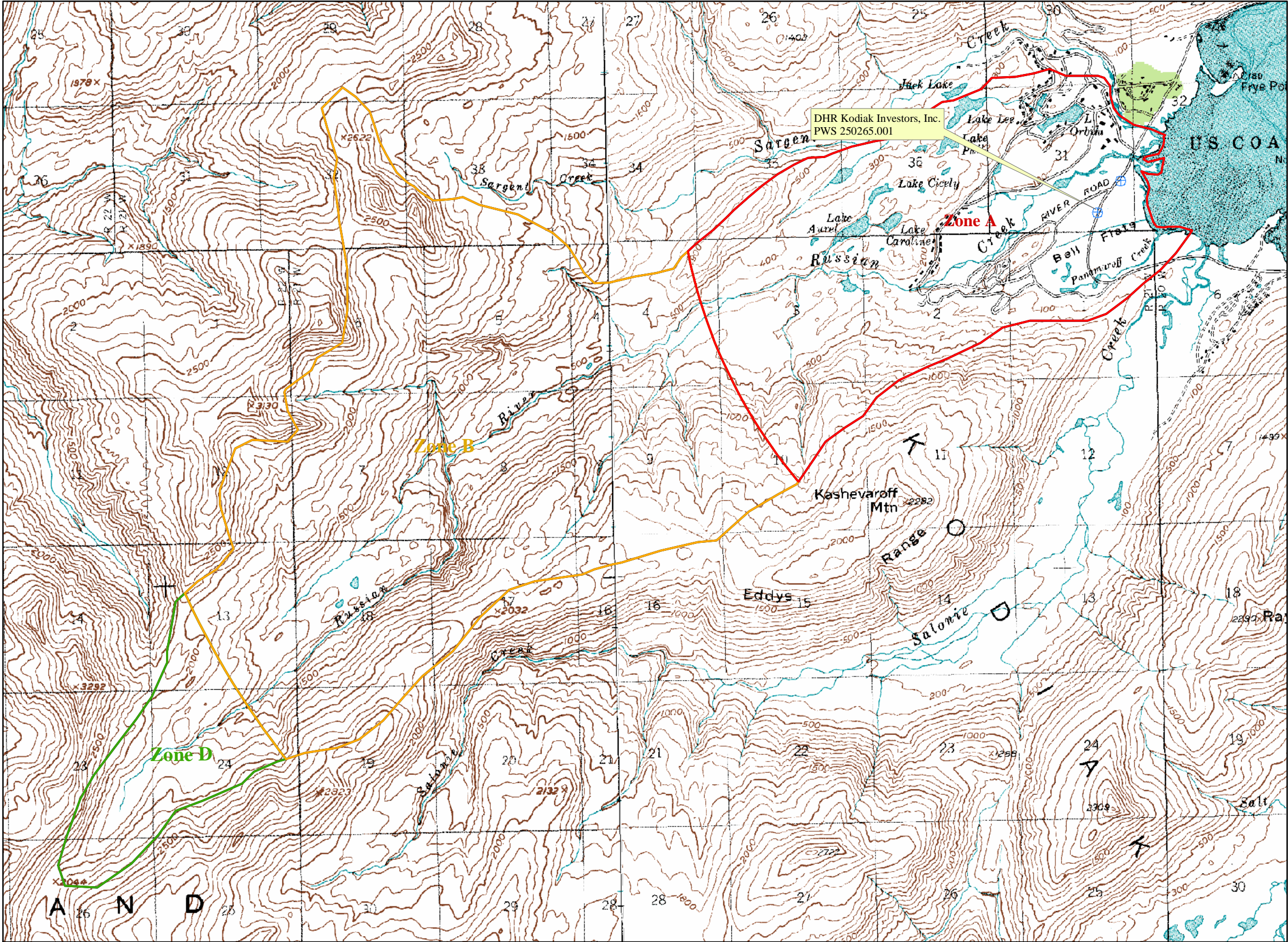
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## **APPENDIX A**

### **Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)**



Public Water Well System for PWS #250265.001 DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.



LEGEND

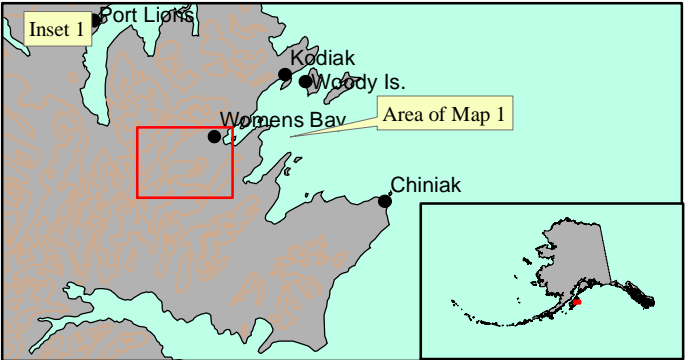
- Public Water System Well
- Hydrography/Physical**
- Parcels
  - Stream
  - Lake or Pond
  - Contours
  - Watershed Boundary
- Transportation**
- Primary Route (Class 1)
  - Secondary Route (Class 2)
  - Road (Class 3)
  - Road (Class 4)
  - Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)
  - Road Ferry Crossing
- Groundwater Protection Zones**
- Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time
  - Zone B Protection Area– 2 Years Travel Time
  - Zone D Protection Area– 10 Years Travel Time (or watershed boundary)

Data Sources:  
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours  
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data:  
United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



0 0.25 0.5 1 1.5 2 Miles



## **APPENDIX B**

### **Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)**

**Table 1**

**Contaminant Source Inventory for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.**

**PWSID 250265.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Orchards or nurseries	A10	A10-01	A	C	STRAWBERRY FIELDS NURSERY
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	C	BELLS FLAT AUTO
Pet groomers	C34	C34-01	A	C	LITTLE JOHN'S FEED STORE
Pet groomers	C34	C34-02	A	C	SHADOW MOUNTAIN FEED
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A
Landfills (industrial; type of industrial waste?)	D52	D52-01	A	C	KODIAK LIVESTOCK CORPORATIONS
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	A	C	BELLS FLAT PIT & PLANT-BRECHAN ENTERPRISES
Water supply wells	W09	W09-01	A	C	One well in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A

**Table 2**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

**PWSID 250265.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	High	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A

**Table 3**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

**PWSID 250265.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Orchards or nurseries	A10	A10-01	A	Medium	C	STRAWBERRY FIELDS NURSERY
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	High	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	A	Low	C	BELLS FLAT PIT & PLANT-BRECHAN ENTERPRISES
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A

**Table 4**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

**PWSID 250265.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	Medium	C	BELLS FLAT AUTO
Pet groomers	C34	C34-01	A	Low	C	LITTLE JOHN'S FEED STORE
Pet groomers	C34	C34-02	A	Low	C	SHADOW MOUNTAIN FEED
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	A	Low	C	BELLS FLAT PIT & PLANT-BRECHAN ENTERPRISES
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A



**Table 5**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.*

**PWSID 250265.001**

*Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals*

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Orchards or nurseries	A10	A10-01	A	Low	C	STRAWBERRY FIELDS NURSERY
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	Medium	C	BELLS FLAT AUTO
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A

**Table 6**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

**PWSID 250265.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Orchards or nurseries	A10	A10-01	A	High	C	STRAWBERRY FIELDS NURSERY
Pet groomers	C34	C34-01	A	Low	C	LITTLE JOHN'S FEED STORE
Pet groomers	C34	C34-02	A	Low	C	SHADOW MOUNTAIN FEED
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A

**Table 7**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

**PWSID 250265.001**

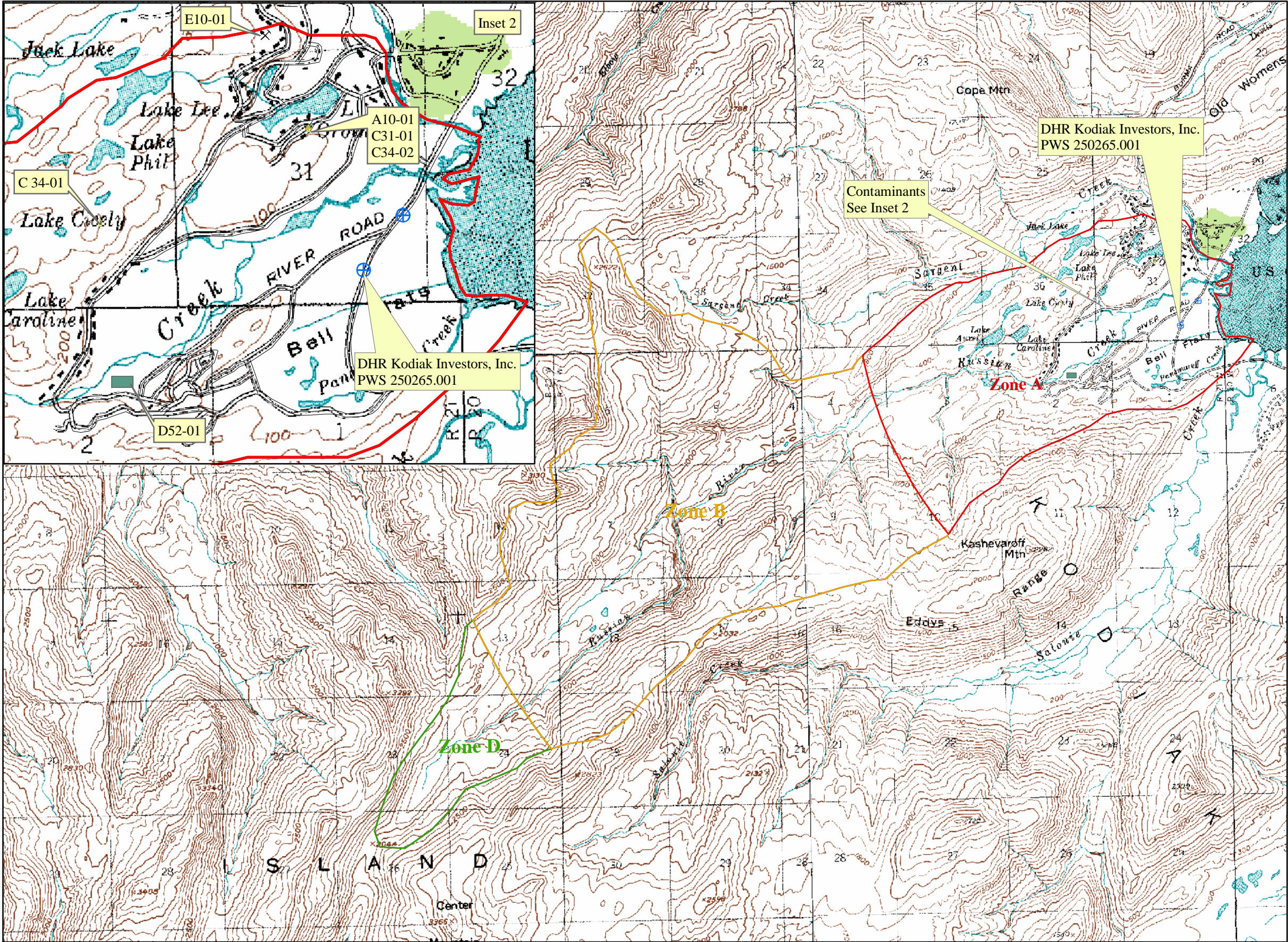
<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Orchards or nurseries	A10	A10-01	A	Low	C	STRAWBERRY FIELDS NURSERY
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	A	Medium	C	BELLS FLAT AUTO
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	C	Wastewater disposal assumed in Zone A
Landfills (industrial; type of industrial waste?)	D52	D52-01	A	Very High	C	KODIAK LIVESTOCK CORPORATIONS
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	A	Low	C	BELLS FLAT PIT & PLANT-BRECHAN ENTERPRISES
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A

## **APPENDIX C**

### **Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)**



Public Water Well System for PWS #250265.001 DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc.  
Showing Existing & Potential Contaminant Sources



LEGEND

Public Water System Well

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours
- Watershed Boundary

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)
- Road Ferry Crossing

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area- Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area- 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area- 10 Years Travel Time (or watershed boundary)

Existing or Potential Contaminant Sources

- Orchards or nurseries (A10)
- Motor/motor vehicle repair shops (C31)
- Pet Groomers (C34)
- Quarries (E10)
- Landfills (industrial) (D52)

Data Sources:  
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours  
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data:  
United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.

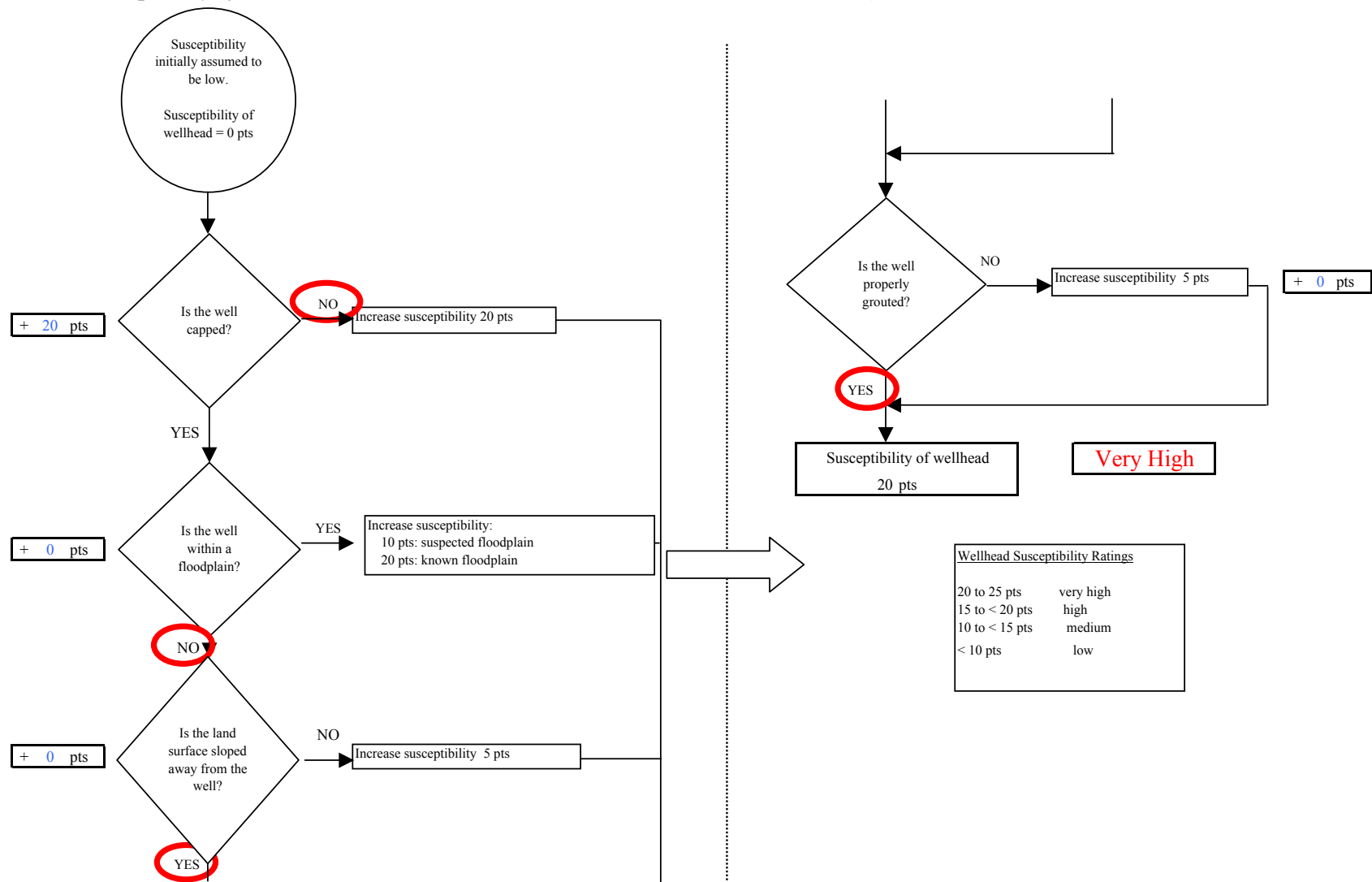




## **APPENDIX D**

### **Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-8)**

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001)



**Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001)**

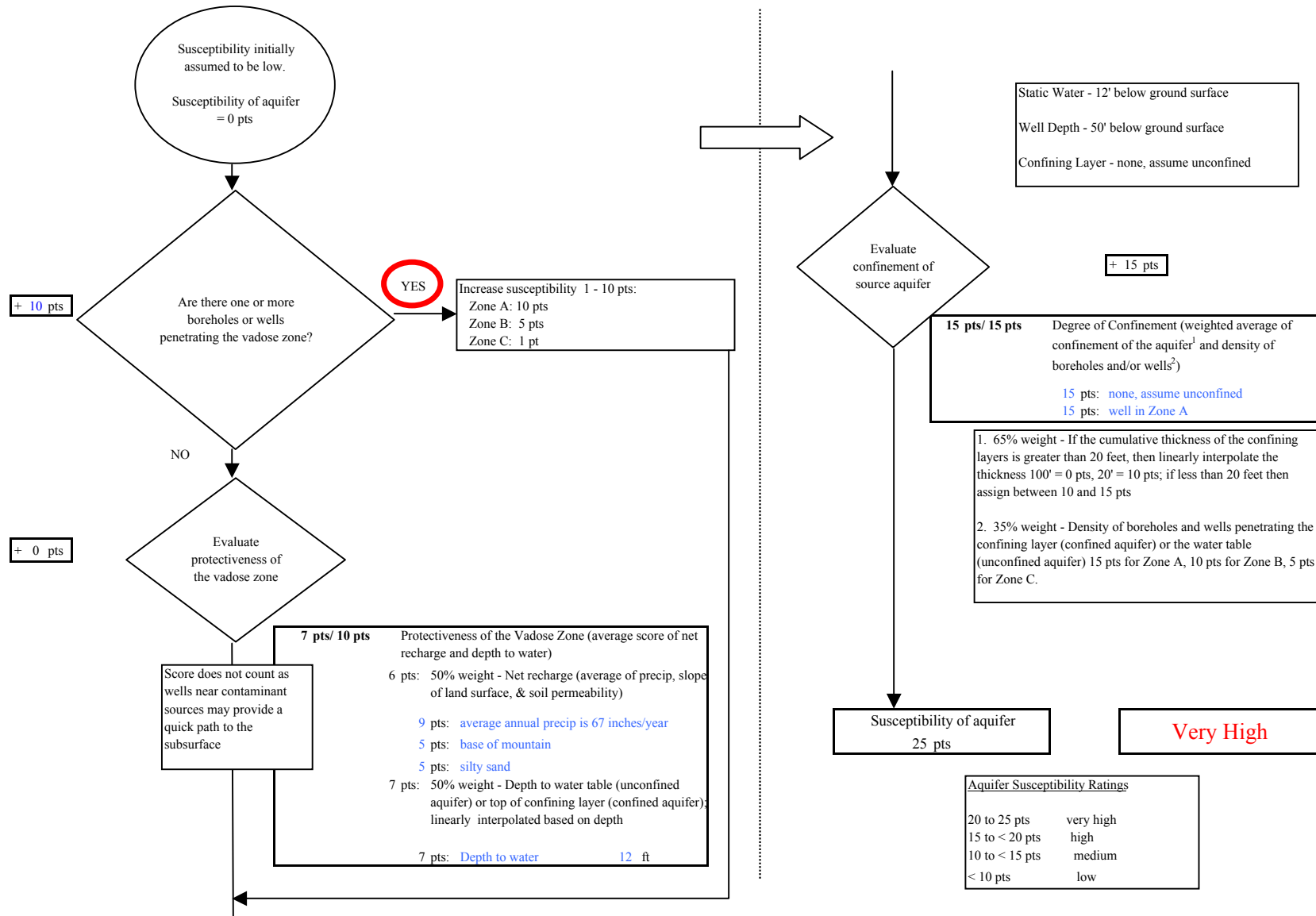
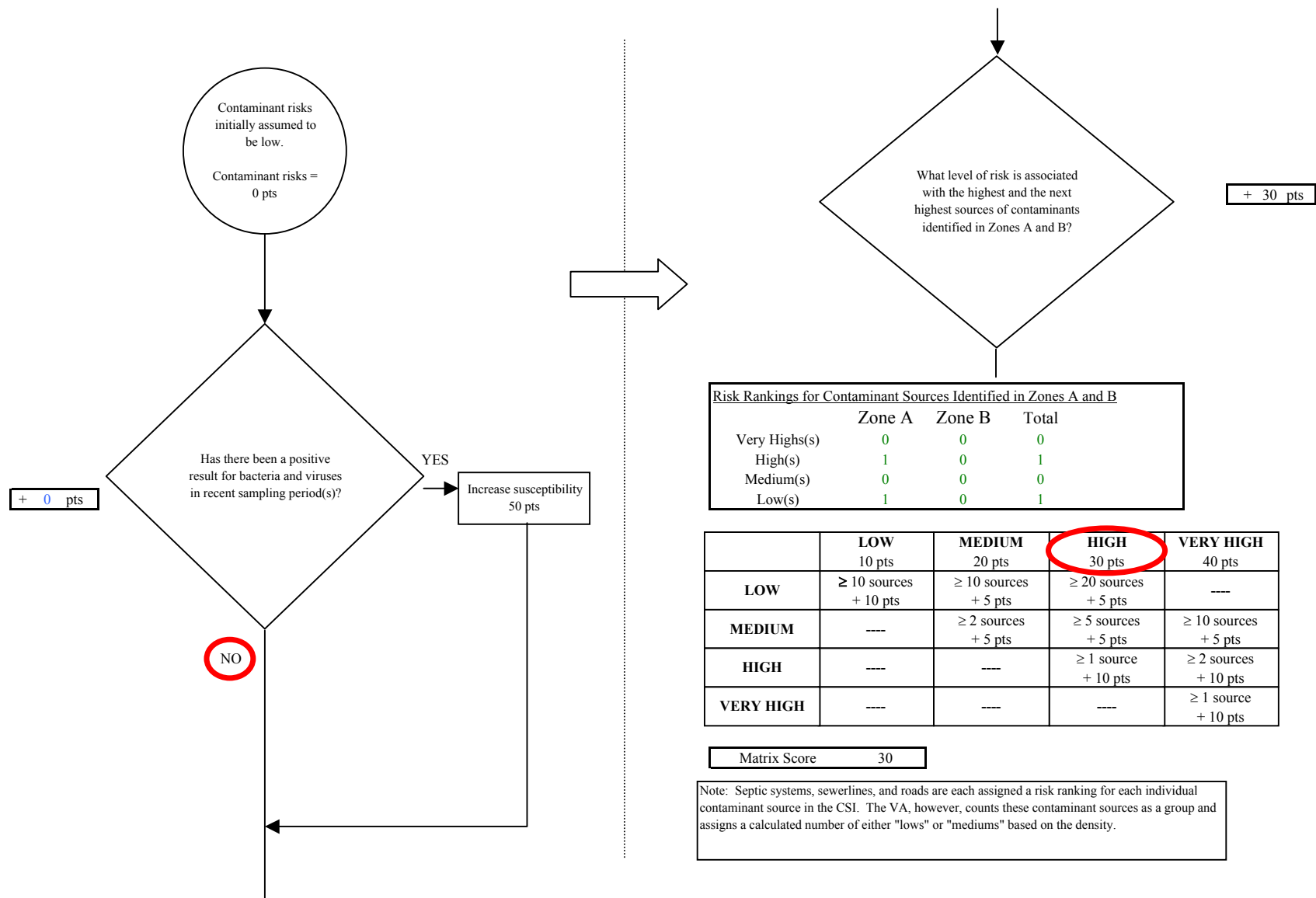
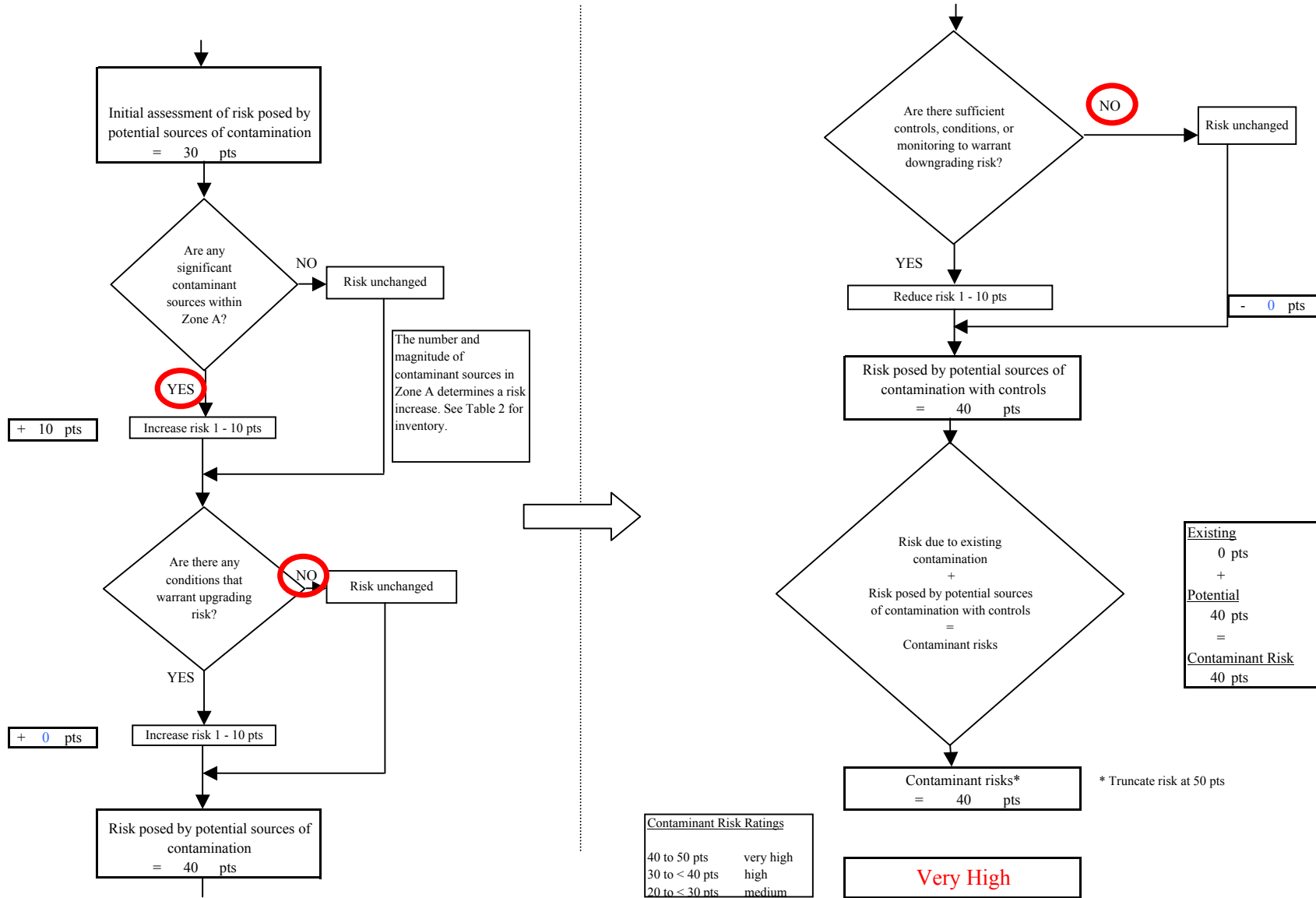




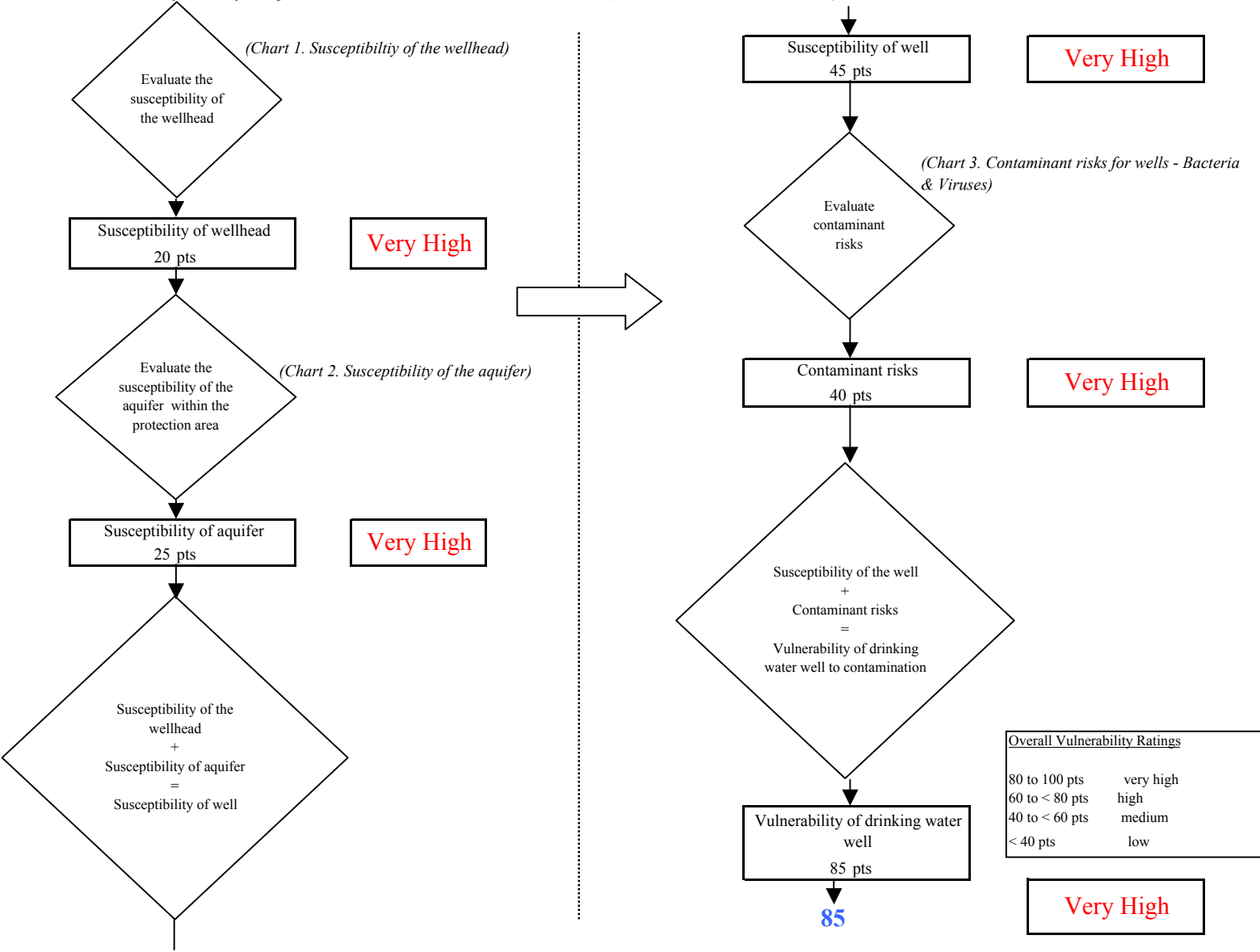
Chart 3. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Bacteria & Viruses



**Chart 3. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Bacteria & Viruses**



**Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Bacteria & Viruses**



**Chart 5. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites**

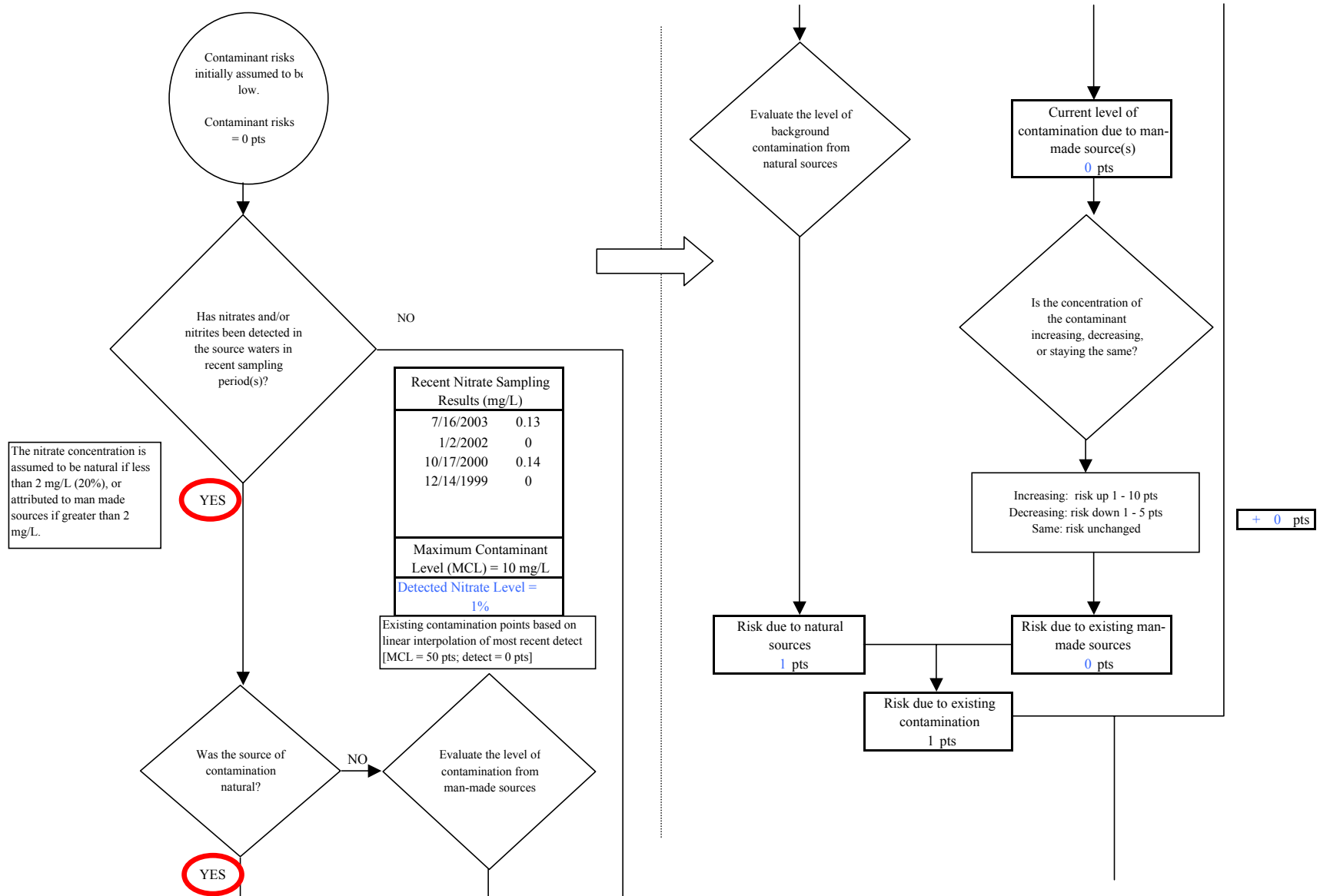
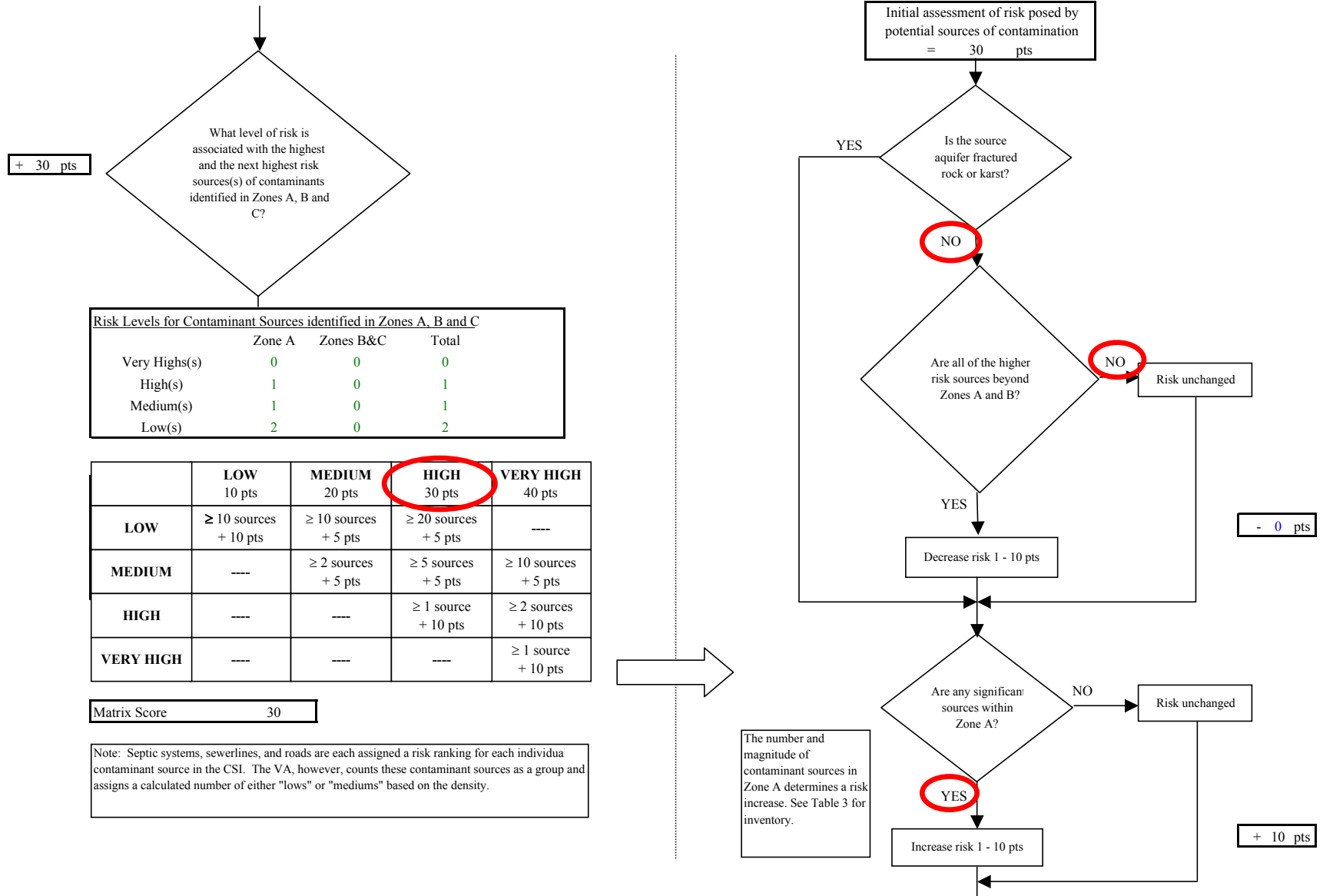
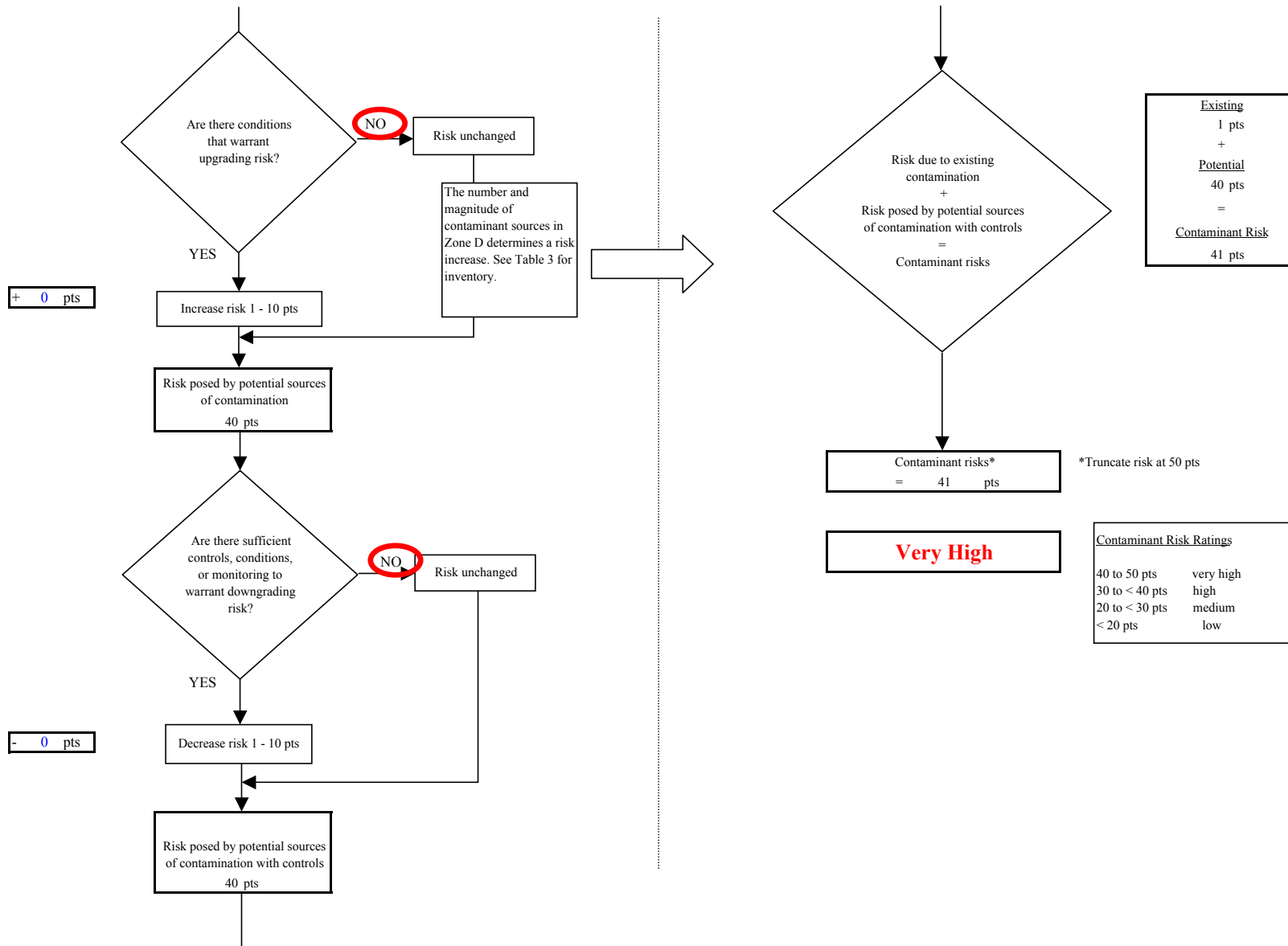


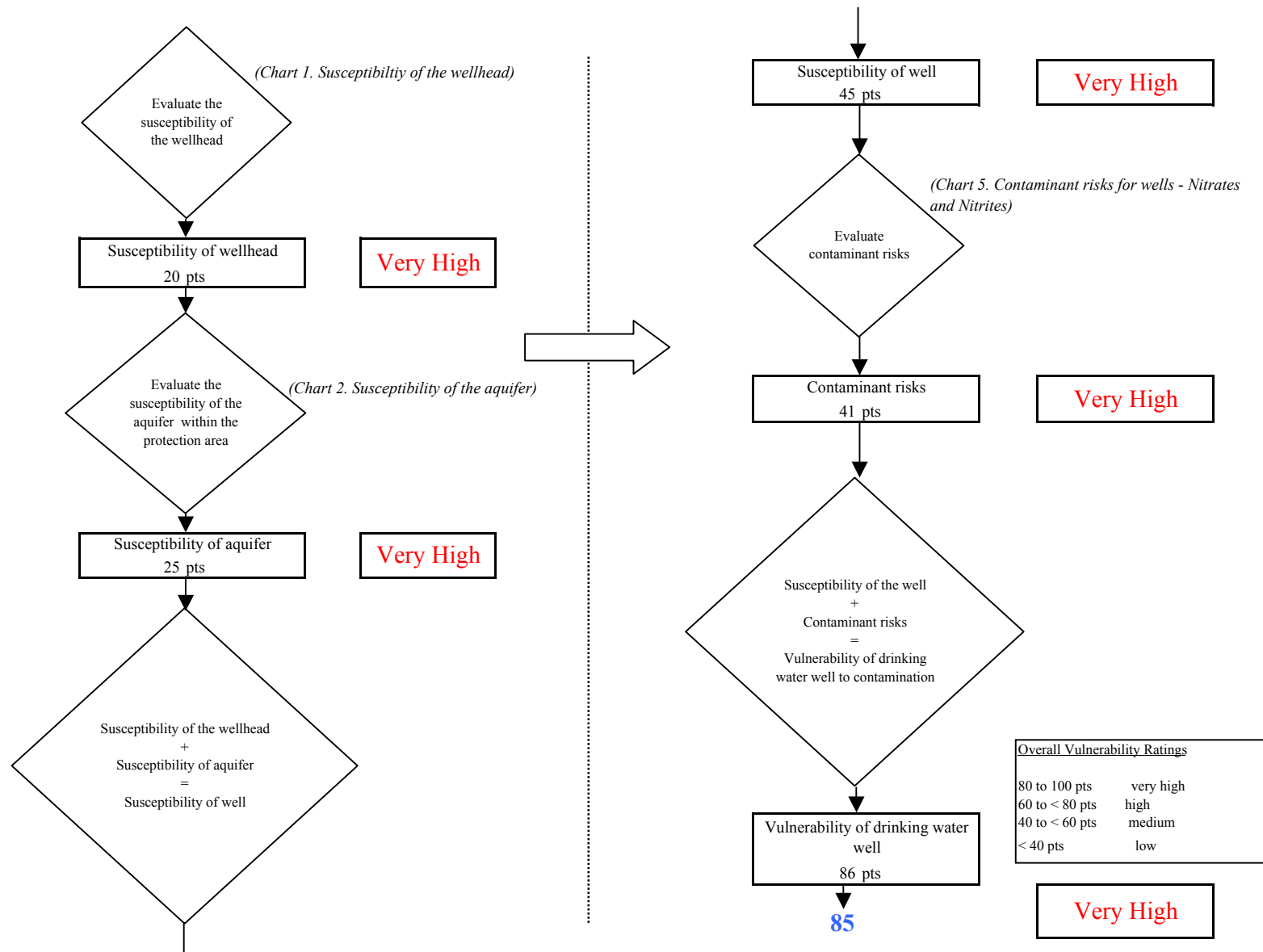
Chart 5. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites



**Chart 5. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites**



**Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites**



**Chart 7. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals**

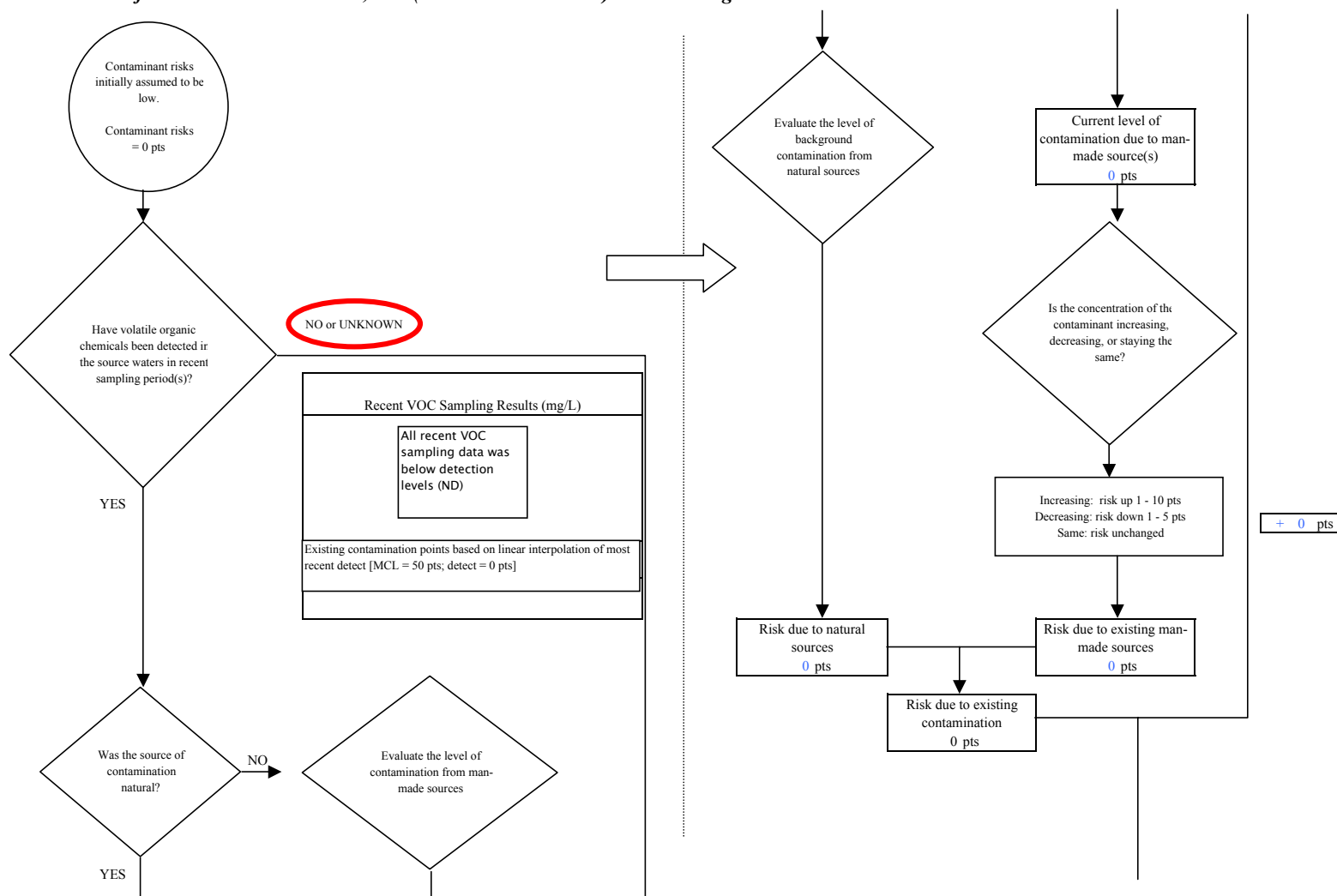
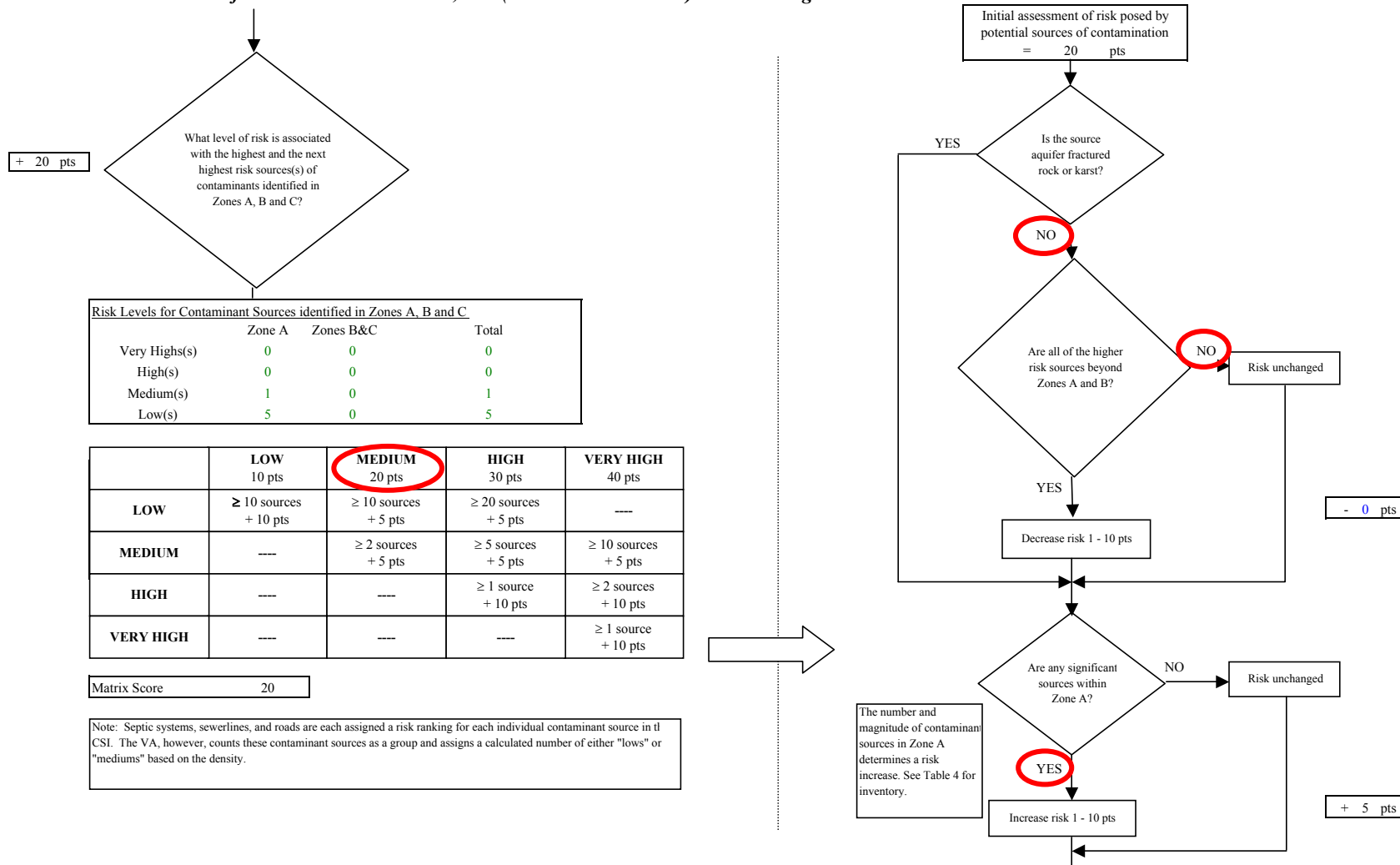




Chart 7. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals



**Chart 7. Contaminant risks for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals**

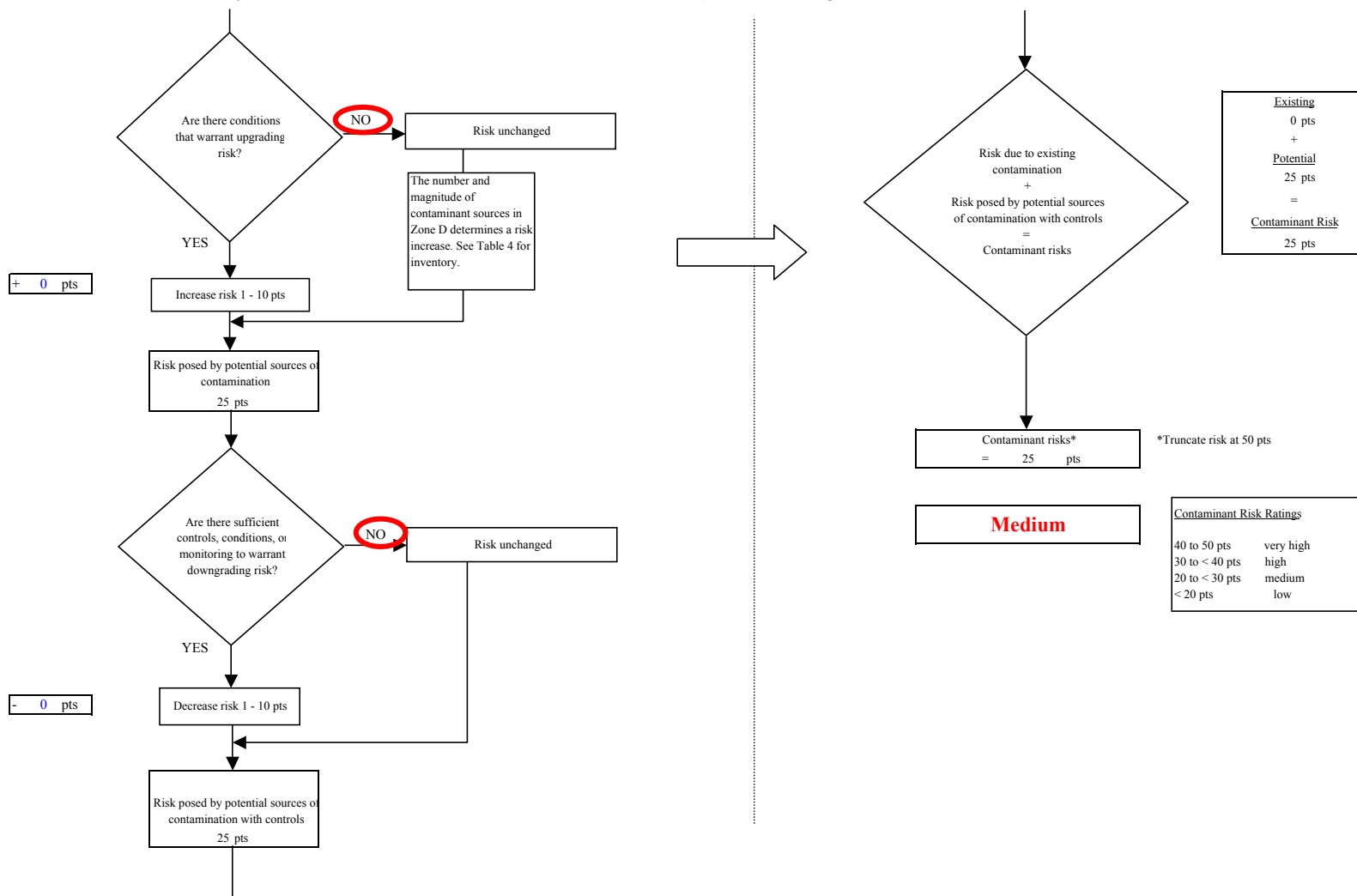


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for DHR Kodiak Investors, Inc. (PWS No. 250265.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

