

Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Goodnews Bay
Drinking Water System,
Goodnews Bay, Alaska

PWSID # 270257.001

April 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1082
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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Source Water Assessment for Goodnews Bay Source of Public Drinking Water, Goodnews Bay, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Goodnews Bay has one Public Water System (PWS) well. The well (PWS No. 270257.001) has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in 1984.

The well is a Class A (community and non-transient non-community) water system located south and center of the village of Goodnews Bay, Alaska. Available records indicate that there is secondary storage of drinking water, with a combined capacity of 6,000-gallons, and that the drinking water source is treated with calcium hypochlorite. This system operates year round and serves approximately 250 residents through one service connection. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Medium** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **Very High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well.

Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the public drinking water source include: Laundromats, motor/motor vehicle repair shops, domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons, a large capacity septic system, landfills, aboveground fuel tanks, water supply wells, cemeteries, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, an airport, roads, a pipeline, electric power generation, a firehouse, and medical/veterinary facilities. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for the bacteria and viruses, nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Goodnews Bay well is a Class A (community/non-transient/non-community) public water system. The system is located south and center of the village of Goodnews Bay, Alaska (Sec. 21, T12S, R73W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Goodnews Bay is located on the north shore of Goodnews Bay at the mouth of Goodnews River. The community is located 116 air miles south of Bethel, 110 miles northwest of Dillingham, and 400 miles west of Anchorage. The community has a population of 245 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation in Goodnews Bay is 22 inches, including approximately 43 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range from 41 to 57°F in summer and 6 to 24°F in winter.

The community of Goodnews Bay obtains most of their water supply from community wells. Major infrastructure for a piped water and vacuum sewer system are under construction. In the meantime, honeybuckets are hauled by the City of Goodnews Bay (ADCED, 2003). Goodnews Bay receives electrical power from AVEC, operated by the REA Cooperative. Power generating facilities are fueled by diesel. Refuse is collected by individuals and transported to the landfill (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the Goodnews Bay PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 67 feet below the ground surface and is screened in a confined aquifer based on available construction details. The well is not located within a floodplain.

Information acquired from a September 1997 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the land surface was not sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces the potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The sanitary survey indicates that the well is not grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

The entire Bristol Bay area was formerly covered by glaciers and the topography is representative of a postglacial area. Soils information is limited. Generally, the soils consist of silty sand overlying relatively clean sand. The silty soils are slightly frost-susceptible. Isolated pockets of permafrost are scattered throughout the area (DOWL, 1982).

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the Goodnews Bay PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time -of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

| Zone | Definition |
|------|--|
| A | ¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time -of-travel |
| B | Less than the 2 year time-of-travel |
| C | Less Than the 5 year time-of-travel |
| D | Less than the 10 year time-of-travel |

The DWPA for the Goodnews Bay PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Goodnews Bay DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals,
- Heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals,
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low,
- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B

because of their short life span. Only “Very High” and “High” rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well. Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

| Natural Susceptibility Ratings | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 40 to 50 pts | Very High |
| 30 to < 40 pts | High |
| 20 to < 30 pts | Medium |
| < 20 pts | Low |

The Goodnews Bay’s water well is in a confined aquifer. Confined aquifers are less susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

Table 2. Susceptibility

| | Score | Rating |
|--------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Susceptibility of the Wellhead | 10 | Medium |
| Susceptibility of the Aquifer | 23 | Very High |
| Natural Susceptibility | 33 | High |

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

| Contaminant Risk Ratings | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 40 to 50 pts | Very High |
| 30 to < 40 pts | High |
| 20 to < 30 pts | Medium |
| < 20 pts | Low |

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

| Category | Score | Rating |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Bacteria and Viruses | 50 | Very High |
| Nitrates and/or Nitrites | 50 | Very High |
| Volatile Organic Chemicals | 50 | Very High |
| Heavy Metals, Cyanide and | | |
| Other Inorganic Chemicals | 50 | Very High |
| Synthetic Organic Chemicals | 50 | Very High |
| Other Organic Chemicals | 50 | Very High |

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} & & \\
 + & & \\
 \text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} & & \\
 = & & \\
 \text{Vulnerability of the} & & \\
 \text{Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).} & &
 \end{array}$$

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

| Overall Vulnerability Ratings | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 80 to 100 pts | Very High |
| 60 to < 80 pts | High |
| 40 to < 60 pts | Medium |
| < 40 pts | Low |

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

| Category | Score | Rating |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Bacteria and Viruses | 85 | Very High |
| Nitrates and Nitrites | 85 | Very High |
| Volatile Organic Chemicals | 85 | Very High |
| Heavy Metals, Cyanide and | | |
| Other Inorganic Chemicals | 85 | Very High |
| Synthetic Organic Chemicals | 85 | Very High |
| Other Organic Chemicals | 85 | Very High |

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoon, a large capacity septic system, and landfills located in Zone A (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

No positive bacteria counts have been reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Very High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of a domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoon, a large capacity septic system, and landfills located in Zone A (see Table 3 – Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that low levels of nitrates have been detected in recent sampling events. However, the reported concentrations of nitrates do not exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

Nitrate levels are often derived from the decomposition of organic matter in soils. Although the nitrate source is unknown, such occurrences may be attributed to septic systems or other sources. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **Very High**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, and an airport located in Zone A. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are

also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

Detectable concentrations of trihalomethanes were reported in sampling events for this public water system. However, the detectible concentrations of trihalomethanes reported in 1998, 2001 and 2002 were well below the MCL of 0.08 mg/L.

Trihalomethanes are considered byproducts of the water treatment process and are not from the source waters. Since the reported concentration of TTHM's in recent sampling events did not exceed the applicable MCLs, risk points were not retained.

Aside from being byproducts of the drinking water treatment process, possible sources of volatile organic chemicals include facilities with automobiles, residential areas, fuel tanks, roads, and airports. See Table 4 in Appendix D for a complete listing.

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills located in Zone A. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 5 – Appendix B).

Based on review of recent sampling records for this public water system, moderate levels of copper have been detected in recent sampling history, but have not exceeded the MCL of 1.3 mg/L (see Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D).

The reported concentrations of copper in recent sampling events are not likely to be representative of source water conditions. This analyte is likely attributed to either the water treatment process or water distribution network; therefore, no risk points were assigned based on the presence of this analyte.

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills located in Zone A. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 6 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for Goodnews Bay (See Chart 11 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Other Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, pipelines, and electric power generation located in Zone A. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 7 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for Goodnews Bay (See Chart 13 – Contaminant Risks for Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for other organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of the community of Goodnews Bay to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

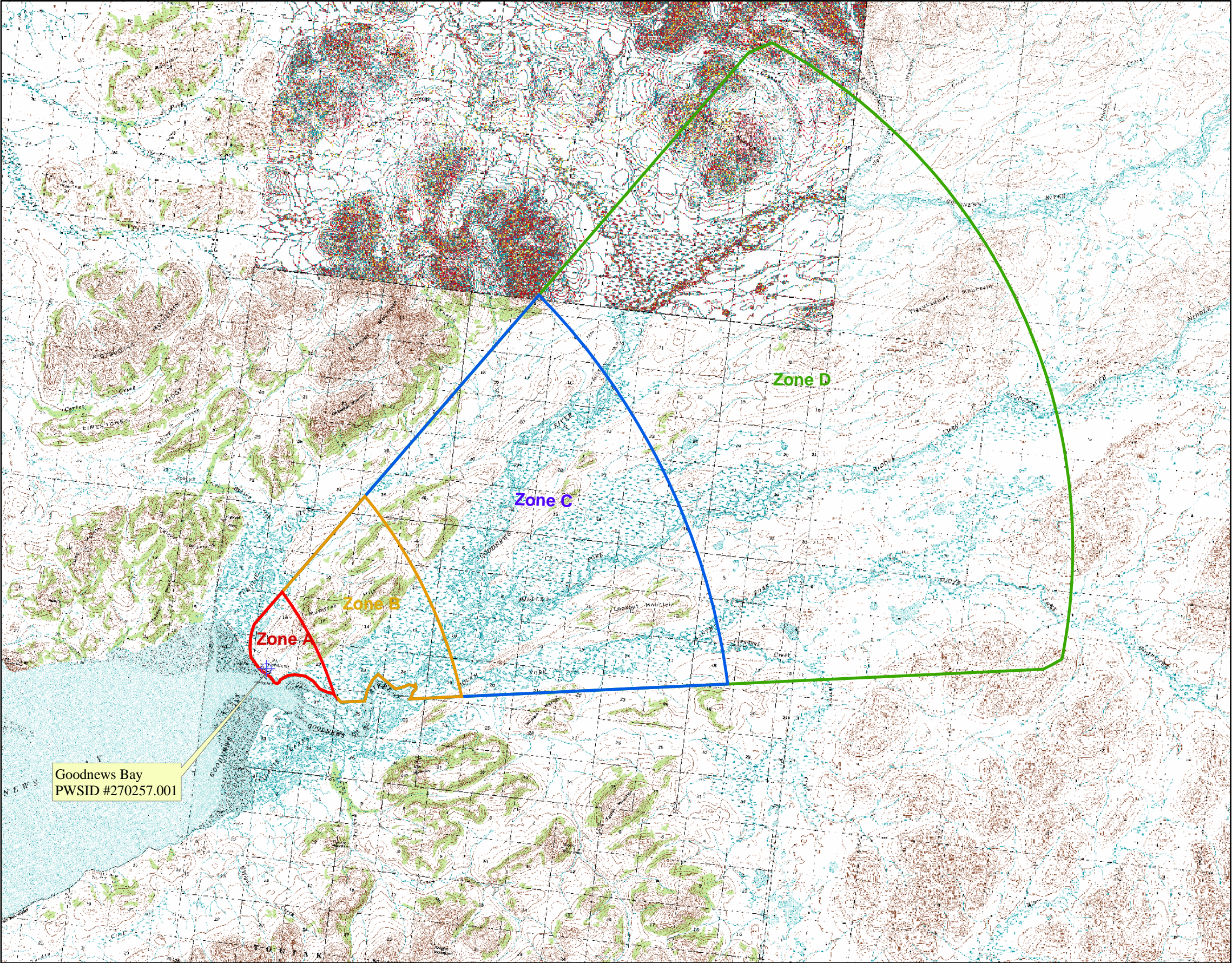
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APPENDIX A

Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)

Public Water Well System for PWS #270257.001 Goodnews Bay



LEGEND

- Public Water System Well
- Groundwater Protection Zones**
- Zone A – Several Months Travel Time
 - Zone B – Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
 - Zone C – Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
 - Zone D – Less Than 10 Years Travel Time

- Hydrography/Physical**
- Parcels
 - Stream
 - Lake or Pond
 - Contours

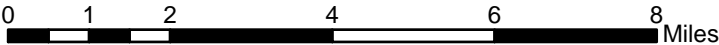
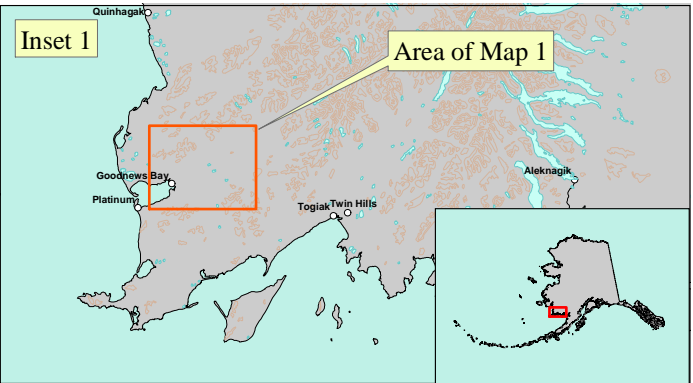
Data Sources:

- Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)
- Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

All other data:

- United States Geological Survey (USGS)
- Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)

Table 1

**Contaminant Source Inventory for
Goodnews Bay**

PWSID 270257.001

| Contaminant Source Type | Contaminant Source ID | CS ID tag | Zone | Map Number | Comments |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|---|
| Laundromats without dry cleaning | C22 | C22-01 | A | C | |
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-01 | A | C | |
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | C | |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | R08-01 | A | C | Assume 50 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone A |
| Tanks, diesel (above ground) | T06 | T06-01 | A | C | School backup |
| Tanks, diesel (above ground) | T06 | T06-02 | A | C | LKSD |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-01 | A | C | AVEC |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-02 | A | C | Health Clinic |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-03 | A | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-04 | A | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-05 | A | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-06 | A | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-07 | A | C | Teachers Quarters |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-08 | A | C | GCI |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-09 | A | C | Church |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-10 | A | C | Community Hall |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-11 | A | C | Fire Station |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-12 | A | C | Library |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-13 | A | C | Museum |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-14 | A | C | National Guard Armory |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-15 | A | C | City Office |

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-16 | A | C | Tribal Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-17 | A | C | Police Station |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-18 | A | C | Post Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-19 | A | C | GCI |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-20 | A | C | LKSD |
| Water supply wells | W09 | W09-01 | A | C | 1 water supply well in Zone A |
| Cemeteries | X01 | X01-01 | A | C | |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-01 | A | C | AVEC |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-02 | A | C | LKSD |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-01 | A | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A |
| Pipelines (oil and gas) | X28 | X28-01 | A | C | LKSD |
| Electric power generation (fossil fuels) | X36 | X36-01 | A | C | |
| Firehouses | X38 | X38-01 | A | C | |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-01 | A | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-02 | B | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-02 | B | C | |

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 270257.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Laundromats without dry cleaning | C22 | C22-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | High | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | High | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | High | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | High | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-01 | A | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-02 | B | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-02 | B | Medium | C | |

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 270257.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Laundromats without dry cleaning | C22 | C22-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | High | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | High | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | Very High | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | Very High | C | |
| Cemeteries | X01 | X01-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-01 | A | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-02 | B | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-02 | B | Low | C | |

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 270257.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Laundromats without dry cleaning | C22 | C22-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | High | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | R08-01 | A | Medium | C | Assume 50 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone A |
| Tanks, diesel (above ground) | T06 | T06-01 | A | Medium | C | School backup |
| Tanks, diesel (above ground) | T06 | T06-02 | A | Medium | C | LKSD |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-01 | A | Low | C | AVEC |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-02 | A | Low | C | Health Clinic |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-03 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-04 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-05 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-06 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-07 | A | Low | C | Teachers Quarters |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-08 | A | Low | C | GCI |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-09 | A | Low | C | Church |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-10 | A | Low | C | Community Hall |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-11 | A | Low | C | Fire Station |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-12 | A | Low | C | Library |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-13 | A | Low | C | Museum |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-14 | A | Low | C | National Guard Armory |

Table 4 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 270257.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-15 | A | Low | C | City Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-16 | A | Low | C | Tribal Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-17 | A | Low | C | Police Station |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-18 | A | Low | C | Post Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-19 | A | Low | C | GCI |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-20 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-01 | A | Very High | C | AVEC |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-02 | A | Very High | C | LKSD |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | High | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | High | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-01 | A | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A |
| Pipelines (oil and gas) | X28 | X28-01 | A | Medium | C | LKSD |
| Electric power generation (fossil fuels) | X36 | X36-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Firehouses | X38 | X38-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-02 | B | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-02 | B | Low | C | |

Table 5

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay*

PWSID 270257.001

Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | High | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-01 | A | Low | C | AVEC |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-02 | A | Low | C | Health Clinic |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-03 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-04 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-05 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-06 | A | Low | C | Store |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-07 | A | Low | C | Teachers Quarters |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-08 | A | Low | C | GCI |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-09 | A | Low | C | Church |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-10 | A | Low | C | Community Hall |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-11 | A | Low | C | Fire Station |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-12 | A | Low | C | Library |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-13 | A | Low | C | Museum |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-14 | A | Low | C | National Guard Armory |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-15 | A | Low | C | City Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-16 | A | Low | C | Tribal Office |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-17 | A | Low | C | Police Station |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-18 | A | Low | C | Post Office |

Table 5 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay*

PWSID 270257.001

Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-19 | A | Low | C | GCI |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-20 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Cemeteries | X01 | X01-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-01 | A | Low | C | AVEC |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-02 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-01 | A | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A |
| Pipelines (oil and gas) | X28 | X28-01 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Electric power generation (fossil fuels) | X36 | X36-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Firehouses | X38 | X38-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-02 | B | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-02 | B | Low | C | |

Table 6

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 270257.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | Very High | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | Very High | C | |
| Cemeteries | X01 | X01-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-01 | A | Low | C | AVEC |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-02 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes) | X40 | X40-02 | B | Low | C | |

Table 7

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Goodnews Bay
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

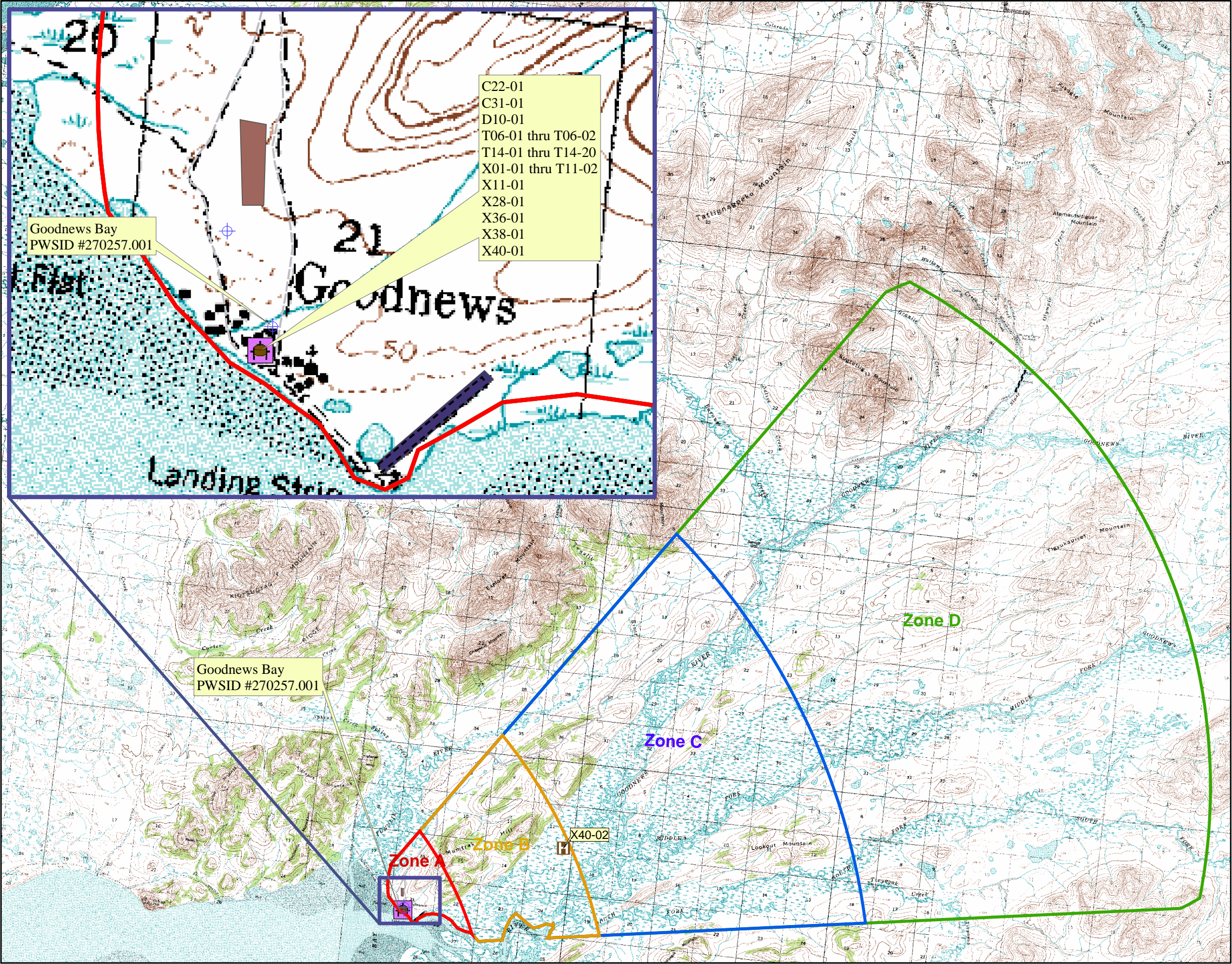
PWSID 270257.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons | D02 | D02-01 | A | Low | C | |
| Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) | D10 | D10-01 | A | Low | C | LKSD |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | Very High | C | |
| Landfills (municipal; Class III) | D51 | D51-01 | A | Very High | C | |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-01 | A | High | C | AVEC |
| Petroleum product bulk station/terminals | X11 | X11-02 | A | High | C | LKSD |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Airports | X14 | X14-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-01 | A | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A |
| Pipelines (oil and gas) | X28 | X28-01 | A | High | C | LKSD |
| Electric power generation (fossil fuels) | X36 | X36-01 | A | High | C | |
| Highways and roads, dirt/gravel | X24 | X24-02 | B | Low | C | Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B |

APPENDIX C

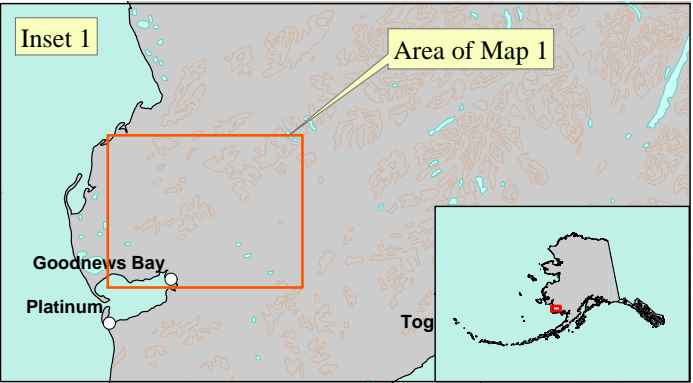
Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS #270257.001 Goodnews Bay
Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



LEGEND

- Public Water System Well
- Groundwater Protection Zones**
- Zone A – Several Months Travel Time
 - Zone B – Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
 - Zone C – Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
 - Zone D – Less Than 10 Years Travel Time
- Hydrography/Physical**
- Parcels
 - Stream
 - Lake or Pond
 - Contours
- Transportation**
- Primary Route (Class 1)
 - Secondary Route (Class 2)
 - Road (Class 3)
 - Road (Class 4)
 - Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)
 - Road Ferry Crossing
- Existing or Potential Contaminant Sources**
- Laundromats without dry cleaning (C22)
 - Motor/motor vehicle repair shops (C31)
 - Injection Wells (Class V) Large Capacity Septic System (D10)
 - Tanks, diesel (aboveground) (T06)
 - Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) (T14)
 - Cemetery (X01)
 - Petroleum product bulk station/terminals (X11)
 - Pipelines (X28)
 - Electric power generation (fossil fuels) (X36)
 - Firehouses (X38)
 - Medical/veterinary facilities (X40)
 - Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoon (D02)
 - Landfills (Municipal, Class III) (D51)
 - Airport or landing strip (X14)
- Data Sources:**
- Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
 - Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)
 - Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
- All other data:**
- United States Geological Survey (USGS)
 - Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC
- URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001)

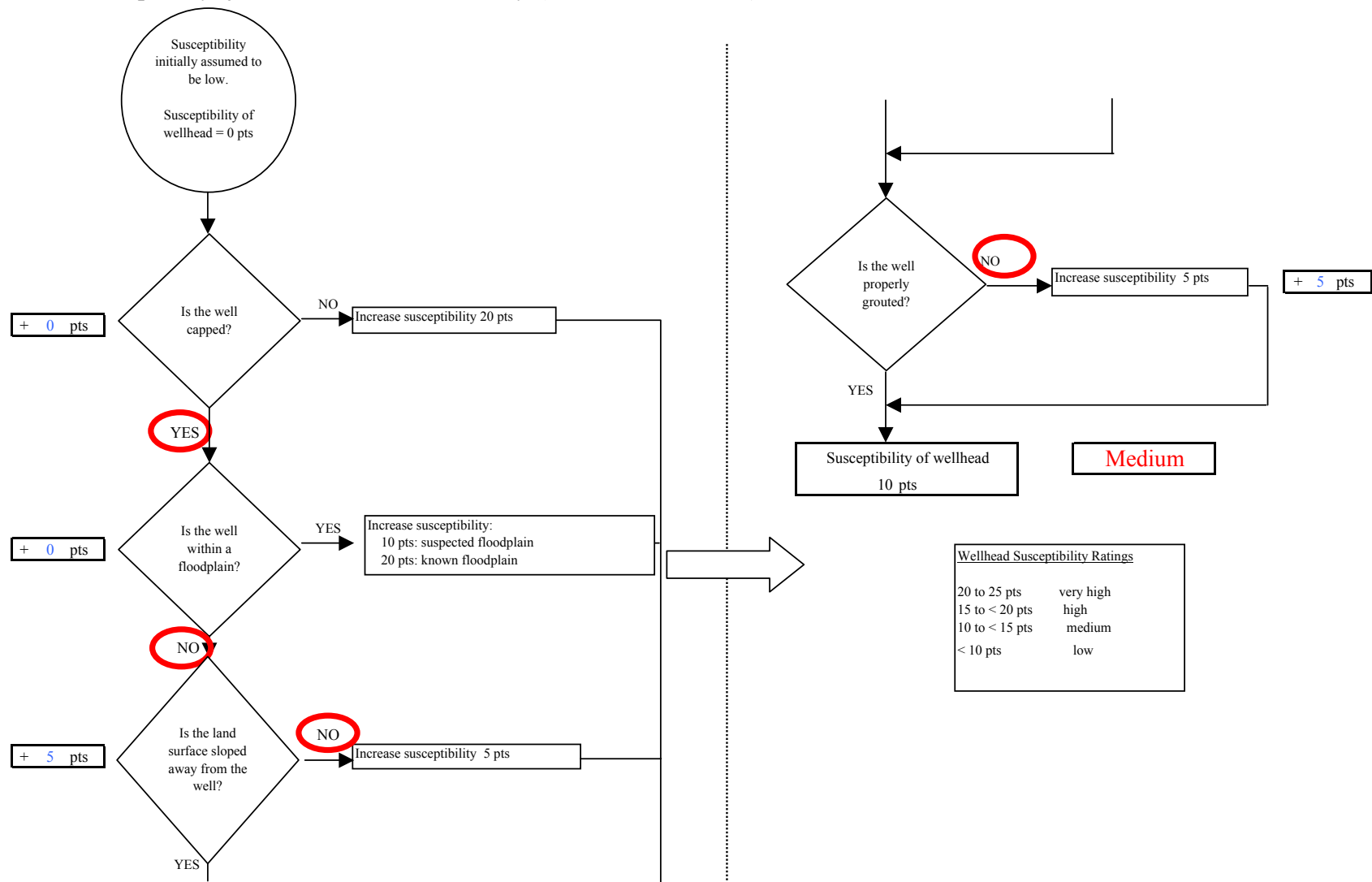


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001)

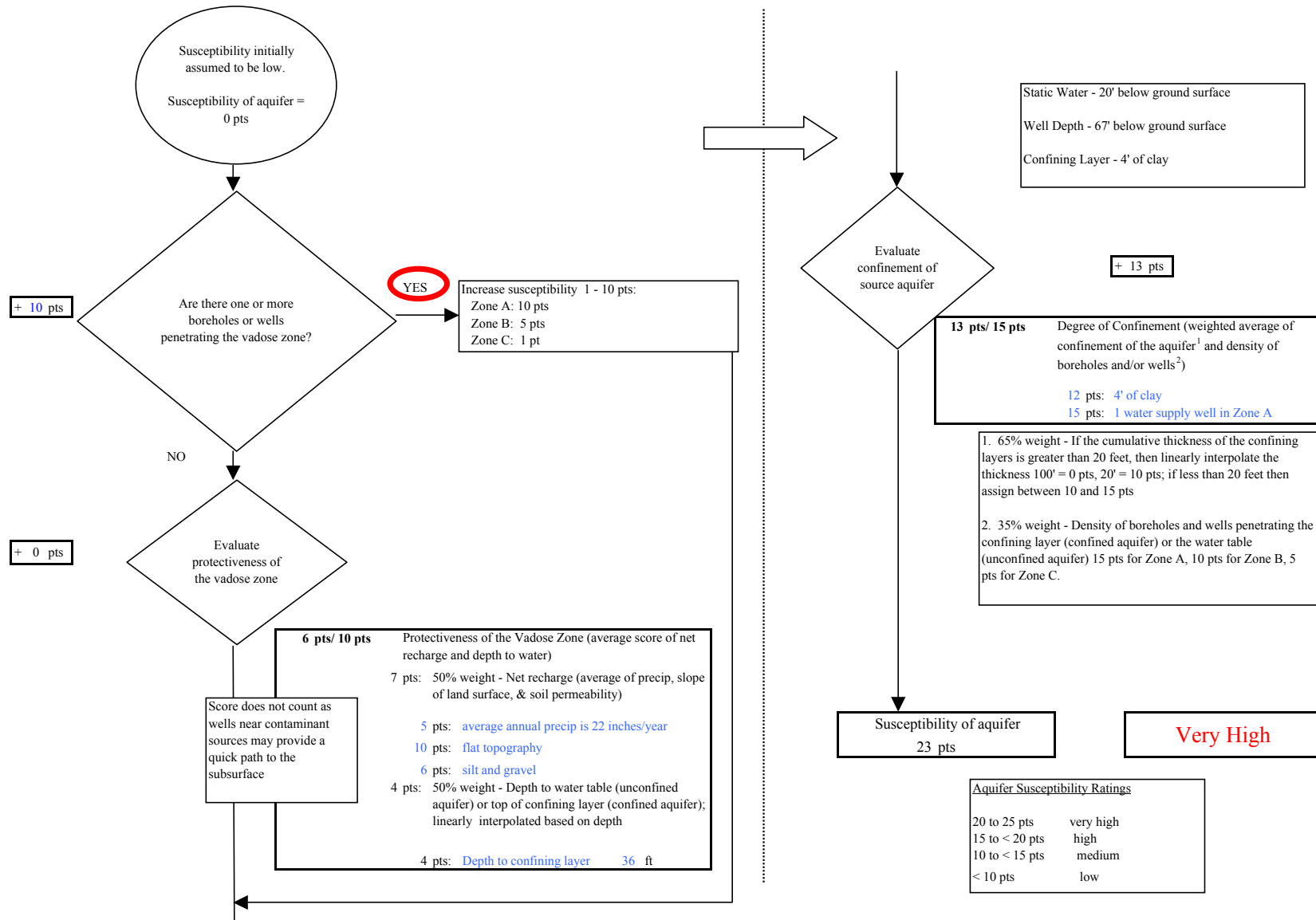


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

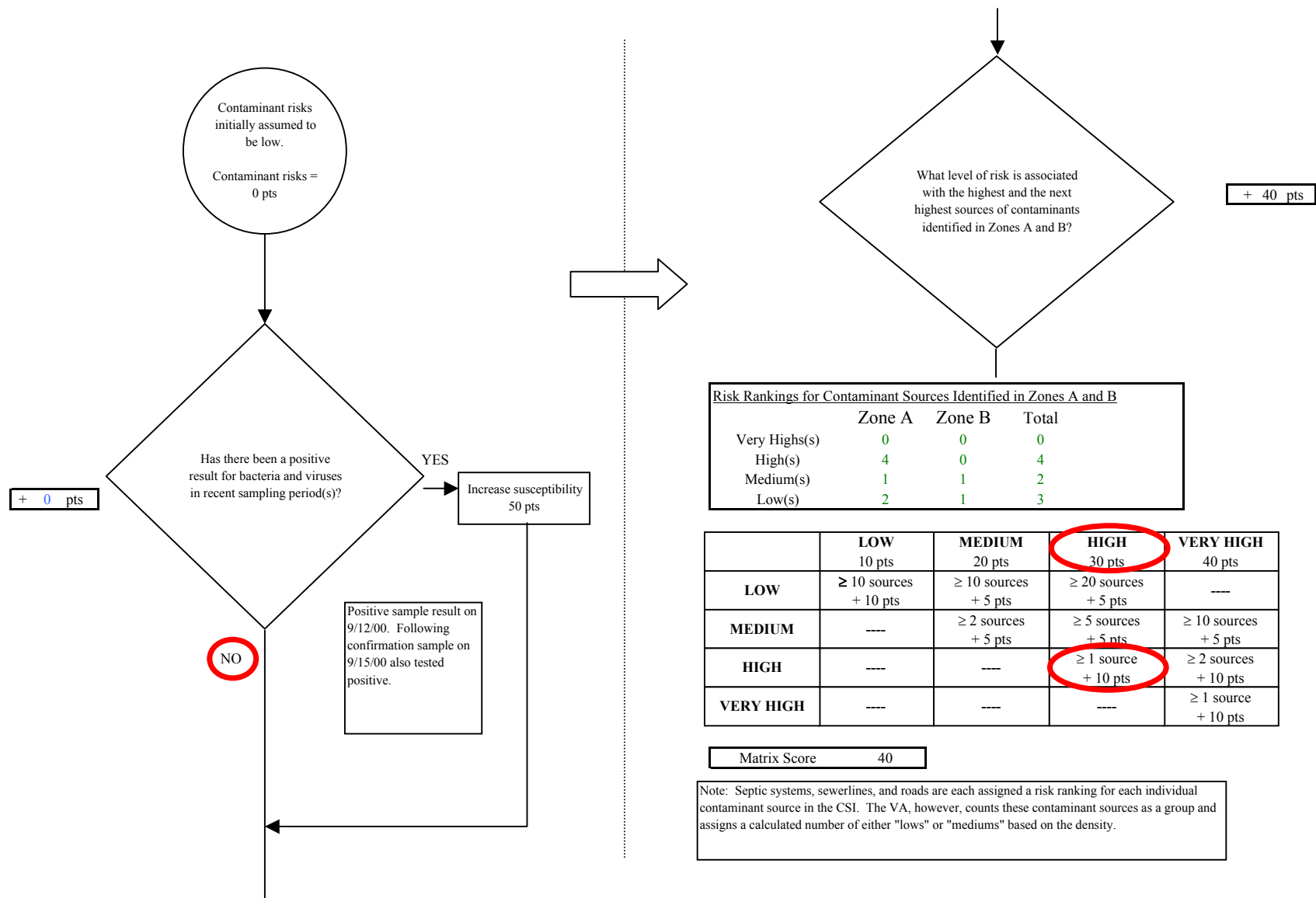


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

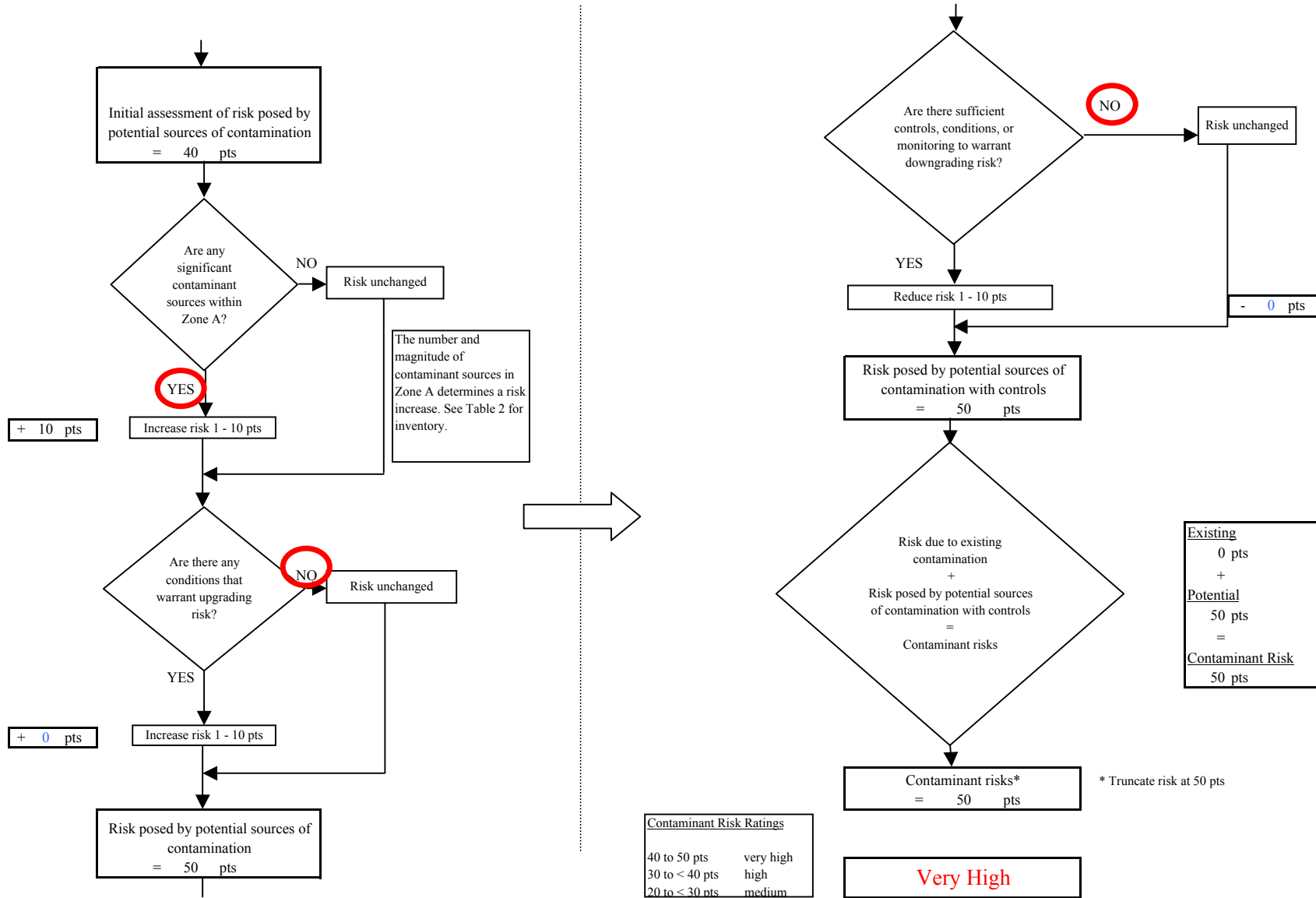


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

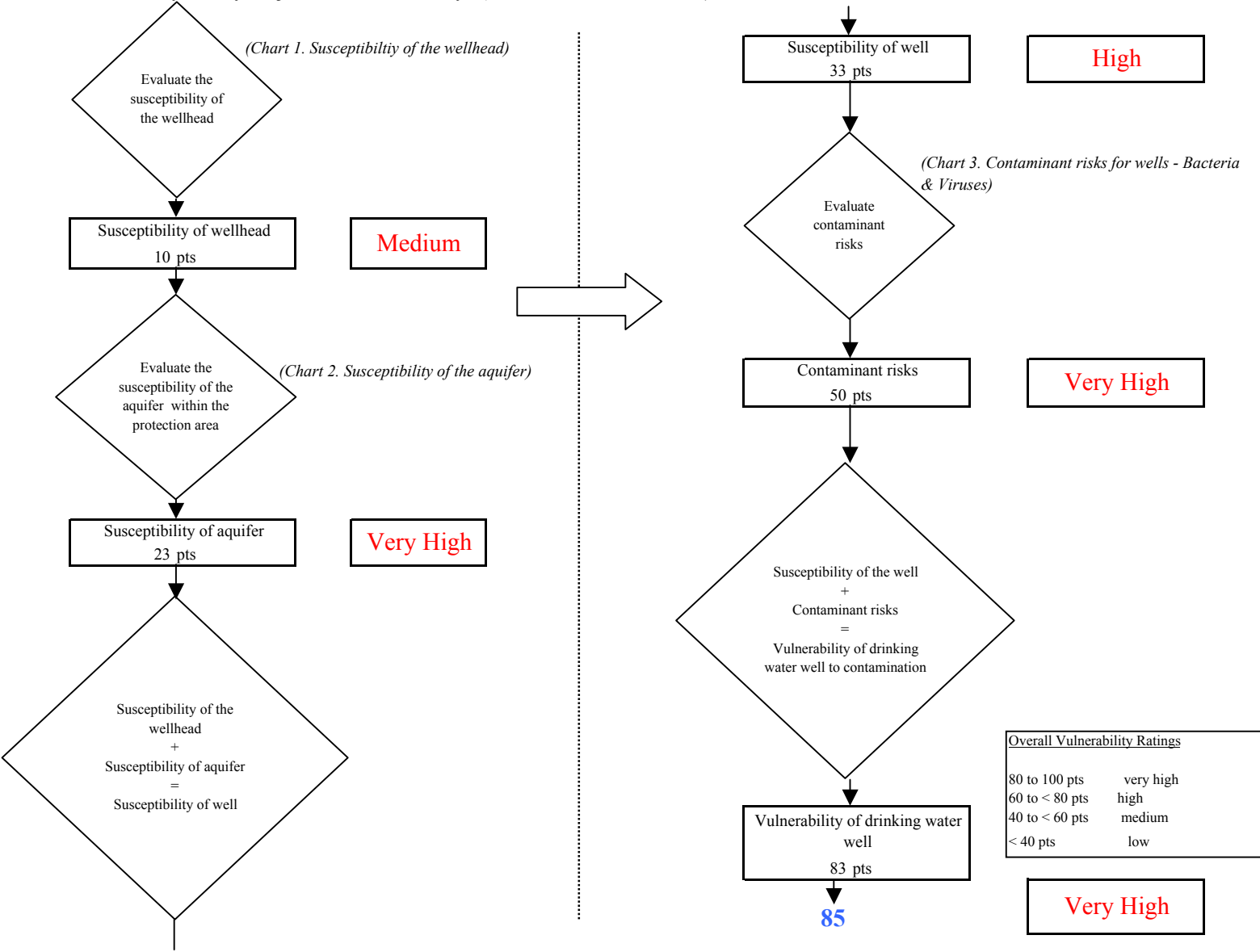


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

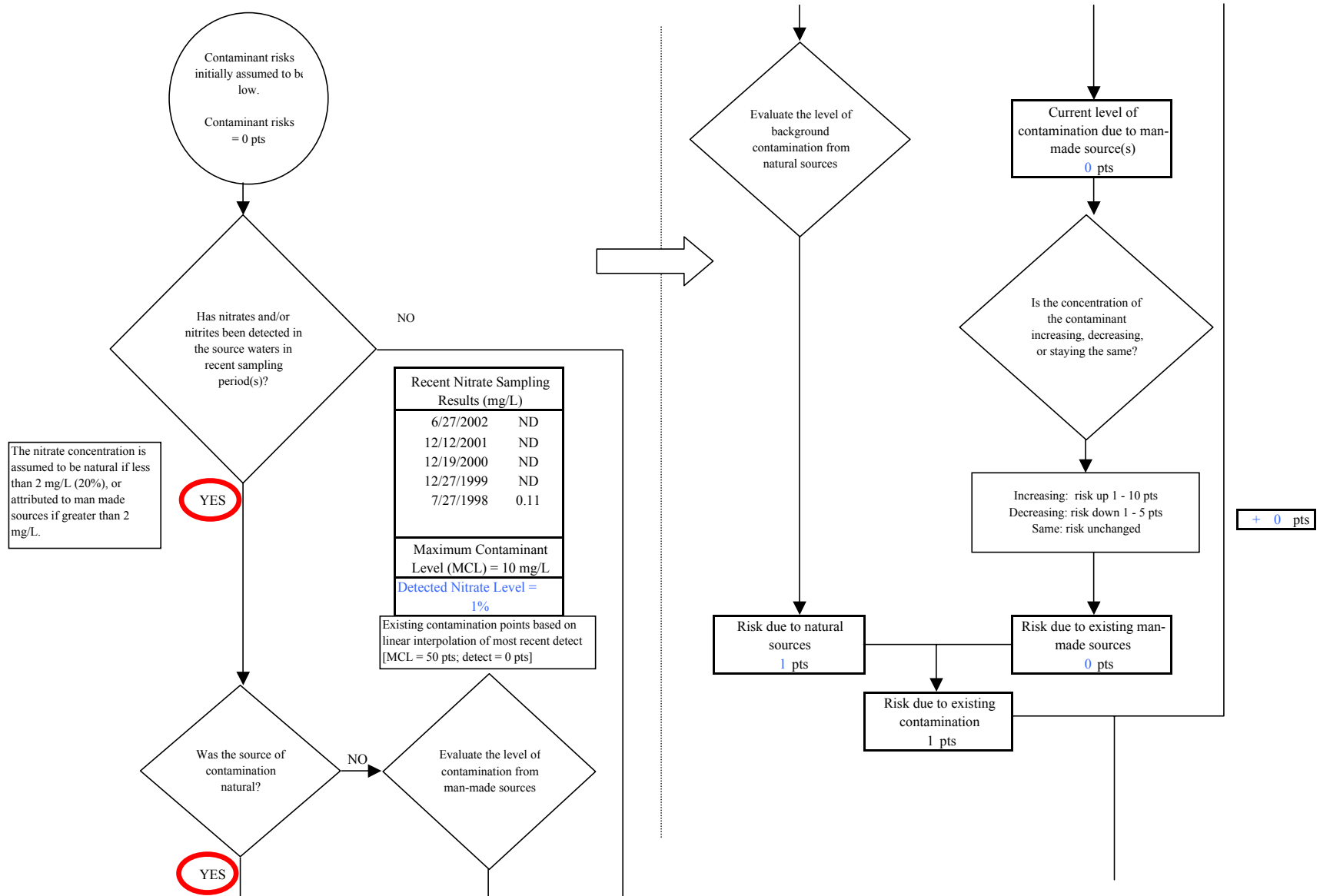


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

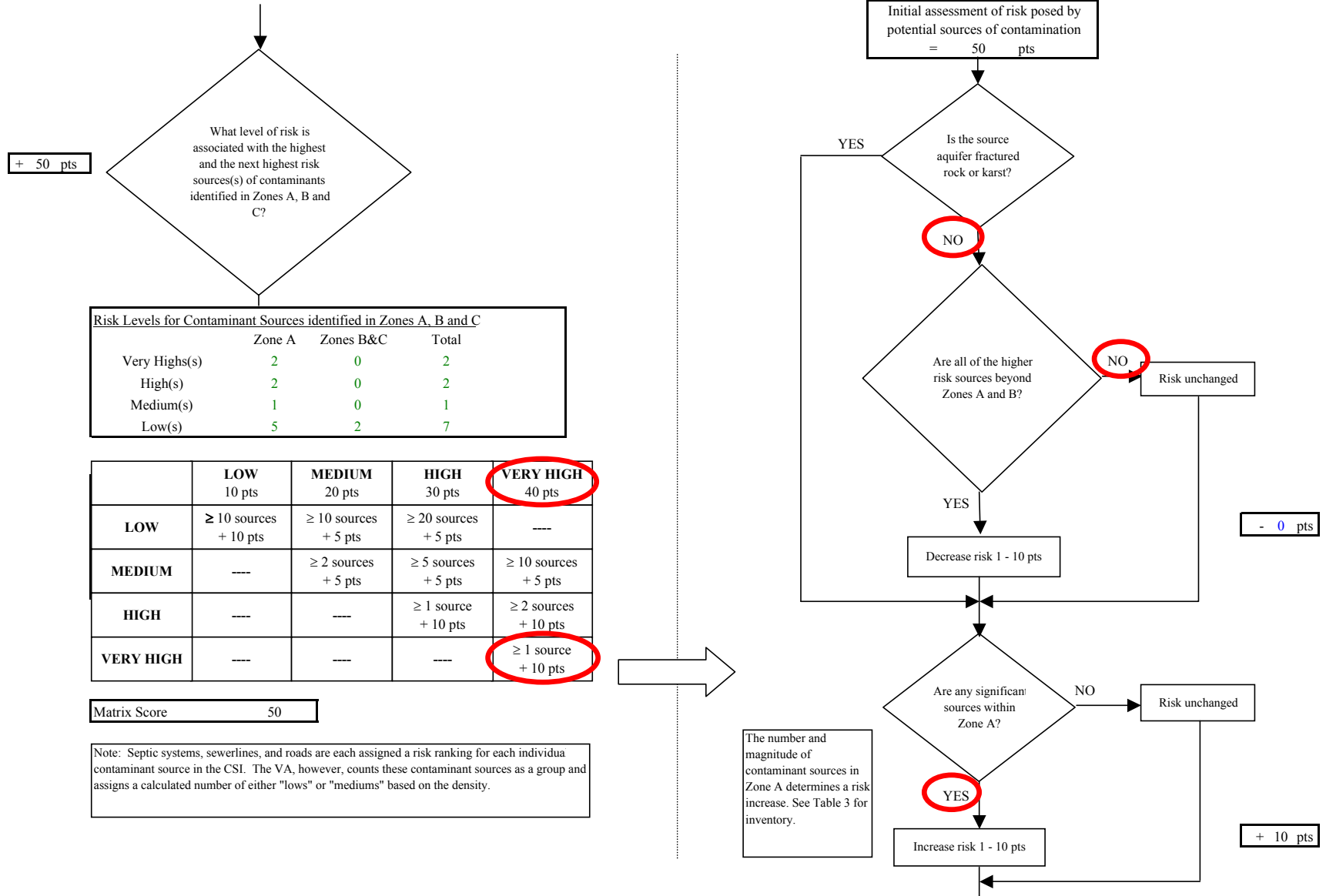


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

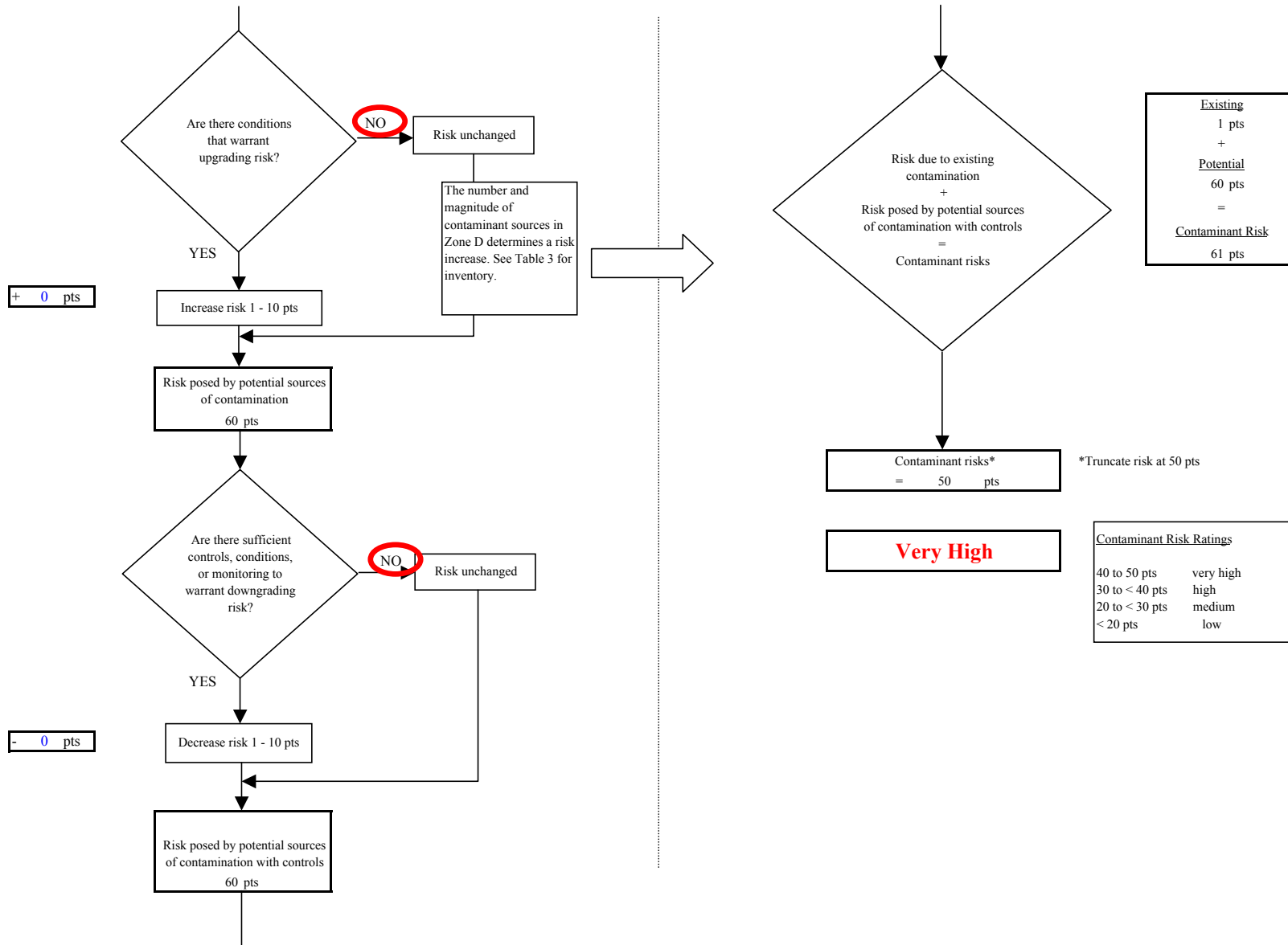


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

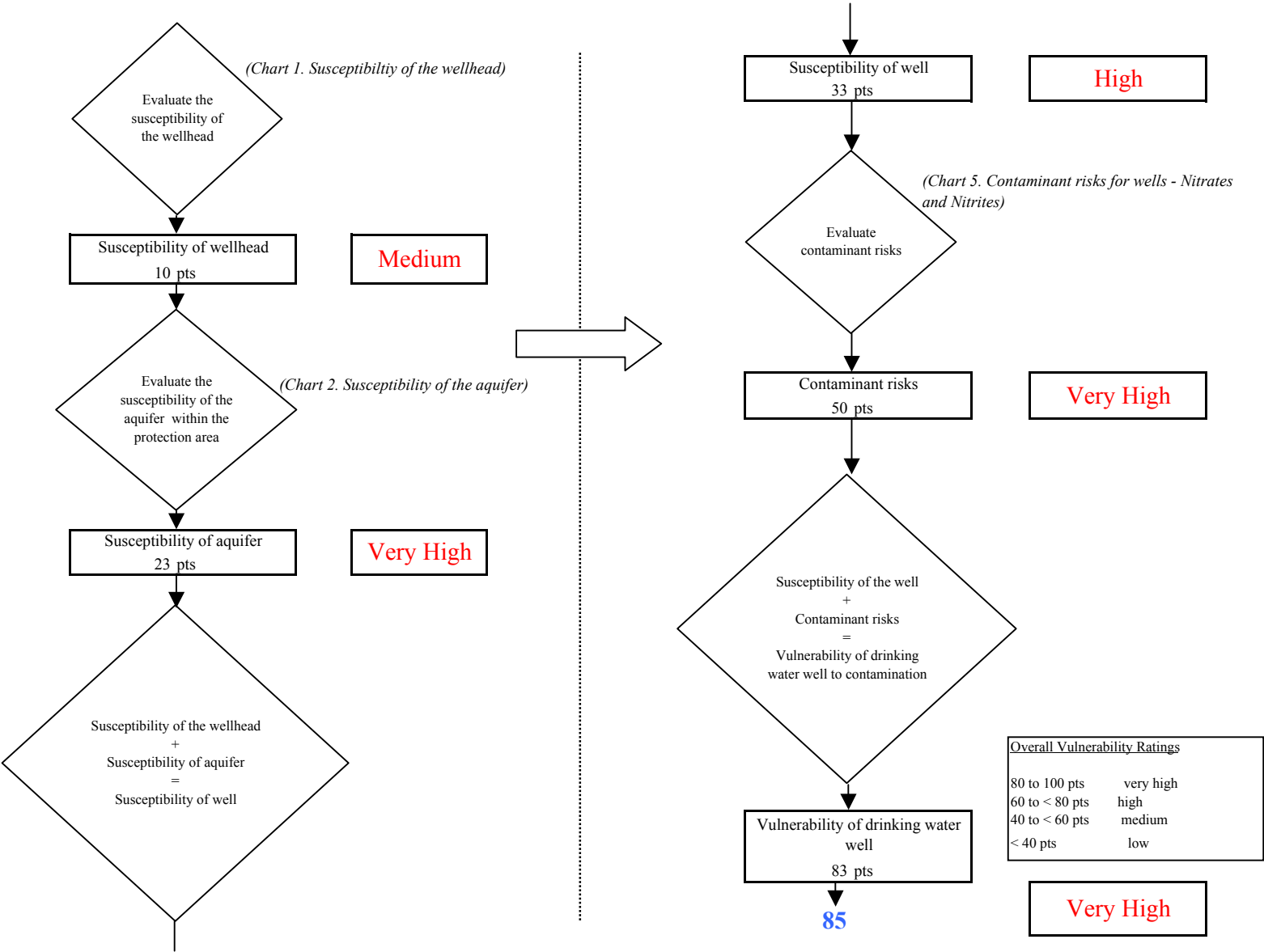


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

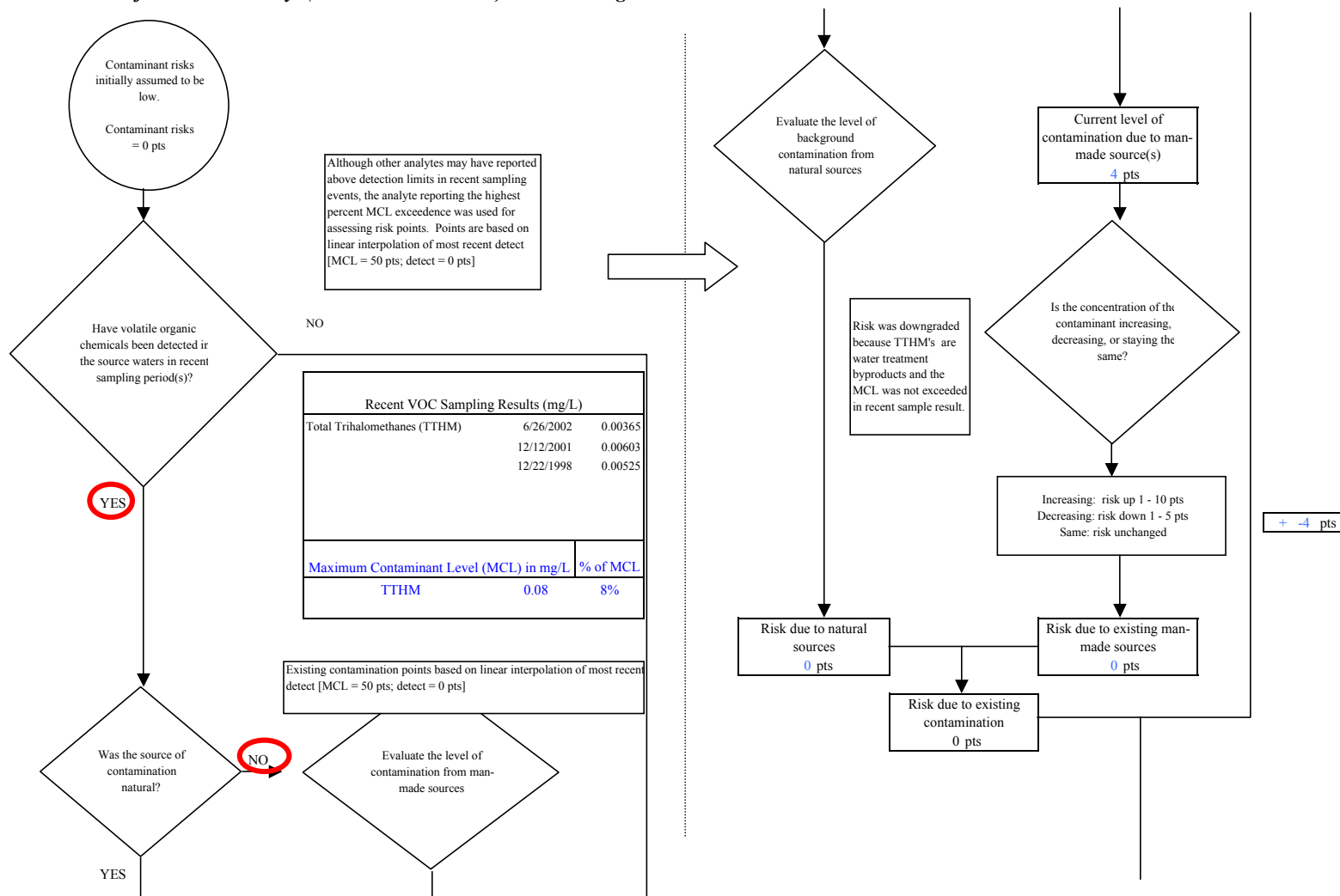


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

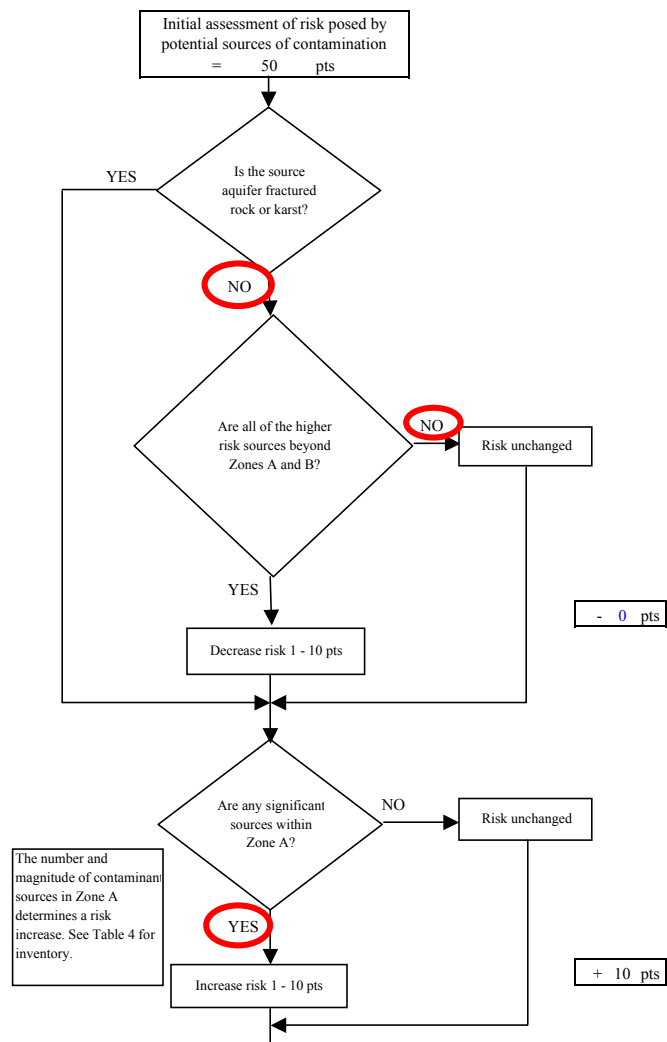
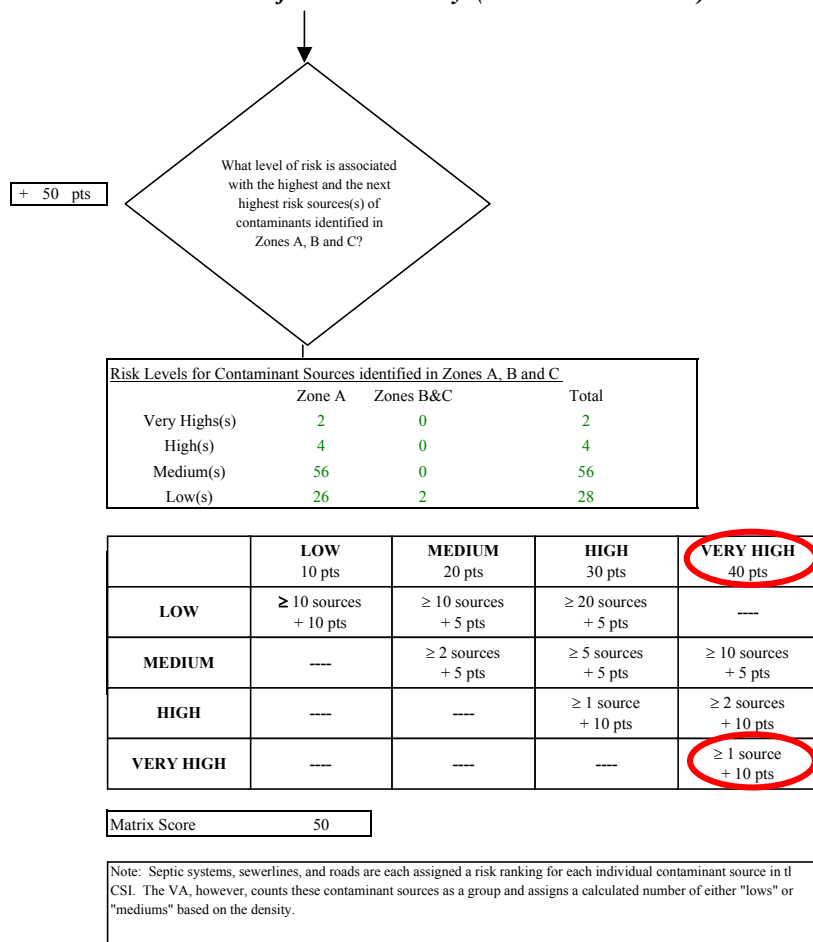


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

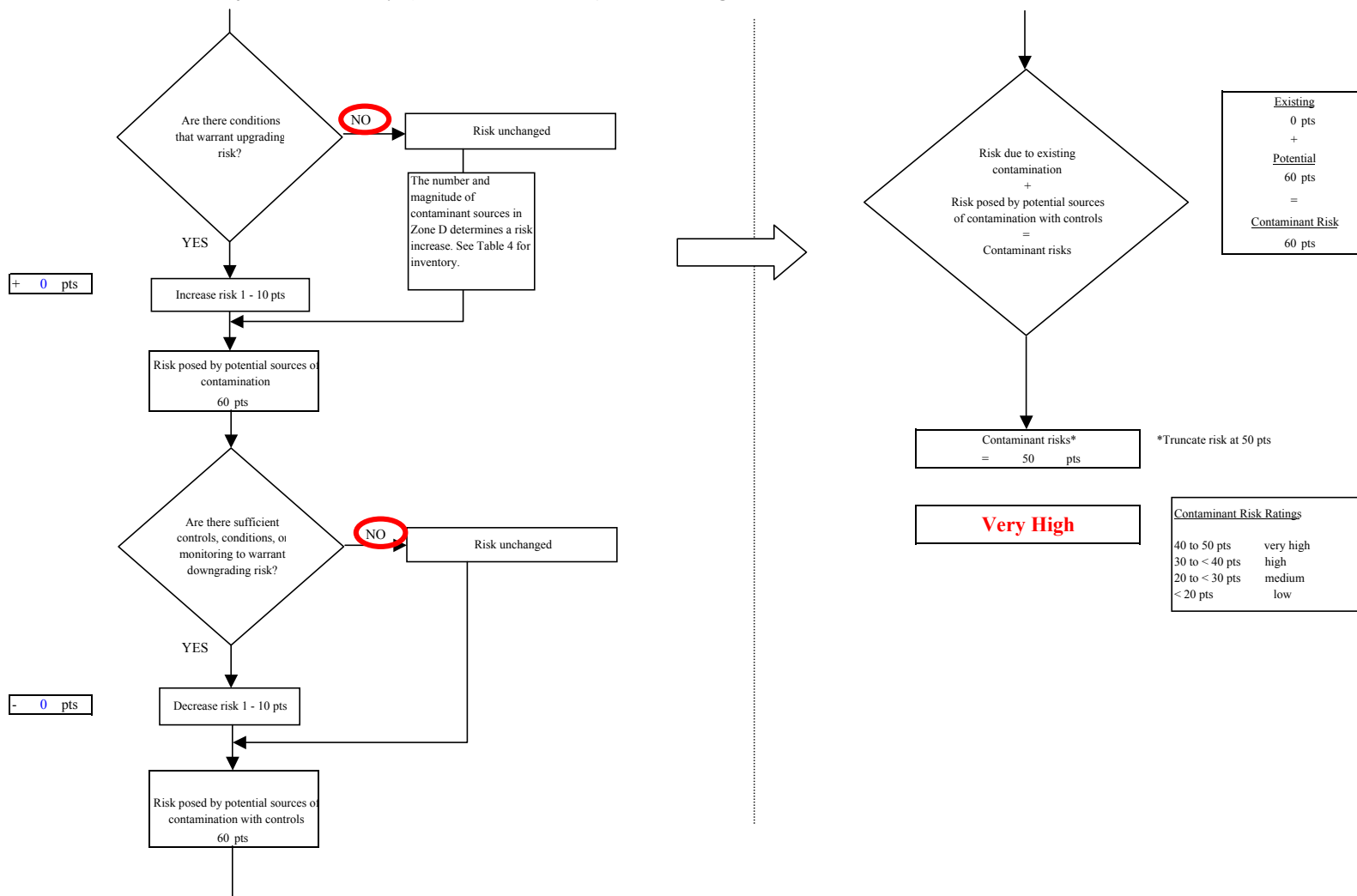


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

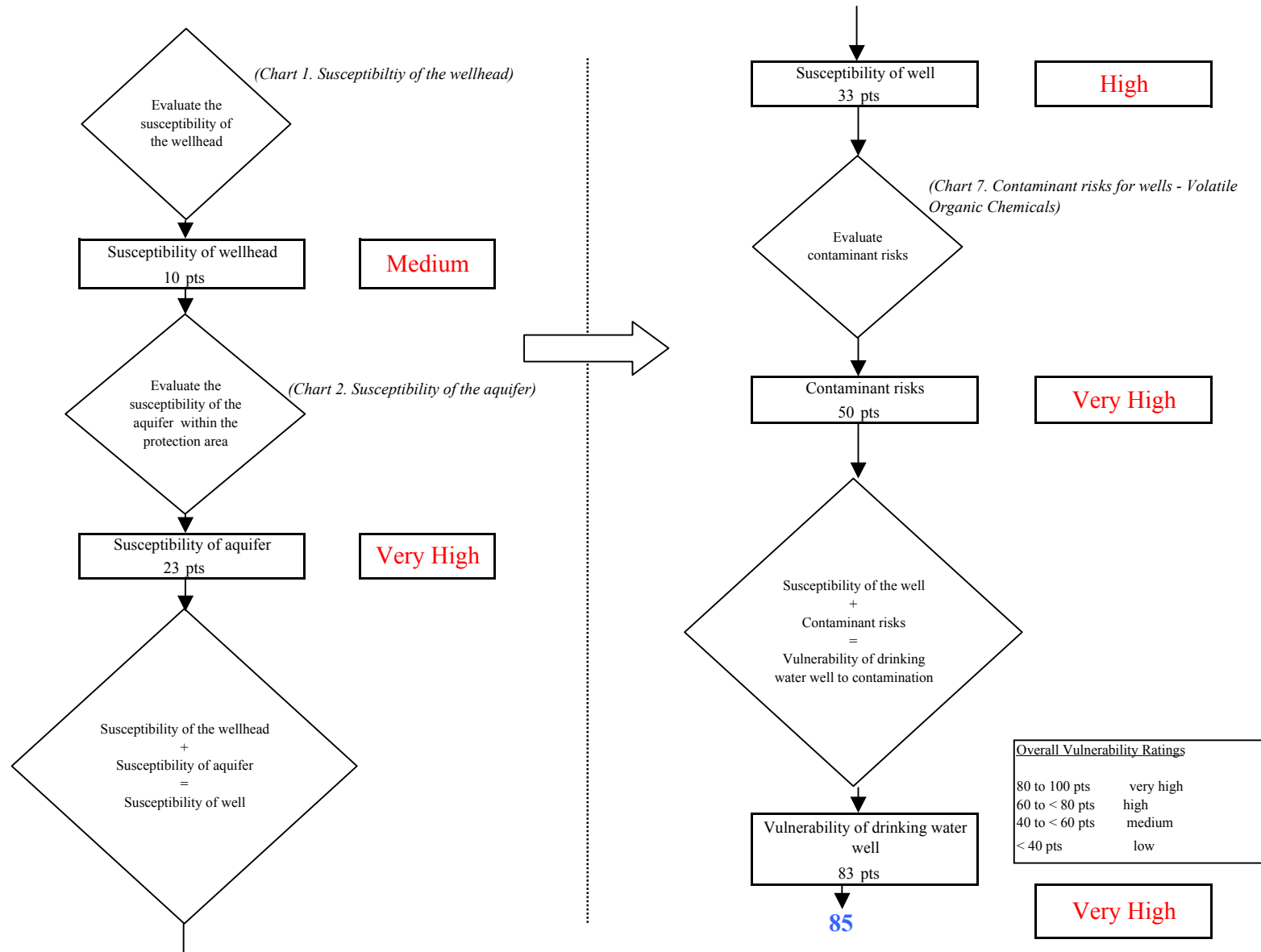


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

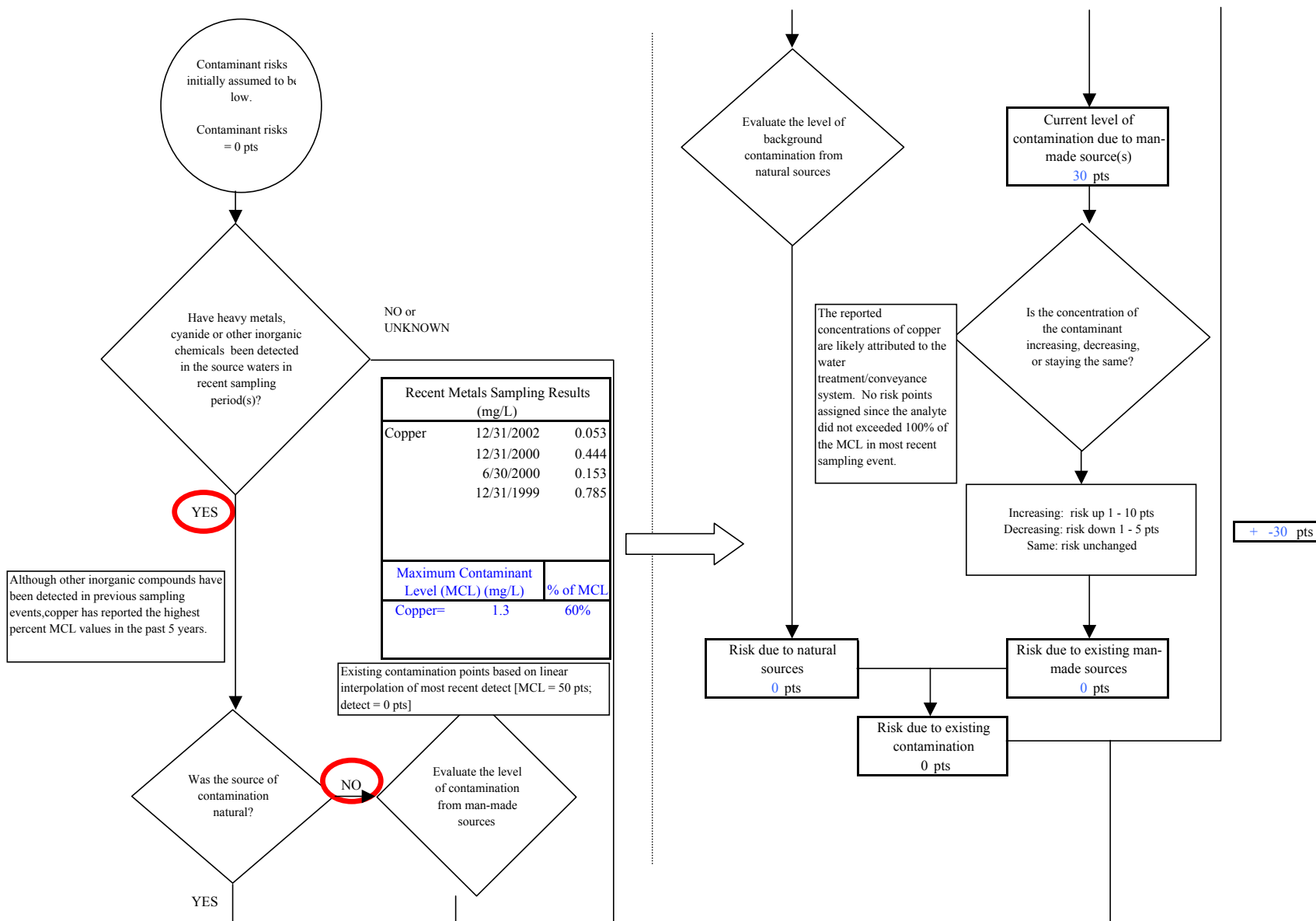


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

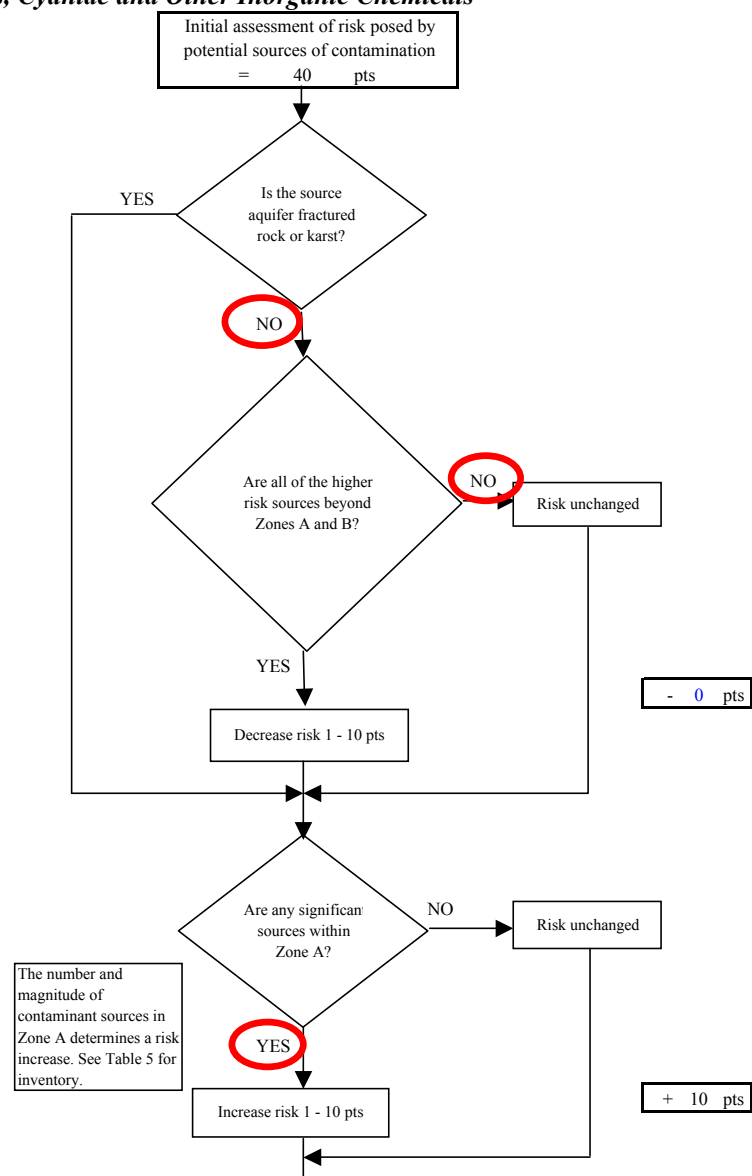
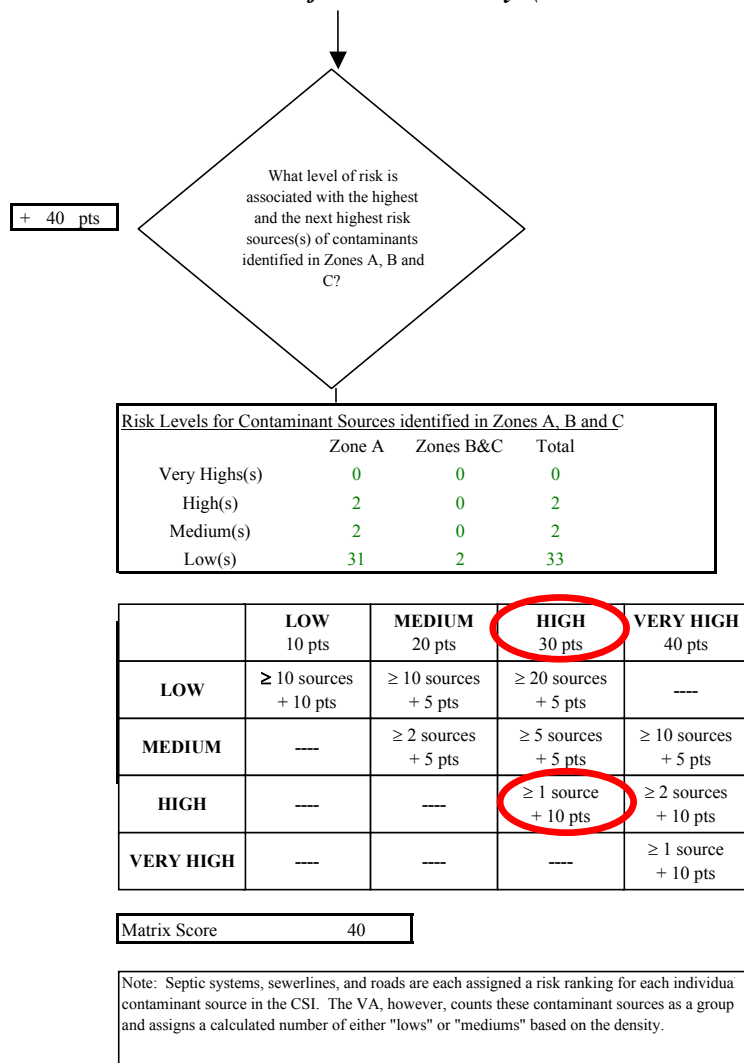


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

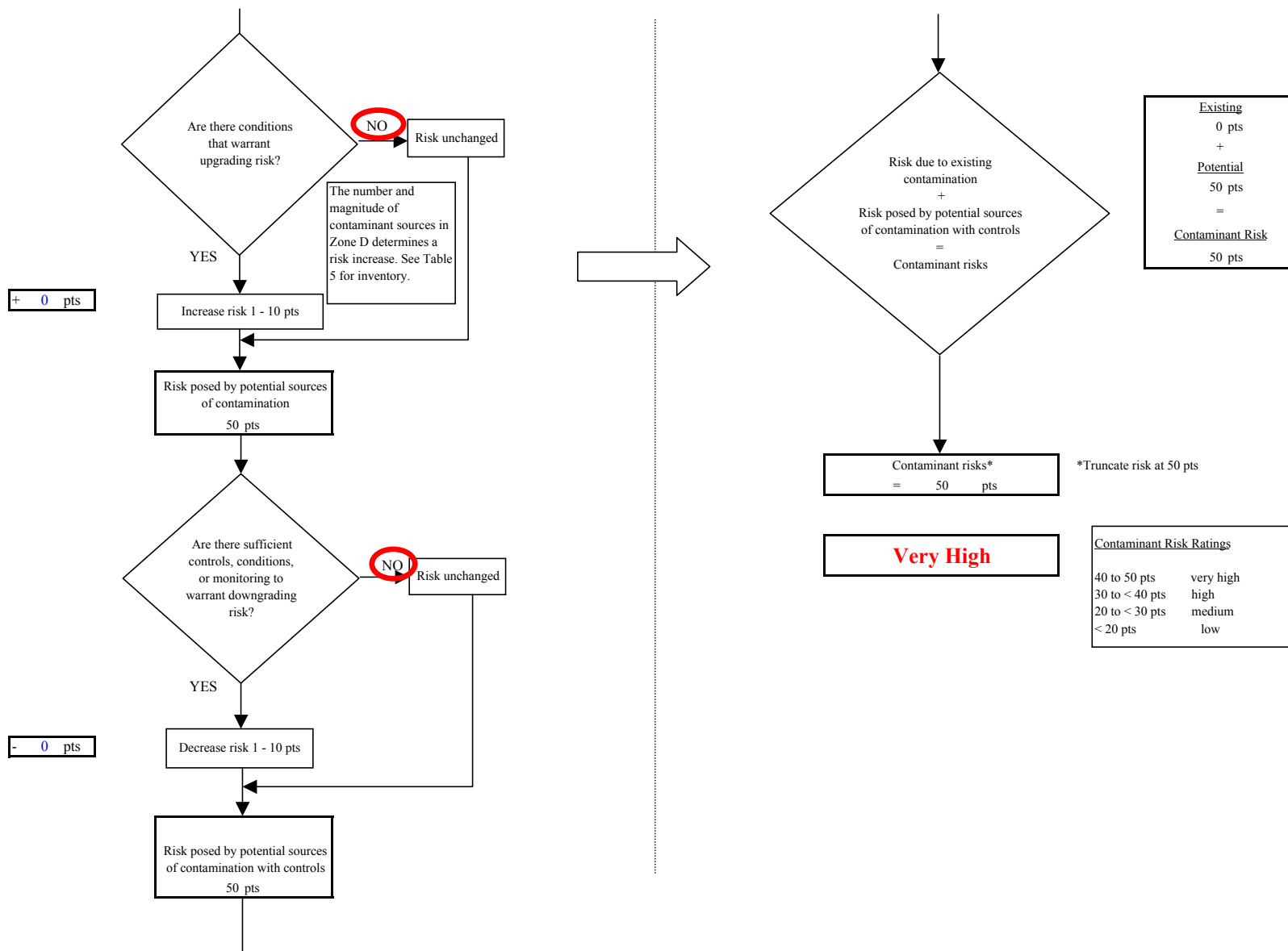


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

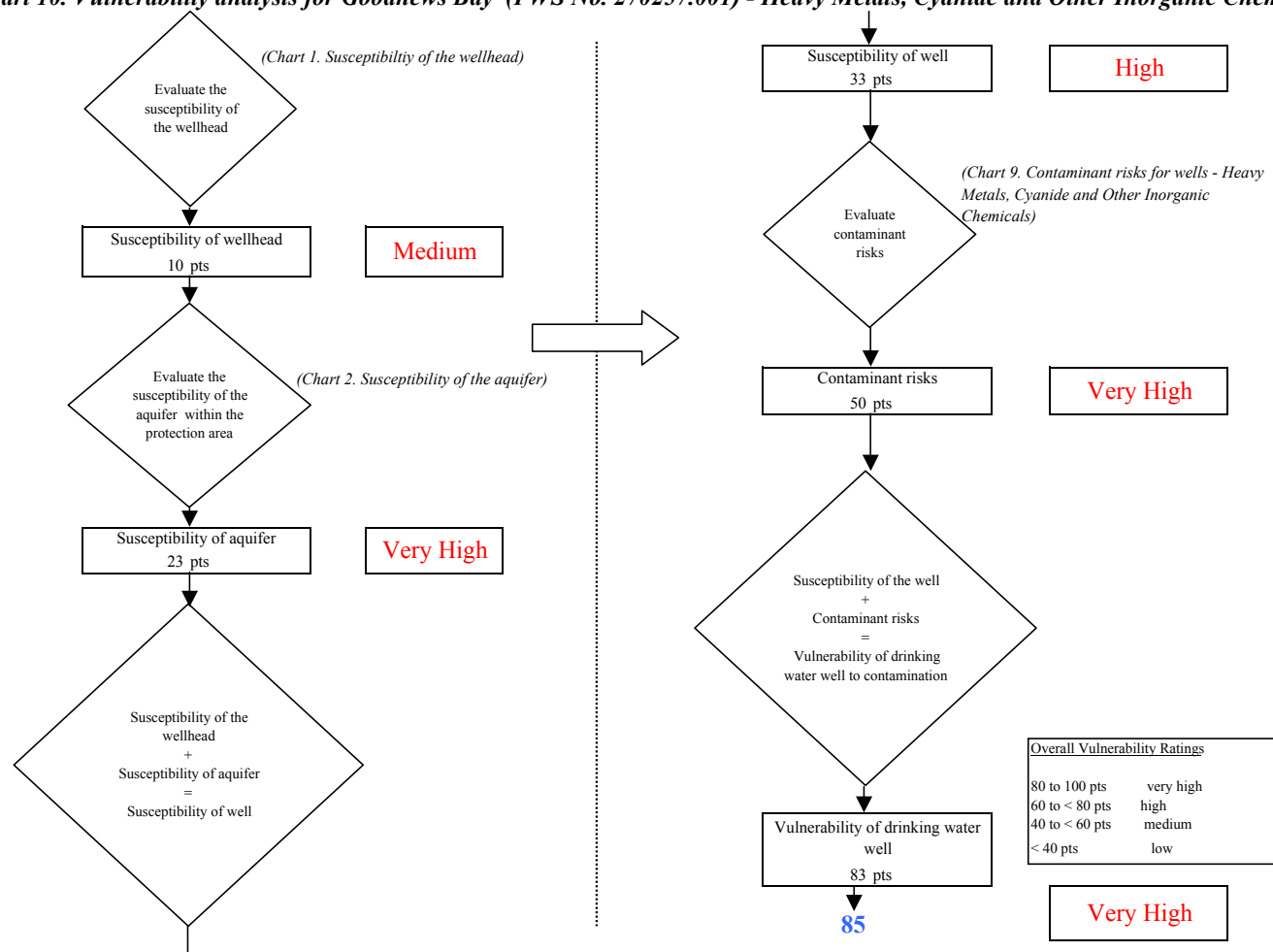


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

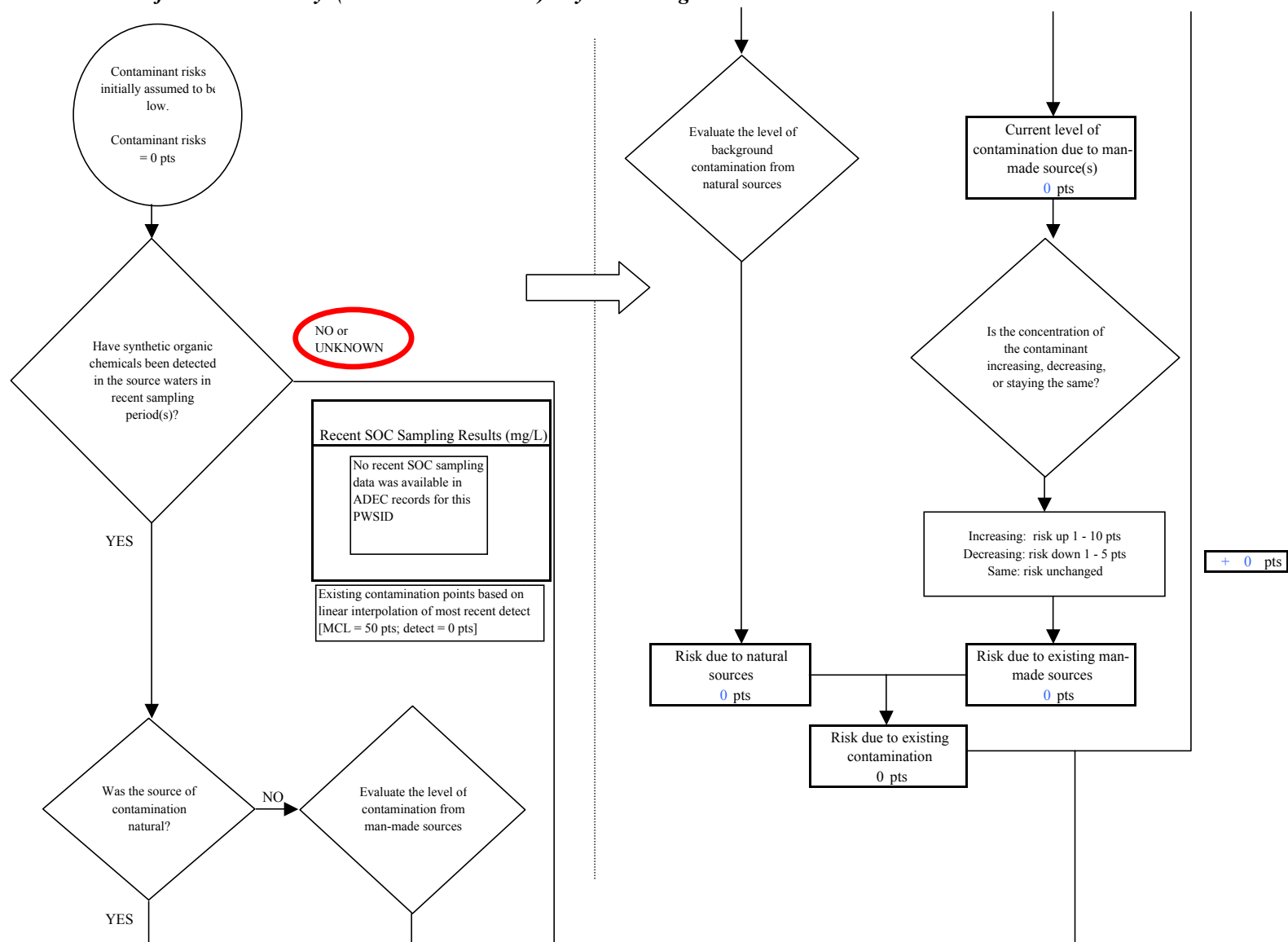


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

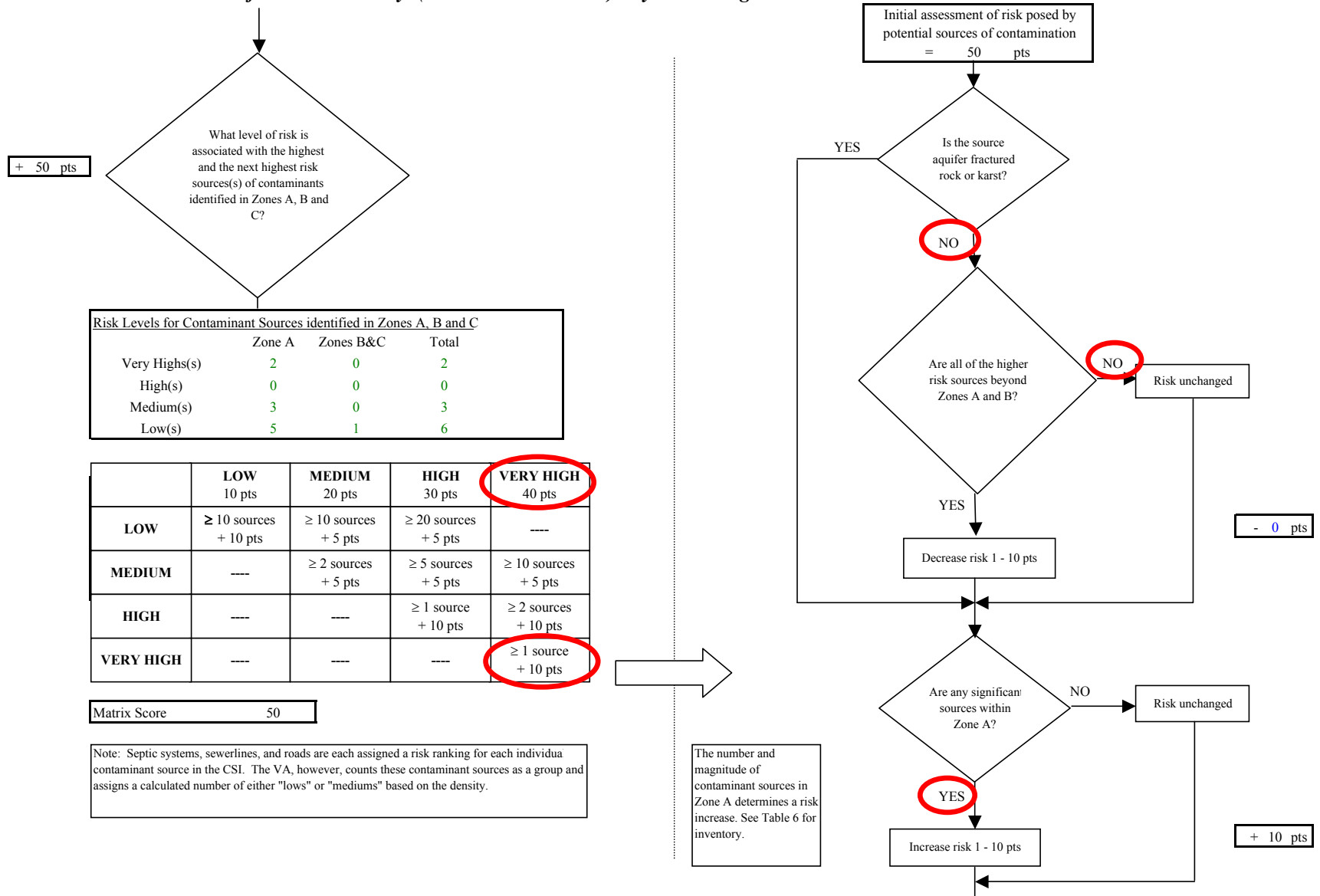


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

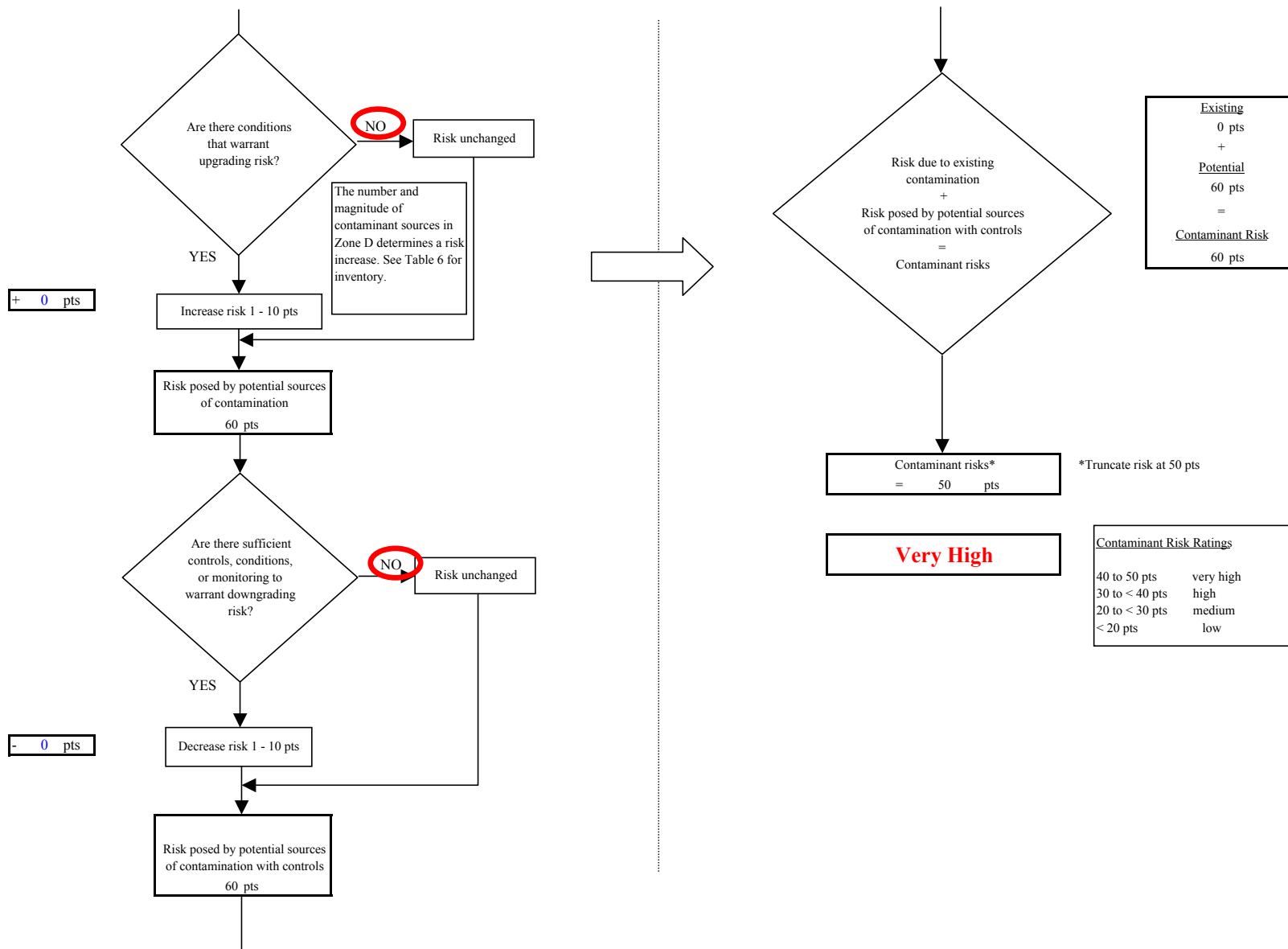


Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

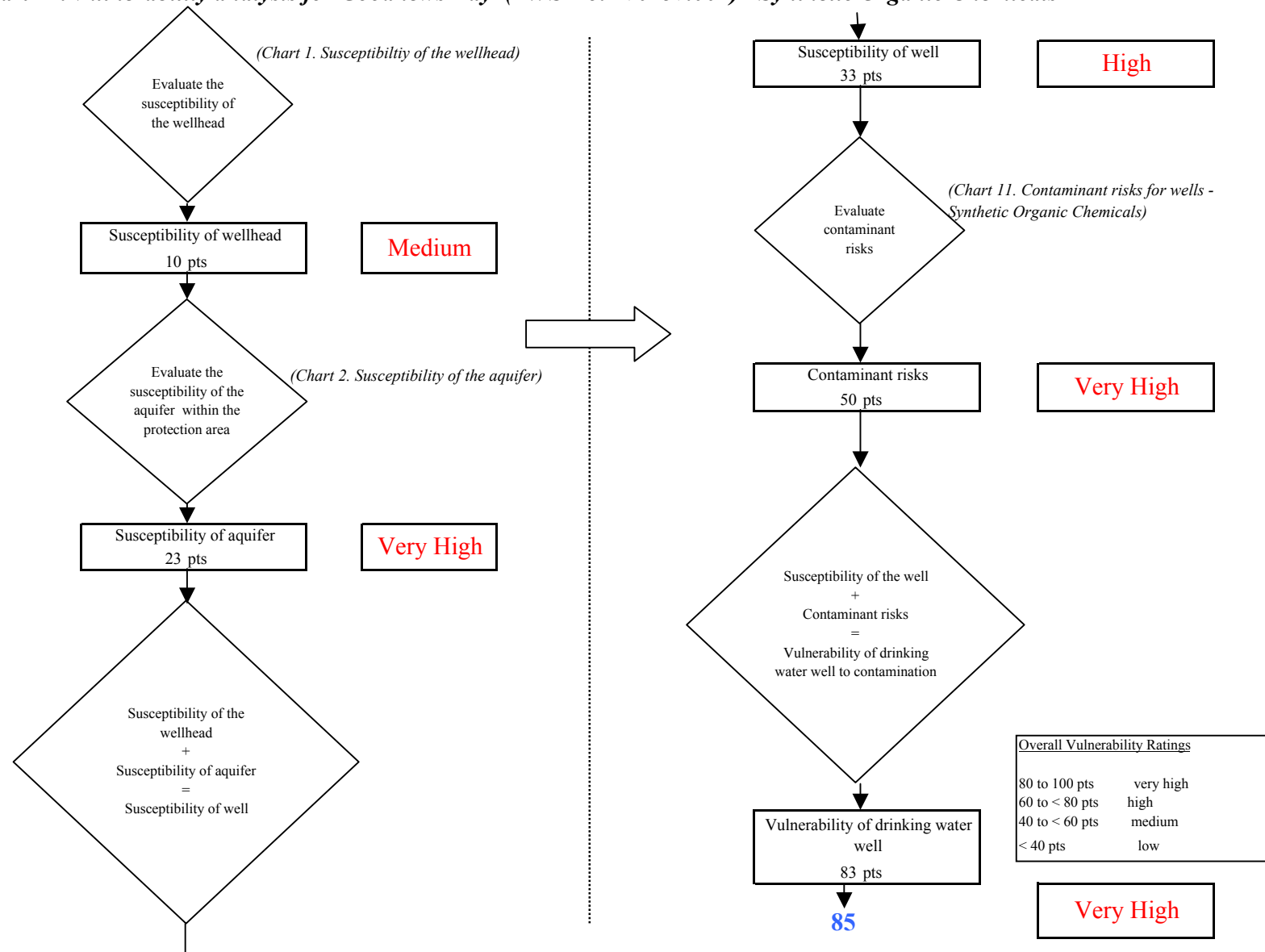


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

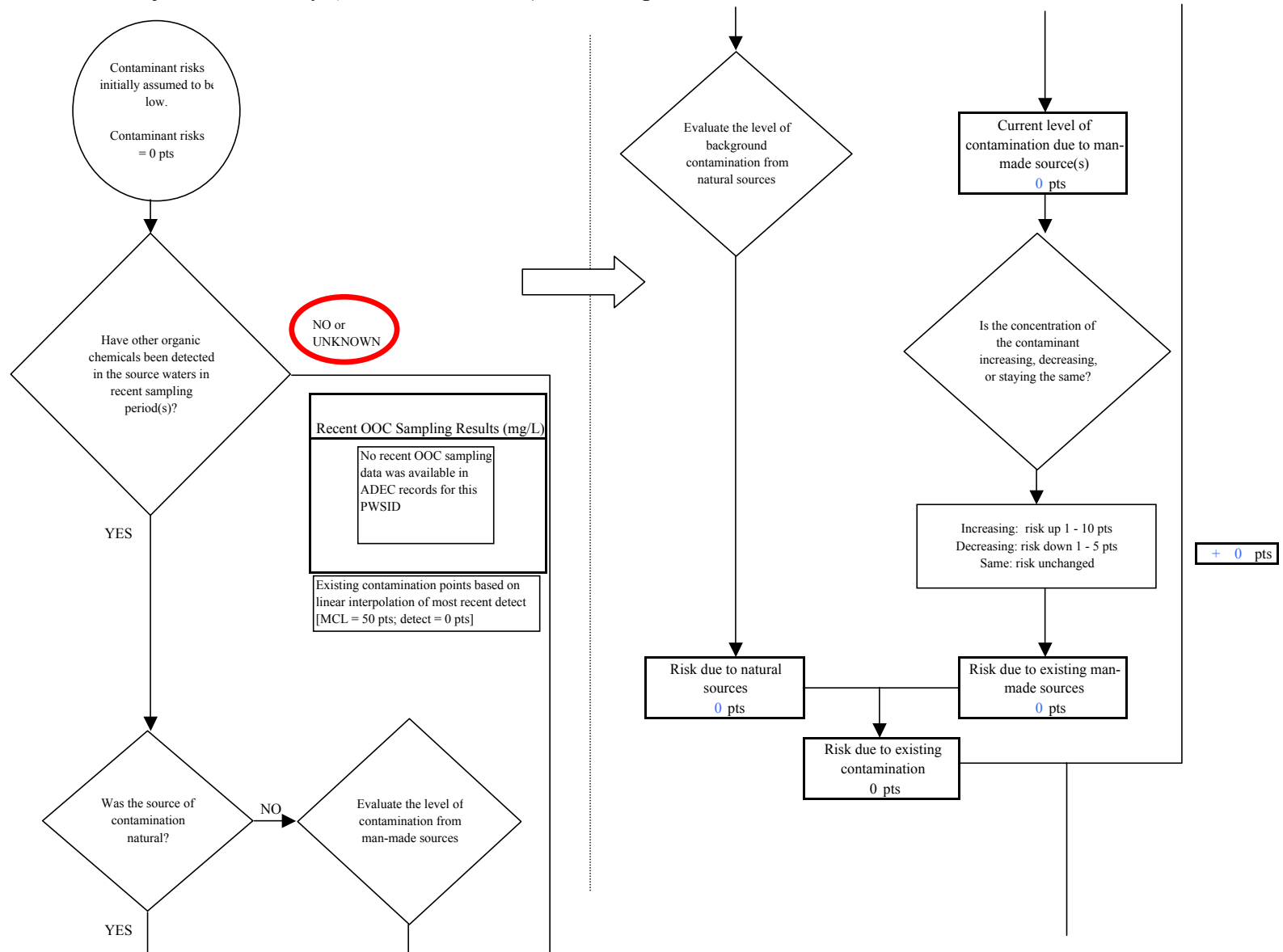


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

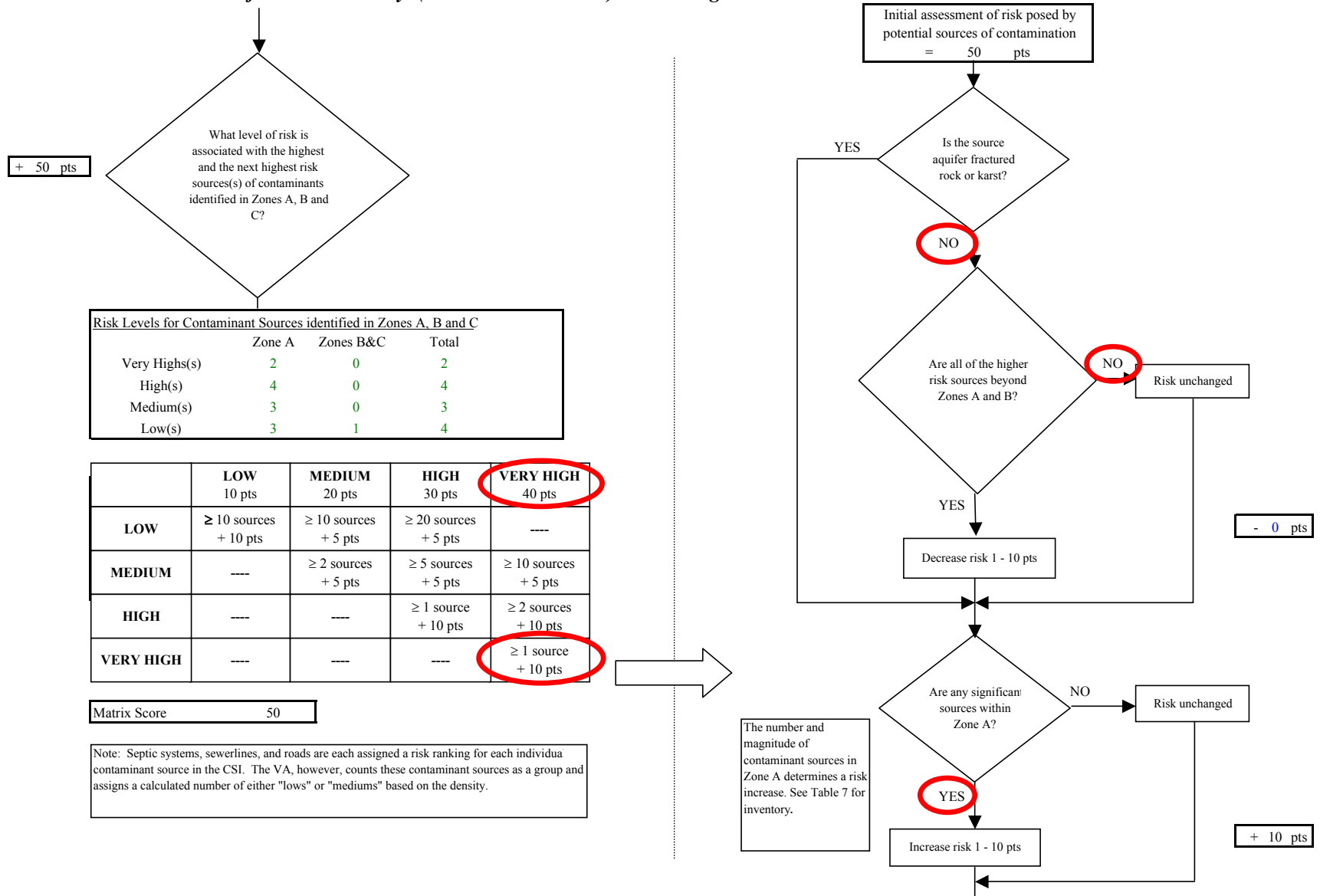


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

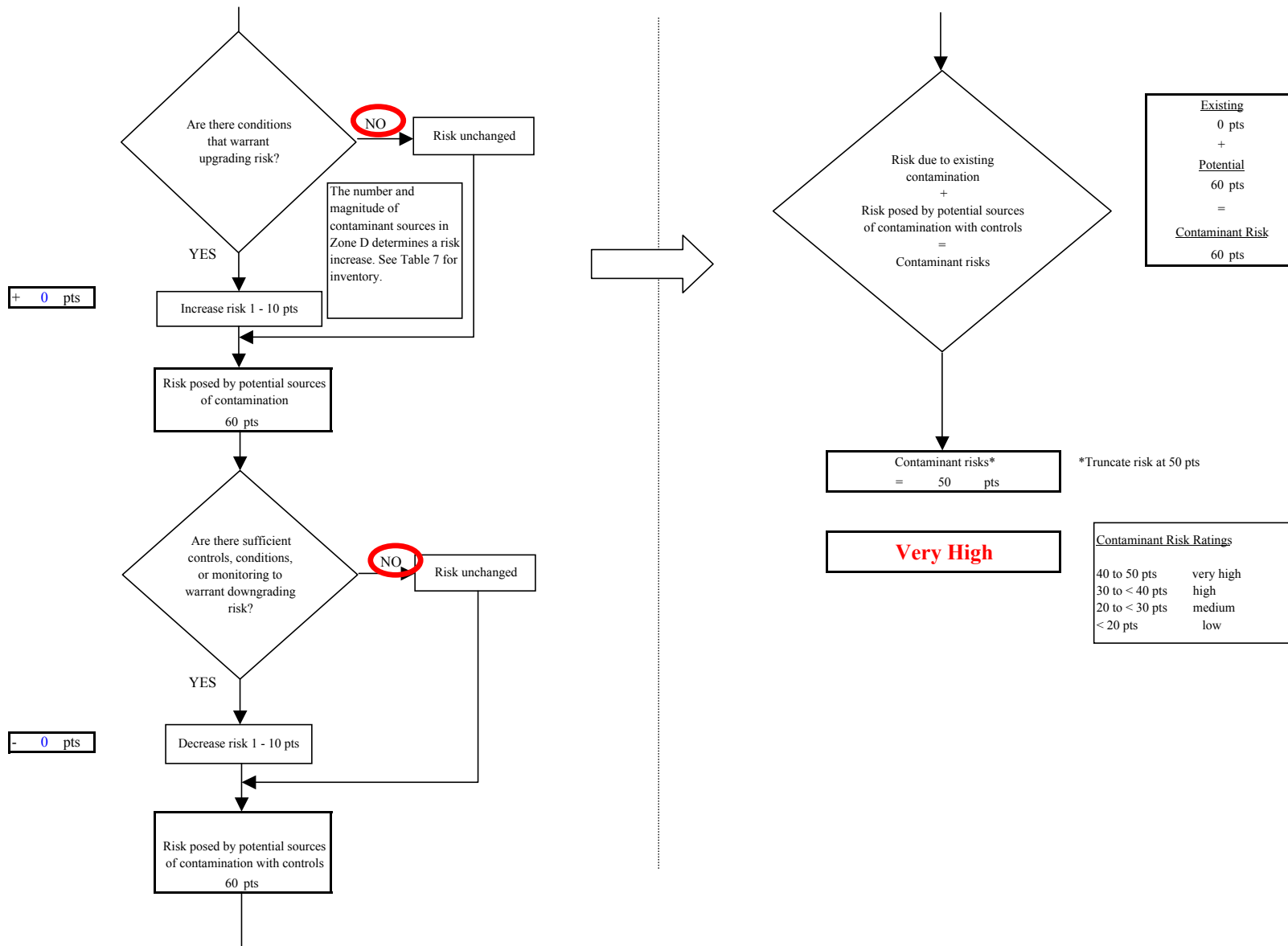


Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Goodnews Bay (PWS No. 270257.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

