

yellow-cheeked vole. Highest small mammal densities were in the drier, forested black spruce, white spruce, birch, and aspen plant communities, while lowest densities were in wet sedge marsh and bog communities. This year's information suggests significant differences between each small mammal species and plant community and physical feature complex use.



Students get an opportunity to work on the small mammal sampling project during the Environmental Education Camp. (KB 8/93)

Next year we plan to increase our trapping coverage of the Refuge and sample size of plant communities and their edges. We also plan to increase the amount of information collected about the size of plant communities in which the traps are placed and the plant communities surrounding each trap site. Table G.1 summarizes trapping data.