ATTACHMENTS

for

Final Kanektok River System INTERIM SUMMARY REPORT

Prepared by Rolfe Buzzell, Historian II and Amy Russell, Historian I

Kuskokwim Assistance Agreement Phase II-B Submission

Office of History and Archaeology Department of Natural Resources State of Alaska

October 7, 2010

Office of History and Archaeology Navigable Waters Research Report No. 8

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 1

Memorandum

TO : Files

DATE: NOV 1 5 1976

FROM : Realty Specialist, McGrath Resource Area

In reply refer to: F-14885/2651 (102)

SUBJECT: Summary of Quinhagak Village Easement Proposals Meeting on September 12. 1975

Those present included Joshua Cleveland, corporation president, Pauline Small, secretary, James Foster, Dave Hunter, Sam Friendly, William Mike, Sam Pleasant, and Carl Cleveland along with six others from the village.

Easement comments were solicited from some 22 agencies on December 4, 1975. Several agencies responded with easement recommendations before the date of the village meeting.

The following easement proposals were discussed and comments noted:

Easement Proposal No. 1 - Eek Coast Trail

- Recommended by the State Department of Fish and Game, State Division of Lands, and the U.S. Bureau of Mines.
- The former winter sled dog trail mail route that followed the coast south from Eek. It is no longer used as such but is carried on the USGS maps. No sign is visible from the air of this old trail.
- 3. For hunting and trapping access and a transportation route.
- The village corporation is opposed to public access that would compete with their subsistence living.

Easement Proposal No. 2 - Eek Snowmachine Trail

- 1. Volunteered by the village corporation-Qanirtuug Incorporated, as the actual trail route.
- This route was pointed out from the air by village residents as the travel route used by snowmachines between villages.
- A transportation route joining the lower and upper Kuskokwim River villages.
- 4. The village corporation does not want any easements on their selected land.

Easement Proposal No. 3 - Kanoktok River Trail

 Recommended by the State Division of Lands and the U.S. Bureau of Mines.

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- The best site was examined and judged by several villagers and is shown on the easement map. It avoids any land claimed by Native allotment applicants.
- For recreational users as a boat and float plane tie-up and overnight camping site.
- The village corporation opposes having any easements inposed on their lands.

Easement Proposal No. 8 - Marine Coastline

- Recommended by the State Department of Fish and Game, the U.S. Bureau of Mines, and the State Division of Lands.
- 2. The statewide 25-foot coastal shoreline easement affects this portion of the Kuskokwim River mouth.
- 3. For public access to tidal lands, coastal areas, and public waters.
- The village corporation is opposed to all easements in general, including this proposal.

Easement Proposal No. 9 - North Mouth Arolik River Campground and Trail

- Recommended by the BLM district staff.
- 2. A mid-way stopping point and trail access at the junction with the South Mouth Arolik River.
- This trail head will provide for ingress and egress to public land which lies one mile east and one mile south.
- 4. The campground trail proposal was recently made and not presented at the village meeting.

Easement Proposal No. 10 - Airport to River Road

- 1. Recommended by Bureau of Outdoor Recreation
- A one-quarter mile existing road from the airstrip to a takeout point on the Kanektok River. It is busy in the summer fishing
- 3. For public access between these two means of transportation.
- 4. This proposal received no comment at the village meeting.

- 2. This is a visible trail paralleling the river and it provides access east upriver for hunting, trapping, etc.
- 3. For access to and from public lands upriver from Quinhagak.
- The village corporation is opposed to any type of easements upon their land.

Easement Proposal No. 4 - Platinum Coastal Trail

- Recommended by the State Division of Lands, the State Department of Fish and Game, and Bureau of Mines.
- The old mail trail south and parallel to the coast used for surface travel today.
- 3. Needed for access and use by the public of the coastline, public lands, public waters, tide and submerged lands, and between villages.
- 4. The village corporation opposes all easements across their lands.

Easement Proposal No. 5 - Arolik River Trail

- 1. Recommended by the State Department of Fish and Game.
- 2. This trail route is not visible from the air and is not known to exist. As a winter trail route it could follow the tundra along the river tree line as snow conditions permit.
- For hunting and trapping access and corridor route via the Arolik Landing area.
- 4. The village corporation denies the existence of any trail along the Arolik River or any present use as a trail. It opposes this easement.

Easement Proposal No. 6 - Quinhagak Village Campground

- 1. Recommended by the State Department of Fish and Game.
- An area along the Kanektok River between the village site and the airport appears suitable for this purpose.
- It is desired for boat and float plane tie-up and an overnight camping spot for sportsmen.
- 4. The village corporation opposes all easements on their lands.

Easement Proposal No. 7 - Kanektok River Campground

Recommended by the State Department of Fish and Game and the U.S.
 Fish and Wildlife Service.

Easement Proposal No. 11 - Bessie Creek - Magaktlek, Alaska

- Recommended by the BLM district staff.
- Navigable waterways that lead from the North Mouth Arolik River on eastward to d-1 lands.
- These streams will provide ingress and egress to public lands and the coast.
- 4. This recent proposal was not presented at the village meeting.

Easement No. 12 - Navigable Waters

- Recommended by State Division of Lands
- The Kanektok River, North and South Mouth Arolik Rivers, and several tundra lakes.
- For public ingress and egress.
- 4. The village corporation does not support these general easements for they have had little public use.

13/ CLIFF Ells

CElls:98 11/15/76

Anchorage District Office is E C E I V E D

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 2

DM	
ADM	
PA	
DEC	

FFB 31977

Files
Guroau of Land Management
Anchorage, Alaska

Realty Specialist

FEB 1 1977

In reply refer to: 2651 (932) F-14885-EE ENG ADMIN FIRE AM-PEN AM-MCG AM-GLN

Essement Task Force Meeting on Quinhagak

.....ActionReplyInfo

The selected lands for this village are subject to Secretarial Order 2987.

Havigable waters were discussed. The Kanelitek River was determined to be navigable by reason of its susceptibility to travel, trade, or commerce. No other river was considered to be navigable except as to the portion of each river which is subject to tidal influence.

The following easements were approved by the Task Forcet

- 1 D1,D9,C3 A 25" trail generally following the coastline from Quinhagak northerly to Eak. This trail at one time was the sled dog mail trail. It is a winter trail that provides access between the villages.
- A 25° trail used as a winter travel route from Quinhagak northerly to the upper Kuskokwim villages. This trail provides access to public lands and an access route between villages.
- 3 D1,C3 A 25° trail along the south side of the Kanektok River easterly from Quinhagek providing access to public lands.
- 4 D1,D9,C3 A 25° trail generally following the coastline from Quinhagak southeasterly to Platitum. This is an old mail trail and a winter trail providing access to public lands and a travel route between villages.
- A 25° trail beginning near the north mouth of the Arolik River where it branches off of trail No. 4 and follows generally along the right bank of the Arolik River. The casement was approved in part to the south boundary of section 11, T.63., R.73%., SM. The remaining portion of this easement was not approved. This trail when used in conjunction with 5A provides access to public lands.

- A 50° trail consisting of two branches beginning at the terminus of trail 5. The branches generally follow the south boundary of section 11, T.6S., R.73W., SM., easterly and westerly to public lands on both sides of the Arolik River.

 A one-acre site essenant for staging, camping, and vehicle
- o D9 A one-acre site essement for staging, camping, and vehicle use. This site is located near the village of Quinhagak and near the northeast corner of USS 876 on the left bank of the Kanektok River.
- 7 D9 A one acre site easement for staying, camping, and vehicle use. The site is located in section 1, T.55., R.74W., SM., on the left bank of the Eanektok River.
- 7A C4 A 25* trail beginning at site easement 7 and extending northerly to public lands. A second branch starts at site easement 7 and extends southerly to trail 3.
- 8 D1, D9 A 25 continuous marine coastline easement.
- A one-acre site easement for staging, camping, and vehicle use with 25° trail easements leading northerly and southerly from the site easement to public lands. The site easement is located on the right bank of the Arolik River in section 29, T.6S., R.72W., SM. This combination site and trail easement provides access to public lands.
- 10 Cl A 60° road from the airport to the Kanektok River. This is an existing roadway and provides public access from the airport to the river.
- 10A C4

 A one-acre site easement for staging and vehicle use located on the bank of the Esnektok River in section 9, T.58., R.74W., SM., and will be used in conjunction with the road easement 10 from the airport to him viver.
- 11 C5 A 25° streamside easement along both banks and the bed of Bessie Creek. Bessie Creek is considered to have highly significant present recreational use.
- 12 Cl,Dl,L This recommendation is for a 25° streamside easement along both banks of the Kanaktok River. This river is considered to have highly significant present recreational use and has been nominated as a wild and scenic river. It has runs of rainbow trout, chum, king, and silver salmon.

This recommendation is for a 25° streamside easement along both banks and the bed of Hagaktlek Creek. This river is considered to have highly significant present recreational use.

This recommendation is for a 25° streamside essement along both banks and the bed of the Arolik River and the North Mouth of the Arolik River. This river is considered to have highly significant present recreational use.

This recommendation is for a 25° streamside essement along both banks and the bed of the South Houth of the Arolik River from its wouth easterly through section 11, T.68., R.74W., S.M. The Arolik River has a highly significant present recreational use.

/s/Stanley H. Bronczyk

cc: 1/0M-A (100) Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 3

Ner 27 10 52 AN 175

2650.61 (931) F-14885-A (Anch.)

REGLACED -

mr. Jan R. miller

Project Leader

bures u of Land management

bbb Cordova Street

Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Ancherage District Office

JUN 2 1975

Dear Mr. miller:

Bureau of Land Management Anchorage, Alaska

in your letter of February 28, 1975, you said we still need to select two more sections from the Third Selection. The following were selected as described.

- (1) 165 -- K/4 W section 13
- (2) ros -- x 75 " section 18

on the question of navigable waters, the lakes are not used in anyway, nor any season. They are too far from the village. The lakes in question are as follows, take 377, Lake 378, and take Ithagautluk. As far as we know, there is no known use for the lakes.

on the use of the mivers, the manetok miver is too shallow for any wared Trade & Commerce. The only way we travel thru the river is by small skiffs, aalso, the only to enter the manetok miver is when the tide is night, even small skiffs cannot enter the river at low water. The angual barge which brings in freight and fuel comes in into the river only at high tide. Therefore, I would consider the ma netok miver to be Mon-navigable. Arolik miver likewise.

In our phone conversation as you remember, I said the time affected the manetox and the arollo divers two diver miles that was an estimated quess, so therefore, the exact tidal affect is one and one-half miles as shown in the map inclosed.

The President of Wanirtuuq, Inc., will be in Anchorage the-week on the last week of may, so I would suggest you get in touch with him and get more information as to how the tide affect the rivers. He will be attending the Arm meeting. I will inform him to visit you.

The land selection committee and I will be prioritising on all our four selections in order of our preference. if this step is necessary please let us know and we will get to work on the subject.

Sincerely yours,

Peter Williams

rever williams

Village Land Representative

wanirtung, inc.

quinhagak, Alaska 99655

Enclosure 1 map showing tidal affect

CC.

Feter williams - Village Land Representa tive wanirtuuq, inc. -Quinhagak Calista Corporation - Land/planning wept. Blm

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 4

State Office 505 Cordova Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501 2651 (941) N VI-14565-EE F-14865-EE MAR 24 1917

NOTICE OF PROPOSED EASEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE VILLAGE OF QUIMHAGAK

Pursuant to Departmental regulations (43 CFR 2650.4-7), notice is hereby provided of public essements identified on lands selected by Caniffrage.

Subject to valid existing rights, the following described lands are only a portion of the total selected lands, which are shown on the enclosed maps:

Severd Meridian, Alaska (Protractod)

1. 3 S., R. 74 W. sections 2-11, 14-23, 26-35

7. 3 8., R. 75 W. sections 1, 2, 11-13, 24, 25, 36

T. 4 S., R. 72 W. sections 20-36

7. 4 8. R. 73 W. sections 25-36

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. Sections 2-11, 14-17, 21-23, 25-27, 34-36

VI. 3 3., R. 73 H.
sections 4-9, 16-36

/1. 5 S. . R. 74 W. sections 1-36

I. 5 S. R. 75 W. section 1

T. 5 S., R. 72 S. sections 19, 29-33

T. 6 S., 2. 72 W. sections 3, 4, 13, 11, 13, 14, 23-25 T. 6 S., R. 74 W. sections 2-4, 9-11, 14-16, 21-23, 26-28, 34-16

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.
sections 3, 4, 9, 10, 14, 15, 22, 23, 25, 26, 35

T. 7 S., R. 73 W. sections 7, 18

T. 7 S., R. 74 W. sections 1, 2, 11, 12

The following essents are hersby recommended for inclusion in the conveyance document under the provisions of section 17(b) of the Alaska Mative Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971:

EASTHERT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

- 1 D1, D9. C3 A 25-foot trail generally following the coastline from Quinkagak northerly to bek. This trail at one time was the sled dog mail trail. It is a winter trail that provides access between the villages.
- 2 C5
 A 25-foot trail used as a winter travel route from Quinhagak northerly to the upper Kuskekwim villages.
 This trail provides access to public lands and an access route between villages.
- 3 D1, C3 A 25-foot trail along the south side of the Kanektok River casterly from Quinhagak providing access to public lands.
- 4 D1, D9, C3 A 25-foot trail generally following the coastline from Quinhagak southeasterly to Flatinum. This is an old mail trail and a winter trail providing access to public lands and a travel route between villages.
- A 25-feet trail beginning near the north mouth of the Arolik River where it branches off to trail No. 4 and follows generally along the right bank of the Arolik River. The essencht was approved in part to the south boundary of section 11, T.68., R.732., S.M. The remaining portion of this essessent was not approved. This trail when used in conjunction with SA provides access to public lands.
- 5A. C4

 A 50-foot trail consisting of two branches beginning at the terminus of trail No. 5. The branches generally follow the south boundary of section 11. T. 65., 8.73V., 8.M., easterly and westerly to public lands on both eides of the Arolik River.

- A one-acre site essement for staging, camping, and vehicle use. This site is located near the village of Quinhagak and near the northeast corner of USS 076 on the left bank of the Kanektok River.
- 7 by
 A one-sere site essement for staging, camping, and
 vehicle use. The site is located in section 1, T.58.,
 R.74W., S.M., on the left bank of the Esmektok River.
- 7A C4 A 25-feet trail beginning at site easement 7 and extending northerly to public leads. A second branch starts at site easement 7 and extends southerly to trail Ro. 3.
- 8 D1, D9 A 25-foot continuous marine constline ensement upland of and parallel to the mean high-tide line.
- A one-sere site easement for staging, camping, and vehicle use with 25-feet trail easements leading northerly and southerly from the site easement to public lands. The site easement is located on the right beak of the Arolik River in section 29, T.63., R.72V., S.M. This combination site and trail easement provides access to public lands.
- A 60-foot road from the simport to the Kanaktek River.
 This is an existing roadway and provides public access
 from the airport to the river.
- A one-make site essenant for staging and vehicle use located on the bank of the Kanektok River in section 9, 1.55., R.74W., 5.M., and will be used in conjunction with the road essenant 10 from the sirpert to the river.
- 11 G5 A 25-feet streameide casement slong both banks and the bed of Bessie Greek. Bessie Greek is considered to have highly significant present recreational use.
- 12 Cl. Dl. L This recommendation is for a 25-foot streamside casement slong both banks of the Kanaktok River. This river is considered to have highly significant present recreational use and has been seminated as a wild and scenic river. It has runs of rainbow trout, chum, king, and silver salmen.
- 13 C5 This recommendation is for a 15-foot streamside easement along both banks and the bed of Magaktlek Creek. This river is considered to have highly significant present regrestional use.

14 C5, D1 This recommendation is for a 15-foot streament along both banks and the bed of the Arolik Eiver and the North Mouth of the Arolik Eiver. This river is considered to have highly significant present recreational use.

15 C5, 01 This recommendation is for a 25-foot streamside easement along both banks and the bed of the South Mouth of the Arolik River from its south easterly through section II. T. 65., R. 74W., S.M. The Arolik River has a highly significant present recreational use.

An easement for the transportation of energy, fuel, and natural resources which are the property of the United States or which are produced by the United States.

The right of the United States to enter upon the lands havein granted for cadastral, geodetic or other survey purposes is reserved together with the right to do all things necessary in connection therewith.

Mavigable waters were discussed. The Fancktok River was determined to be navigable by reason of its susceptibility to travel, trade, or commerce. No other river was considered to be navigable except as to the portion of each river which is subject to tidal influence.

This notice does not cover statutory reservations such as railroads. ditches, canals, telegraph lines; or granted rights-of-way.

Fritten comments must be filed with the Joint Federal-State Land Use Planning Commission, 733 West Fourth Avenue, Suite 600, Anchorage, Alaska 99501 no later than . A copy of any comments should also be sent to the State Director, Bureau of Land Management, 555 Cordova Street, Anchorage, Alaska 39501.

Certis V. McVee Scate Director

cc: DM-A (913) Public Service (Fairbanks) Public Service (941)

CE11s:mk 3/9/77

EASEMENT AND NAVIGABILITY LEGEND

LI	NEAL EASEMENTS	SYMBOL	CORRIDOR EASEMENTS SYMBOL
ROADS	existing		BOUNDARY OF CORRIDOR
	proposed	,====	ROAD ====
TRAILS	existing	. ———	RAILROAD
	proposed	-	PIPELINES OIL & GAS
STREAMSI	DE	. *******	PIPELINES MINERAL SLURRY M
(25) 00	th sides & porton	1)	POWER TRANSMISSION
SIT	E EASEMENTS	·	
CAMPSITE			NAVIGABLE WATERS
WATER AC	CESS FACILITY .	. w	CORE TOWNSHIP BOUNDARY.
LANDING A	AREA	· †	EASEMENT NUMBER
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GUAGE STA	ATION	. 📀	SPONSOR CODE
OTHER		. , 🗆	

EASEMENT SPONSOR CODE

A	Alaska Center for the Environment	D 4	Division of Planning and Research
В	Department of Defense	D5	Division of Aviation
С	Department of Interior:	D6	
C1	Bureau of Outdoor Recreation	D9	Department of Fish and Game
C2	National Park Service	E	Land Use Planning Commission
C3	Bureau of Mines	F	RCA Alaska Communications
C4	BLM State Office		U.S. Forest Service
C5	BLM District Office		The Alaska Railroad
C6	Fish and Wildlife Service		Federal Aviation Administration
C7	Geological Survey		U.S. Coast Guard
С8	Alaska Power Administration		Corps of Engineers
D	State of Alaska:		General Public
D1	Division of Lands		Village Corporation
D2	Division of Parks		Regional Corporation
D3	Department of Highways		mediana aprioración

MAR 24 1978

Kanektok River System
II-B Report
Attachment 5

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

nemorandum

REPLY TO

SD

e of

In reply refer to: 2650.58 (932) F 14885 EE

SUBJECT: Final Easements for the Village of Quinhagak

To: Chief, Division of Technical Services (941)

The easement staff met on August 2, 1977, to consider the final easement recommendations for lands selected by Quinhagak Village. Of these recommendations, my decision is to have the following easements included in the conveyance to Quinhagak.

E.I.N.

DESCRIPTION

1 C3, D1, D9

An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak northwesterly generally following the coastline to Eek. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

This trail is used as an intervillage travel route along the coast. It was historically used as a mail route. An easement is needed to provide a continuous trail system and for access to public lands. This is strictly a winter trail and should not interfere with the waterfowl habitat in the area.

2 C5

An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail easement #1 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., SM., northeasterly to public lands. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

A large block of pubic lands north of the village are separated from the village and existing trail systems by selected lands. An easement is necessary to provide access to these public lands. This will be primarily a winter trail.

3 C3, D1

An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The usage or roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.



This is an existing well used trail which will traverse approximately twelve miles of village lands. An easement is needed to assure the continued use of this trail and to provide access to public lands east of the selection area.

4 C3, D1, D9

An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to Platinum. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

This is a continuation of the old mail trail. Travel is limited primarily to the winter months. An easement is necessary to provide for intervillage travel and access to public lands south of the selected land.

5a C4

An easement for a proposed access trail fifty (50) feet in width from public lands in Sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM., westerly to public lands in Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

This proposed trail will not only provide for ATV and track-type vehicle travel from the Arolik River east and west to mineralized public lands, but will also connect with a twenty-five (25) foot trail easement (#18 E) to provide access to an existing trail system. The lands located in the west half of T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM., including Sec. 15, have been selected; however, they are part of the "hold-back" acreage for the village and thus, may not be conveyed. The twenty-five (25) foot trail easement (#18 E) will be primarily a winter trail for snowmachine use, while trail #5a will accommodate ATV travel originating from the Arolik River.

7 D9

A one (1) acre site easement upland of the mean high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., SM., on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The site is for camping, staging, and vehicle use.

This site is needed to facilitate access along the Kanektok River. It will also serve as a trailhead for trail easement #7 which provides access to public lands north of the river.

7a C4

An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail easement #3 in Sec. 1, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., SM., northerly to site easement #7 and on to public lands. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

This trail will provide access to public lands that have been separated from the river and existing access routes by village selected lands. The trail will connect with site easement #7 on the river and will provide access north and south from this point.

8 D1, D9

A continuous linear easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the mean high tide line in order to provide access to and along the marine coastline and use of such shore for purposes such as beaching of watercraft or aircraft, travel along the shore, recreation, and other similar uses. Deviations from the waterline are permitted when specific conditions so require, e.g.: impassable topography or waterfront obstruction. This easement is subject to the right of the owner of the servient estate to build upon such easement a facility for public or private purposes, such right to be exercised reasonably and without undue or unnecessary interference with or obstruction of the easement. When access along the marine coastline easement is to be obstructed, the owner of the servient estate will be obligated to convey to the United States an acceptable alternate access route, at no cost to the United States, prior to the creation of such obstruction.

Discussion:

Standard coastline easement.

9 C5

A site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 29, T. 6 S., R. 72 W., SM., on the right bank of the Arolik River. The site is one (1) acre in size with an additional twenty-five (25) foot wide easement on the bed of the river along the entire waterfront of the site. The site is for camping, staging, and vehicle use.

This site is necessary to facilitate travel along the Arolik River. The site also serves as a trailhead for trail easement #9a which leads to public lands north and south of the river. It's approximately nine river miles upstream to public lands from this site.

9a C5

An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site easement #9 on the Arolik River, northerly and southerly to public lands. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

This trail will cross approximately two miles of selected lands. Access will be provided to public lands north and south of the selected lands along the river. Since the Arolik River is the primary access route in this immediate area and the public lands have been separated by the village selection, an easement is necessary to assure access to these public lands.

10 D1

An easement sixty (60) feet in width for an existing road from the airport northwesterly to site #10a and the Kanektok River for access between the river and the airport. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

Discussion:

An easement is needed on this existing road to provide access between the village airstrip and site easement #10a on the Kanektok River. This road will also facilitate travel along the river.

10a C4

A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., SM., on the left bank of the Kanektok River. The site is for camping, staging, and vehicle use.

Discussion:

This river receives substantial use by sportsmen and other recreationists. This site will facilitate access along the river and between the river and the airport. Space will be provided for camping, temporary storage of equipment and supplies, and boat moorage.

12 C1, D1, L

A streamside easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the ordinary high water mark on all banks of the navigable Kanektok River throughout the selection area. Purpose is to provide for public use of waters having highly significant present recreational use.

Discussion:

This river has recived recreational use by sportsfishermen, boating enthusiasts, and others. Commercial fishing lodges in the area attest to the use of the river. The Bureau of Outdoor Recreation indicate a significant use of the river by regional residents traveling upriver by river boat and by recreationists traveling downriver by raft or kayak. This river is currently proposed as a National Wild River above the selection area.

14 C5, D1

A streamside easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the ordinary high water mark on all banks and an easement on the entire bed of the Arolik River; including the North Mouth Arolik River through the selection area. Purpose is to provide for public use of waters having highly significant present recreational use.

Discussion:

The Arolik River has good runs of chum, pink, silver, and red salmon. In addition to the use by sportsfishermen and subsistence fishermen, the river has also been used by canoers and kayakers for recreational boating. This easement will provide shoreline space for foot travel, boat docking, and other uses associated with travel on the river.

15 C5, D1

A streamside easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the ordinary high water mark on all banks and an easement on the entire bed of the South Mouth Arolik River through the selection area. Purpose is to provide for public use of waters having highly significant present recreational use.

Discussion:

The South Mouth Arolik River receives good salmon runs and is used for sportsfishing, subsistence fishing, and boating. Although the lands along this entire channel of the Arolik River shows to be selected, the lands traversed by the river from the

west section line of Sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., SM., upstream to the east section line of Sec. 22, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM., are part of the "hold back" acreage for the village and thus, may not be conveyed. This easement will apply only to those lands traversed by the river that are actually conveyed.

16 C

Easements for the transportation of energy, fuel, and natural resources which are the property of the United States or which are intended for delivery to the United States or which are produced by the United States. These easements also include the right to build any related facilities necessary for the exercise of the right to transport energy, fuel, and natural resources, including those related facilities necessary during periods of planning, locating, constructing, operating, maintaining, or terminating transportation systems. The specific location of these easements shall be determined only after consultation with the owner of the servient estate. Whenever the use of such easement will require removal or relocation of any structure owned or authorized by the owner of the servient estate, such use shall not be initiated without the consent of the owner of such improvement; provided, however, that the United States may exercise the right of eminent domain if such consent is not given. Only those portions of these easements that are actually in use or that are expressly authorized on March 3. 1996, shall continue to be in force.

Discussion:

Standard transportation easement.

17 C

The right of the United States to enter upon the lands herein granted for cadastral, geodetic, or other survey purposes is reserved, together with the right to do all things necessary in connection therewith.

Discussion:

Standard survey easement.

18 E

An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail easement #4 in Sec. 22, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., SM., easterly to public lands. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

This trail will provide a winter access route from an existing trail (#4) easterly to public lands separated by village selected lands. If the "hold back" acreage in the west half of T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM., is conveyed, this trail will connect with a proposed fifty (50) foot trail (#5a) in Sec. 14, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM., which provides access to public land. If this acreage is not conveyed, the trail will provide access to this parcel.

19 D1

A site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 29, T. 5 S., R. 73 W., SM., on the North Mouth Arolik River at its confluence with Bessie Creek. The site is one (1) acre in size with an additional twenty-five (25) foot wide easement on the bed of the river along the entire waterfront of the site. The site is for camping, staging, and vehicle use.

Discussion:

This site will facilitate access along the river by providing space for camping, boat moorage, and temporary storage of supplies. It's approximately eleven river miles upstream to the next available site. All lands adjacent the Arolik River from its mouth upstream approximately thirty miles have been selected by the village.

20 D1

A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 32, T. 4 S., R. 72 W., SM., on the left bank of the Kanektok River. The site is for camping, staging, and vehicle use.

Discussion:

This site will serve as a trailhead for trail easement #20a which provides access to public lands. The site will also facilitate travel along the Kanektok River by providing space for camping, boat moorage, temporary storage of supplies, etc.

20a D1

An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site easement #20 on the Kanektok River southerly to public lands. The usage of roads and trails will be controlled by applicable State or Federal law or regulation.

This short trail easement will provide access from the Kanektok River or trail easement #3 to public lands that are separated from these access points by village selected lands.

In addition to the above easements, the conveyance documents will contain periodic coastline easements as required by the Calista Corporation-Department of Interior easement agreement. These easements have not been identified by the Anchorage District Office as of this time but will be identified and included in the conveyance documents in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

After a thorough review of all recommendations, the following were deleted from the original Notice of Proposed Easements:

E.I.N.

DISCUSSION

6 D9

This was a one (1) acre site located near the village of Quinhagak. It was determined that public camping interests would be satisfied by site easement #10a near the airport. Therefore, this site (#6) was deleted.

11 C5, 13 C5

These were twenty-five (25) foot streamside easement recommendations on both banks and the bed of Bessie Creek and Magaktlek Creek, respectively. There was no documentation in the file that would indicate significant use of these creeks. Therefore, they have been deleted.

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DEC 1 1 1975

@anirtuuq, Inc. Quinhagak, Ak 99655 November 7, 1975

Bureau of Land Management

Anchorage, Alaska
Curtis McVee, Director
Bureau of Land Management
555 Cordova Street
Anchorage, Ak 99501

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 6

Dear Curtis McVeer

We, the Shareholders of Qanirtuuq, Inc. oppose all easements on our village lands that we got through ANCSA of 1971.

We strongly feel that easements are not necessary on our lands for the following reasons on each requested easements:

I. OCEAN ACCESS

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A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

(1) Nobody else from outside of the village uses it.

(2) It is not commonly used by the village.

(3) Very little use of it is only used during late spring for a very short time.

(4) Sportsmen NEVEE used it before.

(5) There is no recreational activities done on that area.

(6) No recreational facilities.

(7) No airport or landing strip on the beach area.

II. TRAIL (Old Trail- Bet-KWN)

(1) Hardly used anymore, used to used for dog trail.

- (2) Snowmobiles travel very rarely on the same route because:
 - (a) They travel on the least bumpy, snow covered areas.
- (b) of the native people low income status, we family that we cannot restrict them to travel, outcome trail. Out trataily but travel in the smoothest snow covered areas so as to prevent unnecessary snowsobile?

vear and tear and damage to the fragile tundra:
(3) Very little use of it is done in the winter.

(4) (4) We do not expect any significant increase of use for many more years to come.

III. STREAM ACCESS, TRAIL AND PUBLIC CAMPSITE

(1) No dock or tie up facilities for boat or plane.

(2) Very little use by sportsmen.

(3) We do not except increase recreational tuse.
(4) Planes may land at their own rask, because:

(a) it is crooked river.

- (b) landing area limited by narrow and short river stretch.
- (c) several planes have already crashed.

Cont. on page 2

IV: STREAM ACCESS, OTHER (boat and float plane tie-up)

(1) No dock or tie-up facilities for boat or plane.

2) Very little use by sportsmen.

(3) We do not expect increase of recreational use.

(4) MPlanes may land at their own risk because:

(a) it is crooked.

- (b) landing area limited by parrow and short fiver stretch.
- (c) several planes have already crashed.

Vk TRAIL (kwn-Goodnews to Arolik landing area)

(1) No landing area on arolik river except by old abandoned mines which has not operated since around 1947.

(2) Very little use by hunters and trappers.

(3) No transportation corridor or trail glong to the abandoned mines from Quinhagak.

H WE WANT THIS LETTER TO BE INCLUDED IN ALL THE REPORTS AND HEARINGS OF SEM AND LUPC.

Qaniftuuq, Inc.

SIGNED BOARD OF DIRECTORS Clevela President secretary Grace L. Hell Treasurer Pauline X. Small Member Shareholders Feler Williams Oscar Friendley harlie Fullmoon Merio Kleasan Elmaldaille Kinnett church a

SAS TIME

RUSSELL J. GALLAGHER CHARLES K. CRANSTON VERNON L. SNOW JAMES P. DOOGAN, JR. GALLAGHER, CRANSTON & SNOW

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
310 K STREET, SUITE 500

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501

May 16, 1977

OF COUNSEL (SECONDARY OF COUNSEL) (SECONDARY

AREA CODE 907 276-1994

> Joint Federal State Land Use Planning Commission 733 West Fourth Avenue, Suite 400 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 7

Re: Easement Designations for the Village Corporations of Eek, Quinhagak, Goodnews Bay and Platinum.

Gentlemen,

The corporations for the above villages are situated on the coast, near the mouth of the Kuskokwim River, lying in a southwesterly direction. These village corporations are members of what is known as the Yugtak Management Corporation. That corporation includes all of the villages from Kwethluk on the Kuskokwim River to the mouth of the river. On April 22, 1977, all of these corporations met to review the easements recommended by BLM. Although the easement designations are of particular concern to the respective village corporations, they are, in a broader sense, of equal concern to all of these villages up and down the river and on the coast.

1 1) TRAIL FROM BETHEL TO EEK:

This particular easement is not objected to by the village corporation of Eek. The easement is roughly in the correct location, and it does represent a significant "highway" between Eek and Bethel. It actually commences at Bethel and goes into the river and stays in the river until Lomarvik. It is at that point that the trail turns inland and connects with the easement as shown on the easement maps. With that exception, Eek has no objection to the easement, so far as it extends from Bethel to Eek.

(A) TWENTY-FIVE FOOT TRAIL FROM EEK TO QUINHAGAK:

Both Eek and Quinhagak acknowledge the fact that there is an existing trail as shown on the easement designation maps. However, they would prefer that the trail be shown and be used in a different manner.

First, the existing trail goes along the coastal area, which is, according to the Eskimo people, an important feeding and nesting area of water fowl. They would prefer that a new trail be designated. They would like to see an extension of what is shown on the easement maps as Number (2)

from the point where it enters federal land in Section (29), T lN R 73W in an approximately straight line to Quinhagak. That route, according to the native people, would provide for more direct transportation between the two villages, while simultaneously protecting the important wildlife along the old trail.

3) CAMPSITE EASEMENT IN THE VILLAGE OF EEK:

Of all of the easement designations for Eek, this particular campsite easement probably angers the native community most of all. There is absolutely no reason for the campsite, nor is it permitted under the Act, or the regulations implementing the Act.

Access to public lands, which appears to be the rationale for the campsite, can be had from numerous other points on the coast, along the Kuskokwim, along Eek Channel, and along the Kuskokowak Channel.

Nothing in the Act or the regulations permits campsites upon native lands. Any campsites or other facilities which may be necessary for public use in the distant future would be expected to be provided for by the future city of Eek.

4) CONTINUOUS MARINE COASTLINE EASEMENT:

It goes without saying that all of the village corporations in this area strongly object to, and will not permit an easement along the coast, which is owned by the native people. Of course, they are convinced that the judicial system will declare their position to be correct, and that of the Secretary of the Interior to be against the intent of the Act.

5) TWENTY-FIVE FOOT EASEMENT ON EEK RIVER:

When was the last time that any member of the Commission heard of anyone using the Eek River for recreational purposes? For that matter, outside of the land claims act context, when has any member of the Commission heard of anyone going to the village of Eek? The point to be made here is that although Eek is situated in a

beautiful part of the world, it is, in anyone's view, isolated from all but the immediate native population in that area. For BLM to suggest, as it does in its easement designations, that the Eek River has had a significant present recreational use by the public at large is ridiculous. Only when the term recreational is used to describe the use made of the river by the native people, does it have any meaning at all. It is recreational to the native population in the sense that they rely upon the fish in the river for their daily and yearly subsistence needs. To provide access to the river banks to all comers would be, in the minds of the native community, taking away what they thought they had gained in the Land Claims Act.

Although not directly pertinent, the manner in which BLM has worded some of these easements is interesting. In some cases, when referring to twenty-five foot streamside easements, they speak in terms of "highly significant present recreational use", but in other cases, they simply refer to the same type of easements for gaining public access or for merely recreational use. It leads one to believe that BLM does not have any standards for determining when an easement is or is not appropriate.

10) D(1) SIXTY FOOT ROAD - AIRPORT TO KANEKTOK RIVER:

The corporation objects to this roadway. It crosses an existing native land allotment.

10a) ONE ACRE SITE EASEMENT - "STAGING AND VEHICLE USE":

This is simply another improper and illegal attempt at providing for a non-native enclave within native lands. Apparently, no thought was given by BLM to the existing native land allotments on that particular site.

11) BESSIE CREEK STREAMSIDE EASEMENT:

Assuming that any non-native would ever venture onto the Bessie Creek, the government would be inviting disaster. That area is not used at all during summer months by the Eskimo people, and is extremely dangerous during the winter because the waters do not completely freeze. It is

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used by the native people only during the winter months, with great caution, for the taking of ptarmigan, rabbits and other small animals. In addition to this, the Eskimo people know of no "present recreational use" - they hardly consider their subsistence activity during the winter months as recreational. It is interesting to note that the typical excuse for these streamside easements, i.e. access to public lands, is not an excuse used with regard to the Bessie Creek designation. It must have been obvious to BLM that no one in their right mind would walk the distance from the mouth of the Arolik to the end of the Bessie Creek easement designation.

12) STREAMSIDE EASEMENT - KANEKTOK RIVER:

As with all of these streamside easements, they will be struck down by the federal courts as not permissable under the Act. To state, as this easement designation does, that "it has runs of Rainbow Trout, Chum, King and Silver Salmon" is simply to state that the Eskimo people located their villages in areas where the subsistence fish was as plentiful as possible. It is simply ludicrous to provide for the trophy hunter, when the same grounds are used for the subsistence needs of the local native community. Comments of the village corporation with regard to this particular easement are especially important.

13) EASEMENT ALONG MAGAKTLEK RIVER:

The same objections raised under Identification (11) for the Bessie Creek easement are applicable to this particular easement.

14) AROLIK RIVER EASEMENT:

The same comments made with regard to the Kanektok River easement are made regarding the Arolik River easement. In addition, we note that the river has not been designated as being navigable, and therefore, it is to be assumed that BLM anticipates people walking up and down the river banks for the twenty or thirty mile span of the Arolik River.

Note the comment of the Eskimo community, "The river primarily has a subsistence purpose for all species of fish, wild fowl, and animals. We do not want any kind of recreation activity because it will deplete our only source of subsistence. The fish use it as a spawning area".

15) STREAMSIDE EASEMENT - SOUTH MOUTH OF THE AROLIK RIVER:

Same comments as Number (14) and (12) above.

The same objections raised with regard to the transportation and survey easements designated (7) and (6) respectively for the village corporation of Eek are reiterated with regard to Quinhagak. Floating transportation easements are not permitted under the Act and only certain types of surveys are mandated in the Act, under the selection regulations.

GOODNEWS BAY

1) and 2) FIFTY FOOT AND TWENTY-FIVE FOOT TRAIL EASEMENTS FROM QUINHAGAK TO GOODNEWS BAY AND PLATINUM:

The three village corporations for Quinhagak, Goodnews Bay, and Platinum discussed at great length these particular trail easements. At first, there was an attempt by the village corporations to find an alternate route between the villages, so as to avoid passing through the important nesting areas along the coast. It was finally decided that the existing trails, roughly as designated in Easement Identifications (1) and (2), are not objected to by the village corporations. They do, however, want various regulations governing the use of these trails to be imposed.

3) WINTER TRAIL - PLATINUM TO GOODNEWS BAY:

The above trail supposedly connects Goodnews Bay and Platinum at such times as the ice conditions on Goodnews Bay does not permit travel across the Bay. The trail does exist, but is not in the location shown by Identification Number (3). Instead, see the enclosed map with a re-drawn

trail, marked with a star connecting the two villages. If the trail were re-drawn as shown on the attached map, the village corporations would withdraw their objections to that particular trail.

4) WHATTAMUSE MINING CAMP TRAIL:

The village corporations object to the designation of the trail which is no longer in use and which is not necessary for access to the upper public lands. Access is already available on the Goodnews River, which is shown as being navigable along the entire length of the land selection area. Access to public lands is available along the shore as well. See the map for T 8 & 9S R 75 & 74W.

5) ONE ACRE CAMPSITE IN GOODNEWS:

As with all of these other campsites immediately in the village corporations, they are not permitted under the law, and they are not necessary as staging areas for access to public lands. Campsites can be provided on public land in Sections (19), (20), (28), and (27), T 12S R 75W.

6) TWO ACRE SITE - UPPER GOODNEWS RIVER:

This campsite is another example of BLM's extravagance and unfairness to the native people. The campsite is located within one-half mile of public lands in a northerly direction, and approximately three and one-half miles in an easterly direction, and yet it is stated "this is necessary to facilitate the public access to public lands". A clear misrepresentation.

All of these campsites, (6), (7) and (8) on the Goodnews River are absolutely unnecessary and unlawful. One can travel by boat from the mouth of Goodnews River all the way up to and through the last of the selected areas in Section (24) T 10S R 71W in one day. These one and two acre campsites in the most significant and important lands of the native people, is simply one way of giving with one hand and taking away with the other. The native community will simply not tolerate these

inholdings on these important rivers.

6a) SHORT PROPOSED TRAIL - UPPER GOODNEWS RIVER:

As with Campsite (6), this proposed trail is absolutely unnecessary since access is given to public land three miles to the west on Goodnews River.

7) CAMPSITE - GOODNEWS RIVER:

See Number (6) above.

8) CAMPSITE - GOODNEWS RIVER AND MIDDLE FORK RIVER:

Same comments as with regard to Campsites (7) and (6) above. We note BLM's caution with this particular campsite by stating "actual location is dependant upon disposition of pending native allotments in the vicinity. The site will be located so as to avoid being placed on an approved allotment." One wonders what BLM has is mind when using this language for this particular campsite, but ignores the same language with regard to all other campsites. Most of the river banks in the vicinities around the native village corporations are simply covered by native allotment applications.

9) TRAIL BETWEEN GOODNEWS AND TOGIAK:

Transportation between these two village corporations is available on the middle fork of the Goodnews River.

10) BUSH LINE EASEMENT:

See the comments above regarding the objections to the marine easements.

11) CAMPSITE EASEMENT - GOODNEWS RIVER:

See the objections to the same campsites for (6), (7), and (8) above.

12) PROPOSED ACCESS TRAIL OFF WHATTAMUSE EASEMENT:

This proposed trail is objected to. Access is already available to public lands off of Identification Numbers (2) and (3).

13) CONTINUOUS STREAMSIDE EASEMENT - GOODNEWS RIVER:

As with all of the other continuous streamside identifications, the village corporations strongly object to this particular designation.

- 14) ACCESS TRAIL BETWEEN GOODNEWS AND PLATINUM:
- See the proposed modifications for this trail on the Exhibit. The trail is marked with a star.
 - 15) STREAMSIDE EASEMENT MIDDLE FORK OF THE GOODNEWS RIVER:

The same objections to this easement are raised as those that were raised on the easement on the Goodnews River and all of the other rivers for Quinhagak and Eek.

16) and 17) FLOATING EASEMENTS FOR ENERGY AND SURVEY EASEMENTS:

See the above comments for Quinhagak and Eek.

PLATINUM

1) TRAIL BETWEEN PLATINUM AND QUINHAGAK:

See the comments above for the same trail.

2) TRAIL BETWEEN GOODNEWS AND QUINHAGAK:

See the comments above under Quinhagak with regard to this particular trail.

3) TRAIL BETWEEN GOODNEWS AND PLATINUM:

See the comments above for Goodnews Bay regarding this trail. If the trail is altered pursuant to the enclosed exhibit, the village corporation of Platinum has no objection.

4) CAMPSITE IN PLATINUM:

This campsite, as well as all others, is illegal. Even if these campsites were proper under the Land Claims Act, 43,000 square feet of land immediately adjacent to the village corporation is absolutely unnecessary for such "camping, staging and vehicle use". In addition, as with all of these campsites immediately in the village vicinity, they will be provided for, if at all, by the future city of Platinum, pursuant to Section 14(c) of the Act.

6) SIXTY FOOT ROAD BETWEEN PLATINUM AND GOODNEWS MINING CAMP:

BLM has only the authority to designate as easements existing roadways. Platinum has no objection whatsoever to the designation of the existing roadway as an easement, however, since the existing roadway is only fifteen feet wide, it strenuously objects to the imposition of a sixty foot roadway. The suggestion in BLM's letter that the sixty foot is an "existing road" is absolutely incorrect.

7) PROPOSED TRAIL EASEMENT ALONG KINEGANAK RIVER:

The proposed trail is absolutely not necessary for access to public lands. Access to public lands is available all along the coast and immediately off of Chagvan in T 16S R 74W.

8) COASTLINE EASEMENT:

The above objections are reiterated here.

9) PROPOSED TRAIL FROM "THE NORTH SPIT TO TRAIL NUMBER ONE":

BLM seems to suggest that the Platinum people will seek to gain access to Trail Number (1) by crossing Goodnews Bay to reach the Spit. That assumption is incorrect, in fact, that access has never been attempted by the native people. It is, without question, extremely dangerous and is inadvisable. For that reason, they strongly object to that proposed trail.

10) and 11) SURVEY AND FLOATING TRANSPORTATION EASEMENTS:

The comments made above with regard to these easements are applicable here.

In closing, some general comments about the easement requests of BLM. No words can fully express the frustration of the Eskimo people when looking at these easement maps. After years and years of land claims struggles, and when they are so close to interim conveyances, they yet have to look at what the Secretary of the Interior is attempting to accomplish with the easement designations. Even if the Secretary of the Interior had the authority, which he does not, to impose these types of easements, the Eskimo people have asked over and over again why he would want to designate these easements. Ninety-nine percent of these supposed existing easements do not exist, and where some use has been made in some river areas, it has only been on a very sporatic basis, with no available statistics to support the In almost every instance, the claim by the Secretary that access to public lands is necessary through these native lands is simply an untruth. The truth of the matter is these easements up and down the rivers, and these campsites of an acre or more, are a serious, immediate, and in effect, an expropriation of native lands. To place these campsites and streamside easements in the very heart of the Eskimo lands is in truth, to invite hard and bitter feelings between the users of the land. You cannot expect the Eskimo community to sit idly by year after year, and season after season, and watch non-native hunters and fishermen tramping upon their grounds and taking their livelihood away. If that type of abuse of the lands and the fish and game are to be permitted by the government, please let it happen only on public lands, and not on those finally given back to the native people.

Sincerely yours,

GALLACHER CRANSTON & SNOW

Russell J. Gallagher

mote.

UNITED STATES OF ERNMENT

Memorandum

Chief, Branch of Adjudication

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 8

DATE:

July 25, 1978

COM

Robert E. Hiller, Jr.

BJECT:

Trip Report Of River Usage And Easement Inspections Of Rivers Of The Kuskokwim Bay Area

The combined air and riverboat trip conducted by Cliff Ells, Realty Specialist, Anchorage District Office, McGrath Resource Area and myself, Robert Hiller, Alaska State Office, Branch of Adjudication for the period of 10 July 78 to 18 July 78 was for the purpose of observing and reporting river usage and inspecting easements on selected rivers and bays lying totally or partially within native claimed lands under the ANCSA. The additional purpose, secondary to the above, was to give adjudicators such as myself the opportunity to acquire field experience, on-the-ground familiarity Office personnel so that when we are reviewing applications or dealing with easements and their related reports from the District Office, we will have some knowledge of field conditions and constraints. Therefore, the implied main purpose was education of office-type people who would normally not get in-the-field experience.

Travel consisted of commerical air lines (by jet and small plane charter) and riverboat to and from water bodies (bays and rivers) lying partially or total within native claimed lands. The air travel was coordinated by the Anchorage District Office and the appropriate resource area personnal (McGrath). This coordination occurred in both Anchorage and in Bethel by the McGrath Field Realty Specialist. Connections and access to insertion points for the surface travel were excellent, and required no major active participation on the part of myself, other than being at the proper place at the prescribed time given to me by Cliff. The other portion and major part of the trip consisted of river/riverboat operations under the supervision of Cliff.

The trip consisting of exploring various rivers (Kanektok, Apokak Slough, Eek) was an interesting education and productive experience. Site easement reports were completed as required. River usage will be reported by Cliff. Initial insertion was at Platinum, Alaska on the southern spit of Goodnews Bay, where rendezvous was made with the previous boat crew. Equipment was loaded aboard the boat and briefings conducted so that out-going and in-coming crews would have information up dates as to what had been accomplished to date, boat condition and general information that might be valuable such as the weather, and availability of drinking water. Cliff and I moved the boat to a sheltered spot on the bay side of the north spit of Goodnews Bay, where we stayed aboard



over-night as we did for the whole trip. Our first problem occurred during this time and would reoccur throughout the trip while in tidal waters. We became beached due to rapidly receeding tides and could not move until the next 6 hour high tide cycle occurred. Additionally, the weather deteriorated so that the following day we only progressed a few miles north in the Kuskoks Bay before high seas and wind forced anchoring for the night. The flat-botto riverboat is not designed for rough weather on large open bodies of water. I following day we returned south to Goodnews Bay and waited until fair weather prevailed. On Wednesday, 12 July 78, we again headed north for the village c Quinhagak on the Kanektok River. Again, tides and a lack of knowledge of tid mud flats caused a stoppage in progress up the river. A tide book for the ar and good navigation charts or current, detailed topographic maps would have b indispensible, since mud flats and tides would rule our progress while on or near bay and tidal waters. Early Thursday morning, 13 July 78, we moved to t Kanektok River mouth during high tide. Later in the morning, we moved to the first site easement for our inspection and for refueling of the boat. After refueling, we moved up river, conducting site inspections and river use observations as appropriate. The Kanektok has been proposed for inclusion as a wild and scenic river. It is beautiful, clear and deep from its mouth on the bay upstream for about 10+ miles. At this point we encountered shallow water and went no further. One night was spent up-river on the boat. We traveled down river on Friday, 14 July 78, and out to the mud flats to wait for high tide which occurred early Saturday morning, 15 July 78.

We then proceeded north to the Eek River and the village of Eek, via Eek Channel. Again, due to inaccurate and not highly detailed maps/charts plus a lack of familiarity with the waters and no tide book, we ran aground. Prio; to that, we did explore Apokak Slough thinking it was the Eek River. We did see Eck in the distance. My knowledge of map orientation and topographic map interpretation was helpful. High tide floated us free. We proceeded around Eek Point and up-river to the village of Eek. Refueling was again in order but none was available nor was any delivered until Monday morning, 17 July 78. We spent Sunday In and around Eek. Monday, after refueling, we went up-river to the forks of the Eek River. This river is a medium to heavy used one by the Eskimos for travel and subsistence fishing as was evidenced by numerous net piles and fishing camps. Beaver are also in abundance. a rainy, overcast Tuesday morning. 18 July 78, we made our return trip to Very early on Eek. Another running-a-ground occurred because of a split second incorrect decision on my part. Poor visibility due to rain contributed to an error in steering. Extraction from the Eek River occurred around noon, Tuesday, 18 July 78, from the airstrip near the village of Eek. The flight back to Anchorage was conducted late Tuesday night via commercial jet. During the course of the trip, Cliff dispensed information and conducted brief classes about rivers, river-boating and his job as a realty specialist. I feel I learned much and gained knowledge useful for future work and endeavors.

Recommendations for future trips include such things as having current navigational charts or the best topographic maps available; tide tables for the area of operation as appropriate, i.e., operations in and near tidal waters; keeping a log of arrivals/departures from major towns/ locations for reports/travel vouchers; a real necessity is to talk at length with the realty specialist with whom one is to be in the field with so that some likes/dislikes as to food, methods of operations, knowledge of the field and goals can be discussed; taking of small amounts of cash \$20-\$30 for miscellaneous expenses, and a check book so that major money needs can be met at larger villages/towns; wrapping of important papers and wallet in plastic bags; coating of maps with acetate so water will be repelled; getting rid of containers of individual food items such as hor cocoa, so that only the individual packets are left and the use of clear plastic bags for these items for quick and easy identification; a creme type mosquito repellant and head net; canned foods for ease of preparation and to prolong shelf-life since fresh items need ice which is notalways obtainable; classes on navigation, river and riverboat operations, as well as some introduction to map reading and terrain orientation; a good, working radio for communication between boat and air surveillance; hip boots and a rain jacket as opposed to a poncho because of the need to move around, on and off the boat without getting one's "skirt" or "dress" caught; changes of socks to allow the feet to dry periodically since water either by body production or otherwise will keep the boots damp; an air mattress for sleeping on the boat's floor since the dense foam mats may not be comfortable for most people over an extended period of time; preferably a synthetic filled sleeping bag (though not a major necessity) and vest because of water present; sun glasses and visored/billed cap for sun/ rain protection; a good knife and ear protection--plugs/muffs for protection from prolonged exposure to charter plane noise (small craft) while flying and from the boat engine noise, both of which are a hazard over a long period of time such as was experienced on this boat trip.

The trip was informative and a good experience--a nice time was had.

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Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 9

F-14885-EE (75 / F-14885-A (2651) (018)

OCT 25 1979

Anchorago District Office RECEIVED

Memorandum

To:

Chief, Division of ANCSA Operations

(960)

OCT 26 1979

From:

SD

Bureau of Land Management Anchorage, Alaska

Subject: Final Easements for the Village of Quinhagak

The easement staff met on February 15, 1979, to conform the final easement recommendations and consider major waterway and navigability recommendations for lands selected by the village of Quinhagak. Of those recommendations, my decision is as follows:

MAJOR WATERWAYS:

Major waterways were discussed and the Kanektok was considered to be major. This river provides the primary intervillage surface transport route between the nearby villages. It is used by the visitors to the village as well as the local inhabitants for intervillage travel, movement of supplies and equipment, and the gathering of resources, such as driftwood and edible plants, from public lands.

No other water bodies within the selection area were considered to be major.

NAVIGABILITY:

The Kanektok River was determined to be navigable by reason of its susceptibility to travel, trade, or commerce. No other rivers were considered to be navigable except as to the portion of each river which is subject to tidal influence.

ALLOWABLE USES:

All easements are subject to applicable Federal, State, or municipal corporation regulation. The following is a listing of uses allowed for each type of easement identified. Uses which are not specifically listed are prohibited.

\

25 Foot Trail - The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsled, animals, snowmobiles, two and three-wheel vehicles, and small all-terrain vehicles (less than 3,000 lbs Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)).

One Acre Site - The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, ATV's, snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED:

a. (EIN 1 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to Eek. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This trail is used as an intervillage travel route along the coast. It was historically used as a mail route. An easement is needed to provide a continuous trail system and for access to public lands. This is strictly a winter trail and should not interfere with the waterfowl habitat in the area.

b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail EIN 1 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

A large block of public lands north of the village is separated from the village and existing trail systems by selected lands. An easement is necessary to provide access to these public lands. This will be primarily a winter trail.

c. (EIN 3 Dl, C3) An easement for an existing and proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W.,

Seward Meridian, easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This is an existing, well used trail, ending with a short, proposed trail to public lands in Sec. 3, T. 5 S., R. 73 W. This trail will traverse approximately eight miles of village lands. An easement is needed to provide access to public lands east of the selection area.

d. (EIN 4 Dl, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to Platinum. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This is a continuation of the old mail trail. Travel is limited primarily to the winter months. An easement is necessary to provide for intervillage travel and access to public lands south of the selected land.

e. (EIN 7 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site. The season of use will be limited to summer.

Discussion:

This site is needed to facilitate summer access along the Kanektok River. The Kanektok River is both a major waterway and a navigable river, providing a transportation avenue in the summer, throughout the selected area and public lands. The site will also serve as a trailhead for trail EIN 7a C4 which provides access to public lands north of the river.

f. (EIN 7a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 7 D9 in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian,

northerly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to summer.

Discussion:

This trail will provide access to public lands that have been separated from the river and existing summer access routes by village selected lands. The trail will connect with site EIN 7 D9 on the river and will provide access north from this point.

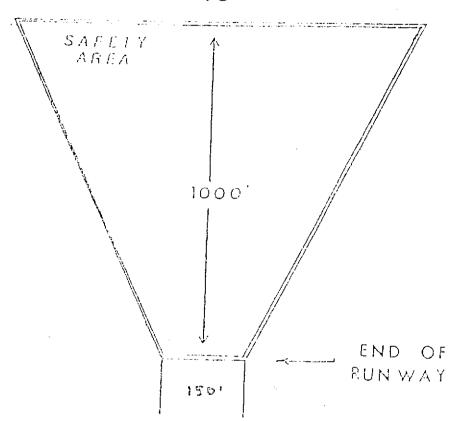
g. (EIN 18 E) An easement for a proposed access trail from public lands in Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, easterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

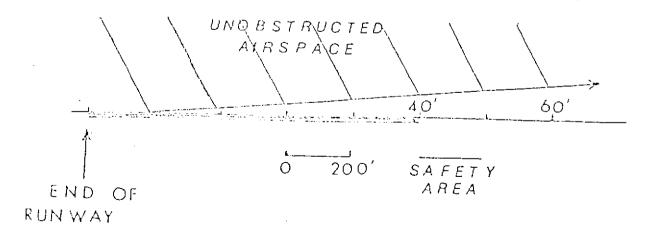
Discussion:

This trail provides access to areas of public land now divided by Native selected land.

h. (EIN 22 C5) An easement to establish a clear area adjacent to Quinhagak Airport for the safe operation of aircraft landings and take-offs. This area is to include the land and the space over the land, commencing with the west end of the runway at Quinhagak Airport, in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, and extending forward from the runway, one thousand (1000) feet. The width of the easement will vary from one hundred and fifty (150) feet at the end of the runway, to one thousand one hundred and fifty (1150) feet, at the opposite end. The easement uses reserved include the right to clear and keep clear the above described land from any and all obstructions infringing upon or extending into the Airport Imaginary Surfaces as set forth in Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations, as amended.







Discussion:

This easement is used to assure protection of the approach and departure path and transitional surfaces and unobstructed passage of all aircraft in the airspace adjacent to Quinhagak Airport's southerly and westerly boundaries. The right to clear and keep clear the described lands includes the right to cut and remove underbrush and soil, and to demolish or remove buildings or any other structure or obstructions of every description which may infringe upon or extend into or above the designated Airport Imaginary Surfaces, and the right to prohibit use on and remove from the above described land, any installation or object which would create electrical interference with radio communication between the airport and aircraft, or make it difficult for pilots to distinguish between airport lights and other lights, or result in glare in the eyes of pilots using the airport, impair visibility in the vicinity of the airport or otherwise endanger the landing, taking off, or maneuvering of aircraft. The right of reasonable ingress and egress for the purpose of effecting and maintaining such clearances is also reserved.

The following easements were considered but not recommended:

a. (EIN 5 D9) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from the north mouth of the Arolik River to trail EIN 5a C4 and to public land.

Discussion:

This trail is not necessary because of an alternate access route.

b. (EIN 5a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, easterly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This trail was not recommended because trail EIN 18 E provides access from an existing trail system to the isolated public lands to the east.

c. (EIN 8 D1, D9) Standard coastline easement.

Discussion:

This easement does not meet the requirements of the new regulations.

d. (EIN 9 C5) A site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 29, T. 6 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Arolik River. The site is one (1) acre in size with an additional twenty-five (25) foot wide easement on the bed of the river along the entire waterfront of the site.

Discussion:

This site was not recommended because sites can only be reserved at periodic points on major waterways. The Arolik River was not determined to be a major waterway.

e. (EIN 9a C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 9 C5 on the Arolik River in Sec. 29, T. 6 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian, northerly and southerly to public lands.

Discussion:

This trail is not necessary because of alternate access and site EIN 9 C5 was not recommended.

f. (EIN 10 Dl) An easement sixty (60) feet in width for an existing road from the airport in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northerly to site EIN 10a C4 and the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a sixty (60) foot wide road easement.

Discussion:

This easement is within an exclusion of the lands to be conveyed. An application for a Native allotment covers this area. No action on this easement is required until conveyance of this land takes place.

g. (EIN 10a C4) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, on the left bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site.

Discussion:

This easement is within an exclusion of the lands to be conveyed. An application for a Native allotment covers this area. No action on this easement is required until conveyance of this land takes place.

h. (EIN 12 Cl, Dl, L) A streamside easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the ordinary high water mark on all banks of the navigable Kanektok River throughout the selection area.

Discussion:

It does not meet the requirements of the new easement regulations. This easement is recreational in nature.

i. (EIN 14 C5, D1) A streamside easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the ordinary high water mark on all banks and an easement on the entire bed of the Arolik River; including the North Mouth Arolik River through the selection area.

Discussion:

The new regulations make no provision for this type of easement. The easement is recreational in nature.

j. (EIN 15 C5, D1) A streamside easement twenty-five (25) feet in width upland of and parallel to the ordinary high water mark on all banks and an easement on the entire bed of the South Mouth Arolik River through the selection area.

Discussion:

It does not meet the requirements of the new easement regulations. This easement is recreational in nature.

k. (EIN 16 C) Standard transportation easement.

Discussion:

The new regulations make no provision for this type of easement.

1. (EIN 17 C) Standard survey easement.

Discussion:

The new regulations make no provision for this type of easement.

m. (EIN 19 Dl) A site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 29, T. 5 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the North Mouth Arolik River at its confluence with Bessie Creek. The site is one (1) acre in size with an additional twenty-five (25) foot wide easement on the bed of the river along the entire waterfront of the site.

Discussion:

2.4 1 .

This site was not recommended because sites can only be reserved at periodic points on major waterways. The Arolik River was not determined to be a major waterway.

n. (EIN 20 Dl) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 32, T. 4 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian, on the left bank of the Kanektok River.

Discussion:

This site easement is not recommended because of the close proximity of public land to the east.

o. (EIN 20a Dl) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 20 Dl on the Kanektok River southerly to public lands.

Discussion:

This access trail was not recommended because alternate access was available from nearby public lands and site EIN 20 Dl was not recommended.

p. (EIN 21 C5) An easement sixty (60) feet in width for an existing road from the airport in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southwesterly to the village.

Discussion:

A right-of-way, F-19207, exists over this road. Since a valid public access corridor exists, no easement is necessary.

7s/ Curtis Y. McVeg

018/DTideman 963/BFaithful/mjl/9-5-79/5766 mj/9-6-79 mj/9-17-79 mj/9-18-79 mj/13/N mj/10-22-79 Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 10 75.4/2651/2653 (961) F-14885-FF (Anch.) F-14885-A (Anch.) AA-11214, etc. 1/ NOV 15

Anchorage District Office RECEIVED

NOV 2 6 1979

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Bureau of Land Management Anchorage, Alaska

DECISION

Qanirtuug, Inc. Quinhagak, Alaska 99655

F-14885-A
Village Selection

Calista Corporation 516 Denali Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501

AA-11214, etc. 1/ Section 14(h)(1) Selections

Section 14(h)(1) Applications Rejected In Entirety Lands Proper for Village Selection Approved for Interim Conveyance or Patent

This decision rejects improperly filed Sec. 14(h)(1) selections and approves lands in the area of Quinhagak for conveyance to Qanirtuug, Inc.

I. SECTION 14(h)(1) APPLICATIONS REJECTED IN ENTIRETY

Calista Corporation filed selection applications AA-11306 and AA-11214 on April 28, 1976; and AA-11397 to AA-11405, inclusive, AA-11493, and AA-11494 on June 2, 1976 pursuant to Sec. 14(h)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 704; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(h) (1976)). Section 14(h) and

1/ AA-11306, AA-11397, AA-11398, AA-11399, AA-11400, AA-11401, AA-11402, AA-11403, AA-11404, AA-11405, AA-11493, AA-11494.

Departmental regulations issued thereunder authorized the Secretary of the Interior to withdraw and convey only unreserved and unappropriated public lands. Since all available lands encompassed in the subject Sec. 14(h)(1) applications had been properly withdrawn under Sec. 11 and selected by Qanirtuug, Inc. under Sec. 12 of ANCSA, these lands were not unreserved or unappropriated at the time of selection by Calista Corporation. Therefore, the following applications must be and are hereby rejected in their entirety:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

- AA-11401 T. 4 S., R. 72 W.
 Sec. 27 (fractional), Etanetaset.

 Containing approximately 20 acres.
- AA-11404 Sec. 31 (fractional), N\2SW\2NW\2.

 Containing approximately 20 acres.
- AA-11405 Sec. 32, NE½NW½NW½SE½.

 Containing approximately 2.5 acres.
- T. 6 S., R. 72 W.
 Sec. 31, N½NE½NE½.

 Containing approximately 20 acres.
- T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

 Sec. 10 (fractional), N½SW½NW½.

 Containing approximately 20 acres.

- AA-11400 Sec. 32, N½SW½NW½.

 Containing approximately 20 acres.

Containing approximately 20 acres.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.
AA-11397 Sec. 6 (fractional), N\2SW\2SE\2.

Containing approximately 20 acres.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. Sec. 26, S\(\frac{1}{2}\)SE\(\frac{1}{2}\)SW\(\frac{1}{2}\).

Containing approximately 20 acres.

T. 6 S., R. 74 W.

AA-11214 Sec. 21, S\(\frac{1}{2}\)NE\(\frac{1}{2}\)SE\(\frac{1}{2}\), N\(\frac{1}{2}\)SE\(\frac{1}{2}\)NE\(\frac{1}{2}\)SE\(\frac{1}{2}\).

Containing approximately 10 acres.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 13, S\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)SE2.

'Containing approximately 20 acres.

When this decision becomes final, these applications will be closed of record.

II. LANDS PROPER FOR VILLAGE SELECTION, APPROVED FOR INTERIM CONVEYANCE OR PATENT

On November 13, 1974, Qanirtuug, Inc., for the Native village of Quinhagak, filed selection application F-14885-A under the provisions of Sec. 12 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 701; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1611 (1976)), for the surface estate of certain lands in the vicinity of Quinhagak.

Qanirtuug, Inc. in its November 13, 1974 application excluded several bodies of water. Because certain of those water bodies have been determined to be nonnavigable, they are considered to be public lands withdrawn under Sec. 11(a)(1) and available for selection by the village pursuant to Sec. 12(a) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Section 12(a) and 43 CFR 2651.4 (b) and (c) provide that a village

corporation must, to the extent necessary to obtain its entitlement, select all available lands within the township or townships within which the village is located, and that additional lands selected shall be compact and in whole sections. The regulations also provide that the area selected will not be considered to be reasonably compact if it excludes other lands available for selection within its exterior boundaries. For these reasons, the water bodies which were improperly excluded in the November 13, 1974, application are considered selected by Qanirtuug, Inc.

As to the lands described below, the application, as amended, is properly filed and meets the requirements of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act and of the regulations issued pursuant thereto. These lands do not include any lawful entry perfected under or being maintained in compliance with laws leading to acquisition of title.

In view of the foregoing, the surface estate of the following described lands, selected pursuant to Sec. 12(a) of ANCSA, aggregating approximately 108,622 acres, is considered proper for acquisition by Qanirtuug, Inc. and is hereby approved for conveyance pursuant to Sec. 14(a) of ANCSA:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

T. 4 S., R. 72 W.

Secs. 20 to 24, inclusive, all;

Secs. 25 to 27, inclusive, excluding Kanektok River;

Sec. 28, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotment F-17289;

Secs. 29 and 30, all;

Sec. 31, excluding Kanektok River;

Sec. 32, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotment F-16603:

Sec. 33, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments F-16603 and F-17289:

Secs. 34, 35 and 36, all.

Containing approximately 9,877 acres.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 19, all;

Secs. 29 to 33, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 3,774 acres.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W. Secs. 3 and 4, all; Secs. 9 and 10, all; Secs. 14 and 15, all; Secs. 22 and 23, all; Secs. 25 and 26, all; Sec. 35, all.

Containing approximately 7,040 acres.

T. 4 S., R. 73 W.
Secs. 25 to 33, inclusive, all;
Secs. 34, 35, and 36, excluding Kanektok River.

Containing approximately 7,547 acres.

T. 5 S., R. 73 W. Secs. 4, 5, and 6, excluding Kanektok River; Secs. 7, 8, and 9, all; Secs. 16 to 36, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 16,948 acres.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W. Secs. 3 and 4, all; Secs. 10 and 11, all; Secs. 13 and 14, all; Secs. 23, 24, and 25, all.

Containing approximately 5,760 acres.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 to 11, inclusive, all;
Secs. 14 to 23, inclusive, all;
Secs. 26 to 30, inclusive, all;
Sec. 31 (fractional), all;
Secs. 32 to 35, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 19,106 acres.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive, all; Secs. 6, 7, and 8 (fractional), all; Secs. 9, 10, and 11, all;

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Secs. 14 and 15, all;
   Secs. 16, 17, 21, and 22 (fractional), all; Secs. 23 and 25, all;
   Secs. 26, 27, 34, and 35 (fractional), all;
   Sec. 36, all.
   Containing approximately 11,481 acres.
   T. 5 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1, 2, and 3, excluding Kanektok River;

✓ Secs. 4 and 5, all;

   Secs. 6 and 7 (fractional), all;
   Sec. 8, excluding Kanektok River and U.S. Survey 876,
   Sec. 9, excluding Kanektok River, U.S. Survey 876,
      Native allotment F-18531 Parcel B, and
      ANCSA Sec. 3(e) application AA-28298;
  Sec. 10, excluding Kanektok River;
   Secs. 11 to 15, inclusive, all;
  Sec. 16, excluding U.S. Survey 876;
  Sec. 17, excluding Kanektok River and U.S. Survey 876;
  Sec. 18 (fractional), excluding Kanektok River;
  Secs. 19 and 20 (fractional), all;
  Secs. 21 to 28, inclusive, all;
Secs. 29, 32 and 33 (fractional), inclusive, all;
  Secs. 34, 35, and 36, all.
  Containing approximately 17,974 acres.
  <u>T. 6</u> S., R. 74 W.
  Secs. 2 and 3, all;
Secs. 4 and 9 (fractional), all;
  Secs. 10, 11, 14, and 15, all;
  Secs. 16 and 21 (fractional), all;
  Secs. 22, 23, and 26, all;
  Secs. 27 and 28 (fractional), all.
 Containing approximately 7,500 acres.
 T. 3 S., R. 75 W.
 Sec. 1, all;
Secs. 2 and 11 (fractional), all;
 Sec. 12 (fractional), excluding Native allotment F-15592;
 Sec. 13 (fractional), all.
 Containing approximately 1,585 acres.
 T. 5 S.
          . R. 75 W.
 Sec. 1 (fractional), all.
 Containing approximately 30 acres.
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Aggregating approximately 108,622 acres.

Calista Corporation filed regional in lieu selection application AA-8099-1 on December 17, 1975 for the subsurface estate pursuant to Sec. 12(a)(1) of ANCSA and 43 CFR 2652 as to lands in:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

T. 7 S., R. 72 W. Secs. 14 and 23.

Containing approximately 1,280 acres.

The above-described lands lie within those selected by Qanirtuug, Inc. for the Village of Quinhagak. Calista Corporation will receive title to the subsurface estate at the time the village receives title to the surface estate. This acreage will not be charged against Calista Corporation's in-lieu entitlement.

The conveyance issued for the surface estate of the lands described above shall contain the following reservations to the United States:

- The subsurface estate therein, and all rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, accruing unto said estate pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 704; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f) (1976));
- Pursuant to Sec. 17(b) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 708; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1616(b) (1976)), the following public easements, referenced by easement identification number (EIN) on the easement maps attached to this document, copies of which will be found in casefile F-14885-EE, are reserved to the United States. All easements are subject to applicable Federal, State, or municipal corporation regulation. The following is a listing of uses allowed for each type of easement. Any uses which are not specifically listed are prohibited.

25 Foot Trail - The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsled, animals, snowmobiles, two and three-wheel vehicles, and small all-terrain vehicles (less than 3,000 lbs Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)).

One Acre Site - The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, ATV's, snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

a. (EIN 1 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to Eek. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

(

- b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail EIN 1 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- c. (EIN 3 D1, C3) An easement for an existing and proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- d. (EIN 4 Dl, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to Platinum. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- e. (EIN 7 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site. The season of use will be limited to summer.

- f. (EIN 7a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 7 D9 in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, northerly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to summer.
- g. (EIN 18 E) An easement for a proposed access trail from public lands in Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, easterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- h. (EIN 22 C5) An easement to establish a clear area adjacent to Quinhagak Airport for the safe operation of aircraft landings and take-offs. This area is to include the land and the space over the land, commencing with the west end of the runway at Quinhagak Airport, in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, and extending forward from the runway, one thousand (1000) feet. The width of the easement will vary from one hundred and fifty (150) feet at the end of the runway, to one thousand one hundred and fifty (1150) feet, at the opposite end. The easement uses reserved include the right to clear and keep clear the above described land from any and all obstructions infringing upon or extending into the Airport Imaginary Surfaces as set forth in Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations, as amended.

The grant of the above-described lands shall be subject to:

- 1. Issuance of a patent confirming the boundary description of the unsurveyed lands hereinabove granted after approval and filing by the Bureau of Land Management of the official plat of survey covering such lands;
- Valid existing rights therein, if any, including but not limited to those created by any lease (including a lease issued under Sec. 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 339, 341; 48 U.S.C. Ch. 2, Sec. 6(g) (1976))), contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and

the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits therby granted to him. Further, pursuant to Sec. 17(b)(2) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, any valid existing right recognized by Alaska Native Settlement Act shall continue to have whatever right of access as is now provided for under existing law;

- 3. Airport lease F-19406, containing approximately 79.2 acres, located in Secs. 3, 9 and 10, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward, Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed), issued to the State of Alaska, Department of Public Works, Division of Aviation, under the provisions of the act of May 24, 1928 (45 Stat. 728-729; 49 U.S.C. 211-214 (1970));
- 4. A right-of-way, F-19207, portions of which are 50 feet and portions 100 feet in width, in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed), for a Federal Aid Highway. Act of August 27, 1958, as amended, 23 U.S.C. 317; and
- 5. Requirements of Sec. 14(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 703; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(c) (1976)), that the grantee hereunder convey those portions, if any, of the lands hereinabove granted, as are prescribed in said section.

Qanirtuug, Inc. is entitled to conveyance of 115,200 acres of land selected pursuant to Sec. 12(a) of ANCSA. Together with the lands herein approved, the total acreage conveyed or approved for conveyance is approximately 108,622 acres. The remaining entitlement of approximately 6,578 acres will be conveyed at a later date.

Pursuant to Sec. 14(f) of ANCSA, conveyance of the subsurface estate of the lands described above shall be issued to Calista Corporation when the surface estate is conveyed to Qanirtuug, Inc. and shall be subject to the same conditions as the surface conveyance.

Within the above described lands, only the following inland water body is considered to be navigable:

Kanektok River

Enclosed are copies of current status plats showing the lands approved for conveyance along with maps showing the easements to be reserved.

In accordance with Departmental regulation 43 CFR 2650.7(d), notice of this decision is being published once in the Federal Register and once a week, for four (4) consecutive weeks, in The Tundra Drums. Any party claiming a property interest in lands affected by this decision may appeal the decision to the Alaska Native Claims Appeal Board, P.O. Box 2433, Anchorage, Alaska 99510 with a copy served upon both the Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office, 701 C Street, Box 13, Anchorage, Alaska 99513 and the Regional Solicitor, Office of the Solicitor, 510 L Street, Suite 408, Anchorage, Alaska 99501, also:

- 1. Any party receiving service of this decision shall have 30 days from the receipt of this decision to file an appeal.
- 2. Any unknown parties, any parties unable to be located after reasonable efforts have been expended to locate, and any parties who failed or refused to sign the return receipt shall have untiled 10.1979 to file an appeal.
- 3. Any party known or unknown who may claim a property interest which is adversely affected by this decision shall be deemed to have waived those rights which were adversely affected unless an appeal is timely filed with the Alaska Native Claims Appeal Board.

To avoid summary dismissal of the appeal, there must be strict compliance with the regulations governing such appeals. (See enclosed ASO Form 2650-4).

If an appeal is taken, the parties to be served with a copy of the notice of appeal are:

Qanirtuug, Inc. Quinhagak, Alaska 99655

Calista Corporation 516 Denali Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501

777 Sue A. Wolf

Chief, Branch of Adjudication

Enclosures:
ASO Form 2650-4
Cy 43 CFR Part 4, Subpart J
Plats
Maps
Legend

Mr. Earle Williams (flp) 17th Coast Guard District P.O. Box 3-5000 Juneau, Alaska 99801 (w/maps)

Bureau of Indian Affairs Juneau Area Office P.O. Box 3-8000 Juneau, Alaska 99802 (w/maps)

State of Alaska Division of Lands 323 East Fourth Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501 (w/maps)

Robert W. Ward, Commissioner Department of Transportation and Public Facilities Pouch Z Juneau, Alaska 99811 (w/maps)

Patrick P. Ryan
Departmentof Transportation
and Public Facilities
Pouch 6900
Anchorage, Alaska 99502
(w/maps)

Gallagher, Cranston and Snow 310 K Street, Suite 706 Anchorage, Alaska 99501 (w/maps)

Birch, Horton, Bittner and Monroe, Inc. Attn: Michael R. Spaan 733 West Fourth Avenue, Suite 206 Anchorage, Alaska 99501 (w/maps) DM-A (018)

AM-(018)

Division of Cadastral Survey (922)

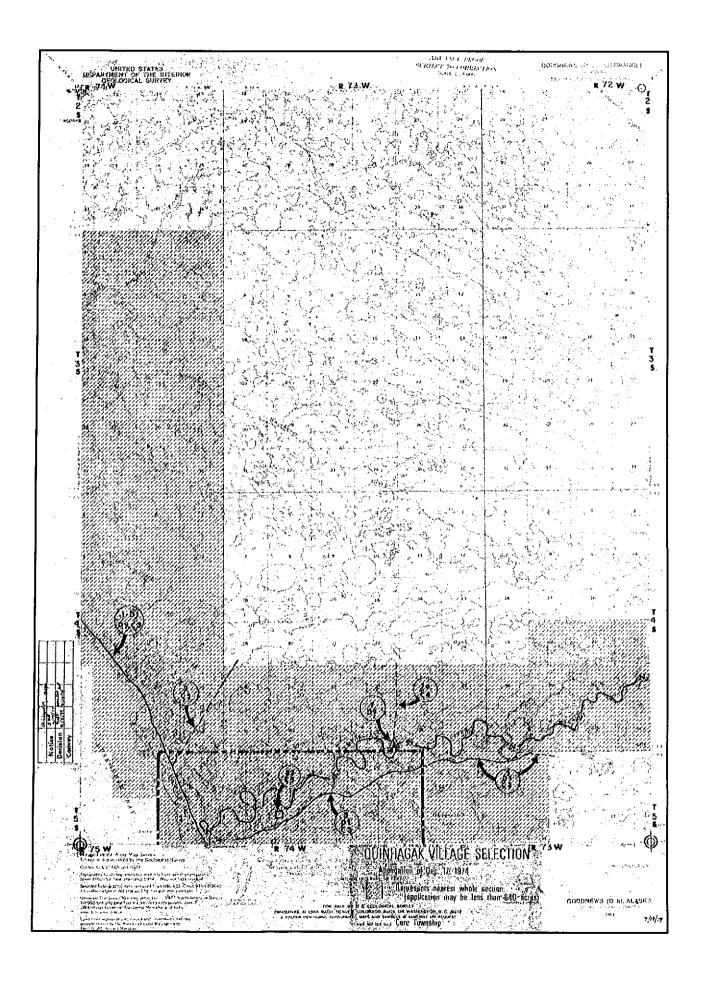
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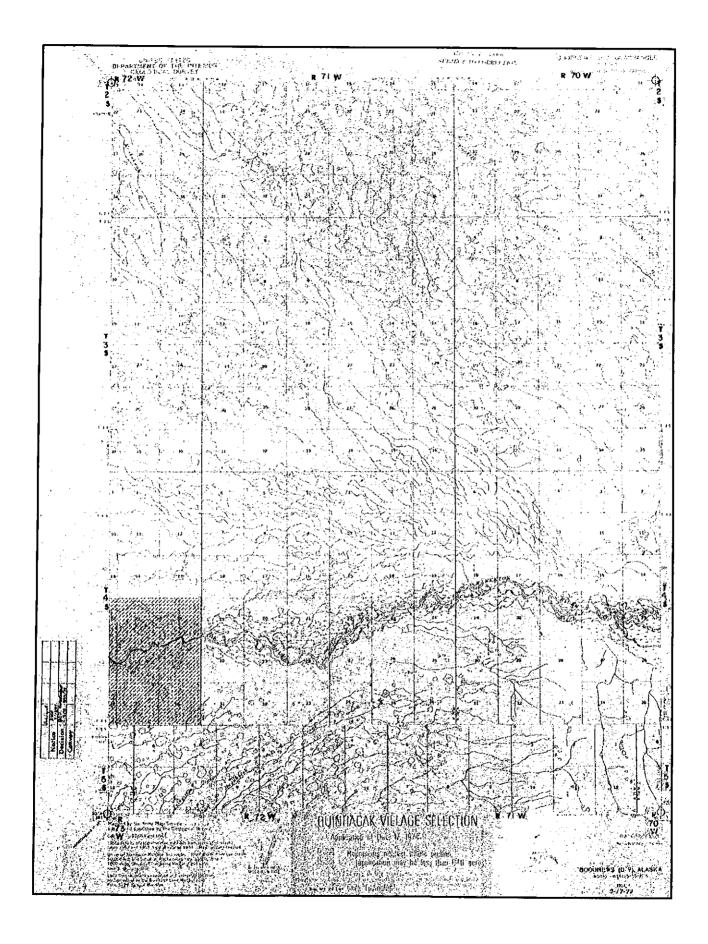
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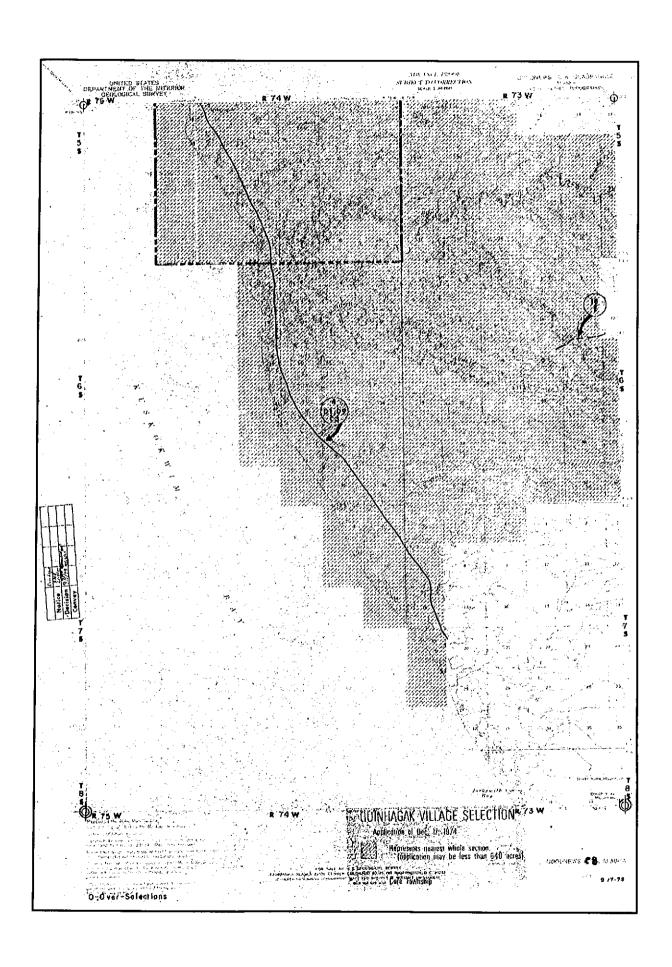
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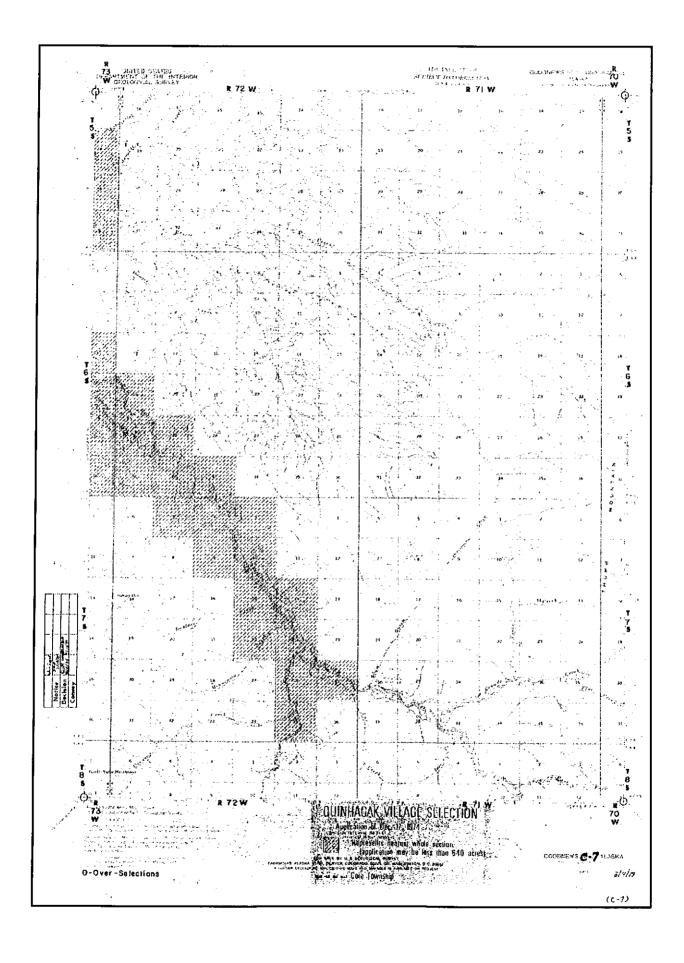
08/13/79 08/31/79 cm/hd 09/07/79

kdw 10/24/79











United States Department of the Interior

1862 (961) F-14885-A (Anch.)

IN REPLY REFER TO

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Alaska State Office 701 C Street, Box 13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513

ASO 1862-1 (May 1980)

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Qanirtuug, Inc. Quinhagak, Alaska 99655 II-B Report Attachment 11

Gentlemen:

We are happy to transmit the enclosed conveyance document.

This is the original document conveying the described land from the United States to you. It should be kept in a safe place. If you are satisfied that it is correct, you should immediately record it in the Office of the Recorder of the district in which the property is located. (see "Recording Conveyance Documents" enclosure.)

If you have any question as to where you should record your conveyance document, please contact the State Recorder, State of Alaska, Department of Commerce and Economic Development, 941 West Fourth Avenue, Anchorage, Alaska 99501. Be sure to include the property description when writing for more information.

Sincerely yours,

Chief, Division of ANCSA Operations

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Enclosure: Conveyance Document Recording Information

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INTERIM CONVEYANCE

WHEREAS

Qanirtuug, Inc.

is entitled to a conveyance pursuant to Secs. 14(a) and 22(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 702, 715; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(a), 1621(j)), of the surface estate in the following described lands:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

¥. 4 s.

T. 4 S., R. 72 W. Secs. 20, 21 and 22, all;

Sec. 23, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31276 Parcel C;

Sec. 24, all; Sec. 25, excluding Kanektok River;

Sec. 26, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotment

in litigation AA-37766 Parcels B and C;

Sec. 27, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotment F-17289 and Native allotment in litigation AA-37766 Parcel D;

Secs. 29 and 30, all;

Sec. 31, excluding Kanektok River; Sec. 32, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotment F-16603 and Native allotments in litigation AA-31271 Parcel C and AA-31294 Parcel A;

Sec. 33, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotments F-16603 and F-17289 and Native allotment in litigation AA-37762 Parcel A;

Sec. 34, excluding Native allotment F-17289 and Native allotment in litigation AA-37766 Parcel D; Secs. 35 and 36, all.

Containing approximately 8,972 acres.

Y. 6 S., R. 72 W. Sec. 19, all;

Secs. 29, 30 and 31, all; Sec. 32, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31274 Parcel C and AA-37774 Parcel C; Sec. 33, all.

Containing approximately 3,694 acres.

Sec. 3, all;

Sec. 4, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31273 Parcel D;

Sec. 9, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37772 Parcel A;

Sec. 10, all;

Sec. 14, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31274 Parcel B and AA-37771;

Sec. 15, all;

Sec. 22, all;

Sec. 23, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37771; Secs. 25, 26 and 35, all.

Containing approximately 6,760 acres.

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Secs. 25 to 30, Inclusive, all;
Secs. 25 to 30, Inclusive, all;
Sec. 31, excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-31285 Parcel D;
Sec. 32, all;
Sec. 33, excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-37767 Parcel C;
Sec. 34, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments
in litigation AA-31294 Parcel B and AA-31298 Parcel B;
Sec. 35, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments
in litigation AA-31270 Parcel A, AA-31285 Parcel B,
AA-31293 Parcel B and AA-37810 Parcel B;
Sec. 36, excluding Kanektok River.
Containing approximately 7,217 acres.

Secs. 4 and 5, excluding Kanektok River;
Sec. 6, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-37769 Parcel B and AA-37810 Parcel B;
Secs. 7, 8, and 9, all;
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive, all;
Sec. 23, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel B;
Secs. 24 and 25, all;
Sec. 26, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel B;
Sec. 27, all;
Sec. 27, all;
Sec. 28, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel A;
Sec. 29, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-37775 Parcel C and AA-37760 Parcel B;
Sec. 30, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37760 Parcel B;
Sec. 31, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37761 Parcel B;
Sec. 32, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37765 Parcel B;
Sec. 32, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37765 Parcel B;
Secs. 33 to 36, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 16,643 acres.

Sec. 3, all;
Sec. 4, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel E;
Secs. 10 and 11, all;
Secs. 13 and 14, all;
Secs. 23, 24, and 25, all.

Containing approximately 5,720 acres.

Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive, all;
Sec. 6, excluding Native allotments in litigation
AA-31282 Parcel B and AA-37768 Parcel A;
Sec. 7, excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-31282 Parcel B;
Secs. 8 to 11, inclusive, all;
Secs. 14 to 23, inclusive, all;

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Date JUN 25 1980

Secs. 26 to 30, inclusive, all; Sec. 31 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37837 Parcel A; Secs. 32 to 35, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 18,916 acres.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2, 3, and 4, all;
Sec. 5, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37762 Parcel B; Sec. 6 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37837 Parcel B; Sec. 7 (fractional), all; Sec. 8 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31283 Parcels A and B and AA-37762 Parcel B; Secs. 9, 10, and 11, all; Secs. 14 and 15, all; Sec. 16 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31299 Parcel B; Sec. 17 (fractional), all; Sec. 21 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31280 Parcel B; Sec. 22 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31273 Parcel B; Secs. 23 and 25, all; Sec. 26 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31280 Parcel C and AA-37778 Parcel B; Sec. 27 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31280 Parcel C and AA-31289 Parcel C; Sec. 34 (fractional), all; Sec. 35 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31270 Parcel B, AA-31274 Parcel D AA-31287 Parcel D, AA-37773 Parcel C, AA-37769 Parcel D, and AA-37778 Parcel A; Sec. 36, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37844 Parcel A.

Containing approximately 10,616 acres.

Sec. 1, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-31294 Parcel B and AA-37810 Parcel B; Sec. 2, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-31294 Parcel B, AA-31296 Parcel A, AA-37767 Parcel C and AA-37770 Parcel A; Sec. 3, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-31280 Parcel A and AA-37772 Parcel C; Sec. 4, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31273 Parcel A, AA-31296 Parcel B, AA-31297, AA-37769 Parcel A, AA-37775 Parcel B and AA-37844 Parcel C; Sec. 5, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31297 and AA-37844 Parcels A, B and C; Sec. 6 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31293 Parcel D and AA-37773 Parcel D; Sec. 7 (fractional), all; Sec. 8, excluding Kanektok River, U.S. Survey 876, and Native allotments in litigation AA-31274 Parcel A, AA-31286

Sec. 4, 5, 1

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Parcel A and AA-31297;

Interim Conveyance No.

JUN 25 1980 Date

Interim Conveyance No.

Date

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Sec. 9, excluding Kanektok River, U.S. Survey 876, Native
         allotment F-18531 Parcel B lots 1 and 2, ANCSA Sec. 3(e)
         application AA-28298 and Native allotments in litigation
         AA-31287 Parcel C, AA-31297 and AA-37768 Parcel D;
   Sec. 10, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotment
         in litigation AA-31284 Parcel D;
   Secs. 11, 12 and 13, all;
   Sec. 14, excluding Native allotment in litigation
         AA-31295;
   Sec. 15, excluding Native allotment in litigation
         AA-37763 Parcel D;
  Sec. 16, excluding U.S. Survey 876;
Sec. 17, excluding Kanektok River and U.S. Survey 876;
Sec. 18 (fractional), excluding Kanektok River;
Sec. 19 (fractional), all;
  Sec. 20 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-37763 Parcel C and AA-37844 Parcel D;
  Secs. 21 to 24, inclusive, all;
Sec. 25, excluding Native allotments in litigation
         AA-31289 Parcels A and B, and AA-37778 Parcel C;
  Sec. 26, all;
  Sec. 27, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31290; Sec. 28, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31296
         Parcel D;
  Sec. 29 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37763 Parcel C;
  Sec. 34, all;
  Sec. 35, excluding Native allotment in litigation
        AA-37760 Parcel A;
  Sec. 36, all.
  Containing approximately 16,149 acres.
  T. 6 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 and 3, all;
  Sec. 4 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31287 Parcel A and AA-37769 Parcel C;
  Sec. 9 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation
        AA-31271 Parcel B, AA-31276 Parcel B and AA-37768
        Parcel B;
  Sec. 10, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31275
        Parcel B and AA-31276 Parcel B;
  Sec. 11, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31275
       Parcel B;
 Secs. 14 and 15, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31275 Parcel B;
 Sec. 16 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31271 Parcel B and AA-37764 Parcel B;
 Sec. 21 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation
       AA-31284 Parcel C;
 Secs. 22, 23 and 26, all;
Sec. 27 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation
 Sec. 28 (fractional), all.
 Containing approximately 7,060 acres.
 T. 3 S., R. 75 W.
 Sec. 1, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31293
       Parcel A and AA-37768 Parcel A;
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Secs. 2 and 11 (fractional), all;
Sec. 12 (fractional), excluding Native allotment F-15592
and Native allotments in litigation AA-31284 Parcel B,
AA-31293 Parcel A and AA-37759 Parcel A;
Sec. 13 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in
litigation AA-31272 Parcel A, AA-31282 Parcel A and
AA-37770 Parcel B.

Containing approximately 1,275 acres.

Sec. 1 (fractional), all.

Containing approximately 30 acres.

Aggregating approximately 103,052 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above named corporation the surface estate of the land above described, TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever:

EXCEPTING AND RESERVING TO THE UNITED STATES from the lands so granted:

- The subsurface estate therein, and all rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, accruing unto said estate pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 704; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f));
- Pursuant to Sec. 17(b) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 708; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1616(b)), the following public easements, referenced by easement identification number (EIN) on the easement maps attached to this document, copies of which will be found in casefile F-14885-EE, are reserved to the United States. All easements are subject to applicable Federal, State, or municipal corporation regulation. The following is a listing of uses allowed for each type of easement. Any uses which are not specifically listed are prohibited.

25 Foot Trail - The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsled, animals, snowmobiles, two and three-wheel vehicles, and small all-terrain vehicles (less than 3,000 lbs. Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)).

One Acre Site - The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, ATV's, snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

a. (EIN 1 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to Eek. The uses allowed

Interim	Conveyance	No ָ:	3 42
Date	JUN 25 1980		<u> </u>

are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

- b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail EIN 1 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- c. (EIN 3 D1, C3) An easement for an existing and proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- d. (EIN 4 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to Platinum. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- e. (EIN 7 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site. The season of use will be limited to summer.
- f. (EIN 7a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 7 D9 in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, northerly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to summer.
- g. (EIN 18 E) An easement for a proposed access trail from public lands in Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, easterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- h. (EIN 22 C5) An easement to establish a clear area adjacent to Quinhagak Airport for the safe operation of aircraft landings and take-offs. This area is to include the land and the space over the land, commencing with the west end of the runway at Quinhagak Airport, in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, and extending forward from the runway, one thousand (1000) feet. The width of the easement will vary from one hundred and fifty (150) feet at the end of the runway, to one thousand one hundred and fifty (1150) feet, at the

opposite end. The easement uses reserved include the right to clear and keep clear the above des-cribed land from any and all obstructions infringing upon or extending into the Airport Imaginary Surfaces as set forth in Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations, as amended.

THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

- Issuance of a patent confirming the boundary description of the unsurveyed lands hereinabove granted after approval and filing by the Bureau of Land Management of the official plat of survey covering such lands;
- Valid existing rights therein, if any, including but valid existing rights therein, if any, including out not limited to those created by any lease (including a lease issued under Sec. 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 339, 341; 48 U.S.C. Ch. 2, Sec. 6(g)), contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him. Further pursuant to and benefits thereby granted to him. Further, pursuant to Sec. 17(b)(2) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (43 U.S.C. 1601, 1616(b)(2)) (ANCSA), any valid existing right recognized by ANCSA shall continue to have whatever right of access as is now provided for under existing law;
- Airport lease F-19406, containing approximately 79.2 acres, located in Secs. 3, 9 and 10, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward, Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed), issued to the State of Alaska, Department of Public Works, Division of Aviation (now the Department of Transportation and Debate Facilities), under the provision of the cast of Public Facilities), under the provisions of the act of May 24, 1928 (45 Stat. 728-729; 49 U.S.C. 211-214);
- A right-of-way, F-19207, portions of which are 50 feet and portions 100 feet in width, in Sec. 9, 4. T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed), for a Federal Aid Highway. Act of August 27, 1958, as amended, 23 U.S.C. 317; and
- Requirements of Sec. 14(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 703; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(c)), that the grantee hereunder convey those portions, if any, of the lands hereinabove 5. granted, as are prescribed in said section.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management has, in the name of the United States, set his hand and caused the seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed on this 25th day of June, 1980, in Anchorage,

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Minus D Amuld

Assistant to the State Director ANCSA

JUN 2 5 1980

Interim Conveyance No.

INTERIM CONVEYANCE

WHEREAS

Calista Corporation

is entitled to a conveyance pursuant to Secs. 14(f) and 22(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (85 Stat. 688, 704, 715; 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f), 1621(j)) of the subsurface estate reserved to the United States in the hereinbelow identified interim conveyance of the surface estate in the following described lands:

INTERIM CONVEYANCE NO.

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

T. 4 S., R. 72 W. Secs. 20, 21 and 22, all; Sec. 23, excluding Native allotment in litigation

AA-31276 Parcel C; Sec. 24, all; Sec. 25, excluding Kanektok River; Sec. 26, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotment in litigation AA-37766 Parcels B and C;

Sec. 27, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotment F-17289 and Native allotment in litigation AA-37766 Parcel D;

Secs. 29 and 30, all;

Sec. 31, excluding Kanektok River; Sec. 32, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotment F-16603 and Native allotments in litigation AA-31271 Parcel C and AA-31294 Parcel A:

Sec. 33, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotments F-16603 and F-17289 and Native allotment in litigation AA-37762 Parcel A;

Sec. 34, excluding Native allotment F-17289 and Native allotment in litigation AA-37766 Parcel D; Secs. 35 and 36, all.

Containing approximately 8,972 acres.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 19, all; Secs. 29, 30 and 31, all;

Sec. 32, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31274 Parcel C and AA-37774 Parcel C; Sec. 33, all.

Containing approximately 3,694 acres.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 3, all;

Sec. 4, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31273 Parcel D;

Sec. 9, excluding Native allotment in litigation AÁ-37772 Parcel A;

Sec. 10, all;

Sec. 14, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31274 Parcel B and AA-37771;

343

Ι	nt	er:	Lm.	Conveyance	No.
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F-14885-A (Anch.)

Sec. 15, all;
Sec. 22, all;
Sec. 23, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37771;
Secs. 25, 26 and 35, all.

Containing approximately 6,760 acres.

T. 4 S., R. 73 W.
Secs. 25 to 30, inclusive, all;
Sec. 31, excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-31285 Parcel D;
Sec. 32, all;
Sec. 33, excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-37767 Parcel C;
Sec. 34, excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-37767 Parcel C;
Sec. 35, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments
in litigation AA-31294 Parcel B and AA-31298 Parcel B;
Sec. 35, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments
in litigation AA-31270 Parcel A, AA-31285 Parcel B,
AA-31293 Parcel B and AA-37810 Parcel B;
Sec. 36, excluding Kanektok River.

Containing approximately 7,217 acres.

T. 5 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 4 and 5, excluding Kanektok River;
Sec. 6, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-37769 Parcel B and AA-37810 Parcel B;
Secs. 7, 8, and 9, all;
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive, all;
Sec. 23, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel B;
Secs. 24 and 25, all;
Sec. 26, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel B;
Sec. 27, all;
Sec. 28, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel A;
Sec. 29, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31275 Parcel C and AA-37760 Parcel B;
Sec. 30, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37760 Parcel B;
Sec. 31, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37761 Parcel B;
Sec. 32, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37765 Parcel B;
Secs. 33 to 36, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 16,643 acres.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.
Sec. 3, all;
Sec. 4, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37773 Parcel E;
Secs. 10 and 11, all;
Secs. 13 and 14, all;
Secs. 23, 24, and 25, all.

Containing approximately 5,720 acres.

Interim Conveyance No.

Date JUN 2 5 1980

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.

Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive, all;

Sec. 6, excluding Native allotments in litigation

AA-31282 Parcel B and AA-37768 Parcel A;

Sec. 7, excluding Native allotment in litigation

AA-31282 Parcel B;

Secs. 8 to 11, inclusive, all;

Secs. 14 to 23, inclusive, all;

Secs. 26 to 30, inclusive, all;

Secs. 26 to 30, inclusive, all;

Secs. 31 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37837 Parcel A;

Secs. 32 to 35, inclusive, all.

Containing approximately 18,916 acres.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 2, 3, and 4, all; Sec. 5, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37762 Parcel B; Sec. 6 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37837 Parcel B; Sec. 7 (fractional), all; Sec. 8 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31283 Parcels A and B and AA-37762 Parcel B; Secs. 9, 10, and 11, all; Secs. 14 and 15, all; Sec. 16 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31299 Parcel B; Sec. 17 (fractional), all; Sec. 21 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31280 Parcel B; Sec. 22 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31273 Parcel B; Secs. 23 and 25, all; Sec. 26 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31280 Parcel C and AA-37778 Parcel B; Sec. 27 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31280 Parcel C and AA-31289 Parcel C; Sec. 34 (fractional), all; Sec. 35 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31270 Parcel B, AA-31274 Parcel D, AA-31287 Parcel D, AA-37773 Parcel C, AA-37769 Parcel D, and AA-37778 Parcel A; Sec. 36, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-37844 Parcel A.

Containing approximately 10,616 acres.

T. 5 S., R. 74 W.

Sec. 1, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-31294 Parcel B and AA-37810 Parcel B;

Sec. 2, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-31294 Parcel B, AA-31296 Parcel A, AA-37767 Parcel C and AA-37770 Parcel A;

Sec. 3, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotments in litigation AA-31280 Parcel A and AA-37772 Parcel C;

Sec. 4, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31273 Parcel A, AA-31296 Parcel B, AA-31297, AA-37769 Parcel A, AA-37775 Parcel B and AA-37844 Parcel C;

Interim Conveyance No. 345

Date JUN 25 1980

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Sec. 5, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31297 and AA-37844 Parcels A, B and C;
       Sec. 6 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31293 Parcel D and AA-37773 Parcel D;
       Sec. 7 (fractional), all;
       Sec. 8, excluding Kanektok River, U.S. Survey 876, and Native allotments in litigation AA-31274 Parcel A, AA-31286 Parcel A and AA-31297;
       Sec. 9, excluding Kanektok River, U.S. Survey 876, Native
              allotment F-18531 Parcel B lots 1 and 2, ANCSA Sec. 3(e)
              application AA-28298 and Native allotments in litigation
              AA-31287 Parcel C, AA-31297 and AA-37768 Parcel D;
       Sec. 10, excluding Kanektok River and Native allotment in litigation AA-31284 Parcel D;
       Secs. 11, 12 and 13, all;
       Sec. 14, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31295;
       Sec. 15, excluding Native allotment in litigation
              AA-37763 Parcel D;
      Sec. 16, excluding U.S. Survey 876;
Sec. 17, excluding Kanektok River and U.S. Survey 876;
Sec. 18 (fractional), excluding Kanektok River;
Sec. 19 (fractional), all;
Sec. 20 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in
litigation AA-37763 Parcel C and AA-37844 Parcel D;
       Secs. 21 to 24, inclusive, all;
       Sec. 25, excluding Native allotments in litigation
              AA-31289 Parcels A and B, and AA-37778 Parcel C;
       Sec. 26, all;
       Sec. 27, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31290;
       Sec. 28, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31296
              Parcel D;
       Sec. 29 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation
AA-37763 Parcel C;
       Sec. 32 (fractional), all;
       Sec. 33 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31296 Parcel C;
             34, all;
       Sec. 35, excluding Native allotment in litigation
             AA-37760 Parcel A;
       Sec. 36, all.
       Containing approximately 16.149 acres.
1.6
      T. 6 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 and 3, all;
Sec. 4 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation
AA-31287 Parcel A and AA-37769 Parcel C;
      Sec. 9 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31271 Parcel B, AA-31276 Parcel B and AA-37768
             Parcel B;
      Sec. 10, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31275
             Parcel B and AA-31276 Parcel B;
       Sec. 11, excluding Native allotment in litigation AA-31275
             Parcel B;
      Secs. 14 and 15, excluding Native allotment in litigation
             AA-31275 Parcel B;
      Sec. 16 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31271 Parcel B and AA-37764 Parcel B;
      Sec. 21 (fractional), excluding Native allotment in litigation
             AA-31284 Parcel C;
      Secs. 22, 23 and 26, all;
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Interim Conveyance No. 242

Date JUN 25 1980

Containing approximately 7,060 acres.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W.
Sec. 1, excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31293
Parcel A and AA-37768 Parcel A;

Secs. 2 and 11 (fractional), all;
Sec. 12 (fractional), excluding Native allotment F-15592
and Native allotments in litigation AA-31284 Parcel B,
AA-31293 Parcel A and AA-37759 Parcel A;

Sec. 13 (fractional), excluding Native allotments in litigation AA-31272 Parcel A, AA-31282 Parcel A and AA-37770 Parcel B.

Containing approximately 1,275 acres.

T. 5 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1 (fractional), all.

Containing approximately 30 acres.

Aggregating approximately 103,052 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation, the subsurface estate in the land above-described, TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever:

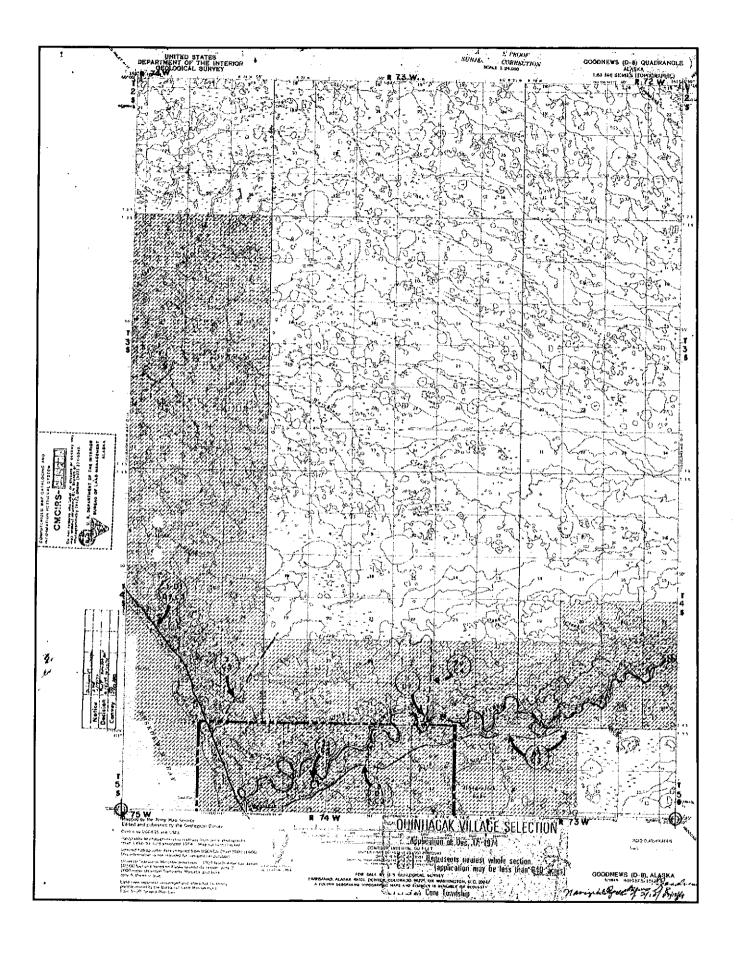
THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO all the easements and rights-of-way reserved in the aforementioned conveyance of the surface estate, and to valid existing rights, if any, in the said subsurface estate, including but not limited to those created by any lease (including a lease issued under section 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 339, 341; 48 U.S.C. Ch 2, Sec. 6(g))), contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of the rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him.

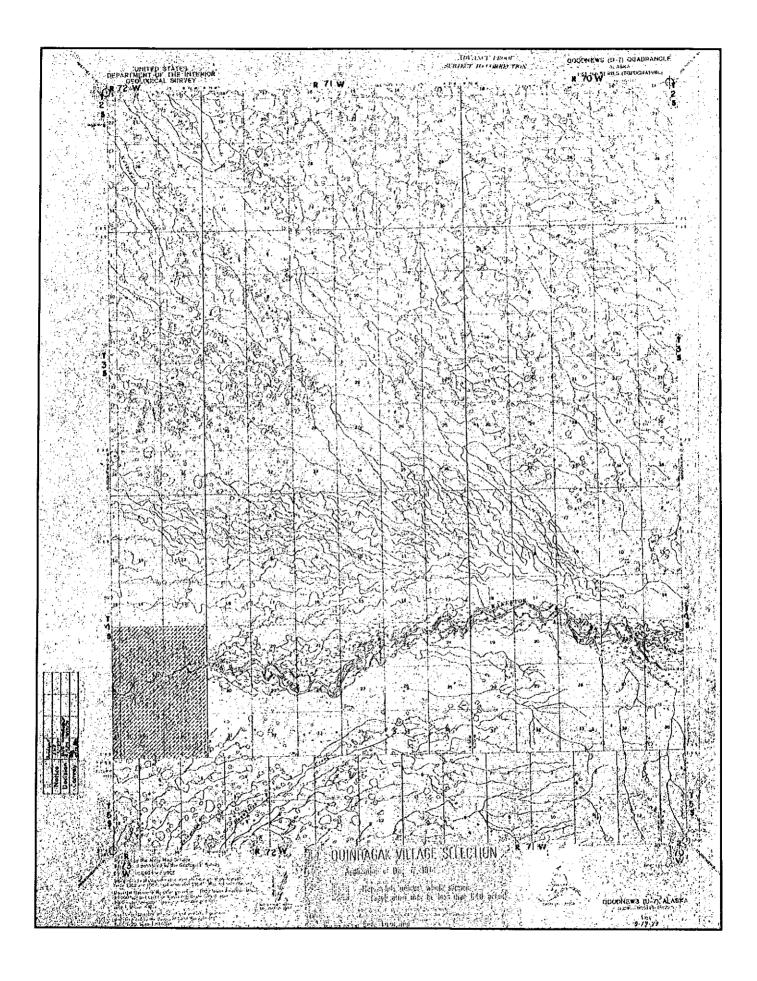
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management has, in the name of the United States, set his hand and caused the seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed on this 25th day of June, 1980, in Anchorage, Alaska.

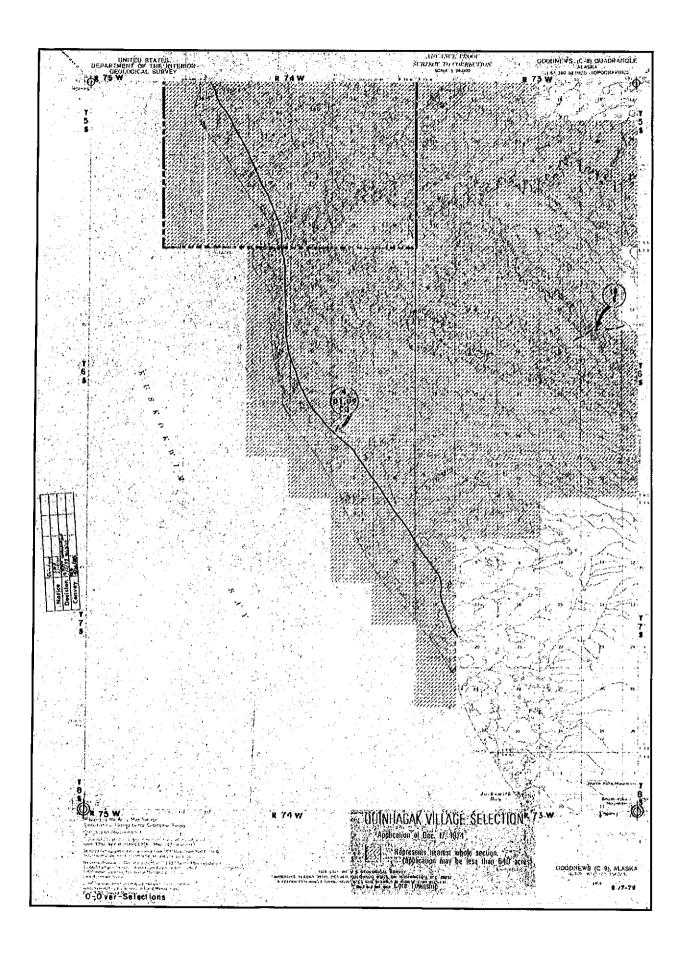
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

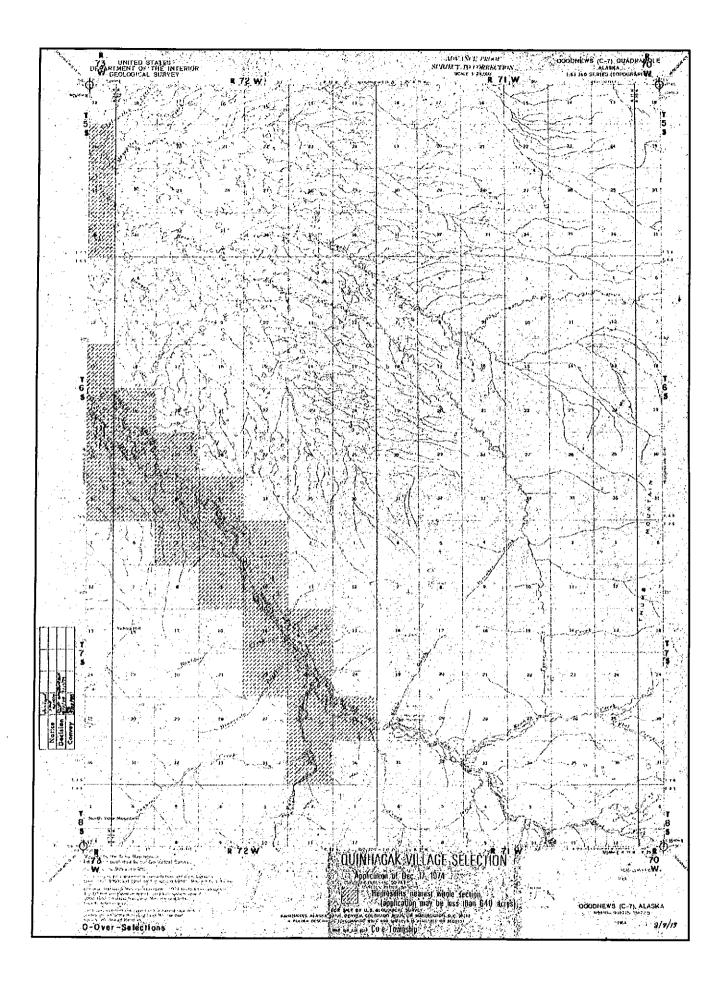
Assistant to the State Director for ANCSA

Interim Conveyance	No	
Date		









INTERIM CONVEYANCE

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 12

WHEREAS

Qanirtuuq, Inc.

is entitled to a conveyance pursuant to Secs. 14(a) and 22(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(a), 1621(j), of the surface estate in the following-described lands:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

T. 4 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 28, excluding Kanektok River, Native Allotment F-17289, Native Allotment in litigation AA-31285 Parcel C and Native Allotment in litigation AA-37793.

Containing approximately 355 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation the surface estate in the lands above described; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever:

 ${\tt EXCEPTING}$ AND RESERVING TO THE UNITED STATES from the lands so granted:

The subsurface estate therein, and all rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, accruing unto said estate pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f).

THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

 Issuance of a patent after approval and filing by the Bureau of Land Management of the official plat of survey confirming the boundary description and acreage of the lands hereinabove granted;

Interim Conveyance No.	978
Date	DEC 1 8 1984

F-14885-A

- Valid existing rights therein, if any, including but not limited to those created by any lease (including a lease issued under Sec. 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958, 48 U.S.C. Ch. 2, Sec. 6(g)), contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him. Further, pursuant to Sec. 17(b)(2) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (ANCSA), 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1616(b)(2), any valid existing right recognized by ANCSA shall continue to have whatever right of access as is now provided for under existing law; and
- 3. Requirements of Sec. 14(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(c), as amended, that the grantee hereunder convey those portions, if any, of the lands hereinabove granted, as are prescribed in said section.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management has, in the name of the United States, set her hand and caused the seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed on this 18th day of December, 1984, in Anchorage, Alaska.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Chief, Brench of ANCSA Adjudication

Interim Conveyance No. 978

Date ______ DEC 18 1984

INTERIM CONVEYANCE

WHEREAS

Calista Corporation

is entitled to a conveyance pursuant to Secs. 14(f) and 22(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f), 1621(j), of the subsurface estate reserved to the United States in the hereinbelow-identified interim conveyance of the surface estate in the following-described lands:

Interim Conveyance No.

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Unsurveyed)

T. 4 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 28, excluding Kanektok River, Native allotment F-17289, Native Allotment in litigation AA-31285 Parcel C and Native Allotment in litigation AA-37793.

Containing approximately 355 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation the subsurface estate in the lands above described; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever.

THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

1. Valid existing rights, therein, if any, in the said subsurface estate, including but not limited to those created by any lease (including a lease issued under Sec. 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958, 48 U.S.C. Ch. 2, Sec. 6(g)), contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him; and

Interim Conveyance No	979	
Date	DEC 1 8 1984	

F-14885-A

2. Issuance of a patent after approval and filing by the Bureau of Land Management of the official plat of survey confirming the boundary description and acreage of the lands hereinabove granted.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management has, in the name of the United States, set her hand and caused the seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed on this 18th day of December, 1984, in Anchorage, Alaska.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Chief, Bronch of ANCSA Adjudication

Interim Conveyance No. 979

Date DEC 18 1984

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 13

Baird Inlet-GS-FY 88-#1
Bethel-GS-FY 88-#1
Goodnews Bay-GS-FY 88-#1
Kuskokwim Bay-GS-FY 88-#1
F-14885 (75.4)
(961)

MAR 2 9 1988

Memorandum

To:

Deputy State Director for Cadastral Survey (923)

From:

Deputy State Director for Conveyance Management (960)

Subject: Navigable Waters in Group Survey 171 (Window 1562)

This memorandum identifies navigable waters below a certain size on lands in group survey 171 (Quinhagak) selected (but not conveyed) under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) or the Statehood Act and not reserved or withdrawn at the time Alaska joined the Union. It also identifies navigable waters excluded from conveyances under these acts. The BLM has issued navigability determinations for most selected and conveyed lands in the thirty-six townships in the report area. Table 1 lists the townships and navigable waters which must be excluded on the survey plats. Streams 198 feet or more in width are not listed because, regardless of their navigability status, they will be segregated on the survey plats. The same is true for lakes fifty acres or more, and for tidal water bodies like Warehouse Creek and its North and South branches in T. 3 S. Rs. 74-75 W. SM.

The BLM's navigability determinations are based on criteria described in the memorandum dated March 16, 1976. from the Associate Solicitor. Division of Energy and Resources, to the Director, Bureau of Land Management, subject "Title to submerged lands for purposes of administering ANCSA"; the Alaska Native Claims Appeal Board's (ANCAB) decision (RLS 76-2) of December 14, 1979, on the navigability of the Nation and Kandik rivers; the Regional Solicitor's February 25, 1980, interpretation of the ANCAB decision; and dicta in the United States District Court's decision (A80-359) of April 16, 1987, on the navigability of the Gulkana River. In general, the BLM considers nontidal water bodies navigable if, at the time Alaska became a state, they were navigable for crafts larger than a one-person kayak.

Information about the land status, history, and physical character of water bodies in the report area comes primarily from the USGS Goodnews Bay. Kuskokwim Bay, Baird Inlet, and Bethel quadrangles, thirteen NASA aerial photographs (CIR 60, roll 3112, frames 540-543, 547-549, and 573-576, August 1982, and roll 3397, frames 8090 and 8091, August 1984), and BLM's orthophotos, Master Title Plats (MTPs), Alaska Automated Lands and Minerals Record System (AALMRS), ANCSA easement files, C. Michael Brown's "Alaska's Kuskokwim River Region: A History" (BLM, 1983), and prior navigability reports. In addition, Susan DiPrete and David Rukke of the Navigability Section obtained use information by interviewing the following people.

<u>Name</u>	<pre>Date(s)</pre>	Phone Number and Backround
Joshua Cleveland	12/9/86	556-8211. Chairman. Board of Directors, Qanirtuug. Inc.
Mike Coffing	1/14/88	842-5227, ADF&G Bethel
Chris Goll	1/19/88	243-7894. Rainbow River Lodge
Julius Henry	12/10/86	979-8510. resident Platinum
Dan Huttunen	12/9/86	543-3100. ADF&G Bethel
William Lyle	1/20/88	376-6414, sportfishing guide
Frank Matthew	1/13/88	no phone, resident Quinhagak
Eric "Mac" Minard	1/15/88	842-5227, ADF&G Dillingham
Alexie Pleasant	12/9/86	556-8211. Qanirtuug Corp. Manager
keith Schultz	12/11/86	543-3494. resident Bethel
Jonie Snellgrove	12/11/86	842-5642. ADF&G Dillingham
Chuck Wade	12/11/86	543-4500, resident Bethel

For a full account of the interviews, see Susan DiPrete to F-14885, January 27, 1988, and David C. Rukke to File F-14885, December 19, 1986.

Arolik River

Formed by the confluence of the East and South forks, the Arolik River flows northwesterly fourteen miles before splitting into two distributaries, the North Mouth and South Mouth, both of which empty into Kuskokwim Bay below Quinhagak. It is shown on the Goodnews B-7 and C-6 to C-8 quadrangles as primarily a double-lined, meandering, slightly braided and gently flowing river. An abandoned mining camp is shown just outside the report area in Sec. 30. T. 7 S.. R. 71 W., SM, where several trails also come together. A cabin is shown along the river in Sec. 4. T. 7 S.. R. 72 W., SM. Aerial photographs show it as a relatively wide, unobstructed river in the report area.

The river is three chains or wider only in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., SM. The main stem Arolik is in two townships (Tps. 6-7 S., R. 72 W., SM) in the report area. Most of the bed is interim-conveyed (ICs 343 and 342, June 25, 1980.) One ANCSA-selected stretch in Sec. 24, T. 7 S., R. 72 W., SM, is being considered at this time.

Three individuals with experience on the upper river consider it suitable for boats, rafts and canoes throughout the report area. In fact, all three believe it is suitable for such crafts to Arolik Lake at the head of the East Fork. Sportfishing guide William Lyle has floated the river from the lake to tidewater. He has also taken clients as far as the mountains at the eastern edge of T. 7 S., R. 72 W.. SM. in eighteen-foot, jet-equipped boats for the past five summers. Lyle described the mainstream Arolik as having a clearwater channel one to three feet deep and deeper in pools. Aside from the canyon just below the lake, rocks and shallow spots are the only impediments to navigation, and even they do not pose much of a problem. Guide Chris Goll. who has floated from the lake to tidewater during late fall while guiding bear hunts, said the river will generally float a raft at that time of year when it is at its lowest. Based upon his experience well beyond the confluence of the North and South forks in a fifteen-foot boat with a jet unit while fishing during summer. Goll said the river is clearly suitable for comparable boats. rafts, and canoes during ordinary high water. Bethel resident Chuck Wade, who accompanied a six-person party in three rafts from the lake during the summer of 1986, considers the river suitable for such crafts during ordinary high water. Others with limited or no experience on the river had mixed feelings about the river's capacity for boats and canoes.

I determine the Arolik River navigable in ANCSA-selected Sec. 24. T. 7 S.. R. 72 W.. SM. Our analysis of the maps, photographs, and the testimony of three individuals with experience on the upper river all indicate that it is suitable for canoe navigation in this stretch and beyond during ordinary high water. To the best of our knowledge, this river is in its natural and ordinary condition.

North Mouth Arolik River

Leaving the Arolik River in Sec. 30, T. 6 S., R. 72 W., SM. the North Mouth flows northwesterly and then westerly about eighteen miles over a broad. flat coastal plain to the bay. It is shown on the USCS Goodnews C-8 quadrangle (1954) as a double-lined, meandering, slightly braided stream with a gradient approaching five feet per mile. In a NASA photograph of August 1982 (CIR 60, roll 3112, frame 547), the river exhibits a gently meandering, clear, slightly braided channel similar to that of the mainstream Arolik over its entire course. It is between twenty-five and fifty feet wide (less than three chains) where it crosses ANCSA-selected lands in Sec. 9, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM. and appears to have a sufficient volume of water for boats. Tidal influence extends approximately two to two and one-half miles. The river's most notable tributary, Bessie Creek, meets the North Mouth at about rivermile eight in Sec. 29, T. 5 S., R. 73 W., SM, where it empties iron-colored water into the latter. The remaining tributaries are considerably smaller. No obstructions or impediments are evident in the channel in the photograph.

The North Mouth Arolik River. less than three chains wide in most of its length, is in four townships in the report area. Nearly all of the riverbed was conveyed (ICs 342 and 343) in 1980. As a result, only one short ANCSA-selected stretch in Sec. 9. T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM, is being considered at this time. The BLM declared the remainder of stream nonnavigable in connection with conveyances to Calista Corporation and Qanirtuug. Incorporated, in 1979.

In the course of investigating navigable waters on selected lands in the survey group in 1986, the BLM interviewed eight individuals, most of whom considered the river unsuitable for eighteen-foot boats with propeller motors and thousand-pound loads, the agency's standard at the time. However, four informants with limited experience on the river believed it was suitable for rafts or jet boats during periods of normal to high water. In fact, after floating the river in the summer of 1986. Bethel resident Chuck Wade believed he could take his fully-loaded eighteen-foot boat up the Arolik. On their descent from Arolik Lake. Wade and his party of six (in three rafts) encountered a commercial sportfishing party in a sixteen-foot jet boat at the mountains in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., SM. ADF&G technician Jonie Snellgrove, who has traveled the lower five miles in a twelve-foot motorboat, said the river is suitable for jet boats beyond Bessie Creek because guide William Lyle used a sixteen-foot jet boat to his camp above Bessie Creek. Quinhagak resident Joshua Cleveland believed that a wooden eighteen-foot boat with a propeller could be taken to the mountains during the spring floods. Cleveland noted that local residents rely on jet boats to ascend the North Fork or rafts to float from the lake.

The majority of individuals who provided information in 1988 consider the river suitable for raft or canoe navigation during periods of ordinary high to high water. Having traveled much of the Arolik in both a raft and a fifteen-foot boat with a jet unit during fall and summer, respectively, hunting guide Chris Goll was probably the most optimistic about the river. which he considers suitable for similar crafts and canoes during summer. According to Goll, the river will generally float a raft from the lake during its lowest point in fall, when shallow stretches are common along the upper reaches of the mainstream. Sportfishing guide William Lyle said that he routinely takes clients in eighteen-foot. jet-equipped riverboats as far as the mountains in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., SM. during June. July, and August. Like Goll. Lyle has also rafted from the lake to tidewater. From Bessie Creek to the mountains, he said the river has a clear one- to three-foot channel with fifteen- to twenty-foot holes in places. After wintering at squirrel hunting grounds east of his Native allotment in Sec. 32. T. 6 S., R. 72 W., SM. Frank Matthew descends the river in late April or early May in the sixteen-foot Lund boat he hauls overland each winter. Matthew easily motors or rows downriver during the high water season when the channel is two to three feet deep and rocks are his only concern. Based upon his aerial observations, area management biologist Mac Minard believes the lower eight or nine miles are suitable for standard nineteen-foot boats with jet units. He considers the remainder of the river suitable for rafts and canoes.

I determine the North Mouth Arolik River navigable in selected Sec. 9. T. 6 S. R. 73 W., SM. Our analysis of USGS maps, aerial photographs, and the testimony of individuals familiar with the river leads us to believe that this stretch of river is suitable for raft and canoe navigation during ordinary high water each summer. To the best of our knowledge, the river is in its natural and ordinary condition as it was at the time of statehood. Guides Chris Goll and William Lyle have clearly demonstrated the river's capacity for small craft navigation by their recent float trips.

South Mouth Arolik River

From the main channel of the Arolik River in Sec. 30. T. 6 S., R. 72 W., SM. the South Mouth meanders northwesterly approximately sixteen miles to empty into the bay two miles below the North Mouth. The wide, meandering river is shown on the USGS Goodnews C-7 and C-8 quadrangles (1954) as double-lined through the group survey area. Its gradient is negligible. Unlike the North Mouth, it lacks any significant tributaries. A long, meandering, twenty-fiveto fifty-foot-wide slough appears to leave the river in the southeast quarter of Sec. 17. T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM, and rejoin it along the eastern boundary of Sec. 10. T. 6 S., R. 74 W., SM, the approximate extent of tidal influence. Two NASA photographs (CIR 60, roll 3112, frames 547-548, August 1982) show a meandering, primarily single-channel stream (significantly smaller than the North Mouth) with a clear channel over its entire length. Aside from the large aforementioned slough, there are several smaller interconnected sloughs. Above Sec. 17, the river becomes wider and more braided. In fact, a number of old channels are visible, indicating a delta-like pattern of dry channels. All of the river's tributaries are dry in the photographs.

The South Mouth Arolik River is in three townships in the report area. Roughly the first five miles of riverbed was conveyed to Calista Corporation and Qanirtuug. Incorporated. An eight-mile portion of the river. approximately between rivermiles five and thirteen, still traverses ANCSA-selected lands in T. 6 S., R. 73 W., SM.

In 1986, the BLM interviewed eight individuals, none of whom considered the river suitable for fully-laden riverboats with propeller motors. In fact they generally agreed that the stream was too shallow for smaller boats (prop and jet) common in the area, except perhaps a mile or so on a high tide. Joshua Cleveland of Qanirtuug, Incorporated, believed jet boats and rafts could negotiate it at flood stage. Chuck Wade once traveled twenty or thirty minutes upriver until the tide receded and his twenty-six-foot boat powered by twin seventy-horsepower outboard motors went aground. He proceeded a short distance upstream in a twelve-foot Zodiac raft with a fifteen-horsepower motor until that, too, went aground.

The majority of individuals who provided information in 1988 believe the South Mouth is also unsuitable for canoe navigation during ordinary high water. Only Chris Goll stated that he has been able to use the South Mouth on occasion. Frank Matthew said that normally it is extremely shallow, perhaps two to three inches in places, all the way to the main stem Arolik. He considers it unsuitable even for his shallow-draft Lund boat, except perhaps during spring high water. William Lyle said there is hardly any water in the slough-like water body. He believes jet boats would likely run aground at the lower end of the stream.

I determine the South Mouth Arolik River nonnavigable in selected Secs. 7, 16-18, and 20-22, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., and Sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., SM. Our analysis of the USGS maps, aerial photographs, and the testimony of those familiar with the water body both in 1986 and 1988 lead us to believe that this stretch of river is not practical for boats, rafts, and canoes during

ordinary high water. At best the lower portion of the river is probably conducive to use by such crafts during high tide. To the best of our knowledge, the river is in its natural and ordinary condition.

Other Water Bodies

Only the Kanektok River was excluded from the interim conveyances as navigable. All other rivers and streams less than 198 feet wide and lakes less than 50 acres in size on (unreserved) lands selected under ANCSA are nonnavigable. They are either tidally influenced, too small or too steep for boats, or do not connect to any navigable water body.

But Richert W. Amedorful.

Enclosure: Table

cc: State Interest Determinations
Division of Land and Water Management
Alaska Department of Natural Resources
Box 7-005
Anchorage, Alaska 99510

State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources Land Title Section 3601 C Street Anchorage, Alaska 99503

Calista Corporation 516 Denali Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Qanirtuug. Incorporated Quinhagak. Alaska 99655

Chief. Planning and Development (920B)

Chief, Branch of Field Surveys (921)

Chief, Branch of Cartography (922)

Chief, Branch of Photogrammetry (924)

Table 1

Navigable Rivers and Streams Less Than 198 Feet Wide and Lakes Less Than 50 Acres in Size in Survey Window 1562 to be Excluded On Survey Plats. by Township

Seward Meridian

Townships

T. 5 S R. 68 W.	None.
Tps. 1-5 S., R. 69 W.	None .
Tps. 1-7 S., R. 70 W.	None .
Tps. 1-8 S R. 71 W.	None.
Tps. 1-3 S R. 72 W.	None.
T. 4 S., R. 72 W.	Kanektok River (October 25, 1979).
Tps. 5-6 S., R. 72 W.	None .
T. 7 S., R. 72 W.	Arolik River in Sec. 24.
T. 8 S., R. 72 W.	None
Грs. 1-3 S R. 73 W.	None
Грs. 4-5 S., R. 73 W.	Kanektok River (October 25. 1979).
r. 6 S., R. 73 W.	North Mouth Arolik River in Sec. 9.
ps. 7-8 S., R. 73 W.	None.

Tps. 1-4 S., R. 74 W.	None .
T. 5 S., R. 74 W.	Kanektok River (October 25, 1979).
Tps. 6-7 S., R. 74 W.	None.
Tps. 1-3 S., R. 75 W.	None .
T. 5 S R. 75 W.	None .

961*SDiPrete*ev1:3/25/88*1304t

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 14

Baird Inlet-NA-FY 89-#5 Bethel-NA-FY 89-#2 Goodnews Bay-NA-FY 89-#2 Kuskokwim Bay-NA-FY 89-#3 (961)

F- 14885 - EE

FEB 2 1 1989

Memorandum

To:

Deputy State Director for Cadastral Survey (923)

From:

Deputy State Director for Conveyance Management (960)

Subject: Navigable Waters on or along Small Tracts in Quinhagak (Window 1562)

This memorandum identifies navigable waters on or along certain small tracts in Group Survey Number 171 (Window 1562) which are to be surveyed in fiscal year 1989. These include navigable water bodies on small tracts located in conveyed (ICd or TAd) areas and navigable waters in or along small tracts located on Federal refuge or public lands (that is, land not selected under the Statehood Act or provisions of ANCSA other than those applying to historical and cemetery sites). The memo does not address water bodies along small tracts located in areas conveyed or selected under ANCSA or the Statehood Act. Also, only those cemetery and historic sites that the BIA has examined in the field are reviewed. Table 1 lists the navigable waters. For navigable waters on other lands selected and conveyed under ANCSA or the Statehood Act, see our memo dated March 29, 1988 for group survey 171 (window 1562).

Tidal water bodies, lakes fifty acres or more in size, and rivers averaging 198 feet or more in width are not described because, regardless of their navigability status, these water bodies are segregated on the survey plat. Warehouse Creek, Apokak Slough, the creek with its mouth in Sec. 35, T. 4 S., R. 74 W., SM (to and through AA-31287D in Sec. 35), and Oyak Creek to and through AA-31274D in Sec. 35, T. 4 S., R. 74 W., SM, are in this category.

The BLM's navigability determination criteria are described in a memorandum March 16, 1976, from the Associate Solicitor. Division of Energy and Resources, to the Director. Bureau of Land Management (BLM), subject "Title to submerged lands for the purposes of administering ANCSA"; the Alaska Native

Claim Appeal Board's (ANCAB) decision of December 14, 1979, on the navigability of the Nation and Kandik rivers (RLS 76-2); the Regional Solicitor's February 25, 1980, interpretation of the ANCAB decision; and dicta in the U.S. District Court's judgement in State of Alaska v. United States of America, et al.. Case No. A80-359 Civil (Gulkana River), April 16, 1987. In general, the BLM considers nontidal waterbodies navigable if, at the time of Statehood, they are navigable for crafts larger than a one-person kayak.

The principal sources of information about the land status, history, and character of water bodies in the report area comes primarily from USGS maps; Native Allotment casefiles; NASA aerial photographs; the BLM's Master Title Plats (MTP's); Arctic Environmental Information Data Center (AEIDC), "Historical Notes on Alaska Water Bodies" (microfiche, BLM, June 10, 1979); C. Michael Brown's "Alaska's Kuskokwim River Region: A History," (unpublished BLM manuscript, 1985); and other navigability reports and determination memos. Carl Neufelder of the Navigability Section, who spent portions of the 1983, 1984, and 1987 field seasons in Quinhagak examining Native allotments, and is familiar with the water bodies in the group survey, contributed information about the physical character and use of water bodies in the report area. In addition, Neufelder conducted interviews on Kuskokwak Creek with the following people:

Name	D <u>ate</u>	Telephone Number and Background
Frank Brown Dennis Stromm William Peake	2/14/89 2/14/89 2/14/89	535-5211 Native allotment applicant, Eek 543-3151 USF&WS, Yukon Delta NWR, Bethel 862-0188 Subject Parcel Examiner, Realty Specialist, Anchorage

For a full account of the interviews, see Carl Neufelder to file F-17479 (2561), February 14, 1989.

Kanektok River

The Kanektok River heads in Kagati Lake in the Ahklun Mountains and meanders westerly approximately seventy-five miles to Kuskokwim Bay. The first fifteen miles of the river (to and through T. 4 S., R. 72 W., SM) were excluded from conveyance in IC 342, issued June 25, 1980.

The Kanektok River is drawn on the USGS map as double-lined for its entire length. In many segments it is clearly more than three chains wide. The river meanders through the mountains, and about one-half way along its course breaks out into a broad floodplain and becomes more braided.

The Kanektok has a long history as a highway of travel. As early as 1898, a USCS expedition ascended the river to Kagati Lake in canoes. (Brown, pp. 86 and 87.) In 1973, the BLM conducted a study on the Kanektok River for possible inclusion in the Wild and Scenic River System. The BLM study team noted that the river is navigable to Kagati Lake during early summer and after heavy rains by small motorized riverboat; and by canoe or raft at all times. The river supports a commercial, sports and subsistence fishery. (AEIDC, p. 1463.) In July 1983, June 1984, and June 1987, Carl Neufelder, while inspecting Native allotments, observed relatively heavy boating activity from Quinhagak, at the river's mouth, to well above the report area.

I determine the Kanektok navigable in or along small tracts located on the river to and through T. 3 S., R. 66 W., SM. In the nineteenth century, the river may have been a segment in a Native travel route to the Bristol Bay region. Today, the river is a popular recreational boating stream. Commercial guides offer float trips down the river from Kagati Lake. All small tracts in or along the Kanektok River to tidewater are to be meandered and segregated from the river.

Kanektok River Tributary

This stream flows northwest about nine miles to empty into the Kanektok in Section 22, T. 4 S., R. 70 W., SM. (See USCS Goodnews D-7.) Native allotment AA-37779 in Secs. 22, 23, 26 straddles and Native allotment AA-31299-A in Sec. 26, T. 4 S., R. 70 W., SM, abuts the stream. The first two miles of the stream are double-lined on the USCS maps. It is one to two chains wide.

I determine this stream navigable to and through Native allotment AA-31299-A in Section 26, T. 4 S., R. 70 W., SM. In various low-level aerial photos taken in late July 1984, the clearwater stream flows in one channel between well-defined banks of willow and alder. At the mouth of the stream is a gravel bar that occupies about half of the channel. Nevertheless, there appears to be a deep channel along the bank. In several photos, the stream bottom is visible. From these photos, we estimate the water to be a foot or more in depth. This is certainly sufficient for canoe navigation. (See photos in Native allotment files AA-31299-A and AA-37779.)

Middle Fork Eek River

The Middle Fork Eek River flows northwest fifty miles to the Eek River at river mile 60. Near river mile 40, where it rounds the Great Ridge in the Eek Mountains, the river falls about thirteen feet per mile. Farther downstream, the gradient is lower. On the USGS Goodnews D-6 and Bethel A-6 and A-7 maps, the river is double-lined for most of its length. In the mountains the river flows in a single channel. In the foothills and lowlands, the river periodically splits into several channels. In this area the river makes many twists and turns as it approaches the Eek. According to one report, the Middle Fork at its mouth is as large as the Eek. However, the water did not appear to flow as fast. In the NASA aerial photo of the Great Ridge locale (CIR 60, Roll 3397, Frame 8131, August 1984), the river appears to be about eighty feet wide. Sandbars or gravel bars at river bends are visible. See NASA aerial photographs Roll 3397, Frame 8131, August 1984 (AA-31272-B); Roll 3112, Frame 518, August 1982, AA-55924-C; and Roll 3397, Frame 8049. August 1984 (AA-50582-D).

Small tracts are scattered along the river as far as the Great Ridge in T. 3 S., R. 69 W., SM. They are: Native allotments AA-31272-B located in Sec. 12, and AA-55930 in Secs. 1 and 2, T. 3 S., R. 69 W., SM; F-15686-A in Sec. 6, T. 2 S., R. 69 W., SM; AA-55924-C in Secs. 35 and 36, T. 1 S., R. 70 W., SM; AA-50582-D in Sec. 14, T. 1 S., R. 71 W., SM; and AA-55924-A in Sec. 34, T. 1 N., R. 71 W., SM.

There is very little evidence of boat travel on the upper reaches of this river. In 1984 Carl Neufelder and Sam Cleveland visited the latter's allotment in Sec. 12, T. 3 S., R. 69 W., SM, near the Great Ridge. Cleveland stated that since 1965 he has used the land for hunting purposes, and that he reached his claim by boat. (Neufelder, Land Report, March 21, 1985, AA-31272.) After reviewing photos in Cleveland's file, Neufelder recalled that the river was about two to three feet deep and certainly appeared to be suitable for raft or canoe navigation. He remembers seeing a few riffles. In 1987, another BLM employee inspected Evon Petluska's claim (AA-55930) in Secs. 1 and 2, T. 3 S., R. 69 W., SM, a short distance below Cleveland's claim. He noted that Petluska reached his claim by boat in the fall and by snowmobile in the winter. Four years earlier, Petluska noted that it took six or seven hours by boat to reach his claim. (Affidavit, July 2, 1983; Richard S. Stephenson, Land Report, September 2, 1987, AA-55930.)

I determine the Middle Fork Eek River navigable in or along small tracts located on the river to and through T. 3 S., R. 69 W., SM. Local residents with Native allotments reportedly boat the river to their land claims. Carl Neufelder, a BLM employee who observed the upper reaches of the river during an inspection of a Native allotment claim, believes that the river is suitable for canoe and raft navigation. This conclusion is supported by the aerial photos, which show no obstructions or impediments downriver of the stretch observed by Neufelder.

Eek River

Heading in Eek Lake. Eek River flows west 108 miles to Eek Channel, a branch of the Kuskokwim River. One Native allotment (AA-55924-A) is located on the south bank of the river in Sec. 35, T. 1 N., R. 71 W., SM, about a mile upstream of the mouth of the Middle Fork. (There are other small tracts on or along the river above this allotment. However, allotment AA-55924 is the only one identified at this time for survey in the 1989 season.) On the USGS Bethel A-7 map, this stretch of the river is shown as double-lined; it is about the same width as the Middle Fork. In the NASA aerial photograph (CIR 60, Roll 3397, Frame 8047, August 1984), the river significantly narrows to about 120 feet above the Middle Fork's mouth.

There are few reports on the navigability of this river. In the 1940s, the U.S. Bureau of Mines reported that a person could reach the Rainey Creek prospect in T. 2 S., R. 63 W., SM, by ascending the Eek River in a canoe or small poling boat at high water. Steven White of Eek stated that he used a boat to reach his claim on the river in Sec. 26, T. 1 N., R. 68 W., SM. James A. Charles of Tuntutuliak also stated that he used a boat to reach his claim in Secs. 21, 22, and 28, T. 1 N., R. 67 W., SM. He said too that boats could be taken to Eek Lake. (Brown, pp. 582 and 583, and Appendix, pp. 68 and 69.)

I determine Eek River navigable in or along small tracts located on the river to and through F-15812-C in T. 1 N., R. 67 W., SM. Local residents use small boats to reach hunting camps and land claims along the river.

Ugaklik River (Qelutag River)

This river empties into the Eek River from the southeast at river mile 58. On the USGS Bethel A-7 and A-8 maps, the river is shown as a single line. The stream gradient is less than five feet per mile. In the aerial photos (CIR 60, Roll 3397, Frame 8047, August 1984), the river appears as a continuous dark thread of water about fifty to sixty feet wide -- narrower than the Middle Fork Eek River -- flowing through the tundra-covered lowlands. No impediments or obstructions in the river are visible.

The only land claim located along this river is a historical site (AA-10155) on the left bank of the river about a quarter-mile from the Eek River, in Sec. 3, T. 1 S., R. 72 W., SM. According to a Bureau of Indian Affairs' report, this is the site of a reindeer herder's corral and, possibly, an old Native camp. The report refers only to winter trips to the site. It also notes that the river is eroding the historical site.

In the BIA report there is a low-level color photograph of the river near the historical site. The river flows in one channel between moderately high banks. The clear water appears to be deep -- there are no rocks or bars breaking the water surface and the bottom is not visible.

I determine the Ugaklik River navigable to and through the historical site AA-10155 in Sec. 3. T. 1 S., R. 72 W., SM. The photograph of the river at this historical site clearly shows a river susceptible to canoe navigation at ordinary high water stages.

Tungak Creek

This creek empties in Kuskokwim Bay about two miles north of Warehouse Creek, in Sec. 35, T. 2 S., R. 75 W., SM. It heads in a small lake in Sec. 19, T. 2 S., R. 73 W., SM. On the USGS Kuskokwim Bay D-1 and Goodnews Bay D-8 maps, the creek is double-lined for a distance of about six miles. The remainder of the creek is single-lined. The creek exhibits little or no gradient. In the NASA aerial photos (CIR 60, Roll 3397, Frames 8123 and 8124, August 1984), the creek is clearly visible to its head. The creek narrows to about seventy-five feet at the forks in the SEMNEM Sec. 30, T. 2 S., R. 74 W., SM. The tributary that empties into the creek at this point is as wide as the creek, and nearly maintains this width for a distance of two miles.

Nine Native allotments at least are located along this creek. These include Native allotments AA-37775-C located in Sec. 24; AA-37810-A in Secs. 22 and 23; AA-31276-A in Sec. 22; and AA-31288-B in Secs. 21 and 22, all located in T. 2 S., R. 74 W., SM.

All allotments area are claimed by Quinhagak residents for fishing and berry picking activities. These people reportedly use small boats to reach their claims. In July 1984 Carl Neufelder learned from Sam and Mary Cleveland that they reached the allotment on a small stream emptying into the lake source of Tungak Creek by boat and foot. (Neufelder, Land Report, February 5, 1985, AA-31271-A.) In the files of Carrie Cleveland (AA-31276-A), George Pleasant (AA-31288-B), Martha Mark (AA-37776-A), and Martha Oldfriend (AA-37775-A), there are statements made either by the claimants or the field examiners that the claimants reached their parcels by boat. Pictures of the creek in Sec. 28, T. 2 S., R. 74 W., SM. show a mud bottom and banks, indicating that the creek is tidal at least to this point.

I determine Tungak Creek navigable in or along small tracts located on the creek to and through Native allotment AA-37775-C in Sec. 24, T. 2 S., R. 74 W., SM. Local residents testified to the use of boats to reach their land claims along this creek.

Kuskokwak Creek

Heading in small lakes southwest of Ugaklik River, this creek flows northwest and thence southwest to Kuskokwim Bay. On the USGS Baird Inlet A-1 and Bethel A-8 maps, the creek is double-lined for forty-one miles. At mile 37, in Sec. 28, T. 1 S., R. 73 W., SM, the creek forks. Here, on the north bank of the creek, a historical and cemetery site (AA-10158) is located. In addition, Native allotment F-17479-C is located in Secs. 4 and 5, T. 2 S., R. 72 W., SM. All remaining small tracts below the historical site are on tidewater. The stream is almost certainly over three chains wide below this site. (See CIR 60, RolI 3112, Frame 513, August 1982.)

In 1986, a BIA team researched and inspected the historical site. According to Native informants, the historical site was occupied by two or three Native families during the fall and winter near the turn of the present century. The BIA team did not discuss specifically if and how people traveled to the site during the open season. The BIA team noted that Minnie Carter of Eek, then 86 or 87 years old, said that the creek "was getting more narrow and marshy." However, Frank Brown, the applicant on the uppermost small tract, said that he fishes there every summer. He indicated that last fall (1988), he took a twenty-foot river boat with a ninety-horsepower motor to his parcel. Mr. Brown further stated that the creek is about twenty to thirty feet wide and approximately six feet deep. Both Mr. Brown's Native allotment field report and the BIA report contain several low-level aerial photos of the creek. There is nothing in the photos to suggest that this stretch of the creek is not suitable for canoe and raft navigation.

I determine Kuskokwak Creek navigable in or along small tracts located on the creek to and through Native allotment F-17478-C in Secs. 4 and 5, T. 2 S., R. 72 W., SM. Aerial photographs, both low- and high-level, of the creek and an interview with Frank Brown support this finding. Brown travels to his allotment every year in a twenty-foot boat.

Other Water Bodies

All other rivers, streams, and sloughs less than 198 feet wide and lakes less than 50 acres in size on the subject small tracts are non-navigable. The same applies to all other water bodies along small tracts on Federal refuge or public lands. They are too small, steep, or shallow for practical navigation. Many of the lakes are not connected to navigable waterways.

Wayne G. B. Br

cc:

State Interest Determinations Unit Division of Land and Water Management Alaska Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 107005 Anchorage, Alaska 99510-7005

State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources Land Title Section 3601 C Street Anchorage, Alaska 99503

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Alaska Regional Office 1011 E. Tudor Road Anchorage, Alaska 99503

√ 961:CNeufelder:lm:2-17-89:2301z

Table 1
Navigable Rivers and Streams Less Than 198 feet Wide
and Lakes less than 50 acres in size in or along
Small Tracts in Survey Window 1562 (Quinhagak), by Township

T. 3 S., R. 66 W. Kanektak River.

T. 5 S., R. 68 W. Kanektok River.

T. 2 S., R. 69 W. Middle Fork Eek River.

T. 3 S., R. 69 W. Middle Fork Eek River to and through AA-31272-B in Sec. 12.

T. 5 S., R. 69 W. Kanektok River.

T. 1 S., R. 70 W. Middle Fork Eek River.

T. 2 S., R. 70 W. Middle Fork Eek River.

T. 4 S., R. 70 W. Kanektok River; Kanektok River tributary (mouth in Sec. 26) to and through Native allotment AA-31299-A in Sec. 26.

T. 6 S., R. 70 W. None.

T. 1 S., R. 71 W. Middle Fork Eek River.

T. 4 S., R. 71 W. Kanektok River.

T. 8 S., R. 71 W. None.

T. 1 S., R. 72 W. Eek River; Middle Fork Eek River; Kuskokwak Creek; Ugalik River to and through AA-10155. $\underline{\text{T. 2 S., R. 72 W.}}$ Kuskokwak Creek to and through Native allotment F-17478-C in Secs. 4 and 5.

T. 4 S., R. 72 W. Kanektok River.

T. 5 S., R. 72 W. None.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W. None.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W. None.

T. 1 S., R. 73 W. Kuskokwak Creek.

T. 2 S., R. 73 W. None.

T. 4 S., R. 73 W. Kanektok River.

T. 5 S., R. 73 W. Kanektok River.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.
North Mouth Arolik River in Sec. 9.

<u>T. 7 S., R. 73 W.</u> None.

<u>T. 8 S., R. 73 W.</u> None.

T. 1 S., R. 74 W. Kuskokwak Creek.

T. 2 S., R. 74 W.
Tungak Creek to and through AA-37775-C in Sec. 24.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W. None.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. None.

T. 5 S., R. 74 W. Kanektok River.

T. 6 S., R. 74 W. None.

 $\frac{\text{T. 7 S., R. 74 W.}}{\text{None.}}$

T. 1 S., R. 75 W. Kuskokwak Creek.

 $\underline{\text{T. 2 S., R. 75 W.}}$ None.

 $\frac{T.\ 3\ S.,\ R.\ 75\ W.}{None.}$

T. 1 N., R. 71 W. Eek River, Middle Fork Eek River.

T. 2 N., R. 74 W. Eek River.

 $\sqrt{_{2301z}}$

JUL 07 1994

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 15 10 Endon 1/5/94
29/94

F-14885-EE (75.4) F-14885 (2652)

(041)

Memorandum

To:

Chief, Branch of Calista Adjudication (963)

From:

Assistant District Manager, Lands Division (041)

Subject:

Final Easement Review and Patent Easement Memorandum for Selected Lands

and Lands Conveyed by Interim Conveyance Nos. 342 and 978, to Qanirtuuq

Incorporated.

On November 19, 1992, you requested that we identify and review for patent, easements on the lands selected by and previously Interim Conveyed to Qanirtuuq Incorporated.

Approved plats of survey have been filed for all of the lands described in your memorandum and there are no unsurveyed inholdings. The following are the final easement recommendations. Of these recommendations, my decision is as follows for the lands described below. No further easement review prior to issuing patent is necessary.

Lands not previously Interim Conveyed:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Surveyed)

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 5, all.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.

Sec. 2, all;

Secs. 5 through 9, inclusive, all;

Secs. 15 through 22, inclusive, all;

Secs. 26 through 30, inclusive, all;

Secs. 31 through 36 inclusive, all.

T. 7 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 4 through 7, inclusive, all; Secs. 18 and 19, all; Sec. 30, all.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.

Sec. 1, all; Secs. 12 and 13, all; Secs. 24 and 25, all; Sec. 36, all.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W.

Sec. 1, all; Secs. 12 and 13, all; Sec. 24, all.

T. 6 S., R. 74 W.

Sec. 1, all; Secs. 12 and 13, all; Secs. 24 and 25, all; Sec. 34, excluding USS 9570; Sec. 35, excluding USS 9570; Sec. 36, all.

T. 7 S., R. 74 W.

Sec. 1, excluding USS 9971; Sec. 2, excluding USS 9570; Secs. 11, 12 and 13, all.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W.

Sec. 24, excluding USS 9823; Sec. 25, all; Sec. 36, all.

MAJOR WATERWAYS:

The North Mouth Arolik River in Sec. 9, T. 6 S., R. 73 W. SM, was determined to be major and should be excluded from conveyance.

ALLOWABLE USES:

All easements are subject to applicable Federal, State, or Municipal Corporation regulation. The following is a listing of uses allowed for each type of easement identified. Any uses which are not specifically listed are prohibited.

<u>25-Foot Trail</u> - The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsleds, animals, snowmobiles, two- and three-wheel vehicles and small all-terrain vehicles (ATV's) (less than 3,000 lbs. Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)).

One Acre Site - The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, all-terrain vehicles (ATV's), snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED:

a. (EIN 1 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This trail is used as an intervillage travel route along the coast. It was historically used as a mail route. An easement is needed to provide a continuous trail system and for access to public lands. The wording has been changed from the wording in IC 342 in order to reflect the fact that while the trail continues northwesterly to Eek, the trail ceases to be a "17(b) easement" when it enters public lands. This is strictly a winter trail and should not interfere with the waterfowl habitat in the area.

b. (EIN 4 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This is a continuation of the old mail trail. Travel is limited primarily to the winter months. An easement is necessary to provide intervillage travel and access to public lands to the south of the selected lands. The wording has been changed from the wording in IC 342 in order to reflect the fact that while the trail continues southeasterly to Platinum, the trail ceases to be a "17(b) easement" when it enters public lands. This is strictly a winter trail and should not interfere with the waterfowl habitat in the area.

c. (EIN 18 E) An extension of proposed access trail EIN 18 E, as reserved in I.C. 342; twenty-five (25) feet in width extending from Sec. 15., T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, southwesterly to connect with existing trail EIN 4 D1, D9, C3, in Sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

Discussion:

This easement is necessary to provide access from the coastal areas, across Native lands, to public lands east of the Arolik River. Travel is limited to the winter months.

Interim Conveyance No. 342:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Surveyed)

J<u>T. 4 S., R. 72 W.</u>

Secs. 20, 21, and 22 all;

Secs. 23, 24, 25 and 26, excluding USS 9762;

Sec. 27, excluding USS 9761;

Sec. 29, excluding USS 9761;

Sec. 30, all;

Secs. 31, 32, 33 and 34, excluding USS 9761;

Secs. 35 and 36, all.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 19, all;

Secs. 29, 30 and 31, all;

Sec. 32, excluding USS 9432 and USS 9433;

Sec. 33, all.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 3, all;

Sec. 4, excluding USS 9476;

Secs. 9 and 10, excluding USS 9476;

Secs. 14 and 15, excluding USS 9477;

Sec. 22, all;

Sec. 23, excluding USS 9477;

Secs. 25, 26, and 35, all.

T. 4 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 25 to 30, inclusive, all;

Sec. 31, excluding USS 9667;

Sec. 32, all:

Sec. 33, excluding USS 9661 and USS 9662;

Sec. 34, excluding USS 9656, USS 9660 and USS 9661;

Sec. 35, excluding USS 9657, USS 9658 and USS 9660;

Sec. 36, excluding USS 9659.

T. 5 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 4 and 5, all;

Sec. 6, excluding USS 9660 and USS 9686;

Secs. 7, 8, and $\overline{9}$, all;

Secs. 16 to 21, inclusive, all;

Secs. 22 and 23, excluding USS 9689;

Secs. 24 and 25, all;

Secs. 26 and 27, excluding USS 9689;

Sec. 28, all;

Sec. 29, excluding USS 9688;

Sec. 30, all;

Sec. 31, excluding USS 9687;

Sec. 32, excluding USS 9688;

Secs. 33 to 36, inclusive, all.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 3 and 4, all;

Secs. 10 and 11, all;

Secs. 13 and 14, all;

Secs. 23, 24, and 25, all.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.

Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive, all;

Secs. 6 and 7, excluding USS 9830;

Sec. 8, excluding USS 9831;

Sec. 9, excluding USS 9831 and USS 9832;

Secs. 10 and 11, all;

Secs. 14 to 17, inclusive, all;

Sec. 18, excluding USS 9822;

Secs 19 to 23, inclusive, all;

Secs 26 to 30, inclusive, all;

Sec. 31 (fractional), excluding USS 9528 and USS 9833;

Sec. 32, excluding USS 9528;

Secs. 33, 34, and 35, all.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W.

Secs. 2, 3, and 4, all;

Sec. 5, excluding USS 9528 and USS 9529;

Sec. 6 (fractional), excluding USS 9528;

Secs. 8 (fractional) and 9, excluding USS 9529;

Secs. 10 and 11, all;

Secs. 14 and 15, all;

Sec. 16 (fractional), excluding USS 9530 and USS 9531;

Sec. 17 (fractional), excluding USS 9530;

Secs. 21 (fractional) and 22 (fractional), excluding USS 9531;

Secs. 23 and 25, all;

Secs. 26 (fractional) and 27 (fractional), excluding USS 9532;

Secs. 34 (fractional) and 35 (fractional), excluding USS 9532;

Sec. 36, all.

T. 5 S., R. 74 W.

Sec. 1, excluding USS 9660;

Sec. 2, excluding USS 9661, USS 9662 and USS 9663;

Sec. 3, excluding USS 9664 and USS 9665;

Sec. 4, excluding USS 9665, USS 9666, USS 9667 and USS 9668;

Sec. 5, excluding USS 9667 and USS 9668;

Secs. 6 (fractional) and 7 (fractional), excluding USS 9669;

Sec. 8, excluding USS 876, USS 9668, USS 9670 and USS 9671;

Sec. 9, excluding USS 9665, USS 9668, USS 9672 and USS 9673;

Sec. 10, excluding USS 9673;

Secs. 11, 12, and 13, all;

Sec. 14, excluding USS 9674;

Sec. 15, excluding USS 9675;

Sec. 16, excluding USS 9672;

Secs. 17 and 18 (fractional), excluding USS 876;

Sec. 19 (fractional), all;

Sec. 20 (fractional), USS 9676 and USS 9679;

Secs. 21, 22, and 23, all;

Secs. 24 and 25, excluding USS 9677;

Secs. 26, 27, and 28, excluding USS 9678;

Sec. 29 (fractional), excluding USS 9679;

Sec. 32 (fractional), all;

Sec. 33 (fractional), excluding USS 9680;

Sec. 34, excluding USS 9678;

Secs. 35 and 36, excluding USS 9681.

T. 6 S., R. 74 W.

Secs. 2 and 3, all;

Sec. 4 (fractional), excluding USS 9568;

Secs. 9 (fractional), 10, and 11, excluding USS 9569;

Secs. 14, 15, and 16 (fractional), excluding USS 9569;

Secs. 21 (fractional) and 22, excluding USS 9569;

Secs. 23 and 26, all;

Sec. 27 (fractional), excluding USS 9570.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W.

Sec. 1, excluding USS 9821;

Sec. 12 (fractional), excluding USS 9821 and USS 9822;

Sec. 13 (fractional), excluding USS 9822 and USS 9823.

T. 5 S., R. 75 W.

Sec. 1 (fractional), all.

MAJOR WATERWAYS:

The Kanektok River was determined to be major and should be excluded from conveyance.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED:

a. (EIN 1 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

DISCUSSION:

The wording has been changed from the wording in IC 342 in order to reflect the fact that while the trail continues northwesterly to Eek, the trail ceases to be a "17(b) easement" when it enters public lands.

- b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail EIN 1 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot trail. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- c. (EIN 3 D1, C3) An easement for an existing and a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot trail. The season of use will be limited to winter.

d. (EIN 4 D1, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot trail. The season of use will be limited to winter.

DISCUSSION:

The wording has been changed from the wording in IC 342 in order to reflect the fact that while the trail continues southeasterly to Platinum, the trail ceases to be a "17(b) easement" when it enters public lands.

- e. (EIN 7 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site easement. The season of use will be limited to summer.
- f. (EIN 7a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 7 D9 in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, northerly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot trail. The season of use will be limited to summer.
- g. (EIN 18 E) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from public lands in Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, easterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot trail. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- h. (EIN 22 C5) An easement to establish a clear area adjacent to Quinhagak Airport for the safe operation of aircraft landings and take-offs. This area is to include the land and the space over the land, commencing with the west end of the runway at Quinhagak Airport, in Sec. 9, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, and extending forward from the runway, one thousand (1000) feet. The width of the easement will vary from one hundred and fifty (150) feet at the end of the runway, to one thousand one hundred fifty (1150) feet, at the opposite end. The easement uses reserved include the right to clear and keep clear the above described land from any or all obstructions infringing upon or extending into the Airport Imaginary Surfaces as set forth in Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations, as amended.

Interim Conveyance No.978:

Seward Meridian, Alaska (Surveyed)

<u>T. 4 S., R. 72 W.</u>

Sec. 28, excluding USS 9761.

MAJOR WATERWAYS:

The Kanektok River was determined to be major and should be excluded from conveyance.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED: None.

EASEMENT QUADRANGLE MAPS:

The easements were conformed to the survey plats and the maps reflect the current status and alignment of the easements listed above. Easements which have been terminated and released have been removed from the blueline maps.

/s/ Robert Lloyd
Robert Lloyd
Acting Assistant District Manager, Lands

Attachments

Maps - Kuskokwim Bay D1; Goodnews C7, C8, D7, D8

cc: with attachments

Qanirtuuq, Incorporated P.O. Box 69 Quinhagak, Alaska 99665

Calista Corporation 601 W. 5th Avenue, Suite 200 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

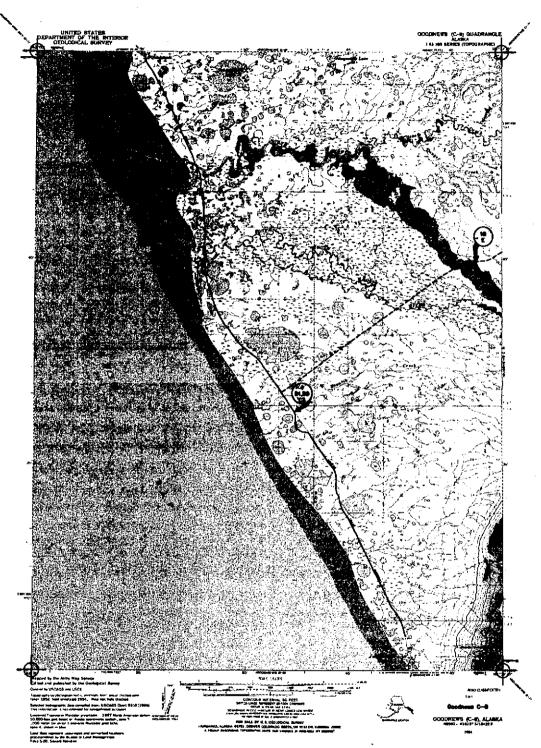
State of Alaska/DNR
State Interest Determination Unit
ATTN: James Culbertson
P.O. Box 107005
Anchorage, Alaska 99510-7005

bcc:

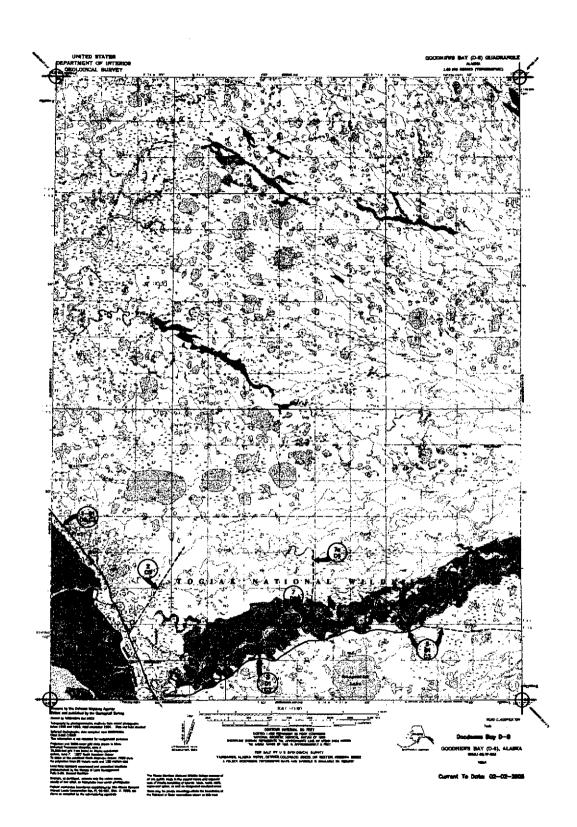
Easement Reading File (041)

BLM ADO Resource Division (042)

041:ESchweska:msb:6/27/94:ff1488p.es 041:ESchweska:msb:6/29/94:ff1488p.es

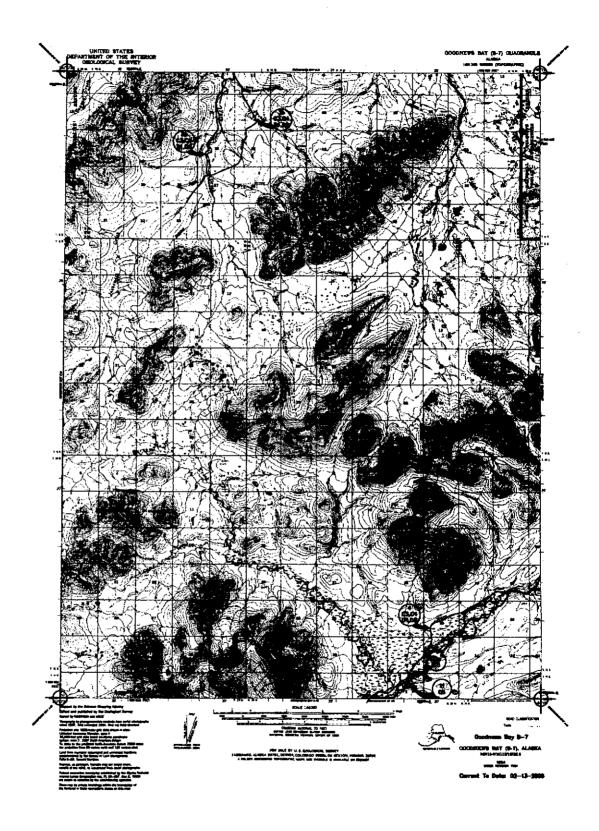


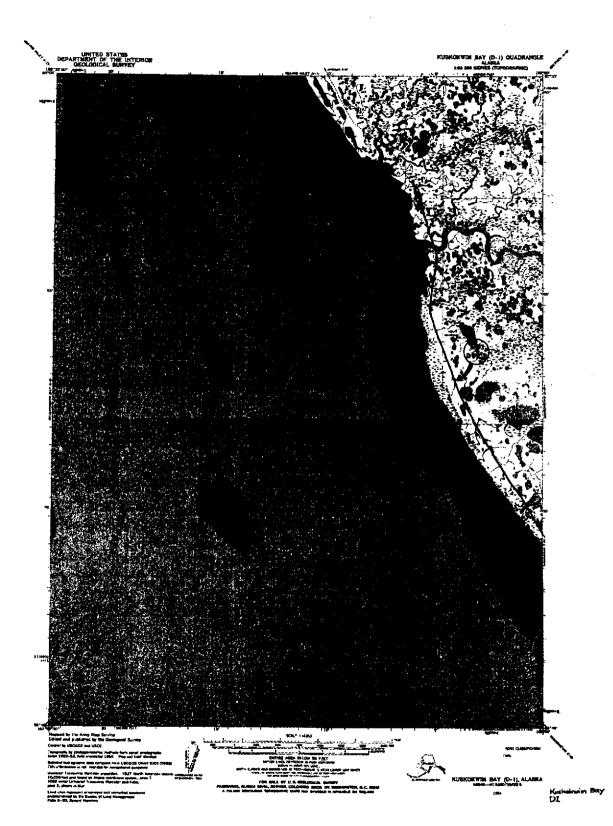
Current To Dobe 08-23-3005





Current To Date: 3-1-2008





Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 16

F-14885-A (2651) F-14885-EE (75.4) v (963)

APRIL 0 6 1995

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

NOTICE

Qanirtuuq, Inc. P.O. Box 69

Quinhagak, Alaska 99655

Calista Corporation

Attn: Land Department

601 West Fifth Avenue, Suite 200

Anchorage, Alaska 99501

F-14885-A

Intent to Issue Patent

On June 25, 1980, and December 18, 1984, Interim Conveyance (IC) Nos. 342 and 978, respectively, were issued to Qanirtuuq, Inc. The ICs, issued pursuant to Secs. 14(a) and 22(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (ANCSA), as amended, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(a), and 1621(j), conveyed the surface estate in approximately 103,407 acres of unsurveyed lands which were selected pursuant to Sec. 12(a) of the ANCSA. Interim Conveyance Nos. 343 and 979, were issued, pursuant to Secs. 14(f) and 22(j) of ANCSA, to Calista Corporation, for the subsurface estate of these lands on June 25, 1980, and December 18, 1984, respectively.

Due to recalculation of actual acreage established by survey, the total acreage that will be conveyed in the confirming patent, which will be charged against Native corporation entitlement, differs somewhat from the acreage indicated in the aforementioned ICs. You may notice a difference between the land description as ICd and that shown on the draft patents because of survey; however, you will receive your full entitlement from surveyed lands.

Section 22(j) of the ANCSA, as amended, provides for issuance of patent once survey has been accomplished and the boundaries of the lands conveyed by IC have been determined. Survey of the lands conveyed under the aforementioned ICs has been completed and approved, including the lands described in the enclosed draft patents.

The above-mentioned corporations are hereby notified of the intent to issue a patent which will describe and charge against the village entitlement only "uplands", and will exclude submerged lands, up to the ordinary high water mark, beneath all nonnavigable rivers 3 chains wide (198 feet) and wider, and beneath nonnavigable lakes 50 acres and larger which are meanderable according to the 1973 Bureau of Land Management Manual of Surveying Instructions, as modified by Departmental regulation 43 CFR 2650.1.

The navigability determination for the lands described in the enclosed draft patents remains unchanged from the time the ICs were issued; the lateral extent of navigability or tidal influence was identified at the time of survey.

The village core township, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, will not be patented at this time. Several Native allotment applications within this township require further processing in order to allow for patenting. Additionally, several sections in several townships will not be included in the patent because after survey it was discovered that they did not exist. They are Sec. 7, T. 4 S., R. 74 W.; Sec. 32, T. 5 S., R. 74 W.; Sec. 28, T. 6 S., R. 74 W.; Secs. 2 and 11, T. 3 S., R. 75 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska.

The following lands will also not be patented at this time. These lands require additional adjudication prior to patent: Sec. 4, T. 6 S., R. 73 W.; and Sec. 28, T. 5 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska.

All necessary title affirmations for Native allotment applications located within the lands to be patented have been accomplished.

The patent for the subsurface estate, which will be issued to Calista Corporation, will contain additional wording requiring Calista to obtain the consent of Qanirtuuq, Inc., the surface land owner, when exercising the right to explore, develop, or remove minerals from the subsurface estate from patented lands that are within the boundaries of the Native village of Quinhagak, per Sec. 14(f) of ANCSA.

The lands described in the enclosed draft patents do not include all of the lands in IC 342. This IC is still in full force and effect as to the remaining lands. Upon issuance of the enclosed draft patents, the status of land conveyance to the village of Quinhagak toward Sec. 12(a) entitlement will stand as follows:

12(a) Entitlement	115,200
Lands Already Patented	0.00
Remaining IC'd Acres (Not including lands within this Patent) (approximate figure)	15,517.18
Lands within this Patent	78,864.52
Remaining Entitlement	20,818.30

All easements identified in the enclosed draft patents have been conformed in accordance with Sec. 17(b) easement regulation 43 CFR 2650.4-7. The patent easement memorandum, dated July 7, 1994, is enclosed.

There is a change in the paragraph referencing the valid existing rights to which the aforementioned ICs are subject. Since the lands described in the enclosed draft patents were at no time conveyed to the State of Alaska, it could not have created any third-party interests in those lands. Therefore, the draft patents do not include the parenthetical phrase "(including a lease issued under Sec. 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act . . .)."

Copies of the survey plats, patent easement memorandum, draft patents, easement maps, master title plats, and acreage calculation sheets are enclosed with this notice. Careful review should be made of the enclosures to confirm that the lands, as surveyed, correctly describe those lands granted by the aforementioned ICs.

Any comments should be directed, in writing, to the Bureau of Land Management, Branch of Southwest Adjudication (963), 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13, Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599, within sixty (60) days from receipt of this notice. An early response indicating that you agree that the draft patents are correct, or any concerns regarding them, will facilitate issuance of the final patent documents. If no response is received after the expiration of the sixty days, we will conclude that you agree the draft documents are correct and the patents will be issued as they are now drafted.

The State of Alaska, adjacent landowners, and any additional parties whose interests are known are being furnished copies of this notice.

/s/ Heather A Costs

Heather A. Coats
Land Law Examiner
Branch of Southwest Adjudication

Enclosures:
Draft Patents
Survey Plats
Master Title Plats
Easement Maps
Patent Easement Memorandum dtd 7/7/94
Acreage Calculation Sheets

Copy furnished to:

State of Alaska (CM-RRR)
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Land
Resource Assessment and Development
P.O. Box 107005
Anchorage, Alaska 99510-7005
(w/cy of enclosures)

Commander (sr) (CM-RRR)
MLC-PAC
Coast Guard Island
Alameda, California 94501-5100
(w/cy of enclosures)

John Jensen (CM-RRR)
State of Alaska
Department of Transportation
and Public Facilities
Right-of-Way Branch
P.O. Box 196900
Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6900
(w/cy of enclosures)

Commandant (C-ECU-4) (CM-RRR)
Attn: Marcia Eckman
U.S. Coast Guard
2100 Second Street, SW
Washington, D.C. 20593
(w/cy of enclosures)

Department of Community and (CM-RRR)
Regional Affairs
Municipal and Regional Assistance Program
Municipal Trust Program
Attn: Rick Elliott
333 W. 4th Avenue, Suite 220
Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2341
(w/cy of enclosures)

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (CM-RRR) Division of Realty Chief, Branch of Operations 1011 East Tudor Road Anchorage, Alaska 99503

cc:

DM-A (040) (w/cy of conveyance documents)

ANCSA/State Coordinator (961)



WHEREAS

Qanirtuuq, Inc.

is entitled to a patent pursuant to Sec. 14(a) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(a), of the surface estate in the following-described lands, a portion of which was vested by Interim Conveyance No. 342 of June 25, 1980, and Interim Conveyance No. 978 of December 18, 1984:

Seward Meridian, Alaska

```
√ T. 4 S., R. 72 W.
Secs. 20 through 23, inclusive;
Sec. 24, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 25, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 26, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 27, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 28, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 29;
Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 31, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 32, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 34, 35, and 36.
```

Containing 9,607.56 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 6 S., R. 72 W.
Sec. 19, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 29, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 30, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 31;
Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 33, lots 1 to 8, inclusive.
```

Containing 3,575.68 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.



```
T. 7 S., R. 72 W.
Sec. 3;
Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 9, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 14, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 15, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 22;
Sec. 23, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 25, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 26 and 35.
```

Containing 6,606.18 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 4 S., R. 73 W.
Secs. 25 to 33, inclusive;
Sec. 34, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 35, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;
Sec. 36, lots 1 to 9, inclusive.
```

Containing 7,053.32 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
✓ T. 5 S., R. 73 W.
Secs. 4 and 5;
Sec. 6, lots 1 and 1;
Sec. 7, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 8 and 9;
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive;
Sec. 23, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 24 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 27;
Sec. 29, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 31, lots 1 to 4, inclusive,
```

Patent Number



Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive, Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3; Secs. 34, 35, and 36.

Containing 14,948.17 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.
Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 11, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 13, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 23;
Sec. 24, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 25.

Containing 5,029.45 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W. Sec. 2, lots 1 to 8, inclusive; Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 5, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 6, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 7: Sec. 8, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 9, lots 1 to 6, inclusive: Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 11, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 14, lots 1 to 8, inclusive; Sec. 15, lots 1 to 7, inclusive: Sec. 16, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 17, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Secs. 18 and 19; Sec. 20, lots 1 to 6, inclusive; Sec. 21, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 22, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;

Patent Number____



```
Sec. 23, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 28, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 29, 30, and 31;
Sec. 32, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 33, 34, and 35.
```

Containing 16,068.35 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 4 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 8, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 9, 10, and 11;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Secs. 15, 16, and 17;
Sec. 21, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 22, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 23 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 34;
Sec. 35, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 36.
```

Containing 9,214.22 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 6 S., R. 74 W.
Sec. 2;
Sec. 3, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 4, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 9, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 11 and 14;
Sec. 15, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 16, lots 1 and 2;
```

Patent Number



Secs. 21, 22, and 23; Sec. 26, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 27.

Containing 5,954.08 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1; Sec. 12, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 13, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Containing 803.23 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 5 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1.

Containing 4.28 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

Aggregating 78,864.52 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation the surface estate in the lands above described; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever:

EXCEPTING AND RESERVING TO THE UNITED STATES from the lands so granted:

1. The subsurface estate therein, and all rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, accruing unto said estate pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f); and

Patent Number_____



2. Pursuant to Sec. 17(b) of the Alaska Native Claims
Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601,
1616(b), the following public easements, referenced by
easement identification number (EIN) on the easement
maps, copies of which can be found in the Bureau of
Land Management's Public Land Records Office,
are reserved to the United States. These
easements are subject to applicable Federal, State,
or municipal corporation regulation. The following
is a listing of uses allowed for these types of
easements. Any uses which are not specifically listed are
prohibited:

25 Foot Trail - The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsleds, animals, snowmobiles, two- and three- wheel vehicles, and small all-terrain vehicles (ATV's) (less than 3,000 lbs. gross vehicle weight (GVW)).

One Acre Site - The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, all-terrain vehicles (ATV's), snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

- a. (EIN 1 Dl, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail EIN 1 Dl, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses

Patent Number



allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

- c. (EIN 3 Dl, C3) An easement for an existing and proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- d. (EIN 4 Dl, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- e. (EIN 7a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 7 D9 in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, northerly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to summer.
- f. (EIN 7 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site easement. The season of use will be limited to summer.

Patent Number



g. (EIN 18 E) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from public lands in Sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, westerly, thence southwesterly, to connect with existing trail EIN 4 D1, D9, C3, in Sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

- 1. Valid existing rights therein, if any, including but not limited to those created by any lease, contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him. Further, pursuant to Sec. 17(b)(2) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (ANCSA), 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1616(b)(2), any valid existing right recognized by ANCSA shall continue to have whatever right of access as is now provided for under existing law; and
- 2. Requirements of Sec. 14(c) of the Alaska Native Claims
 Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601,
 1613(c), that the grantee hereunder convey those
 portions, if any, of the lands hereinabove granted as are
 prescribed in said section.



WHEREAS

Calista Corporation

is entitled to a patent pursuant to Sec. 14(f) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f), of the subsurface estate reserved to the United States in the hereinbelow-identified patent for the surface estate in the following-described lands, a portion of which was vested by Interim Conveyance No. 343 of June 25, 1980, and Interim Conveyance No. 979 of December 18, 1984:

Patent No.

Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 4 S., R. 72 W.
Secs. 20 through 23, inclusive;
Sec. 24, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 25, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 26, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 27, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 28, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 29;
Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 31, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 32, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 34, 35, and 36.

Containing 9,607.56 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W. Sec. 19, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 29, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 30, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;



Sec. 31;

Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 33, lots 1 to 8, inclusive.

Containing 3,575.68 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 3;

Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 9, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 14, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 15, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 22;

Sec. 23, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 25, lots 1 and 2;

Secs. 26 and 35.

Containing 6,606.18 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 4 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 25 to 33, inclusive;

Sec. 34, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 35, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;

Sec. 36, lots 1 to 9, inclusive.

Containing 7,053.32 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 5 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 4 and 5;

Sec. 6, lots 1 and 1;

Sec. 7, lots 1 and 2;

Secs. 8 and 9;

Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive;

Patent Number



Sec. 23, lots 1 and 2; Secs. 24 and 25; Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 27; Sec. 29, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 31, lots 1 to 4, inclusive, Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive, Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3; Secs. 34, 35, and 36.

Containing 14,948.17 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.
Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 11, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 13, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 23;
Sec. 24, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 25.

Containing 5,029.45 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.
Sec. 2, lots 1 to 8, inclusive;
Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 5, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 7;
Sec. 8, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 9, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 11, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 8, inclusive;

Patent Number ____



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Sec. 15, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 16, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 17, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Secs. 18 and 19; Sec. 20, lots 1 to 6, inclusive; Sec. 21, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 22, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 23, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 28, lots 1 and 2; Secs. 29, 30, and 31; Secs. 29, 30, and 31; Secs. 32, lots 1, 2, and 3; Secs. 33, 34, and 35.
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Containing 16,068.35 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

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T. 4 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 8, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 9, 10, and 11;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Secs. 15, 16, and 17;
Sec. 21, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 22, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 23 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 37, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 34;
Sec. 35, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 36.
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Containing 9,214.22 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 74 W. Sec. 2;

Patent Number____



Sec. 3, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 4, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Sec. 9, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Secs. 11 and 14;

Sec. 15, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 16, lots 1 and 2;

Secs. 21, 22 and 23;

Sec. 26, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Sec. 27.

Containing 5,954.08 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W.

Sec. 1;

Sec. 12, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 13, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Containing 803.23 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 5 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1.

Containing 4.28 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

Aggregating 78,864.52 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation the subsurface estate in the lands above described; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever.

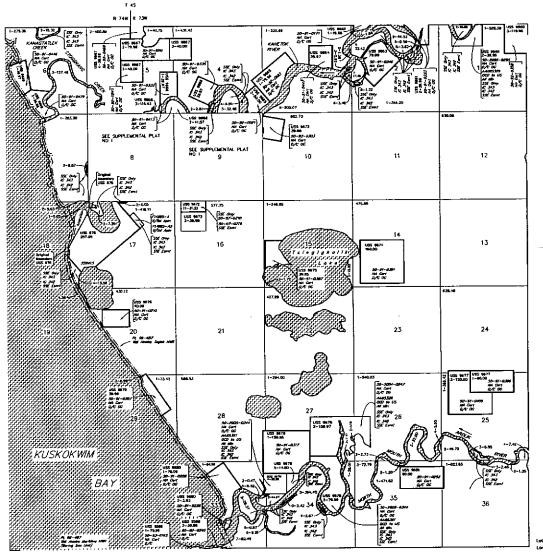
Patent Number____



THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

- 1. All the easements and rights-of-way referenced in the aforementioned patent of the surface estate, and to valid existing rights therein, if any, in the said subsurface estate, including but not limited to those created by any lease, contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him; and
- 2. The requirements of Sec. 14(f) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, and 1613(f), that the right to explore, develop, or remove minerals from the subsurface estate in the lands herein conveyed which are within the boundaries of the Native village of Quinhagak shall be subject to the consent of Qanirtuuq, Inc.

SURVEYED TOWNSHIP 5 SOUTH, RANGE 74 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA



STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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FOR UNDERS EFFECTING DISPOSAL OR USE OF UN-IDENTIFED LAINS WITHOUM FOR CLASSIFICATION WHEREALS, WATER AND/OR OTHER PUBLIC PURPOSES RETER TO HEEK OF WISCILLANDUS DOCUMENTS.

Pt. 92-203 WH F14885 Life WA F14885-A, F14885-A2

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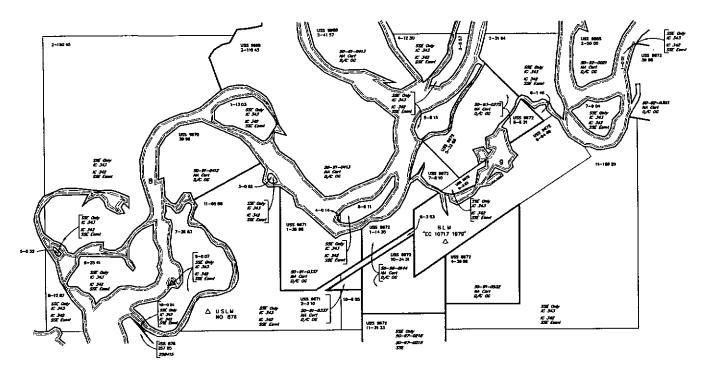
Kanektok River System-II-B Report Attachment 17

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STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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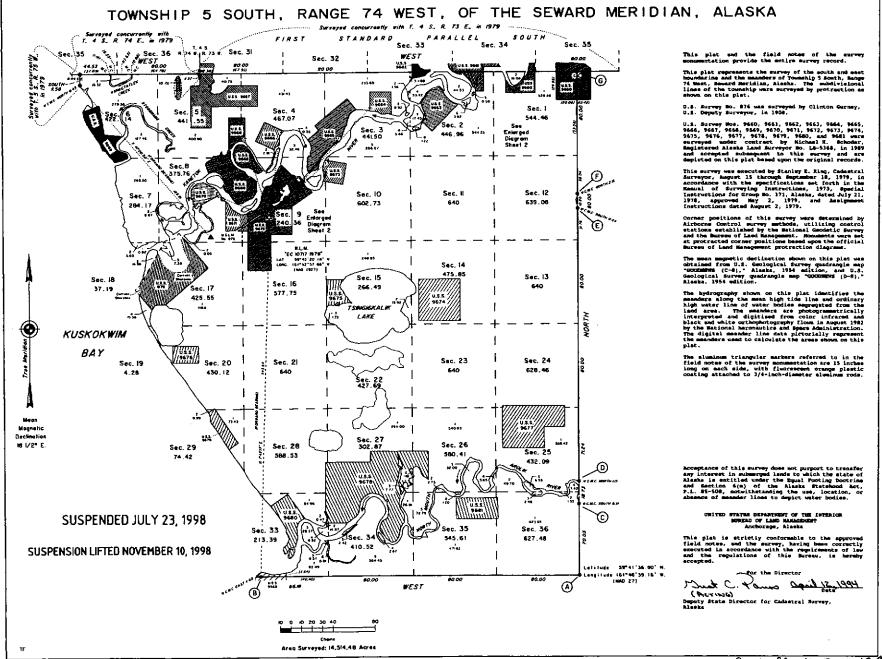
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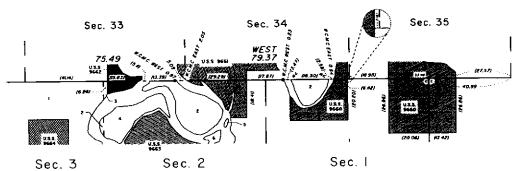
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Sheet I of 2 Sheets



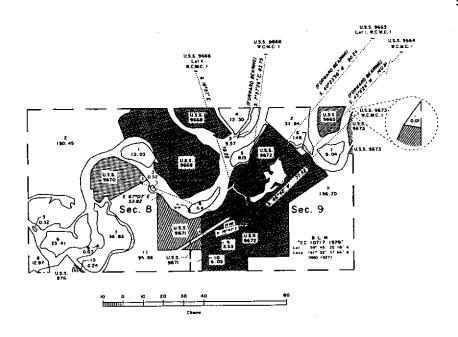
TOWNSHIP 5 SOUTH, RANGE 74 WEST, OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

ENLARGED DIAGRAMS



SUSPENDED JULY 23, 1998

SUSPENSION LIFTED NOVEMBER 10, 1998



Declination IB 1/2" E.

PERENCE ESCOLO DE HYDE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR SUREAD OF LAND SAUCEMENT

this plat is strictly conformable to the approved field pokes, and the survey, having been correctly executed in accordance with the requirements of law and the regulations of this Bersey, is berety

For the Direct

Just C. Panes Garil 17, 1994

Deputy State Director for Cadestral Survey, Risebe



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Alaska State Office 222 W. 7th Avenue, # 13 Anchorage Alaska 99513-7599

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9600 (920) Gr 171. AK

JUI_ 2 ~ 1998

From: Frank A. Hardt, Cadastral Surveyor (Ak-920) Chief, Branch of Survey Preparation and Policy Interpretation (AK-925)

Subject: Plat Suspension. T. 5 S., R. 74 W., S.M.

disclosed both a survey and platting error. Recent events in the village of Quinhagak have led to an examination of the original survey plat of T. 5 S., R. 74 W., S.M. (Officially Filed 4/28/94) and accreted to U.S. Survey No. 876 (Pat. No. 259415, 4/15/12) and should not be land to which the United States holds no legal title. shown on the township plat. Furthermore, the federal government can not convey In essence, Lot 3, Section 18, is land

the suspension may be removed. corrected acreage. Following the acceptance and official filing of the amended plat an amended plat of Sec. 18 prepared to reflect the removal of Lot 3 and return a The original plat of T. 5 S., R. 74 W., S.M. should be suspended immediately and

notification to the Division of Conveyance Management. affect Interim Conveyances 342 and 343. This memorandum will serve as proper These actions taken by the Division of Cadastral Survey and Geomatics will also

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TOWNSHIP 5 SOUTH, RANGE 74 WEST, OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAT

This supplemental plat of section 18, Township 5 South, Range 74 Meat. Seward Meriddin, Alaska, shows amended lotting by eliminating original Lot 3 and revising the total acreage of section 18 from 37.19 acres to 20.61 acres. These revisions are required for identifying apparent accretions to U.S. Survey Mo. 876 and are based upon the official survey records; the plat of U.S. Survey Mo. 876 approved Movember 9, 1909; the plat of the Dependent Resurvey of U.S. Survey Mo. 876 accepted March 14, 1994; and the plat of soccepted March 14, 1994; and the plat of Township 5 South, Range 74 Mest, Seward Meridian, Alaska, accepted April 12, 1994.



Acceptance of this survey does not purport to transfer any interest in submerged lands to which the State of Alaska is entitled under the Equal Footing Ductrime and Section 6(a) of the Alaska Statehood Act, P.L. 85-508, notwithstanding the use, location, or absence of meander lines to depict water bodies.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Alaska

This supplemental plat is based upon the official records and, having been correctly prepared in accordance with the regulations of this Bureau, is bereby accepted.

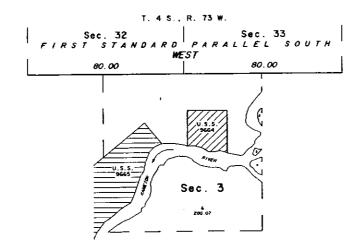
for the Director

794 C. Pana Noy 10, 1998 (OCHITSA)

Deputy State Director for Cadastral Survey, Alaska

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAT

This supplemental plat of Township 5 South, Range 74 West, Seward Neridian, Alasks, shows amended lotting created by the correction of an error noted on the plat accepted April 12, 1994. Specifically the area for lot 5, section 3 was not correct. These revisions are hased upon the official survey record; the plat of Township 5 South, Range 74 Mest, Seward Meridian, Alasks, accepted April 12, 1994.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Alaska

This supplemental plat is based upon the official records, and having been correctly prepared in accordance with the regulations of this Bureau, is haraby accepted.

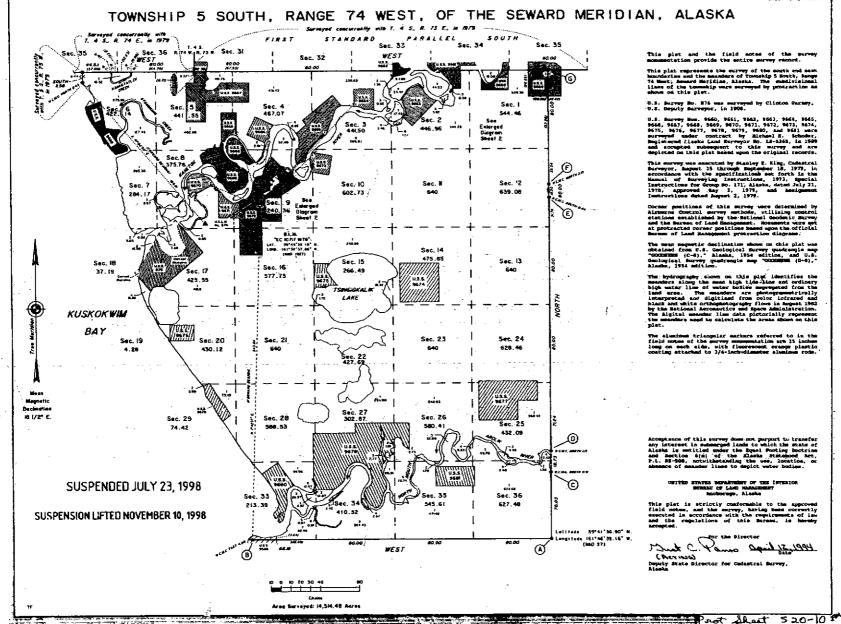
For the Directo

John Sante 3/23/2007

Deputy State Director for Cadastral Survey, Alaska

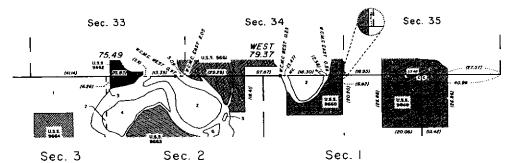
ALOTES R-IR

Sheet I of 2 Sheets



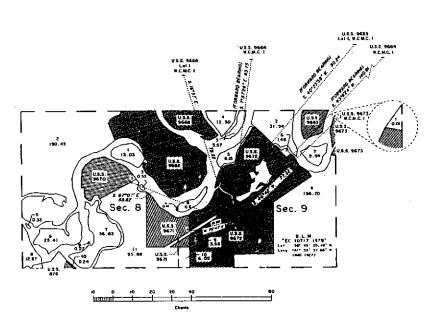
TOWNSHIP 5 SOUTH, RANGE 74 WEST, OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

ENLARGED DIAGRAMS



SUSPENDED JULY 23, 1998

SUSPENSION LIFTED NOVEMBER 10, 1998



Magnetic Declination 18 1/2" E.

SURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 73 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

MTP

FOR DROCKS EFFECTING DISPOSAL OR USE OF UN-OCHTIFIE LANDS WITHORNIW FOR CLASSIFICATION MINERALS, WATER AND/OR OTHER PUBLIC PURPOSES REFER TO BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS.

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SURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 73 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

MTP SUPPL SECS 34, 35

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FOR ORDERS EFFECTING DESPOSAL OR USE OF UN-DENTIFEED LANDS WINDERAWN FOR GLASSIFICATION WINERALS, WHITE AMOUNT OTHER PRICE PURPOSES REFER TO MORN OF WISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS.

PLO 5184 Md Cl affects Lds/interests not conveyed

Pt. 97-203 Well F14885, Las WA F14558-A, F14885-A2

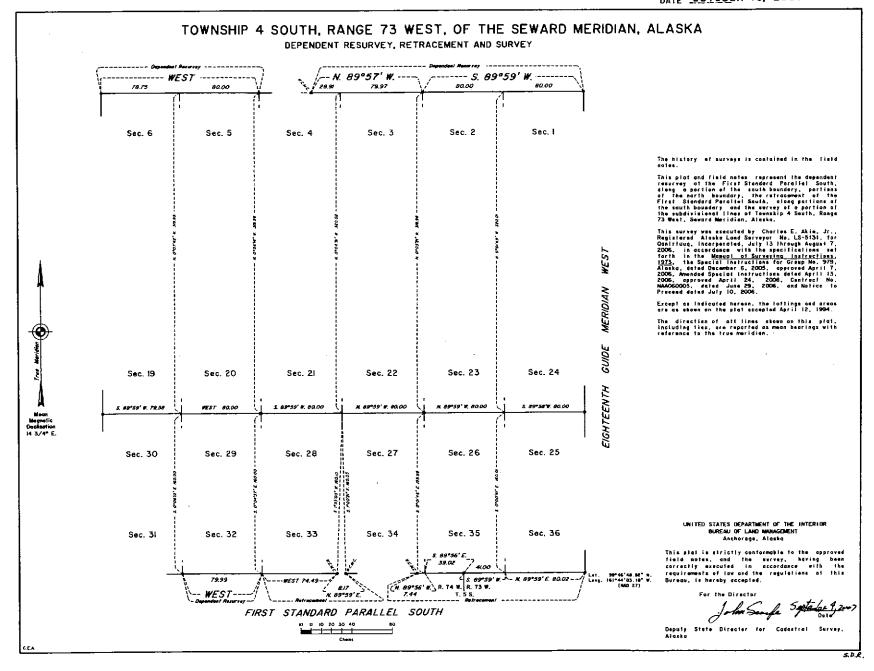
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NOTES R-138

TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH, RANGE 73 WEST, OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA - WEST with 1. 3 S. R. 74 This plat and the field notes of the survey - N 80 00 0 ation provide the entire survey record. A 1974 This plat represents the marroy of first Standard Parallel South along the south boundary of Township 4 south through Range 37 West, the Sighteenth Guide Heridian West through Township 4 South between Ranges 22 and 73 Mest, the north boundary, and the mandars of Township 4 South, Sange 73 West, Seward Meridian, Alaeka. The subdivisional lines of the Township were surreyed by protraction as shown on this plat. 78.75 Ø Sec. 3 Sec. 4 635.79 Sec. 2 Sec. I Sec. 6 Sec. 5 382.64 M G.S. DAY 1948 640 640 U.S. Surrey No., 9655, 9657, 9558, 9659, 9660, 9661, 9663, and 9661 were surreyed under contract by Stiches II. Schooler, Registered Blank Leaf Surreyer No. LE-5168, in 1989 and accepted subsequent to this surrey and are depicted on this plat based upon the original records. 603.36 546 49 2000 S This survey was executed by Stanley E. King, Codestral Surveyor, Juquet 15 through Reptember 18, 1979, In accordance with the specifications set forth in the Hannel of Burveying Instructions, 1973, Special Instructions for Group Bo. 171, Alexan, dated yelly 21, 1976, approved Hay 2, 1975, and Assignment Instructions dated August 2, 1979, Sec. # Sec. 12 Sec. 9 Sec. 7 Sec. 8 460.19 640 640 528 06 447.94 Sec. 10 Corner positions of this survey were decarmined by Airborne Control murrey methods, utiliting Control sections established by the Heatineal Geodetic Survey and the Bureau of Land Management. Honuments were set at protracted corner positions based upon the official Bureau of Land Management protraction dispense. 396.16 Ø 8.L.M. 'EC STA 10695 1979' The mean magnetic declination shows on this plat was obtained from U.S. Geological Servey quadrangle map "COCCEPTER (0-8)," Alaska, 1954 edition. The hydrography shown on this plat identifies the meanders along the mean high tide line and ordinary high water line of water bodies engregated from the land area. The manadars are photogrammatrically interpreted and digitized from color infrared and black and white orthophotography flown is hequet 1952 by the Belloual impromotics and space behavioration. The digital manadar line data pictorially represent the mean above on this was also been also also the colour of the second of the se Sec. 15 Sec. 14 Sec. 13 Sec. 16 502.32 590.19 640 64 D Æ 407.44 111 The aluminum triangular markers referred to in the field notes of the survey monumentation are 15 inches loss on each side, with fluorescent orange plastic coating attached to 3/4-inch-diameter aluminum rods. Sec. 22 Sec. 23 Sec. 24 Sec. 20 Sec. 21 Sec. 19 640 640 635.64 640 640 Megn 0 Magnetic Declination (8 1/2º €. Sec. 27 Sec. 26 Sec 25 Sec. 29 Sec. 28 Sec. 30 640 637,48 640 640 Acceptance of this survey does not purpose to transfer any intresent in submarged lands to which the intra of Alseks is matitied under the Equal Footing Doctries and Section 6(s) of the Alseks StateMond Act, F.L. 83-508, notwithstanding the use, location, or absence of meander lines to depict water bodies. B) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR SUREED OF LAMP MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Blaska Sec. 36 Sec. 35 1 Sec. 34 523.11 Sec. 33 Sec 32 Sec 31 390.56 45194 This plat is strictly conformable to the approved field notes, and the survey, having been correctly executed is accordance with the recyclements of les and the regulations of this Bareau, is hereby accepted. 640 595.27 атт Latitude 39'46'48 92' 1 For the Director Lang-1080 |61*44'05 |8" 4 4991451 finals 80.00 Must Citano **®** ď. (ALTING) Deputy State Director for Cadastral Survey, Alaska WEST FIRST STANDARD PARALLEL **SOUTH** NO 9 10 20 30 40 Areo Surveyed: 20,820.90 Acres Prot Sheet 520-3



SURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 72 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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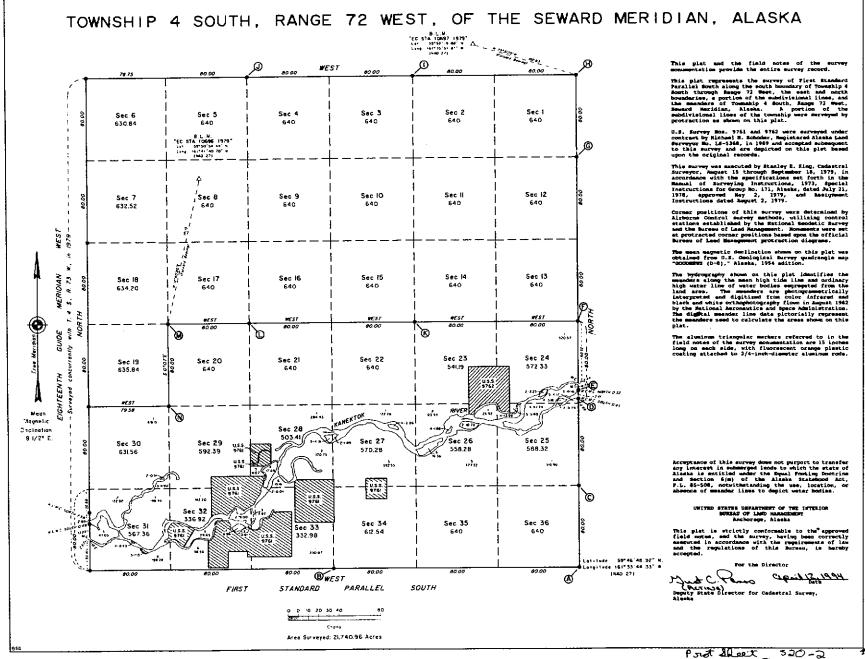
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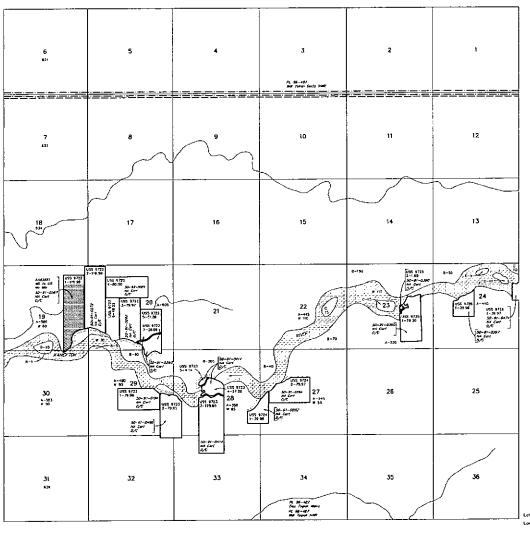
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DATE APRIL 28, 1994



UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 71 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

PROTRACTION DIAGRAM NO. 520-2 OFFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1960



STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES AND ACQUIRED LANCS

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FOR ORDERS EFFECTING DISPOSAL OF USE OF UN-IDENTIFIED LANDS WITHDRAWN FOR CLASSIFICATION WHEREALS, WATER AND/OR OTHER PUBLIC PROPROSES REFER TO INDEX OF WISCELLAMEDIES DOCUMENTS.

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Lot 59'46'48 921"N Long 161"23'25,479"W

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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 70 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA PROTRACTION DIAGRAM NO. 520-2 OFFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1990

STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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CURRENT TO FWS, EHIL 11-20-2002

UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH, RANGE 69 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA PROTRACTION DIAGRAM INC. \$20-2 OFFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1980

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STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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PROTRACTION DIAGRAM NO. \$20-11 OFFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1960 A-M1 11 12 13 23 24 19 30 35 32

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STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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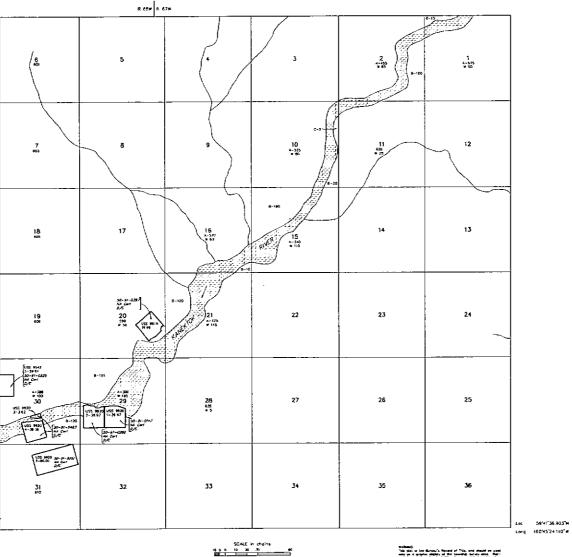
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CURRENT TO FWS, BHL T 5 S > 5-2-2002 R 69 W CL

Lat 59'41'36,903"N Lang 180'55'38,619"W

UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 5 SOUTH RANGE 68 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA PROTRACTION DIAGRAM MG. 520-12 OFFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1960



STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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CURRENT TO 6-25-2009

UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 67 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA

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STATUS OF PUBLIC DONAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH RANGE 66 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA PROTRACTION DIAGRAM NO. 520-1 OFFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1980

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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 66 WEST OF THE MERIDIAN, ALASKA SEWARD STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES MTP INDEX TO SEGREGATED TRACTS ORIGINAL SURVEY
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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE PROTRACTION DIAGRAM NO 520-1 DEFICIALLY FILED 1/27/1950 **SEWARD** MERIDIAN, ALASKA STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES أراب والمستوال والمستوال MTP INDEX TO SEGREGATED TRACTS RESURVEY ORIGINAL SURVEY
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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 64 WEST OF THE PROTRACTION DIABRAM NO 519-4 OFFICIALLY FILED 5/23/1960 SEWARD 10 17 16 15 13 18 184 20 26 30 27 28 31 32 36 Let. 56'57'00.934"N Lawy. 460"11"13.532"W WARMING THIS THE BUREAUS RECORD OF TITLE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY AS A DRAFMIC BUREAU OF TOWNSHIP SERVEY BATA. RECORDS HEREON DO NOT REFLECT HOTE CHAMBES, WHICH MAY HAVE BEEN EFFECTED BY LATERAL MOVEMENTS OF ROYES ON OTHER BOOKS WASTER RESEN TO THE CHAMBES.

MERIDIAN, ALASKA

STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH RANGE 63 WEST OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA PROTRACTION DIAGRAM NO. 519-4 OFTICIALLY FILED 5-25-1960

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STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND IMMERAL TITLES

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FOR UNDERS EFFECTING DISPOSAL OR USE OF UN-DEHITIED LANDS WITHDRAWN FOR CLASSIFICATION MINERALS, WATER AND/OR OTHER PUBLIC PLINFOSES REFER TO WORK OF MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS.

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UNSURVEYED TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH, RANGE 63 WEST OF THE SEWARD PRITRACTION DIAGRAM NO S19-4 OFFICIALLY FILED 5/25/1960

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MERIDIAN, ALASKA

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STATUS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN LAND AND MINERAL TITLES

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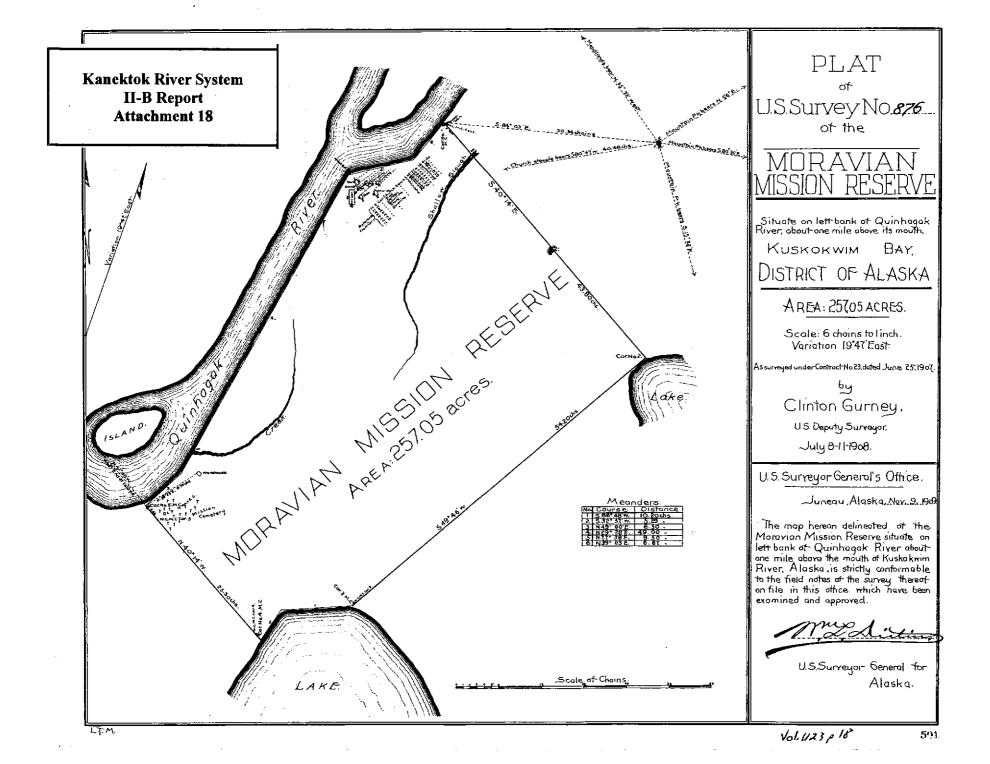
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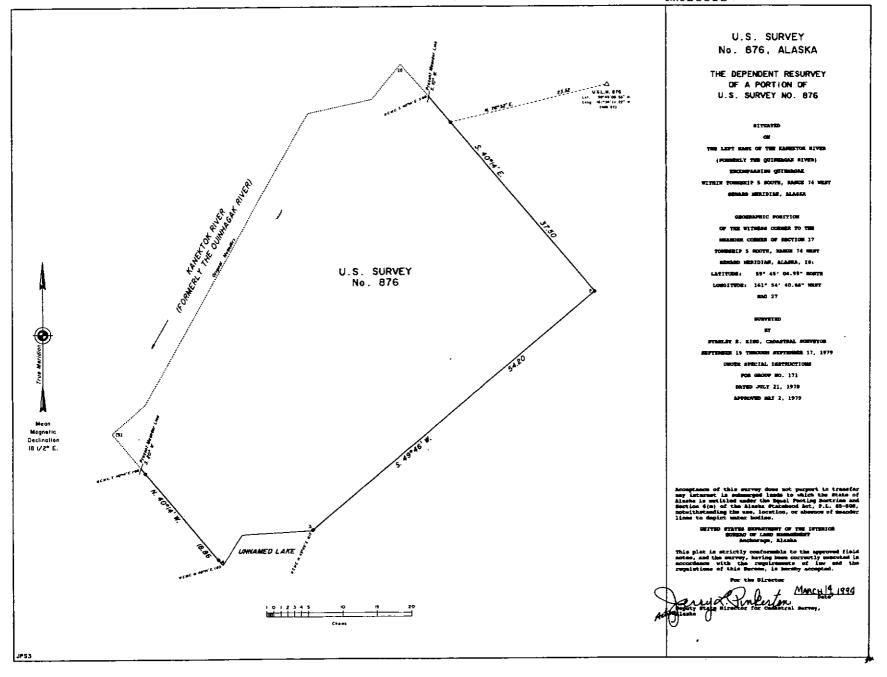
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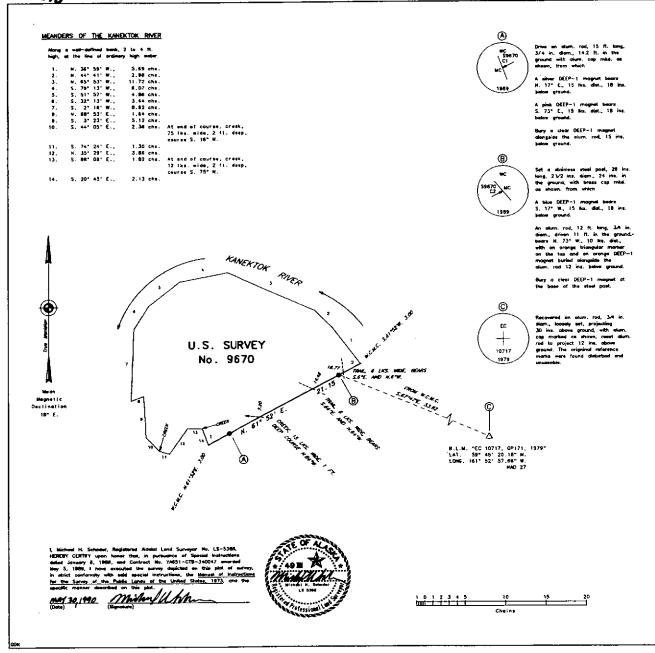
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Lat. 59*46'48.92 174







U.S. SURVEY No. 9670, ALASKA

This plot contains the entire survey record.

The monumentation of the exterior boundaries of Tauradia 5 Seeds, Renge 74 Mest, Seward Medicini consecution of the Seeds Medicini Comp. Consecution Surveyor in 1978 under Seeds Instruction for Group Mo. 171, debtd July 21, 1978 on department Seeds Seeds Instruction for Corup Mo. 171, debtd July 21, 1978 on department Seeds Seed

This survey was executed by Michael H. Schoder, Registered Assists Land Surveyor No. (5-3388, for Real Consultant, Inc., July 15 bitwaysh all, 30, 1989, in accordance with the specifications early in accordance with the specifications, 1973. Special histractions of state Jenuery 8, 1888, opportunities of the special state of the special content of the special content of the special content of the special content of the special content of the special

Field assistants were:

Micheel J. Tietz John K. Cossily Decet S. Nations Rendol H. Brinker

Areg: 39.96 Acres.

The primuth was sistained from a solar

The geographic position of the witness corner to from a tie to Gureou of Lend Management electronic control station "EC 10717 G171 1979", is:

tatitude: 59" 45' 33.41" North

Longitude: 161" 54' 01.65" West

The mean magnetic declination was taken from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Kodiok Sectional Aerobaukical Chart effective March 9, 1989, and is a 1985 languaric value.

This survey is situated on the left trank of the Kanektok River, near the city of Quintagak.

The B.L.M. Location Fag was found. The position of this survey was determined by the Contract inspector from the description given in the Land

The land, which is 2 to 10 feet above ordinary high water, is neighbody level ground, vegetated by patches of dense willow brush.

Permetroet was not encountered in the soil of sond, gravel, sitt and clay:

Acceptance of this survey does not purport to transfer only interest in submoraged lands to which the State of Alexada is entitled under the Cquel Facoting Octobine and Section 6(m) of the Alexan Statement Act, P.I. 85—500, retrivillationshing the use, location, or absence of secunder less to depict works location.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU DF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage. Alaska

executed in accordance with the requirements of the and the regulations of this Gursou, is hereby accepted.

Robert of andorfor 27 July 1890

Deputy State Director for Codestrol Survey, Maska

U.S. SURVEY No. 9668, ALASKA

> SITUATED ON THE PROPET BANK OF THE

THE CITY OF QUINNAGAK, ALASKU

A MEANDER CORNER IS: LATITUDE: 59" 46" 08.82" MORTH

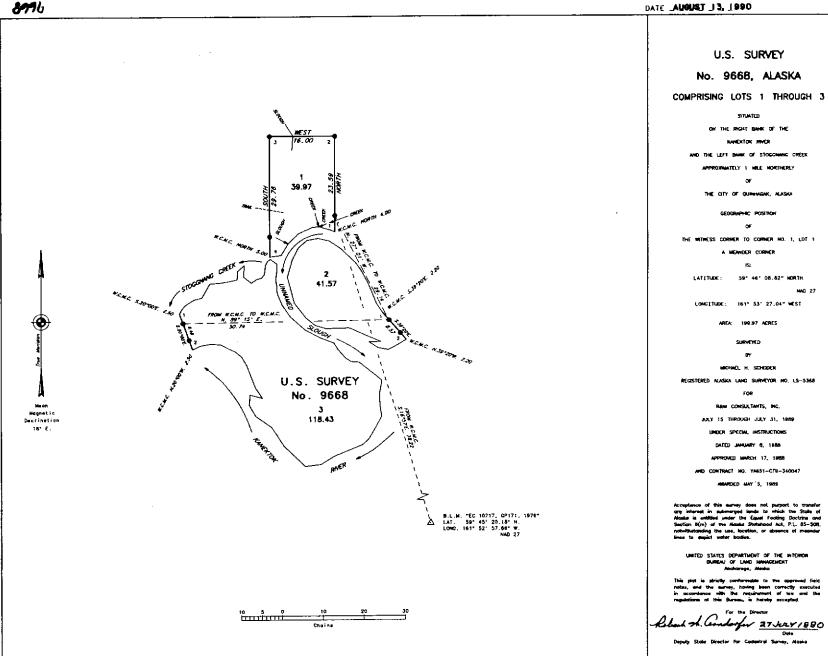
LONGITUDE: 161" 53" 27.04" WEST AREA: 199.97 ACRES

MICHAEL, H. SIZHODER

RAM CONSULTANTS, INC.

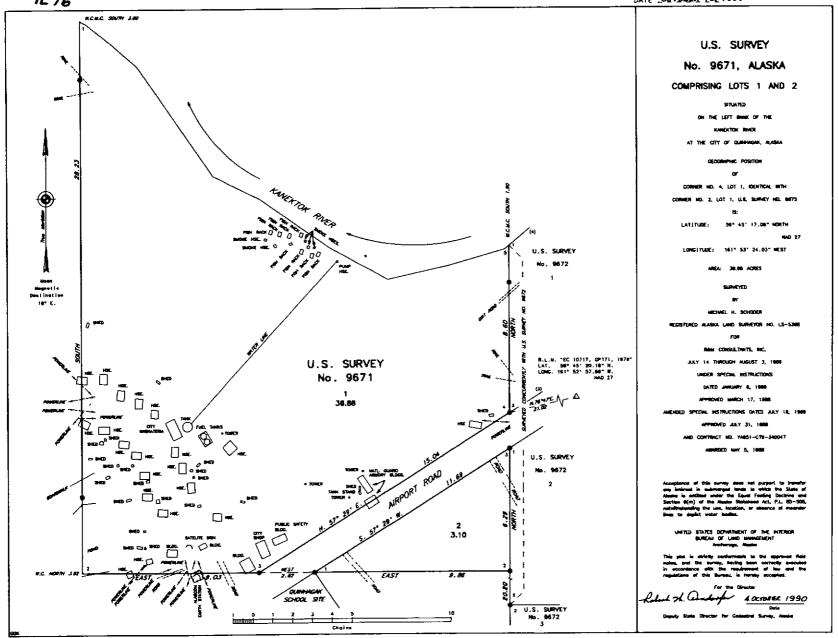
AND CONTRACT NO. YARS1-CTR-340047

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND IMMEDIENCHERT Anchorage, Mesika



Tup. 5 South, R. 74 West, Seward Movidean Pradi Goodness Bay 8-8 Prot: 5 20-10 Notes: Vol. U- 185, page 54





PROT S20-10 Quad GOODLACUS Bay D8 FIELD Nobes FOUND 12 VOI U.184 p273

Magnetic

Sectionation

18" E.

Δ

MEANDERS OF THE KANEKTOK RIVER Along a well-defined bank, 0 to 3 ft. high, at the line of artinoxy high mater. M. 22" 16" E., 2.13 cm., N. 30" 65" E., 3.06 chs, N. 17" 30" E., 1.50 chs, At end of course, slough, 23 lks. wide, 3 fl. deep, course S. 88" W. 6. N. 1" 28" W., 2.97 chs. At end of course, slough, 50 lke, wide, 3 lt. desp, course S. 10° W.

2.52 che.

3.21 che 4.29 chs.

1.29 chs. 3.13 chs.

4.39 chi

1.20 cha.

MCME T80,005 T00

MCME SOUTH JOS

RIVER

5. 88" 08" W.,

S. 68 08 E. S. 26 39 W. N. 5 39 W. N. 7 25 W. N. 11 18 W.

N. 15" 01" E . N. 17" 57" E . N. 25" 25" E .



80.00.E.

U.S. SURVEY

No. 9673

19.05

Set a stainless steel post, 78 ins. long, 21/2 ins. diam., 24 ins. in the ground, with brass cap role. as shown, from which

A silver DEFP-1 mount beers N. 55° E., 15 Ma. skiel., 18 ins. below ground.

A pink DEEP-1 magnet begrs S, 35° E., 15 No. dist., 18 ins.

Sury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the steel post,

20.55



Set a stainless steel poot, 26 fes. long, 21/2 ins. diam., 25 ins. in the ground, with pross cap mks. as shown, from which

An alum rod, 12 ft. long, 1/4 in. sigms, seven 11 ft. in the ground, bears S. 55" W., 10 Hus. diet., with on orange (riongular marker on the top and a blue DEEP-1 magnet buried slongside the olum. rod. 18 ins. below ground.

An orange DEEP-1 magnet bears N. 35" W., 15 Has. diet., 18 Ins.

Bury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the steel post.



Set a stainless steel post, 28 ins. long, 21/2 ins. diam., 25 ins. in the ground, with brees cap mkd.

A silver DEEP-1 magnet bears H. 55° E., 15 Re. dat., 18 ins.

An orange DEEP~1 magnet bears N. 351 W., 15 Wa. diet., 18 ins. below ground.

Bury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the steel post.



Set a stoinless steel post, 26 ins. long, 21/2 ins. diam., 25 ins. in the ground, with braze cap mid. as shows, from which

A silver DEEP~1 magnet bears N. 551 E., 15 No. dist., 28 ins.

A pink DEEP-1 magnet bears S. 35° E., 15 Nu. dist., 18 ins. below ground.

Sury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the steel post.



Recovered on elum, md, 34 in, diam., loosely set, projecting 30 ine, above ground, with alum, cap marked as shown, need alum, rad to project 12 ine, above ground. See original reference marks were found disturbed and



U.S. SURVEY No. 9673 ALASKA

This pipt contains the entire survey record.

The monumentation of the extender boundaries life formulain 5 South, Rongs 74 West, Sourch sterliers, use extellibrated by Stately E. King, Codestrui Surveyor in 1979 under Spacial Instructions for Timus, No. 171, deted July 21, 1978 and approved Very 2, 1979. The plot has not been accepted on of this date.

This survey max executed by Michael H. Schoder, Registered Alaska, Land Surveyor No. LS-5366, for Rable Commandents, Inc., July 7 Incrugal July 29, 1989, in occardance with the specifications and forth in the Manual of Surveying Instructions, 1973. Special Instructions detail January 5, 1986, approved Special instructions detail amounty 5, 1988, approximates 17, 1988, Cantract No. YASSI-CTS-340047 sworded likey 5, 1889, and Notice to Proceed deteil May 30, 1989.

Field gaeistants were:

Gary D. Kowal

Area: 39.98 Acres.

The azimuth was obtained from a solar and refere to the true meridian.

The geographic position of the sitness corner to currer No. 1, a meander corner, as determined from a tie to Bureau of Land Management electronic control station "EC 10717 G171 1979", is:

Latitude: 59° 45' 54.74" Horth

NAG 27 Longitude: 161° 51' 44.97" Heat

Notional Oceanic and Almospheric Administration Kodiak Sectional Aeronautical Chart effective

This survey is althosted on the left bank of the Konektok Bluer, approximately 2 miles containly of the city of Quinhagals, Alaska.

The B.L.M. Location Tog was found. The position of this survey was determined by the Contract Inspector from the description given in the Land Examined's report.

The land, which is 10 to 15 feet above ordinary high water, is relatively limit tundra, regulated by native gross and burry plants.

Permatrust lies approximately 5 to 18 inches below the lapsoil of sit and sand.

Acceptance of this nurvey does not purport to transfer may interest in advantaged loads to which the State of Aloaba is entitled under the Equal Footing Declarine and Section 5(m) of the Aloaba Statement Act, P.L. 85-508, non-billinarizating the use, location, or obsence of meander lines to deport motor bodies.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERNOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Alauka

Polant sh. adularfor 27 May 1990

Deputy State Director for Codestral Survey, Alcoho

I, Michael H. Scheder, Registered Alzeke Land Surveyer No. LS-5388, HERETY CORTY: upon honor that, in pursuance of Special Restructions dated Jenuary 8, 1988, and Contract No. YMS51-C73-34047 amended say 5, 1988, I have executed the nurvey depicted on this piet of nurvey. may 3, 1959, I have executed the survey depicted on this plot of survey, in strict conformily with said special instructions, the <u>Manual of Instructions</u> for the Survey of the Public Code of the <u>United States</u>, 1973, and the security may describe the security of the s

6.L.M. "EC 10717, CP171, 1979" LAT. 59" 45" 20.18" N. LOMG. 181" 52" 57.66" W.



00 · W.

MANY AND SUPER MEMS

imi i i i i i i

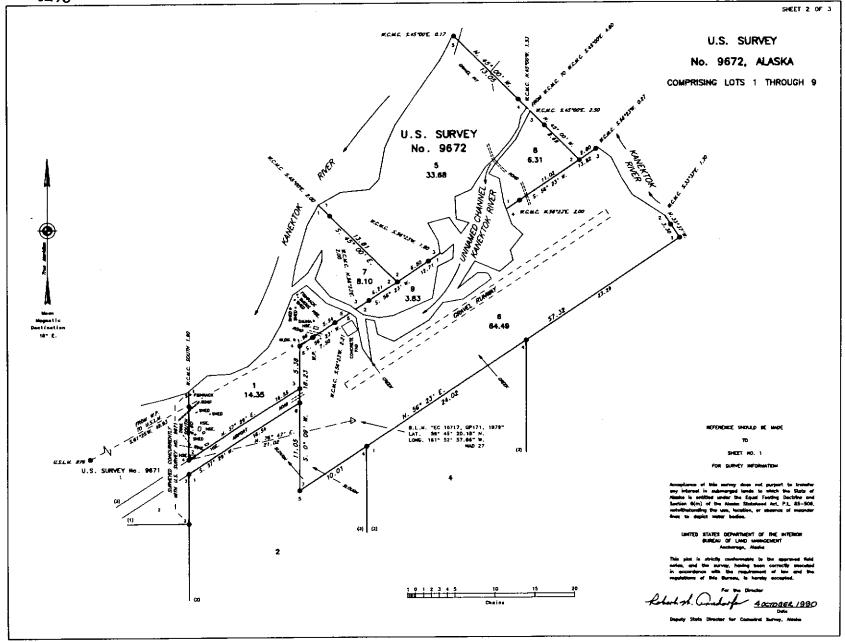
SHEET 1 OF 3

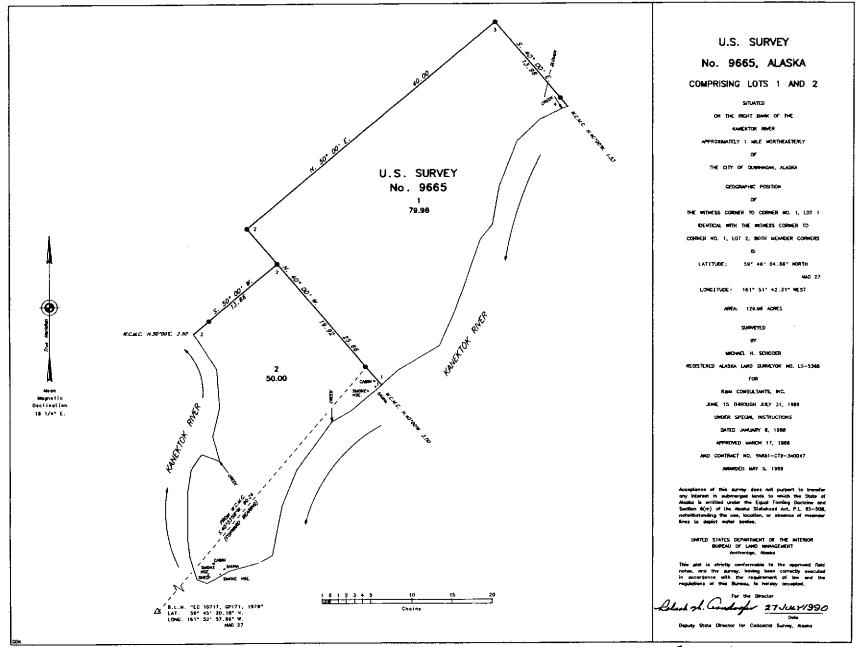
U.S. SURVEY

No. 9672, ALASKA COMPRISING LOTS 1 THROUGH 9 LONGITUDE: 181° 53' 24.03" WEST AREA 278.37 ACRES NO. 8671 U.S. SURVEY No. 9672 2 10 5 0 10 Cheine

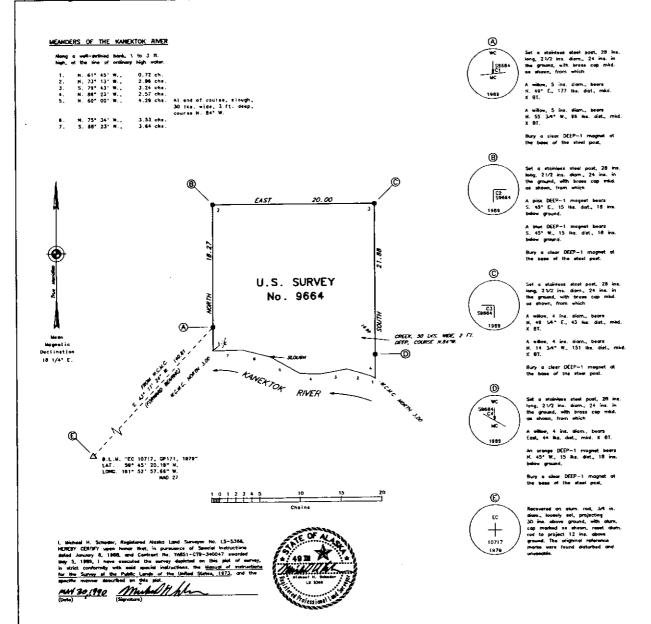
INDEX DIAGRAM

PROT S20-10 Qual Goodweens Bay D-8 Field Notes Forms in Vol. 4-184 page





T. 5 South, A. 14 W. Swaard Movidina Quad: Business Boy D-8 Phot: 520-18 Mas: Vol. K-183, page 24



U.S. SURVEY No. 9664, ALASKA

This plot contains the entire survey record.

The monumentation of the exterior bounseries of Isometing 5 South Anney 74 Rest, Sement aberiden, was aestablished by Stanley E. King, Cedestrol Sunveyor in 1979 ander Special Instructions for Group No. 171, select Auy 21, 1978 and opposed logy 2, 1979. The plot has not been accepted or of this date.

This survey was essecuted by Michael H. Scheder, Registered Adopta Land Surveyor No. 15-3369, for Red Consultants, Inc., June 15 Ihrsuph Ady 17, 1989, in accordance with the specifications set forth in the Menuel of Surveying Instructions, 1973, Spacial Instructions deted Jensory B. 1986, approved about 17, 1988, Confront. N. 1985, or 1986, Confront. N. 1985, Confront. N. 1985, Confront. N. 1985, and Motice to Proceed deted May 30, 1989, and Motice to Proceed deted May 30, 1989.

Field assistants were:

Michael J. Tietz Barry M. Blanchard Darek S. Mations

Areo: 39.97 Acres

The azimuth was obtained from a solar observation and refers to the laws meridian.

The gasgraphic position of the sitness corner to corner No. 1, a meander corner, as distermined from a lie to Burson of Land Monogeness electronic control station "EC 10717 G171 1879", is:

Latitude: 59° 46' 26.93" North

Longitude: 161° 50° 53.50° West

The mean magnetic declination was taken from the National Geomic and Atmospheric Administration Kodisk Sectional Aeromantical Chart effective Merch 9, 1989, and to a 1985 temporic value.

This survey is althoughd on the right bank of the Kanektak River, approximately 3 miles northeasterly of the city of Quinhagais, Adalas.

The B.L.M. Location Tog mos found. The pasition of this nurvey was determined by the Contract supercor from the description given in the Lond Examiner's report.

The land, which is 1 to 10 feet above ordinary high water, is relatively level ground, vegetaled by patches at dense willow brush with scattered continuous leves.

Permetrest was not encountered in the soil of sand and grows.

Acceptance of this survey does not purport to transfer cry interest in submarquel lands to which the State of Adesto is enhibted writer the Equal Footing Doctries and Section 6(m) of the Alessia Styleshood Act, P.L. 83-508, not-withstanding the use, location, or observe of meander lines to design work position.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BURGENI OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Alexia

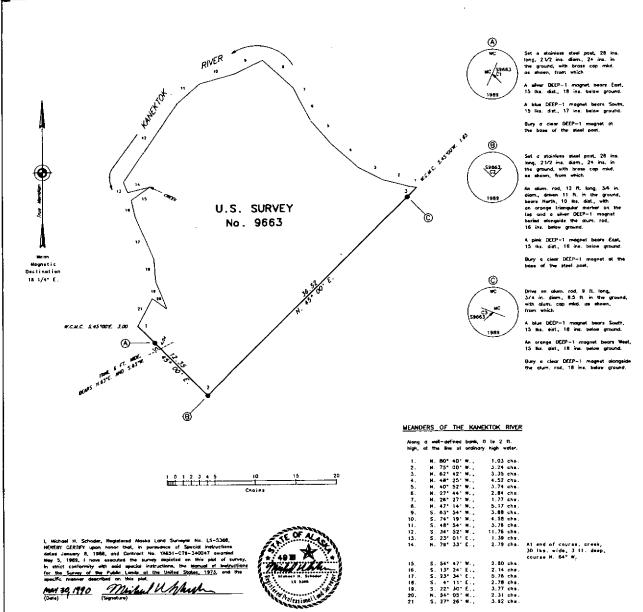
The survey represented by this piot, having been correctly executed in accordance with the requirements of law and the regulations of this Bureau, is hereby accepted.

For the Director

Robert st. anderfor 27 JULY 1890

Deputy State Director for Codestral Survey, Aloein

DATE _AUGUST_13._1090



U.S. SURVEY No. 9663, ALASKA

This plot contains the entire survey record,

The monumentation of the exterior boundaries of Tammibip 5 Soutin, Ronge 74 Bein, Sawert Behriden, was extebilitied by Sterley E. King, Coderinal Surveyor in 1979 under Spacial Instructions for Croup No. 171, acted July 21, 1978 and approved May 2, 1978. The pict has not been discuspted as of this age.

New survey was executed by Michael H. Schoder, Registered Annals Lumd Survey No. 15-3566 for Raid Consultants, Inc., June 13 through July 11, 1985, in accordance with the specifications set lorth in the signated of Surveying Instructions, 1973, Special Instructions dotted January 8, 1988, approved March 17, 1988, Centract No. YASS1-C173-A00427 awarded May 5, 1889, and Notice to Proceed dated May 30, 1889.

Field assistants were:

Michael J. Tietz Barry M. Blanchard Derek S. Nations

Area: 79.99 Acres

The primuth was obtained from a solar observation and refers to the true meridian.

The geographic possition of the witness corner to corner fie. 1. 0 meanded corner, fie. 1, 0 meanded corner, fie. determined from line sums control data used to establish the witness corner to the meander corner of section 33, Township & South, Ronge 73, Meat, Sewerd Meridian, on the control of the Kimethia Rose is:

atilude: 59° 46' 16.57" Harth

Longitude: 161° 49° 47,44° West

The mean magnetic declination eras lakes from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Kodiak Sectional Assumption Chart effective March 1, 1989, and is a 1985 isosperic value.

This survey is situated on the left bank of the Kanektok River, approximately 3 miles northeasterly of the sity of Quimhagok, Alaska.

The B.L.M. Location Tag was found. The position of this survey was determined by the Contract Inspector from the description given in the Long Facultier's report.

The land, which is 2 to 10 feet above ordinary high water, is relatively level ground, vegetated by dense willow and older brush.

Permatroet was not encountered in the soil of agade and grown.

Acceptance of this survey does not purport to transfer any interest in submerged lands to which the Sola of Adabta is exhibited under the Equal Feebra Dactrine and Section 6(m) of the Alaska Sistemand Act, P.L. 85-508, notwithstanding the use, location, or sheence of magndar lines to depict water backets.

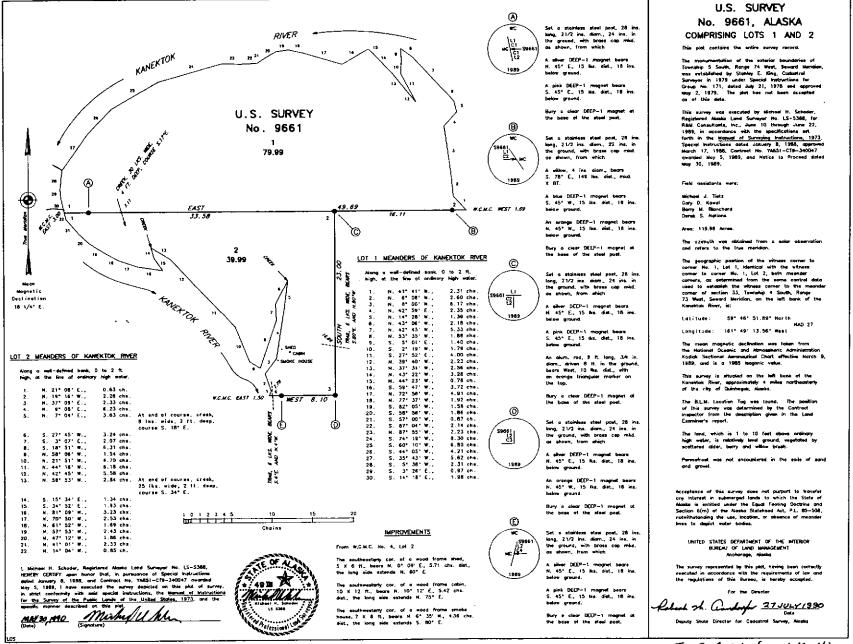
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

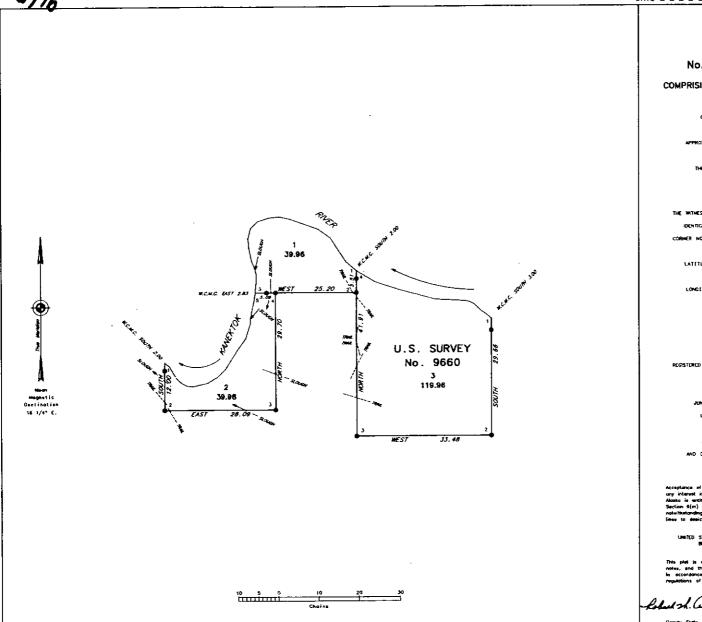
The survey represented by this plot, flowing been correctly executed in occordance with the requirements of low and the requirement of this Bureou, is himsely accepted.

For the Director

Robert sh. andorfer 27 JULY 1990

Deputy Scate Director for Codestrol Survey, Alcele





U.S. SURVEY

No. 9660, ALASKA

COMPRISING LOTS 1 THROUGH 3

SITUATED

ON THE LEFT BANK OF THE

KAMEKTOK RIVER

APPROXIMATELY 5 WILES MORTHCASTERLY

THE CITY OF QUINHAGAK, ALASKA

GEOGRAPHIC POSITION

THE INTHESS CORNER TO CORNER NO. 1, LOT 1

59" 48" 57.41" HORTH

NAD 27

LONGITUDE: 1611 471 05.04" WEST

AREA: 199.90 ACRES

MICHAEL H. SCHOOLR

RAM CONSULTANTS, INC.

STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERNOR

Deputy State Director for Cadastral Survey, Masks

T. 45., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian Quad: Goodness Bay D-8 Prot: 520-3 Notes: 44. 4-183, Page 1

Magnetic Declination 18 1/4" E.

U.S. SURVEY No. 9662, ALASKA

COMPRISING LOTS 1 AND 2

SITUATED

ON THE RIGHT BANK OF THE

KAMEKTOK RIVER

THE CITY OF QUINHAGAK, ALASKA

GEOGRAPHIC POSITION

THE WITHESS CORNER TO CORNER NO. 1, 107 2

A MEANDER CORNER

IS:

LATITUDE: 59" 46" 53.21" NORTH

LONGITUDE: 181" 49" 39,44" WEST

AREA: 39.97 ACRES

SURVEYED

MICHAEL H. SCHOOLA

RECOSTERED ALASKA LAND SURVEYOR NO. LS-5368

RAIN CONSULTANTS, INC.

JUNE 14 THROUGH JULY 13, 1989

AWARDED WAY 5, 1989

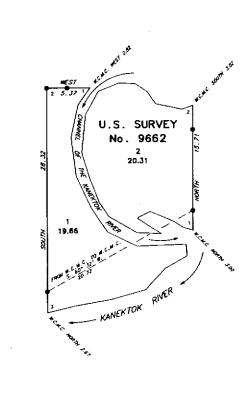
Acceptance of this survey does not purport to transfer may interest in submerged leads to which the State of Alasma is emitted under the Equal Footing Optime and Section 6(m) of the Alasma Section of Act, P.L. 85-500, north-bladening the use, location, or obsence of meander fees to depict mater badies.

UNITED STATES GEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Musika

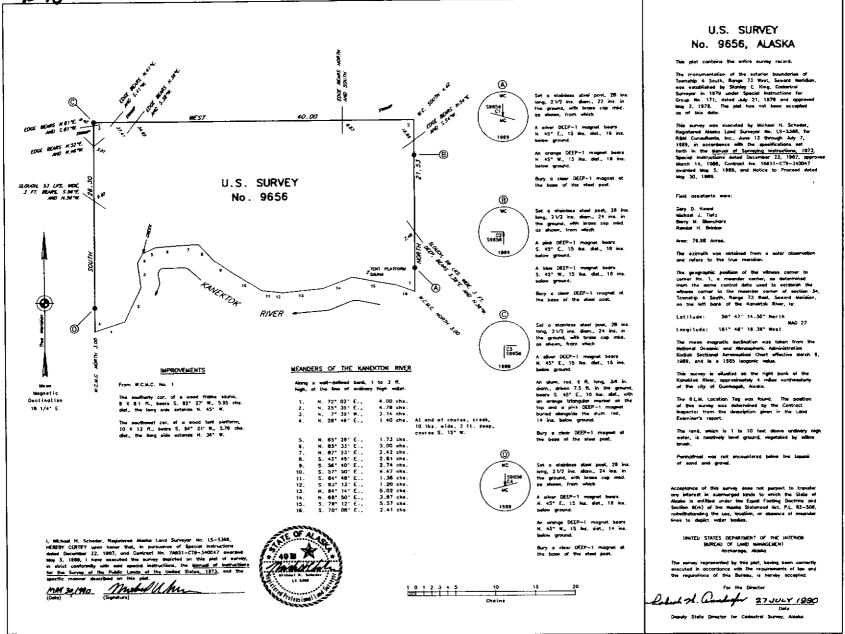
Clark of andorf 27 July 1890

Deputy State Director for Codestrol Survey, Algeba

T. 45., C. 73W., Sevent Maridian
Gaed: Guidness Bay D-8 Prot: 520-3
Note: Volume W-185, page 16







Ma ga Magnatic

Peclination 18 1/4" E.

MEANDERS OF THE KAMEKTOK RIVER stong a well-defined bank, 1 to 3 ft. high, at the line of ordinary high meter. S. 78" 48" E., S. 66" 13" E., S. 66" 33" E., S. 75" 25" E., 4.25 chu. 2.85 chu. 3.28 chu. 1.97 chu. N. BJ* 13' E.. N. 74" 00' E.. N. 55° 32° E., N. 45° 01° E., 1.22 chs.

IMPROVEMENT

From W.C.M.C. Ha. 1

20.00

U.S. SURVEY

No. 9659

RIVER

* KANEXTOX

WEST.

The southeesterty car, of 6 wend frome emoke house, 6 \times 8 M, bears S. 84° 19' W, 2.84 one, dist., the long side extends N. 12° W.



Set a stainless steel post, 28 inc. long, 2 V2 inc. diam., 24 inc. in The ground, with brown cop mkd. on shown, from which

A gilver DEEP-1 magnet beens N. 45° E., 15 Res. diet., 18 ins. ' below ground.

As orange DEEP-1 magnet bears N. 45° W., 15 No. dist., 18 ins.

Bury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the stand post.



Set a stainless steel post, 28 ins. long, 21/2 ins. diam., 24 ins. in the ground, with brees cap roled. as shown, from which

A pink DEEP-1 magnet bears S, 45° E, 15 He. dist., 18 ins.

A bian DCEP-1 magnet bears S. 45° W., 15 like, dist., 18 ins. below ground.

Bury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the steel post.



Set a stainless steel past, 26 ins. long, 21/2 ins. diam., 22 ins. in the ground, with brase cap mild. on shown, from which

An alum, rod, 6 ft, long, 3/4 in, alam,, shiven 5 ft, in the ground, bears S. 45° E., 10 Ros. dist., with an orange biompular marker on the

A bius DEEP-1 magnet bears S. 45° W., 15 Bu. diet., 18 ins. below ground.

Bury is clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the steel post.



Set a stainless steel poet, 25 ins. long, 2 V2 ins. sigm., 24 ins. in the ground, with pross cap mild.

A silver DEEP-1 magnet bears H. 45° E., 15 kg, digt., 18 ins.

An orange OCEP-1 magnet bears N. 45" W., 15 No. diet., 18 ins.

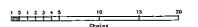


Bury a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the stand past.

I, Michael H. Scheder, Registered Messia Line Surveyor No. LS-5368. HEREF CEXITY spon honor that, in pursuance of Seccial instructions of the Control Messian Control Control Messian (NASC-CITE-2004) entrol laby S. 1888, it have sescrited by sorrey depicted in this plat of survey, in state Controlling to the Section of the Control for the Servey of the Public Leaves of the United States, 1873, and the mesodic monacon described with the PM.







U.S. SURVEY No. 9659, ALASKA

The measurementation of the enterior brandomism of Countries & South, Range 7.3 Meet, South States was established by Starley E. King, Castastrus Sarvayor in 1979 under Special Instructions for Croup No. 171, dated July 21, 1978 and approved lay 2, 1979. The plot has not been accepted to 2779.

This survey was essential by Michael H. Scroder, Registered Melals Cand Surveyor No. LS-3500, for Right Constitute, Soc., Jene 13. Strongs have 24, 1989, in accordance with the specifications and rath in the distance of Surveying Instruction, 1973, Special Instructions devided December 22, 1987, agreed of Instructions devided December 22, 1987, agreed Productions of Carlos December 22, 1987, agreed Productions of Carlos December 22, 1987, agreed to the Carlos December 22, 1987, agreed to the Carlos December 22, 1987, agreed to the Carlos December 22, 1987, agreed to the Carlos December 22, 1987, agreed to the Carlos December 24, 1987, agreed to the Carlos December 25, 1987, agr Special Instructions deted December 22, 1987, approximatel 14, 1989, Contract No. 17451—CT9-340047 seconded May 5, 1989, and Motics to Proceed deted May 30, 1989.

Field appietants were:

Garry D. Kowal Gerry W. Monckord Rendal H. Brinker

Area: 39.96 Acres.

The azimuth was obtained from a select ob-and refers to the true meridian.

The geographic position of the witness corner to the geographic possiblem of the withest corner la corner No. 1, a meanwher corner, an destermined from the sorne control dela used to establish the witness corner to the meanuter center of section 34, Tomostop 4 South, Range 73 West, Several Marislan, on the left begint of the Konekton River, is:

Latitude: 59" 47" 08.99" North

MAG 27 Longitude: 161° 45° 07.95° West

The mean indepartic declination was taken from the National Gosonic and Atmospheric Administration Koofick Sectional Aeronoxical Chart effective Month 9, 1869, and is a 1885 imaganic value.

This survey is altucted on the right bank of the Kanektok River, approximately 6 miles easterly of the city of Quinhagak, Alaska.

The B.L.M. Location Tag was found. The position of this survey was determined by the Contract respector from the description given in the Land

The land, which is 0 to 10 feet above grainers high water, is relatively level pround, sugurated by willow brush.

Permetroel was not encountered in the soil of send and grovel.

Acceptance of this survey does not purport to brantfer any interest in submarged smale to which the State of August is emblate under the Equal Facility Bochrine and Section S(m) of the Alexina Statehood Act, P.L. 85–908, notablestanding the use. Isoodien, or observe of metander lines to depict water bodies.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BLITTEN OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Alaska

The names represented by this plot, having been correctly executed in occordance with the requirements of time and the regulations of this Bureon, is hereby accepted.

Robert of andorfor 27 NOLY 1990

Deputs State Director for Codestral Survey, Aleska

MEANDERS OF THE KANEKTOK RIVER

stong a well-defined bank, 0 to 5 ft. nigh, at the line of ordinary high water.

2.95 cms.

3.37 chs. 2.48 chs.

3.28 chs.

(A)-

SOUGH, IS USE MOR 3 FT. _ DEEP, BEARS SIN'S AND KIE'M.

I Michael H. Schooler, Registered Merika Land Surveyor No. LS-5368,

I, lachoel H. Schoder, Registered Neeko Lond Surveyor No. LS-3348. HERET CERTY upon honor that, in pursuence of Special Instructions dated December 22, 1987, and Destruct No. YABSI-CTS-340017 covered legs 5, 1984. I have executed the survey depicted on this plet of survey, in strict contamily with said special instructions the Midray of Instructions for the Survey of the Public Lands of the United States, 1923, and the specific manner described on this plet.

MM 35, 1990.

(Signatura)

Mogne1 ès

Dectination 18 1/2" E.

1.03 the. At 0.51 ch. dist. on this course,

slough, 103 lks. wide, 5 ft. deep, course N. 86° W.

EAST

S.12'E. S.3'E.

3

12 %

20.00

U.S. SURVEY

No. 9657

- KANEKTOK RIVER .

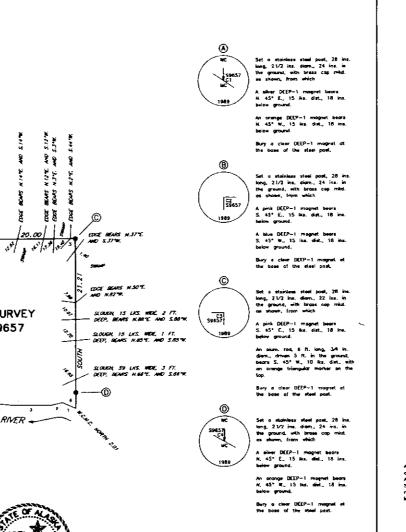
TE 0 A

49 m 🏋

S. 76 54 W. N. 89 13 W.

H. 83" 15" W., H. 83" 42" W., H. 73" 54" W., H. 72" 13" W., H. 62" 21" W., H. 15" 32" W., H. 2" 07" E.,

10. N. 46* 52' W. D. 23 ch.



U.S. SURVEY No. 9657, ALASKA

This part contains the entire survey record.

Township A South, Rong -73 Mert, Seword Meridion, was established by Stoolley C. King, Cadastral Surveyar in 1979 under Special Instructions for Cruop Mo. 171, dated Aby 21, 1978 and approved May 2, 1978. The slot has not been occepted on of this docu.

This survey was executed by Michael H. Schoder, Registered Assets Land Serveyar No. LS-3568, for Rabl Consultants, Inc., June 13 through June 24, 1989, in occordance with the specifications set Tech in the Mahmad of Surveying Instructions, 1973, Special Instructions doted December 22, 1987, approved March 14, 1988, Confract No. 7A63-1-CTP-340047 sewided Mey 5, 1989, and Netics to Proceed delied May 30, 1989.

Field quaistants were:

Cary O. Kowal Barry M. Blanchard Randol H. Brieker

Arte: 39.85 Acres.

The againstite was obtained from a solar observation

The geographic position of the witness corner to ine grographic position of the uthress corner to corner No. 1, a meanable corner, as debruied from the same control dots used to extending the whitesa corner to the meanable cerner of saction 34, Tournship 4 South, Range 73 West, Seward Varidian, on the left bonk of the Kanaktok River, is:

Latitude: 59° 47° 02.02° Morth MAD 27

Longitude: 181° 46° 50.08° West

Dus mean magnetic declination was taken from the had major reagments assumed an east rower from the Marianel Oceanic and Atmassmeric Administration Kadiek Sectional Aeromatical Chart effective Merch 9, 1989, and is a 1985 isogonic value.

This marmy is altasted an the right bank of the Kanekleli River, approximately 5 miles northeastriy of the city of Quinkagek, Alceka

The BL.M. Location Tag was found. The position of this survey was determined by the Contract impactor from the description given in the Land

The land, which is 0 to 10 feet above ordinary high water, is relatively level ground, vegetated by detect allow breat.

Permetrost was not encountered in the sand and

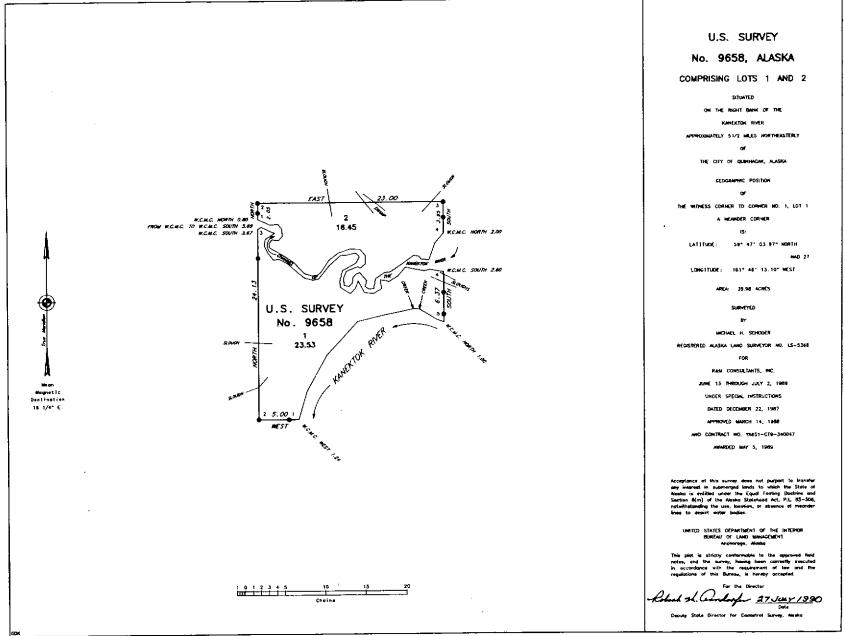
Acceptance of this number does not purport to transfer any interest in submarged lends to which the State of Admin is entitled under the Equal Feeding Dectrine and Saction $\delta(m)$ of the Assimic Sotatheod Act, P.L. 85–508, notwithstanding the use, location, or observed of magnetic testine to depict votume bodies.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR SURFAIL OF LAND MANAGEMENT

The survey represented by this plot, having been correctly executed in accordance with the requirements of its and the regulations of this Barrow, is hereby occupted.

Robert St. andorf 27 JULY 1890

Deputy State Director for Costastral Survey, Alaska



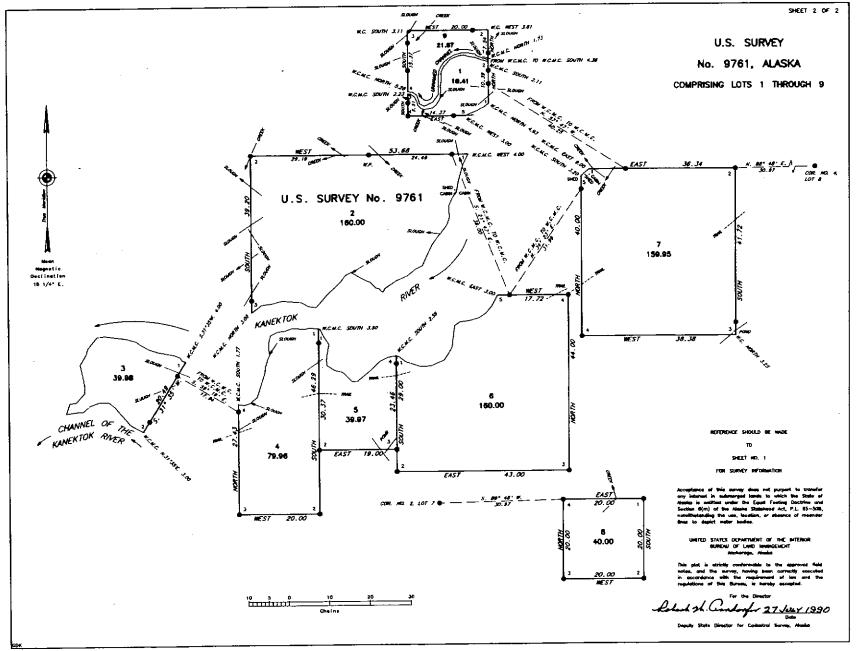
T. 45, R. 73 W., Seward Meridian
Onad: Goodnews Bay D-B. Diret: Sac-3
Autos: Vol. N. 182 page 391

DATE _AUGUST_I 3, J 990

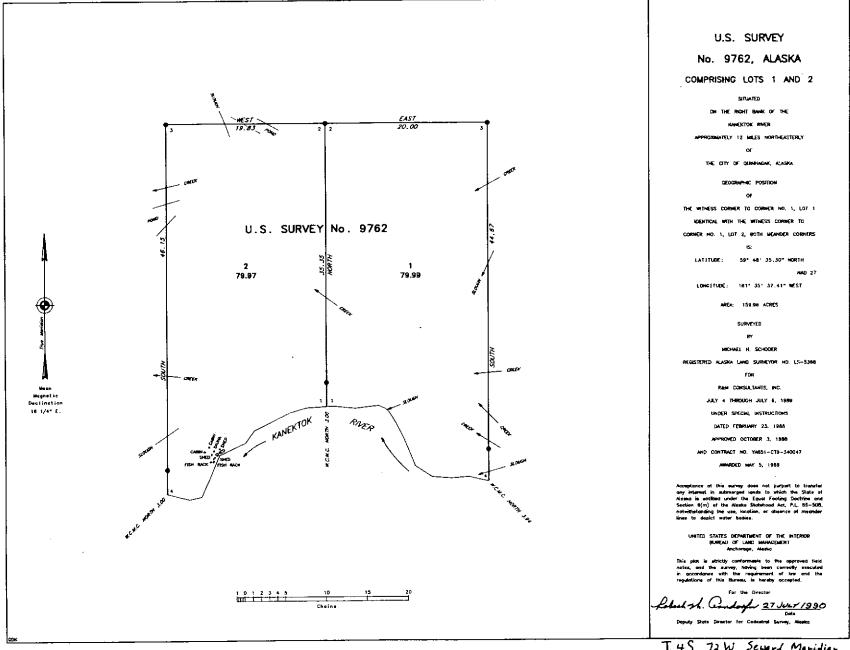
SHEET 1 OF 2 U.S. SURVEY INDEX DIAGRAM No. 9761, ALASKA COMPRISING LOTS 1 THROUGH 9 STUATED œ THE CITY OF QUINNIGH, ALASKA LATITUDE: 59" 47" 46.16" NORTH LONGITUDE: 161" 37" 46.79" WEST AREA: 719.84 ACRES U.S. SURVEY NO. 8761 KANEKTOK RIVER REGISTERED ALASKA LAND SURVEYOR NO. LS-5368 Madretic UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LINE MANAGEMENT
ANCHORAGE, Master

T.45., R. 72 W., Seward Maridian Quad: Goodnews Bay D-7 Prot: S20-2 Notes: Volume U-103, Page 181

DATE _ AUGUST_ L3_ 1990

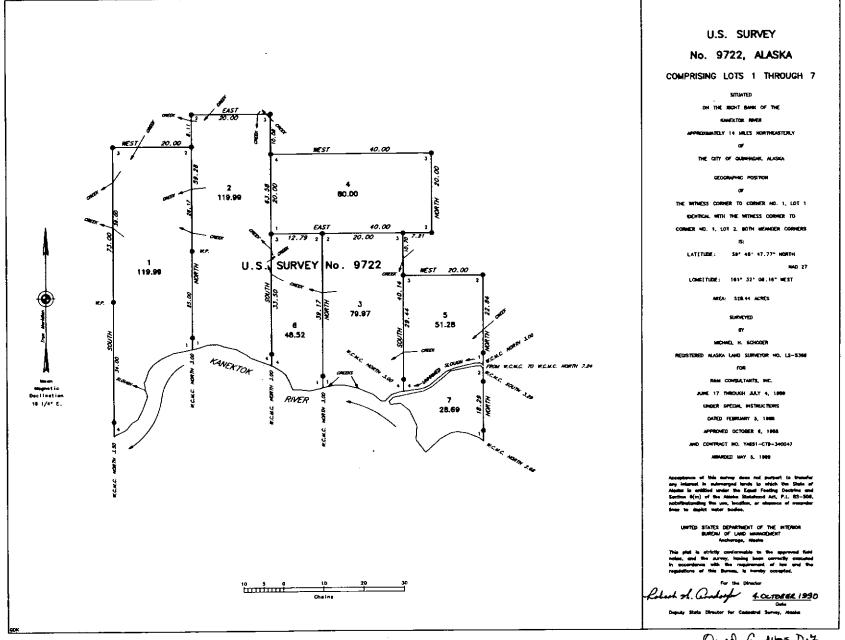




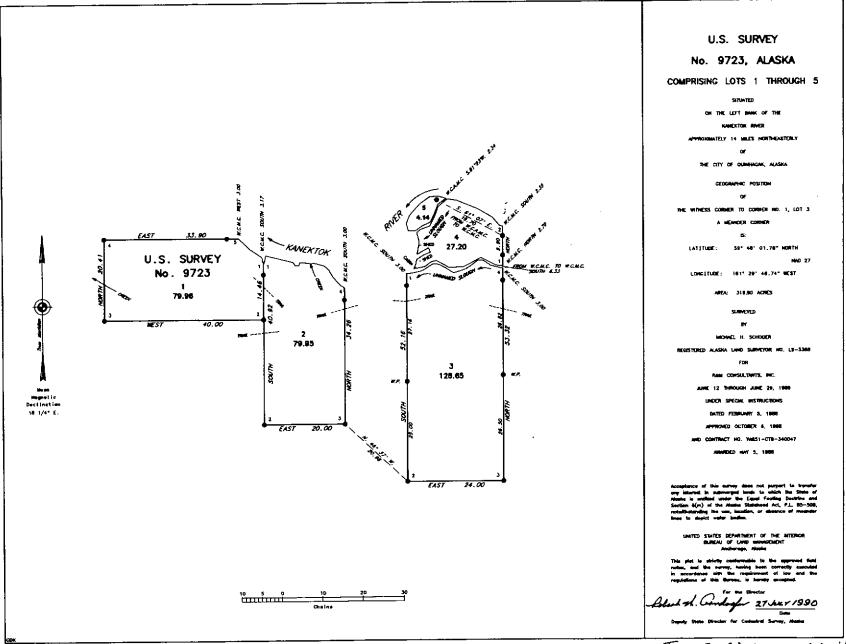


T. 4S., 72 W., Seward Moridian Anad: Goodnews Bay D-7 Prot: 520-2 Notes: Vol. U-183, P. 222

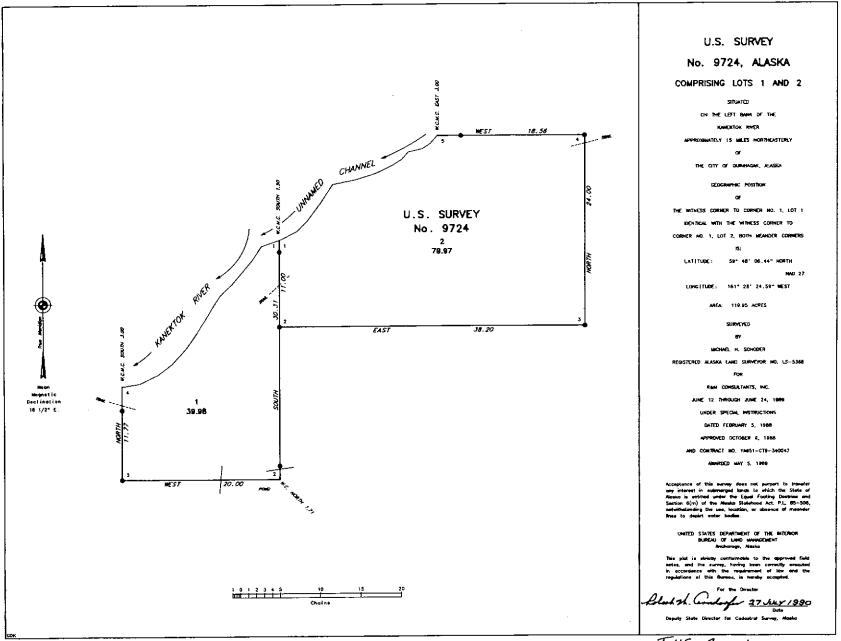
ORIGINAL



Quad. Guduous D.7 Prot S20-2 Frield Nobes Souro is Vol. U-184 p. 331



Tup. 45., 2.71 U. Savard Movidian Pand: Goodnaws Bay 6-7 Febr: 520-2 Notes: Vol. 4-183, Page 124

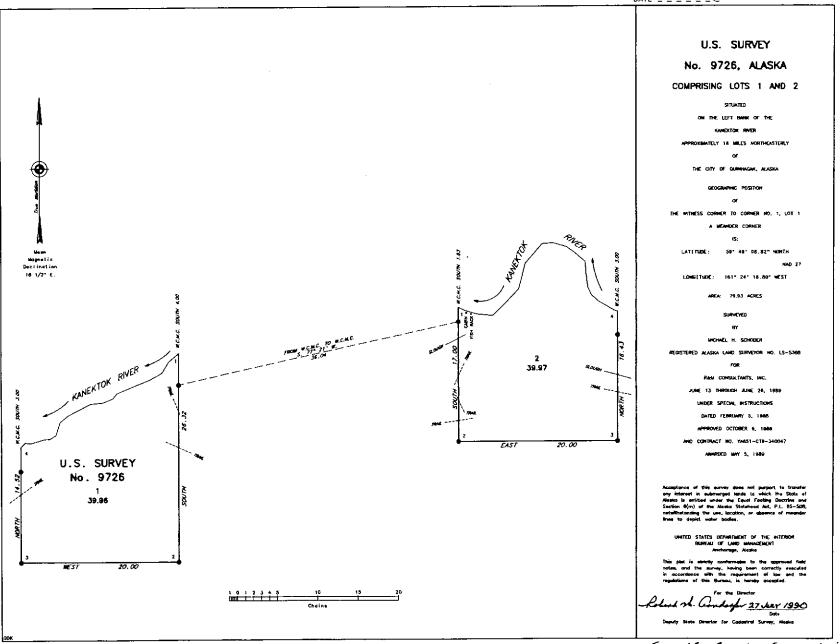


T 45., R. 71 W., Seekerd Grad: Goodnews Bay D-7 PROT: 5-20-10 Notes - Vol. U 183 Page 145

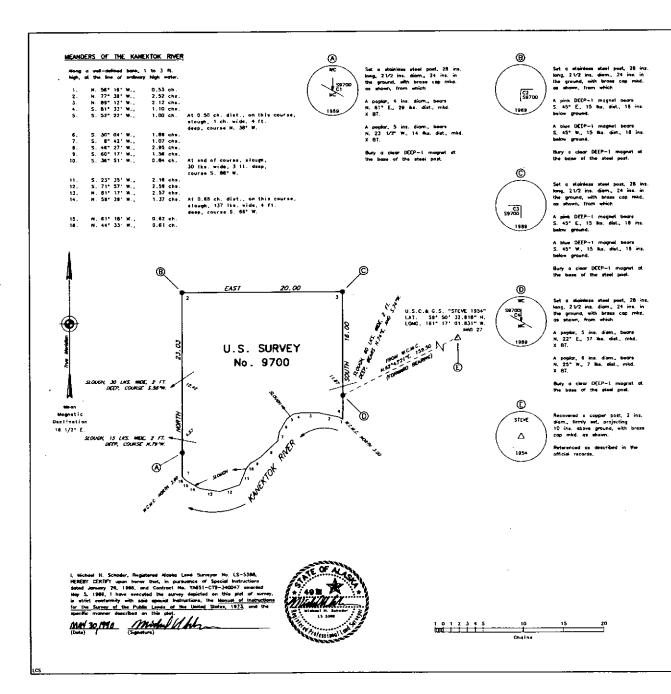
U.S. SURVEY No. 9725, ALASKA COMPRISING LOTS 1 AND 2 RIVER + LONGITUDC: 1614 251 48.827 WEST AREA: 79.00 ACRES U.S. SURVEY No. 9725 78.30 Magnetic Peclination IS 1/2' E. N. 88 15 E. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND WINNEEMEN!

Twp. 4 S., R. 71 U., Sentend Meridian Quad. Goodnews Bay D-7; PROT: 520-2. Notes: Vol. U-183 page 145

Officially Filed
DATE _AUGUST_t3_1990



Tup. 45, R. 71 W. Sawand Mandier Gardi Condinous Bay D-> Prot, 5 20-Notes: Vol. N-183; Page 168



U.S. SURVEY No. 9700, ALASKA

This plot contains the entire survey record

This survey was executed by bichool H. Schooler, Registered Atlanta Cond Surveyor No. 15-3348, for Registered Atlanta, Inc., Jans 18 Strough June 24, 1899, in accordance with the specifications set forth in the Manual of Surveying Instructions, 1973, Special Instructions dated January 25, 1886, approved Aged 5, 1889, Cereboot No. 19851-199-30007 secreted May 5, 1989, and Notice to Proceed dated May 30, 1989.

field assistants were:

Robert S. Terry Robert T. Joro Michael E. Grady

Area: 39.98 Acres.

The azimuth was obtained from U.S. Coast and Geodelic Survey trianguistion stations "STEVE 1954" and "MAG 1954" one refers to the true meridian.

The geographic position of the efficience corner to corner No. 4, a meander corner, as determined from a lie to U.S. Coest and Geodetic Survey triongulation station "STEME 1934", is:

Latituda: 59" 49" 45.34" North NAO 27

Longitude: 161* 20' D4_94" West

The invan magnetic declination was taken from the Nethonst Deservic and Altmospheric Administration Kodeles Sectional Aeromatical Chart effective Merch 9, 1989, and is a 1985 isogonic value.

This survey is situated on the right bank of the Kanektok Rher, approximately 20 miles northeasterly of the city of Quinhagak, Alaska.

The B.L.M. Location Tag was found. The position of this survey was determined by the Contract Inspector from the description given in the Land-Farmines's research.

The land, which is 0 to 25 feet above ordinary high water, is relatively level ground, vegetated by willow and older brush and acuttured poplar trues.

Permatroal was not encountered in the sail of sand and gravel.

Acceptance of this survey does not purport to tronsfer only interest in submerged londs to which the State of Maska is entitled under the Equal Footing Doctrine and Section (6/m) of the Assets Shelehood Act, P.L. 83-508, notwithstanding the use, location, or absence of meander lines to depict wother backles.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Management

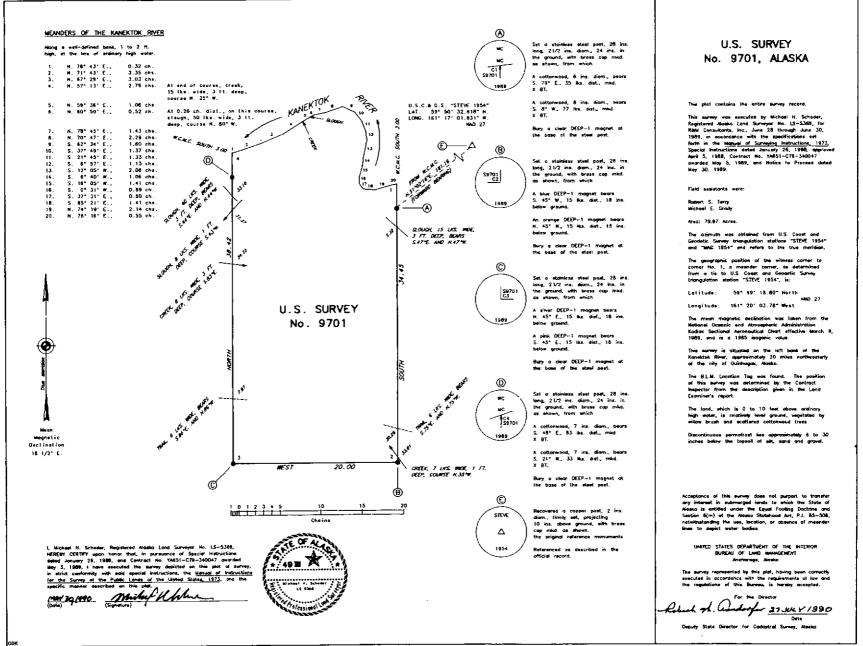
The survey represented by this plot, having been correctly executed in accordance with the requirements of low and the regulations of this Bureau, is hereby accepted.

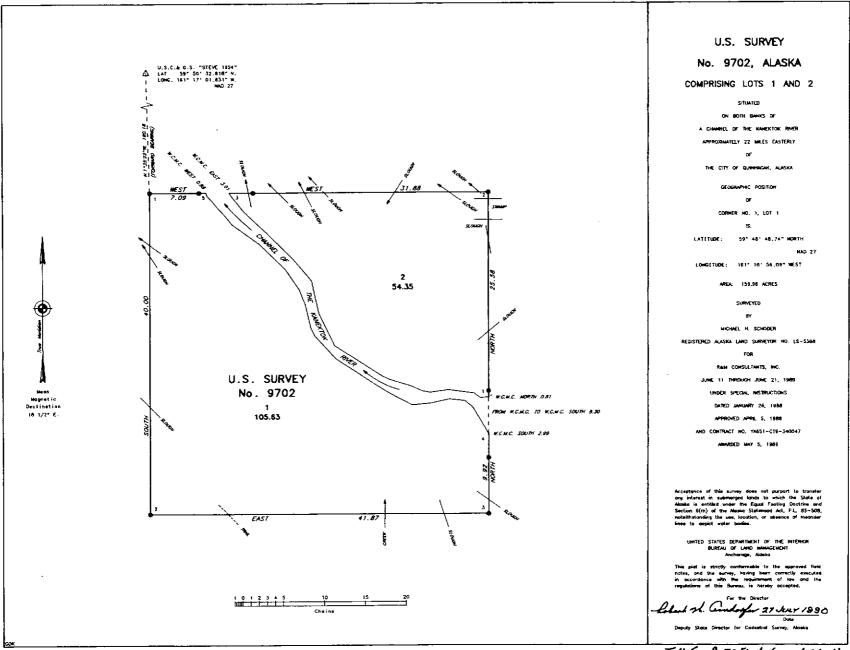
or the Director

Robert sh andorfor 27 JULY 1990

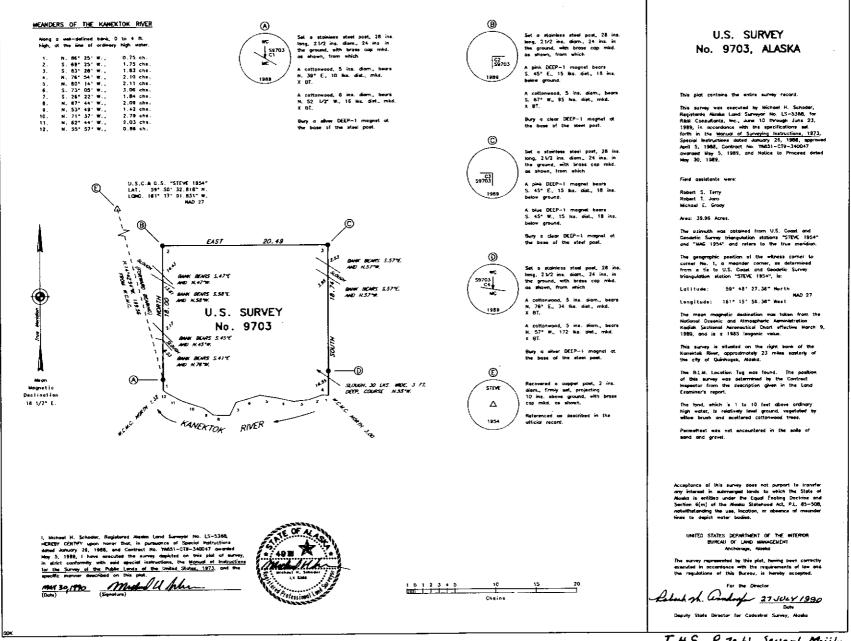
Deputy State Director for Cadastrel Survey, Alaska

DATE _AUGUST_13,_1990

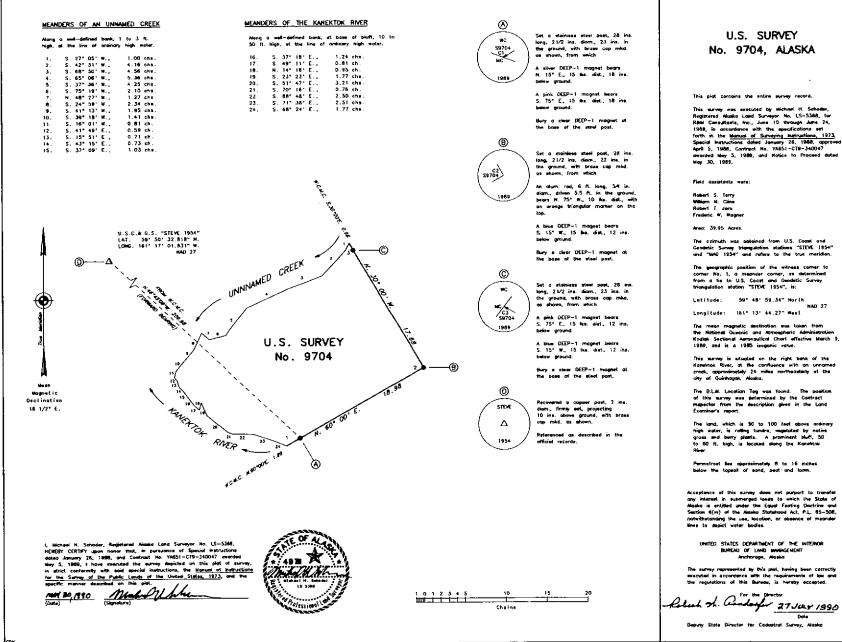




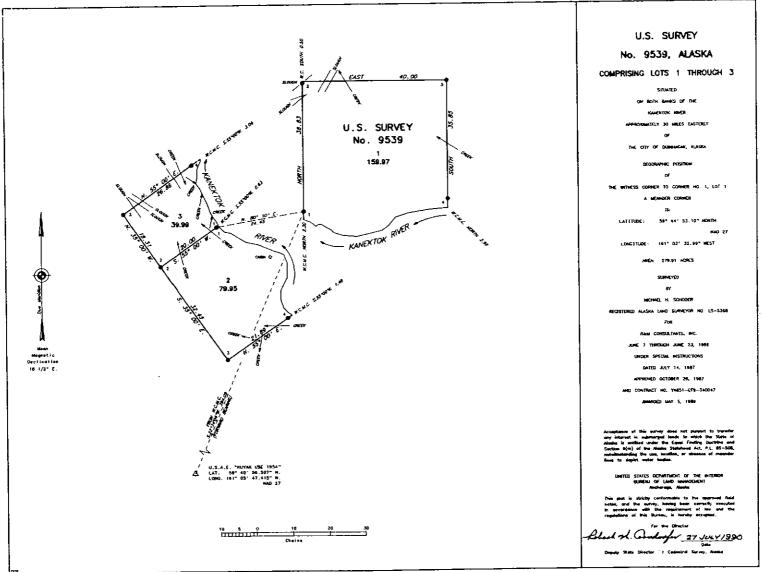
T. 4 S., R. 70 West, Several Maridan Quad: Goodnews Bay D-7 Prot: S20-2 Notes: Vol. 4-183, Page 111



MAD 27



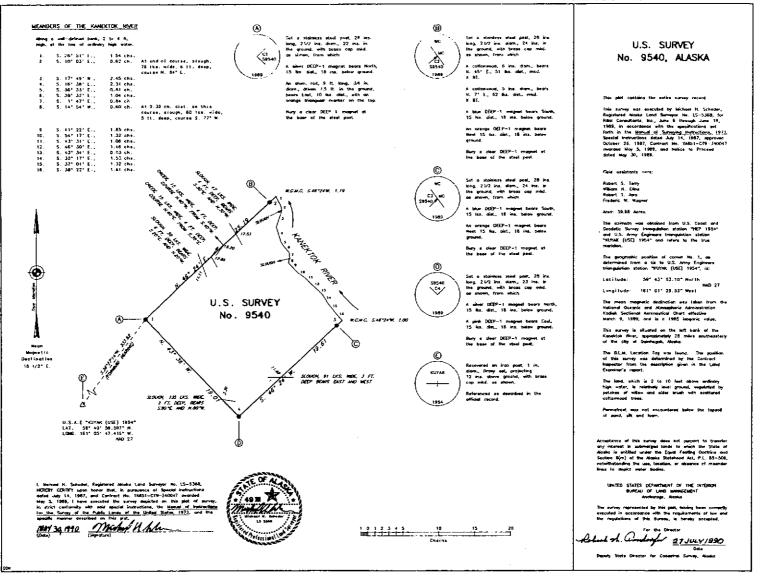
DATE .AUGUST 13, 1990



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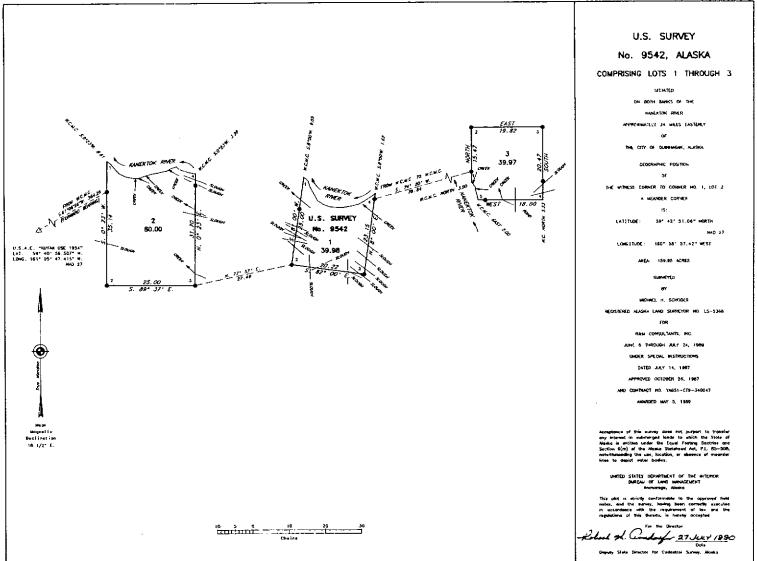
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DATE AUGUST 13, 1990



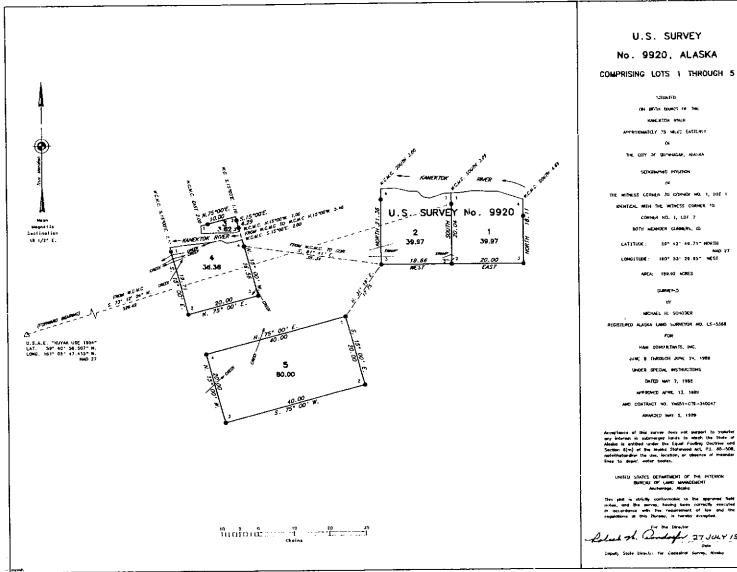
ORIGINAL

DATE AUGUST 13, 1990

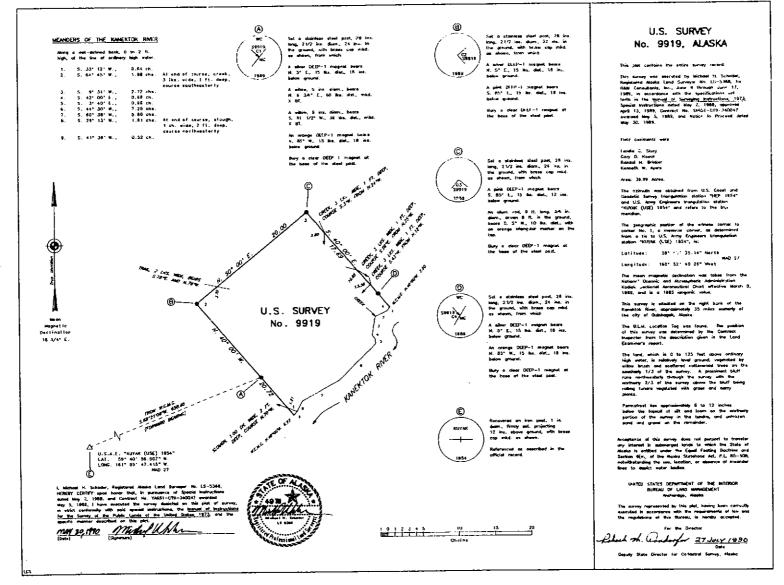


www.tastio.com

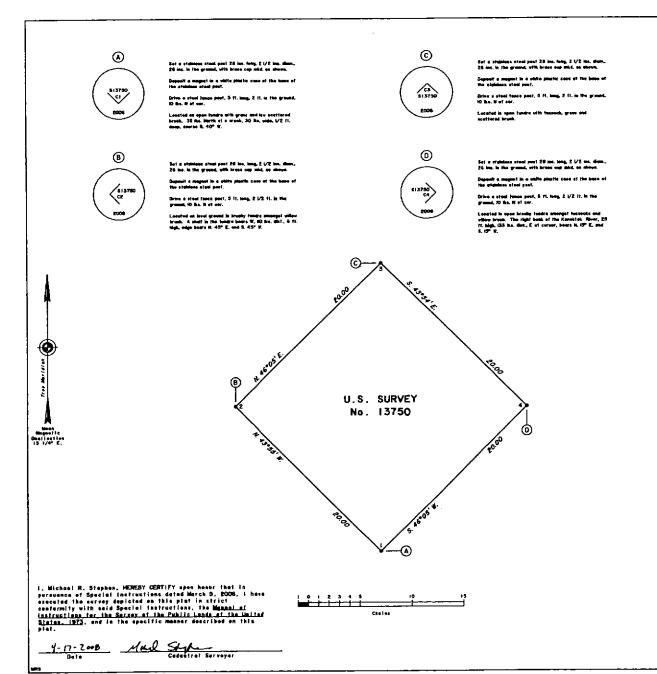
DATE : AUGUST | 13, 1990



CRIGINAL



DATE AUGUST 04, 2008



U.S. SURVEY No. 13750, ALASKA

This slet contains the entire survey record.

This survey was executed using the Globel Positioning System (6.P.S.), utilizing static relative and "Real Time Kinematic" (R.T.K.) pecificning techniques.

This survey was executed by Michael R. Stephen, Cadestral Surveyor, on Jane 29, 2006, in accordance with the specifications set forth in the Manual of Surveying Instructions, 1973.
Special Instructions dated March 9, 2006, approved March 10, 2006, and Assignment Instructions deted June 1, 2006,

Field scalatents were:

Malinda R. Willman, Surveying Technicism

Arme: 40.00 Acres

The direction of fixes were based on the true meridian as determined by S.P.S. Distance measurements were made with S.P.S. and reduced to their horizental equivalent in the chain unit.

All surveyed lines are mean bearings.

The gaegraphic position of corner Me. I. Go determined from G.P.S. static processing, whilizing the Nettonal Goodstin Survey Online Positioning Users Service (O.P.U.S.), is:

NAD 83 (CORS 96) (EPOCH 2003) Lefitude: 59"48"13.61" North

Longitude: 150°44'49.10' West

MAD 27 (MADCON) Latitude: 59"46'16.34" North

Longitude: 160"44"41.02" West

The meen magnetic declination was determined using a hand half autonomous G.P.S. unit, and verified with the U.S. Department of Defense World Magnetic

This survey is situated over the westerly bank of the Kenektok River within unsurveyed Township 4 South, Renge 67 West, Seward Meridian, Alaska.

The land is open, rolling tundra.

Access to the survey was by helicoptor from the ritigen at Pigtinum, Alaska.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT ARCHOROGO, Aleake

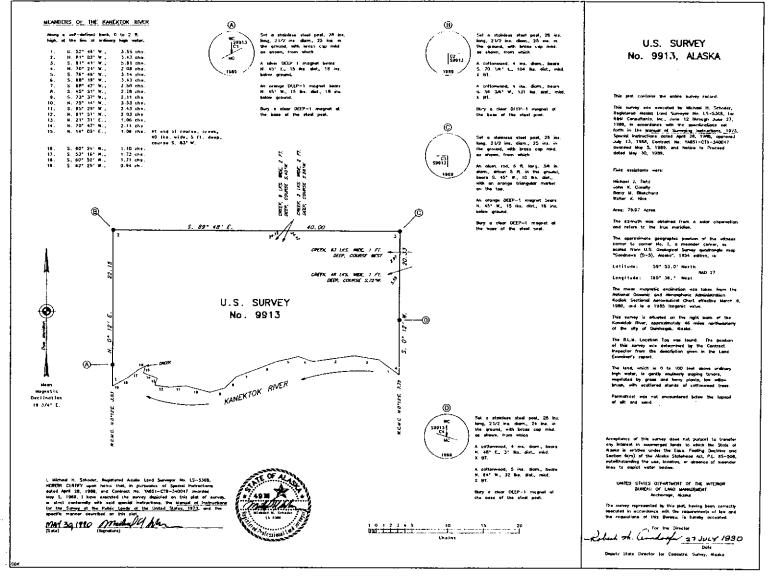
The servey represented by this plot, having been correctly executed in accordance with the requirements of lew and the regulations of this Burnes, is hereby eccepted.

For the Director

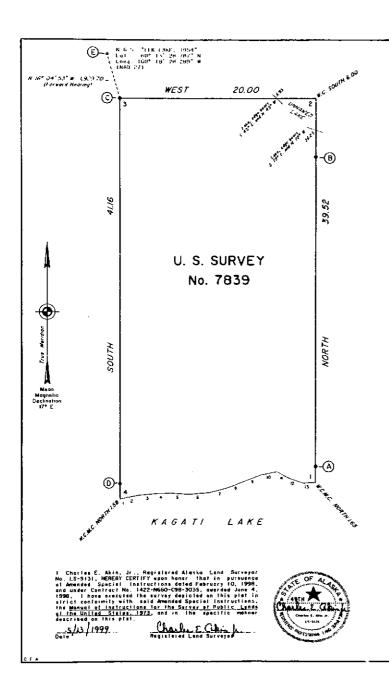
John Sample May 16, 2008

Deputy State Director for Codestrat Survey, Alesko

DATE AUGUST_13._1890



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CEK LAKE Δ

Sel a stainless steel past, 28 ms. fong, 2 1/2 ms. diom. 26 ins. in the ground, and in a caller of stone, with braze cap mkd. as shown, Iram which

silver DEEP-I magnet, beats N. 45° E., IS Iks. dist.,

An grange DEEP-I magnet, bears M. BO* W., 15 lks. dist.,

Orive on slum, rad, 3/4 ins, dism., 3 ft, long, 2 l/2 ft, in the ground, S. O l/2" E. I24 its, of the witness car, with an erange triangular marker on tap.

Deposit a clear DEEP-I magnet at the base of the stainless sleet post.

Set a stanless steel post, 28 ins. long, 2 1/2 ins. dism., 25 ins. in the ground, and in a coller of stons, with brass cap mid, as shews, from which ⅎ A pink DEEP-1 magnet, bears S. 45° E., 15 No. sist., C2 S7#39

A blue DEEP-1 magnet, beers \$ 45° W., 15 mg. dist., 14 ins. below ground.

Depreit a clear DEEP-I magnet at the base of the algistess steel post.

Set a stainless steet post, 28 ms. long, 21/2 ins. dism., 26 ins in the ground, with brass cap mkd. as shown, from which (C) A blue DEEP-I magnet, bears 5, 45° W., 15 ks. dist., 24 ins. below ground.

An orange DEEP-4 magnet, bears N. 45° W., 15 No. dist., 14 ins. below ground.

Deposit a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the stainless steel post.

Set a stainless steel post, 28 ins, long, 2 1/2 ins, diam., 26 ins, in the ground, with bress cap mkd. diam.. 26 ins. in the g se shown, from which

A pink DEEP-I magnet, bears S. 45° E., IS ike, dist., IS ins. below ground. A blue OtEP-1 magnet, bears S. 45° W., 15 ks. dist., 16 ins. below ground.

Disposit a clear DEEP-1 magnet at the base of the stainless steel gost.

Recovered a bross pipe, I in. diam., firmly set, projecting 8 ins. above the ground, with a standard bross sist, 3 I/4 ins. diam., broand to the top, mid. as shown. (E)

MEANDERS Along a well-defined shoreline, 2-5 feet high, at the time of ordinary high water

1. N. 77° 21' E. . 0. 27 ch.
2. N. 73° 03' E. . 1.70 ch.
3. N. 84° 47' E. 1. 157 ch.
4. N. 86° 03' E. 1. 165 ch.
4. N. 86° 03' E. 1. 65 ch.
6. N. 85° 31' E. 2. 11 ch.
6. N. 85° 31' E. 2. 11 ch.
6. N. 65° 36' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 65° 36' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 65° 36' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 65° 36' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 65° 35' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 65° 35' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 65° 35' E. 1. 66 ch.
6. N. 70° 35' E. 1. 20 ch.
6. N. 87° 45' E. 1. 20 ch.

U. S. SURVEY No. 7839, ALASKA

This plat contains the entire survey record.

This survey was executed by Chartes E. Akin, Jr., Registered Alaske Lend Surveyor No. LS-5151, for the Organized Village at Kwethiuk IRA Council, July 20 through July 24, 1998 in accordance with the specifications set forth in the Manual of Surveying Instructions, 1973, Amended Special Instructions deted February 10, 1996, special Special February 10, 1996, special February 19, 1998, under Confract No. 1422-M650-C98-2035, secreted June 4, 1998, and Notice 1s Proceed dated June 25, 1998.

Field assistants were:

Kenneth J. Ludy, Land Surveyor William Egoak, Survey Aid

Area: 79.98 Acres.

The azimuth was obtained by Giobal Positioning System methods and refers to the true meridian.

The geographic position al corner No. 3, U.S. Survey No. 7839, as determined by a first fixety exists Clabel Pestitioning System methods, lo National Gaodelic Survey triangulation station TEKLAMC, 1954*, its

Latitude: 59"53'24.06' North Longitude: 160"06'49.83' #est (NAD 27)

The observed mean magnetic declination is:

This survey is situated approximately 85 miles sautheasterly of Bethel. Alaska, on the sorth shore of Kagati Lake, within Township 3 Sauth, Range 63 West, Seward Meridian, Alaska.

The land is apan rulling lundra with smell patches of witten brush and small stands of continuous. Access to the parcet was by flootplane and belicopter.

The term DEEP-1 megnet refers to a magnetic marker composed of strantium encased in a cotor coded plostic container. The units are 1 inch diameter and 2 1/2 inches long.

Acceptance of this survey does not purport to frankler any interest in submerged lands to which the State of Algeka is entitled under the Equal Footing Doctrine and Section 6(m) of the Ataska Statehood Act, P.L. 85-508, natwilhstanding the use, location, or absence of meander lines to depict water hodles

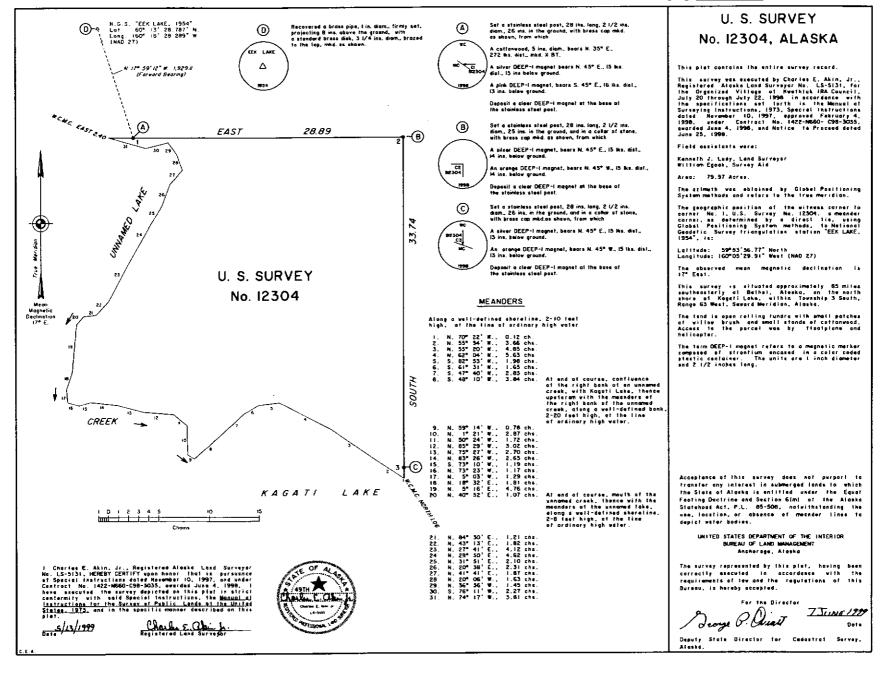
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Anchorage, Ataska

The survey represented by this plat, having been correctly executed in accordance with the requirements of law and the regulations of this Buresu, is hereby accepted.

For the Director

Loge Of Chiat IJUNE 1999

Deputy State Director for Codesirol Survey.



The United States of America

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

F-14885-A

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 19

WHEREAS

Qanirtuuq, Inc.

is entitled to a patent pursuant to Sec. 14(a) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(a), of the surface estate in the following-described lands, a portion of which was vested by Interim Conveyance No. 342 of June 25, 1980, and Interim Conveyance No. 978 of December 18, 1984:

Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 4 S., R. 72 W.

Secs. 20 through 23, inclusive;

Sec. 24, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 25, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 26, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 27, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 28, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 29:

Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Sec. 31, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 32, lots 1 to 6, inclusive:

Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Secs. 34, 35, and 36.

Containing 9,607.56 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 19, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 29, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 30, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 31;

Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 33, lots 1 to 8, inclusive.

Containing 3,575.68 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

50-95-0284

```
T. 7 S., R. 72 W.
Sec. 3;
Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 9, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 14, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 15, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 22;
Sec. 23, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 25, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 26 and 35.
```

Containing 6,606.18 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 4 S., R. 73 W.
Secs. 25 to 33, inclusive;
Sec. 34, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 35, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;
Sec. 36, lots 1 to 9, inclusive.
```

Containing 7,053.32 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 5 S., R. 73 W.
Secs. 4 and 5;
Sec. 6, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 7, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 8 and 9;
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive;
Sec. 23, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 24 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 27;
Sec. 29, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 31, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
```

```
Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 34, 35, and 36.
```

Containing 14,948.17 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 6 S., R. 73 W.
Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 11, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 13, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 23;
Sec. 24, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 25.
```

Containing 5,029.45 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 3 S., R. 74 W.
 Sec. 2, lots 1 to 8, inclusive;
 Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
 Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
 Sec. 5, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
 Sec. 6, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
 Sec. 7:
 Sec. 8, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
 Sec. 9, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
 Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3;
 Sec. 11, lots 1, 2, and 3;
 Sec. 14, lots 1 to 8, inclusive;
 Sec. 15, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;
 Sec. 16, lots 1 to 7, inclusive:
 Sec. 17, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
 Secs. 18 and 19:
 Sec. 20, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
 Sec. 21, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
 Sec. 22, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;
```

```
Sec. 23, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 28, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 29, 30, and 31;
Secs. 32, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 33, 34, and 35.
```

Containing 16,068.35 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 4 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 8, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 9, 10, and 11;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Secs. 15, 16, and 17;
Sec. 21, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 22, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 23 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 34;
Sec. 35, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 36.
```

Containing 9,214.22 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 6 S., R. 74 W.
Sec. 2;
Sec. 3, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 4, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 9, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 11 and 14;
Sec. 15, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 16, lots 1 and 2;
```

Secs. 21, 22, and 23; Sec. 26, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 27.

Containing 5,954.08 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W.

Sec. 1;

Sec. 12, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 13, lots 1, 2, and 3.

Containing 803.23 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 5 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1.

Containing 4.28 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

Aggregating 78,864.52 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation the surface estate in the lands above described; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever:

EXCEPTING AND RESERVING TO THE UNITED STATES from the lands so granted:

1. The subsurface estate therein, and all rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, accruing unto said estate pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f); and

This document has been corrected by PATENT No.0296 Dated 06/16/2006

Patent Number 50-95-0284

2. Pursuant to Sec. 17(b) of the Alaska Native Claims
Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601,
1616(b), the following public easements, referenced by
easement identification number (EIN) on the easement
maps, copies of which can be found in the Bureau of
Land Management's Public Land Records Office,
are reserved to the United States. These
easements are subject to applicable Federal, State,
or municipal corporation regulation. The following
is a listing of uses allowed for these types of
easements. Any uses which are not specifically listed are
prohibited:

25 Foot Trail - The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsleds, animals, snowmobiles, two- and three- wheel vehicles, and small all-terrain vehicles (ATV's) (less than 3,000 lbs. gross vehicle weight (GVW)).

One Acre Site - The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, all-terrain vehicles (ATV's), snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

- a. (EIN 1 Dl, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from trail EIN 1 Dl, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses

allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

- c. (EIN 3 Dl, C3) An easement for an existing and proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly generally paralleling the south side of the Kanektok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- d. (EIN 4 Dl, D9, C3) An easement for an existing access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly generally paralleling the coast to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.
- e. (EIN 7a C4) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from site EIN 7 D9 in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, northerly to public land. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to summer.
- f. (EIN 7 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark in Sec. 34, T. 4 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, on the right bank of the Kanektok River. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site easement. The season of use will be limited to summer.

F-14885-A

This document has been corrected by PATENT No.0296 Dated 06/16/2006

g. (EIN 18 E) An easement for a proposed access trail twenty-five (25) feet in width from public lands in Sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, westerly, thence southwesterly, to connect with existing trail EIN 4 D1, D9, C3, in Sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use will be limited to winter.

THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

- 1. Valid existing rights therein, if any, including but not limited to those created by any lease, contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him. Further, pursuant to Sec. 17(b)(2) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971 (ANCSA), 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1616(b)(2), any valid existing right recognized by ANCSA shall continue to have whatever right of access as is now provided for under existing law; and
- 2. Requirements of Sec. 14(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(c), that the grantee hereunder convey those portions, if any, of the lands hereinabove granted as are prescribed in said section.
 - IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 17, 1948 (62 Stat. 476), has, in the name of the United States, caused these letters to be made Patent, and the Seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed.

[SEAL]

GIVEN under my hand, in ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
the TWENTIETH day of JUNE
in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and
NINETY-FIVE and of the independence of the
United States the two hundred and NINETEENTH

/s/ Katherine L. Flippen

Katherine L. Flippen Acting Chief, Branch of Southwest Adjudication

The United States of America

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

F-14885-A

WHEREAS

Calista Corporation

is entitled to a patent pursuant to Sec. 14(f) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(f), of the subsurface estate reserved to the United States in the hereinbelow-identified patent for the surface estate in the following-described lands, a portion of which was vested by Interim Conveyance No. 343 of June 25, 1980, and Interim Conveyance No. 979 of December 18, 1984:

Patent No. 50 - 95 - 028 4

Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 4 S., R. 72 W.

Secs. 20 through 23, inclusive;

Sec. 24, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 25, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 26, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 27, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 28, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 29;

Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Sec. 31, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 32, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;

Secs. 34, 35, and 36.

Containing 9,607.56 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 19, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 29, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 30, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;

Sec. 31;

Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 33, lots 1 to 8, inclusive.

Containing 3,575.68 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 3:

Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 9, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;

Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 14, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 15, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 22;

Sec. 23, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 25, lots 1 and 2;

Secs. 26 and 35.

Containing 6,606.18 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 4 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 25 to 33, inclusive;

Sec. 34, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;

Sec. 35, lots 1 to 7, inclusive;

Sec. 36, lots 1 to 9, inclusive.

Containing 7,053.32 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

/ T. 5 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 4 and 5;

Sec. 6, lots 1 and 2;

Sec. 7, lots 1 and 2;

Secs. 8 and 9;

Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive;

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Sec. 23, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 24 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 27;
Sec. 29, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 30, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 31, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 33, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 34, 35, and 36.
```

Containing 14,948.17 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 6 S., R. 73 W.
Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 10, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 11, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 13, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 23;
Sec. 24, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 25.
```

Containing 5,029.45 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

```
T. 3 S., R. 74 W.
Sec. 2, lots 1 to 8, inclusive;
Sec. 3, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 4, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 5, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 7;
Sec. 8, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 9, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 11, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 8, inclusive;
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This document has been corrected by PATENT No.0297 Dated 06/16/2006

Patent Number 50 - 95 - 028 5

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Sec. 15, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 16, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 17, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Secs. 18 and 19; Sec. 20, lots 1 to 6, inclusive; Sec. 21, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 22, lots 1 to 7, inclusive; Sec. 23, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 26, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 28, lots 1 and 2; Secs. 29, 30, and 31; Secs. 32, lots 1, 2, and 3; Secs. 33, 34, and 35.
```

Containing 16,068.35 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

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T. 4 S., R. 74 W.
Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Sec. 8, lots 1, 2, and 3;
Secs. 9, 10, and 11;
Sec. 14, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Secs. 15, 16, and 17;
Sec. 21, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 22, lots 1 and 2;
Secs. 23 and 25;
Sec. 26, lots 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 27, lots 1 and 2;
Sec. 34;
Sec. 35, lots 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 36.
```

Containing 9,214.22 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 6 S., R. 74 W. Sec. 2;

Sec. 3, lots 1 to 4, inclusive; Sec. 4, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 9, lots 1 to 5, inclusive; Sec. 10, lots 1, 2, and 3; Secs. 11 and 14; Sec. 15, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 16, lots 1 and 2; Secs. 21, 22, and 23; Sec. 26, lots 1, 2, and 3; Sec. 27.

Containing 5,954.08 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1; Sec. 12, lots 1 and 2; Sec. 13, lots 1, 2, and 3.

Containing 803.23 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

T. 5 S., R. 75 W. Sec. 1.

Containing 4.28 acres, as shown on plat of survey officially filed April 28, 1994.

Aggregating 78,864.52 acres.

NOW KNOW YE, that there is, therefore, granted by the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, unto the above-named corporation the subsurface estate in the lands above described; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said estate with all the rights, privileges, immunities, and appurtenances, of whatsoever nature, thereunto belonging, unto the said corporation, its successors and assigns, forever.

F-14885-A

This document has been corrected by PATENT No.0297 Dated 06/16/2006

THE GRANT OF THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED LANDS IS SUBJECT TO:

- 1. All the easements and rights-of-way referenced in the aforementioned patent of the surface estate, and to valid existing rights therein, if any, in the said subsurface estate, including but not limited to those created by any lease, contract, permit, right-of-way, or easement, and the right of the lessee, contractee, permittee, or grantee to the complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits thereby granted to him; and
- 2. The requirements of Sec. 14(f) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, and 1613(f), that the right to explore, develop, or remove minerals from the subsurface estate in the lands herein conveyed which are within the boundaries of the Native village of Quinhagak shall be subject to the consent of Qanirtuuq, Inc.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 17, 1948 (62 Stat. 476), has, in the name of the United States, caused these letters to be made Patent, and the Seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed.

(SEAL)

GIVEN under my hand, in ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
the TWENTIETH day of JUNE
in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and
NINETY-FIVE and of the Independence of the
United States the two hundred and NINETEENTH

/s/ Katherine L. Filppen

Katherine L. Flippen Acting Chief, Branch of Southwest Adjudication



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Alaska State Office 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599 http://www.ak.blm.gov

TAKE PRIDETINAMERICA

F-14885-A (2651)¹ (963) rr/cf

JUNE 1 6 2006

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Qanirtuuq, Inc. P.O. Box 69 Quinhagak, Alaska 99655

Calista Corporation
Attn: Land Department
301 Calista Court, Suite A
Anchorage, Alaska 99518-3028

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to send you copies of the enclosed corrected conveyance documents.

The originals have been sent to the State Recorder's Office and will be sent to you upon recordation (see enclosed copy of Recordation letter).

As a result of the corrected conveyances, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is crediting compensatory acreage to Qanirtuuq, Inc., and Calista Corporation's remaining land entitlements in the amount of 10.13 acres.

Thank you for helping us to expedite the land transfer program by participating in the conveyance correction process.

Sincerely,

Ramona Chinn

Ramona Chinn Acting, State Director

¹ F-14885 (75.4); AA-031271-B (2561)

Enclosures:
Corrected Patents
Letter to Recorders Office

Copy furnished to w/corrected patents:

Native Village of Kwinhagak P.O. Box 149 Quinhagak, Alaska 99644

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Division of Realty, Mail Stop 211 Chief, Branch of Operations 1011 East Tudor Road Anchorage, Alaska 99503

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Refuge Manager Togiak National Wildlife Refuge P.O. Box 270 Dillingham, Alaska 99576

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Mining, Land and Water
Realty Services Section
550 West Seventh Avenue, Suite 1050A
Anchorage, Alaska 99501-3579

State of Alaska
Department of Fish and Game
Division of Sport Fish
Attn: Robin Willis
333 Raspberry Road
Anchorage, Alaska 99518-1599

Bureau of Indian Affairs Attn: Ron Hunt, Native Allotment Coordinator 3601 C Street, Suite 1100 Anchorage, Alaska 99503-5947 State of Alaska
Department of Transportation and Public Facilities
Attn: John F. Bennett, Chief Right-of-Way Branch
Northern Region
2301 Peger Road, MS 2553
Fairbanks, Alaska 99709-5316

State of Alaska
Department of Commerce,
Community and Economic Development
Division of Community Advocacy
Attn: Keith Jost
550 West Seventh Avenue, Suite 1770
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Federal Aviation Administration Attn: Acquisition and Real Estate Branch, AAL-59 222 West Seventh Avenue, #14 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7587

Department of Homeland Security United States Coast Guard Commander (s) MLC Pacific 1301 Clay Street, Suite 700N Oakland, California 94612-5203

Deputy Chief, Branch of Adjudication I (963)

ANCSA Acreage Control (961)

Escrow (961)



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Alaska State Office 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599 http://www.ak.blm.gov



Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 20

F-14885-EE (75.47)

AA-8099-EE (75.4) ²/ AA-70153-EE (75.4) ³/

MAR 3 0 2006

961/sjc/mre

Memorandum

To:

Chief, Branch of Adjudication II (964)

From:

Easement Coordinator

Subject:

Final Easement Review and Patent Easement Memorandum for Lands to be

Patented to Qanirtuuq, Inc. on behalf of the village of Quinhagak and to the

Calista Corporation

Final Easement Review: Subject to valid existing rights, the following land, selected under Sec. 12 of ANCSA will be conveyed in the near future to the Calista Corporation and to Qanirtuuq, Inc. on behalf of the Native village of Quinhagak:

F-14885-A and F-14885-A2 (Qanirtuuq, Inc.) Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 5 S., R. 72 W.

Secs. 7, 18, 19, 30 and 31.

T. 5 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 1, 2 and 3;

Secs. 10 through 15, inclusive.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 1 and 12.

T. 7 S., R. 73 W.

Secs. 8, 17. 20 and 2;

Secs. 28, 29, 32 and 33.

¹/ F-14885-A (2651), F-14885-A2 (2651)

²/ AA-8099-01 (2652)

³/ AA-70153 (2652)

AA-8099-01 (Calista) Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 7 S., R. 72 W Secs. 13 and 24.

AA-70153 (Calista) Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 7 S., R. 71 W.

Secs. 17 through 20, inclusive; Secs. 27 through 34, inclusive.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W Sec. 36.

MAJOR WATERWAYS:

The North Mouth Arolik River was determined to be a major waterway.

ALLOWABLE USES:

All easements are subject to applicable Federal, State or Municipal Corporation regulations. The following is a listing of uses allowed for each type of easement identified. Any uses which are not specifically listed are prohibited.

<u>25-Foot Trail</u> -- The uses allowed on a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement are: travel by foot, dogsleds, animals, snowmobiles, two- and three-wheeled vehicles and small all-terrain vehicles (ATV's) (less than 3,000 lbs. Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)).

One-Half Acre Site -- The uses allowed for a site easement are: vehicle parking (e.g., aircraft, boats, all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), snowmobiles, cars, trucks), temporary camping, and loading or unloading. Temporary camping, loading, or unloading shall be limited to 24 hours.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED (F-14885-A and F-14885-A2) (Qanirtuuq, Inc.):

a. (EIN 3 D1, C3) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing and proposed access trail from Quinhagak in Scc. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly, generally paralleling the south side of the Kanetok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.

<u>Discussion</u>: This is an existing and well-used trail to public lands east of the village of Quinhagak. An extension of the trail easement is necessary to access public lands beyond corporate land holdings.

b. (EIN 4 D1, D9, C3) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing access trail from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly, generally paralleling the coast line to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.

<u>Discussion:</u> This trail is used as an inter-village travel route along the coast. It was historically used as a mail route. This easement is needed to provide a continuous trail system and for access to public lands. An extension of the trail easement is necessary to access public lands beyond corporate land holdings. This is strictly a winter trail and should not interfere with the waterfowl habitat in the area.

c. (EIN 18 E) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for a proposed access trail from EIN 4 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.

<u>Discussion:</u> This proposed trail easement is necessary to facilitate continued public access from a major thoroughfare to public land. When first identified, this easement was improperly described and has been re-described to match the depiction on the easement maps. An extension of the trail easement is necessary to access public lands beyond corporate land holdings.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED (AA-8099-01) (Calista):

There are no easements recommended to be reserved.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED (AA-70153) (Calista):

a. (EIN 3 C3, C4, D1, D9) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing access trail from Sec. 26, T. 7 S., R. 71 W., Seward Meridian, westerly, turning southwesterly, to Sec. 10, T. 8 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. This easement is subject to the State of Alaska's claimed R.S. 2477 right-of-way, if valid.

<u>Discussion</u>: This trail is a continuation of EIN 3 C3, C4, D1, D9 which is reserved in Interim Conveyance No. 885 to Kuitsarak, Inc. dated August 30, 1984 and Interim Conveyance No. 1660 to Calista Corporation dated January 26, 1996. This trail is an old mining trail that has basically been abandoned. However, this

easement is being reserved to provide access from public land, across Native land to other public land.

b. (EIN 101 C4, D5) A one-half (1/2) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark on the right bank of the Arolik River at its junction with Snow Gulch in Sec. 30, T. 7 S., R. 71 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one-half (1/2) acre site easement.

<u>Discussion:</u> This easement is necessary to facilitate public access to a major waterway and will provide an area for change in mode of transportation for river travelers and a rest stop for those traveling along public easement EIN 3 C3, C4, D1, D9.

c. ((EIN 102 C4, D5) A one-half (1/2) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark on the left bank of the Arolik River at its junction with Snow Gulch in Sec. 30, T. 7 S., R. 71 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one-half (1/2) acre site easement.

<u>Discussion:</u> This easement is necessary to facilitate public access to a major waterway and will provide an area for change in mode of transportation for river travelers and a rest stop for those traveling along public easement EIN 3 C3, C4, D1, D9.

EASEMENTS CONSIDERED BUT NOT RECOMMENDED:

a. (EIN 18a D5, D9) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for a proposed access trail from EIN 18 E in Sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to public lands in Sec. 2, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement.

<u>Discussion:</u> The land in Sec. 2, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., Seward Meridian is identified to be conveyed to Qanirtuuq, Inc. and was included in the easement memorandum dated July 7, 1994 (attached). As the land is not considered public land, no access is required. Therefore, this easement is not recommended.

b. (EIN 103 D9) A one (1) acre site easement upland of the ordinary high water mark on the left bank of the Arolik River at the mouth of Keno Creek in Sec. 32, T. 7 S., R. 71 W., Seward Meridian, Alaska. The uses allowed are those listed above for a one (1) acre site easement.

<u>Discussion:</u> This easement is not necessary to facilitate public access to a major water way. EIN 101 C4, D5 and EIN 102 C4, D5, located in Sec. 30, T. 7 S., R. 71 W., Seward Meridian, are considered reasonable alternatives. Therefore, this easement is not recommended.

Review of Prior Easement Memoranda: A review has been completed on the final easement memoranda dated July 7, 1994. In reference to the lands described below, the easement recommendations stand as written:

F-14885-A and F-14885-A2 (Qanirtuuq, Inc.) Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 3 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1, 12, 13, 24, 25 and 36.

T. 3 S., R. 75 W. Secs. 24, 25 and 36.

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1, 12, 13 and 24.

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.

Sec. 2;

Secs. 5, through 9, inclusive;

Secs. 15 through 22, inclusive;

Secs. 26 through 36, inclusive.

T. 7 S., R. 72 W. Sec. 5.

T. 7 S., R. 73 W. Secs. 4 through 7; Secs. 18, 19 and 30.

T. 7 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1, 2, 11, 12 and 13.

MAJOR WATERWAYS:

The North Mouth Arolik River was determined to be a major waterway.

EASEMENTS TO BE RESERVED:

- a. (EIN 4 D1, D9, C3) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing access trail from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly, generally paralleling the coast line to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.
- b. (EIN 18 E) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for a proposed access trail from EIN 4 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian,

northeasterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed above for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.

Patent Easement Review (Qanirtuuq, Inc.): The strategic plan and annual work plan require completion of easement review on all easements reserved within Interim Conveyance No. 0342. Following our review of the ANCSA 17(b) easements, my decision is as follows for the lands described below:

Seward Meridian, Alaska	IC No.
T. 3 S., R.74 W	IC 0342
T. 4 S., R.73 W	IC 0342
T. 5 S., R.73 W.	IC 0342
T. 5 S., R.74 W	IC 0342

EASEMENTS RESERVED:

- a. (EIN 1 D1, D9, C3) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing access trail from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northwesterly to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.
- b. (EIN 2 C5) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for a proposed access trail from EIN 1 D1, D9, C3 in Sec. 6, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, northeasterly, to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.
- c. (EIN 3 D1, C3) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing and proposed access trail from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, easterly, generally paralleling the south side of the Kanetok River to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.
- d. (EIN 4 D1, D9, C3) An easement twenty-five (25) feet in width for an existing and proposed access trail from Quinhagak in Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Seward Meridian, southeasterly, generally paralleling the coast to public lands. The uses allowed are those listed for a twenty-five (25) foot wide trail easement. The season of use is limited to winter.

/a/ KJ Mushovic

Attachments:

Easement Memorandum dated July 7, 1994

Easement Maps: Goodnews Bay B7, C7, C8, and D8

Kuskokwim Bay D-1

Qanirtuuq, Inc. P.O. Box 69 Quinhagak, Alaska 99655 (w/attachments)

Calista Corporation
Attn: Land Department
301 Calista Court, Suite A
Anchorage, Alaska 99518-3028
(w/attachments)

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Refuge Manager Togiak National Wildlife Refuge P.O. Box 270 Dillingham, Alaska 99576 (with attachments):

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Division of Realty, Mail Stop 211 Chief, Branch of Operations 1011 East Tudor Road Anchorage, Alaska 99503 (w/attachments)

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Mining, Land and Water
Sandra J. Singer, Realty Services Section
550 West Seventh Avenue, Suite 1050A
Anchorage, Alaska 99501-3579
(w/attachments)

State of Alaska
Department of Fish and Game
Division of Sport Fish
Attn: Robin Willis
333 Raspberry Road
Anchorage, Alaska 99518-1599
(w/attachments)

Anchorage Field Office (040)

Easement Reading file (961)

K J Mushovic (961)

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 21

The United States of America

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

Corrected Patent

F-14885-A

This document corrects Patent No. 50-95-0284, dated June 20, 1995, recorded in Book 68 beginning at Page 781, Bethel Recording District, and is issued by the UNITED STATES, Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13, Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599, as GRANTOR, to Qanirtuuq, Inc., P.O. Box 69, Quinhagak, Alaska 99655, as GRANTEE, for lands in the Bethel Recording District.

WHEREAS

Qanirtuuq, Inc.

is entitled to receive a corrected patent pursuant to Sec. 18(d) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, as amended by Sec. 301 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act of December 10, 2004, 43 U.S.C. 1617(d). This corrected patent is issued for the limited purpose of excluding the Native allotment parcel listed below from the lands transferred by Patent No. 50-95-0284 and from any interim conveyance document that preceded it. The parcel to be excluded was segregated from the conveyed lands by survey.

Serial No.

Applicant Name

Surveyed Land Description

AA-031271-B

Mary S. Cleveland

U.S. Survey No. 10808

THEREFORE, Patent No. 50-95-0284 is corrected in part to read:

Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 6 S., R. 74 W.,

Sec. 9, Lots 1 through 3, Lot 4, excluding U.S. Survey No. 10808, and Lot 5.

Patent No. 50 - 2006 - 029 6

Page 1 of 2

This correction affects only the above-listed section. The remainder of Patent No. 50-95-0284 remains unchanged and in full force and effect.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 17, 1948 (62 Stat. 476), has, in the name of the United States, caused these letters to be made Patent, and the Seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed.

By Ramona Chinn
Ramona Chinn
Acting, State Director

Return recorded document to:

Qanirtuuq, Inc. P.O. Box 69 Quinhagak, Alaska 99655

The United States of America

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

Corrected Patent

F-14885-A

This document corrects Patent No. 50-95-0285, dated June 20, 1995, recorded in Book 69 beginning at Page 292, Bethel Recording District, and is issued by the UNITED STATES, Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13, Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599, as GRANTOR, to Calista Corporation, 301 Calista Court, Suite A, Anchorage, Alaska 99518-3028, as GRANTEE, for lands in the Bethel Recording District.

WHEREAS

Calista Corporation

is entitled to receive a corrected patent pursuant to Sec. 18(d) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, as amended by Sec. 301 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act of December 10, 2004, 43 U.S.C. 1617(d). This corrected patent is issued for the limited purpose of excluding the Native allotment parcel listed below from the lands transferred by Patent No. 50-95-0285 and from any interim conveyance document that preceded it. The parcel to be excluded was segregated from the conveyed lands by survey.

Serial No.

Applicant Name

Surveyed Land Description

AA-031271-B

Mary S. Cleveland

U.S. Survey No. 10808

THEREFORE, Patent No. 50-95-0285 is corrected in part to read:

Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 6 S., R. 74 W.,

Sec. 9, Lots 1 through 3, Lot 4, excluding U.S. Survey No. 10808, and Lot 5.

Patent No. 50-2006-0297

Page 1 of 2

This correction affects only the above-isted section. The remainder of Patent No. 50-95-0285 remains unchanged and in full force and effect.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 17, 1948 (62 Stat. 476), has, in the name of the United States, caused these letters to be made Patent, and the Seal of the Bureau to be hereunto affixed.

GIVEN under my hand, in Anchorage, Alaska, the /6th day of JUNE, in the year of our Lord two thousand and SIX and of the Independence of the United States the two hundred and THIRTIETH.

By Ramona Chinn
Ramona Chinn
Acting, State Director

Return recorded document to:

Calista Corporation
Attn: Land Department
301 Calista Court, Suite A
Anchorage, Alaska 99518-3028



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Alaska State Office 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599 http://wv^w.ak.blm.gov



Kanektok River System
II-B Report
Attachment 22

9600 (927) klf/rb

Goodnews Bay-VS-FY 2006 Kuskokwim Bay-VS-FY 2006 F-14885-A (2651) F-14885-EE (75.4)

MAY 18 2006

Memorandum

To:

Chief, Branch of Survey Planning and Preparation (927)

From:

Chief, Navigability Section (927)

Subject:

Navigable Waters within ANCSA-Selected and Interim-Conveyed lands in the

Quinhagak Village Project Area

This memorandum summarizes navigable waters on certain previously-determined lands, in 14 townships, including pending ANCSA selections and IC'd lands within the above-mentioned project area. Portions of these lands are within the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge and the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge (Bering Sea Unit.) The authority to identify navigable waters on selected lands rests in the Native Allotment Act, the Alaska Statehood Act, and the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

The Appendix lists the 14 townships addressed by this report. For each township, the navigable waters, if any, are identified and previous navigability determinations are referenced. The Appendix also notes determinations of navigability made or affirmed for water bodies on selected lands as a result of this report. Streams 198 feet or more in width and lakes 50 acres or more in size are not listed because, regardless of their navigability status, they either are or will be segregated on the survey plats. If water bodies are less than meanderable size and are not listed in the Appendix, they are non-navigable as they are too short, steep-in-gradient, narrow, or shallow for travel, trade and commerce.

On March 29, 1988, a determination was made for a section of the Arolik River within Sec. 24, T. 7 S., R. 72 W., SM. Even though this portion of the river was determined to be navigable, the river both upstream and downstream had been determined nonnavigable in a decision dated November 15, 1979, after which IC 342 conveyed the uplands to the village of Quinhagak. Portions were eventually patented to the corporation. Since the decision of November 15, 1979,

was not appealed, it was considered final for the entire water body within the report area. Therefore, the decision of March 29, 1988, is hereby reversed and the section of the Arolik River within Sec. 24, T. 7 S., R. 72 W., is nonnavigable.

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On March 29, 1988, the portion of the North Mouth Arolik River which is within Sec. 9, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., was determined navigable. However, as in the township noted above, the surrounding portions of the river were determined nonnavigable in the decision dated November 15, 1979, and conveyed to the corporation in IC 342. Therefore, the decision of March 29, 1988, is hereby reversed as to the portion of the North Mouth Arolik River within Sec. 9, T. 6 S., R. 73 W. and that portion of the river is determined nonnavigable.

All but four of the townships described below have been surveyed. The survey plats have been reviewed in accordance with the navigability determinations from previous reports and from the ANCSA Sec. 17(b) easement quadrangles affecting ICd lands. The survey plats appear to accurately depict the navigable water bodies; therefore, no supplemental plats are required.

The BLM-Alaska's navigability determinations are based on Federal law of title navigability. Title to unreserved lands underlying navigable waters vested in the State at the time of statehood. As a general rule, inland waters are navigable if, at the time of statehood, they were used, or were susceptible to use, for travel, trade, and commerce. In a memorandum dated March 16, 1976, Associate Solicitor Hugh C. Garner summarized the Submerged Lands Act of 1953 (43 U.S.C. 1301) and Federal case law pertaining to title navigability. The Alaska Submerged Lands Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-395) provides specific direction regarding navigability determinations and survey meanders for land transfers under the Alaska Statehood Act, Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, and the Native Allotment Act. Additional guidance is provided in Appeal of Doyon, Ltd., Alaska Native Claims Appeal Board RLS 76-2, 86 I.D. 692 (1979) [Kandik and Nation Rivers]; Alaska v. United States, 754 F.2d 851 (9th Cir. 1983), cert. denied, 474 U.S. 968 (1985) [Slopbucket Lake]; Alaska v. Ahtna, Inc., 891 F2d. 1401 (9th Cir. 1989), cert. denied, 495 U.S. 919 (1990) [Gulkana River]; United States v. Alaska, Original No. 84 (1997) [Naval Petroleum Reserve No. 4]; and Alaska v. United States, No. 98-35310 (9th Cir. 2000) [Kukpowruk River].

amma Van Kehm

Attachments:

Appendix DIC dated 11/15/79 Reports dated 10/25/79 and 3/29/88

cc:

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Mining, Land and Water
Navigability Unit
550 West 7th Avenue, Suite 1330
Anchorage, Alaska 99501-3514
Attn: Scott Ogan

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Mining, Land and Water
Realty Services Section
550 West 7th Avenue, Suite 1050A
Anchorage, Alaska 99501-3514

State of Alaska Department of Fish and Game Division of Sport Fish 333 Raspberry Road Anchorage, Alaska 99518-1599 Attn: Robin Willis

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Water Resources Branch, Region 7 1011 East Tudor Road Anchorage, Alaska 99503 Attn: Warren Keogh

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Refuge Manager Togiak National Wildlife Refuge P.O. Box 270 Dillingham, Alaska 99576

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Refuge Manager Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge (Bering Sea Unit) 95 Sterling Highway, Suite 1 Homer, Alaska 99603-8021 Qanirtuuq, Incorporated P.O. Box 69 Quinhagak, Alaska 99655

Calista Corporation
Attn: Land Department
301 Calista Court, Suite A
Anchorage, Alaska 99518-3028

Chief, Branch of Lands and Realty (932)

Chief, Branch of Preparation and Resolution (962)

Chief, Branch Adjudication II (964)

Anchorage Field Office (040)

Kathy Flippen (927)

Rodney Harvey (954C) (Electronic Copy)

Group File No. 979

Group 979 Field packet

Dominica VanKoten (927)

Appendix

Navigable Waters Within Certain Village-Selected and Interim-Conveyed Lands in the Quinhagak Village Project Area

Seward Meridian, Alaska

T. 8 S., R. 71 W.

Secs. 3-10, 18 and 19 (IC 1660) No navigable waters (3/29/88)

(

T. 9 S., R. 71 W.

Sec. 36 (IC 1660)

No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 5 S., R. 72 W.

Secs. 7, 18, 19, 30 and 31

No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 7 S., R. 72 W.

Sec. 23 (IC 342)

No navigable waters (DIC of 11/15/79)

Secs. 5 and 24

No navigable waters (10/25/79)

T. 8 S., R. 72 W.

Secs. 1-3, 10-15 and 22-24 (IC 1660)

No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 5 S., R. 73 W.

Sec. 28 (IC 342)

No navigable waters (DIC of 11/15/79)

Secs. I-3 and 10-15

No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 6 S., R. 73 W.

Sec. 4 (IC 342)

No navigable waters (DIC of 11/15/79)

Secs. 1, 2, 5-9, 12, 15-22 and 26-36

No navigable waters (10/25/79)

T. 7 S., R. 73 W. Secs. 4-8, 17-21, 28, 29, 30, 32 and 33 No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 3 S., R. 74 W.

Secs. 6, 7, 8 and 9, those portions within Native Allotment numbers AA-31270, Parcel C, AA-31287, Parcel B and AA-53996, Parcel A (IC 342)

No navigable waters (DIC of 11/15/79)

Secs. 1, 12, 13, 24, 25 and 36 No navigable waters (10/25/79)

T. 4 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1, 12, 13 and 24 No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 5 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1-29 and 32-36 (IC 342) Kanektok River (DIC of 11/15/79)

<u>T. 6 S., R. 74 W.</u> Secs. 1, 12, 13, 24, 25 and 34-35 No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 7 S., R. 74 W. Secs. 1, 2 and 11-13 No navigable waters (3/29/88)

T. 3 S., R. 75 W. Secs. 12, 24, 25 and 36 No navigable waters (3/29/88)



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT ALASKA STATE OFFICE 222 W. 7th Avenue, #13 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99513-7599 118 6/17/98 18/ 6/17/94

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 23 Bethel-NA-FY'98 Goodnews Bay-NA-FY'98

JUN 1 7 1998

9600 (924)

Memorandum

To:

Chief, Branch of Survey Preparation and Policy Interpretation (AK925)

From:

Chief, Branch of Mapping Sciences (AK924)

Subject:

19 Additional Native Allotments in Survey Window 2700

The memorandum supplements our navigability report dated 11/7/97 for survey window 2700 that identifies navigable waters on lands selected under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, and the Native Allotment Act. After review, I found no navigable waters within the 19 Native Allotment selections that lie in eight townships situated within either the Yukon Delta or Togiak National Wildlife Refuge.

The BLM-Alaska's navigability criteria are based upon federal title navigability law. In a March 16, 1976, memorandum, Hugh Garner, Associate Solicitor, summarized the law for the purpose of administering the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. In general, BLM considers nontidal water bodies navigable if, at the time of statehood, they were suitable for travel, trade, and commerce. Additionally, in a December 13, 1989 Ninth Circuit Court decision, the court found that watercraft customary at statehood included boats with a load capacity of about 1,000 pounds. The court further held that the contemporary guided fishing and sightseeing activity on the Gulkana River was commerce and that watercraft customary at statehood "could have at least supported" this commercial activity.

Tidal water bodies, lakes fifty acres or more in size, and rivers averaging 198 feet or more in width are not described because, regardless of their navigability status, these water bodies are segregated on the survey plat. Only streams three chains or less in width and lakes fifty acres or less in size are reported. The following appendix lists those townships added to window 2700.

Appendix I

19 Additional Native Allotments in Window 2700 by Township Seward Meridian

T. 1 N. R. 62 W. None on selected lands

T. 1 N., R. 63 W. None on selected lands

T. 1 N., R. 64 W. None on selected lands

T. 1 S., R. 62 W. None on selected lands

T. 2 S. R. 62 W. None on selected lands

T. 1 S. R. 63 W. None on selected lands

T. 3 S. R. 63 W. None on selected lands

T. 8 S., R. 67 W. None on selected lands Jim Culbertson State of Alaska DNR Navigability Unit 3601 C Street, Suite 980 Anchorage, Alaska 99503-5936

State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources Realty Services Section 3601 C Street, Suite 960 Anchorage, Alaska 99503-5936

Robin Willis
State of Alaska, Dept. F&G
Habitat Division
333 Raspberry Road
Anchorage, Alaska 99518

Matthew Nicolai, President Calista Corporation 601 W. 5th Avenue, Suite 200 Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2225

Nick Ayapan, President, CEO Kwethluk Incorporated P.O. Box 109 Kwethluk, Alaska 99621

John Owen, Realty Specialist Kwethluk IRA P.O. Box 127 Kwethluk, AK 99621

A. Carter, President Native Village of Eek P.O. Box 87 Eek, Alaska 99578

Myron Naneng, President Association of Village Council Presidents (AVCP) P.O. Box 219 Bethel, Alaska 99559

NAVIGABILITY REPORT: Kwethluk River in T. 1 N., Rs. 62 & 63 W., SM. and T. 1 S., Rs. 62 & 63, W., SM.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

There are three Native allotments that straddle the river between miles 117-125 (approximates). It was previously determined navigable within selected lands, "through T. 7 N., R. 69 W., and upstream to T. 3 N., R. 66 W., SM." See navigability report 11/6/91 for Group Survey 253, Window 1837 (Bethel Quad File).

Local Name: Kwethluk River

Nearest Settlement: Kwethluk situated 20 river miles upstream on the Kuskokwim from Bethel

Length of Water Body:

The Dictionary of Alaska Place Names states it flows 85 miles to Kuskokuak Slough which is 10 miles east of Bethel. The storet map and several historical documents list it more than 135 miles long. A document by USFWS states the Kwethluk River is 138 miles long from its origin the Kilbuck Mountains to its mouth at the Kuskokwim River. It heads at an elevation of approximately 2000 ft. and flows 18 miles through glacially formed mountains, 62 miles through foothills, and finally through low tundra. The river is snow fed and clear for the first 60 miles below the headwaters before it becomes murky, slow and meandering. ²

Watershed: Kilbuck Mountains

USGS Quadrangle(s) in selected area: Bethel A 4, B 4-5

Aerial Photo(s) in selected area: CIR 60, Roll 10, July 1980, Frames 186-188-189-191-193; CIR 60, Roll 3397, August 1984, Frames 8060 & 8061; CIR 60, Roll 3391, August 1984, Frame 44.

Was a Field Report/Interview Report created? An interview report was created March 13, 1998.

SUBMERGED LAND STATUS

Township	Section Number	Mile	Status and Remarks
1 N., R. 63 W.	24	117	NA F-17051A, YDNWR
1 N., R. 62 W.	32, 33	121	NA F-19255, F-19257 B, YDNWR
1 S., R. 62 W.	6, 18, 7	127	AA8287, AA8288, AA8289, YDNWR
1 S., R. 62 W.	19,22,23, 25,26-30	127-135	Togiak National Wildlife Refuge, Togiak Wdns.
1 S. R. 63 W.	1	125	NA F-19253 A. F-19261, YDNWR

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Type of Water Body: River

Source	Bank to Bank Width	Mile
Alexander Nicori	30'-45' & 60' wide	Beyond Elbow Mt. (73+)
John Andrew	150'-200'	73 to spring camps (117-125)
Richard Long	100'	73 (Elbow Mountain)
Scott Guyer (photo-interpret)	66'-198' 66'-100' 50'-66' 20'+	73-105 Elbow Mt. to Crooked Cr. 105-117 Crooked Cr. To F-17051A 117 Anna Z. Andrew F-17051A 128 (approx. mileage)

Impediments

Source	Impediments (nature)	Mile
Alex Nicori	Gravel Bars and Shallow areas above Three Step Mountain	50+
John W. Andrew	Sweepers before Elbow Mountain Boulders and gravel bars above Crooked Creek	73- 105+
Richard Long	A few boulders	117+
John McDonald	Logs and sweepers	73
Max Angellon	Trees and boulders in places	}

Source	Depth (ft)	Mile
Max Angellan	high water May 15-end of May for 2-3 weeks and Mid August-end of August for 2-3 weeks	to Breast Mt. (117)
Alexander Nicori	8'-15' High water 8'-9'-10'-15' Mid-May for a couple of weeks 1½'-2' from latter part of June to mid-July 2½-12' in the fall after rains; 12' is around deep holes	to Breast Mt. (117+) to Breast Mt. (117+) to Breast Mt. (117+)
John W. Andrew	6" - 2' during June and July 10'-12' August or Sept.	above Elbow Mt. (73+) near mile 105
Richard Long	10' during high water in September- lasts 3-4 weeks	above Elbow Mt.

Other:

USES

Commercial (who, what, why, when, where, how): No commercial use.

Historical:

During 1986-87 Michael Coffing with the Department of Fish and Game studied the subsistence wildlife harvest and use for the community of Kwethluk. Michael interviewed seven elders from Kwethluk who described the seasonal subsistence activities between to 1900 to 1930. Beginning in late January or early February, families would leave the community of Kwethluk and head eastward over the Kuskokwim Mountains to Togiak Lake, Tikchik Lake and to the upper Aniak and Holitna River drainages hunting furbearers, moose, caribou and brown bear. Squirrel were hunted near Heart Lake near the headwaters of Kwethluk River. As snow melted, the men headed back west over the mountains to their camps where the women and children were trapping squirrel, and snaring ptarmigan and hare. The families left these camps and headed over to the Kwethluk, Kisaralik, Eek or Kanektok rivers where they built skin covered wooded-framed boats to drift downstream. The boats were made with spruce or cottonwood frames lashed together and covered with skin of caribou, reindeer, moose, brown bear or seal. These boats were capable of carrying several people, their gear, dried meat, and furs. The trip was often dangerous and the skin boats punctured easily. Swift water carried the rafts downstream at a relatively rapid speed. It took families approximately three days to reach Three Step Mountain, about 25 miles southeast of Kwethluk.3 In this report I did not find any references to the width, depth or the number of days, weeks, or months of ordinary or low/high water conditions.

Direct Evidence (who, what, why, when, where, how):

Max Angellan uses a 20 Yukon Lund with a 40 horsepower jet drive and said he only boats up to this area of the allotments during high water conditions which last from mid-May to the end of May and from mid-August to the end of August.

Alexander Nicori said that people from Bethel use jet boats near the end of August and into September to hunt moose and caribou around Crooked Creek. Nicori said the allottees and their families now fly in and fly out in the fall when they go to subsistence hunt.

John Andrew said that during June and July one cannot boat past Elbow Mountain which is 73 miles upstream but only during high water conditions which occur after spring melt and fall rain. Even then, it is only deep between two to four weeks.

Willie Andrew has not been up to Crooked Creek or Breast Mountain since he was a little boy but reported that because of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, local people chose these allotments far up the Kwethluk River because that is where they traditionally had their spring

camps. During March-April they would travel to their spring camps by dog team and near the end of May, descend in a skin boat. But since 1990, local people have used jet outboards because the river is too shallow for propeller driven boats.

Indirect Evidence: The casefile field exams for F-19253, F-19261, AA-8288, AA-8289 contain pictures of the BLM markers and a few pictures of the river which show it to be very shallow as evidenced by the riffles and gravel bars. The field exams were done July 30, 1974.

Public Opinion (susceptibility to use): In 1995 the USFWS decided to permit commercial rafting down the Kwethluk River. Kuskokwim Wilderness Adventures applied for a permit, however, a coalition called "The Kwethluk Joint Group" successfully opposed the plan because they felt that opening up this commercial activity would further encourage commercial uses which would harm salmon habitat. To date, no commercial rafting activities are permitted on the river. 4

John McDonald with Kuskokwim Wilderness Adventures said under normal water flow, propeller driven boats could reach Three Step Mountain and during a high water period to Elbow Mountain but beyond that, the river is very shallow and can only be ascended during periods of extremely high water which only last a short time.

CONCLUSION (Gulkana River Standard)
(at least three facts should support conclusion)

Navigable (explain):

I find the Kwethluk River non-navigable within three Native Allotment selections that straddle the Kwethluk River in T. 1 N., Rs. 62 & 63 W., and T. 1 S., R. 63 W., SM. Kwethluk and Bethel residents report that this area can only be boated during spring and fall high water conditions which last 2-3 weeks and only with jet boats with light loads. Additionally, a local commercial rafting company has stated that it would be impossible to reach this far upstream unless the river was extremely high and if so, only for a short period of time. Beyond Elbow Mountain the river is filled with sweepers, boulders, gravel bars and logs. The evidence presented doesn't support its use or susceptibility for use as a route for travel, trade and commerce.

Prepared By: Name of Anguera Date

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 24

PRELIMINARY REPORT OF WINCHESTER GROUP OF CLAIMS, GOODNEWS BAY DISTRICT, LOWER KUSKOKWIM, ALASKA, August 12, 1937.

Introduction:

This group of claims consists of restaking an old discovery made prior to 1912 by early prospectors searching for placer deposits in this region. Its location has been retained by the Eskimoes, whom upon the increased activity in this region, decided to restake and hold as their own, assuming the ore to be rich silver-lead ore. Discoveries of placer gold on the Eak and upper Togiak Rivers, with drilling operations, prompted the writer to make an investigation in this section. Several families of Eskimoes were encountered camped on the northwest end of Kagati or Quinhagak Lake on and near the head of the Kanektok River. Statements as to their recent staking of a 25-foot lead-silver vein, discovered by early white prospectors, lead the writer to the location of the realgar-stibuite-quartz veins.

Location and Accessibility:

The Winchester group of seven claims is located across a glacial circue which forms the very head of Atmugiak Creek. This creek is approximately 10 miles long and flows couthwestward, emptying into Kagati or Quinhagak Lake on the east arm. The lake lies approximately 60 miles airline inland east from the shore of Kuskokwim Bay. The glacial cirque extends east-west for some distance and joins with enother and swings southwestward, forming the valley of the creek. The claim group extends across for six claim lengths, northwest, following the strike of the veins. To reach the location of this group necessitates either the use of airplane or river boat. Planes can land under favorable conditions on Kagati or Quinhagak Lake from which the valley of the Atmugiak Creek is followed a distance of 10 miles to its head. Another landing is a newly constructed aviation field, 1200 feet in length on the right limit of Eek River 5 miles above the mouth of Rainey Creek. Thus a bike overland to Kagati or Quinhagak a distance of 12 miles and thence 10 miles to the property. The river boat route is up the Kanektok River from the village of Quinhagak a distance of nearly 100 miles by river.

Owners:

The seven claims named as placer claims, but staked as lode claims, with representative measurements, are known as Discovery Claims Nos. 1 to 4 Above Discovery and Nos. 1 and 2 Below Discovery. These claims were staked and are owned by Willie Keseyulia, Guy Tegylre, Kilila Wessilie and Phillip Keseyulia (all native Eskimose). They live at Quinhagek and Akiak villages.

History & Davelopment:

The year of discovery by the early prospectors is not known, but the natives stated it was during the early placer days of the Arolic River area which was prior to 1912.* It has been known by them over 25 *Maddren, A. G., Gold Placers of the Lower Kuskokwim; U. S. G. S. Bull. 622, p. 301.

years and has been staked several times. However, only a few opencuts have been the total amount of work done on the veins.

Geology and Showings:

Two vains occur on parallel shears of a shear zone in a massive granitoid type rock approximately one mile north of a shale and slate contact. This granitoid formation is grayish in color, medium grained with a composition of augite and white feldspars. Only occasionally is quartz noted and mica rather rare. Phases approach, megascopically, the augite-syenite class, while others weather as a monzonite.

The veins occupying the shears are 25 feet apart and can be traced by trenchas and outcrops from its lowest outcrop, El. 2200', a distance of 4500 feet to an elevation of 3200'. The strike is N. 30° W. and the footwall vein dipe 76° W. The hanging wall vein has a more vertical dip and intersects the footwall vein at its lowest outcrop, El. 2200'. Other shears were noted east of the footwall vein, but these apparently contained no visible cre.

The footwall vein has a width of nearly 2 feet and contains a banded bluish quartz that varies from 6 to 12 inches in width. The walls are decomposed, consisting of altered wall minerals, and they are highly oxidized. It shows, with its banded nature and quartz and stibnite crystal growth, several re-openings and periods of crystallization. Occasionally small lenses of nearly massive stibnite occur and others mainly of quartz. Some realgar and orpiment occurs with the stibnite. Barite was noted associated with the quartz in some localities. The hanging wall vein has a width of a foot to 18 inches with four to eight inches of mixed quartz, realgar, orpiment and some stibnite.

Two samples taken at the intersection of the veins gave the following assay returns:

Sample No. 254 - dump sample, grab of quartz pieces from cut - gold 0.04 oz. per ton; silver trace; antimony 6.3 per cent; mercury none.

Sample No. 255 - same location from cut oxidized portion of vein, width 18 inches - gold 0.40 oz. per ton; silver trace; mercury none. These were not assayed for arsenic.

While this deposit is not important as an economic venture at the present time, it is important in its type and mineralization in connection with similar types of lode deposits associated in many placer districts in Interior Alaska.



Publications Catalog

WebGeochem

AKGeology.info

Natural Resources



State of Alaska > Natural Resources > DGGS > Publications > PE 101-1

PE 101-1

Ordering Info

Title: Preliminary report of Winchester group of claims, Goodnews Bay district, Lower

Kuskokwim, Alaska

Authors: Roehm, J.C.

Publication Year: 1937

Publishing Agency: Alaska Territorial Department of Mines

Price: \$2.00

Bibliographic Reference

Roehm, J.C., 1937, Preliminary report of Winchester group of claims, Goodnews Bay district Lower Kuskokwim, Alaska: Alaska Territorial Department of Mines Prospect Evaluation 101 p.



Report Information

Report, 2 p., .PDF format (121.0 K)

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Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 25

Knik Kanoers & Kayakers 3014 Columbia Anchorage, Alaska 99504 September 18, 1975

Mr. Dick Thompson, Associate State Director Bureau of Land Management 555 Cordova St. Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Dear Mr. Thompson:

Enclosed are justification forms on a number of rivers used by Knik Kanoers & Kayakers which require the reservation of public easements. Linear easements are needed on these rivers and streams to facilitate fishing, portaging, scouting rapids, rest stops, etc. Most also require campsite easements.

To summarize the enclosed justification forms, Knik Kanoers have used the following rivers which flow through lands which may be selected by Native corporations:

Agulowag River, Wood River, and the other major rivers of the Wood River country

Alagnak Alatna Birch Creek Chickaloon (near Palmer) Chitina Chulitna (Lake Clark) Copper (Wrangells)
Eagle (near Anchorage) Eyak Gulkana John Klutina Kvichak Little Susitna Matanuska Mulchatna Nenana Newhalen Noatak Porcupine Stony Tazlina Tolovana Tonsina

In addition to these rivers which Knik Kanoers have used personally, we know of many others which have been utilized for recreational boating and fishing, rivers which have been recommended to us as being good float-trips, but for most of which we cannot cite specific names and dates of users. It would be tragic if these rivers were to be left without easements, and thus virtually closed to further public use, for lack of a champion. Since we know of no other organization which could undertake such a task (the Alaska Whitewater Association recently disbanded, turning over to us its files), we have attempted to do so. Cur club is fairly small and loosely organized, and we have found this entire project -- ' information-gathering, poring over some 200 village withdrawal maps, marking needed easements on the maps which we turned in to the BLM this past spring, and preparing the justification forms-almost impossibly burdensome and time-consuming, far more suited to the abilities of a federal agency with a large staff of clerks and cartographers and files full of data on recreational use, than to the talents of a group of recreational paddlers. It is lamentable that BLM was able to offer us no help whatsoever. Knik Kanoer who delivered the maps, for instance, found the doors of BLM's state office already locked at 4:23 p.m. After managing to gain entrance, she was unable to turn over the maps to the proper people because they had already gone home. Later a BLM employee -- he did not trouble to introduce himself -- showed up unannounced at one of our general meetings to complain because we had not submitted justification statements along with the maps. His purpose, plainly, was to criticize, not to offer assistance as a public servant is paid to do. We did not even find it possible to get our questions answered over the phone, since no one person seemed to be in charge of the easement issue, or at least the clerks and secretaries knew of no such person. In short, the BLM seemed to be attempting to make the recommendation and reservation of public easements as difficult as possible, insisting on meaningess red tape, setting impossible deadlines, failing or even efusing to provide the information we needed (the secret "guideines" are a major case in point). A sorry performance indeed.

low we understand that things are to be different. New guidelines ore in keeping with your mandate to "protect...a full right of ublic use and access for recreation..." are to be issued, and you are been asked to give the Interior Department a list of those ivers which the public has used in the past for recreational urposes. We urge you to use the information contained in this etter for that purpose, as well as to guide you in the reservation f easements.

n the list below, the village withdrawal through which the river lows is listed in parentheses. To the right is given the inforation we have which indicates a history of recreational use.

- Ambler (Ambler): a Bureau of Outdoor Recreation (FOR) "Phase 71 ver. A list of 166 rivers was recommended to the BOR in 16972 by various governmental agencies and outdoor user groups on the basis of their excellence as recreational rivers qualified to

be added to the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System. Of these 166, the BOR in June 1972 culled a list of 69 for further study. These were the "Phase I" rivers. The Ambler was furthermore among the 35 "Study" rivers chosen later in 1972 for intensive investigation, including float trips on each of them. (Failure to be chosen for "Study" status is no reflection on a river's recreational values; that category tended to be based on ease of management and other political considerations.) In addition, the Ambler was among the 144 rivers statewide recommended for wild and scenic river status on the basis of their excellence as recreational resources by the Alaska Wilderness Council on Jan. 6, 1972 (hereinafter referred to as the Alaska Wilderness Council's "A" list; another covering 28 rivers was issued the same day, the "B" list).

Andreafsky (Andreafsky, Pilot Station, Pitkas Point, St. Mary's): on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A list (see above);

a BOR Phase I and Study river.

Arrian (Aniak, Chuathbaluk): on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A and B lists; has been floated by Bethel resident Ray Baxter and by Sepp Webber (see the latter's article in Alaska Magazine, July and August 1971).

Arolik (Kuinhajak): Ray Baxter has run it and knows of two

parties that traveled it this summer.

Beaver Creek (Beaver): on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A and B lists; on a similar list of 18 rivers prepared by the Fairbanks Environmental Center on Jan. 7, 1972, again as a recommendation for wild and scenic river status; a BOR Phase I and Study river; suggested for wild and scenic river study by ADF&G field personnel in 1966-67. Proposed by the Interior Department's d-2 legislation as a wild river. See article on trip by Albert Weber and party, Alaska Magazine, Sept. 1969.

Black (Chalkyitsik): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A list.
- Buckland (Buckland): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A list.
Caribou (Nelson Lagoon): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A

list.

- Colville (Nooiksut): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A list; a BOR Fhase I river.

Copper River-Iliamna (Kakhonak): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A and B lists; a BOR Phase I and Study river; heavily=used float-fishing stream.

Eek (Eek): former Bethel resident Cal Lensink knows of a

party that ran the river this year.

— Fish (Council, Golovin, White Mountain): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A list; recommended by ADF&G field personnel in 1966-67 for study as a wild river.

Gibralter River-Dream Creek (Kakhonak): Alaska Wilderness

Council A list.

Goodnews (Goodnews Bay, Platinum): on Alaska Wilderness Council A list; floated as part of ADF&G stream survey, 1975; Bethel resident Ray Baxter and former Bethel resident Cal Lensink say it is run quite often.

Hodzana (Beaver): on Alaska Wilderness Council A list. Holitna (Red Devil, Sleetmute): on Alaska Wilderness Council A and B lists; recommended by ADF&G personnel in 1966-67 for study as a wild river; in conservationists' d-2 legislation of 1974 and 1975 as a wild river; a BOR Phase I and Study river; Ray Baxter also ran it in 1975.

Iliamna (Pedro Bay): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A list. Innoko (Holy Cross, Takotna, Shageluk): on Alaska Wilderness

Council's A list.

Kakhonak (Kakhonak): recommended by ADF&G field personnel

for study as a wild river in 1966-67.

Kanektok (Kuinhajak): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A and B lists; a BOR Phase I and Study river; Ray Baxter has run it also.

Karluk (Karluk): recommended by ADF&G field personnel as a wild river in 1966-67; on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A list: a BOR Phase I and Study river.

Kisaralik (Akiak, Akiachak, Bethel, Kwethluk): on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A list; former Bethel resident Cal Lensink

confirms that it has been run by recreational paddlers.

— Kobuk (Ambler, Kiana, Kobuk, Noorvik, Shungnak): recommended by ADF&G field personnel as a wild river in 1966-67; on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A and B list and the Fairbanks Environmental Center's list; a BOR Phase I river; Bob Waldrop and John Kauffman have run it (1973).

Koyuk (Koyuk): on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A list.
Koyukuk (Alakaket, Alatna, Bettles Field, Hughes, Huslia,
Koyukuk, Mary's Igloo): Alaska Wilderness Council A list; on
the Fairbanks Environmental Center list; a BOR Phase I river.

Long a major travel and exploration route.

Kwethluk (Akiachak, Akiak, Bethel, Kwethluk, Napaskiak,

Oscarville): run by ADF&G in 1975 stream survey.

Lake Creek (Nelson Lagoon): on Alaska Wilderness Council A list.

Meade (Atkasook): on Alaska Wilderness Council A list. Melozitna (Ruby): on Alaska Wilderness Council A list; a BOR Phase I river; proposed for wild river status in conservationists' 1974-75 d-2 legislation.

Meshik (Port Heiden): Alaska Wilderness Council A list. Niuklik (Council): Alaska Wilderness Council A list.

Nushagak (Ekuk, Ekwok, Clark's Point, Dillingham, Koliganek, New Stuyahok, Portage Creek): a BOR Phase I river. Paddled by Sepp Webber (see article in July-August 1971 Alaska Magazine).

Nuyakuk (Koliganek): recommended in 1966-67 by ADF&G field personnel for study as a wild river; on Alaska Wilderness Council's

A and B lists: a EOR Phase I and Study river.

- Shaktoolik (Shaktoolik): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A

- Shungnak (Kobuk, Shungnak): on Alaska Wilderness Council's A list.

Situk (Yakutat): recommended by ADF&G field personnel for study as a wild river in 1966-67; on Alaska Wilderness Council A list; one of Southeast's major sport fishing streams.

- Souirrel (Kiana): a BOR Study river.

Tazimina (Iliamna, Newhalen, Nondalton, Pedro Bay): recommended by ADF&G field personnel for study as a wild river in 1966-67; on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A list.

Togiak (Togiak, Twin Hills): on the Alaska Wilderness

Council's A and B lists; a BOR Phase I river.

Wild (Bettles Field): on the Alaska Wilderness Council's A list; a BOR Phase I and Study river. Run by Pat and Gene Earnest in 1965 (see Alaska Magazine, October 1973). Historically it was heavily-used by the public; it had its own gold rush in 1913-1915.
—-Wulik (Kivalina): Bob Armstrong of ADF&G floated this

good fishing stream some years ago.

Please disregard easement marked on the Tuluksak village map for the Tuluksak River; this was an error. Knik Kanoers have no evidence that the Tuliksak has been used for recreational purposes.

The statements made herein and in the attached justification sheets can be supported by affidavits and xerox copies of documents if required. We hope that this material is valuable to you in the reservation of public easements along these rivers. If you have questions, please do not hesitate to call me at 277-0770.

Sincerely yours.

Ed Swanson President

Gov. Jay Hammond CCI

Sen. Ted Stevens

Sen. Mike Gravel

Rep. Don Young



BUR United States Department of the Interior

HAIL ROOFFISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

JUN 18 9 28 AN '75ALASKA AREA OFFICE 813 D STREET

RECEIVED' ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501

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KA 99501

Anchorage, Alaska

June 17, 1975

Kanektok River System

II-B Report
Attachment 26

MEMORANDUM

TO

: District Manager, Bureau of Land Management

Anchorage District, Anchorage, Alaska

FROM

: Area Director, Fish and Wildlife Service

Alaska Area Office

SUBJECT: Identification of Easements - Village Selections

We have reviewed the core village lands and waters shown on the village withdrawal maps supplied by your office pursuant to our responsibility under Section 17(b) of ANCSA to identify in the public interest those areas which should possibly be reserved by easement.

Using computer print-outs showing the tentative village land selection within withdrawal areas, we have identified a potential access requirement based on our knowledge of traditional public use.

Village of Quinhagak - village selections cover the Kanektok River and immediate watershed from the mouth of the river upstream to the Togiak NWR proposal.

This section of the river has been used in the past and is utilized presently for boat travel both ascending and descending, primarily by residents of Quinhagak, Goodnews and Platinum, and has been used by other Natives and visitors for access to the headwaters of the Kanektok River primarily for subsistence hunting and fishing.

We believe that the public interest would be served by reserving a boat landing or pull-out site along the Kanektok River about halfway between its mouth and the Togiak NWR proposal.



Such easement would be solely for the purpose of camping to facilitate travel up or down the Kanektok River, and not to provide access across village selected land on either side of the river or for access along the river bank for fishing, hunting or other purposes.

Please realize that the need recognized herein is primarily for use by the local Native people and should be discussed with them. These easements would not be needed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to carry out its management responsibilities if the adjacent proposed refuge was established by Congress.

Gordon W Watson



United Lates Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Baird Inlet-GS-FY'87-#1

Alaska State Office 701 C Street, Box 13

Bethel-GS-FY'87-#1 Goodnews Bay-GS-FY'87-#2 Anchorage, Alaska 99513 Kuskokwim Bay-GS-FY'87-#2 (961)

Memorandum

To:

File F-14885-EE (75.4)

BEC 19 1986

From:

Realty Specialist

Subject:

Interviews for Group Survey No. 171, Quinhagak

Village (Window 1562)

December 9, 1986

Dan Huttunen (543-2433) is with the ADF+G in Bethel, Ak. familiar with the North Mouth Arolik River from flying over it and landing a float plane in the lowest two miles. Since the North Mouth Arolik River is so flat, he believed the tide to extend two miles. Beyond this distance, most of the boats traveling up this river had jet units. It was nothing like the Kanektok River which was deep and navigated by propellered craft. However, Huttunen had noticed twenty-six to twenty-eight-foot boats in the North Mouth Arolik for the first two miles. He estimated the river depth at only two feet, beyond the tidal influence. He was not sure if an eighteen-foot Lund with a twenty-five to thirty-five horsepower propellered motor could be taken beyond the two miles or the tidal influence. The North Mouth had a lot of water compared to the South Mouth Arolik. He said that the South Mouth was just a little stream and fairly shallow. Ship Creek at the Glenn Highway bridge in Anchorage would be similar in width to the South Mouth, it might even be a little smaller. He had never landed his plane on the South Mouth and did not believe it would be possible. The resident boaters did not use the South Mouth as it is too shallow. Dan recommended that I contact Bill Lyle of the Anchorage Native Hospital. Bill runs a commercial sport fishing operation on the Arolik River and would be very familiar with it. Alexie Pleasant (556-8211) is familiar with the Arolik River. He is also the Quinhagak village corporation's president.

> Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 27

Bill Lyle (279-6651) is with the Native Hospital in Anchorage. However, he spends his summers running a commercial sport fishing operation. He was very familiar with the Arolik River, since this was the location of his operation. During the months of June, July and sometimes up until mid-August depending on the water depth, Bill's runs his operation. He uses sixteen-foot jet boats to take his sport fishing clients up to his camp, located one hundred yards upstream of Bessie Creek on the North Mouth Arolik River. This last season, there was an unusual high water in which he was able to travel upstream to the mountains in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian. But he said that his normal limit was not nearly this far. He believed that neither fork of the Arolik River is navigable to BLM's smallest commercial boat and load while powered by a propeller. He said that the Kanektok River had ten times the water as the Arolik, and there was no doubt about its being navigable, but not the Arolik. The South Mouth Arolik is seldom navigated by resident (propeller) boats. He said that he hardly sees anyone boating the North Mouth Arolik River either. Rafts float down the Arolik River and North Mouth from Arolik Lake, but they may have to be drug up to three miles through the shallow areas. that the fishery on the Arolik was special in that it required clear water and the release of rainbow and greyling. The color of Bessie Creek was that of coffee, because of its iron ore in The true clear watered Arolik River did not start until upstream from Bessie Creek. Bill said that the North Mouth Arolik River is at most two to three feet deep. knows the channel, but said that if he were to deviate from it his sixteen-foot jet boat would run aground. The local boats (propeller) can only go about a quarter of a mile without the tide on either the North or South Mouth Arolik River. tide would extend this distance for a total of approximately one He believed that this was the limit for BLM's smallest craft and load. A load of this size would require a forty-horsepower motor. A motor of this size would simply tear up propellers on the beds of this shallow river. The South Mouth Arolik River is even shallower with no known boat use.

Alexie Pleasant (556-8211) is the president of the Quinhagak Village Council. He said that he never takes his propellered boat up the Arolik River because it is not possible. The North Mouth Arolik River has some Native allotments, but the locals go up there by snowmachine in the winter only. He said that both mouths of the Arolik River are too shallow for BLM's boat (propeller) and load. I asked Pleasant if he knew of any other natives of Quinhagak that had boating experience on the river to include their comments. He referred me to Joshua Cleveland who is the chairman of the Quinhagak Village Council. According to his information, the North Mouth Arolik River is too shallow for BLM's boat and load (propeller) for a good part of the year. He

said it was possible to take BLM's boat and load to the mountains in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian, when the river is at flood stage in the spring. Basically the North Mouth Arolik River is used more often than the South Mouth. both the North and South Mouths are very limited to (propellered) navigation because of their shallow depth. locals either rely on jet boats to ascend the North Fork or else they drift down the Arolik River by raft from Arolik Lake. the spring high water, local boaters take their propellered boats to their Native allotment claims to catch fish. They will also travel to their claims when the river is occasionally flooded in September or October. However its not a usual occurrence and is normally not possible for a propeller. freeze-up the local's will access their claims by snow machine to fish. In summary, there are few times when BLM's boat (propeller) could predictably be taken up the North Mouth Arolik River, especially with a thousand pound load. The North and South Mouth Arolik River are simply too shallow.

December 10, 1986.

Julius Henry (979-8510) is a current resident of Platinum that had grown up in Quinhagak Village. He was very familiar with the Arolik River. He also travels by boat on the water bodies of the Goodnews Bay area. Each fall, Ron Hyde Jr. (of Alaska River Safari's) usually accompanies him for trapping, hunting, or fishing. Over the years the North Mouth Arolik River has cost him three lower units on his outboard (propeller). would be extremely difficult to take BLM's eighteen foot boat and load up this river. On the spring high water Henry said that he had been about 1/2 way to the mountain in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian in his sixteen-foot John boat (propeller). BLM's boat and load would be lucky to make it beyond the first fork about five miles upstream (Bessie Creek) during the remaining open water stages of summer. Even this distance would be difficult with BLM's boat. It is just too shallow. He had even tried walking his boat up through the shallow areas with extreme difficulty. At a cost of three lower units he considered the Arolik unreasonable for BLM's smallest commercial boat.

The South Mouth Arolik River was even shallower and not boatable.

December 11, 1986.

Keith Schultz (543-2433) a biologist with the ADF+G, returned my call today. He said that he had taken a twelve- and a fifteen-foot boat with a outboard (propeller) on the North Mouth

Arolik River five miles at the most to fish. However, he remembered that he had not taken his boat beyond the tidal influence. Since they were fishing for salmon, he remembered stopping at some holes up to six feet deep. He said that the locals did not use this river. At least there was no crouded condition like the Kanektok River. He was not sure how far upstream BLM's boat and load could go. He had also flown over the area numerous times and had seen the turbid water downstream from Bessy Creek. The North Mouth of the Arolik River had the only boating activity. The South Mouth was turbid and too shallow. He said that the North Mouth Arolik River was known to fluctuate in its water level. When the snow pack is heavy he has seen this river stay high all summer. In a high year he felt that BLM's boat and load could be taken all the way to the mountains, but this was not a predictable occurance. Keith knew of no boating activity on the South Mouth, it was turbid and too shallow. Keith recommended that I contact a technician named Jonie Snellgrove who is stationed in Quinhagak during the She is also an elementary school teacher in Dillingham, and could be reached there. Jonie had boating experience on the Kanektok and Arolik Rivers. She had observed the crouded condition on the Kanektok River and told Bill Lyle that it was not crouded on the Arolik River. Keith said that this river would be an extremely tough call for navigability. recomended that I contact Chuck Wade (543-4500) because he has floated the river. Bill Lyle would also be familiar with the Arolik River. He had operated on the river for the last two years.

At 11:35 am, I phoned Jonie Snellgrove (842-5642) at the Dillingham elementary school. She is a summer technician with the Alaksa Department of Fish and Game at Quinhagak. Jonie has taken her twelve-foot boat about five miles up the North Fork Arolik River by propeller. She said that there were some shallow spots that she had to walk her boat through to get this Beyond Bessy Creek the North Mouth Arolik River looses a substantial amount of water. Jonie believed that its depth was only one to two feet beyond Bessy Creek on the North Mouth of the Arolik. However, this depth was sufficient for some jet She had seen Lyle use a sixteen-foot jet boat to reach his sport fishing camp above Bessy Creek. She doubted that BLM's eighteen-foot boat with a thousand pounds could even be taken this four to five miles to Bessy Creek fork. The South Mouth Bessy Creek was even shallower. The only boating activity that she knew of on the South Mouth Arolik River was in the The Native hunters travel a short distance up this fork by boat in the fall on a tide. Beyond the tide the river is too shallow.

At 1:15 PM I phoned Chuck Wade (543-4500) in Bethel. Last summer Chuck had floated the Arolik River from Arolik Lake for the first time with six others. The party had three rafts and spent six days floating this river. He said that during the first three hours of floating, he remembered the river to have a number of shallow braids. He did not believe that BLM's boat and load could be taken this final distance. However he said that after leaving the mountains, they encountered "Gohn Fishing" the commercial outfitter. This commercial sport fishing party was using a sixteen-foot jet boat to reach the mountain in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., Seward Meridian. Chuck said that they had a conflict with this commercial sport fishing party. The party claimed to have an agreement with the Native corporation to manage the lands. They were not to let anyone else use the river. Chuck said that he had a eighteen-, twenty-four-, and twenty-six-foot boat in Bethel. He would think nothing of loading a thousand pounds into his eighteen-foot boat and taking it up the Arolik River. Last year the North Mouth Arolik River was at least eight feet deep downstream from the mountains in T. 7 S., R. 72 W., Seward Although he hadn't measured the depth, he believed that it was too deep to touch bottom with an oar. After leaving the mountains, the river also seemed as wide as the Missouri This river was more than a trickle and too deep to wade The trip was made in July, but he wasn't sure if it had been a high water year or not. After a number of days floating the river, the party encountered several tents and the camp of "Gohn Fishing" which was just above the mouth of Bessie Creek. Chuck recommended that I also contact Don Dryvestein (543-3957) of Bethel who floated the river more than once. From their camp, the river slowed down and flattened out. After another four or five hours of floating from the camp, they reach the mouth of North Mouth Arolik River. He would describe the Arolik River as having a definate channel. Chuck did not believe that the South Mouth was navigable. On another occasion, he had taken a twenty-six-foot boat with twin seventy outboards (propeller) twenty to thirty minutes up the South Mouth Arolik River from the ocean. As the tide went out this boat went aground. They continued upstream in a rubber twelve-foot zodiak with a fifteen horsepower (propeller) motor. After a short distance, this boat hit ground. Chuck said that he wouldn't take an eighteen-foot boat with a thousand pounds up the South Mouth, it is too shallow.

Savid aukke

Kanektok River System II-B Report Attachment 28

ED AND JOSEFINA SEILER'S Enchanted Lake Lodge

ALASKA PENINSULA

Hay 29UN 1 1976

P. O. BOX 197 KING SALMON, ALASKA 99613

KING SALMON, ALASKA 99613
RADIO TELEPHONE: KRU59 THROUGH KING SALMON THOUGH CALL THIS THROUGH KING SALMON THOUGH THE THROUGH THROUGH THE THROUGH THROUGH THROUGH THE THROUGH THE THROUGH THROU Anchorago, Alacka -

MAILING ADDRESS: OCT. 16 --- APRIL 30 P. O. BOX 727 SANTA YNEZ, CALIFORNIA 93460

Anchorage District Office Bureau of Land Lanagement 4700 East 72nd. Ave. Anchoraje, Alaska

Gentlemen:

In response to your appeal for public help in identifying present recreational use of Alaskan waters I enclose herewith twelve sheets each describing usage by Enchanted Lake Lodge of specific waters identified thereon. The numerals used on each item of information refer to the format suggested in your newspaper appeal as I have numbered them on the enclosed copy.

Needless to say, your efforts to obtain easements for public use on Alaska's lakes, rivers and streams will be much applauded by present generations as well as posterity. Good luck!

Sincerely yours,

KEROKEN Skom

Jig list senial.

Enchanted Lake Lodg(

ALASKA PENINSULA

MAILING ADDRESS MAY 1 — OCT, 15 P. O. BDX 197 KING SALMON, ALASKA 99613 RADIO TELEPHONE: KRU59 THROUGH KING SALMON

MAILING ADDRESS: OCT, 16 — API P. O. BOX 727 SANTA YNEZ, CALIFORNIA 93460

Kanektok River - Gunhagak to Kagati Lake Flout Plane Fishing Photography of sightseeing (3) June - September Rubber Raff , Conve Rainbow, Delly Varden, King, Chum of Coho Salmon (Z) (8) 9 (10) 12 (D) 13 Every year (13) A few Tikehile Navrows Lodge Dr Sedwick, Bethel resident excellent Lishing High